

P R E F A C E

THE aim of the present work is to satisfy within the compass of a comparatively handy volume all the practical wants not only of learners of Sanskrit but also of scholars for purposes of ordinary reading.

When I began my task in 1886 there was no available work which supplied the deficiency. The only one having a somewhat similar end in view, the Sanskrit-English Lexicon of my respected teacher, the late Theodore Benfey, was already out of print. By the time, however, that my manuscript was half finished, no fewer than three small Sanskrit dictionaries had been published. It may perhaps be advisable to indicate some of the points in which the present work differs from and compares with them. In the first place, it is much more copious. Excluding all words and meanings which occur in native lexicographers, but cannot be quoted from actual literature, my book contains nearly double as much material as any of the dictionaries in question. The present work is, moreover, the only one of the four, which is transliterated. It can thus be used, for example, by comparative philologists not knowing a single letter of the Devanāgarī alphabet. None of the others is etymological in any sense. This feature of my dictionary increases both its usefulness from a linguistic point of view and its practical value to the student, who will always better remember the meaning of a word, the derivation of which is made clear to him. Lastly, this is the only one of the lexicons in question which indicates not only with respect to words, but also to their meanings, the literary period to which they belong and the frequency or rarity of their occurrence. This addition I regard as both scientifically and practically important.

Scope of the Work. The present dictionary is intended to supply the vocabulary of post-Vedic literature in general, while including those portions of Vedic literature which are readily accessible to the student in good selections. All out-of-the-way technical terms, such as those of medicine, botany, astronomy, and ritual, are excluded, except in so far as they have found their way into ordinary literary works, or occur in selections which I have expressly included. Specifically legal and philosophical terms are, on the other hand, largely represented, owing to the inclusion in my list of the most important works belonging to the corresponding departments of literature. Having acquired a rather extensive experience of native commentaries in connexion with my lectures to students preparing for the Honour School of Oriental Languages at Oxford, I have introduced a considerable number of grammatical and rhetorical terms also, these being necessary for the comprehension of such works as for instance the glosses of Mallinātha. A good many words and explanations will thus be found, which either do not occur in the Petersburg dictionaries, or are, I think, less correctly given there. (Compare *e.g.* articles *arthāntaranyāsa*, *bahuvrīhi*, *yathā tathā*, *vākyabheda*, *vyadhikarāṇa*, *śāpekṣatva*, *etc.*)

The list of books to which my dictionary specially refers, and which I drew up, when planning the work, after consultation with a pupil of Professor Buhler's, the late Dr. Schonberg, then resident in Oxford, I here append.

Books specially referred to. Bhagavadgītā, Bhartṛhari, Bhāṣāparīkṣā, Daśakumārakavita, Gītagovinda, Harṣhakavita, Hitopadeśa, Kādambarī, Kāmandakiya-nīṭisāra, Kathāsaritsāgara, Kīratārguṇīya, Kullūka, Kumārasambhava, Mahāvīrakavita, Mālatīmādhava, Mālavikāgnimitra, Manu, Meghadūta, Mitākṣharā (on Yājñavalkya), Mṛikkakāvīkā, Mudrārākṣasa, Naiṣadha, Nala, Pañcatantra, Raghu-

vamśa, *Rāgatarāṅgini*, *Ratnāvalī*, *Ritusaṃhāra*, *Sakuntalā*, *Samkara* (on the Vedānta-sūtras), *Sisupālavadhā*, *Tarkasamgraha*, *Uttararāmakaritra*, *Vāsavadattā*, *Vedāntasāra*, *Venīsamhāra*, *Vikramāṅkadeva-karita*, *Vikramorvaśī*, *Yāgyavalkya*. Besides all the post-Vedic selections contained in the Readers mentioned below, the list finally includes the second edition of Böhtlingk's *Indische Sprüche*, a florilegium of the aphoristic poetry in which Sanskrit literature is pre-eminent, well deserving to be made accessible to the English-speaking student.

With regard to Vedic literature I have taken in all that is contained in the second edition of Böhtlingk's *Sanskrit-Chrestomathie*, in Hillebrandt's *Veda-Chrestomathie*, in Lanman's Reader, and in Windisch's *Zwölf Hymnen des Rigveda*, besides those hymns which are prescribed to the candidates of the Honour School of Oriental Languages at Oxford (Rig-veda X, i to xxii). Peterson's 'Selected Hymns of the Rig-veda' would also have been taken in, had they been published soon enough. The majority of the hymns contained in that selection are, however, already included. Apart from passages supplied in Readers, the Brāhmaṇa period is represented by the Aitareya-Brāhmaṇa, while the Dharma-sūtra of Gautama and the Āśvalāyana and Pāraskara Gṛhya-sūtras are specially selected from the latest phase of Vedic literature.

Important Vedic words, even though not occurring in the selections, have found a place in my dictionary mainly on linguistic grounds.

The number of hymns from the Rig-veda, being nearly all the best in that collection, is about one hundred and twenty. As a list of them will probably prove a convenience to students, it is here subjoined.

Mandala I: 1, 13, 24, 32, 39, 41, 42, 50, 65, 67, 85, 92, 97, 113, 115, 118, 143, 154, 161, 162, 190; II: 12, 27, 38; III: 33, 35, 59, 62; IV: 19, 27, 30, 33, 42, 51, 52; V: 11, 24, 32, 40, 81, 83, 84, 85; VI: 9, 50, 54, 74; VII: 6, 28, 33, 34, 46, 49, 54, 55, 56, 57, 61, 76, 83, 86, 87, 88, 89, 102, 103; VIII: 14, 29, 30, 85, 91; IX: 1, 38, 41, 112; X: 1-22, 33, 34, 39, 51, 52, 85, 108, 117, 118, 127, 129, 137, 145, 146, 154, 168, 185.

Arrangement. In my original plan I had contemplated making a separate article of each word, simple and compound, printed in Devanāgarī type as well as transliterated. Reflection, however, soon led me to abandon this scheme for that of arranging compounds in a group under a heading word, the latter only being printed in Devanāgarī, while only the second member of the remaining compounds is given in transliteration (see, for instance, article *amṛita*). When the number of such compounds is large, they have been split up into several groups with reference to the initial of the second member (see p. 173). The result of this change has been a saving of about 100 pages on the estimate of 480 pages according to the earlier plan, and that too although I have introduced rather more matter than I had then intended. I believe that this saving of space will moreover prove an actual advantage from the practical point of view, because the eye will find a word more quickly thus than if it had to run down columns of separate articles. A glance at pages 173 to 175 will probably convince the student of the correctness of this opinion. A dictionary being a means to an end, a saving of time in its use is obviously an important object.

As to the arrangement of individual articles, the transliteration of the Devanāgarī word is followed, in the case of nouns, by the derivation (in brackets) where this cannot be made sufficiently clear by the employment of hyphens in the transliteration (see e.g. *bhṛigu*, *muhūrta*, *loka*). Next follow the meanings in close juxtaposition, so that the eye may take them all in at a glance if possible. My aim has been to give the senses of all words in the historical order of development. Then come the special uses of the cases, and last of all idiomatic combinations (see *buddhi*, *manas*). When cases are mentioned, they are given in the order of Sanskrit grammar. The feminine form of adjectives is given in parentheses immediately after 'a.'; thus 'pauruṣa, a. (1).' When no feminine is stated, it must be assumed to be *ā* or else not quotable.

Adjective compounds ending in participles are described as participles, e.g. *su-gata*, *śrotra-peya*. This enables me to make an important distinction in sense without adding a long explanation. Thus *sukṣi-smita* is described as an adjective, because *smita* is here really a noun at the end of a Bahuvrīhi compound. Again, any confusion in the mind of the beginner between secondary adjectives like *amañjan-īya* and future participles like *bodhaniya* is by this means avoided.

At first I thought of employing figures to indicate distinct differences of meaning. But the difficulty, in many cases, of determining a full interval of meaning, and the large waste of space

involved, induced me to reject their use for this purpose, especially as the need is sufficiently met by the employment of the semi-colon (see Punctuation). I have therefore only used figures either to distinguish words which have the same form but differ etymologically (as verbs like *ruh* or nouns like *saṃ-udra* and *sa-mudra*), or to clearly mark off groups of meaning (as in *darśana*).

Unnecessary repetition has often been avoided by the use of parentheses. Thus when *saṃāhita-mati* is defined as '(having an) attentive (mind),' the meaning intended is, that its equivalent is strictly speaking 'having an attentive mind,' though it may ordinarily be rendered by 'attentive.' The same object is attained by the use of dashes, implying that an obvious word or words are to be supplied from what precedes or follows. Thus *sat-kīrti* is defined as '*f.* good reputation; *a.* having a -,' which of course must be understood to mean 'having a good reputation' (cp. also *dirgha-sattra*, *pātana*, *vidhātavya*).

Mainly for the sake of convenience in attaching suffixes and the second members of compounds, nouns have been given in the weak or middle bases. Verbal roots have similarly been given in their weak forms with a view to uniformity. Though I do not think that I have been absolutely consistent in this respect, I believe I have been sufficiently so for practical purposes.

I have sometimes been obliged to sacrifice a strictly scientific treatment to practical exigencies by admitting such suffixes as *-tā* and *-maya* in long articles made up of compounds (such as that under *mitra*). Otherwise I should have been compelled to divide a long paragraph in the middle merely in order to print an unimportant word in Devanāgarī type. Not much harm can after all result from this, as not even the tyro would be likely to confound such suffixes with regular words. To obviate the difficulty by placing such words out of their regular alphabetical order would have entailed a much more serious drawback on the practical side. In the case of important proper names I have generally added a few concise remarks together with approximate dates as far as these can be determined in the light of the most recent research (see *e.g.* *Bhāvabhūti*). As definitions of technical terms are sometimes almost unintelligible without illustrative examples, the latter have been added where it seemed necessary (see, for instance, *saṃśokti*).

In articles treating of verbs, the conjugational class is first stated together with the voice in which it is conjugated. When the latter is omitted, the verb must be understood to be both active and middle. Next comes the present base or bases in transliteration, followed by the meanings of the verb arranged on the same principle as in the case of nouns, the idiomatic uses being stated at the end. After this are added the present passive (generally omitted) with the past passive participle, the causal, the desiderative, and the intensive (when these forms occur), with their respective perfect participles passives in this order.

The principle I had in view in treating the perfect participle passive, was to give it under the verb when the meanings are merely verbal, but to make a separate article of it where adjectival senses predominate. I feel that I have not been thoroughly consistent in this respect. It is, however, not a matter of great moment.

The verbal prepositions are arranged in alphabetical order after the last form of the simple verb with which they are used. A scientific as well as a practical consideration determined me to concentrate them in this manner. On the one hand, these prefixes are separable in the Veda, while on the other, a large amount of space is saved by making a single article of a verbal root and the prepositions with which it may be combined. Otherwise separate head-lines in Devanāgarī as well as transliteration would have to be printed. Four times as much space would thus be occupied as under the alternative system. Nor would anything be thus gained in convenience, unless (to obviate reference to the simple verb) the present base and other forms were added. This would involve a further waste of space.

Exclusion of References. I have acted on the principle that a dictionary should give all references or none. The former alternative was, of course, out of the question in a practical work. It might, it is true, have been useful to state where a word occurs which is not to be found in other dictionaries. My rare deviations from the rule are, however, solely limited to passages in which the meaning of a particular word is unknown, or where the definition is made clearer by the reference, as in the case of *saṃudga* or *sarvatobhadra*. Partial references have, I think, a tendency to make students too dependent on them in determining the meaning of a word in any given passage. The omission of such references is more than compensated for by the method which I have followed. I have endeavoured to limit the meaning of a word as far as possible to parallel instances by indicating the case which it governs, the word in context with

which it is employed, the literary period or department to which it belongs, and the frequency or rarity of its occurrence. An examination of such articles as lohita or $\sqrt{2}$. ruh will illustrate my meaning.

Alphabetical Order. From this order (see p. xii) I have, from considerations of practical utility, never deviated, with one very slight and rare exception. I have sometimes transposed the order of two words, either to obviate breaking up a paragraph or to avoid repeating a definition (*e.g.* smarya). The words being in immediate juxtaposition, neither of them can be missed.

Under this head I ought to add a few remarks in order to remove some common stumbling-blocks from the path of the beginner. Owing to variety of spelling, especially in Indian editions, words with initial व v and श s may not be found under those letters. They will be discovered by looking up ब b and ष sh or स s respectively. The reverse also applies. The alphabetical position of Anusvāra followed by a semivowel or sibilant is before क k. Thus संवर samvara and संशय samśaya precede सक saka. On the other hand, the Anusvāra which occurs before a mute of one of the five classes and is interchangeable with the nasal of that class, occupies the place of the class nasal. Thus संकष sam-kaksha (= संकृष saṅ-kaksha) immediately follows सघृण sa-ghṛina. Similarly, the unchangeable or necessary Visarga (*i. e.* preceding a hard guttural or labial) comes after a vowel before any other consonant. Thus अन्तःकरण antaḥ-karana and अन्तःपुर antaḥ-pura follow अन्त anta and precede अन्तक anta-ka. On the other hand, the Visarga which precedes a sibilant, and may be assimilated to it, is treated as if it were that sibilant and placed accordingly. Thus अधःशय adhaḥ-śaya and अधःशायिन् adhaḥ-śāyin follow अधःशरण adhaḥ-śarana and precede अधस adhas.

Abbreviations. A full list of these together with their explanations will be found on p. xii. It is, however, perhaps advisable to add a few remarks showing how some of these symbols should exactly be understood to apply. When a sign such as *V.* (= Vedic) is added in parentheses after a form, a grammatical symbol, or a meaning, its application is restricted to these only. Thus under \sqrt{yam} , *yāma* (*V.*) means that that present base is exclusively Vedic; *a.* (*V.*), *m.* (*V.*) signify that as an adjective or as a masculine noun, the word in question is exclusively Vedic; when 'śād-as, *n.*' is defined as 'seat, place, abode, dwelling (*V.*)', the meaning is that all these synonymous senses are Vedic. The application of such notes as '*ord. mg.*' (= ordinary meaning) is similar. Thus under १. māna, all the preceding words separated by commas, viz. 'respect, regard, honour, mark of honour,' are indicated as included in the ordinary meaning of māna (*cp.* Punctuation). If, on the other hand, a symbol followed by a colon is used *before* a meaning, its application is carried on till another symbol occurs. For example, under vṛiddhi the sense 'growth' is indicated to be both Vedic and Classical, 'delectation, delight,' Vedic, but all the significations from 'adolescence' onwards post-Vedic only.

Type. The small Devanāgarī character is used for all articles except the verbs, for which the large type is reserved. Ordinary Roman type is employed for transliteration immediately following a word in Devanāgarī; but when a word occurs in transliteration only, it is printed in thick type so as to catch the eye at once (as in article akshara). When there is no object in attracting the attention, as for instance when Sanskrit words occur in definitions or explanations, they are not made conspicuous in this manner.

To the special use made of italic type, I attach considerable practical value. Its occurrence in definitions always implies amplification or elucidation, whereas the ordinary Roman type represents as far as is possible the exact literal equivalent of the Sanskrit word. Thus samvarana-srag is defined as 'wreath given by a girl to the man of her choice' (compare also samāna-upamā). By this means needless repetitions and waste of space are avoided, while much is gained in clearness of definition at one and the same time.

Punctuation. The colon immediately before a transliterated word or suffix, indicates that the latter must be attached to the end of the preceding Sanskrit word. Thus :-ka after the heading word loṣhā is to be read as loṣhā-ka. This is in no way affected by the intervening special uses of cases or idioms often added at the end of an article. Thus :-kesarin under vi-krama must of course be understood as vikrama-kesarin, in spite of the inflected forms of vikrama which immediately precede -kesarin. The special significance of the semi-colon is, in addition to marking off distinctly different meanings, to separate within a paragraph the latter halves of the compounds which it contains. Thus ;-lakṣhus under lola-karṇa, is to be read as lola-lakṣhus, and the following

;tā as lola-tā. Had a colon preceded the latter, it would have meant lola-*lakshu*-tā. The semi-colon will sometimes be found instead of the colon when it is perfectly obvious that nothing else could be done with the following word but attach it to the end of the preceding one. This is for instance the case with ;-kāra after loha. The comma is employed, as has already been indicated, to separate more or less synonymous meanings, while the semi-colon marks off distinct differences of sense. The other specific use of the comma is in paragraphs with compounds to show that the following word is to be applied exactly in the same way as a preceding one introduced by a colon. Thus sat-kārya followed by :-vāda and subsequently by ,-vādin, must be read as satkārya-vāda and satkārya-vādin.

Transliteration. The system is that which has been adopted in the 'Sacred Books of the East,' and already followed by me in my edition of Professor Max Müller's Sanskrit Grammar. Had I been guided exclusively by my own judgment I should have preferred c and j to represent the hard and the soft palatal. I should have retained the italic *t* and *d* for the linguals, but made the lingual *ṣ* sh also an italic *s*, representing the palatal sibilant *ṣ* by *ç*. The connexion of these two sibilants with the mutes of their classes would thus have been clearly indicated. The employment of a double letter sh, the latter half of which otherwise represents an aspiration, to express the simple sound of a spirant, is not strictly scientific, though convenient for the Anglo-Saxon. It is, however, not a good thing to multiply systems.

I must here refer to some practical applications of transliteration which I have made.

When one or more letters in thick type are added after a Sanskrit word either in parentheses or following a semi-colon, colon, or comma, the meaning is that that letter or those letters are to be substituted for precisely the same number at the end of the word in question. Thus 'paurusha, a. (i),' 'yamaka, a. (ikā)' signify that the feminine of the former adjective is paurushi and that of the latter yamikā. Similarly 'samāna-mūrdhan, a. (ni)' indicates that this word has the form samāna-mūrdhan in the feminine. The letters :-ka, referring to a preceding paurusha, must be read as pauruṣi-ka.

Accent. Wherever the accent is known from Vedic texts it has been given in the transliteration, the Udātta (acute) accent being marked in the usual way (e.g. vādhar) and the svarita (circumflex) accent being indicated by a curve above the vowel (e.g. svār).

When an accented word is exclusively Vedic this is indicated by a *V.*, while if nothing is stated, it may be assumed to be post-Vedic also, e.g. vīdā. As the meanings of an accented word may be partly Vedic, partly post-Vedic, and partly common to both periods, this is broadly indicated by the symbols *V.* (=Vedic in general), *C.* (=post-Vedic in general), and *V. C.* (=both Vedic and post-Vedic), as for example in the article vrātā. Unaccented words may be assumed to be post-Vedic, since in the rare cases when they happen to belong to the Vedic period, this is noted. Sometimes I distinguish subordinate periods, as *Br.*=Brāhmaṇa, *S.*=Sūtra, *E.*=Epic, *P.*=Purāṇa. It would, however, have been beyond the scope of the present work to go into details of this kind. That would belong rather to the sphere of an exclusively etymological dictionary. I may mention in passing that ἀπαξ λεγόμενα are indicated, a single occurrence in the Rīg-veda, for instance, being marked as *RF*¹, just as words and meanings quotable only from native grammarians and lexicographers are made recognisable by an asterisk. This is an important safeguard; for the signification of the former class of words is often very doubtful, while the genuineness of the latter is uncertain. I have frequently seen non-quotable words, without any indication that they are such, used by comparative philologists, as well as ἀπαξ λεγόμενα made the basis of far-reaching conclusions. Thus I remember a few years ago hearing an Oriental scholar, who was not a Sanskritist, using as an argument for Babylonian influence the word manā, to which the older Petersburg dictionary in one passage attributed the meaning of 'a certain weight of gold,' and which was therefore supposed to be identical with the Greek μνά. This meaning no longer appears in the smaller edition of that work.

Compounds arranged under an accented heading word, must be assumed to be unaccented and therefore post-Vedic unless any indication to the contrary is given. Thus -ketu under viṣayā is to be read as viṣaya-ketu. It follows as a matter of course that, if the second half of a compound has an accent, that is the accent of the whole word. Thus -māya occurring under lohā represents loha-māya.

Etymology. My original plan was to make the present work a comparative as well as a practical Sanskrit dictionary. After a good deal of reflection I abandoned this project on the ground that while

ORDER OF THE SANSKRIT ALPHABET

अ a, आ â, इ i, ई î, उ u, ऊ û, ए e, ऐ ai, ओ o, औ au; क k, ख kh, ग g, घ gh, ङ ṅ; च c, छ ch, ज g, झ zh, ञ n; ट t, ठ th, ड d (V. also ढ dh), ढ dh (V. also ढ dh), श n; त t, थ th, द d, ध dh, न n: प p, फ ph, ब b, भ bh, म m; य y, र r, ल l, व v; श s, ष sh, स s, ह h.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

<p>Ā. = Ātmanepada. a. = adjective. ab. = ablative. abs. = absolute. abst. = abstract. ac. = accusative. act. = active. ad. = adverb, -ial, -ially nor. = aorist. app. = apposition. ass. = asseverative. athg. = anything. A V. = Atharva-veda B = Buddhist term bg., beg. = beginning. Br. = Brāhmana. (' = (classical (post-Vedic) Sanskrit. cj. = conjunction. col. } = collective, -ly. coll. } comm. = commentator. conj. = conjecture cor. = correlative. cp. = compare. cpd. = compound. cpv. = comparative. crt. = certain. ca. = causal. d. = dative. dbl. = double. den. = denominative der. = derivative. des. = desiderative. dim. = diminutive. dr. = dramatic term. du. = dual. E. = Epic. e.g. = for example emp. = emphatic. enc. } = enclitic. encl. } Eng. = English. ep. = epithet. eq. = equivalent. esp. = especially.</p>	<p>exc. = except, exceptional. excl. = exclamation. exp. = explanation. f. = feminine; also = for ff. = and the following. fig. = figurative, -ly. fp. = future participle passive. fr. = from. ft. = future. g. = genitive. gd. = gerund (indeclinable participle). Gk. = Greek. gnly. = generally. gr. = grammatical term. hvg. = having. id. = the same. i.e. = that is. ij. = interjection. imps. = impersonal. impv. = imperative. in. = instrumental. incor. = incorrect. ind. = indicative. inde } = indeclinable. indec. } indf. = indefinite. inf. = infinitive. int. = intransitive. intr. = interrogative. intv. = intensive (frequentative). ir. = irregular. K. = king. Lat. = Latin loc. = locative. leg. = legal term. lit. = literally. m. = masculine. met. = metonymic. metr. = metrical (due to exigencies of metre) mg. = meaning. mtn. = mountain. N. = name; when alone = name of a man or of a woman.</p>	<p>N. = noun. n. = neuter. neg. = negative. nm. = nominative nr. } = numeral. num. } obj. = object. onom. = onomatopoeic. opp. = opposite. opt. = optative. or., orig. = originally ord. = ordinary. P. = Parasmaipada. P. = Purāna. pat. = patronymic. pel. = particle. perh. = perhaps. pf. = perfect. ph., phil. = philosophical term. pl. = plural. pn. } = pronoun. prn. } pos. } = possessive. poss. } pot. = potential. pp. = perfect passive participle. Pr. = Prākṛit (Sanskrit equivalent of Prākṛit word), Prākṛitic. pr. = present pred. = predicate, predicative, -ly. prn. = pronoun, pronominal. prob. = probably. prop. = properly. prp. = preposition. prs. = person. ps. = passive. pt. = participle. px. = prefix q.v. = which see. R. = river. red. = reduplicated, reduplication. rel. } = relative. rl. } rep. } = repeated. rp. } rf. = reflexive.</p>	<p>rh. = rhetorical term. rit. = ritual term. RV. = Rig-veda. S. = Sūtra. s. } = singular. sg. } SB. = Satapatha-Brāhmana. sb. = substantive. sc. = scilicet, that is to say, supply. sp. = specifically. spv. = superlative. st. = stem. sthg. = something str. = strong. subj. = subjunctive. SV. = Sāma-veda. s.v. = sub voce. sx. = suffix. T. = title. t. = term. TBr. = Taittirīya-Brāhmana. tr. = transitive. TS. = Taittirīya-Samhitā. U. = Upanishad. V. = Veda, Vedic. v. = vide, see. vb. = verb. vbl. = verbal. vc = vocative. v.r. = various reading. VS. = Vāgasaneyi-Samhitā. w. = with. wk. = weak YV. = Yajur-veda. = equals, is the equivalent of. ° = at the end of a compound. ° = at the beginning of a compound (the degree representing the word in question). + = with; also. ± = with or without. & = and. &c., etc. = et cetera, and so forth. √ = root.</p>
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H. B. The articles *prakṛitana* to *prakṛyuti* having by an oversight been omitted in their proper place, will be found among the Addenda.

अ, *pn.* root used in the inflexion of idam in some particles. a-tra, a-tha.

अ-*an-* before vowels, *neg. pr.* = un-

अंसा, *m.* part, share; *N. of a god.* in partly.

अंशपाना *amsa-kalpanā, f.* arrangement of shares

अंशप्रदाना *amsa-prakalpanā, f. id.* [shares.

अंशप्रदान *amsa-pradāna, n.* distribution of

अंशगान् *amsa-bhāgin, a.* having a share.

अंशा *amsa-bhāg, a. id.* [*g.*].

अंशभूत *amsa-bhūta, pp.* forming a share (of

अंश *amsa-hara, a.* receiving a portion.

अंश *ams-in, a.* having a share.

अंसु *amsu, m.* Soma plant. - juice; ray; stalk.

अंशुक *amsu-ka, n.* leaf; cloth, garment.

अंशुकान्त *amsuka anta, m.* hem of a garment.

अंसुपट्ट *amsu-pattu, n.* kind of cloth.

अंसुमत् *amsu-māt, a.* radiant; *m.* sun; *N.*

अंसुमालिन् *amsu-mālin, m.* sun.

अंश *amsa, m.* shoulder.

अंशकूट *amsa-kūta, m.* top of the shoulder;

-*prishtha, n.* ridge of the shoulder.

अंशत्र *amsa-tra, n.* armour.

अंशफलक *amsa-phalakā, n.* shoulder-blade.

अंशल *amsa-lā, a.* strong, powerful

अंशवर्तिन् *amsa-vartin, a.* resting on the

shoulder; -*vivartin, a.* bending towards the

shoulder(s); -*vyāpina, a.* reaching to the -

अंहति *amh-atī, f.*, अंह-*amh-ū, n.* = *amh-as.*

अंहस *amh-as, n.* distress, need; sin.

अंहुर *amh-urā, a.* distressed; -*āraṇā, n.* dis-

अंहि *amhri, m.* foot. [*tress*

अक *akn, m.* the suffix -*aka (gr.)*.

अकटुक *a-katuka, a.* assiduous.

अकण्टक *a-kantaka, a.* thornless; foeless.

अकण्ठ *a-kantha, a.* neckless; voiceless,

hoarse.

अकथयन् *a-katthana, n.* non-boasting.

अकथम् *a-katham, ad.* without (a 'why' =)

more ado.

अकथित *a-kathita, pp.* unmentioned, un-

discussed. [*speaking well.*

अकवद *a-kad-vada, a.* not speaking ill,

अकनिष्ठ *akaniṣṭha, m. pl.* without a young-

est, equally young.

अकन्या *a-kanyā, f.* no longer a maid. [*ish.*

अकपिलच्छवि *a-kapila-khavi, a.* not brown-

अकर्ण *a-karṇa, a.* pitiless; -*tvā, n.* -ness.

अकर्णधार *a-karṇadhāra, a.* pilotless.

अकर्तव्य *a-kartavya, fp.* not to be done; *n.*

अकर्तृ *a-kartri, m.* non-agent. [*misdeed.*

अकर्मा *a-karma-ka, a.* objectless, intransi-

अकर्माकृत *a-karma-kṛt, a.* inactive. [*tive.*

अकर्माय *a-karmāya, a.* ineffectual, useless.

अकर्मान् *a-karman, n.* inaction; *a.* (-*mān*)

doing nothing, idling; wicked. [*tion of fate.*

अकर्माप्ति *a-karma-prāpti, f.* non-interven-

अकर्माशील *a-karma-sīla, a.* inactive, idle.

अकर्माश्रय *a-karma-śrānta, pp.* untiring in

अकाल *a-kalā, n.* spotless. [*ritual.*

अकालि *a-kali, n.* not quarrelling, concordant.

अकालित *a-kalita, pp.* unknown; undefinable.

अकालिप्रसर *akali-prasara, a.* where no quar-

relling occurs. [*baseness.*

अकालकलि *a-kalka-kalilā, a.* free from

अकालता *a-kalka-tā, f.* honesty.

अकाल्य *1. a-kalyā, a.* not healthy, ill.

अकाल्य *2. a-kalyā, fp.* not to be guessed.

अकाल्य *3. a-kalyā, a.* not niggardly, liberal.

अकालि *ā-kavi, a.* not wise, foolish

अकालित *a-kusmāt, (ab.) ad.* without appar-

ent cause; suddenly, accidentally. [*coinc.*

अकालादगन्तु *akasmād-āgantu, m.* chance-

अकाल *a-kāku, a.* unchanged (of the voice).

अकाल *a-kānda, a.* unexpected, sudden:

अकाल *a-kātara, a.* undaunted. [*le. -ly.*

अकाम *a-kāmā, a.* not desiring; unwilling,

reluctant; not in love. [*unwillingly.*

अकामतस् *a-kāma-tas, ad.* involuntarily;

अकामता *a-kāma-tā, f.* freedom from desire

अकामिन् *a-kāmin, a.* not in love. [*or love.*

अकार *a-kāra, m.* the sound or letter a. [*-ness.*

अकारक *a-kāraka, a.* ineffectual; -*tvā, n.*

अकारण *a-kārana, a.* causeless; *n.* lack of

cause: -*tas, -m, in, ab, &c.* without cause.

अकार्ष्य *a-kārpanya, a.* void of self-abase-

ment. [*deed. -tas, ad.* by doing wrong

अकार्य *a-kārya, fp.* not to be done; *n.* mis-

अकार्यकरण *akārya-karam, n.* doing a mis-

अकार्यकारिन् *akārya-kārin, a. id.* [*deed.*

अकाल *a-kāla, m.* unseasonable time: -*tas, &c.* unseasonably.

अकालकुसुम *akāla-kusuma, n.* untimely

flower. [*delay.*

अकालक्षेपम् *a-kāla-kṣhepam, ad.* without

अकालक्षेप्य *akāla-kāryā, f.* untimely action.

अकालनियम *a-kāla-niyama, m.* no limit of

time.

अकालवेला *akāla-velā, f.* undue season.

अकालसह *a-kāla-saha, a.* unable to hold

out long.

अकालहीनम् *akāla-hīnam, ad.* without loss

of time, forthwith. [*-tā, f., -tvā, n.* poverty.

अकिंचन *a-kimkana, a.* having nothing, poor;

अकिंचिच्छ *a-kimig-gṣā, a.* knowing no-

thing. [*thing.*

अकिंचित्कार *a-kimkit-kara, a.* effecting no-

अकिंचिन् *a-kilina, a.* not damp, not moist.

अकिंचित् *a-kirtana, n.* lack of mention.

अकिंचिनीय *a-kirtaniya, fp.* unspeakable.

अकिंचिती *a-kirti, f.* disgrace; -*kara, a.* dis-

graceful, infamous, humiliating.

अकिंचित् *a-kirtita, pp.* unmentioned.

अकुक्षित *a-kuṣṭhita, pp.* not crooked, straight.

अकुक्षित *a-kunthita, pp.* vigorous, quick.

अकुटिल *a-kuṭila, a.* straight; honest.

अकुतलस्य *a-kutasid-bhaya, a.* afraid of

अकुतल *a-kutas, ad.* from nowhere. [*nothing.*

अकुतोभय *a-kuto-bhaya, a.* afraid of nothing.

अकुतलस्य *a-kutaka-bhaya, a. id.*

अकुतलित *a-kutsita, pp.* blameless.

अकुक्ष्य *a-kudhryāk, ad.* aimlessly.

अकुल *a-kula, a.* low-born; -*tā, f.* low birth.

अकुलज *akula-ja, a.* sprung from a low

अकुली *a-kulina, a.* low-born. [*stock.*

अकुशल *a-kusala, a.* noxious; unlucky, in-

auspicious; unskillful; a mischief, evil; -*word.*

अकुसुमित *a-kusumita, pp.* not blossoming.

अकूट *a-kūṭa, a.* undeceptive (arms); sterling

(coin)

अकूपार *ā-kū-pāra, a.* boundless; *m.* sea.

अक्रिच्छन् *a-krikkhṛn-lutighya, fp.* to be

traversed without hardship. [*with.*

अक्रिच्छन् *a-krikkhṛin, a.* having no trouble

अकृत *ā-kṛta, pp.* not done; unprepared, un-

cooked; incomplete, unripe; unsummoned.

अकृतक *a-kṛta-ka, a.* natural [one's duty.

अकृतकृत्य *akṛta-kṛitya, a.* not having done

अकृत *a-kṛta-gṣā, a.* ungrateful.

अकृतपुण्य *akṛta-punya, a.* ill-starred.

अकृतपूर्व *akṛta-pūrva, a.* not done before.

अकृतबुद्धि *akṛta-buddhi, a.* of an ripe under-

standing: -*tvā, n. abst. v.* [distinctive mark.

अकृतलक्ष्य *a-kṛta-lakṣana, a.* having no

अकृतविद्य *akṛta-vidyā, a.* uninstructed.

अकृतश्रम *a-kṛta-śrama, a.* having under-

gone no trouble.

अकृतसंज्ञक्य akrita-samkalpa, *a.* irresolute.

अकृतात्मन् akrita-ātman, *a.* of unformed mind, undisciplined, rude, vicious.

अकृतार्थ akrita artha, *a.* unsatisfied. [deed.

अकृत्य ak-kritya, *fp.* not to be done; *n.* mis-

अकृत्रिम ak-kṛtrima, *a.* unfeigned; unartificial, natural; unsophisticated.

अकृत्वा a-kṛtvā, *gd.* without doing.

अकृतल अ-kṛtana, *a.* incomplete.

अकृतलविद् अ-kṛtsna-vid, *a.* not knowing everything, of defective knowledge.

अकृप अ-kṛpa, *a.* pitiless. [ing, cheerful.

अकृपण अ-kṛpāna, *a.* generous; uncomp

अकृशालक्री अ-kṛśa-lakṣmī, *a.* rich beauty; very prosperous.

अकृषीवल् अ-kṛṣhivala, *a.* not agricult

अकृष्ट अ-kṛṣhta, *pp.* unploughed; grov wild; *n.* untilled soil. [al

अकेशव अ-kosava, *a.* without Kesava (

अकैतव अ-kaitava, *a.* not simulated, gent

अकोपिता अ-kopi-tā, *f.* evenness of tem....

अकौशल अ-kausala, *n.* inexperience, help-

अक्त akta, *pp.* of √ag and √āṅg. [lessness.

अक्तु अ-ktū, *m.* ointment; light, ray; clear

अक्तु night: *in. pl.* by night.

अक्ता अ-akna, *pp.* of √ak.

अक्र 1. अ-kra, *a.* inactive, indolent.

अक्र 2. अ-krā, *m.* banner. [of √kri.

अक्रत अक्रता, अक्रन् अक्रान, *V. 2 & 3 pl. impf.*

अक्रतु अ-krātū, *a.* powerless; senseless. [flesh.

अक्रवाद् अ-kravya ad. -द् -da, *a.* not eating

अक्रियमाण अ-kri-ya-māna, *pr. pt. ps.* not being done.

अक्रिया अ-kriyā, *f.* omission to do (*g.*).

अक्रियाक अ-kriyā-ka, *a.* inactive, immovable.

अक्रूर अ-krūra, *a.* not harsh, tender, gentle;

-परिवारा, *a.* having gentle attendants.

अक्रोध अ-krodha, *m.* freedom from anger;

a. not given to anger; -ना, *a. id.*

अक्लिष्ट अ-kliṣhta, *pp.* not worn out, fresh.

अक्लिष्टकार अ-kliṣhta-kāra, *m.* indefatigable

activity; -क्षेत्र, *a.* indefatigable.

अक्लिब अ-kliḥa, *a.* manly; -ता, *f.* manliness.

अक्लेद्य अ-kledya, *fp.* not to be moistened.

अक्लेश अ-kleśa, *m.* no hardship, ease: *ab.*

without trouble.

अक्ष AKSH, reach; *pp.* aṣṭa. *nis.* unman.

अक्ष 1. akṣhā, *m.* die for playing.

अक्ष 2. akṣha, *m.* axle; bone of the temples.

अक्ष 3. akṣha, *m.* *n.* organ of sense: -° =

akṣhā, eye. [a gambler.

अक्ष अ-akṣha, *m. N.*; -कषापान, -का, *m. N. of*

अक्षय akṣha-gṇa, *a.* skilled in dice.

अक्षयत् अक्षयान-vāt, *a.* possessed of eyes.

अक्षत् अ-ākṣ-at, *3 s. sbj. aor. of* √as, obtain.

अक्षत अ-kṣhata, *pp.* uninjured; unscathed:

n. s. & m. pl. unhusked grain (*esp.* barley); *f. ā. virgo intacta.* [uninjured mane.

अक्षतकेश्वर अक्षता-keśara, *a.* having an

अक्षत अ-kṣhata, *a.* without the warrior caste.

अक्षयूत अक्ष-dyūta, *n.* game of dice.

अक्षन् 1. akṣhān, *n.* eye: weak base of akṣhi.

अक्षन् 2. अ-kṣh-an, *V. 3 pl. impf. of* √ghas.

अक्षनिपुण अक्ष-naipuna, *n.* skill in dice.

अक्षपटल अक्ष-ṭāla, *n.* archives.

अक्षप्रिय अक्ष-ṭriya, *a.* fond of dice or lucky at play (beloved by dice). [at dice.

अक्षभूमि अक्ष-bhūmi, *f.* place for playing

अक्षम अ-kṣhama, *a.* unable to, incapable of (*lc., inf. or -°*).

अक्षमद् अक्ष-ṣhama, *m.* passion for play.

अक्षमा अ-kṣhamā, *f.* ill-will, envy.

अक्षमात्र अक्ष-ṣhama, *n.* (measured by the eye), moment: *in. in* a moment. [dhati.

अक्षमाला अक्ष-ṣhama, *f.* rosary; *N. of* Arun-

अक्षमालिका अक्ष-ṣhama, *f.* rosary.

अक्षमिन् अ-kṣhamin, *a.* pitiless.

अक्षय अ-kṣhaya, *a.* imperishable; -त्वा, *n.* -ness, exemption from decay; -लोका, *m.* heaven.

अक्षय 1. अ-kṣhaya, *fp.* undecaying, inde-

structible, inexhaustible.

अक्षय 2. अ-kṣhaya, *n.* water accompanied by a wish that it may never fail; -पदाका, *n. id.*

अक्षर अ-kṣhara, *a.* imperishable; *n.* word, syllable, the sacred syllable (om); sound, letter; document, epistle; the supreme deity;

-र्युताका, *n.* supplying an omitted syllable (a game); -कक्षान्दा, *n.* syllabic metre; -माला, *f.* wreath of letters (written by fate on the forehead); -कक्ष, *f. id.*; -वर्गिता, *pp.* illiterate; -विन्यास, *m.* writing; -अक्षह, *f.* alphabet.

अक्षवती अक्ष-ṣhara, *f.* game of dice; -सूत्रा, *n.* rosary; -ह्रिदाया, *n.* secret of dice.

अक्षान्ति अ-kṣhānti, *f.* malevolence, envy.

अक्षारलवण अ-kṣhara-lavana, *n.* what is not pungent and salt; -अक्ष, *a.* abstaining from seasoned and salted food.

अक्षालित अ-kṣhālita, *pp.* unwashed.

अक्षाली अक्ष-āvali, *f.* rosary.

अक्षि अ-kṣhi, *n.* eye: -° *a. f. i.*

अक्षिकूट अक्ष-ṣhikūta, *n.* edge of the eye-

socket. [eyes; being an eye-sore

अक्षिगत अक्ष-ṣhikā, *pp.* being before the

अक्षित अ-kṣhita, *pp.* intact; imperishable.

अक्षिपत् अक्ष-ṣhikā, *ad.* a very little.

अक्षि अ-kṣhi, *f.* eye. [weight.

अक्षीय अ-kṣhīya, *pp.* not waning; not losing

अक्षीयमाण अ-kṣhīya-māna, *pr. pt.* imperish-

able; inexhaustible.

अक्षुण्ण अ-kṣhūṇa, *pp.* uninjured; not trite, new, peculiar; uninterrupted, lasting; -ता, *f.* untroddenness (of a road). [underable.

अक्षुद्र अ-kṣhūdra, *a.* not insignificant, cou-

अक्षेत्र अ-kṣhetra, *n.* untilled soil; *a.* unculti-

ated. [ted region, very uninhabitable region.

अक्षेत्रतर अ-kṣhetra-tara, *n.* quite uncultiva-

अक्षेत्रिन् अ-kṣhetrin, *a.* owning no field.

अक्षोद अ-kṣhoda, *m.* walnut-tree.

अक्षोधुक अ-kṣhodbhuka, *a.* not hungry.

अक्षोभ्य अ-kṣhobhya, *fp.* not to be shaken.

अक्षौहिणी अ-kṣhauiṇī, *f.* complete army; -पति, *m.* lord of an army, general.

अक्षाय अ-kṣhaya, *ad.* across. [well.

अक्षय अ-kṣhaya, *a.* not limping, walking

अक्षय अ-kṣhaya, *a.* indivisible, entire;

-मण्डला, *a.* possessing the whole realm.

अक्षयित अ-kṣhaya, *pp.* uninjured; more unbreakable than (*ab.*); uninterrupted.

अक्षयिता अ-kṣhaya, *a.* whose orders are not infringed; -त्वा, *n. abst. N.*

अक्षय अ-kṣhaya, *a.* uncurtailed; capable; considerable.

अक्षिन् अ-kṣhinna, *pp.* unwearied, in (*lc.*).

अक्षि अ-kṣhi, *a.* without a gap, entire, all; *n.* everything; *in.* quite, completely. [ness.

अक्षेद अ-kṣheda, *m.* absence of fatigue, fresh-

अक्षेद अ-kṣheda, *ij.* (joy, surprise); -क्री,

अक्ष अ-ka, *m.* tree; mountain. [greet kindly.

अक्षयत् अ-kaṇ-ay-at, *pr. pt.* disregarding; -i-त्वा, *gd. id.* [come back because disregarded.

अक्षयिप्रतिष्ठा अ-kaṇ-ayati, *pp.*

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *pp.* innumerable.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *id.*; -ता, *f. abst. N.*

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *f.* no way, impossibility; *a.* not going; helpless, unhappy; -ता, *f.* stand-still.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *a.* having no resource left; -ता, *f.* very last resource.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *m.* health; *a.* (-dū) healthy, well; wholesome; *n.* medicine, *esp.* antidote.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *pp.* unasked. [gam.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *V. 2. 3 s., ā-gamna, 1 pl. aor. of*

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *a.* scentless.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *a.* immovable; *m.* tree.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *fp.* inaccessible; that should not be approached; unintelligible; unsuitable.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *a.* hard to traverse.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *m.* illicit in-

tercourse; -ता, *f.* consisting in -.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *a.* free from pride, humble.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *pp.* not blamed, not de-

spised; blameless, irreproachable.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *m.* = Agastya.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *m. N. of* a Vedic Rishi.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *V. 1 pl. aor. of* √gam.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *a.* mountain-top, peak.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *f. N. of* Pārvaṭi.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *a.* unfathomable; very deep, profound; -गला, *n.* very deep water.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *n.* torrents of

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, (*m.*) *n.* house. [blood.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *a.* incendiary.

अक्षय अ-kaṇ-ayati, *m.* lack of virtue, demerit, defect; fault, vice; *a.* void of qualities; worthless, vicious.

अगुण a-guṇa-gṇa, *a.* ignoring merit; -*vat*, *a.* void of merit, bad; -*śila*, *a.* of bad disposition, worthless.

अगुसि a-gusin, *a.* devoid of merit.

अगुनीभूता a-guṇi-bhūta, *pp.* not become sub-

अगुप्त a-gupta, *pp.* unguarded, [ordinate] (*gr.*).

अगुरु a-guru, *a.* not heavy, light; *m.* n. aloe-wood. [ed by one's teacher.

अगुरुप्रयुक्त a-guru-pra-yukta, *pp.* not direct-

अगुरसार aguru-sāra, *m.* resin of the aloe.

अगृधु a-grīdhnu, *a.* liberal. [grasped.

अगृहीत ā-grīhita, *pp.* not seized, not

अगृह्णत ā-grīhṇat, *pr. pt.* not seizing; not taking (*leṛh*).

अगृह्य ā-grīhya, *fp.* inconceivable.

अगोचर ā-go-kara, *m.* what is beyond reach; *in*, behind the back of (*g.*); *a.* beyond the ken of (*g.*, -*°*); *vākām* -, indescribable.

अगोपा ā-gopā, *a.* without a herdsman.

अगोपाल ā-go-pāla, *a. id.*; *m.* no herdsman.

अगोपय ā-go-rudha, *a.* admitting cows.

अगोप्य ā-gohya, *fp.* not to be hidden (*cp.* of

अगोप्य agnāyī, *f.* Agni's wife. [the sun].

अग्नि ag-nī, *m.* fire; conflagration; *god* Agni.

अग्निकण agni-kana, *m.* spark of fire.

अग्निकर्म agni-karmān, *n.* = agni-kriyā.

अग्निकार्य agni-kārya, *n.* making the sacred fire; prayers repeated in so doing.

अग्निकुण्ड agni-kunda, *m.* brazier of fire; hole in the ground for sacred fire.

अग्निकेतु agni-ketu, *a.* fire-betokened.

अग्निक्रिया agni-kriyā, *f.* attendance on the sacred fire. [within.

अग्निकर्म agni-garbha, *a.* containing fire

अग्निकु agni-grīha, *n.* sacred fireplace; -*kāya*, *m.*, -*kāyana*, *n.* hushing up the fire-altar; -*kīṭ*, *a.* keeping up the fire-altar; -*ghvā*, *a.* fire-tongued; -*gvalita-tayana*, *a.* having a point blazing with fire.

अग्निक्रय agni-traya, *n.* the three sacred fires; -*tretā*, *f. id.*; -*tva*, *n.* fiery state; -*da*, *a.* incendiary; -*dagdhā*, *pp.* burnt with fire; *m.* *pl.* kind of *Manes*; -*datta*, *m.* *N.* of a *Brahman*; *f.* ā, *N.*; -*dipta*, *pp.* blazing with fire.

अग्निकृत agni-dūta, *a.* having Agni for a messenger, brought by Agni.

अग्निकृ agnidh, *m.* fire-kindler; fire-priest.

अग्निकृ agni-pakva, *pp.* cooked with fire; -*parikriyā*, *f.* care of sacred fire; -*parikhada*, *m.* utensils for fire-sacrifice; -*parish-kriyā*, *f.* care of the sacred fire; -*parāna*, *n.* *N.* of a *Purāna*; -*paragama*, *a.* preceded by Agni; -*pradāna*, *n.* consigning to the flames; -*pravara*, *m.* voluntary death by fire; -*na*, *n. id.*

अग्निकृ agni-bhu, *n.* water; -*māt*, *a.* keeping up the sacred fire; -*mitra*, *m.* *N.* of a *king*.

अग्निकृ agnim-indhā, *m.* fire-kindler, *kind* of priest, later agnidh.

अग्निकृ agni-mukha, *m.* Fire-mouth, *N.* of a *bug*; -*varna*, *a.* of the colour of fire; red-hot; -*velā*, *f.* time of kindling the sacred fire; afternoon; -*sarāna*, *n.* sacred fireplace.

अग्निकृ agni-sikha, *a.* fire-pointed (*ar-* *rom*); *m.* *N.*; *n.* *saffron*; *f.* ā, flame of fire.

अग्निकृ agni-suddhi, *f.* purification by fire; -*varāhā*, *f.* careful tending of the sacred fire; -*veśha*, *m.* remains of fire.

अग्निकृ agni-shtut, *m.* *N.* of a (*Soma*) *sacri-* *fice*; -*ahomā*, *m.* (praise of Agni), *liturgi-* *cal rite in the Soma sacrifice*; -*śāhā*, *f.* corner of a stake facing the fire; -*śhvātā*, *pp.* consumed by fire; *m. pl.* certain *Manes*.

अग्निकृ agni-samskāra, *m.* sacrament of fire; -*samkaya*, *m.* great fire; -*sāksāhika*, *a.* having Agni for a witness.

अग्निकृ agni-sāt-kri, *burn*.

अग्निकृ agni-svāmin, *m.* *N.*

अग्निकृ 1. agni-hotrā, *n.* fire-sacrifice: daily offering of milk morning and evening.

अग्निकृ 2. agni-hotra, *a.* sacrificing to Agni.

अग्निकृ agni-hotra-hāvani, *f.* ladle used in the fire-sacrifice.

अग्निकृ agni-hotrin, *a.* offering the fire-sacrifice, maintaining the sacred fire.

अग्निकृ agni-indrā, *m. du.* Agni and Indra.

अग्निकृ agni-indhana, *n.* kindling the sacred fire.

अग्निकृ agni-śhōma, *m. du.* Agni & Soma.

अग्निकृ agni-shoma-bhūta, *pp.* being Agni and Soma. [Agni and Soma.

अग्निकृ agni-shomiya, *a.* relating to

अग्निकृ agnau-karana, *n.* burnt offering.

अग्निकृ agni-āgāra, *m.* place for sacred fire; -*ādāna*, *n.* setting up the sacred fire; -*ādāya*, *n. id.*; -*ādāta*, (*pp.*) *m.* one who has set up the sacred fire; -*utadāna*, *a.* letting out the sacred fire.

अग्निकृ āg-ra, *n.* front; beginning; point, tip, top, main thing; -*ma*, before (*g.*, -*°*); *in*, before (*ac.*); *lc.* before, in presence of (*g.*, -*°*), in the beginning, at first, in the first place; after (*ab.*) - *bhū*, come forward.

अग्निकृ āgra-kara, *m.* finger; first ray; -*ga*, *a.* going in front; going through the end of (-*°*); -*ganya*, *fp.* to be accounted the first of (*g.*); -*ga*, *a.* firstborn; *m.* elder brother; -*gama*, *m.* *Brahman*. [foremost.

अग्निकृ āgra-nī, *a.* (*nm.* *m.* -*s.* *n.* 1) leading;

अग्निकृ āgra-tās, *ad.* in front, forward; at the head, in the beginning, first of all; -*kri*, place in front; *prp.* before, in presence of (*g.*). [front.

अग्निकृ āgrato-ratha, *a.* whose chariot is in

अग्निकृ āgra-nakha, *m. n.* tip of the nail; -*nā-sikā*, *f.* tip of the nose, -beak; -*payodhara*, *m.* teat; -*pāda*, *m.* toe; -*pāyā*, *f.* precedence; -*bhūda*, *m.* first drop; -*bhāga*, *m.* upper part, point, top; -*bhūmi*, *f.* top storey; highest aim; -*mahishi*, *f.* chief consort of a *king*; -*vyān*, *a.* going before; best of (-*°*); -*vira*, *m.* chief hero, champion.

अग्निकृ āgra-sās, *ad.* from the beginning.

अग्निकृ āgra-samdhya, *f.* dawn.

अग्निकृ āgra-sara, *a.* going before; -*tā*, *f.*

अग्निकृ ā-graha, *m.* no planet. [precedence.

अग्निकृ ā-grahana, *n.* non-taking; *a.* not specified. [phant's trunk.

अग्निकृ āgra-basta, *m.* finger; tip of ele-

अग्निकृ āgra-hāra, *m.* land-grant to *Brāh-*

अग्निकृ āgra akṣhaṇa, *n.* side-glance. [*manes*.

अग्निकृ āgra anika, *n.* van (*of an army*).

अग्निकृ ā-grāmya-bhagin, *a.* eating no food prepared in the village. [*ab.*).

अग्निकृ āgra āsana, *a.* eating in presence of

अग्निकृ ā-grāhin, *a.* not taking (*leṛh*).

अग्निकृ ā-grāhya, *fp.* not to be grasped; imperceptible, incomprehensible; not to be approved. [(*of sequence in writing or speaking*).

अग्निकृ āgr-i-mā, *a.* leading, first; following

अग्निकृ āgr-i-yā, *a.* foremost, best; firstborn; *n.* what is best. [fingers.

अग्निकृ āgru, *a.* (ā) single, unmarried; *f. pl.*

अग्निकृ āgro-gā, *a.* going in front; -*gā*, *a. id.*; -*gū*, *a.* moving forward.

अग्निकृ āgro-didhishu, *m.* man united in first marriage with a widow; *f.* (ā) younger sister married before her elder sister.

अग्निकृ āgre-pā, *a.* drinking first; -*pā*, *a. id.*

अग्निकृ āgre-sara, *a.* (ā) going before.

अग्निकृ āgr-yā, *a.* foremost, best (*of g.*, -*°*); distinguished in (*lc.*). [*hishi*, *f.* chief consort.

अग्निकृ āgrya-tapas, *m. N.* of a *sage*; -*ma-* *śa* *agh*-ā, *n.* mischief; guilt; misdeed, wickedness; impurity; pain. [*pp.* ill put together.

अग्निकृ ā-ghatita, *pp.* impossible; -*ghatita*,

अग्निकृ āgha-marshana, *a.* forgiving sins; *n.* kind of prayer; *m. N.* of a *Vedic Rishi*; *pl.* his descendants. [*m.* moon.

अग्निकृ ā-gharma, *a.* not hot, cool; -*āghama*,

अग्निकृ āgha-vighāta-kartri, *m.* who destroys sin; -*vināśa*, *a. id.* [malevolent.

अग्निकृ āghā-samsa, *a.* intent on mischief,

अग्निकृ āgha-samsin, *a.* confessing guilt.

अग्निकृ āghāyā, *a.* mischievous, malevolent.

अग्निकृ ā-ghrīnu, *a.* pitiless. [passionate.

अग्निकृ ā-ghrīnu, *a.* not soft, not too com-

अग्निकृ ā-ghora, *a.* not terrible. [*of Dev.*

अग्निकृ āghora-ghanta, *m. N.* of devotees

अग्निकृ ā-ghn-at, *pr. pt.* not killing, not injuring.

अग्निकृ āghnya (*also* -*yā*), *m.* bull; ā, *f.* cow.

अग्निकृ ā-ghreya, *fp.* not to be smelt.

अग्निकृ ā-*h*, *aur.* suffix -*a* (*in* ā-gam-a-t); *krit-* *suffix* -*a* (*in* bhid-ā, &c.).

अग्निकृ āhik-ā, *m.* bend, hook; flank, lap, side; proximity; embrace, hug; mark, sign, brand; act (*of a play*); -*karana*, *n.* branding.

अग्निकृ āhik-ana, *n.* branding (*also* *fig.*).

अग्निकृ āhika-pāta, *m.* account, enumeration; -*bandha*, *m.* impress of a brand; -*bhāg*, *a.* falling to one's (*lap* = share; -*bhāt*, *a.* holding in the lap; -*mukha*, *n.* plot of a play.

अग्निकृ āhik-aya, *den. P.* mark, brand; *pp.* āhikā, marked, branded.

अग्निकृ āhika-lakṣhana, *n.* mark, brand.

अग्निकृ āhik-as, *n.* bend.

अग्निकृ āhika avatāra, *m.*, *व्य* -*na*, *n.* transition to another act, preparation of *spec-* *tators for next act.*

अङ्काश ankāśya, *n.* concluding scene which prepares for the next act.

अङ्कुर ank-ura, *m.* shoot, sprout; grass.

अङ्कुरण ankurana, *n.* shooting up, sprouting.

अङ्कुरय ankuraya, *राय*-rāya, *den.* sprout.

अङ्कुरवत् ankura-vat, *a.* having shoots.

अङ्कुरित ankurita, *pp.* sprouted, having sprouts; combined with (*in.*). [remedy.]

अङ्कुश ankusā, *m.* hook, goad; stimulus;

अङ्कुशिन ankusin, *a.* hooked, attractive.

अङ्किय ankhe-saya, *a.* lying -, sitting on the

अङ्के ankī, 3 s. *Ā.* of *√*āṅg. [lap.]

अङ्क्या ankya, *fp.* to be marked, - branded.

अङ्गय ankhyā, *X. P.* mingle. *pari.* *Ā.* embrace.

अङ्ग ANG, I. *P.* go. *pāṇi* (=pari), *cs.* aṅga-ya, *stir.* *ps.* revolve.

अङ्ग 1. aṅgā, *pcl.* 1. *emphatic.* just, only; especially; 2. *hortative.* *w. voc. or impv.* 3. *intr.* *kim aṅga*, how much more? [country.]

अङ्ग 2. āṅga, *m. pl. N.* of a people and their

अङ्ग 3. āṅg-a, *n.* (*a.* *°* *f.* *i.*) limb, member, part, *membrum virile*; body; constituent; secondary part; supplement (*esp.* the six of the *Veda*); resource; base (*gr.*); -*kā*, *n.* member, part; body.

अङ्गक्रिया aṅga-kriyā, *f.* anointing the body.

अङ्गलानि aṅga-glāni, *f.* bodily languor.

अङ्गव aṅga-va, *a.* produced in, on or from the body, bodily; -*gāta*, *m. son*: *pl.* children.

अङ्गण aṅg-ana, *n.* court.

अङ्गत्व aṅga-tva, *n. abst. N. from* 3. āṅga.

अङ्गद aṅga-da, *m. N.*: *n.* bracelet (on the upper arm); -*dvipa*, *m. N.* of a cosmic island.

अङ्गना aṅg-ana, *n.* court.

अङ्गना aṅgaṇā, *f.* woman; female (animal).

अङ्गबन्धन aṅga-bandhana, *n.* cutting, snaring; -*bhaṅga*, *m.* collapse of the body; -*bhā*, *m. son*; -*bheda*, *m.* self-betrayal; self-deception; -*mudrā*, *f.* a position of the fingers

अङ्गमेवयत् aṅgam-eyaya-tva, *n.* trembling of the body.

अङ्गयष्टि aṅga-yashti *f.* slender body.

अङ्गरक्षक aṅga-rakshaka, *m.* body-guard; -*rakshā*, *f. id.*; -*rāga*, *m.* powder, paint, unguent; -*ruha*, *a.* growing on the body, *n.* hair on the body; hide; feather; -*astikā*, *f.* slender body; -*vati*, *a.* possessed of limbs.

अङ्गवाक्पाणिमत aṅga-vāk-pāni-mat, *a.* endowed with body, speech, and hands.

अङ्गविकार aṅga-vikāra, *m.* bodily defect; -*vidyā*, *f.* palmistry; -*vyatāḥ*, *f.* bodily pain; -*samskāra*, *m.* adornment of the person; -*sam-ā-khyāyam*, *abs.* naming the limbs; -*spara*, *m.* bodily contact, with (*saha*); -*hāra*, *m.* gesticulation; -*hina*, *pp.* deficient in a limb; -*tva*, *n.* want of a limb.

अङ्गाङ्गि aṅga-āṅgi, *ind.* limbs and body, reciprocally; -*bhāva*, *m.* reciprocal relation of limbs and body, - of whole & parts &c. [body.]

अङ्गानुङ्गल aṅga-anukūla, *a.* pleasant to the

अङ्गार āṅgāra, *m. (n.)* coal; stain; planet Mars; -*nikāra*, *m.* heap of coals.

अङ्गारक āṅgāra-ka, *m.* coal; *N. of an Asura*; -*karmaṇta*, *m.* charcoal-kiln.

अङ्गारकारक āṅgāra-kāraka, *m.* charcoal-burner; -*gīvatā*, *f.* business in which coal is used; -*vati*, *f. N.*; -*vāra*, *m.* Tuesday.

अङ्गारिन् āṅgārin, *a.* just left by the sun.

अङ्गिन् āṅg-in, *a.* having members; having all members; - resources; *m.* living being.

अङ्गिर āṅg-ira, *वृत्* -*s.* *m.* messenger between gods and men (*Agni* being the chief of them); *N. of a Rishi*; *a star in the Great Bear*: *pl. N.* of the *Ātharva-veda* and of a family of seers.

अङ्गीकरण āṅgī-karana, *n.* concession; ac-

अङ्गीकार āṅgī-kāra, *m. id.* [quiescence.]

अङ्गीकृ āṅgī-kṛi, *P.* make one's own, submit; submit to, assent to; promise; concede, admit (*ac.*); *cs.* induce to agree to (*ac.*, *ab.*).

अङ्गुरि āṅgūri, *f.* finger; toe.

अङ्गुरीयक āṅguriyaka, *n.* finger-ring.

अङ्गुल āṅgula, *m. n.* breadth of the thumb (*as a measure* - $\frac{1}{2}$ *hasta*); -*kā*, *a.* measuring (so many) finger-breadths (*°*).

अङ्गुलि āṅgūli, *f.* finger; toe.

अङ्गुलिका āṅguli-kā, *f.* kind of ant.

अङ्गुलिष āṅguli-ṭra, *n.* (bowman's) finger-guard; -*trāṇa*, *n. id.*

अङ्गुलिपर्वण āṅguli-parvan, *n.* finger-joint; -*pranegana*, *n.* water for washing the fingers; -*mukha*, *n.* finger tip; -*mudrā*, *f.* seal-ring; -*spotaṇa*, *n.* cracking the fingers.

अङ्गुली āṅgūli, *f.* finger; toe; -*mudrā*, *f.* finger-mark. [*id.*]; -*mudrakā*, *f.* seal-ring.

अङ्गुलीय āṅgūliya, *n.* finger-ring; -*kā*, *n.*

अङ्गुल्यग्र āṅgūli-āgrā, *n.* finger-tip; -*nakha*, *m.* tip of finger-nail.

अङ्गुष्ठ āṅgū-shtha, *m.* thumb; breadth of the thumb (*as a measure*); great toe.

अङ्गुष्ठपर्वण āṅgushtha-parvan, *n.* thumb-joint; -*mātraka*, *a.* of the size of a thumb; -*mūla*, *n.* root of the thumb. [thumb.]

अङ्गुष्ठ āṅgushth-ya, *a.* pertaining to the

अङ्गु āṅghri, *m.* foot; root; -*pa*, *m.* tree.

अङ्ग 1. AK, अङ्ग ANK, I. *āka*, *āka*, bend;

go; honour: *pp.* *āṅkita*, bent, curly; distinguished, extraordinary: -*m*, *ad.* carefully; *cs.* *āṅkaya*, *P.* produce, cause, *āzu*, follow, - one another. *ava*, sink: *pp.* *sunk*. *ā*, bond: *gd.* *āṅka*: *pp.* *āṅka*. *ud*, draw up: *pp.* *ud-āṅka*; utter, sound. *vi* *ud*, *cs.* raise up. *sam-ud*, raise up: *pp.* *ākta*. *ni*, bend down; sink, hang down. *pari*, turn round. *vi*, bend asunder; spread out. *sam*, press together.

अङ्ग 2. *ak*, grammatical term for vowel.

अङ्ग 3. *a-k*, *sz.* -*a*, as *kṛit* expressing the agent.

अङ्गकित a-kaṅkita, *pp.* not tottering, firm.

अङ्गशूरिष्य a-kakshur-vishaya, *a.* beyond eye-shot; *m.* what is beyond the reach of vision.

अङ्गशूर a-kaksha, *a.* eyeless, blind.

अक्षुत a-kanda, *a.* not impetuous, measured.

अक्षुत a-kandana, *a.* without sandal oint-

अक्षर a-kara, *a.* immovable. [ment.]

अक्षरम ā-karama, *a.* not the last; best.

अक्षरमवयस akarama-vayas, *n.* youth.

अक्षरित a-karita, *n.* abstention from food.

अक्षल a-kala, *a.* immovable; *m.* mountain.

अक्षलदत्त akala-datta, *m. N. of a scribe.*

अक्षलन a-kalana, *n.* immovableness; persistence in (*ab.*); *f.* ā, earth.

अक्षलपुर akala-pura, *n. N. of a town.*

अक्षलद्रु akala indra, *m.* Himālaya.

अक्षलेश्वर akala īśvara, *m. id.*

अक्षितसनीय a-kikitsaniya, *fp.* incurable.

अक्षित a-kīṭ, *a.* foolish.

अक्षित a-kīṭa, *pp.* unnoticed, unseen.

अक्षिति ā-kīṭi, *f.* lack of wisdom, folly.

अक्षिष a-kīṭrā, *a.* dark; *n.* darkness.

अक्षिनीय a-kīntaniya, *fp.* not to be thought of; inconceivable.

अक्षिन्ता a-kīntā, *f.* thoughtlessness, disregard; absence of brooding.

अक्षिन्तित a-kīntita, *pp.* unexpected.

अक्षिन्त्य a-kīntya, *fp.* inconceivable.

अक्षिर a-kīra, *a.* brief, short, momentary: -*m*, *ad.* a short time ago; shortly; at short intervals, repeatedly: *in.*, *ab.* without delay, soon: *often with present = future.*

अक्षिरद्युति akīra-dyuti, *f.* lightning; -*prabhā*, -*bhās*, -*roka*, -*amen*, -*ābhā*, *f. id.* [ried.]

अक्षिरीडा akīra ūdhā, *f.* woman newly mar-

अक्षेतन a-ketana, *a.* senseless; unconscious, inanimate; thoughtless; -*tā*, *f.* -ness.

अक्षेत्त a-ketās, *a.* senseless, foolish; uncon-

अक्षेत्त a-ketita, *pp.* disregarded; thought-

अक्षेष्ट a-keshṭa, *a.* motionless: -*m*, *ad.* without stirring; -*tā*, *f.* -ness. [unconsciousness.]

अक्षेत्तव्य a-kaitanya, *n.* lack of intelligence,

अक्षोभमान a-kodya-māna, *pr. pt. ps.* un-
[with *ac.* to, towards.]

अक्ष 1. ākha, *ad.* near at hand; *°* or *prp.*

अक्ष 2. ākha, *a.* clear; bright, pure.

अक्षुद् a-kkhanda, *m.* *in.* against the will of (*gr.*); *ab.* involuntarily.

अक्षल a-kkhala, *n.* no deception, truth.

अक्षोक्ष ākha ākha, *a.* perfectly clear or transparent.

अक्षान्त ā-kkhānta, 2 *pl. impf.* of *√* khaḍ.

अक्षिद् ā-kkhidra, *a.* intact; uninterrupted; faultless: -*m*, *in.*, *ad.* uninterruptedly, from beginning to end.

अक्षिन् ā-kkhinna, *pp.* not cut off; intact.

अक्षिष्य ā-kkhadya, *fp.* not to be cut off; in-
[epithet of Vishnu.]

अक्षुत ā-kyuta, *pp.* firm, imperishable; *m.*

अञ्ज AG, I. P. (Ā.) *ajñ*, drive. **अञ्जि**, drive up. **अञ्ज-अ**, away. **अञ्ज-द**, down. **अ-अ**, up. **अ-अ**, out. **अञ्ज-अ**, up; **अ**, drive up for oneself.

अञ्ज 1. *ajñ*-ā, m. herding; drover; he-goat.

अञ्ज 2. *a-jñā*, a. unborn, existing from the beg.; m. the Unborn, the Eternal One; (C.) N. of Brahma, Vishnu, and Śiva; kind of grain (by *अञ्ज* 3. *ajñ*-a, the *ajñ*. [a forced explanation].

अञ्ज 3. *ajñ*-a, the *ajñ*. [a forced explanation].

अञ्ज *ajñ*-garā, m. large snake, boa.

अञ्जल *ajñala*-stana, m. dew-lap on the neck of the goat.

अञ्जल *a-jaghanya*, a. not the last; not the worst, i. e. the most excellent. [mind.]

अञ्ज *a-jadā*, a. not half-witted, of sound

अञ्ज *a-gaṇā*, a. solitary; n. desert place.

अञ्जनि *a-gaṇani*, f. deprivation of birth (in imprecations). [public gaze.]

अञ्जनीय *a-gaṇa agriya*, a. unexposed to

अञ्जनि *a-gaṇman*, n. cessation of re-birth.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-pa, **अञ्ज** *-pāla*, m. goat-herd.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-māyū, a. bleating like a goat.

अञ्ज *a-jayya*, f. unconquerable.

अञ्ज *a-gāṇa*, a. not aging, ever young; m. pl. the flames of Agni.

अञ्ज *a-jāṇat*, pr. pt. not growing old.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-rāṇa, m. N.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-amara-tva, n. everlasting youth and immortality; -*vat*, ad. as if undecaying and immortal. [friendship.]

अञ्ज *a-juryā*, a. not growing old; n.

अञ्ज *a-jalpat*, pr. pt. not saying.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-vithi, f. goat-path (part of the moon's orbit).

अञ्ज *ajñ*-gusta, a. untiring, ever fresh; -*m*, °, continually, ever, in id. with *neg.* = never.

अञ्ज *a-jahat-lakṣaṇā*, f. ellipse not abandoning the primary meaning, e. g. 'the

अञ्ज *ajñ*, f. goat. [grey (horse) runs.]

अञ्ज *ajñ*-gātā, a. not born, unborn.

अञ्ज *a-gāta-pakṣa*, a. unfledged; -*raṅga*, a. pollen-less; not yet men-truating; -*lomni*, f. a. whose hair has not yet grown, immature; -*vyāghra*, a. beardless; -*astri*, a. having no enemy (as a match); m. N. of Yudhishtira.

अञ्ज *a-gāta*, m. N. of Yudhishtira.

अञ्ज *a-gāti*, f. spurious or bad ware. [ac.]

अञ्ज *a-jāṇat*, pr. pt. unacquainted with

अञ्ज *ajñ*-gāmi, a. unconsanguineous; n. incest. [n s id.]

अञ्ज *ajñ*-a, m. pl. sheep and goats; -*ka*,

अञ्ज *ajñ*-asva, n. goats and horses.

अञ्ज *a-jigisha*, a. free from ambition.

अञ्ज *a-gita*, pp. unconquered. [trolled.]

अञ्ज *ajñ*-ātman, a. un-self-con-

अञ्ज *ajñ*-āpida, m. N. of a king.

अञ्ज *a-gita indriya*, a. whose senses are unsubdued.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-a, n. hide; leathern purse; -*ratna*, n. treasure of a (= magic) purse.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-vati, f. N. of a fairy.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-irā, a. mobile, rapid; -*m*, ad.; n. court; battle-field. [honest.]

अञ्ज *a-jihma*, a. not crooked, straight;

अञ्ज *ajñ*-hima-ga, a. going straight forward; m. arrow. [awakened.]

अञ्ज *ajñ*-gita, f. 3 s. aor. cs. of *gri*, has

अञ्ज *ajñ*-gita, m. N. of Sunahsepa's

अञ्ज *ajñ*-gita, pp. uninjured, fresh. [father.]

अञ्ज *ajñ*-gita, f. scathelessness, safety.

अञ्ज *a-jirna*, pp. not growing old; n. indi-

अञ्ज *ajñ*-nin, a. dyspeptic. [gestion.]

अञ्ज *a-jirti*, f. indigestion.

अञ्ज *a-jiva*, a. lifeless. [maintain oneself.]

अञ्ज *a-jivat*, pr. pt. not living; unable to

अञ्ज *a-jivita*, n. not living, death.

अञ्ज *a-guzupita*, pp. blameless.

अञ्ज *a-gūr*, a. not growing old, imperishable.

अञ्ज *a-gur-yā*, a. (f. -*yā* or -*i*) id.

अञ्ज *a-gushta*, pp. unpleasant; gloomy.

अञ्ज *a-geya*, f. unconquerable.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-ekapāḍi, m. N. of one of the eleven Rādras & of Vishnu.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-kā, f. courtesan (in a play).

अञ्ज *a-jñā*, a. ignorant; senseless (animals & things); stupid, foolish, inexperienced.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-tā, f. ignorance, stupidity.

अञ्ज *a-jñāta*, pp. unknown, unrecognized

अञ्ज *a-jñā*, a. whose family and character are unknown; -*bhukta*, pp. eaten unawares; -*vāsa*, m. unknown abode, a whose abode is unknown; -*m*, ad. unknown, incognito.

अञ्ज *a-jñāti*, m. no blood relation.

अञ्ज *a-jñātvā*, gd. without knowing.

अञ्ज 1. *a-jñāna*, n. ignorance; inadvertence; ab. inadvertently; non-intelligence; name of primal matter as the ultimate material cause, a. ignorant, foolish, inexperienced.

अञ्ज *a-jñāna-taḥ*, ad unwittingly.

अञ्ज *a-jñāna artha*, a. not having the meaning 'knowledge.'

अञ्ज *a-jñāna*, a. without kin. [nised]

अञ्ज *a-jñeya*, f. not to be known or recog-

अञ्ज *ajñ*-ma, m. road, course; train; -*m*, n. id.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-gāni, f. intariness, safety.

अञ्ज *a-gyeshthā*, a. not the eldest: pl. of whom none is the eldest; not the best; -*vritti*, a. not behaving as an elder brother.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-ra, m. pasture, field, plain.

अञ्ज 1. *ĀṆK*, v. **अञ्ज** 1. *ĀK*.

अञ्ज 2. *-āñk*, a. going -, -ward (°).

अञ्ज *añk*-ala, m. border, hem; corner.

अञ्ज *añk*-u, gr. term for **अञ्ज** -*añk*.

अञ्ज *ĀṆG*, VII. *añkṛti*, *añkṛt*, anoint, smear, (Ā. ref.); adorn: **अञ्ज** *añkṛti*, adorn oneself with (ac.); honour, celebrate; display; ac.

smear. **अञ्ज**, *añkṛti*, anoint, smear. **अ**, anoint. **अ**, hide among (antar). **अ**, beautify; manifest, display: pp *vyakta*, manifest, distinct, clear: -*m*, ad. distinctly, certainly; cs. show. **अञ्ज**-vi, display: ps. be displayed, appear. **अञ्ज**, anoint; adorn; unite with (in.).

अञ्ज *ajñ*-ana, n. anointing; ointment; collyrium (for blackening eyelashes); antimony;

अञ्ज *-giri*, *-parvata*, m. N. of a mtn.; -*-tāra*, n. pulverised antimony; -*-vriksha*, m. kind of tree: -*-dāra-maya*, a. made of the wood of

अञ्ज *ajñ*-ana-ka, n. collyrium. [this tree.]

अञ्ज *ajñ*-ana-vat, ad. like collyrium.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-uli, m. the two open hands held together hollowed: -*m* *kṛi*, raise - to the forehead (as a reverential salutation); two handfuls as a measure; -*-karmān*, n. folding the hands (in salutation); -*-pāta*, m. id.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-uli-kṛi join the hollowed hands.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-as, n. ointment: ac. ad. quickly, forthwith; in. straightway, at once; in truth.

अञ्ज *ajñ*-savā, m. accelerated extraction of the Soma juice. [colour, ornament.]

अञ्ज *ajñ*-i, a. anointing: m f n. ointment;

अञ्ज 1. AT, I, P. roam about, wander through. **अञ्ज**, id.

अञ्ज 2. *at*, grammatical designation for all the vowels & h, y, v, r.

अञ्ज 3. *at*, augment a-.

अञ्ज *at*-ana, n. wandering, gadding about.

अञ्ज *at*-ni, f. notched end of a bow.

अञ्ज *at*-avi, f. forest: -*-bala*, n. force of foresters.

अञ्ज *at*-a, m. room on a house-top; tower.

अञ्ज *at*-hāsa, m. loud laughter; -*-hāsa*,

अञ्ज *at*-lāka, m. watch-tower. [n. id.]

अञ्ज *at*-yā, f. wandering about. [vowels & i, ō.]

अञ्ज 1. *at*, grammatical designation of the

अञ्ज 2. *a-n*, the tadlita suffix -u (cp. n-it).

अञ्ज *a-ni-kartṛi*, m. subject of the non-cumulative, i. e. of the simple verb (gr.).

अञ्ज *an*-i-mān, m. thinness, subtlety.

अञ्ज *an*-ishtha, spr. of ānu.

अञ्ज *an*-i-yaṇ, cpr. of ānu.

अञ्ज *anu*, a. minute, subtilo, delicate; m. atom; -*-tva*, n. minuteness; atomic nature; -*-mātrika*, a. composed of atoms; -*-mukha*, a. small-mouthed.

अञ्ज *anu*, n. egg; testicle; -*-ka*, n. bird's egg; -*-kora*, m. mundane egg, universe; -*-gata*, a. being in the egg; -*-gra*, a. egg-born; m. bird; -*-bhodana*, n. breaking the egg = y. ice.

अञ्ज *a-ni-anta*, a. not ending in the es. suffix i (° āya).

अञ्ज *ānu*, f. (of ānu) finger.

अञ्ज 1. AT, I āta, go, wander, roam.

अञ्ज 2. *a-t*, = short a (gr.).

अञ्ज *a-ta/a*, m. precipice, abyss.

अञ्ज *a-tattva*, n. unreality; -*-tas*, ad. not in reality; -*-gñā*, a. not knowing the truth.

अञ्ज *a-tat-parā*, a. not intent on that.

अतथोचित *a-tathā yukta*, pp. not accustomed to such treatment, unused to (gr.).

अतथ्य a-tathya, *a.* untrue, false, unreal.
अतनु a-tanu, *a.* not small, great; *m.* Kāma;
अतनुबल atanu-bala, *a.* strong, [sexual love].
अतन्द्रित a-tandri-ta, *pp.*, **अन्** -n, *a.* un-
 wearied, undaunted, active.
अतपस् a-tapas, *a.* not practising penances;
अतमिस्र a-tamisra, *a.* not dark. [-ka, *a. id.*]
अतश्छाया a-taru-khāya, *a.* devoid of tree-
 shade. [expected].
अतर्कित a-tarkita, *pp.* not thought of, un-
अतर्किन a-tarkin, *a.* inconsiderate, hasty.
अतर्क्य a-tarkya, *fp.* inconceivable.
अतल a-tala, *n.* *N.* of a hell (bottomless).
अतस् ā-tas, *ad.* = *ab.* of idam, from this;
 thence; after this, next (*esp.* with ūrdhva
 and param), then; hence, therefore.
अतात्पर्यविद् a-tātparyā-vid, *a.* ignorant of
 the true meaning.
अति āti, *ad.* over, beyond (*rbh.* *pp.*); ex-
 ceedingly, very, too, transcending (°); *pp.*
 with *at* over, beyond, more than.
अतिकठोर ati-kathora, *a.* very rough (wind).
अतिकल ati-kala, *a.* very melodious.
अतिकल्यम् ati-kalyam, *ad.* too early in the
अतिकल्याण āti-kalyāna, *a.* (i) ugly. [day].
अतिकष्ट ati-kashṭa, *a.* very strict; worse than
अतिकातर ati-kātara, *a.* very anxious [(ab.)].
अतिकुतूहल ati-kutūhala, *n.* great curiosity.
अतिकुपित ati-kupita, *pp.* very angry.
अतिकृच्छ्र ati-krikhkhra, *m.* a twelve days'
 penance; -*kṛita*, *pp.* overdone; extraordinary;
 -*kṛiti*, *f.* excess; -*kṛishna*, *a.* very dark-
 coloured. [anvita, *pp.* very angry].
अतिकोप ati-kopa, *m.* violent anger; -*sam-*
अतिक्रम ati-krama, *m.* overstepping; pass-
 ing by, lapse (time); variation; violation;
 transgression, offence; neglect; blunder.
अतिक्रमण ati-kṛāman, *n.* overstepping;
 passing by, lapse; neglect of (°); offence.
अतिक्रमणीय ati-kramanīya, *fp.* avoidable;
 to be neglected.
अतिक्रमिन् ati-kramin, *a.* violating (°).
अतिक्रान्त ati-kṛānta, *pp.* (✓kram), passed
 beyond; transgressed; diffuse.
अतिक्रुध ati-krudh, *f.* violent anger.
अतिकूर ati-kūra, *a.* very terrible.
अतिक्लेश ati-klesa, *m.* excessive hardship.
अतिग ati-ga, *a.* piercing, going beyond,
 surpassing, overcoming, transgressing (°).
अतिगम्भीर ati-gambhīra, *a.* very deep; un-
 fathomable (*fig.*). [buy too dear].
अतिगरीयस ati-guriyas, *cpr.* too dear - *ā kṛi*,
अतिगर्ध ati-gardha, *m.* excessive greed.
अतिगहन ati-gahana, *a.* unfathomable.
अतिगुण ati-guna, *a.* excellent; -*tā*, *f.* *abst. N.*
अतिगुप्त ati-gupta, *pp.* well-concealed.
अतिगुरु ati-guru, *a.* very weighty; weightier
अतिघन ati-ghana, *a.* very dense. [than (ab.)].
अतिघोर ati-ghora, *a.* very terrible.

अतिह a-tiñ, *a.* having no tiñ (*gr.*).
अतिचतुर ati-kutura, *a.* extremely swift.
अतिचापल्य ati-kāpalya, *n.* extreme mobility.
अतिचार ati-kāra, *m.* transgression, viola-
 tion; -*kāra*, *a.* transgressing. [ways].
अतिचित्रम् ati-kitram, *ad.* in very manifold
अतिचिरम् ati-kiram, *ad.* too long.
अतिचिरस्य ati-kirasya, *ad.* (*g.*) for a very
 long time. [(14) metres].
अतिच्छन्दस् ati-kkhandas, *f.* *N.* of certain
अतिजगती ati-gagatī, *f.* a metre (4 × 13
 syllables).
अतिजठर ati-gathara, *n.* very hard; very old.
अतिजन ati-gana, *n.* strange place, deserted -
अतिजव ati-gava, *m.* extreme rapidity; -*na*,
a. extremely swift; -*tā*, *f.* great haste.
अतिजात ati-gāta, *pp.* born with superior
 merits. [scious of victory; (1) -*tā*, *f.* *abst. N.*]
अतिजितकाशिन ati-gita-kāsin, *n.* too com-
अतिजीर्णता ati-girna-tā, *f.* extreme old age.
अतिजीवमृतक ati-givan-mṛita-ka, *a.* more
 dead than alive.
अतिपस्विन् ati-tapasvin, *a.* very ascetic.
अतितर ati-tara, (*cpr.*) *ad.* extremely (°).
अतितराम् ati-tarām, *ad.* exceedingly, very,
 quite, absolutely; more than (*ab.*).
अतितानव ati-tānava, *n.* excessive leanness.
अतितारिन् ati-tārin, *a.* conveying across.
अतितितोषु ati-titirshu, *des. a.* wishing to
 get across. [easily].
अतितुद् ati-tud, *a.* striking, lashing vio-
अतितृप्ति ati-tripti, *f.* excessive satiety, sui-
अतितृष्ण ati-trishna, *a.* very thirsty. [feit].
अतितृष्णा ati-trishnā, *f.* excessive thirst;
 -greed. [mighty; *m.* sun; -*vin*, *a. id.*]
अतितेजस् ati-tegas, *a.* very brilliant, very
अतिस्वरित ati-tarita, *pp.* precipitate.
अतिथि āti-ithi, *m.* [wanderer]. guest; °, *a.*
 come to, arriving at; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* *abst. N.*;
 -*kṛiyā*, *f.* hospitality; -*dharma*, *m.* rights of
 a guest; -*dharmin*, *a.* having the claims of
 a guest.
अतिथिन् āti-thin, *a.* wandering; *m.* *N.* of a K.
अतिथिपूजन āti-thi-pūjana, *n.* honourable
 reception of a guest; -*satkāra*, *m.* hospitality
 to a guest. [*N.* of a serpent].
अतिदर्प ati-darpa, *m.* excessive arrogance;
अतिदरपित ati-darpita, *pp.* taken great pride
 in. [burning a nature].
अतिदहनात्मक ati-dahana-ātmaka, *a.* of too
अतिदातु ati-dātri, *a.* too liberal.
अतिदान ati-dāna, *n.* too great liberality.
अतिदाह ati-dāhā, *m.* violent burning.
अतिदीर्घ āti-dīrgha, *a.* very long, too long;
 -*kopana-tā*, *f.* too long anger. [sad].
अतिदुःखान्वित ātaduḥkha-anvita, *pp.* too
अतिदुःखित āti-duḥkhita, *pp.* *id.* [vorse].
अतिदुर्गम āti-durgama, *a.* very hard to tra-
अतिदुर्जन āti-durgana, *m.* great scoundrel.

अतिदुर्धर्ष āti-durdharsha, *a.* too difficult
 of approach; very hard to conquer.
अतिदुर्बल āti-durbala, *a.* very weak; very
 wretched; -*tā*, *f.* excessive weakness.
अतिदुर्मेनस् āti-durmanas, *a.* very dejected.
अतिदुर्मेनायमान āti-durmanāya-māna, *pp.*
pl. grieving excessively.
अतिदुर्वह āti-durvaha, *a.* very hard to bear;
 -*tva*, *n.* *abst. N.* [behaved].
अतिदुर्वृत्ति āti-dur-vṛitta, *pp.* very badly
अतिदुःश्रव āti-duḥ-shra, *a.* very unpleasant
 to hear. [fault].
अतिदुष्कर āti-dushkara, *a.* exceedingly dif-
अतिदुस्तर āti-dustara, *a.* very hard to cross.
अतिदूर āti-dūra, *a.* very long, too distant;
 -*tva*, *n.* great distance; -*varita*, *a.* too far
 off for (*g.*). [logical conclusion].
अतिदेश āti-desa, *m.* extension to (*gr.*); ana-
अतिद्वय āti-dvaya, *a.* (i) unequalled.
अतिधवल āti-dhava, *a.* very white. [bles].
अतिधृति āti-dhṛiti, *f.* a metre (4 × 19 syl-
अतिनाष्ट āti-nāshṭra, *a.* escaped from danger.
अतिनिकृत् āti-nikṛit, *f.* a metre.
अतिनिभृतम् āti-nibhrītam, *ad.* with the ut-
 most secrecy.
अतिनिर्घृण āti-nir-ghṛina, *a.* altogether
 pitiless; -*daya*, *a. id.*; -*bandha*, *m.* excessive
 urgency; -*tas*, *in.* very urgently; -*varita*,
a. behaving in a very unseemly way; -*varu-*
tva, *n.* extreme poverty. [cruel].
अतिनिष्करुण āti-nish-karuna, *a.* extremely
अतिनिष्ठुर āti-nishṭhura, *a.* too rough, too
 hard. [enard].
अतिनिष्णात āti-ni-shnāta, *pp.* very experi-
अतिनिवृत्त āti-nikṛit, *ad.* too obsequiously.
अतिनुशंस āti-nṛisamsa, *a.* too spiteful or
 cruel. [tinuity].
अतिनिरन्तर्य āti-nairantarya, *n.* strict con-
अतिपत्ति āti-patti, *f.* lapse (of time); un-
 suitableness. [wounded].
अतिपरिषत् āti-pari-kshata, *pp.* severely
अतिपरिचय āti-parikaya, *m.* too great
 familiarity.
अतिपरुष āti-parusha, *a.* very violent.
अतिपात āti-pāta, *m.* falling beyond; lapse;
 neglect. [missing, neglecting].
अतिपातिन् āti-pātin, *a.* surpassing in speed;
अतिपादनिचुत् āti-pāda-nikṛit, *f.* a metre.
अतिपिण्ड āti-pi-nuddha, *pp.* too closely
 fastened. [lignant].
अतिपिण्डु āti-pisuna, *a.* very base, very ma-
अतिपीडन āti-pīdana, *n.* severe pressure.
अतिपुष्प āti-puṣya, *a.* quite pure, -innocent.
अतिपूर āti-pūra, *m.* violent stream, -effu-
अतिपूर्व āti-pūrva, *a.* long past. [sion].
अतिपौरुष āti-paurusha, *a.* extremely manly.
अतिप्रकाश āti-prakāsa, *a.* notorious; -*tva*,
n. -ness. [ing].
अतिप्रगे āti-prage, *ad.* too early in the mng-

अतिप्रबल ati-prakāṇḍa, *a.* extremely vehement; -*pratyāsāṅga*, *m.* too great proximity.

अतिप्रबन्ध ati-prabandha, *m.* uninterruptedness; ° - *ad.* ceaselessly.

अतिप्रबल ati-prabala, *a.* very powerful.

अतिप्रमाण ati-pramāṇa, *a.* of unusual size.

अतिप्रयुक्त ati-pra-yukta, *pp.* very usual; -*vr̥tta*, *pp.* much busied with (*in*.); -*vr̥ddha*, *pp.* very aged; too haughty.

अतिप्रवेश ati-praveśa, *m.* obtrusiveness.

अतिप्रशस्त ati-pra-susta, *pp.* greatly praised; -*sāsta*, *pp.* completely allayed; -*sakta*, *pp.* excessively attached.

अतिप्रसक्ति ati-prasakti, *f.* too great addition, to (*g.*); -*prasaṅga*, *m.* *id.*; too wide application of *a gr. rule*; excessive diffuseness; -*prastāva*, *m.* very suitable opportunity.

अतिप्रकृत ati-prākṛita, *a.* very common; - illiterate; -*prāṇa-priya*, *a.* dearer than life.

अतिप्रिय ati-priya, *a.* very pleasant; *in ad.*; -*prandha-yaṇana*, *a.* in the prime of youth.

अतिबल ati-bala, *a.* extremely powerful; *f. N. of a spell*; -*balin*, *a. id.*; -*balīyas*, *cp.* much more powerful; -*bahu*, *a.* very much; -*bāla*, *a.* very young; -*bhāṭana*, *a.* very dis-

अतिभय ati-bhaya, *a.* great danger [gusting].

अतिभार ati-bhāra, *m.* excessive burden.

अतिभीषण ati-bhīṣaṇa, *a.* very terrible.

अतिभू ati-bhū, *a.* surpassing all.

अतिभूमि ati-bhūmi, *f.* acme, high degree.

अतिभूरि ati-bhūri, *a.* very much (°).

अतिभृत् ati-bhṛt, *a.* heavily burdened.

अतिभैरव ati-bhairava, *a.* very terrible.

अतिमञ्जुल ati-maṅgula, *a.* extremely lovely.

अतिमातिमत् ati-matimat, *a.* extremely clever.

अतिमद ati-mada, *m.* violent excitement; -*madhyamāḍina*, *n.* exactly noon.

अतिमलिन ati-malina, *a.* very dirty; very low.

अतिमहत् ati-mahat, *a.* very large; too long.

अतिमात्र ati-mātra, *a.* excessive ° & *m.* *ad.* excessively, beyond measure, very.

अतिमान ati-māṇa, *m.* self-conceit, pride.

अतिमानिन् ati-mānin, *a.* proud; having a delicate sense of honour.

अतिमानुष ati-mānuṣa, *a.* superhuman.

अतिमारुत ati-māruṭa, *m.* violent wind.

अतिमुखर ati-mukha, *a.* extremely talkative; -*mūḍha*, *pp.* very foolish, very stupid.

अतियत्न ati-yatna, *m.* great exertion; -*yaṇa*, *a.* very illustrious; -*yāṭita*, *pp.* importuned.

अतिरहस ati-rumhas, *a.* excessively swift.

अतिरक्तता ati-rakta-tā, *f.* excessive liking for (*le*); -*raṭita*, *n.* violent shrieking; -*ratna*, *n.* precious gem; jewel of the first water; -*ratha*, *m.* great champion; -*rabhasa*, *a.* very wild, - impetuous; -*ra*, *ad.*; -*ramaniya*, *fp.* extremely charming; -*tā*, *f. abel N.*; -*ramya*, *fp. id.*; -*raya*, *a.* running extremely fast; -*rasa*, *a.* very palatable; *m.* too strong a key-note (*rh.*); violent desire; -*tas*, *ad.* too eagerly.

अतिरक्त ati-rakṭa-kṛita, *pp.* unsurpassed; greatest.

अतिरात्र ati-rātrā, *a.* kept during the night; *m. form of the Soma sacrifice requiring three nocturnal recitations.*

अतिरुष ati-rush, *a.* enraged; -*rūṭha*, *pp.* closely cohering; -*rūpa*, *n.* *abel N.*; -*rūpa*, *a.* very beautiful; *m.* great beauty.

अतिरेक ati-reka, *m.* excess, high degree.

अतिरोचमान ati-rokamāna, *a.* having still finer tufts of hair on the neck (*horse*). [ment]

अतिरोहित ati-rohita-tva, *n.* envelop-

अतिरुहिन ati-luhin, *a.* overstepping.

अतिरुहित ati-luhita, *pp.* extremely lovely

अतिरुष्य ati-lubdha, *pp.* very greedy, very avaricious; -*tā*, *f.* excessive greed; -*lobha*, *m. id.*; -*tā*, *f. id.*

अतिरुष्य ati-loma, *a.* excessively hairy; -*lola*, *a.* excessively wavering; -*lohita*, *a.* dark red; *f. ini*; -*lanilya*, *n.* excessive greed; -*vat*, *a.* too eager, very eager.

अतिवत्सल ati-vatsala, *a.* very tender; -*vartana*, *n.* exemption, remission; -*vartin*, *a.* crossing; passing over, transgressing, neglecting; -*vallabha*, *a.* very dear; -*tā*, *f.*; -*tva*, *n. abel N.*; -*varsha*, *m. n.*; -*na*, *n.* excessive rain.

अतिवात ati-vāta, *m.* violent wind; -*vāt-salya*, *n.* extreme tenderness; -*vāda*, *m.* hard word, insult; -*vāhya*, *n.* passing (*the night*).

अतिविगद्य ati-garhya, *fp.* very blame-worthy.

अतिवियहिन ati-vigrahin, *a.* too bellicose.

अतिवितथ ati-vitatha, *a.* quite useless; -*vāt*, *a.* excessively mendacious.

अतिविहुर ati-vihura, *a.* very wretched

अतिविपर्यय ati-viparyaya, *m.* great perversity; -*vipina*, *a.* very well wooded; -*viprakarsa*, *m.* excessive distance; -*vimana*, *a.* greatly discouraged.

अतिविराजन् ati-virāgin, *a.* extremely splendid; -*virūpa*, *a.* excessively ugly

अतिविलम्ब ati-vilamba, *m.* excessive delay.

अतिविषम ati-viṣama, *a.* very dangerous; more dangerous than (*ab.*); very arduous; -*visarin*, *a.* of very wide scope; -*vistara*, *m.* excessive prolixity; -*tas*, *ad.* in a very detailed manner; -*vistara*, *m.* great extent; -*vis-tira*, *pp.* too extensive; -*viḥvala*, *a.* very perplexed, greatly overcome.

अतिवीर ati-vira, *m.* great hero.

अतिवीर्यपराक्रम ati-viryā-parākrama, *a.* of extraordinary bravery & prowess [*ir medly*]

अतिवीर्यवत् ati-viryā-vat, *a.* very effective

अतिवृत्त ati-vṛtta, *pp.* long past; -*vṛtti*, *f.* trespass; -*vr̥ddhi*, *f.* excessive growth; -*vṛṣhi*, *f.* excessive rain; -*da*, *a.* giving

अतिवेग ati-vega, *m.* excessive haste; -*vedanā*, *f.* violent pain; -*vepatha-mat*, *a.* trembling violently. [experience.]

अतिविचक्षन् ati-viśakṣaṇa, *n.* very great

अतिविषय ati-vaiṣamya, *n.* great inequality of ground.

अतिव्यय ati-vyaya, *m.* lavish expenditure, extravagance; -*vyasana*, *n.* great calamity; -*vyasanin*, *a.* overpowered by vice; -*vyut-paṇa*, *pp.* very experienced in (*le*); -*vṛta*, *a.* excessively pious.

अतिशय ati-sakra, *a.* surpassing Indra; -*robhin*, *a.* more beautiful than Indra.

अतिशङ्करी ati-sakvāri, *f.* a metre (4 x 15 syllables).

अतिशङ्कित ati-sāṅkita, *pp.* too much afraid

अतिशङ्क ati-saṅka, *a.* very deceitful. [of (*ab.*)]
अतिशय ati-saya, *a.* eminent; better than (*ab.*); *m.* eminence; excess, plenty; *in or* °, more, very; -*na*, *a.* (i) excellent; -*vat*, *a.* excessive.

अतिशयित ati-sayita, *pp.* surpassed; -*tva*, *n.* extraordinariness.

अतिशयिन् ati-sayin, *a.* excellent.

अतिशयोपमा ati-saya upamā, *f.* exaggerated simile.

अतिशस्त्र ati-sastra, *a.* surpassing weapons.

अतिशात ati-sāta, *a.* causing great joy.

अतिशायिन् ati-sāyin, *a.* surpassing.

अतिशिथिल ati-sithila, *a.* too loose; fickle.

अतिशीघ्र ati-sīghra, *a.* very cool.

अतिशीघ्र ati-sīghra, *a.* exceedingly swift.

अतिशीत ati-sīta, *n.* excessive cold.

अतिमुध ati-suddha, *pp.* perfectly pure.

अतिमूर ati-sūma, *m.* too great a hero.

अतिशीघ्र ati-sauka, *n.* too great cleanliness.

अतिश्रम ati-srama, *m.* great fatigue; -*alishā*, *pp.* firmly attached, firmly united.

अतिशङ्क ati-sāṅkād, *f.* overstepping.

अतिष्ठ ā-tishṭhat, *pp. pt.* not remaining standing, not resting; withdrawing from (*le*).

अतिसक्ति ati-sakti *f.* great nearness of, extreme attachment to (*m.*); -*mat*, *a.* too much attached to (*le*).

अतिसखि ati-sakhi, *m.* great friend.

अतिसंकट ati-saṅkṛta, *n.* extreme density; great distress; -*saṅkrūddha*, *pp.* very angry; -*saṅkshopa*, *m.* too great brevity; -*saṅkaya*, *m.* excessive accumulation, vast hoard; -*saṅrambha*, *m.* violent indignation.

अतिसत्वरम् ati-satvaram, *ad.* very hastily.

अतिसदय ati-sa-dāya, *a.* very compassionate.

अतिसदृश ati-sadṛiṣa, *a.* extremely like.

अतिसंतत ati-sam-tata, *pp.* uninterrupted.

अतिसंधेय ati-sam-dheya, *fp.* to be suppressed

अतिसंधान ati-samnidhāna, *n.* excessive nearness.

अतिसमर्थ ati-samartha, *a.* extremely able.

अतिसमीप ati-samīpa, *a.* too near; -*tā*, *f.* too great proximity.

अतिसंभोग ati-sambhoga, *m.* great treat.

अतिसंभेम ati-sambhema, *m.* violent agitation. [more palatable than (*ab*)]

अतिसरस ati-sarasa, *a.* very palatable.

अतिसर्ग ati-sarga, *m.* granting (*a wish*).

अतिसर्पण ati-sarpana, *n.* violent agitation.

अतिसर्व ati-sarva, *a.* more than complete; raised above all. [great anxiety.]

अतिसविशङ्कम् ati-savisāṅkam, *ad.* with

अतिसहसा ati-sahasā, *ad.* too precipitately.

अतिसांवत्सर ati-sāmvatsara, a. (i) exceeding a year. [shrinking from (y).]

अतिसाध्वस ati-sādhvasa, n. too great

अतिसांद्र ati-sāndra, a. very dense.

अतिसायम् ati-sāyam, ad. too late in the

अतिसार ati-sāra, m. diarrhoea. [evening.

अतिसाहस ati-sāhasa, n. precipitate action; i-ka, a. very imprudent. [swan.

अतिसिताङ्गविहंग ati-sitaṅga-vihangma, m.

अतिसुख ati-sukha, a. extremely pleasant; -sugama, a. very passable; -subhaga, a. extremely pretty; -suarabhi, a. extremely fragrant; -sualabha, a. very easily obtainable; -su-vratta, pp. very nicely rounded; very well-behaved.

अतिसूक्ष्म ati-sūkṣma, a. extremely minute.

अतिश्रुति āti-śruti, f. higher exhortation.

अतिसौजन्य ati-saunganya, n. too great magnanimity; -sauhitya, n. excessive satiety.

अतिलेहित ati-lehita, m. excessive attachment; -svalpa, a. quite small, quite insignificant; -svastha, a. in excellent health

अतिहर्षुल ati-hurshula, a. highly rejoiced.

अतिहासित ati-hasita, (pp.) n. immoderate laughter.

अतिहारिन् ati-hārin, a. very charming.

अतिहृष्ट ati-hrīṣṭa, pp. greatly rejoiced.

अतिह्रेषण ati-hreṣaṇa, a. very embarrassing.

अतीकाश ati-kāśa, m. lustre; aperture.

अतीक्ष्ण a-tikṣha, a. blunt, not strict, mild.

अतीति ati ita, pp. (s') gone by, past.

अतीन्द्रिय ati indriya, a. supersensuous, transcendental; n. spirit, soul.

अतीर्थ ā-tirtha, n. wrong way, wrong manner; unreasonable time

अतीव āti-iva, ad. excessively; firmly; pp. beyond ac.; very much more than ab. [nature.

अतीव्र a-tivra, a. moderate, -tā, f. temper-

अतुल a-tula, a. unequalled; -vikrama, a. of unequalled valour.

अतुषारकर a-tushāra-kara, m. sun.

अतुष्ट a-tuṣṭa, pp. dissatisfied.

अतुष्टि a-tuṣṭi, f. dissatisfaction, discontent.

अतुगुह ā-tūguha, a. tardy, slow.

अतृण a-triṇa, n. what is not grass.

अतृण्युवत् ā-triṇ-mu-vat pp. pt. insatiable.

अतृप्त a-triṣṭa, pp. unsatisfied, insatiate; -tā, f. abst. s. [tied

अतृप्यत् a-triṣṭ-yat, pp. pt. not becoming satis-

अतृष्ण a-triṣṇa, a. void of greed, desire. [oil

अतिलपूर a-taila-pūra, a. not being filled with

अतोनिमित्तम् ato-nimittam ad. for that reason, therefore

अतोऽर्थम् ato-artham, ad. to that end.

अतका ātka, m. cloak, mantle.

अतव्य ātavya, pp. to be eaten; to be tasted.

अतृ āt-tri, m. eater; devourer.

अतृ āt-ya, a. running; m. steed; f. ā, mare.

अत्यक् āti akkha, a. extremely transparent; -pure; -adbhuta, a. very wonderful.

अत्यन्त āti anta, a. lasting to the end, continual, uninterrupted, endless; complete; excessive; ° or -m, ad. excessively, continually, for ever, throughout; highly, beyond measure; -gata, pp. gone away for good. [much water.

अत्यम्पान āti ambu-pāna, n. drinking too

अत्यय āti aya, m. passing away, lapse; end; risk, jeopardy, danger; fault, transgression.

अत्यर्थ āti artha° or -m, ad. exceedingly, very.

अत्यल्प āti alpa, a. very little, too little;

-buddhi, a. of very weak understanding.

अत्यन्नत āti as-nat, pp. pt. eating too much.

अत्यष्टि āti ashti, f. a metre (4 × 17 syllables).

अत्यसित āti asita, a. extremely black.

अत्यकुल āti ākula, a. very confused.

अत्याग a-tyāga, m. non-abandonment; : tanoh, during lifetime. [renouncing.

अत्यागिन् a-tyāgin, a. not abandoning, not

अत्याचार āti ākāra, m. too refined manners.

अत्याज्य a-tyāgya, fp. not to be abandoned; not to be given up.

अत्यादर āti ādara, m. too much consideration in. very urgently; -para, a. very cautious.

अत्यादित्य āti āditya, a. passing the sun; -ānanda, m. excessive joy; -āpāna, pp. very unfortunate; -āyāta, pp. very long, very tall; -āyus, a. very old; -āruṭha, pp. hvg. reached a great height; -āruṭhā, f. ascending too high; -āroha, m. mounting too high, arrogance; -ārti, f. violent pain; -ārya, a. too humbleable. [ful.

अत्याश्चर्य āti āskarya, a. extremely wonder-

अत्यासङ्ग āti āsaṅga, m. violent inclination for

अत्यासन्न āti ā-sanna, pp. too near. [(le., °).

अत्याहित āti ā-hita, pp. adverse, disagreeable; n. misfortune.

अत्युक्ति āti ukti, f. much talk; exaggeration.

अत्युग्र āti ugra, a. very mighty, very terrible.

अत्युन्नत āti ukka, a. extremely high.

अत्युच्छ्रित āti uk-khrita, pp. roused too high

अत्युत्क āti utka, a. ardently longing; -ntka/sa, a. excessive, extraordinary; -uttama, a. most excellent; -udatta, a. very eminent;

-udāra, a. most excellent; too liberal -tā, f. abst. s.; -un-nata, pp. excessively high; -unnati, f. eminence

अत्युपचार āti upākāra, m. too great politeness. [heat

अत्युष्ण āti uṣha, a. very hot; -tā, f. extreme

अत्युर्वैखल āti ūrgasvala, a. extremely heroic deed. [highly.

अत्युर्जितम् āti ūrgitam, ad. extremely,

अत्युजु āti ūju, a. too straight, too sincere.

अत्यातुक्व āti ātsukya, a. great impatience.

अत्र 1. ā-tri, ad. = le. of idam, in this; here; there; in this (that) case; -verse, -passage, on this point; in this life; then, at that time.

अत्र 2. ā-trā, m. eater; devourer.

अत्रत्य ātra-tya, a. of this place, living here.

अत्रन् ātra-n, the suffix -atra (v. n-it).

अत्रप a-trapa, a. shameless.

अत्रभवत् ātra-bhavat, m. this gentleman here, f. -i, this lady here (referring to third person present on the stage).

अत्रस्त a-trasta, pp. intrepid.

अत्रस्थ ātra-stha, a. being here, staying here.

अत्रासित a-trāsita, pp. not. frightened.

अत्रि ātri, a. devouring; m. N. of a sage - pl. his descendants; a star in the Great Bear.

अत्रिन् ātrin, a. voracious.

अत्रिवत् ātri-vat, ad. like Atri, like the Atris.

अत्रिवर्ष ātri-varsha, a. not yet three years

अत्रर a-tvara, a. not hasty, deliberate. [old.

अत्ररा a-tvarā, f. deliberation.

अथ ā-tha, ad. then, thereupon; now, here begins (at bg. of works or sections, cp. ti); now, so, then (at bg. of sentences); but, however, and yet; if; then, corr. to yadā; often strengthened by ātas, api, ka, tu, punar; sta. mere verse-filler; ātha vā, or, or else, or rather (giving another explanation); however; even; repeated either-or; ātha kim, what else? = certainly; ātha kima, to say nothing of -.

अथर्वन् ātharvan, m. fire-priest; N. of the first fire-priest - pl. his descendants; s. & pl. his magical incantations, the AV. [Veda.

अथर्ववेद ātharva-veda, m. Atharva (fourth)

अथर्वीङ्गिरस् ātharva āṅgiras, m. pl. the families of Atharvan and Āṅgiras; their incantations, esp. those of the AV.; -a, a. (i) descended from Atharvan and Āṅgiras; m. s. & pl. the hymns of the AV.

अथौ ātha u, ad. and also, and so; then; now.

अट् AD, II. P. āt-ti, cat. consume, enjoy; ex. ādāya, feed.

अदक्षिण 1. a-dakṣiṇa, a. not right, left; awkward; inexperienced; unamiable.

अदक्षिण 2. a-dakṣiṇā, a. without gifts to Brāhmaṇas. [ment, innocent.

अदक्ष्य a-dandya, fp. not liable to punish-

अदत् ād-at, pr. pt. eating

अदत्त ā-datta, pp. not given (said of a present that may be returned); f. ā, unmarried; -dāna, n. lack of charity; -phala, n. reward for not having given

अदत्तादान ādutta ādāna, n. taking what is not given voluntarily; -ādāya, a. taking what has not been given

अदत्त्वा ā-dattvā, gd. without giving.

अददत् ā-dadat, pr. pt. not giving, - return-

अदधि ā-dadhi, n. what is not curds. [ing.

अदन् ād-ana, n. eating.

अदन्त ā-dant, a. toothless.

अदन्त ā-d-anta, a. ending in ā. [teethed.

अदन्तजात ā-danta-jāta, pp. not having

अदब्ध ā-dabha, pp. unhurt, safe; trust-worthy; pure.

अदभ a-dabha, a. not hurting, benevolent.

अदभ्य a-dabhya, a. not little, much.

अदम्ब a-dambha, m. sincerity.

अदम्बिन् a-dambhin, a. upright, honest; (i)-tva, n. uprightness, veracity.

अदय a-dayá, *a.* pitiless: -*m.* *ad.* heartily.

अदर्शन a-darsana, *n.* not seeing; not visiting; non-investigation; non-occurrence; disappearance, invisibility *ab.* beyond the vision of (*ab*); *a.* invisible; -*patha*, *n.* what is beyond the vision of (*g*).

अदर्शनीय adarsani-bhū, become invisible.

अदर्शनीय a-darsaniya, *fp.* invisible; -*tva*, *n.* -ness. [*ac. ad.* there

अदस् a-d-ás, *pru. n.* (*m. f. assa*) yon, that:

अदाक्षिण्य a-dākshinya, *n.* impoliteness.

अदातु a-dātri, *a.* unliberal, stingy; not liable to pay; not giving in marriage.

अदादिष्य ad-ādi-tva, *n.* appertaining to the verbs beginning with 'ad' (= Ad-class).

अदान á-dāna, *n.* not giving, withholding; *a.* not giving; not exuding juice from the temples. [*ibide*]

अदाभ्य á-dābhya, *fp.* inviolable; indestruct-

अदायाद a-dāyāda (á; C. á), *a.* not entitled to inheritance.

अदारुण a-dārūna, *a.* not pitiless, mild

अदास a-dāsa, *m.* freeman

अदाह्य a-dāhya, *fp.* incombustible

अदिति 1. á-diti, *f.* want, penury.

अदिति 2. á-diti, *a.* infinite; *f.* infinity: *N* of the mother of the gods. [*give*]

अदितस्त á-dits-at, *des. pr. pt.* not inclined to

अदितु a-dit-su, *des. a. id.* [*verbs.*]

अदिमृति adi-prabhriti, *pl.* Ad-class of

अदीन á-dīna, *a.* not depressed, cheerful;

-*sattva*, *a.* elated, cheerful; -*ātman*, *a. ul.*

अदीयमान a-dīya-māna, *pr. pt. ps.* not being given; *f. á*, not being given in marriage.

अदीर्घ á-dīrgha, *a.* not long: -*sūtra*, *a.* not dilatory, prompt. -*tā*, *f.* dispatch

अदुर्ग a-durga, *a.* devoid of fortresses;

-*viśaya*, *m.* unfortified country [*calamity.*]

अदुर्मङ्गल á-durmanṅgala, *a.* (1) causing no

अदुर्वृत्त a-dur-vṛtta, *pp.* not behaving badly

अदुष्ट a-duṣṭa, *pp.* blameless; innocent:

-*tva*, *virtue*, innocence

अदुष्प्राप a-duṣhpāpa, *a.* not hard to obtain.

अदून á-dūna, *pp.* untormented, unhurt

अदूर a-dūra, *a.* not far, near: *a.* nearness -*tas*, *ab. le.* near; -*kopa*, *a.* irascible, -*abha-*

-*vas*, -*varita*, -*sṭha*, *a.* near; imminent

अदृषण a-dūṣhaṇa, *n.* not allowing to perish.

अदृषित a-dūṣh-ita, *pp.* blameless, good. *f. á*, unviolated; -*kāumārā*, *a. f.* whose virginity is intact. [*-tara*, *cpr.* not very firm.

अदृढ a-drīdha, *pp.* not firmly attached;

अदृषित á drip-ita or -ta, *pp.* thoughtful, attentive.

अद्रिष्य a-drīṣya, *fp.* invisible; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* -ness; -*āṅgana*, *n.* salve making invisible.

अद्रष्ट a-drīṣṭa, *pp.* unseen; unknown; invisible; unexpected, unactioned, *n.* the invisible, fate; -*karmān*, *a.* inexperienced in (*le.*); -*kāma*, *n.* love for one not yet seen; -*kārita*, *pp.* caused by fate; -*nara*, -*puru-*

sha, *a.* concluded without an intermediary

(*alliance*); -*para-samarthya*, *a.* not having experienced an enemy's power; -*pārva*, *a.* never seen, unknown before; -*rūpa*, *a.* of unknown appearance; -*viraha-vyatha*, *a.* not having experienced the pangs of separation.

अद्रिष्टिदान a-drīṣṭi-dāna, *n.* non-admit-

अद्रिष्ट a-drīṣṭvā, *gd.* without seeing. [*tance.*]

अदेय a-deya, *fp.* not to be given.

अदेव á-deva, *a.* (1) hostile to the gods; *m.* Asura. [*the gods.*]

अदेवमुष्ट a-deva-guṣṭa, *pp.* displeasing to

अदेवर a-devara, *m.* not a brother-in-law

अदेश a-deśa, *m.* wrong place.

अदेशकाल a-deśa-kāla, *m.* wrong place and

time: -*gña*, *a.* suiting neither place nor time

अदेशग a-deśa-gña, *a.* unacquainted with the

place. -*sṭha*, *a.* absent fr. his country, absent

अदेहवश्य a-deha-bandha, *m.* non-assumption

of a new body; -*bheda*, *m.* no change of

अदैव a-dai-va, *a.* independent of fate. [*body.*]

अदोष a-doshā, *m.* no fault, no sin; *a.* guiltless; -*gña*, *a.* not knowing what faults are

अदग ádga, *m.* cane; stalk. [*deed.*]

अदा ad-dhā, *ad.* [*in this manner*], truly, in-

अन्निस ad-bhis, *in pl.* of *ap.* water.

अनुत् ānbhuta, *a.* [at(i)-bhūta, transcendent], wonderful; *n.* portent; -*tama*, *spu*

most marvellous; -*darsana*, *a.* of wondrous aspect, -*rūpa*, *a.* of wondrous form, -*āvaha*, *a.* exciting wonder, -*upamā*, *f.* simile assuming a miracle.

अनुताय ānbhūtiya, *den.* appear a wonder.

अन्नस ad-bhyaṣ, *d. ab pl.* of *ap.* water

अन्नम āl-man, *n.* food. [*quest.*]

अन्नसद adma-sād, *m.* partaker of the feast.

अद्य a-dya (ā), *ad.* to-day, now; *adya* *ev*, this very day; *adya* *api*, even to day *n. ev*, not even yet, -*purvam*, *yāvat*, hitherto, -*prabhṛti*, -*ārābhya*, from to-day onwards

अद्यतन adya-tana, *a.* (1) of to-day, present, contemporary; -*taniya*, *a. ul.*

अद्यदिन adya-dina, *m.* the present day

अद्यदिवस adya-divasa, *m.* *id*

अद्यात a-dyaut, 3 *s. impf.* of √dyut.

अद्रव्य a-dravya, *n.* worthless object.

अद्रि ā-dri, *m.* [not splitting], rock, hill, mountain-range; stone *as miracle*; pressing-stone, cloud; -*graha-m*, *n.* reverberation;

-*dugdha*, *pp.* milked, *v. e.* pressed out, with stones; -*patī*, *m.* Humālaya -*kanyā*, *f.* Pār

vatā; -*budhna*, *a.* founded on rock; -*bhed-*

ana, *n.* cleaving of rocks. [*stones*]

अद्रिवत् adri-vat, *a.* (*rec.* -*vas*) armed with

अद्रुह a-drūh, *a.* not hurting, benevolent

nm. a-dhruk;

अद्रोघ ā-drogha, *a.* (also -*ghā*) guileless; friendly: -*vād*, *a.* of guileless speech.

अद्रोह a-droha, *a.* friendly, *m.* friendliness; -*samaya* *m.* agree to peace

अद्वय a-dvaya, *a.* not of two kinds, single:

-*tva*, *n.* unity; -*ānanda*, *m.* *N* of a *philo-*

sopher whose joy is unity.

अद्वितीय a-dvītiya, *a.* secondless, single, only. [*old.*]

अद्विवर्ष a-dvi-varsha, *a.* not yet two years

अद्विरागिन् a-dvesha-rāgin, *a.* free from like or dislike.

अद्वेषु a-dveshtri, *a.* not hating, well-disposed towards (*g*); -*tva*, *n.* benevolence.

अद्वैत a-dvaita, *n.* non-duality, unity; *a.* without duality, secondless, single.

अद्विध a-dvaidha, *a.* undivided; not double, sincere.

अध ādha, **अधा** ādhā (*older form* of *āthā*), *ad.* then, thereupon (*often corr.*); therefore, *adha* - *adha*, both - and, *adha* - *adha* *vā*, either or [*tempt.*]

अधःक्रिया adhaḥ-kriyā, *f.* abasement; con-

अधःखन adhaḥ-khana, *n.* undermining

अधःपात adhaḥ-pāta, *m.* downfall.

अधःपातित adhaḥ-pātita, *cs. pp.* thrown

अधन a-dhana, *a.* indigent, poor. [*down*]

अधन्य a-dhanya, *a.* poor; unfortunate

अधम adha-ma, *sp.* lowest, worst, vilest (of, -; -*śeṣha*, *a.* acting meanly; -*dhi*, *a.* of mean understanding; -*yonī-ga*, *a.* born of a very low mother

अधमाधम adhamā adhamā, *a.* lowest of all

अधर adha-ra, *cpr.* lower -*m. kri*, subject; *m.* under-lip, *s. coll.* lips; -*dala*, *n.* lip, -*ru/aka*, *n.* lovely lips. [*southern.*]

अधराक्ष adharāṅk, *a.* (ā/ī) downward;

अधरात् adharāt, *ad.* below; -*āt*, *id*

अधराम्बर adharāmbara, *n.* under garment.

अधरागणि adharāṅgani, *f.* the lower piece of timber-wood. [*cumb.*]

अधरीक्ष adhari-kṛi, vanquish; -*bhā*, *sue-*

अधरीक्ष adharāttara, *a.* losing or winning; high and low, earlier and later, *a.* address and answer; gradation, topsy turvyism

अधरीष्ट ādhariṣṭha, *n.* (1) *f.* i) lower lip, lower and upper lip, the lips.

अधर्म ā-dharma, *n.* unrighteousness, breach of duty, injustice -*tas*, *m.* unjustly, iniquitously, -*gña*, *a.* ignorant of the law, -*of justice*, -*danda*, *n.* unjust punishment; -*bhira*, *a.* shrinking from wrong; -*nara*, *a.* not based on law

अधर्मण a-dharmāṇa, *m.* debtor.

अधर्मिक a-dharmika, *m.* *id* [*illegal*]

अधर्मिष्ठ a-dharmishṭha, *a.* not doing right;

अधर्म्य a-dharmya, *a.* = a-dharmishṭha.

अधर्षण a-dharṣhaṇa, *a.* unapproachable.

अधर्षणीय a-dharṣhaniya, *fp.* invincible.

अधश्चरागावपात adhas-śaraṇa avapāta, *m.* prostration at the feet of any one.

अधःशय adhaḥ-saya, *a.* lying on the ground; -*nyā*, *f.* sleeping on the ground; -*śanā*, *a.* sleeping and sitting on the ground.

अधःशायिन् adhaḥ-sāyin, *a.* sleeping on the ground; -*ty* -*tā*, *f.* *id.*

अधस adhās, *ad.* below, on the ground; downwards, to hell, *adho* - *adha*, lower and lower; *adhaḥ kri*, put below, surpass; -*pat*,

ad. below, on the ground; downwards, to hell, *adho* - *adha*, lower and lower; *adhaḥ kri*, put below, surpass; -*pat*,

ad. below, on the ground; downwards, to hell, *adho* - *adha*, lower and lower; *adhaḥ kri*, put below, surpass; -*pat*,

ad. below, on the ground; downwards, to hell, *adho* - *adha*, lower and lower; *adhaḥ kri*, put below, surpass; -*pat*,

ad. below, on the ground; downwards, to hell, *adho* - *adha*, lower and lower; *adhaḥ kri*, put below, surpass; -*pat*,

sink down; *pp.* with *ac.* under (motion); with *ab.*, *g.*, or *-o*, below. [low (^{-o}).

अधस्तल adhas-tala, *n.* surface-, space be-

अधस्तात् adhás-tát, *ad.* below; on the ground; downwards; from below; submissively; previously; *pp.* with *ab.*, *g.*, & *-o*, under.

अधःस्थ adhaḥ-stha, *a.* lying below.

अधारण्य a-dhāranya-ka, *a.* intolerable.

अधारावर्ष a-dhārā-varsha, *ad.* without a shower of rain (^{-o}) [cous. vicious.

अधार्मिक a-dhārmika, *a.* unjust, unright-

अधार्य a-dhārya, *fp.* not to be borne; not to be restrained; impossible to undergo.

अधि ādhi, *ad.* above, upwards; highly; within; besides; *pp.* with *ac.* over, upon; up to; *so. in.* across; *u. ab.* above; down from, from, out of; *u. lc.* above (of rank or number); under (the rule of), upon, in, on; with respect to; *-o*, upwards of *-*.

अधिक adhi-ka, *a.* excessive; superfluous; surpassing; chief, highest; having an excess, and more; exceeded by, plus (^{-o}); predominant; superior in (*in.*, ^{-o}); stronger, greater; higher, more than (*in.*, *ab.*, *g.*, ^{-o}). *-d* **-m**, *ad.* excessively, very much; more than (*ab.*); **-krodha**, *a.* excessively angry; **-guna**, *a.* of pre-eminent virtue; **-tva**, *n.* *abst. N.*; **-tara**, *a.* much greater; superior; **-m**, *ad.* more; **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* superiority. [neck.

अधिकधरम् adhi-kundharam, *ad.* upto the

अधिकरण adhi-karam, *n.* substratum; substance, matter; subject, department; section, paragraph; law-court; that in which anything happens; sphere of the locative (*gr.*); **-maadapa**, *n.* law-court; **-lekha**, *n.* lawyer's clerk. [ingly beautiful.

अधिकरूपवत् adhika-rūpa-vat, *a.* surpass-

अधिकार्थम् adhi-karnam, *ad.* on the ear.

अधिकवयस्य adhika-vayas, *a.* of advanced

अधिकष्ट adhi-kashṭa, *n.* great misery. [age.

अधिकाङ्ग adhika-aṅga, *a.* (i) having a superfluous limb, **-āchi**, *a.* full of ears; **-adhi-ka**, *a.* continually increasing.

अधिकार adhi-kāra, *m.* superintendence, administration, control, authority, office, post, dignity, sovereignty; eligibility; claim to (*lc.*); striving, endeavour for (*lc.*), chapter (*on.*, ^{-o}); heading rule to be supplied with following rules till a new section (*gr.*); **-purusha**, *m.* official; **-vat**, *m.* *id.*; **-stha**, *a.* official, m. office, **-āthya**, *a.* invested with authority.

अधिकारिता adhi-kāritā, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* authority.

अधिकारिण adhi-kārīn, *m.* superintendent, controller (of, ^{-o}); official; qualified person.

अधिकृत adhi-kṛta, *pp.* set over, m. overseer, administrator, head of (*lc.* or ^{-o}); **-kṛtya**, *ad.* regarding, about (*ac.*) [uer.

अधिकेतनम् adhi-ketanam, *ad.* on the ban-

अधिकोक्ति adhi-ukti, *f.* superfluous talk.

अधिषेधि adhi-kshepa, *na.* aspersing, derision.

अधिगन्तव्य adhi-gantavya, *fp.* to be procured; penetrable; to be studied; **-gātri**, *m.* finder.

अधिगम adhi-gama, *m.*, **-ga** *-na*, *n.* acces-

sion to, attainment; gain, profit; ascertainment, knowledge; study.

अधिगम्य adhi-gamya, *fp.* attainable, accessible; knowable, comprehensible; to be studied.

अधिगुण adhi-guṇa, *a.* of superior qualities.

अधिगोप्तु adhi-goptri, *m.* protector.

अधिजनन adhi-ganana, *n.* birth.

अधिजानु adhi-gānu, *ad.* upon the knee.

अधिग्य ādhi-gya, *a.* having the bowstring on, strung; **-tā**, *f.* *abst. N.*; **-karmaka**, *a.* whose bow is strung; **-dhanvan**, *a.* *id.*

अधितल्पम् adhi-talpa, *ad.* upon the towers.

अधित्यका adhi-tya-kā, *f.* table-land.

अधिदीधिति adhi-dīditi, *a.* brightly illumined. [*f.* *id.*; tutelary deity.

अधिदेव adhi-deva, *m.* supreme god; **-tā**,

अधिदेव adhi-dāiva, *n.*, **-tā**, *n.* *id.*

अधिनागम् adhi-nāgum, *ad.* upon the elephants; upon the serpents.

अधिनिसम् adhi-nisum, *ad.* at night.

अधिप adhi-pa, *-puti*, *-pā*, *m.* ruler, lord.

अधिपुरुष adhi-purusha, *m.* supreme spirit.

अधिपौरुष adhi-paurusha, *n.* height of manliness.

अधिबाधितु adhi-bādhitrī, *m.* tormentor.

अधिबुभुषु adhi-bubhū-shu, *des. a.* wishing to get the upper hand.

अधिभू adhi-bhū, *m.* ruler, sovereign. [*agent.*

अधिभूत adhi-bhūta, *n.* sphere or object of an

अधिमन्थन adhi-mānthana, *a.* suitable for friction; *n.* the hard piece of tinder-wood.

अधिमात्र adhi-mātra, *a.* excessive. **-tva**, *n.* *-ness*, [*a.* referring to sacrifices.

अधियज्ञ adhi-yagñu, *m.* highest sacrifice;

अधिराजि adhi-rajani, *ad.* in the night.

अधिरथ ādhi-ratha, *a.* standing on a car; *m.* chariot-fighter, charioteer

अधिराज adhi-rāj, *m.* paramount ruler, emperor; **-rājya**, *m.* *id.*; **-tā**, *f.* supreme rule over (*g.*); **-rājya**, *n.* supreme rule.

अधिरुक्मन्दिरगवाक्षम् adhi-rukma-mandira-gavakṣam, *ad.* at the window of the golden palace. (^{-o}).

अधिरुह adhi-ruh, *a.* mounting, riding on

अधिरोधव्य adhi-rodhavya, *fp. n.* one must ascend

अधिरोपण adhi-ropana, *n.* lifting upon (^{-o}).

अधिरोह adhi-roha, *a.* riding on (*ac.*); **-na**, *n.* ascending to (*lc.* or ^{-o}). [*ing up to* (^{-o})

अधिरोहिन् adhi-rohin, *a.* ascending, lead-

अधिलङ्कम् adhi-lūkam, *ad.* over Lūkā.

अधिलवङ्कम् adhi-lavāṅgam, *ad.* on the doves.

अधिलोक adhi-loka, *m.* highest world.

अधिवक्तृ adhi-vaktṛi, *m.* advocate, protector.

अधिवक्षस adhi-vakṣas, *ad.* on the breast.

अधिवपन adhi-vapana, *n.* stewing upon.

अधिवर्चस adhi-varkas, *n.* privy. [*fire.*

अधिवर्जन adhi-varyana, *n.* moving to the

अधिवसति adhi-vasati, *f.* dwelling. [*tion.*

अधिवाक adhi-vākā, *n.* advocacy, protec-

अधिवाद adhi-vāda, *m.* insult, abuse.

अधिवास 1. adhi-vāsa, *m.* inhabitant; neighbour; dwelling, abode.

अधिवास 2. adhi-vāsa, *m.* perfume; **-tā**, *f.* *abst. N.*; **-na**, *n.* perfuming; consecration.

अधिविज्ञान adhi-viṅñāna, *n.* highest know-

अधिविज्ञ adhi-vinna, *pp.* of $\sqrt{2}$. vid. [*ledge.*

अधिविवहम् adhi-vivāham, *ad.* regarding the wedding. (^{-o}).

अधिवीर adhi-vīra, *m.* great hero among

अधिवेत्तव्या adhi-vettavyā, *f.* *fp.* ($\sqrt{2}$. vid) to be superseded by another wife; **-vedyā**, *f.* *id.*

अधिवेलम् adhi-velam, *ad.* on the sea-shore.

अधिवेशम् adhi-vesma, *ad.* in the house.

अधिश्री adhi-srī, *a.* extremely prosperous.

अधिश्रोत्रम् adhi-srotram, *ad.* over the ears.

अधिवषण adhi-shāvana, *a.* suitable for pressing; *n.* Soma-press. [*intendent.*

अधिष्ठानु adhi-shthānū, *m.*, **-tri**, *f.* super-

अधिष्ठान adhi-shthāna, *n.* stand-point, place, seat, abode, residence; sovereignty, power.

अधिष्ठित adhi-shthita, *pp.* stood on; presided over; supervised, governed; established; occupied, inspired. **-vat**, *aet pl.* sat on, mounted.

अधिसेनापति adhi-senāpati, *m.* commander-in-chief.

अधिहस्ति adhi-hasti, *ad.* on an elephant.

अधीक adhi-jk = adhi + \sqrt{j} (*gr.*).

अधीकार adhi-kāra, *m.* administration (of, *lc.*); capacity, ability. [*ed.*

अधीत adhi-jta, *pp.* studied; read; instruct-

अधीति ādhi-jti, *f.* study. [*ing the scriptures.*

अधीतिन् adhi-jtin, *a.* well-read in (*lc.*); study-

अधीन adhi-jna, *a.* lying on; subject to, dependent on (^{-o}); **-tva**, *n.* dependence.

अधीर a-dhīra, *a.* unsteadfast; inconstant, pusillanimous, **-tā**, *f.* pusillanimity.

अधीरम् a-dhīram, *ad.* anxiously.

अधीराक्ष adhīra akṣa, *a.* lively-eyed.

अधीवास adhi-vāsa, *m.* cloak, mantle.

अधीश्व adhi-jśu, *m.* chief, lord; **-tā**, *f.* sove-

अधीशितु adhi-jisiri, *n.* sovereign. [*reignty.*

अधुना adhunā, *ad.* now. [*faintheartedness.*

अधृति ā-dhṛiti, *f.* unsteadiness, caprice;

अधृष्ट ā-dhṛishṭa, *pp.* insuperable; modest,

अधृष्ट ā-dhṛishya, *fp.* unapproachable. [*shy.*

अधनु a-dhenu, *f.* cow giving no milk; *a.* barren. [*imity.*

अधैर्य a-dhairyā, *n.* instability; pusillan-

अधीर्युक adho-musuka, *n.* under-garment.

अधीः adho-kṣhā, *a.* being below, *i. e.* not reaching up to, the axle.

अधीः adho-kṣha-ga, *a.* born under an axle; *m.* *N.* of Vishnu.

अधीगत adho-gata, *pp.* gone down; howing low; **-gati**, *f.* going down (to hell); sinking; *a.* going downwards, going to hell; **-gamana**,

अ. going downwards; -dṛiṣṭi, f. downcast gaze; a. looking down; -nāyana, n. bringing down; -nāya, m. bell; -nāvita, pp. wearing the sacred cord low; -bhāga, m. lower part; lower part of the body; depth; -mukha, a. (3) downcast; downward.

अधोवेक्षिन् adho-vekshin, *a. looking down.*

अधीत a-dhauta, *pp. unwashed.*

अध्वंस adhvamsa, *a. lying on the shoulder*

अध्वक्ष adhvaksha, *a. perceptible; m. eye-witness; overseer, inspector; n. perception.*

अध्वपि adhvapi, *ad. before the fire (esp. at weddings).* [fault finding]

अध्वधिषेप adhvadhikshepa, *m. unseemly*

अध्वधीन adhvadhina, *a. wholly dependent; m. slave.*

अध्वध्वम् adhvadhvam, *ad. on the way.*

अध्वनेन adhvaneṇa, *(in.) ad. close up to (d)*

अध्वयन् adhvayana, *n. [going to a teacher]. study, reading (esp. of sacred books); learning from ab.; -sampradāna, n. guidance in study; -śāśāna, n. receiving instruction from*

अध्वर्ध adhvārtha, *a. one and a half* [1/2].

अध्ववसान adhvavāsana, *n. -साय -sāya, m. resolution, steady application.* [solved]

अध्ववसायित adhvavāsāyita, *pp. firmly res-*

अध्ववसायिन् adhvavāsāyin, *a. resolved on*

अध्ववसित adhvavāsita, *pp. √sā* [1/2]

अध्वकाशम् adhvākāśam, *ad. in the air.*

अध्वचार adhvachāra, *m. sphere, province.*

अध्वच्छा adhvachā, *f. kind of plant.*

अध्वत्मा adhvātma, *a. peculiar to one's person; n. supreme soul; the soul as agent of an action.*

अध्व्या -vidyā, *f. science of the universal soul*

अध्व्यापक adhvāpaka, *m. teacher.*

अध्व्यापन adhvāpana, *n. instruction.*

अध्व्यापय adhvāpaya, *cs. of अध् + √i, teach*

अध्व्याय adhvāyaya, *fp. to be instructed*

अध्व्याय adhvāya, *m. reading, study (esp. of sacred books); time suitable for study; chapter.* [neous predication ph.]

अध्व्यारोप adhvāropa, *m. -शा -nā, f. error-*

अध्व्यावाहिनिक adhvāvāhanika, *n. property brought with her by a woman from the parental house.*

अध्व्यास adhvāśa, *m. placing upon; erro-*

अध्व्यासित adhvāśita, *(pp.) n. the sitting upon.*

अध्व्यासितव्य adhvāśitavya, *fp. to be under-*

अध्व्यासिन् adhvāśin, *a. sitting upon.* [taken]

अध्व्याहार adhvāhāra, *m. supplying, supplementing.*

अध्व्याहार्य adhvāhārya, *fp. to be supplied.*

अध्व्युरस adhvūras, *ad. on the breast.*

अध्व्युषित adhvūshita, *pp. √vas.*

अध्व्युषितव्य adhvūshitavya, *fp. to be studied, - read.*

अध्व्येषण adhvūshana, *n. request.*

अधि ā-dhri, *a. irresistible; -रा, a. irresistibly advancing; m. N.* [uncertain]

अध्वुव ā-dhruva, *a. unsteady, transient;*

अध्वखेद adhvakheda, *m. fatigue of travel; -रा, a. travelling; m. traveller; -दार्द्रा, m. guide.*

अध्वन् ādhvan, *m. road; journey, wandering; distance; -न्ना, m. traveller.*

अध्वन्व adhvanya, *m. traveller, wanderer.*

अध्वप adhvapa, *m. guardian of roads*

अध्वर adhvata, *m. religious ceremony, sacrifice, Soma sacrifice.*

अध्वर्यु adhvaryū, *m. priest performing the practical work of the sacrifice; priest versed in the Yagur-veda.*

अध्वश्रम adhvashrama, *m. fatigue of travel.*

अध्वधिप adhvadhipa, *m. guardian of roads, i.e. of public peace.*

अन् AN. II P. ān-ā-ti, breathe *ape*, exhale *abhi* *ape*, breathe upon, *pra*, breathe, blow *anu-pra*, breathe after, *abhi-pra*, inhale, *vi, sam*, breathe *anu-sam*, breathe after

अन 1. an-ā, *m. breath.* [anayā, anayoh]

अन 2. ana, *prn. of 3rd prs. this (in anena).*

अनश an-anśa, *a. portionless.*

अनकासमार an-akāśa-māra, *a. slaying not without approval* [out words]

अनक्षर an-akshara, *a. mute. -m, ad. with-*

अनक्ष ā-naksha, *a. not naked, not uncovered. -ता, f. abst. N.*

अनपि an-agni, *a. without fire, maintaining no fire; -का, a. without fire; not touched by fire, -dagdha, m. not burnt with fire, m. pl. a class of Munis.* [injured]

अनघ an-aghra, *a. sinless, blameless; un-*

अनकुरित an-ahkurita, *pp. not grown*

अनक an-ahgā, *a. bodiless, m. and Kāma (so called because reduced to ashes by the fire of Siva's eye; -क्राद्, f. dalliance; -त्वा, n. bodilessness; -पुरा, n. N. of a town, -माहगुरी, f. N.; -रति, f. N.; -लेख, f. love letter, N.; -वति, f. N.; -सेना, m. N.; -न्दाया, m. N.*

अनङ्गीकृत an-angī-kṛita, *pp. not assented to; neglected, ignored*

अनदुह anadud-da, *a. giving a bull.*

अनदुह anaduha, *m. bull; i, f. cow* [1/2].

अनदुह anad-vāh, *m. ann. -द्वह, n. k. st. -द्वह* [cart drawing], bull, ox, also as term of abuse

अनक्षु ān-ana, *a. not minute, coarse.*

अनतिक्रम an-atikrama, *in, ad. without great hardship.* [soon -ना, n. ad]

अनतिक्रम an-atikrama, *m. non-transgres-*

अनतिक्रमणीय an-ati-kramanīya, *fp. unavoidable; not to be infringed, not to be neglected, inviolable.* [grossing]

अनतिक्रामत् an-ati-kramat, *pr. pt. not trans-*

अनतिक्रुध an-ati-krudha, *pp. not excessively indignant at* [g.]

अनतिथि an-atithi, *m. not a guest.* [rons]

अनतिवक्तु an-ati-trasita, *a. not very timo-*

अनतिदग्ध ān-ati-dagdha, *pp. not quite burnt up.* [showing]

अनतिदर्शन an-atidarsana, *n. infrequent*

अनतिदूरे an-ati-dūre, *lc. ad. not too far.*

अनतिवृत्त ān-atidbhuta, *a. unsurpassed.*

अनतिपक्व an-ati-pakva, *a. not very mature.*

अनतिपात्र an-ati-pātra, *fp. not to be neglected.* [pressure]

अनतिपीडम् an-ati-pidam, *ad. with gentle*

अनतिप्रकाशक an-ati-prakāśaka, *a. not highly illuminative; -त्वा, n. abst. N.* [veloped]

अनतिप्रौढ an-ati-prāudha, *pp. not quite de-*

अनतिभङ्गुर an-ati-bhaṅgura, *a. not very early*

अनतिभोग an-ati-bhoga, *m. moderate use.*

अनतिरिक्त an-ati-rikta, *pp. not excessive.*

अनतिलम्बिन् an-atilambin, *a. not hanging down very far*

अनतिलुम्बित an-ati-lulita, *pp. gently touched.*

अनतिलोलम् an-atilolam, *ad. not too rapidly.*

अनतिवर्षित an-ati-valita, *pp. not very rounded (belly).* [passable]

अनतिशयणीय an-ati-sayamīya, *fp. unsur-*

अनतीत an-ati-ita, *pp. not past.*

अनत्याद्र an-ati-ādra, *a. not too wet.*

अनत्याश an-ati-āśa, *m. moderation in eating.*

अनदत् an-ad-at, *pr. pt. not eating, not consuming.* [no wonder]

अनद्भुत an-adbhuta, *a. not wonderful; n.*

अनद्यतन an-adya-tana, *m. not to-day; not the same day, a. not containing to-day.*

अनधिहृत an-adhi-kṛita, *pp. not made a subject of discussion; -त्वा, n. abst. N.*

अनधिगत an-adhi-gata, *pp. not reached, unattained, unred.* [attainable by (g.)]

अनधिगमनीय an-adhi-gamamīya, *fp. not*

अनधिष्ठान an-adhiṣṭhāna, *n. absence.*

अनध्यक्ष an-adhyaksha, *a. not perceptible.*

अनध्ययन an-adhyayana, *n. neglect of study.*

अनध्यात्मविद् an-adhyatma-vid, *a. not knowing the supreme soul.*

अनध्याय an-adhyāya, *n. prohibition of study; adjournment of study*

अनध्यायिन् an-adhyāyin, *a. not studying*

अनध्यय an-adhyāya, *a. not versed in (lc.)*

अननुकम्पणीय an-anu-kampanīya, *fp. not to be pitied.*

अननुकूल an-anukūla, *a. unfavourable.*

अननुज्ञात an-anu-jñāta, *pp. unpermitted*

अननुष्ठित an-anu-tishtha-at, *pr. pt. not carrying out, not performing.* [nothing]

अननुष्ठायिन् ān-anuṣṭhāyin, *a. missing*

अननुभावक an-anubhāvaka, *a. unintelligible; -ता, f. -ness.*

अननुभुत an-anu-bhūta, *pp. not experienced.*

अननुमेय an-anu-meya, *fp. not to be inferred.*

अननुष्य an-anuṣya, *a. unsuitable.*

अननुवृत्ति ān-anuvṛitti, *f. disobedience towards (g.).* [obedient]

अननुव्रत ān-anuvrata, *a. not devoted, dia-*

अननुष्ठान an-anuṣṭhātri, *a. not executing; -त्वा, n. non-performance.*

अनुष्ठान an-anushtāna, *n.* neglect; idleness. [of investigation.]

अनुसंधान an-anu-samdhāna, *n.* absence

अनुसरण an-anusaraṇa, *n.* lack of attendance on. [(with a teacher).]

अनुयुक्त ān-anu yukta, *pp.* not having studied

अनुयुक्ति an-anu yukti, *a.* not having studied the Veda. [studied.]

अनुयुक्त्य an-anu yuktya, *gd.* without having

अनुयुक्त्या an-anuṭṭhāna, *n.* the not follow-

अनुयुत an-anuṭṭha, *a.* true. [ing after.]

अनन्त an-anantā, *a.* endless; *m.* N. of Vishnu, Sesha, and of various men; -**ka**, *a.* endless, infinite; -**kirti**, *m.* N.; -**grāva**, *a.* infinitely greater; -**tā**, *f. abst. s.*; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* endlessness, infiniteness; -**pāda**, *n.* Vishnu's path, sky; -**pāra**, *a.* that one never gets to the end of.

अनन्तर an-anantārā, *a.* having no interval, immediately following, next; belonging to the next lower caste; -**m**, *ad.* forthwith, presently, thereupon, afterwards; immediately after (*ab.*, *g.*, or -).

अनन्तरा an-anantara-ga, *n.* next eldest; born of the union with a woman of the next caste, *f.* ā, younger sister; -**gāta**, *a.* next eldest.

अनन्तराय ān-anantārya, *a.* uninterrupted -**m**, *ad.* in uninterrupted succession.

अनन्तविजय ananta-vijaya, *n.* N. of Yudhishtira's shell; -**sakti**, *m.* N.; -**sira**, *m.* N.

अनन्तिकथ an-antika-stha, *a.* not remaining near.

अनन्त्य an-anṭya, *n.* endlessness, infinity.

अनन्ध ān-andha, *a.* not blind.

अनन्य ān-anya, *a.* exclusively devoted to (*lc.*); -**gati**, *a.* having no other refuge, helpless; -**gatika**, *a.* id.; -**tā**, *f.* helplessness

अनन्यगामिन् ananyā-gāmin, *a.* going to no other; -**guru**, *a.* having no other father, fatherless; -**ṛita**, *a.* thinking exclusively of (*lc.*); -**keta**, *a.* id.; -**ga**, *a.* legitimately born; -**gāni**, *a.* having no other wife; -**drakṣhi**, *a.* looking at nothing else; -**nātha**, *a.* having no other protector; -**nāri-kamāniya**, *fp.* not to be desired by another woman; -**nāri-sāmānya**, *a.* having communion with no other woman; -**pāra**, *a.* intent on nothing else; -**pārāyana**, *a.* devoted to no one else; -**pūva**, *a.* not married to any one else before; -**pūrvikā**, *f.* not married before; -**pratikriya**, *a.* having no other expedient; -**bbhāg**, *a.* devoted to no one else; -**manas**, *a.* thinking of no one else; -**mānasa**, *a.* id.; -**rakti**, *a.* hating nothing else; -**vishaya**, *a.* relating to nothing else; -**vṛpāra**, *a.* occupied with nothing else; -**vara**, *a.* having no other refuge; -**śasana**, *a.* under no one else's commands; -**santati**, *a.* without other offspring; -**sama**, *a.* like no one else, unequalled; -**sādharma**, *a.* (3) common to no one else; -**sāmānya**, *a.* unequalled, -**adhina**, *a.* depending on no other; -**apatya**, *a.* having no other offspring; -**śrita**, *pp.* not transferred to another

अनन्यथावृत्ति an-ananyathā-vṛtti, *a.* occupied with nothing else.

अनन्यद्रिश् ananyā-drish, *a.* not like others, unusual. [quering after (*ac.*)]

अनन्यश्च an-anu yish-yat, *pr. pt.* not en-

अनपकर्म्म an-apakarman, *n.* non-delivery, withholding

अनपकारिन् an-apakārin, *a.* doing no harm.

अनपहत an-apa-kṛita, *pp.* uninjured; *n.* no injury.

अनपक्रम ān-apakrama, *n.* non-departure.

अनपक्रमिन् ān-apakramin, *a.* not leaving, faithful. [the spot.]

अनपक्राम an-apakrama, *m.* remaining on

अनपक्रिया an-apakriyā, *f.* non-delivery.

अनपत्य an-apatyā, *a.* childless; *n.* -ness; -**tā**, *f.* childlessness. [guished, hermaphrodite.]

अनपदेश an-apa-desya, *fp.* not to be distin-

अनपनय an-apanaya, *n.* non-removal.

अनपराध an-aparādh-a, *a.* guiltless, innocent; -**m**, *a.* harmless.

अनपरोध an-aparodha, *m.* non-prevention.

अनपशब्दम् an-apasabdham, *ad.* grammatically correct.

अनपसर an-apasara, *a.* having no excuse.

अनपस्युरत् ān-apa-sphurat, *pr. pt.* not struggling.

अनपाकर्मण an-apākarmṇa, *n.* non-delivery.

अनपाकृष्ट an-apa ā-kṛishṭa, *pp.* not degraded.

अनपायिन् ān-apāyin, *a.* not going away; lasting. [pendent; -**tva**, *n.* independence.]

अनपेक्ष an-apeksha, *a.* regardless; inde-

अनपेक्षम् ān-apeksham, *ad.* without regard to (-).

अनपेक्षमाश् ān-apa iksha-māna, *pr. pt.* pay-

अनपेक्षा an-apekshā, *f.* disregard; carelessness; independence.

अनपेक्षित an-apa ikshita, *pp.* disregarded.

अनपेक्षिन् an-apekshin, *a.* disregarding (*g.*).

अनपेत ān-apa ita, *pp.* not removed from, not diverging from (*ab.*). [not given up.]

अनपौष्ट an-apa fidha, *pp.* not pushed away;

अनप्रप्त an-aprāp, *a.* lacking goods, indigent.

अनप्रस्त an-apsaras, *f.* no Apsaras.

अनप्रख्यातदोष an-abhukhyāta-dosha, *a.* whose guilt is not known. [cessible to (*g.*).

अनप्रगमनीय an-abhi-gamaniya, *fp.* inaccessible.

अनप्रघात an-abhighāta, *m.* non-obstruction. [be bewitched.]

अनप्रचरणीय an-abhi-karāniya, *fp.* not to

अनप्रजात an-abhi-gāta, *pp.* ignoble, low

अनप्रज्ञ an-abhigñā, *a.* ignorant; unacquainted with (*g.*, *lc.*, -); -**tva**, *n.* non-acquaintance. [thing is known; -**tā**, *f. abst. n.*

अनप्रज्ञात an-abhi-gñāta, *pp.* of whom no

अनप्रज्ञेय an-abhi-gñeya, *fp.* not to be recognised [grudge against (*lc.*).

अनप्रिताप an-abhitāpa, *a.* bearing no

अनप्रदोह an-abhidroha, *m.* not insulting.

अनप्रधान an-abhidhāna, *n.* non-statement.

अनप्रधायक an-abhidhāyaka, *a.* not expressing; -**tva**, *n.* abst. s. [(*lc.*).

अनप्रिध्या an-abhidhyā, *f.* lack of desire for

अनप्रिधेय an-abhi-dhyeya, *fp.* not to be thought of.

अनप्रितीत an-abhi-prita, *pp.* not satisfied.

अनभिभवगन्ध an-abhibhava-gandha, *a.* not smacking of disregard. [dressing.]

अनभिभाषिन् an-abhibhāshin, *a.* not ad-

अनभिमत an-abhi-mata, *pp.* disagreeable, unwelcome. [ing no designs against (*ac.*).

अनभिमानुक an-abhimānuka, *a.* cutertain-

अनभिमुख an-abhimukha, *a.* (i) averted.

अनभिमुक्त an-abhi-yukta, *pp.* not caring about (*lc.*). [ing; uneducated; ugly.]

अनभिरूप an-abhirūpa, *a.* not correspond-

अनभिलुलित an-abhi-lulita, *pp.* untouched.

अनभिवाच an-abhi-vādyā, *fp.* not to be greeted.

अनभिषक्त an-abhi-vyakta, *pp.* dim. [cion.]

अनभिषङ्ग an-abhisāṅka, *a.* free from suspi-

अनभिषङ्गा an-abhi-sāṅkya, *fp.* not to be mistrusted.

अनभिषुस्ति ān-abhisusti, *a.* blameless.

अनभिषेचनीय an-abhi-shēchanīya, *fp.* unworthy of inauguration.

अनभिष्वङ्ग an-abhishvaṅga, *m.* non-attachment to (*lc.*). [tentionally.]

अनभिसेहितम् an-abhi-samhitam, *ad.* unin-

अनभिसंधान an-abhi-samdhāna, *n.* disinterestedness. [as to (-).]

अनभिसंधि an-abhisandhi, *a.* disinterested

अनभिलिह an-abhi-sneha, *a.* without desire for (*lc.*). [unexpressed.]

अनभिहित ān-abhi-hita, *pp.* not fastened;

अनभिकृत an-abhi-huta, *pp.* not sacrificed

अनभीक्ष्ण an-abhikṣha, ° *ad.* seldom. [to.]

अनभीष्टु an-abhisṭu, *a.* reinless.

अनभ्यनुज्ञा an-abhyanugñā, *f.* no permission.

अनभ्यनुज्ञात an-abhi-anu-gñāta, *pp.* unper-

अनभ्यन्तर an-abhyantara, *a.* uninitiated

अनभ्यर्थनीय an-abhi-arthāniya, *fp.* not to be desired. [ing.]

अनभ्यावर्तिन् an-abhyāvartin, *a.* not return-

अनभ्यावृत्ति an-abhyāvṛtti, *f.* non-return: *in.* not again, no more.

अनभ्यास an-abhyāsa, *n.* absence of practice, - exercise; disuse; neglect. [plauded]

अनभ्युत्पुष्ट an-abhi ut-kṛushṭa, *pp.* not ap-

अनभ्युत्थायिन् an-abhyutthāyin, *a.* not rising to greet. [means.]

अनभ्युपाय an-abhyupāya, *m.* unsuitable

अनभ्य an-abhya, *a.* cloudless.

अनम a-nama, *a.* inflexible; invincible.

अनमितपूर्व a-namita-pūrva, *a.* not bent before (*how*). [quisition of enemies.]

अनमिव an-amivā, *a.* diseaseless, healthy; cheerful; salutary; *n.* well-being, health.

अनमुच an-amuta, *a.* having no 'there,' *i. e.* not troubling about the next world.

अनम्य a-namya, *a.* unbending; obstinate.

अनय i. a-naya, *m.* indiscretion, imprudence, bad conduct.

अनय 2. an-aya, *m.* ill-luck, misfortune.

अनारग an-aranya, *n.* no desert.

अनर्गल an-argala, *a.* unhindered, free.

अनर्घ an-argha, *m.* false price, overcharge; *a.* priceless; -*rāghava*, *n.* *T.* of a play.

अनर्घ्य an-arghya, *a.* priceless; -*tva*, *n.* -ness.

अनर्चित an-arkita, *pp.* unhonoured; not reverently presented.

अनर्थ an-artha, *m.* disadvantage; damage, misfortune; nonsense; *a.* useless; unfortunate; meaningless. -*ka*, *a.* *id.*; -*kara*, *a.* useless, unprofitable; -*gñā*, *a.* not knowing the sense; -*panḍita*, *a.* skilled in mischief; -*antara*, *n.* no other (i.e. the same) meaning. [tūn.]

अनर्थित्व an-arthi-tva, *n.* absence of solicitation.

अनर्थ्य an-arthyā, *a.* useless, good for nothing.

अनर्थक an-arthuka, *a.* not fulfilling wishes.

अनर्व an-arvā, *०* -*n.* *a.* irresistible, boundless.

अनर्ह an-arha, *a.* unworthy, undeserving; innocent; unsuitable for (-); -*tā*, *f.* unsuitability [fire].

अनल an-ala, *m.* fire; Agni; -*da*, *a.* quenching.

अनलकृत an-alam-kṛta, *pp.* unadorned.

अनलम् an-alam, *ad.* incapable of (*inf.*).

अनलस an-alasa, *a.* not idle, diligent.

अनलसख anala-sakha, *m.* wind.

अनलाय analāya, *den.* *Ā.* behave like fire.

अनल्प an-alpa, *a.* not a little, much; -*tva*, *n.* strength; -*abhyasāya*, *a.* greatly incensed with *te*. [nought].

अनवकारित an-ava-karita, *pp.* set at

अनवकाश an-avakāśin, *a.* having no room for (-). [wrong]

अनवकृप्त an-ava-kṛpta, *pp.* unsuitable.

अनवकृप्ति an-ava-kṛpti, *f.* improbability.

अनवगत an-ava-gata, *pp.* not obtained, not understood; -*graha*, *a.* unhindered.

अनवच्छिन्न an-ava-kṣhina, *pp.* undistinguished, undefined. -*tva*, *n.* *abst.* *v.*; -*kṣhe*, *da*, *m.* undeterminateness.

अनवयान an-avadyā, *fp.* not unpraiseworthy, blameless, faultless. -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* -ness; -*rūpa*, *a.* of faultless appearance.

अनवयाङ्ग anavadya aṅga, *a.* (i) of faultless form. [ligence]

अनवधान an-avadhāna, *n.* inattention, neglect.

अनवन an-avana, *a.* (i) not refreshing.

अनवप्रण an-ava-praṇa, *pp.* undivided, connected.

अनवबुद्ध an-ava-buddha, *pp.* not perceived.

अनवभास an-avabhāsa, *m.* non-appearance.

अनवम an-avama, *spṛ.* not the lowest, high; not worse than (-). [than *ab.*]

अनवर an-avara, *cpt.* not lower than, higher.

अनवरत an-ava-rata, *pp.* uninterrupted, continual; -*m*, *ad.* constantly. [pelled]

अनवरुध्य an-ava-rodhya, *fp.* not to be com-

अनवलम्बन an-avalambana, *n.* non-adherence, to rejection. [from pride; *m.* modesty.

अनवक्षिप an-avakṣepa, *a.* unanointed; free

अनवलोकयत (an-avalokayat, *pr.pt.* not looking towards (*acc.*)). [unseasonable occasion.]

अनवसर an-avāsara, *m.* inopportune, inopportune.

अनवसिता an-avasitā, *f.* a metre.

अनवस्था an-avasthā, *f.* endlessness, going on *ad infinitum*; -*na*, *n.* inconstancy; -*ya*, *a.* inconstant, wavering.

अनवस्थित an-ava-sthita, *pp.* unstable, wavering; helpless; faithless; unable to stay; -*kṛta*, *a.* unsteady-minded; -*tva*, *n.* -ness.

अनवस्थिति an-avasthiti, *f.* restlessness; instability.

अनवर्हिंसित an-ava-himsita, *pp.* not killed.

अनवर्हित an-ava-hita, (*pp.*) *ad.* inattentively.

अनवाप्ति an-ava-āpti, *pp.* not obtained. [(*c*)]

अनवाप्ति an-avāpti, *f.* non-obtainment.

अनवाप्य an-avāpya, *fp.* unobtainable.

अनवेक्षक an-avekṣha-ka, *a.* paying no regard to (-); -*m*, *ad.* without looking round; -*na*, *n.* disregard, carelessness.

अनवेक्षा an-avekṣhā, *f.* regardlessness.

अनशन an-āsana, *a.* having no food, *m.* fasting; (-*tā*), *f.* *id.*

अनशित an-asta, *pp.* not eaten.

अनशत an-asat, *pr.pt.* not eating. [mg.]

अनश्वान an-as-nuv-āna, *pr.pt.* not reaching.

अनश्रु an-asru, *a.* tearless.

अनश्व an-asvā, *a.* horseless.

अनश्वर an-nasvāra, *a.* imperishable.

अनष्टपशु an-nashta-paśu, *a.* *hyg.* lost no cattle.

अनस्त ānas, *n.* cart (for heavy burdens).

अनसूय an-asūyā, *a.* uncomplaining, not detracting, not envious; kind; -*aka*, *a.* *ikā* *id.*; -*ā*, *f.* non grumbling, ungrudgingness.

अनस्तमित an-astamita, *pp.* not set, un-*ceasing* -*ka*, (*the*) *ad.* before sunset.

अनस्थ an-asthā, *a.* boneless. [*a* *id.*]

अनस्थिक an-asthi-ka, *a.* boneless; -*mat*.

अनहृष्ट an-anham-kṛta, *pp.* unselfish.

अनहृष्ट an-anham-gāta, *pp.* born on an unlucky day.

अना anā, (*in*) *ad.* ever; with *neg.* never.

अनाकम्प an-ākampa, *a.* immovable; -*dhairya*, *a.* of immovable firmness.

अनाकर्षित an-ā-karita, *pp.* not listening.

अनाकस्मिक an-ākasmika, *a.* not accidental.

अनाकुल an-ākula, *a.* not confused; unembarrassed; indifferent.

अनाकृष्ट an-ā-kṛṣṭa, *pp.* not attracted, not carried away. [(*g*)]

अनाक्रम्य an-ā-kramya, *fp.* inaccessible to.

अनाचारित an-ā-khārita, *pp.* blameless.

अनाख्यात an-ā-khyāta, *pp.* undeclared; not indicated. [ing.]

अनाख्याय an-ā-khyā-ya, *gd.* without telling.

अनाख्येय an-ā-khyeya, *fp.* not to be told.

अनाग ān-āga, *a.* guiltless, sinless.

अनागच्छत (an-ā-gakṣhat, *pr.pt.* not coming.

अनागत ān-āgata, *pp.* not arrived; impending.

ing, future; not to be found; -*m* *kṛi*, provide for the future; -*vāt*, *a.* referring to the future; -*vidhātṛi*, *a.* providing for the future, provident; *m.* *N.* of a fish; -*vidhāna*, *n.* provision for the future.

अनागमन an-āgamana, *n.* non-return.

अनागम ān-āgama, *a.* blameless, sinless; inno-

अनागम्य an-āgama, *a.* sinlessness. [cent]

अनाघ्रात an-ā-ghrāta, *pp.* unsmelt; -*pārva*, *a.* unsmelt before.

अनाघृत an-ā-kakṣhat, *pr.pt.* not saying.

अनाचरण an-ākāraṇa, *n.* non-performance.

अनाचार an-ākāra, *a.* ill-bred; *m.* bad behaviour. [out permission.]

अनाज्ञा an-ājñā, *f.* non-permission; *in* with-

अनाज्ञात an-ā-jñāta, *pp.* unknown; unnoticed.

अनातप an-ātap, *a.* shady. [not love-sick]

अनातुर an-ātura, *a.* healthy; undaunted;

अनात्म an-ātmā, *a.* not knowing oneself, foolish. -*tā*, *f.* folly.

अनात्मत्व an-ātmā-tva, *n.* not being soul.

अनात्मन an-ātmāna, *m.* not soul; *a.* lacking soul or sense; -*ina*, *a.* of no use to oneself.

अनात्मवत् an-ātmā-vat, *a.* not self-possessed, beside oneself, -*vedin*, *a.* not knowing oneself, not the Atman. *ā* -*tā*, *f.* *abst.* *s.*, -*na*, *pp.* soulless, stupid; uncontrolled; -*sāt-kṛta*, *pp.* not appropriated.

अनात्रेयी an-ātreyi, *f.* woman who has not bathed after menstruation.

अनाथ 1. an-nātha, *a.* unprotected, helpless. -*vāt*, *ad.* like one helpless. [lessness.]

अनाथ 2. an-nāthā, *n.* unprotectedness, help-

अनादर an-ādara, *m.* disrespect, disregard, indifference, towards (*te*). [*ab.* offhand.]

अनादर्य an-ādāra, *n.* disrespect.

अनादि an-ādi, *a.* having no beginning. -*tā*, *f.* *abst.* *s.* [unorderd]

अनादिष्ट an-ā-diṣṭa, *pp.* not prescribed.

अनादिमव an-ādīma, *a.* blameless. [ed]

अनादृत an-ā-dṛita, *pp.* despised; disregard-

अनादृत्य an-ā-dṛi-tya, *gd.* without regard-
ing [admissible]

अनादय an-ā-deya, *fp.* not to be taken; in-

अनादिश an-ā-deśa, *m.* absence of an injunction. -*paribhāṣā*, *f.* explanatory rule regarding non-specification of deity and metre.

अनाद्य an-ādyā, *fp.* not to be eaten.

अनाद्यन्त an-ādi-anta, *a.* having beginning and end.

अनाधि an-ādhi, *a.* free from cure.

अनाधृत an-ā-dhrishta, *pp.* unconquered.

अनाधृत्य an-ā-dhrishtyā, *fp.* unconquerable; unconquerable.

अनाहत an-ā-dhata, *pp.* unbowed.

अनापद् an-āpad, *f.* absence of calamity; *te*, except in distress or trouble.

अनापि ān-āpi, *a.* lacking friends or kin.

अनाप्ति ān-āpti, *pp.* unattained; not reaching.

अनाप्ति an-āpti, *f.* failure. [to; unskilful.]

अनाप्तु an-āptri, *a.* not obtaining. [to.]
अनाप्तुवत् an-āptu-vat, *pr.pt.* not attaining
अनाप्य an-āpya, *fp.* unattainable.
अनामय an-āmayā, *a.* not fatal; healthy, well; salutary; spared by (*ab.*); *n.* health, welfare; -*prama*, *m.* enquiry after health.
अनामिका ā-nāmi-kā, *f.* (the nameless), ring-finger.
अनामुक्त an-ā-mukta, *pp.* not yet worn.
अनामृष्ट an-ā-mṛishṭa, *pp.* untouched.
अनाम्नाय an-āmnāya, *m.* lack of tradition.
अनाम्य a-nāmya, *fp.* inflexible.
अनाय a-nāya, *a.* impolitic.
अनायक an-ā-yaka, *a.* without a guide.
अनायत an-ā-yata, *pp.* not long, short.
अनायतिक्षम an-āyati-kshama, *a.* not advantageous for the future.
अनायतन an-ā-yatna, *pp.* independent; -*vṛitti*-tā, *f.* independence.
अनायसित an-ā-yasita, *pp.* not drawn (*bow*); -*kārmuka*, *a.* not plying his bow strenuously.
अनायात an-ā-yāta, *pp.* not gone out of (*ab.*).
अनायास an-āyāsa, *m.* no trouble; indefatigableness; *a.* causing no trouble. [less.]
अनायुध an-āyudha, *a.* weaponless, defenceless.
अनायुष्य an-āyushya, *a.* shortening life.
अनारभ्य an-ā-rabhya, *fp.* not to be begun; impossible; -*ārambh-a*, *m.* non-commencement (of, *g.*); *a.* unenterprising -*ina*, *a.* *id.*
अनारुद्ध an-ā-ruddha, *pp.* unlimited.
अनारुह्य an-āruhya, *gd.* without ascending, -*surmounting*, -*incurring*. [oneself to *asc.*]
अनारूढ an-ā-rūḍha, *pp.* not having betaken
अनारोग्य an-ārogya, *a.* unwholesome.
अनार्थ an-ārya, *n.* dishonest conduct.
अनार्य an-ārya, *a.* ignoble, dishonourable; un-*Āryan*; -*karma*, *a.* performing the works of a non-*Āryan*; -*tā*, *f.* dishonourableness; -*vṛitta*, *pp.* behaving dishonourably.
अनार्ष an-ārsha, *a.* not belonging to the *Arishis*.
अनार्षेय an-ārshaya, *a.* *id.* [Rishis].
अनाल a-nāla, *a.* stalkless.
अनालक्ष्य an-ā-lakshya, *fp.* invisible.
अनालपन an-ālapana, *n.* no conversation w.
अनालस्य an-ālasya, *n.* assiduity. [(*g.*)].
अनालीढ an-ā-līḍha, *pp.* unchecked.
अनालोचित an-ā-lochita, *pp.* not considered.
अनालोच्य an-ā-lokya, *gd.* not having looked at, not having considered.
अनावर्तिन an-āvartina, *a.* not returning.
अनावृद्धि an-āvṛiddhi, *a.* not belonging to the *Gāṇas*. [wounded].
अनावृद्ध an-āvṛiddha, *pp.* unpierced, un-
अनाविल an-āvila, *a.* not dim, clear; healthy.
अनाविश्रुत an-āvish-kṛta, *pp.* not become
अनावृत्त an-āvṛita, *a.* not returning, [unpatient].
अनावृत an-āvṛita, *pp.* unclosed; not fenced in; untrenched; unprotected.
अनावृष्टि an-āvṛishṭi, *f.* want of rain, drought.

अनाश 1. a-nāsa, *m.* preservation.
अनाश 2. an-āsa, *a.* void of expectation.
अनाशक an-āśaka, *n.* fasting; starvation.
अनाशास्य an-āśāya, *fp.* unwished for.
अनाशित an-āśita, *pp.* hungry. [*n. abst. N.*]
अनाशिन 1. an-āśina, *a.* not eating; (*st*)-*tva*,
अनाशिन 2. a-nāśina, *a.* unperishing.
अनाशिष्ठ an-āś-ishṭha, *spe.* slowest.
अनाशिस an-āśisa, *a.* undesirable.
अनाशु an-āśu, *a.* not quick, slow. [āśramas].
अनाश्रम an-āśrama, *m.* none of the 4 (or 3)
अनाश्रय 1. an-āśraya, *m.* independence of (*g.*).
अनाश्रय 2. an-āśraya, *a.* defenceless; affording no support; -*tā*, *f.* *abst. N.*
अनाश्रयव an-āśraya, *a.* disobedient (to, *g.*).
अनाश्रित an-āśrita, *pp.* independent; regardless of (*ac*).
अनाश्रय an-āś-vas, *pp.* not having eaten.
अनाश्र a-nāshṭrā, *a.* exposed to no danger,
अनासन्न an-ā-sanna, *pp.* not near (*g.*). [safe].
अनासवाय an-āsava-ākhyā, *a.* not called distilled spirit
अनासादयत् an-ā-sād-ayat, *pr.pt.* not obtaining; -*ita*, *pp.* not reached, not attained; -*ya*, *fp.* unattainable.
अनास्तिक an-āstika, *a.* unbelieving, godless; -*kya*, *n.* unbelief, godlessness.
अनास्तीर्ण an-ā-stīrna, *pp.* uncovered, bare.
अनास्था an-āsthā, *f.* indifference towards (*lc*). [-*pārva*, *a.* not tasted before].
अनास्तादित an-ā-svādita, *pp.* not tasted;
अनाहत an-ā-hata, *pp.* not struck; unwashed, new. [tion]; *a.* abstaining from food
अनाहार an-āhāra, *m.* abstinence, starvation.
अनाहिताग्नि an-āhita-agni, *a.* not keeping up the sacred fire; -*tā*, *f.* *abst. N.* [moned].
अनाहृत an-ā-hṛta, *pp.* uncalled, unsu-
अनाह्वान an-āhṛvāna, *n.* not calling; not summoning (*legally*).
अनिकेत a-niketa, *a.* houseless.
अनिक्षिप्त a-ni-kshipta, *pp.* not laid aside.
अनिगड a-nigada, *a.* only lacking chains.
अनियह a-nigraha, *m.* lack of restraint.
अनिचय a-nikaya, *a.* storeless; *m.* not storing
अनिच्छत् an-ikkhat, *pr.pt.* not wishing. [up].
अनिच्छा an-ikkhā, *f.* aversion; *in.* involun-
अनिष्ट an-it, *a.* having no (*it* (*g.*)). [tarily].
अनित्य a-nitya, *a.* transient; temporary; uncertain; inconstant; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* transitoriness, uncertainty, instability. [then].
अनित्यम् a-nityam, *ad.* not continually, now
अनिष्ठात्मन anitya ātman, *a.* whose soul is unobscured.
अनिदाघदीधिति a-nidāgha-didhiti, *m.*
अनिदान a-nidāna, *a.* groundless. [moon].
अनिदिष्ट an-id-it, *a.* having no *i* as an *it*.
अनिद्र a-nidra, *a.* sleepless, wakeful; -*tā*,
अनिद्रा a-nidrā, *f.* sleeplessness. [*f.* -ness.

अनिन्दत् a-nind-at, *pr.pt.* not blaming.
अनिन्दा ā-nindā, *f.* lack of blame. [*fp. id*]
अनिन्दित a-nind-ita, *pp.* blameless; -*ya*
अनिपुण a-nipuna, *a.* unskilful; tactless.
अनिबद्ध ā-ni-baddha, *pp.* unfastened; not curing for (*lc.*); disconnected; not (*morally*) bound. [immodest; -*tva*, *n.* mobility]
अनिभृत a-ni-bhṛita, *pp.* movable, restless;
अनिमित्त a-nimitta, *n.* bad omen; *a.* not to be predicted, precarious; groundless: °-*m*, -*tas*, *ad.* causelessly. [*ac*, *in.* watchfully]
अनिमिष ā-nimish, *f.* absence of winking;
अनिमिष a-nimishā, *a.* not closing the eyes, unwinking, wakeful; -*āris*, *m.* fish.
अनिमिषत् ā-ni-mishat, *pr.pt.* unwinking.
अनिमिष a-nimesha, *a.* not winking; *m.* absence of winking; -*tā*, *f.* *abst. N.*
अनियत a-ni-yata, *pp.* unrestrained, unlimited, uncertain; unusual; -*vṛitti*, *a.* having no fixed means of livelihood; -*velam*, *ad.* at an uncertain time. [his mind controlled]
अनियतात्मन a-niyata ātman, *a.* not having
अनियन्त्रण a-niyantraṇa, *a.* unconstrained: -*m*, *ad.* without limit, freely; -*anuyoga*, *a.* to be asked without constraint.
अनियन्त्रणा a-niyantraṇā, *f.* absoluteness.
अनियम a-niyama, *m.* lack of limitation; want of self-restraint. [simile].
अनियमोपमा aniyama upamā, *f.* kind of
अनियुक्त a-ni-yukta, *pp.* not commissioned, not instructed; unfamiliar with (*lc.*).
अनियुज्यमान a-ni-yug-ya-māna, *pp.* *ps.pt.* unauthorized. [visiting (*g.*)].
अनिरीक्षक a-nirīksha-ka, *a.* not seeing, not
अनिर्वाक्य ā-nir-ukta, *pp.* unexpressed; implicit. *said of verses in which the deity is not expressly named.*
अनिर्क्षिप्त a-ni-āpita, *pp.* not viewed.
अनिर्जित a-nir-gita, *pp.* unconquered.
अनिर्णीत a-nir-nikta, *pp.* unpurified. [justed].
अनिर्णीत a-nir-nita, *pp.* undecided, unad-
अनिर्दय a-nirdaya, *a.* soft, tender: °-, *ad.* gently. [after a birth or death]; -*āha*, *a.* *id.*
अनिर्दश a-nir-dasa, *a.* not past the ten days
अनिर्दिष्ट a-nir-dishṭa, *pp.* undetermined; unspecified; unauthorized; -*kāramam*, *ad.* without indicating the reason.
अनिर्देश a-nir-desa, *m.* non-specification
अनिर्देश a-nir-dexya, *fp.* not to be specified.
अनिर्बन्धश्च a-nirbandha-rush, *a.* persistent in anger. [undifferentiated; vague].
अनिर्भिन a-nir-bhinna, *pp.* uninterrupted.
अनिर्भेद a-nir-bheda, *m.* non-betrayal.
अनिर्लोडित a-nir-lodita, *pp.* not thoroughly investigated. [defined (by or as, *in.*)].
अनिर्वचनीय a-nir-vakaniya, *fp.* not to be
अनिर्वर्णनीय a-nir-varnaniya, *fp.* not to be looked at.
अनिर्वाच्य a-nir-vākya, *fp.* inexpressible; -*vāna*, *pp.* unextinguished, unended; untamed, wild; -*vāhya*, *gd.* without executing.

अनिर्वृत a-nir-vṛta, *pp.* dissatisfied, unhappy; -*vṛti*, *f.* lack of pleasure, sorrow.

अनिर्वृता a-nir-vṛta, *pp.* unaccomplished.

अनिर्वेद a-nirveda, *m.* intrepidity, undauntedness, self-reliance.

अनिर्वेदिता a-nir-vedita, *pp.* not displayed.

अनिर्वेश a-nirvesa, *a.* not having atoned for his sins.

अनिर्हास्य a-nirhāṣa, *a.* having nothing wanting in the recitation of the (Yāgya) verses. [low.]

अनिर्ह्रादिन् a-nirhrādin, *a.* not resonant.

अनिल ān-ila, *m.* wind; Vāyu; vital air (one of the 3 humours of the body); *N.* of Rāksasa.

अनिलय a-nilaya, *a.* not resting, restless.

अनिलात्मज anila ātmaja, *m. ep.* of Bhīma.

अनिलाहति anila āhati, *f.* gust of wind.

अनिवर्तक a-ni-varta-ka, *a.* not turning back not fleeing; -*niya*, *fp.* not to be turned back.

अनिवर्तित्व a-nivartita-tva, *n.* brave resistance; -*tr*, *a.* not fleeing; not to be resisted.

अनिवारण a-ni-vār-ana, *n.* non-prevention; -*ita*, *pp.* unhindered; -*ya*, *fp.* not to be kept off, irresistible. [resting.]

अनिविशमान ā-ni-vi-sam-āna, *pr. pt.* not

अनिवृत्तमांस a-nivṛta-māmsa, *a.* not refraining from meat. [non-cessation]

अनिवृत्ति a-nivṛtti, *f.* brave resistance;

अनिवेद्य a-ni-vedya, *gd.* without reporting.

अनिश a-niśa, *a.* continual; °. -*m*, *ad.* -ly.

अनिशान्त a-ni-śānta, *pp.* unextinguished.

अनिशित ā-ni-śita, *pp.* not resting -*m*, *ad.* continually.

अनिश्चय a-niś-cha, *a.* undecided; *m.* indecision; -*kṛta*, *pp.* irresolute; uncertain; -*kṛtya*, *gd.* without having ascertained.

अनिश्चिन्त्य a-niś-čintya, *fp.* inscrutable.

अनिश्चय a-niś-cha, *fp.* unascertainable.

अनिःशेषिता a-niś-śeṣita, *pp.* not completely destroyed.

अनिषय a-niś-cha, *a.* proof against arrows.

अनिषिद्ध a-niś-śiddha, *pp.* unhindered; not prohibited. [with arrows]

अनिषुचारिन् a-niś-cha-ārin, *a.* not hunting.

अनिष्कषाय a-niś-kaṣāya, *a.* not free from

अनिष्कृता a-niś-kṛta, *pp.* unexpected [lust.]

अनिष्ट 1. ā-niśta, *pp.* displeasing (to, *g.*), unpleasant, unlucky, hurtful, forbidden, disapproved of, *n.* evil, calamity. [be sacrificed to.]

अनिष्ट 2. ā-niśta, *pp.* not sacrificed; not to

अनिष्टगन्ध ā-niśta-gandha, *a.* ill-smelling.

अनिष्ठुर a-niśthura, *a.* not rough, friendly.

अनिष्पन्न a-niś-panna, *pp.* not ripened, spoiled; -*tva*, *n. abs.* s. [out]

अनिःसरत् a-niś-sarat, *pr. pt.* not coming.

अनिह an-iha, *a.* having no 'here,' i.e. not troubling about this world.

अनिहत a-ni-hata, *pp.* not slain.

अनीक ān-ika, *n.* face, front; middle; edge, point; troop, array, army; -*īni*, *f.* army.

अनीक a-nika, *a.* not of low degree; -*ana-vartin*, *a.* not following base practices.

अनीजान ān-ij-āna, *pf. pt.* not having sacrificed.

अनीति a-nīti, *f.* bad policy, imprudence, foolishness; -*gūṇa*, *a.* impolitic, indiscreet, foolish.

अनीतिशास्त्र a-nītiśāstra-gūṇa, *a.* unacquainted with the teachings of policy.

अनीदृमात्मन् an-idṛig-ātman, *a.* unique; -*āya*, *a.* not having such sentiments.

अनीप्सित an-ipsita, *des. pp.* unwished for, disagreeable, unpleasant. [girdle.]

अनीरश a-ni-rasana, *a.* not lacking a

अनीर्य an-iśrya, *र्थ* -shyu, *a.* not jealous.

अनीश an-iśa, *a.* not mastering, having no control over (*g.*); -*tva*, *n. abs.* s.

अनीश्वर ān-iśvara, *a.* lordless; not proper to the supreme being, not master of (*g.*), unable to (*inf.*). [nothing]

अनीहमान an-iha-māna, *pr. pt.* desiring.

अनीहित an-ihiṭa, *pp.* not desired.

अनु ānu, *ad.* afterwards, then; again; *pp.* *u. ac.* along, towards, over, after; according to, for (not against), with regard to; *u. ac.*, *ab.*, *g.* after (of time), *u. ab.* on account of.

अनुकच्छन् anu-kakṣham, *ad.* on every bank.

अनुकथन anu-kathana, *n.* report.

अनुकथनम् anu-kanakṣham, *ad.* above Kanakakṣha.

अनुकम्प anu-kampan-ka, *a.* sympathising with; -*na*, *n.* compassion; -*niya*, *fp.* deserving compassion.

अनुकम्पा anu-kamp-ā, *f.* compassion sympathy with *g.*, *le.*, °; -*ina*, *a.* sympathising *u. g.*, °; -*ya*, *fp.* to be felt for. [of sympathy]

अनुकम्पीति anu-kamp-ā ukti, *f.* expression.

अनुकर anu-karā, *a.* imitating; *m.* assistant.

अनुकरण anu-karana, *n.* imitation.

अनुकर्ष anu-karṣha, *m.* °, *an.* drawing after, supplying what precedes *gr.* -*karṣha*, *a.* drawing after; -*kalpa*, *m.* secondary rule substituted for an impracticable primary one.

अनुकाङ्क्षन् anu-kāṅkṣha, *a.* striving after, eager; -*kāma*, *m.* desire, longing; *a.* conforming to one's wish -*m*, *ad.* -*kāra*, -*ka*, *a.* imitating, resembling; -*kārin*, *a. ad.* corresponding, conforming to, following; -*kārya*, *fp.* to be represented, *n.* subsequent business; -*kālam*, *ad.* at the regular time.

अनुकीर्तन anu-kīrtana, *a.* proclaiming, mentioning; blazoning abroad, -*kīrtya*, *fp.* to be proclaimed.

अनुकूल anu-kūla, *a.* toward the bank, facing; suitable; agreeable; favourable; well-disposed -*m*, *ad.* on the bank; -*kārin*, *a.* showing kindness; -*ya*, *m.* tree growing on the bank; -*tā*, *f.*, *tva*, *n.* favour; proneness; -*na*, *n.* currying favour, -*pariśama*, *a.* terminating favourably.

अनुकूलय anu-kūlaya, *den. P.* flatter (*ac.*).

अनुकूलोक्ति anukūla ukti, *n.* pleasing speech.

अनुकृति anu-kṛti, *f.* imitation; -*kṛitya*, *fp.* to be imitated; -*kṛishā-tva*, *n.* the being supplied from a preceding rule *gr.*).

अनुकृति anu-kṛti, *f.* peculiarity.

अनुक्त an-ukta, *pp.* unuttered, undiscussed;

unannounced; -*tva*, *n. abs.* s.; -*khiva-vakṣa*, *a.* not having uttered vain words.

अनुक्रम anu-krama, *m.* regular order: *in.* & *ab.* in order; table of contents: -*na*, *n.* enumeration, -*nā*, *f.*, -*nī-kā*, *f.* table of contents; Vedic index; -*kṛama*, *m.* compassion, sympathy with *prati*; *g.*, *le.*, °; -*va*, *a.* sympathetic; -*ātmata*, *f.* compassionateness; -*kṛasam*, *ad.* every moment, continually; -*kṛasam*, *ad.* every night.

अनुख्याति ānu-khyāti, *f.* beholding.

अनुग anu-ga, *a.* following; flying after; corresponding to; °; *m.* follower; *pl.* retinue; -*gati*, *f.* following; -*ka*, *a.* following; imitating, conforming to; -*gantavya*, *fp.* to be followed or accompanied; -*gama*, *m.*, -*na*, *n.* following; -*gara*, *m.* invitation addressed to the reciter; -*garāṭa*, *n.* echo; -*gāmin*, *a.* following, obedient to (*ac.*); *m.* servant; -*giram*, *ad.* on the mountain.

अनुगीत anu-gita, (*pp.*) *n.* imitative song; -*giti*, *f.* a metre; -*gana*, *a.* of similar qualities with, corresponding, suitable to; °; -*m*, *ad.* according to merit, -*tva*, *n. abs.* s.; -*grāhita*, *pp.* favoured, obliged, -*godam*, *ad.* on the river Godā.

अनुग्रह anu-graha, *m.* favour; -*kṛit*, *a.* giving satisfaction; -*na*, *n.* showing favour; -*artham*, *ad.* in favour of; -*kṛi*, make a token of favour; -*grāhaka*, *a.* favouring, furthering; *m.* supporter; -*grāhya*, *fp.* deserving favour; favoured by (*g.*); -*gha/ana*, *n.* continuation.

अनुचर anu-chara, *a.* (1); ° (2) following; *m.* attendant; *pl.* retinue. [with (*in.*).

अनुचित 1. anu-čita, *pp.* studied all along.

अनुचित 2. an-ukita, *pp.* unaccustomed; unusual; unfit, unseemly, improper, -*artha*, *a.* having an unusual or unsuitable meaning.

अनुचितान anu-čit-ana, *n.* reflexion, -*ā*, *f.* id.

अनुक्ष an-ukṣa, *a.* low (throat); -*ul-kalat*, *pp.* *pl.* not departing from *ab.*; -*ul-kṛta*, *pp.* not plucked; -*ul-kṣhina*, *pp.* uninterrupted, unimpeded, -*ul-kṣhina*, *pp.* *a.* no more remnant; *a.* containing no remains of food, clean; -*ul-kṣhasat*, *pr. pt.* not breathing.

अनुज anu-ja, *a.* born after, younger; *m.* younger brother; *f.* *ā*, younger sister; -*janman*, *m.* younger brother, -*gāta*, *pp.* *√*gan; -*ka*, *a.* taking after, like *ac.*; -*gha/kṣh*, *f.* desire to gratify, -*ghika*, *m.* follower; -*ghvin*, *a.* *m.* dependent, inferior, -*ghvi-sāt-kṛi*, subject, -*ghvya*, *fp.* to be lived according to.

अनुज्ञा anu-gñā, *f.* consent; leave to depart; -*na*, *n. id.*

अनुतट anu-taṭa, ° or -*m*, *ad.* on the bank; -*tarsha*, *m.* thirst; intoxicating drink; -*tāpa*, *m.* repentance; pain, woe -*na*, *a.* causing repentance; afflicting; -*tiṣṭh/ānu*, *des.* a about to carry out (*ac.*).

अनुत्कीर्ण anu-ut-kīrna, *pp.* not hollowed out; -*ut-kṛta*, *pp.* *n.* not uneven ground.

अनुत 1. ānu-ta, *pp.* *√*da.

अनुत 2. ānu-ta, *pp.* invincible.

अनुत्तम an-uttama, *a.* (without a highest), highest, most excellent; mightiest; -*uttara*, *a.* not answering; unanswerable, *n.* unsatisfactory answer in court; -*tva*, *n. abs.* s.; -*uttaranga*, *a.* not billowy; -*utthāna*, *n.* lack of energy; -*utpatti*, *f.* non-production; -*utpāda*, *m.* *ad.*; non-appearance; -*utthāna*, *m.* absence of energy; -*utthāna*, *a.* weak-willed; -*utthāna-tā*, *f.* unassumingness, modesty; -*utthāna-pada-nyāsa*, *a.* without a

step against the rules of policy; without a word against grammatical rules; -**utseka**, *m.* lack of presumption, modesty; -**utsekin**, *a.* unassuming, modest, humble.

अनुदक an-udaká, *a.* waterless; -**udaya**, *m.* non-appearance; -**bhāg**, *a.* not rising (moon).

अनुदर्श anu-darsa, *m.* representation, advertisement; -**na**, *n.* consideration; -**darsin**, *a.* perceiving; considering.

अनुदात्त an-udātta, *a.* not elevated, vulgar; lowered, grave (accent); pronounced with the low tone; *m.* grave accent; -**tara**, *m.* lowered grave accent preceding acute or circumflex, -**tva**, *n.* tonelessness.

अनुदार 1. an-udāra, *a.* ignoble.

अनुदार 2. anu-dāra, *a.* ruled by his wife.

अनुदासीन an-ud-āsina, *pp.* not indifferent to (prati).

अनुदित 1. ān-ud-i-ta, *pp.* not risen (*sun*).

अनुदित 2. ān-ud-ita, *pp.* undiscussed; not to be uttered.

अनुदिन anu-dina ° or -**m**, *ad.* every day

अनुदिवसम् anu-divasam, *id.*

अनुदेश anu-desa, *m.* subsequent enumeration corresponding to a previous one; injunction; -**deham**, *ad.* behind; from behind.

अनुद्वात an-udghāta, *m.* no jolt, no shock; -**ud-dhata**, *pp.* not haughty, humble; -**ud-dharita**, *pp.* not taken out beforehand.

अनुद्यम an-udyama, *m.* absence of exertion; -**adyoga**, *n.* id.; inactivity; -**adyogin**, *a.* not exerting oneself, lazy; -**ud-vigna**, *pp.* not agitated, not frightened. -**m**, *ad.*; -**udvega**, *m.* absence of excitement, calmness; -**kara**, *a.* not agitating, not frightening; -**udvega**, *a.* causing no excitement, giving no offence to (*g*); -**ud-vegayat**, *pp.* not agitating.

अनुधावन anu-dhāvana, *n.* running after; cleansing; -**dhāvana**, *n.* meditation; -**dhāyā**, *n.* reflecting; indulging in longing; -**dhāya**, *fp.* to be reflected on.

अनुनय anu-naya, *a.* friendly; *m.* conciliation; friendliness; courtesy, flattery.

अनुनाद anu-nāda, *m.* echo; sound; -**nādin**, *a.* echoing; -**nāyaka**, *a.* ikā reconciling; -**nāyana**, *a.* reconciling; -**nāyika**, *f.* secondary heroine; -**nāsika**, *a.* nasal, *m.* nasalised vowel. -**bhāva**, *m.* nasality.

अनुनिशम् anu-nisam, *ad.* every night

अनुनीति anu-niti, *f.* friendliness

अनुनेय anu-neya, *fp.* to be conciliated.

अनुमत्त an-un-matta, *pp.* not mad, sane.

अनुमदित ān-un-madita, *cs. pp.* unfrenzied, restored to one's senses.

अनुपकारिन् an-upakārin, *a.* not doing or unable to do a friendly service.

अनुपक्रम्य an-upa-kramya, °क्राम्य -**krāmya**, *fp.* not to be cured.

अनुपघ्नन् an-upa-ghnat, *pp.* not injuring.

अनुपचर्य an-upa-charya, *fp.* who need not be waited on; unpretending; unselfish.

अनुपत्तिका anu-pattikā, *f.* letter.

अनुपदम् anu-padam, *ad.* immediately after (*g*); repeatedly; at every step. [mg.]

अनुपदिन् anu-padin, *a.* pursuing, searching.

अनुपदेश्य an-upa-deshtavya, *fp.* not to be reported; -**nyasta**, *pp.* unexplained.

अनुपपत्ति an-upapatti, *f.* not coming to pass, impossibility; *a.* inadmissible, impossible; -**upa-panna**, *pp.* unsuitable; unproved, inadmissible; -**upa-bhūgyamāna**, *pp.* not being enjoyed (riches); -**upa-bhogyā**, *fp.* not to be enjoyed; -**upama**, *a.* incomparable; -**upa-yat**, *pp.* not cohabiting with; -**upa-yukta**, *pp.* unserviceable, useless; unfit; -**upa-yūgyamāna**, *pp.* good for nothing; -**upayogin**, *a.* unserviceable; (1) -**tva**, *n.* abst. *s.*; -**aparodha**, *m.* not prejudicing, not injuring; -**tas**, *ad.* without inconvenience; -**upalakshita**, *pp.* unnoticed; -**upalebbhi**, *f.* non-perception; imperceptibility; -**upalambha**, *m.* id.; -**upasam-hārin**, *a.* non-exclusive (fallacious middle term); -**upasarga**, *a.* not combined with a preposition; -**upa-skṛita**, *pp.* unprepared; simple; unfurnished with (*in*); disinterested; -**upa-hata**, *pp.* healthy; undisputed; -**ātmaka**, *a.* not dejected, cheerful; -**upa-hita**, *pp.* unconditional, unappropriated.

अनुपाकृत an-upa ā-kṛita, *pp.* unconsecrated.

अनुपात anu-pāta, *m.* going after, following; -**ka**, *n.* minor crime equal to a mortal crime; -**pātin**, *a.* following.

अनुपारत an-upa ā-rata, *pp.* not deriving from (ab.). [serving.]

अनुपालक anu-pālaka, *a.* guarding, pre-

अनुपालय an-upa ābhya, *fp.* not to be blamed; to be observed. [ing (-^o)]

अनुपालिन् anu-pālin, *a.* guarding, protect-

अनुपूर्व 1. anu-pūrvā, *a.* compounded w. anu.

अनुपूर्व 2. anu-pūrvā, *a.* following the one preceding; regular; -**m**, *ad.* in regular order; -**san**, *ad.* in successive order; according to the order of (*g*).

अनुपेक्ष an-upēksha, *a.* not neglecting; not hvg. the consent of (*in*); -**tva**, *n.* abst. *s.*

अनुपेति ān-upeti, *pp.* who has not yet gone to his teacher; -**pūrvā**, *a.* id.

अनुप्रपत्त्य anu-pri-pattavya, *fp.* to be followed, -**pra-va/aniya**, *fp.* requisite for learning the Veda; -**pravasa**, *a.* entering, penetrating into feelings, &c.; accommodation to (-^o); -**prāna**, *m.* enquire after *g*; -**prasa**, *f.* connexion; -**prāsa**, *m.* aliteration.

अनुबन्ध anu-bandha, *m.* attachment; continuity; series; posterity; consequence; motive; mute letter *gr.*, indispensable element; -**na**, *n.* uninterrupted series; -**bandhin**, *a.* connected with (-^o); extensive; lasting long; (1) -**tva**, *n.* abst. *s.*; -**bala**, *n.* rear (of an army); -**bodha**, *m.* noticing, perceiving; reviving an evaporated smell; -**bodhya**, *fp.* to be recognised, to be made acquainted with.

अनुभव anu-bhava, *m.* perception, feeling; spirit; -**bhāva**, *m.* enjoyment; power, dignity; -**bhāvin**, *a.* perceiving; *m.* eye-witness; -**bhāshit**, *a.* addressing; -**bhūta**, *pp.* experienced, felt, enjoyed; -**bhūti**, *f.* perception, apprehension.

अनुमत anu-mata, *pp.* approved; permitted; *n.* consent, i.e. with the consent of (*g*); -**ānu-mati**, *f.* approbation, assent; -**mantri**, *m.* one who assents; -**mantra**, *n.* recitation of a verse to (*g*); -**marana**, *n.* following in death (*esp.* of widows).

अनुमा anu-mā, *f.* conclusion; -**mādyā**, *fp.* to be lailed; -**māna**, *n.* inference; argument; -**mānana**, *n.* persuasion; -**mārga**, *m.* following; seeking; *m.* after (*g*); -**mārdava**, *n.* pity; -**mālini-tīram**, *ad.* on the bank of the M; -**miti**, *f.* conclusion, inference; -**mit**, *a.* following in death; -**meva**, *fp.* to be inferred.

अनुयाय anu-yāyā, *m.* after-sacrifice; -**vat**, *a.* accompanied with an -; -**yātavya**, *fp.* to be followed; -**yātri**, *m.* companion; -**yātra**, *n.*, *ā*, *f.* retinue; escort; -**yātrika**, *m.* pl. retinue; -**yāna**, *n.* following; -**yāyī-tā**, *f.* following; -**tva**, *n.* id.; -**yāyin**, *a.* following; *m.* follower; -**yugam**, *ad.* according to the (4) ages; -**yoga**, *m.* question, enquiry; -**yogyā**, *fp.* at the disposal of (-^o); to be asked.

अनुरक्त anu-rakta, *pp.* devoted, attached, fond; -**rakti**, *f.* attachment, fondness; -**raṅga**, *a.* gratifying; -**raṅgana**, *n.* gaining the affection of; -**rathya**, *f.* footpath, pavement; -**rāga**, *m.* colouring; redness; affection; attachment; fondness for (-^o); contentment; -**vat**, *a.* red; fond; enamoured of (*nāna*); -**i**, *f.* N.; -**srīrāgaravatya**, *du.* f. Anurāgaravati and *srīrāgaravati*; -**rāgi-tā**, *f.* attachment; -**rāgin**, *a.* attached to; worldly; enamoured; lovely; -**rātram**, *ad.* by night.

अनुरूप ānu-rūpa, *a.* suitable; conformable to; fit for (*g*); -**m**, -**tas**, *in.* *ad.* in proportion to (-^o); -**rūpaka**, *a.* suitable, conformable, corresponding; -**rodha**, *m.* compliance, gratification; regard, consideration; -**rōdhana**, *n.* compliance; partiality; -**rodhin**, *a.* considering (-^o); (1) -**tā**, *f.* complaisance.

अनुलेप anu-lepa, *m.* anointing; ointment; -**na**, *n.* id.; -**lepin**, *a.* anointed with (-^o); -**loma**, *a.* following the hair, with the grain; -**in**, *in.* in the natural direction, downwards; *in.* in a friendly way; *f.* ā, spell (*ac.* vidyā); girl of lower caste than the man she marries; -**ya**, *a.* born of such a union; -**lomana**, *a.* putting in due order; *n.* pugging.

अनुल्बण an-ulbhavā, *a.* not too much or too little, moderate; -**ul-lāgha-aniya**, *fp.* not to be infringing; -**ita**, *pp.* not transgressed.

अनुवंश anu-vamsa, *m.* geneological table; *a.* equal by birth; -**m**, by birth; -**vamsya**, *a.* relating to one's genealogy; -**vā/ana**, *n.* repetition, study; lesson; -**vanam**, *ad.* in the forest; in every forest; -**vana antam**, *ad.* in the forest; -**vandin**, *a.* praising; -**vapram**, *ad.* on the bank; -**vartana**, *n.* continuation; compliance, tractableness; -**vartaniya**, *fp.* to be followed; -**varti-tva**, *n.* compliance; -**vartin**, *a.* following, yielding, obedient; -**vartman**, *a.* following, serving; -**vartya**, *fp.* to be followed; -**vama**, *m.* obedience; *a.* obedient; -**vasha-kāra**, *m.* repetition of the concluding sacrificial invocation.

अनुवाक anu-vākā, *m.* repetition; lesson, section of a Vedic text; -**vākya**, *fp.* to be recited; *f.* ā, verse to be recited by the *Hotri* or *Maitrāvaruṇa* priest.

अनुवाच् anu-vāc, *f.* = anu-vākā; -**vāta**, *m.* following wind; -**vāda**, *m.* repetition; rediscussion; translation; -**vādin**, *a.* repeating; harmonising with, like; -**vāsaram**, *ad.* day by day; -**vāsina**, *a.* abiding in; -**vidhāyin**, *a.* conforming to; compliant, obedient; -**vidhoya**, *fp.* to be conforming to; to be prescribed according to (*in*); -**vi-tta**, *pp.* oval; *n.* obedience, compliance; -**vritti**, *f.* continuance; carrying on a word to a following *sūtra* (*gr.*); repetition; compliance; conformity with; attachment. [sionally.]

अनुवेलम् anu-velam, *ad.* continually; occa-

अनुवेश anu-veśa, *m.* entering.

अनुव्याध anu-vyādhā, *n.* filling; -**vyāhara**, *n.* repeated recitation; -**vyāhāra**, *m.* cursing; -**vra-gya**, *fp.* to be accompanied; -**vra-gyā**, *f.* attendance on a person departing; (anu)-**vrata**, *a.* devoted to (*ac.* *g*).

अनुसक्ति anu-sakti, *f.* a subordinate Sakti

ing; disappearance: -*m gam*, 1. -*vrag*, disappear; -*dhi*, *m.* concealment: -*m gam*, disappear; -*dhairya*, *n.* inward firmness; -*ni-hita*, *pp.* placed within.

अन्तर्बाष्प antar-bāshpa, *m.* restrained tears; *a.* restraining the tears; -*bhavana*, *ad.* in or into the house; -*bhāva*, *m.* inclusion in (-); disappearance: -*m gam*, disappear; -*bhāvita*, *pp.* included; -*bhūta*, *pp.* contained (in -); -*tva*, *n. abs. s.*; -*bheda*, *m.* internal rupture, -*mada avastha*, *a.* whose rut is still within, *e* has not yet outwardly shown itself; -*mandira*, *n.* harem; -*manmatha*, *m.* concealed love; -*mukha*, *a.* entering the mouth; turned inwards.

अन्तर्धर्म antar-yāma, *m.* Soma draught while suppressing the breath; -*yāmin*, *m.* the inner guide; -*laṅgha*, *f.* inward shame; -*lāpā*, *f.* middle containing its own solution; -*lina*, *pp.* √li.

अन्तर्वैशिक antar-vaiśika, *m.* superintendent of the harem; -*vat*, *a. f. i. d. ni.* pregnant; -*vastra*, *n.* under-garment; -*vāni*, *a.* leaved; -*vāsa*, *m.* abiding in: -*vāsa*, *n.* under-garment; -*vāśika*, *m.* -*vaiśika*, -*viśha*, *a.* poisonous within; -*vedi*, *n. pl.* inhabitants of Antaredi; -*vedi*, *f. N.* of a country between the Ganges and the Yamunā.

अन्तर्हास anta-hāsa, *m.* suppressed laughter; -*ma*, *ad.* with suppressed laughter

अन्तर्हित antar-hita, *pp.* (√dhā) vanished.

अन्तर्वत् anta-vat, *a.* having an end, finite, perishable.

अन्तश्चर antas-kara, *a.* moving in the body; -*aitanya*, *a.* internally conscious.

अन्तःशिल्प anta-shilpa, *n.* arrow (fig.) in the heart; -*sava*, *a.* containing a corpse; -*śleshā*, *m.* -*ya*, *n.* connecting frame.

अन्तःसत्क्रिया anta-satkriyā, *f.* last honour (to the dead).

अन्तःक्षोप antas-tāpa, *m.* inner heat; *a.* glowing within; -*toya*, *a.* containing water within.

अन्तःसंज्ञ anta-saṅgā, *a.* internally conscious, showing no consciousness; -*sattva*, *n.* inner nature; -*salila*, *a.* whose waters are hidden; -*ma*, *ad.* in the water; -*salila-stha*, *a.* standing in the water; -*sāna*, *ad.* in the mountain ridge; -*sāra*, *n.* inner content or worth, *a.* hyg force or water within; -*sukha*, *a.* hyg. his happiness within; -*stha*, *a.* being within (*g.* -).

अन्तावसायिन anta-avasāyin, *m.* kāmāla.

अन्ति anti, *ad.* opposite; before; near: *pp.* near to (*g.* -).

अन्तिक anti-kā, *n.* vicinity, presence; -*m*, *ad.* near, up to; *ab.* from near; close to; from; *m.*, *lc.* near, close to, before (*g.* -); -*kara*, *a.* moving about (-).

अन्तितस् anti-tas, *ad.* from near.

अन्तिम anti-ma, *a.* last, final.

अन्तैवास ante-vāsa, *m.* neighbour, companion; -*vāsin*, *m.* (abiding near), pupil.

अन्तैदात्त anta-udātta, *a.* having the acute accent on the last syllable; -*tva*, *n. abs. s.*

अन्तर्ध्या antya, *a.* last; lowest; *m.* man of lowest caste; *f.* a woman; -*karman*, *n.* last act, cremation; -*ga*, *a.* born in the lowest caste (also *s.*); -*ganman*, *a. id.*; -*gāti*, *a. id.*; -*tā*, *f. abs. s.*; -*yonī*, *a.* of the lowest birth.

अन्तर् anta, *n.* entrails.

अन्दु andu, **अन्दू** andū, *f.* chain; *esp.* foot-chain, ankle.

अन्दोलन andolana, *n.* swinging. [dolita.

अन्दोलय andolaya, *den.* P. swing: *pp.* an-

अन्ध andhā, *a.* blind, dim; pitch-dark; blinded, obscured by (-).

अन्धक andha-ka, *a.* blind; *m. N. of an Asura* -*ghātin*, *m. N. of Siva*; -*ripu*, *m. id.*

अन्धकार andha-kāra, *a.* dark; *n.* -ness: -*tā*, *f. id.*; -*maya*, *a.* dark.

अन्धकारित andha-kārita, *pp.* darkened, wrapt in darkness.

अन्धकूप andha-kūpa, *m.* hidden well, pitfall; -*tamasa*, *n.* thick darkness; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* blindness; -*tāmisa*, *m.* thick darkness; blindness; *N. of a hell*.

अन्धय andhaya, *den.* P. blind.

अन्धवत् andha-vat, *ad.* as if blind.

अन्धस् 1. andh-as, *n.* darkness [juice; food].

अन्धस् 2. andhas, *n.* herb; Soma plant or

अन्धीक्ष andhi-kṣi, blind; -*bhā*, become

अन्धु andhu, *m.* well.

अन्ध्र andhra, *m. N. of a people*; *a.* mixed caste.

अन्न ān-na, (*pp.*) *n.* food, *esp.* rice; grain of rice.

अन्नकाम ānna-kāma, *a.* desirous of food; -*da*, *a.* giving food; -*dātri*, *m.* giver of food;

-*dāna*, *n.* gift of food; -*dosha*, *m.* offence in diet, eating forbidden food; -*pakti*, *f.* preparation of food; -*pati*, *m.* lord of food (Savitṛ, Agni, or Siva); -*prada*, *a.* bestowing food;

-*prāvana*, *n.* first feeding of an infant with rice; -*bhāṭa*, *m. N. of an author*; -*maya*, *a.* consisting of food; -*mala*, *n.* secretion of rice;

-*yonī*, arrack; -*rassa*, *n. sg. & m. pl.* food & drink, taste in preparing food; -*maya*, *a.* consisting of food & drink; -*vat*, *a.* hyg. food, rich in food; -*vikāra*, *m.* transformation of food;

-*tva*, *n. abs. s.*; -*saṃskāra*, *m.* preparation of viands.

अन्नद ānna-d-a, *a.* (ā, i) eating food; -*in*, *a. id.*; -*ya*, *n.* nourishment. -*kāma*, *a.* desirous of nourishment.

अन्नार्थ ānna-arthā, *a.* desirous of food, hungry.

अन्नपृथ ānnā-vṛddh, *a.* refreshed by food.

अन्य anyā, *a.* (*m.* -*d*) other; different from (*ab.* -); *a.* certain; common; *anya* -*anya*, the one - the other; *anya ka*, and besides, moreover.

अन्यकर्तृक anya-kartri-ka, *a.* hyg. another agent (*gr.*); -*kṛita*, *pp.* done by others; -*kṣetrā*, *n.* foreign country; -*gata*, *pp.* referring to another; -*gāmin*, *a.* adulterous.

अन्यकृषित a-nyakṛi-sveta, *a.* pure white.

अन्यचित्त anya-chitta, *a.* thinking of another; -*chintā*, *f.* thought of another; -*ketas*, *a.* thinking of another; distraught; -*ga*, *a.* begotten by another; -*ganman*, *n.* future life, -*gāta*, *pp.* produced by another, *m.* bastard; -*tama*, *pp.* one of several; one or other of (*g.* -); -*tara*, *pp.* either of (*g.*); repeated the one - the other; -*syām*, *lc. f.*, in either way (*gr.*); -*tra*, *ad.* on either.

अन्यतस् anyā-tas, *ad.* = *ab.* or *lc.* of any; from - elsewhere; to another place; repeated: on the one side - on the other.

अन्यता anyā-tā, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* difference.

अन्यत्र anyā-tra, *ad.* = *lc.* of any; elsewhere, to another place; on the other hand, otherwise; elsewhere, otherwise than, except (*ab.*); at another time than (-).

अन्यथा anyā-thā, *ad.* otherwise; differently, wrongly; -*kṛi*, act otherwise, - wrongly; treat otherwise, change; take wrongly; frustrate.

अन्यथादर्शन anyāthā-darśana, *n.* wrong investigation (*leg.*); -*prathā*, *f.* becoming different; -*buddhi*, *f.* prejudice; -*bhāva*, *m.* change; difference; -*abhidhāna*, *n.* false evidence; -*vādin*, *a.* giving false evidence, raising a false suit; (-*dā*)-*tva*, *n. abs. s.*; -*vr̥tti*, *a.* of changed mood, agitated; -*saṃbhāvanā*, *f.* false supposition; distrust; -*saṃbhāvin*, *a.* distrustful; -*siddha*, *pp.* falsely proved. -*siddhi*, *f.* false proof; -*stotra*, *n.* ironical praise. [day, once.]

अन्यदा anyā-dā, *ad.* at another time; one

अन्यदीय anyā-dīya, *a.* belonging to another.

अन्यनिमित्त anyā-nimitta, *a.* having another cause; -*pusha*, *m.* ā, *f.* Indian cuckoo (nourished by others); -*pūrvā*, *f.* promised or married to another man before; -*biga-ga*, *a.* begotten of another's seed; -*bhṛitā*, (*pp.*) *f.* cuckoo (reared by others); -*manas*, *a.* thinking of or meaning something else; -*mātri-ka*, *a.* having another mother; -*mātri-ga*, *m.* son of another mother, -*manasa*, *a.* -*anya-manas*.

अन्यरूप anyā-rūpa, *n.* another form; (anyā-), *a.* of different form, changed in form; -*rūpin*, *a. id.*; -*lokyā*, *a.* destined for another world; -*vādin*, *a.* = anyāthā-vādin; -*viśha-ya*, *a.* having another object; relating to something else; (-*vr̥ta*), *a.* serving others; perfidious; -*saṅkita*, *a.* distrustful; -*saṅketa*, *a.* having another appointment; consorting with others; -*stri-ga*, *a.* adulterous.

अन्याङ्गसुप्त anyā-āṅga-supta, *pp.* having slept in another's arms.

अन्याद्रिक् anyā-drikṣa, -*dṛis* (*nm. k* or *ā*; *f. id.* -*dṛisa* (i), *a.* of a different kind, strange; not as it should be; like others, common

अन्याय a-nyāya, *m.* unseemly behaviour, unlawful conduct; -*vartin*, *a.* -*vr̥tta*, *pp.* -*vr̥tti*, *a.* behaving unbecomingly.

अन्यायिन a-nyāyin, *a.* ill-conducted.

अन्याय्य a-nyāyā, *a.* illegal.

अन्यार्थ anyā-arthā, *m.* another person's affair; *a.* having another purpose or sense.

अन्यून a-ni ūna, *pp.* not too little, sufficient; -*arthavādin*, *a.* adequately expressive.

अन्येषु anye-dīyus, *ad.* on the following day; one day.

अन्योदय anyā-udārya, *a.* born of another womb; *m.* half-brother

अन्योन्य anyo-nya, *m. f.* (used in oblique cases only) one another; -, mutual, -ly, reciprocally; -*kalaha*, *a.* quarrelling together; -*kṛtya*, *n. pl.* reciprocal services, -*gata*, *pp.* reciprocal; -*bhāva*, *m.* mutual exchange of condition; -*abhāva*, *m.* mutual non-existence; -*upamā*, *f.* mutual simile. [others.]

अन्योपतापि anyā-upatāpi, *a.* paining

अन्यक्षम् anyā-kṣam, *ad.* immediately after.

अन्यश्च anyā-śch, *a.* (anāśch) following after (*ac.*); *anyak*, *ad.* behind; after (*ac.*).

अन्यय anyāya, *m.* progeny; race, family; connexion; attraction; -*vyatikṛina*, *a.* con-

connected with and excluded from a thing; -**āgata**, *pp.* inherited.

अन्वयिन् anvayin, *a.* belonging to or connected with the same family; resulting from anything.

अन्वय annartha, *a.* appropriate, obvious; -**abhīdha**, *a.* appropriately designated.

अन्वेष annaveśh-ā, *f.* regard, consideration; -**in**, *a.* circumspect

अन्वष्टका annaśṭakā, *f.* day after the Ash-

अन्वहम् annabhām, *ad.* day by day. [takā.

अन्वाधि annādhi, *m.* object handed over for delivery to a third person; -**ādhya**, -**ka**, *n.* property obtained by a woman after marriage; -**ārohaṇa**, *n.* mounting the funeral pyre after the husband; -**āsana**, *n.* sitting down after another; attendance on; -**āhār-yā**, *n.* new moon funeral feast in honour of *Manu*; -**paśana**, *n.* southern sacred fire

अन्वित annvita, *pp.* (v) accompanied by, possessing (-).

अन्विष annvish, *m.*, -**na**, *n.*, -**nā**, *f.* search, quest, investigation; -**ka**, *a.* searching after; -**nya**, *pp.* doubtful, questionable.

अन्विषिन् annvishin, *a.* seeking; -**avya**, *pp.* to be sought or found out; -**tri**, *m.* searcher, -**ya**, *pp.* to be sought or found out; doubtful.

अप 1. *AP.* be active, work

अप 2. *ap.* work.

अप 3. *ap.* *f.* *pl.* (also *sg.* in V.) water

अप āpa, *ad.* off, away (-); **pp.* away from, except *ab.*

अपकर्तव्य apa-kartavya, *n.* cutting in pieces; -**karti**, *m.* injurer; -**karmaṇ**, *n.* delivery; -**karma**, *m.* removal; decrease; deterioration; low position; annulment; anticipation *pp.*; -**karmaka**, *a.* diminishing, detracting; -**karmashaṇa**, *a.* *id.* *n.* removal, degradation; -**karmashin**, *a.* drawing away; -**karmasha**, *a.* free from sin; -**kāra**, *m.*, -**tā**, *f.* hurt; injury; -**kārin**, *a.* injurious; offensive; mischievous; -**kirtya**, *pp.* dishonourable.

अपक्षत apa-kṣat, *a.* uninjuring; -**kṣita**, *pp.* *n.*; -**kṣiti**, *f.*; -**kṣitya**, *n.* *id.*; -**apokṣāra**; -**kṣāra**, *pp.* low, inferior, mean

अपक्रम apa-kramā, *m.*, -**na**, *n.*, -**krānti**, *f.* departure; -**krama**, *m.* *id.*; escape; -**kriyā**, *f.* delivery; injury, wrong procedure.

अपक्व a-pakva, *pp.* unbaked, undigested; immature; -**tā**, *f.* immaturity

अपक्ष a-pakṣā, *a.* unwinged; -**pātin**, *a.* not flying with wings; siding with Vishnu.

अपक्षय apa-kṣhya, *m.* decrease.

अपक्षलोप a-pakṣha-lopa, *m.* non-loss of wings; -**śāda**, *m.* *id.*

अपग āpa-ga, *a.* turning away from (*ab.*).

अपगततेजस्क apa-gata-tejas-ka, *a.* void of light; -**prākāśa**, *a.* *id.* [appearance, lapse

अपगम apa-gama, *m.*, -**na**, *n.* departure, dis-

अपगर्जित apa-gargita, *a.* thunderless.

अपगुण apa-guṇa, *a.* void of excellences.

अपघन 1. apa-ghana, *m.* body.

अपघन 2. apa-ghana, *a.* cloudless.

अपघात apa-ghāta, *m.* warding off; -**ka**, *a.* warding off, dispelling.

अपघृण apa-ghṛina, *a.* pitiless, cruel.

अपहृ a-pahka, *a.* wireless, dry; -**tā**, *f.* -ness.

अपक्षय apa-kṣhya, *m.* decrease, diminution; -**karta**, *pp.* *n.* transgression; -**kāra**, *m.* want; death; transgression; -**kārin**, *a.* deviating fr. erring; faithless *trifling* [tion; atonement.

अपक्षित apa-kṣita, *pp.* *n.* *ki*; -**kṣiti**, *f.* venena-

अपक्षय apa-kṣhatra, *a.* lacking an umbrella; -**kṣhāya**, *a.* shadowless; -**kṣhoda**, *m.*, -**na**, *n.* cutting off, separation, division.

अपजात apa-gata, *pp.* degenerate; -**ghāṇa**, *m.*, *des* *a.* desirous of warding off *ac.*; -**ghāṇa**, *f.* desire to rob; -**ghāṇa**, *des* *a.* intending to rob; -**ghāya**, *a.* lacking a bowstring; -**ghara**, *a.* fearless.

अपक्षीकृत a-pakṣi-kṛta, **भूत** -bhūta, *pp.* *n.* *pl.* not yet become five elements

अपटीक्षिप a-paṭi-kṣhepa, *m.* not tossing aside the curtain; *o* -**na** *pra-vis*, enter the stage suddenly and impetuously

अपटु a-paṭu, *a.* not scorching (rays); useless, incapable; -**tva**, *n.* incapacity.

अपण्डित a-paṇḍita, *a.* unlearned, illiterate, stupid; -**tā**, *f.* folly.

अपण्य a-paṇya, *pp.* not to be sold; *n.* ware that may not be sold. [widowed

अपति a-pati, *a.* *f.* -**kā**, *id.* unmarried;

अपतित a-patita, *pp.* not outcast; not forfeited; -**anyo-nya-trāgin**, *a.* forsaking each other without losing caste. [husband

अपतिव्रता a-pati-vratā, *f.* faithless to her

अपतुवार a-pa-tushāra, *a.* free from mist; -**tā**,

अपत्नीक a-patnī-ka, *a.* wifeless. [*f.* *abst.* *n.*

अपत्य a-patya, *n.* offspring, progeny, child; -**du/kha** *eka-maya*, *a.* consisting solely of grief for children; -**vat**, *a.* possessed of offspring; -**śneha-kṛpā-maya, *a.* filled with love and pity for children**

अपचपण a-pa-chapaṇa, *n.*, -**tā**, *f.* shame, embarrassment

अपथ a-paṭha, *n.* no way, pathlessness; wrong way; bad course; wrong place; *in* not in the usual way; *a.* pathless; inaccessible; -**prapaṇa**, *pp.* misplaced; -**bara**, *n.* choosing the wrong way

अपथ्य a-paṭhya, *a.* not beneficial, unsuitable, unwholesome; -**kārin**, *a.* intriguing against; -**tva**, *n.* *abst.* *n.*; -**bhug**, *a.* eating unwholesome food.

अपद a-pād, *a.* (*f.* = *m.* or *n.*) footless.

अपद 1. ā-pada, *n.* no abode, wrong place.

अपद 2. a-pada, *a.* footless.

अपदान apa-dāna, *n.* heroic deed. -**deva**, *m.* advice; designation; pretext, appearance; -**de-in**, *a.* disguised as -; -**de-ya**, *pp.* to be indicated; -**doṣha**, *a.* faultless; -**tā**, *f.* news

अपद्म a-padmā, *a.* lacking a lotus

अपद्रव्य apa-dravya, *n.* bad ware; -**dhā**, *f.* hiding-place; -**dhūma**, *a.* smokeless; -**tva**, *n.* -ness; -**dhyaṇa**, *n.* disfavor, malice; -**dhvaṇa**, *m.* degradation; -**gha**, *m.* child of a mixed marriage; -**dhvasta**, *pp.* degraded

अपनय apa-naya, *1. m.* taking away; expulsion; *2. m.* imprudence; -**na**, *a.* taking away; *n.* wiping away, removal; -**nayin**, *a.* imprudent; -**nāra**, *a.* blossomed; -**nirvāṇa**, *des* *a.* wishing to expel (*ac.*); -**nirvāṇa**, *a.* not yet ended; -**nutti**, *f.* removal; atonement; -**nut**-*sn*, *des* *a.* wishing to remove, - to expiate

(*ac.*); -**noya**, *pp.* to be removed; -**noḍa**, *m.* expulsion, removal; atonement; -**na**, *a.* removing; *n.* removal.

अपन्थादयिन् a-pantha-dāyin, *a.* not making way for another. [yet fallen out.

अपन्तद a-pantna-da, *a.* whose teeth have not

अपपयस् apa-payas, *a.* waterless; -**pātra**, *a.* excluded from the use of utensils; -**pādātra**, *a.* unshod; -**pāḍā**, *f.* sudden and dangerous at tack of disease

अपभय apa-bhaya, *a.* fearless; -**bhartṛi**, *m.* remover; -**bhramasā**, *m.* fall; ungrammatical form, vulgar dialect; -**bhrashā**, *pp.* deluded, corrupt, provincial, dialect.

अपम apa-ma, *spr.* lust, furthest; -**marṣa**, *m.* contact; -**māna**, *m.* *n.* disregard, disrespect, contempt; -**mārga**, *1. m.* wiping off, *2. m.* by-way; -**mārjana**, *a.* wiping off, removing; *n.* cleansing; -**mud**, *a.* discreditable; -**mṛga**, *a.* deerless; -**mṛtyu**, *m.* untimely death, mortal danger; -**megha udaya**, *a.* free from the rise of clouds; -**yaśas**, *n.* dishonour, disgrace; -**yāta-vya**, *pp.* *n.* it is useful to flee; -**yāna**, *a.* going away, retreat, flight; -**yodha-rava**, *a.* no longer raising a battle cry

अपयोधरवारण a-payodhara-vāraṇa, *a.* not delayed by clouds; -**namarga**, *a.* lacking contact of the breasts

अपर 1. āpa-ta, *a.* hinder, further, later, following; western, to the west of *ab.*; inferior, other, different from *ab.*; opposite, strange, unusual; -**m**, *ad.* subsequently, in the future, after, moreover, besides, to the west of (*ab.*); *m.* elephant's hind foot

अपर 2. āpa-ta, *n.* future; -**kārya**, *n.* later transaction.

अपरक्त apa-rakta, *pp.* bleached, pale.

अपरञ्जलि apa-raṇja-dhūli, *m.* western ocean

अपरतस्त apa-rata-sṭ **एक** *ita* *ad.* elsewhere.

अपरत्व a-paṇ-tva **एक** *ka* *n.* not being far

अपरथा apa-rathā, *ad.* otherwise. [*tp.*]

अपरदिग् apa-radiḥ *f.* west; -**dikṣin**, *a.* taking the later consecration.

अपरपक्ष apa-pa-kṣā *m.* second half of the lunar month; -**rātra**, *m.* *1. f.* second half of the night; -**vaktṛa**, *n.* a metre.

अपरमुक्क a-pa-muṣka, *pp.* not felled with an axe

अपरस्परसंभूत a-pa-raspaṇ-sambhūta, *pp.* not produced one from the other

अपराग apa-rāga, *m.* aversion, hostility

अपराधुख a-pa-rāḍhi-mukha, *a.* with unaverted face; -**m**, *ad.* unreservedly.

अपराजित ā-pa-rā-jita, *pp.* unconquered unconquerable; *m.* *N.* of a mythical sword; *f.* *id.* *N.* of a herb, a metre

अपराध ā-pa-rā-dhā, *pp.* having incurred guilt, culpable; *n.* guilt; -**rāddhā**, *f.* mis-take, error; -**rāddha**, *a.* guilty of an offence or crime; offending

अपराध ā-pa-rā-dhā, *m.* transgression, guilt, offence; -**vriksa**, *m.* tree of transgression; -**rāddhika**, *a.* guilty; without Rādhika; -**rādh-in**, *a.* guilty, offending; (*1* -**tā**, *f.* guiltiness.

अपरांत āpa-rānta, *a.* living in the extreme west; *m.* western region; *pl.* its inhabitants; end, death; lower part of an elephant's hind foot; -**ka**, *n.* kind of song.

अपरार्क *apara arka*, *m. N. of a commentator.*

अपरावृत्तभागधेय *a-parāvṛtta-bhāga-dheya*, *a. to whom fortune does not return, m. unlucky wight.*

अपराह्न *apara ahnā*, *m. afternoon.*

अपरिक्रम *a-pari-krama*, *a. unable to walk about; -klesh/a*, *pp. not sickly; -klesh/a*, *m. welfare; -kshata*, *pp. unhurt; -kshina*, *-sakti*, *a. of unimpaired strength; -tva*, *n. abst. s.; -ganayata*, *pr. pt. unreflecting; -gata*, *pp. unknown, inscrutable; -graha*, *m. poverty; a poor; wifeless*

अपरिचय *a-pari-kaya*, *m. unfamiliarity. -kalita*, *pp. unmoved, immovable; -kita*, *pp. unknown unfamiliar; -kyuta*, *pp. not having deserted; -khalada*, *a. destitute of retinue or baggage; -khalana*, *pp. unhunted; -khaloda*, *m. lack of decision; irresolution, want of judgment. -kartṛi*, *a. not deciding rightly; -gata*, *pp. premature, still born.*

अपरितुष्ट *a-pari-tushṭa*, *pp. not pleased; -toshā*, *a. dissatisfied; -m. dissatisfaction; -tyakta*, *pp. forsaken; -tyagya*, *pp. not to be forsaken; -tyāga*, *m. non-abandonment; -tyāgya*, *pp. not to be abandoned; -nirvāna*, *pp. not quite extinguished or ended; -nishchita*, *pp. not standing quite firm.*

अपरिपक्व *a-pari-pakva*, *pp. not quite ripe; -pūta*, *pp. unpurified, grown; -bādhā*, *a. un hindered, unbounded; -bhāshāna*, *n. not talking much; -bhūta āgā*, *a. whose orders are attended to; -bhra-ya-māna*, *pr. pt. not escaping; -mita*, *pp. unmeasured, unbounded; -moya*, *pp. immovable.*

अपरिव्याध *a-pari-vādyā*, *pp. not to be blamed; -vṛita*, *pp. unpunished; unenclosed. -vra/ahman*, *m. inability to (inf.).*

अपरिशङ्कित *a-pari-shukṭita*, *pp. unanticipated; -latham*, *ad. vigorously.*

अपरिहत *a-pari-hata*, *pp. unimpeded, boundless. -hāra*, *m. non-avoidance. -hārya*, *pp. unavoidable; -hiya-māna*, *pr. pt. ps. not being omitted, not wanting; -hrita*, *pp. un-avoided, practised; -hvrta*, *pp. unscathed.*

अपरी *apari*, *f. future; lc. pl. in the future.*

अपरीक्षित *a-pari-ikshita*, *pp. unconsidered, rash; m. one who acts inconsiderately; -kā-raka*, *a title of book V of the Paikatantra.*

अपरब्ध *apara-bh*, *a. free from anger.*

अपरुष *a-paruṣa*, *a. not harsh, not rough*

अपरिणाम *aparema*, *(in prp.) behind, west of (ac.).*

अपरिपुस्त *apare-dyus*, *ad. on the following day; lc. in -samprāpta*, when the following day had arrived.

अपरीक्ष *a-paroksha*, *a. not invisible, present, perceptible; lc. if one has been present (gr.); -tva*, *n. presence*

अपरीक्षय *aparakshaya*, *den. P. inspect (ac.).*

अपर्ण *a-parṇā*, *a. leafless; f. ā. N. of Umā*

अपर्तु *apa-rtu*, *m. wrong season; a. unseasonable; ad. out of season.*

अपर्यन्त *a-paryanta*, *a. unbounded.*

अपर्याय *a-paryāya*, *a. unsuited.*

अपर्याप्त *a-pari-āpta*, *pp. insufficient; -vat*, *a. unable to (inf.).* [not destroyed.]

अपर्यासित *a-pari-āsita*, *pp. not overthrown.*

अपर्युषित *a-pari-yushita*, *pp. quite fresh, quite new.*

अपर्वण *a-parvān*, *n. jointless spot; no natural break (in a story); day which is no Parvan, ordinary day; time when no eclipses ought to occur.*

अपलतामवन *apa-latā-bhavana*, *a. honourless; -lapana*, *n. flattery; -lāpa*, *m. denial; -lāpina*, *a. keeping secret, concealing (g.).*

अपवक्तु *apa-vaktṛi*, *m. averter; -varaka*, *n. sleeping apartment; -varga*, *m. completion, end; final beatitude; -vartana*, *n. removal; -vāda*, *m. refutation; annulment, exception; blame; unjust imputation; command; decoy cry; -vādin*, *a. blaming (-); -vāritam*, *-vāritakena*, *ad., -vārya*, *gd. secretly, in a stage whisper drama; -vāha*, *m. removal; -vāhana*, *n. id.; decrease.*

अपविशत *apa-vi-kshata*, *pp. unhurt; -vi-gṇa*, *a. free from hindrances; -viddha*, *pp. √vadh; -vidyā*, *f. bad knowledge; ignorance; -vīṭta*, *pp. ill-behaved; -vṛitti*, *f. running down, coming to an end; -vedha*, *m. faulty perforation.*

अपव्रत *āpi-vrata*, *a. disobedient.*

अपशङ्कम् *apa-shukam*, *ad. fearlessly; -sabha*, *m. slander; corrupt form, ungrammatical language; -savi-tilaka*, *a. lacking a moon as forehead mark; -sastra*, *a. weaponless; -stila*, *a. spearless; -oka*, *a. free from sorrow.*

अपश्चिम 1. *a-pashchima*, *a. not the last.*

अपश्चिम 2. *a-pashchima*, *a. last of all; -m*, *ad. for the very last time.*

अपश्य *a-pasyā*, *a. not seeing.*

अपश्यत *ā-pasyat*, *pr. pt. not seeing, not perceiving; not pondering.*

अपश्री *apa-shī*, *a. (n. ī) bereft of beauty.*

अपशु *apa-shlu*, *ad. wrongly.*

अपस 1. *āp-as*, *n. work, act (esp. sacrificial).*

अपस 2. *ap-as*, *a. active, diligent.*

अपसद *apa-sada*, *m. outcast; worst among (-); pl. children of mixed marriages in which the father is lower; -sara/a*, *a. going away, retreat; -sarpa*, *m. spy; -savya*, *a. not left, right; -m kri*, turn the right side towards ac, lc.; hang the sacred thread on the right shoulder; -vat, a in which the sacred cord is on the right shoulder; -sāra, *m. exit, outlet, egress; -na*, *n. removing, dismissing, banishing; -sāri-tā*, *f. issue, end; -sārin*, *a. decreasing, diminishing.*

अपस्नान *apa-snāna*, *n. bath-water which has been used; -spasa*, *a. lacking spices; -smāra*, *m. (loss of consciousness), possession, epilepsy; -smārin*, *a. possessed; epileptic*

अपस्य *apas-yā*, *den. P. be active.*

अपस्यु *apas-yū*, *a. busy.*

अपह *apa-ha*, *a. removing, destroying (-); -hata*, *f. counteracting, repelling; driving away; -hanti*, *i. m. (f. tri) expeller; -harama*, *n. appropriation; abduction; removal; -har-tavya*, *pp. to be taken away; -hartṛi*, *m. pur-loiner; remover; -haraha*, *a. joyless.*

अपहस्य *apa-hustaya*, *den. P. shake off, push aside; pp. -hastita.*

अपहस्य *apa-hāra*, *m. taking away, robbery; removal; concealment; denial -ka*, *a. taking away, stealing; m. thief, -varman*, *m. N. of a man; -hārin*, *a. taking away, stealing; -harti*, *f. taking away, removing; -hnava*, *m. denial; concealment; -hnoti*, *m. denier*

अपाक *āpāka*, *a. coming from afar; -ga*, *a. (not produced by ripening), original, natural.*

अपाकरिष्यु *apa-ā-karishnu*, *a. surpassing;*

अपाका *apākā*, *ad. far.* [(ac.).

अपाकात् *apākāt*, *ad. from afar.* [rebellion,

अपाकृति *apā-kṛiti*, *f. keeping off; hostility.*

अपाङ्क्य *a-pāṅktya*, *a. unworthy to partake in a thing with respectable persons.*

अपाङ्ग *a-pāṅktya*, *a. id.*

अपाङ्ग *apa āṅga*, *m. (-° f. ā, i) outer corner of the eye; -ārishtā*, *f. side-glance; -netra*, *a. looking sideways.*

अपाचीन *apāk-īna*, *a. retired.* [western.

अपाङ्ग *āpa āṅh*, *a. (f. āpāṅki) lying behind,*

अपाणि *a-pāni*, *a. handless; -graha/a*, *f. unmarried; -pāda*, *a. lacking hands and feet.*

अपाण्डव *a-pāṇḍava*, *a. without Pāṇḍava.*

अपातक *a-pātaka*, *n. no crime.*

अपात्त *apa-ā-tta*, *pp. √dā.*

अपात्र *a-pātra*, *n. (m.) unworthy recipient; -person; -kṛityā*, *f. action making one unworthy of receiving presents; -bhṛit*, *m. cherisher of the undeserving; -varaha/a*, *n. bestowing on the unworthy; -varashin*, *a. bestowing (lit raining) on unworthy persons.*

अपाकीकरण *āpitṛi-karana*, *a. making a person unworthy.*

अपादान *apa-ā-dāna*, *n. what remains after separation, source; notion of the ablative (gr.).*

अपान *apa ānā*, *m. downward breath (one of the vital airs); anus; -udgāra*, *m. fart.*

अपाप *a-pāpa*, *a. not wicked; good, innocent; -kētas*, *a. well-disposed, innocent.*

अपापति *apāp-pati*, *m. lord of waters; sea; Varuna.*

अपाय *apa aya*, *m. departure; issue, end; decay; harm, detriment, danger; diminution; trespass; -saudarmana-ga*, *a. arising from the manifestation of futile means.*

अपायिन *apāyin*, *a. waiting, lacking.*

अपार *a-pārā*, *a. unbounded, infinite. (inf.).*

अपारयत *a-pārayat*, *pr. pt. unable to (lc. or*

अपार्थ *apa artha*, *a. useless; senseless; -ka*, *a. (itrā) valueless, useless.*

अपार्थिव *a-pārthiva*, *a. not earthly, celestial.*

अपालयत *a-pālayat*, *pr. pt. not protecting.*

अपावृत *apa-ā-vṛita*, *pp. unclosed, opened.*

अपाश्रय *apa āsraya*, *m. prop, back (of a chair); support; -na*, *n. leaning against anything. -vat*, *a. having a support in (in.).*

अपि *āpi*, *prp. w. lc. or °*, *at, in, near (V.); ad. also, likewise; even; but, yet; w. neg. = even; na ka api*, not even; *malas interr. indefinite. ko-pi*, some one; *w. numerals = all. katvāro-pi*, all four; *beg. sentences. interr. p. et; w. pot. oh that! api- api or ka*, both-and; *na kevalam- api*, not only but also; *api ka, kapi*, moreover, likewise; *ye-pi-te-pi*, those also, who -; *api vā, vāpi*, or even; *na-nāpi*, neither - nor; *api nāma* (at beg. of sentence) perhaps; *yadi api*, although; *tathā api*, yet.

अपितु *a-pit*, *a. dried up.* [the Maues as gods.]

अपितुदेवत्व *ā-pitri-devatva*, *a. not adoring*

अपित्र्य a-pitrya, *a.* not paternal. [tion.]
अपित्र्य api-trā, *n.* participation; cohabitation.
अपिधान api-dhāna, *n.* covering; lid; lock;
अपिह api-maddha, *pp.* s' mah. [holt.]
अपिवातयत् api-vātayat, *pr. pt. es.* s' vat
अपिशस api-sūsa, *ab inf.* *ap.* purā without cutting away.
अपिहित api-hita, *pp.* s' dhā.
अपीथ apikyā, *a.* secret, hidden.
अपीडयत् a-pīdayat, *pr. pt.* not exhausting.
अपीडित a-pīdita, *pp.* unpresed; unhurt
अपीत a-pīta, *pp.* not having drunk
अपुंस्त्रीय a-puṁskaliya, *a.* no son of a whore
अपुंस a-puṁsa, *m.* no man, eunuch; -*tva*, *n* *abst.* s.
अपुण्यकृत a-puṇya-kṛt, *a.* unrighteous; -*bhāya*, *a.* unfortunate; -*vat*, *a* *id.* [a *of* *abst.* s.]
अपुत्र a-putra, *m.* no son; *a.* sonless; -*ka*, *a* *abst.* s.
अपुत्रि a-putrim, *पुत्रिय* -triya, *पुत्र्य* -triya *a* *sonless*.
अपुनरुक्त a-punara-kta, *pp.* never palling.
अपुनर्निवर्ति a-punara-nivartin, *a.* not returning. [ring, last
अपुनर्भावि a-punara-bhavin, *a.* not returning
अपुनर्वृत्ति a-punara-vṛtti, *f.* non-return
अपुनश्चापराध apunashchaparādha, *m.* no fault of the person holding a deposit [priest.
अपुरोहित a-purohita, *a.* lacking a domestic
अपुष्कल a-puṣhka, *a.* unapplicable.
अपुष्य a-puṣha, *a.* flowerless.
अपुजित a-pūjita, *pp.* unhonoured, -*pūjya*, *pp.* not to be honoured; -*pūta*, *pp.* unpurified; impure.
अपूप apūpa, *m.* cake; -*vāle*, *f.* bakehouse
अपूरय a-pūraya, *a.* unsatiable; -*pūra*, *pp.* not full; diminished by (*ab.*).
अपूर्व a-pūrvā, *a.* unprecedented new; extraordinary, incomparable; *in ad.* never before, -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n* *newness, novelty*, -*dar-ana*, *a.* never seen before [before].
अपूर्वि a-pūrvī, *a.* never having done it
अपूर्य ā-pūrya, *a.* first; incomparable.
अपूरयत् ā-prayat, *a.* not giving, niggardly.
अपुथगुत a-puṭhaga-bhūta, *pp.* not different, identical.
अपृथात्मज a-pṛthātmaja, *a.* lacking Yu.
अपृष्ट a-pṛṣṭa, *pp.* unasked, unquestioned *le.* when no question has been asked
अप्रीक्षा apriksā, *f.* looking about; attention, consideration, regard; expectation; requirement. *in* with regard to, in comparison with
अप्रीक्षित apriksita, *pp.* intentional; *n* purpose, business; -*tā*, *f.* expectation; -*tva*, *n* requisiteness
अप्रीक्ष्य apriksya, *a.* regarding; waiting for.
अप्रीक्ष्य apriksya, *a.* to be regarded.
अपित apaita, *pp.* s; i; -*prāna*, *a.* deceased; -*bhai*, *a.* fearless.
अपिय a-peya, *pp.* undrinkable, forbidden

अपेक्ष a-peṣa, *a.* not tender, rude. [tion.]
अपेयुन a-paisuna, *n.* freedom from detraction.
अपोगण्ड a-poganda, *a.* not under age, over
अपोह apa-dha, *pp.* s' vah. [sixteen.
अपोह apa-dha, *m.* removal; combating, disputing; -*na*, *a* removing; *n.* removal.
अपीरादर a-paurādhara, *a.* without the labour of the citizens.
अप्सर ap-sara, *m.* water-animal.
अप्सुर ap-tur, *a.* active; victorious
अप्तोयाम apto-yāma, *प्यामन्* -yāman, *n* a particular way of celebrating the Soma as
अप्य ap-trā, *a.* watery [cylinder.
अप्स ap-mis, *n.* property, wealth; work.
अप्यति ap-pati, *m* lord of waters, Varuna.
अप्य ap-ya, *a.* (f. ā, or āpi) belonging to water. [end
अप्यय ap-ya, *m* entrance, disappearance;
अप्रकटीकृत a-prakāṭi-kṛta, *pp.* not manifested
अप्रकाश a-prakāśa, *a.* not light, dark; hidden, secret; -*ma*, *ad* secretly; *m.* darkness; -*na*, *n* non betrayal.
अप्रकाशत् a-prakāśat, *pp.* invisible; -*kāṭa*, *pp.* not manifested, -*keta*, *a* indistinguishable, formless; -*galbha*, *a* cowardly, faint-hearted, -*gāṭhya*, *a* not being a prajā
अप्रवेतम् ā-pravetas, *a* unwise imprudent.
अप्रयुत ā-prayuta, *pp.* unshaken; not swerving from (*ab.*).
अप्रज ā-praja, *a.* childless; *f.* ā, not bearing, -*gāṭi*, *a* ignorant, unfertile; -*ana*, *a* not begetting, -*tva*, *n* *abst.* s.; -*ana*, *a* childless; -*gāṭ-tā*, *f.* -*gāṭya*, *n* childlessness
अप्रज्ञ a-prajña, *a.* not recognising. [known
अप्रज्ञात a-prajñāta, *pp.* unrecognised, un-
अप्रमय a-pra-maya, *m* lack of affliction, coldness; -*mayin*, *a* not cared for, -*anta*, *pp.* not borne to the altar; -*modya*, *pp.* not to be repelled.
अप्रतर्क्य ā-pratarkya, *pp.* inconceivable; whose destination is unknown.
अप्रति a-prati, *a.* irresistible *ad* -*ibly*.
अप्रतिकार a-prati-kāra, *a.* irremediable, -*kārya*, *pp.* *id.*; -*kula*, *a* not resisting *q.* ready for (*le.*); obedient, -*keta*, *pp.* against which nothing has been done, -*gata*, *pp.* whom one cannot go to meet; -*grāhya*, *pp.* that may not be accepted.
अप्रतिघ a-pratigha, *a.* irresistible.
अप्रतिज्ञा a-prati-gñā, *f.* non-consent to (*le.*).
अप्रतिपत्ति a-prati-patti, *f.* not becoming acquainted with; irresolution; embarrassment; -*padayamāna*, *pr. pt.* ā, not assenting to *ac.*; -*pādana*, *a.* withholding, -*paṇita*, *pp.* not honoured.
अप्रतिबद्ध a-prati-baddha, *pp.* not kept at a distance, belonging to the retinue; -*baddha*, *m.* no hindrance, *a* unhindered, -*buddha*, *pp.* unawakened; unenlightened, stupid, -*bodha*, *ad.* without awakening -; -*bha/a*, *a.* irresistible, -*bhā*, *f.* non-appearance, non arrival, -*bheda*, *m* non-betrayal.
अप्रतिम a-pratima, *a.* incomparable; -*gāṣa*,

a of incomparable might; -*māla*, *a.* unrivalled; -*māna*, *a.* -*meya*, *pp.* incomparable.
अप्रतिमुक्त a-prati-mukta, *pp.* not given leave;
-yana-pūrvā, *a.* not artificially produced
अप्रतियोगिन् a-prati-yogin, *a.* non-contradictory of (*le.*), -*tva*, *n* *abst.* s.
अप्रतिरथ a-prati-ratha, *a.* matchless; -*rāpa*, *a* without counterpart, incomparable; inadequate; unsuitable for (*q.*).
अप्रतिविधान a-prati-vidhāna, *n.* taking no measure, -*va*, without artificial means; -*vidhya*, *pp.* not to be combined.
अप्रतिशासन a-prati-sisana, *a.* subject to no other authority, -*śraya*, *a.* having no refuge
अप्रतिषेध a-prati-shedha, *m.* no objection, invalid objection.
अप्रतिष्ठ a-prati-sṭha, *a.* -*sh/hita*, *pp.* having no foundation, perishable, unstable
अप्रतिहत a-prati-hata, *pp.* unimpeded, unimpaired, irresistible, not elapsed, -*hārya*, *pp.* irresistible.
अप्रतीकार a-pratikāra, *a.* unresisting; incurable, -*kārya*, *pp.* not to be remedied; -*ghāta*, *a.* unresisted [ligible
अप्रतीति a-pratīti, *pp.* irresistible; unmet
अप्रतीति a-pratīti, *f.* lack of a distinct notion or perception.
अप्रतीति a-pratīti, *pp.* (✓*dhā*) *f.* unmarried
अप्रत्यक्ष a-pratīkṣha, *a.* not visible; -*ak-shita*, *pp.* not seen with one's own eyes.
अप्रत्यय a-pratyaya, *m* distrust; *a* distrustful of (*le.*), inspiring distrust.
अप्रत्याख्यायिन a-pratyākhyayin, *a.* not refusing, -*ākhyeya*, *pp.* not to be refused
अप्रदक्षिणम् a-pradakṣhaṁ, *ad* towards the left
अप्रदान a-pra-dana, *n* not giving, not granting, -*danha*, *pp.* not corrupted
अप्रधान a-pradhāna, *a.* subordinate; *n* subordinate person *pp.* -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n* subordinate position.
अप्रधुष्य a-pradhūshya, *pp.* unassailable
अप्रवृष्ट a-pra-buddha, *pp.* unawakened; unblossomed, -*bhava*, *m.* no source or occasion of *le.* -*bhāta*, *pp.* not yet dawned; -*bhāva*, *a* unable, powerless -*tva*, *n* *abst.* s.; -*bhū*, *a* unable to *le.* *n* not master of *q.* -*tva*, *n* *abst.* s.; -*bhūta*, *pp.* insufficient.
अप्रमत्त a-pramatta, *pp.* not carelessly careful, attentive; -*tva*, *n* *abst.* s.
अप्रमो a-pramā, *f.* false notion; -*māna*, *n* no authority, something negatory; -*mā-ī-ka*, not to treat as an authority; -*māda*, *a* attentive, careful -*tva*, *n* *ness*; -*mādin*, *a.* *id.*, -*meya*, *pp.* unmeasurable, infinite, inseparable, undemonstrable, -*moda*, *m* displeasure
अप्रयच्छत a-prayakṣhat, *pr. pt.* not delivering, not giving a girl in marriage.
अप्रयत्न a-prayatna, *m* lack of exertion; without exertion; *a* indifferent to *le.*
अप्रयुक्त a-pra-yukta, *pp.* unemployed, unused; inappropriate, -*yukhat*, *pr. pt.* not careful, attentive, -*nyayamāna*, *pr. pt.* *pp.* not being added, not being lent on interest
अप्रलय a-pralaya, *ad.* without the world perishing (*le.*)

अप्रवक्तृ a-pravaktṛ, *n.* not instructing, unfit to instruct.

अप्रवासगमन a-pra-vāsa-gamana, *n.* remaining at home; -**vāsin**, *n.* not going abroad; -**viśha**, *pp.* not entered; not trodden; -**viśya**, *n.* non-collapse.

अप्रशस्त a-pra-sastā, *pp.* accursed, bad, impure; faulty, damaged; *n.* dirt.

अप्रसन्न a-pra-sanna, *pp.* not appeased; unreconciled, angry with (*acc.*); -**sahish**, *n.* incapable; -**sāda**, *m.* disfavour, unfriendliness; -**sādita**, *pp.* unclarified; -**siddha**, *pp.* unaccomplished, unknown; unheard of; -**sūta**, *pp.* not having home, barren; -**sphusa**, *n.* indistinct, unintelligible. [worn.]

अप्रहत a-pra-hata, *pp.* not well trodden or

अप्राकृत a-prākṛita, *a* (i) not original, secondary; unusual, extraordinary. [abst. *s.*]

अप्राज्ञ a-prājña, *a.* foolish, stupid; -**tā**, *f.*

अप्राण a-prāṇa, *a.* lacking breath, inanimate; -**prāṇat**, *pr. pt.*, -**prāṇin**, *a. id.*

अप्राधान्य a-prādhānya, *n.* subordination, secondariness.

अप्राप्त ā-prāpta, *pp.* not having reached; not yet arrived; not obtained; not encountered; not concluded; not resulting from a grammatical rule; not grown up; -**kāla**, *n.* whose time has not yet come; -**vikalpa**, *m.* alternative not resulting from any rule; -**vyaṣāhara**, *a.* under age, minor; -**tva**, *n.* minority; -**avasaṛa**, *a.* ill-timed, inopportune

अप्राप्य a-prāpya, *fp.* unattainable.

अप्रामाण्य a-prāmānya, *n.* unauthoritativeness; lack of proof.

अप्राथित a-pra arthita, *pp.* unasked. [able]

अप्रासाविक a-prastāvika, *a* (i) unsenson-

अप्रिय ā-priya, *a.* displeasing, disagreeable, unwelcome, *n.* unpleasant thing; unpleasant news; *n.* enemy.

अप्रियवद ā-prīyam-vada, *a.* speaking unkindly, rude; -**vādin**, *a. id.*

अप्रियकर ā-prīya-kara, *a.* unpleasant; causing disaffection; -**kṛt**, *a.* acting unkindly, -**bhāgin**, *a.* full of unpleasantness. [no joy.]

अप्रिती a-prīti, *f.* enmity; -**kara**, *a.* causing

अप्रेक्षणीय a-prekṣhānya, *fp.* not fair to see, uncomely

अप्रेक्षापूर्वकारिन् a-prekṣhā-pūva-kārin, *a.* acting inconsiderately. (1)-**tā**, *f. abst. s.*

अप्रेक्ष्य a-prekṣhya, *fp.* invisible.

अप्रोषित a-pra uṣhita, *pp.* not being away from home, not absent. [to (inf.) shy]

अप्रौढ a-pra ūdha, *pp.* not strong enough

अप्सरस ap-saras, **रत्न** rāṭ. *f.* celestial nymph.

अप्सरसीय ap-saras-tirha, *n.* *N* of a myth-

अप्सरस āpsas, *n.* face or bosom. [cal lake.]

अफल a-phalā, *a.* unfruitful; fruitless; castrated; -**prepsu**, *a.* desiring no reward; -**ārākskṣin**, *a.* expecting no reward.

अमूल्य a-phalga, *a.* precious.

अफालकृष्ट a-phāla-kṛṣha, *a.* not growing on ploughed land. [be blown upon.]

अफूलाय a-phūlā-kārya, *fp.* not needing to

अफिन् a-phēn, **अनिल** nīla, *a.* founless.

अबद्ध a-baddha, *pp.* not bound, not tied; disconnected, meaningless; not yet showing.

अबन्धु a-bandhū, *a.* lacking relations, companionless. [-**m**, *ad.* sally.]

अबन्धुर a-bandhura, *a.* elevated, high; sud;

अबन्ध्या a-bandhya, *fp.* not to be put in chains.

अबन्धुरा a-bandhūrā, *a.* hoopless.

अबर्ह a-barha, *a.* still wanting tail-feathers.

अबल a-balā, *a.* weak; *f.* ā, woman; *N.* -**vat**, *a.* weak.

अबलीयस् ā-baliyas, *cp.* *a.* weaker.

अबहिष्कार्य ā-bahish-kārya, *fp.* not to be excluded.

अबहुभाषिन् ā-bahu-bhāṣin, *a.* not speaking much; (1)-**tā**, *f. abst. s.*; -**vyakti-nishtha**, *a.* not applicable to many individuals; -**sruta**, *pp.* not very learned.

अबाध ā-bādha, *a.* unhindered; untormented; -**ka**, *a.* unhindered.

अबान्धव ā-bāndhava, *a.* lacking relations; -**kṛta**, *pp.* not caused by relations.

अबालसत्त्व ā-bāla-sattva, *a.* not having the nature of a boy

अबालिश ā-bāliśa, *n.* not childish, not silly.

अबालिन्दु ā-bālī indu, *m.* full moon

अबिन्धन ā-biṇdhana, *a.* having water for its fuel. **वह्नि**, *m.* the submarine fire

अबीज ā-bijā, *n.* bad seed, bad grain; *a.* seedless; impotent; -**ka**, *a.* unsown.

अबुद्ध ā-buddha, *pp.* foolish, stupid.

अबुद्धि ā-buddhi, *f.* foolishness, act of folly; lack of purpose, *in.* unintentionally; *a.* foolish; -**tā**, *f.* -ness, -**mat**, *a.* foolish, stupid; -**stha**, *a.* not present to the mind

अबुध ā-budhā, *a.* stupid, foolish; *m.* fool.

अबुध्न ā-budhnā, *a.* bottomless.

अबुध्य ā-budhya, *fp.* not to be awakened.

अबुध्यमान ā-budhya-māna, *pr. pt.* ā. not

अबोध ā-bodha, *m.* lack of knowledge; folly; -**pūrvam**, *ad.* without knowing.

अब्ज āb-ja, *a.* aquatic; *n.* lotus; -**bhū**, *m.* Lotus-born (*Brahmā*); -**saras**, *n.* lotus pond.

अब्जनी āb-ji, *f.* lotus plant; lotus pond; -**pati**, *m.* sun. [year (*cp.* varsha).]

अब्द āb-da, *m.* [water-giving, rainy season]

अब्दभू āb-da-bhū, *a.* proceeding from a cloud

अब्दुर्ग āb-durga, *a.* inaccessible owing to water [for a deity.]

अद्वैत āb-daivata, *a.* having the waters

अब्धि āb-dhi, *m.* sea; -**kanyā**, *f.* Lakshmi; -**gavin**, *m.* fisherman; -**tanaya**, *m.* du. the Asvins, -**tala**, *n.* bottom of the sea.

अब्धव āb-bhaksha, *a.* living on water only.

अब्रह्म ā-brahma, *a.* unfavourable to Brahman; *n.* assault! (*very of Brahman for help*)

अब्रह्मन् ā-brahman, *m.* no Brahman; *a.* lacking devotion; lacking Brahman.

अब्रह्मण ā-brahmaṇa, *m.* no Brahman; *a.* lacking Brahman.

अब्रुवत् ā-bru-vat, *pr. pt.* not stating.

अब्रूप ā-brūpa, *a.* having the form of water.

अभिलिङ्ग āb-liṅga, *n.* ā. *f.* *pl.* verses addressed to the Waters (RV. X, ix, 1-3). [devoted.]

अभक्त ā-bhaktā, *pp.* not apportioned; not

अभक्ष्य ā-bhakṣhya, *fp.* not to be eaten.

अभग्न ā-bhagā, *a.* unfortunate; uncomely.

अभयकाम ā-bhagva-kāma, *a.* whose desire for (*acc.*) is not disturbed by (*in.*); -**māna**, *a.* in which honour does not suffer.

अभयमान ā-bhagya-māna, *pr. pt. ps.* unsevered, associated.

अभयित ā-bhamta, *pp.* unsaid, unexpressed.

अभद्र ā-bhadra, *a.* baneful; *n.* mischief.

अभय ā-bhaya, *a.* fearless; safe, secure; *n.* security.

अभयकर ābhayam-karā, **कृत** -**kṛit**, *a.* creating security.

अभयदिण्डिम ābhaya-dindima, *m.* war-drum; -**m** **da**, proclaim security of person amid beating of drums; -**tama**, *n.* greatest safety; -**da**, *a.* affording security; -**dhakṣhiṇā**, *f.* promise of security; -**datta**, *m.* *N.* of a physician; -**dāna**, *n.* granting of security; -**prada**, -**pradāyin**, *n.* granting security; -**pradāna**, *n.* granting of security; -**yāṇā**, *f.* begging for security of person; -**vāk**, *f.* assurance of safety. [to you] Honour.

अभवदीय ā-bhavad-īya, *a.* not belonging

अभय ā-bhaya, *a.* as one should not be; unhappy.

अभाग ā-bhāgā, *a.* shareless, portionless.

अभागधिय ā-bhāgadheyā, *a.* excluded from participation

अभागिन ā-bhāgin, *a.* not participating in. not entitled to (*g*).

अभाग्य ā-bhāgya, *n.* unhappy; *n.* misfortune.

अभाजन ā-bhāgana, *n.* no vessel for = unworthy of (*g*).

अभाज ā-bhām, *n.* non-appearance.

अभाय ā-bhārya, *a.* wifeless. [luck]

अभाव ā-bhāva, *m.* non-existence; absence.

अभावयत् ā-bhāvayat, *pr. pt. es.* not keeping well in view.

अभाववत् ābhāva-vat, *a.* having a lack of, wanting (-).

अभाविन् ā-bhāvin, *a.* not to be.

अभि ābhi, *ad.* unto, near; *prp.* *v.* *acc.* towards; to, against; over; for, for the sake of; with regard to; *v.* *ab.* without.

अभिक ābhi-ka, *a.* eager; libidinous.

अभिकाङ्क्ष ābhi-kāṅkṣhā, *f.* longing, desire for (*acc.*); -**kāṅkṣin**, *a.* desirous of (*acc.*); -**kāma**, *m.* desire; affection, love; *a.* well-disposed to, longing for (*acc.*); -).

अभिक्रयाम् ābhi-kṛṣṇam, *ad.* to Krishnam.

अभिक्रम ābhi-kṛama, *m.* undertaking; -**krama**, *n.* going up to; -**kṛanti**, *f.* overcoming.

अभिक्षेदा ā-bhikṣha-dā, *f.* giving without solicitation

अभिक्षा ābhi-kṣhā, *f.* sight; splendour, beauty; name, appellation.

अभिगतव्य ābhi-gantavya, *fp.* to be visited; -**gama**, *m.* approach; visit; sexual intercourse; -**gamana**, *n.* *id.*; -**gamyā**, *fp.* to be visited; accessible, inviting.

अभिगर्गिन् ābhi-gargin, *a.* routing at.

अभिगामिन् abhi-gāmin, *a.* having sexual intercourse with (*acc.*).

अभिवृत्ति abhi-vṛtti, *f.* song of praise.

अभिघात abhi-ghāta, *m.* blow, stroke; noxious effect; -**ghātin**, *a.* striking, *m.* enemy.

अभिवक्ष abhi-kāśhama, *a.* looking at; *ś.*, *f.* view; -**kāśhe**, *d.* *inf.* in order to see

अभिचार abhi-kāra, *m.* bewitchment, enchantment [prince of Kesh.

अभिविद्यन् abhi-kārdyam, *ad.* against the

अभिजन abhi-jana, *m.* descent, race; noble birth; good repute; -**vat**, *a.* nobly descended.

अभिजात abhi-jāta, *pp.* well-born; charming; *n.* nobility; -**tā**, *f.* high birth, nobility, -**gati**, *f.* descent, birth

अभिजित abhi-gi-t, *a.* victorious; *m.* *N.* of a *Soma* sacrifice, *N.* of a lunar mansion

अभिज्ञ abhi-jñā, *a.* knowing, acquainted with, experienced in, conversant with *g.*, -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* *abst.* *s.*, *ś.*, *f.* remembrance

अभिज्ञान abhi-jñāna, *n.* recognition; token to recognise by -**śakuntala**, *n.* *N.* of a play

अभितराम abhi-tarām, (*cpr.*) *ad.* nearer to,

अभितर abhitas-kāra, *m.* *pl.* retinue.

अभितस abhi-tas, *ad.* up to, near, around, completely; *pp.* *m.* *a.* beside *m.* *acc.* up to, on both sides of; before and behind, round about, behind

अभिताडन abhi-tāḍana, *n.* beating, blow; -**tāpa**, *m.* heat; pain; -**tāma**, *a.* dark red

अभितरमरश्मि abhi-tigma-rasmi, *ad.* towards the sun. [partition

अभिर्ना ā-bhūti, *f.* non-fracture; lack of a

अभिदर्शन abhi-darsana, *n.* sight, spectacle.

अभिदूतम् abhi-dūtam, *ad.* to the messenger; -**dati**, *ad.* to a female messenger

अभिद्रुह abhi-drūh, *a.* hostile; -**drohā**, *m.* injury, insult, contumely. [*physics.*

अभिधर्म abhi-dharma, *m.* Buddhist meta-

अभिधा abhi-dhā, *a.* surrounding; *f.* appellation, name; -**tavya**, *fp.* to be said or announced, -**tri**, *m.* one who speaks, -**na**, *n.* statement; designation; name, word -**kova**, *m.* dictionary, -**ya**, *a.* saying, speaking; stating, explaining; -**dhāvaka**, *a.* hastening up.

अभिधेय abhi-dheya, *fp.* to be designated, -expressed, -named; *n.* meaning; -**tva**, *n.* capability of being designated

अभिध्यान abhi-dhyāna, *n.* thinking of (*g.*), desire for *le.*

अभिन्दनीय abhi-nand-niya, *fp.* to be praised; -**ya**, *fp.* *id.*; -**ina**, *a.* delighting in *n.*

अभिन्धम् abhi-nabhyām, *ad.* up to the clouds, -**namra**, *a.* greatly bent; -**naya**, *m.* dramatic performance; -**ārya**, *m.* dramatic teacher.

अभिन्व abhi-nava, *a.* quite new or fresh; *m.* *N.* -**yaunava**, *a.* being in early youth, -**vayaka**, *a.* *id.*

अभिन्वहन् abhi-nahana, *n.* bandage.

अभिनासिकाविवरम् abhi-nāsikā-vivaram, *ad.* to the nostrils.

अभिनिवेश abhi-niveśa, *m.* proneness to (*le.*); adherence to, insistence on (*le.*); ob-

stinacy; love of life; -**āveśin**, *a.* prone to; obstinately insisting on; (1 -**tva**, *n.* proneness.

अभिनिहित abhi-ni-hita, *pp.* *s.* dhā.

अभिन्न ā-bhūna, *pp.* not pierced, not penetrated, unhurt; unbroken, undivided; steadfast; unchanged; not different from *ab.*

अभिगति abhi-gati, *a.* not changing one's gait, -**vola**, *a.* not breaking bounds, -**ethiti**, *a.* *id.*

अभिपतन abhi-putana, *n.* swoop.

अभिपात abhi-pāta, *m.* hastening up.

अभिपत्य abhi-pitvā, *n.* turning in, evening

अभिपुष्टि abhi-puṣṭhe, *le.* *ad.* behind

अभिपक्षे abhi-prakāśhe, *d.* *inf.* in order to look about.

अभिप्राय abhi-prāya, *m.* object, intention, wish, opinion, meaning; notion, conception, -**prī**, *a.* gladdening; -**preta**, *pp.* *s.* *meant*, intended, -**prepu**, *des.* *a.* desirous of (*acc.*)

अभिप्लव abhi-plavā, *m.* kind of *sā* days *Soma* sacrifice [flowed

अभिप्लुत abhi-pluta, *pp.* overwhelmed, over-

अभिभर्तु abhi-bharti *ad.* on the husband; in the husband's presence; -**bhava**, *a.* superior in power, *m.* predominance, subjugation, being overwhelmed by (*acc.*, *ab.*), contempt, -**bhavana**, *n.* being overcome; -**bhāvin**, *a.* overwhelming

अभिभाषण abhi-bhāṣhaya, *n.* allocution; -**bhāshin**, *a.* addressing, speaking

अभिभू abhi bhū, *भू* -**bhū**, *a.* superior in power to, *acc.*

अभिभूति abhi-bhūti *f.* superiority; *a.* over-

अभिभूयोऽस abhibhūtiyas, *a.* of transcendent might

अभिमत abhi-mata, *pp.* esteemed, loved, wished for, approved; *a.* wish, desire, -**mantavya**, *fp.* to be regarded as *am* (1; -**mantri**, *a.* bringing objects into relation with itself, -**mantra**, *a.* invocation, consecration

अभिमान्यु abhi manyu, *m.* *N.*; *g.*, *m.* son of Abhimanyu; -**pura**, *n.* *N.* of a town, -**svāmin**, *m.* *N.* of a temple.

अभिमर्श abhi-marśa, *m.* contact, touch, -**mar-ana**, *n.* touching; -**marin**, *a.* touching

अभिमाति abhi-māti *f.* hostility, plotting; enemy; -**mātin**, *m.* foe, -**māna**, *m.* hostility, pride; self-consciousness; *ph.*; fancying oneself possessed of, erroneous assumption, affection

अभिमान -**māna**-vat, *a.* proud, assuming oneself to have, -**māna**-vāin, *a.* haughty, proud, -**mānin**, *a.* conceited; proud; fancying oneself to have or to be, passing for, representing, meaning (1 -**tā**, *f.* self-conceit, (1 -**tva**, *n.* considering oneself to be (1

अभिमारुतम् abhi-marutām, *ad.* against the wind

अभिमुख abhi-mukha, *a.* (1) facing, opposite *acc.* *d.* *g.*, (2) favourable to *m.* *g.*, imminent, (3) on the verge of, point of, earing for; *ad.* in front; -**m**, *ad.* *inf.* towards, against, opposite *acc.*, *g.*, -; *le.* opposite (*g.*)

अभिमुखी abhimukhi-kū, drive forward; -**bhū**, turn towards, favour.

अभियाय abhi-yāna, *n.* approach; attack; -**yāin**, *a.* approaching; attacking, going to (*acc.*, -*va*).

अभियोक्तव्य abhi-yoktavya, *fp.* to be prosecuted; -**yokti**, *m.* assailant, plaintiff; -**yoga**, *m.* employment; exertion, diligence; attack; charge, -**yogin**, *a.* prosecuting, -**yogya**, *fp.* to be attacked, assailable

अभिरक्ष abhi-rakṣana, *n.* -**rakṣā**, *f.* protection; -**rakṣitri**, *m.* protector

अभिरति abhi-rati, *f.* delight in (*le.*, -*va*)

अभिराम abhi-rāma, *a.* charming, lovely -**m**, *ad.* *m.* delight in; -**tā**, *f.* beauty, grace, delightfulness

अभिरुचि abhi-ruki, *f.* delight in (*le.*, -*va*); -**ruṭita**, *m.* *N.* of a fairy prince.

अभिरूप abhi-rūpa, *a.* suitable; beautiful; learned; -**tā**, *f.* good breeding, culture.

अभिरुच्य abhi-lakṣhya, *fp.* having a view to, directed towards, recognizable by

अभिरुच्यम् abhi-lakṣhyam, *ad.* to the goal

अभिरुहन् abhi-lāghana, *n.* overstepping, *g.* intrugement, -**lāghin**, *a.* overstepping, intruging, -**lāshanya**, -**lāshya**, *fp.* desirable, -**lāshita**, *pp.* *n.* desire, wish

अभिलाष abhi-lāpa, *m.* speech, announcement

अभिलाष abhi-lāsha, *m.* desire, eagerness for *le.*, -**purayit**, *śka*, *a.* fulfilling wishes; -**lāshin**, *a.* desiring *le.*, -**lāshuka**, *a.* *ad.* (*acc.*),

अभिलेखित abhi-lekhita, *n.* document

अभिवदन abhi vadana, *a.* address; -**vandana**, *n.* respectful salutation, -**var**/*ana*, *n.* description, -**vardhana**, *n.* strengthening, increasing.

अभिवाञ्छा abhi-vāṅkṣa, *f.* desire for (1)

अभिवाद abhi-vada, *m.* greeting; abuse; -**ka**, *a.* saluting, about to greet (*acc.*) -**vād-ana**, *n.* greeting salutation, -**vādāyitri**, *m.* greeter, -**vādin**, *a.* explaining, signifying

अभिवाह्य abhi-vahya, *n.* presentation

अभिविक्रम abhi-vikrama, *a.* valorous; -**vidhi**, *m.* inclusive limitation, -**visankin**, *a.* afraid of (*ab.*) [*progress*

अभिवृद्धि abhi-vṛddhi, *f.* increase, growth.

अभिव्यक्त abhi-vyakti, *fp.* *√* *āng* -**m**, *ad.* plainly, -**vyakti**, *f.* manifestation.

अभिशासन abhi-sam-ana, *n.* insult; accusation, -**am**/*sin*, *a.* accusing; -**śakṣā**, *f.* distrust of *g.*, fear of; -**śākin**, *a.* distrusting.

अभिशाप abhi-sāpa, *m.* curse; serious charge; -**śras**, *a.* having the head towards (*acc.*); -**śauri**, *ad.* against Krishna

अभिशाप abhi-sāva, *m.* giving ear; -**ari**, *a.* arranging; *m.* arranger; -**śaṅga**, *m.* defect; -**shaṅgin**, *a.* defeating, humbling, -**śhava**, *m.* pressing *Soma*)

अभिविषयायिषु abhi-shishe mayishu, *des.* *a.* about to approach with his army

अभिशक्त abhi-shikta, *pp.* sprinkled, unmounted, installed, inaugurated, -**śheṭā**, *m.* besprinkling; inauguration (*of a king*); water for inauguration, ablution; -**śheṭa-vya**, *fp.* to be inaugurated; -**śhe**/*ana*, *n.* inauguration (*of a king*), -**śhe**/*aniya*, *fp.* relating to inauguration; *m.* inauguration; -**śhe**/*ana*, *n.* expedition against (-*va*).

अभिषेयय abhishenaya, *den.* P. wage wait on (*acc.*).

अभिषोतु abhi-shoti, *m.* Soma-presser.

अभिष्टि 1. abhi-shṭi, *a.* superior, victorious.

अभिष्टि 2. abhi-shṭi, *f.* superiority; help. -*vasa*, *a.* giving powerful aid

अभिष्यन्द abhi-shyanda, *m.* redundancy.

अभिष्वङ्ग abhi-shvāṅga, *m.* attachment to (*in, loc.*).

अभिसंधक abhi-sandhaka, *a.* cheating; -*sandhā*, *f.* statement, speech; -*sandhāna*, *n.* connexion, statement; intention; deception; -*sandhi*, *m.* intention, scheme; condition; -*pūrva*, *a.* intentional -*kam*, *ad.* with a definite purpose, -*sambandha*, *m.* connexion; relation

अभिसर abhi-sara, *m.* companion; -*na*, *n.* amorous visit; -*sāra*, *m.* attack; rendezvous; *N.* of a people. -*sārīkā*, *f.* girl who goes to a rendezvous; -*sārīn*, *a.* going to (*acc.*) *n.* *f.* going to meet her lover; -*sārasrayishu*, *des. a. f.* intending to visit her lover.

अभिक्षेह abhi-sneha, *m.* inclination, desire

अभिस्वरे abhi-svare, *lc. pp.* (within call). behind (*g.*).

अभिहत abhi-hata, *pp.* (*acc.*) stricken; -*hata*, *f.* impact; -*haraṇa*, *m.* conveying; -*hita*, *pp.* (*acc.*) *ad.* uttered; avowed

अभी a-bhi, *a.* fearless; -*ka*, *a. id.*

अभीक abhika, *n.* meeting; *lc.* opportunely.

अभीक्षणम् abhi-kṣham, *ad.* every moment, repeatedly; at once; extremely (*acc.*)

अभीग a-bhi-ga, *a.* undaunted.

अभीत a-bhita, *pp.* fearless; -*vat*, *ad.* -ly

अभीति abhiti, *f.* onset, attack.

अभीप्सु abhi-ṣpsu, *des. a.* desiring (*acc.*)

अभीर a-bhira, *a.* fearless

अभीशाप abhi-shāpa, *m.* grave accusation.

अभीषु abhiṣu, *m.* bridle; ray; -*mat*, *a.* radiant; *m.* sun.

अभीष्ट abhi-ṣṭha, *pp.* wished for; cherished; dear, agreeable; *m.* favourite, lover; *n.* wish; -*tama*, *sp.* very dear; *n.* wish, -*tā*, *f.* popularity, -*da*, *a.* fulfilling one's desire; -*devatā*, *f.* favourite deity, thought of when death is near; -*varshin*, *a.* sending wished for rain

अभीष्मद्रोण a-bhishma-droma, *a.* lacking Bhishma and Drona.

अभुक्त a-bhukta, *pp.* unenjoyed.

अभुञ्जान a-bhuñjāna, *pr. pt.* taking no food

अभूत a-bhūta, *pp.* not having been; not happened; not existing; -*tad-bhāva*, *m.* being coming what it was not before; -*doṣha*, *a.* guiltless; -*pūrva*, *a.* unpremeditated.

अभुतलक्ष्य a-bhūtala-kṣya, *a.* not touching the earth; -*tā*, *f.* *ad.* -

अभुतार्थ abhūta artha, *m.* impossible thing.

अभूति a-bhūti, *f.* non-existence.

अभुतोपमा abhūta upamā, *f.* simile implying an impossibility.

अभूमि a-bhūmi, *f.* not the right place, no sphere for (*g.*); -*abha*, *a.* not being in his own country.

अभुयःसंनिवृत्ति a-bhūyāḥ-sannivṛtti, *f.* non-return.

अभुयिष्ठ a-bhūyishṭha, *a.* not numerous.

अभुत a-bhūta, *pp.* paid no wages.

अभुत्यात्मन् a-bhūtyātmān, *a.* disobedient toward (*g.*).

अभेनु a-bhettri, *m.* no breaker, observer.

अभेद a-bheda, *m.* non-separation, cohesion; no difference, identity; *a.* identical.

अभोग a-bhoga, *m.* lack of enjoyment.

अभोग्य a-bhogyā, *a.* not to be enjoyed.

अभोजन a-bhogaṇa, *n.* fasting.

अभोव्य a-bhogyā, *fp.* that may not be eaten; whose food may not be eaten; -*anna*, *a. id.*

अभ्यय abhiyaga, *a.* being in front; imminent; -*aṅga*, *m.* anointing; ointment; -*aṅga-aka*, *a.* anointing; -*aṅgaṇa*, *n.* anointing with fatty matter; -*aṅgyā*, *fp.* to be anointed.

अभ्यधिक abhiadhika, *a.* superfluous, additional; better, superior; greater, stronger, exceeding more by (*in, ab.*); dearer than (*-*), excellent, extraordinary; -*m*, *ad.* highly, very, extraordinarily; -*adhyayana*, *n.* study at a place (*-*)

अभ्यनुज्ञा abhiann-gñā, *f.* assent; permission; leave (to depart); -*gñāna*, *n. id.*; -*gñāpana*, *n.* causing to assent to (*g.*).

अभ्यन्तर abhi-antara, *a.* inner, being within; contained in (*g. loc.*); intimate; initiated, conversant with (*loc.*); akin; belonging to; essential to (*-*), secret; *n.* interior, interval of time, -*m*, *ad.* within; into (*-*); *lc.* at intervals; in the space of, within (*-*).

अभ्यन्तरीक्ष abhyantara-kṣi, put between; initiate in (*lc.*); make friends of; -*karana*, *n.* initiation in (*lc.*); -*karaniya*, *fp.* to be initiated in (*lc.*).

अभ्यमित्तम् abhi-amittam, *ad.* against the

अभ्यमिचीणता abhi-amitrim tā, *f.* favourable opportunity to attack the enemy.

अभ्यर्कबिम्बम् abhi-arka-bimbam, *ad.* towards the disc of the sun.

अभ्यर्चन abhi-ark-ana, *n.* worship; -*aniya*, *fp.* adorable, venerable; -*ya*, *fp. id.*

अभ्यर्ण abhi-arn, *a.* near; *n.* neighbourhood. -*tā*, *f. id.* proximity.

अभ्यर्थन abhi-arthana, *n.* *ā*, *f.* begging; -*arthaniya*, *fp.* to be requested; -*arthita*, *pp.* *n.* request; -*arthin*, *a.* asking for (*-*); -*arthya*, *fp.* to be requested; -*ardha-yaṅvan*, *a.* receiving special offerings, -*arthaṇa*, *n.* homage, adoration; -*arthaniya*, *fp.* venerable; -*tā*, *f.* venerableness

अभ्यल्प abhi-ālpa, *a.* quite small.

अभ्यवहरण abhi-ava-hāraṇa, *n.* -*hāra*, *m.* taking food and drink; -*hārya*, *fp.* eatable; *n.* food.

अभ्यसन abhi-asana, *n.* application; study; -*ya*, *fp.* to be practised.

अभ्यसूयक abhi-asūyaka, *a.* detracting; -*asūyā*, *f.* anger; envy. [pleated

अभ्यस्त abhi-asta, *pp.* read, studied; redu-

अभ्यस्तन् abhi-astam, *ad.* with \sqrt{si} or $\sqrt{gā}$. set over (*acc.*); -*ita*, *pp.* sleeping at sunset.

अभ्याकारम् abhi-ākāram, *abs.* enticing.

अभ्यागत abhi-āgata, (*pp.*) *m.* visitor, guest.

अभ्यागम abhi-āgama, *m.*, -*na*, *n.* approach; arrival, visit. [assault.

अभ्याघात abhi-āghāta, *m.* sudden attack.

अभ्यात्मय abhi-ātma-agra, *a.* with points turned towards oneself.

अभ्यावृत्ति abhi-āvṛtti, *f.* repetition.

अभ्याश abhi-āsa, *a.* near; imminent; *m.* attainment; vicinity; -*m*, *lc.* in the neighbourhood (of, *g.*, *ab.*).

अभ्यास abhi-āsa, *m.* addition; repetition; reduplication (*gr.*); practice; application; use, habit; familiarity with (*-*); repeated recitation; study. [(-).]

अभ्यासिन abhyāsina, *a.* applying oneself to

अभ्युक्षण abhi-ukṣham, *n.* besprinkling; -*uy-gayini*, *ad.* towards Uggayini; -*utthāna*, *n.* rising from one's seat (as a greeting); rise, ascendancy, exaltation; -*utthita*, *pp.* $\sqrt{sthā}$.

अभ्युदय abhi-udaya, *m.* rise; beginning; success, fortune, prosperity; wealth; festival, esp. sacrifice to the Manes; -*udaya*, *n.* arising, imminent, -*udgati*, *f.* going to meet; -*udgama*, *m.* rising to greet.

अभ्युपगम abhi-upagama, *m.* admission; promise; -*upapatti*, *f.* coming to the rescue; aid; -*upapādana*, *n. id.*; -*upāya*, *m.* expedient; -*tas*, *ad.* with all means.

अभ्यूह abhi-ūha, *m.* supposition; inference.

अभ्र abhra, (*m.*) *n.* (rain) cloud; sky.

अभ्रलिह abhram-liha, *a.* reaching to the clouds

अभ्रगङ्गा abhra-gaṅgā, *f.* celestial Ganges

अभ्रकष abhram-kasha, *a.* reaching to the clouds [cloud

अभ्रच्छाया abhra-khāyā, *f.* shadow of a

अभ्रातृ a-bhrātri, *क* -*ka*, *a.* brotherless.

अभ्रातृव्य a-bhrātravyā, *a.* lacking rivals.

अभ्रावकाशिक abhra-avakāśika, *a.* exposing oneself to the rain.

अभ्रि abhri, *f.* hoe, spade.

अभ्रित abhrita, *pp.* clouded.

अभ्रविलास a-bhū-tilasa, *a.* not coquetting with the brows.

अभ्र ā-bhva, *a.* mighty; *n.* great power; horror; monster.

अम AM, *am-iti*, advance; *cs.* āmayati, be injured or ill.

अम 1. ama, *prn. stem.* this, he.

अम 2. ā-m, *n.* pressure, vehemence; fright.

अमङ्गल a-maṅgala, *अ* -*lya*, *a.* baneful; *n.* mischief

अमज्जान a-maggana, *n.* not sinking.

अमण्डित a-maṇḍita, *pp.* unadorned.

अमत a-mata, *pp.* unlooked for; not approved.

अमति 1. am-āti, *f.* appearance, brightness.

अमति 2. am-ati, *a.* poor; *f.* poverty. [tionally.

अमति 3. a-mati, *f.* ignorance; *in.* unintention-

अमत्सर a-matsara, *a.* disinterested.

अमद्यमद्यत् a-madya-madyat, *pr. pt.* lively without an intoxicant.

अमधव a-madhav-ya, *a.* not worthy of sweetness (i.e. Soma). [(śa) unintelligent; foolish.

अमनस ā-manas, *n.* lack of intelligence; *a.*

अमनस्क a-manas-ka, *a.* foolish; not of good cheer. [pp. uninhabited by men.

अमनुष्यनिषेवित a-manushya-nishevita,

अमनोरम a-mano-rama, *a.* not charming.

अमन्तु a-mantū, *a.* lacking an adviser, helpless.

अमन्त्र a-mantra, *n.* no spell; *a.* unaccompanied by Vedic texts; not knowing Vedic formulas.

अमन्त्रक amantra-ka, -gñā, -vid, *a.* ignorant of sacred texts; -**tantra**, *a.* lacking incantations and spells; -**vargam**, *ad.* not without the requisite texts.

अमन्द ā-manda, *a.* not lazy, alert; not stupid; plentiful; *n.* much; -**tā**, *f.* cleverness, good sense; -**hrīdaya**, *a.* cheerful-hearted

अमन्यमान ā-manyā-māna, *pr. pt.* unawares.

अमम a-muma, *a.* lacking self-consciousness; careless about (i.e.).

अमर a-māra, *a.* (ā, i) immortal; *m.* god; -**garbha**, *m.* divine child; -**guru**, *m.* Brihaspati, the planet Jupiter; -**taṣṇī**, *f.* river of the gods, Ganges; -**taru**, *m.* a certain tree; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* divinity; immortality; -**datā**, *n.* N.; -**druma**, *m.* tree of the gods, Pāṇigāta; -**divish**, *m.* Asura; -**paksha-pātin**, *m.* friend of the gods; -**pati-kumāra**, *m.* son of Indra (Gayanta); -**parvata**, *m.* N. of a mountain, -**pura**, *n.* i, *f.* city of the gods; -**prakhya**, *a.* like an immortal; -**prabha**, *a.* bright as an immortal; -**prārthita**, *pp.* wooed by immortals; -**mrigī-drīś**, *f.* A psarar.

अमरमन्य amaraman-ya, *a.* passing for or thinking oneself a god.

अमरलोक amara-loka, *a.* dwelling in the world of the gods; -**tā**, *f.* abst. *n.*; -**vat**, *ad.* like an immortal; as if immortal; -**sadas**, *n.* assembly of the gods; -**sarit**, *f.* Ganges.

अमरागार amara agāra, *n.* temple; -**āṅga-na**, *f.* Aparas; -**apaga**, *f.* celestial Ganges.

अमरावती amara-vatī, *f.* city of the gods (Indra's abode).

अमरेश्वर amara isvara, *m.* lord of the gods (Indra or Vishnu). [-**upama**, *a.* godlike

अमरोत्तम amara uttama, *a.* chief of gods:

अमर्त ā-marta, **अमर्त्य** ā-martya, *a.* immortal.

अमर्त्यभाव amartya-bhāva, *m.* immortality.

अमर्धत ā-mardh-at, *pr. pt.* untiring.

अमर्मन् a-marman, *n.* no vital spot; *a.* (ān) invulnerable.

अमर्याद a-maryāda, *a.* having no bounds.

अमर्ष a-marsha-*a.* impatience; displeasure; anger; -**ama**, *n.* id.; *a.* impetuous; intolerant; incensed; impatient; -**ita**, *pp.* displeased, indignant; -**ita**, *n.* id.

अमल a-mala, *a.* spotless, pure; -**paksha-vihangama**, *m.* swan; -**patatrin**, *m.* goose, swan.

अमलय amala-ya, *den. P.* make pure or white.

अमलिन a-malina, *a.* pure; -**ahi**, *a.* pure-minded.

अमवत् āma-vat, *a.* impetuous; mighty.

अमहात्मन a-mahātman, *a.* not high-minded.

अमहीयमान a-mahiya-māna, *pr. pt.* downcast, distressed

अमा 1. amā, *ad.* at home; homewards.

अमा 2. amā, *f.* night of new moon. [meat.

अमांसभक्ष a-māmsa-bhaksha, *a.* eating no

अमात्रु amā-gūr, *f.* aging at home, old

अमात् 1. amāt, (ab.) *ad.* from home. [maid.

अमात् 2. a-māt, *pr. pt.* having no space in (i.e.).

अमात्य amā-tya, *m.* inmate; relative; minister

अमात्रा a-mātrā, *f.* in, excessively, highly.

अमानन a-mānana, *n.* disrespect.

अमानव a-mānava, *a.* superhuman; not descended from Manu.

अमानित a-mānita, *pp.* not highly esteemed.

अमानित्व a-māni-tva, *n.* modesty, humility.

अमानुष ā-mānusha, *m.* no man; *i. f.* female animal, *a.* (i) superhuman, divine, inhuman; (ā) destitute of men; -**loka**, *m.* celestial world.

अमाय a-māyā, *a.* not clever. [honestly.

अमाया a-māyā, *f.* sincerity in, frankly.

अमार a-māna, *m.* not killing

अमार्ग a-mārga, *m.* wrong road, - course.

अमार्जित a-mārgita, *pp.* unwashed

अमावासी amā-vāsī, -yā, *f.* night of new

अमि amī, the root am. [moon.

अमित ā-mita, *pp.* immeasurable; innumerable; -**gati**, *m.* N. of a fairy, -**gana**, *a.* having innumerable merits; -**te/ma**, *a.* of immeasurable splendour; -**buddhi-mat**, *a.* of immeasurable intellect. [energy or power

अमितीजस amita ojas, *a.* of immeasurable

अमित्र 1. a-mitra, *m.* enemy; -**vat**, *ad.* like an

अमित्र 2. a-mitra, *a.* friendless. [enemy.

अमित्रकर्मन् amitra-karman, *m.* N.; -**karsha-ana**, *a.* tormenting enemies; -**ghātin**, *m.* slayer of foes; -**tā**, *f.* enmity; -**hān**, *a.* slaying foes. [enmity.

अमित्राय amitrāya, *den. ā.* behave like an

अमिथा a-mithyā, *ad.* not falsely, truly.

अमिन्त ā-mi-n-at, *pr. pt.* not injuring.

अमी amī, *m.* pl. of asau (adas).

अमीतवर्ण ā-mita-varna, *a.* having undiminished brightness. [in question.

अमीमांस्त्र a-mimāṃsya, *fp.* not to be called

अमीव amiva, *n.* ā, *f.* pain; plague; disease; -**āstana**, *a.* (i) driving away pain or disease

अमु amū, *prn. stem (n. sg. m. f. asau, n. adās).*

अमुक amu-ka, *prn.* so and so.

अमुक्त a-mukta, *pp.* not let go, - discharged,

अमुक a-mukha, *a.* mouthless. [- liberated.

अमुक्षत a-muṣh-at, *pr. pt.* not abandoning

or giving up. [there; hence; thereupon.

अमुत्त amū-tas, *ad.* from that (= ab.); thence,

अमुत्त amū-tra, *ad.* in that (= te.); here; there,

thither; in the other world; -**artham**, *ad.* for the next world

अमुत्त amū-thā, *ad.* thus; *sc. as*, to be lost.

अमुद् a-mudra, *a.* unequalled.

अमुया amuyā, *in. ad.* in that way, so; with *as* or *bhā*, be done for, be lost. [minded.

अमुद् a-mūḍha, *pp.* not confused, clear-

अमूर् ā-mūra, *a.* acute, unerring.

अमूर्त ā-mūrta, *a.* bodiless.

अमूल a-mūla, *a.* rootless; causeless; not based on *a* or the text

अमूक्त ā-mūkta, *pp.* unhurt, intact.

अमृत a-mṛta, *pp.* not hvg. died; immortal; *m.* god; ā, *f.* goddess; *a.* herb, *n.* immortality; world of immortals; nectar, a certain remedy; medicine; remnant of a sacrifice, water; milk; ray; -**kara**, *m.* moon, -**kirtana**, *m.* id.; -**tejas**, *m.* N. of a fairy prince; -**tva**, *n.* immortality; condition of ambrosia; -**didhiti**, *m.* moon; -**drava**, *a.* flowing with nectar; -**dhāyin**, *a.* sipping, -**pāyin**, *a.* drinking nectar; hearing fine speeches, -**prabha**, *m.* N. of a fairy; ā, *f.* N.; -**bhavana**, *n.* N. of a monastery; -**bhāshana**, *n.* nectar-like speech; -**bhūga**, *m.* god; -**bhojana**, *a.* eating the remnants of sacrifices, -**māya**, *a.* (i) immortal; nectar like, consisting of nectar; -**ravi**, *m.* moon; -**rasa**, *m.* nectar; *a.* tasting like nectar; -**lata**, *f.* creeper yielding nectar; -**loka**, *m.* world of the immortals, -**varshin**, *a.* raining nectar, -**hrada**, *m.* lake of nectar.

अमृतांशु amṛta amsu, *m.* moon; -**ākara**, *m.* N.; -**ātman**, *a.* consisting of nectar.

अमृताय amṛtāya, *den. ā.* be like immortal or nectar; become nectar.

अमृताहुति amṛta ahuti, *f.* a kind of sacrificial offering

अमृतिका amṛtikā, *f.* N. of a celestial.

अमृतीभू amṛti-bhū, become immortal.

अमृतिश्वर amṛta isvara, *a.* like ambrosia.

अमृतीपम amṛti upama, *a.* like ambrosia.

अमृथमाण a-mṛsh-ya-māna, *pr. pt.* not tolerating. [pure; *n.* impurity, excrement.

अमिथ a-medhyā, *a.* unfit for sacrifice; im-

अमेय ameya, *fp.* immeasurable.

अमोघ ā-mogha, *a.* not vain, unerring; infallible; -**krodha-harsha**, *a.* not angry or rejoicing in vain; -**darana**, *a.* not appearing in vain, i.e. bringing luck (Pr); -**patana**, *a.* not falling in vain, hitting the mark; -**vakana**, *a.* whose word is not idle.

अमोघ a-mogha, *fp.* not to be let go.

अमौक्तिक a-mauktika, *a.* containing no pearls.

अम्बर āmbara, *n.* garment; firmament, sky; -**kara**, *a.* moving in the air; *m.* bird, fairy -**mārga**, *m.* (bird's) path, sky; -**ākṛita**, *m.* planet, -**patha**, *m.* path in the sky; -**prabha**, *f.* N. of a princess, -**adhikārin**, *m.* groom of the robes.

अम्बरीष ambarīṣha, *m.* n. frying-pan; *m.* N.

अम्बरीक्ष ambaraṅkṣa, *m.* god.

अम्बु amba-shtha, *m.* (ā, i) child of a Brāhmaṇa and a woman of the third caste. *pl. N.* of a people.

अम्बा ambā, *f.* mother: *rc.* āmbe (V.), āmba (V. C.); āmba, often mere ij; āh!

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अम्बिका ambikā, *f. N. of Pārvatī; N. of Dhṛitī-rāshtra's mother; -patī, m. Rudra or Siva.*
अम्बु ambu, *n. water; -kārīn, a. living in the water; m. aquatic animal.*

अम्बुगु ambu-gu, *a. aquatic; m. n. (day) lotus. -bhādhava, m. sun; -aksha, a. (3) lotus-eyed; -lākṣmī, f. Lakṣmī (lotus-seated).*

अम्बुद ambu-du, *m. cloud: -māsa, m. dispersion of clouds; -dhara, m. cloud; -dhi, m. sea; -nidhi, m. id.; -pakṣin, m. water-bird; -patī, m. Varuṇa; sea; -paddhati, f. current; -muk, m. cloud; -raya, m. current; -rāṭ, n. sea; -ruha, n. day flowering lotus; -rubhī, f. lotus; -līlā-gaḥa, n. pleasure-house in the water; -vāha, m. cloud; -vega, m. current.*

अम्बुव्रत ambu-vrata, *pp. accompanied by spitting; n. bellowing with foaming at the mouth. [water.]*

अम्बुध ambu-dha, *n. water; -tas, ad. out of the*

अम्बुज ambu-ja, *n. (day) lotus; -rini, f. lotus plant; -vana, n. pond covered with lotuses; -da, m. cloud; -dhara, m. id.; -dhi, m. sea; -nidhi, m. id.; -bindu, m. drop of water; -muk, m. cloud; -ruha, n. (day) lotus; -maya, a. full*

अम्बुय am-buyn, *a. (i) watery. [of lotuses.*

अम्ब am-la, *a. sour.*

अम्बान a-mān, *pp. not withered or withering; fresh; -darvana, a. keen-eyed.*

अम्बानि a-mā-ni, *a. not withering; -yin.*

अम्बिभू amli-bhū, *become good. [a. id.]*

अय āy-a, *m. going; course; s. good fortune.*

अयःकाय ayuh-kāya, *m. N. of a Daitya.*

अयःपिण्ड ayuh-pinda, *m. n. lump of iron.*

अयक्ष्म a-yakṣmā, *a. free from disease, healthy.*

अयज्ञ ā-yujña, *m. no sacrifice; non-performance of sacrifice; a. (3) not sacrificing.*

अयज्यु ā-yag-yu, **अवन्** -van, *a. impious.*

अयत ā-yata, *pp. uncontrolled, unrestrained.*

अयति a-yati, *m. no ascetic.*

अयत ā-yata, *m. no effort, ease. -tas, m. without trouble; -vāla-vya-jani-bhū, become a fly-fan without trouble.*

अयथातथस् a-yathā-tatham, *ad. not as it should be; -balam, ad. not according to strength; -artha, a. untrue, false; -vat, ad. wrongly, falsely; -sthita, pp. disarranged*

अयथोचित ayathānukūta, *pp. unseemly.*

अयदि ā-yadī, *i.e. when there is no 'yad' (gr.).*

अयन āyana, *a. going, coming; n. going; way; course; certain Soma sacrifice lasting a year, sun's course from one solstice to another; half-year; solstice; resting-place*

अयन्त्रण a-yantrana, *a. unrestrained, free.*

अयन्त्रित a-yantrita, *pp. uncurbed, at large; un-self-controlled. [n. idam, f. iyam.]*

अयन् āy-ām, *pp. nm.sg. m. this: often = here;*

अयमित a-yamita, *pp. not kept in order; untrimmed (nails).*

अयवत् ayu-vat, *a. happy, fortunate.*

अयशस् a-yasas, *n. disgrace, dishonour; insult; -kara, a. (3) dishonouring, disgracing*

अयस् āy-as, *n. metal, iron; iron instrument,*

knife, sword; -kānta, *m. magnet; -māya, a. (3) of iron.*

अया ayā, *(in.) ad. in this manner, thus.*

अयाचित ā-yāk-i-ta, *pp. unasked; given without asking; -tri, a. not soliciting or wooing.*

अयाज्य ā-yāgyā, *fp. who may not be sacrificed for; that may not be sacrificed.*

अयातयाम ā-yāta-yāma, *a. not stale, not ineffectual; n. pl. a kind of Yagur texts. (3)-tā, f. effectualness. [m. N. of a seer.]*

अयास् ā-yās, *a. indefatigable; -ya, a. id.;*

अयि ayi, *ij. (usually with ec.) or intr. pcl.*

अयुककद a-yuk-khada, *m. (odd-leaved, i.e. seven-leaved) a tree (sapta-parṇa).*

अयुक्त a-yukta, *pp. unyoked; unconnected; unattached to; i.e. unintent; unsuitable, unseemly; n. unsuitable metaphor; -tva, n. inappropriateness; -rūpa, a. unsuitable.*

अयुक्स्त्र a-yuk-saṅkhyā, *a. hv. an uneven*

अयुगसप्ति a-yuga-sapti, *m. sun. [number.]*

अयुगाचिस a-yuga aris, *m. fire (odd-rayed = seven-rayed).*

अयुगम a-yugma, *a. uneven, odd.*

अयुगमकद ayugma-khada, *m. = ayuk-khada; -loṭana, m. Siva odd- i.e. three-eyed; -ara, m. Kāma (odd- five-arrowed).*

अयुग ā-yuga, *a. uneven, odd; -yug, a. id.; -yugā, a. without an equal; uneven, odd.*

अयुत ā-yūta, *(pp.) n. myriad.*

अयुद्ध ā-yuddha, *pp. uncombated, irresistible; n. absence of war, peace.*

अयुद्धी ā-yuddhī, *abs. without fighting.*

अयुवमारिन् a-yuva-mārin, *a. in which youths do not die.*

अये aye, *ij. of surprise; often = ayi.*

अयोग a-yoga, *m. separation; wrong employment; bad quality; inappropriateness; impossibility.*

अयोगुड ayo-guḍa, *m. iron ball.*

अयोगू ayo-gū, *f. a mired caste.*

अयोग्य a-yogyā, *fp. unfit, useless; unauthorised; not a match for; i.e. -tva, n. unfit*

अयोधन ayo-ghna, *m. iron hammer. [uss.]*

अयोद्ध ā-yoddhī, *a. not fighting.*

अयोध्य ā-yodhyā, *fp. unconquerable; 3, f. N. of a city (Oude).*

अयोनि ā-yoni, *m. f. what is not pudendum multibre. a. lacking an origin or beginning; -ga, a. not born of the womb; -tva, n. abst s.; -ganman, a. not born of the womb.*

अयोमय āyo-maya, *a. (3) of iron; -mukha, a. iron-pointed; m. arrow; -hata, pp. of hammered iron; -hrīdaya, a. iron-hearted.*

अयौगिक ā-yūgika, *a. applicable.*

अर ar-ā, *m. spoke of a wheel; -ka, m. id.*

अरक्षत् a-rakṣat, *pr. pt. not protecting; -ita, pp. unguarded; -i-tri, m. no protector; -ya, fp. not deserving protection; -ya-māna, pr. pt. ns. unprotected.*

अरघट्ट ar-ghuṭṭa, *m. water-wheel; well.*

अरजस् a-ragās, *a. dustless, spotless; passionless.*

अरज्यत a-ragyat, *pr. pt. having no pleasure in*

अरजित a-raṅgita, *pp. dissatisfied. [(ic.).]*

अरण ar-ana, *a. (i) distant, strange.*

अरणि ar-āni, **अरणी** ar-āni, *f. tinder-stick (for producing fire by attrition).*

अरु āru-ya, *n. distance, foreign country; wilderness; forest; -ka, n. forest; -ga, m. wild elephant; -kara, a. living in a forest; wild; -giva, a. id.; -dharma, m. savage state, wildness; -nripati, m. king of the forest, tiger; -bhava, a. growing in the forest; wild; -mārgara, m. wild cat; -rāg, m. (um. -rāt) lion; tiger; -rāgya, n. sovereignty of the forest; -rudita, n. crying in the forest = vain lament; -vat, ad. like a wilderness; -vāsa, m. forest-abode; -vāsin, a. forest-dwelling; m. denizen of the forest; -śaśhikā, f. kind of celebration.*

अरुणानि aruṇāni, **अनी** -nī, *f. wilderness; great forest; genius of the forest. [hermit.]*

अरुणोक्त aruṇa-ukta, *m. forest-dweller;*

अरति ar-ati, *m. attendant, helper, officiator (at sacrifices).*

अरति 2. a-rati, *f. discomfort; depression.*

अरतिक a-rati-ka, *a. lacking Rati.*

अरतलोकसंहार्य a-ratna loka-samhārya, *fp. not to be dispelled by the brilliance of gems.*

अरत्नि ar-atni, *m. [joint], elbow; -ka, m. id.*

अरुथिन् a-ruthin, *a. roudless. [in.]*

अरुतोस a-rantos, *g. inf. to have no pleasure*

अरत a-ratā, **अस** -s, *a. unsuited, safe.*

अरम āram, *ad. suitably to (d.); sufficiently; -kāma, according to wish. (cp. √kri & √bhū)*

अरमणीय a-ramanīya, *fp. not delightful.*

अरमति arā-mati, *f. devotion, piety; godless of devotion; a. indefatigable.*

अरमुडि aramudi, *m. N. of a king of Nepal.*

अरम्य a-ramya, *fp. unpleasant, unamiable.*

अररि arari, *m. fold of a door; i, f. id.*

अरविन्द aru-vinda, *n. (day) lotus; -tā, f., -tva, n. abst s.; -nābhi, m. Krishna; -vinda-ini, f. (day) lotus.*

अरस a-rasā, *a. tasteless, insipid; weak.*

अरसिक a-rasika, *a. unaesthetic.*

अरहित a-rahita, *pp. not abandoned, not wanting. [tions; -in, a. ad.]*

अराग a-rāg-a, *a. lacking passion or affection.*

अराजक a-rājā-ka, *a. kingless; n. anarchy; -tā, f. kinglessness; -daivika, n. not caused by the king or by fate; -lakṣman, a. lacking royal insignia; -navayin, a. belonging to no royal race.*

अरायि ar-āni, *pr. aor. of √ri. [foe.]*

अराति ā-rati, *f. disfavour, enmity; fiend; m.*

अराम a-rāma, *a. lacking Rāma. [resin.]*

अराल arāla, *a. curved, curly; m. kind of*

अरावन् ā-rā-van, *a. (not bestowing), hostile.*

अरि ar-i, *a. 1. faithful, pious; 2. (a-rī, not giving hostile, m. enemy; -karsana, m. harasser*

अरिक्त a-rikta, *pp. not empty. [of foci.]*

चरिक्वीय a-rikthiya, *a.* incapable of inheriting. [hostility.]

चरिजन ari-gana, *m. coll.* enemies; -**ता**, *f.*

चरित्र ar-i-tra, *a.* driving; *m. n.* oar.

चरिन् ar-in, *n.* wheel (spoked). [foes.]

चरिनन्दन ari-nandana, *a.* rejoicing one's

चरिदम arim-dama, *a.* foe-taming, victori-

चरिप्र a-ripṛā, *a.* spotless. [ous.]

चरिमर्दन ari-mardana, *a.* enemy-crushing.

चरिष्ठ ā-rishṭa, *pp.* unscathed, safe; *m.* misfortune; *a tree (also -ka, m.);* (ā-tāti, *f.* scathelessness, safety; -**रथा**, *a.* whose car is unscathed; -**विरा**, *a.* whose warriors are unscathed; -**स्य्या**, *f.* bed of confinement.

चरिष्टि ā-rishṭi, *f.* scathelessness.

चरिसुदन ari-sūdana, *m.* foe-destroyer.

चरिहन् ari-han, *a.* foe-slaying.

चरीड ā-rīḍha, **चरीड** ā-rīkha, *pp.* unlicked

चरवि a-rū-i, *f.* disgust (at, upari); -**या**, *a.* unpleasant.

चरज a-rug, **च** -ga, *a.* painless; healthy.

चरण ar-unā, *a.* (ā; V. also ī) ruddy; light-brown; golden; *m.* redness; dawn (personified as charioteer of the sun); sun; -**करा**, *m.* sun; -**ता**, *f.* redness; -**परा**, *a.* ruddy.

चरणय aruna-ya, *den. P.* reddish: *pp.* ita.

चरणगुण aruna-guṇa, *m.* Garuda; -**रक्षि**,

चरणी a-unī, *f.* dawn. [*m.* rising sun]

चरणीक arunī-kri, reddish.

चरणोद aruna-uda, *n. N.* of a lake.

चरतुद arum-tuda, *a.* making a wound; touching a sore; excruciating.

चरन्धती arundhatī, *f. N.* of a plant; *N.* of Vasishtha's wife, *N.* of a faint star, *Alkor* in the Great Bear (conceived as the consort of the seven Rishis).

चरव a-rush, *a.* not angry, in good humour.

चरव ar-ushā, *a. (f. ārushā)* red, ruddy; *m.* sun, day; *pl. m. f.* flames (*Agni's* red horses; *f. ārushā*, dawn).

चरथत् a-rushyat, *pr. pl.* not angry.

चरत् ār-us, *a.* wounded; *n.* wound.

चरुदमुल a-rūḍha-mūla-tva, *n.* not having taken firm root.

चरुप a-rūpa, *a.* formless; deformed; -**ना**, *n.* no figurative term (*ph.*); -**त्वा**, *n.* deformity.

चरे are, *ij.* of address, ho! sirrah!

चरेपत् a-repās, *a.* spotless, pure.

चरोग a-roga, *m.* health; *a.* healthy.

चरोगिन् a-rog-in, *a.* healthy; -**ता**, *f.* -**ता**, *n.* healthiness.

चरोरिक् a-rokani, *a.* lacking appetite; fastidious; pretentious; sensitive.

चरोरमान a-roāmāna, *pr. pl.* not shining; unpalatable, nauseous.

चरोरिणी a-rohini-ka, *a.* lacking Rohini.

चरक ark-ā, *m.* ray; sun; sun-god; hymn; singer; *kind of tree or shrub*; -**नन्दाना**, *m.* planet Saturn; -**पत्रा**, *n.* leaf of the Arka;

-**प्रभा**-gāla, *n.* sun-beams; -**रिप**, *m.* Rāhu; -**व्रता**, *n.* manner of the sun. [praise]

चरिन् ark-in, *a.* radiant; singing songs of

चरज argu-in, *m. n.* bolt; obstacle.

अर्घ ARGH, I. P. **argha**, be worth.

चर्च argh-ā, *m.* value, price; hospitable reception; honorific gift; -**पत्रा**, *n.* dish in which water is presented to a guest; -**उदका**, *n.* water presented to a guest.

चर्च्य arch-ya, *fp.* valuable; worthy of a hospitable reception; *n.* water presented to a guest

चर्व ARK, *r.* चर्व RIK.

चर्वक ark-aka, *a.* honouring, adoring; -**आना**, *n.* ā, *f.* honouring, adoration; -**मणि**, *m.* jewel of honour.

चर्वत् arlat, 3 *sg. impf.* of चर्व (V.).

चर्वा ark-ā, *f.* worship, adoration.

चर्वि ark-i, *m.* ray, flame. [*m.* fire.]

चर्विष्मत् arkish-mat, *a.* radiant, flaming;

चर्विस् ark-is, *n.* (C *f.* also), ray, flame.

चर्व्य ark-ya, *fp.* worthy of honour or worship.

चर्ह ARKH, *r.* चर्ह RIKH.

अर्ज ARG, I. P. **arja**, procure, acquire; *cs.*

अर्ज्या, P. **ā** *id.* **upa**, *cs. id.*

अर्जक arg-aka, *a.* procuring, acquiring; -**आना**, *n.* acquisition; -**आया**, *f.* to be acquired; -**ता**, *pp.* acquired, gained; -**इन**, *a.* acquiring.

अर्जुन ārg-una, *a.* (i) white, bright; *m. N.* of a son of Pāndu. [*flood*; *m. N.* of a son of Pāndu.]

अरि ār-na, *a.* surging; *m. n.* wave, stream,

अरिवा arna-vā, *m.* (n) wave, stream, flood; sea; -**नेमि**, *f.* earth; -**नरि**-ā-rita, (*pp.* *m.* dweller near the sea and rivers.)

अरिस् ār-nas, *n.* wave, stream, flood; sea.

अरिसाति ārna-sāti, *f.* winning of streams.

अरि I. ar-ti, *f.* pain (=ārti).

अरि 2. ar-ti, the root *ri*.

अर्थ ar-tha, *n.* (V.) *m.* business, work; aim, purpose; cause, meaning; advantage, profit, use, utility, the useful, reward, gain; property, wealth, money; thing, object, matter, affair, case, suit; *a.* =, *hvg.* in view, serviceable for; -**म**, *m.*, *d.*, *lc.* on account of, for the sake of, for; -**ता**, *ab.* = that is to say. **ayam arthaḥ**, this thing; **kam artham**, what thing? **ko arthaḥ**, what is the use of (m) / what does (g.) care for (in.)?

अर्थिक artha-kara, *a.* (i) useful; -**कामा**, *n.* *sg.*, *m. du.* the useful and the pleasant; *a.* desirous of wealth; wishing to be useful; -**काम्या**, *a. id.*; -**कार्या**, *n.* destitution, poverty; -**किबिशन**, *a.* transgressing with money; -**क्रिक्र**, *n.* difficult matter; -**क्री**, *a.* useful; -**क्रीत्या**, *n.* ā, *f.* accomplishment of an affair; -**ग्रहणा**, *n.* taking away of money; import of the meaning; -**ग्रहा**, *a.* (i) prodigal; -**कित्ता**, *a.* intent on riches; -**कितका**, *a.* knower of the useful; -**ग्या**, *n. sg. pl.* money; things, objects; -**ग्या**, *a.* understanding the matter or the meaning; -**तत्त्वा**, *n.* real state of things; fact of a matter; true sense; -**ता**, *ad.* for a purpose; for the sake of (-); for the sake of gain; in truth, really, according to the meaning; -**त्रिषा**, *f.* thirst for gold,

avarice; -**त्वा**, *n.* serviceableness for (-); -**दा**, *a.* useful; liberal; -**दत्ता**, *m. N.* of wealthy merchants; -**दराना**, *n.* judging a matter; -**दाना**, *n.* present in money; -**दुशाना**, *n.* prodigality; unjust seizure of property.

अर्थना arth-anā, *f.* prayer, request.

अर्थनाश artha-nāsa, *m.* loss of property; -**निरदान**, *m.* explanation of the sense.

अर्थनीय arth-anīya, *fp.* to be required or demanded from.

अर्थपति artha-pati, *m.* rich man; king; -**परा**, *a.* intent on money, niggardly; -**पारुष्या**, *n.* rigidity in money matters; -**पला**, *m. N.* of a man; -**प्रयोग**, *m.* usury; -**बन्धा**, *m.* significant words; -**मत्ता**, *pp.* purse-proud; -**मत्ता**, *n.* ā, *f.* wealth, money

अर्थ्य arthā-ya, *den. ā.* (V.), (arthate, E), endeavour, strive for; ask one (ac, ab.) for (ac); explain. **abhi**, ask one (ac. for (ac, d., lc, or -artham). **pra**, desire; ask one (ac) for (ac, lc); request something (ac) from (ab.). **wish to**, ask one to (inf); **woo**; have recourse to; **Abhi**, oppose oneself to (ac). **sam**, prepare; conclude; judge, think, consider; connect with (in or prati) *ac*; perceive; contemplate; resolve, cheer up, encourage.

अर्थयुक्त artha-yukta, *pp.* significant, -**युक्ति**, *f.* gain, advantage, -**रक्षि**, *m.* wealth; -**रुक्षि**, *a.* avaricious; -**लब्धा**, *m.* acquisition of wealth; -**लब्धा**, *pp.* avaricious; -**लोपना**-**ता**, *f.* love of money; -**वत्**, *a.* wealthy; significant; intelligible; *ad.* judiciously; -**ता**, *f.* -**त्वा**, *n.* significance; -**वर्गिता**, *pp.* meaningless; -**वर्मान**, *m. N.*; -**वदा**, *m.* explanation of the purpose; praise; -**वदिन**, *a.* reporting facts, -**विद**, *a.* knowing the sense; -**विना**-**आना**, *a.* detrimental; -**विपार्या**, *m.* impoverishment; poverty; -**वृद्धि**, *f.* increase of wealth; -**व्य-आवहारा**, *m.* pecuniary suit

अर्थशास्त्र artha-sāstra, *n.* treatise on practical life or policy; -**आना**, *n.* blamelessness in money matters; -**रि**, *f.* abundance of wealth; -**सामिद्धि**, *f.* success of a matter; -**साम-ग्रहा**, *m.* accumulation of riches; -**सामाया**, *m. sg. pl.* property, wealth; -**सामदेहा**, *m.* doubtful or critical case.

अर्थसंपादन artha-sampādana, *n.* obtaining of an advantage; -**सामबन्धा**, *m.* possession of wealth; -**सामहर्ता**, *m.* receiver of money; -**सिद्धा**, *a.* promoting a thing, useful; -**सिद्धा**, *n.* accomplishment of a purpose; means of attaining an object; -**सारा**, *m.* abundant wealth; -**सिद्धा**, *pp.* self-evident; -**सिद्धि**, *f.* acquisition of property; success in one's object; establishment of the sense

अर्थी arthi, *a.* *m.* substantial income; -**आना**, *a.* avaricious; -**आना**, *m.* true nature; -**आधिकार**, *m.* administration of money, -**आना**, *n.* another thing; different meaning; -**न्यासा**, *m.* adduction of another case, *general* or *particular* corroboration (*a rhetorical fig.*); -**आपत्ति**, *f.* self-evidence; *kind of rhetorical figure*; -**आधिप्राया**, *m.* meaning intended; -**आना**, *n.* acquisition of property; -**आना**, *ad.* for the sake of money; -**आना**-**ता**, *f.* desire of wealth; -**आना**, *a.* interested, selfish; -**आना**, *m.* prodigality; -**आना**, *f.* desire for money; -**आना**, *n.* accumulation of money; adduction of meanings.

अर्थिक arth-ika, *a.* in need of, desirous of (-); -**ता**, *fp.* to be sought, -**ता**, *f.* -**त्वा**, *n.* solicitation, desire of (m.); request; -**आ**, *a.* busy; eager; desirous of (m.); *needy*; amorous, lustful; *m.* suitor; suppliant, beggar; prosecutor.

अर्थिसात्कृ arthi-sât-kri, grant a supplicant's request (ac.). [(-).]

अर्थीय arth-īya, a. serving the purpose of
अर्थोत्सर्ग artha utsarga, m. expenditure;
-*śūshman*, m. glow of wealth.

अर्थ्य arth-ya, a. suitable, judicious; rich.

अर्द्ध ARD, v. अर्द्ध RID.

अर्द्धेन ard-ana, a. afflicting, tormenting (-).]

अर्द्धित ard-ita, pp. (✓rit) afflicted.

अर्ध ARDH, prosper, v. अर्ध RIDH.

अर्ध 1. ardh-ā, a. half (in a. & ad. often -); m. n. half; middle.

अर्ध 2. ardh-a, m. side, part; place, region.

अर्धकथन ardhā-kathana, n. incomplete narration; -*kāpita*, a. brownish; -*kṛishā*, pp. half drawn out; -*koī*, f. five millions; -*koṣha*, m. half one's treasure.

अर्धचन्द्र ardhā-chandra, m. half-moon; arrow with half-moon-shaped head; hollowed hand: -*m dā*, seize by the throat; -*ka*, m. bent hand; -*bhāgin*, a. seized by the throat; -*muḥka*, a. having a half-moon-shaped point.

अर्धज्वलित ardhā-gvalita, pp. half-ignited.

अर्धत्रयोदश ardhā-trayodasa, a. pl. twelve & a half; -*dagdha*, pp. half-burnt; -*daṇḍa*, m. fine of half the amount; -*divasa*, m. midday; -*deva*, m. demi-god; -*dvi-katur-araka*, m. kind of posture; -*nish-panna*, a. half completed. [kāt, f. twenty-five.

अर्धपण ardhā-paṇān, -ma, a. 4½; -*pañ*.

अर्धपण ardhā-pana, m. half a panna; -*patha*, m. half way; -*pāda*, m. tip of the foot; -*pādika*, a. having half a foot; -*pita*, pp. half-drunk; -*polāyita*, n. kind of gut in the horse; -*brigaḥ*, n. half a piece; -*bhākṣita*, pp. half-eaten; -*bhagna*, pp. half-broken; -*bhāgika*, a. receiving half a portion; -*bhāg*, a. receiving the half; -*māgadhi*, f. semi-Magadhi (dialect); -*mārga*, m. half-way; -*māsa*, m. half a month; -*māsika*, a. lasting half a month; -*milita*, pp. half-closed; -*mulukikri*, half close (eyes); -*mundita*, pp. having the head half shaved.

अर्धयाम ardhā-yāma, m. half-watch.

अर्धरात्र ardhā-rātra, m. midnight; -*sama-ya*, m. midnight hour; -*rādha*, pp. half-grown.

अर्धर्व ardhā-rikā, m. half-verse, hemistich

अर्धर्वशत ardhārka-sās, ad. by half-verses.

अर्धलक्ष्य ardhā-lakshya, fp. half-visible; -*likhita*, pp. half-painted; -*vastra*, n. half a garment; -*vridhā*, f. half the interest; -*vaṁśa*, n. semi homicide.

अर्धशत ardhā-sata, n. 50; 150; -*syāma*, a. half black, half clouded over; -*sruta*, pp. half heard; -*sloka*, m. half sloka; -*sam-yāta-sa-sya*, a. whose produce is but half grown; -*sam-vṛita*, n. semi-identical metre; *śāṭa* 1 = 3, 2 = 4; -*siddha*, pp. half-completed; -*si-ria*, m. husbandman who receives half the produce for his labour; -*hāra*, m. pearl necklace of 64 strings.

अर्धाक्षि ardhā-akṣhi, n. side glance; -*āgri-kṛi*, turn into half a body; -*ā-kita*, pp. half-studied (w. *jeṣa*); -*adhita*, pp. half-learned; -*ardha*, a. quarter; -*bhāga*, m. rd. -*hāni*, f. deduction of half each time; -*ava-lidha*,

pp. half-licked; -*ā-vishā*, pp. half-faltering; -*āsana*, n. half one's seat (offered to a guest).

अर्धिका ardh-ika, a. (i) amounting to a half; -*in*, a. half; receiving the half.

अर्धेन्दुमौलि ardhā-indu-mauli, m. (crescent-crested), ep. of Siva.

अर्धोक्त ardhā-ukta, pp. half-said, half-told; n. half-speech; -*ukhishita*, pp. half-lost over; -*udita*, pp. half-risen; -*upa-bhukta*, pp. half-consumed; -*uruka*, a. reaching half way down the thigh; n. short overcoat.

अर्पण arp-ana, a. (i) procuring; making over, entrusting; n. throwing; attaching; placing upon; application; offering; consignment, making over, transference; restitution; -*aniya*, fp. to be given up, to be handed over; -*ita*, cs. pp. (✓ri) placed in or on, applied; made over to.

अर्पय ar-puya, cs. of ✓ri, go.

अर्षद arṣda, m. (ā) serpent; N. of a snake-demon (ār-); snake like mass; shape of the focus in the second month; N. of aṁta. (Abū); pl. N. of a people; n. the hymn RV. X, 94; 10,000,000; -*ākṣara*, m. N. of a mtn.

अर्भ ārbha, a. small, weak; m. boy; -*kā*, a. small, weak; m. boy; young of animals; -*tā*, f. abst. s.; -*ga*, a. youthful.

अर्भ ār-ma, m. pl. ruins.

अर्य 1. ar-yā, a. kind, devoted; pious.

अर्य 2 ārya, m. man, ā, f. woman of one of the three upper castes; man -, woman of the third caste.

अर्यमन् a-rya-mān, m. intimate, comrade; N. of one of the *Ādityas*, chief of the *Pitris*; groomsmen; sun.

अर्यस्य a-ryamān, a. intimate.

अर्यवत ār-vat, अर्यव ār-van, a. racing, swift; m. racer, steed; charioteer.

अर्यवती āryat-i, f. mare.

अर्यवक् ār-vāk, n. (of *vāḥ*) ad. hitherwards; -*kṛi*, procure; pp. with in. or ab. on this side of; from; before (of fut.), after (of past).

अर्यवक्ता ar-yā-vākta, f. modern date; -*kālina*, a. dating from a recent period.

अर्यवक्ता ar-yā-vākta (or ā), a. hitherward; being on this side of (ab.); nearer.

अर्यवक्ता ar-vā-vāk, a. (-vāk-i) turned towards; hitherward; -*am kṛi*, procure.

अर्यस ārs-us, n. pl. hemorrhoids.

अर्य ARSH, v. अर्य RISH.

अर्ह ARH, I.P. (Ā) ārha, claim; deserve; be hable to, incur; be bound to, be capable of ac; have a right, be obliged, be able to (inf.); be worth, be equal to (ac.); the 2nd pers. sg. is equivalent to a polite imperative = please to, pray; deign to; cs. ārhaya, honour with (m), abhi, cs. pp. arhita, highly honoured.

अर्ह ārh-a, a. deserving, claiming, entitled to, justified in (ac., -); fit, suitable for (g., -); -*ia*, a. claiming (-); n. honouring; ā, f. honour; -*niya*, fp. deserving of honour; -*tva*, n. worthiness for (-).

अर्ह ārh-at, pr. pt. deserving; m. worthy person, Arhat (with Buddhists and Jains); -*tva*, n. dignity of an Arhat.

अर्हन्तिका arbantikā, f. Buddhist nun.

अलक alaka, m. n. lock, curly hair; ā, f. N. of Kubera's city; N. of a city in Nishadha.

अलकम् ālakam, ad. in vain.

अलकेश्वर alaka-śvara, m. N. of Kubera.

अलक्त alakta, अक्त -ka, m. (n.) red lac.

अलक्तका alaktaka ākha, a. red-coloured.

अलक्ष a-lakṣh-ānā, n. evil omen; a. lacking marks or characteristics; insignificant; harmful; -*ita*, pp. unmarked; unobserved; -*m*, ad. [initious; -*ka*, a. unfortunate.

अलक्ष्मी a-lakṣmī, f. evil destiny; a. calamity.

अलक्ष्य a-lakshya, fp. invisible, unobserved; insignificant; -*gama-tā*, f. insignificant birth.

अलखान alakhāna, m. N. of a prince.

अलगर्द ala-gardā, m. kind of snake; ā, f. kind of leech.

अलगु a-laghu, a. clumsy; slow; not insignificant; -*bhava*, m. no degradation; -*sarira*, a. fatigued.

अलंकार alam-kar-ana, n. ornamenting; ornament; -*in*, a. ornamented; -*ishan*, a. fond of dress; adorning (ac.); -*tri*, m. adorning.

अलंकार alam-kāra, m. adornment; ornament, trinket; rhetorical figure; -*ka*, m. ornament; -*vati*, f. T. of the 9th *Lambaka* in the *Kathā-saril-sāgara*; -*sila*, m. N.

अलंक्रित alam-kṛita, pp. ✓kṛi; -*kṛiti*, f. ornament; rhetorical figure; -*kriyā*, f. adorning, ornament.

अलङ्घनीय a-laṅgh-aniya, fp. not to be overtaken; not to be overstepped; unapproachable; -*ayat*, pr. pt. not infringing.

अलङ्घित a-laṅgh-ita, pp. untrodden; untouched, unattained; -*pūra*, a. not infringed before; -*ātman*, a. not forgetting oneself.

अलङ्घ्य a-laṅgh-ya, fp. unfordable; not to be trodden; - touched; not to be infringed.

अलज्ज a-lugga, a. shameless; ā, f. -ness; -*kara*, a. not disgraced.

अलतिका a-latikā, f. a creeperless (soil).

अलन्तराम alam-tarām, (cpr.) ad. highly; with inf. much better; -*dhana*, a. having sufficient property.

अलब्ध a-labdhā, pp. unacquired, unobtained; -*pada*, a. having made no impression on (tr.); -*vati*, pp. pt. act. not having obtained (ac).

अलभमान a-labha-māna, pr. pt. not gaining; not making out. [not be incurred.

अलभ्य a-labh-ya, fp. unattainable; that can

अलम् ālam, ad. enough, sufficiently, thoroughly, adequately, plentifully; highly; sufficient or fit for, equal to, a match for (d.); able to (inf.); enough of, away with (in); have done w. cease, do not (inf. or gd = impr.). (See also ✓kṛi & ✓bhū) [five word, negative.

अलमर्थवचत alam-artha-vakas, n. prohibi-

अलम्बुषा alambushā, f. N. of an Apsaras.

अलय a-laya, a. restless.

अलर्क alarka, m. mad dog; fabulous animal with eight legs. N. of a plant.

अललाभवत् alalā-bhāvāt, pr. pt. rippling.

अलस a-lasā, a. dull, slack; weary; feeble, indolent; -*gamana*, a. of indolent gait; -*ākshana*, a. dim-eyed.

अलाघव a-lāghava, *n.* no relief, to (*g.*).

अलात alāta, *n.* firebrand.

अलाबु alābu, *बू* -bū, *f.* gourd; *m. n.* its fruit; gourd-bottle; -*maya*, *a.* made of a gourd.

अलभ न-lābha, *m.* non-obtainment; absence; loss; -*kāla*, *m.* unfit time for obtaining.

अलास्य a-lāsyā, *a.* not dancing. [ment.]

अलि ali, *m.* bee; -*kula*, *n.* swarm of bees.

अलिक alika, *m.* forehead. [lacking gender.]

अलिङ्ग a-liṅga, *a.* lacking characteristics;

अलिङ्गिन् a-liṅgin, *a.* not entitled to wear badges. [of bees.]

अलिन् alin, *m.* bee; -*i*, *f.* female bee; swarm

अलिन्द alinda, *m.* terrace.

अलिमत् ali-mat, *a.* covered with bees (a-dalita, *a.* having petals covered with bees; -*māṣā*, *f.* swarm of bees).

अलीक alika, *a.* disagreeable; false; *n.* disagreeable thing; untruthfulness, falsehood; forehead; -*nimilana*, *n.* feigned closing of the eyes; -*paṇḍita*, *m.* philosopher; -*mantrin*, *m.* dishonest minister; -*vāda-sila*, *a.* lying; -*supta*, -*ka*, *n.* feigned sleep.

अलीन a-līna, *pp.* not adhering.

अलुप्तसत्त्वकोश a-lupta-sattva-kosa, *a.* having a full treasure of courage. [contentment.]

अलुब्ध a-lubha, *pp.* not covetous; -*tva*, *n.*

अलून a-lūna, *pp.* unplucked, unhurt.

अलेक्ष्य a-lekhyā, *pp.* not to be reckoned among (*le*).

अलेपक a-lepaka, *a.* untainted, pure.

अलोकसामान्य a-loka-sāmānya, *a.* not shared by ordinary people.

अलोक्य a-lokyā, *a.* unusual; improper, inadmissible; excluding from heaven.

अलोपयत् a-lopyat, *cs. pr. pt.* not causing to desist from (*ab*).

अलोभ a-lobha, *m.* freedom from confusion; lack of cupidty; moderation; *a.* moderate, contented. [hairless.]

अलोमक a-lōmaka (or āka), *a.* (aki or iki)

अलोमन् a-loman, *a.* id.

अलोल a-lola, *a.* not fickle, not greedy; -*tva*, *n.* constancy. [greedy.]

अलोप्यमान a-lolupa-māna, *int pr. pt.* not

अलोहित a-lōhita (or tā), *a.* bloodless.

अलौकिक a-laukika, *a.* (i) unusual, extra-

अलग्ग alga, *m. du.* groin, loins. [ordinary.]

अल्प alpa, *a.* small, little, short, trifling, insignificant, feeble; *n.* a little: -*m*, *ad.* slightly; *in, ab.* easily, quickly; -*kā*, *a.* (ikā) id; *m.* wretched sight; *n.* a little: -*m*, *ad.* slightly; -*kārya*, *a.* insignificant; -*kāla*-*tva*, *n.* shortness of time; -*gñā*, *a.* knowing little; -*tva*, *n.* *abst. n.*; -*tara*, *epi.* quite small; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* smallness, insignificance; shortness; -*tegas*, *a.* of little energy; -*dhana*, *a.* of small means, poor; -*dhi*, *a.* of small wit, foolish.

अल्पपरिवार alpa-parivāra, *a.* of slender retinue; -*pāyina*, *a.* sucking badly (leeches); -*panya*, *a.* whose good works are few; -*pra-*

-*bhāva*, *a.* insignificant; -*bala*, *n.* small force; -*bala-prāna*, *a.* weak and short-winded; -*buddha*, *pp.* only just awakened; -*buddhi*, *a.* of mean intellect; -*bhāgya*, *a.* luckless; -*tva*, *n.* *abst. v.*; -*bhaugya* *antara*, *a.* narrow-chested; -*medhas*, *a.* of small wit.

अल्पया alpa-ya, *den. P.* lessen, depreciate.

अल्पविष alpa-vidyā, *a.* of little learning; -*viśaya*, *a.* of small extent, limited.

अल्पशक्ति alpa-sakti, *a.* weak; -*sās*, *ad.* slightly, to a small extent; rarely; -*śaśa*, *a.* having little wanting; almost completed, -*sattva*, *a.* of little courage, cowardly; -*sāra*, *a.* weak; worthless; insignificant, -*śāyā*, *a.* having few sinews; -*svara*, *a.* weak-voiced, quiet.

अल्पाङ्ग alpa-aṅga, *a.* small-bodied; -*tva*, *n.* *abst. v.*; -*āyus*, *a.* short-lived; -*alpa*, *a.* little by little, moderate; -*bhās*, *a.* of very slight lustre; -*ava-śāṣa*, *pp.* little left; -*tva*, *n.* condition of little being left.

अल्पीभू alpi-bhū, *be* diminished.

अल्पीयस् alpi-iyas, *epi.* smaller; very small.

अल्पिकु alpa-ikku, *a.* of moderate wishes; -*itara*, *a.* great, considerable; -*tva*, *n.* *mess.*

अव AV, I. P. āva, *urge*; favour, help; comfort, satisfy, protect; like. *upa*, *assent*, agree. *pra* *simple verb.*

अव 1. āva, *verb* and *nominal prefix* off; down; *pp.* *w. ab.* down from.

अव 2. āv-a, *m.* favour, grace.

अवश a-vamsa, *m.* mean descent.

अवकार ava-kara, *m.* sweepings; -*kū'a*, *m. n.* dust-heap [to, set at naught.]

अवकर्ण्य ava-karna-ya, *den. P.* not listen

अवकर्त ava-kart-a, *m.* chip; -*ana*, *n.* cutting off; -*in*, *a.* cutting off.

अवकाश ava-kāśa, *m.* space, room; opportunity; interval; access: -*m* *dā*, *make room*; grant admittance (to, *d. a.*); -*dā*, *a.* harbouring; *m.* receiver of stolen goods; -*vāt*, *a.* roomy, spacious.

अवकीर्ण्य ava-kinri, *a.* having broken his vow of chastity; -*ke'a*, *a.* having pendent hair; -*ko'aka*, *m.* crane (*avdeā nīva*).

अवक्रग a-vakra-ga, *a.* going straight.

अवक्रय ava-kraya, *m.* letting, leasing.

अवक्षेप ava-kṣhepa, *m.* derision, mockery; -*na*, *n.* throwing down; mockery.

अवक्षेपटुन ava-kṣhepaṭu, *n.* splitting, dismembering; -*khāda*, *m.* consumption; consumer.

अवगन्तव्य ava-gantavya, *pp.* to be understood; to be concluded from (*ab.*); -*gantvi*, *m.* one who understands; -*gama*, *m.*, -*na*, *n.* understanding, cognizance, ascertainment, -*gāha*, *m.* immersion; washing; bathing -*na*, *n.* id; -*gāhin*, *a.* reaching to; engaging in (-); -*gāthana*, *n.* veiling; veil; -*vāt*, *a.* veiled; -*gāra*, *n.* roaring, raging; -*grāha*, *m.* hindrance; obstacle; drought, division of a word; pause, mark of division *gr*; -*grāha*, *m.* drought; -*grāham*, *abs.* separating the words; -*grāhin*, *a.* separating; -*gharshana*, *n.* rubbing off; -*ghāta*, *m.* blow; un-hu-king by pounding.

अवचन a-vakana, *a.* speechless; -*kara*, *a.* not following - , disregarding advice.

अवचनीय a-vakaniya, *pp.* not to be said.

अवचय ava-kayn, *अचय* -kāya, *m.* plucking, gathering; -*kāya*, *a.* plucking, gathering; -*kāra*, *n.* treatment, application; -*i-ya*, *pp.* applicable; -*kāishā*, *f.* desire to pluck; -*kāda*, *m.* pendent tuft; -*kāla*, *m.* id.

अवच्छेद ava-kṣheḍa, *m.* piece cut off, section; distinction; -*gaya*, *m.* conquest; -*gñā*, *f.* contempt, disrespect, disparagement (of, *g.*, *le*); *in* with perfect indifference; -*gñāna*, *n.* id.; -*gñaya*, *pp.* to be despised.

अवच्यता a-vachyana-tā, *f.* honesty.

अवट ava-tā, *m.* pit; cavity.

अवटुज avatu-ga, *m. pl.* hair on the neck.

अवत् āv-at, *pr. pt.* friendly; *m. N.*

अवत ava-tā, *m.* well.

अवतंस ava-tamsa, *अव* -ka, *m. n.* wreath, diadem; ring-shaped ornament; -*niya*, *pp.* to be made into a wreath [wreath.]

अवतंसय ava-tamsa-ya, *den. P.* make into a

अवतंसिनी avatamsi-ni, *f.* woman wearing a wreath.

अवतंसिनी avatamsi-kri, *use* as a wreath.

अवतमस ava-tamasā, *n.* decreasing darkness.

अवतरण ava-tar-ana, *n.* coming down, descent -*maṅgala*, *n.* solemn welcome; -*itavya*, *pp.* *n.* one must descend; -*tāra*, *m.* descent (*esp. of gods to earth*); incarnation; manifestation; -*na*, *n.* causing to descend; laying aside, -*mantra*, *m.* spell causing one to descend from the air; -*tārin*, *a.* appearing, entering; -*tītirāna*, *a.* wishing to descend.

अवत्ता āva-tta, *pp.* √dā (dyati).

अवतिन् avatinn, *a.* dividing into (, *e. g.* four) parts ().

अवत्ता a-vutsā, *f.* cow that has lost her calf

अवदात ava-dāta, *pp.* pure, white, clear -*tā*, *f.* whiteness, -*dāna*, *n.* heroic deed, -*dāra*, *m.* breach; -*na*, *n.* a reading, bursting.

अवदाद a-vadāda, *a.* undisputed.

अवदोल ava-dola, *m.* swinging, rocking.

अवदय a-vad-yā, *pp.* blameworthy; *n.* fault; abuse; blame, disgrace.

अवध a-vadha, *m.* no murder; no beating.

अवधान ava-dhāna, *n.* attention, devotion, -*dhāra*, *n.* affirmation; restriction; singling out. -*i-ya*, *pp.* to be looked upon as settled; to be restricted to (*m.*); -*dhārya*, *pp.* to be ascertained, -*dhi*, *m.* limit, terminus *ad quem*; respite , *ad, up to*, till (*g.*).

अवधीह अवधि-kri, *fix* a limit or date.

अवधीरण ava-dhirana, *n.*, *ā*, *f.* refusal diadān

अवधीरय ava-dhira-ya, *den. P.* refuse, disdain, neglect; surpass *sam*, disregard. *pp.* ita, disregarded, slighted, unheeded

अवधीरिन् ava-dhirin, *a.* surpassing ().

अवध्य a-vadh-yā, *pp.* inviolable. -*vyavāsāya-vāhya*, *a.* foreign to the resolve that nothing should be killed; -*tā*, *f.* inviolableness; -*tva*, *n.*, -*bhāva*, *m.* id.

अवध्र a-vadhra, *a.* indestructible.

अवधंस ava-dhvamsā, *m.* dust; flour.

अवन av-ana, *n.* favour; protection: -**vat**, *a.* favoured, protected. [body, crouching.]

अवनतकाय ava-nata-kāya, *a.* with bent

अवनति ava-nati, *f.* going down, setting; humiliation; -**namra**, *a.* bent, bowed.

अवनि av-ni, *f.* current, stream, course; earth; ground, place: -**pa**, -**pati**, -**pāla**, -**pālaka**, *m.* sovereign, king. [to the ground.]

अवनिपातम् ava-ni-pātam, *abs. w.* √**pat**, fall

अवनिग्रह avani-graha, *m.* tree.

अवनी ava-ni, *f.* earth.

अवनेय ava-né-yu, *fp.* fit for washing.

अवनेज av-né-jam, *n.* cleansing; *i.* *f.* *id.*

अवन्ति avanti, *m. pl. N. of a people*; -**deva**, *m. N. of a king*; -**nagari**, *f.* the city of Uggāyini; -**pura**, *n.*, *i.* *f.* *id.*; -**mātri**, -**kā**, *f. pl.* the divine mothers of the Avantis; -**vati**, *f. N.*; -**vardhana**, *m. N.*; -**varman**, *m. N. of a king and of a poet*; -**sundari**, *f. N.*; -**sona**, *m.*, *ś.* *f. N.*; -**svāmin**, *m. N. of a temple*.

अवन्ती avanti, *f. N. of Uggāyini*; -**nagara** = avanti-nagari; -**īvara**, *m. N. of a temple*.

अवन्ध्य av-vandhya, *a.* not barren, not fruitless; successful: -**tā**, *f.* successfulness; -**pāta**, *a.* unerring (arrow); -**prāsāda**, *a.* whose favour is fruitful; -**rūpa**, *a.* whose beauty is not in vain: -**tā**, *f. abs. n.*

अवपात ava-pāta, *m.* fall, falling or flying down, descent; resorting to (-^o); pitfall: -**na**, *n.* falling, throwing down; -**pāda**, *f.* injury; -**praggana**, *n.* end of a cloth.

अवबोध ava-bodha, *m.* waking; perception; cognizance, knowledge; -**na**, *n.* instruction; -**niya**, *pp.* to be recognised by (*in*).

अवभङ्ग ava-bhaṅga, *n.* breaking; -**bhaṅga**, *n.* breaking, tearing off; -**bhāsa**, *m.* brightness; appearance, manifestation: -**aka**, *a.* illuminating, manifesting; -**ana**, *n.* manifesting; illuminating; -**in**, *a.* shining, appearing; manifesting; -**bhāritā**, *m.* ritual ablution.

अवम ava-mā, *sp.* lowest; next; last; youngest; -**manṭavya**, *fp.* to be despised; -**mantri**, *m.* acquirer (of, ac.); -**manya-ka**, *a.* despising, disdain; -**marḍa**, *n.* distress, *N. of an owl*; -**ana**, *a.* crushing, harassing, *n.* rubbing; destroying; -**in**, *a.* crushing; -**marva**, *m.* contact; reflexion; -**mān-a**, *n.* disrespect, contempt; disgrace; -**ana**, *n.*, *ś.* *f.* contempt, insult; -**in**, *a.* disdain; undervaluing; -**ya**, *fp.* to be despised.

अवयव ava-yava, *m.* member, limb; part: -**dharma**, *m.* use of part for whole (*rh.*); -**rūpaka**, *n.* kind of simile; -**av-in**, *a.* consisting of parts, *n.* whole; -**rūpaka**, *n.* kind of simile; *i.* *bhū*, become a part.

अवरा ava-ra, *a.* lower, inferior; low, mean; following, later, younger; nearer, western; -^o, at least: -**ya**, *a.* low-born; younger, *n.* Śūdra; younger brother, *ś.* *f.* younger sister; -**vara**, *m.* low caste: -**ya**, *m.* Śūdra; -**ruddha**, *n.* confinement; -**ruddhi**, *f.* obtainment; -**ruddhikā**, *f.* woman of the harem; -**rudhikā**, *f. pl.* women of the harem.

अवरेण āvareṇa, (*in*) *pp.* *w.* *ac.* under

अवरोध ava-rodha, *m.* hindrance; disturbance; imprisonment; blockade, siege; harem; *pl.* women of the harem: -**na**, *n.* descending; investment, siege; enclosure, temple; harem;

pl. women of the harem; -**dikhaṇḍin**, *m.* domestic peacock; -**rodhin**, *a.* enclosing, covering (-^o); -**roha**, *m.* descent; transition to a lower note; -**ana**, *a.* (i) descending; *n.* alighting; descending scale; transition to a lower note; -**in**, *a.* descending.

अवर्कस a-varkās, *a.* impotent, feeble.

अवर्ण a-varṇa, *m.* reproach, blame: -**bhāḡ**, *a.* blameworthy. [on, not present.]

अवर्तमान a-varta-māna, *pr. pl.* not going

अवर्ति āvarti, *f.* (come-down), need, want, hunger. [creasing.]

अवर्धमान a-vardha-māna, *pr. pt.* not in-

अवर्ध a-varsha, *m.*, -**na**, *n.* drought.

अवष्टीस a-varshitos, *g. inf.* not to rain.

अवलम्प ava-lagṇa, (*pp.*) *m. n.* waist.

अवलम्ब ava-lamb-a, *a.* hanging down; *m.* attachment to; support, prop; -**ana**, *a.* (i) hanging to, leaning on; *n.* hanging down; attachment to, resting upon (-^o); dependence; support; tarrying; -**itavya**, *pp.* to be clung to; -**in**, *a.* hanging down; reclining or leaning on; attached to; dependent on (-^o).

अवलिप्त ava-lipta, *pp.* anointed: proud, haughty: -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* pride, insolence; -**lanthana**, *n.* robbing; -**lekhaṇa**, *n.* brushing, combing; -**lepa**, *m.* ointment; pride, -**na**, *n. id.*; -**vat**, *a.* proud, haughty; -**leha**, *m.*, -**na**, *n.* licking off.

अवलोक ava-loka, *n.* observation; sight, view; -**ana**, *n.* look at; glance; sight, inspection; view; appearance; -**ayitri**, *m.* observer; -**itā**, *f. N.*; -**ita** *ivara, *m. N. of a Bodhi-satva*; -**in**, *a.* looking at; -**lopana**, *n.* cutting off, destroying, injuring.*

अववाद ava-vāda, *m.* command.

अवश a-vaśā, *a.* not subject to another's will, independent, free; unwilling; -**ga**, *a.* not subject to (*g.*); -**vaśin**, *a.* unwilling.

अवशिष्ट ava-sish-ta, *pp.* left over: -**ka**, *n.* remnant, rest; -**śeṣa**, *m.* residue; leavings: -**m**, *ad.* except (-^o).

अवशीन्द्रियवत् avasā indriya-kitta, *a.* whose senses and mind are uncontrolled.

अवस्य a-vas-ya, *a.* unyielding, uncomplying: or -**m**, *ad.* necessarily; certainly: -**ka-tā**, *f.* necessity, obligation; -**bhāva**, *m.* necessity; -**bhāvin** or *m.* -**bhāvin**, *a.* that must necessarily be, necessarily taking place.

अवशी ava-syā, *f.* hoar-frost: -**ya**, *m. id.*

अवश्य ava-shtabh-ya, *fp.* to be stopped; -**śh/ambha**, *m.* recourse to, employment; resoluteness; courage: -**na**, *n. id.*; -**mayā**, *a.* indicative of courage. [fort, joy; desire.]

अवत् 1. āv-as, *n.* help, favour; (*also pl.*) com-

अवत् 2. āvās, *ad.* down; *pp.* down from (*m.*, *ab.*); below (*in*).

अवसा ava-sakta, *pp.* (√**saṅ**) fixed; -**sak-thikā**, *f.* loin cloth: -**m** *kri*, place a cloth round the loins; -**sana**, *pp.* ended, waned; spent: -**sara**, *m.* occasion, opportunity; right time; appropriateness, use; turn; -**sārpa**, *n.* a. descent; -**sarpini**, *f.* descending cycle; -**sāda**, *m.* sitting down; sinking; exhaustion, lassitude; defeat: -**na**, *n.* discouragement; dejection; -**sāna**, *n.* resting-place; cessation; end; death; end of a sentence or verse; pause; -**bhūmi**, *f.* acme; -**sita**, *pp.* (√**sū**) ended;

-**artha**, *a.* satisfied; -**siti**, *f.* conclusion, end; -**śeṣa**, *m.* sprinkling; bleeding (*by leeches*); -**śekana**, *n.* sprinkling; water for washing; bleeding.

अवस्कन्द ava-skand-a, *m.* assault, surprise; -**in**, *a.* covering; assailing; -**skara**, *m.* privy; -**mandira**, *n. id.* [*pp.* below (*g.*).

अवस्तात् avās-tāt, *ad.* below; on this side;

अवस्तु a-vastu, *n.* worthless thing; nothing, the unreal: -**tva**, *n. abs. n.*

अवस्त्र a-vastra, *a.* unclothed: -**tā**, *f.* nakedness; *i.* *kri*, deprive of clothes.

अवस्थ avā-sthā, *m.* penis.

अवस्था avā-sthā, *f.* appearance in court; state, condition; circumstance; *ā-tavya*, *fp.* that must remain; -**na**, *n.* appearing; condition, position; dwelling, abiding, stay; stability; -**santara**, *n.* changed condition; -**pāna**, *n.* exposing for sale; -**ya**, *n.* staying in; -**sthitā**, *pp.* (√**sthā**) stationed; standing; arrayed; engaged in; -**sthitī**, *f.* stay, sojourn, abode. [joints of the fingers.]

अवस्फोटन ava-sphotana, *n.* cracking the

अवस्तु avas-yū, *a.* seeking protection.

अवहन ava-hanana, *n.* threshing, unhusking; lung; -**hāra**, *m.* putting off; -**hārya**, *pp.* to be made to pay (*ac.*); that must be caused to be paid; -**hāsa**, *m.* jest; derision; -**hāsyā**, *fp.* ridiculous: -**tā**, *f. abs. n.*; -**hita**, *pp.* (√**dhā**); -**heṭā**, *f.* contempt; *in*, with the greatest ease. [ing downward.]

अवागमनवत् avāg-gamana-vat, *a.* mov-

अवाङ्मनसगोचर a-vān-manasa-gōkara, *a.* being beyond the reach of speech or mind.

अवाङ्मुख avān-mukha, *a.* (i) facing downward.

अवाचाल a-vākāla, *a.* not talkative; *n.* boastful. [being below (*ab.*).

अवाची avāk-īna, *a.* turned downwards;

अवाच्य a-vāk-ya, *fp.* not to be addressed; -**tā**, *f.* not to be uttered; not directly expressed: -**tā**, *f.* abuse, invective.

अवाङ् āvāṅ, *a.* (ā^o *rāki*) downward, headlong; lower; southern; *avāk*, *n. ad.* downwards, headlong.

अवाट ā-vāt, 2 *sg. aor.* of √**val**.

अवात 1. ā-vāta, *pp.* unmolested; secure.

अवात 2. ā-vātā, *a.* windless, calm.

अवान a-vāna, *pp.* not dried up, fresh; wet.

अवानर avā-antarā, *a.* lying between; different, respective: -**deva**, *m.* intermediate region.

अवाप्त avāp-tavya, *fp.* to be obtained; -**āpti**, *f.* acquisition, attainment; -**āpya**, *fp.* to be obtained.

अवारणीय a-vāraṇīya, *fp.* irresistible.

अवावट avāvata, *m.* son begotten by a man with a woman of his own caste who has cohabited with another man. [*kā*, *f.* owe.]

अवि āv-i, *a.* favourable; *m.* sheep; *f.* ewe:

अविकल्प a-vikath-ana, *a.* not boastful; -**in**, *n. id.* [motionless.]

अविकम्पित a-vi-kampita, *pp.* not trembling,

अविकल a-vikala, *a.* not defective; unmutated, entire, complete; correct.

अविकल्प a-vikalpa, *a.* not hesitating : -*m*, *ad.* without hesitation.

अविकार a-vikār-*a*, *m.* no change, no disfigurement ; *a.* subject to no change ; -*in*, *a.* not changing ; not moving a muscle : -*tā*, *f. abst. s.* ; -*ya*, *fp.* unchangeable.

अविद्यत á-vi-kṛta, *pp.* not changed ; not prepared, natural ; undeveloped ; not mishapen.

अविक्रम a-vikrama, *a.* not valorous.

अविक्रियत्व a-vi-kriya-tva, *n.* unchangeableness ; -*kriyā*, *f.* no change ; -*ātmaka*, *a.* subject to no change.

अविक्रीत á-vi-kṛta, *pp.* not having sold ; -*kṛya*, *fp.* not for sale ; -*kṣhata*, *pp.* unimjured ; -*kṣhabha*, *pp.* not disarranged.

अविख्यातदोष a-vi-khyāta-doshā, *a.* having committed no notorious crime.

अविगान a-vigāna, *a.* unanimous.

अविग्रह a-vigraha, *a.* indisputable.

अविघ्न a-vighna, *a.* unimpeded, undisturbed ; *n.* lack of hindrance : *in*, without hindrance : -*tas*, *ad.* without obstacles ; *i-ta*, *pp.* unimpeded, undisturbed. [pid.]

अविकषण a-vikakṣha, *a.* not subtle, stupid.

अविवल a-vikala, *a.* not wavering, steadfast ; *i-ta*, *pp.* unaverted.

अविचार a-vikār-*a*, *m.* lack of reflexion ; *a.* not reflecting : -*m*, *ad.* without delay, *-gñā*, *a.* unacquainted with reflexion ; -*āma*, *n.* lack of reflexion : -*ayat*, *pr. pt.* unreflecting ; -*ita*, *pp.* unconsidered : -*m*, *ad.* without hesitation ; -*ya*, *fp.* needing no reflexion.

अविच्छिन्न a-vi-kṣhina, *pp.* not severed, continuous ; -*kṣheda*, *m.* uninterruptedness, *ab.* uninterruptedly ; -*kṣyuta*, *pp.* not to be lost : -*m*, *ad.* faultlessly.

अविज्ञान a-vi-gñāt, *pr. pt.* not knowing, ignorant ; -*gñā*, *a.* understanding ; -*tā*, *f.* stupidity ; -*gñāta*, *pp.* unknown, unrecognised ; -*gñāna*, *n.* lack of knowledge, *ab.* unaware ; *a.* lacking knowledge ; -*gñeya*, *fp.* unrecognisable.

अवितथ a-vitatha, *a.* not false, true ; favourable : -*m*, *ad.* truly ; *n.* a metre, -*vāk*, *a.* truth-speaking.

अवितृ av-i-trī, *m.* helper, protector.

अवितृप्त a-vi-trīpta, *pp.* unsatiated : -*ka*, *a.* not yet sated with (*g*) . [clever]

अविदग्ध a-vi-dagdha, *pp.* not burnt ; not

अविदासिन् a-vi-dāsīn, *a.* unfailing, perennial.

अविदित á-vi-d-ita, *pp.* unknown : -*m*, *ad.* unawares.

अविदुष्ट á-vi-duṣṭa, *cp.* of ávidvas.

अविद्ध a-viddha, *pp.* unpierced.

अविद्य a-vidya, *a.* uncultured ; destitute of knowledge ; *ā*, *f.* ignorance.

अविद्यमान a-vidya-māna, *pr. pt.* not existing : -*vat*, *ad.* as if non-existent : -*tva*, *n.* *abst. s.*

अविद्वस á-vidvas, *pr. pf. pt.* not knowing, ignorant. [enmity]

अविद्वेष á-vidvesha, *d. inf.* so as to avoid

अविद्वेष á-vidvesha, *m.* freedom from enmity,

अविधवा a-vidhavā, *f.* no widow. [amity.]

अविधान a-vidhāna, *n.* non-prescription.

-*tas*, *ad.* not according to prescription.

अविधिपूर्वकम् a-vidhi-pūrvakam, *ad.* against prescribed rules, irregularly.

अविधुर a-vidhura, *a.* not lacking a pole ; cheerful. [verseness.]

अविधेय a-vi-dheya, *fp.* perverse : -*tā*, *f.* pet-

अविनय a-vinaya, *m.* unseemly behaviour : -*vat*, *a.* ill-mannered, uncivil.

अविनश्य a-vinasara, *a.* imperishable.

अविनाश a-vināś-*a*, *m.* non-corruption ; non-detraction ; -*in*, *a.* imperishable, undecaying.

अविनिवर्तिन् a-vinivartīn, *a.* not turning back, not fleeing.

अविनीत a-vi-nita, *pp.* ill-bred.

अविनोद a-vinoda, *m.* ennui [finding out.]

अविन्दत a-vind-at, *pr. pt.* not finding, not

अविपक्वकरण a-vipakva-karam, *a.* having immature organs.

अविपर्यय 1 a-viparyaya, *den. P.* not to fail.

अविपर्यय 2 a-vipary-aya, *m.* no transposition ; no error ; -*āsa*, *n.* no inversion. *in*, without inversion.

अविपाल avi-pālā, *m.* shepherd.

अविप्रयुक्त a-vi-pra-yukta, *pp.* not severed : -*pluta*, *pp.* inviolate ; true to one's vow.

अविभक्त a-vi-bhakta, *pp.* undivided ; having community of goods ; -*bhāga*, *m.* no division

अविभावित a-vi-bhāv-ita, *pp.* not clearly perceived, -*ya-māna*, *pr. pt. ps.* being unnoticed.

अविभिन्न a-vi-bhinna, *pp.* undivided (from, *ab*) ; unchanged ; -*kālam*, *ad.* at the same time.

अविभूषणपरिच्छद a-vibhūṣaṇa-pari-*chchā*, *a.* lacking ornaments and furniture.

अविभ्रम a-vibhrama, *a.* unaffected.

अविभ्रान्त a-vi-bhrānta, *pp.* immovable.

अविमर्शितव्य a-vi-mars-itavya, *fp.* not deserving further consideration.

अविमुक्तशिव a-vi-mukta-śiva, *m.* Śaiva monk of a certain grade, -*āpida*, *m. N.* of a king, -*ina*, *m.* Śiva.

अविमोचन a-vimokana, *n.* not freeing ; not aiding.

अवियुक्त a-vi-yukta, *pp.* unseparated from (*in*) ; -*yoga*, *m.* non-separation from (*in*) ; -*rata*, *pp.* not desisting from (*ab.*) ; ceaseless ; -*m*, *ad.* ; -*ramat*, *pr. pt.* not desisting fr. (*ab*)

अविरल a-virala, *a.* close ; frequent ; vehement. -*m*, *ad.* firmly ; heartily.

अविरह a-virah-*a*, *m.* non-separation ; union : -*ita*, *pp.* unseparated ; united.

अविरामम् a-virāmam, *ad.* without ceasing.

अविरोध a-vi-ruddha, *pp.* unhindered ; unopposed to (*in*, *g.*, -*ā*) ; not at enmity with ; not unpleasant ; -*rodhāri*, *a.* not fighting ;

-rodha, *m.* no conflict with, no disadvantage for (-*ā*) ; -*rodhin*, *a.* not conflicting with, not prejudicing (*g.*, -*ā*).

अविलम्ब a-vilamb-*a*, *m.* no hesitation ; *a.* not hesitating : -*m*, *in*, without delay ; -*ita*, *pp.* unhesitating : -*m*, *ad.* without delay ;

-*in*, *a.* not delaying ; -*ya*, *ad.* without hesitating. [with bhū, remain alive.]

अविलीन a-vi-līna, *pp.* not annihilated ;

अविलुप्य a-vilup-ya, *fp.* indestructible.

अविव्राह a-vivāh-*a*, *a.* not living in wedlock ; -*in*, *a.* not suitable for marriage.

अविविक्त a-vi-vikta, *pp.* undistinguished ; not decided ; -*vrīta*, *pp.* not uncovered ; unknown, hidden, not showing one's weak points.

अविवेक a-vivek-*a*, *m.* want of discrimination, lack of judgment ; *a.* lacking judgment : -*tā*, *f. abst. s.* ; -*in*, *a.* undivided ; lacking insight ; having no discriminating people.

अविवेकत a-vi-ven-at, *pr. pt.* not turning away, well-disposed.

अविशङ्क a-viśaṅk-*a*, *a.* unhesitating ; fearless, *ā*, *f.* freedom from hesitation or timidity ; -*ita*, *pp.* fearless ; unhesitating ; -*in*, *a.* not assuming or supposing.

अविशद a-viśada, *a.* indistinct ; rigid.

अविशङ्कु a-viśaṅkū, *m.* bad cover.

अविशिष्ट a-vi-śiṣṭa, *pp.* not different : -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n. abst. s.* ; -*śuddha*, *pp.* impure ; not thoroughly investigated.

अविशेष a-viśeṣ-*a*, *m.* no difference : -*tas*, *in*, *ad.* without difference ; *a.* indiscriminate, *-gñā*, *a.* indiscriminating, -*ita*, *pp.* unspecified.

अविश्रम a-vi-śrama, *a.* unceasing, unremitting ; -*śrambha*, *m.* mistrust, -*tā*, *f. abst. s.* ; -*śrānta*, *pp.* unceasing, -*śrāma*, *a.* not resting ; unceasing, unremitting : -*m*, *ad.* without resting.

अविश्वसत् a-vi-śvas-at, *pr. pt.* distrustful ; -*śniya*, *fp.* not to be trusted. -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n. abst. s.* ; -*ta*, *pp.* distrustful

अविश्वास a-viśvas-*a*, *m.* distrust ; *a.* distrustful : -*m*, *ad.* -*ly*, *-gñāka*, *a.* arousing distrust ; -*in*, *a.* distrustful [omous.]

अविष a-viṣa, *n.* no poison ; *a.* (ā) not poi-

अविषक्त a-vi-śakta, *pp.* not attached to or set on (-), irresistible. [friendly.]

अविषम a-viṣama, *a.* not unequal ; even

अविषय a-viṣaya, *m.* no sphere, no object or concern ; impracticable matter, no snitable object for (*g*) . *le* in the absence of (*g*) ;

a. having no object, -*manas*, *a.* whose mind is not directed to the objects of sense ; unworldly, -*i-kāraṇa*, *n.* not making something (*g*) an object of (*g*).

अविषह्य a-vi-śubhya, *fp.* intolerable.

अविषाद a-viśād-*a*, *m.*, *i-tva*, *a.* undauntedness ; -*in*, *a.* undaunted. [gladly.]

अविष्ट á-viṣṭha, *a.* (*spr.*) accepting very

अविष्या a-vi-śhyā, *f.* desire, zeal, passion ; -*śhny*, *a.* eager ; revengeful.

अविविक्ती a-vi-śtrīna, *pp.* not extensive, -*spandita*, *pp.* not quivering ; -*spashā*, *pp.* indistinct, dim. -*m*, *ad.* -*ly* ; -*smīta*, *pp.* not astonished or taken aback ; -*smṛita*, *pp.* not forgotten

अविहतगति a-vi-hata-gati, *a.* of unimpeded course ; -*chita-siddha*, *pp.* unfeigned, artificial.

अविह्वल a-vihvala, *a.* firm ; cheerful.

अवीक्षित a-viṁkṣhita, *pp.* not recognised.

अवीचि a-vīki, *m.* a hell (waveless).

अवीतक a-vitaka, unenclosed space.

अवीर 1. a-vīra, *a.* devoid of men; *n.* region without men; -*puruṣa*, *m.* weakling.

अवीर 2. a-vīra, *a.* unmanly; *f.* woman without husband and children.

अवीर्य a-vīryā, *a.* weak, powerless.

अवृक a-vrikā, *a.* not hurting; safe; *n.* safety.

अवृजिन ā-vṛjina, *a.* not artful, guileless.

अवृत्त a-vṛtta, *pp.* unchosen, uninvited.

अवृत्त a-vṛtta, *pp.* not having taken place.

अवृत्ति a-vṛtti, *f.* lack of sustenance, destitution. -*ka*, *a.* lacking means of support.

अवृत्तार्थ a-vṛttārtha, *a.* having an appropriate meaning or name: -*tā*, *f. abst. n.*

अवृद्ध a-vṛddha, *pp.* not aged.

अवृद्धिक a-vṛddhi-ka, *a.* free from interest

अवृध a-vṛdhā, *a.* not gladdening.

अवृषण a-vṛṣaṇa, *a.* lacking testicles.

अवृष्ट a-vṛṣhta, *pp.* not having ruined or

अवृष्टि ā-vṛṣhti, *f.* drought. [sent rain.]

अवेक्षण ava-ikṣh-ana, *n.* looking at: attention to, care of (*g.*); -*aniya*, *fp.* to be paid attention to; -*ā*, *f.* cure; attention to (*lc.*); -*ina*, *n.* looking towards; attending to (*acc.*); -*ya*, *fp.* to be attended to.

अवेदन a-vedana, *n.* ignorance.

अवेदविहित a-veda-vihita, *pp.* not prescribed by the Veda.

अवेद्य a-ved-ya, *fp.* not to be wedded.

अवेल्म a-velam, *ad.* unseasonably. [tion.]

अवेशसदृश a-veśa-sadṛśa, *a.* unlike prostitute.

अवेकृत a-vaikṛta, *a.* not disfigured.

अवेदग्रन्थ a-veda-grantha, *n.* not disfigured.

अवेद्य a-vaidyā, *a.* unlearned. [stupidity.]

अवेरिगुष्ट a-vaiṛi-guṣhta, *pp.* that not even an enemy consents to.

अवोक्षण ava-ukṣhaṇa, *n.* sprinkling with

अवोचत् ā-vocat, 3 *sg. aor.* 'val. [water.]

अव्य āvya, *a.* pertaining to sheep, woollen; *n.* Soma-strainer

अव्यक्त a-vyakta, *pp.* not manifest, imperceptible; indistinct; *m.* universal soul, *n.* unevolved primordial matter; primordial spirit; -*rūpa*, *a.* indistinct, indefinite; of uncertain sex. [*ad. ly.*]

अव्यय a-vyagra, *a.* unconcerned, quiet. -*m.*

अव्यङ्ग a-vyaṅga, *a.* having all one's limbs.

अव्यङ्ग्य a-vyaṅgya, *a.* beardless; lacking signs of puberty. [from.]

अव्यतिरिक्त a-vi-ati-rikta, *pp.* not separated

अव्यथ a-vyath-a, *a.* unwavering, undaunted; efficacious; -*i*, *a.* unwavering, undaunted; -*ina*, *a.* not becoming discomposed.

अव्यभिचारिण a-vyabhi-čārin, *a.* infallible; *i-kāra*, *m.* conjugal fidelity; *a.* faithful.

अव्यय a-vyaya, *m.* non-expenditure; *a.* im-

perishable, immutable; stinging; *n.* indeclinable word: -*tva*, *n.* imperishableness; -*ātman*, *a.* of imperishable nature; *i-bhāva*, *m.* indeclinable compound.

अव्यवधान a-vyava-dhāna, *n.* non-interruption; *a.* uncovered, bare; uninterrupted; -*dhāya-ka*, *a.* not intervening; -*tva*, *n.* non-intervention.

अव्यवसायिन् a-vyavasa-yin, *a.* unenterprising, remiss.

अव्यवस्थ a-vyava-stha, *a.* not enduring; *ā*, *f.* unsettled state; -*sthita-kitta*, *a.* fickle-minded.

अव्यसनिन् a-vyasani, *a.* exempt from vice.

अव्याकृत ā-vi-ā-kṛta, *pp.* unsevered, undivided. [ral, real.]

अव्याज a-vyāja, *m.* no deception; *a.* natu-

अव्यापन्न a-vi-ā-panna, *pp.* not having died, alive.

अव्यापार a-vyāpāra, *m.* not one's business.

अव्याप्त a-vi-āpta, *pp.* not filled or mixed with.

अव्यावर्तनीय a-vi-āvart-aniya, *fp.* not to be taken back. [silence.]

अव्याहृत a-vyāhṛta, (*pp.*) *n.* not speaking;

अव्यच्छिन्न a-vi-uk-khanna, *pp.* uninterrupted.

अव्युत्पन्न a-vi-utpanna, *pp.* not resulting; having no etymology; -*mati*, *a.* uneducated

अव्युष्ट ā-vi-ushṭa, *pp.* (√*vas*) not yet arisen.

अव्रत a-vratā, *a.* ungodly; not fulfilling religious duties.

अप् 1. AS, V. *as-nu*, reach; attain; be-fal; enjoy *abhi*, *ud*, reach; dominate. *upa*, *sam-upa*, *pra*, *vi*, *sam*, *id.*

अप् 2. AS, IX. P. *as-nā-ti*, eat, take (meat and drink); taste; enjoy. *pp.* *a-ita*, eaten; *ca. āvya*, cause (*ac.*) to eat (*ac.*), feed: *pp.* *ā-ita*, fed; satiated; *des ā-isha*, wish to eat. *upa*, *pra*, *sam*, - simple verb, *abhi-pra*, eat in addition to (*ac.*).

अप् 3. *as*, grammatical designation of all soft letters.

असक्त a-sukta, *pp.* incapable of (*inf.*, *d.*, *lc.*).

असक्ति a-sukti, *f.* inability; weakness.

असक्वत् a-sak-mvat, *pr.pt.* unable to (*inf.*); -*ya*, *fp.* impossible; -*artha*, *a. id.*; ineffectual.

असङ्क a-saṅka, *a.* fearless; -*m*, *ad.* -ly; -*aniya*, *fp.* not to be feared; -*ita*, *pp.* fearless. -*m*, *ad.* without hesitation; suddenly.

असङ्ग ās-an, *m.* stone, rock; firmament.

अशन as-anā, *n.* eating; food; -°, *a.* feeding on; -*kriyā*, *f.* taking of food; -*śana-nā*, *n.* eating and fasting.

अशनापिपासे asanā-pipāse, *f. du.* hunger and thirst. [hungry.]

अशनाया asanāyā (or ā), *f.* hunger; -*vat*, *a.*

अशनि as-āni, *f.* (C. also *m.*) thunderbolt, lightning-flash; -*grīva*, *m.* diamond; -*hata*, *pp.* struck by lightning.

अशनेष्ट a-sanaṣṭ, *ad.* highly, violently.

अशब्द ā-sabda, *a.* silent, mute.

अशम ā-sam, *ind.* disaster.

अशरणा a-saraṇ-a, *n.* defencelessness; *a.* unprotected, helpless; -*kṛi*, render defenceless; -*ya*, *a.* affording no protection; defenceless.

अशरीर a-sarīra, *a.* bodiless, lacking a substantial body; *m.* Kāma (*cp.* *anāga*).

अशर्मन् a-sarman, *n.* suffering, sorrow.

अशस् a-sās, *a.* cursing, hating.

अशस्त्र a-sastra, *a.* swordless, unarmed; -*pāni*, *a.* having no sword in the hand; -*pāta*, *pp.* not consecrated by the sword; -*vādha*, *m.* murder without a weapon. [not satisfied.]

अशान्ततनु a-sānta-tanu, *a.* whose body is

अशान्ता a-sānta-tā, *f.* lack of tranquillity, passionateness.

अशासत् a-sās-at, *pr. pt.* not punishing.

अशास्त्रचक्षुस् a-sāstra-kakṣhuṣ, *a.* not seeing with the eye of the śāstras.

अशिक्षित a-sikṣita, *pp.* unlearned; not instructed or learned, in (*ac.*, *lc.*, *inf.*).

अशित as-itā, *pp.* √2. *as*; -*itāvya*, *fp.* to be

अशिरस् a-siras, *a.* headless. [eaten]

अशिल्पिन् a-silpin, *m.* no artist or artisan.

अशिव ā-siva, *a.* baneful, ominous; *n.* evil, mischief; -*śamsin*, *a.* ill-boding.

अशिशिर a-sisira, *a.* hot; -*tā*, *f.* heat; -*kara*, -*kiraṇa*, -*śam*, *m.* sun.

अशीत 1. asita, *a.* eightieth.

अशीत 2. ā-sita, *a.* not cold, hot; -*kara*, -*mariti*, -*rūk*, -*rūki*, *m.* sun.

अशीति as-itī, *f.* eighty; -*tama*, *a.* eightieth.

अशीतिक asiti-ka, *a.* eighty years old; -*avara*, *a.* at least eighty years old.

अशुचि a-suki, *a.* impure; -*tva*, *n.* impurity; -*bhakaṣhaṇa*, *n.* eating impure things; -*bhāva*, *m.* impurity; -*varna*, *a.* of impure colour; -*tā*, *f.* impurity of colour.

अशुद्ध a-suddha, *pp.* unclean; unknown, suspicious; -*prakṛiti*, *a.* having dishonest

अशुद्धि a-suddhi, *f.* impurity. [ministers.]

अशुभ ā-subha, *a.* ill-favoured; ill-omened; evil; disagreeable; -*mati*, *a.* ill-disposed; -*ātmaka*, *a. id.*

अशून्य a-sūnya, *a.* not empty; not vain; -*m* *kṛi*, not leave undone, execute; -*artha*, *m.* clearing up; -*m*, *ad.* by way of explanation; *a.* clear, intelligible.

अशृङ्ग a-sṛṅga, *a.* (i) hornless.

अशेष a-sesha, *m.* no remainder; *a.* whole, all, entire; -*tas*, -*m*, *in.* without reserve; completely, fully. [annihilated.]

अशेषय asesha-ya, *den. P.* end entirely; *pp.*

अशोक ā-soka, *a.* free from sorrow; *m.* Asoka tree; *n.* Asoka flower (orange and scarlet); -*kara*, *m. N.* of a fairy *i. f. N.*;

-*taru*, *m.* Asoka tree; -*datta*, *m. N.*; -*naga*, *m.* Asoka tree; -*mālā*, *f. N.*; -*vṛkṣa*, *m.* Asoka tree.

अशोचनीय a-sa-aniya, *fp.* not to be pitied or grieved for; -*ya*, *fp. id.* [ting.]

अशोधयित्वा a-sodhayitvā, *gd.* without set-

अशोथ a-sosha, *fp.* not to be dried up.

अशौच a-sauk-a, *n.* impurity; -*tva*, *n. id.*; -*ina*, *a.* impure.

अस-ना, *m.* stone; *N.* of a demon.

असवत् as-nav-a-t, 3 *sg. subj.* √as, obtain.

असमक asma-ka, *m.* *N.*: *pl. N.* of a people; -*ka*, *n.* crumbing with a stone; -*tā*, *f.* stoniness, hardness of stone.

असमन्य अस-मन्य, *m.* rock, stone; thunder-bolt; heaven: *lc.* in the sky - *du.* heaven and earth; -*māya*, *a.* (i) made of stone.

असमन्य asma-māya, *a. id.*; -*mūrdhan*, *a.* having a head of stone [√as, eat].

असार्थ asi artha, *a.* meaning 'to eat' (asi =

अस as-ra, -° = अस्ति as-ri. [lieving (*w. g.*).

असद्धान अस-द्राद-दधधान, *pr. pt.* unbe-

असद्धान अस-द्राद-धा, *a.* unbelieving.

असद्धान अस-द्राद-धा, *f.* lack of confidence; unbelief; -*dhya*, *fp.* incredible; unworthy of belief. [*mā*] indefatigable.

अस्रम अस-स्रमा, *m.* absence of fatigue; *a.* (or

अस्रवण अस-स्रवणा, *n.* non-mention; lack of a word, suffix, &c. [assiduously.

अस्रान्त अस-स्रान्त, *pp.* indefatigable; *m.*, *ad.*

अस्ति as-ri, *f.* edge (° also -*ka*).

अस्ती as-ri, *f.* mishap; goddess of misfortune.

अस्रु अस-रु, *n.* (m.) tear: *w. kri* or *ma*, shed tears; -*karma*, *n.* shedding of tears.

अस्रुत अस-स्रुता, *pp.* unheard; unlearned; *ā. f.* *N.*: -*tā*, *f.* being unknown; -*vat*, *ad.* as if unheard.

अस्रुति अस-स्रुति, *f.* not hearing; oblivion: -*m* *abhi-ni*, do as if one had heard nothing, -*virodhin*, *a.* not opposed to scripture.

अस्रुपरिप्लुत अस्रु-pari-pluta, *pp.* bathed in tears -*pāra*, *pp.* filled with tears; -*pramārgana*, *n.* wiping away of tears; -*weeping*; -*plavita*, *n.* flood of tears, -*leas*, *m.* tear-drop.

अस्रेयस अस-स्रेयस, *cpr. a.* worse, inferior; *n.*

अस्रोत्र अस-स्रोत्र, *a.* earless. [misfortune.

अस्रोत्रिय अस-स्रोत्रिय, *a.* at which no trained Brāhman is present. [graceful.

अस्लघ्य अस-स्लघ्य, *fp.* unpraiseworthy, dis-

अस्लीक अस-स्ली-कु, *a.* pernicious.

अस्लीक अस-स्ली-कु, *a.* ugly; unrefined; indecent.

अस-वा, *m.* horse; *ā. f.* mare; -*kufi*, *f.* stable; -*ksala*, *a.* skilled in horses; -*kovi-da*, *a. id.*; -*khura*, *m.* horse's hoof: -*vat*, *ad.* like a horse's hoof; -*ghāna*, *m.* *N.* of a place. -*ghāna*, *m.* horse fodder; *N.*: -*kāla-na*-*kāla*, *f.* riding-hall; -*tama*, *cpr.* best horse, -*tara*, *m.*, *i.* *f.* mule.

असत्य asva-tthā, *m.* [standing-place (tthā fourth) for horses], sacred fig-tree, -*tthāman*, *m.* *N.* of a son of Drona; -*da*, -*dā*, *a.* giving horses; -*pāda*, *m.* *N.* of a *Siddha*; -*pā-dāta*-*sāramaya*-*māya*, *a.* (i) consisting of horses, pedestrians, and dogs; -*pāla*, *m.* groom; -*prishtha*, *n.* horseback; -*pluta*, *n.* horse's leap; -*budhna*, *a.* borne by steeds; -*budh-ya*, *a.* characterised by horses; -*mandarā*, *f.* stable; -*mukhā*, *m.* Kinnara; *i. f.* Kinnara's wife; -*madhā*, *m.* horse-sacrifice; *N.*; -*yāg*, *a.* yoking or yoked with horses; *f. sg.* & *du.* *N.* of a *tanur* mansion; -*rāga*, *m.* king of horses (Ukkaiharava); -*rādhas*, *a.* horse-equipping; -*vat*, *a.* rich in horses; -*vāra*,

m. horseman; -*vrishā*, *m.* stallion; -*śālā*, *f.* stable; -*śādā*, -*śādān*, *m.* rider; -*śārathya*, *n.* training of horses and chariotteering; -*sona*, *m.* *N.* of a serpent demon.

अस्यसन् अस-स्यस-ताना, *a.* having nothing for to-morrow; -*ika*, *a. id.*

अस्यस्थान asva-sthāna, *n.* stable; -*brīdaya*, *n.* knowledge of horses; -*adhyaksha*, *m.* master of the horse; -*anika*, *n.* cavalry army.

असाधिक asva-adhika, *a.* superior in cavalry; -*anrita*, *n.* falsehood respecting horses. -*ārādha*, *pp.* mounted on horseback; -*āroha*, *m.* rider

असावत् अस-वत्, *a.* rich in horses; *n.* property in horses

असिन् अस-इन, *a.* rich in horses; *m.* charioteer: *du.* the Asvins, twin gods of the dawn

असीय अस-इय, *n.* troop of horse.

असित अस-सवित, 3 *sg. aor.* of √svit.

अषाढ अस-शुद्धा, -*lha*, *pp.* unconquerable; *m.* *N.* [palāsa-wood

अषाढिन् ashādhtn, *a.* bearing a staff of

अष्ट ash-ta, *pp.* √aksh & √as, obtain.

अष्टक अष्टa-ka, *a.* eightfold; *m.* *N.*: *ā. f.* eighth day after full-moon, *cpr.* in Hemanta & Sauria; sacrifice to the Manes on that day, *n.* octad; -*gusa*, *n.* eightfold; -*taya*, *n.* octad; -*dhā*, *ad.* eightfold.

अष्टन अष्ट-tān, *nr.* eight: *nm.* -*ta*, -*tā*, or -*tā*.

अष्टपद अष्टa-pada, *a.* consisting of 8 words: -*pāda*, *a.* eight-footed; -*panahikā*, *f.* wreath of 8 kinds of flowers; -*bhāga*, *m.* eighth part.

अष्टम अष्टa-mā, *a.* (i) eighth: forming one-eighth of (*g.*), *m.* an eighth: *i.* *f.* eighth day of a fortnight -*ka*, *a.* eighth; -*kālika*, *a.* eating only every eighth meal

अष्टमूर्ति अष्टa-mūrti, *m.* Siva; -*rasa* *āstaya*, *a.* containing the 8 emotions (drama); -*rika*, *a.* consisting of 8 verses; -*varsha*, *a.* 8 years old; -*vidha*, *a.* eightfold, -*jata*, *n.* 108, 100, -*shashthi*, *f.* sixty-eight.

अष्टाक्षर अष्टa-akshara, *a.* having eight syllables; -*ānga*, eight members (-); *a.* having eight parts -*pāta*, *m.* prostration with the eight members hands, feet, knees, forehead, breast, profound obeisance.

अष्टादश अष्टā-dashā, *a.* eighteenth -*dhā*, *ad.* eighteenfold; (ā -*davan*, *nr.* eighteen, -*davama*, *a.* eighteenth. [chapters

अष्टाधायी अष्टa-adhyāyī, *f.* book of eight

अष्टानवति अष्टā-navati, *f.* ninety-eight; -*panānta*, *f.* fifty-eight. [eight footed.

अष्टापद अष्टā-pad, *a.* (nm. -*pād*, *f.* -*padi*).

अष्टापद अष्टā-pada, *m.* *n.* dice-board with 64 squares; -*vyāpāra*, *m.* game of dice; -*pādya*, *a.* eightfold [eight weapons

अष्टायुध अष्टa-ayudha, *a.* furnished with

अष्टावक्र अष्टā-vakra, *m.* *N.* [88,000.

अष्टासीतिसहस्र अष्टa-asiti-sahasra, *n.* *pl.*

अष्टि ash-ti, *f.* a metre of 64 syllables.

अष्टोत्तर अष्टa-uttara, *a.* plus eight.

अश्वीश अश्व-श्र, *f.* goad (for driving cattle).

अशीला अश्व-श्र, *f.* ball; pebble; anvil.

अशीवत् अश्व-श्र, *m.* knee-cap; knee.

अस 1. AS. II. P. अस-ति (2 *sg.* *ā. ss.* only in periphrastic *ff.*), be, exist, happen, take place; dwell, be found in (*lc.*); *w. d.* or *g.* be for, belong or accrue to, often = have or possess; be present in, be peculiar to (*lc.*); be ready for, be equal to, be capable of (*ld.*); be sufficient for (*g.*); occur to (*g.*); *w. na*, not exist; be lost or undone: *ne asti*, + *m.* I have nothing to give; *asti*, it is so at the beginning of sentences with another finite verb - it so happens or happened that, it sometimes happens that: *asmī*, *w. 1st sg.* = I happen to be; *astu* + *evam*, so be it, very well; *astu* or *santu*, *w.* following *nm.* = to say nothing of - *asti*, surpasses (*ac.*), *anu*, be ready; reach (*ac.*), *api*, be near or in (*lc.*), *abhi*, surpasses, overcomes (*ac.*); be more than (*ld.* or *g.*); *fall to the share of (*g.*), *upa*, be in (*ac.*), *pari*, overtake; allow to pass by (*time*) *pra*, be to the fore, be prominent, excel, *sam*, equal (*ac.*); be united with (*sa*); be, exist

अस 2. AS. IV. P. अस-या, cast, throw, shoot, at (*d. g.*), *lc.*), cast off, abandon (only *pp.* *asta* - *abhi*, misunderstand: *es. pp.* *adhyasta*, meanthly on of *abst. n.*) *apa*, cast, throw, or take off, lay down upon; leave, abandon; give up; put aside: *gd.* *apāya*, in spite of, excepting *ac.*) *abhi* also I. P. *ā*), throw towards; discharge (*arrows*); apply oneself to, practice, transact, perform; study; repeat: *pp.* *abhyasta*, reduplicated, *es.* cause any one to practice; teach, *ud*, throw or lift up; rise from (*ac.*) *vi* *ud*, screw about; discharge; give up, abandon *ni* (also I. P.), throw, lay or put down or aside; place or set in or on, pour upon (*lc.*); fix the gaze on (*lc.*); deposit with, entrust or make over to *lc.*; quit, give up (*lj.*); adduce, discuss, *pathi*, throw on the street, abandon; *manasi*, take to heart, ponder on (*ac.*); *si-rasi*, place (a command) on the head, receive respectfully *upa-ni*, lay down; adduce, discuss, *sam-upa-ni*, bring forward, suggest, *pari*, stretch out *vi-ni* (also I. P.), spread out; put down; lay or place in or on (*lc.*), mark or designate by *in*; direct the mind or gaze to (*lc.*), entrust or make over to (*lc.*), *sam-ni* (also I. P.), put together; lay down or made; place upon (*lc.*); entrust to (*g.*), *lc.*); abandon; renounce worldly concerns, become an ascetic *nis*, pull out; eject; expel from (*ab.*); dispel, banish; reject, destroy; refute, *parā*, throw away or down, abandon, expose (a child), quit (a place), refute, *pari*, throw or move about; roll (the eyes), cast down, overthrow; surround, ensnare; turn round; over-spread, string; put around (*ā*); *pp.* *pari-asta*, fallen down upon (*lc.*); over-spreading; strung upon (*lc.*); upset by (*lc.*) *vi-pari*, invert, reverse; overturn: *pp.* *viparyasta*, inverted; reverse; thinking erroneously, standing around, *pra*, throw, into (*lc.*); upset, *prati*, throw to; cast off, abandon, *vi*, dissipate, dismember, scatter, separate: *pp.* *vyasta*, divided, separated, single; multiplied, *sam*, put together, unite: *ps* be compounded: *pp.* united; forming a unity, compounded; whole, all.

असंशय अस-संशय, *m.* lack of control, -*yāgya*, *fp.* with whom a sacrifice should not be shared; -*lakshita*, *pp.* unobserved; -*vi-grāta*, *pp.* unconscious or not consenting; -*vi-grāna*, *a.* unintelligible, -*vita*, *pp.* imperfectly covered; -*vrita*, *pp.* uncovered, bare; *n.* *N.* of a hell

असंशय अस-संशय, *m.* no doubt; *nom. used attributively* - without doubt; *a.* doubtless: -*na*, *ad.* undoubtedly, unquestionably; -*stava*, *m.*, -*na*, *n.* only *lc.* *sg.* beyond the ear-shot

of (g.); -*śleṣha*, *m.* non-attachment; no contact.

असंस्पर्श a-sam-sarga, *m.* lack of contact or intercourse with (g.); -*śāstra*, *a.* not subject to mundanexistence; -*śrīṣṭa*, *pp.* untouched by free from (in.); -*śrīṣṭin*, *a.* not re-united after partition.

असंस्कार a-sam-skāra, *m.* lack of ornament, naturalness; *a.* lacking ornament; -*akṛita*, *pp.* unequipped; unconsecrated; unadorned; unrefined, coarse; not having undergone the sacraments: -*alakṛin*, *a.* having unadorned locks; -*stuta*, *pp.* unknown, strange; not agreeing, obstinate; -*sthita*, *pp.* not standing still, restless; scattered; -*apṛīṣṭa*, *pp.* unattained; -*hata*, *pp.* disunited; *m.* kind of array; -*hata*, *f.* non-connexion; -*hrita*, *pp.* uninterrupted. [edly.]

असंस्तु a-sakṛit, *ad.* not once, often, repeat-

असंस्तु a-sukta, *pp.* unworldly; unattached, to (lc.); -*m*, *ad.* instantly

असंस्कार a-samkara, *m.* no mixture of castes.

असंक्षिप्त a-sam-kṣipta, *pp.* not compressed.

असंख्य a-samkhyā, *a.* innumerable: -*yā*, *fp.* id.; -*grāma*, *a.* of innumerable virtues.

असंक्षु ā-saṅga (or ā), *a.* not remaining attached to, finding no resistance in (lc.).

असंगत a-sam-gata, *pp.* unsuitable, inconsistent; -*ghaṭa*, *m.* no collision; -*sukham*, *ad.* happily without clashing (with rivals).

असंजाति a-sa-gāti, *a.* not of the same caste; -*gātya*, *a.* lacking blood-relationships.

असंजग a-sam-guna, *m.* wicked or ill-disposed person. [ting.]

असंजमान a-sam-gu-māna, *pp.* pt. unhesita-

असंवेतयमान a-sam-ketaya-māna, *pt.* pt. not observing. [ed or arisen.]

असंजात a-sam-gāta, *pp.* not having appear-

असंज्ञ a-sam-gñā, *a.* unconscious; -*tva*, *n.* unconsciousness.

असंज्ञा ā-sam-gñā, *f.* disunion, discord.

अस्त ā-sat, *pp.* pt. non-existent; untrue; bad; -*ś*, *f.* unchaste woman; *n.* non-unity; lie; evil; -*kāpanā*, *f.* false supposition; lie; -*kṛita*, *pp.* badly treated; offered ungraciously; *n.* injury; -*tva*, *n.* non-existence; -*vaśāna*, *a.* expressing no entity; -*tā*, *f.* abst. s.; -*putra*, *a.* sonless; -*prati-graha*, *m.* acceptance of a gift from an unworthy person; -*pralāpa*, *m.* empty talk; -*pravṛtti*, *f.* evil course of action.

असत्य a-satyā, *a.* untrue; *n.* falsehood, lie; -*vāda*, *m.* lie; -*śila*, *a.* addicted to lies; -*sam-āha*, *a.* whose engagements are untrustworthy, treacherous. [the bad.]

असंस्पर्श asat-samparka, *m.* contact with

असदृश a-sadṛiṣa, *a.* unequal, dissimilar; unequally.

असद्वृत्ति asad-graha, *m.* foolish whim; evil inclination; -*dharma*, *m.* evil practice; -*bhāva*, *m.* non-existence, absence; -*vṛtta*, *pp.* not nicely founded; not well-behaved. [blood.]

असं as-ān, *n.* (used in in., ab., g. s. for asriḡ)

असं as-ana, *n.* shot; throw; -*ā*, *f.* missile.

असंज्ञा a-sa-gñā, *a.* not having the same name.

असंताप a-sam-tāpā, *a.* feeling no grief;

-*tushā*, *pp.* dissatisfied, discontented; -*to-śa*, *m.* discontent; -*tyāga*, *m.* non-renunciation of (g.).

असंक्षान a-sam-ladhāna, *pp.* pt. not making peace; -*digdham*, *ad.* undoubtedly; -*di-śa*, *pp.* unbound; unlimited; -*drīṣya*, *pp.* invisible to (g.); -*deha*, *m.* no doubt; -*m*, *ad.* without doubt, surely; -*dheya*, *fp.* not to be made peace (alliance) with (-*tā*, *f.* abst. n.); not to be restored.

असंक्षु a-sam-naddha, *pp.* not yet acquired; -*nidhāna*, *n.* absence, lack; -*nidhi*, *f.* id.; -*nidhi*, *pp.* absent.

असंपन्न ā-sa-patna, *m.* no rival; *a.* (ā) without a rival; *n.* peace; -*pānda*, *a.* too distantly related to join in the funeral oblation; -*pārva*, *a.* not possessed by ancestors.

असम 1. ā-sama, *a.* unequalled.

असम 2. ā-sama, *a.* unequal; uneven, odd.

असमग्र ā-samagṛa, *a.* incomplete; not full; not all; -*m* or -*m*, *ad.* not completely or quite.

असमञ्ज ā-samañja, *स्* -*s*, *m.* N.; *स्* -*śa*, *a.* not right, unsuitable; -*m*, *ad.* improperly.

असमद् ā-samad, *f.* concord.

असमन ā-samanā, *a.* scattered; uneven.

असमय ā-samaya, *m.* unseasonable time.

असमर्थ ā-samartha, *a.* incapable (of, inf., d., lc., -); -*tva*, *n.* inability.

असमवाय āsama-vāna, *m.* Kāma (odd-arrowed, i.e. five-arrowed).

असमवेत ā-sam-ava ita, *pp.* not inseparably combined; *pl.* not all combined.

असमसायक āsama-sāyaka, *m.* Kāma (odd-arrowed, = five-arrowed).

असमस्त ā-sam-usta, *pp.* not compounded.

असमान ā-samāna, *a.* unequal; not shared by others; *n.* no corresponding condition; -*grāma*, *a.* belonging to a different village.

असमान्न ā-sam-āpta, *pp.* not completed.

असमावृत्तक ā-samāvṛttika, *ika.* *a.* who has not returned home after completing his studies.

असमीक्ष्य ā-sam-ikṣhya, *gd.* without reflecting. -*kārin*, *a.* acting without reflection.

असमीरित ā-sam-irita, *pp.* not raised (wind); -*udyama*, *m.* lack of exertion; sluggishness; -*unnaddha*, *pp.* modest; -*ridhā*, *pp.* not successful, incomplete; -*ridhī*, *f.* failure; -*eta*, *pp.* not come, wanting, lacking.

असंपत्ति ā-sam-patti, *f.* failure; -*pāthya*, *fp.* not to be made a fellow-student; -*pādayat*, *cs.* *pp.* pt. not effecting; -*pārva*, *pp.* deficient; wanting in (in); -*prāpta*, *pp.* not arrived; still wanting; unattained; unfulfilled.

असंबद्ध ā-sam-baddha, *pp.* unjoined, unrelated; disconnected, incoherent, absurd; talking or chattering nonsense; -*bandha*, *m.* no connexion; *a.* unconnected; -*bādhā*, *a.* not contracted; unhindered; unfrequented.

असंभव ā-sam-bhava, *m.* destruction; absence, lack; impossibility, inadmissibility, absurdity; *a.* not being born again; having no material body; not occurring, impossible, absurd; -*bhāvya*, *ad.* irretrievably; -*bhāv-āśā*, *f.* incredulity; disrespect; -*bhāvayat*, *pp.* pt. thinking impossible; -*bhāvita*, *pp.* uncompleted; inconceivable; unworthy of

(g.); -*upamā*, *f.* simile in which an impossibility is assumed; -*bhāvya*, *fp.* inconceivable; -*m*, *ad.* irretrievably; -*bhāṣana*, *n.* not addressing; -*bhāṣā*, *f.* no conversation with (in.); -*bhāṣya*, *fp.* not to be conversed with, not suitable for a conference; -*bhina*, *pp.* not broken through; -*bhṛita*, *pp.* not made, natural; -*bhoga*, *m.* non-enjoyment; -*bhogyā*, *fp.* with whom it is not lawful to eat; -*bhṛanta*, *pp.* unbewildered, calm; -*m*, *ad.*

असंमत ā-sam-mata, *pp.* not esteemed; not authorised; -*mrīṣṭa*, *pp.* uncleaned.

असम्यक् ā-samyak, *ad.* wrongly, falsely; -*kārin*, *a.* acting wrongly; -*kṛita* -*kārin*, *a.* doing his business badly. [pent.]

असंयुत ā-sarpa-bhūta, *pp.* being no ser-

असर्व ā-sarva, *a.* incomplete; -*gñā*, *a.* not omniscient. [from (g).]

असवर्ण ā-savarṇa, *a.* of a different caste

असव्य ā-savya, *a.* left; right; *lc.* on the -.

असंस्त ā-sask-at, *pp.* pt. (or -āt) not ceasing, not drying up; *f.* -*anti* (or -ātā).

असंसत् ā-sasat, *pp.* pt. not slumbering.

असह ā-sah-a, *a.* unable to bear (ac., -); unable to (inf., -); impatient; -*ana*, *a.* unable to bear (-); jealous; -*tā*, *f.* weakness; -*at*, *pp.* pt. (f. -*anti*), not bearing; -*māna*, *pp.* pt. not tolerating. [less; -*in*, *a.* id.]

असहाय ā-sahāy-a, *a.* companionless, help-

असहिष्णु ā-sah-ishnu, *a.* unable to bear (ac., lc., -); -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* intolerance; -*yā*, *fp.* intolerable; irresistible.

असाधिक ā-sākhika, *a.* unwitnessed.

असाद ā-sādā, *a.* unflagging.

असादृश ā-sādṛiṣya, *n.* dissimilarity.

असाधक ā-sādh-aka, *a.* not accomplishing; unsatisfactory; -*ana*, *n.* no means; *a.* destitute of resources; unfeasible; -*tva*, *n.* abst. n.

असाधारण ā-sādhāraṇa, *a.* (ā) special; unique; -*upamā*, *f.* kind of simile.

असाधु ā-sādhū, *a.* not good, evil; wrong; bad towards (lc.); *m.* bad man; *n.* bad word; evil; -*tva*, *n.* badness, dishonesty; -*dardā*, *a.* seeing badly; injudicious; -*vṛtta*, *pp.* ill-behaved.

असाध्य ā-sādhya, *fp.* unmanageable; unattainable, unfeasible; unconquerable; incurable; unascertainable.

असंनिध्य ā-sāmnidhya, *n.* absence.

असामन्य ā-sāmānya, *a.* unfriendly, surly.

असामान्य ā-sāmānya, *a.* uncommon.

असामि ā-sāmi, *a.* complete; *n.* ad. -ly.

असंप्रत ā-sāmprata, *a.* unsuitable, improper; -*m*, *ad.* -ly.

असायक ā-sāyaka, *a.* arrowless.

असार ā-sāra, *m.* *n.* unfitness; *a.* unfit, worthless, unprofitable; -*tā*, *f.* unfitness; frailty; -*rūpa* -*tā*, *f.* worthlessness; unfitness.

असाहस ā-sāhasa, *n.* absence of precipitation or temerity; -*ka*, *a.* (ā) not acting pre-

असि ā-si, *m.* sword. [cipitately.]

असिंहासन ā-simhāsana, *a.* throneless.

असिक्ता ā-sikta, *pp.* unwatered.

असिक्ती āsiknī, *f.* (of āsita) night.

असित 1. ā-sita, pp. unrestrained.

असित 2. ās-ita, a. (ā or -itni) dark-coloured, black; m. N.: -pakṣa, m. dark half of a month; -pitaka, a. (ika) dark yellow; -samman, m. sapphire; -ikṣhama, a. black-eyed; -utpala, n. blue lotus. [inconclusiveness.]

असिध a-siddha, pp. not established: -tva, n.

असिधि ā-siddhi, f. non-attainment, failure:

असिधर asi-dhara, m. N. [inconclusiveness.]

असिधारा asi-dhārā, f. sword-blade: -vra-ta, n. vow of lying with a sword between oneself and a woman = excessively difficult undertaking; -dhanu, -kṣ, f. knife.

असिन्व a-sinvā, a. insatiable.

असिपत्र asi-patra, n. sword-blade; m. a tree; -vana, n. a certain hell; -putrikā, f. knife.

असु ās-u, m. breath, life, vitality: spirit-world; vital spirits (pl. C.).

असुख a-sukha, n. pain, sorrow: a. unpleasant; painful; unhappy; not easy to (inf), -gīrika, a. leading a joyless life; -āviśha, pp. afflicted with grief.

असुखिन् a-sukh-in, a. sad, unhappy.

असुतर a-su-tara, a. difficult to cross. [tiable.]

असुत्र्य asu-trīp, a. life-taking; (a-su-)msa-

असुमोति āsu-niti, f. spirit-life, spirit-world.

असुन्दर a-sundara, a. uncomely, ugly.

असुबोध a-subodha, a. hard to learn.

असुर āsu-ru, a. living, spiritual, divine: m. spirit, Lord God; evil spirit, demon, Asura. -tva, n. spirituality, divinity; state of an Asura

असुरक्ष a-su-raksha, a. difficult to guard.

असुरद्रुह asura-druh, m. foe of Asuras, god; -brahmā, m. priest of the Asuras.

असुरभि a-surabhi, a. ill-smelling.

असुररक्ष asura-rakshasā, n. pl. Asuras & Rākṣhasas; -hān, a. -ghni Asura-killing; -ādhipa, m. king of the Asuras; -ari, m. foe of the Asuras (Vishnu).

असुर्य asuryā, a. spiritual, divine, demonic; n. spirituality, divinity; world of spirits or gods. [-tva, n. abstr. n.]

असुलभ a-sulabha, a. hard to obtain; rare:

असुश्वि ā-sushvi, a. not Soma-pressing, nig-

असुसु asu-sū, m. arrow. [gaily.]

असुस्थ a-sustha, a. unwell: -sarira, a. ill.

असुस्थिरादर asu-sthira ādara, a. always anxious about his life [-less]

असुभ्रिद a-subhrid, m. no friend; a. friend-

असुभ्रिदगन्ना asubhrid-ganna, m. party of strangers.

असुवीचकार a-sūki-sunkāra, a. impene-trable even to a needle.

असूति ā-sūti, f. not arising, non-appearance.

असूय 1. āsūya, den. grumble, be angry at (ac, a.); cs. āsūyaya, P. irritate.

असूय 2. āsūya, a. grumbling, angry; ā, f. grumbling, displeasure, anger, grudge: -ka, a. grumbling, angry, grudging.

असूर्य ā-sūryā, a. sunless: -ra, a. not mov-ing towards the sun.

असृक्पण्डपेषम् asrik-paṇka-pesham, abs. n. ✓pish, pound to a bloody pulp; -pāta, m. track of blood; flow of blood.

असृग्धारा asrig-dhārā, f. stream of blood.

असृग्य asrih-maya, a. (i) consisting of

असृज् ās-rig, n. blood, gore. [blood.]

असृज् ā-senyā, a. not hitting or wounding.

असेवक a-sevaka, m. no servant, indifferent servant.

असेवा a-sevā, f. non-addiction; -ita, pp. not frequented; -i-vāra-dvāra, a. not wait-ing at grandee's doors.

असोढ ā-sodha, pp. (✓sah) unconquerable.

असोम a-soma, a. lacking Soma juice.

असौ ā-sau, prn. m. f. of ad-ās, that: he, she; so and so, M. or N.; as such (emphatic); with eva, the same. [such a name.]

असौनामन् asau-nāman, a. having such &

असौभाग्य ā-saubhāgya, n. unpopularity.

असौवर्ण ā-sauvarṇa, a. not golden.

अस्कन्म ā-skanna, pp. not sprinkled; unim-pregnated, immaculate

अस्तवृत्ति ā-skhalita, pp. not stumbling; uninterrupted, unhindered; n. not coming to a standstill; -akakra, a. w. unimpeded chariot; -pada, a. where the foot does not stumble, safe; -prayāna, a. with unflinching march.

अस्त ās-ta, n. home, abode; setting; my-thical western mountain behind which sun and moon set. -m, ad. home, with verbs of going = set, stars, sun, moon; go to rest; die

अस्तयत् astam-yat, pr. pt. setting.

अस्तागिरि astā-giri, m. sunset-mountain

अस्तगत astam-gata, pp. set; -gamita, pp. caused to set, destroyed.

अस्तव्य ā-stabdhā, pp. agile, active; unpre-tentious: -tva, n. unpretentiousness.

अस्तमय astam-aya, m. sunset; disappear-ance; -ita, pp. having set, gone to rest, died; -sc. sūrya after sunset. [tentious]

अस्तम्ब ā-stambha, a. lacking posts; unpre-

अस्तमय āsta-samaya, m. time of sunset

अस्तौ ās-tā, f. missile; arrow. [mountain]

अस्ताचल āsta ācala, m., -adri, m. sunset-

अस्ताभिलाषिन् āsta abhilāshin, a. verging towards sunset.

अस्तु ā-stuta, pp. unpraised; unrecited.

अस्तुत्य ā-stu-tya, fp. unpraiseworthy.

अस्तुविद् astu-vid, a. aware that something must be done.

अस्तु ās-tri, m. slinger, bowman. [able]

अस्तुत ā-strita, pp. unconquered, unconquer-

अस्तेय ā-steya, n. not stealing

अस्त्र ās-trā, n. (m.) missile, arrow; bow: -kṣhāti-mat, a. wounded by missiles; -grā-ma, m. collection of missiles; -gīra, a. skilled in arms or in launching missiles, -vid, a. id.; -vriśhā, f. shower of arrows; -agāra, n. armoury.

अस्त्रिन् āstr-in, m. bowman, archer.

अस्त्री ā-stri, f. no woman; no feminine = m

and n. (gr.); -sambhogin, a. lying with no woman. [arms.]

अस्त्रोपनिषद् āstra upanishad, f. skill in

अस्थान āsthān, n. (used as weakest base of ās-thi) bone; kernel: -vat, a. having bones; a animal with bones

अस्थान ā-sthāna, n. wrong place (for, g.); - or loc. out of place; at the wrong time;

अस्थानु ā-sthānu, a. impatient. [wrongly]

अस्थि āsthi, n. bone; kernel: -ka, n. bone; -kūṣma, n. bone powder.

अस्थित ā-sthita, pp. not existing.

अस्थिति ā-sthiti, f. disorder.

अस्थिदन्तमय āsthi-danta-maya, a. made of bone and ivory; -mat, a. furnished with bones; -maya, a. (i) consisting of or full of bones.

अस्थिर ā-sthira, a. not firm, unsteady.

अस्थिरा ā-sthira, a. of which only bones are left; -tā, f. abstr. n.; -sthāna, a. having a framework of bones.

अस्थिरा ā-sthira, a. not coarse, slender; subtle.

अस्नानु ā-snatrī, a. not fond of bathing, dis-liking water. [of contact.]

अस्पृशन् ā-sparsana, n. absence or avoidance

अस्पष्ट ā-spashita, pp. indistinct, not clear - upādhi, a. whose conditioning associate is not clear: -tā, f. abstr. n.

अस्पृशत् ā-spriś-at, pr. pt. not touching

अस्पृश्य ā-spriśya, fp. not to be touched.

अस्पृष्ट ā-spriśhta, pp. untouched, unat-tained, lacking: -puruṣa antara, a. apply-ing to no other person.

अस्पृहा ā-sprihā, f. no desire

अस्म 1. ā-smā, prn. stem of 1 prs. pl.

अस्म 2. ā-sma (or ā), prn. stem of 3 prs. sg

अस्म 3. ā-sma, a. unconnected with the par-ticle sma gr)

अस्मात्कुलीन āsmat-kūlina, a. belonging to our family; -samipa-tas, ad. near us.

अस्मात्तस् āsmat-tas (= ab. āsmāt), from us.

अस्मात्ता āsma-trā, ad. among or with us.

अस्मादर्थे āsmad-arthe, loc. ad. for my sake.

अस्मादीय āsmad-īya, poss. prn. our.

अस्माद्यस्मा āsma-dīf, a. turned to us: -āri ak, ad. towards us. [like us.]

अस्माद्वत् āsmad-vat, ad. like us: -vidha, a.

अस्माय āsma-yā, a. attached to us

अस्माक āsmāka, poss. prn. our.

अस्मादृश āsmā-driśa, a. like us.

अस्मृति ā-smṛiti, f. forgetting.

अस्मै āsmāc, V. d., loc. of āsmā, we

अस्मेहिता āsmē-hiti, f. mission to us

अस्मवासीय āsma-vām-īya, n., RV. I. 164.

अस्म-रा, n. ten; blood: -pa, m. Rākṣhasa.

अस्मिध ā-sridhi, अस्मिधान ā-sridhāna, a. un-

अस्मेन् ā-sremān, a. untrining. [failing.]

अस्मोत्तरम् āsma uttarām, ad. bathed in tears.

अस्त्य ā-sva, a. lacking goods: -tva, n. poverty.

अस्त्यता ā-svaga-tā, f. homelessness.

अस्वतन्त्र a-sva-tantra, *a.* not one's own master, dependent: -**ता**, *f.* dependence.
अस्वादित ā-svad-ita, *pp.* unpalatable.
अस्वधर्म a-sva-dharma, *n.* neglect of duty.
अस्वप्न ā-svapnag, *a.* slumberless. [oneself.
अस्वयंकृत a-svayam-kṛta, *pp.* not done by
अस्वरित a-svarita, *a.* not having the svarita accent: -**त्वा**, *n. abst.* *x.* [heaven.
अस्वर्गयोग्य a-svarga-yogyā, *a.* unfit for
अस्वर्ग्य a-svargyā, *a.* not leading to heaven.
अस्वस्था a-svastha, *a.* unwell, indisposed: -**कताना**, *a.* troubled in mind; -**ता**, *f.* indisposition; -**वारि**, *a.* unwell.
अस्वातन्त्र्य a-svātantrya, *n.* dependence.
अस्वाधीन a-sva adhīna, *a.* not one's own master, dependent.
अस्वामिक a-svāmi-ka, *a.* ownerless; -**वि-
क्रया**, *m.* sale without ownership.
अस्वेद a-sveda, *a.* sweatless.
अह AH, only in *pf.* āha, speak, say (*ac.*) to (*ac.*, *d.*); designate, call, declare; pronounce to be (2 *ac.*); adjudge (*ac.*); to *g.* -**अभि**, speak for (*d.*). **अनु**, repeat, recite, **अभि**, answer; communicate (*ac.*) to (*d.*). **प्रा**, pronounce, declare, say; cull (2 *ac.*). **प्रति**, say to, answer (*ac.*). **वि**, argue.
अह 1. ā-hu, *pf.* certainly, of course, indeed; just, that is to say; at least; often merely emphasizes the preceding word.
अह 2. āhu, *n.* day: ° generally *m.* [ully.
अहंवादिन् aham-vādin, *a.* talking egotistic.
अहंकार aham-kāra, *m.* self-consciousness; selfishness; self-conceit, pride; -**क्या**, *a.* being the object of self-consciousness. -**कृति**, *pp.* self-conscious; haughty; -**कृति**, *f.* = aham-kāra; -**गुण**, *a.* thinking of one's self only.

अहत ā-hata, *pp.* not beaten; unwashed, new (*garment*).
अह्नि āhan, *n.* day: **अह्नि** āhani, day by day; **अह्नि** āhani, day and night; **अह्नि**, every day.
अहन्ता ahān-tā, *f.* feeling of self.
अहं नाम aham-nāman, *a.* called 'I'.
अहन्त्य ahan-yā, *a.* daily.
अहम् ahām, *prn.* I: so, **aham**, I here; I being such; **ahamikā**, *f.* claim of precedence; -**ntarā**, *n.* (*m.* -**pūrvikā**, *f.*), (*m.*) -**prathamikā**, *f.* *id.*
अहर् āhar (used as the middle base of āhan), *n.* day: -**āhar**, *ad.* day by day, daily; -**āgama**, *m.* day-break; -**ādi**, *m.* *id.*; -**divā**, *a.* daily: -**m.**, *ad.*; -**nīsa**, *n.* day & night: -**m.**, *ad.*; -**pā-ti**, *m.* lord of day; sun.
अहल्या āhalyā, *f.* *N.* of Gautama's or Sarad-rā's wife.
अहःशेष āhuh-sesha, *m.* remainder of the day.
अहस āhas = āhar. -**kara**, *m.* sun.
अहस्ता a-hastā, *a.* handless.
अहह ahuh, *ij.* of joy or sorrow, aha!
अहापयत् a-hā-payat, *cs. pr. pt.* showing no lack of (*ac.*): -**kālam**, losing no time.
अहारयत् a-hār-ayat, *cs. pr. pt.* not losing (*in play*); -**hārya**, *fp.* not to be taken away; incorruptible; *m.* mountain: -**tva**, *n.* non-hability to be taken away; *ab.* because it cannot be taken away.
अहि āh-i, *m.* serpent: dragon, Vṛitra.
अहिसका hims-aka, *a.* doing no hurt, harmless; -**at**, *pr. pt.* (*ā.*) harmless; -**ā**, *f.* (*ā.*) harmless; abstention from injury to living things, gentleness; non-violation; -**ra**, *a.* doing no injury, harmless.

अहिगन्ध ahi-gandha, *m.* similarity with serpents; -**akhatra**, *m. N.* of a country and its capital.
अहित ā-hita, *pp.* unsuitable; hurtful, evil, bad; hostile; *m.* enemy; *ā.* *f.* kind of vein; *n.* damage, harm, evil. [Sesha.
अहिपति ahi-puti, *m.* lord of the serpents,
अहिमदीधिति a-hima-dīdhiti, *m.* sun: -**mayāka**, -**raemi**, -**rokis**, *m. id.*; -**amsa**, *m. id.* [penta.
अहिमाय āhi-māya, *a.* appearing like ser-
अहिरह्य ahi-hātya, *n.* slaughter of Vṛitra.
अहीन 1. āh-ina, *a.* lasting several days; *m.* sacrifice of several days' duration.
अहीन 2. ā-hina, *pp.* not deprived of, practising (*in*): -**karma**, *a.* following no low occupation; not neglecting rites.
अहुत ā-huta, *pp.* not sacrificed or offered; *m.* muttered prayer.
अहृष्टान ā-hṛṣṭāna, *a.* not angry, friendly.
अहृत ā-hṛta, *pp.* not carried away by (*in*).
अहृतुक ā-hetu-ka, *a.* unfounded.
अहिला ā-helā, *f.* no joke, good earnest.
अहितुक ā-haituka, (*a.*) causeless, unfounded.
अहो aho, *ij.* of joy, sorrow, surprise, anger, praise, blame, ah! oh! alas!
अहोरात्र aho-rātrā, *m.* day and night; -**ātmaka**, *a.* consisting of day and night.
अह्ना ahna, *m.* -° = āhan, day; *d.* at once.
अहर्षु āh-ārshu, *m.* swooping on the dragon.
अहस्र ā-brasva, *a.* not short, long.
अहृत ā-hṛta, *pp.* not bent, straight.
अह्वला āhvālā, *f.* steady gait, firmness.

आ A.

आ 1. ā, *ad.* near (*abl. pr.*): reverses the meaning of verbs of giving and going; besides, also; quite, entirely, just (*emphatic*); *pr. v.* *pt.* *d.* a somewhat, a little; scarcely; -**ish**, *pr.* forming *ad.* & *a.* up to, till; *pp.* up to (*after* *ac.*), before *ab.*; except, before (*ac.*); from *ab.*; at, on, in, near (*after* *le.*); °, from, up to.
आ 2. ā, *ij.* esp. of sudden recollection, ah! oh!
आकण्ठम् ā-kanṭham, *ad.* up to the neck.
आकपिल ā-kapila, *a.* brownish.
आकम्प ā-kamp-a, *m.* trembling; -**ana**, *m. N.* of a Dasya. -**ra**, *a.* trembling.
आकर् ā-kar-ā, *m.* scatterer, bestower; abundance, plenty; mine; origin: -**ga**, *a.* mineral; -**in**, *a.* arising from mines, mineral.
आकर्ण ā-karṇa, °, or -**am**, *ad.* up to the ear: -**na**, *n.* hearing, listening
आकर्णय ā-karṇaya, *den. P.* listen, hear; *pp.* ita, heard, overheard. **sam**, *id.*
आकर्ष ā-karṣ-a, *m.* attraction; -**ana**, *a.* (*i.*) attracting; *n.* pulling; attraction; -**ākā**, *f. N.* of a city; -**in**, *a.* dragging along.
आकाश ā-kāśa, *n.* tying up, fastening.
आकल्प ā-kalpa, *m.* ornament, finery.

आकल्पम् ā-kalpa-m, *ad.* to the end of the world.
आकल्पसार ākalpa-sāra, *a.* fond of dress.
आकल्पस्थायिन् ā-kalpa-sthāyin, *a.* lasting to the end of the world; -**antam**, *ad.* to the end of the world.
आकल्य ākalya, *n.* illness; love-sickness.
आकास्मिक ākasmika, *a.* (i) unforeseen, sudden, accidental.
आकाङ्क्षा ā-kāṅkṣh-ā, *f.* desire, wish; necessity of complementing the sense; -**in**, *a.* wishing, expecting.
आकार 1. ā-kāra, *m.* make, shape, figure, appearance; expression, outward sign of emotion.
आकार 2. ā-kāra, *m.* the letter ā. [tion.
आकारण ā-kāraṇa, *n.* calling up; -**iya**, *fp.* to be called up.
आकारवत् ākāra-vat, *a.* embodied; shapely.
आकारित ā-kār-ita, *pp.* having the form of (-).
आकाल ā-kāl-ā, *m.* *lc.* at the exact time of (-). -**āka**, *a.* (*ā* or *i*) lasting till the same time on the following day; (*i*) not arriving at the right or usual time.

आकालिकातीरम् ā-kālikā-tīram, *ad.* up to the bank of the Kālikā.
आकाश ā-kāś-a, *m. n.* clear space, sky; ether as the subtlest element; *lc.* behind the scenes (of what is said to or by some one off the stage): -**ga**, *a.* moving in the air; *m.* bird; -**gaṅgā**, *f.* the aereal Ganges; -**gata**, *pp.* coming from the air (voice); -**hāra**, *a.* moving in the air; *m.* bird; -**desa**, *m.* region of the air; -**patha**, *m.* path in the air; -**pathika**, *m.* wanderer in the sky, *cp.* of the sun; -**bhāshita**, *n.* fictitious conversation of a person on the stage with an absent one; -**yāna**, *n.* passage through the air; -**vartman**, *n.* path in the air; -**mayana**, *n.* sleeping in the open air; -**samāhāra**, *n.* bird; -**isa**, *a.* ruling the air only (= quite helpless).
आकिंचन्य ākimkan-ya, *n.* destitution, poverty.
आकीम ākim, *pp.* from (*ab.*). [ty.
आकीर्ण ā-kirṇa, *pp.* (✓*kṛt*) scattered; covered, full; *lc.* in a frequented place.
आकुञ्च ā-kuñcana, *n.* bending, contraction.
आकुटिल ā-kuṭila, *a.* somewhat bent, somewhat curly. [wards (-).
आकुमार ā-kumāra, *ad.* from boyhood up
आकुल ā-kula, *a.* confused, perplexed; filled

or overwhelmed (with, -^o); -**grāma-katya**, *a.* the sacred trees of whose villages are alive with (*m.*); -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* confusion; abundance.

आकुलय â-kulaya, *den. P.* confuse; fill; *pp.* **-ita**, *disordered, disturbed, perplexed, by* (*m.*).

आकुलीकृत âkūli-kṛt, *confuse, dim; fill; pp.* bewildered, disturbed with (*m.*); -**bhā**, *be or become confused*; -**yamāna**, *pr. pt. p.* bewildered, annoyed.

आकृत â-kūta, *n.* intention, wish.

आकृति â-kṛti, *f.* component part; form, appearance; -**mat**, *a.* having a form, embodied.

आकृष्टवत् â-kṛṣṭa-vat, *pp. act.* drawn.

आकृष्टि â-kṛṣṭi, *f.* attraction; drawing (*a. horsing*); magic attraction, attractive spell

आकि âkē, *ad. (lc.)* near.

आकिर â-kekara, *a.* squinting slightly.

आकोप â-kopa, *m.* touch of anger; -**vat**, *a.* somewhat angry at (*lc.*) [*skill*].

आकोशल âkausala, *n.* inexperience, lack of

आक्रन्द â-krand-â, *m.* cry, wail, lamentation; natural ally of a belligerent king (*neighbour's neighbour*); -**ana**, *n.* lamentation; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be called on for help; -**ita**, (*pp.*) *n.* cry; -**in**, *a.* calling upon piteously.

आक्रम â-krām-â, *m.* stepping up; attack; -**ana**, *a.* striding up; *n. id.*; attack; extension (towards, *lc.*).

आक्रान्त â-krānta, *pp.* (*s'krām*) beset, over-spread; in the power of, dominated by, pervaded with (*-*).

आक्रान्ति â-krānti, *f.* treading, ascending; rising.

आक्रीड â-kṛīda, *m. n.* play-ground, grove, garden; -**giri**, -**parvata**, *m.* pleasure-hill.

आक्रोश â-krośa, *n.* reviling; abuse, affront; -**ka**, *a.* reviling, abusing; -**ita**, *ca. pp.* cursed, reviled; -**in**, *a.* abusing.

आकाण âkṣh-âna, *pf. pt. of* âkṣh.

आक्षिपिका â-kṣhīpikā, *f.* song sung by a person approaching the stage.

आक्षेप â-kṣhepa, *m.* turning up (*soil*); quivering, convulsion; putting on (*salvo*); throwing off; abandonment, enapturing (*g. or* reference to (-^o), hint; challenge; abuse, affront; -**ana**, *n.* ravishing, charming; -**rūpaka**, *n.* kind of simile; -**valana**, *n.* swaying (of the arms); -**sūtra**, *n.* thread for stringing pearls; -**upamā**, *f.* kind of simile.

आक्षेपु â-kṣhepṛi, *m.* rejecter.

आक्षेप्य â-kṣhepya, *fp.* to be challenged.

आखण्ड â-khaṇḍa, *m.* breaker, destroyer, *ep. of* Indra; -**akabha**, *f.* east; -**āpa**, *m. n.* rainbow; -**ānu**, *m.* son of Indra = Arguna.

आशु â-kh-â, *m.* mole; mouse [*burrower* â + *√khā*]; -**va-grāma**, *m. N.* of a village

आखि âkṣhe, *m.* chase; -**ka**, *m. id.*; hunter; -**bhāmi**, *f.* hunting ground; -**savi**, *f.* game forest.

आख्या â-khyā, *f.* name; *in. by name*; period *a. named* (-^o); -**ta**, (*pp.*) *n.* finite verb; -**tavya**, *fp.* to be told or related; -**tā**, *f.* tale, report; appellation; -**tri**, *m.* teller, relater; teacher; -**na**, *n.* narration; story, tale; legend; -**ka**, *n.* short tale; *i. f.* a metre; -**pākama**, *a.* having the Purāṇas as the fifth; -**paka**, *a.* announce-

ing, proclaiming; -**pana**, *n.* invitation to relate; -**yikā**, *f.* short tale; -**ya**, *a.* relating, reporting (-^o); [- admitted].

आख्ये â-khyeya, *fp.* to be told, - related.

आगण्ड â-gaṇḍa, *ad.* up to the cheeks (*°*).

आगत â-gata, (*pp.*) *m.* guest; *n.* event.

आगति â-gati, *f.* arrival, return (-**tva**, *n. abst. s.*); origin; coming up to, joining.

आगन्तव्य â-gan-tavya, *fp.* that must come; -**ta**, *a. i.* arriving; *m.* new comer, stranger, guest; *z.* adventitious; -**ka**, *id.*; a stray cattle; having crept in (*unauthorised reading*); -**tri**, *a.* about to come.

आगम â-gama, *a.* coming up; *m.* arrival, occurrence; origin; course (*of streams*); affluence, revenue, property; acquisition; learning, knowledge, science; precept, tradition; manual, code; augment (*gr.*); -**na**, *n.* coming, arrival, origin; sexual intercourse; -**vat**, *a.* having sexual intercourse; -**ratī**, *f.* tradition; -**apāya**, *n.* coming and going

आगमिन् âgam-in, *a.* taking an augment.

आगस् âg-us, *n.* offence, crime, fault, sin.

आगत्य âgastya, *a.* referring to Agastī; *m.* descendant of Agastī

आगामिन् â-gāmin, *a.* coming; future.

आगामुक â-gāmuk, *a.* want to come to (*ac.*)

आगार âgāra, *n.* apartment, dwelling, house

आगुर â-gur, *f.* ritual response. [*wood*]

आगुरव âgurava, *a.* (i) produced by alo-

आपविष्णव âgnā-vaishnavā, *a.* belonging to Agni-Vishnu

आपिक âgnika, *a.* (i) relating to fire-service

आभिमारुत âgni-mārūtā, *n.* litany to Agni and the Maruts.

आग्निध्र âgni-dhṛa, *m.* fire-kindler (*priest*); *n.* fire altar; *i. ya*, *m.* fire on the fire altar

आग्नेय âgneya, *a.* (x) relating to fire or Agni, *n.* the lunar mansion Kṛttikā.

आग्रथन â-grath-ana, *n.* putting on (*girdle*).

आग्रथय âgrayana, *m.* offering of new grain (*a. Soma libation*); *n.* offering of first-fruits at the end of the rainy season; *i. f.* (*sc.* *ishā*) sacrifice of first fruits; -**ka**, *n. id.* (*lc.*), *a.*

आग्रह â-graha, *m.* pertinacity; favour.

आग्रहायणी âgrahāyāni, *f.* day of full-moon in the month Marga śukla; *kund of* pākayāgā.

आघट्टना â-ghaṭṭanā, *f.* blow, impact.

आघर्षरम â-ghar-ghar-am, *ad.* growing

आघर्ष â-gharṣha, *m.* friction.

आघाट â-ghāṭā, *m. i. f.* cymbal, rattle.

आघात â-ghāta, *m.* stroke, blow; gust; killing; place of execution; slaughter house.

आघृणि â-ghṛim, *a.* glowing, radiant. [*tion*].

आघोषणा â-ghoṣhanā, *f.* public proclama-

आघ्राण â-ghrāṇa, *n.* smelling; -**tas**, *ad.* by smelling

आहु â-hu = आ १. â (*gr.*). [*cess of* Aṅga.

आहु âṅga, *m.* prince of Aṅga; *i. f.* prin-

आहुारिक âṅgārika, *m.* charcoal burner.

आङ्गिरस âṅgirasā, *a.* (i) relating to Aṅgiras; *m. pat.* descendant of Aṅgiras.

आङ्गुष âṅgūṣhā, *m. n.* song of praise.

आच â-k. â *in adverbs like* dakṣin-â &c. (*gr.*).

आच âka, *m. N.* of a man.

आचक्षतारकम् â-kandin-tārakam, *ad.* except moon and stars.

आचमन â-kamana, *n.* sipping water; rinsing the mouth; water for rinsing the mouth (*also i. f.*); *i. ya*, *n.* water for rinsing the mouth.

आचरण â-kār-ana, *n.* arrival; performance, conduct; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be done or performed; -**ita**, (*pp.*) *n.* arrival; usage; conduct; -**itavya**, *fp.* to be done; *n.* one should act according to usage. [*seum of boiled rice*].

आचाम â-kāma, *m.* sipping water; water *m.*

आचार â-kāra, *m.* behaviour; good conduct; usage, custom, observance, rule; customary; -**maya**, *fp.* to be done or performed; -**ā**, *m. f. pl.* customary patched gown; -**vat**, *a.* well behaved, virtuous; -**vyapeta**, *pp.* diverging from usage; -**apeta**, *a. id.*; -**hina**, *pp.* neglectful of the rules of conduct

आचार्य â-kāryā [*fp.* to be gone to], *m.* teacher, *esp. a Brahman*; *N. of* Drona (*teacher of the Pāṇḍavas*), son of an outcast Vaisya; -**ka**, *n.* teachership; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* calling of a teacher; -**vat**, *a.* having a teacher; -**ān**, *f.* wife of a teacher; -**adhi-na**, *a.* dependent on one's teacher; -**tva**, *n. abst. s.*

आचिच्छासु â-kī-khyā-su, *des. a.* wishing to express; -**sa upamā**, *f.* kind of simile.

आचित â-kīta, *pp.* heaped up; filled, laden, studded, with (*m. or*).

आचिश्वर âka-śvara, *m. N.* of a temple built by Aka [*clad*].

आच्छन्न â-kkhaṇna, *pp.* (*s'khaḍ*) covered,

आच्छाद â-kkṣhād-â, *m.* garment, clothing; -**ka**, *a.* covering, concealing; -**tva**, *n. abst. s.*; -**na**, *n.* covering, concealing; clothing; -**vastra**, *n.* lower garment; -**in**, *a.* covering, concealing.

आक्कुरित â-kkṣhurita, *pp.* scratched

आच्य âak-ya, *gd.* having bent.

आज âga, *a.* relating to goats; *n. N.* of a lunar mansion. [*ing like a box*].

आजगर âgagara, *a.* (i) relating to or behav-

आजस्र â-gamsa, *ad.* from birth.

आजरसम् â-garasam, *ad.* to old age.

आजर्जरित â-gurjarita, *pp.* somewhat bruised or tattered

आजतशत्रव âgatasatṛavā, *a.* relating to Agatasatṛu; *m.* descendant of Agatasatṛu

आजाति â-gāti, *f.* birth [*the knees*].

आजानुबन्धिन âgānu-bandhin, *a.* reaching to

आजनेय âgāneya, *a.* (i) of noble race; *m.* well-bred horse

आजिग âg-i, *m. f.* race, contest, fight; -**bhāmi**, *f.* battle-field; -**mukha**, *n.* vanguard.

आजिह्वित â-gihvita, *pp.* somewhat turned aside; -**lohanam**, *ad.* with somewhat averted glance.

आजीवर्ति âjigarti, *m. pat.* descendant of

आजीव āgīva-, *m.* livelihood; -**ana**, *n. id.*; -**an-ika**, *a.* seeking a livelihood.

आजीवन ā-gīvam, *ad.* for life.

आजीवितान्तम् ā-gīva-ita antam, *ad.* for life; -**ya**, *fp.* fit for or affording a livelihood.

आज्ञप्ति ā-gñapti, *f.* order, command.

आज्ञा ā-gñā, *f. id.*; -**kara**, *m.* (i) servant. -**tva**, *n.* office of a servant; -**dāna**, *n.* giving an order; -**na**, *n.* apprehending, understanding; -**parigraha**, *m.* reception of an order.

आज्ञाय ā-gñāpya, *fp.* at the service of (*g.*).

आज्ञामन् āgñā-bhāga, *m.* breach of a command; -**kara**, -**kārin**, *a.* neglecting an order; -**vidhāyin**, *a.* doing one's behest, obedient

आज्य āg-ya, *n.* clarified liquid butter (for sacrificing or anointing); kind of *sastra*. -**dhanvan**, *a.* having clarified butter for a bow; -**pā**, *a.* drinking clarified butter; *m. pl.* *Monks of the Vaisnavas*; -**śeṣha**, *m.* rest of the clarified butter; -**havis**, *a.* having an offering of clarified butter; -**homa**, *m.* sacrifice of clarified butter; -**bhūti**, *f.* offering of clarified butter

आञ्च ĀñKī, I. P. āñkha, pull, tug, stretch.

आञ्जन āñg-ana, *n.* ointment, eye-salve; -**gandhi**, *a.* smelling of ointment [numat.

आञ्जनेय āñganeya, *m.* son of Āñgana, Ha-

आटविक ātāvika, *a.* relating to a forest, consisting of foresters; *m.* forest-dweller; wood-

आटोप ātōpa, *m.* inflation; pride. [mun.

आदम्बर ādāmbara, *m.* drum; din; verbosity; trumpeting (of an elephant); -², acme, height, crown. -**vat**, *a.* noisy.

आदीविन ādivin, *m. N. of a crow*

आढक ādhaka, *m. n.* (° f. i) a dry measure (= 4 prasthas)

आढ्य ādhyā, *a.* wealthy; abounding in (*in. or -*); -**tā**, *f.* wealth.

आणक āṇuka, *a.* = *amuka*, minute, tiny, subtle.

आणिव āṇi, *m.* pin of the axle.

आण्डज āṇḍ-ja, *a.* egg-born [pray.

आत् 1. āt, *ad. (ab.)* then; also, and; *w. intr.*

आत् 2. ā-t, the vowel ā [anxiety, fear

आतङ्क ā-taṅka, *m.* ailment; uneasiness,

आततायिन ā-tatā-yin, *a.* having one's bow strung; *m.* armed aggressor, assassin; dangerous character, felon.

आतप ā-tapā, *a.* causing pain; *m.* (solar) heat, sunshine; -**tva**, *n.* umbrella; -**vat**, *a.* irradiated by the sun; -**vāraṇa**, *n.* umbrella; -**tyāga**, *m.* end of the heat, cool of the evening

आतपाय ātapāya, *den. P.* become solar heat.

आतपोवनम् ā-tapovanam, *ad.* up to the hermit's wood.

आतर ā-tara, *m.* crossing a river; sure.

आता ā-tā, *f. (in. pl. + ātals)*, frame, edge

आतापिन ā-tāp-in, *m. N. of a Dasya.*

आताप ā-tāma, *a.* reddish; -**tā**, *f.* redness.

आति āti, **आती** āti, *f. kind of aquatic bird.*

आतितांसु ā-titām-su, *des. a.* wishing to stretch across (*ac.*).

आतिथेय ātithēya, *a.* (i) relating to guests, hospitable; *n.* hospitality.

आतिथ्य ātithyā, *a.*; *n. id.*; reception of the Soma (ritual); -**vat**, *a.* speaking of hospitality; containing the word 'guest'; -**sathāra**, *m.* good offices of hospitality.

आतिरिखी ā-tiras-k-ina, *a.* somewhat ob-

आतिरेख्य ātirikya, *n.* redundancy. [lique.

आतिशयिक ātisayika, *a.* superabundant.

आतुर ā-tura, *a.* diseased, ill, weak; ailing; -², afflicted with, tortured by; *w. inf.* morbidly desirous of.

आतोष ā-tod-ya, (*fp.*) *n.* musical instrument.

आत ā-tta, *pp.* (√dā) taken; *sts.* °, *a.* grasped, obtained; taken away, -less; felt; -**grāping**, feeling; -**gandha**, *a.* whose pride has been taken away; -**garva**, *a.* humbled; -**danda**, *a.* grasping one's staff; -**rati**, *a.* feeling delight, in (*lc.*); -**vibhava**, *a.* having attained to wealth; -**virya**, *a.* deprived of strength; -**sastra**, *a.* grasping his weapon; -**sāra**, *a.* robbed of treasure; -**sva**, *a.* deprived of one's possessions. -**tā**, *f. abst. n.*

आत्य āt-tha, 2 *sg. pf.* of √ah.

आत्म ātma, -² = ātman; -**ka**, *a.* (i) *kā* having the nature of, consisting of or in (°); -**tva**, *n. abst. n.*; -**karman**, *n.* one's own act; -**kāma**, *a.* selfish; -**kriya**, *a.* own; -**kṛita**, *pp.* self-inflicted, committed or done by oneself; -**gata**, *a.* being in or relating to self; -**m**, *ad.* to oneself (*drama*); -**gati**, *f.* own way or resources; *m.* by oneself; -**grāma**, *n.* virtue of the soul; -**ghātaka**, -**ghātin**, *n.* suicide; -**ghoṣha**, *m.* crow; -**ga**, *a.* self-begotten; *m.* son, ā, *f.* daughter; -**tā**, *f.* state of a son; -**ganman**, *n.* birth of oneself = birth of a son; son; -**gaya**, *m.* his own victory, -**gā**, *a.* knowing oneself; knowing the universal soul; -**gñāna**, *n.* self-knowledge; knowledge of the universal soul; -**tattva**, *n.* own nature; true nature of the universal soul; -**tantra**, *a.* independent; -**tā**, *f.* essentially, nature; -**tripta**, *pp.* self-sufficing; -**tyāga**, *m.* suicide; -**tyāgin**, *m.* suicide; -**tva**, *n.* essentiality, nature; -**dāra**, *m.* mirror; -**na**, *n.* seeing oneself in (°); -**dāna**, *n.* self-sacrifice; -**drohin**, *a.* self-tormenting, fretful; -**avesha**, *m.* self-hatred.

आत्मन ātmān, *m.* breath; soul; life, self (*sg. 1st prn.*); essence, nature; peculiarity; body; intellect, understanding; universal soul.

आत्मनातृतीय ātmānā-tṛtiya, *a.* with two others; -**dṛitiya**, *a.* with one other.

आत्मनिका ātman-ikā, *f.* woman's N.

आत्मनिन्द ātma-nindā, *f.* self-reproach.

आत्मनेपद ātmane-pad-, *n.* the middle terminations; (*gr.*) -**in**, *a.* having the middle terminations

आत्मन्वत् ātman-vāt, **अन्व** -vān, *a.* animate.

आत्मपक्ष ātma-paksha, *m.* one's own party; -**parityāga**, *m.* self-sacrifice; -**pāya**, *f.* self-praise; -**pratyarthi-nāma-vat**, *a.* hyg. one's own name and that of the defendant, -**prabha**, *a.* self-luminous; bright with himself; -**prasaṁsa**, *f.* self-praise; -**boḍha**, *a.* knowing the universal soul; -**bhaya**, *n.* fear for one's life; -**bhava**, *m.* his own presence; *a.* self-caused; *m.* Kāma; -**bhāva**, *m.* personality; -**bhū**, *m.* self-existing, *cp.* of Brahman; -**bhāta**, *pp.* being the self of = devoted to; -**māya**, *a.* (i) proceeding from oneself; -**māmsa**, *n.* one's own flesh

आत्मभरि ātma-bhari, *a.* thinking only of his livelihood, selfish; -**tva**, *n.* selfishness, self-produced.

आत्मवायिन ātma-yāgin, *a.* sacrificing one-

self; -**yonī**, *m. ep.* of Kāma & Vishnu; -**raksha-ana**, *n.* self-protection; -**śābha**, *m.* one's own advantage; attainment of life, birth; -**vat**, *ad.* like oneself; *a.* animate; self-controlled; sensible; personal; *w. arata*, *n.* = knowledge of men; -**tā**, *f.* self-control; -**vadha**, *m.*, -**va-dhyā**, *f.* suicide; -**varga**, *m.* one's own party; -**vam**, *a.* depending on oneself; -**vārya**, *a.* that one has in one's power; -**vikraya**, *m.* selling one's freedom; -**vit-tā**, *f.* self-knowledge; -**vid**, *a.* knowing the universal soul; -**vidyā**, *f.* knowledge of the universal soul; -**vidhita**, *f.* selfishness; -**vivridhī**, *f.* self-aggrandisement; -**vṛitānta**, *m. n.* account of oneself; -**vṛitti**, *f.* one's own condition.

आत्मशक्ति ātma-śakti, *f.* self-praise; -**sakti**, *f.* one's own power; *in.* according to one's power; -**śonita**, *n.* one's own blood; -**śāgha**, -**śāghin**, *a.* boastful; -**śamyoga**, *m.* personal interest in anything; -**śamstha**, *a.* attached to one's person; directed to oneself.

आत्मस्तान ātma-samtāna, *m.* son; -**sam-deha**, *m.* personal risk; -**sama**, *a.* like oneself; -**tā**, *f. abst. n.*; -**samarpana**, *n.* giving oneself up to (*a deity*); -**sambhava**, *m.* son; Kāma, ā, *f.* daughter; -**sambhāvanā**, *f.* self-conceit; -**sāt-kṛi**, place on oneself; make one's own; -**stava**, *m.* self-praise; praise of the Ātmān; -**hatyā**, *f.* suicide; -**han**, *a.* killing the soul; *m.* suicide; -**hita**, *n.* one's own welfare.

आत्मदिष्ट ātma ādiṣṭa, *pp.* self-dictated; -**adhika**, *a.* dearer than oneself; -**adhina**, *a.* dependent on oneself; -**anapeksha**, *a.* disinterested; -**anugamana**, *n.* personal attendance; -**aparādha**, *m.* one's own transgression; -**āpāhara**, *m.* dissimulation; -**āpāhāra**, -**hārin**, *a.* making away with oneself, denying oneself, dissimulation; -**abhimāni-tā**, *f.* high opinion of oneself; -**amisha**, *m.* alliance (peace) bought by sacrifice of one's army; -**ārtha**: -**m** or *lc.* for oneself; *lc. pl.* in one's own interest.

आत्मोक्ति ātmī-kṛi, take possession of, -**bhāva**, *m.* absorption in the universal soul; -**ya**, *a.* one's own; -**gāṭya**, *a.* of one's own rice, one's equal, -**deśa**, *m.* home.

आत्मिच्छा ātma ikkṣā, *f.* longing for the universal soul; -**ivara**, *m.* master of oneself

आत्मोत्कर्ष ātma ntkarsha, *m.* self-elevation; boasting; -**udāya**, *m.* self-advantage, rise; -**udbhava**, *m.* son; -**upa-yin**, *a.* supporting oneself by personal labour.

आत्मोपम्य ātma aupamyā, *n.* self-comparison, analogy to oneself.

आत्मनिक ātyantiku, *a.* (i) lasting to the end; unalterable; absolute. [urgent.

आत्मयिक ātyayikā, *a.* admitting of no delay.

आत्रेय ātreya, *m.* descendant of Ātri; *i. f. id.*, woman who has bathed after menstruation.

आत्व ā-tva, *n.* occurrence of ā (*gr.*).

आथर्वण ātharvanā, *a.* (i) belonging to A-tharvan or the Atharvans; *m.* descendant of Atharvan or the Atharvans, Brāhman conversant with the AV.; conjuror; the AV.; *i-kā*, *m.* follower of the AV.

आदघ्न ā-daghnā, *a.* reaching to the mouth.

आदम् ā-d-am, **आदस** ā-d-as, **आदत्** ā-d-at, *impf. sg. of ā + √dā.*

आदर ā-dara, *m.* regard, respect; consideration, care, attention (*lc.* -², or -**artham**): -**m kṛi**, endeavour; *in.*, *ab.* considerably, carefully, seriously; -**niya**, *fp.* to be regarded; -**tā**, *f. abst. n.*; -**vat**, *a.* attentive to (*lc.*).

आदत्तव्य â-dartavya, *fp.* = âdaraviya.

आदर्श â-darsâ, *m.* seeing; mirror; image; copy; -*pustaka*, *n.* copy, manuscript; -*maya*, *a.* being altogether mirror.

आदहन â-dâhana, *n.* place of cremation.

आदानु â-dâ-tri, *m.* receiver. [class (*gr.*).

आदादिक âdâdi-ka, *a.* belonging to the Ad-

आदान â-dâ-na, *n.* grasping, taking; - away: receiving; seizure, appropriation; withdrawal, -*ya*, *gd.* having taken = with; -*ya*, *a.* inclined to receive gifts; -°, appropriating.

आदार â-dârâ, *m.* consideration, regard.

आदि â-d-i, *m.* [taking in hand: â + √dâ] beginning: *lc.* in the -, at first; °, beg. with = and the rest, etc. (often -*ka*); -*kârti*, *m.* original creator; -*keśava*, *m.* ep. of Vishnu; -*tas*, *ad.* from or in the beg., at first; °, from-onwards; -*tâ*, *f.* being the beginning, origin.

आदित्य âditeya, *m.* son of Aditi.

आदित्य 1. âdityâ, *a.* belonging to or descended from Aditi; *m.* son of Aditi; *sun*: *pl* a class of gods; *n.* *N.* of a lunar mansion.

आदित्य 2. âdityâ, *a.* belonging to the Âdityas; divine; relating to the sun; -*kandâra*, *m.* *du.* sun and moon; -*prabha*, *m.* *N.* of a king; -*mandalâ*, *n.* sun's orb; -*vat*, *ad.* like the sun; -*varna*, *a.* sun-coloured, -*varman*, -*sena*, *m.* *N.* of a king.

आदित्सु â-ditsu, *des.* *a.* desirous to obtain (*ac.*); avaricious. [Brahman, Vishnu, Siva.]

आदिदेव âdi-deva, *m.* primeval god; *ep.* of

आदिन् âd-in, *a.* eating. [end of the day.]

आदिनात्म â-dinaantam, *ad.* up to the **आदिपर्वत** âdi-parvata, *m.* chief mountain; -*purnasha*, *m.* original ancestor; primeval spirit; -*purnasha*, *m.* primeval spirit, *ep.* of Vishnu; -*bhava*, *a.* produced in the beginning; -*bhûta*, *pp.* being the first among (*g.*).

आदिम âdi-ma, *a.* first; -*mat*, *a.* having a beginning; -*mûla*, *n.* original cause; -*varâha*, *m.* original boar, *ep.* of Vishnu.

आदिन् â-dis, *f.* scheme, purpose, intent.

आदिशे â-disē, (*d.*) *inf.* to aim at (*ac.*).

आदिष्ट â-dish-ta, (*pp.*) *m.* kind of peace or alliance, *n.* injunction, rule of conduct; -*in*, *m.* student who has received rules from his teacher, novice.

आदिर्घ â-dirgha, *a.* longish.

आदृत â-drita, *pp.* considerate, careful, attentive; intent on (*lc.*, °); respected, valued, honoured; -*vat*, *f.* act. (for finite verb) having paid attention or treated with respect.

आदृष्टिगोचरम् â-drishti-gokarum, *ad.* as far as the eye can reach, -*prasarām*, *ad.* *id.*

आदेय â-deya, *fp.* to be taken or plucked; to be removed; to be employed

आदेवन â-devana, *n.* play-ground.

आदेश â-des-â, *m.* statement; report; prophecy; instruction; rule, precept; command; substitute (*gr.*); -*ka*, *m.* guide; -*in*, *a.* instructing, ordering (°); -*ya*, *fp.* to be stated or told.

आद्य 1. âd-yâ, *fp.* to be eaten, eatable; *n.* food.

आद्य 2. âdya, *a.* first; °, having as first = etc.

आद्यन्त âdi-anta, *n.* *sg.*, *m.* *du.* beginning and end; -°, *a.* beginning and ending with; -*vat*, *a.* having a beginning and an end.

आद्याद्य âdya âdya, *a.* each preceding.

आद्युदात्त âdi-udatta, *a.* having the acute on the first syllable. -*va*, *n.* accentuation on that

आद्युन â-dyûna, *a.* voracious. [syllable.]

आद्वादशम् â-dvâdasam, *ad.* up to twelve

आधमन â-dhamana, *n.* pledge, mortgage.

आधमर्ष âdhamarsha, *n.* indebtedness.

आधवनीय â-dhavy-âniya, *m.* vessel for shaking and clarifying Soma.

आधातु â-dhâtri, *m.* lighter of sacred fire; giver, bestower; teacher.

आधान â-dhâna, *n.* laying or placing on; kindling of the sacred fires; impregnation; ceremony preceding impregnation; production; pledging; employment; -*hetu*, *a.* occasioning the creation of (°).

आधायक â-dhây-aka, *a.* bestowing, effecting, causing; -*in*, *a.* *id.* -*itâ*, *f.* abstr. *n.*

आधार â-dhârâ, *m.* support, prop, foundation; receptacle, reservoir, trench (round the foot of a tree); dyke, dam, location or sphere of an action *gr.* -°, *a.* relating to; -*tâ*, *f.* state of a receptacle. -*adheya*-*bhâva*, *m.* relation between the receptacle and what it contains. [ation; pledge]

आधि 1. â-dhî, [√dhâ] *m.* receptacle; found-

आधि 2. â-dhî, [√dhîyâ] *m.* (generally *pl.*) anxiety, care, longing. [pre-eminence.]

आधिक âdhi-ka, *n.* excess; superiority.

आधिदेवत âdhi-dhivata, °देविक -*dhivika*, *a.* relating to the gods, -*patya*, *n.* paramount sovereignty, lordship (over, *lc.*); -*bhoga*, *m.* usufruct of a pledge; -*râgya*, *n.* paramount dominion; -*vedanika*, *n.* present made to a first wife by a man on marrying a second.

आधी â-dhî, *f.* longing, care, anxiety.

आधीक्ष âdhi-kri, *pledge.*

आधुनिक âdhunika, *a.* present.

आधेय â-dheya, *fp.* to be put on; - deposited; - granted; contained or situated in; *n.* laying on; kindling of the sacred fire

आधोमुख âdho-mukh-ya, *n.* going downwards. [phant.]

आधोरण â-dhorana, *m.* driver of an ele-

आध्मात â-dhmâtâ, *pp.* inflated, swelled.

आध्यात्मिक âdhyâtmi-ka, (â, i) relating to self, subjective; relating to the universal soul.

आध्र âdhrâ, *a.* needy, indigent.

आध्वनिक âdhvani-ka, *a.* travelling.

आध्वय âdhvarya, *a.* relating to the Adhvaryu (Yajur-veda); *n.* function of the

आन ân-â, *m.* [breather], face. [Adhvaryu.]

आनंश ân-anśa, 3 *sg.* *pf.* of √1. as.

आनक ânaka, *m.* kind of drum.

आनट ân-at, 2 & 3 *sg.* *aor.* of √1. as.

आनदुह ânaduha, *a.* coming from a bull.

आनतपर्वण â-nata-parvan, *a.* hvig. depressed (= not prominent) knots, smooth (arrow).

आनति â-nati, *f.* bowing; submission.

आनन ân-ana, *n.* [breather: √an] mouth; face. [sion; no interval.]

आनन्तर्य ânantarya, *n.* immediate success-

आनन्त्य ânantya, *a.* endless; *n.* -ness, eternity

आनन्द â-nandâ, *m.* (n.) joy, bliss; sensual pleasure; -*ka*, *a.* gladdening, delighting; -*tha*, *m.* joy, delight; -*na*, *a.* delighting; -*bâsha*, *m.* tears of joy; -*maya*, *a.* (i) consisting of joy, blissful; -*yatri*, *m.* delighter; -*vardhana*, *m.* *N.* of a poet.

आनन्दानु ânanda-anu, *n.* tears of joy;

-*utsava*, *m.* joyous festival.

आनन्दिन ânand-in, *a.* joyful; delighting.

आनम â-namra, *a.* bent, bowed.

आनयन â-nay-ana, *n.* bringing near or back; procuring, producing; -*itavya*, *fp.* to be brought near

आनर्त â-narta, *m.* *pl.* *N.* of a people.

आनर्थक्य ânarthak-ya, *n.* uselessness.

आनश ân-as-â, -âs, -â, &c. *pf.* of √1. as

आनाक â-nâki, *ad.* up to heaven (°).

आनाथ ânâth-ya, *n.* defencelessness.

आनाय â-nâya, *m.* [attractor], net.

आनायाय ânâyâya, *den.* *â.* represent a net.

आनायिन् ânây-in, *m.* fisherman.

आनाश ân-asa, 3 *sg.* *pf.* of √1. as

आनीति â-niti, *f.* bringing near

आनील â-nila, *a.* blackish.

आनुकूलिक ânu-kûl-ika, *a.* courteous -*tâ*, *f.* courteousness towards (*g.*); -*ya*, *n.* favour; agreeableness; friendly terms; -*granya*, *n.* homogeneity; -*pûrya*, *n.* -*i*, *f.* -*ya*, *n.* regular succession; *m.* *ab.* successively; -*yâtrika*, *m.* servant, -*lomya*, *n.* direct or natural order; -*veya*, *n.* neighbour next but one; -*shak*, *ad.* in order; -*shangika*, *a.* adherent, connected with, following, enduring; needs suitably following from (*g.*); adventitious; -*shnubha*, *a.* consisting of or like anushubh.

आनुप ânûpa, *a.* watery, swampy; *m.* aquatic

आनुष्य ânûsh-ya, *n.* unindebtedness. [animal.]

आनुशंस ânûshams-â, *n.* kindness, benevolence; -*ya*, *a.* kind; *n.* kindness.

आनेतु â-ne-tri, *m.* -*tri*, *f.* bringer; -*ya*, *fp.* to be brought near.

आन्तम् â antâm, *ad.* to the end; completely.

आन्तर ântara, *a.* inner, interior.

आन्तरिक्ष ântariksh-â, (i) proceeding from the air or sky; airy, aerial

आन्त ântia, *n.* *sg.* *a.* *pl.* entrails. [swinging.]

आन्दोलक ândol-aka, *m.* swing; -*ana*, *n.*

आन्दोलय ândolaya, *den.* *P.* swing; *pp.* ita.

आन्दोलिका ândolika, *f.* litter.

आन्ध ândh-ya, *n.* blindness.

आन्वाहिक ânvâh-ika, *a.* (i) daily

आन्वीक्षिकी ânviksh-iki, *f.* logic.

आप ÂP, V. P. (Â) âp-aa, reach, obtain, attain; incur, suffer, befall; *ps.* be completed; *pp.* âptâ, reached, obtained; filled, pervaded; abundant, trusty, familiar; *cs.* âpâya, *P.* cause to reach or obtain, bring to; cause to

feel; *des. iṣya*, wish to obtain, desire. *anu*, reach; *pp. arrived*. *abhi*, *ca.* complete; attain; *des. wish for*. *ava*, reach; obtain, acquire; meet with, incur, suffer. *prati*, *ava*, recover. *sam-ava*, obtain; incur. *upa*, fulfil. *pari*, reach; gain; make an end; *pp. parīṣṭa*, completed, full; abundant, spacious, sufficient for (*d., g.*); equal to (*d., l., inf.*), a match for (*g.*), adequate; *des. wish for*; demand; guard; lie-in-wait for. *pra*, reach, meet, fall in with, find; obtain, receive in marriage; incur; result from a rule, obtain, be in force (*also pa.*); *pp. prāpta*, reached; met, obtained; incurred; having reached &c. (*ac. or -s*); come, arrived, present; resulting from a rule, obtaining (*gr.*); *ca. bring or convey to* (2 *ac.*); report to or bring before; cause to obtain (2 *ac.*). *anu-pra*, reach, find; imitate; *pp. arrived at*, come to (*ac.*). *sam-anu-pra*, reach; *pp. come*; arrived at (*ac.*); having obtained. *sam-pra*, reach, arrive at; meet; obtain, - in marriage; fall into, incur, suffer; *pp. met*, obtained; having reached. - come to, - fallen into (*ac.*); come, arrived; coming from (*ab.*). *anu-sam-pra*, reach, arrive at; meet; *pp. arrived at* (*ac.*), befallen (*ac.*); come, present. *prati*, *des. court, woo*. *vi*, pervade, fill; reach to (*ā*); *pp. pervaded*, filled; bathed in (*in.*); occupied; possessed of (*m.*); included in; well-to-do; *ce. pp. vyāpita*, pervaded, filled. *abhi-vi*, *gd.* including (*ac.*). *sam*, obtain; complete; kill; *pp. concluded*; *ca. cause to obtain*; finish, complete. *pari-sam*, *ps.* be contained in (*lc.*); belong to (*lc.*); *pp. entirely comprehended*; perfected, summed up.

आपक्व â-pakva, *pp.* half-ripe.

आपगा âpa-gā, *f.* river.

आपगेय âpugeya, *m.* metonymic of Bhishma.

आपण â-paṇ-a, *m.* market; ware; -*ya*, *a.* coming from the market.

आपतन â-pat-ana, *n.* sudden appearance.

आपत्यक्ष âpat-kalpa, *m.* procedure in times of distress; -*kāla*, *m.* season of distress.

आपति â-patti, *f.* occurrence; incurring, misfortune, distress.

आपतनाप्त âpat-prāpta, *pp.* fallen into misfortune; -*sahāya*, *a.* helping in misfortune.

आपत्य âpatya, *a.* patronymic.

आपद् â-pad, *f.* [getting into trouble], misfortune, disaster, adversity, distress. -*uddharaṇa*, *n.* relieving from distress; -*gata*, *pp.* fallen into misfortune; -*dharma*, *m.* rules applying in case of distress.

आपन्न â-panna, *pp.* (√*pad*) gotten or fallen into (*ac.*); unfortunate, afflicted, miserable; -*sattvā*, *a.* *f.* pregnant. [joint (-)].

आपर्वभाग â-parva-bhāga, *ad.* up to the

आपस् âpas, *nm. pl.* of अप *ap*, water.

आपस्तम्ब âpastamba, *m. N. of r teacher*; *a.* (ā) derived from Âpastamba.

आपाटन â-pātana, *a.* reddish. [*f. abst. s.*]

आपाण्डु â-pāṇḍu, *a.* yellowish, pale; -*tā*, *a.*

आपाण्डुर â-pāṇḍura, *a. id.*; *i-bhā*, become pale.

आपात â-pāta, *m.* onset, attack; rushing into (-); unexpected appearance, setting in. - *or -tas*, at once, at first sight; -*mātre* or -*mātra*, at the first moment only.

आपातिन् âpāt-in, *a.* occurring (-).

आपान â-pāna, *m.* carousal; banquet; -*ka*,

n. drinking-bout; -*goshthi*, *f.* drinking-bout; -*bhāmi*, *f.* place for drinking; -*sthā*, *f.* tavern.

आपार्थि â-pārshni, *ad.* up to the heels.

आपि âp-i, *m.* associate, friend, acquaintance.

आपिञ्जर â-piñjara, *a.* reddish.

आपित्व âpi-tvā, *n.* alliance, friendship.

आपिशङ्क â-pisaṅga, *a.* golden coloured.

आपीड â-pīd-a, *m.* pressure; chaplet worn on the crown of the head. -*ita*, *pp.* loaded with; adorned with a chaplet of (-).

आपीत â-pīta, *a.* yellowish; -*ya*, *den. P.* give a yellowish colouring to,

आपीन â-pīna, (*pp.*) *n.* uddier; -*vat*, *a.* containing any form of √*pi*.

आपूय âpūya, *m.* pastry.

आपूर â-pūra, *m.* flood, redundancy, excess; -*na*, *a.* filling; *n. id.*; quantity of water.

आपूर्य â-pūrṇa, *pp.* (√*prī*) full; -*mandala*,

आपूर्य â-pūrṇa, *n.* pious deed. [a. full-orbed.

आपोमय âpo-māya, *a.* consisting of water.

आपोशान âpo-sāna, *n.* rinsing of the mouth accompanied by the words âpo-sāna before & after eating.

आप्त âptā, *pp.* √*āp*; *m.* suitable person; -*kārin*, *a.* trusty, friendly; -*śakṣina*, *a.* accompanied by liberal fees; -*bhāva*, *n.* trustworthiness; -*vāṇa*, *n.* trustworthy utterance; -*varga*, *m.* acquaintance, friends (*coll.*); -*vāk*, *a.* whose word is trustworthy.

आप्ति âp-ti, *f.* attainment, acquisition.

आप्य âp-tyā, *a.* dwelling in the waters, *ep.*

आप्य 1. âp-ya, *fp.* obtainable. [of Tritu.

आप्य 2. âp-ya, *a.* watery, living in the water; *n. N.* of a lunar mansion.

आप्य 3. âpya, *n.* alliance, friendship.

आप्यय â-pyāy-a, *m.* increase, becoming full; -*ana*, *a.* causing corpulency; causing well-being; *n.* satisfying; advancement; causing Soma to swell; -*ā*, *f.* satiety; -*in*, *a.* bestowing prosperity (-).

आपपदम् â-prapad-am, *ad.* to the tip of the foot; -*ina*, *a.* reaching to the tip of the foot.

आप्त्री â-prī, *f. pl.* (propitiation) *N.* of certain hymns to Agni in the RV.; -*śākta*, *n.* Âpī-hymn.

आप्य â-plava, *m.* bath; -*na*, *n.* bathing.

आप्य â-plāva, *m.* bath.

आफलोदयकर्मन् â-phala ndaya-karman, *a.* working till success appears.

आवह्मन् â-buddha-mān, *a.* forming circles, circling [up or round.

आवन्ध â-bandha, *m.* bond, tie; -*na*, *n.* tying

आवाध â-bādhā, *m., ā*, *f.* pressure, suffering; pain; danger.

आवाल्म â-bālm, *ad.* down to the boys.

आवाल्म â-bālyu, °, -*am*, *ad.* from boyhood.

आवुत्त âbutta, *m.* sister's husband (*drama*).

आव्दिक âvdika, *a.* annual; -°, lasting - years. [Brahman's court.

आब्रह्मसम् â-brahma-sabham, *ad.* up to

आभङ्गिन् â-bhaṅgin, *a.* somewhat bent.

आभरण â-bhar-ana, *n.* ornament.

आभा â-bhā, *f.* lustre, light; -°, *a.* *a.* like.

आभार ābhār, 3 *sg. aor.* of â-bhri.

आभाष â-bhāṣ-a, *m.* speech; saying, proverb; -*ana*, *n.* conference; addressing; -*ya*, *fp.* worthy of being addressed.

आभास â-bhāsa, *m.* lustre, light; colour; appearance; apparition, phantom.

आभिजन âbhi-gana, *a.* patronymic; -*gāti*, *f.* -*gātya*, *n.* nobility; -*gñānika*, *a.* relating to cognition; -*dhānika*, *m.* lexicographer; -*plavika*, *a.* belonging to the abhiplava; -*mukhya*, *n.* direction towards (*ac.*, *g.*, -°); -*rāmika*, *a.* amiable; -*śheka*, -*śhekanika*, *a.* (ā) referring to the inauguration of a king.

आभीक्ष्य âbhikṣh-ya, *n.* continual repetition.

आभीर âbhira, *m., i. f.* offspring of a Brāhman by an Ambastha woman. *pl. N.* of a people.

आभील â-bhīla, *a.* terrible. [garily.

आभू ābhū, *a.* empty; empty-handed, nig-

आभुप â-bhugna, *pp.* slightly curved.

आभू â-bhū, *a.* present, at hand, helping; *m.* assistant.

आभूति â-bhūti, *f.* faculty, power.

आभोग â-bhogā, *m.* bend, curve, roundness; vault; extensiveness; force; multiplicity; serpent. [ment; seeker of gain.

आभोगि â-bhogi, *f.* nourishment, enjoy-

आभोग्य â-bhogyā, *fp.* to be enjoyed; to be perceived.

आभ्यन्तर âbhyantara, *a.* inner, interior.

आभ्युदयिक âbhyudayika, *a.* causing prosperity; *n.* kind of sacrifice to the Manes.

आम âm, *ij.* of reminiscence, ah! of assent, yes. [unburned.

आम âmā, *a.* raw, uncooked; crude, unripe;

आमज्जनात्म â-maggyana-antam, *ad.* till immersion.

आमज्वर âma-gvara, *m.* dysentery.

आमङ्ग â-maṅga, *a.* charming, lovely.

आमण्डलीक â-mandali-kri, form almost into a circle.

आमध्याह्नम् â-madhyaṅnam, *ad.* till noon.

आमन्त्रण â-māntr-ana, *n.* calling, addressing; invitation; -*vyāvya*, *fp.* to be taken leave of; -*ita*, *n.* (*pp.*) address; vocative.

आमन्त्र â-mandra, *a.* somewhat dull or deep (sound).

आमय âmaya, *m.* (√*am*) sickness, disease; -*vi-tva*, *n.* dyspepsia; -*vin*, *a.* ill; dyspeptic

आमरणम् â-maraṇa-m, *ad.* till death; -*anta*, *a.* lasting till death; *i-ka*, *a. id.*

आमर्द â-mard-a, *m.* pressure; pulling (hair); -*in*, *a.* pulling; pressing hard (-).

आमर्श â-marśa, *m.* contact.

आमलक âmalaka, *m., i. f. N.* of a tree (em-blic myrobalan); *n.* its fruit; *i-phala*, *n. id.*

आमाद् âma ad, *a.* eating raw flesh or carrion.

आमावाक्ष āmāvāksya, *a.* referring to the new-moon festival; *n.* new-moon sacrifice.

आमिषा ā-mikṣhā, *f.* curds.

आमिश्र ā-miśra, **आमिष** ā-miṣa, *a.* mixed.

आमिष ām-iṣh-a, *n.* flesh; prey; -**ता**, *f.*, -**त्वा**, *n.* being a coveted object; -**क्षेत्र**, *a.* flesh.

आमिष ām-iṣ, *m.* raw flesh, carrion, [eating].

आमीलन ā-mīlana, *n.* closing of the eyes.

आमुकुलिता ā-mukulita, *pp.* half-opened (blossom).

आमुख ā-mukha, *n.* prelude, introduction.

आमुष्मिक āmushmi-ka, *a.* (i) belonging to the next world.

आमुष्यायण āmushya-yaṇa, *m.* son or descendant of so and so.

आमूर्धन्तम् ā-mūrdha-ntam, *ad.* up to the crown. [gunning, thoroughly].

आमूल ā-mūla, ° or -**मा**, *ad.* from the bottom.

आमेखलन ā-mekhalaṇa, *ad.* up to the mountain-slope. [burned bricks].

आमेष्टक āma iṣṭhaka, *a.* consisting of un-

आमोक्ष ā-mokṣhana, *n.* binding on.

आमोचन ā-molana, *n.* id.

आमोटन ā-moṭana, *n.* cracking, breaking.

आमोद ā-mōd-a, *a.* gladdening; *m.* gladness; fragrance; -**िन**, *a.* redolent of (°).

आवातल ā-māta-tva, *n.* mention. [(le.).]

आवातिन् āmātīn-*a.* hvg. made mention of

आवाय ā-maṣya, *m.* tradition, sacred text; legend. -**सर्ग**, *a.* (n-i) mellifluous as the Veda.

आवस āmbhasa, *a.* watery.

आम्र āmrā, *m.* mango-tree; *n.* mango (fruit).

आम्रकूट āmrā-kūṭa, *m.* Mango-peak, *N.* of a mountain.

आम्रेड ā-mred-a, *m.* repetition; -**ता**, (*pp.*) *n.* repetition, repeated word (*gr.*).

आय 1. āy-a, *m.* access; revenue, income.

आय 2. āya, *m.* radical suffix āya (*gr.*).

आयजि ā-yaj-i, *a.* bringing by sacrifice; -**िष्ठ**, *spv.* (ā-) of āyaji.

आयत ā-yata, *pp.* (√yam) extended, long.

आयतन ā-yāt-ana, *n.* place, abode, seat (-**त्वा**, *n.* *abst.* *n.*); fire-place; sacred precinct, temple; barn.

आयतपक्ष्म āyata-pakṣhma, *a.* trimmed with long feathers, -**लोक**, *a.* long-eyed; -**क्ष**, *a.* (i) long-eyed.

आयति ā-yati, *f.* extension, length; future; hope, expectation; offspring.

आयती ā-yat-ī, *f.* *pr. pt.* (√i) future.

आयतेष āyata-iṣham, *a.* long-eyed.

आयत ā-yat-ta, *pp.* (√yut) being in, resting on, dependent on (*g.*, *le.*, -°); -**ता**, *f.*, -**त्वा**, *n.* dependence on (*le.*, -°); -**क्री**, *m.* make dependent; keep in subjection.

आयथातथ āyathā-tath-ya, *n.* wrong employment; -**पूर्य**, *n.* being different from before. [ing revenue].

आयदर्शि āya-darsin, *a.* seeing i.e. draw-

आयस āyasa, *a.* (āyasa or ī) iron, brazen; *n.* iron; -**मा**, *a.* iron, brazen.

आयग ā-yāga, *m.* sacrificial gift or fee.

आयत ā-yāta, (*pp.*) *n.* excess. [prouch].

आयति ā-yāti, *f.*, **आयग** ā-yāga, *n.* ap-

आयस ā-yāsa, *m.* tension; extent; length; interception; -**वत**, *a.* long (of time & distance).

आयमिन् āyām-in, *a.* hindering (°); long.

आयस ā-yās-a, *m.* exertion, trouble; exhaustion; -**क्ष**, *a.* fatiguing; -**य**, *tri*, -**त्रि**, *a.* (-**त्रि**) troubling; -**ता**, *n.* exertion, endeavour; -**ता**, *a.* exerting oneself, taking trouble.

आय 1. āy-a, *a.* active, lively; *m.* living being;

आय 2. āy-u, *n.* life. [man].

आयुक्त ā-yukta, (*pp.*) *m.*, °**क** -**का**, *m.* official.

आयुत ā-yuta, (*pp.*) *n.* semi-fluid butter.

आयुध ā-yudha, *n.* [fighting against] weapon, -**धृति**, *a.* bearing arms; *m.* warrior; -**क्ष**, *f.* arsenal, armoury; -**स**, *a.* armed; -**स**, *n.* armoury. [warrior].

आयुध āyudh-ika, -**ता**, -**ता**, *a.* armed; *m.*

आयुर्वेद āyur-veda, *m.* medical science.

आयुःशेष āyuh-sesha, *m.* remnant of life; *a.* having a remnant of life, still alive. -**ता**,

आयुष āyusha, *n.* °=āyus, life. [*f. abst.* *n.*]

आयुक् āyush-ka, *n.* love of life; -**का**, *a.* productive of longevity; -**का**, *a.* desirous of long life; -**मा**, *a.* long-lived (often as a respectful mode of address); life-long; -**य**, *a.* giving long life; *n.* long life; rite producing long life.

आयुस āyus, *n.* life, age, long life (often *pl.*); allotted term of life; vitality; vital element;

आयोग ā-yoga, *m.* team. [world]

आयोगव āyogava, *m.* *N.* of a mixed caste (offspring of Sādra and Vaisya).

आयोजन ā-yojana, *n.* procuring.

आयोद āyoda, *m.* *pat.* of Dhaumya.

आयोधन ā-yodh-ana, *n.* fight, battle, battle-field.

आर **ĀR**. IV. P. **ār-ya**, praise: *pp.* **ārta**.

आर 1. āra, *m.* *n.* ore

आर 2. āra, *n.* host of enemies.

आरक्त ā-rakta, *pp.* reddish, pink. -**क्ष**, *a.* pink-eyed.

आरक्ष ā-rakṣa, *m.*, *ā*, *f.* protection, guard.

आरक्षक ā-rakṣh-aka, *m.* watchman; -**मा**, *m.*, -**मा**, *f.* guardian, -**का**, *m.* watchman; -**का**, *m.* head of police.

आरटि ā-rat-i, roar, -**ता**, (*pp.*) *n.* noise.

आरण āraṇa, *n.* abyss.

आरण्य āraṇya, *a.* living or growing in the forest; wild; (-**का**, *a.* *id.*; *m.* forester; anchorite; *n.* forest-treatise (part of a Brāhmaṇa to be studied in solitudes).

आरब्ध ā-rabdh, *pp.* (√rabh) begun.

आरब्धि ā-rabdhī, *f.* enterprise.

आरभटी ā-rabhāṭī, *f.* dramatic representation of the supernatural and horrible.

आरभ ā-rabh-ya, *gd.* beginning with (*ab.* or -°).

आरमक्ष ā-rāmaṣa, *n.* sexual enjoyment.

आरभ ā-rambhā, *m.* setting about; undertaking; beginning; -**मा**, *n.* taking hold; handle; support; make-shift; -**मा**, *fp.* to be begun with, *ā*, *f.* *N.* of certain verbs; -**ता**, *f.* beginning; -**ता**, *a.* enterprising; -**ता**, *f.* delight in undertakings.

आरभिन् ārabh-in, *a.* enterprising.

आरव ā-rava, *m.* cry, yell; sound. [drum].

आरवदिण्डिम ārava-dindima, *m.* kind of

आरा āra, *f.* awl; puncheon.

आरात ārāṭ, (*ab.*) *ad.* far, from afar; far from (*ab.*); near (*ab.*); at once, forthwith.

आराति ārāṭī, *m.* enemy.

आराध ā-rādha, *n.* homage; -**मा**, *a.* conciliating, winning; *n.* prospering, success; accomplishment; propitiation, gratification; adoration; -**मा**, *fp.* to be conciliated or adored; -**य**, *m.* adorer, devotee; -**य**, *n.* adoring (ac°); -**य**, *fp.* to be accomplished; to be conciliated, pleasing to (in.).

आराम ā-rām-a, *m.* enjoyment, pleasure, garden; orchard; -**ता**, *m.* gardener.

आरव ā-rāv-a, *m.* cry, yell; sound, din. -**ता**, *a.* resounding with (-°).

आरास ā-rāsa, *m.* cry. [take].

आरिषु ā-rīṣu, *des.* *a.* intending to under-

आरिरार्थयिषु ārirārthayīṣu, *des.* *a.* wishing to conciliate. [°].

आरु ā-ru, (°), °**ज** -**ग**, *a.* breaking (ac°).

आरु āru-a (i), °**णि** -**न**, *a.* descended from Aruna; -**य**, *pat.* of Aruṇi.

आरुक् ā-ruṣu, *des.* *a.* desirous of ascending or climbing to (ac°).

आरु ā-ruha, *a.* mounting (°).

आरु ā-rūdh, *pp.* √ruh. [(g. or ab.).]

आरि āri, (*le.*) *ad.* far; far from (*ab.*); without

आरि ā-rik, 3 *sg. opt.* of √rik.

आरोग्य ārogya, *n.* diseaselessness, health

आरोढ ā-roḍha, *fp.* to be ascended

आरोह ā-rodhri, *m.* one who mounts (°).

आरोध ā-rodhya, *m.* siege, blockade.

आरोप ā-roṇ-a, *m.* placing upon; attribution; substitution for identification with (*le.*); -**का**, *a.* planting (°); -**मा**, *n.* causing to ascend; setting up; putting on; stringing (a bow); identification; -**मा**, *fp.* that should be caused to ascend (*le.*); -**ता**, *pp.* *cs.* from √ruh; -**य**, *fp.* to be placed upon

आरोह ā-roh-a, *m.* rider; mounting; heap, mountain; woman's hips; ascending scale, rise; -**का**, *m.* rider; -**का**, *a.* (i) ascending; *n.* ascent; production, raised platform for dancing; ladder, stair; -**ता**, *a.* ascending; leading up to (°).

आर्य ārya, *a.* honest; *n.* honesty, rectitude; -**ता**, *a.* straightforward, honest.

आर्यिक āryikā, *m.* kind of vessel for Soma.

आरि ā-ri, *pp.* fallen into (trouble); afflicted, distressed; hurt, pained, tormented; stricken by, suffering from, anxious about (°); -**ता**, *a.*

opp. more afflicted, sadder; -*nāda*, *m.* cry of distress; -*rava*, *m.* cry of distress.

आर्तव ārtavā, *a.* (i) seasonable; menstrual; *n.* monthly purification; the ten days following it.

आर्ति ārti, *f.* trouble, misfortune, pain.

आर्त्ति ārti, *f.* notched end of a bow.

आर्त्विग्य ārtvigya, *n.* office of priest (ritvig).

आर्द्र ārdra, *a.* moist, wet; fresh, new; soft, tender; *ā*, *f.* sg. & *pl.* *N.* of a lunar mansion; -*tā*, *f.* wetness; tenderness; -*nayana*, *a.* moist-eyed; -*bhāva*, *m.* moistness; tender-heartedness; -*ya*, *den.* *P.* moisten; soften; -*vastra*, *a.* wearing a wet garment; -*tā*, *f.* *abl.* *n.*

आर्द्रा ārdra, *a.* overflowing with (-°).

आर्द्रोक्ष ārdri-kṛi, *m.* refresh, refresh; soften, moisten or refresh again. [wood.]

आर्द्राग्नि ārdra-agnī, *m.* fire of green

आर्द्रधातुक ārdra-dhātu-ka, *a.* added to the weak or unmodified root (*suffix*).

आर्द्रिका ārdhika, *m.* = ardhva-sirī.

आर्य ārya, *a.* (ā or i) belonging to the faithful, of one's own tribe; honourable, noble; *m.* *Āryan* (*Tedie Indian*); *man* of the first three castes, man of worth; *voc.* sir, friend; *ā*, *f.*; *Ārya* verse; *a metre*; -*ka*, *m.* man of worth; *N.* of a king, -*gana*, *m.* noble quality; -*grīhya*, *a.* siding with the noble; -*retas*, *a.* noble-minded; -*gana*, *m.* *Āryans*, honourable people; -*gusha*, *pp.* approved by the honourable; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* honourableness; -*dāsi*, *f.* *N.*; -*dūhitrī*, *f.* daughter of a noble (*honourific mode of addressing a female friend*); -*dasa*, *m.* district inhabited by *Āryans*; -*deya*, *a.* coming from an *Āryan* district; -*putra*, *m.* son of an *Āryan*, *honourific designation of* (1) *son of person addressed*; (2) *husband*; (3) *sovereign*; -*prāya*, *a.* inhabited chiefly by *Āryans*; -*bud-dhi*, *a.* noble-minded; -*bhāva*, *m.* *N.* of two *astronomers*; -*ya*, *n.* work composed by *Āryabhaṭa*.

आर्यमित्र ārya-mitra, *a.* venerable, &c. &c. (*as an honourific designation*).

आर्यमन्त्र āryamanta, *n.* *N.* of a lunar mansion

आर्यराज ārya-rāja, *m.* *N.* of a king; -*rūpa*, *a.* having the air of respectability; -*linga*, *a.* bearing the marks of respectability; -*varman*, *m.* *N.* of a king; -*vāk*, *a.* speaking an *Āryan* tongue; -*vidagdha-mitra*, *a.* honourable, learned, &c. &c. *honourific designation*; -*vritta*, *n.* honourable behaviour; *a.* behaving honourably; -*vesha*, *a.* respectably dressed; -*vrate*, *a.* behaving like an *Āryan*; -*śila*, *a.* of honourable character; -*samaya*, *n.* ordinance of honourable men; -*suta*, *m.* = *ārya-putra* (*husband*); -*stri*, *f.* woman of the upper castes. [a woman of the upper castes.]

आर्यगम āryā-gama, *m.* intercourse with

आर्यगीति āryā-giti, *f.* species of *Āryā metre*

आर्यराज āryānaka, *N.* of a country.

आर्यधिष्ठित ārya-adhishṭhita, *pp.* controlled by men of the higher castes.

आर्यवर्त ārya-avarta, *m.* land of the *Āryans* (having the *Himalaya* and *Vindhya*); *pl.* *its inhabitants*.

आर्य ārya, *a.* (i) referring to or derived from the *Rishis*, antique, archaic; added to a *Rishi's* name (*suffix*); *m.* marriage ordained by *Rishis*; *n.* hymns of the *Rishis*; holy lineage; *Rishi* authorship of a hymn.

आर्यभ āryabha, *a.* belonging to -, of a bull.

आर्यवेद āryaveda, *a.* *n.* = *ārsha*; -*brāhmaṇa*, *n.* *N.* of a *Brāhmaṇa*.

आर्योद्वा ārya-udvā, *f.* woman wedded after the manner of the *Uddhis*.

आर्यशिशु āryashishu, *m.* descendant of *Ri-*

शाल āla, *m.* *N.* of a monkey. [shishuena.]

आर्यलक्ष्य ā-lakshya, *fp.* visible; to look at; scarcely perceptible.

आर्यलक्षिक ālamkārika, *m.* rhetorician.

आर्यलप ā-lap-ana, *n.* chat, conversation; -*ita*, *n.* (*pp.*) discourse, talk; -*itavya*, *fp.* to be addressed.

आर्यलम्ब ā-lamb-a, *a.* hanging down; *m.* hold, support; -*ana*, *n.* holding fast to; supporting (-°); hold, support; foundation; -*ia*, *a.* hanging down; attached to, resting on, reaching down to, dependent on, supporting (-°).

आर्यलम्ब ā-lambh-a, *m.* laying hold of, contact; plucking; killing; -*ana*, *n.* *id.*; -*ia*, *a.* touching (-°).

आर्यलया ā-lya, *m.* (n.) dwelling, house; seat.

आर्यलोक ā-lōka, *a.* belonging to a mad dog.

आर्यलाल ā-lāla-vāla, *n.* watering trench (round the root of a tree).

आर्यलाल ā-lāsa-ya, *n.* idleness, sloth, indolence; -*nibandhana*, *a.* due to indolence; -*valana*, *n.* argument of sloth.

आर्यलाल ā-lāna, *n.* post or rope for tying an elephant; -*i-ka*, *a.* serving for a post or rope.

आर्यलप ā-lāp-a, *m.* talk, conversation; song (of birds); -*vat*, *a.* addressing.

आर्यलि āli, *f.* r. female friend; 2 streak, line, row; swarm.

आर्यलिङ्ग ā-liṅg, *I. P. Ā. or X. P.* embrace *prati*, return an embrace. *sam*, embrace.

आर्यलिङ्ग ā-liṅg-ana, *n.* embrace.

आर्यलिङ्ग ā-liṅga, *pp.* *√liṅ*; *n.* kind of attitude in drawing a bow; -*vicesha-robbin*, *a.* specially conspicuous owing to this attitude.

आर्यलु ālu, *आर्यलु* ālu, *f.* pitcher; *n.* (ii) raft.

आर्यलुख ā-luḥkha, *n.* tearing in pieces.

आर्यलेखन ā-lekhana, *n.* scratching, scraping.

आर्यलेख्य ā-lekhyā, *n.* painting; picture; -*purusha*, *m.* human phantom; -*vesha*, *a.* remaining in a picture only - deceased; -*sam-arpita*, *pp.* painted. [ment.]

आर्यलेप ālepa, *m.*, *न* -*na*, *n.* smearing; oint-

आर्यलोक ā-lōka, *m.* seeing, looking, sight; light, lustre; glimmer, trace of (*g.*); praise, panegyric; -*na*, *a.* beholding, looking at; *n.* look; sight; -*tā*, *f.* looking at, contemplation; -*niya*, *fp.* that may be gazed at -*tā*, *f.* *abl.* *n.*; -*patha*, *m.* horizon; -*mārga*, *m.* *id.*

आर्यलोक ālōk-in, *a.* looking at, contemplating (-°).

आर्यलोचन ā-lōch-ana, *n.*, *ā*, *f.* seeing; consideration; -*niya*, -*ya*, *fp.* to be considered

आर्यलोल ā-lōla, *a.* gently waving, slightly rolling; -*tā*, *f.* lullaby. [den, dye red.]

आर्यलोहित ā-lōhita, *a.* reddish; -*i-kri*, red-

आव āvā, *prn.* *s.* *em* of 1st pers. dual.

आवृत् ā-vāt, *f.* nearness.

आवृत्तरात्रम् ā-vatsara-antam, *ad.* till the end of the year. [ā, *f.* *N.*

आवृत्तिका āvantika, *a.* relating to *Avanti*:

आवृत्त āvantya, *m.* king or inhabitant of *Avanti*. [on; vessel.]

आवृत्त ā-vāpāna, *n.*, *i.* *f.* strewing, laying

आवृत्त āvayā, *n.* conception.

आवृत्त āvayāg, *m.* (nn. *ya*) kind of priest.

आवृत् ā-var, *aor.* 2 & 3 *sg.* of *√vri*, cover.

आवृत् ā-var-aka, *a.* covering, concealing, veiling; *m.* protector; -*ana*, *a.* covering; *n.* envelopment; cover, garment; obstruction, interruption; protection, shield; bolt, lock.

आवृत् ā-varivar, 3 *s.* *impf.* *int.* of *ā-vrit*.

आवृत्त ā-vargana, *n.* conciliating, winning.

आवृत्त ā-vart-a, *m.* turn; whirlpool; lock, twist of hair; -*aka*, *m.* kind of mythical clouds; -*ana*, *a.* turning round; *n.* return; -*ia*, *a.* returning.

आवृत्त āvali, *ली* -*li*, *f.* streak, line, row.

आवृत्त āvasya-ka, *a.* (i) necessary, inevitable; *n.* inevitableness; easing nature; -*tā*, *f.* necessity, inevitableness.

आवृत् ā-vas, 3 *sg.* *aor.* of *√vas*, shine.

आवृत्त ā-vas-ati, *f.* night's lodging; quarters; -*athā*, *m.* *id.*; abode; -*ath-ya*, *m.* sacred domestic fire.

आवृत्त ā-vaha, *a.* bringing, effecting (-°).

आवृत्त ā-vāp-a, *m.* strewing, sowing; insertion; mingling; hand-guard; diplomacy; -*aka*, *n.* kind of hand ornament.

आवृत्त ā-vāra, *m.* guard, protection.

आवृत्त ā-vāridhi, *ad.* up to the sea.

आवृत्त ā-vās-a, *m.* abode; -*ia*, *a.* dwelling

आवृत्त ā-vāhana, *n.* invitation. [(-°).]

आवृत्त āvi, *आवृत्त* āvī, *f.* pain; *pl.* throes (-°), *a.*, *f.* *i.*

आवृत्त āvi-ka, *a.* coming from a sheep, woollen; *n.* sheep-skin; woollen cloth; -*sau-trika*, *a.* consisting of woollen threads.

आवृत्त ā-viḍ, *f.* fore-knowledge.

आवृत्त ā-viḍ-vās, *pf.* *pt.* knowing.

आवृत्त āvir-bhāva, *m.*, *भूति* -*bhūti*, *f.* manifestation. [filled with (-°).]

आवृत्त āvili, *a.* turbid, dim; tainted by,

आवृत्त āvila-ya, *den.* *P.* make turbid; sully.

आवृत्त āviṣ-karṇa, *n.*, *कार* -*kāra*, *m.* manifestation, display.

आवृत्त ā-vishta, *pp.* (*√vis*) entered; affected by, filled with (-°).

आवृत्त ā-vis, *ad.* visible, manifest: *with* *√as* and *√bhū*, become manifest, appear; *with* *√kri* and *cs.* of *√bhū*, make manifest, show.

आवृत्त āvi, *v.* *आवृत्त* āvi and *आवृत्त* āvyā; -*sūtra*, *n.* woollen thread.

आवृत्त ā-vrit, *f.* turning towards or in; direction: series of rites; ceremony; manner.

आवृत ā-vṛita, *pp.* surrounded; covered; overspread; *m.* a certain mixed caste.

आवृतत्व ā-vṛita-tva, *n.* the being covered; the being closed (of a door).

आवृत्ति ā-vṛitti, *f.* turning in; return; repetition; solstice; re-birth; course, direction.

आवेग ā-vega, *m.* excitement, flurry.

आवेदक ā-ved-aka, *a.* informing, stating (-^o); **-ana**, *n.* announcement; legal notice; **-aniya**, *fp.* to be reported or announced; **-ita**, *cs. pp.* made known, told; **-in**, *a.* announcing (-^o); **-ya**, *fp.* = āvedanīya.

आवेश ā-ves-a, *m.* entrance; fit (of rage, &c.); wrath; **-na**, *n.* possession (by demons); workshop; **-vat**, *a.* possessed by (-^o); **-ika**, *m.* guest

आवेष्ट ā-veshta, *m.* strangulation.

आव्य āvyā, *a.* (ā^o) relating to sheep; woollen.

आव्यक्त ā-vyakta, *pp.* perfectly clear.

आव्यथा ā-vyathā, *f.* slight emotion; *-m kri*.

आश ā-sa, *m.* food. [be somewhat touched.

आशंस ā-saṁsa, *a.* expecting (-^o); **-na**, *n.* wishing; **ā**, *f.* wish; expectation, hope; presentiment; **-parikalpita**, *pp.* only expected

आशंसितु ā-saṁsa-i-tri, *m.* proclaimer (*v. ac.*); **-in**, *a.* announcing, promising (-^o).

आशङ्कनीय ā-saṅk-aniya, *fp.* to be feared, -expected, -assumed, **-ā**, *f.* anxiety, dread (of); distrust; **-in**, *a.* dreading; supposing; considering; causing anxiety or fear; doubtful, uncertain.

आशय ā-saya, *m.* resting-place; seat, place; heart, mind; thought, intention; way of thinking; **āgni**, *m.* fire of digestion.

आशरीर ā-sarīra, *ad.* including the body.

आशंस ā-sāṁsa, *f.* wish, expectation, hope.

आशा 1. āśā, *f. id.* (*v. g.*, *lc.*, or ^o). *in.* in the expectation or hope of; **-ganaṇa**, *a.* inspiring hope; **-piśāṭ-ikā**, *-i*, *f.* demon of (— cruel and delusive) hope; **-bandha**, *m.* bond of hope; cobweb; **-vat**, *a.* hopeful; hoping for (*d.*, *lc.*); **-vibhinna**, *pp.* cut off from hope, disappointed.

आशा 2. āśā, *f.* space; region, quarter; **-ka-kṛavāla**, *n.* encircling horizon; **-mukha**, *n.* point of the compass; **-vāsaṁ**, *n.* the quarters as a garment; *with vas*, = go about naked; **-vīgaya**, *m.* conquest of the world.

आशाश āśāśa, *a.* filling the quarters

आशासि ā-sāsti, *f.* prayer. [blessing.

आशास्य ā-sā-sya, *fp.* to be wished; *n.* wish,

आशित ās-ita, *cs. pp.* of ^o2. us; *n.* food.

आशिन ās-in, *a.* eating, enjoying (-^o).

आशिर ā-sīr, *f.* milk added to Soma

आशिरःपादम् ā-sīrah-pādam, *ad.* from head

आशिश ās-iṣtha, *spv.* of āsu, [to foot.

आशिस ā-sis, *f.* wish, prayer, benediction.

आशीःक्रिय āśih-kriya, *a.* expressing the action of asking (*gr.*).

आशीयस ās-īyas, *cpr.* of āsu; *n. ad.*

आशीर्वचन āsīr-vācna, *n.* benediction; **-ākṣhepa**, *m.* a rhetorical figure; **-vāṭaka**, *a.* expressing a wish; **-vāda**, *m.* benediction;

-mantra, *m. id.*, **-abhidhāna-vat**, *a.* containing a benedictory expression.

आशीविष āśi-viṣā, *m.* poisonous snake; **-upama**, *a.* snake-like = poisoned (arrow).

आसु ās-d, *a.* swift; *n.* quickly, at once; *m.* horse; **-kṛatin**, *a.* operating quickly; **-khānta**, *pp.* quickly laded; **-gā**, *a.* moving swiftly; *m.* arrow; **-gamana**, *n.* rapid course; **-iva**, *a.* quickness; **-mās**, *ad.* quickly.

आसुया āsuyā, (*in*) *ad.* quickly, rapidly

आसुविमर्दित āsu-vimardita, *pp.* quickly crushed. [*m. hrc*

आसुसुषि āsusuṣhāni, *a.* gleaming forth;

आसुसुष्क āsu-sushka, *a.* quickly drying up; **-iva**, *n. abst. v.*; **-kravas**, *m. N.* of a mythical horse; **-sambhaya**, *fp.* easily to be joined; easily to be reconciled.

आशीच āśuka, *n.* ritual impurity.

आश्चर्य āśkarya, *a.* strange, wonderful; *n.* prodigy, marvel; astonishment; **-bhūta**, *pp.* marvellous; **-maya**, *a.* wonderful.

आश्रम ā-srama, *m. n.* hermitage; *n.* stage in a Brāhmin's life; **-pada**, *n. id.*; **-maṇḍala**, *n.* group of hermitages; **-vāsin**, **-sad**, *m.* hermit; **-sthāna**, *n.* hermitage

आश्रमाश्रय āsrama-āśya, *m.* hermit.

आश्रमिन् āsram-in, *a.* belonging to one of the religious stages

आश्रय ā-sray-a, *m.* leaning on, attachment to, connexion with, devotion to, recourse to; dependence on, relation to, support; refuge, shelter, protection; seat, abode, receptacle; foundation; (*logical*) subject; **-a**, *a.* depending on; relating to; **-na**, *a.* taking refuge in, relating to (-^o); *n.* recourse to; **-niya**, *fp.* to be had recourse to or followed.

आश्रयभूत āsraya-bhūta, *pp.* being the support or foundation of (*g.* or ^o); being a refuge.

आश्रयाश āsraya-āśa, *m.* (house-consumer), fire; **-asiddha**, *pp.* logically inadmissible owing to the subject.

आश्रयिन् āsray-in, *a.* attaching to, seated on, dwelling in, relating to (-^o).

आश्रय ā-sraya, *a.* obedient, amenable.

आश्रित ā-sṛya, (*pp.*) *m.* dependent retainer, servant; *ptva*, *n.* dependence [*ing*

आश्रितसन्तु ā-sliṣṭa-sāntu, *a.* peak-embra-

आश्लेष ā-sleṣha, *m.* close contact; embrace; **-ā**, *f. sg. & pl. N.* of a lunar mansion.

आश्व āśva, *a.* relating to or coming from the horse.

आश्वत्य āśvattha, *a.* (i) derived fr. the sacred fig-tree, made of its wood. [*horse-sacrifice*

आश्वमेधिका āśva-medhika, *a.* relating to the

आश्वयुज āśva-yuja, *m.* the month Āśvina; *n.* a Pākayajña occurring on the day of full moon in the month Āśvina.

आश्वलायन āśvalāyana, *m. N.* of a teacher.

आश्वस ā-svās-a, *m.* breathing again, recovery, recreation; consolation; confidence in (*g.*, *lc.*); **-ana**, *n.* animating; consoling; **ā**, *f.* recreation, consolation; **-aniya**, *fp.* to be cheered or consoled; **-in**, *a.* breathing again; **-ya**, *fp.* to be comforted about.

आश्विन āśvina, *a.* (i) like horsemen, (ā) belonging or sacred to the Āśvina; *m. N.* of a

rainy month. **-kṛata**, *m. N.* of a rite in the prātaranūṣṭā; **-sutra**, *n. N.* of a modification of the prātaranūṣṭā.

आशीव āśvina, *n.* day's journey for a horse.

आषाढ āṣāḍha, *m. N.* of a month (June-July), staff of Pālāśa-wood (borne in certain rites); *a.* relating to Āṣāḍha; *m.* a certain holiday; **-ka**, *m. N.*; **-pura**, *n. N.* of a mythical mountain; **-bhūti**, *m. N.* of a cheat.

आषाढी āṣāḍhī, *f.* day of full moon in Āṣāḍha. [book of Pāṇini.

आष्टमिक āṣṭamika, *a.* taught in the eighth

आस 1. ās, *y.* of joy or displeasure.

आस 2. ās, *V. 3. sg. impf.* of ^o us, be.

आस 3. ās, *n.* (?) month, face; *in.* openly

आस 4. ās, *II. ā. ās-to* (*E. + I. ā. ās*, *II.*

P. ās-ti), *sit, sit down* (*in* or *on*, *lc.* = remain sitting; dwell, abide, take upon one's abode, encamp, rest, remain, lie; be firm; be left in the lurch, engage in *ac.*); apply oneself to (*lc.*), behave, be (*in a state v. ac.*); continue doing or being *ac. pt., gd., a, s. ad.*); tend to (*d.*); have (*g. āstām*, *impf.* away w. enough of, to say nothing of *adhi*, sit or lie down on *ac.*); take up one's abode in, occupy, inhabit; tread on, enter upon, rest on *pp. adhyāsita*, resting upon, on which anything in rests, have carnal knowledge of *ac.*); **sam-adhi**, occupy, inhabit *ac.*; **ana**, sit beside or round *ac.*); sit down after *ac.*); **ad**, be indifferent *ups*, sit beside, sit down *ac.*); beset of subordinates or supplicants; besiege; sit; occupy, dwell in; take part in *ac.*); betake oneself to, attain to *ac.*); practise, be addicted to; suffer, undergo; continue doing or being (*pt. or gd.*); expect; honour, celebrate, perform, endeavour to (*pt.*); spend (*trā*); **pari-upa**, sit round, surround, less t. hostile, sit upon *ac.*); take part in *ac.*); honour, adore; quietly look on at. **sam-upa**, sit; practise, honour **pari**, assemble round *ac.*); **sam**, sit together; assemble round *ac.*); abide in (*lc.*); deliberate; practise *ac.*); behave like (*iva*), attend to, acknowledge *ac.*); be a match for *ac.*); **prati-sam**, resist, be a match for *ac.*)

आस 1. ās-a, *m.* [^o2. as] ashes, dust

आस 2 ās-ā, *m.* seat, nearness

आसंसारम् ā-saṁsāram, *ad.* from the beg. of the world, to the end of the world, for ever.

आसक्त ā-sakta, *pp.* (*v. saṅg*) attached; in tent on; **-bhāva**, *a.* in love with (*lc.*).

आसक्ति ā-sakti, *f.* fastening on, persecution, attachment or addition to (*lc.* or ^o).

आसङ्ग ā-saṅg-ā, *m. id.*; **-in**, *a.* attached to

आसङ्गन ā-sāṅg-ana, *n.* attaching; adhesion; **-ita**, *pp.* with whom an agreement has previously been made.

आसत्ति ā-satti, *f.* connexion

आसदे ā-sāde, *d. inf.* to sit down upon *ac.*)

आसन āsan, *n.* mouth, jaws.

आसन āsana (or *ā*), *n.* sitting, sitting down; sitting posture; halting, encamping, abiding; seat; position, office of a king; **-bandha**, *m.* sitting down; **-vat**, *a.* having a seat, sitting, **-vāhi**, *m.* offer of a seat; **-stha**, *a.* sitting.

आसनीक āsani-kri, turn into a seat.

आसन्दिका āsundikā, *f.* small chair.

आसन्न ā-sanna, *pp.* near; *n.* -ness; **-kāla**, *m.* time just past (*gr.*); **-kara**, *a.* moving near

(-°); -*tara*, *cpr.* nearer: -*tā*, *f.* greater nearness; -*prasaṁvā*, *a. f.* on the point of parturition, about to lay (eggs); -*vartin*, *a.* being near.

आसपिण्डक्रियाकर्म ā-sapinda-kriyā-karma, *ad.* before preparing the funeral feast partaken of by the Sāpindas.

आसप्तम ā-saptama, *a.* up to the seventh.

आसमाप्ति ā-samāpti, *ad.* up to the end, from beginning to end.

आसमुद्र ā-samudra, *ad.* up to the sea (°).

आसव ā-sava, *m.* distilled spirit, spirituous liquor, rum.

आसात् āsāt, (*ab. of* 2. āsa) *ad.* near at hand.

आसादन ā-sād-ana, *n.* setting down; obtaining of (-°); -*ita*, *cx. pp.* √sad; -*vi-graha*, *a.* used to war; -*ya*, *gd.* √sad.

आसायम् ā-sāyam, *ad.* till evening.

आसार ā-sāra, *m.* downpour, heavy shower: a king separated by intervening state (a natural ally); -*prasaṁvita*, *pp.* quenched with showers.

आसिका ās-ikā, *f.* turn to sit.

आसित ās-ita, *pp.* sitting.

आसिधार āsadhāra, *a.* connected with the edge of a sword. [swords of attacking (ac.).

आसिसादयिषु ā-sisād-ayi-ṣu, *des. a.* de-

आसीन ās-ina, *pr. pt.* (√ās) sitting: -*praka-lāyita*, *n.* nodding with sleep while sitting.

आसीमानम् ā-simāntam, *ad.* up to the boundary.

आसुर āsura, *a.* (ī) spiritual, divine; belonging to the demons or Asuras, demon-like; *m.* Asura; *f.* female Asura.

आसृज ās-riṣya, *ad.* up to the corners of the mouth (-°). [the world.

आसृष्टि ā-srīṣti, *ad.* from the creation of

आसिक ā-seka, *m.* watering, irrigation.

आसिचन ā-sēkama, *n.* pouring on, infusion;

आसिद्ध ā-seddhri, *m.* arrester. [bowl]

आसिध ā-sedha, *m.* arrest, imprisonment.

आसेवन ā-sev-ana, *n.* frequenting; addiction; -*ā*, *f.* continuous application, addiction; -*in*, *a.* frequenting; addicted to (-°); -*ya*, *fp.* to be visited.

आस्कन्द ā-skand-ā, *m.* leaping up; attack; -*ana*, *n.* attack; -*in*, *a.* springing upon (-°); bestowing.

आस्कृ āskru, *a.* holding together, united.

आस्तर ā-stara, *m.* straw; couch; carpet.

आस्तरण ā-stārana, *n.* id.

आस्तिक āsti-ka, *a.* believing, pious.

आस्तिक्य āstika-ya, *n.* belief in God, piety.

आसीक āstika, *m. N.* of an ancient sage.

आसी ās-te, 3 *sg. pr.* of √ās, sit.

आस्था ā-sthā, *f.* desire for, interest in, trouble about, regard for (*lc. or* -°); *in.* with all one's might, strenuously.

आस्थान ā-sthāna, *n.* place; assembly; -*manāpa*, *m. n.* audience hall.

आस्थानी āsthān-ī, *f.* place of assembly, audience chamber; -*ya*, *m.* chamberlain.

आस्थित ā-sthita, *pp.* (√sthā) stayed, dwelt.

आस्पद ā-spada, *n.* position, seat, abode, site; place for, object of (*g.*): -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* *abst. s.*; -*i-bhā*, become an object of (*g.*).

आस्त्रालन ā-sphālana, *n.* striking, driving; collision.

आस्फोट ā-sphota, *m.*, -*ana*, *n.* shaking, swinging. [speech]

आस्य ās-ya, *n.* mouth, jaws; face; organ of

आस्राव ā-srāvā, *m.* flow, flux; water in the mouth; infirmity; *pl.* objects of sense.

आस्य āsya, 2 *sg. impr.* of √ās, sit.

आस्वाद ā-svād-ā, *m.* taste, enjoyment: flavour; -*aka*, *a.* tasting, enjoying; -*ana*, *n.* = āsvāda; -*a-vat*, *a.* tasting well, dainty; -*ya*, *fp.* to be tasted; palatable; -*toya*, *a.* having palatable water.

आह āha, 3 *sg. pf.* of √ah.

आहत ā-hata, *pp.* of √han.

आहति ā-hati, *f.* blow, knock, stroke.

आहनन ā-hānana, *n.* striking. [wanton.

आहनस् ā-han-ās, *a.* swelling, exuberant;

आहर ā-hur-ā, *a.* (-°) bringing; *m.* offering (a sacrifice); -*ana*, *n.* fetching; offering (sacrifice); -*i-kri*, present, bestow; -*tri*, *m.* bringer; taker; causer (*ac.*); performer.

आहव ā-hav-ā, *m.* challenge, contest, fight, battle; -*hāva*, *-na*, *n.* oblation; -*niya*, *a.* meant for the oblation; *m.* (sc. agni) the eastern sacrificial fire; -*bhūmi*, *f.* battle-field.

आहस ā-hasa, *m.* low laughter.

आहार ā-hāra, *a.* (i) fetching; *m.* fetching, taking; food, sustenance (-°, *a. f.* ā); -*m-kri*,

take food; -*dāna*, *n.* giving of food; -*nirgama-sthāna*, *n.* anus; -*nirgama-mārga*, *m. id.*; -*parityāga*, *m.* rejection of food; -*bhūmi*, *f.* feeding-ground.

आहारय āhāra-ya, *den. P.* feed (*int.*).

आहारविरह āhāra-viraha, *m.* want of food; -*vritti*, *f.* subsistence; -*arthin*, *a.* seeking food.

आहार्य ā-hāryā, *fp.* to be fetched; to be removed; external.

आहि āhi, *sz.* āhi in dakṣin-āhi &c. (*gr.*).

आहिण्डक āhindaka, **ण्डिक** -(n)ḍika, *m. N.* of a mixed caste (son of a Nishāda and a Vaidēhi); *in Pr.* = traveller.

आहित ā-hita, *pp.* √dhā; -*klama*, *a.* exhausted; -*grāhi*, *m.* maintainer of sacred fire.

आहितुण्डिक āhituṇḍika, *m.* snake-charmer.

आहिरुध्न āhirudhna, **ध्न** -dhnya, *m. N.* of a lunar mansion.

आहुति ā-huti, *f.* oblation, offering; -*bhāga*, *a.* whose share is an oblation.

आहुतीक āhuti-kri, offer as an oblation; -*bhā*, become an oblation.

आहृतप्रपलायिन āhūta-prapalāyin, *m.* evader of a judicial summons.

आहृतव्य ā-hūtavya, *fp.* to be summoned.

आहृताध्यायिन āhūta-adhyāyin, *a.* waiting with one's studies till summoned.

आहृति ā-hūti, *f.* invocation.

आहेय āheya, *a.* relating to a snake (āhi).

आहो āho, *pcl.* or; - *avid*, or perchance.

आह्निक āhnikā, *a.* occurring by day, daily; *n.* daily rite; daily task; section, chapter.

आह्लाद ā-hlād-ā, *m.* recreation, joy; -*ka*, -*kara*, -*kāra*, *a.* gladdening, delighting; -*na*, *n.* delighting; -*niya*, *fp.* fit for refreshing.

आह्लादिन āhlād-in, *a.* refreshing, delight-

आह्वय ā-hvaya, *m.* wager; name. [ing.

आह्व ā-hvā, *f.* appellation, name.

आह्वतु ā-hvātri, *m.* invoker.

आह्वान ā-hvāna, *n.* calling upon, invocation; conjuring (*a. spirit*); summons; challenge.

आह्वानय āhvāna-ya, *den. P.* summons.

आह्वयक ā-hvāya-ka, *m.* messenger, summoner. [summoned.

आह्वययितव्य ā-hvāyay-itavya, *fp.* to be

इ. I.

इ. i, *prn. stem of the 3rd prs.*

इ. I. II. P. ६-ति (-° ā). + I. P. ā. Iya, IV. P. Iya, go, come (punar, return); to go to, attain, undergo (ac.); accrue to (ac.); ask for (ac., ab.); come from (ab.); go away, pass; undertake; continue (ac. pt. pr.); *ps.* iyate; *pp.* ita; *inf.* iyate, 1 *pl.* imāhe, *pt.* iyāhe, hasten; entreat (2 ac.). ākha, approach (ac.). āti, pass; traverse; elapse; allow to pass (time), enter, outstrip; exceed; conquer; avoid; part from (ab.). *pp.* ātita, past; disappeared; dead; having crossed; - avoided, - neglected. ābhi āti, elapse; cross; allow to pass; *pp.* dead. vi āti, elapse; avert from (ab.); pass by; traverse;

pp. past. sam-ati, pass, elapse; traverse; overcome. adhi, perceive; study, learn (generally ā.). recte: *pp.* adhita, learnt; learned man; *cs. P.* adhyāpaya, teach (2 ac.). *pra* adhi, *pp.* advanced in Vedic study. sam-adhi, study thoroughly. ann, follow; visit; obey; equal (ac.); *pp.* anvita, following (ac.); accompanied by, united, endowed, provided or filled with (*in. or* -°); increased by, plus (°); imitated; logically connected. sam-ann, *pp.* provided or filled with, possessed of (*in. or* -°). antar, get between; exclude from (ab.; *ds. g.*); remove; *pp.* excluded; separated; intervening; distant; being in (a state -°); hidden or obstructed by (*in. or* -°). apa, go

away, leave; disappear; *pp.* apeta, escaped, retreated, disappointed; having swerved from, opposed to, devoid of (ab. or -°). vi apa, part; depart, cease; *pp.* parted; vanished; diverging from (-°); *cs.* = less. api, enter, be dissolved in (ac.); die. abhi, approach; tread (a path), enter; reach; attain; undergo; accrue to (ac.). sam-abhi, approach; follow; accrue. ava, go down to (ac.), regard; mean; understand, perceive; learn, know (that (ac. of obj. with pred. ac. or nm. v. iti)). abhi ava, descend into (ac.). prati ava, transgress. sam-ava, come down together, subside; unite in (ac.); regard as (iva); *pp.* sam-avata, united, all; inherent. ā, ap-

proach, come; -again; attain, fall into, a state; accrue to (acc.). *pr. pt. ā-yat*, coming, future. *anu ā*, follow. *abhi ā*, come to, approach; betake oneself to: *sc. bhāṣya*, come back again. *sam-abhi ā*, approach. *ud ā*, go up; come forth; rise *exp. stars*. *upa ā*, approach; betake oneself to; attain. *pari ā*, wander about. *prati ā*, return to (acc.). *sam ā*, come together; assemble; join; meet with (*in. ā* = *samam*); betake oneself to, enter (acc.); unite with in marriage (*in.*: *pp. samota*, assembled; united; connected, provided or united with (*in. or -ā*). *ud*, go up; rise (*sun, moon*); arise; increase; proceed from (*ab.*); appear, arise to fight against (*acc.*). *pp. udita*, risen, appeared or increased. *anu ud*, come out to meet (*acc.*). *apa ud*, turn aside; depart or withdraw from (*ab.*). *abhi ud*, rise, appear; rise over (*acc.*); rise to fight against (*acc.*). *pp. risen*; -over (*while still asleep, by the sun*). *pra ud*, rise; appear. *prati ud*, rise and go to meet (*acc.*). *sam-ud*, rise; *pp. risen*; lofty; united; endowed w. (*in. or -ā*). *upa*, approach; betake oneself to (*sc. apah*, bathe); meet; be apprenticed to (*acc.*); turn from (*ab.* to *acc.*); approach carnally; obtain, attain, participate in; undergo, enter upon, have recourse to a state; e.g. *darśanam*, show oneself to, *g*; undertake, devote oneself to; solicit; appear; befall. *pp. upeta*, arrived; having retired to (-), *hyg. entered on (studies under a teacher)*; *hvg. attained or betaken oneself to*; suppliant; endowed w., possessed of (-). *abhi upa*, approach; attain, betake oneself to; approach carnally, join (*acc.*); accrue to (*acc.*); enter on (*a state*); choose; assent; *pp. come to* *graham* = being in; admitted, assented to, promised. *sam ā upa*, *pp. furnished with* (-). *sam-upa*, come together, assemble; meet (*hostile*); betake oneself to; attain; have sexual intercourse w., solicit; attain; come upon, befall. *pp. endowed or furnished with* (*in.*). *nī*, go or get into. *nī*, go, come forth. *parā*, go or run away; go to (*acc.*); pass away, depart, die, obtain *pt. p. pareyivās*, *pp. paretā*, deceased. *pari*, go round, walk round, surround; *pp. parita*, surrounded, filled, seized, by (*in. or -ā*). *vi-pari*, turn round; *pp. pp. reversed, contrary; acting contrarily; divergent; perverse, adverse. sam-pari*, embrace. *palā*, *palāyate* *P. pari*, flee. *pra-palā*, flee away. *vi-palā*, flee asunder. *pra*, go away; proceed, start, depart; die; come forward, advance; go to; *gt. pratyā*, after death, in the next world; *pp. pre-*look ceased. *anu-pra*, follow. *av. -ā*, (*pp.*) *s. lo* (*ab.*). *abhi-pra*, appender, witness. *pp. intended, mean*. *P. i-kha*, move; *cs. iñh* -*pra*, flow together. *śake*, *pra*, trouble; *cs. ā* (convinced that, 2 *acc.*); believe, trust (*gt.*); *ps. pratiya*-to, be recognised, become apparent, result. *pr. pt. māna*, known as (*nm.*), implicit *pp. pratita*, firmly recognised; trusting in (-); satisfied, cheerful; recognised, known; *cs. praty-āyati*, prove; convince. *vi*, traverse; extend; disperse, separate; diverge; be lost, perish. *pp. vīta*, vanished; = free from -, less. *abhi-vi*, resort to (*acc.*) from all sides. *sam*, come together, meet (*at. acc.*), unite (*with, in.*); penetrate; collide (*with*); enter upon, begin; visit; *pp. samā*, assembled; united; combined with (*in. or -ā*).

इकार i-kāra, m. the letter ī.

इक्षु ikshū, m. sugar-cane; its stalk; -*kānda*, n. sugar-cane stalk; -*daṇḍa*, m. n. *id.*; -*mati*, f. N. of a river, -*rassa*, m. juice of sugar-cane; -*vati*, f. N. of a river.

इक्ष्वाकु ikshvāku, m. N. of an ancient king and his descendants; pl. N. of a people. *-kula-ga*, a. born in the family of Ikshvaku.

इङ्ग Iṅg, I. *iāga*, stir, move (*inf.*); *cs. put* in motion, shake. *ud*, wave, wield.

इङ्गा iṅg-anā, f. designation of (*gt.*); -*ita*, (*pp.*) n. gesture, sign, hint, look; intention.

इङ्गु iṅguda, m., i, f. kind of tree; n. its nut.

इच्छा ikkhā, f. wish, desire; *cs. or in.* according to wish or inclination; at will; -*abharāna*, m. N.; -*śakti-mat*, a. having the faculty of wishing; -*śāstrīna*, a. conforming to one's wishes; -*sampad*, f. fulfilment of wishes.

इच्छु ikkh-u, a. wishing, desirous of (*acc.* *inf.*, or -*ā*).

इय iṅ-yu, *pp.* to be honoured; m. teacher.

इया iṅ-yā, f. sacrifice.

इत ita, m. sedge, rush, reed; mat.

इति id, f. comfort; oblation, sacrificial prayer.

इद idā, m. N. of a king; a form of Agni.

इदा idā, इदा idā, इदा idā, f. libation; prayer; goddess of devotion; earth; -*vat*, a. refreshing, quickening.

इति it, technical indicatory letter or syllable attached to words or roots (*gr.*).

इतर i-tara (n. -*d*; *V. also -m*), other; other than, different from (*ab.*, -), contrary, opposite; common, ordinary: *itara* -*itara*, the one - the other; -*grāma*, m. ordinary person; -*ā* -*tas*, ad. else where, otherwise than *ab.*; -*tra*, ad. = *le* of *itara*; elsewhere; otherwise; -*ā* -*thā*, ad. else; otherwise.

इतरय itara-ya, den. P. alienate; bring over.

इतरेतर itara itara, N. (only oblique cases of *sg.* one another: -, the one & the other; ad. mutually. -*upakṛti-mat*, a. mutually helpful.

इतस i-tās, ad. (= *ab.* of *itām*) from this; from here, from this world, from this point, here - below; hence, therefore. *ita* *urdhva*-*man*, hereafter, below (*in a book*); *ita* *ā* *itā* *ā*, from here and there, hither and thither; *itas itas*, here - there, *itas tatas*, here and there, hither and thither; hence forth (*often with aparām, param, or prabhā*).

इतान् ita anta, a. having gone across.

इति 1 i-ti, ad. so, thus (*quoting words or thoughts, generally at the end, sth. at beg. or near the end, serving the purpose of inverted commas, and supplying the place of oratio obliqua*; it is also used to conclude an enumeration, with or without *ka*: *iti tathā karoti*, so saying, he acts accordingly (*stage direction*); *iti kṛtvā*, so saying, therefore, considering that; *kimīti* = *kim*, why? (*st.* - *iti kim* *iti iti*, *iti ita*, *iti uta*, *iti e-va*, *iti sma*, *iti ha*, *iti ha sma* = *iti* (*st.* *iti* is followed phonotactically by a dem. pron.)).

इति 2 i-ti or i-ti, f. going.

इतिकर्तव्य itī-kartavya, n. (thus it must be done), proper measure: -*tā*, f. *abst. s.* -*mūlha*, *pp.* completely at a loss what to do; -*kārya*, n. (-*tā*, f. *abst. s.*), -*kṛtya*, n. (-*tā*, f. *abst. s.*) proper measure; incumbency; -*krama*, m.; *in.* in such a manner; -*tā*, a. (i) such and such, -*vat*, ad. just so, in this very way; -*vrīta*, n. incident, event.

इतिहास itī-hāsa, m. ('so-it-was'), tradition, legend, story; epic poem.

इतो गत ito-gata, *pp.* turned hither; relating to this; -*mukha*, a. directed hither: -*m*, ad. hither.

इत्थं ittham-iṭṭha, a. of such a kind; -*grata*, *pp.* so conditioned: *le.* such being the case.

इत्थम् it-thām, ad. so, thus. [a mature.

इत्थंभूत ittham-bhūta, *pp.* being so, of such

इत्था it-thā, ad. thus; (*often only emphatic* -) just, quite, even, really; *kim to* -, what ails thee?

इत्थं ityuk, m. N. [mentioned meaning.

इत्थं itī arthū, *ek* -*ka*, a. having the above-

इत्थं itī artham, ad. for this purpose.

इत्थादि itī ādi, a. beginning thus = and so on; *n* this and the like, and so on, &c.

इतिहामम itī etan-udāma-ka, a. having the names just mentioned

इतिहामादि itī evam-ādi, a. = ityādi.

इति ity-ai, *V. d. inf.* of *ā*.

इत्थं it-tyan, a. going (-). [less wife.

इत्थं it-tyat, a. going, moving; i, f. faith-

इत्थं it-d, *pet.* just, quite, even, only (*often to be rendered by sth.*).

इत्थं idām-rūpa, a. having this form.

इत्थं idan-tana, a. present, now living

इत्थं i-d-ām, n. (*nm. acc. sg.* - *nm.* *m. ayam*, f. *iyam*; this, the following (*st.*, refers to what immediately precedes); all this the whole world (*often with sārvaṃ, viśvaṃ, sakalam*); *w. prius* = here; just; ad. here; hither; now; herewith, just; thus.

इत्थं idam-ādi, a. beginning with this.

इत्थं i-dā, इत्थं i-dānīm, ad. now, this moment, just. *ec. āhna* or *āhna*, to-day, now-a-days. [living.

इत्थं idānīm-tana, a. present, now

इत्थं iddha-dhūti, m. fire.

इत्थं IDH, इत्थं INDH, II *Ā* *inddhā*,

knit; *ps. idhāte*, be knitted, *flam.* *pp. iddhā*, knitted, aflame (*also flā*); *sam*, id.

इत्थं idh-mā, m. fuel. -*ā* *iti*, f. wood-pile.

इत्थं 1. in, the suffix in (*gr.*).

इत्थं 2. IN, r. इत्थं INV.

इत्थं i-nā, a. strong, mighty; m. sun

इत्थं i-nak-sh, *des. P.* (of *√nas*) *inaksha*, strive to obtain. *ud*, id.

इत्थं indrā, f. epithet of Lakshmi.

इत्थं indivara, m. n. blue lotus; m. bee;

-*dala*, n. petal of the blue lotus; -*prabhā*, f. N.; -*aksha*, m. N. of a man.

इत्थं ind-u, m. drop, juice, *exp. of Sama*, (drop in the sky, moon); -*kala*-a, m. man's N.; -*ka*-a, f. crescent; -*avata*-a, m. ep. of Siva,

-*kanta*, m. moon-stone, -*kesarin*, m. N. of a king; -*dala*, n. crescent; -*prabhā*, m. N.; -*bimba*, n. orb of the moon; -*man*, m. moon-stone; -*mati*, f. N. of various women,

-*mukha*, a. n. moon-faced; -*ya*-a, f. N. of a prince, -*rya*, m. man's N. -*lekha*, f. N. of a queen; -*vadana*, a. moon-faced; -*sekha*, m. ep. of Siva.

इत्थं indra, m. Indra, chief of the Vedic gods; -, highest, chief, prince of; -*śar-muka*, n. Indra's bow, rainbow; -*giri*, m.

N. of a mountain; -**gura**, *m.* Indra's teacher (*Kasyapa*); -**gopa** (or **ā**), *a.* having Indra as a guardian; *m.* cochineal; -**kāpa**, *m.* n. rainbow; -**śālā**, *n.* Indra's net; *a.* mythical weapon of *Arguna's* magic; -**purusha**, *m.* human phantom; -**śālita**, *m.* magician; -**śālita**, *m.* id.; -**git**, *m.* Indra's vanquisher. *N. of Rdvanu's son or father*; -**gāta**, *pp.* urged by Indra.

इन्द्रता indra-tā, *f.* Indra's power or dignity; -**va**, *n.* id.; sovereignty; -**datta**, *n.* *N. of a Brāhman*; -**davi**, *f. N. of a queen*; -**bhavana**, *n.* *N. of a vihāra built by her*; -**dhanus**, *n.* Indra's bow, rainbow; -**nila**, *m.* sapphire or emerald; -**purugama**, *a.* preceded by Indra; -**mada**, *m.* certain disease of leeches; -**maadira**, *m.* Indra's abode, heaven; -**maha-kāma**, *m.* dog.

इन्द्रय indra-yā, *den.* **Ā.** long for Indra.

इन्द्रयु indra-yū, *a.* longing for Indra.

इन्द्रलोक indra-loka, *m.* Indra's world; -**vamśa**, *f.* a metre, -**vagya**, *n.* Indra's thunderbolt; **ā**, *f.* a metre.

इन्द्रवत indra-vat, *a.* accompanied by Indra; -**vātama**, *spv.* dearest to Indra; -**vātana**, *n.* bitter-gourd; -**vrate**, *n.* Indra's office or rule.

इन्द्रशत्रु indra-shatru, *m.* Indra's foe, *Prati-lāha*; -**suta**, *m. pat. of Arguna*; -**sena**, *m. N. of various men*; -**senā**, *f.* Indra's missile; *N.*; -**stuti**, *f.* praise of Indra; -**totra**, *n. id.*

इन्द्राग्नि indra agni, *m. du.* Indra and Agni.

इन्द्राणी indrāṇī, *f.* Indra's wife.

इन्द्राणु indraaṇu, *m.* Indra's younger brother (*Vishnu* or *Krishna*).

इन्द्रापूषण indrā-pūshan (or indrā-pūshān), *m. du.* Indra and Pūshan.

इन्द्रायुध indra āyudha, *n.* Indra's weapon, rainbow; *m.* horse with black spots on the eyes; **ā**, *f. kind of leech*; -**maya**, *a.* consisting altogether of rainbow.

इन्द्रवत indrā-vat, *a.* accompanied by Indra.

इन्द्रावरुण indrā-vāruṇa, *m. du.* Indra and Varuṇa.

इन्द्रिय indriyā, *a.* belonging to, like or dear to Indra; *m.* companion of Indra; *n.* Indra's might; dominion; mighty deed; vigour, energy; *semen virile*; organ of sense; -**kāma**, *a.* desirous of might; -**grāma**, *m.* totality of the senses; -**nigraha**, *m.* restraint of the senses; -**sakti**, *f.* power of the senses; -**samyama**, *m.* restraint of the senses

इन्द्रियार्थ indriya artha, *m.* object or stimulant of the senses; -**asaṅga**, *m. pl.* non-indulgence of the senses. [Indra.]

इन्द्रिषित indra ishita, *pp.* sent or urged by

इन्द्रोत्सव indra utsava, *m.* festival in honour

इन्द्र INDRI, *r.* इन्द्र IDRI. [of Indra.]

इन्द्र indh-a, *a.* kindling.

इन्द्र indh-ana, *n.* kindling; fuel; -**vat**, *a.* supplied with fuel.

इन्द्रणीक indhani-kri, *turn into fuel.*

इन्धि indh-i, *the root indh (gr.).*

इन्व INV, I. *P. inva-ti*, or **इन्** IN, VIII. *P. inva-ti*, put in motion, send; further, urge, overcome. [m. elephant.]

इम ibha, *m. n.* domestic, household, family;

इमदन्ता ibhu-dantā, *f. N. of a plant.*

इम ibh-ya, *a.* domestic; rich.

इम imā, *prn. st.* this.

इमथा imā-thā, *ad.* in this manner.

इयक् i-yak-sh, *des. P.* implore; long for.

इयक् i-yak-shū, *des. a.* longing.

इयक्किरम i-yak-kiram, *ad.* so long; hitherto.

इयत् i-yat, *a.* so great, so much; so little: *in* in so far; therefore.

इयत्तक i-yat-ta-kā, *a. (ikā)* so little; -**tā**, *f.* quantity, number, measure; essence.

इयम् i-y-ām, *f. (nm. sg.)* this: **यā** iyam, who here; **सā** iyam, iyam **sā**, she here.

इयति i-y-ur-ti, 3 *sg. pr. of √ri.*

इयिष i-y-esh-u, 3 *sg. pf. of √2. ish.*

इरग्य i-rug-yā, *intr. P. Ā.* order; guide.

इरग्य irag-yā, *a.* preparing; *m.* preparer of the sacrifice.

इरग्यि irag-yā, *irr. intr. (√rādh)* **Ā.** seek to gain.

इरमद iram-madā, *a.* delighting in drink; *m. ep. of Agni*; sheet-lightning.

इरस्य iras-yā, *den. P.* grudge; envy (*d.*).

इरस्य iras-yā, *f.* ill-will; envy. [fort.]

इर्रा irā, *f. (=idā)* potion; recreation, com-

इर्रावत irā-vat, *a.* refreshing, quickening;

ā, *f. N. of a river*; *N.*

इरिण ir-ina, *n.* channel; brook, spring; dice-board; barren soil (*esp. containing salt*).

इरिण ir-in, *m.* oppressor, tyrant.

इर्य ir-ya, *a.* active; watchful; strong.

इल II, VI. *P. ila*, come; **ilāya**, stand still.

इलक illaka, *m. man's N.*

इव i-va, (*encl.*) *ad.* like, as it were; about, almost; somewhat; indeed (*with inter.*); often merely emphatic—only, just, quite; or rendered by stress.

इष I, III, VI. **isha**; I. **esha** (*re. annu*); IV. **ish-ya**; IX. **ish-nā-ti**, set in rapid motion, discharge; emit, utter; urge, encourage, animate; advance or strive towards (*d., lc.*); *pp.* **ishitā**; *cs.* **ishāya**, *P. Ā.* speed; comfort, *annu*, go after, seek, look for. *pra*, urge, send forth; call upon another priest to recite or perform a rite (*ac.*); *impe* **praishya**, call upon to recite or offer (*ac. or g.*); *cs.* **pre-shaya**, hurl, throw, send; send away, dismiss; *pp.* **pre-shita**. **anu-pra**, *cs.* send after or despatch to. **upa-pra**, urge; call upon (*a. priest to recite*). **sam-pra**, *cs.* send; dismiss; send a message to (*g.*).

इष 2 **ISH**, VI. *P. (Ā. in I. & E.) ik-kā, seek, search after; wish something to be (*2 ac.*); desire, ask for, expect (*from, ab, lc.*); intend or be about to (*inf.*); regard as - *2 ac.*; choose, have the option of (*ac.*); recognise, sanction; with **na**, refuse (*to, inf.*); *ps* **ishyate**, be desired, - required, - prescribed, - recognised, - sanctioned, accounted, - considered *pp.* **ish-ta**, *g. r. annu*, seek, search after, look through; strive after; beg; try, *cs.* **anveshaya**, *P.* search; expect. **pari annu**, search around. **abhi**, seek after; intend (*inf.*). *pp.* **abhi-sha**. **prati**, seek; receive (*from, g.*); regard, obey.*

इष 3. **ish** *f.* juice, draught, comfort; libation; refreshing waters of heaven; strength; food

इष 1. **ish-a**, *a.* seeking (°).

इष 2. **ish-a**, *a.* juicy; fat.

इषण्य ishanya, **Ā.**, **इषण्य** ishanya, *P. den.* urge on, stimulate.

इषय ishā-ya, *den. P. Ā.* be fresh or active; refresh; quicken; *inf.* **ishayādhyai**.

इषयु isha-yū, *a.* fresh, strong.

इषि ish-i, *f.* recreation, comfort.

इषिध ishīdh, *f.* oblation, offering.

इषिर ish-irā, *a.* refreshing; active, strong.

इषीका ishīkā, *f.* reed, rush. [swift.]

इषु ish-u, *m. f.* arrow.

इषुधि ishu-dhī, *m.* quiver.

इषुध्या ishu-dhyā, *f.* supplication; -**dhyā**, *a.* supplicating.

इषुमत ishu-mat, *a.* furnished with arrows; -**mātra**, *n.* length of an arrow: (**ā**)-**m**, *ad.* at arrow-shot distance; -**varsha**, *m.* shower of arrows.

इषुष ishīya, *den. P.* strive.

इषकृत ish-kṛta, *pp.* prepared, equipped; -**kṛti**, *f.* preparation; cure.

इष्ट 1. **ish-tā**, *pp.* sought, wished for; desirable, agreeable; dear; favourable; approved, accounted (-**tama**, *spv.* considered the best); *n.* wish, desire. [sacrifice.]

इष्ट 2. **ish-tā**, *pp.* (√yug) sacrificed; *m. n.*

इष्टका ishtha-kā, *f.* brick: -**grāha**, *n.* brick-house.

इष्टकामदुह ishtha-kāma-duh, *f. (nm. -dhuk)* cow of plenty (milking -) granting all desires.

इष्टजन ishtha-jana, *m.* beloved person, lover; -**devatā**, *f.* favourite or tutelary deity.

इष्टनि ishthāni, *a.* rushing, roaring.

इष्ट्य ishthāya, *m.* one who fights in front or beside (*as a protector*). [sired object.]

इष्टलाम ishtha-lābha, *m.* acquisition of a de-

इष्टमत ishthā-vrata, *a.* fulfilling wishes; -**sampādān**, *a.* procuring what is desired; -**sādhana**, *a. id.*

इष्टपू -**hā** -**pūrtā**, *n. sg. ā du.* wish (or sacrifice) -**ā** -**hā** -**vā**, *n. ca. m. sg.* ward of pious works; *C.* **ing** (*a spirit*); summon; [helper.]

इष्टिय ishthāya, *den. P.* furtherance;

इष्टिक ishthā, *a.* wish, desire.

इष्टि 3. **ish-ti**, *f. (simple)* sacrifice (*of butter*),

इष्टि ish-tvā, *gd. of √yug*. [fruit, &c.]

इष्ट्य ishnu-h, *the suffix ishnu (gr.).*

इष्टिम ish-mū, *a.* driving, stormy.

इष्टसन ish-asana, *n.* bow.

इष्टास ishūśā, *m.* archer; bow

इष्ट i-hā, *ad.* here, hither; here on earth: in this book; in the following; now, in a moment; often = *lc.* of *idam*.

इष्ट ishā-tya, *a.* belonging to this place.

इष्टलोक iha-loka, *m.* this, *i. e.* the present world.

इष्ट iha-stha, *a.* being or remaining here.

इहामुत्रफलभोगविराग iha amutra-phala-bhoga-virāga, *m.* indifference to the pleasures of reward in this world and the next.

इ ई.

ईक्ष ĪKSH. I. Ā. (P.) see, look; look at, behold (ac., lc.); perceive; contemplate, regard; expect; *prophesy to (d.); *ex. iksha-ya*, cause to look at (ac.). **adhi**, expect; dread. **anu**, look after. **apa**, look away; have in view, watch for (ac.); expect, wait for; fear; pay regard to, mind; require, presuppose *ex. na*, not bear to see. **vi**, **apa**, pay regard to, mind. **abhi**, look at. **ava**, look at; observe, mark, reflect on, consider; experience; expect, hope for. **anu**, **ava**, meditate; consider, reflect on. **nir**, **ava**, consider. **prati**, **ava**, inspect, examine; enquire after. **sam**, **ava**, look at; behold; reflect on; scrutinize; trouble about. **ud**, look up at, look at; behold; wait; expect. **abhi**, **ud**, look towards. **sam**, **ud**, look up, look towards or at; observe, regard. **upa**, look at; decry; wait for, avail oneself of, overlook, disregard, neglect; connive at, suffer; not insist on (ac.). **sam**, **upa**, disregard, neglect. **nis**, look about; look at; behold; perceive; consider. **pari**, look round; examine; perceive; *ex. cause to be examined*. **pra**, look at, perceive; quietly suffer, say nothing. **abhi**, **pra**, look at; behold; perceive. **ut**, **pra**, look up to (listening); look out towards; look back on with longing; expect; use or call figuratively; transfer to (lc.); erroneously consider (2 ac.); wrongly suppose, imagine, impute to (lc.). **vi**, **pra**, look hither and thither; contemplate. **sam**, **pra**, look at, behold, perceive; consider. **prati**, look on; behold, perceive; expect, wait for (gd. **prati**, **kshya** = quite gradually); bear with, endure. **sam**, **prati**, wait; gd. waiting = long. **vi**, gaze; look at; perceive; consider; ascertain; discriminate; *ps.* appear. **anu**, **vi**, look round; look towards; behold, perceive; examine. **sam**, **anu**, **vi**, perceive. **abhi**, **vi**, look at, perceive. **sam**, **abhi**, **vi**, perceive. **ud**, **vi**, look up; look towards or upon; perceive, become aware of. **sam**, **ud**, **vi**, look at, perceive. **sam**, **vi**, become aware of. **abhi**, **sam**, **vi**, stare at. **sam**, look at, see, perceive; ascertain; consider. **pra**, **sam**, look at, see, perceive, consider.

ईक्ष iksh-aka, m. beholder, spectator; -*ana*, n. sight, look; inspection; care; superintendence; eye; -*patha*, m. horizon; -*nika*, -*nika*, m. fortune-teller; -*niya*, *fp.* to be seen, forthcoming; -*ā*, f. glance, look; sight; -*i*, the verb iksh (gr.); -*ita*, (pp.) n. look; -*i*, tri, m. n. beholder, witness.

ईक्ष ĪKSH. I. P. *iksha*, move; *ex. ikkhāya*, away, shake. **pra**, tremble; *ex. swing*. **ā**, swing oneself.

ईक्ष ikkh-ana, n. swinging.

ईज ĪG. I. Ā. *īja*-to, move, drive. **apa**, drive away.

वान iṅ-ānu, pf. pt. of *√yag*.

इइ ĪD. II. Ā. *īt*-to, praise; beset (ac.) for (ac., g., d.). *pp. i*/itā, praised. **pra**, **prati**, **sam**, praise. [plored, to be praised]

इय id-ēya, **इयि** iṭ-ēya, *fp.* to be im-

इय id-ya, *fp.* to be praised, praiseworthy.

इति i-ti, f. calamity; plague.

इत्ता idrik-tā, f. quality.

इत्त i-drīksha (ā). **इत्त** i-drīs (f. = m.).

इत्त i-drīs, a (i) of this appearance, such.

इत्त ip-sa, *des.* (√ap) wish to obtain, desire.

इत्ता ip-sā, f. desire, wish; -*ita*, *des.* *pp.* desired, wished for, dear; n. wish -*tama*, nearest object *gr*; -*su*, *des.* a desirous of (ac., inf., -). **इत्त** im, *enc. pel.* = ac. of *prn. i*, used without distinction of number or gender and with or without another ac.; n. rel. = ever; with inf., -pray; *ex. neg.* -at all, often meaningless.

इयि iṅ-ya, *pf. pt. act.* (√i) went.

इयुषी iy-ush-i, f. *pf. pt.* (√i) past.

ई ĪR. II. (P.) Ā. *īr*-to, set in motion, stir up, arise, move (int); come forth, resound; *ex. irāya*, P. Ā set in motion, stir, throw, excite; produce; utter; say; proclaim; raise; arise; *ps.* be called. *pp. iritā*, ā, procure; utter, *ex. ud*, *ni* ā, appoint as (2 ac.). **ud**, rise; arise; *pp. ud-irna*, excited, increased; elevated, elated. *ex. raise*, whirl up; throw, cast; put forth; increase; excite, produce; display; rouse, animate, utter, proclaim, speak; *ps.* be called, pass for (m.). **abhi**, **ud**, *ex. utter*, speak. **sam**, **ud**, *ex. raise*, throw, excite, utter. **pra**, move, cut; arise; *ex. drive forward*, urge; excite; direct (*gaze*); utter; pass (time). **sam**, **pra**, rise together; *ex. push forward*. **sam**, put together; *ex. ud*; move (tr.), produce, create; utter, speak.

इर ir-a, m. wind; -*ana*, m. id; n. pressure.

इरि irina, n. land impregnated with salt; desert. (animal); m. n. wound.

इर्म ir-mā, m. arm; fore-quarter (of an

इर्म ir-mā, **इर्म** ir-mā, (in.) ad. here, hither.

इय ir-ya, *fp.* to be urged on.

इर्य ĪRSHY. I. P. *īrsha*-ti, envy; be jealous.

इर्य irshy-ā, f. envy; jealousy; -*in*, -*vat*, -*ā*, a envious, jealous; -*ita*, (pp.) n. jealousy, envy; -*in*, a. jealous, envious.

इवत् i-vat, a. so great.

इस् ĪS. II. Ā. *īsh*-to, possess, own, be master of, rule (ac. or g.); belong to, be due to (g); be entitled to (g); be able to (inf).

इस् is, m. lord, ruler; Śiva. [g., or lc.).

इस् is-ā, a. able to dispose of, entitled to (g); capable of (inf); m. owner, lord, ruler, chief of (g, -); *ex. of Śiva*; ā, f. ability, power, dominion; -*na*, n. governing, ruling; -*āśala*, m. Himalaya.

इशान īś-āna (or ā), *pf. pt.* possessing; ruling over (g, -), m. ruler; *ex. of Śiva*; N.; -*āndra*, m. N.; -*devi*, f. N.

इशितु is-i-ti, m. ruler, lord.

इशिन is-in, a. ruling over (")

इशर is-vaṛa, a. able to, capable of (inf, lc.

ex. inf. in -tan the nm. *ag. m.* is used for all genders and numbers; m. owner of (g, lc., -), ruler, lord, prince, king; man of rank, rich man; husband; supreme god; Brahman; Śiva; ī, f. princess; -*tā*, f., -*tva*, n. rule, sovereignty; -*prā*, *īdhāna*, n. subordination to the will of the Lord.

इष ĪSH. I. *isha*, move away, depart from (ab); leave (ac). ā, rush on. **ud**, rise up. **sam**, **ud**, id.

इषत् ish-āt, [n. pr. pt.] ad. slightly, a little, somewhat, easily (often); -*kara*, a. easily performed; -*kārya*, *fp.* easy to (lc.); -*pāna*, a. easy to drink.

इषा ishā, f. pole (of a car); *du double* (forked) pole.

इह ĪH. I. Ā. (P.) *īha*, strive after, aim at (ac); desire to (inf), undertake; exert oneself; *pp. ihita*, aimed at, desired, meant for (lc.) **sam** = simple verb

इहा ih-ā, f. exertion, endeavour; business, labour, desire, wish; -*vat*, a. assiduous; brave.

इहित ih-ita, (pp.) n. exertion; labour; purpose; desire, wish.

उ U.

उ I. u, *pr.* (not liable to Sandhi) of *unget* or command.

उ 2. u, **उ** ū, *encl. pel.* and, also; but, whereas; now, just; forthwith: **u** - **u**, both - and; it is used after pronouns, relatives, inter-, some *pel.*, and the inf. in -*tavai*; in ' it occurs only in *atha u*, *na u*, and *kim u*.

उ 3. u, the suffix -n (gr.).

उ 4. U, V. P. **u**-no-ti, call, cry.

उक् uka, the suffix -uka (gr.).

उकार u-kāra, m. the sound or letter u (gr.).

उक्त uk-tā, *pp.* (√vak) spoken, uttered; ad-

dressed; n. word, expression; -*tva*, n. statement; -*pūrva*, a. said before; -*pratyukta*, n. address and reply, conversation, -*mātra*, a. merely uttered (lc. no sooner said than -); -*rūpa*, a. of the form or kind mentioned; -*vat*, *pp. act.* √vak; -*vākya*, a. hvg. spoken.

उक्ति uk-ti, f. declaration; express statement; speech, saying; word, expression; song; -*m* kri, raise the voice. -*posha*, m. pleonasm; -*pratyuktikā*, f. speech and reply.

उक्ता uk-tvā, gd. of √vak.

उक्थ uk-thā, n. praise, hymn of praise; invocation; recitation (later called *Sastra* of the *Hotri*).

उक्थि uk-thi, a. praising; -*yā*, a. praise-worthy.

उक्ष I. UKSH. I. VI. *uksha*, sprinkle; **ā** drip; *pp. itā*, besprinkled, wetted. **abhi**, besprinkle, bedrip. **anu**, **pari**, sprinkle around. **pra**, besprinkle; hallow (for sacrifice); sacrifice. **sam**, **pra**, besprinkle, **ā**, besprinkle oneself.

उक्ष 2. UKSH. I. P. *āksha*, grow up, wax strong.

उक्ख uksh-ana, n. besprinkling, consecration -*ga*, a. arising from consecration. [tle.

उक्ख uksh-an-yā, *den* P. desire bulls or cat-

उक्शय ukshan-yu, *a.* desirous of cattle.

उक्श uksh-án, *m.* bull.

उक्ख ukhá, *m.* [hollowed out: ud + √khá] cooking pot, pan: *ā. f. id.; -khhā, a.* fragile as a pot, rotten.

उक्ख ukh-yu, *a.* being in the pot. [its it.

उगित ug-it, *a.* having uk (*i. e.* u or ri) for

उग ug-rá, *a.* mighty; violent; grim, dreadful, terrible, rigorous; *m.* mighty person, great -, violent person; *ep. of* Śiva & Rudra; *N. of a mixed caste (offspring of Kshatriya & Sūdrá); -tā, f., -tva, n.* violence; rigour; -*danda, a.* stern-accepted, relentless; -*pāti, a.* having a horrible stench; -*prabhāva, a.* high and mighty; -*raśa, a.* terribly angry; -*śāna, a.* stringent in his orders: -*śana, m.* *N. of various kings; -śa, m. N. of a temple built by Ugra.*

उक्क UK, IV. P. *uk-ya*, like; be accustomed to: *pp. -ita*, liking, used to (*g., l., -*); accustomed, well known; proper, suitable; expedient; obliged to (*inf.*): *m.* suitably. *sam.*, take pleasure in (*in.*): *pp.* used to (*g., -*); suitable for (*g., -*).

उक्थ uk-átha, *n.* hymn of praise.

उक्थ ukath-yā, *a.* praiseworthy.

उक्थित ukith-gā, *a.* knowing what is fitting: -*tā, f. abet. s.; -tva, n.* appropriateness, fitness.

उक्ख uk-la, *a.* [ud-ka, upward], lofty; high (*also fig., esp. of sound*); loud.

उक्खित ukh-kuis, (*in. pl.*) *ad.* loud; high: (*r.*) *śāna-tas, ad.* from a high seat.

उक्खुत्त uk-kukshus, *a.* having uplifted eyes.

उक्खगिर ukha-gir, *a.* loudly proclaiming (*-*).

उक्खगोपुर ukha-gopura, *a.* lofty-gated.

उक्खण्ड uk-handa, *a.* very violent; mighty; terrible.

उक्खता ukha-tā, *f., -* *uk-tva, n.* superiority.

उक्खय uk-kuyn, *n.* accumulation, collection, pile, heap, quantity; -*apa-kya, m.* *du.* rise

उक्खल uk-kula, *m. N. of a king.* [and full.

उक्खसंश्रय ukka-samsraya, *a.* high up, twinkling on high. [upwards.

उक्ख uk-kā, (*in.*) *ad.* above; from above;

उक्खार uk-kār-ā, *a.* rising; *m.* pronunciation; evacuation, excrement; -*ana, n.* pronunciation: -*ita, pp.* having voided excrement.

उक्खवक्क ukka-ava-kā, *a.* high & low; various.

उक्खिचीषा uk-kikishā, *f.* desire to gather.

उक्खिय uk-keya, *fp.* to be gathered.

उक्खिःकुल ukkuh-kula, *n.* high family; -*pada, n.* high position; -*pramodam, ad.* with loud rejoicing.

उक्खिरभज्ज ukkair-abhijña, *a.* of high descent; -*ukkhāh-ravasa, m.* the exalted Uk-khāh-ravasa; -*ukkhāh-tarām, ad.* higher and higher; -*gati, f.* ascent; -*avish, a.* having mighty foes; -*dhāman, a.* of exalted splendour; -*bhāshana or bhāshya, n.* loud talk; -*bhuja, a.* having uplifted arms.

उक्खिरस ukkuh-siras, *a.* holding the head high; eminent; -*śrava, m. N. of a mythical horse produced at the churning of the ocean.*

उक्खिस ukkuis, (*in. pl.*) *ad.* high; above; upwards; loudly; aloud; highly, vigorously, intently, thoroughly: *v. bhū, rise.*

उक्खिसार ukkuis-tara, *cpe.* higher; very high or tall: -*tva, n.* excessive highness; -*tarām, ad.* higher. [*a.* of high rank.

उक्खिःस्थान ukkhāh-ssthāna, *n.* high position;

उक्क UKKH, *v. वस* 1. VAS, shine.

उक्कान् ukkhān, *V. 3 pl. pr. subj. of* √1. vas.

उक्कास्त्रवर्तिन uk-khāstra-vartin, *a.* transgressing the institutes of the law.

उक्किल uk-khikha, *a.* with crest erect (*peacock*); with upward flame, burning brightly.

उक्किलण्ड uk-khikhanda, *a.* with tail outspread; -*khitti, f.* destruction, extermination; -*khāna, pp.* (√khid) cut off; *m.* (*sc. saudhi*) peace bought by ceding fertile territory; -*khira, a.* holding the head high; -*khilimdhara, n.* luxuriant mushroom; *a.* covered with mushrooms.

उक्किल uk-khishtu, *pp.* (√sish) left over; having a remnant of food (*in the mouth or hands*), ritually impure; *n.* remnant, leavings (*esp. of a sacrifice or of food*): -*tā, f.* impurity; condition of a remnant: -*m. n.*, almost entirely devour; -*śāna, n.* eating of remnants. [erect; *n.* pillow.

उक्किलीष uk-khīrsha-ka, *a.* having the head

उक्कुक्क uk-khush-ku, *a.* dried up.

उक्कुल्ल uk-khrīnkhalā, *a.* unfettered; unbridled, unrestrained; -*khrita, pp.* (√sri) uplifted, elevated, high: -*pāni, a.* with outstretched hand.

उक्कित्त uk-khettri, *m.* destroyer.

उक्कित्त uk-khed-*a. m., -ana, n.* cutting or chopping off; destruction, extermination: -*aniya, fp.* to be cut off; -*ina, a.* destroying (*-*); -*ya, fp.* to be destroyed.

उक्कष uk-khesha, *m.* remnant, fragment: -*na, n. id.; i-kri, leave over.*

उक्कथ uk-khōtha, *m.* swelling, inflation; -*khōpha, m. id.; -khōshana, a.* parching or drying up; *n.* drying up (*tr. & int.*).

उक्कय uk-khinya, *m.* rise, elevation; height; growth: -*na, n.* raising, setting up; -*khāya, m.* rise, elevation; height, growth, increase; -*khrita, pp.* (√sri) high; exalted; -*khriti, f.* rise, exaltation; growth, increase.

उक्कवस्स uk-khāvāna-sva, 2 *sg. impr. Ā. of* ud + √avañk.

उक्कसण uk-khvasana, *n.* becoming slack: -*khvasita, (pp.) n.* breath; exhalation; solution; -*khvāsa, m.* expiration; breath; sigh; expiring; swelling, rising; section; chapter; -*khvāsita, cpe. pp.* risen; -*khvāsita, a.* breathing out; breathing again; sighing; swelling; rising; issuing.

उक्कयिणी ug-guyinī, *f.* (Victoria), Oujein, *N. of a city, capital of Avanti.*

उक्कगग्ग ug-gāgura, *a.* excited, indignant.

उक्कित्त ug-giti, *f.* victory.

उक्किविण ug-givin, *m. N. of a crow.*

उक्कय ug-grimbha, *a.* yawning: -*na, n.* yawning; breaking forth.

उक्किय ug-geshā, *a.* victorious. [or like, *-*).

उक्कवल्ग ug-gvala, *a.* brilliant, splendid (with

उक्क UGGH [ud + há], *V.I.P. ugghā, abandon, forsake, quit, leave; give up, let go; let fall; avoid: pp. ugghita, abandoned, forsaken; free from, devoid of (in, -), pra.* avoid; abandon. *sam.*, abandon.

उक्क uggh-a, *a.* abandoning, neglecting, forgetting (*-*); -*ana, n.* removal; avoidance.

उक्क UNKHH, *V.I.P. n. ukkha, glean. pra.* wipe out, efface.

उक्क ukkh-a, *m. n.* gleanings of grain; -*na, n. id.; -vritti, a.* living by gleanings; *m.* gleaner; -*śaghātha, n.* sixth part of the

उक्क uta-ga, *m. n.* hut of leaves. [gleanings.

उक्क udu, *f. n.* star; -*nātha, m.* moon.

उक्क udu-pa, *m.* moon; *m. n.* boat, skiff; -*pāti, m.* moon.

उक्कय ud-dayana, *n.* flying up, flight; -*dā-mara, a.* extraordinary; -*dina, n.* flying up, flight; -*diyana, n. id.*

उक्क un-ādi, *m. pl.* Unādi suffixes, class of primary suffixes beginning with u (*gr.*).

उक्क underaka-sray, *f.* kind of pastry.

उक्क ut-tā, *pcl.* and, also, even; or: utā - utā, both - and; utā - vā, either - or (often with vā or āhō vā); *interr. or:* kim-uta, utrum - an, whether - or? (often with āhō, vā, or vā); kim-uta, how much more or rather; how much less (*in neg. clauses*); api uta, also; pra-ti uta, on the contrary, rather. Uta is often merely verse-filling at the end of a line in E.

उक्क utathya, *m. N. of an Āngirasa.*

उक्क utāho, *cj.* or (*in double questions*).

उक्क utā, *pcl.* and also; utō - utō = utā - utā.

उक्क ut-ka, *a.* longing or eager for (*inf. or -*); *n.* longing, eagerness.

उक्क ut-kañkuka, *a.* bereft of the bodice.

उक्क ut-kuta, *a.* excessive, extraordinary; very great, very strong or violent; abounding in (*-*); drunk; furious, mad.

उक्क ut-kuntak-ita, *pp.* with thorns or hair erect; -*ina, a. id.*

उक्क ut-kanth, *J. Ā.* stretch out the neck; long for (*d.*); *cs.* fill with longing.

उक्क ut-kantha, *a.* having the neck outstretched; longing; amorously; -*na, ad.* longingly, -*kāria, a.* causing longing; -*kanthā, f.* longing; love-sick yearning.

उक्क ut-kandhara, *a.* with neck erect.

उक्क ut-kamp-*a.* trembling; *m.* tremor; -*ana, n.* trembling; -*ina, a.* trembling; heaving (breast); -*-*, causing to tremble.

उक्क utka-ya, *den. P.* fill with longing.

उक्क ut-kard, *m.* earth thrown up, mound; heap, quantity; cloud (*fig.*).

उक्क ut-karikā, *f.* kind of sweet dish.

उक्क ut-karna, *a.* pricking up the ears; -*tāla, a.* beginning to flap its ears.

उक्क ut-karsh-a, *a.* boastful; *m.* elevation, increase, exaltation, eminence; distinction; excellence; excess; boastfulness; -*ina, a.* superior, better. [country.

उक्क utkula, *m. pl. N. of a people, n.* their

उक्क ut-kalāpa, *a.* spreading its tail (peacock).

उत्कलिङ्गा ut-kalikā, *f.* longing; love-sick yearning; bud; wave.

उत्कषण ut-kashana, *n.* tearing up. [(^o).

उत्किर ut-kira, *a.* throwing or whirling up

उत्कीलित ut-killita, *pp.* opened by withdrawing the plug.

उत्कुल ut-kula, *a.* degenerate.

उत्कूज ut-kūj-a, *m.* note or song (of the cuckoo); -*ita*, *pp.* *n.* *id.*

उत्कूर्दन ut-kūrdana, *n.* leaping up.

उत्कूल ut-kūla, *a.* overflowing the bank; -*gāmin*, *a.* *id.* [bles

उत्कृति ut-kṛiti, *f.* a metre (104 or 80 syllas)

उत्कृष्ट ut-kṛish-ta, *pp.* superior -*tva*, *n.* *abst.* *id.*; -*vedana*, *n.* marrying a man of higher caste; -*upādhi*, *a.* whose condition or associate is exalted; -*tā*, *f.* *abst.* *s.* (*ph*).

उत्कोच ut-koka, *m.* bribe -*ka*, *a.* taking bribes.

उत्कोटि ut-koti, *a.* running to a point.

उत्कोरक ut-koraka-ya, *den.* P. furnish with sprouting buds.

उत्क्रम ut-kramā, *m.* rising; going out; departure; -*krāmāna*, *n.*, -*krānti*, *f.* *id.*

उत्क्रोश ut-krosa, *m.* osprey.

उत्क्षिप्ति ut-kshipti, *f.* raising; -*kshepa*, *m.* tossing up, raising; spreading out; -*na*, *n.* *id.*; -*ka*, *m.* purifier of clothes.

उत्खात ut-khāt-a, *n.* undermining; extirpation; uneven ground; -*in*, *a.* uneven (ground).

उत्तंस ut-tams-a, *m.* wreath, crest; ornament.

उत्तंसय ut-tamsa-ya, *den.* P. deck with a wreath; *pp.* *ita*, worn as a wreath.

उत्तङ्क ut-taṅka, *m.* N of a Rishi.

उत्तट ut-taṭa, *a.* having overflowed its banks.

उत्तब्ध ut-tabdhā, *pp.* *√*stabdh; -*tabh-ita*, *id.*

उत्तम ut-tamā, *pp.* highest, supreme; most excellent, best, chief (among); superior to, higher or better than (*ab.*); last. -*ma*, *id.*; *m.* (last = our) first person (*gr.*).

उत्तमगन्धाढ्य ut-tama-gandha ādhyā, *a.* rich in delicious fragrance; -*gana*, *m.* *pl.* superior people; -*tegya*, *a.* supremely brilliant or mighty; -*purusha*, *m.* supreme spirit, (last = our) first person (*gr.*).

उत्तमर्ण ut-tama-rṇa, *m.* creditor; -*i-ka*, *m.* *id.*

उत्तमवर्ण ut-tama-varṇa, *a.* most beautifully coloured; -*sāhasa*, *n.* highest fine.

उत्तमाङ्ग ut-tama-āṅga, *n.* head.

उत्तमाँजस ut-tama-ogras, *m.* N. of a man.

उत्तर ut-tara, *cpr.* upper; higher, better; later (than, *ab.*); left; northern; north of (*ab.*); posterior, following, latter, subsequent, future; superior; mightier, victorious; winning (*a suit*); *m.* N. of a *mta.*; *n.* surface, cover (-*ā*); *a.*; north; latter part of a compound; an answer, discussion; legal defence; contradiction (-*m ā*, contradict); superiority; surplus (-*ā*, *a.* = increased by, plus; main part (-*ā*, *a.* having as its chief object, consisting chiefly of; *ad.* overwhelmed by); consequence (-*ā*, *a.* followed by); later period (-*ā* = later; *kind of wing*).

उत्तरकाय ut-tara-kāya, *m.* upper part of the body; -*kāla*, *m.* subsequent period, future; *a.* future; -*kosala*, *m.* *pl.* northern Kosalas; -*khaṇḍa*, *m.* *n.* designation of last section in various works

उत्तराङ्ग ut-tara-āṅga, *den.* *Ā* break forth like waves. [high waves.

उत्तराङ्ग ut-tara-āṅga, *m.* high wave; *a.* having

उत्तराङ्ग ut-tara-āṅga, *m.* cover, coverlet; -*gā*, *a.* born of the last mentioned marriage.

उत्तराण ut-tāraṇa, *a.* crossing; *n.* crossing passing over (-*ā*)

उत्तरास ut-tara-tās, *ad.* northwards; to the north, to the left of (*g*); -*paśāt*, to the north-west, -*dāyaka*, *a.* answering, contradicting, impertinent; -*paksha*, *m.* northern or left wing; answer to an opponent's objection (*ph*); -*padā*, *n.* latter part of a compound, -*paśāṁsa*, *a.* north-westerly.

उत्तरास ut-tarāṁ, *ad.* further; forward; afterwards, thereupon.

उत्तराल ut-tarala, *a.* trembling, quivering.

उत्तरालय ut-taralā-ya, *den.* *Ā*. shoulder, quiver.

उत्तरालोम ut-tara-loman, *a.* having the hairy-side uppermost; -*vadin*, *a.* answering; making the later claims (*leg.*).

उत्तरा ut-tarā, *f.* (see dis) north

उत्तरा ut-tarā, *(in.) ad.* northwards; north of (*ab.*, *g*). [left

उत्तरात् ut-tarāt, (*ab.*) *ad.* from the north or

उत्तराधर ut-tara-adharā, *a.* being above and below; *n.* upper and lower lip, lips. -*vivara*, *n.* mouth [north, north country

उत्तरापथ ut-tarā-patha, *m.* way to the

उत्तरास ut-tarāṁ, *ad.* further away.

उत्तरायण ut-tara-ayana, *n.* northward course (of the sun); half-year in which the sun moves northwards, summer solstice; -*araṇi*, *f.* the upper fire stick; -*artha*, *a.* being for the sake of what follows; -*ardha*, *n.* upper part of the body, -*āvat*, *a.* superior; -*āśā*, *f.* northern quarter, -*āśana*, *a.* having lotus wings, -*āśaṅga*, *m.* upper or outer garment; covering.

उत्तराहि ut-tarāhi, *ad.* northwards

उत्तरीय ut-tarīya, *n.* upper or outer garment, covering; coverlet; -*ka*, *n.* *id.*

उत्तरीण ut-tareṇa, (*in.*) *ad.* to the north or left of (*ac*, *ab*, *g*, -). [day.

उत्तरेयुस ut-tare-dyūs, *ad.* on the following

उत्तरीत्तर ut-tara-ut-tara, *a.* ever increasing; following in succession; -*ma*, *ad.* higher and higher; more and more; in constant succession; *n.* reply to answer, rejoinder; discussion, -*bhāva*, *a.* in which one is always above the other, -*ukta*, *pp.* subsequently stated in each case.

उत्तरोष्ठ ut-tara-oshtha, *m.* upper lip.

उत्तान ut-tāna, *a.* outspread; extended. face upwards; upturned; shallow, superficial, wide open; ready to hand; -*i-ta*, *cs.* *pp.* opened wide, -*i-kṛi*, open wide; -*i-bhū*, be spread out.

उत्ताप ut-tāpa, *m.* great heat; ardour, passion.

उत्तार ut-tār-a, *m.* crossing (°); rescue;

-*ana*, *a.* saving; *n.* deliverance; -*ayitra*, *a.* about to cross (*ac*); -*ya*, *fp.* to be vomited.

उत्ताल ut-tāla, *a.* violent; luxuriant; terrible, gruesome; excellent

उत्तितीर्षु ut-titir-shu, *des.* *a.* wishing to come out of (*ab*); desirous of crossing (*ac*).

उत्तुङ्ग ut-tuṅg-a, *a.* prominent, high. -*ita*, *pp.* raised aloft, -*i-kṛi*, raise aloft

उत्तिवना ut-tegnā, *f.* whetting

उत्तीरण ut-tōraṇa, *a.* adorned with erected arches; -*patāka*, *a.* adorned with erected arches and flying flags.

उत्थ ut-tha, *a.* arising; springing up; proceeding from, originating in (-); -*thā-ta-vya*, *fp.* *n.* one should rise; one should be up and doing; -*thāna*, *m.* originator; *n.* rising; rise of heavenly bodies, resurrection, insurrection, tumult, exertion, activity, origin, -*vast*, *a.* strenuous, -*vira*, *m.* man of action, -*thāpana*, *n.* raising; awakening, -*thāya*, *gd.* having arisen, -*thāy-in*, *a.* rising; appearing, active, strenuous -*i-tva*, *n.* *abst.* *id.*; -*thita*, *pp.* *√*stha

उत्पक्ष ut-paksh-man, *a.* having raised eyelashes; -*mala*, *a.* *id.* [ing up

उत्पतन ut-patana, *a.* (1) flying up; *n.* leap

उत्पताक ut-patāka, *a.* with flags flying; *ā*, *f.* a flying flag, -*dhaṇya*, *a.* having flying flags and banners

उत्पतितय ut-pat-itaya, *fp.* *n.* one must fly up; -*ishana*, *a.* flying up, about to spring

उत्पत्तय ut-puttaya, *fp.* *n.* to appear -*ana utpattayam*, he will be born again.

उत्पत्ति ut-patti, *f.* coming into being, birth; origin, mine; new birth, regeneration, produce; productiveness, occurrence, *esp.* of or in a *Vedic* passage, -*dhaman*, *n.* birthplace; -*mat*, *a.* produced, born

उत्पथ ut-patha, *m.* wrong way; evil course

उत्पन्न ut-panna, *pp.* (*√*pad) arisen -*bud-dhi*, *a.* prudent, wise

उत्पल ut-pala, *n.* (blue) lotus at a later stage called kamala; *m.* N -*ka*, *m.* *id.*; -*pura*, *n.* N of a town built by Utpala, -*vana*, *n.* bed of lotuses; -*śāka*, *n.* N of a plant, -*śakha*, *m.* N of a king; -*apala*, *m.* N of a king.

उत्पलिङ्ग ut-pal-m, *a.* abounding in lotuses -*i*, *f.* bed of lotuses.

उत्पवन ut-pāvana, *a.* purification; implement of purification; -*pariti*, *m.* purifier

उत्पाटन ut-pātana, *n.* tearing out; expulsion, dethronement; -*in*, *a.* pulling or plucking out (-)

उत्पात ut-pāta, *m.* flying up; rise; leap, sudden appearance; portent, omen.

उत्पाद ut-pād-a, *m.* issuing forth, production, birth; -*śaka*, *a.* *ikā* producing, productive; *m.* producer, shedder; father; -*ana*, *a.* (1) producing; *n.* begetting, bearing, effecting; procuring; -*ayitri*, *f.* producer; -*in*, *a.* produced or born, producing, causing (-).

उत्पिङ्ग ut-piṅga, *m.* tumult; -*pitsa*, *des.* *a.* wishing to rise; -*pila*, *m.* pressure, torment (of tears) -*na*, *n.* pressing; -*prabandha*, *a.* uninterrupted; -*pravāla*, *a.* having sprouting foliage, -*prāsa*, *m.*, -*na*, *n.* derision, mockery

उत्प्रेक्ष ut-preksh-ana, *n.* anticipation;

foreboding; figurative expression; -*ā*, *f.* disregard, indifference; simile, figurative expression; -*ākṣhepa*, *m.* kind of rhetorical figure; -*īta upama*, *f.* kind of simile.

उत्प्लवन ut-plavana, *n.* leaping; overflowing.

उत्फाल ut-phāla, *m.* leap, bound.

उत्फुल्ल ut-phulla, *pp.* (√*phul*) blown (flower); wide open, expanded; swollen, inflated.

उत्स út-sa, *m.* well, fountain; source.

उत्सङ्ग ut-saṅg-*n.* lap; flat surface; roof; depression; -*īta*, *pp.* admixed; -*ina*, *a.* deep, deep-seated.

उत्सधि utsu-dhī, *m.* basin of a spring.

उत्सर्ग ut-sargā, *m.* emission, discharge; evacuation; throwing away; laying aside; setting free, liberation; donation; abandonment, relinquishment; cessation; restitution; general rule; (see *khandasām*) ceremony on suspension of Vedic study. -*sargana*, *a.* (i) rejecting; *n.* letting go, dismissal; (ii) ceremony on suspension of Vedic study.

उत्सर्पण ut-sarp-*ana*, *n.* rising; going out; stepping forward; -*ina*, *a.* springing up; breaking forth, coming to light; soaring upwards; (*u*)-*ī*, *f.* ascending cycle.

उत्सव ut-savā, *m.* undertaking; holiday; festival; flowering; -*sauketa*, *m. pl.* *N.* of a people.

उत्सवाय utsavāya, *den.* *Ā.* be a feast for.

उत्सादन ut-sād-*ana*, *n.* cessation; destruction; rubbing, shampooing; -*aniya*, *pp.* to be destroyed.

उत्सारण ut-sā-*ana*, *n.*, *ā*, *f.* clearing the streets; -*aniya*, *pp.* to be driven away; -*ina*, *a.* extending to, directed towards.

उत्साह ut-sāha, *m.* power, energy; effort; resolution, perseverance; inclination for, delight in (-). -*yoga*, *m.* display of energy; -*vāt*, *a.* energetic; -*akti*, *f.* strength of will, force of energy; -*sāhin*, *a.* resolute; powerful.

उत्सुक ut-suka, *a.* uneasy, agitated; eager; yearning; longing for (loc., *prati*, or -); *anxious about (acc., loc.); -*tā*, *f.* uneasiness; eagerness, zeal; longing, yearning; -*vadana*, *a.* having a yearning face. [or uneasiness.

उत्सुक्य utsuka-*ya*, *den.* *P.* fill with yearning

उत्सूत्र ut-sūtra, *a.* mustung (pearls).

उत्सृष्टलोमन ut-srīshṭa-loman, *a.* ceasing to cut off the hair; -*vāt*, *pp.* act. shed (tears); -*agra*, *a.* having let the sacred fire go out.

उत्सृष्टि ut-srīshṭi, *f.* letting out.

उत्सृक् ut-sek-*n.* *m.* redundancy, excess; pride, arrogance; -*ina*, *a.* proud, haughty.

उत्सृष्ट ut-sedha, *m.* elevation; prominence; height, thickness; superiority.

उत्सृष्ट ut-sṭhala, *n.* *N.* of an island.

उत्सृष्ट ut-srīshṭa-*ya*, *pp.* to be evacuated; to be dismissed; -*u-kāma*, *a.* wishing to let go.

उत्सृष्ट ut-srāvīn, *a.* arising.

उत्सृष्ट ut-svapnāya, *Ā.* talk in one's sleep.

उद् 1. *ud.* *pp.* (w. *eb.*, *N.* or *a.*) up; out.

उद् 2. *UD.* *VII.* *P.* *unat-ti*, well; wet; moisten *pp.* *unna*, moistened, wet. *vi*, well forth; moisten. *sam*, moisten: *pp.* wetted.

उद् ud-*a*, water (only °- or *a.* -°).

उद्दक úd-ak, *n.* *ad.* northwards.

उद्दक uda-kā, *n.* water; ablution; libation to the Manes: -*m* *kri*, *dā*, or *pra-dā*, present libation of water to the dead (*d.*, *g.*); -*m* *kri*, perform the prescribed ablutions; -*m* *ape-sprī*, touch various parts of the body with water as prescribed: -*karma*, *n.* libation of water to the Manes. -*kārya*, *n.* *ud.*; ablution; -*kriyā*, *f.* = *udaka-karma*; -*tarpana*, *n.* libation with water; -*dāna*, *n.* *id.*; -*dāyin*, *a.* offering the funeral libation of water; -*pār-va*, *a.* beginning with a pouring out of water; -*māya*, *a.* consisting of water only; (ā)-*vāt*, *a.* supplied with water; -*vātī*, *f.* girl's *N.*; -*spar-ana*, *n.* contact with water; ablution.

उद्दकाञ्जलि udaka-añjali, *m.* handful of water; -*anta*, *m.* water-boundary; *ā* *udakāntāt*, till water is reached; -*arnava*, *m.* receptacle of waters; -*artha*, *m.* ablution; -*m*, *ad.* in order to perform an ablution; -*arthin*, *a.* seeking water.

उद्दकुम्भ uda-kumbhā, *m.* pitcher of water; *N.*

उद्दकोपसर्जन udaka upasparś-*ana*, *n.* ablution; -*ina*, *a.* performing ablutions.

उद्दक्ष udak-tās, **उद्दक्षत** údak-tāt, *ad.* from above; from the north; -*patha*, *m.* (way north), north country.

उद्दक्ष udak-*ya*, *a.* being in the water; *ā*, *f.* menstruating; -*gamana*, *n.* intercourse with a woman in her courses.

उद्दगयन udag-*ayana*, *n.* sun's northern course; half year from winter to summer solstice; -*āvrīti*, *f.* sun's turn to the north; -*dava*, *a.* having the season turned upward or northward; -*dvara*, *a.* having a northern entrance.

उद्दग ud-*agra*, *a.* (having its top elevated), upraised, high; long; large; lofty, exalted; heightened or increased (by, -); advanced (*agn*), excited, carried away by (-); exceedingly (-); -*pluta*, *a.* making high bounds: -*tva*, *n.* *abst.* *N.*

उद्दगुख udān-mukha, *a.* facing northwards.

उद्दग uda-*ga*, *n.* lotus; -*gala-ka*, *m.* *N.* of a cartwright.

उद्दह ud-*āh*, *a.* (ūdiā) upward; northward.

उद्दह ud-*āh*-*ana*, *m.* (drawer up), well-bucket. [flowed hands.

उद्दह ud-*āh*-*gali*, *a.* holding up the hol-

उद्दधान uda-dhāna, *n.* reservoir; -*dhī*, *a.* containing water; *m.* receptacle of water (cloud, lake, river), ocean; -*gala-māya*, *a.* consisting of sea-water, -*nemi*, *a.* ocean-encircled.

उद्दधीय udādhi-*ya*, *den.* *P.* regard as an

उद्दग ud-*ān*, *n.* wave; water [ocean.

उद्दग ud-*antā*, *m.* tidings, report.

उद्दग ud-*antya*, *a.* dwelling beyond the boundary.

उद्दग udan-*yā*, *a.* surging, watery; *ā*, *f.* desire for water, thirst; -*ya*, *a.* desirous of water; -*vāt*, *a.* surging; abounding in water; *m.* ocean.

उद्दपात्र udh-pātrā, *n.* pot of water; -*pāna*, *m.* *n.* well; -*piti*, *f.* place for drinking water.

उद्दविन्दु ula-bindu, *m.* drop of water.

उद्दक्ष ud-*ambhas*, *a.* abounding in water.

उद्दय ud-*ayā*, *m.* rising; rise (of sun or moon), break (of dawn); gathering (of clouds); *N.* of the mythical mountain behind which sun and moon are supposed to rise: appearance, arising, production, beginning; consequence, result; success; prosperity; gain; income, revenue; interest; -*giri*, *m.* sunrise mountain; -*gupta*, *m.* *N.* of a man; -*tata*, *m.* slope of Mount Udaya.

उद्दयन ud-*āyana*, *n.* rise; end; *m.* *N.* of a king; -*īya*, *a.* concluding.

उद्दयरात्र udaya-rāga, *m.* man's *N.*; -*vāt*, *a.* risen; -*vyayin*, *a.* rising and falling.

उद्दयाचल udaya-akula, *m.* sunrise mountain; -*āditya*, *m.* *N.* of a man; -*anta*, *a.* ending with sunrise; -*āvrīti*, *f.* turning towards the rise of the sun.

उद्दयिन uday-*in*, *a.* coming forth; flourishing; victorious. [mountain.

उद्दयोर्वाभृत् udaya-urvilbhṛt, *m.* sunrise

उद्दर ud-*āra*, *n.* (° *a.* *f.* *ā*, *i*) belly; crop; womb; abdominal swelling; hollow, interior [swelling; √*ri*].

उद्दरभर udarum-bhara, *a.* voracious.

उद्दररन्ध्र udara-randhra, *n.* part of a horse's belly; -*vyādhi*, *m.* disorder of the bowels.

उद्दरिन् udar-*in*, *a.* paunch-bellied.

उद्दक ud-*akā*, *m.* resounding, outstripping; consequence; end; future.

उद्दर्चिस् ud-*arkh*, *a.* radiant; *m.* fire.

उद्दवज्र uda-*vu*-*gra*, *m.* water thunderbolt.

उद्दवसित ud-*ava*-*sita*, (*pp.*) *n.* dwelling, house [water; -*ina*, *a.* staying in the water.

उद्दवास uda-*vās*-*a*, *m.* remaining in the

उद्दव्रज ud-*asra*-*ya*, *P.* cause to weep.

उद्दव्रु ud-*asru*, *a.* weeping.

उद्दहार uda-*bāra*, *a.* (i) fetching or about to fetch water.

उद्दहार ud-*ākāra*, *m.* promenade.

उद्दक्ष ud-*ā*-*tta*, (*pp.*) (√*dā*) raised; high; distinguished, renowned; magnanimous; sufficient; haughty; having the acute accent; *m.* acute. [airs in the body].

उद्दग ud-*āna*, *m.* rising air (one of the five

उद्दगुध ud-*āyudha*, *a.* with raised weapons.

उद्दग 1. ud-*āra*, *a.* rousing; exalted; distinguished, excellent; noble; loud; -*m*, *ad.* aloud.

उद्दग 2. *n.* *āra*, *m.* *pl.* Siva's wife.

उद्दगक udāra-*ka*, *m.* honorific *ep.* of a man.

उद्दगचरित udāra-*karita*, *a.* acting nobly; -*keta*, *a.* high-minded; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* generosity; -*dhī*, *a.* of exalted intellect; -*bhāva*, *m.* magnanimity, -*vikrama*, *m.* of eminent prowess; -*sattva*, *a.* of noble character.

उद्दसिन् ud-*āstri*, *a.* indifferent.

उद्दसीन ud-*ās*-*ina*, *pr.* *pl.* uninterested; indifferent (to, to); *m.* indifferent person, neutral; -*tā*, *f.* indifference.

उद्दक्षित ud-*ā*-*sthita*, (*pp.*) *m.* monk who has broken his vow.

उद्दहारण ud-*āharana*, *n.* speaking; recitation; declaration; example; -*vastu*, *n.* *pl.* matters of speech.

उद्दहार ud-*āhāra*, *a.* intending to fetch water; *n.* fetching of water.

उदाहार्य ud-ā-hār-ya, *fp.* to be given as an example; **-kṛti**, *f.* example.

उदित ud-i-tā, *pp.* √vad and ud + √i.

उदिति ud-i-ti, *f.* sunrise; sunset.

उदितोदित udita-udita, *a.* (in whom what has been said has risen =) learned.

उदीचा ud-i-kshā, *f.* looking up or towards;

उदीची ud-i-ki, *f.* of udañk. [waiting.

उदीचीन ud-i-ki-n, *a.* northward.

उदीच्य ud-i-yā (or -yā), *a.* northern; *m.* pl. Northmen; **-vritti**, *f.* usage of the north country.

उदीप ud-i-pa, *m.* inundation. [tion.

उदीरण ud-i-raṇa, *n.* hurling; pronunciation.

उदुम्बर ud-um-bāra, *m.* glomerous fig-tree; its fruit.

उदुम्बल ud-um-balā, *a.* copper-coloured.

उदेतव्य ud-etavya, *fp.* *n.* it is needful to rise

उदेतोस ud-etos, *ab. inf.* *a. i. itk purā*, before sunrise.

उदोजस ud-ojas, *a.* extremely powerful

उद्गता ud-gatā, *f.* a metre.

उद्गति ud-gati, *f.* coming forth, springing up.

उद्गद्गिका ud-gadgadikā, *f.* sobbing.

उद्गम ud-gama, *m.* rise (of heavenly bodies); ascent; rising, elevation, breaking forth, appearance; springing up; shoot; departure; **-tva**, *n. abst. s.*

उद्गमन ud-gamana, *n.* rising, coming forth, appearance. **-i-ya**, *n.* clean garment.

उद्गातृ ud-gātri, *m.* priest who chants the Sāma-veda.

उद्गार ud-gār-a, *m.* spitting out; exudation; throwing out; pouring forth; flood; saliva; roar; **-in**, *a.* belching, spitting, emitting, exhaling, pouring forth, uttering ().

उद्गिरण ud-girana, *n.* spitting, vomiting.

उद्गीति ud-giti, *f.* a metre.

उद्गीथ ud-gītha, *m.* (*n.*) chanting of the Sāma-veda by the Udgātri.

उद्गृण ud-gṛma, *n.* (*pp.*) raising a weapon as a threat, **-gorana**, *n. id.*

उद्गृथन ud-gṛthana, *n.* girding on

उद्गृहण ud-gṛhāna, *n.* taking out.

उद्ग्राह ud-grāhu, *m.* reception

उद्ग्रीव ud-grīv-a, *a.* with outstretched neck **-m, ad. : having the neck uppermost, **-ikā**, *f.* stretching out the neck; **-in**, *a.* = udgriva**

उद्गृह्य ud-gṛhāna, *n.* striking; blow; outbreak, outburst; **-gharshana**, *n.* friction; thrashing.

उद्घात ud-ghāt-a, *m.* opening, displaying; **-aka**, *m.* key; **-ana**, *a.* opening, thrusting aside; *n.* opening; **-aniya**, *fp.* to be opened; **-ita-gia**, *a.* prudent, wise; **-in**, *a.* opening

उद्घात ud-ghāt-a, *m.* blow; jolt, shock; discussion; beginning; **-in**, *a.* rough, rugged.

उद्गृण ud-ghṛna, *a.* wavering. [raised.

उद्गृण ud-ghṛna, *a.* having the nose or snout

उद्गृष ud-ghoṣa, *m.* proclaiming aloud;

-ka, *m.* eager; **-ma**, *n.* public proclamation; blazing abroad.

उद्गृह्य ud-daṇḍa, *a.* with staff upraised; having its stalk erect; raised aloft; eminent; extraordinary; **-karma**, *a.* doing extraordinary

उद्गृह्य ud-darpi, *a.* haughty. [many deeds.

उद्गृह्य ud-dakṣa, *a.* tearing out.

उद्गृह्य ud-dāna, *n.* tying up; stringing.

उद्गृह्य ud-dāma, *a.* unfettered, unloosed; unbridled; abounding in, full of (); **-and** **-m**, *ad.*

उद्गृह्य ud-dāma-ya, *den. P.* make luxuriant.

उद्गृह्य ud-dālaka, *m.* *N.* of a teacher.

उद्गृह्य ud-dis-ya, *gd.* (pointing to =) towards, to, with regard to, about

उद्गृह्य ud-dipana, *n.* inflaming; **-in**, *f.* virulence (of a poison).

उद्गृह्य ud-desa, *m.* reference; statement, account; sketch, brief exposition; region, part, place; *in*, *ab.* with reference to; **-tas**, *ad.* briefly.

उद्गृह्य ud-dyota, *a.* beaming; *m.* effulgence; splendour, **-kara**, *m.* *N.* of an author.

उद्गृह्य ud-dhata, *pp.* (*√* hau) struck; whirled up; excited; violent, strong; loud; high; proud, arrogant; *m.* *N.* of an ass.

उद्गृह्य ud-dhati, *f.* blow; shock, jolt; elevation, arrogance

उद्गृह्य ud-dhar-ana, *n.* lifting; extraction, removal, deliverance; **-avya**, *fp.* to be drawn out, **-tri**, *m.* destroyer, deliverer

उद्गृह्य ud-dhār-a, *m.* pulling out; removal, payment; exception, omission; selected part, abstract, deliverance; **-aka-vidhi**, *m.* payment; **-ana**, *n.* extraction, payment; **-ya**, *fp.* to be removed.

उद्गृह्य ud-dhara, *a.* uncontrollable, overweening; bent on (or in). [agitation (tr.)

उद्गृह्य ud-dhūmana, *n.* shaking up, violent

उद्गृह्य ud-dhūla-ya, *den. P.* bestrew.

उद्गृह्य ud-dhūsh-ita, *pp.* shuddering.

उद्गृह्य ud-dhṛta, *pp.* *√* dhr or *√* hrī, **-dhri-**, *fp.* pulling out, tearing up, abstract, epitome, deliverance.

उद्गृह्य ud-bandha, *m.* hanging oneself; **-ana**, *n. id.*; hanging a criminal). [*n. abst. s.*

उद्गृह्य ud-bāshpa, *a.* shedding tears; **-tva**,

उद्गृह्य ud-bāhu, *ka*, *a.* having the arms upraised.

उद्गृह्य ud-bubba, *a.* bubbling forth.

उद्गृह्य ud-bhaṅga, *m.* breaking off (a habit)

उद्गृह्य ud-bhata, *a.* eminent, extraordinary.

उद्गृह्य ud-bhava, *m.* origin, birth, appearance; birthplace; *n.* arising or produced from **-kshetra**, *n.* place of origin.

उद्गृह्य ud-bhaṣ-ana, *n.* neglect; **-ayitri**, *m.* raiser or exalter (*n.*)

उद्गृह्य ud-bhās-in, *a.* resplendent with: made visible or indicated by (), forthcoming, **-ara**, *a.* blazing

उद्गृह्य ud-bhig-ga, *a.* produced from sprouts; **-bhid**, *a.* breaking forth, sprouting; *f.* shoot, plant. [gible

उद्गृह्य ud-bhūta-sparsa-vat *a.* tan-

उद्गृह्य ud-bhūti, *f.* origin; appearance; exaltation; prosperity.

उद्गृह्य ud-bheda, *m.* bursting forth, appearance; fountain; treason.

उद्गृह्य ud-bhramana, *n.* soaring up.

उद्गृह्य ud-bhrānta, (*pp.*) *n.* rising; waving a sword; **-ka**, *a.* wandering about; *n.* soaring up.

उद्गृह्य ud-yata, (*pp.*) (*√* yam) prepared, ready, *n.* offering; **-daṇḍa**, *a.* having his sceptre erect, ready to inflict punishment.

उद्गृह्य ud-yati, *f.* raising, striking up.

उद्गृह्य ud-yama, *m.* raising; exertion, endeavour, diligence (*ae. d.*, *prati*, *inf.*, *-ti*); **-ana**, *n.* raising; endeavour; **-bharit**, *a.* exerting oneself, working.

उद्गृह्य ud-yan-in, *a. id.* taking trouble

उद्गृह्य ud-yāna, *n.* walking out, pleasure garden, grove, park; **-ka**, *n.* pleasure garden, grove; **-pāla**, *m.* (*i.*) gardenier; **-pālaka**, *m.* (*i.ka*) *id.*; **-mālā**, *f.* row of gardeners.

उद्गृह्य ud-yuga, *m.* kind of disease

उद्गृह्य ud-yog-a, *m.* exertion, effort, practice in (); **-samārtha**, *a.* capable of exertion **-in**, *a.* active, strenuous, diligent

उद्गृह्य ud-rā, *m.* kind of aquatic animal

उद्गृह्य ud-rasmi, *a.* resplendent.

उद्गृह्य ud-rikta-kitta, *a.* haughty; **-ket-** **-as**, *n.* high-minded

उद्गृह्य ud-rin, *a.* abounding in water

उद्गृह्य ud-rek-a, *m.* excess, redundancy, pre- dominance, **-in**, *a.* excessive; producing an excess of ().

उद्गृह्य ud-rodhana, *n.* rising, growth

उद्गृह्य ud-vāt, *f.* height

उद्गृह्य ud-vartana, *a.* bursting (); *n.* leaping up; rising; unquiet; unquiet

उद्गृह्य ud-vasa, *a.* uninhabited; *n.* desert.

उद्गृह्य ud-vah-a, *a.* carrying upwards, continuing; *m.* son, descendant of (); **-ana**, *n.* raising up, bearing, supporting; drawing, driving, riding on (); possession of ()

उद्गृह्य ud-vahni, *a.* emitting sparks of fire

उद्गृह्य ud-vāha, *m.* marriage

उद्गृह्य ud-vig-itavya, *fp.* *n.* one must shudder at (*ab.*).

उद्गृह्य ud-vikāśa, *n.* blown (flower)

उद्गृह्य ud-vigna, *pp.* *√* vig; **-mana**, *a.* troubled in mind

उद्गृह्य ud-vikshana, *n.* look, gaze, sight

उद्गृह्य ud-vega, *m.* tremor, heaving, surging, uneasiness, agitation, objection, **-kara**, *a.* (*m.*) causing uneasiness, distressing, agitating, alarming; **-kāra**, *a.* causing, *id.*; **-kāt**, *a.* causing aversion.

उद्गृह्य ud-veg-m, *a.* getting excited

उद्गृह्य ud-veg-n-ka, *a.* = udvega-kara; **-ana**, *a.* disquieting, alarming, *n.* shuddering; alarm **-kara**, *a.* causing terror; **-aniya**, *fp.* object of alarm to *g.* **-in**, *a.* causing aversion.

उद्गृह्य ud-vedi, *a.* on which an altar rises.

undergoing (-°); **-ā**, a. undergoing, practising (-°). [sit down.]

उपवेश upa-vesya, *cs. gd.* having made to
उपशम upa-sama, *m.* cessation; abatement; extinction; calmness; **-na**, *n.* appeasement; **-vat**, *a.* having peace of mind.

उपशय upa-sayā, *a.* lying beside; *m.* lying-in-wait; **-stha**, *a.* being on the watch (for game).

उपशय upa-salya, *n.* open space near a town or village; **-ka**, *n.* small open space in the neighbourhood. [sation; abatement.]

उपशान्ति upa-sānti, *f.* tranquillization; ces-
उपशयिन् upa-sāyin, *a.* sleeping; going to rest. [eagerness to learn.]

उपशिक्षा upa-sikshā, *f.* acquirement (-°);

उपशोभन upa-sobh-ana, *n.* trimming; **-ā**, *f.*

उपशेय upa-sheya, *m.* embrace. [ornament.]

उपसोकयितव्य upa-sloka-ityavya, *fp.* to be sung of in slokas.

उपश्लब्ध upa-shlabdha, *n.* स्तम्भ **-stambha**.

उपसंव्यान upa-samvāna, *n.* under-garment.

उपसंहार upa-sam-hāra, *m.* drawing back; recapitulation; conclusion; **-krita-tva**, *n.* withdrawal from consideration; **-kriti**, *f.* denouement, catastrophe (in a play).

उपसंक्रान्ति upa-samkrānti, *f.* getting across.

उपसंक्षेप upa-samkshēpa, *m.* brief summary.

उपसंख्या upa-samkhyāna, *n.* superaddition.

उपसंगमन upa-sam-gamana, *n.* sexual intercourse; **-graha**, *m.* clasping (e.g. the feet in token of respect); taking (a wife); **-na**, *n.* clasping; respectful salutation by clasping the feet; **-grāhya**, *fp.* whose feet should be clasped.

उपसन्त upa-sānti, *m.* inhabitant.

उपसदन upa-sadana, *n.* respectful salutation; performance; **-sādya**, *fp.* to be respectfully approached or served; **-sādana**, *fp.* (✓sad) having entered as a pupil.

उपसंध्यम् upa-sandhyam, *ad.* about the time of twilight. [a co-wife.]

उपसपत्नि upa-sapatni, *ad.* in presence of

उपसरण upa-sarana, *n.* approaching (-°).

उपसर्ग upa-sar-ga, *m.* addition; trouble; calamity; eclipse; preposition (*gr.*); **-sar-gana**, *n.* addition; obscuration, eclipse; secondary thing; subordinate person, representative; dependent (in a compound or as a derivative) word determining another *gr.*

उपसर्पण upa-sar-pāna, *n.* approach; going out into (-°); **-ā**, *a.* approaching.

उपसान्त्वन् upa-sāntvāna, *n.* kind word.

उपसिन्धु upa-sindhu, *ad.* near the Indus.

उपसुप्त upa-sunda, *m. N.* of a *Daitya* (younger brother of Sunda). [butter-spoon.]

उपसेकन upa-sēkana, *n.* besprinkling; **i**, *f.*

उपसेवक upa-sev-aka, *a.* courting (-°); **-ana**, *n.* courting; carnal intercourse with (-°); addition to, indulgence in (-°); **-ā**, *f.* carnal intercourse with; devotion to; indulgence in (-°); **-ā**, *a.* serving; reverencing; worship-ping; practising (-°).

उपस्कर upa-skara, *m. (n.)* implement; domestic utensil; broom. [laut; **-na**, *n.* support.]

उपस्तम्भ upa-stambha, *m.* support. stimu-

उपस्तारण upa-stāraṇa, *n.* mattress. [vant.]

उपस्ति upa-sti (or -sti), *m.* dependent, ser-

उपस्तिरे upa-stīre, *d. inf.* to spread out, to

उपस्तुति upa-stuti, *f.* invocation. [cover.]

उपस्थ upa-stha, *m.* lap; driver's seat; *m. n.* organs of generation; **-nigraha**, *m.* control of the sexual passion; **-sthātavya**, *fp. n.* one should appear; one should wait upon; **-sthātri**, *a.* putting in an appearance (*leg.*); **-sthāna**, *n.* presence; approach; attendance; service; veneration; assembly; **-sthāyika**, *m.* attendant on the sick; **-sthāyin**, *a.* putting in an appearance (*leg.*); **-sthita**, *fp. ✓sthā*.

उपस्पर्शन upa-spars-ana, *n.* touching; bath-ing, ablution; rinsing the mouth; **-ā**, *a.* touching, bathing in (-°); **-spris**, *a.* touch-ing, *f.* caress.

उपहतान्न upa-hata ātman, *a.* blinded, be-guiled; **-hata**, *a.* assailing; **-hantavya**, *fp.* to be killed.

उपहारण upa-har-ana, *n.* offering, presenta-tion; **-tavya**, *fp.* to be presented; **-tri**, *m.* server up (of meat).

उपहस्तिका upa-hasti-kā, *f.* betel-case.

उपहार upa-hāra, *m.* offering; presenta-tion, gift; peace purchased by indemnifica-tion; **-m vi-dhā**, *offer (ac.)* as a victim: **-ā-ka**, *m.*, **-kā**, *f.* ul.; **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* abst. *n.*: **-pāna**, *a.* bringing a present in one's hand; **-var-man**, *m. N.*; **i-kri**, offer up, sacrifice (*ac.*), **i-kirishu**, *des. a.* wishing to offer up as a sacrifice (*ac.*).

उपहास upa-hāsa, *m.* laughter; ridicule, mockery; jest; **-ā**, *n.* ridiculing; **-ya**, *fp.* to be ridiculed; **-tā**, *f.* derision; **-m gam**, *a.* be-come a laughing-stock.

उपहित upa-hita, *pp.* (✓dhā) conditioned by (-°); **-tva**, *n.* being conditioned by (-°).

उपहृति upa-hṛti, *f.* challenge.

उपहोम upa-homā, *m.* additional sacrifice.

उपह्वर upa-hvari, *m.* slope; secluded place; *lc.* privately; neighbourhood; *lc.* near.

उपाय upa āyā, *ad.* [at the Soma], silently; secretly; privately; *m.* silent prayer; **-kriti**, *ita*, *pp.* played with secretly, sharing one's private amusements; **-vādha**, *m.* secret murder; **-vrata**, *n.* silent vow.

उपाकरण upa ā-karana, *n.* preparation; be-ginning of Vedic study; **-karma**, *n.* id.

उपाख्यान upa ākhyāna, *n.* subordinate tale, episode; **-ka**, *n.* short tale.

उपाङ्ग upa āṅga, *n.* subordinate member; subdivision; unimportant supplement; **-gita**, *n.* choral song.

उपाङ्गन upa āṅgana, *n.* anointing, smearing.

उपात्त upa ā-tta, *pp.* ✓dā; **-vidya**, *a.* who has acquired knowledge; **-bāra**, *a.* the best of which has been appropriated.

उपादान upa ādāna, *n.* taking, seizure, ap-propriation; apprehension; admission, non-exclusion; employment; mention; quotation; material cause.

उपादेय upa ā-deya, *fp.* (✓dā) to be accepted or chosen; excellent; contained in (-°).

उपाधि upa ā-dhi, *m.* substitution; all that comes under the head of (-°); epithet; con-dition, assumption; that which conditions.

उपाध्याय upa adhyāy-a, *m.* teacher; **-āsi**, *f.* wife of a teacher. [a shoe.]

उपानद्गुह upānad-gūḍha, *pp.* covered with

उपानह upā-nāh, *f. (nm. -nat)* sandal, shoe.

उपानह upānāh-a, *m. (esp. -°) id.*; **-ā**, *n.* shod.

उपान्त upa ant-ā, *n.* nearness of the end; border, edge; outskirts; immediate proximity; *lc.*, *near (g. or -°)*; **-bhāga**, *m.* edge, rim, border; **-ika**, *n.* vicinity; **-m**, *ad.* up to (*g.*); *ab.* near; *lc.* near = into (*g.*).

उपान्त्य upa antya, *a.* last but one.

उपाय upa āya, *m.* approach; means; ex-pedient, stratagem, device, craft; *tn. or -tas*, cleverly, craftily; **-kintā**, *f.* devising an ex-pedient; **-gāṇa**, *a.* fertile in resources; **-sam-dātrāna-ga**, *a.* arising from the manifestation of successful means.

उपायन upa āyana, *n.* approach; present, of-fering; **i-kri**, make a present of.

उपायीय upāyāupeya, *n.* means and end.

उपायेन upa ārg-ana, *n.*, **-ā**, *f.* acquisition; **-ita**, *pp.* (✓rig) acquired.

उपालब्ध upa ā-labdhavya, *fp.* to be blam-ed; **-labhya**, *fp. id.*; **-labha**, *m.* reproach, blame, censure; **-na**, *n.* id.

उपालि upa āli, *ad.* in his mistress' presence.

उपावर्तन upa āvartana, *n.* return.

उपावसायिन् upa āva-sāyin, *a.* submitting to

उपाश्रय upa āsraya, *m.* refuge. [(g.).]

उपासक upa ās-aka, *a.* serving; *m.* servant; follower, worshipper (*esp. of Buddha*); **-ana**, *n.* attendance; honour; devotion, worship; practice; domestic fire; **-ya**, *fp.* to be honoured.

उपाहित upa ā-hita, *pp.* (✓dhā); *n.* con-flagration.

उपेक्ष upa iksh-aka, *a.* indifferent; **-ana**, *n.* disregard; indifference; indulgence, tolerance; **-ā**, *f.* disregard, indifference; neglect; **-ya**, *fp.* to be disregarded or overlooked.

उपेत upa ita, *pp.* endured; **-pūrva**, *a.* pre-viously apprenticed to a teacher. [pedicants.]

उपेतु up-eti, *m.* undertaker, employer of ex-

उपेन्द्र upa indra, *m. ep. of Vishnu* (sub-Indra); **-va/rā**, *f.* a metre.

उपेय upēya, *fp.* (✓i) that is to be under-taken; to be approached (carnally). [to.]

उपेयिवस upa iyivas, *pt. pf. ✓i*, having gone

उपोह upa ōḥa, *pp.* (✓vah) married.

उपोदक upa ōdaka, *a.* close to the water; **i**, *f.* a plant. [gunning; apt instance.]

उपोद्घात upa ōdghāta, *m.* introduction; be-

उपोद्बलक upa ōd-bala-ka, *a.* supporting; **-tva**, *n.* abst. *n.*; **-bala-ya**, *den. P.* support.

उपोषण upa ōshana, *n.* fasting.

उपोषित upa ōshita, *pp.* (✓vas, dwell) *n.* id.

उप्त up-ut, *pp.* ✓vap; **-ti**, *f.* sowing.

उप्रत्यय u-pratyaya, *m.* suffix u.

उच्छ UCB, VI. F. keep down, restrain.

उभ UBH, VI. P. ubhā, IX. P. ubh-āḥ, VII. P. ubh-āḥ, knit, bind, compress.

उभ ubh-ā, *du.* both.

उभय ubhā-ya, *a.* (i) *sg.* & *pl.* both: -*krāma*, *a.* desirous of both; -*gana*, *a.* having both qualities; -*śakra-vartin*, *a.* ruling both worlds.

उभयतस् ubhayā-tas, *ad.* from or on both sides, (*of ac. or g.*); in both cases; (*h.*) -*maṣya*, *a.* bearing crops at both seasons; -*tas-tik-śana*, *a.* sharp at both ends; -*to-dant*, *a.* having two rows of teeth; (*ā*) -*to-mukha*, having a spout on both sides (*recess*).

उभयत्र ubhayā-tra, *ad.* in both places; in both cases; -*thā*, *ad.* in both ways or cases.

उभयप्राप्ति ubhaya-prāpti, *a.* validity in both cases (*gr.*); *a.* valid in both cases; -*vetana*, *a.* receiving wages from both, serving two masters; -*snātaka*, *a.* having bathed after both (*i.e.* his apprenticeship and his row of chastity).

उभया ubhayā, *ad.* in both ways. [both sets.]

उभयात्मक ubhaya-ātmaka, *a.* belonging to both

उभयाद् ubhayā-da, *a.* having two rows of teeth. [words identical in form and meaning]

उभयावृत्ति ubhaya-āvṛtti, *f.* recurrence of

उमा ūmā, *f.* flax; *N.* of Siro's wife (Parvati, Durgā); -*nātha*, *m.* husband of Uma, Siva; -*pati*, -*jīva*, *m.* id.

उरः uraḥ, *m.* broad chest; -*pratiṣṭham*, *abs.* breast pressing breast.

उरग urā-ga, *m.* [breast-goer]. snake: -*asa*, *m.* snake-eater, *ep.* of Garuda.

उरगाश्रय uraga-āśya, *n.* (snake-face), *kind of* spade. [snake]

उरंग uram-ga, *मम* -ma, *m.* [breast-goer].

उरण ūr-ana, **उरध** ura-bhṛa, *m.* ram. lamb.

उरुरी ur-urī, *spread out*; receive; assume, display; admit; begin with (*ac.*).

उरश्चद uras-khada, *m.* cuirass.

उरस ūr-as, *n.* breast: -*ā dhā*, (*ā*) wear on the breast; -*ka*, *a.* -breasted, -chested ()

उरःसूत्रिका uraḥ-sūtrikā, *f.* pearl necklace

उरा ūr-ā, *f.* sheep. [worn on the breast.]

उरी ūrī, *receive*; place at one's disposal, give up; promise; begin with.

उरु ūr-ū, *a.* (*f.* id. or *urvī*) wide, broad; spacious, extensive; great (*also fig.*); *n.* distance; free space; *ad.* far; far away.

उरुक्रम uru-kramā, *a.* far-striding; -*gāya*, *id.*; far-extending, *m.* *ep.* of Vishnu; -*vikrama*, *a.* of great courage; -*vyākāsa*, *a.* capacious; -*vyākā*, *a.* *ul.* extensive; *f.* *urukī*, earth; -*āma*, *a.* praising aloud; far-ruling.

उरुथ uru-shyā, *den.* P. make for the distance; escape from (*ac.*); rescue or protect from

उरुका ūr-ūka, *m.* = ulūka, owl. [(ab.)]

उरुणस ūrū-naśā, *a.* broad-nosed.

उरो ūro-ga, *m.* female breast; -*vidāram*, *abs.* while his breast was lacerated.

उर्वरा urvārā, *f.* corn-field; earth.

उर्वरित urvarita, *pp.* left over, escaped, saved.

उर्वशी ur-vāśī, *f.* ardour, passion, fervent desire; *N.* of an Apsaras.

उर्विया urviyā, *ad.* far, far and wide.

उर्वी urvī, *f.* earth; *du.* heaven and earth. *pl.* *v.* *śaśa*, the six terrestrial spaces (*four quarters, above & below, sometimes explained as heat & cold, day & night, water & plants*)

उर्वीतल urvi-tala, *n.* surface of the earth, earth; -*dhara*, *m.* mountain; -*pati*, *m.* king; -*bhaḡ*, *m.* id.; -*bharit*, *m.* mountain; -*raha*, *a.* sprung from the earth; *m.* tree [a people]

उलूक ulūka, *m.* owl; *ep.* of Indra *pl.* *N.* of

उलूखल ulūkhala, *n.* mortar; -*maṣala*, *n.* mortar and pestle; -*ika*, *a.* using as a

उलूप ulūpa, *m.* a plant. [mortar ()]

उल्का ulkā, *f.* meteor; firebrand, torch; -*mukha*, *m.* kind of spectre.

उल्ल ulba, (*m.*) *n.* eul; womb.

उल्लव ulbana, *a.* excessive; extraordinary, abounding in, full of (or in); -*tā*, *f.* abst. *s.*

उल्लुक ulmuka, *n.* firebrand

उल्लङ्घन ul-lāgh-ana, *n.* overstepping; transgression, infringement; -*aniya*, *fp.* to be infringed; -*ya*, *fp.* *ul.*

उल्लङ्घन ul-lalana, *a.* swarming (bee)

उल्लसित ul-las-ita, **उल्लासित** ul-lāsita, *pp.* *√las* [valescence]

उल्लाघ ul-lāgha, *a.* convalescent; -*tā*, *f.* con-

उल्लाघय ullāgha-ya, *den.* P. restore to life.

उल्लाप ul-lāpa, *m.* abuse; -*ina*, *a.* calling out exclaiming.

उल्लास ul-lās-a *m.* appearance, growth, joy; -*ana*, *n.* flashing; -*ina*, *a.* playing, skipping

उल्लिखित ul-likh-ita, *pp.* scratched, scraped.

उल्लिङ्गय ul-līnga-ya, *den.* P. infer by tokens.

उल्लुङ्घन ul-lūḡhana, *n.* pulling.

उल्लेख ul-lekha, *n.* mention, description; -*ana*, *a.* painting, describing; *n.* scraping; mention, statement, -*ina*, *a.* scraping extending to; -*ya*, *fp.* to be scratched on or written down on ()

उल्ल ulva, *शु* -*na*, *r.* ulba, -*na*.

उल्ला u-lā, *pf.* *√val*.

उल्लास u-lāsa, *pf.* *√vas*, dwell.

उल्लात us-āt, *pr. pt.* (*√vas*), walking, eager.

उल्लास us-ān-us, *m.* (*nm.* *ā*) *N.* of a fish; in *C.* identified with *Sakra* & the planet *Venus*

उल्ला us-ānā, (*in*) *ad.* eagerly, joyously

उल्ला u-lāba, *m.* the word u [swiftly].

उल्लिख us-ly, *a.* eager, ready, willing.

उल्लिख usi-nara, *m.* *pl.* *N.* of a people in *Madhyadesa*; *ep.* king of the *Uśnara*

उल्लिख usi-ra, *m.* *n.* a fragrant root.

उल्ल U. U. I. P. osha, IX. P. uśh-nā, burn (*n.*); chastise; destroy. *upa*, *prati*, scorch, burn up.

उल्ल 2. ūśh, *f.* (*only g. sg. & ac. pl.*) dawn.

उल्ल ūśh-a, *a.* eager, desirous.

उल्ल ūśh-budh, *a.* waking early.

उल्ल ūśh-ās, *f.* dawn; Aurora, morning; evening red (*are*) *du.* night and morning

उल्ल ūśha-ya, *a.* sacred to Uśhas.

उल्ल ūśh-ā, *f.* dawn, break of day. [night.]

उल्लास ūśhāśi-nāktā, *f.* *du.* dawn and

उल्लित ūśh-ita, *pp.* *√* *ush* and *√* *vas*, dwell. -*itavya*, *fp.* *n.* the night must be passed.

उल्लो ūśho-gala, *n.* *pl.* dew; -*devatā*, *f.* goddesses of dawn; -*rāga*, *m.* dawn.

उल्ल ūśh-tri (or -tri), *m.* ploughing bull.

उल्ल ūśh-tra, *m.* *i.* *f.* buffalo; camel.

उल्लि ūśh-ikā, *f.* she-camel.

उल्ल ūśh-nā, *a.* hot, warm; deep (sigh); -*m.* *ad.* deeply (sigh); *n.* heat; hot season; -*kara*, *m.* sun; -*kāla*, *m.* hot season; -*kāra*, *m.* sun; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* heat; -*didhiti*, -*bhāsa*, -*rami*, -*ra/i*, *m.* sun; -*vāra*, *n.* umbrella; -*samaya*, *m.* hot season, -*sparsa*-vat, *a.* hot to the touch.

उल्ला ūśha-amsu, *m.* (hot-rayed), sun

उल्ला ūśha-ān, *a.* suffering from the heat

उल्लाम ūśha-i-man, *m.* heat

उल्लि ūśha-ly, *f.* (*nm.* *x*) *a.* metre

उल्लि ūśh-krī, heat, warm [-*pa/ta*, *m.* *id.*]

उल्लि ūśhāśha, *m.* *n.* head-band, turban;

उल्लि ūśha-udaka, *n.* warm water

उल्लि ūśh-mun, *m.* heat, warmth, ardour; hot moisture, vapour; -*ya*, *a.* *gd.* -*ushva* (*√vas*, dwell)

उल्ल us-ār, *f.* = **उल्ल** ūśh-us

उल्ल us-rā, *a.* maternal, bright; *m.* *ny*; bull

उल्ल us-rā, *f.* dawn, light of morn; cow; milk.

उल्ल ūs-rī, *f.* morning; brightness, light.

उल्ल usn-kā, *m.* little ox.

उल्लि usr-lyā, *a.* reddish; coming from a bull; *m.* bull; *ā*, *f.* radiance, light; cow, milk and other products of the cow

उल्ल U. H. *r.* **उल्ल** U. H.

उल्ल uh-ya, *r.* *√val*.

उ उ.

उद्धि ūdhi, *f.* carrying, bringing.

उद्ध ū-ta, *pp.* of *√* *uv* and *√* *vā*, weave.

उद्ध 1. ū-tī, *f.* furtherance, help, favour, blessing; helper; comfort, cordial; enjoyment;

उद्ध 2. ū-tī, *f.* web. [I. d. ū-tī.]

उद्ध ūdhan, *n.* udder; bowom; cloud.

उद्ध ūdhar, *n.* *ul.* **उद्ध** ūdhas, *n.* *id.* -*ya*, *n.* milk.

उद्ध ū-nā, *pp.* lacking; incomplete; inadequate; inferior; too little; not quite, less than

उद्ध *ab.* *√* *uv*, loss by *con.* or *in*; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* *ab.* *√* *uv*, -*dvī-vāśhika*, *a.* not yet two years

उद्ध ū-ma, *m.* good friend, associate. [old.]

उ ū = उ *u.*

ऊ ū, *id.* before *iti* in the *Padapāṭha*.

ऊकार ū-kāra, *m.* the sound or letter ū.

ऊचुस् ū-*us*, *3 pl. pf.* of *√vak*.

ऊद्ध ūdha, *pp.* (*√ūh* and *√vāh*) *n.* prey; *ā*, *f.* wife; -*pārva*, *f.* *a.* married before

ऊर् ūrú, *m.* (-^o, *a. f.* *u* or *á*) thigh, loin; -*gaṣman*, *m. ep.* of Auras; -*phala-ka*, *n.* loin-guard; -*bhaṅga*, *m.* fracture of the thigh; -*sambhava*, *a.* produced from the thigh; -*skambha*, *m.* paralysis of the thigh; -*stambha*, *m. id.*

ऊर्ध्व ūrdhva, *a.* = *sambhava*; -*upa-pidam*, *abs.* with pressure of the thigh.

ऊर्ज ūrg, *f.* nourishment, invigoration; manly vigour.

ऊर्ज ūrg-á, *a.* vigorous; *á, f.* vigour.

ऊर्जय ūrgá-ya, *den. P.* nourish, strengthen; *pp* *ūrgita*, vigorous, mighty.

ऊर्जस ūrg-as, *n.* power, strength; -*vat*, *a.* (8-) nourishing, juicy; exuberant; vigorous; -*vals*, *a.* powerful, strong; -*vin*, *a. id.*

ऊर्ण ūr-na, *n.* wool (-^o); -*nābha*, -*nābhi*, *m.* spider; -*mṛada*, -*mṛadas*, *a.* soft as wool; -*vābhi*, *m.* spider.

ऊर्णा ūr-nā, *f.* wool; spider's thread; twist of hair between the eyebrows; -*maya*, *a.* (3) woolly; -*yā*, *a.* woolly; *f.* shrew; -*vat*, *a.* woolly; *m.* spider; -*stukā*, *f.* bunch of wool.

ऊर्णु ŪR-NU, II, -*nóti* or -*naúti*; -*nuté*, surround; envelope: *Ā.* envelope oneself. *apa*, uncover. *abhi*, cover up, enshroud. *pra*, envelope. *sam-pra*, cover completely. *vi*, uncover.

ऊर्ध्व ūrdh-vá, *a.* upward; upright; raised, elevated; *ad.* upwards; afterwards: -*m*, *ad. id.*; above, beyond, after (*ab.*); after the death of (*g.*): *áta ūrdhvám*, after this, henceforth; thereupon; *ita ūrdhvám*, from now onwards (in a book); *ūrdhvám samāhri*, suppress (*tear*).

ऊर्ध्वकर ūrdhva-kara, *a.* with raised hands or upward rays; -*karna*, *a.* pricking up one's ears; -*kṛta*, *pp.* raised upwards; -*ga*, *a.* going upwards; -*gati*, *f.* going upwards; bounding; *a.* going upwards or to heaven; -*gamana*, *n.* rising, ascending, elevation; -*vat*, *a.* moving upwards; -*gāmin*, *a.* = -*ga*; -*gvalana*, *n.* fluming up; -*gāmpa*, *m.* upward leap; -*āris*, *a.* looking upwards; -*drishā*, *a.* upward gaze; -*pātra*, *n.* tall vessel; -*pāda*, *a.* holding up the feet; *m.* tip of the foot; -*pāndra*, -*ka*, *m.* vertical line marked with sandal &c. on the forehead of a Brāhman, sectarian mark; -*bāhu*, *a.* having the arms raised; -*bṛhati*, *f.* *a. metre*; -*bhāga*, *m.* upper part; -*mukha*, *a.* with upturned face; having its mouth turned upwards; darting upwards; -*munda*, *a.* shaved on the crown; -*rā*, *f.* upward streak; -*rekhā*, *f.* upward line; -*reta*, *a.* whose seed remains above, chaste; -*loka*, *m.* upper world, heaven; -*vāla*, *a.* hair outwards; -*vṛta*, *pp.* worn above = over the shoulder.

ऊर्ध्वकुलि ūrdhva-ānguli, *a.* having the fingers directed upwards; -*āroha*, *m.* rising upwards.

ऊर्मि ūr-mi, *m. f.* [roller: *√vri*] wave, billow; *pl.* shower (of arrows), sea (of troubles &c.); gallop; affliction (as of which assail human life: hunger, thirst, heat, cold, greed, and error).

ऊर्मिका ūrmi-kā, *f.* finger-ring; -*mat*, *a.* surging, waving; -*mālā*, *f.* *a. metre*; -*mālin*, *a.* having a garland of waves; *m.* sea.

ऊर्म्य ūrmya, *a.* surging; *á, f.* night.

ऊर्व ūr-vá, *m.* reservoir; fold, cattle-pen: *N. of a saint.*

ऊ RI.

ऊ RI, VI. P. *rikkhá*; *V.* also III. *iyar-ti*, V. *rinó-ti*, II. *ár-ti*, move; agitate, raise (move); offer, present; arise, run, flow; fall on; meet; incur, undergo (with *abst. nouns*); attain, obtain, gain, acquire; *cs.* *arpaya*, cast, throw; direct (gaze, thoughts); put or place in or on; fasten, insert; present; make over or deliver to, restore. *á*, inflict on (*ac.*); fall into (misfortune) *ad.* agitate; raise; call forth; *cs.* cause to thrive. *pra*, *cs.* arouse. *prati*, fasten; deliver; restore, give anew. *vi*, open. *sam*, put together; hasten to together to (*ac.*, *le*), meet with (*m.*); *cs.* P. *Ā.* fasten; insert; point, deliver, hand over; restore, despatch.

ऊकार ri-kāra, *m.* the sound or letter *ri*.

ऊक्तस rik-tás, *ad.* with regard to the *rik* verses.

ऊक्ता rik-vat, *a.* singing, shouting; *m.* singer (a class of gods); -*van*, *a. id.*

ऊष 1. rikshá, *a.* bald

ऊष 2. riksha, *a.* dire; *m.* bear; kind of monkey; *N.* *pl.* the Great Bear; *m.* *n.* star, lunar mansion; *f.* she-bear; -*rāga*, *m.* king of the bears or monkeys; king of the stars, moon; -*vat*, *m.* *N.* of a mountain.

ऊषेष्टि riksha ishṭi, *f.* offering to the lunar mansions. [tion of the *rik* verses.

ऊक्कसंहिता rik-samhitā, *f.* arranged collec-

ऊग्गाथा rig-gāthā, *f.* *rik* chant.

ऊग्गिमन् rig-mīn, *a.* praising, shouting; -*mī-*

ya or *rig-*), *a.* praiseworthy; -*yaḡusha*, *n.* the *rik* and the *Yagur* verses; -*vidhāna*, *n.* employment of the *rik* verses; *T.* of a work. -*veda*, *m.* Veda of verses or hymns, *rik-veda* (i.e. the *rik* verses with or without the ritual and speculative works connected with them).

ऊघाय righāya, *den.* quiver, rage. [stormy.

ऊघावत् righā-vat, *वन* -*van*, *a.* raging.

ऊघय riñ-māya, *a.* consisting of *rik* verses.

ऊच rik, *f.* lustre; sacred hymn or verse, *esp.* as distinguished from that which is sung (*sāman* and from the sacrificial formula (*yagur*); verse to which a rite or explanation refers; aggregate of the *rik* verses, the *rik-veda* (generally *pl.*).

ऊच RIK, I. P. *āzha*, beam, shine; sing; praise; sing hymns (*ac.*) in praise of (*d.*); honour, worship; adorn. *pp.* *arkita*, honoured, highly respected; respectfully presented; *cs.* *arkaya*, cause to beam; honour, worship; salute. *abhi*, sing, praise; duly honour, respectfully salute. *sam-abhi*, honour, worship; greet. *pra*, begin to sing; praise.

ऊच rika, *m.* -^o = *rik*, hymn, verse.

ऊचीक rik-ika, *m. N.* of Gamadagni's father; *N.* of a country.

ऊचीषम rik-isha-ma, *a. ep.* of Indra.

ऊछ RIKH, VI. P. *rikkhá* (*pr. base only*), meet with; fall on; incur, fall into; attain; attack, insult.

ऊवध ūvadhya, *n.* contents of the entrails.

ऊष ūsh-a, *m.* alkaline earth; -*na*, *n.* pepper; -*rā*, *a.* impregnated with salt; *n.* barren land.

ऊषरायित ūsharāyita, *pp.* become like a salt desert.

ऊषी ūsh-i, *f.* alkaline or barren soil.

ऊषुस ūsh-us, *3 pl. pf.* of *√vas*, dwell.

ऊष्मन् ūsh-mān, *m.* heat; ardour; vapour; breathing (grammatical designation of all the sibilants, *h*, and *anusvāra*).

ऊष्मप ūshma-pa, *a.* imbibing only the steam of food; *m.* a class of Manes.

ऊह 1. ŪH (often ūh), I. *āha*, expiate; change, modify. *apa*, remove; release; follow close upon (*ac.*); give up, avoid; deny. *vi* *apa*, remove, destroy. *abhi*, cover over with (*in.*). *upa*, move up, bring near; *ps.* approach (time). *pp.* *upodha*, brought near; near; begun; displayed; audible. *sam-upa*, *pp.* begun; presented; offering itself. *nis*, extract; remove; *pp.* *nir-ūsha*, isolated. *prati*, interrupt. *vi*, spread out; divide, arrange, draw up in battle array; transpose; dissolve (vowel sandhi); *pp.* *vyūdhā*, broad, extensive. *nir-vi*, bring out; achieve, accomplish. *sam* and *pari-sam*, bring together.

ऊह 2. ŪH, I. *Ā.* *āha*, *I.* *P.* *Ā.* *āha*, *C.* regard, observe; conjecture, suppose; infer; understand. *api*, understand; infer. *abhi*, consider; infer.

ऊह ūh-a, *m. i.* addition; modification; 2. consideration; inference; -*ana*, *n. id.*; -*aniya*, -*ya*, *fp.* 1. to be changed; 2. to be inferred.

ऊहवत् ūha-vat, *a.* intelligent, acute.

ऊज् RIG, I. P. *arja*, procure; acquire, obtain; *cs.* P. *Ā.* *id.* *upa*, *cs. id.*

ऊजिय rig-ipyā, *a.* hastening forward.

ऊजीक rig-ikā, *a.* glittering (-^o); *m. ep.* of Indra.

ऊजीति rig-iti, *f.* glowing, sparkling.

ऊजीयस् rig-iyas, *ep.* of *ऊजु* *riyu*.

ऊजीय rig-ish-a, *a.* rushing on; *n.* *N.* of a hell; -*in*, *a.* rushing on.

ऊजु rig-ū, *a.* (rigvi) straight; right, just; honest; -*tā*, *f.* straightness; candour; -*ava*, *n.* straightforwardness; -*ādhā*, *ad.* straight-way; rightly; -*māta aksharā*, *f. N.* of a commentary on Yāgyavalkya's code.

ऊजूह rig-kri, make straight.

ऊज् rig-rā, *a.* reddish, bay.

ऊज्जति riñgāte, *3sg. pr.* *ऊज्जसान* riñgasānā, *aor. pt.* *√rañg*.

ऊज्ज ri-nā, (*pp.*) *a.* guilty; *n.* obligation, debt; -*m dhārāya*, owe (*ac.*) to (*g.*); -*m kri*, borrow from (*ab.*); -*pra-yam*, -*ni*, -*sam-ni*, pay off a debt; -*dhā*, *id.*; lend to (*cc.*); -*pra āp*, incur a debt; -*mrigaya* or *yā*, ask for a loan.

ऊयकर्तृ rina-kartri, *a.* contracting debts; -*kṛheda*, (*pp.*) *a.* discharge of a debt; -*tā*, *f.* indebtedness; -*dāsa*, *m.* one who pays his debt by becoming a slave; -*nirmoksha*, *m.* release from an obligation to (*g.*); -*pradātri*, *m.* money-

lender; -vat, a. indebted (to, g); -samud-
dhāra, m. discharge of debt.

चखादान rinā ādāna, n. recovery of debt;
(a) non-payment of debt; -apanayana, n. dis-
charge of an obligation or debt. [m. debtor.

चखिक rin-ika, m. debtor; -in, a. indebted;

चखादहार rinā uddhāra, m. discharge of a
debt.

चत ri-tā, pp. fitting, right; upright,
honest; true; n. established order; sacred
ordinance, pious work, sacrifice, rite; divine
law; truth, right; -m, ad. rightly, properly; w.
i. go the right way (also fig.), w. vad, promise;
in. ad. duly; justly; truly; indeed. -gāta,
pp. duly produced; sacred; -gātā, a. knowing
the divine law, pious; -dyumna, a. delight-
ing in truth; -nī, a. guiding rightly; -pā, a.
maintaining the divine law; (ā)-pragāta, pp.
= rita gāta.

चतय rita-ya, den. Ā. act rightly.

चतया rita-yā, in. ad. rightly; -yāg, a. rightly
yoked; well allied; -vat, a. having or speak-
ing truth; -sāp, a. practising piety; -stubbh,
a. rightly praising.

चताय ritā-ya, den. -pt. -yāt, following the
right way; obedient, pious; -yin, a. regular;
just; pious.

चतावर ritā-van, a. (-vari) observing order,
regular; pious; just; sacred, holy; -vridh,
a. delighting in the divine law, holy.

चतु ri-tū, m. fixed time, right time for sacri-
fice; period, season; the menses, esp. the days
immediately following and suitable for concep-
tion; sexual intercourse at such time; settled
sequence; order; rule: in sg. & pl. at the right
time, in due season; lc. at the proper season.

चतुका ritu-kāla, m. proper season; period
of the menses; the days immediately follow-

ing suitable for conception; -gāsh, a. f. being
in the days favourable for conception;
-tāh, ad. regularly; -pāti, m. lord of seasons;
duly; exactly; -paraa, m. N. of a king of
Ayodhyā; -mat, a. observing regular sea-
sons; -i, f. marriageable, being at the period
suitable for conception; -rāya, m. spring;
-linga, n. characteristic mark of a season;
-dā, ad. duly; -samahāra, m. collection of
the seasons. T. of a poem by Kālidāsa.
-samaya, m. time favourable for conception,
-sūtā, pp. f. having bathed after menstua-
tion, prepared for sexual intercourse.

चते ri-tē, (pp. lc.) prp. apart from, without,
except; when there is no - (ac, ab.). [law.

चतेरा rite-gā, a. living in or faithful to the

चतेरस rite-rakshas, a. excluding the evil
spirits.

चतोक्ति rita ukti, f. truthful declaration.

चत्वन् rituanta, m. end of the seasons;
a. ending a season. [priest.

चत्वि ritvīg, a. sacrificing regularly; m.

चत्वि ritvīya, a. according to rule, regular;
knowing the ritual.

चट् RID. I. P. ārāda (V. also rīda), a. dis-
perse (int.); agitate, torment; es. ar-
dāya, disturb; torment, strike, wound, kill,
destroy. pp. aridita.

चडि rāi-dhi, f. prosperity, welfare, for-
tune; wealth; -mat, a. prosperous, wealthy;
rich in (°).

चट् RIDH. IV. P. rīdhya; V. P. rīdh-
nōti; V. also VII. ri-na-dh, thrive, prosper,
further; accomplish; ps. rīdhya, thrive, be
brought about; pr. rīddha, prosperous, thriv-
ing; wealthy; rich (voice); anu, fulfil. sam,
thrive; ps. be fulfilled; succeed; participate
in (m.) pp. sam-rīddha, fulfilled; perfect;

rich, wealthy; plentiful, abundant, much;
supplied or furnished with (m, ab., -); es.
f. supply; supply with (m). [ungly.

चधक् rīth-ak (or -āk), ad. apart; separately,

चवीस rībhāsa, n. crack in the earth, chasm.

चभु rībh-ā, a. [s/ra/bh] skilful, clever, ex-
pert; m. artificer; N. of three divine arti-
ficers; -kshāna, -kshā, m. N. of the first
Rībhū; ep. of Indra and of the Maruts; -mat,
a. accompanied by the Rībhū.

चभ्व rībhūan, a. dexterous.

चस rīsyā, m. the male of a kind of antelope.
-dā (√dā, bind), pit for catching antelopes;
-sringa, m. N.

चुष 1. RISH. I. P. āraha, flow, glide, abbi,
flow towards (ac).

चुष 2. RISH. VI. P. rīshā, pierce, push,
thrust. m. put in; conceal; fill; pp.
nyrīsha, filled or abounding with (m.).

चवभ rīsha-bhu, m. bull; male (°); best,
noblest among (g., -). N. of a king. N. of
a mountain -ka, m. N. of a king.

चवि rīsh-i, m. bard or author of sacred
hymns, poet, priestly singer; saint or sage of
the olden time, a special class of revered
beings, whose number is often limited to seven;
C. person renowned for wisdom and piety,
esp. an anchorite; pl. the seven sages of the
great Bear. -kumāra, m. anchorite boy; -tva,
n. state of a Rishi, -putra, m. son of a Rishi;
-yagya, m. sacrifice to the Rishis = Vedic study,
-vat, ad. like a Rishi.

चवु rīsh-ū, (only g. pl.) heat, flame.

चटि rīsh-ti, f. spear.

चटिमूक rīshya-mūka, m. N. of a mountain;
-sringa, m. = rīsyā-sringa.

चव rīsh-vā, a. high, lofty; sublime

ए. E.

ए c, prn. root in ē-ka, e-tad, e-na, e-vā, e-vām.

एक ē-ka, num. one; alone, only; single; one
and the same, common; one of (g, ab, or °);
unique; excellent; ascertain, some one, (sts.
= indefinite article), a. an; with na, none; pl.
some, some folks: eka eka or anya, apara,
dvitiya, the one-the other; eke eke, anyo
or apare, some-others; m. N. of a teacher;
ā, f. ep. of Durgā; n. unit (° = one).

एकक eka-kā (akā, ikā), a. single, solitary.
-kapāla, a. (ē-) contained in a single bowl;
-karma, a. having the same business as (m.);
-kārya, (fp.) n. one and the same business,
a. having one and the same purpose; -tva,
n. abot. n. -kāla, a. simultaneous; -m, ad.
only once a day; -tā, f., -tva, n. simultane-
ousness; -kālikam, ad. only once a day;
-kriya, a. having one and the same business;
-kūra, a. single-hoofed, m. animal with un-
cloven hoofs; -grāma, a. dwelling in the
same village.

एकचक्र eka-chakra, a. one-wheeled; -vart-in,
a. moving on one wheel; m. sole monarch
-i-tā, f. abot. s.; -kakshu, a. one-eyed (also
of a needle); -karā, a. living alone; solitary;
m. N. of Śiva; -kārīnī, f. faithful wife or
mistress (devoted to a single man); -kitta, n.
one and the same thought, unanimity; thought
directed to one and the same object; a. of one
mind; thinking of one object only, absorbed;
thinking only of (-); -tā, f. unanimity; su-

tentness on one object only, -i-bhū, become
unanimous; -ākhatra, a. having only one
royal umbrella, ruled by a single king; -gāta,
pp. begotten by the same father or parents,
of equal birth; -gāti, a. having but one birth;
m. Sūdra

एकतत्पर eka-tatpara, a. solely intent on;
-tamā (or ē-), ep. one among many; -tara,
a. ep. one of two (sta = eka-tama); -tas, ad.
= ab, of eka; from or on one side; ekatas
ekatas or anyatas, on the one side-on the
other; here- there; (a)-tā, f. unity, union,
identity; -m api-yā, be united with (in).
-tāna, a. intent on one object only (often
-). -tā, f. abot. s.; -tāla, a. having but one
fan-palm, -tirthin, a. inhabiting the same
hermitage; -to-dant, a. having teeth in one
jaw only; -tra -lc of ka, one, in one place,
together; -trima, a. thirty first; -trima, f.
(ē-) thirty-one; -tva, n. unity; union;
identity; singular (gr); -m gam, be united
with (m); -ā, ā, ad. simultaneously; some-
times; once upon a time, one day; -du/kha,
a. having the same pains; -druya, fp. ab. n.
worthy to be seen; -druhi, f. gaze directed
to a single object, unaverted gaze, -devatyā,
a. sacred to a single deity; -dema, m. some
place; part; identical spot; -dhana, i. n. one
part of the property; 2. m. pitcher with which
water is drawn for a certain rite; ā, f. pl.
(oc. āpas) the water drawn with it, 3. n. hav-
ing as the single, i. e. highest treasure, quite
filled with (-); -dharma, a. homogeneous,

-dharmin, a. id.; -dhā, ad. singly, simply,
at once, together, continuously. -naksha-
trā, n. lunar mansion consisting of a single
star, whose name occurs simply (without
pāra or uttara); -narādhipa, m. emperor

एकपति eka-pati-kā, a. having the same
husband; -patni-tā, f. having one wife in
common; -patni, f. (ē-) wife of any one man,
faithful spouse; a pl. having one and the same
husband. -pad (or ē-), strong base -pād, f.
-padi, a. one-footed, -pada, n. one and the
same spot; -m, lc. at once, suddenly, in a
trice; a (ē-) one footed; only one step long.
-m, ad. in short. -padā, f. verse consisting of
one-pada; -padi, f. foot path; -parā, a. marked
with one point (die); -pāna, m. single wager
or stake; -pātin, a. isolated, separate; con-
nected; pl. taken together, -pada, m. one
foot; a. (ē-) one-footed, -pārthiva, m. sole
monarch; -pinga, m. (quite brown) ep.
of Kubera; -la, m. id. -śāla, m. Kubera's
mountain, i. e. the Himalaya; -pita, a. quite
yellow; -prakhya, a. homogeneous, uniform;
-phala, a. bearing the same fruit (ad.); -bud-
dhi, a. unanimous; simple-minded; m. N. of a
fish, f. simple conception; pl.; -bhakta, pp.
serving or kept by one master, n. eating one
meal a day, -bhakti-ka, a. taking only one
meal a day, -bhaksha, m. sole food, -bhāva,
m. simplicity, straightforwardness, sincerity;
a. having one and the same nature; honest,
sincere; b. having uprightly towards (g.);
-bhāvin, a. becoming one, coalescing; -bhā-

ta, pp. undivided; closely attentive; -bhā-miśvara, m. sole ruler of earth; -bhogya, a. eating only once a day; -mati, f. unanimity; concentration of mind; a. unanimous; -manas, a. having the mind fixed on one object, attentive (ste. -); unanimous; -maya, a. (i) consisting exclusively of, quite filled with (-); -mukha, a. superintended by one; -mūrti, f. one person; -mūla, a. having a single root.

एकयष्टि eka-yashti*, *का -kā*, f. pearl necklace on a single thread; -yoni, a. born of the same mother; of the same extraction or caste; -rasa, m. the only inclination; a. having only one taste; finding pleasure in one object only, exclusively devoted to (-); unchanging; -rāj, -rājā, m. monarch; -rātrā, m. celebration lasting a night; n. one night (and day); -rātrika, a. suffering for one night (or day); -rikthin, m. co-heir of one man; -rūpa, a. of one colour, form, or appearance; uniform; n. N. of two metres -tā, f. uniformity; invariableness.

एकल eka-la, a. one, the one; alone; -lak-śya-tā, f. being the sole aim; -lavya, f. N. of a town; -vaśanā, a. singular (gr.); -vat, ad. like one, as if one were concerned; -vad-bhāva, m. presenting itself as a unity; -varna, a. having one and the same colour; -vasana, a. clothed with but one garment; -vāstra, a. id.; -tā, f. possession of but one garment; -ardha-samvita, pp. clothed in half a single garment; -vāsanā, ad. only once, once more, at once; some time or other; -vāsa, a. living in the same place; -vāsas, a. wearing but one garment; -vimsā, a. (i) 21st, consisting of 21; -vimsaka, a. (ikā) 21st; n. 21; -vimsat, f. pl. 21; -vimsati, f. sg. pl. (6) id.; -tama, a. 21st; -vidha, a. (6) simple; identical; -virā, m. incomparable hero; -vriksha, m. isolated tree; one and the same tree; -vrishā, m. single bull, sole ruler; -voni, i, f. single braid of hair (token of mourning); a. consisting of a single braid; i -dharā, a. f. wearing a single braid; -tva, n. abst. N.; -vo-man, n. a single building; -vrata, a. devoted to one only; faithful, obedient.

एकशत eka-suta, n. a hundred and one; a. 101st; -tama, a. id.; -sapha, a. (6) one-hoofed, having an uncloven hoof; m. animal with uncloven hoof; n. the genus of solid-hoofed animals; -sas, ad. singly; -sasha, m. sole remainder; ellipse by which only one of two or more words remains (e.g. dv. or pl.); a. sole remaining, with the sole exception of (-); -sruta-dhara, a. remembering what one has heard once -tva, n. abst. N.; -sruti, f. monotony; a. monotonous; -srushā, a. (6) obeying one best; -shashā-lā, a. 61st; -shashā-lī, f. 61; -tama, a. 61st

एकसंख्य eka-samsraya, m. harmony; a. united; -saptā-ta, a. 71st; -saptati, f. 71; -tama, a. 71st; -sarga, a. attending to a single object; -sahasra, n. 1001; a. 1001st; -sāra, a. whose sole nature is (-); -sārtha-prayāta, pp. pursuing one and the same object as (kaṇa); -srika, m. jockey; -stamba, a. supported by a single pillar; -stha, a. standing together, united; standing alone; independent; -sthāna, n. one and the same place.

एकहायन eka-hāyana, a. (i) one year old; i, f. one-year-old cow; -holā, f. -m. at one blow, at once.

एकांश eka-amsa, m. part; -tā, f. abst. N.

एकाकिन eka-kin, a. alone, solitary; (i) -kassin, m. N. of a Bhilla.

एकाक्ष eka-aksha, a. one-eyed; having but

one axle; -aksharā, n. the imperishable One; a single syllable; a. (6-) monosyllabic; n. monosyllabic word; the syllable Om.

एकअग्नि eka-agni, a. maintaining only one fire; -agra, a. directed to a single object, attentive, concentrated; absorbed in (-); -m, -tas, ad.; -tā, f., -tva, n. abst. N.

एकाङ्ग eka-aṅga, n. single member or part; m. pl. body-guard; -rūpa-ka, n. incomplete image (rh.).

एकवक्त्र eka-ak, a. having one vowel.

एकजाल eka-āṅgali, m. one handful.

एकतपस् eka-ātapatra, a. being under a single umbrella = a single king.

एकादश ekādāśa, a. (i) eleventh; i, f. eleventh day in a fortnight; -an, a. (6-) eleven; -ma, a. eleventh; -mātrikā, f. N. (murderess of eleven); -rātra, period of eleven nights (and days); -rikā, a. having eleven verses; -in, a. consisting of eleven; -i, f. eleven (hymns).

एकधिक eka-adhika, a. increased by one; -adhipa, m. sole sovereign; -adhyāya, a. studying alone.

एकानंशा eka-anuśā, f. ep. of the new moon (the digitless); ep. of Durgā. [sorrows.

एकानर्थ eka-anartha, a. having the same

एकानुदिष्ट eka-anudishta, (pp.) n. funeral rite in honour of a single ancestor.

एकान्त eka-anta, m. solitary place, solitude; exclusiveness; absolute necessity; -m, -tas, in, ab, -, ad. exclusively; absolutely; perfectly, altogether; lo. aside, secretly; sta. - = a. perfect, only; a. exclusively devoted to (lo. or -); -tā, f. abst. N.

एकान्तकरुण eka-anta-karuna, a. extremely compassionate; -bhira, a. extremely timid

एकान्तर eka-antara, a. one degree lower.

एकान्तविध्वंसिन् eka-anta-vidhvamsin, a. necessarily perishing; -viharā, m. solitary wanderer; -vita, a. retiring into solitude; -hita, pp. thoroughly good.

एकान्नादिन् eka-anna ādin, a. eating the food of one only. [as (g).

एकान्वय eka-anvaya, a. of the same family

एकपक्षय eka-apakṣya, m. diminution by one.

एकापय eka-apāya, m. diminution by one.

एकान्य eka-anya, n. road passable by only one narrow path; meeting-place; absolute oneness; the one right way; i -bhāva, m. unanimity; i -bhā, become a centre of union for (g).

एकार e-kāra, m. the letter or sound e.

एकारामेका ārāma, a. delighting in one only.

एकार्य eka-ārtha, m. one and the same object; a. having the same aim or meaning. -tā, f., -tva, n. abst. N.; -samupeta, pp. inspired by the same purpose. [pearl necklace

एकवलि eka-āvali, *ली -lī, f. one-stringed

एकाह eka-ahā, m. one day; N. of a Soma sacrifice lasting one day.

एकारहार eka-āhāra, m. single meal in a day.

एकीकृ eki-kṛi, unite; collect; -bhāva, m. becoming one, union; -bhā, become one, unite.

एकेक eka-eka, a. one each time, each singly, every single (sta. pl.); -m, ad.; -vritti, a.

belonging to each single object; -mas, ad. one by one, singly, severally.

एकीकृत्य eka-aisvarya, n. sole dominion.

एकीकृत्य eka-ukhaya, m. increase by one.

एकीकृत eka-uttara, a. more or increasing by one.

एकीकृत eka-udaka, a. related in so far as to offer oblations of water to the same ancestor.

एकीकृत eka-uddishta, (pp.) n. = ekānu-

एकीकृत eka-ūna, pp. lacking one. [dishta.

एक e, the diphthongs e and o (gr.).

एज EG, I.P. 6/4, stir, move; quake, tremble. sam, move.

एड eḍa, *का -ka, m. kind of sheep.

एण eṇa, m. kind of antelope; -gaṇḍha, m. N. of a runner; -netrā, -akshi, f. gazelle-eyed woman.

एणतिलक eṇa-tilaka, m. moon.

एणाङ्गमणि eṇa-āṅga-maṇi, m. moon-stone.

एणी eṇī, f. gazelle; -āris, -nayanā, f. gazelle-eyed woman.

एत I. e-tā, prn. stem, v. एतद् etad.

एत 2. ēta, a. (6ai), motley, glittering; m. kind of hart; ā, f. hind.

एत 3. ēta, pp. ā + √i.

एतन् e-ta-gva, a. motley.

एतत्काल e-tat-kāla, m. this time, the present (opp. tat-kāla); -para, a. intent on this; -samgāṅka, a. having this designation; -sama, a. equal to this.

एतद् e-tā-d, prn. (nm., ac. sg. n.) this here (near the speaker); this (nearly always referring to what precedes, has just happened, or been mentioned); often = here, now; ud. thus, so, therefore, accordingly; lo. etasmin, in this case.

एतद् एतद्-anta, a. ending with this or these; -artham, ad. for this purpose, therefore; -avaṣṭha, a. being in this condition; being of such a kind; referring thereto; -iya, pos prn. his, her, their; -yoni, a. having this origin; -vata, a. dependent on him.

एतन्नामक e-tan-nāma-ka, a. having this name; -māya, a. (i) consisting of this, being of such a kind. [corr yārihi.

एतर्हि e-tā-rhi, ad. now, nowadays; then

एतवे e-tve, V. inf. of √i, to walk.

एतश् e-ta-sa (sta. -sā), a. motley, shining; m. dappled horse; sun-horse.

एतादृश् e-tā-drkṣha, *दृश् -dris (f. id.), *दृश् -dris, a. (i) such; of the same kind.

एतावत् e-tā-vat, a. so great; so much, of such a kind; lo. at such a distance; n. ad. so much; so far; thus; (n) -mātra, a. of such measure, so great, so much; so little.

एद् āid, ij. behold! (with ac.)

एध EDH, I. Ā. (P.) ēdha, prosper; flourish; grow; pp. -ita, grown up, strengthened; filled with (in.); ca. -aya, cause to prosper; glorify. sam, id.

एध ēdh-a, a. kindling (-); m. sg. pl. fuel; -mat, a. fed with fuel. [prosperity (√edh).

एधस् I. ēdh-as, n. fuel (√idh); 2. edhas, n.

एधि e-dhi, 2 sg. impr. √as, be.

एधोदक edhodaka, n. fuel and water.

एन 1. e-na, (encl.) *prn. stem of 3rd pers. he, she, it.* [thereupon.

एन 2. ena, एना enā, encl. in. (of 1. a), then.

एनप ena-p, case ending ena in the ades. da-kshivena etc. *gr*.)

एनस en-as, n. [√in] sin, guilt; misfortune; -vat, a. sinful, wicked; -vin, a. id.

एना enā, (in.) *ad.* here; there (corr. to ya-tra); then; thus *cp.* 2. ena).

एनी é-nī, f. (of éva) hind.

एम é-ma, n., एमन् é-man, n. path, course

एरण्ड eranda, m. custor-oil plant.

एरिरे erire, 3 pl. *pf.* of ā + √ir. [cumber.

एर्वारु ervāru, m. f.; एक -ka, m. kind of cu-

एला elā, f. cardamoms; a metre.

एव 1. e-vā, एवा e-vā, (in.) *ad.* so, just so

(F.); just, exactly, precisely; quite, no more nor less than, no other than; merely; scarcely, very (with *prns. esp. tad*); also (with *ka*): it emphasizes the preceding word, may often be translated by *stress merely*, *etc. esp. after certain particles it is meaningless.*

एव 2. e-va, a. speedy, swift; m. course (*only in. pl.*), *pl. habit*; *m. pl.* in the usual way.

एवरूप evam-rūpa, a. so formed, of such a kind; -tā, f. *abst. n.*

एववादिन् evam vādin, a. speaking thus; -vīd, a., -vīdvās, *pl.* knowing thus, having such knowledge, well-instructed, knowing what is right; -vīdha, a. of such sort, such-like; -vishaya, a. directed to or relating to this; -vītta, *pp.* behaving thus; of such a kind; in this condition; -vīriti, a. *ad.*

एवकर्मन् evam-karman, a. having acted thus. -grata, *pp.* being in such a plight, so circumstanced *tc.* such being the case; -grata, a. having such qualities or excellences; -upeta, *pp.* endowed with such qualities or excellences;

-tarkin, a. conjecturing thus; -dardā, a. seeing or judging thus.

एवम् e-vā-m, (ac.) *ad.* in this way, thus, so its place being taken in the Veda by eva)

एवमवस्थाम evam-avastha, a. being in such a condition; -ākṛitī, a. having such a form. -ākāra, a. conducting oneself thus; -ātma-ka, a. (ikā) of such a nature, -ādi, -ādya, a. of the kind or nature mentioned.

एवपरिणाम evam-parināma, a. having such a conclusion; -pūrva, a. thus preceded. -prakāra, a. of such a kind; -prāya, a. *id.*, such; -bhūta, *pp.* of such a nature, such a one

एष् ESH, I. P. ésha, creep, glide.

एष 1. e-sha, *ppn. nm. sg. m.* of etad.

एष 2. e-sha, a. seeking; m. search; -āna, a. seeking, wishing; n. search; ā, f. search, wish, desire; -āniya, *fp.* desirable; -in, a. seeking, wishing *only*

एहि āhi, 2 *sg. imp.* of ā + √i

ऐ AI.

*ऐनि *ij.* of hādhya, addressing or recollecting

ऐक्यम् aik-dhyan, *ad.* at once, together; -patya, n. sole dominion over (*g.*); -matya, n. unanimity; -mukhya, n. agreement; -rāgya, n. sole dominion; -rātrika, a. remaining a night; -rūpya, n. uniformity; identity.

ऐक्यशफा aika-shapa, a. coming from an animal with uncloven hoof; -rūpya, n. uniformity of tone, monotony; -svarya, n. having only one accent.

ऐकागारिक aika-gārika, m., i, f. thief.

ऐकाग्र्य aika-agrya, n. fixed attention to one object, concentration.

ऐकाङ्ग aika-aṅga, m. soldier of the bodyguard.

ऐकाधिकरश्च aika-adhikaran-ya, n. unity of relation.

ऐकान्तिक aikānt-ika, a. (i) excluding everything else, absolute; -ya, n. exclusiveness, absoluteness.

ऐकार ai-kāra, m. the sound or letter ai

ऐकार्थ aika-arth-ya, n. unity of purpose; identity of meaning

ऐकाग्र्यम् aika āsram-ya, n. existence of only one stage in religious life.

ऐकाहिक aika-ahi-ka, a. (i) lasting one day.

ऐक्य aik-ya, n. oneness, unity, identity.

ऐक्यव aikshavā, a. (i) made of sugar-cane.

ऐश्वक aikshvākā, m., i, f. *pat.* descendant of Ikshvāku. [of Ida (Purāṇas).

ऐड aidā, a. (i) containing comfort, m. son

ऐश aina, ऐशिय aineya, a. belonging to the black antelope [ph.]

ऐतदात्म्य atad-ātin-ya, n. essence of this

ऐतरेय aitareya, m. *pat. or met.* of Mahi-dāsa an ancient teacher, a. composed by Aitareya. -ka, n. the Brāhmaṇa of Aitareya. -brāhmaṇa, n. *id.*

ऐतरेयिन् aitareya-m, *m. pl.* school of Aitareya.

ऐतिहासिक itihās-ika, a. (i) legendary, m. narrator of old legends

ऐव ai-tva, n. occurrence of ai [ject.

ऐदपर्य aidam-par-ya, n. main point; end, ob-

ऐन्दव andava, a (i) lunar.

ऐन्द्र aindri, a. (i) belonging to or coming from Indra, Indra-like; n. N. of a lunar mansion

ऐन्द्रजाल andra-gāh, n. witchcraft; -āli-ika, a. (i) referring to or practising witchcraft; m. wizard, juggler; -māla, a. 1. made of sapphire; -sira, m. kind of elephant

ऐन्द्रि aindri-i, m. crow.

ऐन्द्रिय aindriya, a. referring to or perceptible by the senses, n. sensual pleasure

ऐम् abha, a. (i) belonging to an elephant

ऐरयम् airyam, *impf. ex.* of √ir

ऐरावत airāvata, m. N. of India's elephant

ऐरावत airāvata, m. *id.* (i). N. of a serpent demon, m. n. kind of rainbow.

ऐल ala, m. (= ala) Purāṇas

ऐलक ala-ka, a. coming from the sheepchaka.

ऐलव alabā, m. noise, din.

ऐश isa, a. belonging to Śiva (isa).

ऐशान aishāna, a. (i) *id.*, north-eastern 1. f. north-east

ऐशि ai-i, m. *pat.* of Skandā.

ऐश ais-ya, n. dominion, power

ऐश्वर aisvar-a, a. (i) befitting a lord, majestic, belonging to Śiva, n. supreme dominion. -ya, n. position of a great lord, kingly state, supreme dominion; control, lordship or dominion of (*g. etc.*). kingdom -vat, a. possessed of supreme power.

ऐषीक aishika, a. made of reeds.

ऐष्टक aishṭakā, a. made of bricks.

ऐष्टकपार्तिक aishṭika-paurtika, a. relating to sacrifices and charitable works.

ऐष्टिक aish-ika, a. belonging to or occurring in this world, terrestrial, temporal.

ओ O.

ओ ० = āu.

ओकस ok-as, n. [√uk] comfort, pleasure, wanted place, dwelling-place, home.

ओकार o-kāru, m. the sound or letter o.

ओघ ogha, m. [√vah] stream, flood; multitude, quantity, mass, heap. [thanksgiving.

ओङ्कार om-kāra, m. the sacred word om;

ओङ्ग oga, a. uneven, odd

ओजस ōg-as, n. [√vaj] strength power, might, energy; *m.* powerfully, resolutely, -vī-tā, f. forcible expression, -vin, a. powerful, mighty; energetic, brave

ओजाय oṅg-vā, den. Ā. exert oneself, use one's strength.

ओजिष्ठ ōg-iṣṭha, *spe.* strongest among (*g.*); very powerful, -iṣya, *cpv.* stronger (than, ab);

ओड oda, m. N. of a man. [very strong.

ओड् odra, m. *pl.* N. of a people and their country now Orissa.

ओड् ādha, *pp.* √ah.

ओत ātu, *pp.* √u, cry, and √vā, weave

ओतु ō-tu, m. [√vā, weave], woof

ओदन od-ana, m. n. boiled rice; *pp.*

ओम् ōm, *ij.* the sacred syllable om (often = amen; used in invocations, at the commence-

ment of prayers, at the beg. and end of Vedic recitation, and as a respectful salutation, the subject of many mystical speculations).

ओमन् o-mán, m. favour, aid.

ओमन्वत् óman-vat, a. pleasant; gracious.

ओष osh-a, m. burning.

ओषधि óshadhi, ओषी -dhi, f. [avasa-dhi, containing nourishment], plant, herb; medicinal herb; -ga, a. born -, living among or produced from plants; (1)-pati, m. moon; (1)-prastha, m. N. of a mythical city.

ओषम् oshám, (ac.) ad. quickly, at once.

ओष्ठ óshtha, m. [ava-stha, hanging down], upper lip, lip (a. -°, f. í).

ओष्ठरुचक oshthu-rukaka, charming lips.

ओष्ठ्य oshth-ya, a. labial.

औ AU.

ओकार au-kára, m. the sound or letter au.

ओक्ष aukshá, a. (i) coming from a bull.

ओक्षक auksha-ka, n. a number of bulls.

ओक्ष्ण aukshna (or á), coming from a bull.

ओग्र्य augr-ya, n. formidableness.

ओघ aughá, m. flood.

ओचितौ ankit-i, f. suitability, propriety;

-ya, n. id.; experience; habituation to (-°).

ओषीःश्रवस aukshih-sravasu, m. N. of Indra's horse.

ओज्ज्वल्य auggal-ya, n. brilliance, splendour.

ओदय audava, a. (i) stellar.

ओणादिक anuádi-ka, a. belonging to the Uuádi-sótras. [yearning

ओत्कण्ठ्य autkanth-ya. ओत्क्य autk-ya, n.

ओत्तमि anttam-i, m. pat. of the third Manu.

ओत्तरार्धय anttara adhar-ya, n. being above and below, promiscuousness.

ओत्पत्तिक autpatti-ka, a. (i) original, innate, natural. [prodigious, portentous.

ओत्पातिक autpát-ika, a. (i) extraordinary.

ओत्सुक्य autsuk-ya, n. yearning, desire; impatience; zeal.

ओदक audaka, a. (i) aquatic; relating to or growing in water. [ton.

ओदरिक audar-ika, a. gluttonous; m. glut-

ओदरिचिष audarish-n, a. directed to Agni.

ओदात्त्य audátt-ya, n. acute accentuation.

ओदाय्य audáry-ya, n. dignity, nobility; generosity: -tá, f. generosity. [thy

ओदासीत्य audásin-ya, n. indifference, apa-

ओदुम्बर audumbara, a. (i) belonging to the Udumbara tree; made of Udumbara wood.

ओद्धत्य auddhath-ya, n. arrogance; superciliousness.

ओद्धत्य auddhav-ya, a. coming fr. Uddhava.

ओद्धरिक auddhâr-ika, a. belonging to the share deducted. [sented at marriage.

ओद्धहिक audvâh-ika, a. relating to or pre-

ओपह्वसिक aupahkhandas-ika, n. ametre.

ओपधर्म्य aupadharm-ya, n. false doctrine, heresy. [cheat, extortioner.

ओपधिक aupadh-ika, a. fraudulent; m.

ओपनायनिक aupanâyan-ika, a. relating to or appointed for initiation. [posit.

ओपनिधिक aupanidhi-ka, a. being a de-

ओपनिषद् aupanishadd, a. (i) contained or taught in an Upanishad. [apron.

ओपनोविक aupanivika, a. being on the

ओपमित aupamita, a. equalled. [parison.

ओपन्य aupam-ya, n. resemblance, com-

ओपयिक aupay-ika, a. (i) suitable, proper.

ओपल aupala, a. made of stone.

ओपवस्य aupavasta, ओक -ka, n. preliminary fast on the eve of a celebration.

ओपवाह्य aupavâh-ya, a. suitable for riding or driving. [the sacred thread.

ओपवीतिक aupavit-ika, n. investiture with

ओपहारिक aupahâr-ika, n. offering.

ओपाकरण aupâkaraṇa, n. commencement of Vedic study.

ओपासन aupâsan, m. domestic sacred fire.

ओपेन्द्र aupendra, a. belonging to Vishnu.

ओम auma, a. fluxen; relating to Umâ.

ओरभ्य aurabhr-a, a. belonging to a ram or sheep; -ika, m. shepherd.

ओरश aurasa, m. inhabitant of Urasa.

ओरस aurasa-a, a. (i) proceeding from the chest; innate, natural; begotten of the body; m. lawful son of the body; -ya, a. begotten of one's body.

ओर्ण aurva, a. woollen.

ओर्ध्वदेह्य aurdhva-deha, n. future life: i-ka, a. relating to the future life; n. obsequies; gifts distributed at obsequies.

ओर्वे 1. aurva, m. pat. of various Rishis.

ओर्वे 2. aurva, m. submarine fire (of Aurva).

ओर्वे 3. aurva, a. (i) belonging to the earth; -ra, a. coming from the earth (dust).

ओर्विश्य aurvasc-ya, a. descended from Urvâsi. [-anala, m. id.

ओर्वापि aurvaâgvi, m. submarine fire.

ओर्वाय aurvâya, den. Â. behave like the submarine fire.

ओर्विक्य auvenaka, n. N. of a chant.

ओशनस ausanasa, a. (i) belonging to Usanas; m., i, f. pat. descendant of Usanas; n. law-book composed by Usanas.

ओशीनर ausinara, a. (i) belonging to the people of Usinara; i, f. N. of a wife of Purâkara.

ओशीर ausira, a. made of Uśira; n. oint-

ओषध aushadhâ, a. made of herbs; n. herbs (coll.); medicinal herb; remedy, drug, medicine; i-krî, turn into a medicine; -vikrayin, a. vending medicines.

ओषस aushas-â, a. (i) relating to the morning; i, f. day-break.

ओष्ट्र aushtra, a. produced from a buffalo or camel: -ka, n. number of camels.

ओष्ठ aushtha, a. lip-shaped

ओष्ठ्य aushn-ya, n. heat.

क K.

क 1. kâ, inter. pron. st. (n. I. kâd; C. kim) who? what? which? with iva, u, nâma, who indeed? often used in a depreciating sense = as good as none, no one or nothing. kâ esha kâsthâ? that is out of the question; kim with in. or gd. = what does - matter? what is the use of - to (g.)? with au, who pray? with vâ, who possibly? with vid, who or what, I wonder! Ind. f. prn. 1. with neg any, any one; 2 with preceding ya and following ka, whosoever, whichever, anysoever, every; with preceding ya and following vâ, anysoever; 3 with kânâ, none whatever (often strengthened by negatives); 4. with kânâ, kid, or api, some, any, a certain (a. or n.): pl. some; kâkid - kâsthâ, the one-the other: pl. some-others

क 2. kâ, m. (Who?) ep. of Pragâpati or Brahma; n. bliss; water; bond.

कंस kamsâ, m. goblet; m. n. brass; m. N. of a king slain by Krishna; -krish, -satra, -nibhûdana, -ari, m. ep. of Krishna.

ककार ka-kâra, m. the sound or letter k.

ककुत्स्थ kakût-stha, m. N. of a grandson of Ikshvâku. [ensign of royalty; chief of (g.).

ककुद् kakûd, f. summit, peak; tip; hump;

ककुद kakûda, n. (m.) id.

ककुद्भर kakûd-mat, a. having a hump; m. mountain; buffalo with a hump.

ककुद्भिन kakud-min, a. having a hump; m. buffalo with a hump; -mi-kanyâ, f. pat. of the Revati.

ककुद्भुम kakud[d]-druma, m. N. of a jackal.

ककुद्भर kakudmâ, n. cavity of the loins.

ककुब्ज्य kakub-gaya, m. conquest of the world. [pass; a metre.

ककुम्भ kakûbh, f. summit; point of the com-

ककुम्भ kakubhâ, a. prominent; m. kind of musical mode; a tree; -surabhâ, a. fragrant with Kakubha flowers. [compass.

ककुम्मुल kakum-mukha, n. point of the

ककुम्भ kukkola, m. a tree; n. an aromatic substance; -ka, n. id.

कक्ष kaksha, m. hiding-place, lair; thicket; m., f. arm-pit; girth, girdle, cincture; balance (generally f.); f. circular wall, enclosure; orbit of a planet; equality; emulation: (â)-pa-m, m. loin-cloth.

कशीवत् kakshī-vat, *m. N. of a Rishi.*

कक्ष्या kakshyā, *f. girdle, girth; circular wall, enclosure; orbit of a planet; balance, scale (also m., n.).*

ककुक्षि kakukṣi, *m. heron; N.: pl. a people.*

ककुट kakkaṭa, *m. armour, mail; a Dhanava.*

ककुल kak-kan-a, *n. ring, ring-shaped ornament, bracelet; wedding band; -dhara, m. bridegroom, f. bride; -pura, n. N. of a town; -varsha, a. raining bracelets; m. man's N.; -varsh-in, a. id.: (1)-tā, f. abet. v.*

ककुणि ककुन-in, *a. wearing a bracelet.*

ककुत kakkat-a, *m. comb; -ikā, f. id.*

ककुपत्र kakka-pattra, *n. heron's feather (on arrow); a. having heron's feathers; m. such an arrow; -pattrin, a. having heron's feathers; -vadana, n. (heron-faced), tongue, pincers. [form of Durgu.]*

ककुल ककुल-ka, *m. n. skeleton; -ini, f. a*

ककुलि ककुलि, *m. Asoka-tree; i, f. id.*

ककुल ककुल, *m. a plant.*

ककु ककु, *m. hair; N. of a son of Brihaspati; -graha, m., -na, n. seizing by the hair.*

ककुतपगजदद ककु-ka-ta-ta-pa-ga-ga-da-ba, *n. example of a meaningless word.*

ककुभार ककु-bhāra, *m. wealth of hair.*

ककुकि ककु-ka-ki, *ad. seizing one another*

ककु ककु-kid, *v. ककु kad. [by the hair.]*

ककु ककुkha, *m. bank; marshy land; *m., f. edge, border; -pa, m. tortoise; N. of a Nāga, N. of a country (Cutch).*

ककु ककु-ka, *n. lotus. [prepared from it.]*

ककुल ककु-gala, *n. lamp-black; collyrium*

ककुल ककुkuk-a, *m. n. (1) jacket, doublet; mail; skin of a snake (a. f. f.); -ita, pp. wearing a coat of mail; -in, a. wrapped in (-), m. chamberlain; -a nāhān, n. wearing a doublet and shoes.*

ककुकि ककुgikā, *f. a plant.*

ककु ककुkā, *m. mat; elephant's temple; a certain throw in a game of dice; corpse; -ka, m. mat; m. n. rope; bracelet; valley; royal camp; caravan; collection; -kara, n., -kriyā, f. plating of mats. [int.]*

ककुकाय ककु-katāya, *den. P. gnash (tr &*

ककु ककुkātā-katā, *m. ep. of Siva.*

ककुपुत ककु-pūtana, *m., f. kind of demon.*

ककु ककुkaku, *m. side-glance; i-ta, pp. looked at with a side-glance; -akshapa, m. side-glance.*

ककु ककुkagni, *m. fire of dry grass.*

ककु ककुkāha, *m. pan, pan-shaped object (e.g. elephant's temple); N. of a Drīpa.*

ककु ककुkati, *f. hip; (1)-karpas/a, n. rag round the loins; (2)-nivasana, n., -pa/a,*

ककु ककुkufika, *n. (2) hip. [m. loin-cloth.]*

ककु ककुkafu, *a. sharp; pungent; n. ad.; -ka, a. id.; violent, severe; -tā, f., -tva, n. sharpness, pungency. [(P.).]*

ककु ककुkatuk-ita, *pp. sharply addressed*

ककु ककुkatu-tā, *f. sharpness; pungency; austerity.*

ककु KATT, X. P. *kat/aya, heap (corn).*

ककु ककुkattāra-ka, *m., tā, f. dagger.*

ककु ककुkat-phala, *m. a tree with aromatic fruit and rind.*

ककु ककुkatu-atiga, *m. a tree; n. its fruit.*

ककु ककुkatha, *m. N. of a sage, founder of a school of the YV., pupil or follower of Katha.*

ककु ककुkathina, *a. hard, firm, solid; severe; cruel, hard-hearted.*

ककु ककुkathina-ya, *den. P. harden.*

ककु ककुkathin-i, *f. chalk.*

ककु ककुkathini-kri, *harden.*

ककु ककुkathura, *a. harsh (= kathora).*

ककु ककुkatha upanishad, *f. N. of an Upanishad.*

ककु ककुkathora, *a. hard, firm, solid; sharp, cutting, and; piercing, cry; hard-hearted; luxuriant; -m, ad.; -kitta, a. hard-hearted; -tā, f. abet. v.; -tā, f. hardness; -tārādhapa, m. full moon.*

ककु ककुkathora-ya, *den. P. make luxuriant.*

ककु ककुkudā, *a. dumb.*

ककु ककुkadāra, *a. tan-coloured.*

ककु ककुkū-a, *m. a grain; drop; flake, spark, little bit; -pa, m. kind of spear; -vāhin, a. waiting drops, moist; -as, ad. in minute p. ककु ककुkadāra, n. wagtail. [tious.]*

ककु ककुkanada, *m. N. of the founder of the Vaishika or atomist school of philosophy.*

ककु ककुkananna, *a. subsisting on grains.*

ककु ककुkan-ika, *m. little drop; f. id.*

ककु ककुkanisa, *m. ear (of corn).*

ककु ककुkanikaya, *den. P. be in distress.*

ककु ककुkanta-ka, *m. thorn; fish-bone; social pest, enemy; obstacle; N. of an Agrikāra -bhaga, m. camel. [hair, -in, a. thorny]*

ककु ककुkantak-ita, *pp. thorny; w. bristling*

ककु ककुkantaki-druma, *m. a tree; -vri-ksha, m. kind of thorny tree. [khāra.]*

ककु ककुkanta-kautsa, *m. N. of an Agrikāra*

ककु ककुkanthā, *m. neck, throat; proximity (a. f. f.); -ka, m. necklace; -ga, a. reaching to the neck; -gata, pp. attached to the neck; being in the throat = about to escape (breath), -graha, m., -na, n. embrace.*

ककु ककुkantha-nāla, *n. stalk-like neck; -prāvrita, n. neck covering; -bhūsha, n., -bhūshā, f. necklace; -vartina, a. being in the throat = about to escape (breath); -sutra, n. kind of embrace, -sthalī, f. neck.*

ककु ककुkanthāra-ka, *travelling bag.*

ककु ककुkantha āshlesha, *m. embrace.*

ककु ककुkanth-ikā, *f. necklace.*

ककु ककुkanthi-rava, *m. lion.*

ककु ककुkanth-ya, *a. being on or in the throat; good for the throat; guttural. [f. mortar.]*

ककु ककुkand-ana, *n. shelling, husking; -ani,*

ककु ककुkand-u, *f., generally ककु ककुkand-ū, f. itching, scratching; violent desire for (-); -ura, -ula, a. itching; -ūti, f. itching, tickling; wantonness.*

ककु ककुkandū-ya, *den. P. scratch. f. itch. -yana, n. itching, scratching; -ka, a. titillating; -yātri, m. scratcher.*

ककु ककुkandū-la, *a. itching.*

ककु ककुkandola, *m. reed basket.*

ककु ककुkāva, *m. N. of a Rishi: pl. his descendants; -vat, ad. like Kāva*

ककु ककुkuta-ka, *m. a tree, the nut of which is used for clarifying water.*

ककु ककुka-tamā, *inter. prn. who? what? which? (of many); -tara, inter. prn. what which? of two.*

ककु ककुkā-ti, *inter. prn. how many? indef. some - usually with kid and api.*

ककु ककुkati-pyā, *a. (1) some, a few; *in., ab. (with pp.) with some trouble, only just; -kūsuma, a. having a few blossoms; -rātram, ad. some days (lit. nights); -aha, g. after some days; in. some days (before or after)*

ककु ककुkati-vidha, *a. of how many kinds? -sakhya, a. of what number?*

ककु ककुkati-musha, *m. N. of an Agrikāra*

ककु ककुKATHI, I. f. (P.) boast; praise; -blame, disparage; vi. boast, of, in; disparage, humble with (in); ex. humble, boast

ककु ककुkath-ana, *a. boasting; n. boasting*

ककु ककुkat-pyām, *ad. somehow.*

ककु ककुkatham-rūpa, *a. of what appearance?*

ककु ककुkathu-ka, *a. telling; m. narrator*

ककु ककुkatham-gātiya-ka, *a. of what kind?*

ककु ककुkath-ana, *n. narration, communication, mention, report; -aniya, fp. to be related, worthy of mention*

ककु ककुka-thām, *ad. how? whence? why? with pot. or imp. sts and how could, would, or should? with mā and how should not? sts. exclamation, what! sts. exclamation to a simple interrogative = none or none? with na, how, I wonder! how much more? with neg. how much less? with iva, how not? why pray? with nāma, vidh. how pray? why I wonder! with kane, by no means, generally strengthened by preceding negative, with kid and api and full kalidasa, vidh. in some way, by some means, somehow or other, by accident, with difficulty, only just, scarcely (katham often repeated); a. little, somewhat; with neg. in no manner, by no means, yathā katham kid, in whatever manner; in any way.*

ककु ककुkatham-bhūta, *pp. of what kind?*

ककु ककुkatha-ya, *den. P. (f.) converse, with (in + sāha); relate, tell, report, speak of, declare, state, announce, betray, command, assume, lay down; pa. be called, pass for vi. talk idly sam, relate, report; explain.*

ककु ककुkathay-taya, *fp. to be told*

ककु ककुka-thū, *inter. ad. how? whence? why? yathā katham ka, however.*

ककु ककुkath-ā, *f. conversation, talk, discussion about (le., '); story, tale (about, g. '); mention, statement; Story (personified), katham, it is not a question of, - is out of the question, to say nothing of, g. le., or prati; katham katham, how could there be a question about it? it is out of the question.*

ककु ककुkathā-krama, *m. continuous conversation; discourse; story, tale.*

ककु ककुkathāna-ka, *n. short story, tale.*

कथान्तर kathāntara, *n.* conversation, talk.

कथापीठ kathā-pīṭha, *n.* *T.* of the 1st book of the *Kaṭhāsaritāgāra*; -**prabandha**, *m.* legend; -**prasaṅga**, *m.* occasion of conversation; *in.*, *ab.* -in the course of conversation, incidentally; -**prastāva**, *m.* *id.* -**tas**, in the course of conversation; -**māya**, *a.* consisting of tales; -**mukha**, *n.* introduction to a story; *T.* of the 2nd book of the *Kaṭhāsaritāgāra*; -**yoga**, *m.* conversation.

कथासप्त kathā-sāpṭa, *m.* conversation; narration; -**śavali**, *f.* collection of tales; -**avaśeṣa**, *m.* survival in story only, *i.e.* death; *a.* dead; -**tā**, *f.* *abst. n.*; -**avaśeṣi-bhā**, *die*.

कथाशेष kathā-śeṣa, *a.* dead; -**tā**, *f.* *abst. n.*; -**sandhi**, *n.* junction in the narrative where it is interrupted by another; -**saritāgāra**, *m.* ocean of streams of stories, *T.* of a collection of tales by *Somaśvara*.

कथित kath-ita, (*pp.*) *n.* conversation, narrative. [dead.]

कथीकृ kathī-kṛi, turn into a narrative: *pp.*

कथोदय kathā-udaya, *m.* beginning of a story; statement; -**udghāta**, *m.* beginning of a narrative. [be mentioned.]

कथ्य kath-ya, *fp.* to be related; that may

कद् kād, *V.* *n.* *um.*, *ac. sg.* of *ka*, what? = I hope? with *neg.* = I hope not? *esp.* with *kid* (कद्कद्); with *kanā* and *neg.* in no way; -**kā**, *bad*, wretched, insignificant, torturing.

कदन kud-ana, *n.* slaughter, destruction;

कदम kud-ama, *n.* bad food; -**tā**, *f.* *abst. n.*

कदम्ब kudumba, क -ka, *m.* a tree bearing orange-coloured blossoms; *n.* multitude, plenty; *swarn*.

कदर्प kād-arthu, *a.* for what purpose?

कदर्थन kud-arth-ana, *n.* *ā.* *f.* tormenting; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be tormented; -**aya**, *den. P.* despise; torture, distress; surpass; *i-kri*, disregard; -**ti**, *f.* torment.

कदर्य kud-arya, *n.* avaricious, miserly. -**tā**, *f.*, -**bhāva**, *m.* avarice.

कदल ku-dāl, *n.* plantain tree (*symbol of fruitfulness*); *i-kā*, *f.* plantain tree; flag, *esp.* on an elephant. *i.* *f.* plantain tree; -**garbha**, *m.* pith of the plantain; *ā.* *f.* *N.*; -**grīha**, *n.* plantain arbour; -**śukham**, *ad.* as easily as a plantain.

कदल ku-dāl, *inter.* when? - *kaṇa*, some time, ever; - *kid*, some time or other; once; sometimes; perhaps; - *api*, at any time, always; *na* - *kaṇa*, *kid*, on *api*, never.

कद्रु kādru, *n.* reddish brown; *ā.* *f.* earth. *N.* of *Kāṇyapū*'s wife, mother of the serpents.

कन् KAN, *I. P.* be satisfied; be pleased with (*ac.*); shine.

कनक kán-ka, *n.* gold; *m.* thorn apple; *N.*; -**kādali**, *f.* species of plantain; -**danda**, *m.* royal umbrella; -**pura**, *n.*, *i.* *f.* *N.* of a city; -**prabhā**, *f.* *N.* of a princess; -**maṅgari**, *f.* *N.*; -**māya**, *a.* (i) golden; -**rasa**, *m.* fluid gold; -**rekha**, *f.* *N.*; -**lata**, *f.* golden creeper; -**lekha**, *f.* *N.* of a princess; -**valaya**, *m.* *n.* golden bracelet; -**vāhini**, *f.* *N.* of a river; -**akharin**, *m.* golden peaked, *ep.* of *Meru*; -**sūtra**, *n.* golden chain; -**śātri**, *m.* *ep.* of *Meru*

कनकासन kankāśana, *n.* throne.

कनखल kana-khala, *m.* *pl.* *N.* of certain

कना kanā, *f.* girl. [mountains.]

कनिकदत् kán-i-kradāt, *um. sy. m. pr. pt. intv.* of *√krand*. [king (first century A.D.).]

कनिष्क kanish-ka, *m. N.* of an Indo-Scythic

कनिष्क kan-i-shkan, 3 *sg. intv.* of *√skand*.

कनिष्ठ kán-ishṭh-a (or -ā), *spv.* smallest; lowest; least; youngest; younger; *m.* descending pail of water-wheel; *ā.* *f.* youngest wife; little finger; *a-ka*, *a.* (i) smallest; -**ikā**, *f.* little finger; obedience.

कनी kanī, *f.* girl (*V.* only *g. pl.*).

कनीन kan-īna, *a.* young, youthful; -**kā**, *m.* boy, youth; *ā.* *f.* girl, virgin; (*ina*)-**ka**, *m.*, *a-kā*, *i-kā*, *f.* pupil of the eye.

कनीयस् kán-iyas, *opp.* smaller, less; very little; younger; *m.* younger brother or son.

कन्व kan-tvā, *n.* welfare.

कन्था kanthā, *f.* patched garment.

कन्द kanda, *m.* bulbous root.

कन्दर kan-dara, *n.* cave; ravine; elephant

कन्दर्प kan-darpa, *m.* Kāma; love. [goad.]

कन्दल kan-dal-a, *n.* flower of the plantain; -*i*, *f.* plantain tree; -**ita**, *pp.* produced in profusion; -**in**, *a.* covered with blossoms of the Kandali; full of (*c.*).

कन्दु kándu, frying-pan: -**ka**, *m.* *id.*; ball (for playing with); pillow: -**līā**, *f.* game of ball; -**kā-vatī**, *f.* *N.* of a princess.

कन्धर kan-dhara, *m.* neck.

कन्य kan-ya, *a.* smallest. -**ka**, *a.* *id.*; *ā.* *f.* = kan-ya; -**kubga**, *n.* *N.* of a town, Kanauj.

कन्या kan-yā, *f.* girl, virgin; daughter; *Virgo* (in the Zodiac); -**āgāra**, *n.* women's apartments; -**grīha**, *n.* *id.*; -**tva**, *n.* virginity; -**dātri**, *m.* man who gives a daughter in marriage; -**dāna**, *n.* bestowal of a daughter in marriage; -**dūshin**, *a.* deflowering a virgin; -**pura**, *n.* women's apartments; -**bhāva**, *m.* virginity; -**bhaiksha**, *n.* begging for a girl; -**māya**, *a.* consisting of a maiden or daughter; -**vat**, *a.* having a daughter; *m.* father of a daughter; -**vedin**, *m.* son-in-law; -**vrata**, *n.* monthlies; -**sthā**, *f.* menstruating woman.

कप kapa, *m. pl.* a species of gods.

कपट kapṭa, *m. n.* fraud; -*c.* fictitious; -**nāśaka**, *m. n.*; -**prabandha**, *m.* cunning device; -**vata-māya**, *a.* consisting of a hundred kinds of fraud; -**ivara**, *m. N.* of a temple of *Siva*.

कपर्द kapard-n, *m.* cowrie (small shell used as a coin or die); braid of hair in the form of a shell, -**a-ka**, *m.*, -**ikā**, *f.* cowrie; -**in**, *a.* having hair wound in the form of a shell, curly, shaggy; *m. ep.* of *Siva*.

कपल kapala, *n.* half; part.

कपाट kapāṭa, *m. n.* fold of a door; -**ka** (*i-kā*), *a.* *id.*; -**vaksha**, *a.* broad-chested.

कपाल kapāla, *n.* dish, mendicant's bowl; plate; lid; potsherd; egg-shell; skull; -**malin**, *a.* wearing a garland of skulls (*Siva*); -**sandhi**, *m.* treaty based on equal terms; -**spota**, *m. N.* of a *Raksha*.

कपालिका kapāl-ikā, *f.* potsherd.

कपालिन् kapāl-in, *a.* bearing a bowl or skulls; *m. N.* of *Siva* or of one of the eleven Rudras; *kīrt* of sectary.

कपिकप kap-i, *n.* monkey; -**keta**, *m. ep.* of *Arguna*.

कपिजल ka-pijāla, *m.* francoline partridge; *N.* of a man; *N.* of a sparrow; -**nyāya**, *m.*

after the fashion of the *Kapiṅgala* topic (in the *Pāramitadma*) according to which the plural (*kapiṅgalān*) means only three.

कपित्थ kapi-tṭha, *m.* [monkey-stand], a tree, *n.* its fruit; -**pati**, *m. ep.* of *Hanumat*.

कपिल kapi-lā, *a.* (monkey-coloured), brownish, reddish; *m.* species of monkey; *N.* of an ancient sage; *ā.* *f.* brown or reddish cow; species of leech; -**pa**, *m. N.* of a sage; -**dhāra**, *a.* brownish grey; -**riśhi**, *m.* the sage *Kapila*; -**vastu**, *m. N.* of *Buddha*'s birth-place; -**sarman**, *m. N.* of a *Brahman*.

कपिलीक kapilī-kri, colour brown or reddish.

कपिश kapi-śa, *a.* (monkey-coloured), brownish, reddish; -**bhrā**, *f. N.* of a woman.

कपिष्ठल kapi-śhāla, *m. N.* of a sage; *pl.* his descendants; -**samhitā**, *f.* collected scriptures of the *Kapishthālas*.

कपीतन kapitana, *m. N.* of various plants.

कपीन्द्र kapiṇdra, *m.* lord of the monkeys; *ep.* of *Vishnu* and of *Hanumat*; -**ivara**, *m. ep.* of *Sugriva*.

कपुच्छल ka-pukkhala, *n.* hair at the back of the head; scoop of the sacrificial spoon.

कापूय ka-pūya, *a.* stinking.

कपूथ kā-prith, *व्य* -**thā**, *m.* membrum virile.

कपोत ka-pōta, *m.* pigeon; *i.* *f.* female pigeon; -**ka**, *m.* little pigeon; -**pāli**, *f.* dove-cot

कपोतिका kapot-ikā, *f.* dove; -**nyāya**, *m.* fashion of a dove (which did good even to an enemy).

कपोल kapola, *m.* cheek; -**kāsha**, *m.* object which rubs against the cheek; -**pāli**, *f.* edge of the cheek; -**phalaka**, *n.*, -**bhitti**, *f.*, -**mūla**, *n.* cheek-bone.

कफ kapha, *m.* phlegm (one of the 3 humours of the body); -**ghna**, *a.* anti-phlegmatic.

कवन्ध kā-bandha, *v.* कवन्ध का-vandha.

कवर kalara, *a.* mottled, variegated, *m.* *i.* *f.* braid of hair.

कम् 1. kām, (*ac. sg.*) *pcl.* well: emphasizes a preceding dative.

कम् 2. ka-m, *pcl.* indeed (after *nā*, *sū*, *hi*).

कम् 3. KAM (no pres. base), wish, desire; -*love*: *pp.* *kānta*; *ex.* *kāmāya*, *ā.* (*P*) *id.*; excite to love; *pp.* *kāmīta*, desired *anu*, *ex.* desire. *abhi*, *es* be in love.

कमट kamathu, *m.* tortoise.

कमण्डलु kamandalu, *m.* ascetic's water-pot; -**pāṇi**, *a.* having a water-pot in the hand.

कमन kam-ana, *a.* (i) enamoured; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be desired; lovely, charming.

कमल kam-ala, *m. n.* lotus (called *utpala* at an earlier stage); *ā.* *f.* *ep.* of *Lakshmi*; *sg.* *pl.* riches; *n.* water; -**ka**, *n. N.* of a town; -**garbha**, -**ga**, *m. ep.* of *Brahman*; -**devi**, *f. N.* of a queen; -**nyāna**, *a.* lotus-eyed; -**nābha**, *m. ep.* of *Vishnu*; -**netra**, *n.* lotus-eyed; -**bāndhava**, *m. ep.* of the sun; -**bhāvāna**, *m. ep.* of *Brahman*; -**mati**, *m. N.*; -**māya**, *a.* consisting entirely of lotuses; -**lokāna**, *a.* lotus-eyed; *ā.* *f.* *N.*; -**vatī**, *f. N.* of a princess; -**vāna**, *n.* bed of lotuses; -**māya**, *a.* consisting of beds of lotuses; -**vandhana**, *m. N.* of a king; -**varman**, *m. N.* of a king; -**sambhava**, *m. ep.* of *Brahman*.

कमलाकर kamalākara, *m.* bed of lotuses, lotus lake; *N.* of various men, -**śasha**, *a.*

(i) lotus-eyed: -**agrahā**, *f. ep. of Alakshmi*; -**kamala**, *m. N. of a temple*, -**hata**, *m. N. of a market-place*; -**śāyā**, *f. ep. of Lakshmi*; -**āsana**, *n. lotus seat*.

कमलिनी kamal-ini, *f. lotus plant*; lotus bed, lotus pond: -**kā**, *f. dim. small bed or lake of lotuses*; -**dala**, *n. lotus leaf (Pr.)*.

कमलेश kamalākṣhaṇa, *a. lotus-eyed*; -**ndaya**, *m. N.*; -**udbhava**, *m. ep. of Brahman*.

कमि kam-i, *the root kam (gr.)*.

कम्प KAMP, I. **Ā**. (P.) **kāmpa**, tremble: *cs. kāmpaya*, cause to tremble, shake. *anu*, sympathise with (*acc, loc.*); *cs. id. sam-ānu*, *id. ā*, quiver; *cs. cause to tremble*; *pp. agitated ud*, tremble. *vi*, tremble, quiver; *cs. cause to tremble*; *agitate*.

कम्प kamp-a, *m. tremor, quivering*: earth-quake; quavered *svarita* accent; -**ana**, *a. trembling*; shaking; agitating; *m. N. of a country*, *n. shaking, waving*; -**va**, *a. trembling*; -**ita**, *pp.* trembling/shaken; *n. tremor*; -**in**, *a. trembling*; -**ś**, shaking. [lently]

कम्पुत्तर kampaṭṭara, *a. trembling vio-*
कम्बल kambalā, *m. (n.) woollen cloth, cover, ornament*; -**ivara-grāma**, *m. N. of a village*.

कम्बु kambu, *m. shell*; bracelet of shells: -**ka**, *n. N. of a town*; -**kantā**, *a. (i) having a shell-like neck, i. e. with three folds*; -**gri-va**, *m. N. of a tortoise*.

कम्बोज kambuja, *m. pl. N. of a people*.

कम्प kam-ra, *a. charming, beautiful*.

कायामुनीय kayā-subb-īya, *n.*, RV. I. 165.

कर 1. kar-ā, *a. (i, rarely ā) doing, making*: causing, producing 'generally'; *m. hand, elephant's trunk*.

कर 2. kar-a, *m. ray*; duty, tax

करक kara-ka, *m. water-pot*; a tree.

करका kara-kā, *f. hail*: -**abhihāta**, *m. hail-stroke*.

करकिसलय kara-kisalaya, *n. (hand-sprout), finger*; -**graha**, *m.*, -**ana**, *n. taking, by the hand*.

करक karāṭika, *m. skull*. [wedding]

करज kari-ja, *m. finger-nail*.

करञ्ज kāraṅga, *m. a tree*.

करट karat-a, *m. elephant's temple; crow*: -**ka**, *m. crow (Pr.)*; *N. of a jackal*; -**in**, *m. elephant*.

करण kar-āna, *a. (i) making, producing, performing ()*; *m. a certain mixed caste*; tune; word (*gr.*); *n. making, doing; performing*; producing; action; deed; rite; business; organ of sense; body; instrument; legal document or evidence; notion of the instrumental case (*gr.*); -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n. instrumentality (gr.)*; -**rūpa**, *a. having the form of an instrument (ph.)*; -**i-ya**, *fp. to be done*; *n. business*.

करण्ड karanda, *n. basket*; little box of wicker work: -**ka**, *n.*, -**i-kā**, *f. id.*

करतल kara-tala, *n. palm of the hand*: -**grā**, *pp. held in the hand*, -**tāla**, clapping of the hands; -**da**, *a. paying taxes, tributary*; subordinate; -**dharta-kara**, *a. holding an arrow in his hand*; -**patra**, *n. saw*; -**pallava**, *m. finger*; -**pāda-danta**, *m. hand, foot, or tooth*; -**pāla**, *m. receiver-general of taxes*; -**paṭi**, *f. hollowed hand*; -**prāpta**, *pp. held in the hand*; -**badara**, *n. jujube berry in the hand = perfectly obvious matter*; -**bha**, *m. elephant's trunk*; camel; young elephant or camel;

hand between wrist and fingers: -**ka**, *m. N. of a messenger*; -**bhūṣana**, *n. bracelet*; -**bhagurū**, *a. f. having thighs like an elephant's trunk*.

करम्ब karambhā, *m. pap, porridge*: -**ka**, *n. id.* *m. N.*, -**balukā-tāpa**, *m. pl. porridge of scorching sand (a torment of hell)*.

कररुह kara-ruha, *m. finger-nail*: -**vira**, *n.*

करस kār-as, *n. deed*. [fragrant oleander]

करस kara-stha, *a. lying in the hand*, -**i-kri**, place in the hand.

करस karā-sna, *m. fore-arm*.

कराय karāgra, *n. tip of finger or ray*: -**ābhāta**, *m. blow of the hand*; -**āguli**, *f. finger of the hand*.

करायिका karāyikā, *f. kind of crane*.

कराल karāla, *a. prominent; gaping: formidable*, *m. N. of a locality*, -**ka**, *f. ep. of Durga*; *N.*; -**keara**, *m. N. of a lion*, -**tā**, *f. gaping condition; formidableness*.

करालम्ब karālamba, *m. support for the hand = sheet anchor*

करालवदन karāla-vadana, *a. having a gaping or formidable mouth*

करालाय karālā-ya, *Ā* become formidable.

करालित karāl-ita, *pp. make formidable*: increased.

कराहति karāhāti, *f. blow with the hand*.

करिक kari-ka, = *karin*, *m. elephant*, -**kumbha-pita**, *n. elephant's frontal bone*

करिण kar-in, *a. making, fashioning*, *m. elephant*; (*n. ā*, *f. female elephant*)

करिण kar-iṣṭu, *a. doing, performing ()*: -**iṣṭyat**, *ft. pt. future*. [I. 165, 9]

करिण kar-iṣṭu[h], *2 sq. ft. subj.*, *√ kri*, RV

करोति karī-kri, bring as a tribute.

करीर karīra, *m. n. shoot of a bamboo*; *m. a leafless plant*; *n. its fruit*

करीष karīsha, *n. refuse. (dry) cow-dung*.

करुण karūna, *a. doleful, pitiable* -**m**, *ad.*; *m. a plant*, -**ā**, *f. pity, compassion*, -**dhvani**, *m. wail*; -**vedī-tā**, *f. compassionate disposition*

करणु karēṇ, *m. f. elephant*. -**kā**, *f. female elephant*. [-**a**, *a*, skull, head

करोटि karoṭi, *f. basin, bowl*; skull: -**ka**, *m.*

करोति karoti, 3 *sq. pr. of √ kri*, do; -**kar-man**, *a. having making as an action = verb of making*

कर्क karka, *a. (i) white*; *m. white horse*; -**ka**, *f.*

कर्केट kar-kat-a, *a. (i) f. crab*; curved end of the beam of a balance, -*i*, *f. drinking bowl*. -**ka**, *m.*, -*i*, *f. crab*; (cancer in the Zodiac); -**śrīṅga**, *n. crab's claw*, -**i-kā**, *f. a plant*; -**āśa**, *m. N. of a temple*. [fruit]

कर्कशु karkandhu, *m. f. jujube tree*; *n. its*

कर्कर kar-kur-a, *a. hard*; *m. leather strap (?)*: -*or -ā*, *f. kind of lute*; -*i*, *f. water-jar*

कर्करटु karkareṭu, *m. Numidian crane*.

कर्कश karkasṭi, *a. rough, hard (also fig.)*: -**tva**, *n. hardness*; harshness.

कर्कि karkī, *२७* -*n. m. Cancer (in the Zodiac)*.

कर्कोट karkota, *m. pl. N. of a people*; -**ka**, *m. N. of a snake*; a plant, *pl. N. of a people*.

कर्कुर karkūra, *n. ornament*.

कर्क kārka, *m. (-^o a., f. ā, i) ear*; handle; rudder; *N. of several men, esp. of a son of Kunti*, -*a*, *a. having ears or handles*; long-eared (also ā); -**kuvalaya**, *n. lotus attached to the ear*; -**kāmara**, *n. whisk adorning the ears of elephants*; -**śāpa**, *m. tale-bearing*; -**tā**, *f. condition of an ear*; -**tāla**, *m. flapping of elephants' ears (-)*; -**dhāra**, *m. helmsman*; sailor, -**tā**, *f. helmsmanship*; -**nilotpala**, *n. blue lotus attached to the ear*; -**pa**, *m. N.*, -**patra**, *m. flap of the ear (tragus)*; -**patha**, *m. ear-shot, hearing*; -**m, ā-yā**, *or upa i*, come to the ears -**atithi**, *m.* = came to the ears, -**paramparā**, *f. passing from ear to ear, gossip*, -**pāna**, *m. beautiful ear*; -**pūra**, *m. n. ear or ornament, esp. flowers* -**pūra**, *m. N. of a chattering serenade*, -**pūri-kri**, turn into an ear ornament; -**bhāga**, *m. curve of the ears*, -**bhūṣana**, *n. ear ornament*; -**māla**, *n. root of the ear (where it is attached to the head)*; -**vamsa**, *m. flat projecting bamboo roof*; -**vat**, *a. having ears*; -**viśā**, *f. ear wax*; -**viśha**, *n. poison for the ears*, -**veśha**, *m. ear-ring* -**na**, *n. id.*; -**virisha**, *n. Sirisha flower attached to the ear*; -**arava**, *a. audible*, -**su-bhaga**, *a. pleasant to the ear*

कर्णाञ्जलि karnañjali, *m. pointed ears*

कर्णाट karnāta, *m. pl. N. of a people*, 1, *f. queen of Karnāta*

कर्णातिकर karna antika-kara, *a. flying about the ears*; -**ābharaṇa**, *n. ear ornament*, -**amrita**, *n. nectar for the ears*, -**alam-karaṇa**, *n.*, -**kāra**, *m.*, -**kriti**, *f. ear ornament*, -**avatama**, *ul.* -*i-kri*, turn into an ear ornament [of the lotus]

कर्णिका karṇ-ikā, *f. ear ornament*; pericarp

कर्णिकार karṇi-kāra, *m. a tree*; *n. its fruit*

कर्णिण karṇ-in, *a. having ears, barbed*; *m. helmsman*.

कर्णिरथ karṇi-ratha, *m. hand of litter*; -**anta**, *m. ep. of the author of a manual on stealing*

कर्णोत्पल karna utpala, *n. lotus attached to the ear* (-**tā**, *f. abet s*), *m. N. of a king* -**upakarnikā**, *f. gossip*.

कर्त 1. karta, *m. separation, distinction*

कर्त 2. kartā, *m. hole, pit (= garta)*.

कर्तन karṭ-ana, *n. cutting off*: -**ari**, -**kā**, *f. cutting instrument, scissors*; -**ari**, *f. ul.*

कर्तवे kār-tave, *V. d. inf. of √ kri*; -**tavya** (or ā), *fp. to be done, &c. (√ kri)*; *n. affair, business*; what should be done, duty: -**tā**, *f. duty*

कर्तुमन्स kartu-manas, *a. intending to do*.

कर्तु kar-tri, *m. doer, maker; worker; performer; founder; creator; author (of, g., agent, (logical) subject may be in *am.* *m. m. ps.* *or g. a. rbl. s.*; used as *ft. of √ kri*); -**ka**, -*a* -**karti**, *i. agent*; -**tā**, *f. being the agent of an action (gr.)*; -**tva**, *n. agency*, -**bluta**, *pp. being the agent (gr.)*; -**rūpa**, *a. having the form of an agent**

कर्तोस kar-tos, *V. (n.) inf. of √ kri*, do.

कर्तव्य kar-tavya, *fp. to be destroyed*.

कर्तृ kar-tri, *m. 1. destroyer*; 2. spinner

कर्तृका kar-tri-kā, *f. hunter's knife*.

कर्त्त kar-ya, *fp. to be cut off*. [a. task.

कर्त्त kār-tva, *a. to be done or performed*;

कर्दन kard-ana, *m. N. of a king.*

कर्दम kardama, *m. mud, dirt, impurity; dregs;*

कर्पट karpata, *n. rag.* [-*rāṭa*, *m. N.*

कर्षण karp-ana, *kind of spear.*

कर्पर karpara, *m. bowl; pot; n. potsherd.*

कर्पस karpāsa, *m. n. cotton-shrub; cotton.*

कर्पूर karpūra, *m. n. camphor; -kell, m. N. of a flamingo; -gaura, n. N. of a lake (whitish like camphor); -tilaka, m. N. of an elephant; -paṭa, m. N. of a dyer; -maṇ-gari, f. N. of a princess; -flamingo; -drama, -maya, a. consisting of or like camphor; -vi-lāsa, m. N.; -saras, n. N. of a lake.*

कर्बु karbu, *a. spotted, variegated; -ra, a. id.; f. species of poisonous leech; ā-ra, a. id.*

कर्मेक karma-ka, ° = *karman; -kara, a. (i) working for another; m. labourer, servant; artisan; -karti, m. agent who is also the object of an action (in refl. verbs); -kāra = -kara; m. smith; -kārin, a. performing a work (-); -krit, a. laborious, skilful; m. workman, servant; -kabhama, a. fitted for deeds (-); -keshāḥ, f. labour, active exertion; -ga, a. arising from or caused by acts; -ganyatā, f. being produced from works. [(le, -).]*

कर्मेत karma-ṭha, *a. fitted for, devoted to*
कर्मेष्ट karman-yū, *a. skilful, industrious; fitted for the performance of sacred rites.*

कर्मेता karma-tā, *f., -tra, n. effect; notion of*
कर्मान karman, *m. complete control of acts; -dusha, pp. acting badly; -dosa, m. sinful act; -dhāraya, m. compound in which the first word (generally an a.) describes the second.*

कर्मन् kār-man, *n. action, work, deed; function, business; rite; effect; direct object of an action (gr.); fate (result of an act done in a former birth).*

कर्मेनाम् karma-nāman, *n. name from an activity; participle; -nāsa, f. N. of a river; -nāshā, a. diligent in (holy) works; -nyāsa, n. cessation of work; -pāka, m. ripening of works, retribution for works done in a former life; -pātaka, n. sinful deed; -pravaṇi, m. (determining an action), designation of prepositions used with nouns and of some adverbs; -phala, n. result of actions; -hetu, a. to whom results of action are a motive; -bandha, m. bondage of action; -bhāhulya, n. hard work; -buddhi, a. believing in human exertion; -bhūmi, f. land of works; sphere of action; -maya, a. (i) consisting of, produced by or having the nature of action; -mārga, m. road to action, thence slang for openings in walls &c.; -mīmāṃsā, f. = pūrva-mīmāṃsā; -yoga, m. activity; practice of holy works; connexion with a sacrifice; connexion with previous acts; *ab. or -tas*, in consequence of fate; -vidhi, m. rule of action or duty; -viparyaya, m. perversion action; -vipāka = karma-pāka; -samāpta, pp. having performed the sacred rites; -siddhi, f. success of an action; -sthāna, n. administrative office.*

कर्मात्मन् karma ātman, *a. whose nature is action; -anta, m. completion of work; business, public affairs, management; -antika, m. labourer, artisan; -loka, m. labourers; -abhāsa, m. practice of a rite.*

कर्मार karmāra, *m. smith.*

कर्मिन् karm-in, *a. acting, working, performing; m. man of action.* [(ph.).]

कर्मेन्द्रिय karma-indriya, *n. organ of action*

कर्वाट karvāṭa, *n. market-place.*

कर्शन kars-ana, *a. making lean; harassing (-); -ita, cs. pp. √kris.*

कर्ष karsh-a, *m. dragging; ploughing; a weight (= 16 māśas); -aka, a. dragging about, harrowing (-); ploughing, cultivating (-); m. husbandman; -ana, a. = karshaka; n. bringing; driving out; pulling; tormenting; ploughing, agriculture; bending a bow; -in, a. dragging along; inviting; ploughing; m. cultivator; -ū, f. furrow; trench; incision.*

कहि ká-rhi, *when? with avid or kid, at any time: na karhi kid, never.*

कल KAL, X. P. (Ā.) *Kālaya; E. generally*
kālaya, *impel, urge, drive; hold, bear; do, perform, utter; attach, fasten; observe, regard; reflect; believe in; consider, recognise as (2 ac.); pp. kalita, furnished with (-). ā, shake, toss; hold fast; fasten; perceive; examine; reflect; believe in; regard as (2 ac.). pratī, count up, enumerate. ud, pp. utkalita, opened, flowering. pari, devour; regard as. sam, be of opinion. ut-sam, pp. urged, commissioned.*

कल kala, *a. dumb; indistinct; inarticulate; choked with tears (-); low, soft (note); uttering a soft sound; -m, ad.; -kanthika, f. female cuckoo; -kala, m. confused noise or cry; -rava, -ārava, m. id.; -vat, a. tinkling.*

कलल kalalik-a, *m. spot, blemish, stain, rust; -lekha, f. streak of rust; -aya, den. P. stain, defile, disgrace; -in, a. defiled, disgraced.*

कलङ्ग kalāṅga, *m. a plant.*

कलत्र kala-tra, *n. wife; female animal; hip; loin; -tā, f. wifehood; -vat, a. having a wife; united with his wife or wives.*

कलचिन् kalatr-in, *a. id.* [gold; silver.

कलधौत kala-dhauta, *n. (sounding & bright).*

कलन kal-ana, *a. producing, effecting (-); f. impelling; gesture; n. shaking, agitation.*

कलम kala-bhu, *m. young elephant or camel; -ka, m. id. (-).*

कलमायिन् kala-bhāshin, *a. speaking softly.*

कलम कुलमा, *m. species of rice; -ropa-vadhā, f. female rice-watcher.*

कलरव kala-rava, *m. soft note.* [cuckoo.

कलविक्र kala-vikṛa, *m. sparrow; Indian*

कलश kalāsa, *m. pot, jar; bowl, cup (also i); tub; dome-shaped roof; -yoni, m. ep. of Agastya.*

कलशि kalas-i, *f. churn.* [styā & of Drona.

कलशोदक kalasa-udaka, *n. water in a jar.*

कलह kalaha, *m. dispute, quarrel.*

कलहंस kala-hansa, *m., i, f. kind of duck, goose or swan; -ka, m. id. dim.; -tā, f. abst. n.*

कलहकण्टक kalulu-kantaka, *m. N.; -kāra, a. (i) quarrelsome; -priya, a. id.; -vat, a. quarrelling with (saha).*

कलहाय kalahāya, *den. Ā. dispute, quarrel.*

कलहिन kalah-in, *a. quarrelsome.*

कालि kalā, *f. small part, esp. one-sixteenth; sixteenth part of the moon's disc; interest on capital; small division of time (ranging between 8 seconds and about 2½ minutes according to different statements); artistic skill; art (of which there are 64); -kell, a. practising an art as an amusement; -gṛā, a. understanding an art or the arts; m. artist; -dhara,*

a. possessing an art or the arts; m. moon; -nātha, m. moon; -nidhi, m. id.

कलान्तर kalāntara, *n. interest (on capital).*

कलाप kalā-pa, *m. (what holds together the parts), band; bundle; quiver; peacock's tail; ornament; totality; -ka, m. string, band, -varman, m. N.; -piṇ, m. peacock.*

कलाभर kalā-bhara, *m. artist; -bhārit, m. id.; -vat, m. moon; -vid, a. = kalā-gṛā.*

कलालाप kalā-ālapa, *m. gentle tone of voice.*

कलिकलि, *m. die or side of a die marked with one point (also personified); the fourth and worst age of the world; dissension, strife (also personified).* [moon's disc; bud.

कलिका kal-ikā, *f. sixteenth part of the*
कलिकाता kalikātā, *f. Calcutta.*

कलिक kaliṅga, *m. pl. N. of a people; country of the Kaliṅgas; -ka, -dosa, m. country of the Kaliṅgas.* [locality.

कलिञ्जर kaliñjara, *m. N. of a king; N. of a*

कलितचरण kalita-karana, *a. broken-legged.*

कलिद्रुम kali-druma, *m. tree of strife; N. of a tree.*

कलिन्द kalinda, *m. N. of a mountain on which the Yamunā rises; -kanyā, f. the Yamunā; -ātma, f. id.*

कलियुग kali-yuga, *n. the fourth or Kali age.*

कलिल kal-ila, *a. filled with, full of (in, -); m. confusion.*

कलुष kal-uṣha, *a. dirty; impure; turbid, dim; husky, choked; -, unable; n. dirt, impurity; -ketas, -mati, a. impure-minded.*

कलुषाय kaluṣhā-ya, *den. Ā. grow dim.*

कलुषीक kaluṣhī-kri, *dim, dirty, pollute; -bhā, become dirty or polluted.*

कलेवर kalevara, (*m.*) *n. body.* [guile, sin.

कल्क kalka, *m. paste; foulness, baseness,*

कल्कि kalki, *वृ-n, m. N. of a future deliverer of the world, the tenth Avatār of Vishnu.*

कल्की kalki-bhū, *become paste.*

कल्प KALP, v. क्लृप् KLIP.

कल्प kālpa-a, *a. feasible, possible; able to, fit for (g., le, inf., -); nearly equal to, like (-); after an a., almost; m. precept, rule, usage, manner; body of rules on ritual (one of the six Vedāṅgas); cosmic period (= a day of Brahmā = 1000 Yugas); prathamah kalpa, chief rule, original law.*

कल्पक kālpa-ka, *a. standard; m. precept, rule; -kabhaya, m. end of a Kalpa, destruction of the world; -taru, -druma, m. fabulous wishing tree; -dheṇu, f. fabulous wishing cow.*

कल्पण kalp-ana, *n. inventing; f. fashioning; performance; invention, fiction; hypothesis; comparing an elephant; fixing, determination; work, deed, act; formation, form.*

कल्पपाल kalpa-pāla, *m. guardian of order, king; -lata, f. creeper yielding all wishes; -lata, f. id.; -valli, f. id.; -vriksa, m. = Kalpa tree; -rataya, den. Ā. appear as long as 100 Kalpas; -sākshin, m. Kalpa tree; -rundari, f. N.; -sūtra, n. Sūtra on ritual.*

कल्याणि kalpāgni, *m. world conflagration at the end of a Kalpa; -anta, m. end of a Kalpa, destruction of the world; -, till the end of the world.*

कल्याय kalpāya, *den.* *Ā.* become or seem a Kalpa: *pp.* 1-*ta*.

कल्पितार्थ kalpita artha, *a.* to whom an offering of (—) has been made. [imagined.]

कल्पय kalp-ya, *fp.* to be assigned; to be

कल्पाय kalmasha, *n.* dirt; taint; guilt; sin.

कल्पाय kulmāsha, *a.* (i) having black spots (-*tā*, *f.* *abst. s.*); *m.* *N.* of a *Nāya*; *n.* spot.

कल्पायित kalmāsha-ita, *pp.* spotted, variegated with (*in*).

कल्य kal-ya, *a.* healthy, vigorous; ready (for, *to*, or *inf.*); clever; *n.* health; day-break (-*m*, *lc.*, —, at day-break); intoxicating liquor: -*tā*, *f.* health.

कल्यवर्त kalya-varta, *n.* breakfast; trifle.

कल्याण kalyāṇa, *a.* (i) beautiful, lovely; good, excellent, noble; blessed, auspicious, prosperous; *m.* *N.* of a king. *n.* the good; virtue, merit; welfare, prosperity; festival; *i.* *f.* kind of pulse; -*ka*, *a.* *N.* of a locality; -*kāra*, *a.* (3) propitious; -*kāra*, *a.* productive of utility; -*kṛit*, *a.* performing good deeds; -*devī*, *f.* *N.* of a queen, -*para*, *pp.* continuous good fortune; -*pura*, *n.* *N.* of a town; -*prakṛit*, *a.* noble-natured, -*lakṣha*, *a.* having auspicious marks; -*varman*, *m.* *N.* of a king; -*svāmi*, *m.* *N.* of a statue of Vishnu; -*abhinive*, *n.* a benevolent; *m.* patron.

कल्याणि kalyāṇ-in, *a.* virtuous; prosperous

कल्लो kullola, *n.* wave. [gatarāṅgini.]

कल्हण kulhāṇa, *m.* *N.* of the author of the *Kā-*

कव kava, ° = *ka*-, *kud*-, *kā*-, *ku*-, *bad*.

कवक kavaka, *n.* mushroom.

कवच kavāka, *m.* *n.* armour, mail; jacket; bark; -*dharma*, *a.* wearing armour = youth.

कवचन kavāc-in, *a.* elad in mail.

कवध kāvandha, *m.* *n.* barrel; cloud; belly; trunk of the body; *ep.* of the demon *Danu*, whose head and thighs were thrust into his trunk by *Indra*.

कवय kavaya, *den.* *P.* compose poetry.

कवल kavala, *m.* mouthful, morsel: -*tā*, *f.* *abst. s.*; -*na*, *a.* swallowing; -*ya*, *den.* *P.* swallow; *pp.* *kavalita*, devoured by mouthfuls

कवष kāvasha, *a.* (i) wide apart; *m.* *N.*

कवाट kavāta, fold of a door: -*ka*, *id* (—).

कवि kav-i, *a.* wise; *m.* wise man, sage, seer; poet; planet *Venus*.

कविका kav-i-kā, *f.* bit (on a bridle)

कविता kavi-tā, *f.* -*tvā*, *n.* poetic art or gift. -*putra*, *m.* *N.* of a dramatist; -*rāja*, *m.* king of poets; *N.* of a poet, *i* -*vasta* (or *ā*), *pp.* spoken or praised by sages.

कवीण kava ushna, *a.* lukewarm: -*tā*, *f.* -*ness*.

कव्य kav-yū = *kavi*: *m.* *pl.* kind of *Manes*; *n.* offering to the *Manes* generally *v.* *havya*; -*vāhana*, *a.* conveying the offerings to the *Manes* *Agni*; -*havya* -*bhū*, *m.* *ep.* of *Agni*

कश kāsa, *m.* kind of rodent; whip; *ā*, *f.* whip; bridle; -*śghāta*, *m.* stroke of the whip

कशिपु kashīpū, *m.* *n.* mat, cushion.

कसमल kasamala, *a.* (ā, i) dirty; *n.* dirt; pusillanimity; despair.

कस्मीर kasmīra, *m.* *pl.* *N.* of a people; *sg.* *N.* of a country (Cashmere).

कश्यप kasyāpa, *a.* black-toothed; *m.* tortoise; a divine being; *N.* of various *Rishis*.

कश् KASH, I. *ka*sha, rub, scrape, scratch.

कष kash-a, *a.* scraping (°); *m.* touchstone: -*na*, *n.* rubbing, scraping, friction, -*paṭikā*, *f.*, -*pāshāna*, *m.* touchstone.

काय kashāya, *a.* astringent (*taste*): fragrant; red, yellowish red; *m.* red colour, passion; *m.* *n.* astringent juice; decoction, medicinal potion; ointment; dirt; taint; deterioration, moral decline; *n.* yellow garment; -*ya*, *den.* *P.* dirty; molest; *i* -*ta*, *pp.* coloured red; dirtied, stained; penetrated *w.* full of (—)

कष्ट kash-ta, *pp.* bad; heavy, severe; miserable; forced, unnatural; pernicious, dangerous; *n.* evil, misfortune, misery (kashāt kashātaram, worst of all evils). -*m*, *in* *ab.* °, with difficulty, only just; -*m*, *y* woe: often *w.* *dhik* or *hā* *dhik*; -*tapas*, *a.* doing severe penance; -*taba*, *cp.* most dangerous or pernicious; -*labha*, *fp.* hard to obtain; -*adhika*, *a.* worse.

कस KAS, I. beam, *n*is, *cs.* *nishkāsa*, drive out *vi*, burst, open, blossom; beam (with joy); spread out, extend, *pra*-*vi*, open, *pp*-*ita*, open, blossoming; *cs.* cause to open or

कसुन k-as-un, *inf.* suffix as (*gr.*) [flower]

कसुभी ka-stumbhī, *f.* support of a carriage pole.

कसूरिका kastūrikā, *f.* musk; -*kuraśga*, *m.* musk-deer, -*m*, *gi*, *f.* female of the musk deer [deer].

कसूरी kastūri, *f.* musk; -*m*, *gi*, *m.* musk.

कस्मत् kā-smāt, *ab.* of *kim*; *ad.* whence? why? on what account?

कलहार kahlāra, *n.* white esculent water-lily

का kā, ° = *ka*-, *kad*-, *kava*-, *ku*-, *bad*.

कांक्षि kāṁsi, *m.* goblet, cup.

कांस्य kāṁsya, *a.* brazen, *n.* brass. -*kāra*, *m.* bell-founder. -*tāla*, *m.* cymbal; -*pātra*, *n.* *i.* *f.* brazen vessel

काक kāka, *m.* crow; *i.* *f.* female crow: -*tā*, *f.* state of a crow; -*tāliya*, *a.* accumulated as the fall of the fruit in the story concerning the crow and the date, *i.e.* as accidental as the fall of the date at the moment of the crow's alighting on the palm-tree = post hoc, non propter hoc -*m* or -*vāt*, *ad.* suddenly, unexpectedly; -*paksha*, *m.* crow's wing, curl on the temples of boys or youths; -*ka*-, *a.* *ad.*, -*yava*, *m.* *pl.* grainless barley; -*rava*, *a.* cawing like a crow, cowardly; -*rūka*, *a.* cowardly

काकलि kākali, *f.* low, sweet tone; *i.* *f.* *id.*, musical instrument with a low note used to test whether one is asleep.

काकाक्षिवाय kāka akshi-nyāva, *m.* *in.*, *ab.* after the manner of the crow's eye, *i.e.* in opposite directions, with reference both to what precedes and what follows; -*akshi-golānyāva*, *m.* *id.* [coin = 1 pana]

काकिणी kākīni, °नी -*ni*, *f.* cowrie, small

काकु kāku, *f.* cry of grief, wail; change of voice, emphasis.

काकुत्स्थ kākutstha, *m.* descendant of *Kakutstha* *ep.* of *Aga*, *Dasāratha*, *Rāma*, *Laksh-*

काकुद् kākud, *f.* palate (manu).

काकोल kākola, *m.* raven; *n.* kind of poison. a certain hell. [crows and the owls.]

काकोवकीय kāka ulūh-īya, *n.* story of the

काकोवती kākshivati, *f.* daughter of *Kakshivat*

काङ्क्ष KĀKSHI, I. *kā*ksha, desire, long for, strive after; expect, wait for (*ac*) ° *pp*-*ita*, *abhi*, long for; *pp.* wished for, desired. *ā*, desire, want; strive for; wait for (*ac*), seek *g* °, turn towards (*ac*); require as a complement (*gr*).

काङ्क्षीय kāksh-āniya, *fp.* desirable; *ā*, *f.* desire for (—); -*in*, *a.* desirous of, longing for, waiting for (*ac* or —).

काक्ष kākṣa, *m.* glass; -*maṇḍ*, *m.* crystal; -*ra*,

काक्ष kākṣa, *n.* mullet. [a. made of glass]

काङ्क्ष kāṅkṣa, *n.* gold; money; *a.* (i) golden. -*giri*, *m.* gold mtn. *ep.* of *Meru*; -*prabha*, *a.* shining like gold; -*māya*, *a.* i golden. -*māli*, *f.* *N.* of various women; -*varman*, *m.* *N.* of a king; -*akāla*, -*adri*, *m.* *ep.* of *Mount*

काङ्क्षीय kāṅkṣ-īya, *a.* golden [Meru]

काङ्क्षी kāṅkṣī, *f.* small gudge generally adorned with bells. -*kalāpa*, *m.* *id.* -*gana*, *m.* gudge band; -*sthāna*, *n.* hips.

काङ्क्षिक kāṅkṣika, *n.* sour gruel.

काट kātā, *m.* depth, bottom

काटयवेम kātaya-vema, *m.* *N.* of a common-

काटव kātava, *n.* sharpness. [tator.]

काठ kātha, *a.* derived from *Katha*; -*ka*, *a.* (i) relating to *Katha*; *n.* *N.* of a *Veda* -*n* -*panishad* -*katha* upanishad

काठिन्य kāth-nyu, *n.* hardness, stiffness; firmness, austerity

काय kānā, *a.* one-eyed; blind (*eye*); perforated; one handled; -*tvā*, *n.* one-eyedness, -*bhūti*, *m.* *N.* of a *Yaksha*.

काणेनीमत kāṇēni-mat, *m.* bastard

काण्टक kāntaka, *a.* (1) consisting of thorns.

काण्ड kānda (or *ā*) *m.* *n.* piece; section of a plant (from joint to joint, ship, blade, stalk, arrow; tube of bone, section in a book), -*pa* *a.* -*ka*, *m.* curtain

काण्डार kāṇḍāra, *m.* a certain mixed caste.

काण्डी kāṇḍī, *f.* little blade

काण्डीर kāṇḍīra, *a.* armed with arrows.

काण्व kāṇva, *m.* *pat.* descendant of *Kaṇva* *pl.* the school of *Kaṇva*

कातन kā-tantra, *n.* *T.* of a grammar, *m.* *pl.* *id.* followers.

कातर kātara, *a.* cowardly, timid, faint-hearted, despondent; afraid of (*le*, *inf.*, —) -*tā*, *f.* -*tvā*, *n.* fear. [heartedness, cowardice]

कातर्य kātara-ya, *n.* apprehension, faint

कातृ kāt-kri, mock, deride.

कात्यायन kātya anyana, *m.* *pat.* *N.* of a celebrated sage, *ā*, *f.* *N.* of *Yāgyavalky's* wife, *a.* *i.* derived from *Katāyana*, *i* -*ya*, *m.* *pl.* school of *Katāyana*, *n.* *T.* of various works

कादम्ब kādamba *m.* kind of goose with dark-grey wings. *n.* flower of the *Kadamba* tree

कादम्बर kādambara, *n.* sour cream; *i.* *f.* kind of intoxicating liquor; *T.* of a romance

& its heroine: -**lokana śānda**, *m. ep. of the moon*; -**śaṅdhikā**, *f. common carouse*.

कादम्बिनी kādambinī, *f. dense bank of cloud*.

काद्वय kādva, *a. blackish yellow, reddish brown*. [*metr. of various serpents*].

काद्वेय kādaveya, *m. descendant of Kadrū*.

कानच् k-āna-k, *suffix āna of the pf. pt.*

कानन kānana, *n. forest (sts. with vana)*; -**anta**, *n. forest region, forest*. [*woman*].

कानीन kāni-nā, *a. horn of an unmarried*

कान्त 1. *kānta*, *pp. (√ kam) desired; beloved; charming; m. lover, husband*; **ā**, *f. sweet-heart, wife*; -**ka**, *m. N.*; -**tva**, *n. loveliness*.

कान्त 2. *ka anta*, *a. ending in ku (gr.)*. [*charm*].

कान्ताय kāntā-ya, *den. ā. play the lover*.

कान्तर kāntāra, *m. n. great forest; wilderness*; -**bhava**, *m. forester*; -**śaṅda-ga**, *m. forest frog*.

कान्ति kān-ti, *f. (a. °, f. ī) charm, loveliness, grace, beauty; brightness, radiance of the moon*; -**prada**, *a. conferring brightness*; -**mat**, *a. lovely, charming, beautiful*; -**i**, *f. N.*; -**tā**, *f. grace, beauty*.

कादिशीक kām-diś-ika, *n. fleeing in all directions, fugitive*.

कान्यकुब्ज kānya-kubha, *n. N. of a city*.

कापट kāpata, *a. (i) fraudulent*. [*Kanauj*].

कापथ kā-patha, *m. bad road; evil course*.

कापाल kāpāl-a, *a. (i) connected with or made of skulls*; *m. pl. school of Kāpālin*; -**ika**, *m. N. Saiva sectary (wearing and eating out of human skulls); a certain mixed caste*; -**ia**, *m. ep. of Śiva; N.*; *a. practised by a Kāpālika*.

कापिल kāpil-a, *a. (i) relating or peculiar to Kapila*; *m. disciple of Kapila*; -**eya**, *m. descendant of Kapila*.

कापिशायन kāpishayana, *n. kind of spirituous liquor*. [*coward*].

कापुष्य kā-purusha, *m. contemptible man*.

कापोत kāpota, *a. (i) peculiar to pigeons*.

काबन्ध kābandh-ya, *n. condition of a trunk*.

काम kāma, *m. wish, desire, for (d., g., lc.)*; *intention; pleasure; desired object; benefit; (sexual) love; god of love*; -°, *a. (often after inf. in -tu) desirous of, intending to: ab. willingly; voluntarily; intentionally*.

कामकाम kāma-kāma, *a. having all kinds of desires*; -**kāmin**, *n. ul.*; -**kāra**, *a. fulfilling the wishes of (g.)*; *m. voluntary act; freedom of will*; -**ka**, *m. ab. °, intentionally*; *voluntarily*; -**kṛita**, *pp. done intentionally*; -**ga**, *a. going anywhere at one's own free will; following one's desires*; -**gati**, *a. going anywhere at will*; -**gama**, *a. ul.*; -**go**, *f. cow of plenty*; -**kara**, *a. (i) moving at will*; -**tva**, *n. abst. s.*; -**kāra**, *m. freedom of action; voluntary or intentional action; self-indulgence*; -**kāra-vāda-bhākṣa**, *a. acting, speaking, and eating at will*; -**kār-in**, *a. moving at will*; -**i-tva**, *n. freedom of action*; -**ya**, *a. produced from love of pleasure; begotten through sensual passion*; -**tantra**, *n. t. of a cork (book of love)*; -**taru**, *m. Kāma (as a tree)*; -**tas**, *ad. through desire, lust, or love of pleasure; voluntarily; intentionally*; -**da**, *a. granting desires*; -**tva**, *n. abst. s.*; -**damini**, *f. ironical N. of a lascivious woman (love-controlling)*; -**śāga**, *a. milking = yielding every*

wish; **ā**, *f. cow of plenty*; -**duh**, *f. (nm. -dhuk) ul.*; -**deva**, *m. god of love*; -**dhenu**, *f. cow of*

कामना kām-anā, *f. wish, desire*. [*plenty*].

कामन्दक kāmānda-ka, *m. N. of a Rishi*; **i**, *f. N. of a Buddhist nun*; **N. of a city**; **i**, *m. pat. N. of a writer on polity*; -**śāstra**, *n. Institutes of Kāmāndakī*; **i-ya**, *a. composed by Kāmāndakī*.

कामपाल kāmā-pāla, *m. N.*; -**pāra** -**ka**, *a. fulfilling wishes*; -**prada**, *a. granting wishes*; -**bhākṣa**, *m. eating at pleasure*; -**bhoga**, *m. pl. sensual enjoyments*.

कामम् kāmam, *ac. ad. at will, at pleasure; to one's heart's content; according to desire, willingly, gladly; indeed; at all events; yet; even though, supposing generally with imp.*; **kāmam** -**tu**, *kim tu, ka, kim ka, punar, athāpi or tathāpi*, it is true - but, although - yet; **kāmam** -**na tu** or **na ka**, certainly - but not, rather - than; **yadi api** - **kāmam tathāpi**, although - yet.

काममूत kāmā-mūta, *pp. impelled by love*.

कामया kāmāyā, *(in. f.) ad. frankly (with brāhi or pra-brāhi)*.

कामरसिक kāmā-rasika, *a. indulging in love; libidinous*; -**rūpa**, *n. any form desired; a. assuming any form at will*; *m. pl. N. of a people in western Assam*; -**rūpin**, *a. id.*; -**vat**, *a. enamoured*; -**varsha**, *a. raining as desired*; -**vāda**, *m. talking as one lists*; -**vāsin**, *a. changing one's abode at pleasure*; -**vṛita**, *pp. indulging one's desires, pleasure-loving*; -**vara**, *m. arrow of Kāma*; -**śāna**, *m. ep. of Śiva*; -**śāstra**, *n. treatise on love, t. of various works*; -**śū**, *a. granting desires*; -**sūtra**, *n. a Sūtra treating of love*; -**śaituka**, *a. caused by desire only*.

कामातुर kāmā-tūra, *a. love-sick*; -**ātman**, *a. voluptuous; filled with love*; (a) -**tā**, *f. sensuality*; -**andha**, *a. blinded by love*; -**ari**, *m. ep. of Śiva (foe of Kāma)*; -**śoka**, *m. N. of a king*.

कामिक kām-ika, *a. desired*; -**i-gana**, *m. lover*; -**i-tā**, *f. condition of a lover*; -**in**, *a. eager for, desirous of (ac. °)*; *loving, in love (with, ac. or kārdham)*; *m. lover*; -**i**, *f. woman in love*; *girl, woman*.

कामुक kām-uka, *a. desirous (of, °)*; *in love with (ac.)*; *m. lover*; -**tva**, *n. amorousness*.

कामुकाय kāmukā-ya, *den. ā. play the lover*; *pp. -yi-ta*; *n. conduct of a lover*.

कामेश्वर kāmā-īśvarā, *m. ep. of Kubera*.

कामोन्मत्त kāmā-unmatta, *pp. mad with love*.

कामिन्ध kām-pil-ya, *n. N. of a city of the Paṅkila*; -**ka**, *m. a plant*; -**laka**, *m. ul.*

कामुव kām-buva, *m. N. of a locality*.

काम्बोज kām-boga, *a. coming from Kām-buja*; *m. N. of a people = Kām-buja*.

काम्य kām-ya, *a. desirable, dear; amiable, pleasant; connected with a wish, interested; optional*; -**ka**, *m. N. of a forest and of a lake*; -**tā**, *f. loveliness, beauty*. [*after (g., °)*].

काम्या kāmāyā, *f. desire, wish for, striving*

काय 1. *kāya*, *a. relating to the god Ka (Prajāpati)*; *m. nuptial form of Prajāpati*; *root of the little finger (sacred to Prajāpati)*.

काय 2. *kāy i*, *m. body; mass, extent, group; capital*; -**kleśa**, *m. bodily distress*; -**dauda**, *m. perfect control over the body*; -**māna**, *n.*

tent of grass, foliage, &c.: **i-ka-niketana**, *n. id.*; -**vat**, *a. incarnate*; -**śiro-grīva**, *n. body, head, & neck*; -**śha**, *m. writer (mixed caste)*.

कायिक kāy-ika, *a. (i) bodily*. [*interest*].

कायिका kāy-ikā, *a. f. (sc. vridhī) kind of*

कायोदय kāya ūda-ga, *a. horn of a woman married after the manner of Prajāpati*.

कार kār-a, *a. (i) making, producing, fashioning, performing*; *m. maker (°)*; *fashioner, author; making, action*; -°, *sound, letter; uninflected word*; -**aka**, *a. (-ikā) making, producing, causing, performing (g. or °)*; "about to do (ac.)"; effecting an object; *m. maker, fashioner; agent*; *n. relation of noun to verb, case-notion*; -**ana**, -°, *a. making, causing, producing*; *m. (-° f. ī) cause, occasion, motive (g., lc., °)*; *prime cause, element; basis; argument, proof; means, instrument; organ of sense; in, ab, lc., °, from some cause*; *v. kona, kasmāt, kasmīn*, for what reason? why? *kim kārānam*, why? *ab. for the sake of (g., °)*; *kenāpi kārānena*, for some reason or other; *yat kārānam, yena kārānena*, because.

कारणकोप kāraṇa-kopa, *a. angry with reason*; -**krudh**, *a. id.*; -**guna**, *m. quality of the cause*; -**tas**, *ad. for some reason*; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n. causality*; -**śāstra**, *n. causal body*.

कारणा kār-anā, *f. action*.

कारणात्मन kāraṇa ātman, *a. being essentially the cause of (g.)*; -**antara**, *n. special*

कारणिक kāraṇ-ika, *m. judge*. [*cause*].

कारण्डव kārāṇḍava, *m. kind of duck*.

कारयितव्य kārayi-tavya, *cs. fp. that should be caused to be done; to be managed; to be effected or procured*; -**tri**, *m. causer of action; barbar*. [*plant*].

कारक्षर kārā-skura, *m. kind of poisonous*

कारा kārā, *f. prison, gaol*; -**śāra**, -**grīva**, *n. id.*; -**patha**, *m. N. of a country*; -**vāsa**, *m. gaol, imprisonment*.

कारावर kārā-avara, *m. a certain mixed caste (offspring of Nishāda and Vaidēhi)*.

कारिका kār-ikā, *f. activity; torment; memorial verse explaining obscure grammatical rules or philosophical doctrines*.

कारित kār-ita, *pp. caused, produced by, relating to (°)*; **ā**, *f. (sc. vridhī) excessive interest offered by debtor under pressure*.

कारिष्क kār-iṣka, *a. i. making, doing, producing (g., °)*; *acting*; *2. dispersing, destroying*.

कार kār-i, *m. poet, singer*; -**u**, *m. artisan (f. ū)*; -**ka**, *m. id.* [*n. compassion*].

कारुणिक kārūṇ-ika, *a. compassionate*; -**ya**,

कारुष kārūṣha, *m. a mixed caste (offspring of outcast Vaisya)*. [*harshness*].

कारुष kārkaṣ-ya, *n. firmness, hardness*;

कारोटक kārkoṭaka, *m. N. of a city*.

कार्तवीर्य kārtavīrya, *m. pat. of Arjuna, prince of Hāhaya*. [*and sounding piteous*].

कार्तस्वमय kārtā-svam-nya, *a. golden*

कार्तानिक kārtānt-ika, *m. astrologer*.

कार्तिक kārtika, *m. N. of a month (October-November)*; **i**, *f. day of full moon in Kārtika*; -**ya**, *m. met. of Skanda, god of war*.

कार्तस्य kārtān-ya, *n. totality in completely*.

कार्दम kārđama, *a. muddy*.

कार्पाटिक kārpaṭ-ika, *m.* poorly clad pilgrim.

कार्ष्ण kārpaṇ-ya, *n.* poor-spiritedness; poverty; meanness, avarice; compassion.

कार्षाक्ष kārpaṇāś, *n.* sword-fight.

कार्षास kārpaśa, *n.* cotton; cotton cloth; *a.* made of cotton; *i.* *f.* cotton shrub; *-ka*, *n.* made of cotton; *-tāntava*, *n.* cotton cloth; *-sautrika*, *n.* *id.*

कार्षासाक्षि kārpaśa-asthi, *n.* seed of the cotton shrub. [*-ikā*, *f.* "cotton shrub.

कार्षासिक kārpaś-ika, *a.* (i) made of cotton:

कार्मण kārman-a, *a.* relating to or proceeding from action; enchanting (*-tva*, *n.* *abst.* *n.*); *n.* sorcery, magic; *-ika*, *a.* produced by magic.

कार्मरङ्ग kārma-raṅga, *a.* deep red.

कार्मर karmārā, *m.* smith.

कार्मिक karm-ika, figured web.

कार्मुक karm-uka, *r.* *a.* efficacious; *2. a.* (i) made of Kṛmuka wood; *n.* bow: *-bhrit*, *a.* bearing a bow. [bow.

कार्मुकाय karmukā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* represent a

कार्मुकि karmuk-in, *a.* wearing a bow.

कार्य kār-ya, *fp.* to be done, made, performed, employed, (*de*, *r.* *√* *kr*); *n.* design, purpose, object, interest, duty; business, service; matter, affair; lawsuit; effect, product: *-m*, *with* *in* of thing and *g* of pers., something is due to, some one cares about; *m.* on account of.

कार्यकरणीया kārya-karṇa apēkṣā, *f.* view to carrying out one's design; *-kārtri*, *m.* promoter of the cause of (*g.*); *-kāraṇa*, *n.* a special object as a cause, special reason: *-tas*, *ad.* from special motives; *-tva*, *n.* being effect and cause; *-kāla*, *m.* time for action; *-kintaka*, *m.* manager of a business.

कार्यतः kārya-tas, *ad.* as a matter of fact:

-tā, *f.*, *-tva*, *n.* fact of being a product or effect; *-darṇa*, *n.* (legal) investigation of a case; *-darṇa*, *n.* sagacious, acute; *-dhvansa*, *m.* abandonment of a cause; *-nirṇaya*, *m.* legal decision of a case, *-parīkṣāda*, *m.* correct judgment of a case. [a product (*ph*

कार्यरूप kārya-rūpa, *a.* having the form of

कार्यवत् kārya-vat, *a.* having business to attend to; busy; having an object: *-tā*, *f.* business; *-vas*, *m.* influence of an object: *ab.* from interested motives; *-viniyama*, *m.* mutual engagement to do something; *-viniyama*, *m.* legal decision of a case; *-vipatti*, *f.* failure of an object, *-vittānta*, *m.* fact of a matter; *-vyasana*, *n.* failure of an object, *-vasha*, *m.* what remains to be done, completion of undertakings; *-siddhi*, *f.* success of a matter; *-hanti*, *m.* thwarting of one's interest; *-hetu*, *m.* motive of carrying out one's designs: *ab.* with a view to one's interests.

कार्यकार्य kārya-akārya, *n.* right & wrong (?).

कार्यातिपात kārya-atipāt-a, *m.* neglect of business: *-in*, *a.* neglecting business; *-adhi-kārin*, *m.* minister of policy; *-antara*, *n.* another business; leisure hour: *-sāhiva*, *m.* companion of a prince's leisure or amusements, *-apekṣin*, *a.* having a special object in view.

कार्यार्थ kārya artha, *m.* undertaking: *-m*, *ad.* for a special end, for the purpose of business or work: *-siddhi*, *f.* success of an undertaking; *-arthin*, *a.* concerned about a matter; demanding justice.

कार्यिक kār-ika, *a.* *id.*; *m.* litigant: *-in*, *a.* *id.*; *m.* official.

कार्योपेक्षा kārya upekṣā, *f.* neglect of official duty; *-uparodha*, *m.* interruption of business. [minution

कार्ष kārś-ya, *n.* emaciation; smallness; di-

कार्षक kārśha-ka, *m.* agriculturist, husbandman. [of a Kārśha

कार्षापण kārśha āpāna, *m.* *n.* coin of the weight

कार्षिक kārśh-ika, *a.* weighing a Kārśha.

कार्ष kārśha, *a.* (1) coming from the black antelope; belonging to or composed by Kārśha; *n.* hide of the black antelope. [n. iron.

कार्षायस kārśha ayasa, *a.* (i) made of iron:

कार्ष्य kārśha-ya, *n.* blackness; darkness.

काल r. kāla, *a.* (1) dark blue, black: *m.* the black in the eye; *cp* of Niva

काल 2. kālā, *m.* due season, appointed or right time (for, *d.* *g.* *√* *inf.* *-*), time; opportunity; season; meal-time of which there are *two* *day*, half a day; hour; age, era; measure, prowess; Time, fate, death, god of death, *-*, at the right time; in time, gradually; *paraś kālā*, high time (*or* *inf.* *-*); *kālam* *kri*, fix a time for (*lc.*); *kālam* *asādaya*, according to circumstances, in *kālena*, in due season; in course of time: *-galkhatā*, as time goes on, in course of time; *dirghena*, *mahatā* or *bahunā* *-*, after a long time; *kena* *it* *-*, after some time; *tena* *-*, at that time; *ab.* *kālāt*, in the long run, in course of time; *kālatas*, *id.* with regard to time; *g.* *dirghasya* or *mahatā* *kālasya*, after a long time; *kaśya* *lit* *-*, after some time, *lc.* *kālāt*, at the right or appointed time, opportunely; in time *=* gradually; *prāpte*, when the time has come; *-galkhatī*, in course of time; *-yāte*, after the lapse of some time, *kaśmīn* *lit* *-*, one day, *kāle* *kālāt*, always at the right time; *śhaśathe* *-*, at the end of the third day; *-hna* *lit*, at the sixth hour of the day, *i.e.* at noon, *pañkate* *-*, after 250 days; *ubhan* *kālen*, morning and evening

कालक kālā-ka, *a.* dark blue, black; *-kaṅgā*, *m.* *pl.* *N.* of a tribe of *Asuras*; *-kaṇṭhaka*, *m.* sparrow; *-karmān*, *n.* death; *-kāṅkṣin*, *a.* waiting or impatient for the right moment, *-kārita*, *pp.* temporary; *-kūśa*, *m.* kind of poison (*esp.* that produced at the charming of the ocean); *-krita*, *pp.* produced by time; temporary; *-krama*, *m.* course of time; *m.* *ab.* in course of time; *-kṣhepa*, *m.* waste of time, delay; *d.* to gain time; *-m* *kri*, waste time (*or* *lc.*); *-gaṇṭhikā*, *f.* *N.* of a river, *-gupta*, (*pp*) *m.* *N.* of a *Yāgya*.

कालचक्र kālā-chakra, *n.* wheel of time; *-gūṇa*, *a.* knowing the proper time; *-gūṇa*, *n.* knowledge of time or chronology

कालता kālā-tā, *f.* *r.* seasonableness; *2.* blackness; *-dāma*, *m.* wand of death; *-dāta*, *m.* harbinger of death; *-danṛtīmya*, *n.* tyranny of time; *-dharma*, *-n*, *m.* law of time *=* inevitable death, *-niyama*, *m.* limitation of time; determination of the *terminus* *ad* *quem*; *-nemi*, *m.* *N.* of an *Asura* slain by Kṛishṇa; *N.* of a *Brāhmaṇ*.

कालपक्व kālā-pakva, *pp.* ripened by time; *-paśyaya*, *m.* course of time; *-paśyaya*, *m.* *id.*; *-pāśa*, *m.* noose of the god of death; *-pāśika*, *m.* hangman; *-puraśha*, *m.* time perished; minion of the god of death, *-prabhu*, *m.* lord of seasons, the moon; *-prāpte*, *pp.* brought by time; *-bhogin*, *m.* black snake; *-megha*, *m.* black cloud.

कालम्ब्य kālambya, *m.* *N.* of a *caracarasera*.

कालयवन kālā-yavana, *m.* *N.* of a *Dripa*; *-yāpa*, *m.* *-na*, *n.* *-nā*, *f.* procrastination; *-yoga*, *m.* conjuncture of time or fate; point of time: *-tas*, *ad.* according to circumstances, *-loha*, *n.* iron, steel; *-vāla*, *a.* having a black tail; *-vid*, *a.* knowing the times; *-vidyā*, *f.* knowledge of chronology or the calendar; *-vibhakti*, *f.* division of time; *-vridhhi*, *f.* kind of illegal interest; *-vyatita*, *pp.* for which the right time has passed.

कालशेय kālās-eya, *n.* butter-milk

कालश्याक kālā-sāka, *m.* a plant: *-samrodhā*, *m.* protracted retention; *-sākhya*, *f.* computation or determination of time; *-sarpa*, *m.* a black snake; *-gūtra*, *n.* noose of the god of death; *m.* *n.* (also *-ka*), *N.* of a hell; *-harsa*, *n.* loss of time, *-harsa*, *m.* *id.*; gain of time

कालागुरु kālā aguru, *m.* kind of black aloe. *-adagana*, *n.* black ointment; *-anda* *-pa*, *m.* black bird - *Indian* *cuckoo*; *-atikramana*, *n.* neglect of the right moment for (*g.*); *-atipāta*, *m.* delay; *-atyaya* *apadishā*, *pp.* lapsed, become void; *-anala*, *m.* fire of all destroying time, fire of universal death; *-anu-sārya*, *n.* kind of fragrant benzoin, resin; *-antara*, *n.* interval of time; favourable moment: *in*, *ab.* after the lapse of some time *-kṣama*, *a.* brooking delay.

कालापक kālāpaka, *n.* *T.* of a grammar.

कालायस kālā ayasa, *n.* iron; *a.* of iron *-arūtha*, *pp.* hard or firm as iron. [ling.

कालाशोक kālā asoka, *m.* *N.* of a Buddhist

कालिक kāl-ika, *a.* relating to time; seasonable; lasting as long as *-*

कालिका kāl-ikā, *f.* liver, dark mass of cloud, *N.* of a river, the goddess Kālī; *-purāṇa*, *n.* *T.* of a Purāṇa.

कालिङ्ग kālīṅga, *क.* *ka*, *a.* from the land of the Kālīṅga; *m.* man or king of Kālīṅga

कालिङ्गर kālīṅgara, *m.* *N.* of a mountain

कालिदास kālī-dāsa, *m.* (servant of Kālī), *N.* of various poets, the celebrated lyric, epic, and dramatic poet of this name lived in the sixth century *a.* *n.* [of the Yāyama

कालिन्द kālinda, *n.* water-melon; *1. f.* *pat.*

कालिमर्क kālī-maṛk, *m.* blackness.

कालिय kāl-ya, *m.* *N.* of a Nāga; cobra

काली kālī, *f.* the Black goddess, a form of

कालीक kālī-kri, blacken. [Durgā.

कालीन kālīna, *a.* relating to the time of (?).

कालीयक kālī-ya-ka, *m.* *N.* of a Nāga; *n.* fragrant black wool (*sundal* or *alwa*).

कालीविलासिन kālī-vilāsin, *m.* husband of Kālī (Siva). [unfairness

कालुष्य kālūṣya, *n.* turbidness; foulness;

कालिचर्या kālē-karyā, *f.* seasonable occupa-

कालिय kāl-eya, *n.* a fragrant wood. [tion.

काकोरग kālā uruga, *m.* black snake.

काक kākya, *n.* day-break *-ma*, *lc.* at day-

काकथ kāvāṇḍha, *a.* (1) trunk-like [break.

कावेरी kāvēri: *f.* *N.* of a river.

काव्य 1. kāvyā, *a.* having the qualities of or coming from sages. [or gift.

काव्य 2. kāvyā, *a.* *id.*; *n.* wisdom; seer's art

काव्य 3. kāvyā, *m. pl. kind of Manes*; *n. poem*;
-**kartri**, *m. poet*; -**goshthī**, *f. discussion on poetry*; -**giva-gūa**, *m. Venus, Jupiter, and Mercury, or a understanding the purport of a poem*; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n. condition of a poem*;
-**devi**, *f. N. of a queen*; -**prakāsa**, *n. Light of poetry*; *T. of a work on poetics by Maṃmata and Alaṭa* (11th or 12th century); -**mīmāṃsa-ka**, *m. rhetorician*; -**rasa**, *m. flavour of poetry*;
-**śāstra**, *n. poetry and learning* (°); treatise on poetry; Poetics. *T. of a work.*

काव्यादर्श kāvyā ādarśa, *m. Mirror of poetry*
T. of a work on poetics by Dandin (6th century A.D.); -**alamkāra**, *m. Ornament of poetry*; *T. of a work by Vāmana* (9th century); -**śāstra**, *n. pl. Vāmana's Śāstras*, -**vr̥tti**, *f. his commentary on them.*

काश् KĀS, I. Ā. (P.) *be visible, appear*;
shine: *pp. -ita*, shining, bright; *intr. -kāka*, shine brightly. *nis*, *ca. show*; turn or drive out. **pra**, appear, become manifest; shine; *ca. make visible, show, display*; announce; illumine. **vi**, *intr. illumine.*

काश kās-a, *m. kind of shining white grass.*

काश kās-i, *m. closed hand or fist*; hand-ful: *pl. N. of a people*; *f. 1 or 1*, Benares. **i-ka**, *a. coming from Kāsi or Benares*; **ā**, *f. Benares*; *T. of a commentary* (probably 7th century A.D.) on Pāṇini by Vāmana and Gayaditya (see vr̥tti); -**ina**, *a. having the appearance of* (°); **i-pāti**, *m. lord of the Kāsis*; -**puri**, *f. city of Benares.*

काश्मल kāśmal-ya, *n. despondency, despair.*

काश्मीर kāśmīra, *a. (i) belonging to Kas-mlra*; *m. king of Kasmīra*; *pl. N. of a people and a country*; *n. saffron*; -**ka**, *a. belonging to Cashmere*; **i-kā**, *f. princess of Cashmere*; -**ga**, *n. saffron.*

काश्मीरिक kāśmīrika = kāśmīraka.

काश्य kāśya, *m. king of the Kāsis*; **ā**, *f. princess of the Kāsis.*

काश्यप kāśyapa, *a. (i) belonging to Kasyapa*; *m. pat. descendant of Kasyapa.*

काश kāśhu, *m. rubbing* (°).

काशय kāśhāya, *a. brownish red*; *n. brown-red garment*; **ā**, *f. kind of bee or wasp.*

काश kāśhā, *n. (piece of) wood, log*; *a measure of length*; *a measure of capacity*. -**ku-ṭa**, *m. kind of woodpecker*; -**kūta**, *m. id.*; -**bhārika**, *m. carrier of wood*; -**māya**, *a. (i) made of wood*; -**raṅga**, *f. rope for tying wood together*; -**losha-māya**, *a. made of wood or clay*; -**stambha**, *m. beam.*

काश kāśhā, *f. race-course, celestial course (of wind and cloud)*, quarter; goal; boundary; summit, height, maximum, *a measure of time.*

काशिक kāśhīka, *m. wood-carrier.*

कास् KĀS, I. Ā. cough.

कास 1. kās-a, *m. going, moving.*

कास 2. kās-ā, *m. ā*, *f. cough*; -**vat**, *a. coughing*

कासार kāsāra, *m. pond, lake*. [coughing.]

कासिका kās-ikā, *f. (slight) cough*; -**ina**, *n.*

काहल kāhala, *a. indecent*; excessive; dry; *m. large drum*; **ā**, *f. kind of wind instrument.*

काहलार kāhlāra, *a. derived from the white water-lily.*

कि 1. ki, *inter. prn. st. in kim, kiyat, kidris. &c.*

कि 2. k-i, *suffix i in pap-i, &c. (gr.).*

किमु kim-yū, *a. desiring what?* -**rāpa**, *a. of what form or appearance?* -**vaṇanta**, *m. N. of a demon*; **i**, *f. report*; saying, proverb; -**varna**, *a. of what colour?* -**viśaya-ka**, *a. relating to what?* -**vr̥tta**, *pp. surprised at what has happened, incautious*; -**vyāpāra**, *a. occupied with what?*

किमुक kim-suka, *m. a tree*; *n. its (scentless red) blossom*. -**sakhi**, *m. bad friend*; -**su-hrid**, *m. id.*; -**hetu**, *a. caused by what?*

किन्नास kinnasa, *m. particles of bruised grain.*

किन्नर kim-karā, *m. servant, slave*; -**tva**, *n. servitude*, **i**, *f. female servant or slave*; -**kar-tavya-tā**, *f. perplexity as to what is to be done next*; -**kārya-tā**, *f. id.*

किङ्किणी kiñ-ki-nī, *f. small bell*; -**ikā**, *f. id.*; -**ik-in**, *a. adorned with small bells*

किञ्चन kiñkan-ya, *n. property.*

किञ्चिक् kiñkit-ka, *indef. prn. with preceding ya*, any, every; -**kara**, *a. significant*; (**n**) -**mā-tra**, *n. a little bit.*

किञ्जल् kiñjalk-a, *stamina (esp. of lotus)*; -**ina**, *a. furnished with stamina.*

किट kiṭi, *m. wild boar.*

किट्ट kiṭṭu, *n. secretion.*

किण kiṇa, *m. callosity*; scar. [spirit].

किण्व kiṇva, *n. yeast*; ferment (used in making

कित् k-iṭ, *a. having k as its it (gr.).*

कितव kitavā, *m.*, **i**, *f. gamester*; cheat, rogue.

किट्ट kid-vat, *ad. like a kit (gr.).*

किन् k-i-n, *a primary suffix i (gr.).*

किन्दुबिल्व kindu-bilva, **विल्व** -villu, *N. of a tree or of the birthplace of Gayadera.*

किन्नर kim-nara, *m. fabulous being (half man half animal in the service of Kubera)*; *N. of various persons*. -**nāmaka** (ikā), -**nāmadhe-ya**, -**nāman**, *a. having what name?* -**nimit-ṭa**, *a. occasioned by what?* -**m**, why?

किम् kīm, (**nm**), *ac. n. of ku* what? why? often simple *inter. pcl* not to be translated (- **nm**, **an**); often used with other **pels**: - **ahgā**, why, pray? how much more? **atha** =, how otherwise? = it is so, certainly; - **api** (not till Kālidāsa), very, extremely; vehemently; nay more. with **neg.** by no means; - **iti**, wherefore, why? **st.** - **iti kīm**; - **iva**, wherefore? - **u**, pray? why, pray? how much more or rather? - **uta**, how much more? how much less? (*in neg. sentence*); **kīm ka**, and also, and besides, moreover; - **ka na**, somewhat, a little; with **neg.** in no way, by no means; - **kīd**, somewhat, a little (**st.**, followed by **iva**: with **neg.** by no means; - **tārhi**, (after **neg.** not) but; **tu**, but, however; nevertheless; - **tu tatthāpi** or **param kīm tu**, **id.**; - **na**, *emph. int.* how much more or less? **kīm nu khalu**, why, I wonder? *emph. inter.*; **kīm punar**, how much more or less; however, still, but; **kīm vā**, or; perchance? **kīm avid**, why, I wonder? I wonder! In double questions the second *kim* is *guly joined with uta*, **u vā**, **na vā**, **vā**, **atha vā**; or **atha vā**, **aho avid**, **uta vā**, **vā**, **vā pi** are used in the second place without **kīm**. **kīm**, with **in.** or **guly**, what is the use of - to (**gr.**)

किमधिकरण kim-adhikarana, *a. directed to what?* -**abhidhāna**, *a. how named?* -**artha**, *a. having what purpose?* -**m**, *ad.* for what purpose? wherefore? -**ākhyā**, *a. how named?* -**ādhāra**, *a. relating to what?*

किमीदिन् kim-idīn, *m. kind of demon.*

किमोय kim-īya, *a. belonging to whom or what place?*

किपरिवार kim-parivāra, *a. having what retinue?* -**pūruṣa** (or **ā**), *m. kind of elf, dwarf (attendants of Kubera)*; -**prabhāva**, *a. how mighty?* -**prabhu**, *m. bad lord*; -**phala**, *a. producing what fruit?* -**bala**, *a. how strong?* -**bhūta**, *pp. being what?* having what attribute (in commentaries *v.* reference to nouns)? -**bhṛitya**, *m. bad servant*; -**māya**, *a. consisting of what?* -**mātra**, *a. of what extent?*

कियचिरम् kiyaḥ-kiram, *ac. ad. how long?* -**kīrena**, *in ad.* how soon?

कियत् ki-yat, *a. how great? how far? how long? how various? of what kind? of what value?* **kīyat**, *ad. how far? how much? wherefore?* = uselessly; *indef. prn. a. small, little, some; n. ad. a little, somewhat; with following ka & preceding yāvat*, however great; of whatever kind; with **api**, however great; **kīyati ā**, (*lc. with prp. ā*) since how long?

कियद्दूर kiyaḍ-dūra, *n. some distance*; -**m**, *lc.*, -, not far, a short way. [*ance*; *n. trifle*]

कियन्वाच kiyaṇ-mātra, *a. of little import-*

कियाम्बु kiyaṃbu, *n. an aquatic plant.*

किर् 1. KIR, kirāti &c., *v. कृ* KRĪ, scatter.

किर् 2. kir, *a. scattering, pouring out* (°).

किरण kir-āna, *m. dust*; mote; ray.

किराट kirāta, *m. merchant.*

किरात kirāta, *m. pl. N. of a barbarous mountain tribe of hunters*; *sg. man or king of the Kirātas*; **i**, *f. Kirāta woman*; -**arguniya**, *n. Arguna's combat with Śira disguised as a Kirāta*; *T. of a poem by Bhāvari* (6th cent. A.D.)

किरीट kirīṭa, *n. diadem*; *m. merchant*; -**ina**, *a. adorned with a diadem*; *m. epithet of Indra and of Arguna*. [*i-rita*, *pp. id*]

किर्मिर kirmi-rā, *a. variegated*; **i-ra**, *a.*

किल 1. kilā (V. **st.** ā), *ad. quidem*, indeed, certainly, it is true; that is to say, it is said or alleged; as is well known.

किल 2. kilā, *a. playing.*

किलञ्ज kilāṅga, *m. mat.* [*a. leprous.*]

किलास kilāsa, *a. leprous*; *n. leprosy*; -**ina**, *n.*

किलिञ्ज kilīṅga, *m. mat.*

किल्बिष kilbish-a, *n. transgression, guilt, sin; injustice, injury*; -**aprit**, *a. removing or avoiding sin*; -**ina**, *a. guilty, sinful*; *m. sinner.*

किशोर kisorā, *m. fowl*; young of an animal; -**ka**, *m. id.* [*f. N. of a cave.*]

किञ्चिन्ध kiñkindha, *m. N. of a mountain*; **ā**, *n.*

किञ्जु kiñjku, *m. fore-arm*; handle (of an axe).

किस kis, *inter. pcl.*

किसलय kisulaya, *n. bud, shoot, sprout*.

den P. cause to sprout; arouse; *pp. i-ta*, sprouted; having young shoots.

कीकट kīkata, *m. pl. N. of a non-Aryan people.*

कीकास kīkasa, *m. spine*; *n. bone.*

कीषक kīkaka, *m. kind of bamboo*; *m. a general of Virdā, vanquished by Bhīmasena*. *pl. N. of a people.*

कीट kīṭa, *m. insect*; worm; worm of a -

= wretched (°); -*ka*, *m*, *i-ka*, *f*. *id.* -*ya*, *n*. silk; -*mani*, *m*. fire-fly.

बीटावपन *kīṭāvapana*, *pp*. upon which an insect has fallen.

बीटोत्कर *kīṭutkara*, *m*. ant-hill.

बीदृष *kī-drikṣa*, *a*. of what kind?

बीदृगाकार *kīdṛig-ākāra*, *a*. having what appearance? -*rūpa*, *a*. *id.*; -*vyāpāra-vat*, *a*. having what occupation?

बीदृश *kī-drīś*, *a*. what kind of? *w. following ka and preceding yāvat*, of whatever kind; -*dṛśa*, *a*. (i) of what kind? of what use?

बीनाश *kī-nāśa*, *m*. [acquiring what? = indigent], agricultural labourer; miser.

बीर *kīra*, *m*. parrot. *pl. N. of a people*.

बीरि *kīr-i*, *m*. bard, poet; -*ita*, *a*. praising.

बीरि *kīra*, *pp*. ✓*kṛi*, scutter. [*m*. bud.

कीर्तन *kīrtana*, *n*. mention, report: enumeration; narration; -*āniya*, *fp*. to be mentioned or praised

कीर्तय *kīrtaya*, *P*. (Ā.) mention, say: name; propound, proclaim, recite, narrate; celebrate; call, pronounce to be (2 *ac.*); *ps*. be called, be regarded as. *ud*, glorify *pari*, blaze abroad; proclaim, propound, declare; praise; pronounce, relate; call, *pp*. be called or accounted *pra*, proclaim, propound, approve, call (2 *ac.*); *ps*. be called or accounted *sam-pra*, mention, pronounce. 2 *ac.*; *ps*. be called or accounted *sam*, mention; recite; proclaim, celebrate.

कीर्ति *kīrti*, *f*. mention; renown, fame; -*kāra*, *a* (i) making famous; -*mat*, *a*. renowned, famous; -*yuta*, *pp* *id.*; -*vesha*, *m*. survival in fame only; death; -*śāra*, *m*. *N.*; -*śana*, *m*. *N.* of a nephew of Vāṇuki; -*soma*, *m*. *N.*

कील *kīla*, *°ka*, *m*. stake; peg; pin; wedge.

कीलिका *kīl-ikā*, *f*. peg; bolt; -*ita*, *pp* fastened, bolted; nailed down, studded with. (*in*, -)

कीश *kīśa*, *m*. monkey.

कु 1. *KU*, *r*. *कू* *KŪ*

कु 2. *ku*, *f*. earth, land, ground.

कु 3. *ku*, *the class of gutturals (gr.)*.

कु 4. *ku*, *prn*. *st. in ku-tas &c.* °, *bad*, insignificant; badly, very; -*kanyakā*, *f*. bad girl; -*karmān*, *m*. wicked deed; -*kalatra*, *m*. bad wife; -*kavi*, *m*. ba l poet, poetaster; -*kāvya*, *m*. bad poem; -*ku/umbini*, *f*. bad house wife; -*kṛitya*, *n*. infamously, wickedness

कुकर *kukura*, *m*. *pl. N. of a people*

कुकुल *kukūla*, *chaff*.

कुकुट *kukkutā*, *m*. cock; *i*, *f* hen; -*ka*, *m*. *son of a Nishāda and a Sādrā*

कुकर *kukkura*, *m*. dog; *i*, *f*. bitch.

कुषि *kuk-shi*, *m*. [✓*kuś*] belly, womb; cavity, cavern; valley; bay; -*ga*, *m*. son

कुषी *kukshi*, *f*. = *kukshī*.

कुग्रह *ku-griha*, *m*. *pl*. bad housewife; -*gohini*, *f* *id.*; -*grāma*, *m*. wretched village

कुकुम *kūi-kum-a*, *n*. saffron (a kind of crocus); -*paśka*, *m*. saffron ointment.

कुच् *KUK*. *VI. P* *कु*, *कुच्* *KUŠK*.

VI. Ā. kuśka, contract, bend (*int.*): *pp* -*ita*, contracted; bent, curved; curly; *cs. kuśka-aya*, crisp, curl. *ā*, *pp*. bent; drawn in; contracted; curly. *sam-ā*, *cs* *pp*. contracted, oblique; suppressed. *ud*, *cs*. *pp. utkoḥita*, blossoming. *vi. pp vikūḥita*, contracted, curly. *sam*, contract, close. *pp. samkuḥita*, contracted, closed; cowering; dejected, disconcerted; *cs. samkoḥaya*, contract, reduce, diminish.

कुष *kuḥ-a*, *m*. (*du*) female breast.

कुषन्ध *ku-kandana*, *n*. red sandal; -*karā*, *a*. roining about; vicious; *m*. bad man; -*karitra*, *n*. -*karyā*, *f*. bad conduct; -*kala*, *n*. poor garment, rags, *a*, ill-clad; -*tā*, *f* *abst*

कुष *ku-ga*, *m*. son of earth, *ep. of the planet Mars*; -*dina*, *m*. Tuesday; -*gana*, *m*. bad man or people; -*gaman*, *m*. 1. man of low birth, slave; 2. son of earth, planet Mars; tree; -*ṇvika*, *f*. wretched existence

कुषण *kuḥ-ana*, *n*. contraction

कुषि *kuḥ-i*, *m*. a measure = eight handfuls.

कुषिका *kuḥ-ikā*, *f*. key.

कुषी *kuḥ-i*, *f*. caraway.

कुच् *KUŠG*, *I. P*. rustle, rattle

कुञ्ज *kuṇṇ-a*, *m*. copse, thicket, bower -*kuḥira*, bower; -*vat*, *m*. *N. of a part of the Daudaka forest*.

कुञ्जर *kuṇṇa-ra*, *m*. elephant °, an elephant among = chief of, most excellent; *i*, *f*. female

कुट *KUT*, divide, break up. [elephant

कुटव *kuta-ga*, *m*. a tree (*Wrightia antidysen-*

कुटव *kutāru*, *m*. cock [terica]

कुटि *kut-i*, *f*. bend, curve (-°); hut, shed

कुटिल *kutī-la*, *a*. bent, curved; crooked winding, curly; going crooked ways, deceitful, adverse. -*ka*, *a*. winding; curly. -*kāra*, *a* (i) curly-haired; -*gati*, *a*. going crookedly or stealthily; *f* a metre. -*grā*, *f*. river. -*iva*, *m*. lord of rivers, ocean. -*gāman*, *a*. winding, exprecious; -*tā*, *f*. curliness; deceitfulness. -*tva*, *n*. *id.*; deviation from (-) -*mati*, *a*. crooked-minded, deceitful. -*manas*, *a*. *id.*

कुटिलाशय *kutīla āśaya*, *a*. having crooked aims. [*on the stage*]

कुटिलका *kutīl-ikā*, *f*. winding movement

कुटिलीक *kutīlī-kṛi*, *kunt* (*the brows*)

कुटी *kutī*, *f*. = *kutī*.

कुटीर *kutira*, hut; sexual intercourse; *i*; *kṛi*, choose for one's hut or abode

कुटुम्ब *kutumba*, °*ka*, *a*. household; family family property; -*parigrāha*, *m*. household, family.

कुटुम्बिन् *kuṭumb-in*, *m*. householder, paterfamilias; member of a family; domestic; *du*. householder and his wife; -*i*, *f*. mistress of the house; female domestic

कुट्ट *KUTT*, *X. P*. *kuḥ/aya*, crush, bruise *vi*, lacerate. [*with* (-°)]

कुट्ट *kutṭa*, °*ka*, *a*. crushing or grinding

कुट्टन *kutṭ-ana*, *n*. stamping. *i*, *f*. procuress

कुट्टार *kutṭ-āra*, *a*. tearing, lacerating (°); *m*. brawler. [*N. of a rogue*]

कुट्टिनी *kutṭ-ini*, *f*. procuress -*kapaśa*, *m*

कुट्टिम *kutṭ-ima*, *n*. levelled floor

कुटार *kutāra*, °*ka*, *m*. axe; *i*; *ka*, *f*. small axe; *i*; *ka*, *m*. wood-cutter.

[**कुट्ट** *KUD*, **कुट्ट** *KUND*, encircle.]

कुट्टव *kudva*, *m*. a measure and weight (= 1 *prastha*).

कुट्टव *kud-mala*, *a*. budding; *m*. *n*. bud; a kind of hell -*tā*, *f*. closure (of bud or eye); *i*-*ta*, *pp* covered with buds, closed like a bud.

कुट्ट *kud-ya*, *n*. wall; *ā*, *f*. *id.*

कुट्टप *kūmapa*, *n*. corpse; carcass, carrion. a (āpa) decomposing, stinking like carrion

कुट्टार *kūn-āru*, *a*. paralysed in the arm.

कुट्टि *kūn-i*, *a*. *id.* -*tva*, *n*. paralysis.

कुट्ट *KUNTḤ*, *pp*. -*ita*, blunted, blunt; relaxed, jaded; ineffectual; dull. *vi*, blunted.

कुट्ट *kunth-a*, *a*. blunt; relaxed; dulled -*tā*, *f*. absence of feeling (in a limb); -*tva*, *n*. dullness, obtuseness; -*a* -*ma* -*māla* -*māya*, *a*. consisting of a series of blunt strokes; -*i* -*kṛi*, blunt; -*i* -*bhā*, prove ineffectual

कुट्ट *kund-a*, *n*. *i*, *f*. pitcher, jar, pot; scuttle; round cavity in the ground, round fire pit; *m*. bastard of an adulteress, -*ka*, *m*. *n*. jar, pot, pitcher.

कुट्टल *kunda-la*, *n*. ring, esp. earring; -*lin*, *a*. wearing earrings; coiled, *m*. snake, *i* -*kṛi*, make into a ring, coil.

कुट्टाशिन *kunda āśin*, *a*. eating the food given by a kunda (bastard of an adulteress).

कुट्टिका *kund-ikā*, *f*. pot. [*Vidarbha*]

कुट्टिन *kund-in*, *n*. *N. of the capital of*

कुट्टोभी *kunda ūdhi*, *a*. *f*. hyg. jar-shaped

कुट्टनय *ku-tanaya*, *m*. bad son. [udder]

कुट्टप *ku-tapa*, *m*. *n*. goat's hair blanket.

कुट्टपविन् *ku-tapavīn*, *m*. bad ascetic; -*tarka*, *m*. bad dialectics, sophistry

कुट्ट *kū-tas*, *ad*. = *ab*. of *ka*, from which? from whom? whence? *sta*. whither? why? often in drama before a couplet confirming a previous remark for, how? how much less, to say nothing of, *kuto* + *pi*, late from some, *kutas* *id*, *id*. from somewhere *na*, from nowhere, *na kutas* -*āna*, *id*; in no direction.

कुट्टस्य *kutas-tya*, *a*. coming from whence? with *api*, of unknown origin.

कुट्टापस *ku-tāpasa*, *m*. *i*, *f*. bad ascetic.

कुट्टक *ku-ta-ka*, *n*. [regard to the whence], curiosity; interest; eagerness for (-°).

कुट्टहन् *kutṭ-hana*, *n*. [cry of whence]. *id* pleasure, delight in (*prati*, *le* or -); curious, interesting, or amusing object; *le*. eagerly, zealously -*kṛit*, *a*. exciting curiosity, curious, -*vat*, *a*. inquisitive; interested, eager.

कुट्टहन् *kutṭhal-in*, *a*. curious; interested

कुष *kā-tra* (-*trā*), *ad*. = *le* of *ka*, in what? where? whither? what for? -*api*, (*late*) somewhere; *id*, = *le* in some; somewhere with *neg* nowhere, also of direction, *kutra* -*id* - *kutra* -*id*, in one case in the other, sometimes sometimes where?

कुष *kutra-tya*, *a*. dwelling or coming from

कुत्स *kūtsa* *m*. *N. of various men*, -*āna*, *n*. reviling, abuse, contempt, term of abuse; -*aya*, *den*, *P* [ask as to the whence: *kut* + *ay*] abuse; blame; condemn *pp* -*ita*, contempt

ible; blameworthy; -**ā**, *f.* abuse, blame; *in.* contemptuously; -**ya**, *fp.* blameworthy.

कुथ KUTH, stink; *pp.* -**ita**, fetid; *cs.* **koth-aya**, cause to putrefy.

कुथ kutha, *m.*, **ā**, *f.* coloured woollen blanket.

कुदारदार ku-dāra-dāra, *m. pl.* bad wife as a wife; -**drishā**, *pp.* imperfectly seen; -**drishā**, *f.* defective sight; false system; *a.* heterodox; -**dra**, *m.* bad country; -**draika**, *m.* bad guide.

कुहाल kuddāla, hoe, spade.

कुद्वय ku-dravya, *n.* bad wealth; -**dvāra**, *n.* back-door; -**dhī**, *a.* foolish; *m.* fool; -**nakha**, -**nakhin**, *a.* having deformed nails; -**nadikā**, *f.* insignificant rivulet; -**nadi**, *f. id.*; -**na**, *indra, -**ivara**, *m.* bad king; -**nita**, *n.* bad guidance; -**nripa**, -**nripati**, *m.* bad king.*

कुन्त kunta, *m.* spear, lance.

कुन्तल kuntala, *m.* hair of the head; *m. pl.* *N. of a people.* [of a forest of spears.]

कुन्तवनमय kunta-vana-maya, *a.* consisting

कुन्ताप kūtāpa, *n.* *N. of twenty organs alleged to be in the abdomen; a certain section of the Atharva-veda.*

कुन्ति kunti, *m. pl. N. of a people; sg.* king of the Kuntis; -**bho**, *m. N. of a king of the Kuntis, who adopted Kuntī.*

कुन्ती kuntī, *f. ep.* of Prithā, wife of Pāndu; -**anta**, *m.* son of Kuntī (*cp.* of the sons of Pāndu). [**-lata**, *f.* jasmine creeper.]

कुन्द kundu, *m. kind of jasmine; n. its flower;*

कुप KUP, IV. **कृप्या**, become agitated; grow angry, be angry with (*d., g.*), conflict with (*g.*): *pp.* -**ita**, angered; angry with (*y* or *upari*); *cs.* **kopāya**, agitate, excite, provoke. **ud**, *ex* excite, produce. **pra**, become agitated or angry; *pp.* angry with (*ic.* or *prati*); *cs.* provoke, enrage. **sam**, *cs.* rage along.

कुप kup-ā, *m.* beam of a balance.

कुपट ku-pata, *m.* poor garment; -**pa**, *n.* a stupid; -**pa**, *hita*, *pp.* who has learnt (*his part* badly; -**pāti**, *m.* bad husband; bad king; -**parikṣita**, *pp.* ill-comprehended; -**parikṣa**, *ka*, *a.* estimating badly; *m.* bad estimator; -**parikṣita**, *pp.* ill-investigated; -**pātra**, *n.* unworthy person; -**putra**, *m.* bad son; -**purusha**, *m.* contemptible man; coward.

कृप्य kupa, *n.* base metal; *i. e.* any but gold and silver; *m. N.*; -**ka**, -**°**, *a.* base metal.

कुप्रभु ku-prabhu, *m.* bad lord; -**plava**, *m.* unsafe boat.

कुप्रवृत्त ku-bandha, *m.* degrading brand; -**buddhi**, *f.* wrong view; *a.* wickedly disposed; stupid.

कुबेर kuber, *m. N. of the regent of the spirits of the lower regions and of darkness (V.); god of wealth, the world guardian of the North; -datta, *m. N. of a mythical being; -valla-bha*, *m. N. of a Vaisya.**

कुम्भ kumbhā, *a.* hunch-backed; crooked; (**ā**)-**ka**, *a. id.*; *m.* an aquatic plant

कुम्भस्मृ ku-brahma, *m.* bad Brāhmaṇ.

[**कुम्** KUMBH, **कुम्** KUMBH, be curved.]

कुम्भर्तु ku-bhartṛi, *m.* bad husband; -**bhāryā**, *f.* bad wife; -**bhikṣu**, *m.* rogue of a beggar; -**bhukta**, *n.* bad meal; -**bhṛitya**, *m.* bad servant; -**bhoga**, *m.* poor enjoyment; -**bhogana**, *n.* bad food; -**bhogya**, *n. ut.*; -**bhārtṛi**, *m.* bad brother; -**mata**, *n.* false doctrine; -**mati**, *f.* wrong opinion; stupidity; *a.* stupid; -**man-**

tra, *m.* bad advice; evil spell; -**mantra**, *m.* bad counsellor.

कुमा kūbh-ā, *f. N. of a river (Cabul).*

कुमार ku-māra, *m.* [dying easily], (new-born) child; boy; youth, son; prince; *ep.* of Śkanda; (**ā**)-**kā**, *m.* little boy, boy, youth; -**°**, *a.* young -; -**tya**, *n.* boyhood, youth; sonship; -**datta**, *m. N.*; (**ā**)-**dashna**, *a.* giving but fleet-ing gifts; -**dhārā**, *f. N. of a river*; -**bhukti**, *f.* apauze of a crown prince; -**bhṛityā**, *f.* fostering of a child; midwifery; -**vana**, *n.* Kumāra's grove; -**vikrama**, *a.* valiant as the god of war; -**vṛata**, *n.* vow of chastity; -**sambhava**, *m.* birth of the war-god; *T. of a poem by Kālidāsa*; -**gana**, *m. N. of a minister*; -**sevaka**, *m.* prince's servant.

कुमारिका kumār-ikā, *f. girl; N. of a part of Bhāratavarsha*; -**in**, *a.* possessed of children.

कुमारिदत्त kumārī-datta, *m. N.*; -**ā**, -**bha**-**ta**, -**svāmin**, *m. N. of a Mīmāṃsist.*

कुमारी ku-mārī, *f. girl, virgin; daughter*; (**i**)-**para**, *n.* part of harem where girls live; -**bhāga**, *m.* daughter's portion.

कुमार्ग ku-mārga, *m.* wrong way, evil courses; -**māna**, *m. N.*; -**mitra**, *n.* bad friend. -**mitra**, *n.* bad friend as a friend.

कुमुद kú-muda, *n.* (white) night lotus; *m. N. of a Nāga; N. of a man*; -**nātha**, *m.* moon; -**maya**, *a.* consisting entirely of white lotuses; -**ākara**, *m.* lotus group; -**tā**, *f. abst. s.*

कुमुदिका kumud-ikā, *f. N.*

कुमुदिनी kumud-inī, *f.* night lotus; group of night lotuses; -**nāyaka**, -**vadhāvara**, *m.* lover of lotuses, *ep. of the moon.*

कुमुदत kumud-vat, *a.* abounding in lotuses; -**ā**, *f.* night lotus; group of night lotuses; *N.*

कुमुद्वर्त ku-muhūrta, *m.* evil hour.

कुम्भ kumbhā, *m.* pot, jar, urn (-**°**, *a.* jar-shaped); *a.* measure of grain (= 20 Dronas); *du.* frontal protuberances of an elephant; (**ā**)-**ka**, -**°**, *a. id.*; *m.* n. religious cereisia consisting in closing the nostrils with the right hand to suspend breathing; -**karna**, *m. N. of a Rākṣasa* (brother of Bāvana); -**kārya**, *den.* Ā resemble Kumbha-karna (in sleeping long); -**kāra**, *m.* potter (a mixed caste); -**kārikā**, *f.* wife of a potter; -**manman**, *m. ep.* of Agastya; -**dāsi**, *f.* common prostitute; -**dhānya**, *a.* having only a potful of grain; -**yoni**, *m. ep.* of Agastya; -**sambhava**, *m. id.*

कुम्भाण्ड kumbhāṇḍa, *m.* kind of demon.

कुम्भिका kumbh-ikā, *f.* small pot or jar; -**in**, *m.* elephant (having frontal protuberances); ***-ila**, *m.* thief.

कुम्भी kumbhī, *f.* pot, jar, pan; -**dhānyaka**, *a.* having grain in jars; (**i**)-**nāsa**, *m.* kind of snake; -**nasi**, *f. N. of a Rākṣasi*; -**pinda**, *m. sg. & pl. kind of hell.*

कुम्भीर kumbhī-ru, *m.* crocodile; ***-la**, *m. id.*

कुम्भीर kumbhī-udara, *m.* (pot-bellied). *N. of a servant of Siva*; -**udbhava**, *m. ep.* of Agastya; -**udbhūta**, *m. id.*

कुम्भीरा kumārīga, *m.* antelope; -**ka**, *m. id.*; -**nayana**, -**netra**, -**lokanā**, -**akāhi**, *a. f.* gazelle-eyed [lope].

कुम्भीरा kumārīga-ya, *den.* Ā. become an antelope; **कुम्भीरी** kumārī, *f.* female antelope, gazelle; *N. of a daughter of Prasenaṅgit*; -**āra**, *f.* gazelle-eyed [purple Barleria; *n. its flower*]; **कुम्भीरा** kumārī-ka, *m.* crimson amaranth or

कुरार kurara, *m. i. f.* osprey.

कुरहस्य ku-rahasya, *n.* base secret; -**ragan**, *m.* bad king; -**ragya**, *n.* bad rule.

कुर 1. kur-u, *2 sg. impv. of √kri*, do.

कुर 2. kuru, *m. N. of the progenitor of the Kurus; pl. N. of a people.*

कुरक्षेत्र kuru-kshetrā, *n.* plain of Kuru; *m. pl. people of Kurukshetra; N. of a country.*

कुरता kurutā, *f. N. of a woman.*

कुरुनन्दन kuru-nandana, *m. ep.* of Arguna and of Yudhishtira; -**pañkālā**, *m. pl.* the Kuru and Pañkālās; -**pāndava**, *m. du. pl.* descendants of Kuru (*i. e.* of Dhṛtarāshṭra) and of Pāndu.

कुरुवक kurubaka, **वक**-vaka, probably incorrect form of kurabaka, -vaka.

कुरुविन्द kuru-vinda, *m.* kind of barley; ruby.

कुरुप ku-rūpa, *a.* deformed, ugly; -**tā**, *f.* deformity, ugliness.

कुरुष kurūu, *m.* kind of vermin.

कुर्कुट kur-kut-a, *m.* cock.

कुर्कुर kur-kur-a, *m.* dog.

कुर्वत kurv-at, *pr. pl. of √kri*, do.

कुर्वीण kurv-āna, *pr. pr. Ā. of √kri*, do.

कुल kula, *n.* herd, flock, swarm; multitude; race, family; community, guild; noble lineage; abode, house; -**°, often** = chief, eminent; -**in** pādātīnam, infantry.

कुलक kula-ku, -**°**, *a.* multitude; *n.* little family; combination of three or more *śloka*s containing a single sentence; -**kanyakā**, *f.* girl of good family; -**kalasha**, *m.* disgrace to the family; -**kāria**, *a.* disgracing the family; -**kalashita**, *pp.* disgracing the family; -**kalashin**, *a. id.*; -**krama-sthiti**, *f.* hereditary usage in a family; -**krama-āgata**, *pp.* hereditary in the family; -**kshaya**, *m.* ruin of a family; -**giri**, *m.* chief mtn. or mtn.-range; -**guru**, *m.* head of a family; family priest; -**grāha**, *n.* house of rank. [mark.]

कुलक्षण ku-lakshana, *a.* bearing a baneful

कुलप ku-lagna, *n.* fatal moment.

कुलघ्न kula-ghna, *a.* (**ā**, *i.*) destroying the race; -**m-kula**, *a.* going from house to house; -**ga**, *a.* of noble race; born in the family of (-**°**).

कुलटा kulatā, *f.* unchaste woman.

कुलतन्तु kula-tantu, *m.* thread on which a family hangs = the last of a race; -**dava**, *m.* -**tā**, *f.* family deity; -**daiva**, -**tā**, *n. id.*; -**dhara**, *m. N. of a prince*; -**dharma**, *m.* usage of a family; -**dhurya**, *a.* able to bear the burden of a family; *m.* head of a family; -**nandana**, *a. n.* (child) delighting the family; -**nāri**, *f.* virtuous woman; -**nimaga**, *f.* main or noble stream.

कुसुपतन kula-patana, *n.* fall, degradation of the family; -**pāti**, *m.* head of the family; -**parvata**, *m.* chief mtn. or mtn.-range; -**pā**, *m. f.* head of the family or community; -**pāmsani**, *f.* disgrace to her family; -**pālikā**, *f. N.*; -**putra**, *m.* son of a good family; virtuous youth; -**ka**, *m. id.*; -**purusha**, *m.* man of good family; virtuous man; -**pratihā**, *f.* support of the race; -**prasūta**, *pp.* born of a noble race; -**bhava**, *a.* coming of a noble race; -**bhavana**, *n.* chief residence; -**bhūta**, *pp.* being the head of the guild; -**bhābhrit**, *m.* chief mtn. or mtn.-range; model of a prince;

-*lāpa*, *m.* *id.*; -*komala*, *a.* soft as flowers;
-*druma*, *m.* flowering tree; -*dhana*, -*dhava*,
m. *Kāma* (having a bow of flowers);
-*pura*, *n.* Flower city, *cp.* of *Pāṭaliputra*;
-*bāna*, *m.* flower arrow; -*māya*, *a.* (i) con-
sisting of flowers; -*mārga*, *m.* *Kāma*.

n. forged edict: -**kartri**, *m.* forger of edicts

-**sakṣin**, *m.* false-witness; -**stha**, *a.* occupying the highest place, chief; being in the midst of (-°); immovable, immutable; -**svarna**, *n.* counterfeit gold.

कूटाक्ष kūtākṣha, *m.* loaded die; -**upa-dhi-devin**, *a.* playing with false dice or fraud; -**āgāra**, *m.* *n.* room on the house-top; summer-house.

कूड KŪD, X. P. **kūdaya**, singe, scorch.

कूण KŪN, **kūnati**, contract (*inf.*): *pp.* -**ita**, contracted, closed.

कूटो kūṭi, *f.* fetter.

कूप kūpa, *m.* [kupa-a] pit, hole; well: -**ka**, *m.* little well: -**kāra**, *m.* well-digger; -**kūma**, *m.* tortoise in a well = *uncomplicated person*; -**khanana**, *n.* digging of a well; -**khanaka**, *m.* well-digger; -**kakra**, *n.* water-wheel; -**dardura**, *m.* frog in a well = *unsophisticated person*; -**yantara**, *n.* water-wheel.

कूपाय kūpā-ya, *den.* **Ā.** become a well.

कूपिका kūp-ikā, *f.* puddle in a dry river-bed.

कुपर kūṭhara, *m.* *n.*, **ī**, *f.* (cart) pole (-° *a.* *f.* **ā**).

कुर्च kūrkā, *m.* *n.* bunch of grass; *n.* beard; -**ka**, *m.* bunch; brush; beard; -**tā**, *f.* beardedness; -**la**, *a.* bearded.

कूर्द KŪRD, I. **kūrda**, leap. **ud**, leap up. **pra**, bound

कूर्द kūrda, *m.*, **on** -**na**, *n.* leaping, bounding.

कूर्प kūrpa, *saud*.

कूर्पर kūrpara, *m.* elbow; *sts.* knee.

कूर्पासक kūrpāsa-ka, *m.* jacket, bodice.

कूर्म kūrmā, *m.* (*f.* **ī**) tortoise; one of the *rital* *arks* which causes the eyes to close; -**pati**, *m.* king of the tortoises (*who supports the earth*).

कूल KŪL, X. P. **kūlaya**, singe (*cp.* **kūd**).

कुल kūla, *n.* slope, hill; bank. [*bank*]

कुलकष kūlam-kasha, *a.* carrying away the

कुलजात kūla-jāta, *pp.* growing on the bank.

कुलमुद्ग kūlam-udruṅga, *a.* undermining the

कुलवती kūla-vatī, *f.* river. [*bank*]

कुलिनी kūl-ini, *f.* *id.*

कुष्माण्ड kūṣhāṇḍa, *m.* kind of demon; kind of test; *n.* **ī**, *f.* *N* of the verses xx, 14-16 in the *Vedāngasūtra-samhitā*.

कु 1. **KRI** (*skri* after *upa*, *puti*, *sam*). VIII. **kāro** strong, **kuru** *make*; *V.* + I. **kāra**, II. **kār**, *V.* **krinō**; *make*; do; fashion, build; perform, fulfil; produce; execute; effect; conclude (*friendship*); display, show, exercise; prepare, cook, compose; cultivate, make anything out of (*in*, *ab*); do anything to or for (*g*, *lc*); make any one anything (2 *ac*); do violence to (*ac*); perform the usual action with (*ac*); use thus with great latitude, e.g. **udakam kri**, offer the usual oblation of water (*allied with this is the use of kri in the periphr. pf. with an abst* *n.* in **ā**); utter, pronounce, use; describe; fix, determine; pass time; await (a moment); procure for (*g*, *lc*); assume (*shape*, *voice*); **Ā**; place on or in, direct to (*in*, *lc*); turn the mind or thoughts, give the heart (*manas*, *buddhim*, *matim*, *bhāvam*); resolve on (*d*, *lc*, *inf* or *oratio recta* with *iti*); appoint to (*lc*); commission; act, fare; sacrifice; do anything with, make use of (*in*

and *kim*?); avail, be of use (*with kim*?); *with adverbs in ī* (e.g. **atithi**), **ā** (e.g. **maridā**), make, turn into; *with -sāt*, reduce to, turn into; *vaṣe kri*, subdue; **kridi** -, take to heart, remember; **kridayena** -, love; **evam kṛitvā**, for this reason; **tathā** -, **yathā** *uktam* -, do so, consent; *cs* **kāraya**, cause to make (2 *ac*); cause to be made by (*in*); cause to be prepared; cause to be made (2 *ac*); cause to be placed in (*lc*); cause to be performed; cause to be cultivated; - to be put or buried; order to make, - to prepare, - to practise: *often* - *simple verb*; *des.* **kikriṣha**, wish to do, - perform, - establish; intend; strive after. **ati**, transgress. **adhi**, place at the head of, appoint to (*lc*); put forward, make a subject of discussion; *pp.* entrusted with, appointed to (*lc*, -°); concerned in (*lc*). **anu**, imitate (*ac*); equal, rival (*ac*, *g*), equal (*ac*), in (*in*). **apa**, take away, remove; injure (*ac*, *g*, *lc*); *cs* *id.* **pratiapa**, take vengeance on (*g*). **abhi**, do, make; *des* wish to do, undertake. **aram**, prepare; serve, satisfy (*d*). **alam**, prepare, produce; adorn (**Ā** adorn oneself); do violence to (*g*). **abhi** -, *upa* -, adorn, **sam-alam**, *id.*; violate. **ava**, direct downwards. **ā**, bring hither; produce; appropriate (*g*); *cs* call; ask for (2 *ac*); *des.* intend to perform. **apa** **ā**, remove, drive away, dispel, counteract, repel; give up, desist from; pay. **upa** **ā**, bring near, fetch; deliver; grant; prepare for a sacred rite; consecrate. **nir** **ā**, keep back. **nir** **ā**, set apart; put away, remove; drive away; reject, repel; deny. **vi** **ā**, separate, distinguish; explain. **sam-ā**, unite, keep together. **upa**, confer; offer, present; serve, do a service to, oblige (*g*, *lc*); *ā*. **cherish**. **upa-akri**, prepare, compose; equip, adorn; care for (*ac*); *pp.* furnished with (*in*). **pratiupa**, repay, do a service in return. **ni**, bring down, humble, overcome. *pp.* humbled; dejected; mortified. **vi-ni**, mortify; injure; defraud. **nis**, remove; prepare; deck out; cure; expiate. **pari-akri**, prepare; adorn, deck, furnish with (*in*). **purā**, place in front; show, display; appoint to (*lc*); choose, prefer; honour; *gt.* **-kṛitya**, regarding, about, on account of (*ac*); *pp.* accompanied by, furnished with (-°); **-m**, *ad.* accompanied with (-°). **pra**, do; fashion, make; perform; show, cause; make into (2 *ac*); marry (a wife, a girl); violate, pollute (a girl); appoint to (*lc*); put forward; make the subject of discussion; **buddhim** or **manas** -, apply one's heart to, make up one's mind to (*d*, *lc*); resolve (*vi*); begun; accomplished; mentioned, under discussion; in question; *cs* cause to prepare. **vi-pra**, injure; harass, obstruct. **prati**, make (*ac*) out of (*ac*) in opposition; repay (*good and evil*) with *ac.* of thing and *d*, *g*, *lc.* of person; resist; make good, repair; pay; *des.* wish to take revenge on (*ac*, *lc*) for (*ac*). **vi**, make different, change, alter; compare; disfigure, destroy, mutilate; develop; be hostile to (*g*, *lc*); become unfaithful to (*lc*); **Ā**, *ps.* be changed or modified; become alienated or disloyal *pp.* changed, altered, qualified; mutilated, deformed, disfigured; unnatural, repulsive; *cs* cause to change one's sentiments. **pra-vi** for **vi-pra**; *pp.* sinned. **sam** (generally **-akri**), put together, unite; accumulate; prepare; invest (*with the sacred thread*); hallow (a girl at a wedding or the dead with sacred fires); adorn, polish, form grammatically; *pp.* **sam-akṛita**, hallowed, invested; adorned, polished, elaborate, refined, Sanskrit. **prati-sam**, repair

कु 2. **KRI**, *pt.* **lakṛat**, *intr.* **kar-kri**, remember, mention with praise (*g*).

कुरी kri-kura, *m.* kind of partridge; a ritual air causing hunger.

कुरलास kuralāśa, *m.* lizard; chameleon.

कुराक krika-vāku, *m.* cock; peacock.

कुरका kṛkashā, *f.* kind of bird.

कुरालिक krikālīka, *f.* kind of bird.

क्रिक्क्र krikikhrā, *a.* distressing, grievous, dire; severe, dangerous; wretched, miserable - **m**, *ad.* miserably; *m.* *n.* difficulty, distress, trouble, misery; danger; penance; *kind* of minor penance; -° - **tas**, *in*, *ab.* with difficulty, with much ado.

क्रिक्कर्म krikikhra-karman, *n.* distress, trouble; -**kāla**, *m.* time of distress or danger; -**gata**, *pp.* distressed, endangered; practising penance; -**tā**, *f.* dangerousness; -**patita**, *pp.* fallen into distress; -**prāna**, *a.* whose life is in danger; eking out one's existence with difficulty; -**sādhyā**, *fp.* difficult of accomplishment.

क्रिक्क्रातिक्रिक्क्र krikikhra atikrikikhra, *m.* du ordinary and extraordinary penance; *sg.* kind of penance.

क्रिक्क्राब्द krikikhra abda, *m.* kind of one year's

कृ kri-**ñ**, the root *kri* (*gr*). [*do*]

कृपोतन kri-no-tana, *V.* 2 *pl.* *impr.* of **√kri**,

कृ kri-t, (-°) *a.* making, producing, causing, performing; *m.* composer, maker, fashioner; primary nominal suffix (*attached to roots*); primary noun.

कृ 1. **KRI**, VI. P. **kṛintā** (*E.* also **Ā** and I. P. **karta**), cut, cut off, out, up or down; extract; cleave. *pp.* **kṛitta**, cut; cut, torn or hewn off; *cs.* = *simple vb.* **ava**, cut off; sever; *cs* cause to be gashed. **ud**, cut out, off or up; cut to pieces; destroy. **ni**, put to the sword; cut down or away, tear away; **ā**, cut one's nails. **pari**, cut all round; cut off or exclude from (*ab*); **Ā**, split round. **vi**, divide, rend; *cs* *id.*

कृ 2. **KRI**, VII. P. **kṛinatti**, spin.

कृत kri-tā, *pp.* made, done, performed; prepared, ready; acquired; well done, all right; -° relating to; -**m**, *done*! = it shall be done at once; *m.* in. away with, enough of; *n.* deed, work, action; benefit (-**m vid**, be conscious of benefits received); stake (*in play*); booty; die or side of a die marked with 4; first or golden age.

कृतक kṛita-ka, *a.* artificial, feigned, false; adopted (*son*); -**m**, feignedly; well done, *n.* quality of being artificially produced; -**kartavya**, *a.* having fulfilled his task; -**karman**, *n.* an accomplished deed; a. having fulfilled one's duty; -**kārin**, *a.* doing a thing; -**kārya**, *n.* an attained object; a. having accomplished his object; satisfied; -**tva**, *n.* *abst.* *v.*; -**kāla**, *m.* appointed time; -**kṛitya**, *a.* having done his duty; having attained his object, satisfied (*as to*, *lc*); -**tā**, *f.* satisfaction; -**kṛiya**, *a.* having performed a sacred rite; *pnus*; -**kṛhana**, *a.* having an appointed time, i.e. waiting impatiently for (*lc*, *ac* *ac*, *prati*, *inf*, -°); -**kaho-bha**, *a.* shaken; -**ghna**, *a.* ignoring benefits, ungrateful; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* ingratitude; -**kāla**, *a.* having received the tonure; -**gan-man**, *a.* planted, -**gita**, *a.* recognising benefits, grateful. -**tā**, *f.* gratitude

कृततीर्थ kṛita-tīrtha, *a.* to which a stair has been made; -**tvāra**, *a.* hastening; -**dāra**, *a.* married; -**dāsa**, *m.* one who offers himself as a slave for a fixed time; -**dirgha-rosha**, *m.* protracted wrath; -**dhi**, *a.* clever; resolved on (*inf*); -**dhaṅga**, *a.* furnished with banners, -**nāśaka**, *a.* ungrateful; -**nāśana**, *a.* *id.*; -**niskaya**, *a.* convinced; firmly resolved on (*d*, *lc*, *inf*, -°); resolute; -**niskayin**, *a.* resolute

कृतपद kṛita-pada, *a.* having found a footing; -**पुण्या**, *a.* happy; -**पूर्वा**, *a.* done before; -**नाना**, *n.* non-recognition of previous benefits, ingratitude; -**पूर्वा**, *a.* having done something (acc) before; -**प्राग्ना**, *a.* wise; -**प्रतिकृता**, *n.* attack and resistance; -**प्रायत्ना**, *a.* well cared for; -**प्रायोऽन्ना**, *a.* having attained his object; -**बुद्धि**, *a.* whose mind is matured, discriminating; resolved to, *d.* or inf.; -**भूमि**, *f.* spot prepared for the purpose; -**मति**, *a.* having made up his mind; -**मन्दा-पदा-न्यासा**, *a.* stepping slowly and using few words; -**मन्दारा**, *m. N.*; -**मार्गा**, *a.* made accessible, pervious; -**मूला**, *a.* firmly rooted, having gained firm footing; -**मान्ना**, *a.* observing silence; -**त्वा**, *n. abst. v.*

कृतयत्न kṛita-yatna, *a.* having exerted himself; -**यन्त्रणा**, *a.* controlling oneself; -**युगा**, *n.* golden-age; -**लक्षणा**, *a.* marked, branded; -**वत्**, *pp. act.* having done; -**वरमान**, *m. N.* of various men; -**वसति**, *a.* having taken up his abode, dwelling; -**वप्रा**, *a.* having taken up his abode, dwelling; -**विद्या**, *a.* learned; -**वेतना**, *a.* receiving wages, hired; -**वेदिन**, *a.* grateful; -**वैरा**, *a.* having shown ill-will.

कृतशिल्प kṛita-silpa, *a.* having acquired an art; -**साक्षा**, *a.* having cleansed or purified himself; -**स्रमा**, *a.* having undergone hardships, having occupied oneself zealously with (acc); -**सम्भार**, *a.* elaborated, prepared; adorned; consecrated; -**सम्गता**, *a.* to whom a sign has been given; *pl.* with whom signals have been concerted; -**सम्भार**, *a.* brought near; placed on the bowstring; -**समिता**, *pp.* smiling; -**हस्ता**, *a.* skilful, dexterous.

कृतकृत kṛita-kṛita, *pp.* what is done and not done *n. sg. or du.*; half done; prepared and not prepared, arbitrary.

कृतागस kṛita-āgas, *a.* guilty, sinful

कृताङ्ग kṛita-aṅga, *a.* branded; -**गङ्गा**, *a.* having the palms joined in supplication to (acc); -**अतिथ्या**, *a.* having practised hospitality; hospitably entertained; -**अन्तम**, *a.* whose mind is cultivated or purified; -**अदारा**, *a.* treated with due respect; -**अनुवर्षा**, *a.* filled with (in); -**अन्ता**, *a.* making an end, decisive; *m.* matter, affair, case, fate; Death, Yama; system, doctrine; -**अनगरी**, *f.* city of Yama; -**सन्तरास**, *m. N.* of a Rākṣasa; -**अन्तरा**, *a.* having made one's way to (acc); -**अन्ना**, *a.* cooked food; -**अपराधका**, *a.* having committed an offence against (acc); -**अभि-शेका**, *a.* having performed a religious ablution, consecrated; -**अभ्यासा**, *a.* kept to one's studies by, (acc); -**अर्था**, *a.* having attained his object; satisfied; -**तत्**, *f.*, *त्वा*, *n.* satisfaction.

कृतार्थ kṛita-ārtha, *den. P.* satisfy; fulfill.

कृतार्थीकरण kṛita-ārthi-karana, *a.* satisfactory; -**कृति**, satisfy; -**भू**, be satisfied.

कृतालय kṛita-ālaya, *a.* having taken up one's abode, dwelling (in, loc.); feeling at home; -**अवासकथिका**, *a.* having put on a lion-cloth; -**अवासथा**, *a.* received into one's house; -**अवस्था**, *a.* compelled to appear in court; -**आमना**, *a.* hoping; -**आत्रा**, *a.* practised in arms or archery; -**आरका**, *a.* having finished one's meal.

कृति 1. *kṛi-ti*, *f.* making, performance; action; production, literary work; *N.* of various metres; confirmation, verification (*acc*).

कृति 2. *kṛi-ti*, *m. f.* kind of dagger.

कृतिम kṛi-m, *a.* active; clever; skilful, experienced (in, loc.); having attained one's object, satisfied; -**त्वा**, *n.* satisfaction.

कृते kṛi-te, (*pp. loc.*) *ad. pp.* owing to, on ac-

count of, for, instead of *g.* or -; *abs* for a purpose; -**ना**, *in. ad. id.*

कृतीदक kṛita-udaka, *a.* having performed the prescribed ablutions; having made offerings of water to the dead; -**अमदा**, *a.* feigning madness; -**उपकार**, *a.* having rendered a service; benefited. [cept a small remnant

कृतावशेष kṛita-avashesa, *a.* broken off ex-

कृति kṛiti, *f.* lude. -**वसान**, *a.* clad in a hide, *ep. of Siva*, and of his wife Durgā.

कृतिका kṛitika, *f.* (*pl. V. sg. C*) the Pleiades (a lunar mansion); personified as the six nurses of Skanda

कृत् kṛi-m, *a.* active, skilful

कृत्य kṛi-tya, *pp.* to be done; suitable, right; corruptible. -**म**, any one *g.* needs or cares for (in); *m.* *kṛi* suffix of the future *pl. pres.* tavya, anva or va (*gr. v.*); *f.* *act.* deed, performance, function (in *ra*); *ill-treatment*; *sovereignty*, charm, wicked fairy; *n.* activity; function, business, duty; service; purpose; -**कार**, *a.* doing one's work; -**ह**, *f.* wicked fairy, witch; -**वत्**, *a.* active, occupied; having an object in view; -**विद**, *a.* knowing one's duty.

कृत्यरूप kṛitya-rūpa, *a.* looking like a ghost; -**हता**, *pp.* bewitched, destroyed by magic

कृत्रिम kṛi-trima, *a.* artificial, fictitious; spurious; fictitious, feigned, casual, accidental; adopted (*acc*); -**ता**, *f.* cunning; -**धृष्टपा**, *m.* compound incense; -**भ्रष्टा**, *m.* feigned affection; -**मार्क्या-मया**, *a.* consisting of false rubies; -**मित्र-त**, *f.* friendship contrary to nature; -**अर्ति**, *a.* feigning distress.

कृत्यन् kṛi-tyan, *a.* (*xi*) making, producing () ; active.

कृत्यस् kṛi-tyas, (*acc. pl.*) *ad.* [making], times (*only*); forming multiplicative numerals

कृत्याय kṛityāya, **कृती** kṛitī, *f.* *gd. of kṛi*

कृत्य kṛi-tyan, *a.* efficient; laborious.

कृत्यन् kṛi-tyan, *a.* whole, complete; *pl. (acc)* all; -**त**, *f.*, *त्वा*, *n.* wholeness, completeness; -**वा**, *ad.* wholly, completely.

कृदन्त kṛi-danta, *a.* ending in a *kṛi* suffix, *m.* primary noun (formed directly from a *tbl*)

कृन्त kṛi-d-anta, *n.* cleft. [*root*].

कृन्त kṛi-d-anta, *n.* cutting up or off.

कृप् KRIP, VI. *Ā.* *kṛipate*, (*P.*) lament (for, *acc*); implore. *anu*, long for (*acc*)

कृप् kṛip, *f.* form, appearance; beauty (*only*)

कृप् kṛip, *m. N.*, *i. f.* *N.* [*in -ā*]

कृप् kṛip-ā, *a.* doleful; miserable, wretched; *m.* miser, -**आ**, *a.* misery, wretchedness, -**वर्मा**, *a.* looking wretched.

कृप्नीक kṛip-nīka, *a.* dwelling in lustre.

कृप् kṛip-ya, *den. P.* mourn, lament (for, *acc*). [*le*] *pp.* *kṛi* have pity on (*le*).

कृप् kṛip-ā, *f.* pity, compassion (with *g.* or

कृप् kṛip-ā, *m.* sword *i. f.* scissors; dagger, knife, -**लतिका**, *f.* sword-blade.

कृप् kṛip-ā, *f.* knife, dagger

कृप् kṛip-ya, *den. Ā.* mourn, lament; pity.

कृप् kṛip-lu, *a.* having pity for (*g.*); compassionate (-**त**, *f. abst. v.*); -**वत्**, *a. id.*

कृप् kṛi-mi, *m.* [worker], worm; insect, mag-

got; silk-worm; -**का**, *m.* little worm; -**को**, *g.* *ko* *uttha*, *a.* silken; -**ग**, *a.* produced by a worm; *n.* alce-wood. -**तानु-ग**, *a.* cobweb; -**ला**, *a.* wormy.

कृम् kṛi-mu-kā, *m. a.* tree.

कृम् KRIS, IV. *P.* *kṛiṣya*, grow thin; *cs.* *kṛiṣya*, make thin; diminish. *pp.* *kṛiṣita*, emaciated.

कृष् kṛiṣ-ā, *a.* thin, slender; feeble, sickly, not full (moon); slender, weak, insignificant, poor; *m. N.*; -**का**, *a.* slender; -**गा**, *a.* hvg thin cows; -**त**, *f.*, -**त्वा**, *n.* thinness; -**धना**, *a.* of slender means, poor; -**बुद्धि**, *a.* of weak intellect; -**भार्या**, *a.* having thin servants

कृष् kṛiṣaṅga, *a.* (i) thin, slender. -**अतिथि**, *a.* having thin (starving) guests.

कृष् kṛiṣ-ānu, *a.* shooting well; *m.* bowman; *N.* of a celestial Bowman, guardian of *Soma*. *cp. of Agni*; fire.

कृष् kṛiṣaṅga, *a.* of slender means poor; -**वा**, *a.* having thin (starving) horses

कृष् kṛiṣi-kṛi, make thin or poor; -**भू**, become thin; dry up. [*slender*]

कृष् kṛiṣa-udara, *a.* (i) thin-bellied

कृष् 1. KRISH, I. *P.* (Ā) *kṛiṣha*, draw (spear, bow); lead; acquire; overcome; plough

pp. *kṛiṣha*; *cs.* *kṛiṣaya*, pull, drag; harass, distress; oppress. *anu*, drag after one; attract, supply a word from what precedes *aps*, draw away, remove, put aside, supply from what follows. *viaps*, remove, atone for *ava*, draw away, attract; *pp.* in *for*. *ā*, draw to oneself, drag along; draw *sword or bow*; draw on, draw off from (ab); withdraw, take or borrow from (ab); *cs.* draw to oneself *apsā*, withdraw, remove *pp.* humbled. *viā*, draw to oneself, remove *sam-ā*, draw to oneself; draw out (of, ab); *cs.* carry along *ud*, draw out; raise, *pp.* rise, gain the mastery *pp.* elevated; superior, distinguished, eminent. *ni*, draw down, *pp.* be carried down stream *pp.* low, despoil, mean *sam-ni*, *pp.* come into close contact with, *in* *pp.* near, imminent; of similar position, *gd.* approaching *ni*, draw out of (ab); press out *pāri*, drag about; torment *pā*, draw forward, drag away, stretch out *pp.* protracted, long distance and time; distinguished, excellent, violent *vi-pā*, lead away, remove, *pp.* distant *sam-pā*, draw along with one *prati*, *pp.* pushed back. *vi*, draw apart, draw *hore*; drag along, pull out; withdraw *sam*, contract, drag along, get out of (ab)

कृष् 2. KRISH, VI. *kṛiṣha*, plough.

कृष् kṛiṣh-aka, *m.* husbandman

कृष् kṛiṣi-f, *f. id.*, field (*also i*), arable land; harvest; -**िक**, *f.* agriculture; -**कर्मन्**, *n.* agriculture; -**पहा**, *n.* success in husbandry, harvest.

कृष् kṛiṣi-valā, *m.* husbandman.

कृष् kṛiṣhta-ga, *a.* growing on ploughed land, cultivated land; -**पहा**, *n.* value of the harvest.

कृष् kṛiṣhta-samī *kṛi* plough and toll.

कृष् kṛiṣh-ti-f, *pl.* agricultural folk; people; *m. sage.*

कृष् kṛiṣh-mā, *n.* black; dark; *n.* paksha, dark half of the month from full to new moon; *m.* *kṛiṣha*, black antelope; *N.* of a god (incarnation of Vishnu - *du.* Krishna and Arjuna), *a.* *f.* kind of leech; *N.* of several plants.

ep. of Draupadi, and of Durgā; n. blackness, darkness.

कृष्णगति krishna-gati, m. (black-pathed). fire; -**katurdasi**, f. 14th day of the dark half = new moon; -**ganma ashvini**, f. a certain eighth day which is Krishna's birthday; -**tā**, f., -**tvā**, n. blackness; -**nayana**, -**netra**, a. black-eyed; -**paksha**, m. dark fortnight (full moon to new moon); -**bhūma**, m. black soil; -**bhogin**, m. kind of black snake; -**mukha**, a. (i) black-mouthed; -**mriga**, m. black antelope; -**ya**, **varveda**, m. Black Yagur-veda.

कृष्ण krishna-lu. (m.) n. kind of black berry (used as weight and coin).

कृष्णवर्ण krishna-varma, a. black-coloured; -**varman**, m. fire (black-tracked); (ā) -**vāla**, a. black-tailed; -**akti**, m. N.; -**sarpa**, m. kind of black snake; -**sāra**, a. chiefly black, spotted black and white; m. spotted antelope, (ā) -**sāraṅga**, a.; m. f.; id.

कृष्णाग्र krishna-agra, n. kind of aloe; -**grā**, n. skin of the black antelope.

कृष्णाय krishna-ya, den. P. behave like Krishna; -**ā**, a. blacken.

कृष्णायस krishna ayas, **स** -**sa**, n. iron; -**ahi**, m. black serpent. [m. ul.]

कृष्णिका krishna-ikā, f. blackness; -**i-man**, a. black; -**krishna**, f. night (the black one).

कृष्य krishya, f. to be ploughed.

कसर krisara, m. n., ā, f. dish of rice and sesamum.

कु Kṛī, VI. P. **kirā**, pour out, scatter; bestrew; m. **kirā**, scattered; bestrewn; dishevelled; covered, filled with; stopped (cars).

apa-akira, ā. scrape (with the feet). **ava**, pour down, scatter; emit semen; bestrew, cover. **vi** bestrewn, covered; caught in; having emitted semen; full of, being wholly in the power of (°) **anu-ava**, scatter about. **ā**, strew, bestow abundantly. **pp**, strewn; covered, filled, crowded; surrounded by (in.). **apa ā**, abandon; refuse. **vi ā**, **pp**, dishevelled; dim. **sam-ā**, cover over, fill up. **pp**, covered or filled with. **ud**, throw or whirl up; dig up, hollow out; **pp**, carved, engraved; overwhelmed with (°). **sam-ud**, **pp**, pierced **vi-ni**, shelter; cover; abandon. **sam-ni**, **pp**, stretched out. **pari**, scatter round; swarm round, deliver up. **pra**, scatter; **pp**, dispersed; squandered; dishevelled; confused; various. **vi-pra**, **pp**, scattered; dishevelled; extended. **prati-akira**, lacerate; **pp**, **akira**, injured. **vi**, scatter, disperse; cleave, split; bestrew; heave (sighs); dishevel. **pra-vi**, scatter, spread. **sam**, pour out, bestow abundantly; overwhelm; mix; **pp**, crowded with, full of; mixed, combined with (°); impure; born of a mixed marriage; in rut (elephant).

कृ Kṛī, P. **kalpa**, be fit, capable or of use; prosper, succeed; agree with, conform to (in); appear as (in); be qualified for (to); serve for, conduce to, cause (d); participate in (d); fall to the lot of (d, g, l, c); become **am**, d; pronounce to be, regard as (2 ac.); **pp**, **kṛpā**, arranged, rowdy, prepared; trimmed, cut (hair, nails, etc.); settled; prescribed; firm (conviction); existing; **ka**, **kalpaya**, P. ā. put in order, arrange, adjust; distribute; equip; furnish with (m). bestow (ac.) on (g); form (out of, in.); make create, produce, bring about, perform; imagine; determine, direct, fix; make, design to be, regard as (2 ac.); cut, carve. **ava**, be right, do very well; conduce to (d.); **ca**, prepare; employ properly; des. of **ca** **kalpayaishā**, wish to prepare. **upa**, be suitable; serve for,

conduce to (d.); **pp**, prepared, at hand; **ca**, prepare; procure, fetch; direct to (to.); design for (d, l, c). **pari**, **ca**, determine; design for; choose; bring about, manage; perform; make; divide into (with **ad** in -dhā) parts; invent. **sam-pari**, **ca**, **pp**, found out -, made out to be. **pra**, prosper, succeed; **pp**, prepared; determined, prescribed; **ca**, place in front; put down on (to.); prepare; provide; determine, prescribe, establish; contrive, arrange, make; shed (tears) **sam-pra**, **ca**, appoint; determine. **vi**, be changed; be mistaken for (in.); be optional; be doubtful; be irresolute; **ca**, fashion, form; consider doubtful, pronounce optional; suppose, imagine, presume. **sam**, **pp**, prepared, ready; desired; meant for; **ca**, join with (in.); put together properly; produce; determine; intend, purpose; fancy; regard as (ac, v, i, va).

कृपि klip-i, the root klip (gr.).

कृप्तकेशखरमय kṛpta-kesa-nakha-smasru, a. having his hair, nails, and beard trimmed.

कृप्ति kṛp-ti (also -ti) f. coming about, success.

केकाय kekaya, m. pl. N. of a people; **sg**, king of - i, f. princess of Kekaya. [a. id.]

केकर kekara, a. squinting; -**ka**, a. id.; -**lohana**, **केका** kekā, f. cry of the peacock; -**rava**, m. id.

केकाय kekā-ya, den. ā. cry (as a peacock).

केकिन kek-in, m. peacock.

केत ket-i, m. will, intention; desire.

केतक keti-ka, m., **कि** -ki, **को** -ki, f. a tree.

केतन ket-ana, n. invitation; shelter; place; body; sign, token, banner; business.

केतय keta-ya, den. P. summon, invite.

केतु ket-i, m. light (pl. rays); shape, form; token of recognition, banner; leader, chief; meteor, comet. -**mat**, a. bright, light; clear (sound); N. of a Dānava; -**yashī**, f. flag-staff.

केदार kedāra, m. irrigated field; N. of a mountainous country. -**khandā**, n. branch in the dyke enclosing a field; -**nātha**, m. N. of a form of Siva worshipped in Kedar; -**bhatta**, m. N. of an author. [wherewith? whence?]

केन keṇa, in. of **ka**, by whom? whereby?

केनेषितोपनिषद् kena ishita upanishad, f. T. of an Upanishad; **kena upanishad**, f. id. (so named from the initial words 'kena ishita').

केन्द्र kendra, m. centre of a circle. [tam].

केपि kēpi, a. trembling, quivering.

केयूर keyūra, m. n. bracelet (worn on upper arm by both sexes); -**in**, a. wearing a bracelet on the upper arm. [i, f. woman of Kerala.]

केरल kerala, m. pl. N. of a people in Malabar.

कैलि kel-i, m. f. (also i, f.) diversion, sport, dalliance; -**grāha**, n. pleasure-house; -**ta**, n. sport, jest; -**vana**, n. pleasure-grove; -**aya**, a. n. couch; -**sadana**, n. pleasure-house; -**sthali**, f. play-ground; (i) -**śāla-bhāṅgī**, **कैवट** kēvāta, m. pit, hole. [f. statuette.]

कैवर्त kēvārta, m. fisherman.

केवल kévala, a. (i) exclusively proper to (d, g); alone, only, nothing but, mere, pure; whole, complete; every, all. -**m**, ad. only; entirely, but, only; **na kevalam** **api**, not only but; -**tas**, ad. only, -**kas**, ad. entirely; -**vya-tirekin**, a. relating to separation only.

केवाच kévala agha, a. alone guilty; -**ātman**, a. whose nature is absolute unity; -**ādin**, a. eating alone; -**anvaya**, a. relating to connexion only.

केश i. késa, m. (a, -°, f. ā, i) hair; mane; tail.

केश 2. kaśa, n. the lunar mansion Rohini (ruled by Ka, i. e. Prajāpati).

केशकर्षण kesa-karshana, n. pulling by the hair; -**kalāpa**, m. tuft of hair; -**ki**, m. louse; -**graha**, m. seizing by the hair; -**na**, n. id.; -**ta**, m. N.; -**dhāvāya**, n. white hair; -**pāsa**, m. tuft or mass of hair; -**bandha**, m. hair-band; -**raśana**, f. dressing of the hair; -**niśāna**, n. tearing out the hair.

केशव kesu-vā, a. long-haired; m. ep. of Vishnu and Krishna; -**tvā**, n. abst. n.; -**vapa**, a. n. shaving the hair; -**vya-paropana**, n. tearing out of the hair; -**samskāra-dhūpa**, m. incense smoke for perfuming the hair; -**hasa**, m. tuft or mass of hair; hair as a hand.

केशकिशि kesā-kesi, ad. hair to hair=tête-à-tête.

केशाय kesa agra, n. tip of the hair; -**anta**, m. edge of the hair; tuft or mass of hair; ceremony of clipping the hair; -**antika**, a. reaching to the edge of the hair.

केशिन kes-in, a. long-haired; maned; m. N. of an Asura and of several men; -**ā**, f. N.

केशिनिषूदन kesi-nishūdana, m. ep. of Krishna; -**mathana**, -**sūdana**, -**han**, -**hantri**, m. id.

केसर késa-ra, n. hair (of the brows); mane (also ā); stamina (esp. of the lotus); m. a plant; -**para**, n. N. of a city.

केसराय kesara agra, n. tips of the mane.

केसरिन kesur-in, a. maned; m. lion; (n) -i, f. lioness.

केकाय kekaya, m. king of Kekaya; i, f. princess of Kekaya; N. of a wife of Dasaratha.

कैरारत kairikrāta, a. coming from the Asoka tree.

कैतभ kaita-bha, m. N. of an Asura; -**git**, -**vin**, -**bhid**, -**ari**, m. ep. of Vishnu.

कैतक kaitaka, a. produced from the Ketaka tree.

कैतव kaitava, a. (i) false, deceitful; n., i, f. fraud, lie, deceit, n. stake (in gambling).

कैदारिक kaidār-ika, n. number of fields.

कैमर्थ kaimarth-ya, n. enquiry as to the 'why'.

कैमुतिक kaimutika, a. based on the 'how much more or less'; -**ya**, n. relation of 'how much more or less'.

कैयट kaiyata. **कैयट** kaiyyata, m. N. of a commentator on the Mahābhāṣya.

कैरव kairava, n. white (night) lotus.

कैरविणी kairav-ini, f. white lotus (plant).

कैरात kairāta, a. relating to the Kīratas; m. prince of the Kīratas. [of Sutvan.]

कैरिशि kairis-i, m. descendant of Kīrīsa, pat.

कैलास kailāsa, m. N. of a mountain. Seat of Kubera & of Siva; -**nātha**, m. ep. of Kubera.

कैवर्त kaivarta, m. fisherman (a mixed caste); i, f., -**ka**, m. id.; i -**ya**, a. relating to a fisherman.

केवल kaival-ya, *n.* absolute oneness; absolute bliss. [Krishna or Vishnu].

केशव kaisava, *a.* belonging to Kesava

कैशिक kuis-ika, *m. pl. N.* of a people.

को ko-, *prn. prefix* [= *nm. kas*], what? how? =strange, indifferent, somewhat, easily (*cp. ka, kava, ka, kim, ku*). [kakraṇaka]: *f. i.*

कोक kōka, *m.* wolf; cuckoo; ruddy goose

कोकनद koka-nada, *n.* red lotus (flower); -*nadini*, *f.* red lotus (plant).

कोकिल kok-ila, *m., f.* Indian cuckoo

कोकिल kotikana, *m. pl. N.* of a people.

कोकिल koikāna, *a.* (i) coming from Kōikāna (horse).

कोकिल kot-kāra, *m.* the sound kom.

कोक kok-a, *m.* shrinking, shrivelling.

कोट kota, *m.* fortress, stronghold (*cp. kotta*).

कोटर kotara, *n.* hollow of a tree, cavity -*vat*, *a.* having caves. [treass-hill].

कोटाद्रि kotādhri, *m. N.* of a mountain (101-

कोटि koti (also i), *f.* curved tip (of a bow, talons, etc.); point, extremity, height, highest degree; ten millions; -*ka*, *m.* kind of frog; -*kā*, *f.* extreme point; -*ka*, *m.* outcast, scum of; -*mat*, *a.* pointed; -*vedhin*, *a.* hitting the extreme = accomplishing a most difficult task. -*śas*, *ad.* to the number of ten millions.

कोटीश्वर koti isvara, *m.* (lord of ten millions). *N.* of a millionaire.

कोट्ट kotta, *m.* [ko-(a)ttā], stronghold; -*pāla*, *m.* commandant of a fortress.

कोट्टी kottavi, *f.* naked woman.

कोण kona, *m.* corner, angle; intermediate point of the compass (N.E. etc.).

कोथ koth-a, *m.* putrefaction.

कोदण्ड ko-danda, *n.* [kind of rod], bow.

कोद्रव ko-drava, *m.* kind of inferior grain eaten by the poor people.

कोप kop-a, *m.* morbid excitement (*esp. of the bodily humours*); fury (of battle, etc.); wrath, anger at, *g. l.*, *prati*, *upari*, or *at* - *su* *krī*, be angry. -*ka*, *a.* irascible; -*kahamā*, *vismaya-harsha-vat*, *a.* angry, compassionate, astonished, and glad; -*ganman*, *a.* produced by anger.

कोपन kop-ana, *a.* passionate, wrathful, angry; *n.* excitement; provocation; -*ina*, *a.* angry, wrathful.

कोमल ko-mala, *a.* [easily fading], tender; soft (*fig.*); -*śaga*, *a.* (i) of tender frame.

कोयष्टि ko-yashti, *क-ka*, *m.* [stilt-like], kind of bird.

कोर kora, *m.* flexible joint (of the body).

कोरक koru-ka, *m. n.* (?) bud; *z. f.* *id.*

कोल kola, *m.* bour, hog -*kā*, *f.* abst. *v.*

कोलक kola-ka, *n.* kind of perfume

कोलाहल kolā-hal-a, *m. n.* clamour, outcry, uproar; yelling; -*ina*, *a.* filled with din (*cp.*).

कोविद ko-vida, *a.* [knowing well], knowing, skilled in (*g. l.*, *prati*); -*va*, *n.* skill.

कोविदार ko-vidara, *m.* [splitting well], kind of ebony.

कोश kōs-a, *m.* butt, tub, pail, coop (*esp. of clouds*); box, chest; sheath; case; shell; abode; store-room; treasury, treasure; vocabulary, dictionary; treasury of poetry, collection of stanzas; bud, calyx (*esp. of the lotus*); cocoon, cup of peace; sacred draught used in ordeals, oath; -*kāra*, *m.* silk-worm; -*grīha*, *n.* treasury; -*pāta*, *n.* treasure, wealth; -*śanda*, *m. du* treasury and army; -*śāsa*, *m. N.*; -*pithin*, *a.* draining or having drained anyone's treasury; -*peśaka*, *m. n.* casket; -*phala*, *n.* kind of perfume; -*raksha*, *m.* guardian of the treasury.

कोशल kosala, *r.* कोसल kosala.

कोशवत् kosu-vat, *a.* wealthy; -*vāri*, *n.* ideal water; -*vesman*, *n.* treasury; -*agāra*, *m. n. ut.*; -*adhikāra*, *m.* treasurer; -*adhyaksha*, *m.* treasurer

कोष kosha, *r.* कोश kosa.

कोष्ठ koshtha, *m.* entrails, stomach, abdomen; *n.* store room, encircling wall; -*agāra*, *n.* store-house, granary; -*agni*, *m.* fire of the stomach, i.e. of digestion

कोष्ण kōshna, *a.* lukewarm, tepid.

कोसल kosala, *m. N.* of a country - *pl.* its people; *ś.* *f.* capital of Kosala, i.e. Ayodhya; -*ś.* *f.* born in Kosala, *cp.* of Rāma's mother, -*vidha*, *m. pl.* the Kosalas and the Videhas.

कोशिय kauksh-eva, *m.* (belonging to a sheath), sword -*ka*, *m. id.*, knife

कोकुम्भ kaukumba, *a.* (i) consisting of saffron; coloured with saffron [phant]

कोञ्जर kauñjara, *a.* (i) belonging to an elec-

कोट kauta, *a.* fraudulent, false. -*saksha*, *m.* false-witness; -*sakshya*, *n.* false evidence

कोटस्थ kautasth-ya, *n.* immutability

कोटिस्थ kauli-ya, *n.* crookedness; crispness, waviness, deceitfulness; *m. cp.* of *ka* *nyka*; -*āstra*, *n.* science of Kauli-ya, diplomacy.

कोटम्ब kautumb-a, *a.* requisite for the household; *n.* affinity, -*ika*, *a.* belonging to or constituting a family, *m.* father of a family.

कोट्टम्ब kauttan-ya, *n.* pumping [man].

कोणकुत्स kauma-kuts-ya, *m. N.* of a Brah-

कोणप kaunapa, *a.* proceeding from corpses; *m.* Rakshasa.

कोण्डिन kaundin-ya, *m. pat. fr.* Kundina

कांतुक kautuka, *n.* curiosity, interest, eagerness (*cp. le or -*), curious, strange or interesting spectacle, entertaining story; festival, wedding investiture with the nuptial cord, nuptial cord; happiness, bliss, -*kriya*, *f.* wedding festival; -*grīha*, *n.* wedding-house; -*pura*, *n.* *N.* of a city, -*bh*, *it*, *a.* wearing the nuptial cord; -*mangala*, *n.* solemn ceremony, festival; -*maya*, *a.* interesting; charming; -*agāra*, *m. n.* wedding chamber

कांतुकित kautuk-ita, *pp.* interested in (*le.*), by (*ca.*), -*ina*, *n.* interested, curious.

कांतुहल kautuhala, *n.* curiosity, interest eagerness (with *le.*, *prati*, or *inf*); festival.

कात्स kaitsa, *a.* relating to Kutsa; *m.* *i.* *f.* *pat*; *n.* hymn composed by Kutsa.

कान्ध kaumakh-ya, *n.* disease of the nails

कान्तिय kaunt-eya, *m.* son of Kunti, *met. of* Yudhishthira, Bhīmasena, and Arjuna.

काण्ड kaunda, *a.* (i) belonging to or made of jasmine.

काण्ड kaupā, *a.* (i) coming from a well.

कापीन kaupina, *n.* pudenda, loin cloth; infamous deed; -*vat*, *a.* wearing only a loin cloth.

कावेर kaubera, *a.* (i) relating to Kubera

कामार kaumāra, *a.* (i) relating to a youth or virgin, youthful; relating to Kumāra (*god of war*; *n.* childhood, youth; innocence of youth, virginity; -*kārin*, *a.* practising chastity; -*vrata*, *n.* vow of chastity; -*kārin*, *a.* practising a vow of chastity.

कामारि kaumārī, *f.* female energy of the god of war; (*cp. kashthā or dia*) the north

काण्ड kaund-a, *m. pat.* descendant of Kumuda, the month Karttika, October November, *i. f.* moonlight, *common in titles of works*, -*ikā*, *f. N.* of a maid, -*vatya*, *m. mt. fr.* Kaundvatī. [Krishna's club]

काण्डोद kaumodaki, *f. N.* of Vishnu's or

काव kaunav-a, *a.* (i) belonging to the Kuru; *m. pat.* descendant of Kuru; -*eya*, *m. pl.* descendants of Kuru; -*ya*, *m. pl. id.* = Pāndavas; *N.* of a people.

कौम kauma, *a.* peculiar to the tortoise.

काण kaula, *a.* (i) relating to a family, hereditary, inherited, *m.* worshipper of Śakti according to the left hand ritual

काणिक kauli-ika, *m.* worshipper of Śakti according to the left-hand ritual; -*kāra*, *a.* behaving like a weaver.

काणितर kauli-tarā, *a.* the demon Sambara.

काणीन kauli-ina, *a.* peculiar to high birth, *n.* rumour, slander, disgraceful deed, -*nya*, *n.* noble birth; nobleness. [*cp.* Kaulita.

काणूत kaulūta, *m. pl. N.* of a people, *sg. king*

काणिय kauli-eya, *m.* dog, -*ka*, *m. id.* *esp.* sporting dog, -*ka*, *m. id.*, *cp.* butch.

काण्य kaul-ya, *a.* sprung from a noble race, *n.* noble descent.

कावेर kaubera, *r.* कावेर kaubera.

काण kausa, *a.* *z.* *id.* silken (coming from the cocoon), *kosa*, *z.* *id.* made of Kus grass.

काणल kaual-a, *n.* welfare, prosperity; skill, cleverness, experience (*in. le. or*); -*ya*, *n. id.*, -*ikā*, *f.* gift, present.

काणाम्बिक kaumambikā, *f. N.* (Pr).

काणाम्बी kaumāmbī, *f. N.* of a city -*ya*, *a.* belonging to Kaumāmbī

काणिक kaushikā, *r.* relating to Kusika, *m. pat.* *cp.* of Visvamitra, *ka*, *n.* owl, *i. f.* *cp.* of Durga; *N.* of a Buddhist monastic nun, *z.* a sheathed; *n.* silk cloth or garment

काणिलव kaushilav-a, *n.* profession of a bird or actor; -*ya*, *n. id.* [garment]

काणिय kaus-eya, *a.* silken; *n.* silk, silk

काणारव kaushānava, *m. pat.* from Kushānva.

काणितक kaushitaka, *क-ka*, *m. pat.* from Kushitaka, *ki* -*brāhma*, *a.* Brahmana of the Kaushitakins (also called *Sākhya* or *Brāhma*); *ki* -*upanishad*, *f.* Kaushitaki-upanishad

काठ kaushth-a, *a.* being in the body; being in the store-room; -*ya*, *a.* being in the abdomen.

कौसल्य kausal-ya, a. belonging to the Kosalas; m. king of the Kosalas; *f.* queen of Kosala (*mother of Rāma*). [loan.]

कौसीद kausida, a. (i) proceeding from a

कौसुम kausuma, a. coming from or made of flowers; -*śyudha*, a. relating to Kāma.

कौसुम्ब kausumbha, a. (i) coming from, coloured with or like safflower; n. substance coloured with safflower.

कौसुम kaustubha, m. n. jewel produced at the churning of the ocean, an ornament of Vishnu; -*bhrit*, m. *ep.* of Vishnu.

क्त k-ta, suffix *ta* of the *pp.* (*gr.*).

कृच knāth-a, the root knāth (*gr.*).

कृच KNŪY, only *cs.* *knopaya*, P drench. *abhi*, wet, moisten.

कृयाकु kyāku, n. mushroom.

क्रकच krakaka, m. n. saw; m. a plant.

क्रक KRAKSH, only *pr. pt.* *krākshamāna*, (P.) raking, roaring.

क्रतु kr-ā-tu, m. power, might, efficiency; counsel, intelligence, wisdom; inspiration; plan, purpose, wish, will; sacrifice (*etc. personified*), N. of the three liturgies forming the *prātaraṇḍika*; N. of a son of Brahman (one of the *Pragdhātā* and of the seven *Rishis*); a star in the Great Bear.

क्रतुदेव krantu-leva, m. N.: -*mat*, a. resolute; intelligent, wise; -*rāg*, m. chief sacrifice (Aśvamedha and Ityāsūya); -*vikrayin*, a. selling the rewards for a sacrifice; -*vid*, a. powerful, inspiring.

क्रतूय kratū-yā, *den. P.* will earnestly.

क्रथ KRATH, only *cs.* *krāthaya*, P' be extravagant or wild.

क्रथ krath-a, the root krath (*gr.*).

क्रथकेशिक krathakaisika, m. pl. N. of a people (descended from Kratha son of Vidarbha and from Kaisika).

क्रथक krathuna-ka, m. N. of a camel.

क्रन्द KRAND, I. *krānda*, m. neigh, roar; wail; resound, rattle; implore piteously (*ac.*); *cs.* *krandaya*, P. cause to neigh *c.* or = *simple rh.*; *inf.* *kanikrant-ti*, *te*; pl *kāni-krat*, *kanikradat*, *kanikradayāmāna*, = *simple rh.* *akāhā*, *cs.* cry to. *abhi*, roar (at) *ā*, call on, invoke; cry piteously; invoke the aid of *ac.*; *cs.* cry out to.

क्रन्द krānd-a, m. neigh; cry; -*dhvani*, m. cry of pain, -*ana*, m. crying aloud; lamentation; -*jan*, n. battle-cry. *du*, the two contending hosts.

क्रप KRAP, *r.* *हप* KRIP.

क्रम KRAM, I. *krāma-ti* (-*te*), *krama-te* (-*ti*), stride, step; go to (*ac.* or *te*), take refuge with (*te*); pass through, traverse; tower above; take possession of, occupy, fill. *ā*, succeed, take effect; *pp.* *krānta*; *cs.* *krām-aya*, cause to step; *inf.* *kanikramate*, *kanikramyate*, *kanikramiti*, walk about. *ati*, pass by, go beyond, traverse, cross, overstep, neglect; depart from (*ab.*); be deprived of (*ab.*); pass, elapse; exceed, surpass; tres pass, transgress; *cs.* allow to pass by; disregard *abhi* *ati*, overcome. *vi* *ati*, overstep; pass by, of time, elapse; neglect, tres pass; wrongly surrender oneself to *ac.* *sam-at*, *id.* *ana*, follow, go through in order, enumerate; particularize; state in an index.

apa, go away, depart, retreat from (*ab.*). *ava*, depart, withdraw; escape. *ā*, come up, approach, enter; step on (*ac.*, *te*); press upon (*ac.*); seize, attack; gain possession of; occupy, overpread; rise, ascend (*ā*); begin (*inf.*); *pp.* see *s.r.*; *cs.* cause to enter. *adhi* *ā*, fall upon; choose, occupy. *nir-ā*, issue forth (from, *ab.*). *prati* *ā*, step back. *sam-ā*, step upon (*ac.*); assail, take possession of; occupy. *ud*, rise; go out; leave (*ab.*); depart (*life*); avoid. *prati* *ud*, depart. *vi* *ud*, overstep; pass over, neglect. *upa*, come up, approach (*ac.*, *te*); treat; physic; perform; begin (*ac.*, *d.*, or *inf.*). *sam-upa*, *ā*, begin (*inf.*). *nis*, go out of, leave (*ab.*); depart; *pp.* *nish-krānta*, = *crit.* *ccant*; *cs.* cause to leave, let out of (*ab.*); drive out. *abhi-nis*, go out of (*ab.*). *vi-nis*, step out, emerge from (*ab.*). *parā*, stride forth, be valorous, put forth one's strength, do one's best. *pari*, walk about (*esp.* on the stage); traverse, visit; surround; overtake. *anu-pari*, inspect in turn. *sam-pari*, walk round (*ac.*); visit. *pra*, stride forth, set out; *ā*, begin, undertake. *vi*, stride along; go aside; traverse; rise to (*ac.*); assail courageously; be valorous; fight with (*ac.*); *pp.* courageous, valorous, brave. *sam*, come together, unite; go to; enter; pass from (*ab.* to (*te*)); *pp.* transferred from (*ab.*) to (*te*); *cs.* lead to (*2 ac.*); transfer to (*te*). *upa-sam*, approach.

क्रम krām-a, m. step; gait; course; posture for attack; regular order, succession, gradation; inheritance; method, manner, way; usage, ritual; occasion, reason for (*te*, *g.*); a way of reciting the *Veda*. *na*, *ab.*, or -*tas*, in order, in turn; *in*, *ab.*, *te*, in due course, regularly, gradually; *in* in the course of (*te*).

क्रमगत krām-gata, *pp.* coming in the way of (*g.*).

क्रमण krām-ana, n. step, tread; walking; treading on (-*ṭ*). [marian]

क्रमदीयर krāmādīvara, m. N. of a gram.

क्रमपाठ krām-pātha, m. *krām* method of reciting the *Vedas*; -*prāpta*, *pp.* inherited; -*yoga*, m. regular order, succession; -*rāgya*, n. N. of a locality; -*varta*, N. of a country; -*vidhī*, *f.* gradual increase; -*ana*, *ad.* in order, in turn; gradually.

क्रमाकान्त krāmākrānta, *pp.* seized at one bound; -*āgata*, *pp.* come by succession, inherited; -*āyāta*, *pp.* *id.*, hereditary.

क्रमिक krām-ika, a. inherited, hereditary; successive.

क्रमुक krāmuka-ka, m. betel-nut tree.

क्रमेलक krāmeh-ka, m. catnel.

क्रय krāy-ā, m. purchase; price; -*krīta*, *pp.* bought; -*vikraya*, m. (*sg.* and *du.*) purchase and sale; trade; -*vikrayin*, a. buying and selling, bargaining.

क्रयण krāy-ana, n. purchase; -*āna-ka*, a. marketable; -*ika*, -*in*, m. buyer.

क्रय्य krāy-ya, *fp.* purchasable.

क्रविष्णु kravish-nū, a. eager for raw flesh.

क्रविस् krav-ik, n. raw flesh, carrion.

क्रव्य krav-yā, n. *id.*; -*bhakahin*, -*bhuy*, a. flesh-eating; -*mukha*, m. N. of a wolf; -*vāh-ana*, a. carrying away bodies (*r. l.* for *kavya*).

क्रव्याद् krav-yā'd, *०* *da*, a. flesh-eating, corpse-consuming; m. meat of prey.

क्रशय kraśa-ya, *den. P.* emaciate.

क्रशिमन् kras-i-man, m. thinness, slenderness, shallowness. [extracted.]

क्रष्टव्य krash-tavya, *fp.* to be dragged; to be

क्रायी kr-āñā, *ad.* (*pr. pt.* *√kri*) willingly; straightway. [ecliptic]

क्रान्त krān-tā, *pp.* *√kram*; n. step; -*ti*, *f.*

क्रिमि krīmi, incorrect spelling of *krīmi*.

क्रिया kri-yā, *f.* making, doing; performance; business, transaction; action, act; work; trouble; labour; notion of the verb, verb (*gr.*), literary work; rite, ceremony; medical treatment, cure; (legal) proof.

क्रियाकुल kriyākula, a. busy, overwhelmed with business; -*ātmaka*, a. whose nature is activity; -*tva*, n. *abst. N.*; -*diveshin*, a. evading the evidence; -*antara*, n. interruption of an action; another action; -*pada*, n. verb; -*prabandha*, m. continuity of an action; -*abhy-upagama*, m. express promise; -*yoga*, m. connexion with an action or verb; employment of means; the practical Yoga; -*yogya*, a. fitted for work; -*arthia*, a. having an action as an object; -*lopa*, m. failure of ceremonies; -*vāt*, a. performing actions, active; performing sacred rites; -*vidhi*, m. specific rule of action; employment of a verb; -*viśeshana*, n. adverb; -*akti*, *f.* capacity of acting; -*mat*, a. capable of acting. [*in t.* = *1* *pratikāla*].

क्रिवि krīvi, m. water-skin; pl. N. of a people

क्री KRĪ, IX. *kri-nā*, -*nī*, -*ni*, buy from (*ab.*), for (*in.*), price; *pp.* bought, purchased; captivated by (*in.*); *ā*, *upa*, *id.* *nis*, buy off, redeem (from, *ab.*); *pari*, buy, barter, for (*in.*); hire (*in.* or *a.* of price); *vi*, barter or sell for (*in.*); *des.* *vi-ikri-śha*, *ā*, wish to exchange for (*in.*); intend to give up.

क्रीड KRĪD, I. *krīda*, I. *krīśa*, play, jest, dally (with, *in*); *saha*, *samam*, or *śa* *dham*; gambol; dance about (*die*) *pari*, play, jest (A). *pra*, begin to play, enjoy oneself. *vi*, play, jest

क्रीड krīd-ā, a. playing, dallying; -*ana*, n. playing, play; -*ka*, m. plaything; -*anīya*, n. *id.*

क्रीडा krīd-ā, *f.* play, sport, jest, dalliance; -*kapi-tva*, n. jesting imitation of a monkey; -*kānana*, n. pleasure-grove; -*kāśāra*, m. pleasure-pond; -*kopa*, n. simulated anger; -*kautuka*, n. wanton curiosity; -*kau-ala*, n. art of jesting; -*grīha*, m. n. pleasure-house; -*parvata*, m. (artificial) pleasure-hill; -*ka*, m. *id.*; -*mayūra*, m. pet peacock; -*markaṇḍapota*, m. pet young monkey; -*mahidhra*, m. pleasure-hill; -*rasa*, m. enjoyment of sport or fun; -*maya*, a. consisting in the water of play; -*ve-man*, n. pleasure-house; -*sakunta*, m. pet bird; -*śaila*, m. pleasure-hill; -*saras*, n. pleasure-lake.

क्रीडि krīd-i, a. playing, dallying; -*ita*, *pp.* one who has played; n. play; -*in*, a. playing, dallying; -*ti* -*mat*, a. *id.*

क्रीत krī-tu, *pp.* *√kri*; n. purchase; -*ka*, a. (*son*) acquired by purchase; -*annaya*, m. repenting of a purchase

[*कु* KRU, be rough or raw.] [lew.]

कुब् krūdīk (*nom. krūḥ*). **कुब्ध** krūdīka, m. en-

कुध KRUDH, IV. P. (*ā*) *krūdhya*, be angry, grow angry (with, *d.*, *g.*; *ab.*, *te*); *pp.* *krud-dha*, angry, enraged, with (*d.*, *g.*, *te*), *upari*, or *prati*); *cs.* *krōdhāya*, enrage. *abhi*, be angry with (*ac.*); *pp.* enraged. *prati*, return any one's *ac.* anger. *sam*, be angry *pp.* angry

क्षमा kshamā-*f.* patience, forbearance, in

dulgence (towards, *ie.* or prati); tameness; earth: **-pati**, *m.* king; **-bhārit**, *m.* mountain; king; **-mandala**, *n.* orbis terrarum, whole earth; **-līnga-ātma-pidā-vat**, *a.* in which proof of forbearance and love on one's own part is adduced (*leg.*); **-vat**, *-vāla*, *a.* patient, indulgent, forbearing; compassionate.

बन्नि ksham-in, *a. id.*, towards (*ie.*).

बन्त्य kshām-ya, *a.* earthly. [tribe, people.]

बय r. kshāy-a, *a.* dwelling; *m.* abode, seat;

बय 2. kshay-a, *m.* decrease; depreciation; decline, loss, destruction; end: *ac.* with verbs of going: decrease, come to an end, be lost, perish; **-kara**, **-karti**, **-krit**, *a.* destroying

बयण kshay-ana, *a.* destroying (-°). [(-°).]

बयदिवस kshaya-divasa, *m.* day of the world's destruction; **-paksha**, *m.* fortnight of the moon's wane; **-yukta**, *pp.* ruined, fallen; **-yukti**, *f.* destruction, ruin; **-rog-in**, *a.* consumptive; **-i-tva**, *n.* annihilation.

बयिता kshay-i-tā, *f.* **-त्व**, *n.* annihilation; transitoriness; **-in**, *a.* decreasing; transitory; **-in**, *a.* consumptive; **-ishan**, *a.* transitory; destructive.

क्ष KSHAR, I. P. (Ā) **kshāra**, flow; pass away, perish; pour forth, discharge, yield; emit a stream; *as* **kshārāya**, cause to flow, discharge. **ati**, flow through, overflow (*tr.*). **abhiati**, flow across to **ava**, sprinkle; *as* cause to flow down upon (*ac.*). **ā**, *ex.* defame. **upa**, flow towards.

क्ष kshat-a, *a.* passing away, transitory; **-ana**, *n.* flowing; effusion.

क्ष KSHAL, X. P. **kshālaya**, wash; cleanse, purify, remove **pra**, wash, cleanse. **abhi-pra**, cleanse. **vi**, wash away.

क्ष kshāva, **यु** -thi, *m.* sneezing, sneeze.

क्ष 1. KSHĀ. **क्ष** 2. KSHĀI.

क्ष 2. kshā, *f.* earth; abode.

क्ष kshāt-a, *(i)* peculiar to the military caste; *n.* royal dignity. [forbearance.]

क्ष kshān-ta, *pp.* ✓ksham; *n.* patience.

क्ष kshān-ti, *f. id.*; **mat**, *a.* patient, forbearing; **-āla**, *m. N.* (patient).

क्ष kshā-nā, *a.* singed, scorched; parched, dried up; emaciated, slender; weak, little, insignificant; **-kshāma**, *a.* quite emaciated.

क्ष kshā-man, *n.* earth, ground.

क्ष kshā-mi-kri, shorten, curtail.

क्ष kshā-ra, *a.* caustic, salty; sharp, cutting; *and*; *m.* (*n. rare*) burning or corrosive substance; saltpetre, potash, etc.; **-kshata**, *pp.* corroded by saltpetre; **-kshita**, *pp. id.*; **-tā**, *f. abt. s.*; **-lava**, *n.* *du.* caustic & salt.

क्ष kshā-ay-i-tri, *a.* causing to flow.

क्ष kshāl-a, *m.* washing; **-ana**, *r. id.*; *a.* washing, wiping away (*also* fig.).

क्ष 1. KSHI, (V) P. II. **kshē-ti**, IV **kshiyā**, dwell, abide; inhabit; *as* **kshayaya** or **kshepaya**, cause to dwell peacefully, pacify **adhi**, dwell in or near, rest upon; spread over (*ac.* or *le.*). **upa**, dwell in, abide by (*also* fig., *v. ac.*). **pari**, dwell around (*ac.*).

क्ष 2. KSHI, I. P. **kshāya**, (V) possess, rule over (*tr.*).

क्ष 3. KSHI, P. IX. **kshī-nā**, (V); V. **kshī-nā**; **kshay-a**, (E) destroy; oppress; *ps.* **kshīya**, decrease, wane; cease; be exhausted;

disappear, perish: *pp.* **kshīta**, exhausted, decayed, **kshīna**, decreased; waning; exhausted, come to an end; feeble; thin, slender; *as* **kshayayati** or **kshapaya-ti**, **-tē**, destroy, remove, dispel; emaciate, weaken; *pass* (*time*): *pp.* **kshayita** or **kshapita**. **pari**, destroy; *ps.* be impoverished: *pp.* disappeared; exhausted; indigent; perished; weak in (*in*); destitute of (-°). **pra**, destroy, exhaust; *ps.* perish: *pp.* destroyed; exhausted, disappeared. **sam**, destroy; *ps.* draw to an end.

क्षि kshi-t, *a. n.* dweller; ruler (-°).

क्षि 1. kshi-ti, *f.* abode, dwelling; earth, land; *pl.* the tribes, races, peoples, men.

क्षि 2. kshi-ti, *f.* destruction.

क्षितिकम्प kshiti-kampan, *m.* earthquake; **-kshit**, *m.* king, prince; **-kshoda**, *m.* dust of the earth; **-tala**, *n.* surface of the earth; **-ap-saras**, *f.* Apsaras dwelling on earth; **-dhara**, *m.* mountain; **-dhenu**, *f.* the cowlike earth; **-pa**, **-pati**, **-pāla**, **-bhug**, *m.* king; **-bhrit**, *m.* mountain; king; **-rasa**, *m.* sap of the earth; **-lava-bhug**, *m.* petty prince; **-skhi-pati**, *m.* king; **-kata-kratu**, *m. id.*; **-indra**, **-iva**, **-isvara**, *m.* king.

क्षिप् KSHIP, VI. **kshipā**, throw, cast, discharge (at, upon, *ā*, *g*, *le.*, or *upari*); move rapidly; utter (*words*); direct (*thoughts* or *gaze*); hit; strew, pour, put (into, *le.*), set down; throw off; let go; cast blame on (*le.*); inveigh against, abuse, mock; destroy, lose; pass, bide (*time*); *as* **kshepaya**, cause to be thrown into (*antar*), cause to descend into (*le.*); crack. **adhi**, throw dirt on, revile, insult, offend, mock at. **abhi**, hit sharply (*with a whip*). **ava**, cast down, let fly; throw into (*le.*). **ā**, throw upon (*le.*), at (*d.*); cast ashore; touch (*ac.*) with (*on*); pull or carry away; take away from (*ab.*); withdraw; rob, attract (*fig.*), absorb; expel from (*ab.*); put into (*le.*), refer to; raise an objection to (*ac.*); reproach with; insult; produce, effect. **pari** **ā**, entwine with (*ac.*). **vi** **ā**, stretch out; carry away, captivate. *pp.* **ā**, full of. **sam-ā**, accumulate, insult; indicate **ud**, throw up, raise; place upon **sam-ud**, throw up, raise; free from (*ab.*). **upa**, hint at, allude to. **ni**, throw down; throw upon (*le.* or *upari*); put down, place upon or in (*le.*); direct the gaze towards (*le.* or *ad.* in -tas); abandon, give up; hand over, deliver, entrust, to (*le.*), bestow; appoint to (*le.*); *as* cause to be drawn up. **upa-ni**, put down. **vi-ni**, throw or put down; entrust: *pp.* placed in (-°) **pari**, throw along (*a distance*); wind round; surround; embrace **pra**, cast, throw at or in, place in (*le.*); put before; let down. **vi**, throw about, cast hither and thither, scatter, handle, distract: *pp.* distraught. **pra-vi**, *pp.* agitated. **sam**, heap up; compress, curtail, diminish; destroy: *pp.* contracted, condensed; narrow; short, concise. [*m. pl.*] *id.*

क्षिप् kship, *f. (only nm. pl.)* finger: **ā**, *f. (only*

क्षिप् kship-tā, *pp.* ✓kship; *n.* (shot) wound; **-litta**, *a.* distraught; **-tā**, *f.* absence of mind; **-yoni**, *a.* of contemptible birth.

क्षिप् kship-tā, *a.* elastic (*how*); quick, rapid: **-m** or **ab.** quickly, directly, at once; **ā** **ishu**, *a.* having swift arrows.

क्षिपिका kshillikā, *f. N.*

क्षिप् kshind, *pp.* ✓3. **kshi**: **-karma**, *a.* whose desire for action is at an end; **-kosa**, *a.* whose treasury is exhausted; **-tamas**, *m. N.* of a *Tikha*; **-tā**, *f.* injury, damage; **-tva**, *n.* disappearance; **-vṛtti**, *a.* whose provisions are exhausted; **-ādhī**, *a.* freed from distress; **-āyus**, *a.* moribund.

क्षिब kshiba, **क्षिब** kshiva, *a.* intoxicated; excited: **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* intoxication.

क्षिर kshirā, *n.* milk; milky sap (*of plants*).

क्षिरकुण्ड kshira-kunda, *n.* milk-pot; **-ksha-ya**, *m.* failure of milk (*in the udder*); **-dhi**, *m.* ocean of milk; **-nidhi**, *m. id.*; **-nira**, *n.* milk and water (-°); **-pa**, *a.* drinking only milk; *m.* suckling, infant, child; **-bhrita**, *pp.* paid with milk; **-maya**, *a.* representing milk; **-mahār-nava**, *m.* ocean of milk; **(ā)-vat**, *a.* full of milk; **-vāridhi**, *m.* ocean of milk; **-vriksha**, *m.* tree with milky juice, the common name of the Nyagrodha, Udumbara, Asvattha, and Madhūka; **-shāshika**, *n.* sixty days' rice with milk; **-samudra**, **-sāgara**, *m.* ocean of milk; **-snigdha**, *pp.* moist with milky juice; **-svāmin**, *m. N.* of a grammarian.

क्षिरान्न kshira-anna, *n.* rice boiled in milk; **-abdhī**, *m.* ocean of milk; **-ambudhi**, *m. id.*

क्षिराय kshirā-ya, *den. Ā*, become milk.

क्षिरिन् kshir-in, *a.* abounding in milk; containing milky juice.

क्षिरोद kshira-uda, *m.* ocean of milk; **-dhi**, *m. id.*; **-ūrmī**, *m. f.* wave of the ocean of milk

क्षिब kshiva, *r.* kshiba.

क्षु KSHU, II. P. **kshau-ti**, sneeze: *pp.* **kshuta**, having sneezed; *n.* sneeze. **ava**, *pp.* sneezed upon.

क्षु kshū, *n.* [gh(a)s-ū] food, nutriment.

क्षु kshu-na, *pp.* ✓kshud.

क्षु kshū-ti, *f.* sneezing.

क्षुभ kshut-kshāma, *a.* emaciated with hunger; **-kshāta**, *a.* hvg. a throat; **-pipā-sita**, *pp.* tormented with hunger and thirst.

क्षुद KSHUD, I. P. **kshōda**, pound; *pp.* **kshu-na**, trdden, crushed, broken; *piere*-ed. **pra**, goad, urge on. **vi**, pound; urge on

क्षुद kshud-rā, *a.* small, tiny; low, mean, base; wicked in *just*: (**-ka**, *a.* small, tiny; **-ghanika**, *f.* small bell (ornament))

क्षुद्रन्तु kshudra-gantu, *m.* small animal; insignificant person; **-pau**, *m.* small live stock; **-mat**, *a.* possessing; **-buddhi**, *m. N.* of a jackal (base-minded); **-atru**, *m.* insignificant foe; **-śukta**, *n.* short hymn; *m.* author of short hymns.

क्षुद्राक्षु kshudraksha, *a.* having small meshes; **-ākara**, *pp.* frequented by low persons; **-antra**, *n.* small cavity of the heart.

क्षुध KSHUDH, IV. P. **kshudhya**, be hungry: *pp.* **kshudhita**, hungry.

क्षुध kshūdh, *f.* hunger.

क्षुधा kshudh-ā, *f. id.*; **-kara**, *a.* causing hunger; **-ārta**, *pp.* tortured with hunger.

क्षुधा kshudh-lu, *a.* hungry.

क्षुत्रिरोक्ष kshu-nitodha, *m.* suppression of hunger, starvation; **-mat**, *a.* hungry.

क्षुप kshupa, *m.*, **ā**, *f.* shrub, bush: **-ka**, *m.*, **-kā**, *f. id.*

क्षुब्ध kshub-dha, *pp.* ✓kshubh: **-tā**, *f.* com-

क्षुभ KSHUBH, I. P. **kshobha**, (V) IV. P. **ā**, **kshubhya**, sway, trouble, become agitated: *pp.* **kshubha** *rare* & **kshubhita**, shaken; agitated; *as* **kshobhaya**, P. (Ā) shake, agitate; throw into confusion. **pra**, become agitated, be disturbed. **vi**, be shaken or agitated; be thrown into confusion. **sam**, become agitated.

बुम्त kshu-mát, *a.* nutritious; strong, vigorous.

बुर kshurá, *m.* sharp knife, razor: -**karma**, *n.* shaving; -**kṛitya**, *n. id.*; -**kṛitya**, *pp.* shaved; -**kṛityā**, *f.* shaving; -**dhāna**, *n.* razor-case; -**pṛa**, *a.* sharp as a razor; *m.* arrow, knife, or scythe as sharp as a razor; -**bhāṇa**, *n.* razor-case.

बुरिका kshur-ikā, *f.* knife, dagger.

बुल्ल kshulla, **क**-ká, *a.* small, little, tiny

बिष kshó-tra, *n.* landed property; field (-**m** **kṛi**, cultivate a field; place, region; seat, sphere of activity, source; extent; womb; wife; seat of the soul, body; primeval soul or matter.

बिषकर्मन् kshetra-karman, *n.* agriculture: -**karma-kṛit**, *a.* husbandman; -**karshaka**, *m.* husbandman; -**ga**, *a.* growing in the fields, *m.* wife's son begotten by another man; -**pāta**, *pp. id.*; -**gūa**, *a.* having local knowledge; conversant with (*g*); *m.* soul; -**tara**, *n.* place very suitable for cultivation or habitation; -**tā**, *f.* residence; -**pa**, *m.* field-watcher; -**pati**, *m.* owner of a field; -**pāla**, *m.* field-watcher, tutelary deity of the fields; -**raksha**, *m.* field-watcher; -**vid**, *a.* knowing the place, expert; knowing the body.

बिषिक kshetr-ika, *m.* owner of a field, husband; -**in**, *m. id.*; soul; -**iya**, *a.* local; constitutional = incurable.

बिषीक kshetrī-kṛi, take possession of (*ac.*).

बिषीय kshetrī-ya, *den. P.* desire a field.

बिष kshep-a, *m.* throwing, moving about; motion, agitation, swaying; delay; accusation; abuse, transference; -**aka**, *a.* throwing, casting; destroying; -**ana**, *n.* throwing, letting fly. *i.* **f.** sling, -**avika**, *m.* boatman. -**avika**, *n.* sling. [quickly.]

बिप् kshep-an, *m.* throw *in.* **kshepnā**,

बिषिष kshép-ishtha, *spr.*; -**iyas**, *cpr.* of kshep-rá; *n. ad.* as quickly as possible.

बिषु kshep-tri, *m.* slinger; -**nā**, *m.* letting fly (*loestrung*); -**ya**, *fp.* to be thrown into, *lc*); to be destroyed.

बिम् kshe-ma, *a.* comfortable, agreeable; quiet; safe; *m.* abode; place; rest, security; prosperity -**m** **te**, hail to you! *in sg. or pl.* peacefully, happily, safe and sound.

बिम्कर kshem-i-kara, *a.* affording peace and security; -**kāra**, -**kṛit**, -**m-kara**, *a. id.*

बिम्भय kshema-ya, *den. P.* only *pr. pt.* resting, affording rest, sheltering, refreshing

बिम्भयोग kshema-yoga, *m. du.* rest and labour

बिम्भिन kshem-in, *a.* safe.

बिम्भियर kshemī-svara, *m. N.* of a poet

बिम्भेन्द्र kshema indra, *m. N.* of several authors

बिम्भ्य kshem-ya, *a.* (also -yā) resting; secure; salubrious, auspicious

बिष्य kshai-ya, *n.* ruin (*abst. v. from kshina*)

बिष kshaitrā, *n.* estate.

बिषपत kshaitra-pata, *a.* (1) relating to the lord of the soil; -**patya**, *a. id.*; a (kshaitra)-dominion; estate

बिष्र kshap-a *a.* produced by rapid enunciation, said of the Saundhī by which *ā* or *ā* become *y* or *y*, also of the svarita accent arising on such a syllable.

बिषिण kshonī, *f.* host, retinue, earth, land

बिषिणपति kshonī-pati, *m.* prince, king. -**pāla**, -**indra**, *m. id.*

बिषी kshonī, *f.* (*m* -**s**) = kshonī -**pati**. -**rama**, *a.* prince, king.

ख KH.

ख khā, *n.* cavity, hole, aperture (*esp. in the human body*); wound; axle-hole *in the nave of a wheel*); ether; air, sky

खग kha-ga, *a.* moving in the air, flying. *m.* bird; -**pati**, *m.* lord of the birds, *cp.* of Garuda

खगम kha-gama, *m.* bird; *N.* of a Brahman.

खगल्य kha-galya, *a.* certain part of a wheel.

खगाधिप khaga adhipa, *m. ep.* of Garuda

खङ्ग khaṅkha, *m. N.* [-**indra**, *m. id.*

खच् KHAK, I. P. **kha**ka, shine *pp.* **kha**ka-**ita**, sparkling; brilliant or studded with (*in.*), *ad.* *pp.* interwoven with (*in.*), *ad.*

खचर kha-kara, *a.* flying; *m.* bird; bury: -**kṛita**, *n.* picture in the air = chimera.

खज khāj-a, *m.* stirring, churning; tumult of

खजल kha-gala, *n.* mist. [battle.]

खजा kha-jā, *f.* churning-stick.

खञ्ज KHANĠ, I. P. **kha**ṅga, lump

खञ्ज khaṅga, *a.* lame; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* -ness.

खञ्ज khaṅga-ana, *m.* wagtail -**akshi**, *f.* girl with restless eyes.

खञ्जरीट khaṅga-rita, *m.* wagtail: -**ka**, *m. id.*

खटखटाय khaṭa-khaṭa-ya, *ā.* crackle, hiss.

खटिका khaṭ-ikā, **खटिनी** khaṭ-nī, *f.* chalk.

खटय khaṭya-ya, *den. P.* turn into a bedstead.

खट्या khaṭyā, *f.* bedstead, bed of sickness

खट्याङ्ग khaṭyāṅga, *m. n.* club shaped like the foot of a bedstead *esp. as a weapon* of Siva; -**dhara**, -**dhāra**, -**bhart**, *a.* bearing a khaṭyāṅga, *cp.* of Siva

खट्याङ्गिन khaṭyāṅgin, *a. id.*

खट्यातल khaṭyā-tala, *n.* space under a bed, *lc.* under the bed

[**खड** KHAD, **खण्ड** KHAND break cleave.]

खड khad-a, *m.* kind of sour drink made of buttermilk, etc. *N.* of a merchant's son.

खड्ग khad-gā, *m.* sword, dagger; rhinoceros;

खड्गग्रहिन khadga-grahin, *m.* sword-bearer; -**dhara**, *a.* wearing a sword; *m. N.*; -**dhārā**, *f.* sword-blade; -**vratā**, *n.* = asādhārā-vratā, -**dhanu**, *f.* knife; -**pāda**, *n.* having a sword in one's hand; -**pāta**, *n.* sword-cut, -**prahāra**, *m.* sword-stroke, -**maya**, *n.* consisting of swords; -**vāt**, *a.* armed with a sword; -**vāri**, *n.* blood dripping from a sword; -**vidyā**, *f.* art of fencing, -**sakha**, *a.* armed with a sword, -**senā**, *m. N.*; -**hastā**, *a.* having a sword in the hand. **खड्गामिष** khadga amisha, *n.* rhinoceros flesh

खोद kshod-a, *m.* blow; crushing, flour, powder; drop; little bit.

खोदस kshód-as, *n.* swell, stream, [kshudrā.

खोदिष kshód-ishtha, *spr.*; -**iyas**, *cpr.* of

खोम kshobh-a, *m.* swaying, tremor; jolting, agitation; -**ana**, *a.* shaking, agitating; -**ayitri**, *m.* prime mover or originator.

खोनी kshanvī, *f.* earth, land -**dhara**, *m.* mountain; -**nātha**, *m.* king; -**bhūy**, *m. id.*, -**bhrit**, *m.* mountain.

खोद्र kshaudra, *n.* honey.

खोम kshauma, *a.* (1) flaxen, linen; *n.* linen, linen garment.

खोर kshaura, *a.* done with the razor; *n.* shaving -**m** **kṛi**, shave, -**m** **kāraya**, get shaved, -**kāraṇa**, -**karman**, *n.* shaving.

क्षु KSHU, I. P. **ksha**u-ti, whet, sharpen

क्षा kshuī, *f.* earth, land. *m.* **kshamayā**, on the earth.

क्षाधर kshamā-dhara, *m.* mountain; -**dhriti**, *m.* king; -**pa**, -**pati**, -**pāla**, -**bhartṛi**, -**bhūy**, *m.* prince, king; -**bhrit**, *m.* mountain; king, -**ruh**, *m.* tree; -**vriśha**, *m.* bull of the earth, mighty king.

क्ष्विड KSHVID, I. P. **kshv**eda, utter an articulate sound, crack, hum, hiss, grind the teeth.

क्ष्विद KSHVID, I. P. **kshv**eda, *id.*

क्ष्वेड kshved-ana, *n.* whizzing, hissing. -**ā**, *f.* roar of a lion, battle cry

क्ष्वेल KSHVEL, I. P. **kshv**ela, (*f.*) jump, play.

क्ष्वेलन kshvel-ana, *n.*, -**i**, *f.*, -**ika**, *f.* -**ita**, *n.* play, dalliance

खड्गधेनुका khadga-dhenuka, *f.* female rhinoceros. [rhinoceros]

खड्गिन khadg-in, *a.* armed with a sword, *m.*

खणखणाय khama khaṇā-ya, *den. ā.* chatter, crack. *pp.* -**yita**, clashing, etc.

खण्ड khaṇḍ-a, *a.* incomplete, deficient, not full moon; *m.* a piece, part, section (of a work); number, quantity, multitude, group; powdered sugar; -**ka**, *m.* part, piece, section, kind of dance; -**kāpālika**, *m.* a partial Ka-pālika sectary; -**devakula**, *n.* ruined temple; -**dhārā**, *f.* kind of musical performance or dance.

खण्डन khaṇḍ-ana, *a.* breaking up, destroying, dispelling, *n.* crushing, hurting, wounding *esp. with the teeth*, curtailing, destroying, baffling; relating, decaying, -**aniya**, *fp.* to be broken or cut in pieces

खण्डमोदक khaṇḍa-modaka, *m.* mamma-sugar *Pr.*

खण्डय khaṇḍa-ya, *den. P.* break or cut in pieces, injure, bite; interrupt, disturb; destroy, dispel, cause to cease, satisfy, neglect; replete, deceive **ava**, break in pieces. **ud**, tear off **vi**, cut in pieces, lacinate.

खण्डपटक khaṇḍa-pataka, *m. N.* of a village or town.

खण्डशस् khanda-sas. *ad.* in pieces: with **क्रि**, break in pieces; with **गम**, **भ्रू**, or **य**, go to pieces. [conduct.]

खण्डितवृत्त khandita-vṛtta, *a.* of immoral

खण्डमुमुक्षु khandā indu-mundana, *m.* (adorned with a crescent), *ep.* of Śiva.

खद् KHAD, VI. P. **khadā**, (V.) be firm or hard.

खद् khad-ā, *f.* hut, stall.

खदिर khad-irā, *m.* a tree (a kind of acacia) -**मा**, *a.* made of Khadira wood.

खद्योत kha-dyōta, *m.* fire-fly.

खन् KHAN, I. **khāna**, dig, dig up or into (*acc.*); pierce, lacerate; agitate: **khātā**, *ud.* dig up, uproot, undermine; exterminate, destroy; pull out; draw (*sword*). **pra ud**, dig up; eradicate. **ni**, bury; dig in, erect (*pillars*); infix, imbed; *es.* cause to be dug; infix. [digger.]

खन kha-n-ā, *a.* burrowing; *m.* pit; -**का**, *m.*

खनखाना kha-na-khānā-ya, **Ā**. = khala-khalā-ya. [*a.* digging, *f.* mine; -**त्रि**, *m.* digger.]

खनति kha-nati, *m. N.*; -**आ**, *n.* digging; -**त्रि**,

खनिष kha-ni-trā, *n.*, -**त्रा**, *f.* spade; (i) -**त्रा**, *ka*, *n.* small spade; i -**त्रि**, *m.* a produced by digging.

खन्ध khān-ya, *fp.* coming from pits

खपुष्प kha-pushpa, *n.* flower in the air = chimera; -**मूर्ति**-**मा**, *a.* having an ethereal form.

[**खर्** KHAR, be rough or broken.]

खर् khār-n, *a.* hard, rough; hot, sharp (also *fig.*); -**म**, *ad.*; *m.* ass, mule.

खरतुरगीय khara-turagiya, *a.* sexual connection (*samparka*) between ass and horse; -**नाकरा**, *m. N.* of a lion; -**मायुका**, *m.* (hot-rayed), sun; -**मासा**, *m. id.*

खराय khārī-ya, *den.* behave like an ass: **pra**, -**यिता**, *n.* tomfoolery

खरी khārī, *f.* she ass or mule -**विशाना**, *n.* ass's horn = chimera. [*a.* versed in sorcery]

खखौद kharkhodu, *kind* of magic: -**वेदि**,

खर्ज KHARG, I. P. **kharya**, (S.) creek.

खर्जूर khary-ūra, *m.*, *i. f.* a tree; *n.* its fruit.

खर्पर kharypara, *n.*, *i. f.* kind of mineral.

खर्म khar-ma, *n.* rudeness, harshness.

खर्व khar-vā, *a.* mutilated, crippled, defective; *n.* a large number, followed by 100 or 37 zeros, quadrillion

खर्वी khārvi-kri, cripple, compress

[**खल्** KHIAL, be smooth; stumble or waver.]

खल khāl-ā, *m.* 1. threshing-floor; oil-cake; 2. wicked person, rogue *f.* 1.

खलखलाय khalā-khalā-ya, **Ā**. ripple.

खलता 1. khala-tā, *f. abst. N.* from 1 hālā 1 and 2; 2. kha-lata, creeper in the an = a chimera.

खलति khal-ati, *a.* bald; *m.* baldness.

खलमुञ्ज khala-bhugāga, *m.* snake-like rogue. [*the suffix khal gr.*]

खलर्थ khal-ārtha, *n.* having the meaning of

खलाय khālā-ya, *den.* **Ā**. play the rogue.

खलीकार khālī-kāra, *m.* ill-treatment; -**क्रि**, ill-treat; -**कृति**, *f.* ill-treatment.

खलीन khālī-ina, *n.* bit (of a bridle).

खलु khāl-u, *pel.* [plainly], indeed, certainly; however, and yet: often merely emphatic; **khālu vai**, certainly; **na khālu**, with inter. pray? I wonder? **na khālu**, not at all; **khālu apt**, now again (introducing a new topic); **khālu** with *gd.* = enough of -, do not -.

खलेकपोतवाय khale-kapota-uyāya, *m.* manner in which a flock of pigeons swoop on a threshing-floor; -**कापोतिक**, *f. id.*

खल्ल KHALL, I. **Ā**. **khalla**, totter; be loose: *pp.* **khallita**, flaccid, flabby.

खल्ल khall-a, *m.* bag.

खल्ल khāl-ya, *m.* kind of pulse.

खल्लाट khal-vāta, *a.* bald-headed. [*body*]

खल्लरीरिन् kha-saririṇ, *a.* having an ethereal

खस khasa, *m.* son of an outcast Kshatriya: *pl. N.* of a people.

खा khā, *f.* [hole], spring, well.

खा khā- occurs in various forms of **✓khan**.

खागि khāgi, **का**-**क**, *f. N.* of two localities.

खान्य khāṇy-ya, *n.* limping, lameness.

खाण्डव khāṇḍavā, *m. n.* kind of sweetmeat: *N.* of a forest in Kurukshetra.

खात khā-tā, *pp.* **✓khan**; *m. n.* trench, pit; well, pond; *n.* cavity: (**का**)-**का**, *n.* ditch, pit, -**त्रि**, *m.* digger; -**त्रा**, *n.* breach.

खाद् KHĀD, I. P. (**Ā**). **khāda**, chew, eat, gnaw; devour; destroy; *es.* **khādāya**, *P. id*; cause to be eaten, by (*in.*). **sam**, devour.

खाद् khāl-ā, *a.* devouring (-^o); *m.* food; -**का**, *m.* eater, consumer; debtor; -**आ**, *n.* chewing, eating; food: **का**, *f. N.*; -**क**, *f.* eating (-^o); -**त्रि**, *m.* eater, consumer; -**त्रा**, *ya*, *fp.* to be eaten or consumed; -**त्रि**, *a.* chewing, biting (-^o).

खादिर khādīrā, *a.* (i) made of Khadira

खाय khād-ya, *fp.* eatable. [wood.]

खाधूया khādhūyā, *f. N.* of a locality.

खान khāna, *n.* food: -**पान**, *n. sg.* meat and drink. [naming burglar.]

खानक khāna-ka, *a.* digging (-^o); *m.* under-

खानि khā-ni, *f.* pit, mine.

खार khāra, *m.*, *i. f.* a measure of capacity.

खार्वी khārvā, *f.* third age of the world.

खालाय khālaya, **खालित्य** khālitya, *n.* baldness.

खिद् KHID, VI. P. **khidā**, press; IV. P. **Ā**. **khidyā**, be depressed or afflicted, feel languid: *pp.* **khīna**, depressed, downcast; exhausted, languid; *es.* P. **Ā**. **khedāya**, depress, distress, disquiet, trouble. **ā**, seize upon. **ud**, draw out **pari**, feel depressed: *pp.* exhausted; afflicted.

खिद् khid-rā, *n.* awl, gimlet.

खिल khilā, *n.* waste land; *n.* supplement.

खिलेश khilā-kshetra, *n.* barren field.

खिली khilī-kri, make deserted; render powerless; -**भ्रू**, be emptied of (*g.*); be frustrated. [piece]

खिल्य khil-yā, *m.* waste land; block. lump.

खीर khīra, *N.* of a locality.

खुद् KHUD, VI. P. **khudā**, (V.) thrust in

खुनमुष khunamusha, *N.* of a village.

खुर khura, *m.* hoof; claw.

खुरक khura-ka, *m.* kind of dance.

खुरिन् khur-in, *m.* animal with hoofs.

खूर khūra = **खुर** khura.

खेचर khe-kara, *a.* (i) moving in the air, flying; *m.* bird; angel; fairy; **ई**, *f.* fairy; with *siddhi*, magical power of flying; -**ता**, *f.*, -**त्रा**, *n. id.*

खेत khetā, *m. n.* village inhabited by peasants; shield; *m.* phlegm; *a.* low, mean; -**का**, hamlet; shield.

खेद् khed-ā, *m.* pressure, hardship, trouble; faintness, weariness, affliction; annoyance at (*g.*): **ई**, *f. N.* of a locality; -**आ**, *n.* exhaustion; -**यितव्य**, *fp.* to be afflicted; -**त्रि**, *a.* tired, weary; fatiguing.

खेय khe-ya, *fp.* to be dug; being dug.

खेल् KHIL, I. P. **khela**, move to and fro, away, rock, appear: *pp.* **khelita**, rocking; *es.* put in motion, turn.

खेल khel-ā, *a.* swinging, swaying, rocking, *m. N.* -**गमना**, *a.* of playful gait; -**आ**, *n.* flying or moving to and fro; restless motion (of the eye); -**का**, *n.* play, sport; -**त्रि**, *f.* play, sport.

खोट khotā, **खोर** khora, *a.* halting, lame.

खोल khola, *m.* kind of water-proof hat.

खान khyān, 3 *pl. subj. pr.* of **✓khyā**.

ख्या KHYĀ, II. P. **khyā-ti**; *ps.* **khyāyate**, be mentioned; be known: *pp.* **khyāta**, named, known; known as; celebrated; *es.* **khyāyāya**, make known, proclaim, report, declare; manifest, betray; tell about any one (*acc.*); praise, celebrate. **antar**, withhold, conceal. **abhi**, behold, perceive: *pp.* notorious, *es.* proclaim. **ava**, look down; observe **ā**, recite, enumerate; tell, inform, announce, report; indicate; call, name, designate as (2 *acc.*); *es.* proclaim. **prati**, refuse, repudiate, deny; decline; prohibit; refute; surpass. **viā**, explain; discuss; announce, relate. **sam**, add, enumerate; relate; pronounce to be (*iti*): *pp.* named. **pari**, look round, disregard (*g.*), **pra**, see; announce; relate: *pp.* known, acknowledged; renowned; *es.* make generally known: *pp.* **khyāpita**, known as (*am.*). **prati**, perceive, see. **vi**, look about, look up; perceive; lighten, make visible; show, illumine: *pp.* generally known, celebrated; known as, called; *es.* proclaim. **abhi**, vi, behold. **sam**, appear with (*in.*); add up, calculate; estimate by (*in.*). **pari**-**sam**, add together.

ख्यातीर्ति khyāta-kirti, *a.* of celebrated fame.

ख्याति khyā-ti, *f.* perception; supposition, assertion, knowledge; fame, celebrity, name: -**मा**, *a.* celebrated, famous, -**विशुद्धा**, *pp.* opposed to the general assumption.

ख्यान khyā-ana, *n.* perception, knowledge.

खापक khyā-p-aka, (*es.*) *a.* announcing, indicating (-^o).

खापन khyā-p-ana, *n.* proclaiming, manifesting; confession; making famous. [ing (-^o).

खापिन् khyāp-in, *a.* manifesting, exhibit-

ग G.

य गा. a. (-°) going or moving in or on; consorting with; resorting to; reaching to; being in; referring to.

गगण gagana. गगन gagana, m. sky.

गगनगति gagana-gati, m. dweller in the sky; -kara, m. sky-goer, bird; -kârin, a. coming from the sky (voice); -tala, n. vault of heaven; -nagara, n. mirage; -pratishtha, a. being in the air; -lib, a. reaching to the sky; -vihârin, a. moving in the sky; -sad, m. denizen of the sky; -sindhu, f. celestial Ganges; -sparasana, m. N. of one of the Maruts; -spris, a. touching = dwelling in, the sky; reaching to the sky.

गगनापवा gagana apavâ, f. celestial Ganges; -aravinda, n. sky-lotus = chimera

गङ्गा gâṅgâ, f. [fr. int. of √gam: the swift Goer], the Ganges, daughter of the Hmarat.

गङ्गाधर gaṅgâ-dhara, m. N. of various men; -prapâta, m. descent of the Ganges; -lahari, f. N. of a mare; -saras, n. N. of a Tirtha.

गच्छ gakkhu, pr. base of √gam.

गज gaja, m. elephant; i, f. female elephant.

गजच्छाया gaja-khâyâ, f. (elephant's shadow), a certain constellation; -tâ, f., -tva, n. condition of an elephant.

गजदन्त gaja-danta, m. ivory; -nimilita, n. elephant's wink = connivance; -pati, m. lordly elephant; -pungava, m. lordly elephant; -pura, n. N. of a city = Hastinapura; -mada, m. elephant's temple-juice; -muktâ, f. pearl said to be sometime found in an elephant's forehead; -mauktika, n. id.; -yûtha, m. herd of elephants; -râga-muktâ, f. = gaga-mukta; -vat, a. provided with elephants; -vadana, m. Elephant-face, ep. of Ganesa.

गजसाहय gaja-sâhaya, n. (elephant-named = gaga-pura; -sthâna, n. elephant's stall.

गजाधय gaja-adhyaksha, m. keeper of an elephant; -anika, m. N. [x gaga-pura]

गजाहय gaja-âhaya, n. (elephant-named)

गजीभू गजि-bhî, become an elephant.

गजेन्द्र gaja-indra, m. lordly elephant

गज्ज gajga, m. or n. (?) treasury; -na, a. surpassing (-°); -vara, m. treasurer.

गज्जा gajgâ, f. tavern; hemp.

गजि gadi, m. young bull. [hump.

गजु gadu, m. (?) excrescence on the body,

गय गा-â, m. host, multitude; class; troop, retinue, inferior deities appearing in troops (ep. Siva's retinue, under the special rule of Ganesa), member of Siva's following; community, association, corporation, metrical foot; group of words or words to which a grammatical rule applies.

गयक gâna-ka, m. reckoner; astrologer.

गयचक्र gana-chakra, n. kind of magic circle; -kikhandas, n. metre measured by feet; -tva, n. office of an attendant on Siva; -dâsa, m. N. of a dancing master.

गयदीचिन् गयâ-dikshin, a. officiating for a community (priest); -dravya, n. property of a corporation.

गयन गा-ana, n. counting, calculation; â,

f. id.; annumeration (-°); consideration, regard to g.

गयनाथ gana-nâtha, m. Ganesa; -nâyaka, m. id.; -pa, m. id.; head of a corporation; (a) -pati, m. lord of hosts, Ganesa; -pâ/ha, m. list of ganas (gr.); -pradâtri, m. benefactor of a corporation; -bhartri, m. ep. of Siva

गयय गा-ya, den. P. (Â) count, enumerate, calculate; reckon among (le.); consider, account (2 ac); impute to (le.); regard, esteem; excoitate with na, disregard; think nothing of with bahu, have great regard for; pp. ga/ita. ava, disregard, pay no attention to. pari, count over, calculate; consider. pp. limited in number. vi. count (pa amount to), consider, ponder; account (2 ac.), regard, disregard [fct]

गयवृत्त gana-vritta, n. metre measured by

गयसस गा-sis, ad. by or in troops.

गयाधिपति gana-adhipati, m. ep. of Siva; Ganesa; -adhi-sa, m. Ganesa; -adhyaksha, m. id.; -anna, n. food coming from a corporation; -abhyantara, m. member of a corporation.

गयिका गा-ikâ, f. harlot. -ita, pp; n. calculation, -in, a. having troops of (-); accompanied by (in

गयेश गा-isa, m. chief of Siva's attendants. Ganesa, god of wisdom, remover of obstacles, son of Siva and Parvati; also ep. of Siva

गण्ड gânda, m. (°, a. â, i) cheek, side of the face, side; -kâra-sa, m. elephant's temple, -kâsha, m. rubbing of the cheek, -ki, f. N. of a river; -bhitti, f. cheek-bone; -mâlin, a. having scrofulous swellings of the glands of the neck, -lekha, f. region of the cheek; -salla, m. large boulder, cheek-bone, N. of the pleasure-garden of the Apasaras; -ryâma-mada-kynti, a. from whose cheeks brown juice trickles down; -sthala, n. i, f. cheek (-°, a. â, i).

गण्डु गा-ndu, pillow.

गण्डुपद् गा-ndu-pada, m. kind of worm

गण्डुष गा-ndu-sha, m. n. mouthful (of water, etc.), sup; tip of elephant's trunk

गण्डोपधान गा-ndu-upadhâna. n. pillow i-ya, n. id.; -upala, m. large boulder.

गय गा-ya, fp. to be counted, calculated, or regarded; a consisting of rows

गत गा-tâ, pp. (x/gam) gone (evam gate, such being the case); gone or come to, fallen into, being at, on or in, contained or resting in (ac, le, -°); directed or referring to (prati or -); departed, gone away to, d or inf.; deceased; passed, elapsed; disappeared, lost; very often = deprived or devoid of, free from, without, -less; produced from (ab., -°); spread abroad in (le.); known; trodden, frequented; reached, obtained (-), n. gat; disappearance; manner

गतजीव गा-ta-giva, a. dead; -givita, a. id.; -pâra, a. having attained his object; -pârva, a. trodden before; -pratyâgata, pp. gone and returned; -prâna, a. inanimate, dead; -prâ-ya, a. almost past or perished; -mati, a. stupid, senseless; -manas-ka, a. thinking of (le.); -mâtra, n. only just gone away; -yan-vana, a. whose youth is past; -roga, a. con-

valescent; -vayas, a. whose youth is past, -â-ri, a. being in the height of prosperity, -sâra, a. worthless, -sprîha, a. having no more desire or pleasure (m, g. or le.); disinterested; merciless.

गतागत गा-tâgata, pp. n. sp. & pl. going and coming, going hither and thither; flying to and fro; â-ni kri, negotiate; -âgati, f. going and coming = death and rebirth; -âdhi, a. free from care; -adhvan, a. who has completed his journey; thoroughly conversant with (le.); -anugati-ka, a. following precedents, -anta, a. whose end has come, -ânya, a. whose life is past; moribund, dead, -âsu, a. lifeless, dead.

गति गा-ti, f. gut, course, motion, flight, going away, departure, progress, success, attainment of, g. (le.); way, path, egress, outlet; source, basis, expedient, means, feasibility, stratagem, refuge, state, condition, nature; transmigration, human lot, manner; preposition or adverb combined with a verb

गतिभङ्ग गा-ti-bhanga, m. impeded a. unsteadily gat; -bheda, m. id.; -mat, a. moving

गतर गा-tara, a. (a) going to (-), preparing for id.; transitory. [motion (gr.).

गतर्य गा-tartha, a. having the sense of

गट् (GAD), I. P. (Â) gada, recite, utter, speak, say; address (2 ac.), name ni, id.; pe. be called, be accounted

गद् गा-d, m. 1. speech, spell, 2. disease

गदन गा-d-ana, n. reciting

गदा गा-dâ, f. 1. club, 2. speech, spell.

गदाधर 1. gadâ-dhara, a. bearing a club ep. of Krishna

गदाधर 2. gadâ-dhara, a. having a sore lip.

गदामृत गा-dâ-bhrit, a. bearing a club, m ep. of Krishna.

गदिन गा-d-in, a. bearing a club.

गदद् गा-d-gad-a, a. faltering; n. stammer; -gala, a. stammering, faltering; -tâ, f., -tva, n. stammer, -âvara, m. faltering tone; a. faltering

गदद्दिका gad-gad-ikâ, f. stammer, [prose.

गद्य गा-d-ya, fp. to be said, n. spoken speech.

गद्याय गद्यायान् -का, m. a certain weight

गध GADH, fp. gadh-ya, to be held fast, to be captured; pp. gadhita. â, pp. clung to pari, pp. clasped [√gam

गन्तव्य गा-n-tave, गन्तवि गा-n-tavî, d. inf.

गन्तव्य गा-n-tavya, fp. n. to be gone (with in. of subject); to be traversed; to be sought approached, or visited; intelligible

गन्तुकाम गा-n-tu-ka-ma, a. desirous of going

गन्तु गा-n-tri, m. one who goes, comes, or reaches (ac, d., le.); also, useful, of √gam, -tri, f. used as 3rd sg. future.

गन्ध गा-n-dh, m. (m.) [that which clings] smell, fragrance, odour; perfume galy, pl., tinge or trace of, similarity with (-), pride

गन्धक गा-n-dha-ka, a. (likâ) smelling or smacking (of); -ga/ya, m. = gandha-dvîpa; -grâh-in, a. perfumed, -âvîpa, -âvîrada, m. ele-

phant in rut; **-pāshāna-vat**, a. sulphurous; **-mādana**, m. N. of a mountain-range with fragrant forests; **-mālin**, m. N. of a Nāga; **-māliya**, n. du. and pl. perfumes and garlands; **-rasa**, m. perfumes and spices.

गन्धन gandha-ana, m. kind of rice; n. fragrance; sarcasm.

गन्धर्व gandhar-vā, m. N. of a genius closely connected w. Soma and the sun; sts. pl. (V.); celestial musician inhabiting Indra's heaven (C.).

गन्धर्वखण्ड gandharva-khanda, m. N. of a part of Bhāratavarsha; **-tva**, n. condition of a Gandharva; **-dattā**, f. N. of a Gandharva princess; **-nagara**, n. city of the Gandharvas; mirage; **-pura**, n. city of the Gandharvas; **-rāja**, m. king of the Gandharvas.

गन्धर्वी gandharvī, f. female being akin to Gandharva.

गन्धवत् gandha-vat, a. fragrant; having the quality of smell; **-ā**, f. N. of a river; **-vaha**, a. wafting fragrance; m. wind; **-vāha**, m. wind; **-sāli**, m. fragrant rice; **-sāra**, m. sandal-wood. [fragrant.]

गन्धाढ्य gandha-ādhyā, a. rich in perfume.

गन्धार gandhāra, m. pl. N. of a people in the N.W.; 1, m. pl. id.

गन्धि gandhi-, a. smelling of; having a little of (-); **-ā-kā**, **-in**, a. id.

गन्धिभ gandhibha, m. = gandha-dvīpa.

[गम् GABH, गम्ब GAMBH, be cleft, yawn.]

गम् gabh-ā, m. vulva.

गम्बस gabh-as-tala, n. kind of hell.

गम्बसि gābhās-ti, m. arm, hand; ray; **-mat**, a. radiant; m. sun; **-mālin**, m. sun.

गभीर gābhīra, a. abyssinal, unfathomable; deep; dense, impervious; extensive; inexhaustible; secret, inscrutable; **-m** or **-ā**, ad.

गम् GAM. I. **gāma** and II. **gānti** (V):
1. **gākāśa**, go, move, walk; depart; die; pass, elapse; traverse; betake oneself to, reach, obtain (ac., d., lc.); fall or recoil on (ac.); have sexual intercourse with (ac.); perceive, recognise (ps. be understood or meant); attain, undergo, suffer: very often with ac. of an abst. s., when it may variously be translated by the passive, an intransitive verb or the verb to become with the corresponding noun or adjective: **vismayaṃ gam**, be amazed, **śāśva** - perish; **śūdratvam** - become a Śūdra; **krodham** - grow angry; **pratipam** - resist (g.); **doshesa** or **doshā** - to -accuse (ac.); **manasā** - betake oneself in thought to (ac.) **pp. gata**, g., i. **cs. gamāya**, cause to go, bring, send, conduct (to, ac., d., lc.); cause to undergo; pass (time); explain; produce the meaning of (ac.); designate; *induce anyone (ac.) to walk by means of any one (in); *des. gīgamisha* or *gīgānse*, P. wish or be about to go; *inf. gānigraṣi*, visit, frequent. **śikhā**, go to, *ati*, elapse; *pass over*. **adhi**, go to, approach, reach *pp.* surrounded by: *in*); have sexual intercourse with (ac.); take in hand; begin; obtain, acquire; espouse, marry; come upon, find; find out; accomplish; learn, study, read; *des. wish* to recover; *ā*, wish to study. **sam-adhi**, approach; acquire, obtain; learn, study. **anu**, follow, accompany, pursue; visit; cover from behind; take possession of; conform to, be guided by; imitate; be contained in (lc.); perform: *pp.* amenable, complaisant; *-ā*, conformable to, according to; imitated; dominated by; traversing; *cs.* accompany. **sam-anu**, follow. **anta**, exclude

from (ab.); *pp. antargata*, q. v. **apa**, go away, disappear (fr. ab.); *pp.* gone away, vanished; deviating from (ab. or -); **vi-apa**, depart: *pp.* departed; swerving from (ab.); **api**, enter into; be absorbed in (ac.); **abhi**, advance, approach; go to, visit (ac.); return home; follow; have sexual intercourse with (ac.); find, meet with, obtain; devote oneself to (ac.). **sam-abhi**, unite sexually. **aram**, present oneself to (d.). **ava**, come down to (ac. or lc.); come to, enter into (ac.); obtain; hit upon, guess, infer; learn from (ab.); perceive, understand; be convinced, be of opinion, believe to be meant, know (*pp.* pr. wittingly; *pp. with act. and ps. meaning*); regard as, consider to be (2 ac.); *cs.* procure; cause to experience, let know. **ā**, approach, come (to, ac.); come forth; meet with (sāha); return (*only with punar*); come or fall upon; obtain, take, undergo, incur (*with abstract nouns*); *pp.* arrived, come (to, ac., lc., or -); come into the world, born; returned (*only with punar*); coming from (ab.); come to pass in regard to (ac.); having happened or supervened (sts. -); fall into (ac.); *cs.* cause to approach; learn (ac.) from (ab.); *des.* be about to come. **adhi**, come upon, find. **anu**, follow: *pp. with act. and ps. mg.* **abhi**, approach, come to, visit: *pp.* arrived, come. **kramād** - = inherited. **sam-abhi**, arrive; come back (*with punar*). **upa**, approach, come to (ac., lc.); fall into, incur, undergo (*with abst. nouns*); appear; fall to one's share: *with dāt* = inherit: *pp.* arrived **abhi-upa**, come to (ac.). **sam-upa**, *id.*; befall. **prati**, return from (ab.) to (ac.); come to oneself, recover. **sam-ā**, come together, meet, unite (*with in* - sāha or sārđham); approach, come to (ac., lc.); return (from, ab.); come upon, find (ac.); *pp.* united, advanced in conjunction with (*in*); *cs.* unite any one (ac.) with (*in* or lc.). **ud**, rise; go forth, appear; spread: *pp.* proceeding from (ab. or -); having appeared; widespread; *cs.* cause to come forth, suck (milk). **abhi-ud**, rise (moon); go forth to meet (ac.); consent to (ac.). **pre-ud**, rise up, project. **prati-ud**, advance to meet (*pp. with act. and ps. mg.*); come forth or appear again; set out for (ac. or lc.). **sam-ud**, come forth, appear. **upa**, approach, go to, visit; reach, befall (g.); come across, find, have sexual intercourse with (ac.); fall into, obtain, incur (*with abst. nouns*); *pp.* having betaken oneself to any one's protection; accompanied by (-); granted, recognised; *cs.* cause to approach. **abhi-upa**, approach, go to (ac.); admit, grant, assent to (ac.); *cs.* persuade any one (ac.) to assent. **sam-upa**, approach; undergo. **ni**, appear; arrive at, obtain; enter; have intercourse with; *cs.* put in. **nis**, go out, depart (from, ab.); come forth, appear; go away, disappear; fall into, undergo: *pp.* freed from (ab. or -). **vi-nis**, go out, come forth, depart; free oneself from (ab.); be beside oneself: *pp.* gone out, coming forth, issuing; free from (ab.). **para**, go away, depart: *pp.* arrived; filled or covered with (-). **pari**, go or walk round; wander over, traverse; surround, encompass; spread around, depart, die; attain, undergo: *pp.* surrounded by (-); extending or diffused on all sides; dead; possessed by, filled with (*in* or -); experienced; learned from (ab.); known; *cs.* pass (time). **pra**, depart; go to (ac.). **prati**, advance towards (ac.); return to (ac.). **vi**, disperse; depart, vanish, pass away: *pp.* deceased, dead; *-ā*, disappeared, gone = *lee*; *cs.* pass (time). **sam**, ā. (P.) come together, assemble; meet (*as friend or foe*), unite with (*in* - sāha or sārđham); have sexual intercourse with; assemble at (lc.); accord, suit: *pp.* suitable; according with (-); *cs.* bring together; unite (ac.) with

(in); lead any one to (2 ac.); transfer to (lc.). **upa-sam**, come together to (ac.); approach, join (ac.).

गम gam-a, a. going, moving (-); m. departure; way, distance; sexual intercourse with (-); **-ka**, a. cogent; evidencing (g.). **-tā**, f., **-tva**, n. cogency.

गमथि gāma-dhyai, d. inf. to go.

गमन gam-ana, n. gait; going; betaking oneself to (ad.; ac. ± *prati*, g., -); sexual intercourse with (-); entering upon, undergoing (-); course; departure; walking; motion. **-vat**, a. past; **-aniya**, *fp.* accessible to, as-sailable by (g.); **-ayitavya**, *cs. fp.* to be passed (time).

गमागम gama-āgama, m. going and coming, going to and fro; *sg. & pl.* negotiation.

गमिन् gam-in, a. about to go (to, ac., -).

गमिष्ठ gām-ishtha, *spv.* going gladly to (ac.).

गमिषु gam-ishṇū, a. going; wishing to

गम्बन् gāmbh-an, depth. [traverse (ac.).

गम्भीर gumbhīra-irā = gābhīra - ā, f. N. of a river; (ā)-**amasa**, a. ruling in the depths.

गम्भीरार्थ gumbhīra artha, a. of deep significance; **-ānya**, a. having a deep thought. **-tām** *kr.* conceive a deep thought.

गम्य gam-ya, *fp.* to be gone to; accessible to (g., lc., -); feasible; accessible to or in the right condition for, sexual intercourse (f.); profligate (m.); curable by (g.); conceivable, intelligible, comprehensible; to be guessed; meant; suitable.

गय gāya, n. house; household; family; N. of a Rishi, a *mtn.*, and (pl.) of a people. **-spāna**, a. conferring prosperity on the household.

गया gayā, f. N. of a place of pilgrimage.

गयाकूप gayā-kūpa, m. N. of a well near Gaya; **-āra**, n. N. of a *mtn.*; western horizon.

गर gar-ā, a. swallowing (-); m. drink, fluid; poison (sts. n.); **-gīra**, a., **-gīraḥ**, *pp.* having swallowed poison; **-da**, m. poisoner.

गरल gara-la, n. poison.

गरलाय garalā-ya, ā. become poison.

गरिमन् gar-i-man, m. weight; dignity; power; **-ishtha**, *spv.* (of guru) greatly swollen; **-iyya**, *cpe.* (of guru) very difficult; better, more important or honourable, of more account than (ab.); rather than (ab.); worse; very important **-tva**, n. weight, heaviness; importance.

गरुड garudā, m. N. of a fabulous bird, son of Vīnātā and elder brother of Aruna, king of the feathered race, vehicle of Vāmana or Kṛishna; kind of battle-array, **-mānikya-maya**, a. of emerald; **-vega**, m. N. of a horse.

गरुडाय garudā-ya, ā. become Garuda.

गरुत् gar-ut, n. (?) wing **-mat**, a. winged; m. Garuda; bird.

गर्ग garga, m. N. of various men; ā, i, f. N.

गर्गर gār-gar-a, m. whirlpool; ā, i, f. churn.

गर्ज GARG, I. P. garga, roar; thunder; growl; hiss; twitter (*with ac. of the sound*); boast, swagger. **anu**, roar after **abhi**, roar at (ac.). **pari**, scream, scold. **prati**, answer (ac.) with a roar; resist; vie with (*in* or g.).

गर्ज garg-a, m., **गर्ज** -na, n. roar, din.

of the Gāndhāris; third note in the musical scale.

गान्धारि gāndhāri, *m. pl. N. of a people.*

गान्धिक् gāndhīka, *m. vendor of perfumes; n. perfumes.*

गामिन् gām-in, *a. going anywhere (ad., prati, or ac.); guly. -° going, moving, walking (in, to, like); having sexual intercourse with; reaching or extending to; devolving on; befitting, behaving; obtaining; directed to; relating to.*

गाम्भीर्य gāmbhīr-ya, *n. depth; profoundness; dignity, serenity.*

गाय gā-ya, *1. a. striding; 2. m. song; 3. a. relating to Gāya.*

गायक gāy-aka, *m. singer; f. songstress.*

गायक gāya-trā, *m. n. song, hymn; a. relating to or composed in gāyatri.*

गायत्री gāya-trī, *f. a metre. the gāyatri verse (RV. III. lxii. 10).*

गायन gāyana, *m. public singer; n. song.*

गारुड gārūda, *a. having the form of, referring to or coming from Garuḍa; n. emerald.*

गारुत्मत gārūtmata, *a. referable or sacred to Garuḍa; v. a. smān, emerald (as an antidote).*

गार्ग्य gārg-ya, *m. pat. from Garga. N. -āya-nā, m. pat. from Gārgya. N. of a teacher.*

गार्त्समद gārtsamada, *a. referring to Gīrt-samada; m. pat. descendant of Gīrt-samada.*

गार्दभ gārdabha, *a. referring to an ass; drawn by asses (yāna).*

गार्ध्र gārdh-ya, *n. greed*

गार्भ gārba, *a. born from a womb; referring to an embryo, performed during pregnancy; i-ka, a. relating to the womb, uterine.*

गार्हपत्य gārhapatā, *n. dignity of a householder.*

गार्हपत्य gārhapat-ya, *a. (sc. agni) householder's (western sacred) fire, m. n. its place; n. domestic authority; household.*

गार्हस्थ्य gārhashth-ya, *a. behaving a householder; n. position of paterfamilias or water-familias; household.*

गार्ह्य gārha-ya, *a. domestic.*

गाल gāla, *a. prodneed with the throat.*

गालन gālana, *n. straining, clarifying.*

गालव gālava, *m. N. of an old sage - pl. his descendants. [-mat, a. using excretions]*

गालि gālī, *pl. excretion -āna, n. abuse;*

गाली gālī, *pl. = gālī.*

गाह GĀH, I. Ā. (P.) plunge or dive into, bathe in, enter; fall into or be plunged in (ac.); *pp. gādhā, q.v. aya or va, dive, plunge, penetrate, betake oneself, into (ac.); fathom, comprehend = pp. used for bathing in; immersed or plunged in, having penetrated into (ac., g., lc., -°); lying deep; deeply impressed, hidden, vanished. ud, emerge; pp. excessive, violent; overflowing with (-°). pra, pp. advanced, late (time). prati, betake oneself into (ac.). vi, bathe in, plunge penetrate, betake oneself into (ac., lc.); pierce; obtain; be engorged in, ponder; fall (night): kakāhām -, = be a match for (g.); pp. having begun or entered. abhi-vi, penetrate.*

गाह्य gāh-ana, *n. immersion, bathing; -ani-ya, fp. n. one must plunge.*

गिर 1. GIR, girate, etc., v. गृ 1. grī, call.

गिर 2. GIR, गिर GIL. v. गृ 2. grī, swallow.

गिर 3. grī, f. call; voice; speech; word; praise; hymn: in. on the advice, in the name of (g., -°).

गिर 4. gir, a. swallowing (-°).

गिर 1. gira, -° a. = gir, voice.

गिर 2. gira, -° ad. = giri, mountain.

गिरि gir-i, *m. [the heavy], mountain.*

गिरिकुहर giri-kuhara, *n. mountain cave:*

-kūhāt, a. dwelling on mountains; -kakra-vartin, m. prince of mountains, the Himalaya; -karā, a. mountain-roaming; m. wild elephant; -ga, a. mountain-born = Ā, f. daughter of the mountain, ep. of Pārvatī; -nadi, f. mountain stream; -trā, a. mountain-ruling, ep. of Śiva; -durga, a. inaccessible owing to mountains; n. hill-fort; -dhātā, m. pl. mountain ores; -nadi, f. = giri-nadi; -pa, m. mountain brook; -nadi, f. = giri-nadi; -prishā, n. mountain ridge; -prapāta, m. precipice; -prastha, m. mountain plain, plateau; -bhīd, a. mountain-piercing; -rāj, m. king of mountains, lofty mountain; -vāsin, a. dwelling in the mountains; -śā, a. dwelling in the mountains, ep. of Śiva; -śhad, a. sitting on mountains (Rudra); -śhā, a. = giri-vāsin; -śutā, f. daughter of the mountain, ep. of Pārvatī

गिरिन्द्र giriन्द्र, *m. lord of mountains = high mountain; -īsa, m. lord of mountains, great mountain; ep. of Śiva.*

गिरिवन्स gir-vanas, *a. rejoicing in praise.*

गिल gil, गिलति gilati, etc., v. गृ 2. grī, swallow.

गीत gī-tā, *pp. (√'gau) n. song: -ka, n. id.; -kshama, a. capable of being sung; -go-vinda, n. Krishna in song: T. of an idyllic drama; -ritya, n. song and dance; -vādāna, n. song and (instrumental) music.*

गीता gī-tā, *(pp.) f. song or poem containing an inspired doctrine, esp. the Bhagavad-gītā.*

गीताचार्य gīta-ācārya, *m. teacher of singing.*

गीति gī-ti, *f. song; a metre. -āryā, f. a*

गीथा gī-thā, *f. song. [metre.*

गीर्ण gir-m, *pp. √'grī, swallow.*

गीर्वाण gir-vāna, *m. [probably = I. girva-na] god: -vartman, n. sky.*

गु 1. GU, only into. gōguve and gōguvāna, cause to round, proclaim.

गु 2. gu, a. coming, going (-°).

गु 3. gu, -° a. = go, ox, cow; earth; ray.

गुग्गुलु gūgūlu, *m. (C.), n. fragrant gum, resin, bdellium.*

गुग्गु guṅgū, *m. N. of a man. pl. his descendants; ū, f. the personified new moon.*

गुक्क gukka, *m. shrub; bunch, cluster of blossoms: -ka, m. (?) id.*

गुञ्ज GUÑJ, I. P. guṅga, hum, buzz.

गुञ्ज guṅg-a, *m. humming, buzzing.*

गुञ्ज guṅgā, *f. a small shrub; guṅgā-berry used as a measure of weight.*

गुञ्जित guṅg-ita, *(pp.) n. humming, buzzing.*

गुटिका gut-ikā, *f. pellet; pill; pearl: -āṅgana, n. collyrium in globules; -pāta, m. fall of the ball, casting lots; -astra, n. bow discharging clay pellets.*

गुड guda, *m. ball; molasses; pill: pl. N. of a people -ka, m. ball: -gihvikā-nāya, m. the manner of sugar and the tongue = first but fleeting impression, opinion recommending itself for the moment; -piśhā, n. pastry made of flower and sugar; -dhānā, f. pl. grains of corn with sugar; -maya, a. (ā) consisting of sugar; -sakarā, f. sugar; (ā)-kasa, m. ep*

गुडिका gud-ikā, *f. pill. [of Arjuna.*

गुडोदक guda-udaka, *n. sugar-water.*

गुडोदन guda-odana, *n. boiled rice with sugar.*

गुण guṇ-ā, *m. strand, thread, string, rope: wick; bow-string; lute-string; species; constituent of policy (of which there are six or four), subordinate element, accessory; secondary dish, seasoning; remote object (of a verb); property, quality; elemental quality (sound, feeling, colour, taste, smell); fundamental quality (sattva, rajas, tamās); good quality, virtue, merit, excellence; high degree of (-° = excessive); external articulation (of letters); first strong grade of vowels (a, ar, al, e, o); time (with numerals); multiple: almost always -° a after numerals = fold (lit. having so many strands), so many times as much as or more than (in. or ab.).*

गुणक guṇa-ka, -° a. quality.

गुणकर्मन् guṇa-karman, *n. unessential secondary action; remote object (gr.); -ka-lusha, n. coalescence of the three fundamental qualities; -kritya, n. function of a bow-string; -gana, m. multitude of excellences; -grīhya, a. appreciating excellences; -grahana, n. recognition of merit, eulogy; -grāma, m. multitude of virtues; -grāhina, a. appreciating merit; -ghātina, a. detracting from merit; -ksheda, m. breaking of the rope and disappearance of virtue; -gū, a. recognising merits: -tā, f. abet. n.; -tānta, a. guided by virtue; -tas, ad. conformably to the fundamental qualities; with regard to good qualities: -tā, f. subordinateness; excellence; -tyāgīna, a. forsaking virtue; -tva, n. consistency of a rope; accessoriness; excellence; -deva, m. N. of a pupil of Guṇādhya*

गुणन guṇ-ana, *n. panegyric, exaltation: -anikā, f. repetition.*

गुणनिधि guṇa-nidhi, *m. treasury of virtue, very virtuous man; -baddha, pp. bound with ropes and captivated by virtues; -bhadrā, m. N. of an author; -bhā, a. possessing merits; -bhūta, pp. subordinat, dependent, secondary; -maya, a. consisting of threads, fibrous; virtuous; based on the fundamental qualities*

गुणय guṇ-ya, *den. P. multiply. pp. guṇita, multiplied, by (in. or -°); increased by, filled with (-°).*

गुणयुक्त guṇa-yukta, *pp. tied to a rope and endowed with virtues; -rāga, m. delight in virtues; -vāna, m. n. adjective; -vat, a. furnished with a thread; having the elemental qualities; possessing good qualities, virtuous, excellent: -tā, f. possession of virtues; -varman, m. N.; -vāka, a. expressing a quality; -vata-sāina, a. possessing hundreds of virtues; -vadda, m. adjective; -samyukta, pp. endowed with good quali-*

ties; -*saṃskāra*, *m.*, quality and preparation; -*saṃpanna*, *pp.* endowed with good qualities; -*sāgara*, *m.* a perfect ocean of virtues; -*śānti*, *f.* lack of virtues; -*hina*, *pp.* devoid of virtues.

गुहाकर guṇākara, *m.* mine of virtues; -*agana*, *m. pl.* virtues and faults; -*āthya*, *m. N. of a poet*; -*antara*, *n.* another quality; -*m vrag* = attain superior excellence. -*ādhāna*, *n.* contributing something on one's own part = caring for (*g.*); -*anvita*, *pp.* endowed with good qualities; auspicious (*constellation*); -*abhilāshin*, *a* desirous of virtues

गुहाय guṇā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* become a merit.

गुहालय guṇālaya, *m.* abode of (= possessor of many) virtues; -*āraya*, *m. id.*

गुणिता guṇ-i-tā, *f.* possession of virtues; -*in*, *a.* furnished with a thread or rope; possessing virtues; consisting of parts; having qualities; auspicious (*day*); having the virtues of (-); *m.* object; (1)-*linga*, *a.* having the gender of the substantive.

गुणीभू guṇi-bhū, subordinate oneself to (*g.*); *pp.* -*bhūta*, at the disposal of *g.*, become subordinate or meaningless.

गुणीकर्ष guṇa utkarsha, *m.* superiority in virtues; superior merits; -*utkarsha*, *pp.* superior in good qualities, better

गुणह GUNTH. X. P. *gunthaya*, cover *pp.* *gunthita*, covered, with *m.* or (-); *ava*, *id.* *gl.* -*gunthya*, veiling the head.

गुण्ड guṇṭh-ana, *n.* *ā.* *f.* covering, with (*n.* or -). [*abst.*]

गुण्य guṇ-ya, *fp.* to be multiplied; -*tva*, *n.*

गुप्त *gupta, *m.* pearl necklace of 32 strings; -*ardha*, *m.* pearl necklace of 24 strings.

गुद guḍa, *m.* (n.) gut; anus; (ā)-*gā*, *m. n. pl.*

गुदा guḍā, *f.* entrails. [hemorrhoids.]

गुद् guḍra, *m.* *ā.* *f.* names of plants.

गुर् 1. GUP (no *pr.* st.) guard, protect, from (*ab.*); preserve; keep secret, conceal: *pp.* *gupta* (*V.* and *gupta*, *q. r.* *n.* *gopitum*; *den.* *gugupsa*, (*P.*) *Ā.* be on one's guard against (*ab.*); avoid, disdain, abhor; *r.* *gugupsita*, *pp.* abhorred, 'abhorring *ab.* *ādhī*, *pp.* protected by (-). *ann*, *pp.* guarded; concealed. *abhi*, *pp.* protected *sam*, *pp.* *id.*; concealed.

गुर् 2. guṇ, *a.* guarding, preserving (-).

गुप्त guṇṭ-tā, *pp.* guarded, protected; concealed, secret: with *daṇḍa* = blackmail; -*m.* *ad.* secretly, privately; *n.* secret place; *lc.* in concealment; *m. N.* of several kings: often in the names of *Vaiṣya*.

गुप्तधन gupta-dhana, *n.* money hoarded; *a.* hoarding his money; -*śila*, *a.* wily, crafty, cunning; -*āryaka*, *m. N.* of a prince.

गुप्ति guṇṭ-ti, *f.* preservation; concealment; protection; defences. [*ing.*]

गुग्ममायित guṇa-gumāyita, (*pp.*) *n.* buzz-

गुम्फ GUMPH. VI. P. *gumpha*, twine; string together: *pp.* *gumphita*; *ca.* *gumphaya*, *id.*

गुर् GUR. VI. (P.) *Ā.* *gurāte*: simple verb only in *pp.* *gūrtā*, welcome, pleasing; *apa*, disapprove; threaten; *ava*, threaten, assault (*ā.*, *lc.*). *gd.* -*gūrya*, *ā.* approve, assent to (*ac.*); pronounce the āgū. *ad.* *pp.* -*gūrna*, raised threateningly; lifted up.

गुर् gur = gus, 3 *pl. aor.* of √gā.

गुर् gur-ū, *a.* (v-i) heavy; heavier than (*ab.*); great, large; violent, serious, hard, severe; weary, sad *days*; important, weighty, of much account; venerable; prosodically long; *m.* venerable or highly respected person; father, mother, or elder relative, *ap* teacher; *du* parents; *pl.* parents and other venerable persons, also teacher (*pl. of respect*), chief of *g.* *pl.* or -

गुर्कर्मान् guru-karman, *n.* affair of the teacher; -*kārya*, *n.* important business; -*kula*, *n.* teacher's house; -*vāsa*, *m.* sojourn in a teacher's house, tutelary stage *ana Brāhmaṇa*'s life; -*kṛta*, *pp.* made much of, lauded, -*kṛta*, *m.* great sacrifice; -*grīha*, *n.* preceptor's house, -*gana*, *m.* venerable person, father, mother, parents; -*śalpa*, *m.* teacher's conjugal bed; violation of one's preceptor's bed. -*ga*, -*gāmin*, *a.* defiling a teacher's conjugal bed, -*abhiḡamana*, *n.* violation of one's teacher's bed; -*talpin*, *a.* = -*talpa*; -*tā*, *f.* heaviness; importance; dignity; condition of a teacher, -*tva*, *n. id.*; prosodical length -*ka*, *n.* heaviness; -*darana*, *n.* sight of one's teacher; -*dāra*, *m.* teacher's wife; -*dhur*, *f.* *pl.* severe task; -*patni*, *f.* teacher's wife; -*pāgā*, *f.* reverence towards a teacher, -*prasadānya*, *fp.* obliging to one's teacher; -*prasanta*, *pp.* permitted or hidden by elder relatives; -*bhāryā*, *f.* teacher's wife.

गुरुवृत्ता guru-lghu-tā, *f.* great and little value; -*lāghava*, *n.* importance and insignificance, relative value; -*loka*, *m.* powerful men; -*vat*, *ad.* like a preceptor -*am.* or *lc.*; -*vāsa*, *m.* sojourn with a preceptor, pupilage, -*ṛitti*, *f.* proper, behaviour towards one's teacher -*para*, *n.* intent on one's teacher -*anvishā*, *f.* obedience towards one's teacher -*anvishā*, *a.* obedient to one's teacher, -*sakhi*, *f.* female friend of an elder relative -*samnidhi*, *m.* presence of the teacher; -*samavāya*, *m.* plurality of teachers; -*stri-gamānya*, *fp.* relating to adultery with a teacher's wife.

गुर्जर guṇjara, *m.* Gujerat; 1, *f.* *id.*

गुर्वर्थ guṇartha, 1. *m.* important matter affair concerning one's teacher; preceptor's free, -*m.* *ad.* for one's parents or teacher; 2. *a.* begging for one's teacher

गुर्विणी guṇv-iṇi, *f.* pregnant woman *a metre*

गुर्विखी guṇvī-sakhi, *f.* female friend of an elderly female relative

गुल gula, *m.* (=gudh) molasses.

गुलिका gul-ikā, *f.* pellet, ball, pearl; pill.

गुल्लु gul-gul-ū, *n.* bellum

गुल्फ gulphā, *m.* ankle; -*dagbha*, *pp.* teaching to the ankles; -*āvayasa*, *a. id.*

गुल्फय gulpha-ya, *P.* accumulate: *pp.* *gulphita*, *n.* = *gushpita*, *q. r.*

गुल्म gūlma, *m.* (n.) shrub, bush; company of soldiers, kind of mixed troop consisting of 9 elephants, 9 chariots, 27 horses, and 45 foot; diseased swelling of the abdomen -*ka*, *m. N.* of a Brāhmaṇa

गुवाक guvāka, *m.* betel-nut tree. [*laton*]

गुप्यित guṇṭpita, *n.* confused mass; accumu-

गुस् g-us, *V.* 3 *pl. aor.* of √gā, go.

गुह GUH. I. *gāha*, conceal, cover; keep secret. *pp.* *gūthā* (*gūthā*), covered; disguised, invisible; secret; -*m.* *ad.* privately, privily, secretly. with *purusha*, *m.* spy; with

daṇḍa, *m.* blackmail. *apa*, conceal. *ava*, cover, hide; embrace. *upa*, cover, conceal; wind round, embrace. *ni*, cover, conceal; *pp.* hidden, secret. *and* -*m.* *ad.* privately; *cs.* *grīhaya*, hide, conceal. *vi*, *pp.* concealed,

गृह grīh, *f.* hiding-place [*disguised*]

गृह grīh-n, *m.* *cp.* of Siva and of Skanda; *N.* of a king of Nishāda; -*kandara*, -*sona*, *m.* names of merchants

गृहा grīh-ā, *f.* hiding-place, cave; *fig.* inmost heart; *m.* *grāhā*, in hiding, in secret *cp.* with *dhā* or *kṛi*, conceal, hide; remove

गृहाशय grīhā-śaya, *a.* dwelling in lurking-places or caves; abiding in secret or in the heart; -*hita*, *pp.* dwelling in secret or in the heart

गृह्य grīh-ya, *fp.* to be concealed, hidden, or kept secret, hidden, secret, mysterious; -*m.* *ad.* secretly, silently; *n.* secret; mystery, *puṇḍra*

गृह्यक grīhya-ka, *m.* kind of demigods, guardians of Kubera's treasure generally distinguished from the Yakshas

गृह grīdha, *pp.* (√grīh) *n.* mystery; secret *lc.* secretly, -*asturtha-pāda*-*prashelika*-*pradāna*, *n.* propounding a riddle in which the fourth pāda is concealed, -*lāra*, *m.* spy, -*lārin*, *a.* going about secretly or disguised, -*gma*, *a.* begotten in secret, not by the husband, -*tā*, *f.* secretness, *m.* secretly, -*tva*, *n. id.* -*pāda*, *a.* whose feet are covered with, -*purusha*, *m.* spy; *malhana*, *m.* secret copulation, -*vasati*, *f.* dwelling in secret.

गृहीतार grīdhāgāra, *n.* prison. -*ārtha*, *m.* hidden or mystical meaning; *a.* having a hidden or mystical meaning; -*āśaya*, *a.* concealing his purpose, -*utpanna*, *pp.* begotten in secret, not by the husband,

गूर gur-ana, *n.* blame, reproach.

गूर् grīra, *गूर्त* grīra, *pp.* of √gur

गूर्ति grī-ti, *f.* praise, approbation, flattery

गूर्त grīdha, *m.* leap, bound.

गूर्धय grīrdhāya, *P.* praise

गृह grīh, *v.* *√* grīh.

गृह grīh-ana *n.* concealment

गृ GRI. *r.* वागृ GĀGRI. [onion or garlic.]

गृन् grīn-n, *a.* *pl.* *pl.* of √ *gri* *m.* singer

गृणत grī-nat, (*pl.* *pl.* of √ *gri*) *m.* singer

गृत् grīn-sa, *a.* [eager, √grīdh] nimble, dexterous, clever, -*madā*, *m. N.* of a Rākṣa *pl.* his descendants

गृध GRIDH. IV. P. *grīdhya*, stride out; be greedy, desire vehemently (*ac.*, *lc.*) *pp.* *grīd-dha*, greedily, eager for (*lc.*).

गृध grīdh-nā, *a.* quick, hasty; greedy, eager for (*lc.*), -*u-tā*, *f.* greed; eager ness for (-)

गृध grīdh-ya, *a.* coveted,

गृथा grīdh-yā, *f.* greed, eagerness for (-), -*ya*, *a.* greedy, eager for (-)

गृध grīdh-ra, *a. id.*; *m.* (1, *f.*) vulture -*kāśa*, *m. N.* of a mountain (vulture peak) -*ārshā*, *n.* vulture-eyed; -*patī*, -*rāh*, -*rāśa*, *m.* vulture-king, *cp.* of Gataky.

गृभ GRIBH. *r.* यम् GRABH.

गृभ grībh-ā, *n.* haft, handle.

गृभय grībhā-ya, *den.* *P.* grasp, seize.

गृहाय ग्रिह-या, *den. P.* grasp. *anu.* show favour to (*ac.*). *ud.* cease (*to rain*). *sam.* take

गृभि ग्रिभ-*a.* containing (*g.*). [*up.* seize.

गृभीत ग्रिभ-*ita*, *pp.* of *√grābh*.

गृष्टि ग्रिष्ठ-*ti*, *f.* heifer, young cow that has calved once; young female animal (*-o*).

गृह ग्रिह-*a.* seizing, carrying away (*-o*).

गृह ग्रिह-*ā*, *m.* [who takes and hands], servant; *m.* [the] [that which contains], house, abode; *often pl.* premises; -; temple of (*a god*), arbour of (*a plant*); *m. pl.* household, family; wife; *n.* sign of the zodiac; astrological mansion; square on a draught-board.

गृहकपोत ग्रिह-*kapota*, *m.* domestic pigeon;

-*karma-kāra*, *m.* domestic; -*karma-dāsa*, *m.* domestic slave; -*karmān*, *n.* household affair; -*kāraka*, *m.* carpenter; -*kārin*, *m.* kind of wisp; -*kārya*, *n.* household affair; -*kritya*, *n.* id.; kind of tax; -*gupta*, (*pp.*) *m. N.*; -*klhāra*, *n.* hole or weak point in the house; -*gṛa*, *a* born in the house; -*gṛā*, *m.* family; -*gāta*, *pp.* born in the house; -*dāru*, *n.* beam of a house; -*dāha*, *m.* conflagration; -*dipti*, *f.* light (= ornament) of the house; -*devatā*, *f. pl.* domestic deities; -*dvara*, *n.* house-door; -*madikā*, *f.* drain of a house; -*nirvāha*, *m.* housekeeping; -*pā*, *m.* guardian of the house; (*ā*)-*pati*, *m.* master of the house, paterfamilias; *ep.* of Agni; one who has precedence at a Sutra; village magistrate; -*pāta*, *m.* collapse of a house; -*pāla*, *m.* guardian of the house; -*poshana*, *n.* maintenance of the household; -*balli*, *m.* domestic offering; -*bhaug*, *m.* bird that feeds on the domestic offering (sparrows, crows, and other birds); -*bhartṛi*, *m.* master of the house; -*bhojīn*, *m.* member of the household; 1. *m.* domestic sacrifice; 2. *a.* performing or taking part in the domestic sacrifices; *m.* householder, paterfamilias; -*medhin*, *a. id.*; *m.* married Brāhman householder (second stage in his religious life). *-i*, *f.* Brāhman housewife

गृहयन्त्र ग्रिह-*yantṛa*, *n.* house flagstaff; -*rakṣā*, *f.* protection of the house; -*vat*, *a.* possessing a house; *m.* householder; -*vāsa*, *m.* domestic life; householder stage; -*vikhaṇḍin*, *m.* domestic peacock; -*śuka*, *m.* domestic parrot; house poet; -*śaṇvarka*, *m.* architect; -*śamśha*, *a.* living in one's own house; *m.* householder; -*śāra*, *m.* (household) goods and chattels; -*śārass*, *m.* tame Indian crane; -*stha*, *a.* dwelling in the house of (-); *m.* married Brāhman householder; *ā*, *f.* Brāhman housewife; -*stha-tā*, *f.* condition of a Brāhman householder.

गृहागत ग्रिहा-*gata*, *pp.* entering the house; -*ākāra*, *m.* domestic utility; duty of a householder to his guest; -*āra*, *n.* court-yard; -*ārambha*, *m.* building a house; -*ārtha*, *m.* household duties; -*ārama*, *m.* householder stage in a Brāhman's life.

गृहिण ग्रिह-*in*, *a.* possessing a house; *m.* householder; (*n*)-*ā*, *f.* housewife, spouse.

गृहीत ग्रिह-*ita*, *pp.* of *√grāh*; -*ākāra*, *a.* having taken to all the quarters, dispersed in all directions; -*nāman*, *a.* bearing the name, called.

गृहीताक्षर ग्रिहि-*akṣara*, *a.* remembering the exact words of (*g.*), *Pr.*

गृहीति ग्रिह-*iti*, *f.* grasping, taking (the hand); raising (tribute); perceiving; taking to mind. [*ing.*]

गृहीभू ग्रिहि-*bhū*, become a house or dwell-

गृज् ग्रिह-*ū*, *m.* [taker of a gift], beggar.

गृह्य ग्रिहा-*īvara*, *m.* muster of the house; *i*, *f.* housewife; -*udyāna*, *n.* garden belonging to the house; -*upakaraṇa*, *n.* household utensils or furniture.

गृह्य 1. ग्रिह-*ya*, *fp.* to be seized; perceptible; siding with, closely connected with (*-o*).

गृह्य 2. ग्रिह-*ya*, *a.* domestic; *m.* domestic fire; *pl.* domestics, household; *n.* domestic ceremony; domestic rite; -*karmān*, *n.* domestic rite; -*sūtra*, *n.* sūtra on domestic rites.

गृह्या ग्रिह-*yā*, *f.* domestic rites and the rules treating of them.

गृ 1. GRĪ, IX. *grī-nā*, -*nī*, -*n* (also with *ps.* *ē* meaning); VI. *gīra* (with *sam*), invoke, call; praise; utter; recite; proclaim; relate. *anu.* join in praising; answer; *agree with (*d*) *abhi*, approve; praise. *ā*, praise, laud. *pratiś*, answer. *pra*, praise. *sam-pra*, name. *prati*, invoke, salute; respond to (*d*); *agree with (*d*). *sam*, agree; promise (*d*); accept (*as true*), assert.

गृ 2. GRĪ, VI. *ā*, *gīrā*, P. *gīra*, IX. P. *gīrā* (with *ni*, *sam*), swallow, devour; *pp.* *gīra*. *ud.* vomit; eject; pour out; utter, burst out with (*ac.*); *pp.* caused, produced. *ni*, swallow down, devour; absorb, appropriate. *sam*, devour.

गण्डुक गण्डु-*ka*, *m.* *playing-bull; pillow.

गेय गे-*ya*, *fp.* to be sung; *singing (*g.*); *n.* song; buzzing, humming.

गेष्ण गेष्ण-*m.* joint; also = *udgītha*.

गेह गेह-*ā*, *n.* house, dwelling; *du.* house and body; -*ini*, *f.* housewife, spouse.

गेहीय गेहि-*ya*, *den. P.* take (*ac.*) for a house.

गै GAI, I. P. (*ā*) *gāya*, II. P. *gā*, sing. chant, celebrate in song (*ac.*); proclaim in verse (*ac.*); sing to (*d*); sing before (*ac.*); *ps.* also be called; *pp.* *gītā*, sing, chanted; *cs.* *gāpa-ya*, cause to sing or praise; *intr.* *gagīyate*, sing aloud; be sung. *anu*, sing in harmony with (*ac.*); *pp.* *ser s r* *abhi*, sing to, invoke (*ac.*); enchain with song (*ac.*). *ava*, *pp.* oft repeated, trite; detested, loathsome. *ā*, sing to (*ac.*); obtain by singing. *ud*, strike up, chant (*esp.* in *liturgy*), celebrate in song (*ac.*); sing to (*ac.*). *pra ud*, begin to sing. *upa*, sing to (*ac.*, *d*, *le*), sing before (*ac.*); celebrate in song; *pp.* also with *art.* *man*ing; having begun to sing. *ni*, accompany with song; sing, chant, proclaim. *pra*, begin to sing; celebrate in song; *pp.* chanted; singing. *vi*, *pp.* inconsistent, contradictory. *sam*, sing together; *pp.* *s. v.*

गैरिक गैरिका, *n.* red chalk; rarely *ā*, *f.*

गो गो-*m.* ox, bull; cow's milk (*gnty. pl.*); ox-hide; thong; *pl.* host of heaven, stars; rays; *f.* cow; earth; speech.

गोचय गो-*agra*, *a.* having cattle as the chief thing, consisting chiefly of cattle; -*āgana*, *a.* meant for driving cattle.

गोकर्ण गो-*karna*, *m.* cow's ear; kind of antelope, *N.* of a place of pilgrimage sacred to Siva, Siva worshipped in Gokarna. *N.* of a king; -*karmān*, *n.* tending of cows; (*go*)-*kāma*, *a.* desirous of cows; -*kula*, *n.* herd of cattle; cattle-pen; *N.* of a temple; -*kahira*, *n.* cow's milk; -*ghna*, *a.* destroying cattle; *m.* cow-killer; -*āndana*, *n.* kind of sandal-wood; *ā*, *f.* kind of leech.

गोचर गो-*kara*, *m.* (cow-pasture), sphere of action, province; dwelling; reach, ken, view, range; horizon; familiar matter (*to, g.*); *a.* being or dwelling in or on, relating to, within reach of, accessible to, being in the power of

(*g.*, *-o*); perceptible; used in the sense of (*le.*): -*gata*, *pp.* come into contact with (*g.*); -*gata-tara-gata*, *pp.* being in the power of (*g.*).

गोचरीक गो-*kari-kri*, bring into the sphere of; gain possession of. [*browse like cattle.*]

गोचरी गो-*karyā*, *f.* manner of kine; -*m kri*,

गोजात गो-*gāta*, *pp.* born in the starry sky

गोण गो-*m.* ox; sack; -*asman*, *m.* kind of precious stone.

गोण्ड गो-*nda*, *m.* *N.* of a (despised) people.

गोतम गो-*tama*, *m.* *N.* of a Rishi (*pl.* his descendants); the biggest ox; *N.* of the founder of the Nyāya system of philosophy.

गोत्र गो-*trā*, *n.* cowshed; house = race or family; surname; name; (*gr.*) grandson or even later descendant (if the earlier generations from the common ancestor are extinct); patronymic suffix (*gr.*).

गोचर गो-*trā-ka*, *n.* race; family name; -*karti*, *m.* founder of a family; -*kārin*, *a.* founding a family; -*gṛa*, *a.* born in the same race; of high lineage; *m.* blood-relation; -*nāman*, *n.* family name; -*pravara*, *m.* chief of a family, prime ancestor; -*dīpa*, *m.*, -*nirvāya*, *m.*, -*maṅgari*, *f.* titles of works; -*bhāg*, *a.* belonging to the family; -*bhāg*, *a.* bursting open the cowshed; destroying families, name-destroying; *m. ep.* of Indra (who releases the cows = rain-clouds from the stronghold of Vritra); -*riktha*, *n. du.* surname and heritage; -*gṛāsa-bhāgin*, *a.* assuming the family surname and coming into one's share of the inheritance; -*vratā*, *n.* family law; -*sthitā*, *f. id.*; mountain-like stability.

गोचर्या गो-*trā-ākhyā*, *f.* patronymic (*gr.*). -*anta*, *1. m.* destruction of families or mountains; 2. *a.* having a patronymic suffix; *m.* patronymic.

गोव गो-*tvā*, *n.* condition of a cow.

गोद गो-*da*, गो-*dā*, -*dā*, *a.* giving cows or cattle; *ā*, *f.* *N.* of a river; -*dāna*, *n.* gift of cows; whiskers; kind of ceremony performed on the whiskers.

गोदावरी गो-*dā-vari*, *f.* (cow-bestowing), *N.* of a river in the Deccan.

गोदुह गो-*dūh* (*nm.* -*dūhā*), *m.* cow-milker, cowherd; -*doha*, *m.* -*na*, *n.* milking of cows.

गोथ गो-*dha*, *m.* *N.* of a people; *ā*, *f.* bow-string; lute-string; leather guard (on horseman's left arm); kind of lizard; -*dhana*, *n.* property in cattle; herd of cattle; cattle-station; *m. N.*; -*dāra*, *m.* kind of lizard.

गोधिका गो-*dhi-ikā*, *f.* kind of lizard. गोधूम गो-*dhūm*, *m.* [couth-exhalation], wheat (*gnty. pl.*); -*nāda*, *a.* roaring like a bull; *m. N.* of a king; *pl. N.* of a people, -*nāda*, -*nāda*, *f.* snout of a cow.

गोप गो-*pā*, *m.* cowherd (a mixed caste); guard, watcher; *ep.* of Krishna; *i*, *f.* herdsman's wife, cowherdess, milkmaid; female watcher.

गोपति गो-*pati*, *m.* lord of herds, leader, ruler; bull; moon; *ep.* of Krishna.

गोपय गो-*patha*, *m.* cow-path, cow-pasture; title of a Brāhmana of the Atharva-reda-brāhmana, *n. id.*

गोपय गो-*pāna*, *n.* protection, preservation; concealment; keeping secret; *ā*, *f.* protection

गोपय गो-*pā-ya*, *den.* protect, guard, preserve; conceal, keep secret; *pp.* *gopita*, con-

cealed. **प्रा**, protect; conceal; **साम**, cover, conceal. [cealed.]

गोपयितव्य gopay-i-tavya, *fp.* to be concealed. **गोपयेश** gopa-vesha, *a.* dressed as a cowherd.

गोपा go-pā, *m.* herd; watcher, protector; *f.* female watcher.

गोपाग्रहार gopagrahāra, *m. pl. N.* of various Agrahāras; -**ādi**tya, *m. N.* of a king of Cashmere; -**ādi**ri, *m. N.* of a mountain.

गोपाय go-pā-yā, *den.* protect, guard, preserve; conceal. [tection.]

गोपायन gopāy-ana, *a.* protecting; *n. pro-*

गोपाल go-pālā, *m.* cowherd; (protector of earth), king; *ep.* of Krishna; *N.* of a prince. (**ग**)-**का**, *m.* cowherd; *ep.* of Krishna; *N.* of a prince, **क**-**का**, *f.* wife of a cowherd; -**क**-**का**, *m. N.* of a status of Krishna; -**पुरा**, *n. N.* of a town; -**मा**ka, *m. N.* of a college; -**व**-**र**man, *m. N.* of a king of Cashmere.

गोपित go-pitta, *n.* cow's gall (from which a yellow pigment is said to be obtained); -**प**-**त्ता**, *m. 1.* draught of milk; 2. protection; -**पु**ka, *m.* cow's tail; kind of monkey; -**पुरा**, *n.* city-gate, gate.

गोपिन्द्र gopa-indra, *m.* chief of herdsmen, *ep.* of Krishna; -**ि**m, *m. id.*

गोपय gop-tavya, *fp.* to be guarded or protected; -**त्रि**, *m.* -**त्रि**, *f.* protector; concealer; -**य**, *fp.* to be guarded, protected, preserved, or concealed.

गोप्रकार go-prakāra, *m.* pasture land for cows; -**प्र**atāra, *m.* Oxford, *N.* of a place of pilgrimage on the Sarayū; -**ब**ali-vardā-**न**yā-ya, *m.* the manner of cow-bull, i. e. evensible tautology; -**ब**rāhmaṇa, *n. sg.* a cow and (or) a Brahman.

गोभिल go-bhila, *m. N.* of a writer of sūtras.

गोभुज gobhūja, **भृ**त, *m.* prince, king.

गोमत go-mat, *a.* possessing cows, rich in, or consisting of cows; abounding in milk; *n.* property in cattle; -**ि**, *f.* place abounding in cows; -**ि**, *f. N.* of several rivers, *ep.* of a tributary of the Indus, -**म**atalikā, *splendid cow.*

गोमय go-māya, *a.* consisting of cows; full of cowdung; (*m.*) *n.* cowdung (often pl.); -**प**ā-yasiya-**न**yā-**व**at, *ad.* after the manner of cowdung and milk-food, i. e. widely differing though identical in origin; -**म**aya, *a. (i)* made of cowdung. [dung]

गोमयाय gomayā-ya, *den.* **Ā.** taste like cow-

गोमायु gō-māyu, *a.* bellowing like an ox; *m.* kind of frog; jackal; *N.* of a jackal.

गोमिथुन go-mithuna, *n. sg.* and *du.* bull and cow; -**मि**n, *m.* possessor of cattle; -**मु**ka, *m.* kind of musical instrument, *N.* of several men; -**म**ūtra, *n.* cow's urine; -**म**rigā, *m.* kind of buffalo; -**म**riga-**का**-**का**-**का**-**का**, *f.* manner of cows in walking, deer in standing, and crows in sitting; -**म**edha, -**य**agā, *m.* cow-sacrifice.

गोयान go-yāna, *m.* car drawn by oxen or cows; cart; -**य**akta, *pp.* yoked with oxen or cows; -**य**uga, *n.* couple of oxen, - animals; -**र**aksha-**का**, *a.* tending cattle, cattle-breeding; *m.* cowherd; -**र**akshā, *f.* tending or keeping of cattle, cattle-breeding, pastoral life; -**र**akshya, *n. id.*; -**र**ambha, *m. N.*, -**र**ama, *m.* cow's milk; -**र**ohana, *f.* gall-stone in cows; -**र**oman, *n.* cow's hair.

गोल gola, **क**-**का**, *m.* bull; widow's bastard.

गोलाङ्गुल go-lāngūla, *m.* kind of monkey;

-**लो**man, *n.* cow's hair; -**व**adha, *m.* cow-killing; -**व**ardhana, *m. N.* of a mountain near Mathurā held up for seven days by Krishna for the purpose of sheltering cows threatened by Indra. *N.* of an author, *ep.* of Krishna, -**व**ā, *m.* cow-pen; -**व**āla, *m.* cow's hair; *a* *i* having cow's hair; -**व**āsa, *m.* cow-pen; -**वि**d, *a.* procuring cattle; -**वि**nda, *m. ep.* of Krishna or Vishnu; -**व**āga, *m. N.* of a commentator on Manu; -**व**āmin, *m. N.* of a Brahman; -**व**riśha, *m.* bull; -**व**riśhana, *m.* scrotum of a bull; -**व**riśa, *m.* cow-pen; -**व**rit, *n.* cow-dung; -**व**āla, *f.* cow-shed; -**व**ir-**śha**, *m. N.* of a serpent demon, *n.* kind of sandal-wood; -**का**, *id.*; -**व**riśga, *n.* cow-horn, *m. N.* of a mountain.

गोश्व go-svā, *n. sg.* cattle and horses.

गोशु go-shūta, *m.* cow-shed, cow-pen, stable; meeting-place; *n.* kind of straddha.

गोशिक goshtika, *a.* less correct form of gaushthika; -**क**arman, *n.* negotiation for a company; -**व**āddha, *n.* kind of straddha.

गोष्ठी go-shthi, *f.* assembly, company, fellowship, conversation; -**का**, - *id.*; -**ब**an-**dh**a, *m.* social assembly; -**य**āna, *n.* carriage for company.

गोश्चय goshthe-sya, *a.* sleeping in a cow-shed. [puddle. *fig.* a mere trifle.]

गोष्य gosht-pada, *n.* cow's footprint; small

गोशान go-shāna, *m.* cow's udder; *pent necklace with four strings; -**व**āmin, *m.* owner of cows.

गोह gōh-n, *m.* hiding-place, hut.

गोहत्या go-hatyā, *f.* slaughter of a cow; -**ह**anti, *m.* cow-killer, -**ह**ara, *m.* -**ना**, *m.* cow-slaughtering

गौड gauda, *a.* made of sugar; *m. n.* (Sugaland), *N.* of a country (central Bengal), *m. pl.* its inhabitants; *i. f.* rum distilled from sugar, *i. ya.* *a.* relating to the Gaudas.

गौण gāuna, *a. (1)* subordinate, secondary, figurative; *i. ka.* *a. (2)* relating to the three fundamental qualities.

गौतम gautamā, *a. (1)* relating to Gotama; *m. pat.* from Gotama; *N.* of various men; -**र**anya, *n. N.* of a forest. [*N.* of a river]

गौतमी gautamī, *f. N.* of several women.

गौर gaurā, *a. (i)* whitish, yellowish, reddish; *m.* kind of buffalo; white mustard; *a.* grain of it - *a.* measure; -**मु**ka, *m. N.*, -**म**riga, *m.* kind of buffalo.

गौरव gaurava, *a.* relating to the preceptor; *n.* heaviness; prosodial length; importance, value; dignity; respect (for, &c.), reverence, honour.

गौरसर्षप gaura-sarshapa, *m.* white mustard; *a.* grain of it used as a weight.

गौरी gaurī, *f.* female of the Gaurā buffalo; girl (of eight) prior to menstruation; *N.* of Siva's wife; *N.* -**ग**ura, *m.* Gauri's father, the Himalaya; -**न**ātha, -**प**ati, *m. ep.* of Siva; -**प**ūjā, *f.* worship of Gauri, *N.* of a festival in the month of Māgha, -**भ**artī, *m. ep.* of Siva; -**व**rata, *n.* vow of Gauri, *N.* of a city; -**ि**m, *m. ep.* of Siva.

गौरीक gaushthika, *a.* relating to an assem-

सा gūā, *f.* divine female, goddess. [bly.]

सासति gnās-pāti, *m.* spouse of a goddess; -**प**ātni, *f.* divine consort.

गमत् gm-dt, *V. pr. pt.* of *√*gam.

गमन् gm-an, *V. 3rd pl. impf.* of *√*gam.

गमा gmā, *f.* earth; only *ab. g.* gmās.

गच्छ GRATH, गच्छ GRANTH, IX. P

ग्रथ grath-nā, -**नि**, -**न**, *tie, connect; compose; pp.* grathita, strung, bound, wreathed, woven, joined, studded with (-); intricate (plot). **ud**, tie up; loosen, untie. **vi**, tie together **sam**, *id.*

ग्रथन grath-ana, *n.* connexion; intricacy & *f.* tying, uniting, -**नि**ya, *fp.* to be joined or united.

ग्रथिन् grath-in, *a.* (knotty), unintelligible.

ग्रन्थ granth-a, *m.* knot; composition; verse (of 32 syllables); treatise, book; text, wording; chapter; -**ना**, *n.* connecting, tying.

ग्रन्थि granth-i, *m.* knot; knot in a garment for keeping money, etc.; joint; -**का**, *m.* narrator, rhapsodist; astrologer; -**का**hedaka, *m.* cut-purse

ग्रन्थिन् granth-in, *a.* reading books.

ग्रन्थिपर्षक granthi-parśaka, *n. (?)* kind of fragrant plant, -**भ**eda, *m.* cut-purse; -**म**at, *a.* tied, knit, entwined.

ग्रन्थिल granthi-la, *a.* knotty.

ग्रस grasa, bunch, bundle

ग्रभ GRABH, IX. **ग्र**abh-nā, *V. form of*

GRABH (*g* *√* *g*), *pp.* grabhita, fruitful (tree); **anu**, receive kindly. **ud**, draw out **pari**, cheap **prati**, accept, **grasp**

ग्रभ grabh-a, *m.* seizure; -**ि**-**त्रि**, *m.* seizure

ग्रस GRAS, I. **ग्र**asa, seize with the month, swallow, devour; eclipse -**ान**, moon; hush up (*a. ant.*); *pp.* grāsita, grasta, seized, possessed, attacked, tormented by (-)

ग्रसन gras-ana, *n.* swallowing, *kind of partial eclipse; jaws*; -**ि**shan, *a.* wont to swallow, absorb; -**त्रि**, *m.* swallower, eclipser

ग्रह GRAH, IX. **ग**rah-nā, -**नि**, -**न**, *seize, take (also of leeches), hold, catch, stop,*

grasp (*pādim*, the hand in marriage); *gain possession of; capture; captivate (the heart); attack (of disease), eclipse, rob, deprive of; keep, retain; claim, appropriate, obtain, accept, receive (from, ab. i. assume, adopt; acquire, purchase with m. of price; draw (water); pluck, gather, put on (clothes), take and place upon (m., &c.); take upon oneself, undergo; welcome, receive again (a rejected wife); utter, pronounce; perceive, trace out, understand, hear, see; learn, remember, approve, like; take to heart, follow, be of opinion, consider; with *es. my.* cause to take; **anyathā**, mistake; **kāryam**, -**accept** a lawsuit, **garbham**, -**become pregnant by (ab.)**, **paramārthena**, take in earnest *pp.* grabhita, *often* *n.*, *lit.* having a taken - **ā**, taking with one, bearing, holding, *gd.* grabhita, *grhya* -**with; ps.*** be meant by (m.); *es.* **grāhaya**, *P.* cause to seize, take, or grasp (the legend in marriage), give in marriage to *2 ac.*; cause to be apprehended, cause to be plundered or taken away, cause to receive, deliver to, ask to take *a. ant.*, cause to choose *2 ac.*; teach, familiarise with *2 ac.*; *des.* **gīhariksha**, *P.* **Ā.** be about to seize; desire to grasp or perceive **anu**, rob afterwards; support, approve; treat graciously, favour with, *m.*; cherish; grace (*a. sent* - *deep* to be scolded; *pp.* rendered happy by *m.* **apa**, take away, never **abhi**, seize; receive; *es.* catch. **ava**, let go, relax; keep

back, close; divide (*words*); *gd.* by violence. **ā**, pull, tighten (*reins*); learn. **ud**, raise, hold up; take away; draw (*sword*); rescue; *cs.* cause to be paid; explain, discuss. **upa ud**, raise; open; convey to the mouth. **upa**, hold from below, support; obtain, secure; accept; approve. **ni**, draw to one; tighten (*reins*); close (*eyes*); keep back, restrain; hold fast; capture, apprehend; imprison; check, subdue, curb; withhold, suppress. **upa-ni**, press down upon (*lc.*); bring near. **pari**, embrace, surround; put on (*a garment*); grasp; hold; gain, secure; accept; retain; profess (*a doctrine*); undergo; receive kindly; marry (*a woman*); assist; conform to, follow; excel, surpass: *pp.* united with, furnished with (*in. or -*). **pra**, stretch forth; hold; grasp; accept; stop; tighten (*reins*); keep separate (*words in Sandhi*). **gd. pra-grīhya**, taking with one, accompanied by; with **sam-pra**, accept. **prati**, grasp, take up; press possession of; regain; receive, accept; receive (*hastily*), attack; welcome; marry; hear with pleasure, take as a good omen; acquiesce in, approve; *cs.* offer to, present with (2 *ac.*); *des.* desire to accept. **vi**, hold apart; separate; analyse (*compounds*); fight with (*in. + saba or sardham*); wage war on (*ac.*); vie with, be a match for (*sardham*); seize (*by, lc.*); *cs.* cause to wage war against. **sam**, collect, grasp, take up; contain; curb, govern; unstring (*bow*); compel; receive kindly; comprehend; *des.* wish to marry. **upa-sam**, clasp (*esp. the feet*); apprehend, capture; conciliate, win; *des.* desire to clasp the feet of (*ac.*). **saba**, take along with one.

ग्रह grāh-a, *a.* (°) seizing, holding; gaining; perceiving; *m.* seizer, *esp.* Rāhu, who seizes and thus eclipses sun and moon, planet which seizes men by magical influence generally reckoned to be five in number: Mars, Mercury, Jupiter, Venus, and Saturn, or seven: the same + Rāhu and Keta, or nine, the same + sun and moon; demon of disease; imp; crocodile, booty; vessel (for drawing Soma); draught (of Soma); organ of which eight are enumerated; seizure, grasp, grip; draught (of a fluid); theft, robbery; insistence on (*lc.*), endeavour; receipt; welcome; mention; perception, understanding [demon].

ग्रहस्त grah-grusta, *pp.* possessed by a

ग्रहण grah-ana, *a.* holding (°); *n.* grāhana, seizing, holding, capturing; eclipse; obtaining, receiving; buying; reverberation; catching, absorbing; putting on (*clothes*), assuming (*a body*); undergoing; pronouncing, mentioning; using an expression, employment, word mentioned; learning; perception, understanding; taking to mean.

ग्रहणचतुर grahna-katura, *a.* expert in seizing; **-dvaya**, *n.* eclipse of sun and (or) moon; **-sambhava**, *a.* arising from the taking away (of, *g.*); **-anta**, *a.* done with learning; **-antika**, *a.* id. [pondered].

ग्रहणीय grah-aniya, *fp.* to be accepted or

ग्रहपीडन grah-pidana, *n.* **-pidā**, *f.* calamity caused by Rāhu, eclipse; **-maya**, *a.* (i) consisting of planets; **-yagña**, *m.* sacrifice to the planets; **-yuti**, *f.* conjunction of the planets; **-yuddha**, (*pp.*) *n.* conflict, opposition of the planets; **-yoga**, *m.* = grah-yuti; **-varsha**, *m.* planetary year; **-samagama**, *m.* conjunction of the planets; **-agre-sara**, *m.* *ep.* of the moon (chief of the planets).

ग्रहिल grah-ila, *a.* sensible to (°); sensitive; frantic.

ग्रहीतव्य grah-i-tavyā, *fp.* to be taken, received, drawn (*fluid*); **-kri**, *m.* seizer; receiver; purchaser; perceiver; hearer.

ग्रहोक्त grah-uktha, *n.* hymn recited while drawing Soma.

ग्राम grāmīhā, *m.* seizer; handful.

ग्राम grā-ma, *m.* inhabited place, village; community, clan; host; multitude, aggregate of (°); scale in music. *pl.* inhabitants, people.

ग्रामकाम grāma-kāma, *a.* desirous of a village; fond of village life, **-kukṛā**, *m.* (village =) tame cock; **-ghāta**, *m.* plundering of a village; **-kārya**, *f.* village ways = sexual enjoyment; **-kāitya**, *m.* sacred tree of the village, **-ghāta**, *pp.* grown in a village or in cultivated soil; **-ni**, *m.* leader of a host; chief of a community; barber (chief person in a village); **-tā**, *f.* number of villages; **-dasa**, *isa*, *m.* chief of ten villages; **-dharma**, *n.* of a rock (supporting villages), **-dharma**, *m.* village custom; **-nivāsina, *a.* dwelling in villages, tame (birds); **-pishā**, *pp.* ground at home; **-yāgāka**, **-yāgā**, *u.* sacrificing (through avarice for all members of the community whether admissible or not); **-vāsina, *a.* living in villages, tame (animal); *m.* villager; **-vridha**, *m.* old man of the village; **-nimā**, *f.* village field; **-sūkara**, *m.* domestic hog.****

ग्रामाग्नि grāma-agni, village = ordinary fire; **-adhipa**, *m.* headman of a village; **-antā**, *m.* village boundary: *lc.* in the immediate vicinity of the village; **-i-ya**, *a.* situated in the immediate neighbourhood of the village; **-aranyā**, *n.* forest belonging to a village; *du.* village and forest.

ग्रामिका grām-ika, *m.* village chief; **-in**, *a.* ruling a community; *m.* villager; peasant; **-i-putra**, *m.* peasant-boy.

ग्रामीण grām-ina, *n.* rustic, illiterate; *m.* villager, peasant; **-oya-ka**, *m.* villager.

ग्राम्य grām-yā, *a.* referring to, coming from, prepared in or inhabiting villages; tame; cultivated; raised by cultivation; rustic, coarse; *m.* villager; domestic animal; *n.* sensuality.

ग्राम्यकुक्कुर grāmya-kukkuṭa, *m.* domestic cock; **-tā**, *f.* **-tva**, *n.* coarse diction; **-dharma**, *m.* villager's duty; sensuality; **-mar-ga**, *m.* (domestic animal), dog; **-sūkara**, *m.* domestic hog. [pressing Soma].

ग्रामन् grā-van, *m.* rock, stone, *esp.* for

ग्रामयाम grāva-grābhā, *m.* (handling the Soma stones), *a.* priest, later grāvastut; **-stūt**, *m.* a kind of priest; **-stotra**, *n.* invocation of the pressing-stones at noon; **-i-ya**, *a.* relating to the invocation of the pressing-stones.

ग्रस grās-a, *m.* swallowing; eclipse; mouthful, morsel; food; **-**, *a.* swallowing; **-pramāna**, *n.* size of a morsel; **-ākṣhādāna**, *n.* *sg.* food and clothing.

ग्रसीक grāsi-kri, swallow.

ग्रह grāh-ā, *a.* (i) seizing, holding, taking, receiving (°); *m.* id.; mentioning; whim; beast of prey, crocodile, shark, serpent.

ग्रहक grāha-ka, *a.* (i) receiving; apprehending, perceiving; *m.* bailiff, policeman; buyer; **-tva**, *n.* power of comprehension. **-kri-kara**, *m.* decoy partridge; **-vihaṅga**, *m.* decoy-bird. [caused to undertake (*ac.*)]

ग्रहयितव्य grāh-ay-i-tavya, (*cs.*) *fp.* to be

ग्रहीन् grāh-in, *a.* (°) seizing, holding; catching; containing; receiving, gaining, keeping; buying (*with in. of prior*); searching through; perceiving; pondering; **-yā**, *fp.* to be seized, clasp; apprehended; obtained; accepted; insisted on; perceived; comprehended; learned; understood; recognised, regarded.

ग्रीव grī-va, *m.*, **ū**, *f.* [grī, swallow], neck.

ग्रीष्म grish-mā, *m.* summer, hot season; **-samaya**, *m.* summer time.

ग्रीवा grīva, *n.* neck-chain (of an elephant).

ग्रीव grīv-eyu, *m.* *n.* id.; **-ka**, *n.* id.; neck-lace; **-ya**, *a.* relating to the neck. [**-ka**, *a.* *ud.*]

ग्रीष्म grīshma, *a.* referring to the hot season;

ग्लप GLAP, I. P. glapā, be distressed at (*in.*).

ग्लपन् glap-ana, *n.* relaxation; withering.

ग्लपय gla-payā, *cs.* of √gla.

ग्लप्सु glapsu = घप्सु gṛapsu.

ग्लह GLAH, I. Ā. glaha, play at dice (with, *in. or ac.*).

ग्लह glāh-a, *m.* game of dice; throw (*at dice*); stake; die; dice-box; contention, wager; prize; **-ana**, *n.* throwing of dice.

ग्लान glā-na (*pp.* √gla), *n.*, **ग्लानि** -ni, *f.* lassitude; inertness; diminution; **-vin**, *a.* inert; **-ana**, *a.* relaxed; withered; sick.

ग्लै GLAI, I. P. glāya (*E. also Ā.*) and II. P. glā-ti, be loath or averse (*with in. or d.*); be relaxed, exhausted, or vexed; repine. *pp.* glānā, wearied, exhausted; torpid; *cs.* glāpaya, exhaust; pain, distress; injure; moderate; cause to wane. *pp.* glāpita, withered. *pari*, *pp.* exhausted. *abhi-pari*, *pp.* id.

ग्लौ glau, lump, goitrous excrecence.

घ GH.

घ 1. gha, घा ghā, *V. enc. pcl.* (almost entirely limited to the R̥), just, indeed, certainly; *guly.* to be rendered by stress only; used after other *pcls.*, *prns.*, & *pprs.*, & before *im.* & *id.*

घ 2. gha, *a.* striking, killing (°).

घट GHAT, I. Ā. ghaṭa, be zealous or active; work, strive for (*ac.*, *d.*, *lc.* or *prati*,

-artham, -arthe); take place; be possible, succeed; be suitable or appropriate; accumulate; unite with (*in.*); *cs.* ghaṭaya, (Ā.) P. join, unite (with, *in.*), hug closely; place upon (*lc.*); fetter; make, fashion, produce, perform; do anything (*ac.*) for (*g.*); *pp.* ghaṭita, made of (°). *ud.*, *cs.* ghaṭaya, open; uncover; disclose, betray; begin. **sam-ud.**, *cs.* open;

uncover the head = be able to show oneself in public. *pari*, *cs.* strike or sound (a musical instrument). **vi**, go or fly asunder, disperse, separate; be interrupted, marred, or frustrated; *cs.* ghaṭaya, tear, rend; separate; frustrate, ruin. **pra-vi**, *pp.* hewn off; *cs.* disperse. **sam**, assemble; *cs.* ghaṭaya, collect, assemble; strike, sound (a note).

घट ghat-a, *a.* zealous, active (*iu, lc.*): *m.* jar, pitcher, pot: **-ka**, *a.* performing, promoting; procuring: *m.* pot, jar, pitcher: **-karpas**, *m.* *N.* of a poet: *n.* title of a poem composed by him; potsherd: **-kara**, *-krit*, *m.* potter.

घटन ghat-ana, *n.* union with (*in or -o*): *ā, f.* course of action, doings, practice; striving for (*lc. or -o*); exertion; discharging (errors, -); accomplishment, success; union with (-); literary composition; procuring, finding; producing, creating. [*or* clouded.

घटायितव्य ghat-ay-i-tavya, *fp.* to be joined

घटा ghat-ā, *f.* multitude, host, troop.

घटादि ghat-ādi, *pl.* the *gha* beginning with *ghat* (*gr.*).

घटिका ghat-ikā, *f.* pot, jar, pitcher.

घटी ghat-i, *f.* jar, pot; *a.* measure of time: 24 minutes: **-yantra**, *n.* water-wheel: **-ka**, *n.* small water-wheel.

घटीलक्ष ghatā lākṣa, *m.* *N.* of a *Rākṣasa*; **-dāhi**, *a. f.* having a jar-shaped udder (*cor*)

घट्ट GHATT, I, *Ā.* (only with *vi* and *sam*) *ghat-tā*, and *cs. ghat-taya*, *P.* pass over, touch; shake, stir. **-ava**, *ex.* touch; besmear; stir. **-pazi**, *ex.* rub all over (*carl.*). **-vi**, break; *cs.* disperse, scatter, sever; shake, rub against; open (*door*). **-sam**, grind; *cs.* cause anything (*ac.*) to rub against (*in.*); stir; touch, collect: *pp.* laid together, clasped hands.

घट्ट ghatt-a, *m.* shock, collision; landing-stair, bathing-place. **-givin**, *m.* forryman.

घट्टन ghatt-ana, *n.* stroke, contact; stirring.

घण्टा ghaṇṭā, *f.* bell: **-karsa**, *n.* *N.* of a *Rākṣasa*: **-tāla**, *a.* striking a bell; **-patha**, *m.* high-road; title of a commentary on the *Kīrāṭrāginiya*. **-rāva**, *m.* sound of a bell; **-rāva**, *m.* id.: **-vat**, *a.* furnished with a bell or bells. [*bell*; **-in**, *a.* furnished with a bell.

घण्टिक ghaṇṭ-ika, *m.* alligator; **-ikā**, *f.* little

घन ghan-a, *a.* striking; slaying; firm, hard; dense, solid, thick, uninterrupted; dark, murky; deep tone; whole; *cs.* full of: **-m**, *ad.* closely, firmly; *m.* slaying slayer; club, hammer; lump, solid mass; *cs.* nothing but, pure (*cognition*), cloud, pl. rubble

घनकाल ghaṇa-kāla, *m.* rainy season; **-tā**, *f.* density, solidity; condition of a cloud, **-tām-asa**, *a.* pitch dark; **-timira**, *n.* cataract of the eye; **-tva**, *n.* density, toughness; **-pad-avi**, *f.* (cloud-path), sky; **-varman**, *n.* **-vithi**, *f.* id.; **-vāri**, *n.* rain-water; **-vyapā-ya**, *m.* disappearance of the clouds, autumn; **-samaya**, *m.* rainy season; **-sāra**, *a.* firm, strong; *m.* camphor.

घनागम ghaṇa-āgama, *m.* arrival of the clouds, rainy season; **-atyaya**, *m.* departure of the clouds, autumn; **-anta**, *m.* id.

घनाघन ghaṇā-ghaṇā, *intr.* *a.* fond of striking, warlike; *m.* dense cloud.

घनाय ghaṇā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* be in crowd.

घनास्थिक ghaṇa-asthika, *a.* hvg. a hard bone.

घनोष्ठ ghaṇi-kṛi, *make* thick; strengthen. **-bhā**, *become* thick or dense.

घनोरु ghaṇa-urū, *a. f.* having firm thighs.

घरदु gharatā, *m.* hand-mill: **-ka**, *m.* id.

घर्ष ghar-ghar-a, *a.* rattling; *m.* laughter: **-dhvani**, *m.* snorting.

घर्षिका gharṣh-ikā, *f.* little bell as an ornament; kind of musical instrument.

घर्म ghar-ma, *m.* heat (*both of sun and of fire*); hot season; milk-kettle for the *Asvin sacrifice*; hot milk or other hot libation (*esp. for the Asvins*).

घर्मकाल gharma-kāla, *m.* hot season; **-akha-da**, *m.* end of the heat; rainy season. **-jala**, *n.* sweat; **-toya**, *n.* id.; **-didhiti**, *m.* sun; **-dugha**, **-dūh** (*nm.* **-dhūk**), *a.* yielding warm milk; **-dyuti**, *m.* sun; **-payas**, *n.* sweat; **-bhānu**, **-raami**, *m.* sun; **-vāri**, *n.* sweat; **-sād**, *a.* dwelling in the glow.

घर्माग्न gharma-amsu, *m.* (hot-rayed), sun.

घर्मान gharma-anta, *n.* end of the heat, rainy season; **-ambu**, *n.* sweat; **-ambhas**, *n.* id.

घर्मित ghar-m-ita, *pp.* heated; **-in**, *a.* offering the hot libation.

घर्मष्टका gharma ishtakā, *f.* kind of brick; **-udaka**, *n.* sweat. [*hot libation*.

घर्म्य ghar-m-ya, *n.* vessel for preparing the

घर्ष gharsh-a, *m.* friction, collision; **-ana**, *n.* friction, grinding; rubbing in.

घस् GHAS, II, *P.* *ghas-ti*, eat, devour; *des.* *ghatas*, wish to devour, -rob.

घस ghas-a, *n.* devourer, *N.* of a demon of disease; *N.* of a *Rākṣasa* **-ana**, *n.* devouring

घसर ghas-mara, *a.* voracious; eager for (-); **-vara**, *a.* voracious.

घात ghāt-a, *a.* killing (°); *m.* blow (with or on, -); killing, sacking, destruction, **-aka**, *a.* (i) killing; destroying; *m.* murderer; **-ana**, *n.* killing, murdering; **-ani**, *f.* kind of club

घातय ghāt-a-ya, *P.* (Ā.) *den.* chastise, kill; destroy; cause to kill. **-vi**, defeat; torment, impede, interrupt.

घातिर ghāt-in, *a.* killing, murdering; destroying; injurious; *m.* murderer; **-ya**, *fp.* to be killed or destroyed.

घातिक ghātika, *m.* (?) kind of pastry. [*rick*.

घास ghās-a, *m.* food; fodder. **-kūṣa**, *n.* hay. [*घु GHU*, cry out, shriek.]

घुट GHUT, only *pp.* *ghoṭita* with *ava*, cushioned, and *gl.* *-ghaṭya*, and *pp.* *-ghuṭ-ita* with *vi*, returned

घुण ghuṇa, *m.* wood worm; **-ki/aka**, *m.* id. **-arjara**, *a.* worm-eaten; **-akshara**, *n.* worm-mark in wood looking like a letter. **-nyāyena**, **-vat**, *ad.* quite accidentally, by a lucky chance.

घुत्कारवत् ghut-kāra-vat, *a.* filled with the sneezes of (°).

घुमघुमाय ghuma-ghumā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* hum. **घुरघुराय** ghura-ghurā-ya, *Ā.* rattle in the throat, snort.

घुष GHUSH, I, *P.* (Ā.) *ghosha*, resound; fill with sound; proclaim: *pp.* resounding, loud; offered; *cs.* *ghoshaya*, proclaim *ana*, name aloud. *ava*, proclaim: *pp.* offered; summoned. *ā*, listen to, proclaim *ud*, *cs.* cause to sound aloud; proclaim *pra ud*, *cs.* proclaim. *vi*, id. *sam*, only *pp.* *-ghusha*, resounding; offered.

घुष्टस्वर ghushta-svara, *a.* with a loud voice; **-sana**, *n.* food offered by invitation.

घूक ghū-ka, *m.* owl.

घूत्कार ghūt-kāra, *m.* screech.

घूर्ण GHŪRN, I, *ghūrna*, sway; rock, roll, quiver: *pp.* *ghūrṇita*; *cs.* *ghūrṇaya*,

roll. *ava*, roll. *ā*, wave; roll: *pp.* shaking; rolling. *vi*, roll; *cs.* move about (*tr.*)

घूर्ण ghūrṇa-a, *a.* swaying; vacillating; **-ana**, *a.*, *f.* swaying, waving, oscillation.

घृ GHRI, III, *P.* *ghar-ti*, sprinkle. *abhi*, *pp.* *abhi-ghrita*, sprinkled. *prati abhi*, *cs.* *-ghāraya*, besprinkle repeatedly. *ā*, besprinkle; hurl. *vi*, *pp.* besprinkled

घृही ghri-na, *m.* heat; *ā, f.* warm sympathy, compassion; pity; contempt; disgust

घृणानु ghriṇā-lu, *a.* compassionate

घृणि ghriṇi, *m.* heat, sunshine; ray; day

घृणित ghriṇi-tva, *n.* compassion; contempt

घृणिर् ghriṇ-m, *a.* wild, impetuous; warm hearted, compassionate; fretful, morose

घृत chri-ti, *pp.* *n.* clarified butter that has cooled, ghee; fat; *cs.* fertility

घृतकीर्ति ghrita kṛti, *f.* mention of ghee;

-kumbha, *m.* pot of ghee; **-ghaṣa**, *m.* id.; **-pū**, *a.* clarifying ghee; **-pūra**, *n.* kind of pastry; (ā) **-prishtha**, *a.* whose back is dripping with ghee; (ā) **-pratika**, *a.* whose face is shining with ghee; **-prāna**, *n.* eating ghee; **-prusha**, *a.* scattering ghee or showering blessings; **-madhu-maya**, *a.* consisting of ghee and honey; **-ā-vat**, *a.* abounding in ghee; **-śakti**, *a.* dripping ghee; **-sna**, *i.* a dipped in ghee; **-ā-sna**, *a.* *-ghrita-prishtha*; **-haviṣka**, *a.* accompanied by a ghee offering; **-homa**, *m.* offering of ghee.

घृताक्त ghrita akta, *pp.* anointed with fat

घृताची ghrita āh-i, *a. f.* abounding in ghee. *f.* sacerdotal bath for ghee

घृतान्न ghrita-anna, *n.* whose food is ghee; **-abdhī**, *m.* ocean of ghee; **-ābūti**, *f.* libation of ghee.

घृतेष्टका ghrita ishtakā, *f.* kind of brick.

घृतीदन ghrita odana, *n.* rice with ghee

घृथ ghṛt-ya, *a.* consisting of ghee

घृष GHRIṢH, I, *P.* *gharsha*, rub, grind. *Ā.* rub once if, *ps.* *ghr-shya*, be ground or worn out. *pp.* *ghr-sha*, pound-dispatched, sore. *cs.* *gharshaya*, rub, grind. *ava*, rub off, wear away. *ud*, id.; strike (a bell). *sam*, rub away, vie with *saha*

घृषु ghrish-u, **घृषि** ghrish-vi, *a.* exuberant.

घेद gha id, **घेम** gha in, *v.* घ gha. [*wild*.

घोट ghoṭa, **क** -ka, *m.* horse.

घोषा ghoṇā, *f.* nose; snout; beak.

घोर gho-rā, *a.* [✓ghu] awful, sublime, terrible, dreadful; violent (*spira, etc.*), a horror, terror; magic, spell

घोरता ghoṛa-tā, *f.* **रख** -tva, *n.* awfulness, horribleness; **-dar-ana**, *a.* terrible looking, **-rupa**, *a.* of terrible form.

घोराकार ghoṛā-kāra, *a.* of terrible appearance, **-ākṛiti**, *a.* id.; **-atighora**, *a.* excessively terrible desolation of a hill, **-kaya**, *a.* cruelly disposed towards *lc.*

घोल ghola, *m.* curdled milk mixed w. cream.

घोषय ghola-ya, *den.* *P.* stir together, knead.

घोष ghosh-a, *m.* noise, din; shout, battle-cry; roar (*of water*), cry, yell (*of animals*); sound; rumour, proclamation; herdsmen's station; herdsmen

घोषक ghosha-ka, *m.* crier, bell-man.

घोष ghosh-ana, *a.* sounding; *n.*, *ā*, *f.* proclamation.

घोषवत् ghosha-vat, *a.* sounding, roaring; *sonant* (*gr.*): *-ā*, *f.* kind of lute; *-vridhā*, *m.* elder of a herdsmen's station.

घोषि ghosh-i, **घोषिन्** ghosh-in, *a.* sounding; noisy: (*n*)-*ā*, *f.* *pl.* kind of demon.

घोष्टु ghosh-tri, *m.* proclaimer.

घोर ghaura, *m.* *pat.* descendant of Ghora.

घ्न ghn-a, *a.* (*°*) striking with; killing; destroying, removing.

घ्नत् ghn-at, *pr. pt.* of *√*ghan.

घ्नी ghn-i, *f.* (*°*) of *○*हन्-han. [sunshine.

घ्नस ghnas, **घ्नस** ghnasā, *m.* heat of the sun,

घ्रा GHRA, I. P. *ghāra* (*R.* also *Ā* and II.

P. *ghrā-ti*), smell; smell at; perceive; kiss on (*lc.*): *pp* *ghrāta*, smelt; having smelt; -, having regard to - only. *abhi*,

smell at, smell; *kiss. āva*, smell; *kiss on* (*lc.*), *ā*, smell; *kiss. upa*, *id.* *sam-ā*, smell; smell at. *upa*, *id.*; *kiss.*

घ्रास ghra-na, *m.* *n.* smelling; smell; odour; *n.*, *ā*, *f.* nose; snout; *m. N.*: *-ya*, *a.* produced by the nose; *-tarpa*, *n.* perfume.

घ्रातव्य ghra-tāvya, *fp.* to be smelt; *n.* odour; *-ti*, *f.* smelling; *-tri*, *m.* smeller.

घ्रिय ghre-ya, *fp.* to be smelt; *n.* smelt.

च K.

च ka, *encl. cy.* (*re*, *que*) and; also; even, just; but, yet; if (*-ked*): *ka-ha*, both -and- as well-as, scarcely -when; although -yet: *with negatve*, neither nor; *ka-na ka or tu*, although -yet-not; *na ka*, although not -yet; *with vā*, either, or; *ka eva ka api*, and also; *anyak ka*, *api ka*, *kim ka*, *tathā ka*, moreover, likewise (*adiling a similar saying*); *ka givies interrogatives* (*q. v.*) an indefinite sense.

चक KAK, tremble, only *pp.* *kakita*, trembling; frightened, startled; intimidated: *-am*, *ad.* with alarm. *ud*, *pp.* *ukakita*, looking up startled. *pra*, *pp.* trembling; frightened, startled.

चकार ka-kāra, *m.* the conjunction and.

चकास् KA-KĀS, II. P. *kakās-ti*, shine; *cs.* cause to shine.

चकित kuk-ita, *pp.*; *n.* trepidation, fright.

चकोर kakora, *m.* kind of partridge, *perdix rufa*, supposed to feed on moon-beams - hence an eye that gazes on a face of moonlike beauty is so called; its eye is supposed to turn red at the sight of poisoned food. *-vrata*, *n.* manner of the kakora, entranced gaze (drinking the beauty of a moonlike face); *-dris*, *f.* fair-eyed maiden; *-akshi*, *f.* *id.*

चकोराय kakorā-ya, *den.* behave like the kakora. [affected in sense.

चकलक kakkala-ka, *n.* four slokas con-

चक ka-kr-u, *n.*; *V. sts. m.* [runner: *intr. √*kar] wheel; potter's wheel; discus (*esp.* of *Vishnu*); oil-press; circle; circling in the air (*of birds*); mystical circular diagram; multitude, host, flock; troop; sphere (*fig.*) (wheel of dominion; *m.* ruddy goose; *N.* of several men; *N.* of a mountain; *ā*, *f.* wheel.

चक्रगोत्र kakra-goptri, *m. du.* wheel guard (*man* running beside a chariot); *-dhara*, *m.* wheel-bearer, ruler; discus-wielder, *ep.* of *Vishnu*; serpent, *N.* of a locality; *-abhi*, *f.* nave of a wheel; *-nāman*, *m.* ruddy goose; *-nāyaka*, *m.* leader of a troop; *-putra*, *n.* of a town; *-bhāga*, *m.* breaking of a wheel; *-bhānu*, *m.* *N.* of a Brahman; *-bharit*, *m.* discus-wielder, *ep.* of *Vishnu*; *-bhrama*, *m.* revolution of the potter's wheel, a turning like a wheel; *-malika*, *m.* *N.* of a monastic college; *-mardikā*, *f.* *N.* of a princess. *-melaka*, *N.* of a locality; *-raksha*, *m. du.* = *kakra-goptri*; *-vat*, *a.* having wheels; *m.* oil-presser; *-vad-gati*, *a.* turning like a wheel; *-vartitā*, *f.* sovereign, dominion; *-vartin*, *a.* moving on wheels; *m.* who turns the wheel of dominion, sovereign of the world; ruler of (*°*); chief of (*g.*, *°*); *-varman*, *m. N.* of a king; *-vāka*, *m.* *i.*, *f.* ruddy goose; the male and female, regarded as a pattern of conjugal love, are supposed to pass the night apart, during which their plaintive cries are heard - poets frequently refer to the pangs

suffered by them in separation; *-vāka-maya*, *a.* consisting of kakravākas; *-vākin*, *a.* filled with kakravākas; *-vāta*, *m.* whirlwind; *-vāla*, *n.* ring, circle; *m.* *n.* group, multitude; *m.* fabulous mountain-range encircling the earth (*which is regarded as a disc*); *-vridhā*, *f.* compound interest; *-vyāha*, *m.* circular battle-array; *-senā*, *f.* *N.* of a princess.

चक्राङ्गिता kakra-āṅgita, *f.* *N.* of a plant; *-saga*, *m.* goose; ruddy goose; *-saganā*, *f.* female of the kakravāka.

चक्राण ka-kr-āṇā, *pf. pt.* *Ā.* of *√*kri.

चक्रायुध kakra-āyudha, *m. ep.* of *Vishnu* or *Krishna*; *-āhva*, *m.* ruddy goose; *-ābhava*, *m. id.*

चक्रि ká-kr-i, *a.* making, producing (*ac.*).

चक्रिका kakri-ikā, *f.* troop; intrigue; artifice; *-ia*, *a.* having wheels; driving; *m.* discus-bearer, *ep.* of *Krishna*; oil-presser; serpent; *-iya*, *a.* driving; travelling.

चक्री kakri-kri, make circular; stretch to the full (*bow*); *-bhā*, budrawn to the full (*bow*).

चक्रीवत् kakri-vat, *a.* having wheels; *m.* driver; wagon; ass.

चक्रुस् ka-kr-us, *क्रि* kr-e, etc. *pf.* of *√*kri, do.

चक्रश kakra-śa, *m.* sovereign ruler: *-tā*, *f.* sovereign dominion; *-ivara*, *m. ep.* of *Vishnu* and of *Bhairava*; sovereign ruler: *-tva*, *n.* *abst. n.*

चक्ष KĀ-KSH, II. *Ā.* [ku-k(ā)s] *kāsh-te*, (*E* also *P*) appear; see, look at; announce, tell, say. *abhi*, look at, behold; inspect; regard favourably. *ava*, look down upon (*ac.*); behold. *ā*, look upon; declare, propound; tell; call, say about (*ac.*); address; state; designate, mean; name, call. *prati*, decline; repulse; refute; answer (*ac.*). *vi*, recite, explain, elucidate. *sam-ā*, report; declare. *pāri*, overlook, disregard; reject; prohibit; name. *pra*, tell; declare; regard as; name, call; *cs.* illumine. *prati*, see, perceive; expect. *vi*, appear, shine; perceive, behold, regard; announce. *sam*, behold; consider; report fully.

चक्ष kāksh-ana, *n.* appearance, sight.

चक्षि kaksh-āni, *m.* illuminator.

चक्ष kāksh-an, *n.* eye; *-as*, *n.* brightness, brilliance; seeing, being seen (*d. = inf.*); eye, sight, glance; *-u*, *m.* eye

चक्षुर्विषय kakshur-vishaya, *m.* range of the eye, sight.

चक्षुःश्रवस् kakshuḥ-shavas, *श्रुति* -sruti, *m.* serpent (using the eyes as ears).

चक्षुष्यति kakshush-puti, *m.* lord of all eyes; *-pātha*, *m.* eye-shot, sight; *-priti*, *f.* delight of the eye; *-mat*, *a.* possessing eyes or vision,

seeing; representing the eye: *-tā*, *f.*, *-tva*, *n.* vision.

चक्षुष्य kakshush-ya, *a.* fit for or pleasing to the eye; lovely; being before the eyes of (*in*); dear to (*in*).

चक्षुस् kaksh-us, *a.* seeing; *n.* eye; sight; vision; glance.

चक्षुराग kakshu-rāga, *m.* feast to the eyes.

चक्षुण kah-kun-a, *m.* *N.* of a man.

चक्षुम kah-kram-a, *m.*, *ā*, *f.* walk; *-ana*, *a.* walking about; *n.* *id.*

चक्षु kaṣṇa, *a.* thoroughly acquainted with, very fastidious about (*°*); (*-tā*, *f.* *abst. n.*); *m. N.*

चञ्च KĀÑK, I. P. *kañka*, hop, leap, dance; tremble, flicker.

चञ्चरिन् kañ-kar-in, *m.* bee; *-ika*, *m. id.*

चञ्चल kañ-kal-a, *a.* moving to and fro, unsteady, fickle: *-tva*, *n.* instability, fickleness.

चञ्चला kañ-kal-ā, *f.* lightning; *-ita*, *pp.* caused to tremble.

चञ्चा kañkī, *f.* basket-work: *-purusha*, *m.* man of straw, scarecrow.

चक्षु kañk-u, *a.* known or celebrated for, versed in (*°*); (*-tā*, *f.*, *-tva*, *n.* cleverness); *m. N.*; *f.* (also *ā*) beak, bill: (*ā*)-*puta*, *n.* (*u*)-*putaka*, *-puti*, *f.* hollow of the beak.

चट KAT, I. P. *kata*, take place, occur; get into, betake oneself to (*lc.*); be attached to (*lc.*); *pp.* *kaṭita*, attached to (*°*). *ud*, depart; *cs.* *kāṭya*, drive out; dispel.

चटक kaṭ-aka, *m.* sparrow; *N.* of a poet; *ā*, *f.* female sparrow.

चटपट kata-kut, P. crackle: *-āya*, *Ā. id.*

चटकृति kutat-kṛti, *f.* crackling.

चटु kut-u, *m.* (?) blandishment.

चटुल kutu-la, *a.* trembling, quivering; unsteady; inconstant; amiable, courteous; *n. pl.* attentions.

चटुलाय kutulā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* walk delicately.

चटुपमा kutupamā, *f.* complimentary simile.

चण kana, *a.* *°*, known or celebrated for (*-tva*, *n.* *abst. n.*); *m.* chick-pea: *-ta*, *m.* chick-pea.

चण्ड kānda, *a.* (*ā*, *i*) burning; violent; impetuous; passionate, enraged, wrathful; fierce, cruel: *-am*, *ad.* passionately, in a rage; *ā*, *i*, *f.* the grim goddess, *ep.* of *Durgā*.

चण्डकर kanda-kara, *m.* (hot-rayed), sun.

चण्डकराय kanda-karā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* appear like the sun.

वडकर्मन् kanda-karman, m. N. of a Rākṣasa (acting cruelly); -**kṛṣṇa**, m. (hot-rayed), sun; -**kṛṣṇa**, m. N.; -**kāruṣika**, m. N. of a son of Kakāśīvat; n. T. of a drama; -**ghoṣha**, m. N.; -**tā**, f., -**tvā**, n. passionateness; wrathfulness; -**dīdhiṭi**, m. (hot-rayed), sun; -**pota**, -**ka**, m. N. of an elephant; -**prabha**, m. N.; -**bhugāṇḍa**, m. N.; -**mahāṣeṇa**, m. N. of a prince; -**ṛava**, m. N. of a jackal (yelling fiercely); -**rasmi**, m. (hot-rayed), sun; -**varman**, m. N. of a prince; -**vikrama**, m. N. of a prince; -**śila**, a. choleric; -**śimha**, m. N. of a prince; -**ama**, m. (hot-rayed), sun.

वडका kaṇḍāla, m. man of the lowest stratum of society, universally despised and shunned; a mixed caste, offspring of Śādra and Brahmana; -**°**, a good-for-nothing -; ā, ī, f. Kaṇḍāla woman.

वडिका kaṇḍ-ikā, f. ep. of Durgā: temple of Durgā; -**grīha**, n. temple of Durgā

वडिमन् kaṇḍ-i-man, m. heat; passionateness, fierceness, cruelty.

वडिी kaṇḍi-kri, enrage.

वडिपति kaṇḍi-pati, m. ep. of Siva; -**iṣa**, m. id.; -**iṣvara**, id.; -**stotra**, n. T. of a poem in praise of Durgā.

वडिष्वर kaṇḍiṣvara, m. ep. of Siva.

वट KAT, only pr. pt. kátat and pp. katta, hide (int.); **cs. kátāya**, drive away pr. vi, cs. ā. id.

वटस्र kátasri or katasri, f. of katur.

वटुः kaṭuh-ka, -pa, r. **वटुष्क** kaṭush-ka, -pa, etc.

वटुत् kaṭur, num. m. n. pl. four.

वटुर kaṭ-ura, a quick, swift; dexterous, clever, ingenious, crafty; charming; n. cleverness -**ka**, a. (ikā) dexterous, clever; m. N. of a jackal. f. N. of a woman.

वटुरक्ष kaṭur-akṣā, a. (ṣ) four-eyed

वटुरक्षर kaṭur-akṣhara, a. having four syllables; n. aggregate of four syllables

वटुरक्ष kaṭur-akṣa, a. having four members -**m** **balam**, n. complete army consisting of infantry, cavalry, elephants, and chariots; ā, f. army consisting of these four arms; n. ul.; chess; -**balasādhipatyā**, n. command of a complete army.

वटुरक्षिन् kaṭur-akṣin, a. consisting of four parts. [shrewdness]

वटुरता kaṭura-tā, f. cleverness, craftiness.

वटुरभोज kaṭur-abhaja, a. four-faced; -**anta**, a. bounded on all four sides (by the sea); ā, f. earth; -**avara**, a. square; regular, harmonious; -**tā**, f. harmony, -**obhin**, a. harmoniously beautiful; -**avari**, a. square; -**abha**, m. period of four days; -**ātman**, a. having four forms or faces; -**ānana**, a. four-faced, ep. of Brahman; -**uttara**, a. increasing by four

वटुरगुण kaṭur-guṇa, a. fourfold.

वटुरथ kaṭur-thā, a. (ṣ) fourth: -**m**, ad. the fourth time; n. fourth part; i, f. fourth day in a fortnight; fourth wedding day.

वटुरथास kaṭurtha-kāla, m. fourth meal-time: -**m**, lc. = on the evening of the second day; -**kālika**, a. eating the fourth meal only; -**bhāga**, a. receiving a fourth part as tribute.

वटुरथास kaṭurthā-amsa, m. fourth part; a. receiving a fourth; -**amsin**, a. id.

वटुरथोर्मन् kaṭurthi-karman, n. ceremony of the fourth wedding day.

वटुर्दन्त kaṭur-danta, m. N. of an elephant.

वटुर्दश kaṭur-dāśa, a. (i) fourteen: consisting of fourteen; i, f. fourteenth day of a fortnight; -**das-dhā**, ad. fourteenfold, -**dasā** or **kā**, -**sum**, fourteen; -**dasama**, a. fourteenth; -**dasarika**, a. hv. fourteen verses, -**dārikā**, f. N. of the fifth lambaka in the Kāthāsaritāsāgira; -**dikham**, ad. to the four quarters; -**diam**, ad. ul.; -**dvāra-mukha**, a. i. having four gates as mouths; -**dhā**, ad. in four parts; fourfold

वटुर्बाहु kaṭur-bāhu, a. four-armed; -**bala**, a. having four apertures; -**bhāga**, m. fourth, quarter; -**bhūya**, a. four-armed, ep. of Vishnu or Krishna; -**bhūmika**, a. four-storied; -**māsi**, f. period of four months; -**mukha**, a. four-faced; ep. of Brahman, Vishnu, and Siva; -**samirita**, pp. uttered by the four mouths; -**muhūrtam**, ac. for four muhūrtas; -**mūrti**, a. having four forms or faces; -**yuga**, n. the four ages, a. comprising the four ages; -**vaktra**, a. four-faced; ep. of an attendant of Durgā; -**varga**, m. aggregate of four - *esp. the four goods of life, the good artha, the pleasant (kāma, the useful artha), and final liberation (moksha)*; -**kintāmani**, m. T. of a work; -**varṇa-maya**, a. consisting of the four castes; -**varṇa-sata** **kyas**, a. attaining an age of 400 years; -**vimsa**, a. (i) twenty-fourth, consisting of twenty-four; m. N. of a stoma in which three verses are chanted eight times, n. the day on which it is employed; -**vimsat**, f. twenty-four; **kaṭur-vimsat**, f. sg. and rarely pl. id.; -**kr̥tvas**, ad. twenty-four times; -**tama**, a. twenty-fourth, -**yaha**, m. sg. twenty-four days; -**vimsika**, n. kaṭur-vimsa; m. N.; -**vidha**, a. fourfold; -**m**, ad.; -**vira**, m. kind of Soma rite lasting four days; -**veda**, m. pl. the four Vedas; a. containing or familiar with the four Vedas; -**vedin**, a. versed in the four Vedas; (kaṭur -**hanu**, a. four-jawed).

वटुर्बलारिष kaṭur-katvārimśa, a. (i) forty-four; **kaṭur-katvārimśat**, f. forty-four

वटुर्शत kaṭur-shata, n. one hundred and four four hundred; -**apṣa**, a. four-hoofed; -**śāla**, a. containing rooms on all four sides, m. building with square court in the middle; -**ka**, i-**kā**, f. court with four rooms (one on each side); -**stotra**, a. four-eared.

वटुष्क kaṭush-ka, a. consisting of four: increased by four (-**sata**, n. 104 = 4 per cent. m. N.; n. tetrad, set of four things, kind of hall resting on four columns; square reception room; -**karna**, a. heard by four ears only; -**tā**, f. in. in confidence.

वटुष्किका kaṭushk-ikā, f. tetrad; hull resting on four pillars.

वटुष्टय kaṭush-taya, a. (i) of four kinds, consisting of four; tetrad; set of four.

वटुष्पथ kaṭush-pāṭha, pl. four or five; -**paṇḍitāt**, f. fifty-four; -**pathā**, m. n. place where four roads meet.

वटुष्पद kaṭush-pad, °पाद् -**pād**, a. (f. -**pād**-i) four-footed; consisting of four parts or padas; f. having taken four steps; m. n. quadruped; -**pada**, a. four-footed, having four padas; m. quadruped; -**pāda**, a. i. four-footed; m. quadruped; -**puṣa**, a. having four folds.

वटुषष्टि kaṭush-shashti, f. sixty-four; -**tama**, a. sixty-fourth, -**yaha**, a. having sixty-four parts; -**śāṇḍā**, m. stoma of four parts each increasing by four verses, a. connected with a fourfold stoma.

वटुस् kaṭus, ad. four times.

वटुस्त्रिंश kaṭus-triṁśa, a. (i) thirty-fourth: containing thirty-four; (kaṭus -**triṁśat**, f. thirty-four; -**tri-dvī** **eka-bhāga**, a. receiving four, three, two, or one part.

वटुःसंधि kaṭuh-sandhi, a. composed of four parts; (kaṭuh)-**samudra**, a. (i) bounded by four seas; (kaṭuh)-**mahāra**, n. four thousand

वटुर्वाच kaṭu-īśtrā, four days; -**m**, ac. for four days.

वट्वर kaṭvar-ā, m. n. square, courtyard

वट्वार kaṭvār, str. st. of katur, m. n. pl. four

वट्वारिष kaṭvārimśa, a. (i) fortieth; -**sat**, f. forty; -**sati**, f. id.; -**man-māna**, n. having a weight of forty.

वन् KAN, only aor. kaṇishatam and kaṇishat, rejoice in (ac); glad.

वन् ka-nū (SV ka nū) immediately following emphasized word. V. not even; without neg. meaning rare; also; after neg. even. (°) -**kid** only after interrogatives in indefinite sense, even, at all [rejoice in ac, lc]; grant

वन्स kân-as, n. gladness, only with dhā.

वन्स kaṇas-yā, den. P. rejoice in (ac) pp. kaṇasita, welcome; voc; gentle - (with N. of Brahman, or, according to some, with that of a Kāshatīya or Vaisya).

वनिष्ठ kaṇ-iṣṭha, spr. very welcome, very gracious.

वड् KAND, ° **वड्** SKAND, shine.

वड् kaṇḍ-ana, m. n. sandal tree, wood, powder, or ointment; -**ka**, m. N.; -**dāsa**, m. N.; -**paṭha**, m. sandal ointment; -**pāṭha**, m. application of sandal ointment; -**pura**, m. N. of a town; -**maya**, a. made of sandal wood, consisting of sandal ointment; -**rasa**, m. -**vāri**, n. fluid essence of sandal wood; -**adri**, m. sandal mountain, the Malaya range

वड्नाय kaṇḍanā-ya, den. ā. become a sandal tree

वड्नाय kaṇḍana-udaka, n. fluid essence of sandal wood

वड्ना kaṇḍa-lā, f. N. of a woman.

वड् kaṇḍ-rā, a. shining, bright; lovely; m. moon (also as a deity); chief among; N. n. gold; -**ka**, m. (°) **ikā** moon; eye in a peacock's tail, N.; -**kalā**, f. sixteenth part of the moon's disc as seen on the day before or after new moon; -**kānta**, a. lovely as the moon; m. moon stone; a fabulous gem formed of the congealed rays of the moon, glittering & radiating cool mixture in moon light only; -**manī-maya**, a. made of moonstone; -**maya**, a. id. [moon shaped apota]

वड्कित kaṇḍrak-ita, pp. marked with

वड्कुळा kandra-kulā, f. N. of a river; -**keta**, m. N.; -**kāhya**, m. new moon; -**gruṭa**, m. N. of various kings, esp. the Śaṇḍa kottas who flourished about 300 B.C. -**ka**, m. id.; -**kāda**, a. moon created, ep. of Siva; -**kāṇāmani**, m. T. of a work; -**tvā**, n. known to the moon; -**deva**, m. N. of a Brahman; -**pāda**, m. moon-beam; -**pura**, m. N. of a town; -**prabha**, m. ā, f. N.; -**prāsāda**, m. room on the roof; -**bimba**, n. disc of the moon; -**maya**, a. consisting of moon-disc; -**bhāga**, f. N. of a river; -**mandala**, a. moon-disc; -**maya**, a. (i) being altogether moon; ā. **mas**, m. moon; moon-god (represented as a Pāṇaca or as one of the eight Vasus); -**māsa**, m. lunar month; -**mukha**, m. (moon-created), ep. of Siva; -**mukha**, m. N.; -**manī**, -**manīn**, m. (moon-created), ep. of Siva

चक्रराज kandra-râga, *m. N.*; -**rekshâ**, *f.* crescent; -**lalâkâ**, *a.* having a moon on the forehead, *ep. of Siva*; -**lâ**, *f. N.*; -**lekshâ**, *f.* crescent; *N.*; -**vamsa**, *m.* the (royal) lunar race; -**vat**, *a.* moonlit; -**â**, *f. N.*; -**vapusa**, *a.* lovely as the moon; (**â**-**varna**, *a.* bright-hued; -**shâ**, *f.* room on the roof; -**subhra**, *a.* moonlit; -**lekshana**, *m.* (moon-crested) *ep. of Siva*; *N.*; -**xi**, *f. N.*; -**samgia**, *m.* camphor; -**saras**, *n. N.* of a fabulous lake; -**sâra**, *m. N.*; -**simha**, *m. N.* of a prince; -**svâmin**, *m. N.*; -**hâsa**, *m.* (moon laugh = gleam), sword; Râvana's sword.

चन्द्रांशु chandra-amsu, *m.* moon-beam; -**âkara**, *m. N.*; -**âditya**, *m. N.*; -**âpîta**, *m. ep. of Siva*; *N.*; -**ârdha**, *m.* half-moon; -**kûdâ-mandî**, *m. ep. of Siva*; -**avaloka**, *m. N.* of a prince.

चन्द्रिका chandrikâ, *f.* moonlight; *N.*

चन्द्रिन् chandrin, *a.* golden

चन्द्रोदय chandra-udaya, *m.* rise of the moon; -**upala**, *m.* moon-stone (*v. kandra-kînta*).

[चप KAP, चम् KAMP, tremble, waver.]

चपल chap-ala, *a.* tremulous, unsteady; inconstant, giddy, flighty, fickle; -**m**, *ad.* quickly; -**gana**, *m.* mischievous folk; -**tâ**, *f.* giddiness, fickleness.

चपलय chapala-ya, *den. P.* make unsteady, beguile into an indiscretion.

चपला chapalâ, *f.* lightning; *N.* of two metres; -**gana**, *m.* fickle woman; goddess of fortune.

चपलाय chapalâ-ya, *den. A.* move or jump

चपेट chapeta, *m.* slap; **â**, *i*, *f. id.* [about.]

चम KAM, I. P. **kama**, sip. **â-kâma**, sip (*water*), rinse the mouth with (*in*); suck up, absorb, cause to vanish. *pp.* **â-kânta**, with act. and *pp. mg.*, *ex.* **â-kâmya**, cause to sip. **anu-â-kâma**, rinse the mouth again. **pari-â**, *pp.* with **anna**, food after which a guest prematurely sips water.

चमक kama-ka, *m. N.*

चमत्करण kamât-karam, *n.* astonishment, surprise; -**kâra**, *m. id.*; -**kârita**, *ex. pp.* astonished; -**krîti**, *f.* astonishment.

चमत्कृत kamât-krî, *ex. pp.* express or cause surprise; astonish; *pp.* surprised; become proud or

चमन kam-ana, *n.* sipping. [haughty]

चमर kam-ara, *m.* (**â**, *f.*) yak (*bos grunniens*); *m. n.* yak's tail, used as a fly whisk, one of the insignia of royalty; -**vâla**, *m. N.* of a prince.

चमस kam-asâ, *m.* (wooden) bowl or cup.

चमू kam-û, *f.* bottom of the Soma press (*often du.* bottom and upper board of the Soma press), army (consisting of 729 elephants, 729 chariots, 2187 cavalry, and 3645 infantry); -**nâtha**, *pp.*; -**pâti**, -**pâla**, *m.* commander of an army. [*cf.* Kâmpâ]

चम्प kamp-a, *m. N.* of the founder of the town

चम्पक kampu-ka, *a.* tree (*michelia cham-paca*); *n.* its (yellow) blossom. *m. N.*; **â**, *f. N.* of a town. **â**-**prabhu**, *m. N.* of the father of Kâlavya; **â**-**mâlâ**, *f. N.*; (**â**)-**vâti**, *f. N.* of a forest in Magadha; *N.* of a town.

चम्पा kampâ, *f. N.* of a town of the Ângas; -**vâti**, *f. id.* [*cf.* verse and prose].

चम्पू kamp-û, *f.* mixed composition (*mixture*)

चय kay-a, *m.* heap; layer; mound; rampart; mass; multitude.

चयन kay-ana, *n.* heaping up; layer of fuel; heap.

चर् KAR, I. P. (**Â**) **kâra**, *int.* move, go, wander, roam, spread, extend (*of animate and inanimate objects*); browse; behave, act, towards (*in or to*), have to do with (*in*); go on, live (*with a*, *ad.*, or *gd.*); *tr.* wander through, traverse; pass along, follow; undertake, enter into; perform, practise; carry on (*a dispute*); emulate actions (*vrittam*); assume a function (*vratam*); undergo, observe; commit (*sin*); make, produce; consume; feed on, graze on; spy out (*only pp.* -**ita**); *pp.* **karitâ** and **kârma**; *cs.* **kârâya**, cause to go, run, wander, or graze, despatch; put in motion; cause to perform; allow to have sexual intercourse, prostitute (*a wife*); *des.* **kîkârisha** or **kîkârsha**, wish to go or behave **ati**, transgress; be unfaithful to (*ac.*). **anu**, move about among (*ac.*); traverse; follow; *cs.* cause to be traversed by (*in*). **antar**, move between or within, be in (*ac.*, *g.*, or *lc.*). **apa**, be wanting; transgress. **abhi**, trespass against, violate, be unfaithful to (*ac.*); bewitch (*ac.*). **pratiabhi**, use witchcraft against (*ac.*). **viabhi**, offend; fail; go beyond (*ac.*); *cs.* prove the erroneousness of (*ac.*). **ava**, come down from (*ab*); *cs.* employ. **â**, approach (*ac.*); frequent; have recourse to (*ac.*); use, employ; behave, act; treat; associate with (*âsha*); set about, perform, practise, follow, do; proceed to (*inf*); sanction, prescribe (*gr.*). **adhi-â**, use, occupy (*seat*). **sam-â**, proceed, act (towards, *lc.*); associate with (*in*); perform, observe, practise (towards, *lc.*); engage in (*quarrels*); gain (*livelihood*); **durât**—, remove far away. **ud**, rise (*win*); sound, utter, pronounce (*ex id.*); void excrement. **prad**, *cs. pp.* **prôkharita**, emitting sounds. **upa**, approach; serve, wait on; honour, worship; tend, groom; undertake; treat (*medically*); designate figuratively; *ps.* be employed or ascribed metaphorically (*to, lc.*). **nis**, come forth, appear, proceed. **vi-nis**, proceed in all directions. **para**, go away. **pari**, go round (*ac.*); serve, attend. **pra**, come forth; reach (*ac.*); set about, perform; follow (*occupations*); treat patients, proceed, act. **vi**, move in different directions, spread, be diffused; move actively, sally forth, make an attack; rove; wander about in, traverse (*ac.*); proceed, act, live; go astray, be dissolute; practise, perform; *cs.* cause to go hither and thither; seduce; ponder, consider; hesitate, doubt, ascertain, decide. *pp.* doubtful; certain. **anu-vi**, walk through. **pra-vi**, advance; wander about, *ex.* ponder or examine duly. **sam**, come together, join; wander about, walk; run (*road*); reach to (**â**); enter, traverse, infest; move, live; pass over to (*g.*); *cs.* set in motion, let go; lead about; transfer, deliver. **anu-sam**, follow, go along. **abhi-sam**, come together to (*ac.*). **upa-sam**, enter.

चर् kar-a, *a.* movable, moving; *N.* animal (*opp. plant*); -°, going, wandering, walking; acting, living; practising; *m.* spy; **â**, *f.* life.

चर्क kâra-ka, *m.* wanderer; wandering Brâhman pupil; spy; *N.* of an ancient physician; -**pl. N. of a school of the black Yagur-veda; -**âdhvaryu**, *m.* priest of the Kârakas.**

चरख kâr-ana, *m. n.* foot; Vedic school; *n.* wandering; course; procedure; ritual observance; (good) conduct; practice, performance.

चरणक karana-ka, *n.* little foot; -**granthi**, *m.* ankle; -**nyâsa**, *m.* footstep, tread; foot-print; -**ratana**, *n.* prostration at the feet; -**pâta**, *n.* kick; prostration; -**prishtha**, *m.* instep; -**prashra**, *m.* extension of the legs;

-**bhaṅga**, *m.* fracture of the leg; -**mâlâ**, *n.* root of the foot; **â** **xi-pat**, fall down at the feet; -**vyâha**, *m. T.* of a work (description of the Vedic schools); -**ânati**, *f.* bowing at the feet, prostration.

चरख kârâ-tha, *a.* moving; *n.* life, activity.

चरदेव kara-deva, *m. N.*

चरम kara-mâ, *a.* last; outermost; lowest; western: -**m**, *ad.* last; in the end; after (*g.*); (**â**)-**vayas**, *a.* aged; -**âkala**, *m.* western (sun-set) mountain.

चराचर I. kârâ-karâ, *a.* moving, running; 2. **kara-âkara**, *a.* moving and stationary; *n.* animals and plants, the whole world.

चरित kar-itâ, *pp.*; *n.* going, walking; way; procedure, behaviour, conduct, doings.

चरितपूर्व kar-itâ-pûrva, *a.* performed before, -**maya**, *a.* (*i*) containing the deeds of (-°).

चरितवे kâr-i-tave, *d. inf.* to go, to move.

चरितव्य kar-i-tavya, *fp.* to be practised or performed. [*his vow*]

चरितव्रत karita-vrata, *a.* having fulfilled

चरितार्थ karitârtha, *a.* having obtained one's object; successful; satisfied; -**tâ**, *f.* attainment of one's object, satisfaction; -**tva**, *n.* accomplishment.

चरितार्थय karitârtha-ya, *den. P.* cause any one (*ac.*) to attain his object, satisfy.

चरित्र kar-i-tra, *n.* foot, leg; going; ancient custom, usage; conduct, doings. -**bandhaka**, *m. n.* confidential pledge; -**vat**, *a.* having already performed (*a sacrifice*).

चरिष्यु kar-i-shû, *a.* moving; unsteady, roaming; belonging to the animal world.

चर kar-û, *m.* caldron, pot. oblation (*of grain boiled in milk, butter, or water*).

चर्छित kar-kri-ti, *f.* praise; -**kritya**, *a.* praise-worthy, renowned.

चर्छे kâr-kri-she, *3 sg. pr. Â.* intr. *of* √2. *kri* with *art.* and *ps. sense*.

चर्च KARK, *cs.* **kârsha**, *P.* repeat (*a word in Vedic recitation, esp. with insertion of it*); *pp.* **karikta**, repeated; -°, covered with; bearing marks of. **vi**, *pp.* applied (*ointment*) to (*lc.*).

चर्चन kark-ana, *n.* repetition of a word.

चर्चरिका kar-kar-ikâ, *f.* kind of gesture (*on the stage*).

चर्चरी kar-kar-i, *f.* kind of song.

चर्चौ kark-â, *f.* repetition of a word (*esp. with it*); coating (*of ointment*); care, trouble about, attention to, meddling with (-° or *g.*); speaking about (-°); discussion; -**pâda**, *n. pl.* words repeated with the insertion of *it*.

चर्चित kark-ita, *pp. n.* coating (*of ointment*).

चर्पट karpata, *a.* flat; flattened.

चर्म karma, ° = **karman**; -**kâra**, *m.* shoe-maker (*a mixed caste*); -**kârin**, *m. id.*; -**kâr-ya**, *n.* working in leather; -**krî**, *m.* shoe-maker; -**khandu**, *n.* piece of skin; -**ga**, *a.* made of leather, leathern.

चर्मख karmān-ya, *n.* article of leather.

चर्मन kâr-man, *n.* [that which spreads out]. hide, skin; shield.

चर्मपटु karma-patta, *m.* strap; -**bandha**, *m.*

leather strap; -**bhastrikā**, *f.* leather pouch; -**mayā**, *a.* (i) leathern; -**ratna**, *n.* treasure of a = magic purse; -**bhastrikā**, *f.* *id.*

वर्मावकर्ति karmāvakartin, *m.* leather-cutter, shoemaker; -**avakarti**, *m.* *id.*

वर्मिन् karm-in, *a.* covered with a hide; armed with a shield; *m.* shield-bearer.

वर्च kar-ya, *fp.* to be practised; **ā**, *f.* rooming; procedure, conduct; observance, performance or practice of, occupation with (-, in).

चर्व KARV, *cs.* karvaya, gnaw at, chew; taste; *pp.* karvita.

चर्वण karv-ana, *n.* chewing; tasting; **ā**, *f.* *id.*

चर्वणि kar-sh-an, *a.* moving, flowing; active, busy; *f.* *pl.* men, folk, people (-, generally i).

चर्वणी karshani, *f.* unfaithful wife; -**dhriti**, *a.* protecting men; -**dhriti**, *f.* protection of men; -**sāb**, *a.* ruling men.

चल KAL, I. P. (Ā) **kala**, move, sway, shake, trouble, quiver; move on, advance, go away, depart; be spread abroad (*news*); walk about; become agitated, disturbed, confused, or impaired; waver; swerve from (*ab.*); *pp.* **kālita**; *cs.* **kālaya**, set in motion, stir, shake, cause to tremble; trouble, agitate; divert from (*ab.*); **kālaya**, drive away, shake; invalidate (*a* proposition); nudge; trouble, agitate, **nd**, depart, set out; rise from *a* seat (*ab.*); **pra nd**, set out **sam-nd**, start up together; set out together **pra**, become agitated, tremble, quake; stir, advance, rise (*and*); spring up *from a seat*; set out, depart, diverge from (*ab.*); *cs.* **kālaya**, move; **kālaya**, stir up, **vi**, waver, move, stir, advance, fall off or down, be agitated, disturbed, or impaired; swerve from (*ab.*); *cs.* **kālaya**, agitate; transgress (*law*); call in question, rescind. **pra-vi**, swerve from (*ab.*); **sam**, tremble, quake, depart; *cs.* **kālaya**, set in motion; drive away.

चल kal-a, *a.* moving, trembling; unsteady, wavering, waging; fluttering, rippling; **kālita**, *n.* mutable temper, fickleness, *a.* fickle; **-tā**, *f.* fickleness; goldiness; **-ta**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* tremor, unsteadiness.

चलन kal-ana, *a.* moving, unsteady; walking; dissolute, *n.* tremor, unsteadiness, motion; activity, function; agitation, deviation from (*ab.*).

चलनिकेत kala-niketa, *a.* having a transitory abode; -**prakṛiti**, *a.* giddy, fickle; -**svabhāva**, *a.* of inconstant nature.

चला kal-ā, *f.* goddess of fortune.

चलाचल kalā-kūla, *a.* moving to and fro, unsteady; inconstant.

चलात्मान kala ātman, *a.* fickle.

चलित kal-ita, *pp.* *n.* moving to and fro.

चलितव्य kal-i-tavya, *fp.* one must move on.

चलुक kaluka, *m.* (?) mouthful of water.

चलौर्मि kala ūrmi, *a.* rippling.

चविक kav-ika, *n.* kind of pepper; -**āṣṭā**, *f.*, **-i**, *f.*, **-ya**, *n.*, **-ya**, *f.* *id.*

चषक kash-aka, *m.* (?) drinking vessel, goblet

चषाक kash-āla, *m.* *n.* knob of a sacrificial post.

चाक्रिक kākr-ika, *m.* carter; potter; oil-grinder; bell-man; partisan, accomplice.

चाक्षुष kākshushā, *a.* (i) peculiar to or arising

from the eye; perceptible by the eye; *m.* *pat.* of the sixth Manu; **-ā**, *sva*, *n.* perceptibility by the eye.

चापरि kākari, *m.* *N.* of a wrestler.

चाषक kāṣṭka-ya, *n.* fickleness, inconstancy.

चाष kāṣṭha-*n.* celebrity.

चाट kātu, *m.* cheat, rogue.

चाटिका kātāhikā, *f.* *N.* of a locality.

चाटु kātu, *m.* *n.* coaxing, blandishment, courteous act, pretty speech; *a.* agreeable; **-ka**, *m.* *id.*; **-kāra**, *m.* flatterer; **q** artham, for the sake of doing a kindness.

चाणक्य kāmka-ya, *a.* made of chick-peas; *m.* *pat.* from Kanaka; *N.* of Kāndragupta's minister. [Krishna]

चाणूर kāṇūra, *m.* *N.* of a wrestler slain by

चाण्डाल kāṇḍālā, *m.* = *kandālā*; *a.* (i) peculiar to the Kāṇḍalas.

चातक kātaka, *m.* *i.* *f.* kind of cuckoo (supposed to live on drops of rain only).

चातन kāt-ana, *cs.* *a.* driving away (-).

चातु kātura, *a.* flattering; guiding, ruling; *i.* *f.* cleverness, dexterity, charm.

चातुर्थ kātūrtha, *a.* discussed in the fourth (*chapter*); **-ka**, *a.* occurring every fourth day (*fever*); **-āhnikā**, *a.* belonging to the fourth day. [divided into four parts.]

चातुर्धाकारणिक kātūrthā-kāraṇika, *a.* di-

चातुर्मासी kātūr-māsi, *f.* day of full moon at the four-monthly sacrifices; **-māsya**, *a.* period of four months; sacrifice to be observed every four months at the beginning of the three seasons.

चातुर्य kātūr-ya, *n.* skill, dexterity; charm

चातुर्वर्ष्य kātūr-varṣya, *n.* the four castes **-vīmśika**, *a.* belonging to the 24th day, **-vidya**, *a.* versed in the four Vedas; *n.* the four Vedas; **-vaidya**, *a.* versed in the four Vedas; **-hotra**, *a.* performed by the four principal priests; *n.* sacrifice performed by the four principal priests.

चातुष्पथ kātush-putha, *a.* being at a place where four roads meet; **-prāyā**, *a.* sufficient to feed four.

चात्र kāt-tra, *n.* spindle (*esp.* that in which is fixed the drill *pramantha*, for producing the sacred fire by means of a cord wound round it and rapidly worked backwards and forwards).

चावला kāvāla, *m.* *n.* trench supplying the earth for the northern altar **-vat**, *a.* in which *sacrifices* a kāvāla is dug

चानम् k-āna-s, the *pl.* suffix **-āna**.

चान्द्र kāṇḍana, *a.* (i) made of sandal-wood.

चांद्र kāṇḍra, *a.* (i) lunar; **-ka**, **-ma**, **-masa**, *i.* *a.* *id.*; **-vratika**, *a.* having the character of the moon.

चांद्रायण kāṇḍra ayana, *m.* observer of the moon's course; *n.* moon-course penance in which the number of mouthfuls eaten decreases by one daily from fifteen at full moon to none at new moon, after which it increases similarly; it may be given either at new or at full moon; **-vratā**, *n.* *id.*

चाप kāp-a, *m.* *n.* bow (weapon) **-gana**, *m.* bowstring; **-yashā**, *f.* *id.*

चापल kāpal-a, *n.* speed; unsteadiness, inconstancy, frivolity, rashness, indiscretion (with regard to, -); **-ya**, *n.* *id.*

चापसता kāpa-latā, *f.* bowstring; **-lekha**, *f.* *N.*; **-veda**, *m.* archery; **-adhīropana**, *n.* stringing or drawing a bow; **-āropana**, *n.* *id.*

चापिण kāp-in, *a.* armed with a bow.

चामर kāmara, *a.* relating to the yak (*hos grunniens*); *n.* tail of the yak, used as a fly-whisk, also as an ornament on the heads of horses and elephants, one of the insignia of royalty; **-grāhīnī**, *f.* female whisk-bearer

चामीकर kāmī-kara, *n.* gold; **-maya**, *a.* (i) golden; **-śāla**, *m.* *cp.* of Meru, **-śāri**, *m.* *id.*

चामीकरीय kāmīkar-īya, *a.* golden.

चामुण्ड kāmunda, *m.* *N.* of an author; **ā**, *f.* a form of Durgā.

चाम्येय kāmip-ēya, *m.* prince of Kāmpā.

चाय KĀY, I. kāya, be shy (of, ac.); **Ā**, be reverent; perceive, recognise, **ni**, worship; perceive.

चायनीय kāy-āniya, *fp.* perceptible.

चार kār-a, *m.* *spy*, motion, course; action, behaviour, occupation as **-ka**, *a.* acting, proceeding; *m.* *spy*, prison, **-kākshas**, *n.* *spy* for an eye; *a.* using spies for eyes

चारण kārāna, *a.* connected with the school, belonging to the same school; *m.* strolling player; celestial musician, *spy*; cattle-driving

-tva, *n.* condition of a strolling player; **-ekamaya**, *a.* consisting of strolling players only

चारुषुष kārā-putusha, *m.* *spy*; **-bha**, *m.* soldier, **-adhīkārīn**, *m.* *spy*.

चारिका kār-ikā, *f.* servant-girl (-).

चारिताथ kārītāth-ya, *n.* attainment of one's object. [virtue, good conduct, virtue]

चारित्र kārītra, *n.* course of action, beha-

चारित्रिन् kārītri-n, *a.* well-conducted, **-ya**, *n.* kārītra.

चारिण kār-in, *a.* movable; -, moving going, roaming, abiding or living, in, acting performing; *m.* foot soldier, *spy*

चास् kār-a, *a.* agreeable, welcome, pleasing, dear, fair, lovely, *n.* *ad.* **-giti**, *f.* a metre; **-tā**, *f.* popularity; beauty; **-datta**, *m.* *N.* of a Brahman, **-danta**, *m.* *N.* of a merchant's son; **-darśanā**, *f.* fairwoman; **-netra**, *a.* fair-eyed, **-mati**, *m.* *N.* of a parrot, **-rūpa**, *a.* of fan form; **-lokaṇa**, *a.* fan-evel, **-veni**, *f.* fan blade, *N.* of a river, **-abha-bhaṅga-vat**, *a.* rich in lovely faltering and in charming expressions speech; **-hāsin**, *a.* laughing sweetly; **-ā**, *f.* a metre.

चारिष्य kārīkshama, *a.* hyg. spies for eyes

चारिक्य *kārīk-ya, *n.* amounting the body

चार्मिक kārmi-ika, *a.* leathern. [spying]

चार्य kār-ya, *m.* son of an outcast Vaisya; *n.*

चार्वाक kārvaṇa, *m.* *N.* of a materialistic and heterodox philosopher; materialist

चाल kāl-a, *m.* shaking, looseness (of the teeth); **-aka**, *m.* obstinate person; **-ana**, *n.* moving, wagging, motion, shaking, loosening, *i.* *f.* move; strainer; **-ya**, *fp.* to be moved; to be diverted.

चाय kāsha, *n.* blue jay (*coracias indica*).

चि 1. K.I. Vi. ki-nō, arrange, pile; build up, *esp.* the sacrificial altar *P.* if done by the priest, **Ā**, by the sacrificer himself; gather, collect; acquire, gain; bestow, cover with (*in* *pp.* **kita**, covered, strewn, or studded with *an*, -), *pp.* increase, thrive; *des.* ki-

kisha, wish to accumulate or acquire. **anu**, pp. beset all along with branches (in.). **apa**, gather; *ps.* diminish, grow less, lose (*ah.*); *pp.* attenuated, thin. **ava**, gather (*from, 2 ac.). **ā**, heap up, accumulate; cover or load with (in.); *pp.* covered, strewn; studded or laden with (in., -°). **sam-ā**, gather together, heap up; cover, load. **ud**, gather. **abhi ud**, comprehend (in.); go on to discuss. **sam-ud**, arrange; add; gather. **upa**, heap up, accumulate; augment; *ps.* grow, increase; be enriched, profit; *pp.* increased, enlarged, augmented; abundant; stout; prosperous; covered, loaded or provided with (in., -°). **sam-upa**, heap up, collect; *ps.* increase; grow up; *pp.* abundant. **ni**, *pp.* heaped up; erected; covered, studded, or filled with (in., -°). **pāri**, pile up; collect; acquire; *ps.* grow, increase; *pp.* gained, acquired; filled with (in.). **pra**, gather; *ps.* increase; *pp.* covered or filled with (in., -°). **vi**, pick out, select, cull; divide; part (hair); distribute (boaty). **sam**, pile up; arrange; collect, accumulate, acquire; *pp.* filled or provided with (-°).

चि 2. K1, III. P. **kikṛti** (I°); V. P. **Ā**. **ki-mō**, perceive, observe; look for; search through (*ac.*); for (*ac.*). **ni**, notice, observe. **nis**, ascertain; decide; determine, fix; resolve; consider certain; *pp.* having made up his mind, resolved to (in., *lc.*, -°); certain, decided, settled. **-m**, *ad.* certainly. **vi-nis**, ponder; decide definitely; take a final resolution; *pp.* quite certain, well settled. **-m**, *ad.* most certainly or assuredly. **pāri**, search through; find out, ascertain, recognise; become acquainted or familiarise oneself with; *ps.* be known; *pp.* known, familiar, accustomed; of frequent occurrence. **vi**, discern; discriminate, examine, search through; look for, seek; strive after. **pra-vi**, search through; *pp.* tested, tried. **sam**, reflect.

चि 3. K1, I. **Ā**. **kāya**, abhor, hate; avenge; punish, take vengeance on (*ac.*).

चिकारिषा ki-kart-i-shā, *f.* desire to cut off; **-ishu**, *a.* wishing to cut off.

चिकित् ki-kiṭ, *a.* knowing; slaining.

चिकित्स ki-kiṭ-vās, *pf. pt.* (✓*kit*) having noticed, observing, attentive; knowing, wise.

चिकित्स ki-kiṭ-su, *des. of* ✓*kit* (*q.r.*); **-saka**, *m.* physician; **-sana**, *n.* medical treatment; **-śā**, *f. ul.*; medical science; **-sita**, (*pp.*) *n. id.* (-°, *a. f.* ā); **-sya**, *pp.* curable.

चिकीर्ष ki-kir-sha, *des. of* ✓*kri*, do; **-shā**, *f.* desire to do or make, longing for (*q.*, -°); **-shita**, *n.* undertaking, purpose, intention; **-shu**, *a.* wishing to do, make, fashion, perform, or practise; desirous of (*ac.*, -°).

चिकुर kikura, *m.* hair of the head; hair.

चिकुण kikkana, *a.* smooth, slippery.

चिक्शिपस ki-kship-as, 2 *sg. aor. subj. of* ✓*kship*. [to go.]

चिक्शिपु ki-kar-i-shu, *des. a.* endeavouring

चिक्शिपु ki-kal-i-shu, *a.* about to start.

चिक्कि kikkikā, *m.* kind of bird.

चिक्कि ki-khakti, *f.* thinking power.

चिक् ki-ñ, the root 1. ki.

चिक्का kiñkā, *f.* tamarind (tree and fruit).

चिन्त 1. KIT, I. **leta**, (I°) perceive, observe, mark (*ac.*, *y.*); intend (*d.*); desire; understand, know; appear; *pf. kīkṛta*, has understood, known; *cs. kṛtaya*, P. **Ā**. **kīṭaya**, P.

remind (of, *d.*); instruct; notice, observe; attend; **Ā**. reflect, meditate; understand; remember, be conscious of (*ac.*); appear, be conspicuous, shine; *des. kīkṛta*, intend; provide for (*d.*); treat medically, cure; *cs. of des. kīkṛtaya*, cure; *intv. kīkṛti* to, appear, shine forth; *pt. kīkṛt-at*, *kīkṛt-āna*. **ā**, observe, mark; understand, know. **pra**, *cs.* make known; **Ā**. appear. **vi**, perceive; discern; comprehend; **Ā**. be visible, appear; *des.* doubt, be uncertain about; hesitate. **sam**, survey; perceive; agree, be at one.

चित् 2. *kit*, *f.* intellect, mind. [a pile.]

चित् 3. *ki-t*, *a.* piling (-°); piled, forming

चित *ki-ta*, *pp.* ✓*ki*; *n.* building; **-agni**, *m.* burning funeral pile; **-adhirohana**, *n.* ascending the funeral pile; **-anala**, *m.* burning funeral pile.

चिता ki-tā, (*pp.*) *f.* pile of wood, funeral pyre; **-dhūma**, *m.* smoke of the funeral pile.

चिति 1. *ki-ti*, *f.* pile; pyre; heap; multitude.

चिति 2. *kit-i*, *f.* understanding; intellect, mind.

चिन्तिका kiti-kā, *f.* pile of wood; funeral pyre; often -° (after a numeral) *a.* in the sense of layer.

चितेध kīta-gdha, *a.* relating to a funeral pile.

चित्कार kit-kāra = *kit-kāra*.

चित *kit-tā*, *pp.*; *n.* observation; thought; purpose, will; mind, heart, intellect, reason; *a.* thinking of (-°).

चिन्तखेद kitta-kheda, *m.* affliction, grief; **-kaura**, *m.* heart-stealer, lover; **-ga**, *m.* (heart-born), love; **-kūma**, *n.* **-ganman**, *m. id.*; **-gāna**, *a.* knowing the intentions or heart of (*q.*); having knowledge of human nature; **-nātha**, *m.* heart's lord, lover; **-nāsa**, *m.* loss of consciousness; **-nirvṛtti**, *f.* peace of mind; **-pramāthina**, *a.* disturbing the mind; **-bheda**, *m.* depression of mind; **-bhrama**, *m.* mental confusion; **-bhṛānti**, *f.* **-moha**, *m. id.*; **-yoṇi**, *m.* (having its origin in the mind), love; **-raḡana**, *n.* gladdening of hearts; **-vat**, *a.* rational, sensible, wise; **-vikāra**, *m.* mental derangement; **-viplava**, *m. id.* *mudness*; **-vilesha**, *m.* alienation of hearts; breach of friendship with (in.); **-vṛitti**, *f.* mental disposition, sentiments, feeling; train of thought; frame of mind, mental process; **-hārina**, *a.* ravishing.

चिन्ताकर्षण kitta ākarṣaṇa, *n.* winning of the heart; **-ākarṣina**, *a.* charming the heart; **-ānuvartin**, *a.* gratifying (*q.*, -°); **-ānuvṛitti**, *f.* gratification.

चिति *kit-ti*, *f.* thought; understanding; insight; intent.

चित्तर kitt-in, *a.* wise, intelligent.

चित *ki-tya*, *a.* that is piled or built up; *m.* (*ac.* *agni*) fire placed on a layer or pile; **ā**, *f.* piling, building up (*of an altar*).

चित *kit-rā*, *a.* manifest, visible, distinguished, clear, bright; distinct, audible (*sound*); variegated, speckled, dappled; various, manifold; qualified with torture (*punishment*); wonderful; *n.* bright-coloured object, glittering ornament; jewel; picture; surprising phenomenon, wonder.

चिक्क *kitra-ka*, *m.* small hunting leopard (*'cheeta*); *n.* mark (-°, *a.* characterised by); picture, painting; **-kara**, *m.* painter (*a mixed caste*); **-karmaṇ**, *n.* painting; picture; adorn-

ment (*Pr.*); **-kāta**, *m.* hill of pleasure; (*Bright-peak*), *N. of a mountain* (*m. Bunde-kund, now Kitrakote*); *N. of a town*; **-krit**, *m.* painter; **-kritya**, *n.* painting; **-ga**, *a.*, **-gata**, *pp.* (belonging to a picture), painted; **-gupta**, *m.* *N. of a recorder of human actions in Yama's realm*; **-grīha**, *n.* apartment adorned with pictures; **-grāva**, *a.* stony; **-griva**, *m.* Spotted-neck, *N. of a pigeon king*; **-nyasta**, *pp.* put on canvas, painted; **-paksha**, *m.* (spotted-wing), *kind of pigeon*; *N. of a demon causing headache*; **-pala**, *m.* picture; **-pāta**, *m. id.*; **-gata**, *pp.* painted; **-putrikā**, *f.* female portrait; **-phalaka**, *m.* picture-panel, painting; (**ā**) **-bhāna**, *a.* shining brightly; *m.* fire, Agni; **-bhāshya**, *n.* eloquence; **-bhitti**, *f.* painted wall, wall-painting; **-mṛiga**, *m.* spotted antelope.

चिक्च *kitra-ya*, *den.* P. variegated, decorate, adorn; *pp.* *kitritra*, variegated, embellished, painted. **ud**, *pp.* richly decked or provided with (in.).

चिक्च *kitrā-ratha*, *a.* having a brilliant car; *m. N.*; **-likhana**, *n.* painting; **-likhita**, *pp.* painted; **-lekha**, *f.* picture; *N.*; **-vat**, *a.* adorned with pictures, painted; **-vana**, *n.* (variegated wood), *N. of a forest on the Ganaki*; **-varti**, *f.* paint-brush; **-varti-kā**, *f. id.*; **-varman**, *m. N. of a son of Dhritardashtra*.

चिक्चाला *kitra-sālā*, *f.* picture-room; **-sālīka**, *f. id.* (*Pr.*); **-śikhaṇḍin**, *m. pl.* (having shining locks), *ep. of the seven sages* (Mariki, Atri, Angiras, Pulastya, Pulaha, Kratu, and Vasishtha); the Great Bear; **-sarvastama**, *ep.* worthy of the loudest praise; (**ā**) **-sena**, *a.* bright-speared; *m. N.*; **-stha**, *a.* represented in a picture, painted; **-sthaia**, *n. N. of a garden*.

चिक्का *kitra āṅga*, *m.* Dapple-body, *N. of a deer and of a dog*; *ā. f. N. of a courtesan*; **-āṅgada**, *a.* adorned with brilliant bracelets; *m. N. of a fairy, of a Gauharna, and of a recorder of human actions in Yama's realm*; **-sana**, *n.* rice coloured by the addition of ingredients; (**ā**) **-magha**, *a.* having splendid gifts; **-ārambha**, *a.* painted; **-arpita**, *pp. id.*; **-ārambha**, *a. id.*

चिक्च *kitr-ita*, *pp. of* *kitraya*.

चिक्च *kitr-itya*, *a.* distinguished; *m. N.*

चिक्च *kitri-kri*, turn into a picture.

चिक्च *kitri-ya*, *den.* **Ā**. be astonished; cause astonishment.

चिक्च *kitri-yā*, *f.* astonishment.

चिक्च *kitra-ya*, *a.* sparkling.

चिद् *ki-d*, *enc. pcl.* [*n. of interrogative, Lat. -quid*] in *V.* emphasizing preceding word (but often to be rendered by stress merely), even, just, very, at least; generalizing nouns, every, all, and *esp. pns. and cjs.* - ever, all: with *neg.* not even; in *C.* it is used only with interrogatives (and *gātu*), rendering them indefinite.

चिदात्म *kid-ātman*, *m.* the thinking soul, pure intellect; **-ānanda-maya**, *a.* consisting of intellect and joy.

चिन्त KINT, X. P. (**Ā**). **kintaya**, think, reflect; think of (*ac.*, *E.* also *d.*, *lc.*, or *prati*); regard, observe, pay attention to (with *na*, disregard); devise; treat of, discuss; bethink oneself; consider (with 2 *ac.*); *irreg. pr. pt.* **Ā**. **kintayāna**. **anu**, recall, remember; think of, reflect on (*ac.*), ponder. **pāri**, consider duly; reflect; think of (*ac.*); devise. **pra**, think of, reflect on, contemplate;

devise. **prati**, consider anew; remember. **vi**, discern; reflect; think of (ac.); consider, regard, mind; devise. **sam**, reflect, ponder; duly consider or think of (ac.).

विक्रम kint-aka, *a.* thinking of, caring for, superintending, familiar with (-°); **-asa**, *n.* thinking of, reflecting on, care for (*g.* -°); **-cares**, troubles; **-anaya**, *sp.* to be thought of or devised; **-ari-tarya**, *sp.* to be thought of or remembered.

विक्रा kint-ā, *f.* thought, reflection, consideration; uneasiness, apprehension; solicitude regarding (*lc.* or -°); anxiety about (*g.* *lc.* or upari); **N.**: **-para**, *a.* engrossed by (sad) reflections, thoughtful; **-masi**, *m.* magical thought-gem / fulfilling its possessor's every wish; philosopher's stone; *T.* of various works, esp.; **-moḥa**, *m.* bewilderment of thought; **-visha-gṇa**, *a.* destroying the poison of care.

विक्रित kint-ita, *pp.* √kint: *n.* thought; purpose; **-apenata**, *pp.* appearing as soon as thought of; **-upasthita**, *pp.* id.

विक्र्य kint-ya, *sp.* to be thought of; still to be considered, doubtful, questionable.

विक्रय kin-maya, *a.* intellectual; **-mātra**, *a.* pure intelligence.

विपट kipiṭa, *a.* blunt, flattened, flat; **-ghāṇa**, **-nāsa**, *a.* flat-nosed; **-nāśka**, *a.* id.

विपटीक kipiṭi-kṛī, *flatten.*

विबुक kibuka, *n.* chin.

विर ki-rā, *a.* long (time): of long standing; old (frused); belonging to the olden time; **-m**, *ad.* long, for a long time; slowly; long ago; too long; **-m kri**, be long, delay; **-in**, *d.* *ab*, *g.* *lc.* after a long time; for a long time, long; *d.* *ab*, *g.* *at* last, too late; only now; *n.* delay.

विरकार kira-kāra, *a.* slow, tardy; dilatory; **-kār-i**, **-kār-in**, *a.* id. **i-ta**, *f.* **i-tva**, *n.* tardiness, dilatoriness; **-kāla**, *a.* belonging to the olden time; *m.* long time; **-m**, *°*, for a long time; *ab.* after a long time; on account of the long interval; **-kṛita**, *pp.* long practised; **-jivita**, *a.* long-lived; *m.* *N.* of a crown; **-dātri**, *m.* *N.* of a prince; **-nirvāhya**, *sp.* taking a long time to carry out.

विराणी kirāṇī, *f.* female still living in her father's house.

विराज kiran-tana, *a.* old, ancient.

विरापुर kira-pura, *n.* *N.* of a town; **-pravaśin**, *a.* long absent from home; **-pravṛita**, *pp.* of long standing; **-oṣha panthāā**, this is an old story; **-bhāvin**, *a.* being far off in time; **-mitra**, *n.* old friend; **-mokṣana**, *n.* *N.* of a Tirtha. [tarry.]

विरय kira-ya, *den.* (Ā. rare) be long, delay.

विराया kira-rātra, *m.* (?) long time; *d.* after a long time, at length; **-viraha-ga**, *a.* arising from long separation; **-velā**, *f.* late time of day; *in.* at so late an hour; **-sam-kita**, *pp.* long accumulated; **-sthita**, *pp.* having stood for a long time.

विराय kirā-ya, *den.* be long, tarry; *pp.* **kirāyita**, tarrying long.

विरायुष kira āyusha, *a.* granting long life; **-āyushya**, *a.* destined to live long; **-tā**, *f.* *abst.* *n.*; **-āyus**, *a.* long-lived.

विरि kiri, *m.* parrot. [home.]

विरोषित kira yushita, *pp.* long absent from

विर्मिटिका kirbbat-ikā, *f.* kind of cucumber; **-i**, *f.* id.

विर्मिट kirbhita, *n.*, *ā.* *f.* id.

विक्रि kiilli, *m.* a certain bird of prey; *f.* (also *i*) kind of vegetable.

विह ki-hn-a, *n.* [√khan] mark, sign, token, indication, attribute; **-**, *a.* marked or characterised by; **-ka**, *n.* jot, title.

विहय kihna-ya, *den.* *P.* mark; *pp.* **kihata**, marked; symbolized; **pari**, *id.*: *pp.* signed.

वीकार kit-kāra, *m.* noise; braying; **-vat**, *a.* accompanied with noise; **-kṛita**, (*pp.*) *n.* = *kitkara*; **-kṛiti**, *f.* rattle, clatter.

वीन kina, *m.* *pl.* the Chinese; **-piṣṭa**, *n.* vermilion; **-maya**, *a.* consisting of vermillion; **-amsuka**, *n.* silk cloth.

वीर kīra, *n.* strip of bark or cloth; rag; *m.* cricket; *i.* *f.* id.; **-khan/a**, *m.* rag; **-mol-ana**, *n.* *N.* of a Tirtha; **-vasana**, **-vāsas**, *a.* clothed in bark or rags.

वीरिका kir-ikā, *f.* written proclamation.

वीरि kir-in, *a.* clothed in bark or rags.

वीरी kiri, *m.* cricket; **-vāka**, *m.* id.

वीर्य kirya, *pp.* of √kar **-vrata**, *a.* having performed his vow.

वीवर ki-vara, *m.* iron-file; *n.* mendicant's garment (esp. of a Buddhist).

वुक् kukra, *m.* *n.* (2) fruit vinegar (made esp. from the tamarind); sorrel.

वुसमयिषु ku-kshobh-ay-ishu, *es.* *des.* *a.* wishing to cause to waver.

वुवु kuklu, *m.* *f.* kind of vegetable; *ā.* *f.* id.

वुवु kuḷku, *a.* renowned; accustomed to (-); *m.* *N.* of a mixed caste.

वुट KUT, *es.* *hotaya*, *ā.* scratch.

वुष्टी kunti, *f.* well.

वुट KUD, *I.* *koda*, urge on, bring quickly, hasten; *ā.* make haste, *es.* *kodaya*, *P.* (Ā. rare) urge on, impel; cast the eye on (*lc.*); assist in, help to (*d.*); excite, stimulate, demand; require, prescribe; determine, impel, object; **abhi**, *es.* urge, stimulate, impel, order; **pari**, *es.* urge; encourage; invite; **pra**, *es.* urge, impel; command, require, ask, proclaim; *pp.* **kodita**, discharged arrows; **sam**, *es.* impel, urge, stimulate; invite.

वुप् KUP, *I.* *P.* *kopa*, move, stir (*int.*).

वुवुक kubuka, *n.* chin; apex of an altar; **-daghna**, *a.* reaching to the chin.

वुवु KUMB, *I.* *P.* *kumbā*, kiss; touch immediately; *es.* *kumbaya*, cause to kiss, *ad.* lift up and kiss; **pari**, kiss; be in close contact with (ac.)

वुवुममयि kumb-aka-mani, *m.* magnet.

वुवुम kumb-ana, *n.* kissing; kiss; **-ta**, *a.* in immediate contact with (-).

वु KUR, *X.* *koraya*, steal, appropriate; steal from (ac.); *pp.* *korita*.

वुरादि kur-ādi, *m.* *pl.* list of verbs of the tenth class beginning with kur.

वुवुरध्वनि kurkura-dhvani, *m.* sound of gnashing (the teeth); **-abāda**, *m.* id.

वुवुक kuluka, *m.* *n.* hollowed hand; hand-ful, mouthful. [hollowed hand]

वुवुकय kuluka-ya, *den.* *P.* swallow from the

वुवुकी kuluki-kri, *id.*

वुलुम्प KULUMP, *I.* *P.* *kalumpa*, with *ad.*, suck up.

वुल kulla, *a.* blow-eyed.

वुली kulli, *f.* hearth, fire-place; threefold hall (looking towards N., E. and W.).

वुलु lūlu-ka, *a.* stammering; *n.* nipple.

वुल kūda, *m.* ridge (on bricks); ceremony of tonsure (performed on children); *ā.* *f.* hair on the crown; tuft of hair left on the crown after the ceremony of tonsure; ceremony of tonsure; crest, summit; **-ā-ka**, **-kāda**, *tonsure*.

वुलकर kūdā-karava, *n.* ceremony of tonsure; **-karava**, *n.* of a beggar; **-karava**, *n.* ceremony of tonsure; **-pāsa**, *m.* thick locks on the crown; **-masi**, *m.* crest-jewel; **-**, jewel or pearl among; *N.*; *T.* of various works; **-ratna**, *n.* crest-jewel.

वुल kūdā-la, *a.* having a single tuft on the crown; **-vana**, *n.* forest-crest, *N.* of a mountain.

वुल kūta, *m.* mango-tree; **-maṇipari**, *f.* *N.* of a fairy; **-latikā**, *f.* *N.*; **-ara**, *m.* mango arrow (of Kīna).

वुल KUR, *X.* *P.* *kūraya*, steal.

वुल kūrn, *m.* kind of worm.

वुल kūrn-ā, *pp.* (√kur) pulverised, fine; *m.* *n.* flour, meal; aromatic or medicinal powder; **-kuntala**, *n.* lock of hair; **-tā**, *f.* pulverised condition.

वुल kūrn-ana, *n.* crushing, pounding.

वुल kūrn-pada, *n.* forward and back ward movement performed with varying speed.

वुल kūrn-ya, *den.* *P.* pulverise, crush, smash. **vi** and **sam**, *id.*: *pp.* **kūrnita**.

वुली kūrn-kri, *id.* **-karava**, *n.* pulverisation; **-bāḍa**, *turn* to dust, melt away.

वुल kūln-ka, *tuft* of hair (° *a.*), *ikā*, *f.* cock's comb; apex, summit.

वुल kūl-in, *a.* having a crest.

वुल KUSH, *ps.* boil; fester; *es.* *kūshaya*, *P.* suck up. **nis**, *es.* suck out.

वुल kūsh-ana, *n.* sucking, taking (of a teck); **-ya**, *sp.* to be sucked.

वुल KUT, *VI.* *P.* *kṛita*, fasten together **pra** and **vi**, loosen, untie, set free; *pp.* *kṛita*.

विक्रितान ki-kit-āna, *inf.* *pl.* (√kit) appear.

विक्रि kek-ket, *ij.* down! (*said to dogs.*)

विक keti, *m.* *i.* *f.* servant, slave.

विक keti-ka, *m.* *ikā*, *f.* servant, slave.

विक ket-ana, *a.* (2) manifest, distinguished sentiment, animate, conscious; *m.* intelligent being; *n.* perception, appearance; *ā.* *f.* consciousness, intelligence, mind.

विक ketana-tā, *f.* **-et**, *ta*, *n.* sentence, consciousness. [*m.* conscious being.]

विक ket-ayi-tri, *a.* having perception;

विक ket-ana, *n.* aspect; brilliance; consciousness; intellect; senses; mind; heart; will.

विक ket-i-ishtha, *pp.* (of *istha*) exceedingly bright.

वेतोमू keto-bhū, *m.* love; Kāma; -**mukha**, *a.* whose mouth is understanding; -**vikāra**, *m.* mental derangement.

वेदु kaḍi, *pl.* (never *hrg.* sentence or half-verse) and (T.); when (T.); also, even, with *api* (E.); if (the apodosis commonly has *tad*, *tatas*, *tadā*, *tārhi*, or *atha*); **atha** *ked*, but if; **na** or **no** *ked*, if not, elliptical = if it were not so, otherwise; **ken** *na*, if -, not (apodosis); **iti** *ken* *na*, if this is objected, it is not so.

वेदि kedī, *m. pl. N. of a people in Bundelkand*; -**pati**, *m.* king of Kedi; -**rāja**, *m. id.*

वेद्य le-ya, *fp.* to be piled or accumulated.

वेक्ष kela, *m.* garment; raiment; -**ka**, *m.* a good-for-nothing (-); -**śaka**, *m.* clothes-moth.

वेष्ट KESHT. 1. **keshā**, *move the limbs*, kick, struggle; bestir oneself, be busy; act, do; frequent: *pp.* -**ita**; *cs.* **keshāya**, *set in motion, impel to action*. **ati**, *exert oneself overmuch*. **ā**, *do, perform*. **pari**, *welter; wander about*. **vi**, *struggle; bestir oneself, act, towards (le.); effect, produce; cs. act in motion; impel to action*. **pra-vi**, *wander about*. **sam**, *grow restless; proceed, act*.

वेष्ट keshit-*a*, *n.* motion, gesture; action; **ā**, *f. id.*; activity; performance; conduct, behaviour, doings, goings on; -**ana**, *n.* motion; performance; -**ita**, *pp.*; *n.* = **keshā**.

वेतन्य kaitan-ya, *n.* consciousness, intellect, mind, soul; *m. N. of a prophet born in 1484 A. D.*; -**āndra** *udaya*, *m. T. of a play* (moon-rise of Kaitanya).

वेत्त kaitta, *a.* belonging to the province of thought (Kitta), that which is thought; mental.

वेत्त kaitya, 1. *m.* individual soul; 2. *a.* relating to the funeral pile; *m. n.* tomb; temple, sacred memorial fig-tree; -**tara**, *m.* consecrated fig-tree; -**druma**, *m. id.*; -**ya** *gita*, *m.* sacrifice to a tomb; -**viksha**, *m.* consecrated fig-tree.

वेत्त kaitra, *m. N. of the second spring month* (March-April); *N.*; -**ratha**, *n.* (see *vana* *N. of Kuvēra's forest* laid out by Kaitra-ratha).

वेत्ति kaitri, *f.* day of full moon in the month Kaitra. [of Kedi (*resp.* Sisupāla)].

वेद्य kudya, *m. pat.* descendant of Kedi; prince

वेक्ष kailla, *m.* clothes-moth; *n.* cloth, garment. -**dhava**, *m.* washerman; -**śaka**, *m.* demon feeding on moths.

वोक्ष koka, *n.* kind of root.

वोक्ष koksha, *a.* clean, pure.

वोक्ष koka, *n.* kind of cinnamon bark.

वोड koda, *m.* ridge (on bricks); doublet: -**karna**, *m. N.*

वोद kōd-a, *m.* goad, whip; -**ā**, *a.* inspiring, stimulating; furthering: -**aka**, *a.* impelling; *m.* injunction, direction; invitation.

वोद kōd-ana, *a.* urging, impelling; *n.* **ā**, *f.* incitement, invitation; command; precept, prescription; -**ayi-tavya**, *cs. fp.* to be censured or criticised; -**ayitri**, *m.*, **tri**, *f.* inciter, stimulator, promoter; -**i-tri**, *m.* inciter, stimulator, promoter; -**ya**, *fp.* to be urged; - censured; - called in question; **na** *kōdya*, *not to be insisted on* = matter of course.

वोर kor-ā, *m.* thief; plagiarist; (a)-**ka**, *m.* thief; -**ayitavya**, *fp.* to be stolen.

वोरितक korita-ka, *n.* stolen object.

वोळ kola, *m.* jacket, doublet; *pl. N. of a people (inhabitants of the modern Tanjore)*; *sq.* prince of Kola; -**ka**, *m. pl.* the Kolas; -**maudala**, *n.* province of Kola, Koromandel coast.

वोष kosh-a, *a.* sucking (-); *m.* burning, parched feeling, feverishness; -**ana**, *n.* sucking; -**ya**, *fp.* to be sucked

वोष kauksha, **वोष** kaukshya, *a.* clean.

वोड kauda, *n.* ceremony of tonsure.

वोतपक्ष kauta-pallava, *a.* (i) peculiar to a mango twig.

वोर kaura, *m.* (i, f.) thief, robber; stealer of (-); usurper; -**karma**, *n.* thieving; -**dan-da-bhāṅ**, *a.* incurring the penalty of a thief; -**akha**, *a.* afraid of thieves or robbers; -**āsvi**, *f.* forest infested by robbers.

वोरिका kaur-ikā, *f.* stealer of (-); theft; stealth, fraud; *in.* behind the back of (g.).

वोरोधु kaura uddhartri, *m.* exterminator, i. e. detective, of thieves.

वोर्य kaur-ya, *n.* theft; stealth, defraudation, fraud; -**ka**, *n. id.*; -**bhaya**, *n.* fear owing to one's theft; -**rata**, *n.* stealthy enjoyment of love, adultery; -**vritti**, *a.* living by theft.

वोळ kaula, *n.* ceremony of tonsure.

व्यव kyāv-ana, *a.* moving (int.), shaking (tr.); *N. of a demon of disease; N. of a Rishi; n.* motion; loss of (-).

व्यव kyāv-a-m, 1 *sg. subj.* of *√* *kyu*.

व्यव kyāv-āna, *pr. pl. active, nimble; N. of a Rishi.*

व्यव kyāv-ana, *cs. a.* felling; *n.* expulsion.

व्यु KYU, I. **ā. kyāva** (E. also P.), waver, *u* move; depart or swerve from (ab.); be deprived of, lose (ab.); vanish, perish; fail; fall or drop, from (ab.); be ruined; sink to lower birth; sink morally; put in motion, move. *pp.* **kyutā**, fallen from, deserted by, free from, devoid of (ab. or -); *cs.* **kyāvāya** or *rarely* **kyāvāya**, shake; cause to fall; expel or take away from (ab.); cause to lose, deprive of (2 ac.); **ā**, be shaken. **ud**, *cs.* take out, extract. **pari**, fall, fly, or speed from (ab.); swerve from (ab.); lose (ab.). **pra**, proceed; depart from (ab.); be deprived of, lose (ab.); fall from (ab.); swerve from (ab.); *pp.* fallen, expelled, or swerving from, deprived of (ab. or -); *cs.* shake; cause to fall; expel; dissuade from (ab.). **anu-pra**, set out after, follow (ac.). **vi**, depart; swerve from (ab.); be lost, fail.

व्यु 1. *kyu-t*, *a.* (°) moving (int.); shaking; destroying.

व्यु 2. KYUT, I. P. *kyota*, drop, drip; fall down.

व्यु *kyu-ti*, *f.* departure from (°); issue of (-); breach of duty; swerving from (ab.); failure of (-); loss; death; fall (*fig.*).

व्यु *kyatnā*, *a.* stimulating; *n.* shaking; enterprise, endeavour.

ख KH.

खग khaga-lā, *m.* goat; i, f. she-goat.

खटा khafā, *f.* lump, mass, multitude; brilliance.

खट khat-tā, *n.* [shader], umbrella (one of the insignia of royalty) - **grāhī**, *f.* female umbrella-bearer; **dhāra**, *m.* umbrella-bearer. -**tva**, *n.* office of -; -**dhāra**, *n.* use of an umbrella; **dhārin**, *m.* umbrella-bearer. -**vāt**, *a.* having an umbrella. -**viksha**, *m. N. of a tree.*

खत्तक khatti-āka, *n.* mushroom; -**ākā**, *f.* small umbrella; -**in**, *a.* having an umbrella (prince); (i) -**āyā**, *m.* way of calling a king an umbrella-bearer = excusable tautology.

खट्टी khatti-kri, turn into or use as an umbrella.

ख 1. KHAD, of the simple stem only *pp.* **khana**, covered, concealed; obscured, eclipsed; unobserved, disguised; covert: -**m** or -**o**, *ad.* secretly, tacitly; *cs.* **khādya**, P. (E. also **ā**) cover; spread (as a cover); conceal; protect. **ava**, *pp.* covered up; covered with (in); *cs.* cover up; conceal, keep secret:

pp. **khādita**, **ā**, *cs.* cover; conceal; obscure; clothe; put on (clothes, ac. P. **ā**); dress oneself (**ā**). **upa**, *pp.* covered, concealed, hidden. **pari**, *pp.* covered; disguised in (-); *cs.* cover. **pra**, *pp.* covered; concealed; disguised; unobserved; secret: -**m** or -**o**, *privately, secretly; cs.* cover; conceal; keep secret; envelope oneself in (in). **prati**, *pp.* covered; shrouded, concealed, hidden; unrecognised; *cs.* envelope. **sam**, *pp. id.*

ख 2. KHAD, X. **khādya**, **ख** KHAND, X. **khādya**, (V. E.) appear, seem; seem good; please; P. **khādya**, offer something (in.) to (ac. or rarely g.). **upa**, P. offer anything (in.) to (ac.); try to seduce (ac.).

खद khud-a, *a.* covering (°); *m.* cover, covering; wing; leaf; *n.* plumage; -**ana**, *n.* cover, covering; wing; leaf; -**i**, *in*, *a.* covering (-); -**in**, *n.* cover (also of a wagon); roof.

खय khad-man, *n.* roof; guise, disguise; plea, pretext; fraud, hypocrisy; -**o**, the mask of -; -**o**, only in appearance, fraudulent, hypocritical.

खय khadma-tūpin, *a.* disguised in the form of (-); -**sthita**, *pp.* feigning (-).

खय khadm-in, *a.* disguised as (-°).

खय khana-khan-iti, *ad.* hissing

खद KHAND, v. *√* 2. KHAD.

खद khānd-a or khād-ā, *a.* pleasing, alluring; *m.* appearance, form; pleasure, will; *in.* or -**tas**, independently, according to one's own pleasure, at one's will; *in.*, *ab.* or -**tas**, according to the will of (-, g.). [uing.]

खद khanda-ka, **on** -*na*, *a.* pleasing, winning; *m.* pleasure, desire, will; magical or sacred hymn; hymn which is not Rik, Sāman, or Yagus; Vedic text, Veda; metre, prosody; (h) -**sūtra**, *n.* manual of prosody (*resp.* **Pinḍa**'s); (s) -**kṛita**, *n.* composed in metre; (h) -**sūtra**, *n.* (**Pinḍa**'s) sūtra on prosody.

खदागुगामिन khanda anugāmin, *a.* complaisant, obedient; -**ānavṛita**, *n.* complaisance.

खण्डो *khando-gā, m.* chanter of Sāman hymns, follower of the Sāma-veda; -*nu-kramanī, f.* Vedic index of metres; -*nu-vritta, n.* complaisance; -*bhāga, a.* having a metre as his share.

खण्डो *khando-mā, m. N.* of the 8th, 9th, and 10th days in the *daśarātri*; -*maṅgari, i, f.* (nosegay of) metres; *T. of a work on metre*; -*māya, a.* consisting or having the nature of sacred hymns; -*virīti, f.* sifting of metres, prosody, *T. of Pūṅga's work*; -*vivriti, f.* elucidation of metres, *T. of Pūṅga's work*; -*vritta, n.* metre

खन् *khan-na, (pp.) n.* cover; hiding-place, retreat; -*upānta, a.* whose slopes are covered (with, in).

खर्द *KHARD, r.* *✓KHRID.*

खर्दन् *khurd-ana, a.* emetic; *n.* vomiting; -*i, f.* vomiting, nausea; *1. -is, n.* protection; secure habitation; *2. -is, n.* vomiting

खल *khala, m. (rare), n.* fraud, artifice, artful management, deception; pretence, illusion, guise; *in, ab* under the guise of -*ana, n.* deceiving; *ā, f. id.*

खल्य *khula-ya, den. P.* deceive.

खलिक *khālīka, n.* song accompanied with gesticulations.

खवि *khavi, (i, f.) f.* hide, skin; colour; complexion; beauty, splendour.

खविक्षाकर *khavillākara, m. N.* of a historian.

खा *KHĀ, IV. P. khyā-ti, cut off*; *pp. khāta and khītā. ava, draw off the skin, flay*; *pp. -khāta, emaciated. ā, cut off, flay. pra, puncture the skin.* [*gra.*]

खाग *1. khāga, m.* he-gout; *ā (f.), i, f. she-gout*; *2. khāga, a.* produced from a gout -*ia, a. id.* *m.* he-gout.

खास *khāstra, m. pupil*; -*tā, f.* pupilage, apprenticeship; -*m. vrapa, become a pupil.*

खादक *khād-aka, a.* covering, concealing -*ana, n.* covering, cover, clothing, raiment, veil; -*in, a.* covering, concealing

खासिक *khādm-ika, a.* fraudulent.

खान्दस *khānda-s-a, (i)* Vedic, archaic, conversant with the Vedas; prosodical.

खान्दोग्य *khāndog-ya, n.* doctrine of the Khāndogya; *N. of a Brāhmaṇa of the Sāma-veda*; -*brāhmaṇa, n. id.*; -*upanishad, f. T. of an Upanishad of the Sāma-veda*

खाय *khāya, a.* giving shade; *ā, f.* shade,

shadow; image, reflexion; reflected light, splendour, glitter; colour; beauty, grace; -*ā, n.* in all these meanings compounded with a word in the genitive sense; quantity; mere shade of a little; -*ā, Sanskrit translation of a Pāli work*; Shadow of Saṃjā and wife of the Sun and mother of the planet Saturn.

खायपह *khāyā-graha, m.* mirror or sundial; -*tara, m.* shady tree; -*ātman, m.* shadowed self; -*druma, m.* shady tree; -*dvitīya, a.* having a shadow as a second, casting a shadow; -*nāśaka, n.* kind of play; -*māya, a.* shadow-like; -*yantra, n.* sun dial; -*vat, a.* shady; -*saṃjā, f.* Shadow-Saṃjā.

खालिक *khālīk-ya, n.* kind of song.

खिकर *khik-kara, m.* kind of animal.

खिक्रा *khikkā, f.* sneeze.

खिकार *khik-kāra, m.* kind of antelope.

खित *khi-ta, pp. of ✓KHĀ.*

खिद् *KHID, VII. khinat-ti, khint-to, cut, lop off, hew down; tear, bite, or gnaw off, sever, break, pierce, make a hole in (wall), wound, divide, interrupt, destroy, remove; discharge (dirt); ps. break int., disappear* *pp. khinna, indented; bounded by -*; *lost* *kim na khinnam, what do we lose by that?* *ex khedaya, P. order to be cut off. antar, cut off, isolate* *aps, sever* *ava, repulse; ps. be separated from (ab)* *pp. enclosed or bounded by -*; *determined, defined* *pariava, sever on all sides* *viava, cut off, separate, interrupt; distinguish, determine* *a, cut; break; draw sword, exclude from (ab)* *n, take or snatch away, rob, interrupt, disregard* *avaā, deliver from (ab)* *ud, cut out or off, exterminate, destroy; ps. be interrupted, cease, fail, be lacking* *pp. lost, wretched, ex. exterminate* *viud, ps. with act ending, be interrupted, cease* *pp. ended. sam-ud, exterminate* *pari, cut off on both sides; determine accurately, weigh duly, ascertain* *pp. limited* *pra, cut off, withdraw* *vi-pra, separate, vi, tear asunder, separate, interrupt disturb* *pp. disconnected, no longer existing, ad -khādya, with interruptions* *sam, cut off; pierce; destroy, remove; solve (doubts)*

खिद् *khid, a.* cutting off; splitting, piercing; destroying, removing; *f.* cutting off, destruction [*etc.*], destroying

खिदुर *khid-ura, a.* easily breaking (rope)

खिद्र *khid-rā, a.* torn, perforated, leaky; *n.* hole, gap, aperture; opening, entry; defect, failing, weak point, distress; -*tā, f.* openness, quality of giving space.

खिद्र *khidra-ya, den. P.* perforate; *pp. khidrita, having a hole*

खिद्रानुसारि *khidra-anusāri, a.* seeking out the weaknesses of (*g.*)

खिद्रि *khidr-m, a.* hollow (tooth).

खिन् *khin-na, pp. ✓khid. -nāya, n.* snapped nose-cord.

कुक्कु *khukku, m.* kind of animal.

कुक्कुर् *khukkhundara, परि-ri, m.* musk-put

कुक्कुर् *khukkhūndara, m., i, f. id.*

कुद *KHUT, only with ā, es. pp. -khotita, pulled; torn off* [*distend*]

कुद *KHUD, only with pra, es. P. -kkhodaya.*

कुद् *khudda, m. N., ā, f. N.*

कुवुक *khubuka, n.* chin.

कुर *KHUR, es. khuraya (khoraya, Buddhist in), inlay or cover with in.*; *pp. kharita, bestrewn or studded with in.*; *ā, pp. clothed with in* *vi, pp. bestrewn, covered, studded, or painted with in.*

कुरिका *khur-ikā, f.* knife.

कुरिका *khūr-ikā, f. id.*; cow's nostril.

खृद् *KHRID, VII. P. khrinat-ti, vomit; es. khardaya, P. id. (q.v.); cause to vomit*

खेक *kheka, a.* dexterous, crafty -*ukti, f.* allusion, ambiguous speech

खेतय *khet-tayya, fp.* to be cut off; -*tri, m.* wood-cutter, destroyer, remover, dispeller

खेद *khēd-a, m.* one who cuts down (*°*); cut, piece, slice; slit, cutting, cutting off or down *y or -*; separation, destruction, the upation, interruption, cessation, failure, lack, exact statement, definition, decision, settlement of a dispute in all these senses generally

खेदक *kheda-ka, a.* cutting off or in pieces

खेदन् *khēd-ana, a.* cutting, destroying, *n.* cutting, cutting off or down, splitting, breaking (*int.*); -*aniya, fp.* to be cut up, -*in, a.* cutting off, splitting, breaking; destroying, removing (*°*); -*ya, fp.* to be cut, to be cut off or mutilated

खेक *khēh-ka, m.* he-gout. *ikā, f.* she-gout

खोज *kho-ga, m. N.*

खोट *khot-sa, n.* cutting off. -*ikā, f.* snap with forefinger and thumb

ज G.

जग (*°*) *a.* born or begotten by, born in, sprung from; produced from, by, in, or on, caused or occasioned by, prepared from, made of; *m.* son; *ā, f.* daughter.

[*गृह gam-h, int. of ✓hā, go.*]

जहस *gāh-sa, n.* wing, pinion.

जक्ष *1. GA-KSH [redupl. of ghas]. II. P. gāksh-i-ti, be hungry; eat, consume, devour* *pp. gaghā, eaten; consumed, exhausted (by, in).*

जक्ष *2. GAKSH [redupl. of hās], laugh, only pr. pt. gāksh-at, laughing.*

जक्षिषान् **gāksh-i-vān, f. pp. act. of ✓i gāksh.*

जगत्पुंस *gagat-lakshus, n.* eye of the world, sun. [*world*]

जगत्जीव *gagat-gīva, m.* living being in this

जगत् *gā-gat (pr. pt. redupl. fr. ✓gā), a.* moving, animate, living; composed in *gagatimetre, n.* all that moves; animal; men, world, earth, du heaven and lower regions, *m. pl.* men; -*i, f.* female being; earth, world; *a metre (4 > 12 syllables).*

जगतीर्जान *gagati-gāni, m.* prince, king; -*tala, n.* surface of the earth, -*pati, m.* king; -*kanyakā, f.* princess; -*pāla, -bhārta, -bbhu, m.* king, prince.

जगत्कारण *gagat-kārana, n.* cause of the

world; -*traya, n.* triad of worlds (heaven, earth, and lower regions); -*tritaya, a. id.*; -*pati, m.* lord of the world (*cp. of Brahman, Siva, Vishnu or Krishna, Agni, and of the Sun*); -*prakāsa, a.* universally known, notorious; -*prathita, pp.* world famed, -*prabhu, m.* lord of the world; -*prasiddha, pp.* world renowned, -*prāsāha, a.* consisting chiefly of *gagati* *cp. of Brahman, creator of the world, cp. of Brahman, svāmin, m.* sovereign of the world -*svāmitva, n.* sovereignty of the world

जगद् *gagada, m.* companion, guardian.

जगदण्ड *gagad-anda, n.* mundane egg, universe; -*ka, n. id.*

जगदन्तक jagad-antaka, *m.* destroyer of the world, death; -**antaraśtman**, *m.* universal soul, *ep.* of Vishnu; -**isa**, *m.* lord of the world, *ep.* of Brahman, Vishnu, and Siva; -**isvara**, *m.* lord of the world, *ep.* of Siva and of Indra; king; -**śkanātha**, *m.* monarch of the world.

जगद्गुरु jagad-guru, *m.* father of the world, *ep.* of Brahman, Vishnu, and Siva; -**dala**, *m.* *N.* of a prince; -**dipa**, *m.* light of the world, sun; -**dhātṛi**, *m.* creator of the world, *ep.* of Brahman and Vishnu; -**yoni**, *f.* source of the world, *ep.* of Brahman, Vishnu or Krishna, Siva, and Prakṛiti.

जगन्नाथ jagannātha, *m.* protector of the world, *ep.* of Vishnu and his incarnations; *N.*; -**nivāsa**, *m.* abode = pervader, of the world, *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna; -**netra**, *n.* eye of the world, *ep.* of the moon; *du. ep.* of the sun and moon; -**mātri**, *f.* mother of the world, *ep.* of Durgā and of Lakṣmī.

जगुरि gūg-urī, *a.* leading (road).

जगिगक guggika, *m. N.* of a man.

जग्ध gag-dhā, *pp.* of √1. yaksh.

जग्धि gāg-dhi, *f.* eating; food.

जगधाय gag-dhāvā, *gd.* of √1. yaksh.

जगिम gāg-im-i, *a.* going, nimble; hastening to (ac, lc).

जगधन gaghāna, *m.* (V), *n.* buttock, posterior; rump; hip; *gudāda*, *n.* back part (of an altar); rear-guard of an army; -**āpalā**, *f.* lascivious woman; a metre; -**vipula**, *a.* having large buttocks; **ā**, *f.* a metre, -**ardhā**, *m.* hinder part; rear-guard.

जगधेन gaghānena, *in. ad.* behind (ac, or g.); with back turned towards (ac).

जगधन्य gaghān-yā, *a.* hindmost, last, latest, lowest, meanest, worst; of low birth; -**ya**, *a.* last-born, youngest; -**prabhava**, *a.* of low origin.

जग्धि gāg-dhi, *a.* slaying (ac).

जग्धिवत् ga-gdh-i-vat, *a.* containing a form of the root han.

जग्धि gāg-dhi, *a.* sputtering, boiling.

जग्धि gāg-dhi, *m. N.* of a man (Walker).

जगुम gāg-gum, *a.* moving (int.), animate, living, *s.* all that moves, living beings; -**tvā**, *n.* mobility

जगुल gāg-gul-n, *a.* [very thirsty], dry, desert, deserted; *m.* desert (jungle)

जगुल gāg-gul, *f.* [loc: ṣ hā] leg (esp. from ankle to knee).

जगुलकारिक gāg-gul-karika, *m.* nimble with the legs; *m.* runner; -**gaghanya**, *a.* lowest if performed by the legs (actions); -**bala**, *n.* strength of leg = flight (P).

जगुलाल gāg-gulāla, *a.* swift-footed.

जगुल gāg-gul, *m.* warrior. -**gana**, *n.* bravery.

जगुल gāg-gul, *m. N.* of a man. -**la**, *n.* id.

जगुल ga-gū-ānā, *pf. pl. act.* of √1. gā.

जगुल gā-gū-i, *a.* germinating.

जगुलूक gāg-gū-ūka, *a.* muttering prayers zealously.

जगुल gāg-gul, *f.* braid of hair (as worn by ascetics, Siva, and by mourners); -**kalāpa**, *m.* cue, pigtail; -**gāla**, *n.* braided locks, cue; -**gūta**, *m.* top-knot; -**dhara**, *a.* wearing braided hair, *m.* ascetic; Siva; -**dhārin**, *a.* id.; -**bhāra**, *m.*

mass of braided hair; -**dhara**, *a.* wearing a; -**mandala**, *n.* circle of braided locks on the crown.

जगुल gāg-gul, *pp.* -**s**, *m. N.* of a fabulous culture slain by Ravana while endeavouring to rescue Sītā. [filled with, full of (-)]

जगुल gāg-gul, *a.* wearing braided locks;

जगुलकलि gāg-gul-kalin, *a.* wearing braided locks and a garment of bark.

जगुल gāg-gul, *a.* wearing braided hair; *m.* ascetic, pious mendicant; Siva; -**ila**, *a.* wearing braided locks; tangled (hair); full of (-); *m.* ascetic; Siva.

जगुलक gāg-gul-kri, *fill or cover with.*

जगुल gāg-gul, 1. *a.* hard; old (incorrect for garatha); 2. (-āra), *n.* belly; womb; cavity, interior, front of the body (opp. back); *in* with one's front; -**agū**, *m.* fire of the belly, i.e. of digestion.

जगुल gāg-gul, *a.* cold, cool; rigid, numb; immovable, motionless; dimmed, dulled; obtuse, dull, stupid, imbecile; inanimate; -**g**, incapable of - through stupidity; *m.* idiot; *n.* water.

जगुल gāg-gul, *f.* rigidity, motionlessness, numbness, apathy; obtuseness, stupidity, -**tvā**, *n.* id.; -**dhi**, *a.* dull-witted; -**prakṛti**, *a.* id.; -**buddhi**, *a.* id.; -**bhāva**, *m.* coolness, freshness, -**mati**, *a.* dull-minded, stupid.

जगुल gāg-gul, *den. P.* enfeeble, dull; render apathetic regarding (lc.); *pp.* **gāg-gul**.

जगुल gāg-gul, *m.* moon (cool-rayed); -**ātma**, *a.* cool; stupid; irrational; -**ātman**, *a.* id.

जगुल gāg-gul, *den. A.* become dumb (with

जगुल gāg-gul, *a.* stupid. [inf.].

जगुल gāg-gul, *m.* coldness; rigidity; dullness, stupidity.

जगुल gāg-gul, *render rigid, benumb; -bhū*, become rigid or stupid

जगुल gāg-gul, *n.* lac, gum; -**grīha**, -**geha**, *n.* house filled with lac and other inflammables; -**maya**, *a.* full of lac; -**vara**, *n.* -**gāg-gul**.

जगुल gāg-gul, *f.* but (animal). [collar-bone.

जगुल gāg-gul, *m. pl.* (V.) certain (16) bones; *n.*

जगुल GAN. I. **gāna** (V.); IV. **Ā. gāya** (E. also P.); P. and **es gānāya**, *tr.* begot (by, lc.); bring forth, bear (to, ab); generate, produce; make fruitful; cause to be 2 ac.; **Ā. int.** (E also P.) be born; be produced, arise, grow; be by nature (2 *acc.*); be born again; be, become (with predicate in *acc.*); be changed into (d); fall to the share of (g); take place, be possible or admissible; *pp.* **gātā**, born (by, lc.), begotten by (in, ab); new-born; grown; sprung up, arisen (from, ab); existing; become; happened; conducive to (d); often - **a**, -having - *e.g.* **gātā-danta**, *a.* having teeth *lit.* having produced teeth, *s.* **ā**, - *e.g.* **danta-gāta**, *id.* **adhi**, be born; be begotten (by, *acc.*); become (in) **anu**, be born afterwards; be born after (ac); be born like (ac); *pp.* similar by birth to (ac); born again. **aps**, *pp.* degenerate, *son*, **abhi**, be born or predestinated to, claim by birth (ac); be born according to (ac) by produced, be born; be born again (in *transmigration*); become - *pp.* nobly born; well-bred **ā**, be born, be produced; *es* beget; make fruitful. **upa**, be born; be produced; arise, appear; be; be born again: *pp.* - **a**.

in whom - has arisen = inspired with, seized by, filled with, having; *es* produce, cause; attempt. **sam-upa**, *ac.* produce. **pra**, be born; be produced, arise; procreate, bear; *es* propagate. **sam-pra**, spring up, appear, arise; exist; *pp.* **f.** having calved. **prati**, be born again; spring up anew. **vi**, bring forth, breed **sam**, be born; arise; grow; appear; happen; become; pass, elapse: *pp.* often **a** - **a** = having; *es* produce. **abhi-sam**, arise.

जगुल gān-a, *m.* creature; man; person; race, tribe; people, subjects; folks, - kind (often - *with coll. my.*); low person; this person; **ayan** -, **asha** -, or **asan** -, = we, I, my lover here.

जगुल gan-akā, *a.* begetting; producing; *m.* father; *N.*, *esp.* of a king of Videha (Mithilā).

जगुलकाय ganaka-kāya, *m. N.* (one-eyed (ganaka)); -**āndra**, *m. N.*; -**tanayā**, *f.* Sītā; -**tā**, *f.* paternity; -**bhadra**, *m. N.*; -**rāga**, *m. N.*; -**mīha**, *m. N.*; -**utā**, *f.* daughter of Ganaka, Sītā; -**ātmayā**, *f.* id.

जगुल ganam-gama, *m.* kundālā.

जगुलकामलि gana-karāma amalina, *n.* not yet dirtied by people's feet; (ā)-**tā**, *f.* community; people, subjects; mankind; -**dāha-sthāna**, *n.* crematory; -**deva**, *m.* king, prince.

जगुल gān-āna, *a.* (i) bringing forth; producing; *m.* producer, creator; *i.* *f.* mother; *n.* birth; existence, life; bringing forth; production; -**vat**, *a.* endowed with production.

जगुलनाथ gana-nātha, *m.* lord of men, king, prince. [mer life.

जगुलान्तर ganana-antara, *n.* another = for-

जगुलपति gana-pati, *m.* lord of men, prince, king; -**padā**, *m.* (tribe-place), district, country, realm; tribe; also *pl.* community, people (as opposed to king); -**vadhū**, *f.* woman of the country, -**adhipa**, *m.* king, -**pravāda**, *m.* popular rumour (eg. and pl.); -**maraka**, *m.* pestilence; -**māra**, *m.*, *i.* *f.*, *id.*; -**māra**, *n.* slaying of men. [men].

जगुलजय ganam-egayā, *m. N.* (terrifying

जगुलियतु gan-ay-i-tri, *m.* father; -**tri**, *f.* mother.

जगुलरस gana-rasa, *m.* popular rumour; -**rāg**, -**rāgan**, *m.* ruler of men; -**vāda**, *m.* gossip; -**sruti**, *f.* rumour.

जगुल gān-as, *n.* race; *ind.* (-**ar**) world lying beyond Mahār-loka.

जगुलसमर्द gana-sammarda, *m.* throng of people; -**sthāna**, *n.* *V.* of a part of the Dandaka forest

जगुल gan-ā, *f.* birth, origin.

जगुलानि gana-āniga, *a.* superhuman; -**adhi-pa**, *m.* king, prince; -**antika**, *ad.* [speak] close to a person, in a low voice so as not to be overheard, (say) in a stage whisper; -**antika**, *lc. ad.* in the neighbourhood of men; -**apavāda**, *m.* slander (pl.); -**ārava**, *m.* popular rumour; -**arava**, *m.* (sea of men), caravan; -**ardana**, *m.* *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna (harasser of men); -**ārava**, *m.* caravan.

जगुल gān-i (or i), *f.* woman; wife (*pl.* fig. the finger); birth, origin. [ducing.

जगुलकर्तु gani-kartu, *a.* (tri) arising; pro-

जगुलितु gān-i-tri (or -tri), *m.* father; -**tri**, *f.* mother.

जगुलितोस gān-i-tos, *ab*, *g.* inf. of √ gan.

जनिष gan-i-tra, *n.* birth-place, origin: *pl.* parents; blood-relations.

जनिष्य gani-tva, *n.* wifehood: -*divasa*, *m.* birth-day; -*mat*, *a.* wedded, having an origin; *m.* creature, man.

जनिमन् gán-i-man, *n.* birth, origin: progeny; creature; race, kind.

जनिष्य gan-ishya, *a.* yet to be born, future.

जनुत् gan-ús, *m. n.* birth, origin; creation; kind: *in* by nature. [-*isa*, -*isvara*, *m. id.*]

जनेह gana indra, *m.* chief of men, king:

जनु gan-tú, *m.* offspring; creature, being; *man* *sq* also coll.; person; attendant; vermin: -*ú*, worm of a - tiny; *sarvo* *ganúh*, everyone.

जन्मकाल ganma-kála, *m.* hour of birth, -*krit*, *m.* father; -*krita*, *pp.* produced by birth; -*kshetra*, *n.* birth-place; -*ganman*, *n.* every birth; *lc.* In every life; -*ganma antara*, *n.* every future life; -*gyesh/ha*, *a.* eldest by birth; -*tas*, *ad* by birth, by age; -*tithi*, *m.* birth-day; -*da*, *m.* father; *a.* causing the birth of (-); -*dina*, *n.* birth-day.

जन्मन् gán-man, *n.* birth, origin, production; appearance; life, existence; birth-place; father; creature, being; race, kind; nature, way, manner; *m.* offspring of (-).

जन्मपादप ganma-pádapa, *n.* tree of one's home: -*pratiśh/há*, *f.* mother; -*bandha*, *m.* bonds of (repeated) birth; -*bhū*, -*bhūmi*, *f.* land of birth; -*bhūmi-bhū*, become the land of -s birth (-).

जन्मर्ष ganma r/ksha, *n.* natal constellation, -*vat*, *a.* born, living -*tá*, *f.* existence, life; -*vasudhá*, *f.* land of birth; -*sthāna*, *n.* birth place.

जन्मांतर ganma antara, *n.* another birth, previous or future existence: -*gata*, *pp.* born again; -*antariya*, *a.* belonging to or performed in a previous existence; -*andha*, *a.* blind by birth; -*āspada*, *n.* birth place.

जन्मिन ganm-in, *m.* creature, man.

जन्म 1. gan-ya, *fp.* that is born or produced; arising from (-); *n.* body.

जन्म 2. gán-ya, *a.* belonging to the race, cognate, *m.* (countryman), groomsmen, common man; *ā*, *f.* bride-maid; *n.* people, tribe -*ulā* -*yá*; battle.

जन्मः gán-uh, *gen. sg.* of gán.

जप GAP, I. *gāpa-ti*, *gapa-te* (*intr.*), repeat in an undertone, mutter or murmur (*prayer*); pray silently: *intr.* *ganāpyāte*, mutter, *upa*, whisper to ear, *lc.*; bring over to one's side by whispering, instigate to rebellion. *pazi*, mutter over (*acc.*) *prati*, whisper back.

जप gāp-a, *a.* whispering; *m.* muttering (*prayers* etc.); murmured prayer.

जपन् gap-ana, *m.* muttering of prayers: -*aniya*, *fp.* to be muttered.

जपनाला gapa-māla, *f.* rosary; -*ya/ña*, *m.* sacrifice of muttered prayer; -*homa*, *m. sq* & *pl.* offering of muttered prayer: *du*, muttered prayer and an offering.

जपा gap-ā, *f.* China rose.

जपिन् gap-in, *a.* muttering prayers.

जय gāp-ya, *fp.* to be muttered; *n.* prayer.

जयक gapya-ka, *m. N.* [to be muttered,

जम् GABH, **जम्** GAMBH, snap at, seize with the mouth (*only aor*); *cs.* *gambhaya*, crush, destroy, *intr.* *gāmābhyāte*, open the jaws, snap. (*ad.* like *Gamaḥagni*).

जमदग्नि jamad-agni, *m. N.* of a Rishi -*vat*.

जम्बाल gambāla, *n.* (?) bog, mud.

जम्बु gambā, *n.* rose-apple; *f.* (also ā) rose-apple-tree.

जम्बुक gambu-ka, *m.* jackal, vile person.

जम्बुद्वीप gambu-dvīpa, *m.* Isle of the Jambuv tree, *N.* of the central terrestrial island dvīpa comprising India, so called because overlooked by a gigantic Jambuv tree growing on the summit of mount Meru.

जम्बूक gambū-ka, *m.* jackal

जम्बुकुश gambū-kuśa, *m. n.* bower of rose-apple; -*khaṇḍa*, *m. n.* = gambu dvīpa.

जम्बुध gambh-a, *m.* tooth, fang, jaws, swallowing; -*ā*, *m.* crusher, devourer; *N.* of various demons (-).

जम्बुध gambh-aka, *a.* crushing, devouring (-); *m. N.* of certain demons, -*ana*, *a.* i crushing, m. crusher, -*ya*, *m.* back tooth, molar.

जम्बुधिका gambhādikā, *f.* kind of song.

जय gay-a, *a.* conquering, gaining (-); *m. ā*, victory, conquest in battle, dispute, loss, suit, or play; *N.* *pl.* *gavya*, verses conducive to victory; *ā*, *f.* ep. of Durgā; *N.* of an attendant of Durgā.

जयक gayā-ka, *m. N.*; -*kuṣāra*, *m.* champion elephant that has conquered other elephants; -*kot*, *a.* conferring victory; -*gupta*, *m. N.*; -*ghosha*, *m.* shout of victory; -*ghoshana*, *n.* ā, *f.* id.; -*āndra*, *m. N.* [a woman].

जयति gay-ati, *m.* the root *ay* (3 *sg.* used as *ay*).

जयद gayā-da, *a.* conferring victory -*datta*, *m. N.*; -*deva*, *m. N.* of the author of the Gita gorinda. [torious ear].

जयद्रथ gayad-ratha, *m. N.* (having a vic-

जयध्वज gayā-dhvaṇya, *m.* banner of victory.

जयध्वजय gayā-dhvaṇya, *den. ā*, represent a banner of victory.

जयन् gay-ana *a.* (1) omnipotent

जयन्त gay-ant-a, *a.* (1) victorious, *m. N.* of a son of Indra, *N.* of a king, *ā*, *f.* *N.* of a country.

जयपताका gayā-putākā, *f.* flag of victory.

-*parā*, *gavya*, *m. du* or *n. sg.* victory or defeat.

-*loss* or gain; -*para*, *m. N.* of various cities.

-*maṅgala*, *m. N.* of an elephant, *a.* a cheer.

-*mati*, *f. N.* -*malla*, *m.* victorious combatant of (-).

-*rā*, *m. N.* -*lakshmi*, *f.* goddess of victory; -*lekha*, *m.* record of a victory; -*var-*

man, *m. N.*; -*vantha*, *m.* conch of victory.

-*abha*, *m.* shout of victory, cheer, -*ari*, *i* goddess of victory, -*śimha*, *m. N.*; -*sona*, *m. ā*, *f. N.* -*skandha*, *m. N.* of a minister of Yudhishthira; -*stambha*, *m.* column of victory; -*sthala*, *m. N.* of a village, -*svā-*

in, *m.* lord of victory (Siva); -*virolāna*, *N.* of a temple.

जयाकर gayā-ākara, *m.* source of victory; *N.* -*ā*, *gavya*, *m. du*, & *n. sg.* victory or defeat. -*āditya*, *m. N.*

जयादेवी gayā-devī, *f. N.*

जयानन्द gayā ānanda, *m. N.* -*vāra*, *m. N.*

-*āpāda*, *m. N.* of a king.

जयामुरिका gayā-bhātārikā, *f. N.* of a locality: -*śimha*, *m. N.*

जयावधोष gayā avaghoṣha, *m.* shout of victory, cheer; *ā*, *f.* invocation of victory, cheer.

जयितु gay-i-tri, *a.* (tri) victorious; -*ā*, *a.* conquering, *g. or -*; victorious (*in* *lc.*); bestowing victory; *m.* conqueror, victor, winner of a lawsuit; -*ishva*, -*us*, *a.* victorious.

जयिन् gayā indra, *m. N.*; -*sonā*, *f. N.*; -*isvara*, *m.* lord of victory (Siva), *N.* of a temple.

जयोत्तर gayā uttara, *a.* full of or sure of victory.

जय gay-ya, *fp.* to be conquered or won.

जर gar-a, *m.* wearing out; -*atha*, *a.* old aged; violent; intense; -*athita*, *pp.* become violent or intense; -*ana*, *a.* decrepit, old. -*ā*, *f.* old age.

जरत gar-at, *pr. pt.* (-i) of *gar*, old, frail, decayed, tumble down; *m.* old man.

जरतिका garat-ikā, *f.* old woman.

जरत्का garat-kāra, *m. N.* of a Rishi, *f. N.* of his wife -*prīya*, *f. id.*

जरदष्टि garād-aṣṭi, *a.* long-lived.

जरद्व garād-gava, *m.* old bull, *N.* of a culture.

जरस gar-ús, *f.* aging, old age, decrepitude. -*ana*, *a.*, *f. id.*

जरा gar-ā, *f.* 1. wearing out; growing old old age, 2. roaring, shout, greeting.

जरायु garā-ya, *n.* cast-off skin of a snake, slough, *n.* *f.* canal of the foetus, after birth -*ga*, *a.* born from a womb, born alive.

जरावत garā-vat, *a.* old, aged; -*sanāha*, *m. N.* of a prince of Magadha and Kedi.

जरिता gar-i-tā, (*cs. pp.*) *f. N.* of a fabulous bird *śarīra*, *N.* of Garuda's eldest son (whose bones are demolished). [per].

जरितु gar-i-tri, *m.* invoker, singer, worship.

जरिमन् gar-i-mān, *m.* old age, decrepitude, death from old age.

जर्जर gar-gar-a, *a.* decayed, decrepit, frail, ragged, riven; split, broken; dull, sound, torn, mangled, disintegrated, *m.* split bamboo -*tva*, *n.* decay.

जर्जरित gar-gar-ita, *pp.* become worn out or decrepit; mangled, mangled, lacerated or pierced.

जर्जरीह gar-gar-i-ka, break, split; mangle, exhaust, -*bhū*, become ragged; be split, broken or mangled.

जर्जर gar-bhū, *intr.* of *gar* bhū.

जल 1. gal-ā, *n.* (sts. *pl.*) water.

जल 2. gala, *a.* (== *gada*) stupid, foolish.

जलकपि gala-kapi, *m.* (triv.) dolphin; -*kumbha*, *m.* water-pot; -*kumbhika*, *f.* pot of water, -*kell*, *m.* i. sporting in the water, -*kriyā*, *f.* libation of water to the dead, -*krośā*, *f.* sporting in the water, -*khaṇḍa*, *m.* aquatic bird, -*grandhaibha*, *m.* fabulous animal, -*kara*, *m.* aquatic animal, fish, -*lārin*, *a.* living in the water; *m.* aquatic animal, fish, -*ga*, *a.* water-born, existing or growing in water; *m.* aquatic animal, fish, shell, *n.* day lotus; product of the sea, pearl; -*kusuma*, *n.* lotus blossom, *m.* *asana*, *m.* ep. of Brahman seated on a lotus; -*ganta*, *m.* aquatic animal; -*giva*

in, a. living in or on water; *m.* fisherman; **-tumbikā-nyāya**, *m.* in. like water and the gourd; **-trāsa**, *m.* hydrophobia; **-trāsina**, *a.* suffering from hydrophobia.

जलदा gūla-da, *m.* (water-giver), cloud; **-kālā**, *m.* rainy season; **-kshaya**, *m.* (dis)appearance of clouds; autumn; **-taskara**, *m.* robber of a cloud; **-samaya**, *m.* rainy season; **-āgama**, *m.* (arrival of clouds), rainy season; **-atyaya**, *m.* autumn.

जलदान gūla-dāna, *n.* libation of water (festival in Uggayani); **-dravya**, *n.* ocean-product, pearl; **-dhara**, *m.* water-bearer, cloud; **-mālā**, *f.* tract of clouds; **-abhyudaya**, *m.* (rise of the clouds), rainy season; **-dhārā**, *f.* stream of water, shower; **-dhi**, *m.* ocean; **-sā**; **-tā**, *f.* abt. *s.*; **-rasanā**, *f.* ocean-girt (earth); **-nidhi**, *m.* ocean, sea; **-pakhin**, *m.* water-bird; **-pātha**, *m.* sea-voyage; **-pāda**, *m.* (water-foot); *N.* of a frog-king; **-pūra**, *m.* full channel (of a river); **-pūruṣha**, *m.* water-pixie; **-pravāha**, *m.* current; **-plava**, *m.* deluge; **-bindu**, *m.* drop of water; **-durdina**, *n.* shower of rain; **-budbuda**, *m.* water-bubble; **-bhāḡana**, *n.* water-vessel; **-maya**, *a.* (i) consisting of water; **-mānuṣha**, *m.* (i) fabulous aquatic being; otter; **-muk**, *a.* discharging rain; *m.* cloud.

जलयन्त्र gūla-yantra, *n.* squirt; water-clock; **-ka**, *n.* squirt; **-akra**, *n.* water-wheel; **-mandira**, *n.* apartment with shower-bath; **-rāsi**, *n.* waters; sea, ocean; **-ruh**, **-ruha**, *m.* day lotus (growing in the water); **-rekha**, *f.* streak on the water; strip of water; **-loka**, *f.* id.; **-lava-muk**, *m.* (shedding drops of water), cloud; **-vat**, *a.* abounding in water; **-vāsa**, *m.* abode in the water; *a.* living in the water; **-vās-in**, *a.* living in the water; (i) **-tā**, *f.* abt. *s.*; **-vāha**, *a.* bearing water; **-ka**, *m.* water-carrier; **-avyā**, *f.* lying in the water (as a penance); **-samniveśa**, *m.* reservoir, pond; **-stirya**; **-ka**, *m.* reflection of the sun in the water; **-stha**, *a.* being in the water; **-sthāna**, *n.* reservoir, lake; **-snāna**, *n.* bath; **-hastin**, *m.* (water-elephant), crocodile; **-hāra**, *m.* water-carrier; *i.*, *f.*

जलानु gūla-anu, *m.* (cool-rayed), moon (= gadānu); **-āgama**, *m.* rain; **-āḡali**, *m.* two handfuls of water in honour of the dead, farewell for ever (*āḡ*); **-atyaya**, *m.* (cessation of the rain), autumn; **-ādhāra**, *m.* reservoir, pond.

जलाय galā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* turn into water.

जलायुका gal-āyu-kā, *f.* leech.

जलार्थिन् galā-arthin, *a.* thirsty; **-ādra**, *a.* wet, moist; *ā*, *f.* wet garment; damp cloth (used for fanning); **-ādrakā**, *f.* id. (*ā*); **-āḡaya**, *m.* reservoir, pond, lake; sea; *a.* resting in the water; stupid

जलाशय galāśaya, *a.* soothing, healing; **-bhe-shaya**, *a.* having soothing remedies.

जलाहति galā-āhati, *f.* downpour of rain.

जलेश्वर galē-kāra, *a.* (i) living in the water; *m.* aquatic animal (*-* *a.* *ā*); **-śya**, *a.* abiding in the water; *ep.* of Vishnu. [ocean]

जलेश galā-śa, *m.* lord of water, *ep.* of Varuna.

जलेश्वर galā-īvara, *m.* lord of water, *ep.* of Varuna.

जलोक्त galoka, *m.* *N.* of a king. [Varuna]

जलोदर galā-udara, *n.* (water-belly), dropsy; **-uddhata-grati**, *a.* moving violently in the water; *f.* a metre; **-udbhava**, *a.* sprung from the water; *n.* aquatic animal; *N.* of a water spirit.

जलीक galaoka, *m.* leech; *ā*, *f.* **-okas**, *a.* living in the water; *m.* aquatic animal; *N.* of a king; *f.* leech; **-oka-avakaramiya**, *f.* treating of the application of leeches.

जल्प GALP, I. P. *gālpā*, (*E.* also *Ā.*) murmur; speak, talk, converse with (*in* + *ārdham*); address (*ac.*); *pp.* *galpita*. *pari*, *prate*. *pra*, speak; announce; *pp.* having begun to speak. *vi*, utter, speak. *sam*, converse.

जल्प galp-a, *m.* talk, conversation, words; *pl.* prate; **-aka**, *a.* chattering; *m.* chatterer; **-ana**, *n.* speaking, talking; **-āka**, *a.* chattering, loquacious; **-ita**, *pp.* *n.* talk; words; **-in**, *a.* speaking, talking (*°*); **-ya**, *n.* chatter.

जव gav-ā, *a.* swift; *m.* swiftness, speed; haste; *ab.* at once; **-ana**, *a.* (i) quick, swift, *n.* quickness, swiftness; **-anikā**, *f.* curtain.

जवस् gāv-us, *n.* swiftness.

जवा garā, *f.* China rose.

जवाधिक gava-adhika, *a.* running faster.

जविन् gav-in, *a.* swift; quick, speedy, hasty.

जविष्ठ gāv-ishtha, *pp.* swiftest, quickest; **-iyan**, *cpv.* quicker or swifter than (*ab.*).

जष gashā, *m.* kind of aquatic animal.

जस् GAS, I. *Ā.* *gāsa*, be exhausted; *cs.* *gāsaya*, *P.* exhaust, quench. *ud*, *cs.* exterminate (*ac.* *g.*). [*-van*, *a.* wretched]

जसु gās-u, *f.* exhaustion; **-uri**, *a.* exhausted;

जसराज gasma-rāja, *m.* *N.*

जहका gābhakā, *f.* hedgehog.

जहत्स्वार्थ gahut-svārtha, *a.* giving up its original meaning; *ā*, *f.* = gāhal-lakṣhaṇā.

जहलक्षणा gahal-lakṣhaṇā, *f.* mediate designation giving up the primary meaning (an example is: 'on the Ganges,' meaning 'on the bank of the Ganges').

जहित ga-hi-tā, *pp.* (*v* hā) forsaken, forlorn.

जहु gahu, *m.* young of an animal.

जहु gahnu, *m.* *N.* of a king who adopted the Ganges; *N.* of a cave in the Himālaya from which the Ganges issues; **-kanyā**, *f.* daughter of Gahnu, Ganges; **-sutā**, *f.* id.

जह्ल ghla, *m.* *N.*

जा gā, *a.* *°* = *ga*, born; *m.* *f.* (*nm.* *-s*) offspring; *pl.* progeny

जागत gāgata, *a.* composed in gāgati metre.

जागर gā-gar-a, *m.* waking; waking vision; **-aka**, *m.* waking; **-ana**, *a.* awake; *n.* waking; **-ita**, *pp.* wakeful; *n.* waking; **-sthāna**, *a.* being in a wakeful condition; **-ishan**, *a.* wakeful; **-ūka**, *a.* watchful; occupied with (*°*).

जागृ GĀ-GRI, *intr.* (*of* *√gri*) wake, be watchful; awake, be roused, watch over (*te*); *cs.* *gāgaraya*, rouse. [lating]

जागृवि gāg-iv-i, *a.* watchful; bright; stimu-

जायत gāg-at, *pr.* *pt.* watching; *n.* waking; **-vapanā**, *m.* *du.* waking and sleep. [na]

जाघनी gāghani, *f.* tail (connected w. gāgha-

जाङ्गल gāṅgula, *a.* open, dry, even, and productive (country), existing in such a country; *m.* quail; *n.* game, meat.

जाङ्गलिक gāṅgh-ika, *a.* swift-footed; *m.* run-

जाजिन् gāg-in, *m.* fighter. [ner,

जाठर gāthara, *a.* (i) relating to the belly; (with *agni*, *m.* digestive fire, hunger); *m.* son.

वाइ gād-ya, *n.* chilliness; want of sensation, dullness; stupidity; inanimateness.

वाइभाव gādyā-bhāva, *m.* stupidity.

जात gā-tā, *pp.* (*√gan*); *m.* son; *n.* creature; birth; race, kind, genus; *°*, all that is comprised by *-*, sum total of *-*, any *-*, every kind of *-*; *lc.* in general.

जातक gāta-ka, *a.* *°*, begotten by *-*; born under (*a star*); *m.* new-born child; *n.* astrological nativity; story of one of Buddha's former births.

जातकर्म gāta-karma, *n.* after-birth ceremony; **-doṣha**, *a.* guilty; **-nashā**, *pp.* having appeared and disappeared; **-pakṣha**, *a.* fledged; **-prāya**, *a.* almost come to pass; **-preta**, *pp.* first born and then deceased; **-mātra**, *a.* but just born, only just arisen; **-rūpa**, *a.* of native beauty, beautiful; golden; *n.* gold; **-maya**, *a.* (i) golden; **-vat**, *a.* born; containing a derivative of the *√gan*; **-vāśka**, *n.* lying-in room; **-vāsa-grīha**, *n.* (apartment in which living takes place), sitting-room; (i) **-vidyā**, *f.* science of the origin or of the essence of things, metaphysics; **-vinashā**, *pp.* *gāta-nashita*; **-vivāśa**, *a.* having confidence engendered, inspired with confidence; (i) **-vedas**, *a.* having knowledge of beings; *m.* Agni; (C) fire; **-vetman**, *n.* chamber of a new-born infant, lying-in room; **-śilā**, *f.* (real =) massive stone; **-samkalpa**, *a.* resolved; enamoured.

जातापत्य gāta-apatya, *a.* having off-spring; **-amarsha**, *a.* having one's anger roused, enraged; **-avamāna**, *a.* filled with self-contempt.

जाति gā-ti, *f.* birth, origin, rebirth; existence, life; state; rank, caste; family, tribe, race; genus (*opp.* species), species (*opp.* individual); kind, class; disposition; normal character, genuineness; *in* **-tas**, *°*, by birth.

जातिजानपद gāti-gānapada, *a.* relating to the castes and to the districts; **-bhāḡ**, *a.* subject to birth; **-bharamsa**, *m.* loss of caste; **-bharashā**, *pp.* having lost caste; **-mat**, *a.* high-born; capable of being classed under a general notion; **-mātra**, *n.* mere rank; **-upa-gāya**, *a.* subsisting by the name of his caste only; **-vākana**, *n.* generic term; **-sampanna**, *pp.* endowed with good family, high-born; **-smara**, *a.* remembering one's former existence; **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* abt. *s.*; **-smarana**, *n.* remembrance of a former birth; **-hina**, *pp.* destitute of good family, of low birth or rank.

जाती gā-ti, *f.* rarer form of gāti; nutmeg tree; **-kora**, *m.* nutmeg.

जातीय gātiya, *a.* belonging to the caste, family, race, kind, or genus, of (*°*); **-ka**, *a.* id.

जातु gā-tu, *ad.* at all; ever; possibly, perhaps, once; *na gātu*, not at all, by no means, never (*sts.* with *kā* or *kādā* *kā* added).

जातुधान gātu-dhāna, *m.* = yātu-dhāna.

जातुष gātusha, *a.* (i) made of or painted with lac.

जातुर्कष gātū-karna, *m.* *N.* of an old teacher, physician, and author of a law-book; *i.*, *f.* *N.* of Bharabhatti's mother; **-putra**, *m.* son of Gātūkarni, Bharabhatti.

जातुर्कष gātūkarnya, *m.* descendant of Gātūkarna.

जतिर्थ gāti-irshya, *a.* having jealousy engendered, jealous; **-ishā**, *f.* sacrifice on the birth of a child.

बाह्य gātya, *a.* belonging to the family, caste, etc. of (-); *related*; noble; genuine; native, original (*ararita* accent).

बाह्यन्ध gātīandha, *a.* blind from birth; -*badhira*, *a.* du. blind and deaf by birth; -*gavya*, *m.* thoroughbred horse; -*utkarsha*, *m.* (superiority of =) higher caste.

बाण gāṇ-a, *n.* origin, birth-place.

बाणक gāṇaka, *m.* descendant of Gaṇaka; *i.*, *f.* *Śitā*; -*nātha*, *m.* *ep.* of Rāma.

बाणन्ति gāṇanti, *m.* *N.* of a teacher.

बाणपद gāṇa-pada, *a.* living in the country, relating to districts, referring to or meant for the country-people; *m.* countryman; subject; *i.*, *f.* provincial expression; -*padika*, *a.* concerning a realm.

बाणि gāṇ-i, *wife* (-° *a.*).

बाणु gāṇ-u, (*m.*) *n.* knee.

बाणुक gāṇu-ka, *n.* knee (*only*, ° *a.*); *m.* *N.*

बाणुका gāṇu-ukā, *f.* bringing forth (*acc.*).

बाणुचलन gāṇu-bhalana, *n.* being tossed on any one's knees; -*prāśalana*, *n.* *id.*; -*daghna*, *a.* *i.* reaching to the knee; -*ambhas*, *a.* having water; - [a. bending the knee]

बाणस्थि gāṇasthī, *n.* shin-bone; -*ākṛa*,

बाप gāp-a, *m.* muttering; -*aka*, *a.* reciting in a low tone (-); muttering prayers, *m.* priest who mutters prayers; -*in*, *a.* muttering, reciting in a low tone (-); -*ya*, *f.* to be muttered; *n.* muttered prayer.

बाबाल gābāla, *m.* *net*, descendant of Gābala, *N.*; *pl.* *N.* of a school, *i.*, *m.* *pat* descendant of Gābala, *N.* [Gāmadagnī]

गामदग्ना gāmad-agnā, *a.* (i) coming from

गामदग्नेय gāmadagnī-eya, *m.* descendant of Gāmadagnī, -*ya*, *m.* *pat.* *id.*, *N.*; relating etc. to Gāmadagnī or Gāmadagnīya; -*yātri-ta*, (*den.* *pp.* *n.* slaughter after the manner of Parāsurama.

गामातृ gā-mātri, *m.* [having an agnate mother, *i.* *e.* a mother-in-law, son-in-law; brother-in-law, sister's husband; -*ka*, *m.* son-in-law; -*tva*, *n.* condition of a son-in-law.

गामि gā-mī, *a.* consanguineous (brother or sister), related, allied, own; *du.* *pl.* brother *s.* and sister *s.*; *i.*, *f.* *C.* female relation, esp. daughter-in-law; *ak.* sister; *n.* *i.* consanguinity; sameness; repetition, tautology *gi*

गामित्र gāmitra, *n.* (ἀδελφός) the seventh astrological mansion.

गामित्व gāmitva, *n.* relationship.

गाम्बुका gāmbuka, *a.* coming from the buckal.

गाम्बुद gāmbūda, *a.* coming from the river Gāmbū; *n.* kind of gold; gold ornament. -*māya*, *a.* *i.* golden

गाय gā-ya, *pr.* *st.* of *gāṇ*.

गायक gāya-ka, *n.* kind of fragrant wood.

गाया gā-yā, *f.* wife, spouse; -*tva*, *n.* wifehood.

गायन् gāy-in, *a.* conquering (°); -*ā*, *a.* victorious.

गार gā-ā, *m.* lover; paramour, adulterer.

गारगर्भ gār-garbhā, *m.* child by a paramour; *ā*, *a.* *f.* pregnant by a paramour; -*ghni*, *a.* *f.* killing her paramour; -*ga*, -*gāta*, *a.*

begotten by a paramour; -*tā*, *f.* adultery with (-°)

गारिणी gār-in-i, *a.* *f.* having a paramour.

गार्यक gārya-ka, *m.* kind of animal.

गाल 1. gāla, *n.* net; chain armour; wire helmet, lattice; network, dense mass, multitude, cluster; lion's mane, web-membrane between the fingers or toes of divine beings or extraordinary men; fraud, magic, illusion.

गाल 2. gāl-a, *a.* watery.

गालक gāl-ka, *n.* net; web; lattice; cluster of buds, multitude; -*kāra*, *m.* spider -*ka*, *m.* *id.*; -*gavāksha*, *m.* lattice window; -*madhara*, *n.* *N.* of a locality; -*pāda*, *m.* web-footed bird; *N.* of a magician; -*pāsa*, *m.* single thread of a web; -*pura*, *n.* *N.* of a city; -*bandha*, *m.* snare, gin; -*mālā*, *f.* net; -*vat*, *a.* having a net, furnished with latices.

गालाक्ष gālāksha, lattice window.

गालाय gālā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* represent a net.

गालिक gāl-ika, *m.* bird-catcher.

गालिका gāl-ikā, *f.* net, snare; multitude. **गालोद्गीर्ण** gālā-udgīrna, *pp.* issuing from the latices

गालोर gālora, *m.* *N.* of an *Agarhāra*.

गाल्य gālma, *a.* (i) contemptible, base; *m.*

गासट gāsata, *m.* *N.* [villain, wretch].

गासति gās-pati, *m.* paterfamilias.

गाहव gāhava, *m.* descendant of Gāhnu, *pat.* *o.* various men; *i.*, *f.* the Ganges (daughter of Gāhnu); [Ganges]

गाहविय gāhva-ya, *a.* relating to the

जि (G. I. P. *gaya*, (*Ā.* chiefly with *patā* and *vi*), win, capture, vanquish, conquer, overcome, in battle, lawsuit, or play; surpass, subdue, master, possess, disease, shake, thrust; win from *2* *acc.*, be victorious in play; worst in a lawsuit; *pl.* *giyati*, *impr.* *giyatu*, or *pp.* *n.* with *in* long live *3* *acc.* *gāyaya*, cause to win *2* *acc.*; *des.* *gāyisha*, *P.* *Ā.* desire to win, obtain, or conquer, be eager for prey *ava*, take away from; deprive of; conquer; reconquer. *ā*, win, acquire. *ud.* *id.*, conquer. *nis*, gain, overcome, vanquish, surpass. *pp.* *nirgata*, due interest. *vi-nis*, *id.* *parā*, *guly* *Ā.* overcome, vanquish, defeat; low, be deprived of, succumb *pp.* worst ed, defeated, overcome; overwhelmed by (-)

vi, *guly* *Ā.* win, conquer, vanquish, defeat, surpass; control; be victorious; conquer in battle with (*acc.*), *impr.* and *pr.* long live; *des.* strive for victory. *sam*, gain; overpower, subdue.

जिगमिषु gi-gam-i-shu, (*des.*) *a.* about to go.

जिगीषा gi-gī-shā, (*des.*) *f.* wish to obtain, expectation, desire to conquer, ambition; -*shū*, *a.* desirous to obtain, conquer, or excel; ambitious; -*tā*, *f.* emulation, ambition

जिघत्सा gi-ghat-sā, *f.* desire or intention to eat; hunger; -*sū*, *a.* desirous of eating *acc.*

जिघांसा gi-ghām-sā, *f.* intention to slay *√han*; -*s-in*, *a.* wishing to kill; -*su*, *a.* intending to slay or destroy *acc.*, -

जिघृषा gi-ghṛik-shā, *f.* desire to seize; -*shu*, *a.* intending to seize *acc.*, -; -*draw* *water*.

जिघ्ने gi-ghn-a-te, *v.* *√han*.

जिह्वी giṅgi, *f.* a plant.

जिजीविषा gi-gīv-i-shā, *f.* desire to live; -*shu*, *a.* wishing to live.

जिज्ञासन gi-gīḥ-s-ana, *n.* wish to know; examination; -*śā*, *f.* *id.*; investigation, -*ana*, *a.* wishing to know or test, examining.

जित् gi-ti, *a.* conquering; gaining (-°).

जितयम gita-rama, *a.* (overcoming =) insured to fatigue; practised in (*loc.*).

जिताक्ष gitāksha, *a.* having subdued his senses; -*akshara*, *a.* having mastered writing, writing with ease; -*ātman*, *a.* self-controlled; -*aparas*, *a.* surpassing the *Ajñaras*.

जिति gi-ti, *f.* acquisition; victory.

जितेन्द्रिय gita indriya, *a.* having the passions subdued; -*tva*, *n.* subjection of the passions.

जित्वर gi-t-vara, *a.* victorious; conquering

जिन gi-na, *m.* (overcomer), a Buddha; a Jain saint, *ep.* of Viśva; -*rakshita*, *m.* *N.*; -*āsana*, *n.* Buddha's doctrine. [Buddha]

जिनेन्द्र gina indra, *m.* lord of the *Gīnas*.

जिन्दुराज gindu-raja, *m.* *N.*

जिन्व GINV, (I. P. *Ā.*) *gīva*, *V.* *P.* *gi-nō-ti* only with *pra*, *stu*, hasten, quicken, stimulate, help, further, *pra*, quicken

जिर्नि gi-vri, *a.* decrepit, old.

जिष्ण gi-shni, *a.* victorious, superior; excellent (*acc.*), *m.* *N.*

जिहासु gi-hā su, *a.* wishing to quit (*acc.*)

जिहीषु gi-hī-shu, *a.* wishing to bring (*acc.*); wishing to take away, carry off, or remove.

जिह्व gihvā, *a.* slanting, oblique, crooked, squinting, fallacious, deceitful, dishonest, slow; *n.* dishonesty, duplicity

जिह्वग gihvā-ga, *a.* moving in a vest (snake); *m.* snake, -*gati*, *a.* *id.*; -*tā*, *f.* crookedness, duplicity; -*ā*, *a.* lying on the side

जिह्वित gi-hvit, *pp.* bent, winding; veiled.

जिह्वी gi-hvī, *f.* [called *√*hive] tongue.

जिह्व्या gihvāgrya, *n.* tip of the tongue; -*malīya*, *a.* belonging to the root of the tongue (certain letters), -*lanīya*, *n.* voracity.

जीत gi-tā, *pp.* of *√gi*.

जीम gi-m, *n.* [a]g-ma, goat-skin, *ep.* ag-ma] leathern bag

जीमूत gi-mūta, *m.* thunder-cloud; -*keta*, *m.* *N.* of a prince of *fairies*, -*vāhana*, *m.* *N.*, -*svana*, *m.* thunder [latīng]

जीर gi-rā, *a.* swift, active; urging, stimulating

जीरदानु gīrā-danu, *a.* dropping swiftly, flowing abundantly.

जीर्ण gi-rma, *pp.* of *√gi*; *n.* decrepitude, old age; digestion; -*tā*, *f.* old age; -*tva*, *n.* *id.*; -*viṣha*, *m.* *N.* of a snake charmer; -*akti*, *f.* power of digesting (*acc.*); -*ata-khanda*

māya, *a.* (i) consisting of a thousand worn out pieces; -*āmāya*-*vara*, *m.* slow fever

जीर्ण gi-rā, *a.* decrepit

जील gi-l, *m.* [a]g-la, goat-skin] leathern pouch.

जीव GIV, I. P. *Ā.* *giva*, live, be or remain alive, return to life *√punar*; live on, maintain oneself by (*in*); *impr.* long life to you! *pr.* *gi-vat*, living, alive; *gīvan*

gakkhati, goes on living, remains alive; *pp.* **gīvita**, living, alive (*rare in this sense*); *cs.* **gīvāya**, P. (Ā.) cause to live, revive; *save or spare the life of*; maintain, bring up; *wish long life to*; *pp.* **gīvita**, revived; *des.* **gīvīśa**, P. (Ā.) wish to live; seek a livelihood, try to maintain oneself (by, in). **ati**, survive; live better than (*acc.*). **anu**, live like (*acc.*); live for, be devoted to (*acc.*); live upon, be maintained by (*acc.*); *cs.* revive. **ā**, exist by; use. **ud**, return to life; *cs.* revive. **prati**, return to life; *pp.* revived; *cs.* revive. **upa**, maintain oneself; live on or be dependent on; make use of, practise; *vr̥ttim* -, gain one's livelihood; *gd.* **upagīvyā**, in dependence on, on account of (*acc.*); *cs.* make use of, exploit. **sam**, live, return to life; *cs.* revive; keep alive, support.

जीव gīv-ā, a. living, alive; living on (-°); causing life; *m.* principle of life, (individual) soul; *N.* of one of the Maruts, *m.* living being, creature.

जीवक gīva-ka, a. (ikā) living, alive; living on (-°); -**grāham**, *ad.* (with *grah*), (take) alive; -**ghāta**, a. killing living creatures (*beast of prey*); -**ya**, a. born alive; -**gīvaka**, *m.* francolin partridge; -**m-gīvaka**, *m.* id.

जीवत्यिका gīvat-patī-kā, *f.* woman whose husband is alive; (ā)-**bhartṛikā**, *f.* id.

जीवदत्त gīva-datta, *m.* N.; -**ka**, *m.* id.; -**dāya-ka**, a. life-giving.

जीवन gīv-ana, a. (i) quickening, animating; restoring to life (-); *x.* restoration to life; existence, life; subsistence; manner of life; maintenance by (- or in); water; -**yonī**, a. having its origin in life; -**hetu**, *m.* means of subsistence. [*is* destroyed.]

जीवनम् gīva-nās, a. (*nm.* -**nāt**) in which life

जीवनीय gīv-anīya, *fp.* one should live; life-giving; *n.* water.

जीवमरण gīvan-marana, *n.* living death; -**mukta**, *pp.* having obtained final liberation while yet alive; -**mukti**, *f.* liberation during life; -**mṛita**, *pp.* living and yet dead, half-dead; -**ka**, a. id.

जीवपति gīva-patī, *m.* living husband; -**patni**, a. *f.* whose husband is alive; -**pitṛi-ka**, a. whose father is still alive; (ā)-**putra**, a. whose son or children are alive, *m.* N. of a Rishi and of a hymn composed by him; -**pra**, a. having children still alive; -**māya**, a. animate, living

जीवस gīva-lī, a. animating; *m.* N.

जीवलोका gīva-lokā, *m.* world of the living, mankind; -**vadhā**, *m.* killing a living being; -**viśaya**, *m.* duration of life; -**viśāhā**, *m.* horn of a living animal; -**saṃsā**, *m.* community of the living; -**śeṣa**, a. having life only as a remnant, having bare life; -**siddhi**, *m.* N.; -**atā**, a. *f.* bearing a living child

जीवसे gīv-ās-e, *V.* inf. of *√gīv*

जीवातु gīv-ātu, *f.* life.

जीवात्मन् gīva ātma, *m.* individual soul; -**apeta**, *pp.* lifeless; -**āsa**, a. attached to life; -**āśakṣin**, a. supposing any one to be alive; -**astikāya**, *m.* the category of soul.

जीविका gīv-ikā, *f.* life; manner of life; means of subsistence, livelihood.

जीवित gīv-itā, *pp.* (√gīv) alive; *n.* living being, life; duration of life; livelihood, means of subsistence.

जीवितव्य gīvita-kshaya, *m.* loss of life, death; -**grīhṇu-tā**, *f.* great love of life; -**nātha**, *m.* lord of one's life, husband; -**priya**, a. dear as life; -**bhūta**, *pp.* having been alive, dead.

जीवितव्य gīv-i-tavya, *fp.* n. to be lived (*with in. of subject* - will live); *n.* possibility of living; allotted term of life; possible restoration to life; -**viśaya**, *m.* duration of life; -**saṃdēha**, *m.* danger to life.

जीवितसम gīvita-sama, a. dear as life.

जीवितकाङ्क्षिन् gīvita ākāṅkṣin, a. wishing to remain alive; -**atyaya**, *m.* danger of losing one's life, -**anta**, *m.* end of life, death; -**ka**, *m.* ender of life, Niva, -**kara**, a. threatening life; -**āsa**, *f.* desire to live, hope of life.

जीवितेश gīvita īsa, *m.* lord of life, Yama; lover, husband; **ā**, *f.* sweetheart, mistress; -**svara**, *m.* ep. of Niva.

जीविन् gīv-in, a. living (for, -° after expressions of time); subsisting by or on (*gnly.* -); *m.* living being, -**ya**, *fp.* n. to be lived; *n.* life.

गुग्गुषा gu-gup-sā, (*des.*) *f.* disgust, aversion.

गुग्गुप्ति gugup-si-ta, (*des.*) *pp.* n. id.; utrocity.

गुटिका gut-ikā, *f.* tuft of hair.

गुर GUR. (V.) P. VI. **gurā**, IV. **gūrya**, age, decay, perish; *pp.* **gūrṇā**, decrepit, old.

गुष् GUSH, VI. **gushā**, taste with pleasure, relish, hear favourably, like, rejoice in, enjoy (*acc.*, *q.*); be pleased; *with* **tanvā**, enjoy oneself, be glad; *cs.* **goshāya**, Ā. (P.) like, love, caress; approve **anu**, visit any one (*acc.*) **abhi**, be fond of; visit, frequent **pra**, *pp.* delighting in (*loc.*) **prati**, be tender towards (*acc.*); rejoice in (*acc.*).

गुश gush, a. devoted to; dwelling in; possessing; like, similar to (-°).

गुष्ट gūsh-tu (or -tā), *pp.* acceptable (to, in, *id.*, *q.*); frequented or visited by, exposed to, furnished with (°, *acc.*).

गुष्टि gūsh-ti, *f.* favour; satisfaction.

गुह्यराज gu-hur-āra, *pp.* *pr.* Ā. of *√hur*.

गुह्य gu-hū, *f.* [called: *√hvā*] tongue (*esp. of Agni*); flame; sacrificial butter-ladle (for pouring ghee on the fire)

गुह्यपु gu-hū-shu, a. wishing to sacrifice (*acc.*).

गुह्योति gu-ho-ti, *m.* (3 *sg.* of *√hu*) technical designation of the sacrifices denoted by the term *guhota* (not by *gagati*).

गु GŪ. (V.) I. Ā. **gāya**, IX. P. **gūnā**, speed; urge, inspire; further; *pp.* **gūtā**. **pra**, speed onwards.

गूट gūta, *m.* braid of hair.

गूर gūra, *m.* injury.

गूर्ण gūrṇ-ud, *pp.* of *√gur*.

गूर्व GŪRV, I. P. **gūrva**, consume with heat, scorch, burn.

जृ 1. GRI, I. Ā. **gāra**, (V.) crackle (*off fire*); call, invoke.

जृ 2. GRI, I. Ā. **gāra**, (V.) awake; move, approach

जृम्भ GRIMBH, I. Ā. (P.) **grimbha**, yawn; open; spread, increase; arise; revive, take courage; be at ease. **ud**, open wide; arise, appear. **sam-ud**, spread; endeavour

(to, *inf.*) **vi**, yawn; increase; expand; arise, appear; *pp.* -**grimbhita**, yawning; expanded, blossomed, flowering. **sam**, appear.

जृम्भ grimbh-a, *m.* yawning; opening; **ā**, *f.* *id.*; (ā)-**kara**, a. producing yawning; -**ana**, *n.* yawning; blossoming; stretching; slakness (*of limbs*); -**ikā**, *f.* yawning; -**ita**, (*pp.*) *n.* appearance.

जृ GRI, I. P. **gāra**, (V.) make old, wear out; IV. P. (Ā. *rare*) **gīrya**, grow old or frail, decay, be worn out, pass away, dissolve, be digested; *pp.* **gīrṇā**, old, decrepit; decayed; worn out, faded, withered, rotten, tumble-down; digested; *cs.* **gārāya**, cause to grow old, wear out.

जितवन gēta-vana, *n.* Gēta(r)'s forest, *N.* of a forest near Srāvastī, where Buddha preached his doctrine.

जितव्य ge-tavya, *fp.* to be conquered; -**tri**, *m.* winner; conqueror; *N.* of a Buddhist prince; -**ya**, *fp.* to be conquered.

जैत्य gēn-in, a. of noble race.

जेलक gelu-ka, *m.* N.

जेह GEH, I. Ā. **gēha**, gape; pant.

जैव gūi-tra, a. (i) victorious, triumphant; *n.* victory; -**yātrā**, *f.* triumphal procession, -**ratha**, *m.* triumphal car.

जैन gaina, a. (i) relating to the Ginas; *m.* Jain; *i*, *f.* doctrine of the Jains.

जैमिनि gaimini, *m.* N. of a teacher, founder, of the Pāru-Mīmāṃsā school of philosophy *i-ya*, *f.* relating to Gaimini; *m.* adherent of Gaimini; *n.* Gaimini's work [*soul*].

जैव gāva, a. (i) relating to the individual

जीवातुक gīvāt/i-ka, a. long-lived, who may live long.

जैह्य gāihm-ya, *n.* fraud, cheating.

जैह्य gāhya, a. relating to the tongue (gīhvā)

जोङ्ग *gōṅga, **क**-ka, *n.* aloe-wood.

जोष gōsh-a, *m.* satisfaction; -**m**, *ad.* at will, as one pleases; gladly; **gosham ā**, be silent.

जोष gosh-ana, *n.* delighting in; choosing (*v.*)

जोह्य gohūtra, a. roaring; neighing loud

ज्ञ gñā, a. knowing, understanding, familiar with (-, *sts.* *g* or *te.*).

ज्ञा gñā-tā, *f.* intelligence, knowledge; familiarity with (-); -**tva**, *n.* intelligence.

ज्ञप्ति gñap ti, *f.* comprehension; ascertainment; -**ka**, *id.* - a. [*telligent*]

ज्ञमन् gñam-manyu, a. thinking oneself in-

ज्ञप्ति gñā-sakti, *f.* faculty of thinking

ज्ञा GñĀ, IX. **gñā-nā**, -**ni**, -**n**, know; be acquainted with, have knowledge of, recognise (by, in), perceive; learn, ascertain; approve; know to be, consider, assume, suppose (2 *acc.*); become acquainted with (*g.*); remember (*g.*); know how to (*inf.*); **ā**, *have to do with. **gñāne** (*used parenthetically*), I know; **na gñā**, know nothing of, disregard, **ka evam gñāte**, with *ft.* who knows but *mā*; **śā gñā**, consider untrue; *pp.* **gñāta**, known; thought; understood, learned, experienced; considered (*nm*); **mayā gñātam**, I thought; *cs.* **gñāpāya**, teach, instruct, inform; declare, report, make acquainted with (2 *acc.*); *pp.* **gñāpta** or **gñāpita**; *des.* **gñānāsa**, Ā. (E. also P.) wish to know, learn, or understand; investigate, test; ascertain; *des.* *cs.*

gñāna, P. wish to make acquainted with (2 ac.). **anu**, grant; promise; approve; admit; follow; pardon *any one* (g.); authorize, permit, give leave to (ac.); permit to depart, dismiss; *es. ask any one ac.* for permission; take leave of (ac.) **abhi** *anu*, grant *any thing* (ac. to g.), permit to (inf.); assent to, approve, authorize; dismiss; take leave of (ac.). **sam**-*anu*, dismiss, *es. take leave of* (ac.). **abhi**, understand, perceive, know; recognize or regard as (2 ac.); *remember (*with fl.*) **prati** *abhi*, recognize, understand; regain consciousness; *es. recall to mind* **ava**, look down upon, despise, disregard; surpass; deny *pp.* accompanied with contempt. **ā**, mark, observe; perceive, hear; understand; consider, *es. command, order any one ac.* to (d.), *le*. **sam**-*ā*, recognize, observe; *pp.* known as (*nom.*); *es. command* **upa**, devise **sam**-*upa*, **d**, *nis*, distinguish, find out **pari**, carefully observe, ascertain; know fully, recognize as (2 ac.); *pp.* known, known as (-). **pra**, discern, recognize; find out; understand, know about; *pp.* known, well known, known as (*nom.*); common; *es.* show the way; betray. **anu**-*pra*, find out the way after. **prati**, admit; promise *something* (ac.) to (d.), *g*. confirm, affirm, answer (A.), assert; discuss (A.); recognize; learn **satyam** -, promise solemnly. **sam**-*prati*, promise **vi**, distinguish, discern; understand; know exactly; gain knowledge; learn from, *g*. find out, ascertain; consider (*the fate of*), observe that (2 ac. or yad), recognize in *le*. look upon as (2 ac.); *pp.* **vi** *niyate*, it is recognised = prescribed by authorities **mā** *vi* *niyate*, let this *nom.* not be regarded as, *es. declare*. - to be (2 ac.), make known, announce; address, request, ask regarding, *artham*, *prati*, *or d*.; inform about (2 ac.) **abhi**-*vi*, learn, perceive **prati**-*vi*, gratefully acknowledge. **sam**-*vi*, agree, advise, *es. recite* **sam**, A. agree with (*le*), *in **ac.* A. obey (d.); *es. appose, satisfy, quiet* (*sacrificial animal*), make signs to (ac.).

ज्ञातव्य *gñā-tavya*, *f.* to be ascertained or learned, to be considered as (*nom.*).

ज्ञाति *gñā-ti*, *m.* near blood-relation, kinsman; -**karmaṇ**, *n.* business; *ta* kinsman; -**kārya**, *n.* kinsman's duty, -**tva**, *n.* consanguinity; -**putra**, *m.* son of a relative; -**prabhūka**, *a.* of high position among relatives; -**prāya**, *a.* meant specially for blood-relations; -**bhāva**, *m.* relationship; -**bha**, *ad.* on the strength of his relationship; -**bheda**, *m.* quarrel among kinsmen, -**mat**, *a.* having near kinsmen

ज्ञातृ *gñā-trī*, *m.* one who knows, acquaintance, witness.

ज्ञान *gñā-na*, *n.* knowledge; true or superior knowledge (*etc. pl.*); wisdom, intuition; assumption; consciousness; organ of sense -**kānda**, *n.* the part of revelation treating of the higher knowledge; -**lakṣhaṇa**, *n.* eye of knowledge, *a.* seeing with the eye of knowledge; -**dā**, *m.* impartor of knowledge; -**pura**-**va**, *a.* preceded by knowledge, *i.e.* well-considered, -**māya**, *a.* 1 consisting in or containing knowledge, -**mārga**, *m.* path of knowledge; -**yoga**, *m.* the theoretical Yoga, -**vat**, *a.* knowing; learned; possessed of superior knowledge; -**akti**-**mat**, *a.* having the faculty of knowing; -**siddhi**, *m.* N.

ज्ञानिन् *gñān-in*, *a.* knowing, understanding, wise; having the higher knowledge; *m.* fortune-teller, astrologer. (1)-**tva**, *n.* fortune-telling.

ज्ञानेच्छाक्रियाशक्तिमत् *gñāna ikṣhā-kriyā-śakti-mat*, *a.* having the faculty of knowledge, will, and action

ज्ञानेन्द्रिय *gñāna indriya*, *m.* organ of perception or sense

ज्ञापक *gñā-paka*, *a.* (1) *ā* causing to know, teaching, indicating, *m.* master of petitions (*an official*), *a.* precept, implicit rule (*of a rām*) *mat*; -**ana**, *a.* notifying, indicating, -**auya**, *f.* to be made known or notified as (*nom.*), -**ayit**, *m.* instructor.

ज्ञोषा *gñōp-sā*, (*des.*) *f.* enquiry

ज्ञेय *gñē-ya*, *f.* to be known, learned, understood, investigated, considered as (*nom.*), *with in of subject* one should know how to (*inf.*); -**gña**, *m.* mind, knowing the knowable; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* knowableness, comprehensibility

ज्या 1. **GYA** IX. P. **ajā**, overpower; oppress, deprive of (2 ac.); *pp.* **giya** or **giya**; *pp.* **giṭa**. [coercive requirement]

ज्या 2. **gyā**, *f.* superior power or force; ex-

ज्या 3. **gyā**, *f.* bowstring. [string]

ज्याकृष्ट *gyā-kṛṣṭi*, *f.* drawing of the bow-

ज्यानि *gyā-ni*, *f.* oppression; disappearance

ज्यापाश *gyā paśā*, *m.* bowstring.

ज्याय *gyā-ya*, *den.* A. represent a bowstring.

ज्यायस *gyā-yas*, *ep.* mightier, stronger; superior, better, greater; older; more venerable or distinguished, most excellent or distinguished -**tva**, *n.* abst. *vat*, *a.* recognizing a superior, obedient.

ज्यायिष्ठ *gyāy-iṣṭha*, *spr.* *m.* most excellent or distinguished; first, best

ज्युत् *GYUT*, I. **Ā**, *gyota*, shine, *es.* P. **gyot**-**āya**, illumine.

ज्येष्ठ *gyē-iṣṭha* (or *a*), *spr.* most excellent or beautiful, greatest, highest; best, first; chief; superior to *ab*; -**eldest** -**m**, *ad.* most, greatly; *m.* elder brother; *se* *ghata* ascending bucket on the water wheel, *N.* of a month, May-June = *gyaushṭha*; **2**, *f.* eldest wife, *N.* of the 16th (18th) lunar station; misfortune; *n.* chief thing.

ज्येष्ठतर *gyeṣṭha-tara*, *ep.* *m.* one of the elders, **ā**, *f.* nurse; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* superiority, precedence; primogeniture; -**yāla**, *m.* N. -**va**-**ya**, *a.* older than - , -**varān**, *m.* Brahman, -**vyṭti**, *a.* behaving like an elder brother; -**sāman**, *n.* N. of a Sāman; *a.* one who chants this Sāman, -**sāma-ga**, *a.* *ad.* - **ārama**, *m.* most excellent order that of the household, *a.* living in the household stage

ज्येष्ठमास *gyeṣṭha-māsa*, *N.* of a summer month (May-June); **1**, *f.* day of full moon in *Gyaushṭha*, -**samika**, *a.* relating to the *gyeṣṭha-sāman*.

ज्येष्ठपुत्र *gyeṣṭha-m-eyā*, *m.* son of the father's eldest wife. [genture]

ज्येष्ठ्य *gyeṣṭha-ya*, *n.* precedence; primo-

ज्योक् *gyōk*, *ad.* for a long time - **-tanām**, *ad.* longest

ज्योतिरय *gyotir-aya*, *a.* (preceded by =) radiating light; -**isa**, -**isvara**, *m.* N. of an author.

ज्योतिर्ष *gyotir-gña*, *m.* astronomer; -**māya**, *a.* consisting of light, radiant; -**lekṣā**, *f.* N., -**vid**, *m.* astronomer.

ज्योतिःशास्त्र *gyotīḥ-śāstra*, *n.* astronomy.

ज्योतिष *gyotish-a*, *n.* astronomical science - *one of the six Vēdāngas*).

ज्योतिष्का *gyotish-kāma*, *m.* spark, -**prabha**, *m.* N. of a Buddha, of a Bodhisattva, and of a prince, -**praroha**, *m.* sheet of light; *pl.* rays; -**mat**, *a.* full of light, radiant, brilliant, heavenly, *m.* sun, *N.* - **ā**, *f.* a form of triśaṭṭvī.

ज्योतिःश्लोक *gyotīḥ-shloka*, *m.* (Praise of Light) kind of Soma sacrifice (which consists of four, *Agnyashoma* 1 *kṛtya*, *Shadasi*, and *Ati* *vāta*, or seven parts, the same and *Atyagnyashoma*, *Yajurveda*, and *Apṛoryāma*).

ज्योतिस् *gyot-is*, *n.* light, radiance; fire, light of the eye, world of light, intelligence, light of life, freedom, joy, victory *pl.* heavenly bodies, stars [of *gen.*]

ज्योतीरस *gyotī-rasa*, *m.* (dew of light), *kind*

ज्योत्स्ना *gyot-snā*, *f.* moonlight -**māya**, *a.* consisting of moonlight, -**vat**, *a.* moonlight night; bright.

ज्योत्स्निका *gyotsn-ikā*, *f.* N. of a singer

ज्योत्स्ना *gyotsna*, *m.* (moonlit half =) light half of the month

ज्ययस *gyāy-as*, *n.* expanse, space

जि **GRI**, I. P. **grāya**, with *upa*, go to (*ac.*)

ज्वर **GVAR**, I. P. **gvara**, be hot, *es.* **gvar**-**aya**, cause to be feverish **sam**, be distressed, [delirious raving]

ज्वर *gvar-a*, *m.* fever; sorrow -**pralāpa**, *m.*

ज्वरित *gvar-ita*, *pp.* feverish, -**in**, *a.* *id.*

ज्वल **GVAL**, I. P. (*E. also* **Ā**), **gvala**, blaze, burn, flame, glow, flash, be red hot; *pp.* **gvalita**, flaming, blazing, the lung, shining, *es.* **gvalāya**, kindle, illuminate, *etc.* **gh** **gvalati** or **gh** **gvalyate**, blaze powerfully, shine brilliantly, *ud.* flare up, *es.* set aflame, kindle, illuminate, **pra**, begin to blaze or flash *pp.* flaming, blazing, shining, *es.* kindle **abhi**-**vi**, shine towards, **sam**, blaze; *es.* **gvalāya**, kindle.

ज्वल *gval-a*, *m.* flame; -**at**, *pp.* *pl.* burning, shining *etc.*, *m.* burning fire.

ज्वलन् *gval-ant*, *a.* burning; shining *m.* fire, candle, potash; *n.* flaming -**kana**, *m.* spark.

ज्वलित *gval-ita*, (*pp.*) *n.* shining, sheen

ज्वान *gvala*, *m.* flame; torch; **ā**, *f.* illumination; flame, bright light -**dhava**, *m.* fire, -**mukha**, *m.* Flame mouth. *Kind of ghost*; *N.* of a Brahmarākṣasa, -**linga**, *n.* N. of a temple of Śiva

ज्वानिन् *gval-in*, *a.* flaming.

५ GH.

घुम्कार *ghum-kāra*, *m.* humming; purling; -**kārita**, *n.* *id.*; -**kārin**, *a.* rattling; humming; *n.* *id.*; sounding.

घुम्भा *ghumṭhā*, *f.* roaring (of the wind); -**anila**, *m.* roaring wind; -**marut**, *m.*, -**mā-ruta**, *m.* *id.*

घट **GHAT**, only with *ud*, *pp.* **agghaṭita**, *turned into confusion.*

घटति *ghaṭ-iti*, *ad.* at once, on the spot.

गृण् GHAN, I. P. *ghana*, sound.

घणघणाघ *ghana-ghanā-ya*, *Ā*, sound, rattle *pp. -yita*, rattling.

घणघणारव *ghana-ghanā-rava*, *m. pl.* tinkling.

घणत्कार *ghanat-kāra*, *m.* tinkling; rattling.

घणिति *ghan-iti*, *ad.* ting!

घम्प *ghampa*, *m.*, *ḥ*, *f.* jump, leap: *-m dā*, take a leap

गृ GHAR, *pr. pt.* *ghar-at*, flowing down.

गरा *ghar-ā*, *f.* waterfall; *-i*, *f. id.*; river.

घर्घर *ghar-ghar-a*, *m.*, *i*, *f.* kind of drum or flute.

घर्घरित *gharghar-ita*, *pp.* bruised; withered.

घलघला *ghalag-ghalā*, *f.* sound of dripping or of the flapping of elephants' ears.

घल्ला *ghalla*, *m.* club-fighting athlete (*descendant of outcast Kshatriya*).

घल्ला-का *ghalla-ka*, *n.* kind of cymbal; *-zi*, *f.* kind of musical instrument.

घश *ghashā*, *m.* kind of large fish; fish: *-ket-ana*, *m.* (fish-bannered), *Kāma*, love; sea.

घांकारिन् *ghām-kārin*, *a.* = *gham-kārin*.

घाङ्कारिन् *ghāt-kārin*, *a.* whistling.

घिल्लिका *ghillikā*, *f.* cricket.

घिल्ली *ghilli*, *f.*, *°ka* *-ka*, *m. id.* [*betel*].

घौलिका *ghaulika*, little pouch (*containing*).

ट T.

टक्का *takka*, *m.* miser.

टक्कादेश *takka-desa*, *n.* country of the Takkas.

टक्कार *takkarā*, *f.* blow on the head.

टक्किबुद्ध *takki-buddha*, *m. N.*

टङ्का *taika*, chisel; mutton; a coin; a weight (= 4 *māshā*); *N.* of a caste or people; *i-kā*.

टङ्कण *taikana*, *m.* borax. [*f.* chisel.

टङ्कय *taika-ya*, *den. P.* cover up. *ud*, *pp.* *ut-takita*, stamped, marked, with (-°).

टंकार *taṁ-kāra*, *m.* yell, cry; twang, sound: *-rava*, *m. id.* [*ing*]; *-kita*, *n.* sound.

टंकारित *taṁ-kārita*, *n.* humming; twang-

टल् *TAL*, I. P. *ṭala*, be confused.

टसत् *tasut*, टसिति *tas-iti*, *tj.* bang!

टाङ्क *tāṅka*, *n.* kind of intoxicating liquor.

टांकार *tām-kāra*, *m.*, *°kita* *-krita*, *n.* sound.

टिक्का *tikka*, *m. N.*

टिट्ठिम *titti-bha*, *m.*, *i*, *f.* a bird (*Parra juncana*); *N.* of a bug.

टिण्डा *tiṇḍā*, *f.* gaming-house.

टीक् *TĪK*, I. *Ā*. *tika*, trip along; *cs. tikaya*, explain, elucidate.

टीका *tika-ā*, *f.* commentary.

टीटिम *titi-bha*, *m.*, *i*, *f.* = *titti-bha*.

टोत्कार *tit-kāra*, *m.* crash.

टुल्ला *tulla*, *m. N.*

ठ TH.

ठकार *tha-kāra*, *m.* the letter *th*.

ठक्कण *thakkana*, *m. N.* of a prince.

ठक्कुर *thakkura*, *m.* deity; the divine -. (*ho-*

noric title after proper names.)

ठात्कार *thāt-kāra*, *m* = *tāt-kāra*.

ठार *thāra*, *m.* hoarfrost.

ठिण्डा *thiṇḍā*, *f.* gambling-house; *N.*: *-ka-rāla*, *m. N.* of the proprietor of a gambling-house.

ड D.

डम् DAM, I. P. *dama*, sound (of a drum).

डम *dam-a*, *m. N.* of a despised mixed caste.

डमर *dama-ru*, *m.* tumult, brawl.

डमरिण *dumariṇ*, *m.* kind of drum.

डमर् *dumarn*, *id.* *-kā*, *f. id.*

डम्ब DAMB, I. or X. P. *vi-damba*, imitate, vie with; *-dambaya*, deride; deceive: *pp. -dambita*.

डम्बर *dumba-ra*, *m.* noise; bombast; confused mass; splendour. *-nāman*, *a.* bearing a high-sounding name.

डम्भ *dambha*, *m. N.* [*m. N.*

डल्ला *dallaka*, *n.* kind of suspended basket;

डवित्थ *davitha*, *m. N.*

डाकिनी *dākini*, *f.* kind of female demon (in the *reṭina* of *Kālī*) that feeds on human flesh: *-tva*, *n.* character of a *Dākini*.

डागिनी *dāgini*, *f.* = *dākini*.

डागिनिय *dāgineya*, *°ka* *-ka*, *N.* of a gambler.

डाङ्कति *dām-kṛiti*, *f.* sound.

डाकृति *dāt-kṛiti*, *f.* howl.

डामर *dāmara*, *a.* astounding, extraordinary (*-tva*, *n. abst. s*); *m.* astonishment, admiration; knight.

डिण्डिम *dindima*, *m. n.*, *ḥ*, *f.* kind of drum: *m.* murmuring; *a.* humming

डित्थ *dittha*, *m. N.*

डिम *dima*, *m.* kind of play.

डिम्ब *dimba*, panic; danger; affray, riot; *m.* egg; ball; simploton: *-āhava*, *m.* revolt, tumult. [*ignoramus*]

डिम्भ *dimbha*, *m.* (new-born) child, boy;

डिल्लि *dilli*, डिल्ली *dilli*, *f.* Delhi. *N.* of a city

डी *DĪ*, I. *Ā*. *dāya*, IV. *Ā*. *dīya*, fly *ud*, fly up: *pp. ud-dīna*. *pra**ud*, fly up and away *pra*, fly up.

डीन *di-na*, *n.* flight.

डुण्डुम *duṇḍu-bha*, *m.* kind of footless lizard.

डोम् *domba*, *m.* low-caste musician: *i*, *f.* kind of play. [*lha*]

डौण्डुम *duṇḍubha*, *a.* relating to the *duṇḍu-*

ड्वल् *DVAL*, with *ḥ*, *cs. -drālaya*, *P.* mix.

ढ DH.

ढक्का *dhukka*, *m.* kind of edifice: *N.* of a locality: *ḥ*, *f.* large drum.

ढक्कादेशीय *dhukka-desiya*, *a.* peculiar to the country of *Dhukka*.

ढक्कण *dhukkaṇa* or *°m* *-ma*, *m. N.*

ढामरा *dhāmarā*, *f.* goose

ढाल *dhāla*, *n.* shield.

ढेङ्क *dheṅka*, *m.* kind of bird; *i*, *f.* kind of dance.

ढोल *dhola*, *m.* drum.

ढौक् *DHAU* K. I. *Ā*. *dhauka*, approach (*ac*) *ito dhaukasva*, come here; *cs. dhauk-aya*, *P.* bring near to (*g.*); procure; offer to (*d*). *upa*, *cs.* offer; prepare.

ढौकण *dhauk-ana*, *n.* offering, present

य N.

यि *n-i*, यिच् *n-i-k*, *m.* the causal suffix *i*.
यित् *n-it*, having *n* for its *it* (which produces *viddhi* of a final vowel or penultimate *a* and

in *taddhita* suffixes *viddhi* of the first vowel of the base).

य्य *nya*, *m. N.* of a lake in *Brahmaloka*.

य्यन्त *nyanta*, *a.* ending in the causal suffix.

य्यल् *nyul*, *m.* the suffix *-aka* (in such words as *bhog-aka* etc.).

त T.

त *tā*, *prn.* of the 3rd *prs.* (*nm.* *sg.* *m.* *sa.* *f.* *ā*) he, she, it, they; that, those (*a.* or *v.*); *ata*, *attenuated* to an article in *mg.*; *correl.* to preceding relative; with *prns.* of 1st & 2nd *prs.* *e. g.* *so ham* = I being such; *repeated*, this and that, each, several, various, respective, with relative *± vā* *ya/ sa*, whoever; *yāt tad*, whatever, every, any; *yo ya/ sa*, whoever - he; *yāt yāt tat tad*, whatever - that, *tāt yathā*, that is as follows, that is to say

तस् *TAMS*, pour out (*desires*); *cs.* *tama-sa-ya*, P. shake.

तक् *TAK*, II. P. rush; *pp.* *takta*, rushing along.

तक्मन् *tuk-mān*, *m.* fever.

तक्क *tak-ra*, *n.* buttermilk mixed with an equal amount of water

तक्काट *takra-āta*, *m.* churning-stick.

तक्ष *TAKSH*, I *taksha*, V. P. *taksh* *ho*, *hew*, carve; split, fashion; *sp.* of wood to make, create; invent, *act.* often of the artistic work of the Rikhus *pp.* *taksha ā*, procure, *pari*, cut to pieces.

तक्षक *taksh-a*, *m.* carpenter (?); *N.* of a son of Bharata. -*kā*, *m.* cutter (?); *N.* of a serpent demon. -*śā*, *n.* cutting, carving; planing.

तक्षन् *taksh-an*, *m.* wood-cutter; carpenter

तक्षसिला *takshu-silā*, *f.* *N.* of a city, the capital of the Gandhāras -*tas*, *ad* from *Takshasila*.

तक्षुण *taṅgama*, *m. pl.* *N.* of a people on the upper Sarayū.

तक्षील *taḥ-khila*, *a.* having such a habit; similar.

तक्षीवन् *taḥ-givān*, *n.* his livelihood; -*gā*, *a.* knowing that, - *ā*, familiar with, versed in; *m.* connoisseur

तन्त्र *TANĀ*, VII. P. *tanakti*, contract.

तट *TAT* I. P. *ta/ta*, groan.

तट *ta/ta*, *a.* (*n.*), *i.* *f.* slope, bank, often *cs.* of projecting parts of the body

तटद्रुम *tata-druma*, *m.* tree on the bank; -*bhū*, *f.* bank, -*stha*, *a.* standing on the slope, indifferent; neutral as standing midway between summit and valley), approximate situation; -*sthita*, *pp.* indifferent.

तटाक *taṭaka*, *n.* pond, lake. [*m.* ocean.

तटिनी *taṭi-nī*, *f.* (having banks) river -*pati*.

तट्ट *TAD*, *cs.* *tādasya*, P. strike, beat; chastise; wound *pari*, *cs.* labour with (*m.* *pra*, *cs.* strike down *vi*, *cs.* wound; strike against *le*. [*burst* of tanks.

तडाग *taḍaga*, *n.* pond, lake; -*bhedaka*, *m.*

तटित *taṭ-it*, *f.* lightning; -*vat*, *a.* containing lightnings, flashing; *m.* thunder-cloud.

तटिकय *taṭin-maya*, *a.* resembling lightning; -*māli*, *f.* flash of lightning.

तटिलता *taṭil-tatā*, *f.* *id.*; -*lekṣhā*, *f.* *id.*

तटुल *tand-ula*, *m.* grain, *esp.* of rice; grain of rice as a weight -*kana*, *m.* grain of rice; -*kandana*, *n.* bran.

तत 1. *tatā*, *m.* father; *re.* also my son.

तत 2. *ta-tā*, *pp.* of *√1*, *tan*.

ततस् *tā-tas*, *ad.* = *ab.* *sg.* *du.* *pl.* of *prn.* *ta*, thence; there; thither; thereupon, then; therefore; *itas tatas*, (from) here and there, hither and thither, *tata/ katham*, how is it then that? *tata/ kim*, what next? - pray go on; what would be the use of it? what can be the harm of it? does it not come to the same thing? *tata/ kṣanāt*, - *kṣanam*, immediately after, *tata/ param*, besides this, more over, thereupon, afterwards; *tata/ paśāt*, after that, then; *tata/ prabhṛti*, thenceforward, *tatas tata/*, from here and there, hither and thither, everywhere; what next? - pray go on. *tato nyata/*, to some other place; *tato nyatra* = *tasmad anyasmin*, *tato param*, later, afterwards, another time, *yatas tata/*, from whomsoever = indiscriminately; (from) wherever, *yato yata/ tatas tata/* (from) wherever - there (thence), whithersoever - thither.

ततस्व *tatas-tva*, *a.* coming from thence

ततामह *tatā-mahā*, *m.* grandfather

तति 1. *tā-ti*, *a. pl.* so many (*nm.* *ac.* *tati*).

तति 2. *ta-ti*, *f.* multitude, troop.

ततिय *tati-tha* *a.* (*cs.*) the so-manieth.

तत्कर्म *tat-kartavya*, *fp. n.* (necessity to do that), appropriate course of action, -*karmakārin*, *a.* following the same occupations, -*karin*, *a.* doing the same thing, -*kāla*, *m.* that time, that particular time, previous time -*m*, at that time, at the same time; instantly, at once; *a.* happening at the same time or at once, -*pari/aryā*, *f.* immediate hospitality; -*kāline*, *a.* being at or belonging to that time, simultaneous; -*krīta*, *pp.* caused thereby; -*kṣama*, *m.* the same moment. -*m*, *ab.* *le*, straightway, instantly.

तत्तीर *tat-tīra*, *n.* its bank.

तत्त्व *tat-tva*, *n.* (that-ness), very essence, true nature, truth, reality; principle *exp.* on the 25 in the Sāṅkhya philosophy, in the Vedānta philosophy the word is artificially analysed into 'tat tvam', that art thou, expressing the identity of the multi-form phenomenal world (tvam) with the one undifferentiated invisible Brahman (tat) in, *tas*, in reality; truly; exactly, thoroughly

तत्त्वज्ञ *tattva-gñā*, *a.* knowing thoroughly *cs.* -*gñāna*, *n.* knowledge of real essence, true knowledge; -*darin*, *a.* seeing or knowing the truth, -*dar*, *a.* *id.* -*bodha*, *n.* knowledge of the truth, *title* of two works, -*bhāva*, *m.* true being or essence, -*bhūta*, *pp.* true, -*vid*, *a.* knowing thoroughly *or* *g.* -*sud-dhi*, *f.* exact knowledge of the truth.

तत्त्वाङ्गीपमा *tattva-āṅgyāna upamā*, *f.* simile implied in stating a truth (e.g. 'thy mouth is not a lotus' implies 'thy mouth is like a lotus'); -*apahnava-rupaka*, *n.* simile implied in denying the truth (e.g. 'thy eyes are not eyes but two holes' implies 'thy eyes are like two holes'); -*abhiyoga*, *m.* prosecution based on facts; -*arthā*, *m.* matter of fact, truth; true sense of (*cs.*); -*vid*, *a.* knowing the true sense.

तत्पद *tat-pada*, *n.* its place; the word tad; -*padavi*, *f.* his path; *√yam* *padam dhā*, set foot in his path = imitate or vie with him; -*para*, *a.* 1. following upon that; 2. having that as the highest), occupied with that only;

exclusively devoted to, intent on (*le*), -*āt*, *f.* exclusive devotion, intentness, -*para-ya*, *a.* having that as the final aim, -*pārva*, *n.* his side; -*puruṣa*, *m.* his servant *the example used to designate the class of determinative compounds, i. e., those in which the first part determines or limits the second, specifically those in which the first part has the sense of a case*, -*pūrva*, *a.* happening for the first time; -*pradhāna*, *a.* dependent on her; -*prahriṣh/a*, *pp.* pleased with that

तत्त्वा *tā-tva* (V. also *ā*), *ad.* = *le*, of *ta*; there; thither, on this occasion, on account of that, in that case, then; *tatra tatra*, always in or on that (those), here and there, hither and thither, everywhere, *yatra tatra*, wherever, anywhere, whithersoever, at every opportunity *yatra tatra api*, whithersoever

तत्त्वचर्मन्त *tatta-kakshur-manus*, *a.* directing eyes and thoughts thither

तत्त्व *tatra-tva*, *a.* being there

तत्त्वभयत् *tatra bhaynt*, *a.* respected, *m.* the gentleman there -*a*, *f.* the lady there, of persons absent from the stage

तत्त्व *tatra-stha*, *a.* being or abiding there.

तत्त्वकरि *tatranantare*, *le* in the interval, meanwhile

तत्त्व्याक *tat-saṅkhyā-ka*, *a.* the same in number, -*sama*, *a.* equal to, synonymous with *cs.* -*samakṣam*, *ad.* before his eyes, -*samipe*, *le* near him, -*sambandhin*, *a.* connected with that; -*sp*, *mb/in*, *a.* touching that or those.

तथा *tā-thā*, *ad.* so, thus (*emph.* to *yathā*, *as*, that; *iva*, *as*; *yo*, *that*, that is so, so be it, well, yes, so truly *in mths.*; in like manner, also, likewise, *tathā ā*, similarly, so also, *tathā api*, *id.* nevertheless, yet *only* with *cor.* *yadi* *api*, *api* *yadi*, *kāman*, *varāna*, *tathā hi*, for so it is, so for instance, that is to say, namely, *tathā eva*, just so like wise, similarly *ā* and *api* sometimes *emph.*, *tathā yathā*, so that, so long till, *yathā tathā*, in whatever way, in this way or that, by all means, by commentators used to indicate that a word is used adverbially in such a manner that it is *cs.* with *na*, by no means, practically not, *yathā yathā tathā tatha*, in whatever way, so, the more the more, *na tathā*, not so, untrue.

तथागत *tatha-gat*, *pp.* having or behaving thus, so conformed, such, *m.* a Buddha, a Buddhist; -*guna*, *n.* having such virtues, -*tva*, *n.* the being such, true state, real nature, -*bhavitavya-ta*, *f.* necessity of such a result, -*bhavin*, *a.* destined to become such, -*bhūta*, *pp.* being such, in such a plight or condition, -*mukha*, *a.* facing the same way

तथायतम् *tathā āyatam*, *ad.* in the same direction.

तथा रूप *tathā-rūpa*, *a.* so formed, so shaped, of such an appearance, -*rupin*, *a.* *id.* -*vi-dha*, *a.* of such a kind, being in such a condition or plight -*m*, *ad.* so, thus, in such a way, -*vidhāna*, *a.* seeing thus, -*virya*, *a.* of such might; -*vratā*, *a.* observing such a course

तथ्य *tath-ya*, *a.* true, *n.* truth in, -*tas*, in accordance with truth; -*va/ana*, *n.* promise

तह् *ta-d*, *prn.* *nm.* *ac.* of *ta* also base; *ad* there, thither; so, thus, then, in regard to that in the *Brāhmaṇas*, then, in

that case (*corr. yadi, kēd*); therefore, accordingly (*corr. yad, yatah, yena*); now (*common in Brāhmanas as a particle of transition*); **तद् अपि**, even that, even then (*corr. kēd*); nevertheless (*corr. yadi api*); **तद् यथा**, this is as follows, thus for instance.

तदनन्तर tad-anantara, *a.* standing next to (*g.*); **-m**, *ad.* immediately after, thereupon (*corr. prak or pratnaman*).

तदनु tad-anu, *ad.* thereupon, then.

तदनुकृति tad-anukṛiti, *ad.* accordingly; **-anusarana-krama**, *n.* continual following of him; **-anta**, *a.* ending with that; **-apatyatā**, *f.* condition of having offspring through him (*the son*) or by her (*the Sādrā woman*); **-apatyamaya**, *a.* devoted to his (her) children; **-apeksha**, *n.* having regard to that; **-artha**, *n.* the meaning of that or those; *a.* having that for its object, meant for that; having the same meaning; **-m**, *ad.* for that purpose, on that account, therefore; **-arthin**, *a.* desiring that; **-arthiya**, *a.* undertaken for that end, having that as its object; **-ardhika**, *a.* half as much; **-arha**, *a.* commensurate with that; **-avastha**, *a.* being in that condition or plight; being in the same condition = safe.

तदा ta-dā, *ad.* at that time, then (*often redundant in E. with tatah, puri, and atha*); frequently with correlative yatah, yatra, yad, yadā, yadi, kēd; in that case; **तदा प्राभृति**, thenceforward; **यदा यदा-तदा तदा**, whenever-then; **यदा तदा**, at any time, always. [ance.]

तदाकार tad-ākāra, *a.* having that appearance.

तदाव tadā-tva, *n.* present time or state (*opp. āyati*).

तदादि tadādī, *ad.* thenceforward; then.

तदानीम् tadā-ni-m, (*acc.*) *ad.* then, at that time (*corr. yatra, yada, yadi*).

तदीय tad-īya, *a.* belonging, referring or proper to him, her, it, them, or that; his, her, its, their; such; **-saṅga**, *m.* union with her.

तदुच्य tad-uttha, *a.* arising from or caused by that man; **-upahita**, *pp.* transferred to him.

तदोक्त tad-okta, *a.* abiding there.

तद्गत tad-gata, *pp.* directed to him, her, or that; directed to (-); **-gana**, *m.* his or her quality or virtue; *a.* having those qualities.

तद्देवता tad-devatā-ka, *a.* having that as a deity; **-deya**, *a.* coming from the same country; *m.* countryman; **-dvigana**, *a.* twice that amount.

तद्वित tad-dhita, *a.* good for him, in which sense one of the suffixes of this class is used, *m.* (*acc. pratyaya* secondary suffix); word formed with a secondary suffix. [on that.]

तदुचि tad-buddhi, *a.* whose mind is centred

तद्भव tad-bhava, *a.* derived from that, *viz.* Sanskrit (*applied to Prākṛit and South Indian words*); **-bhāva**, *m.* becoming that; becoming (-); *n.* his sentiments or intentions; **-bhūta**, *pp.* being therein.

तद्वसु tad-vasu, *m.* essence of it; **-rāga**, *m.* suffix attached to the name of a people to designate their king; **-rūpa**, *a.* of such kind or appearance; of the same kind; **-vamsya**, *m.* relative of that ruler; **-vakti**, *m.* proponent of that; **-vat**, *1. ad.* in this way, thus; similarly, likewise, also; *2. a.* possessing or containing that; **-tā**, *f.* conformity, harmony; **-vaya**, *a.* of the same age; **-vid**, *a.* knowing or versed in that; *m.* connoisseur; **-vidha**, *a.* of such a kind, such, such-like.

corresponding thereto: **-tva**, *n.* corresponding nature; **-vishaya**, *a.* belonging to that category; having that as an object; **-vritti**, *a.* living according to that; **-vrata**, *a.* fulfilling duties towards him, her, or them.

तन् 1. TAN. VIII. **tan-ō**, stretch; extend; reach; cover; shine afar; continue, endure; spread out (*web*); propagate; augment, increase; direct (*steps*); utter; perform (*rites*); make, render (*2 acc.*); *pp.* **tata**, spread out, extended; wide; covered with (*in.*); **-ati**, *pp.* very hangiv. **adhi**, string (*a bow*); *pp.* covered with (*in.*). **abhi**, extend over (*acc.*). **ava**, descend; spread over, cover; relax. **ā**, spread over, pervade; illumine; stretch oneself, strain or strive towards (*acc.*); gain a footing (*padam*); spread out, stretch; diffuse, effuse; produce, cause; display, betray. *pp.* **ātata**, extended; distended, taut. **abhiā**, get into one's power. **viā**, produce, cause. **sam-ā**, *id.* **ni**, penetrate; cause to take root. **pāri**, clasp; surround. **pra**, spread; diffuse; cause; show; make, render (*2 acc.*). **vi**, spread; cover, pervade, fill; stretch out, extend; draw (*bow or harpstring*); string (*bow*); make *steps* (*padāni*) = stride; put in front (*gole*); apply ointment to (*le*); arrange, perform, carry out (*rites etc.*); display; cause, produce; make, render (*2 acc.*); *pp.* extended; extensive, wide. **pra-vi**, *pp.* extended; far-spreading; wide. **sam**, make continuous; uninterrupted, continuous; connected.

तन् 2. TAN. IV. **P. tanya**, (*V.*) roar, resound.

तन् 3. **tān**, *f.* duration; *in.* continually

तनय tān-ya, *a.* continuing a family; belonging to one's own family; *m. son*; **ā**, *f.* daughter; *n.* progeny; race, family; child.

तनयीकृत tanayi-kṛita, *pp.* made a son.

तनिका tān-ikā, *f.* rope, cord; **-tri**, *m.* extender, performer.

तन्मिन् tān-i-man, *m.* thinness; shallowness, weakness; **-ishtha**, *spr.* **-iyas**, *cpr.* of tānī.

तनु tan-ū, *a.* (**ū**, **v-i**) thin; small; slender; scanty, moderate (*in amount*); delicate, weak; **u**, **ū**, *f.* body, person, form; one's self (= *refl. prn.* also *pl.*); manifestation; **rarāṅgān tanur manyoh** = frown of anger; **īyam tanur mama**, here, **svakā tanuh**, one's own person.

तनुच्छद tanu-klhach, *m.* feather; armour, cuirass; **-ya**, *m. son*; **ā**, *f.* daughter; **-tā**, *f.* smallness; meagreness, slenderness; condition of having a body; **-tyaga**, *a.* abandoning the body, dying, risking life, brave; **-tyāga**, *m.* sacrificing or risking one's life.

तनुष tanu-tra, *n.* armour, cuirass: **-trāṅga**, *n. id.*; **-tr-in**, *a.* armoured.

तनुदान tanu-dāna, *n.* giving up the body; scanty gift; **-bhāva**, *m.* slenderness, scantiness; **-bhṛit**, *m.* embodied being, *cpr.* human being; **-mat**, *a.* possessing a body; **-madhya**, *n.* waist; *a.* slender-waisted; **-madhyama**, *a.* slender-waisted; **-ruha**, *n.* feather; **-sam-gama**, *m.* personal union.

तनु tan-ū, *f.* *r.* tan-ū.

तनुकरण tanū-karam, *n.* attenuating; **-kar-tri**, *m.* diminisher. [lay aside (*shame*).

तनुक tanū-kri, attenuate, lop; diminish:

तनुज tanē-jā, *a.* born from the body; *m. son*; **ā**, *f.* daughter; **-tyag**, *a.* risking one's life, desperate; **-dāshi**, *a.* injuring life.

तनुजपात् tanū-nāpāt, *m. son* of himself. *ep.* of Agni; fire; **-naptri**, *m. id.*

तनून्व tanū-bhava, *m. son*; **-ruha**, *n.* hair (*on the body*); plumage; wing; *m. son*.

तनि tan-tī, *f.* (*also i*) cord, rope (*esp. for tying calves*).

तनु tān-tu, *m.* thread, cord, string; fibre, warp; uninterrupted course of a sacrifice; propagator of a race; lineage.

तनुक tantu-ka, (*-ō a.*) string, thread; **-mat**, *a.* threadlike; *ep.* of Agni (continuous as a thread); **-vāya**, *m.* weaver.

तन्व tān-tra, *n.* loom; warp; groundwork, underlying principle, essence; system; standard; main point; rule, doctrine; manual; section in a manual; *a.* clue of magical and mystical treatises; spell; physis, specific; government; **-i**, *line, rank, troop*; *a.* chiefly concerned with, dependent on (-).

तन्वका tantra-ka, *a.* coming from the loom, quite new; **-a. doctrine, manual.**

तन्वका tantra-kāra, *m.* composer of a manual.

तन्वय (tantra-ya, *den.* P. follow; perform; provide for (*acc.*); *pp.* **tantrita**, dependent on (-)).

तन्ववाय tantra-vāya, *m.* weaver.

तन्त्रिन् tantri-m, *m.* soldier.

तन्त्रिलक tantrillaka, *m. N.*

तन्त्री tan-trī, *f.* (*num. -a*) string; music of a stringed instrument.

तन् TAND, I. **ā. tанда**, relax, flag.

तन्द्य tandra-ya, *den.* **Ā.** grow weary.

तन्द्रा tand-rā, *f.* lassitude; laziness, sloth.

तन्द्राय tandrā-ya, *den.* **Ā.** grow weary.

तन्द्रातु tandrā-tu, *a.* weary, fatigued.

तन्निमित्त tan-nimitta, *a.* caused by him or thereby; **-tva**, *n.* being the cause thereof, **-nishā**, *a.* a thoroughly devoted to that.

तन्मन्त्र tan-manas, *a.* absorbed therein; **-maya**, *a.* consisting thereof, full of, identified therewith; **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* identity with him, her, it, or that; **-mātra**, *a.* only so much or little; atomic; *n.* trifle (*ab. (anpi)* about a mere trifle); atom, rudimentary undifferentiated, subtle element (*from which a gross element is produced*); **-ka**, *n.* only just so much; **-mānā**, *a.* passing for that; **-mūla**, *a.* based on that; occasioned thereby; **-tva**, *n.* condition of being the root thereof or of being based thereon.

तन्वयु tan-ya-tū, *m.* roaring; thunder.

तन्व tanu-āṅga, *a.* (i) delicate-limbed, slenderly built; *m. N.*

तन्वी tanv-i, *f.* (*of tanu*) slender maiden.

तप TAP, I. P. (**Ā.**) **tapa**, be warm or hot, shine (*of the sun*); heat, warm, make hot; illuminate; scorch, burn; torment, distress; suffer pain; mortify the flesh; do penance (*often with the acc. tapas*); *pp.* **tappā** or IV. P. **Ā. tāpya**, be heated, burn (*int.*); be purified; suffer; feel remorse; mortify the flesh, do penance (*often with acc. tapas*); *pp.* **tāpta**, hot, glowing; molten; tortured, distressed; performed (*penance*); having mortified the flesh (*with tapas*); *cs.* **tāpaya**, heat; scorch; torment, distress. **anu**, *pp.* suffer pain; grieve, feel remorse; *cs.* cause to grieve, distress. **abhi**, warm, heat; illuminate (*of the sun*), pain, torment, distress; *pp.* feel pain, suffer; *cs.* scorch. **abhiā**, torment. **ud**, heat; torment, afflict; *pp.* **utapta**, heated, glowing, purified (*metal*); filled with pain (-). **apa**,

suffer pain, feel unwell; *ps. id.*; *cs. afflict.* **तप** (*nish-tap*), scorch; purify *gold*. **परि.** *ps.* suffer pain; *cs.* torment: *pp. tāpita* **प्रा.** *P.* be hot, burn, shine (*sun*); warm, heat, illuminate; display one's splendour; torment with heat, torture, harass, *cs.* warm, heat **सम-प्रा.** *pp.* greatly distressed **प्रति.** heat, **सम.** heat; feel pain or remorse; torment with heat, torture; *ps.* feel pain, suffer; *cs.* warm, heat; torment by heat; distress, afflict.

तप tap-a, a. (-^१) burning; tormenting; harassing; *m.* heat; hot season; penance.

तपःप्रभाव tapah-prabhāva, *m.* efficacy of penances.

तपन tāp-ana, a. burning; tormenting; *m. sun*; *N. of a hell*: **-द्युति**, a. shining like the sun. [*fiel gold*: **-उपल**, *m.* sun-store.

तपनीय tap-aniya, *m.* kind of rice; *n.* puri-

तपन्तक tapanta-ka, *m.* *N. of a man.*

तपस्वरूप tapas-karam, *n.* self-castigation, mortification; austerity; **-कर्म**, *f. id.*

तपस tāp-as, *n.* heat; fire (of which there are five, the four directed towards the cardinal points and the sun), torment; penance, self-castigation, mortification, religious austerity, devotion; *N. of a month Jan–Feb*; *N. of one of the seven worlds situated above Ganas*.

तपस्य १. tāpas-ya, *den. P.* castigate oneself, mortify the flesh

तपस्य २. tapas-yā, *a.* produced from heat; *m. N. of a month* February–March; **३.** *f.* religious austerity

तपस्वत tāpas-vat, *a.* glowing, hot, ascetic, full of devotion, pious.

तपस्विन् tapas-vin, *a.* tormented, afflicted, unfortunate; pious, devout; *m.* ascetic, religious devotee, **-ि**, *f.* female ascetic.

तपाव्यय tapatya-ya, *m.* (end of the heat), rainy season; **-अन्त**, *m. id.*

तपिष्ठ tap-iṣṭha, *sp.* very hot, burning; **-िष्ठा**, *a.* warming, burning, **-न्यस**, *epi.* most rigorously ascetic; more pious than *g*

तपुषि tāp-ush-i, *a.* glowing, hot.

तपुष्या tap-ush-pā, *a.* drinking warm liba-

तपुस tap-us, *a.* glowing, hot. [*tons*]

तपुधन tapo-dhana, *a.* whose wealth is penance; devout, pious; *m.* ascetic, devotee, *N.* **-निधि**, *m.* treasury of penance, rigorous devotee; **-भरि**, *a.* devout, pious; *m.* devotee, ascetic; **-मया**, *a. i* consisting of penance or austerity, devoted to piety; **-मुला**, *a.* having austerity for its root, **-याग/न**, *a.* sacrificing with penance; **-युक्ता**, *pp.* ascetic, pious; *m.* ascetic, devotee; **-रता**, *pp.* delighting in penance, devout, **-रति**, *a. id.*; **-वत**, *a.* ascetic, devout; **-वान**, *a.* sacred grove in which austerities/practice penance; **-विद्ध**, *pp.* abounding in penance, rigorously ascetic, very pious.

तप्त tap-tā, *pp.*; *n.* hot water, glowing heat

तप्तकृ tapta-kṛikkṛta, *m. n.* penance in which only hot things are eaten. **-वैलुक्**, *f. pl.* hot sand

तप्ति tap-ti, *f.* heat. **-त्रि**, *m.* warmer, heater.

तम् TAM, IV. P. (Ā.) **tāmya**, become breathless, choke; faint; be exhausted or distressed; be beside oneself; become rigid; *pp.* **tānta**, distressed, **३.** be beside oneself, be at a loss what to do; become rigid, **ud**, be-

come faint; be distressed. **तित**, *pp.* **tītānta**, *q. v.* **सम**, become exhausted.

तम tama, *a.* (*sp.* **सुप्रि**) most wished for.

तमक tama-ka, *m.* kind of asthma.

तमप tama-p, *suffix of the spr.* -tama (*g*).

तमस tām-as, *n.* (*sp.* & *pl.*) darkness; gloom of hell, *N. of a hell*; eclipse = Rāhu; error, ignorance; delusion; Darkness (one of the three fundamental qualities (guṇas) incident to creation; in the Sāṅkhya philosophy one of the five forms of *Ādityā*).

तमस tamas-ā, *a.* dark-coloured; *n.* darkness, **-का**, *a.* = **tamas**, **-वि**, *i.* *f.* night

तमःसुम् tamah-spris, *a.* connected with darkness.

तमाम tamām, (*ac. f.*) *ad.* **२.** highly very, much attached to *ad.*, in *V.*, to *verbs* in *C*

तमाल tam-ala, *n.* *N. of a dark-coloured tree* -**पत्र**, *n.* leaf of the *Tamāla* tree.

तमालिका tamāl-ika, *f. N. of a woman.*

तमिस्र tamis-ra, *n.* darkness, dark night. **३.** *f. id.* **-पक्ष**, *m.* dark fortnight (full moon till new moon).

तमी tam-i, *f.* night

तमीना tamo-gā, *a.* moving in darkness.

-गन्हा, *a.* darkness-dispelling; *m. sun*, **-मुदा**, *a.* dispelling darkness; *m. sun*, moon, **-पक्षा**, *a.* dispelling darkness or ignorance, *m. moon*, **-भृता**, *pp.* involved in darkness or darkness incarnate; stupid, foolish; **-मा**, *a.* fire fly, **-मया**, *a. i* consisting of or involved in darkness; *m.* one of the five forms of *Ādityā* in the Sāṅkhya, **-विरि**, *m.* sun, enemy of darkness, **-विवरा**, *n.* window, **-वास**, *a.* gath or robe of darkness

तर tā-sa, *a.* crossing overcoming () *m.* passage, ferry, boat, lure, fare; *N.*

तरक्ष tarakṣha, **तरक्षु** tarakṣhu, *m.* hyena

तरंग १. taran-ga, *m.* [going across], wave, section of a book, the title of which contains a word for ocean or river, gallop; moving to and fro (move to and fro

तरंग २. taranga, *den.* move like waves, surge

तरंगय taranga-ya, *den. P.* cause to wave, cause to move about, *eggs* *pp.* **tarangita**, waving; moving to and fro, *n.* fluctuation, backward and forward motion.

तरंगिन् tarang-in, *a.* fluctuating, unsteady, restless **-ः**, *f.* river; title of various works

तरण tar-ana, *n.* crossing, passing over passage of () overcoming; **-ान**, *a.* pressing onward, swift; *m.* sun, **-मया**, *fp.* to be crossed.

तरतमत्स tara-tama-tas, *ad.* more or less.

तरतसमन्दी tarat-sa-mandī, *f. pl.* **व्य** -ya, *n.* the hyena RV. IX, ३८, so called from its initial words tarat sa mandī

तरल tar-ala, *a.* trembling, tremulous; quivering; sparkling; flicker, inconstant, transitory; *m.* wave; central gem of a necklace, *N. of a people*; *n.* **३.** *f.* rice gruel; **-त**, *f.* tremor; sparkle; ozling; fickleness; in d dling disposition, **-त्वा**, *n. id.*

तरल्य tarala-ya, *den. P.* cause to tremble, move to and fro; flutter: *pp.* **taralita**, waving, moving to and fro; fluttering heart.

तरल्लेखा tarala-lekhā, *f. N.*

तरलिका taralika, *f. N.*

तरस् tar-as, *n.* speed; energy, activity, force; *m.* by force, speedily, straightway

तरस्त taras-vat, *a.* energetic.

तरस्विन् taras-vin, *a.* swift; impetuous, energetic; bold.

तराम tarām, (*ac. f.*) *epi. ad.* with *na*, by no means, *—*, very much, greatly (added to *ad.* in *V.*, and to *verbs* in *C*, like **-तान्म**)

तरि tar-i, **तरी** tar-i, *f.* boat, **-िका**, *m.* ferryman, **-िक**, *f.* boat, **-तव्या**, *fp.* to be crossed.

तर् १. tā-i, *n.* swift.

तर् २. taru, *n.* tree (later than *Mann*). **-को**, *ara*, *n.* hollow of a tree; **-क्षमा**, *m. n.* group of trees, clump, **-गहना**, *m.* forest thicket, **-लक्ष्या**, *f.* shade of a tree.

तर्ण tar-ana, *a.* (1) young; tender; new, fresh, vial (feeling) just begun; lately risen sun; crescent moon; *m.* youth; *m.* sprout, blade **-का**, *n.* sprout, shoot, blade; **-त**, *f.* freshness, vigour.

तर्णय tarana-ya, *den. P.* make young.

तर्णाय tarana-ya, *den. Ā.* become or remain young

तर्णमन् taran-mān, *m.* youth.

तर्णी taran-i, *f.* virgin, maiden, young woman

तर्न taru-tala, *n.* flat space under a tree, **-त**, *f.* condition of a tree, **-माद**, *ara*, *n.* bower, **-मुला**, *n.* root of a tree, **-वल्ली**, *f.* creeper, **-क्षमा**, *n.* group of trees

तर्क tarāṭa, *n.* lotus root.

तर्क TARK, X. P. (Ā.) **tarkaya**, suppose, surmise; express one's supposition, speculate, form an idea of *ac.*; conjecture, take to be *2 ac.*; reflect, think of, have in one's thoughts, have a mind or intend to *inf.* **vi.** suppose, conjecture, think, speculate, reflect, infer.

तर्क tark-a, *n.* supposition, conjecture, reflection, speculation, speculative doctrine, philosophical system of which there are six, the *Pāṇini* and *Uttara Mīmāṃsā*, *Nyāya*, *Vaiśeṣika*, *Sāṅkhya*, and *Yoga*; refutation, refutation of all absurdity, *in logic*, **-गुणा**, *n.* knowledge derived from speculation, **-विद**, *m.* philosopher, dialectician, **-विद्य**, **-आ**, *n.* science of thought, **-सांग्रहा**, *m. T.* of a manual on the *Nyāya* system

तर्किन tark-in, *a.* supposing, surmising, skilled in speculation

तर्कु tark-i, spindle

तर्कु tarku-ka, *m.* beggar.

तर्ज TARG, I. P. (Ā.) **tarja**, threaten; *cs.* **tar-aya**, menace, abuse, terrify, rebuke, **abhi**, *cs.* revile, *cs. id.* **pari**, menace *vi.*, *cs.* threaten; revile **सम**, *cs.* threaten, abuse; terrify [*for hinger*]

तर्जन tarj-ana, *n.* threatening; abuse, *i. f.*

तर्णक tarṇa-ka, *m.* calf, young (of animals)

तर्पण tārp-ana, *a.* (1) satisfying, *n.* satisfaction, act of *ps.*, satisfying, pleasing (the gods or Manes by oblations), nourishment, refreshment

तर्पणीय tarp-aniya, *fp.* to be satisfied w. (in).

तर्ष tarsh-a, *m.* thirst, desire (for, ^२); **-ना**, *n. id.*, **-िता**, *pp.* thirsty, eager for (^२).

तहिं tā-rhi, *ad.* at that time; then, thereupon; in that case (*exp. with impv. or inter. prn.*): *corr.* kod, yatra, yad, yadā, yadi, yarhi.

तक्ष तala, *m. n.* surface, plane; sole (foot), palm (hand); flat space below; -° often not to be translated *le* = at, on, under (-° or *g.*); -*tas*, *ad.* from the bottom; -*prahāra*, *m.* slap; blow with the paw; -*loka*, *m.* lower regions

तक्ष तlavā, *m.* musician; -*kāra*, *m. pl. N.* of a school of the *Sāma-veda*; -*upanishad*, *f. T.* of an *Upanishad*.

तक्षतल tala tala, *n. N.* of a hell (bottomless at the bottom). (-°).

तक्षिण tul-ina, *a* thin, slender; covered with

तक्षिम tal-ima, *n.* floor.

तक्ष्य talpa, *m.* couch, bed; -*m adhi-gam*, have sexual intercourse with (-°); turret; -*ga*, *a.* having sexual intercourse with (-°), violating the bed of (-°); -*ya*, *a.* born in the nuptial couch [phant's back.

तक्ष्यल talpa-lu, *m.* fleshy ridge on an ele-

तक्ष्यकृत talpi-kṛta, *pp.* turned into a bed.

तक्ष्य तalp-ya, *a.* belonging to the bed; born in the nuptial bed. [courage.

तवस् tav-ās, *a.* strong, bold; *m.* strength.

तविष tav-ish-ā, *a.* powerful

तविषीय tav-ish-ī, *f.* strength, might, courage.

तविषीय tavish-iyā, *den. ā* be strong or bold.

तविष्य tavish-yā, *den.* be strong or impetuous.

तवीयस् tav-īyas, तव्यस् tav-yus, *ep. of tavas*.

तष्टु tāsh-tri, *m.* artificer, carpenter.

तक्षार तās-kara, *m.* [(a) tus-kara, taking hence, stealing; thief, robber. -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* thieving, theft, robbery [thief or robber.

तक्षाराय taskarā-ya, *den. ā* behave like a

तक्ष्मात तā-smāt, (*ab. m. n*) *ad.* therefore (*corr.* *yo* or *yasmāt*).

ताक्ष्य tākshā, *a.* (i) belonging to a carpenter.

ताक्षीय तāk-lī-ya, *n.* regular habituation to or practice of that.

ताजिक tājika, *m.* Persian (-).

ताड तād-a, *a* striking (-°); *m.* blow; -*aka*, *m.* homicide; -*ākā*, *f. N*

ताडङ्क tadūka, *m.* kind of ear-ring.

ताडन tād-ana, *a.* striking; wounding; *n.* striking; blow; hammering of gold as a test; -*aniya*, *pp.* to be struck (*guly.* - with instrument, rarely with object, -*ayitri*, *m.* striker of *g.*).

ताडाय tādāga, *a.* belonging to ponds

ताडय tād-ya, to be struck, to be chastised with blows. [*pp.* dancing, fluttering.

ताण्डव tāndava, *n.* (?) frantic dance; -*ita*, *taṇḍya*, *m.* *pat. N.* of a teacher; *n. N.* of a *Brahmana*.

तात् tāt, (*ab. of ta*) *ad.* thus, in this wise (1°)

तात tāta, *m.* father; *roc.* dear (addressing elders, superiors, children, or pupil's).

तात्विक tāttv-ika, *a.* real; possessing the true doctrine (of the Jains).

तात्पर्य tāt-par-ya, *n.* addition or devotion to a thing, chief aim (with *lc.* of object); true purport (of a speech or work); *a.* intended; -*tas*, *ad.* with a view to this; -*nir-naya*, *m.* determination of the purport.

तात्स्थ्य tātsth-ya, *n.* being contained therein.

तादर्थ्य tādarth-ya, *n.* being meant for that, end, object; reference (*m.* with this view); identity of meaning.

तादात्म्य tādāt-m-ya, *n.* identity, w. (*in. lc.*, -°).

तादृक् tā-drīksha, *a.* such.

तादृगुण तādrig-guṇa, *a.* of such qualities; such; -*rūpa*, *a.* of such form or kind; -*vat*, *a.* of such beauty; -*vidha*, *a.* such; being in this condition

तादृश् तā-drīś, *a.* (*nom. m. f.* -*drīś* or -*drīś*) such a one; tādrīś, *n. ac.* thus.

तादृश तādrīś-a, *a.* (i) such.

तादृष्य तād-rūp-ya, *n.* identity; truth.

तादृध्य तād-vidhya, *n.* the being such.

तान tān-a, *m.* thread, fibre; quaver, musical note; *n.* extent.

तानव तānav-a, *n.* meagreness; smallness, slenderness; -*kṛit*, *a.* diminishing = surpassing (-).

तानुमन् तānumapti-a, *n.* ritual oath with invocation of *Tandūnapati* when the *Āgnyā* is touched by the sacrificer and the priests.

तानव तāntava, *a.* (i) made of threads; *n.* woven cloth; *m.* son. [music.

तानत्र तāntra, *n.* (stringed) instrumental

तान्त्रिक तāntrika, *a.* (ā, ī) completely versed in a system, specialist; taught in a Tantra.

तान्वङ्क तānvāṅka, *m.* *pat* descendant of *Tanvanga*.

ताप तāp-a, *m.* heating (gold as a test); heat; pain, torment (mental and bodily); -*aka*, *a.* burning; purifying; tormenting, distressing; -*ana*, *a.* ī, burning, tormenting (-°), *m.* sun; *n.* burning; mortification; *N.* of a hill; -*aniya*, *a.* golden; -*upanishad*, *f. T.* of various *Upanishads*. [ing.

तापयिष्यु तāp-ay-īshnū, *a* burning; torment-

तापस् तāpas-ā, *a.* (i) practising penance; relating to religious penance; *m.* ī, *f.* ascetic, hermit; -*ya*, *n.* status of ascetics.

तापिक तāpikka, तपिष्क -*piṅkha*, *m. N.* of a tree

तापिन् तāp-in, *a.* causing pain; exciting (-); -*ī*, *f. T.* of various *Upanishads*.

ताथ तāp-ya, *m. n.* sulphuret of iron.

ताम तām-a, *m.* longing, yearning. [pond.

तामरस tāmarasa, *n.* day lotus; *i, f.* lotus

तामस tāmas-a, *a.* (i) dark; relating to the quality *tamas*, connected with error or ignorance; *m. N.* of a *Manu*.

तामि tāmi, तामी tāmi, *f.* suspension of the breath till exhaustion.

तामिस्र tāmisra, *a.* (with *paksha*) or *m.* dark fortnight (from full till new moon); *m.* Rākshasa; *N.* of a hell; wrath (one of the five forms of *Aradya*). [hempen.

ताम्बल tāmbala, *m.* kind of hemp; *a.* (i)

ताम्बूल tāmbūla, *n.* betel; *i, f.* *id.* (-*dala*, *n.* betel-leaf); -*kazāṅka*, *m.* betel-box; -*vāhīni*, *f.* female bearer of a betel-box; -*dāyaka*, *m.* betel-bearer; -*dāyin*, *m. ul.* ī, *f.*; -*dhara*, *m. id.*; -*vallī*, *f.* betel; -*vāhaka*, *m.* betel-bearer; -*vāhikā*, *f.* areca-nut rolled up in a betel-leaf; -*adhikāra*, *m.* office of betel-carrier.

ताम्बूलिक tāmbūl-ika, *m.* betel-seller.

ताम्र tāmrā, *a.* copper-coloured, dark red; *m.* eruption with dark red spots; *n.* copper; *a.* (ā) of copper; *i, f.* kind of water-clock (a copper vessel having an orifice in the bottom, which when placed in water, gradually fills).

ताम्रक तāmru-ka, *n.* copper; -*kaṭṭa*, *m.* copper-smith; *i, f.*; -*kāda*, *a.* having a red excomb; *m.* cock; *N.* -*yuddha*, *n.* cock-fight; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* copper-colour; -*dviya*, *m.* the island of Ceylon; -*dhātva*, *m.* red chalk; -*patā*, *m.* copper-plate (for grants); -*parāni*, *f. N.* of a river (rising in the Malaya and celebrated for its pearls); -*pātra*, *n.* copper vessel; -*ma-ya*, *a.* (i) made of copper, coppery; -*lipta*, *m. pl. N.* of a people; ā, ī, *f.* their capital on the western mouth of the Ganges; -*varā*, *a.* copper-coloured; -*śāṇa*, *n.* copper-plate edict

ताम्राक्ष तāmra aksha, *a.* (i) red-eyed; *m.* crow.

ताम्रिक तāmri-ika, *a.* of copper

ताम्रीष्ठ तāmraoshtha, *m. du.* red lips; *a.* having red lips.

ताय तā-yā, *ps.* base of √1. tan.

तायु तāy-ana, *n.* succeeding, prospering.

तायु तāy-ā, *m.* thief.

तार tār-ā, *a.* [√trā] penetrating, piercing; shrill, high, loud; sparkling; -*m.* *ep.* -*ta-ram*, *spe.* -*tamam*, *ad.*; *m. n.* loud, high, or shrill sound; *m.* pearl of pure water, putting across (-); sacred syllable on or other mystic monosyllable in a Tantra; ā, *f. N.*

तारक 1. tāra-ka, *a.* (ikā) putting across, delivering; *m. N.* of a *Daitya* (slain by *Indra*). *pl.* children of *Taraka*.

तारक 2. tāra-ka, *n.* star; pupil (of the eye); ā, *f.* *id.*; meteor; *N.*

तारकरिपु tāruka-ripu, *m.* *ep.* of *Skanda*.

तारकाक्ष तārakā aksha, *a.* having stars for eyes; *m. N.* of a *Daitya*; -*antaka*, *m.* Slayer of *Taraka*, *ep.* of *Skanda*.

तारकाराज तārakā-rāja, *m.* moon (king of the stars)

तारकित तārak-ita, *pp.* starry, bestarred.

तारकेश्वर तārakāśvara, *m.* moon (king of the stars).

तारण तār-ana, *a.* bringing over, delivering; *n.* crossing over, overcoming; saving.

तारतम्य tāratam-ya, *n.* condition of more or less (tara-tama, gradation; great difference).

तारदीर्घ तāra-dīrgha, *a.* loud and protracted (sound); -*nātha*, *m. N.* of a historian of Buddhism who lived at the beginning of the 17th century; -*śāla*, *n. N.* of a locality.

तारख तārā-ya, *n.* caprice, inconstancy.

तारा तār-ā, *f.* [strewer, radiator], star; pupil of the eye; -*dharmā*, *m. N.* of a prince; -*adhīpa*, *m.* moon (lord of the stars); -*pati*, *m. id.*; *Bṛihaspati*; -*patha*, *m.* heavens (path of the stars); *N.* of a country; -*pīṭha*, *m. N.* of various princes; -*pura*, *n. N.* of a town; -*maya*, *a.* (i) consisting of stars, starry.

तारायस tārāyasa, *m.* sacred fig-tree (*tree of deliverance*).

तारारम्य tārā-rāmāya, *m.* moon (lover of the stars); -**āvali**, *f.* host of stars, galaxy, *N.* of various celestial and human women; -**avaloka**, *m.* *N.* of a prince.

तारिक tār-ika, *n.* (?) fare, toll at a ferry; -**in**, *a.* delivering; (*n* -i), *f.* Durga.

तारुय tārūn-ya, *n.* youth.

तार्किक tār-k-ika, *m.* sceptic, dialectician, philosopher.

तार्क्ष्य tārksya, *m.* a mythical being, horse or bird (F.); -**Garuda** (C). [coloured gem].

तार्क्ष्यरत्न tārksya-ratna, *n.* kind of dark-

तार्क्ष्य tārna, *a.* made of grass (*trana*).

तार्तीय tārtiya, *a.* belonging to the third, the third; *n.* a third; -**ka**, *a.* belonging to the third, *i* -ka, *a.* third. [come, *n.* fare]

तार्य tār-ya, *fp.* to be crossed; to be over-

ताल tāla, *m.* palmyra or fan palm (*from the sap of which sugar and an intoxicating liquor are prepared*, clapping esp of elephants' ears, clapping of hands, musical measure; dancer, cymbal); *n.* palmyra nut; *a.* made from the palmyra. -**ka**, *m.* kind of poisonous insect

तालझूझ tālañki-kri, *turn into an ear-ring.*

तालजङ्घ tāla-jangha, *a.* having legs like palmyras, long-legged; *m.* *pl.* *N.* of a warrior tribe; *N.* of a Rakshas; -**druma**, *m.* palmyra tree; -**dhava**, *a.* fan-palm-bannered, *cp* of Balarāma

तालन tāl-ana, *n.* clapping of hands.

तालपत्र tālu-putra, *n.* palmyra leaf, *kind of ear-ring*; -**phala**, *n.* palmyra nut; -**vādyā**, *n.* clapping of hands; -**vanta**, *n.* palm leaf used as a fan, fan.

तालव्य tālav-ya, *a.* palatal (sound).

तालवचर tāla-avalana, *m.* dancer, actor; -**na**, *m.* *id.* [ping of hands]

तालिका tal-ika, *f.* palm (of the hand); clap-

तालिन tal-in, *a.* 1. provided with cymbals, 2. sitting upon

ताली tāli, *f.* a tree; palm wine; clapping of the hands; *a.* metre. -**pa**/a, -**pa**/a, *m.* (*i* kind of ear-ring).

तालीयक tāl-ya-ka, cymbal.

तालु tālu, *n.* palate; -**ka**, *n.* *id.*

तालुषक tāluśa-ka, palate. [gitimate]

ताल्य tālya, *a.* born in the nuptial bed, le-

तावक tāva-ka, *a.* (i) thine; *i* -ka, *a.* *id.*

तावच्छत tāval-śhata, *a.* (i) consisting of as many hundreds.

तावज्योक् tāvaj-gyok, *ad.* so long (F.).

तावत् tāv-at, *a.* so great, so extensive; so long; so much; so manifold, so numerous, just so many *with corr.* yāvat; *n.* *ad.* *with corr.* yāvat, so much, so far; so long, during that time, then; *without corr.* meanwhile, for a while; in the first place, first; just, at once, very often *with the impers.* to express what is to be done immediately = pray just or at once -, or *with 1st pers. pr.* = I will first of all, only, merely; indeed, certainly, it is true (*consequently*, followed by but; already, even *opp.* how much more or less; well!

enough! emphasizes a notion + *eva*, only, just, quite, why *sta.* to be rendered by stress only, **tāvat** -ka, scarcely -when; **tāvan na** -api na, not only not -but also not, **na tāvat**, not yet **na tāvat yāvat**, not yet while; **mā tāvat**, interjectionally not for heaven's sake, God forbid; **yāvat yāvat tāvat tāvat**, in proportion as; **yāvan na tāvat**, while not so long -till, *m.* **tāvata**, during that time, meanwhile, to the same extent, just as far, *le* **tāvati**, so far; so long, in that time.

तावत्कालम् tāvat-kālam, *ad.* so long; -**kr**-**tvas**, *ad.* so many times, -**phala**, *a.* producing just so much reward, -**sūtra**, *n.* so many threads; **d** -**grāsa**, *a.* having so many qualities

तावदा tāvad-dhā, *ad.* so many times.

तावन्मात्र tāvan-mātrā, *a.* (i) (having such a measure), so much.

तामून् tā-mūn, *m.* kind of hemp, *a.* a hempen.

तास्कर्य taskar-ya, *n.* robbery, theft

तिक्त tik-ta, *pp.* bitter, fragrant; -**saka**, *n.* bitter or fragrant vegetable.

तिगित tig-itā, *a.* sharp, pointed

तिग्म tig-mā, *n.* *id.* hot; passionate

तिग्मकर tigma-kara, *m.* sun (hot-rayed)

a -**tejas**, *a.* keen edged, sharp pointed, impetuous, energetic, *m.* sun, -**didhiti**, *m.* sun, -**dyuti**, *m.* *id.* -**bhas**, -**rami**, -**ru**/i, *m.* *id.* -**virya**, *a.* powerful, -**sringa**, *a.* sharp horned, **A** -**heti**, *a.* bearing sharp missiles

तिग्मांशु tigma-amsu, *m.* (hot-rayed), sun fire, **a** -**yudha**, *a.* bearing sharp weapons

तिष्ठ tith, personal termination (*gr*).

तिज्ज TIG. I. **Ā** **tī**-a, be sharp -sharpen *pp* **tikta**; *es* **to**-ya, *P* sharpen, *to* stir up *pp* **to**-ita, sharpened, pointed, *des* **titiksha**, *P.* **Ā** endure, bear patiently *ud.* *es* spur or urge on

तितीक्षा ti-tik-sha, (*des.*) *f.* endurance (*of*); patience; -**śhu**, *des* *a.* enduring (*of*), patient

तितीषी ti-tī-shā, (*des.*) *f.* desire to cross over (-i), -**śhu**, *des* *a.* desirous to cross *ac*

तिन्त्रि tittirā, *m.* francolin partridge *pl.* *N.* of a people

तिन्त्रि tittirā (*or* *i*), *m.* francolin partridge *N.* of an ancient teacher, a pupil of Yāti, and founder of the Taittiriya school, *N.* of a Nāga.

तिथि tithi, *m.* *f.* (also *n*) lunar day (of which there are fifteen in the half-month, the auspicious ones being Sāmbā, Bhadrā, Vajraya, and Pūrṇā).

तिन्दि tintida, *m.* (?) Indian tamarind; 1, *f.* *id.*; **i** -**kā**, *f.* *id.*; **i** -**ka**, *m.* *id.*, *n.* the fruit

तिन्दुक tinduka, *m.* 1, *f.* a tree.

तिथ्य tipya, *m.* *N.* of a man.

तिम् TIM. IV. **P** **timya**, become still, *pp.* **timita**, motionless, wet

तिमि tim-i, *m.* large sea fish; whale, fish -**ghātin**, *m.* fisherman

तिमिगिल timin-gila, *m.* fabulous sea-monster (swallowing even the timi)

तिमिर tim-ira, *a.* dark, murky; *n.* darkness; clouded eyesight / a class of diseases of the eye; **ā**, *f.* *N.* of a town, -**tā**, *f.* darkness

of the eyesight; -**doṣha**, *m.* cataract (of the eye); -**paśala**, *n.* veil of darkness; *pl.* cataract (of the eye); -**maya**, *a.* consisting altogether of darkness

तिमिरय timira-ya, *den.* *P* darken.

तिमिराकुल timira ākula, *a.* filled with darkness, affected with cataract; -**ari**, *m.* foe of darkness, sun -**ripin**, *m.* owl

तिमिरोध timira-odha, *m.* dense darkness.

तिर tira, *pr.* base of \sqrt{tri}

तिरय tira-ya, *den.* *P.* conceal; stop, restrain conquer, penetrate

तिरस tiras-k, weak base of *tiryak*.

तिरसीन tiras-īna, *a.* oblique, horizontal, sidelong

तिरस् tir-as (\sqrt{tri}) *pp* (*T*) *with acc.* across through, over, past, without, against, *with ab* without the knowledge of, *ad* across, cross ways, sideways, aside, out of sight; **tiras kri**, put aside, remove, cover, conceal; **sur** pass; overcome, conquer, contain; blame, scold, **tiro dhā**, to move, conceal, repel, overcome, **A** hide oneself from *ab*, disappear *pp* **tirohita**, disappeared, hidden, **tirobhū**, be removed, vanish, hide oneself *pp* **tirobhuta**, vanished, *es* cause to disappear, remove.

तिरस्कर tiras-kara, *a.* (i) surpassing (*g*) -**karanaya**, *fp.* to be overcome, -**karin**, *m.* curtain, *n.* 1, *f.* *id.*, curtain concealing some one, *g* -**ma**, *ve* of darkness, making *in visible*, -**kāra**, *m.* abuse, scolding, disrespect, -**kārin**, *a.* surpassing, -**kriyā**, *f.* abuse, disrespect.

तिरोधातय tiro-dhataya, *fp.* to be closed (*cars*), -**dhāna**, *n.* disappointances, -**bhāva**, *m.* *id.*; -**bhūta**, *pp.* concealed, vanished, -**hita**, *pp.* *es* *trās* -**tā**, *f.* disappointment, -*m* *gam*, vanish

तिर्यक्ता tiryak-tā, *f.* nature or condition of beasts, -**tvā**, *n.* *id.*, -**patin**, *a.* falling obliquely on *to*, -**prati mukha āgata**, *n.* obstruction from the side or in front, -**preksha**, *a.* looking at sideways

तिर्यगायत tirvag-āyata, *pp* extended across, -**ga**, *a.* moving horizontally, -**ga**, *a.* horn of animals, -**ya**, *m.* animal, beast, -**yāti**, *m.* *id.*, -**yona**, *m.* animal, -**yoni**, *f.* womb of an animal, condition of animals, animal erection, -**vāta**, *m.* side wind, -**visam** sarpin, *a.* spreading sideways

तिर्यस् tiry āk, *a.* (*nom.* *m.* -**ān**, *n.* -**ak**; *f.* **tira** -**ā**) transverse, horizontal, crossing, *m.* moving horizontally, *opp.* to man who walks erect, beast, animal *sts.* including birds and plants, amphibious animals, *n.* *ad.* **tiryak**, *across*, horizontally, obliquely, sideways

तिल tilā, *m.* sesamum (plant and seed) the latter is used as food, and good oil is extracted from it; gram, atom; mole on the body.

तिलक tila-ka, *m.* a freckle, mole, coloured mark on the forehead always *in the case of women*, *in elsewhere*, as an ornament or sectarian distinction, *m.* ornament of (), *N.*, *n.* alliteration, a metre -**ka**, *m.* *N.*

तिलकण tila-kaṇ, *m.* germ of sesamum seed

तिलकय tilaka-ya, *den.* *P.* mark, adorn *pp.* **tilakita**.

तिलकराज tilaka-rāja, *m.* *N.*; -**lātā**, *f.* *N.*; -**simha**, *m.* *N.*

तिलकार्षिक tila-kārshika, *a.* cultivating sesamum; -**kāli**, *f.* oil-cake of sesamum; -**grāma**, *m. N. of a village*; -**kūrma**, *n.* pounded sesamum seeds; -**taila**, *n.* sesamum oil; -**dva-dāsi**, *f.* a certain twelfth day; -**parva**, -**parvika**, *n.* sandal-wood; -**parvā**, *f.* sandal tree (*Pterocarpus santalinus*); -**piṣa**, *m.* oil-grinder; -**pushpa**, *n.* sesamum blossom = the nose.

तिलशस tila-sas, *ad.* in little fragments as small as a grain of sesamum; -**ambu**, *n.* water with sesamum.

तिलांश tila-āṃsa, *m.* patch of land as small as a grain of sesamum; -**ambu**, *n.* water with sesamum.

तिलिङ्ग tilīṅga, °देश -desa, *m. N. of a country.*

तिलोत्तमा tila uttamā, *f. N. of an Apsaras*; *N.*; -**ndaka**, *n.* water with sesamum.

तिलोदन tilaodana, *n.* pap with sesamum.

तिल्वक tilvaka, *m.* a tree (*symplocos race*).

तिल्विल tilvīla, *a.* fertile, rich. [*mosa*].

तिव्य tiyā, *m. N. of a Brāhman.*

तिथ्य tiśhyā (or śyā), *m. N. of a celestial archer*; *N. of a lunar mansion (the sixth or eighth)*; *a tree*; *N.*

तिथ tisri, *f.* base of tri, three.

तीक्ष्ण tik-śhnā, *a.* [°tig + śna] sharp, pointed; hot, burning; pungent (*taste*); violent, energetic; stern, harsh; severe; subtle, acute; *n.* harsh speech; *m. N.*

तीक्ष्ण tikṣha-kāra, *m.* (hot-rayed) sun; -**tā**, *f.* sharpness; -**tva**, *n.* burning heat; -**da**, *m.* sharp-toothed; *m. N.*; -**daśa**, *a.* punishing severely; -**dhāra**, *a.* keen-edged, *n.* sword; -**mārga**, *m.* (whose path is sharp), sword; -**rasa**, *m.* burning draught, poison; -**dāyin**, *m.* poisoner; -**rūpin**, *a.* harsh-looking; -**vipāka**, *a.* causing a burning during digestion; -**vrishāva**, *m. N. of a bull*; (ś)-**śrīṅga**, *a.* sharp-horned, -**śrīḍaya**, *a.* hard-hearted; -**tva**, *n.* -ness.

तीक्ष्णांश tikṣha-āṃsa, *a.* hot-rayed; *m.* sun; fire; -**agra**, *a.* sharp-pointed; -**arāṭa**, *m.* hot-rayed.

तीर tīra, *n.* [crossing: °tri] shore, bank; -**ya**, *n.* growing on the bank (*tree*); -**bhāga**, *a.* standing on the bank; -**bhaktiya**, *a.* coming from Tīrhat.

तीरयति tīra-ya, *den. P.* go through with, settle.

तीरवह tīra-ruha, *a.* growing on the bank.

तीर्थ tīrma, *pp.* of °tri.

तीर्थ tīr-thā, (*m.*) *n.* [crossing-place: °tri] ford; landing stage; bathing-place, *esp.* one to which pilgrimages are made for the expiation of sins; approach to the sacrificial altar, between the trench (kāṭva) and the mound of earth (akūra); right place or moment; suitable opportunity; customary or right manner (*m.* duly), instruction, guidance; teacher, instructor; certain (four) lines or parts of the hand; venerable or sacred object; worthy person; kind of court official.

तीर्थक tīrtha-ka, *a.* worthy; holy; *m.* ascetic, sectary; -**kāra**, *a.* making a ford through life, delivering (Vishnu or Śiva); religious pioneer, reformer, founder of a sect; -**yātrā**, *f.* visiting sacred bathing-places, pilgrimage; -**bhāga**, *f.* series of sacred bathing-places, *ep.* of Rāma; -**vā**, *a.* abounding in landing-stairs or sacred bathing-places; -**śāla**, *f.* stone stair to the water, -**sevāna**, *n.* frequenting sacred bathing-places; -**sevā**, *f.* id.

तीर्थीकृति tīrthi-kṛi, hallow; -**bhā**, be hallowed.

तीर्थोदक tīrtha udaka, *n.* water from a sacred bathing-place. [ascetic, sectary.]

तीर्थ tīrth-ya, *a.* relating to a Tīrtha; *m.*

तीवर tīvara, *m.* hunter (*mixed caste*).

तीव्र tīv-rā, *a.* sharp; hot; violent, intense, severe, great, excessive, bad; -**tā**, *f.* severity, violence, intensity; -**gati**, *f.* great pace; *a.* being in an evil plight; -**dyuti**, *m.* sun; -**atitvira**, *a.* excessively severe.

तु TU, II. P. **ta-vi-ti**, be powerful, prevail.

तु tū, *pol.* (never commences a sentence): with *impr.* pray (V); but: *sts.* = *ka* or *vā*, or a *mere* expletive; **api** *tu*, but rather; **kim** *tu*, but yet, nevertheless; **na** *tu*, but not; **na tu eva** *tu*, never at all; **param** *tu*, yet, nevertheless, however; **tu** - *tu*, indeed - but; **ka** - *na* *tu*, although - yet not; **na** or **na ka** - *api* *tu*, not - but rather; **kāmam** (*ka*) - *tu* or **kim** *tu*, although - yet; **kāmam**, **bhāṣya**, or **varām** - *na* *tu*, rather - than.

तुखार tukkhāra, *m. N. of a people.*

तुक tuk, *m.* child, boy.

तुग tug-ra, *m. N.*

तुङ्ग tuṅga, *a.* high, prominent, lofty; *m.* height; hill; *N.*; -**dhānva**, *m. N. of a king*; -**bala**, *m. N. of a warrior*; -**ātman**, *a.* eminent.

तुङ्गिन् tuṅg-in, *a.* lofty, culminating (planet).

तुङ्गिम् tuṅg-i-man, *m.* height, loftiness; eminence.

तुक्क tukkha, *a.* empty, void, vain; *N.* vain thing; -**tva**, *n.* emptiness; vanity; -**dāya**, *a.* unmerciful; -**prāya**, *a.* rather insignificant.

तुक्क्य tukkha-ya, *den. P.* make empty or poor.

तुक्क्य tukkha-yā, *a.* empty, vain; *n.* emptiness.

तुज् TUG, VI. **tuḡ** or **tuṅḡ**, strike; push; incite, stimulate; *cs.* **tuḡāya**, *P.* move swiftly (*int.*).

तुङ्गीन tuṅgina, *m. N. of various kings.*

तुण्ड tunda, *n.* beak; snout, trunk; mouth (*used contemptuously*); *f.* kind of cucumber.

तुण्डम tundi-bha, *a.* having a prominent navel; -**la**, *a.* id.

तुय tuttha, *n.* blue vitriol.

तुद् TUD, VI. P. **tuḍā**, strike; push; pound; stanz; gaul. *pp.* **tunna**; *cs.* **todaya**, gaul, *int.* **totudyate**, be gauled. **ā**, strike against; peck, bite; urge on **pra**, strike; *cs.* urge **vi**, prick.

तुद् tud-a, *a.* striking, chafing, galling (-°).

तुदाय tudā-yā, *den. vi*, pierce.

तुद् tund-a, *n.* pound; -**la**, *a.* fat-bellied.

तुन्नावय tunna-vāya, *m.* tailor.

तुवर tubara, *a.* astringent.

तुमन् tum-un, = *inf.* ending -tum.

तुमुन् tum-nā, *a.* noisy, tumultuous; *n.* noise, din, tumult. [*vulgaris*].

तुम्ब tumba, *m.* i, *f.* long gourd (*lagenaria*).

तुर TUR, VI. **tura**, hasten, press onward, race; *cs.* **turāya**, *id.*

तुर 1. tur-ā, *a.* quick; ready, willing.

तुर 2. tu-rī, *a.* strong, mighty, superior; rich, abundant.

तुरग tura-ga, *m.* horse; *i, f.* mare; -**pari-kāraka**, *m.* groom; -**rukha**, *m.* (having a horse's face), a Kinnara; -**vānyāli**, *f.* course for horses.

तुरंग turam-ga, *m.* (swift-goer), horse.

तुरंगम turam-gama, *m.* (i) horse; -**tva**, *n.* *abst. n.*; -**medha**, *m.* horse-sacrifice.

तुरंगीम् turamgi-bhū, be turned into a horse.

तुराषाह turā-śhāh (*nm.* -**śhā**; -**śhā**, before vowels), *a.* quickly conquering (Indra); *m. ep.* of Indra.

तुरी turi, *f.* weaver's brush; weaver's shuttle.

तुरीय 1. tur-īya (also tū- and -yā, *SB.*), *a.* fourth; consisting of four; *n.* fourth state of Vedāntist's soul (complete union with Brahman).

तुरीय 2. tūr-īya, *a.* [ka-turiya] fourth (part); *n.* quarter.

तुरीयक turiya-ka, *a.* fourth (part).

तुरस्क turush-ka, *m.* Turk; olibanum (*kind of resin*).

तुर्य tur-ya, *a.* [ka-tur-ya] fourth.

तुर्यवह turya-vāh, *a.* (strong st. -**vāh**, *nm.* -**vā**) being in its fourth year (or); *m.* ox -, *f.* turyavāh, cow in its fourth year.

तुर्व TURV, I. P. **tārva**, overcome, overpower; help to victory, deliver.

तुर्वीत turvīti, *m. N.*

तुल् TUL, X. P. **tolaya** and **tulaya**, lift; weigh; ponder; scrutinise; suspect; compare with, make equal to (*in.*); counter-balance, equal, attain (*acc.*); *pp.* **tulita**, *nd.* raise (*acc.*); weigh **sam**, weigh together.

तुलन tul-ana, *n.* raising; weighing, estimating; **ā**, *f.* equality with (*in.* -); -**m** *i*, *gam*, or **ā-yā**, become like, equal, resemble, compare with (*in.* or -).

तुला tul-ā, *f.* balance, scale; weight; similarity, equality (with *in.* -); Libra (*sign of the zodiac*); **ā-ruh** or **sam-ā-ruh**, ascended the scales with = bear comparison with, resemble, equal, be a match for (*m.* -), -**m** **adhi-ruh**, *id.*; be weighed; enter the sign of Libra; -**m** with *cs.* of **adhi-ruh** etc, place on the balance, weigh; hazard, stake; *ps.* -**m** **ā-ropya**, be endangered; **tulayā** **āhri**, weigh in the balance, compare *acc.* with (*in.*).

तुलाकोटि tulā-koti, *m.* end of the beam of the balance; ankle; -**dhāra**, *a.* bearing the balance; -**dhāraṇa**, *n.* weighing; -**adhirohaṇa**, *a.* comparable to (-); -**puruṣa**, *m.* man's weight in gold etc; kind of penance; -**yashā**, *f.* beam of the balance; -**yoga**, *m.* *pl.* uses of the balance; -**vat**, *a.* furnished with a balance.

तुल्य tūl-ya, *a.* balancing, equal, similar (*to*, *in.* -); *in.* *acc.*, *etc.* or rarely (-); of the same caste, of like account, indifferent; -**m** or -, *ad.*

तुल्यकष tulya-kaksha, *a.* equal (-°); -**kulya**, *a.* of the same family; *m.* relative; -**guna**, *a.* of similar qualities, equally good; -**gātiya**, *a.* of the same kind, like; -**tā**, *f.* equality with (*in.* or -), *in.* (*in.*); -**tva**, *n.* equality, with (*in.* or -); -**darāna**, *a.* looking at everything with indifference; -**naktaṁ-dīna**, *a.* to whom night and day are alike; -**nindā-stuti**, *a.* indifferent to blame and praise; -**bhāgya**, *a.* having a like fate. -**yoga upamā**, *f.* a rhetorical figure in which dissimilar objects are

ते ते, *enc. d.*, *g. of tvam.*

तेज *teja*, *m. N.*

तेजस् *tej-as*, *n.* sharpening; kindling; point, arrow-head; shaft of an arrow; reed, cane; *i. f.* bundle of reeds, matting; bunch, roll, twist.

तेजस् *tej-as*, *n.* sharpness; edge; heat, fire, bright flame, light, brilliance (*sg. & pl.*); splendour, beauty; energy, vigour, force, vitality, strength; violence; influence; mental, moral, or magical power; dignity, majesty, glory; distinguished personage; *semen virile*, passion in philosophy (= *ragas*).

तेजस्वामि *tejas-kāma*, *a.* desirous of manly vigour; aiming at dignity or distinction; *-vat*, *a.* brilliant, splendid, glorious; *-ā*, *f. N. of a prince*, *-vī-tā*, *f.* energy; dignity, majesty; *-vī-tva*, *n.* splendour; *-vin*, *a.* sharp, bright; strong, energetic; dignified; glorious.

तेजःसेन *tejah-sena*, *m. N. of a man.* [liant.

तेजिष्ठ *tē-jishṭha*, *spr.* brightest; very bril-

तेजोद्वय *tejo-dvaya*, *n.* sun and moon (the two lights); consisting of light or splendour; *-maya*, *a.* (i) brilliant, radiant; powerful; *-rūpa*, *a.* formed of pure splendour or radiance; *-vat*, *a.* bright; brilliant; *-vritta*, *n.* dignified behaviour, energetic action.

तेदनि *tedani* (or *i*), *f.* (coagulated) blood.

तेन *tēna*, *in. (of tu) ad.* thither; thus; therefore (*corr.* *yatah*, *yad*, *yasmāi*, *yena*); *tena hi*, then [pungency; severity, harshness.

तेज्य *tejsh-ya*, *n.* sharpness; burning heat;

तेजस *tejus-a*, *a.* (i) consisting of light, brilliant, consisting of metal.

तेतिष्ठ *taṭṭha*, *m.* deity.

तेत्तिर *tattira*, *a.* (i) produced from partridges; descended from Tittiri.

तेत्तिरीय *tattirīya*, *m. pl. N. of a school of the Yagur-veda*; *-ka*, *a.* belonging to the school of the Taittirīyas; *-prāśāṅkya*, *n.* Prāśāṅkya of the Taittirīyas; *-ya-gur-veda*, *m.* the Yagur veda of the Taittirīyas; *-ākhā*, *f.* the school of the Taittirīyas; *-samhitā*, *f.* the Samhitā of the Taittirīyas; *-āraṇyaka*, *n.* an Āraṇyaka of the Taittirīyas; *-upaniṣad*, *f.* the Taittirīya Upaniṣad.

तेमिररोग *tamira-roga*, *m.* cataract (of the eye); [act (Uimra

तेमिरिक *tamir-ika*, *a.* suffering from cataract

तेमिय *tamni-ya*, *n.* darkening (of the eye-sight)

तेथिक *taith-ika*, *a.* heretical; *m.* worthy person; *n.* water from a holy bathing-place.

तेय्योनि *teyag-yona*, *a.* of animal origin; *m.* animal.

तेल *tila*, *n.* sesamum oil; oil (sometimes *pl.*).

तेलकार *tila-kāra*, *m.* oil-grinder; *-pa-ka*, *m.* oil-drinking beetle, cockroach; *-parika*, *m.* kind of sandal tree; *-pātra*, *n.* vessel for oil; *-pāyin*, *n.* kind of beetle; *-pradipa*, *m.* oil-lamp; *-yautra*, *n.* oil mill.

तेलिक *tail-ika*, *m.* *i. f.* oil-grinder

तेल्यक *tailvaka*, *a.* made from the Tilvaka tree.

तेष *taisha*, *a.* (i) relating to the lunar mansion Tishya; *m. N. of a month*; *i. f.* day of full moon in the month Tishya.

तेक *tokā*, *n.* progeny, offspring, race; child.

तेक *tok-ma*, *m.* green blade of cereals. *esp.* barley; young sprout.

तेटक *totuka*, *a.* quarrelsome; *n.* angry speech; *a. metre*; kind of play.

तेच *tōt-tva*, *n.* goad (for driving cattle).

तेद *toḍ-ā*, *m.* goader, driver; sting; *-ana*, *n.* stinging; *-ya*, *n.* kind of cymbal.

तेमर *tomara*, *m. n.* javelin.

तेमराण *tomarāṇa*, *m. N.*

तेय *tōya*, *n.* water *-m kri.* offer a libation of water to the dead (*g.*).

तेयक *toya-kama*, *m.* drop of water; *-karman*, *n.* libation of water to the dead; *-kriḍā*, *f.* sporting in the water; *-kara*, *a.* moving in the water; *m.* aquatic animal; *-ga*, *a.* growing or living in the water; *n.* lotus; *-akāṣi*, *f.* lotus-eyed maiden; *-dā*, *m.* rain-cloud; *-atyaya*, *m.* autumn; *-dhara*, *a.* water-bearing; *-dhāra*, *m. & f.* stream of water; *-dhi*, *m.* ocean; *-maya*, *a.* (i) consisting of water; *-mātra ava-śha*, *a.* having nothing but water left (in them); *-muk*, *m.* cloud; *-yantra*, *n.* water-clock; *-rūp*, *m.* ocean (lord of waters); *-rūd*, *m.* pond, lake; sea; *-vat*, *a.* supplied with or surrounded by water; *-vāha*, *m.* rain-cloud.

तेयापि *toya-agni*, *m.* submarine fire; *-āyali*, *m.* two handfuls of water (in honour of the dead); *-ādhāra*, *m.* reservoir, pond; *-ālaya*, *m.* ocean; *-āśaya*, *m.* reservoir, lake; *-utsarga*, *m.* discharge of water.

तेर *toama*, *n.* arched portal, triumphal arch; *-māna*, *m. N.*

तेलक *tola-ka*, *n.* (2) a weight (= 2 śānas).

तेलन *tol-nun*, *n.* lifting; weighing (with, *suhā*); *-ya*, *fp.* to be weighed.

तेष *tosh-ā*, *m.* satisfaction, pleasure (in, *g.*, *cc.*, *-*); *-ana*, *a.* (i) appeasing, satisfying, delighting; *n. id.*; *-in*, *a.* (*-*) content with, liking; satisfying, gladdening.

तेसुन *tos-un*, *inf. ending* -tos.

तेय्य *taugr-yā*, *m.* son of Tāgru (Bhugru).

तेय्य *taurya-ya*, *n.* (trium of music), music, song, and dance.

तेय *tail-ya*, *n.* weight.

तेषार *taushāra*, *a.* produced by snow.

तम *tmān*, *m.* vital breath; one's self in *tmānā* and *te tmān* = *pels*, certainly, at least, even, also (generally emphasizing preceding word); often with *uta* or *ka*, and also, and certainly; with *iva* or *nā*, just as; with *āha*, and even.

तय *tyā*, *prn.* that; that well-known (*ille*).

तयजीवित *tyakta-givita*, *a.* abandoning (= risking one's life, brave; *-ātman*, *a.* despairing of himself.

तय्य *tyak-tavya*, *fp.* to be abandoned; to be despaired of; to be sacrificed. [*red.* *fre.*

तय्यापि *tyakta-agni*, *a.* neglecting the (sa-

तयुकाम *tyaktu-kāma*, *a.* wishing to leave.

तयु *tyak-tri*, *m.* one who abandons (*y.*) or sacrifices (*ac.*). [except.

तय्य *tyak-tvā*, *gd.* (√*tyag*) disregarding =

त्यज *TYAG* [(a)tiag]. I. P. (Ā.) *tya-ā*, leave, forsake; abandon; disown; expose (a child); quit (a place); avoid (a person); let alone, spare; give up, renounce, abandon, throw, or give away; neglect; ignore;

kalevaram, *tanum* or *deham* - die; *givi-tam*, *prāṇān* or *svāśam* - *id.* or risk one's life; *ps.* be forsaken by (in.) = get rid of; *pp.* *tyakta*; *cs. tyā-gya*, cause to abandon (2 *ac.*); rob of (2 *ac.*); expel; cause to be disregarded; *pp. tyāgīta*, *pari*, abandon; disown; quit (a place); give up, abandon, relinquish; avoid; disregard; *deham* - die; *givitam* or *prāṇān* - renounce life; *ps.* be abandoned by (in.) = lose; *pp.* robbed or bereft of, deserted by, without (in., *-*); *sam*, abandon, desert, disown; quit (a place); avoid, shun; give up, renounce; withdraw from; disregard; *pp.* robbed or bereft of, without, -less (in., *-*); *gd.* *-tya-gya*, excepting (*ac.*). [offering.

त्यज *tyag*, *a.* (*-*) abandoning, giving up;

त्यजन *tyag-ana*, *n.* desertion.

त्यजस् *tyag-ās*, *m.* offspring.

त्यद् *tyā-d*, *num. ac. n. of tyā*: *ad.* as is well known, indeed (always preceded by *ha* or *yasya*).

त्याग *tyāg-ā*, *m.* abandonment, desertion; quitting; giving up, sacrifice, renunciation, liberality; *-karma-samānvita*, *pp.* linked with charity; *-śila*, *a.* liberal; *-tā*, *f.* liberality.

त्यागिता *tyāgi-tā*, *f.* liberality.

त्यागिन् *tyāg-in*, *a.* abandoning, deserting; sacrificing; *ātmanā*, throwing away one's life, suicide; *-*, giving up, rejecting, renouncing.

त्याजक *tyāg-aka*, *a.* abandoning, refusing; *-ana*, *n.* giving up, renunciation; *-ya*, *fp.* to be abandoned, deserted, -cast off; -shunned; given up or away.

चप *TRAP*, I. Ā. *trapa*, be embarrassed or ashamed; *cs. trapaya*, *p.* cause to be embarrassed or ashamed.

चपा *trap-ā*, *f.* embarrassment, shame.

चपु *trap-u*, *n.* tin.

चय *tray-ā*, *a.* (i) threefold, triple; *trayi-viśā*, the threefold knowledge, knowledge of the three Vedas, *n.* triplet, triad; *i. f. id.*; the three Vedas; the Buddhist triad, *Buddha*, *Dharma*, and *Saṃgha*; summit.

चयस्त्रिंशत् *trayās-triṃśā*, *a.* (i) thirty-third.

चयस्त्रिंशत् *trayās-triṃsat*, *f.* thirty-three.

चयोधामवत् *trayi-dhāma-vat*, *a.* whose light consists of the three Vedas; *ep. of the sun*; *-maya*, *a.* (i) consisting of or based on the three Vedas.

चयोदश *trayo-dashā*, *a.* (i) thirteenth; *i. f.* thirteenth day of the fortnight

चयोदशधा *trayodasi-dhā*, *ad.* thirteenfold, in thirteen parts.

चयोदशन् *trāyo-dasan* (or *sān*), *num.* thirteen. [verses

चयोदशर्च *trayodasa-rikā*, *a.* having fourteen

चयोविंश *trayo-viṃśā*, *a.* (i) twenty-third.

चयोविंशति *trāyo-viṃsati*, *f.* twenty-three.

चम् *TRAS*, I. P. *trāsa*, IV. (*E. also* Ā.)

trasya, tremble or quake, at, be afraid of (in., *ab.*, *g.*, *...* *pp. trasta*, affrighted, trembling; *cs. trāsaya*, P. (*E. also* Ā.) shake; frighten, scare. *sya*, start back, flee. *ud.* *pp. uttrasta*, frightened; *cs. terrify*, scare away. *pari*, *pp.* terrified. *vi*, tremble, be frightened; *pp.* affrighted; *cs. terrify*. *sam*, *pp.* terrified; *cs. terrify*.

चस *tras-a*, *a.* moving; *n.* living creature; (*a*) *-dasya*, *m.* (at whom demons tremble), *N. of a generous prince*, favourite of the gods; *-rena*, *m.* mote in a man-bean.

बसु tras-nu. a. timid.

चा TRA. II: IV. *Ā. trāya*, protect, rescue, from (*ab.*, *g.*; *ps. trāyate*: *pp. trāta*, *pari. id.*; *ps. imp. paritrāyātām*, help)

चाय trā-ānu, *n.* protection (of or from, -*ē*); help, shelter; mail, cuirass, guard, helmet.

चायन trān-ānu, *n.* protecting, guarding.

चायव्य trā-tavya, *fp.* to be protected or guarded. -*tri*, *m.* protector, saviour (of, *g.* from, *ab.*); -*tra*, *n.* protection.

चापुष trāpush-ā, *n.* made of tin.

चायति trā-ya-ti, *m.* the root trā (3rd *sg.* used as *N.*).

चास trās-ā, *n.* fright, terror; frightening -*dinam*, *ad.* pitifully for fear; -*artham*, *n.* in order to frighten.

चासन trās-āna, *a.* (i) frightening (*g.* or *i.*); *n.* terrifying, scaring away; -*aniya*, *fp.* calculated to frighten or terrify; -*in*, *a.* timid

चि tri, *num. pl. m. n.* (*f. tiri*) three *trishu* (*gr.* or *h.s.*) = of all three genders

चिश्रि trīś-ā, *a.* (i) thirtieth, -*sat*, *f.* [*tri* + (*sha sat*) thirty (rarely *pl.*, only in the same case as its noun, *sts.* governing a *gn.*); -*ati*, *f. id.*

चिश्रित trīśat-ka, *n.* an aggregate of 30. -*tama*, *ord. num.* i) thirtieth

चिश्रद्वाग trīśad-bhāga, *m.* thirtieth part; -*vinasa*, *a. pl.* between twenty and thirty.

चिक tri-ka, *a.* forming a triad, consisting of three; ± *-ata*, three per cent; *n.* triad; chine-bone, *qvs.*; *m.* triangular place or court

चिकुद tri-kikūd, *a.* having three peaks; *ep. of* Vishnu (Krishna) and of Brahma

चिकुभ tri-kakūbh, *a. id.*; *m.* thunderbolt; *ep. of* Indra.

चिकुव tri-kudru-ka, *m. pl. N.* of certain three Soma vessels, -*kapāla*, *a.* distributed on three dishes; -*karma-krit*, *a.* performing the three chief actions of a Brahman sacrificer, Vedic study, and charity; -*karmān*, *a. id.*

चिकाल tri-kāla, *n.* the three times *past*, present, and future; morning, noon, evening. -*m*, three times; -*gñā*, *n.* knowing the three times, omniscient; -*dardin*, *a. id.*; -*rupa*, *a.* appearing in the form of three times *sun.*; -*snāy-in*, *a.* bathing morning, noon, and night (-*i-tā*, *f.* practice of bathing morning, noon, and night)

चिकूट tri-kūṭa, *a.* having three peaks, *m. N.* of various mountains, -*krītyas*, *ad.* thrice; -*gñā*, *m.* the triad *virtu* (dharma, utility *artha*), pleasure (kāma).

चिगत tri-gat, *m. pl.* (country of the three strongholds), *N.* of a people, *eg.* the country or a prince of Trigarta

चिगुण tri-guṇa, *m. pl. or n. sg.* the three fundamental qualities; *a.* consisting of three, thirds or eords; threefold, three times as great or as many; containing the three fundamental qualities; *sapta triguṇānīdānā*, three times seven = twenty-one days; -*āt-maka*, *a.* possessing the three fundamental qualities.

चियामी tri-gāmi, *f. N.* of a locality.

चित्र trika, *m. n.* stanza of three verses (*ep. trika*).

चित्रक tri-kakṛā, *a.* three-wheeled; *n.* three-

wheeled car; -*akakṛas*, *a.* three-eyed; -*ak-tara*, *a.* three or four; -*agat*, *n. sg. pl.* the three worlds: heaven, earth, lower regions; -*manā*, *f.* the mother of the three worlds, Pārvatī; -*gñā*, *a.* wearing three braids; -*ā*, *f. N.* of a Rik-hasi; -*gāta*: -*ka*, *n.* the three spices, viz. cinnamon, cardamom, and nutmeg; -*mayana*, *m.* three-eyed, Siva; -*nā-kiketa*, *a.* having three times lighted the fire named Nākiketa

चित tritā, *m. N.* of a Vedic god, Third form of Agni (probably lightning), connected with Indra and the winds, is presented as engaged in combat with meteoric demons, his dwelling place is remote and hidden, and he is called Aptar, son of the waters (= clouds). *N.* of various Rishis *pl.* a class of gods.

चितय tri-taya, *n.* triad; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n. id.*; -*danā*, *n.* triple staff of the Brahman ascetic, triple control of thought, word, and deed, -*danā*, *n.* bearing the triple staff, controlling thought, word, and deed, *m.* Brahman ascetic

चिदश tri-dash, *a. pl.* three times ten; *m.* the thirty *se* gods (round number for 33) -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* divine nature; -*pati*, *m. ep.* of Indra; -*astra*, *n.* Indra's weapon, thunderbolt; -*vanita*, *f.* celestial female, Apurāsa; -*śaila*, *m. ep.* of mount Kailāsa; -*śreshtha*, *n. ep.* of Brahma or Agni

चिदशाधिप trīśasādhīpa, *m.* lord of the gods, -*adhīpati*, *m. id.*; -*āyudha*, *n.* rain bow; -*ari*, *m.* enemy of the gods, Asura; -*ālaya*, *m.* abode of the gods, heaven; celestial, *god*

चिदशीभु trīśasī-bhū, become a god

चिदश्व trīśasā indra, *m.* chief of the gods, *ep.* of Indra; -*i-vara*, *m. pl.* chiefs of the gods: Indra, Agni, Varuna, Yama

चिदिव tri-divi, *a.* third (= highest) heaven, always with *diva* *V.*; heaven *C.* -*gata*, *pp.* gone to heaven, dead; -*i-vara*, *m. ep.* of Indra; -*okas*, *m.* inhabitant of heaven *god*.

चिधा tri-dha, *ad.* threefold; three; *n.* three places, *m.* to three parts; -*kri*, triple

चिधातु tri-dhātu, *a.* threefold, *n.* the triple world

चिधामन tri-dhāman, *a.* tripartite, -*may-ana*, *a.* three-eyed, *m. ep.* of Siva; -*netra*, *a.* three-eyed; *m.* Siva; -*paksha*, *n.* three fortnights; -*paśākā*, *a.* consisting of 51; -*patāka*, *a.* hand with three forefingers, middle, and little finger; outstretched fingers sign on the stage to indicate a desire to sing something secretly; -*patha*, *n.* the three paths, *i.e.* heaven, sky or lower regions, and earth

चिपद tri-pād (or *tri-*, strong *st.* -*pād*), *n.* -*i*, three-footed; taking three steps, -*i*, *f.* kind of gait in the elephant -*pada*, *a.* having three feet, having three maternal *patas*; -*pala*, *a.* weighing three *palas*; -*pāthin*, *a.* studying the three Vedas; -*padaka*, *a.* ikā three footed; -*piṭaka*, *n.* the three literary collections (of baskets of the Buddhists *i.e.* the Sūtra, Vinaya, and Abhidharma-*piṭakas*); -*piba*, *a.* drinking with three *apiṇas* ear and tongue; -*piṣṭapa*, *a.* Indra's heaven; -*puṇdra*: -*ka*, *n.* three streaks marked on various parts with *ashes*, *ep.* on the forehead by Siva *car-hippas*.

चिपुर tri-pura, *n.* triple citadel; three Asura fortresses of gold, silver, and iron, burned by Siva, 1, *f. N.* of the capital of Kōdi, -*ghātīn*, -*ghna*, *m.* Siva; -*dāha*, *m.* burning of Tripura; -*druh*, -*dviṣ*, *m.* Siva; -*viṣya*, *m.* con-

quest of Tripura; -*viṣya*, *m.* Siva; -*hara*, *m. id.*

चिपुरासक tri-purāsa-ka, *a.* (trā) worth three purānas; -*purāṇiya*, *a. id.*

चिपुरासक tri-purāsa-ka, *a.* destroying Tripura Kīma'shan, *m. ep.* of Siva; -*ārati*, *m.* Siva; -*ari*, *m. id.*

चिपुष tri-puṣṭha, *n.* three men = three generations -*m*, *ad.* for three generations, *a.* as long as three men

चिपुराशि tri-purāsa adri, *m.* N. of a mountain; -*i-vara*, *N.* of a town and of a temple

चिपुकर tri-pushkara, *a.* adorned with three lotuses *pl. N.* of a sacred bathing place

चिपुष्ट tri-puṣṭha, *a.* having or occupying three backs, ridges, or heights, *m.* Vishnu; -*prakara*, *a.* threefold; -*phala*, *a.* bearing three fruits; -*bāhn*, *a.* three-armed, -*bhāga*, *m.* third part *ep.* of the eye in a side glower; -*bhuvana*, *n.* the three worlds: heaven, sky or lower regions, and earth; *m.* N. -*gura*, *m. ep.* of Siva; -*pati*, *m. ep.* of Vishnu; -*bhauma*, *a.* three-storied, -*madha*, *n.* who knows or recites the three *varas* beginning with *madhu* RV 1, xc, 6 S; -*mātra*, *a.* containing three *mantras*; -*marga-ga*, *f. ep.* of the Ganges; -*murti*, *a.* having three forms, -*i*, the trinity, *i.e.* Brahma, Vishnu, Siva

चियम्बक tri-yambaka, *m.* (three-eyed), Siva

चियव tri-yava, *a.* weighing three barley-corns; -*yāna*, *n.* the three vehicles to *śāstra* tion of the Buddhists; -*yāma*, *a.* having three watches, *n.* hours; -*ā*, *f.* night; -*ras-aka*, *n.* spirituous liquor; having three tastes; -*ratra*, *n. sg. pl.* period of three nights *i.e.* days -*m*, for three days, *m. ab.* for three days; *a.* lasting three days, *m.* three days festival -*avaram*, *ad.* at least three days; -*rupa*, *a.* having three forms or colours; -*linga*, *a.* having the three fundamental qualities, having three genders, adjectival, -*loka*, *n.* i, *f.*, *sg.* *m. pl.* the three worlds: heaven, sky or lower regions, earth -*nātha*, *m. ep.* of Indra and of Siva; -*i-a*, *m. ep.* of Vishnu; -*pāla*, *m. N.*

चिलोचन tri-lokama, *a.* three-eyed *m.* Siva;

चिल्लक tri-lla-ka, चिल्लसेन tri-lla-sena, *m. N.*

चिच्युर tri-vandhūrā, *a.* three seated; -*var-ga*, *n.* aggregate of three *varas* dharma, pleasure, karma, utility *artha*, or loss *kṣha* *ya* status quo (*sthana*), gain (*vidhā*); or the three qualities (*sattva*, *rajas*, *tamas*); or the three higher castes; -*varna*, *a.* three coloured; -*varsha*, *n.* space of three years; *a.* three years old; -*vali* *sts* 1 only; *a.* three holds above the neck, *emend.* red beauty in woman; -*vāṭika*, *a.* produced by three words; -*vāreshika*, *a.* three years old; -*vikrama*, *n.* the three steps of Vishnu; *a.* having taken the three steps, *m.* Vishnu; -*vidya*, *a.* containing the three Vedas; -*vidhā*, *ad.* three kinds, triple, threefold, -*vidhā*, *ad.* into three parts; -*viṣṭapa*, *n.* Indra's heaven; -*viṣṭi*, *ad.* three times; -*viṣṭi*, *a.* threefold, triple, tripartite, *m.* *sc.* soma *panctan* tri *pl.* mode of reciting RV 1X, vi, triple cord -*karma*, *n.* tripling; -*tā*, *f.* threefoldness -*veda* *i.*, *f.* the three Vedas, *a.* *viṣṭin* or containing the three Vedas; -*vedin*, *a. id.*

चिष्णु tri-sanku, *m. N.* of an ancient sage and of a kind of *Amuloid*, raised to the stars as the Southern Cross -*tilaka*, *a.* adorned with the Southern Cross; -*ādi*, *f.* *sc.* the South; -*vata*, *a.* 103, 170, 300th, consisting of 300, *n.* 300; -*ākha*, *a.* having three branches,

-śikha, *a.* three-crested, three-pronged, shaped like a trident; *n.* trident; **-śikhara**, *a.* three-peaked; **-śiras**, *a.* three-headed; three-peaked; *m.* *N.* of a Rishi with the patronymic *Tvāshtra*, reputed author of *R.V.* X, viii; *N.* of a *Īdākāva* slain by *Īdāma*; **-śirsha**, **-śirshka**, *a.* three-headed; **-śūla**, *n.* trident; *a.* wielding the trident (*Siva*). [trident.]

त्रिमुलाय tri-mūlā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* be like *Siva*'s

त्रिमुलिका tri-mūl-ikā, *f.* little trident; **-śrīga**, *a.* three-horned; three-peaked; *m.* trident; *N.* of a mountain.

त्रिःशत trih-sveta, *a.* white in three places.

त्रिषधस्य tri-shadha-sthā, *a.* being in three places; *n.* threefold place; **-shavana**, *a.* accompanied by three Soma pressings; *n.* the three Soma pressings during the day; with *smāna*, *n.* triple daily ablution; **-am**, *ad.* morning, noon, and evening; **-anāyā**, *a.* performing ablutions three times a day; **-shasha**, *a.* pl. three times six, eighteen; **-sh/ubh-anta**, *a.* ending with a trishubh; **-sh/ubhā**, *f.* (triple praise), a metre of 4 × 11 syllables.

त्रिस्र tris, *ad.* three times: **त्रिरक्षन्**, three times a day.

त्रिसत्य tri-satyā, *n.* triple oath; **-samdhya**, *n.* the three diurnal junctures (*sunrise, noon, sunset*); **-am**, *ad.* at the time of the three Sandhyās; *a.* relating to the three Sandhyās; **-savana**, *a.* & *n.* = *tri-havana*; **-śādhana**, *a.* produced or conditioned by three things; **-śi-suptana**; **-ka**, *m.* *N.* of the verses *R.V.* X, xiv, 3-5; *a.* conversant with these verses; **-stana**, *a.* (i) three-breasted; **-sthāna**, *n.* having three places; **-srotas**, *f.* *cp.* of the Ganges (three-flowing). [a day.]

त्रिःस्नान trih-snāna, *n.* bathing three times

त्रिहायण tri-hāyana, *a.* three years old.

चुट TRUT, P. IV. **त्रुया**, VI. **त्रु/ा**, (*int.*) break, tear, burst asunder; *pp.* **त्रु/िता**, broken; having a lacuna; *cs.* **त्रो/या**, tear asunder, break.

पुटि tri-*ti*, *f.* particle, atom; moment (*as a measure of time, the exact duration of which varies in different statements*).

त्रेता tré-tā, *f.* triad; the three sacred fires; die or side of a die marked with three points; the second age of the world (the age of three, so called from three being contained in the numbers expressing its duration: it is described as lasting 3000 years of the gods, etc.); **-agni**, *m.* *sg.* the three sacred fires; **-yuga**, *n.* the second age of the world; **-h/ta-sarvasva**, *a.* robbed of one's all by the three die.

त्रेधा tre-dhā, *ad.* threefold; in (to) three parts; in three places, threefold; **-sthita**, *pp.* divided into three, threefold.

त्रैकालिक tri-kāl-ika, *a.* (i) relating to the three times (*past, present, and future*); **-ya**, *n.* the three times: *past, present, future*; morning, noon, evening.

त्रैगर्त traigarta, *a.* belonging to the Trigartas; *m.* prince of the Trigartas.

त्रैगुण्य traigun-ya, *n.* having three cords, tripleness; the three fundamental qualities; *a.* possessed of the three fundamental qualities (*r. guna*). [(three-) gods.]

त्रैदशिक traidas-ika, *a.* relating to the thirty

त्रैधम् traidham, *ad.* in three ways.

त्रैपद trai-pada, *n.* three quarters.

त्रैपुर trai-pura, *a.* relating to Tripura; *m.* pl. inhabitants of Tripura; *sg.* prince of the

Kedā; *n.* *Siva*'s exploit in connexion with Tripura.

त्रैमासिक trai-mās-ika, *a.* three-monthly; three months old, lasting three months.

त्रैयम्बक trai-y-anbuka, *a.* relating or dedicated to Tryambaka (*Siva*).

त्रैरूप trai-rūp-ya, *n.* triple form; **-lūg-ya**, *n.* being of three genders.

त्रैलोक्य trai-varg-lokya, *n.* the three worlds; **-rāg-ya**, *n.* sovereignty of the three worlds; **-adhipatitva**, **-ādhipatya**, *n.* id.

त्रैवर्गिक trai-varg-ika, *a.* (i) relating to the triad virtue, pleasure, utility; **-ya**, *a.* id.

त्रैवर्णिक trai-varṇ-ika, *m.* member of the three upper castes; **-vārshika**, *a.* lasting or sufficient for three years; **-vikrama**, *a.* belonging to Vishnu (trivikrama); **-vidyā**, *a.* versed in the three Vedas; *n.* the three Vedas; study or knowledge of the three Vedas; assemblage of Brāhmanas versed in the three Vedas; **-vridhā**, *pp.* (old =) learned in the three Vedas; **-vidhya**, *n.* triplicity; **-vishāpa**; **-e-ya**, *m.* pl. guls; **-vedika**, *a.* (i) relating to the three Vedas.

त्रैशुभ trishubh-a, *a.* (i) relating to or consisting of trishubh; *n.* trishubh metre.

त्रैस्रोतस trai-srotas-a, *a.* relating to the Ganges (Trisrotas).

त्रोटक troṭaku, *n.* kind of drama.

त्रय triama, *m.* *sg.* three parts; third; *a.* having three shares.

त्रयक्ष triaksha, *a.* (i) three-eyed; *m.* *Siva*. **-ka**, *n.* *m.* id.; **-akshara**, *a.* consisting of three sounds or syllables; **-sāga**, *n.* army of three members (*chariots, cavalry, infantry*); **-adishthāna**, *a.* having three locations (*mind, voice, body*).

त्रयब्द triabda, *n.* period of three years; **-m**, for three years; *a.* lasting three years; **-pārva**, *a.* of three years' standing or having a difference of three years in age.

त्रयम्बक triambaka, *m.* *ep.* of Rudra-Siva; *ś.* *f.* Pārvatī; **-vriśabha**, *m.* *Siva*'s bull.

त्रयवर् triavara, *a.* pl. at least three; **-m**, *ad.* at least three times.

अष्टीत triasita, *a.* (i) eighty-third; **-asiti**, *f.* eighty-three; **-tama**, *a.* eighty-third.

अष्टक triastaka, *a.* containing three eighth days after full moon; **-ash/a-varsha**, *a.* (3 × 8 =) twenty-four years old.

अष्ट triabā, *m.* period of three days; **-m**, for three days; *in, ab, lc.* after three days; **त्र्यक्षे गते**, *lc. abs.* three days having elapsed; **-aha**, *a.* lasting three days; **-vritta**, *pp.* having happened three days before; **-abhiha**, *a.* provisioned for three days [days.]

आह्विक triāhika, *a.* provisioned for three

अष्ट triika, *n.* stanza of three verses.

अंघ्रि triēti, *a.* *f.* spotted in three places.

त् 1. tvā, *prn. st.* of second pers. (*v.* tvad).

त् 2. tvā, *poss. prn.* thy.

त् 3. tva, *a.* many *a.* other: **tva-tva**, the one-the other: **-d**, *n.* *ad.* partly.

त्वक् tvak-tra, *n.* armour; **-trāna**, *n.* protection of the skin.

त्वक्ष TVAKSH, II. only with **pra**, *pr. pl.* **-tvaksh-āna**, pre-eminent.

त्वक्ष tvāksh-as, *n.* energy, activity.

त्वक्षार tvak-sāra, *m.* reed, cane (*lit.* in which the rind is the chief thing); **-vyava-hāra-vat**, *a.* whose occupation is in reeds, dealing in cane.

त्वगुत्तरासङ्गवत् tvag-uttara āsaṅga-vat, *a.* wearing an outer garment of bark; **-doṣa**, *m.* skin-disease, eruption; **-doṣin**, *a.* affected with skin-disease; **-bheda-ka**, *a.* breaking or tearing the skin of another.

त्वकार tvam-kāra, *m.* addressing as 'thou.'

त्वङ् TVAṆḂ, I. P. **tvāṅga**, leap; gallop; move about, flicker.

त्वक्पांसास्थिमय tvāṅ-māmsa asthi-maya, *a.* consisting of skin, flesh, and bones.

त्वक् tvāk, *f.* skin, hide; bark, rind.

त्वच् tvak-a, *n.* id. (*esp.* ° *a.*); **-ana**, *n.* skinning. [tvam, thou.]

त्वत् tvāt, **त्वद्** tvād, *ab. and base* (°) of

त्वत्कृत tvat-kṛta, *pp.* made or done by thee or you, called after you (*name*); **-kṛite**, on thy account; **-tas**, *ad.* = *ab.* from you etc.

त्वद् tvād, *v.* **त्वत्** tvāt.

त्वदीय tvad-īya, *a.* thy, thine.

त्वद्विध tvad-vidha, *a.* like thee.

त्वन्मय tvan-maya, *a.* consisting in thee, containing thee only. ['thou']

त्वन् tu ām, *nm. sg.* thou: **tvam kṛi**, call (*ac.*)

त्वर TVAR, I. *Ā.* **tvāra**, (*E. also P.*) he quick; hasten, to (*d.*, *lc.* of *abl. n.* or *inf.*); *pr. pl.* **tvāra-māna**, hastily, quickly; *pp.* **tvārita**, **tūrtā** (SB.), or **tūrtā** (rare), swift, rapid, quick; hastening, to (*lc.* of *abl. n.* or *inf.*); **-m**, *ad.* quickly, hastily; *cs.* **tvāraya**, cause to make haste, urge on.

त्वरा tvar-ā, *f.* haste, hurry, urgency (*with in, lc.*, or -); *n.* hastily, quickly; **विवक्षा-कृते त्वरा**, hurry with regard to the wedding; **tvāraṁ kṛi**, hasten with (*g.*).

त्वरित tvar-ita, *pp.*: *n.* haste, hurry.

त्वष्टि tvash-ti, *f.* carpentry.

त्वष्ट tvāsh-tri, *m.* wright, carpenter; *N.* of a Vedic god, the divine artificer; **-devatya**, *a.* having Tvashtri as its deity.

त्वादृम् tvā-drīś, *a.* (*nm. m. f. n. k*) resembling thee; **-āris**, *a.* (i): **-ka**, *a.* id.

त्वाया tvāyā, *in. ad.* for love of thee.

त्वावत् tvā-vat, *a.* like thee.

त्वाष्ट्र tvāshtrā, *a.* belonging to Tvashtri; *m.* Tvashtri's son

त्विष् TVISHI, VI. **tvisha**, (I') be excited or agitated; stimulate, quicken; sparkle, shine, flame.

त्विष tvish, *f.* excitement; vehemence, fury; light, ray; splendour; beauty; colour.

त्विषि tvishi-i, *f.* vehemence, energy; brilliance, splendour; beauty; (*ā-mat*, *a.* vehement; energetic; splendid.)

त्वे tvé, I'. *lc.* of tvam, thou.

त्वेष tvesh-ā, *a.* (i, f) vehement; sublime; shining.

त्वोत tvā ūta, *pp.* (✓*av*) favoured by thee.

त्सर् TSAR, I. P. **tsāra**, approach stealthily.

त्सर tsār-u, *m.* stalk (of a leaf); handle (of a vessel); hilt (of a sword).

थ TH.

थकन thak-kana, *m. N. of a man*थक्रिय thakriya, *m. N*थक्रियक thakriyaka, *m. N.*थरथराय thara-tharā-ya, *Ā. stagger*थखोरक thalyora-ka, *m. N. of a village.*थूकार thūt-kāra, *m. noise made in spitting*थूत thūt-kri, *make a noise in spitting.*थूकृत thūt-krita, *pp. n. noise made in spitting*

द D.

द 1. da, *a. (-°) giving, bestowing, imparting; producing, yielding; indicating.*द 2. da, *a. cutting off, destroying (-°).*दम् DAMS, I. P. (Ā) *dāsa*, bite *pp. dāsha*, *fa*, bitten; *es dāmsaya*, cause to be bitten by (*in*); provide with armour, *es of intr. dānda-saya*, P. cause to be bitten severely, *vi*, bite in pieces *sam*, press (together); crush; *pp.* pressed closely; closely fitting; tight (*garment*).दंश dāns-a, *m. bite; stinging insect, gadfly; -āka*, *m. N. of a prince. -āna*, *a. biting; bite; coat of mail.*दंश्र dānsh-ṭra, *m., ā. f. tusk, fang.*दंश्रिन् dānshṭri-in, *a. possessed of fangs; m. animal with fangs, beast of prey.*दंस DAMS, *only cs. dāmsaya*, be wondrousदंसन dāns-āna, *n., ā. f. wondrous deed, power, or skill*दंमु dāms-u, *a. of wondrous power (-°) -pat-*, *m. f. having a lord of wondrous power.*दक्ष DAKSH, I. *dāksha*, P. satisfy or suit *any one d*; *Ā. be able, skilful, or strong, cs. P. dākshaya*, make efficientदक्ष dāksh-a, *a. able, active, dexterous, skilful, clever with te. -; suitable for -; right and left; m. activity, capacity, power, aptitude, will, N. of an Aditya, N. of a Praçāpati, N. of a legend -sya āyana*, *n. (sacrifice of the winter solstice).*दक्षकृत् dāksh-kṛtī, *m. du. xilland understanding; -tā*, *f. dexterity, cleverness, activity; -pitāra* *pl. sta st also -pitāra*, having Daksha as a father; possessing or bestowing abilities, *-vīhitā*, *f. kind of song. -sūtā*, *f. daughter of Daksha pl. wives of the moon*दक्षि dāksh-ima (also *ā*), *a. able, clever, dexterous; right, southern because when looking east the right hand is towards the south, south (wind), upright, honest, amiable, obliging; m. right hand or arm; m. n. right side; south; ā. f. se, go), a good i.e. milch cow, (being the original sacrificial tree, fee; gift; personified as the wife of Sacerdote*दक्षिणावक्त dākshina-gāmnakta, *pp. having the right knee bent.*दक्षिणतः dākshina-tās, *ad. on or from the right (of, g. -) (-tāh) kri*, place *any one* on the right hand *in token of respect*; *-tas-kaparda*, *a. wearing a braid of hair on the right*दक्षिणपार्श्व dākshina-para ardhā, *m. south-west side; -pa-kāma*, *a. south-western; -pārva*, *a. south-eastern ā. f. south-east.*दक्षिणा dākshinā, *ad. to the right or southwards (of, ab.*दक्षिणाग्नि dākshina-agni, *m. southern sacrificial fire; āgrā*, *a. pointed southward.*दक्षिणात् dākshināt, *ab. ad. from or on the right, from the south, southern*दक्षिणाद्वा dākshinā-dvāra, *n. door towards the south, a. having the door towards the south, -patha*, *m. tract in the south, Deccan, āpara*, *a. south western, -pratyak*, *a. south western; n. -pratyak*, *ad. towards the south west, f. -pratiā*, *south-west, ā -prava*, *n. a. sloping towards the south, ā abhi-mukha*, *a. i. facing southward -m, ad. southwards; -mukha*, *a. ad.*दक्षिणायन dākshina-ayana, *n. southern path (i.e. to the realm of death), southernly course of the sun, the half-year in which the sun moves from north to south (from summer to winter solstice) -samkrānti*, *f. entrance of the sun on the southernly course, summer solstice*दक्षिणारण्य dākshina-araṇya, *n. Southern Forest, V. of a forest, probably in the Deccan*दक्षिणावत dākshinā-vat, *a. able, abounding in gifts, pious.*दक्षिणवर्त dākshina-ṭvarta, *a. turned southward, being on its southern course (sun, m. Deccan. [head turned southward.*दक्षिणाग्रिम dākshina-āgrim, *a. having the*दक्षिणाहि dākshina-āhi, *ad. far to the right*दक्षिणी dākshini-kri, *place on the right, walk round any one (ac) keeping him on the right (as a token of respect)*दक्षिणीय dākshini-īya, *a. worthy of or suitable for a sacrificial gift, worthy to be honoured*दक्षिणतर dākshina-ita, *a. left.*दक्षिणेन dākshina-ena, *in. ad. to the right or south, of ac.*दक्षिणैः dākshimais, *in. pl. ad. on the right.*दक्षिणोत्तर dākshina-uttara, *a. right and left, southern and northern ā-bhāya*, *pañ-bhāyām*, with the two hands, the right being uppermost, *-uttāna*, *a. holding the right hand palm upwards, du. n. pañi*, the two hands with the right turned palm upwardsदग् dag-dha, *pp. (dah) burned, consumed, pained, tortured, distressed, fatal, wretched, good for nothing, cursed, damned -pa/hara*, *n. accursed belly*दग्ध dag-dhavya, *fp. to be burned*दग्धु dag-dhra, *m. consumer of (ac); -dhri*, *m. ut. with g.*दग्धोदर dagdhandara, *n. accursed belly.*

दग् Dagh, V. P. dagh-no-ti, reach to.

दघ dagh-nā, *a. (ā, i) reaching to (-°).*दक्क dāk-khada, *m. (teeth-cover), lip.*दण्ड dandā, *m. (n.) staff, stick; mace, club*

to which the elephant's trunk and human arms and thighs are often compared; stalk, handle, flagstaff on a carriage; pole (as a measure of length 4 cubits), rod = symbol of violence, force of arms, military power, army; mastery of, complete control over (g. sceptre as symbol of judicial power), punishment, corporal chastisement, admonition, fine, Gupta, secret fine = blackmail; vaitasa, feedlike staff = membrum viride

दण्डक danda-ka, *m. handle, pole, flagstaff (on a cart), n. ā, i. N. of a forest in the Deccan, m. pl. inhabitants of the Dandaka forest, sg. N. of a prince, -karma*, *n. punishment (dandary)*दण्डकालसक dandaka-āśa-ka, *m. kind of*दण्डकाष्ठ danda-kāṣṭha, *n. wooden staff, -ghna*, *a. striking with a staff, committing assault, -ākara*, *n. detachment of an army -tā/āna*, *n. chastisement with a stick, -tva*, *n. condition of a staff, -dāsa*, *m. slave for non payment of a fine, one who serves out a fine, -dhara*, *a. wielding the rod or sceptre over, punishing, chastising (g. m. prince, king, judge, magistrate, leader of a troop, cp. of Yama -ādhipati*, *m. chief of judges, king; -dhāra*, *a. wielding the rod, exercising judicial authority -ka, a. ad; -dhāra-ma*, *n. bearing of a staff, employment of force; chastisement*दण्डन dānd-ana, *n. beating, punishing*दण्डनायक danda-nayaka, *m. judge, leader of a troop; -nipātana*, *n. causing the rod to descend, punishment (ol. g. -niyoga*, *m. award of punishment, -niti*, *f. administration of justice, science of government*दण्डनीय dānd-anya, *fp. punishable*दण्डनेतृ danda-netra, *m. judge -tva*, *n. office of judge, administration of justice*दण्डपाणि dandī-pāṇi, *a. holding a staff in one's hand, m. policeman, cp. of Yama; -chasta*, *m. descent of the rod, punishment, chastisement, -patana*, *n. castigation, -pārushya*, *n. assault -da* bodily chastisement and admonition, *-pāla*, *m. guardian of justice, judge, -tā*, *f. abst. s; -pālaka*, *m. guardian of justice, judge, -pāśaka*, *m. policeman, watchman, -praśama*, *n. prostration at full length like a staff, -pradāna*, *n. presentation of the staff at (investiture), -bhaya*, *a. fear of the rod; -bhāga*, *a. liable to punishment, -bhāra*, *a. wielding the rod, m. cp. of Yama, -mukhya*, *m. leader of an army.*दण्डय danda-ya, *den P. punish pp. dand-ita; guptena dandena*, *blackmailed*दण्डयात्रा danda-yātrā, *f. military expedition -kitha*, *n. signal for marching to war, -patha*, *m. military road, -lagna*, *n. astrologically auspicious moment for marching out to war, -yoga*, *n. infliction of punishment; -lepa*, *m. small fine; -vat*, *a. bearing a staff; ha-ug a handle; possessing a great army; -vadha*, *m. capital punishment; -vākika*,

a. corporal or verbal (injury); -*vāhin*, *m.* policeman, watchman; -*vikaipa*, *m.* choice of punishment (with *g.* of object); -*vyāha*, *m.* array in columns; -*hanta*, *a.* holding a staff in the hand. [a staff.]

दण्डाघात dandāghāta, *m.* pl. blows with दण्डाधिप dandaādhipa, *m.* chief justice: -*adhīpati*, *m.* id.; -*anika*, *n.* detachment of an army; -*āpā-nāyā*, *m.* manner of the stick and the cake (if the mouse has eaten the stick she must have eaten the cake also); *ab.* = as a matter of course from what precedes.

दण्डारक dandāra-ka, (° *a.*) well-pole.

दण्डावयव dandāavayava, *m.* detachment of an army.

दण्डिक dand-ika, *a.* punishing; *m.* policeman; -*ikā*, *f.* stick, staff; -*in*, *a.* bearing a staff; *m.* Brahmin mendicant; junior, warder; official who clears the way; *cp.* of Yama; *N.* of the *Kiryāḍarsa* sixth century *a. d.*.

दण्डोद्यम dandaudyama, *m.* raising of the staff; threatening any one (°) with a stick; *pl.* employment of forcible means.

दण्ड्य dand-ya, *fp.* to be punished; worthy of punishment; to be made to pay or fined (with *acc.* of amount); liable to forfeit (°)

दत् dat, *m.* [(u)dat. *pr. pt.* cater] tooth (*nm.* *dan*); ° *a. f. i.*

दत्त dat-tā, *pp.* of √dā; *m. N.* (often °); *n.* giving; -*ka*, *a.* given to be adopted (*son*).

दत्तकर्ण datta-karna, *a.* giving ear or listening to (°); -*drishā*, *a.* directing one's gaze to, looking at (*abs.* or with *loc.*); -*pūva ykta-bhā*, *a.* threatening with the curse already mentioned; -*ulka*, *a. f.* for whom the nuptial fee has been paid.

दत्तातङ्क datta ātanka, *a.* giving a fright to (*g.*); -*ātman*, *a.* who has offered himself for adoption (*son*); -*pradān-ika*, *a.* relating to the non-delivery of a present.

दत्ति dat-ti, *f.* gift, present.

दत्तोत्तर datta uttara, *a.* to which an answer has been given.

दत्तम dat-trima, *a.* received by donation, adopted (*son* or *slave*).

दत्त्वा dat-tvā, *gd.* of √dā. [wealthy.]

दत्त-त्रा, *n.* property; *pl.* goods: -*vat*, *a.*

ददार्ति dadā-ti, *m.* gift.

ददृशानपवि da-dris-ānā-pavi, *a.* whose wheel-tracks have appeared.

दद् da-dh-*n.* दद् दd-dh-*f.* [√dā, crack] kind of cutaneous eruption.

दध da-dh-, *weak pr. base* of √dhā.

दधन् da-dh-ān, *weak base* of dādhi

दधि dā-dhi-*n.* *n.* [√dhe] sour milk, curds.

दधिकर्ण dadhi-karna, *m.* Curd-*m.* *N.* of a cat (i. e. having milk-white ears).

दधित्य dadhi-ti-ta, *m.* a tree (so called from the taste of the fruit); -*drapsa*, *m. sg. pl.* whey made of sour milk.

दधिपुच्छ dadhi-pukha, *m.* Curd-tail (i. e. having a milk-white tail), *N.* of a jackal, -*prishāṭaka*, *a.* kind of mixture with curds; -*bhāṇa*, *n.* pot of sour milk; -*maṇḍa*, *m.* sour cream; -*saktu*, *m. pl.* meal mixed with curds; -*saṁbhava*, *a.* produced from curdled milk.

दधृष du-dhrish, *a.* (*nm. m. f. n. x*) bold; *n.* -*dh*, *ik.* *ad.* firmly, closely. [or undertaken.]

दधृषान् (da-dh)ish-vān, *pf. pt.* having dared

दध्न dadhi āna, *n.* rice cooked with curdled milk; -*āṇa*, *n.* pap prepared with curdled milk. [the mother of the Dānavas.]

दनु dānu, *f. N.* of a daughter of Dakṣha and

दनुकबन्ध danu-kabandhu, *m. N.* of a demon; -*ga*, *m. a.* Dānava. [*dan*] tooth.

दन्त dānt, *m.* (strong base of dāt, only *nm.*

दन्त dānt-a, *m.* (n) tooth; tusk, ivory (*f.* ° *a. ā, i.*); -*ka*, (° *a.*) tooth; -*ghāṭa*, -*ka*, -*ga*, *m. a.* Dānava. [*dan*] tooth.

दन्तच्छद danta-kkha, *m.* (tooth-covering), *lip*; -*ganman*, *n.* growth of the teeth; -*ghāṭa*, *pp.* having toothed; -*dyat*, *f.* glitter of the teeth; -*dhāva*, *m.* cleansing the teeth; -*dhāv-āna*, *n. id.* splint of wood chewed for cleansing the teeth; -*pattra*, *n.* kind of ear ornament; -*ikā*, *f. id.*; -*pāṅkhalikā*, *f.* doll of ivory; -*pālī*, *f.* ivory sword hilt; -*prakhāḷ-āna*, *n.* cleansing of the teeth; means for cleansing the teeth; -*pravashā*, *m.* (?) ring round an elephant's tusk; -*bhaṅga*, *m.* breaking or splitting of the teeth; -*maya*, *a.* made of ivory; -*māṁsa*, *n.* gum; -*mulā*, *n.* root of a tooth; -*mūliya*, *a.* dental (letter); -*raṇ-āṇā*, *f.* cleansing of the teeth; -*vakra*, *m. N.* of a prince; -*vāsan*, *n.* (cover of the teeth), *lip*; -*vinā*, *f.* chattering of the teeth (*lit.* teeth-lute = *na vādāya*, play the teeth-lute = have chattering of the teeth (from cold); -*vesha*, *m.* gum; *da.* gums; -*vyāpāra*, *m.* working in ivory; -*suddhi*, *f.* cleansing the teeth; -*vodhana*, *n. id.*; -*saṁgharsha*, *m.* grinding of the teeth.

दन्ताग्र danta-agra, *n.* point of a tooth.

दन्तादन्ति dantā-danti, *ad.* tooth against tooth = tooth and nail (of combatants).

दन्तान्तर danta antara, *n.* space between the teeth; -*adhishāṭita*, *pp.* stuck between the teeth; -*ālī*, *f.* row of teeth; -*ālīka*, *f.* bridle; -*āvalī*, *f.* row of teeth.

दन्तावल dantā-valu, *m.* elephant.

दन्तिन् dant-in, *a.* tasked; *m.* elephant; -*ila*, *m. N.*; -*ura*, *a.* having prominent teeth; uneven; thickly studded with, full of (°); ugly; -*tā*, *f.* ugliness.

दन्तुरय dantura-ya, *den. P.* stud or fill with; *pp.* danturita, studded with, full of (°).

दन्तोलूखलिक danta ulūkhali-ika, *a.* using his teeth as a pestle; -*ulūkhali*, *n. id.*

दन्त्य dant-ya, *a.* dental (letter); good for the teeth. [*kind* of snake.]

दन्त्युक dan-das-ūka, *a.* mordacious; *m.*

दम् DABH, दम् DAMBH. (P.) P. I. dābha, V. dābhnō, injure, hurt; deceive; *cs.* dambhaya, P. ā avert; *des.* dipssa, P. wish to hurt or destroy.

दम्भीति dabh-iti, *m.* injurer, foe; *N.*

दम्भ dabh-ya, *fp.* who can be deceived; meant to deceive. [*dimly*; *n.* mistress.]

दम् dabh-rā, *a.* little, insignificant; -*m*, *ad.*

दम् DAM, IV. P. dāmya, be tame; tame; subdue; *pp.* dānta, tame, gentle; calm, tranquil, having one's passions subdued; *cs.* dāmaya, P. tame, break in; control, subdue; *pp.* dāmita, tamed, subdued.

दम् dām, house (only ° and *g. pl.* dāmām).

दम 1. dām-a, *m. n.* house, abode, home.

दम 2. dam-ā, *a.* taming, subduing (°); *m.* self-control; punishment, fine; Victor, *N.* of one of Damayantī's brothers and of other men.

दमक dama-ka, *a.* taming, breaking in, training (°).

दमघोष dama-ghosha, *m. N.* of a king; -*ga*, -*suta*, *m. pat.* of Sisupāla.

दमन dam-ana, *a.* (i) taming, subduing (°); *m.* horse-tamer, charioteer; Vincent, *N.* of one of Damayantī's brothers; *n.* subduing; chastising. [*a.* jackal.]

दमनक damana-ka, *m. N.* of a man and of

दमयन्ती dam-ay-ant-i, *f.* (*cs. pr. pt.*) Victoria, *N.* of Nala's wife.

दमयितु dam-ay-i-tri, *m.* tamer, chastiser.

दमिन् dam-in, *a.* self-controlled; subduing (°).

दंपति dām-pati, *m.* master of the house; *du.* master and mistress, man and wife, pair, couple.

दम्भ dambh-a, *m.* fraud, dissimulation, hypocrisy, deceit; -*aka*, *a.* deceiving, deluding (°); -*ana*, *a.* injuring (°); *n.* deceiving, deceit. [*cectic*]

दम्भुनि dambha-muni, *m.* hypocritical as-

दम्भिन् dambh-in, *a.* deceitful; *m.* deceiver, cheat, hypocrite, dishonest man.

दम्भीज्ञव dambhā udbhava, *m. N.* of a king.

दम्भोलि dambholi, *m.* Indra's thunderbolt.

-*pāta*, *m.* descent of Indra's thunderbolt.

दम्भोलिपाताय dambholi-pātā-ya, *den. ā.* descend like Indra's thunderbolt.

दम्य dam-ya, *fp.* to be broken in; *m.* young bull yet to be tamed or trained.

दय DAY, I. ā. dāya, divide; allot; possess; have compassion on, sympathise with (*acc.*, *g.*); *pp.* dayita, *q. r.* nir-ava, satisfy any one (*acc.*) with (*in.*), from (*abs.*).

दया day-ā, *f.* sympathy, compassion, with (*g.*, *loc.*, °); -*m* *kri*, have compassion on (*g.* or *loc.*); -*ārāra-bhāva*, *m.* compassionate tenderness.

दयालु day-ā-lu, *a.* compassionate, towards (*loc.*); -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* compassion for (*loc.*)

दयावत् dayā-vat, *a.* compassionate towards (*g.*, *loc.*).

दयित day-itu, *pp.* (√day) beloved, dear, *m.* lover, husband; *ā.* *f.* mistress, wife; -*maya*, *a.* devoted to his beloved.

दर da-a, *a.* °, cleaving, shattering; °, a little (also -*m*); *m.* *i.* *f.* cleft, hole, cave; *m.* fear.

दरप dar-ama, *n.* bursting, breaking.

दरद darād, दरद darada, *m. pl. N.* of a people

दरिद्र dār-i-dra (also -i-dra), *a.* [inte. √drā] strolling; mendicant, poor; lacking (*in.* or °); *m.* beggar.

दरिद्रता daridra-tā, *f.* poverty; -*tva*, *n. id.*

दरिद्रा DAR-I-DRĀ, *r.* द्रा DRĀ, run.

दरीमुख darī-mukha, *n.* cave of a mouth.

mouth of a cave; mouth-like cave

ददुर dai-dur-a, *m.* [inte. √dri] frog; flute: *N.* of a mountain-range in the South; *N.* -*ka*, *m. N.* of a gambler.

दर्प darp-a, *m.* wildness, wantonness, impu-

dence, arrogance, pride (in, in. or. -^o): -**ka**, *m. id.*; **kāma**.

दर्पण darp-ana, *m.* (causing pride), mirror, often - in titles of books -**maya**, *a.* consisting of mirrors.

दर्पणिका darp-an-ikā, *f.* mirror.

दर्पसार darp-sāra, *m.* *N.*

दर्पितपुर darpita-pura, *m.* *N.* of a city

दर्भ darbha, *m.* tuft of grass; sacrificial (esp. Kusa grass used for straining, wiping, and other purposes).

दर्भमय darbha-maya, *a.* (i) made of Darbha grass; -**mushā**, *m. f.* handful of Darbha grass; -**śūṭī** or **ī**, *f.* sharp point of Darbha grass; -**stambā**, *m.* bunch of Darbha grass

दर्यक darya-ka, *m.* *N.*

दर्व darva, *m.* spoon.

दर्वि darvi (also *i*), *f. id.*: serpent's hood.

दर्विभृत darvi-bhrit, *m.* hooded serpent.

दर्वीकर darvi-kara, *m. id.*

दर्श darśa (*m. id.*), looking at, regarding; *m.* appearance, new moon, day of a festival of new moon.

दर्शक darśa-ka, *a.* seeing, getting sight of (*g.*); causing to be seen, showing, pointing out, exposing, making evident (*g.*); **lohitaśya** -, causing blood to flow, drawing blood.

दर्शत dars-atā, *f. fp.* visible; conspicuous, beautiful.

दर्शन dars-ana, *a.* (i) -, seeing, looking at; knowing; showing, teaching; *n.* 1. *with active meaning* seeing, looking at, beholding, sight of, meeting with, visiting, attendance at; or *g.* adoration of (*g.*); eyesight; review of (*g.*); inspection, investigation of (-); forecasting (-); perception, understanding, insight; recognition of (-); opinion, intention; doctrine, philosophical system; 2. *with passive meaning* becoming or being visible, appearance, presence, attendance *in court*; occurrence, mention *in a standard work*; apparition, vision; 3. *with ex. meaning* showing; *with concrete meaning* eye; it is often - *a* having a appearance, looking -, *m. id.* show oneself

दर्शनगोचर darsana-golara, *m.* range of vision; -**patha**, *m. id.*; -**gata**, *pp.* visible; -**pāla**, *m. N.*; -**vāt**, *a.* endowed with sight; -**viśaya**, *m.* being within range of any one's (*g.*) vision

दर्शान्तरगत darsana antara-gata, *pp.* being within sight, visible; -**artha**, *a.* intending to visit; -**m. ad. on a visit; -**āvaraṇa**, *n.* envelopment of sensual perception.**

दर्शनीय dars-anīya, *fp.* visible; worthy to be seen, beautiful, handsome; to be shown, to be produced *in court*

दर्शपूर्णमास darsa-pūrṇa-māsā, *m. du.* new and full moon; new and full moon sacrifice.

दर्शम darsa-m, *abs.* repeated, on each occasion of seeing

दर्शयितव्य dars-ayitavya, *fp.* to be shown; -**ayitū** -**kāra**, *a.* wishing to show; -**ayi**-**tri**, *m.* shower of (*g.*), guide.

दर्शिन dars-in, *a.* (i) seeing, looking at, regarding, having seen; knowing, understanding; experiencing or having experienced; receiving *revenue*; composing or having composed; showing.

दल DAL, I P. **dala**, burst (*int.*); *cs.* **dālī**-**aya**, cause to burst; disperse; grind: *pp.* **dālita**, *simple & cs.* burst, cleft, rent, torn, dispersed, destroyed. **vi.** burst asunder, rend: *pp.* crushed, shattered; burst open, flowering. **sam.**, *pp.* pierced.

दल dal-n *n.* fragment, piece; part; half; leaf, petal (that which unfolds itself); -**ana**, *n.* bursting (*int.*); breaking, crushing, shattering, annihilation [to pieces]

दलशय dala-sas, *ad.* in pieces: with **ya**, 20

दलादित्व dala-ādi-tva, *n.* state of a leaf, etc.

दव day-a, *m.* [y du] forest fire -**thu**, *m.* burning, pain, inflammation, -**agni**, *m.* fire of a burning forest, -**anala**, *m. id.*

दविषाणि day-ish-āni, 1 *pr.* *sg.* *impr.*, only form of √du, - √1 div, gamble

दविष dāv-ishtha, *sp.* (of dāra) remotest, -**ayas**, *ep.* very distant, very long. *n. ad.* fur-

दम् DAS, *c.* **दम्** DAMS [ther

दशक dasa-ka, *a.* containing ten, tenfold:

-**kaṇṭha**, *m.* ten necked, *ep.* of Ravana; -**ari**, *m.* enemy of Ravana, *ep.* of Rāma, -**kaṇḍhara**, *m.* ten-necked, *ep.* of Ravana, -**kumāra-āri**-**ta** or **-tra**, *m.* Adversaries of the Ten Princes, title of a novel by Pandita, -**gana**, *a.* tenfold, ten times greater or more -**m., *ad.*; -**gūṇita**, *pp.* multiplied by ten, -**grāma-pati**, *m.* chief of ten villages, -**grāmi**, *f.* aggregate of ten villages [Ravana]**

दशग्रीव dasa-griva, *m.* ten-necked, *ep.* of

दशव dāsa-va, *a.* consisting of ten.

दशत dasāt, *f.* decade.

दशतय dasa-taya, *a.* (i) tenfold, consisting of ten divisions, 1. *f. pl.* the texts of the ten *Mandukas of the King* *id.*

दशति dasa-ti, *f.* decade.

दशदशिन dasa-dashin, *a.* consisting of repeated decades, -**di**, *f. ep.* the ten quarters

दशधा dasa-dhā, *ad.* in ten parts, tenfold

दशन dāsa (*also* ān), *a. pl.* ten.

दशन das-ana, *m.* tooth -**ka**, little tooth, -**khanda**, *m. lip*; -**pada**, *m.* mark of tooth, bat, -**vyaya**, *m.* loss of teeth, -**amsu**, *m. pl.* brightness of the teeth

दशपल dasa-pala, *n. sg.* ten palas; *a.* weighing ten palas; -**pura**, *n.* *N.* of a city, 1. *id.* -**purva-ratha**, *m.* paraphrase of the *N.* of a *ratha*, -**bandha**, *m.* tenth part -**ka**, *a. id.*

दशम dāsa-ma, *a.* (i) tenth; *n.* tenth part, 1. *f.* sc. with tenth day *a* fortnight, tenth stage of life, 1. *id.* 100 years of age, 1. *id.* -**atha**, *a.* being in the tenth stage, above 90 years old

दशमास dāsa-māsa, *a.* ten months old, -**mukha**, *m.* ten-headed, Ravana, -**ripa**, *m.* Ravana's foe, *ep.* of Rāma; -**yojani**, *f.* distance of ten yojanas, -**ratha**, *m.* *N.* of a royal chariot, *ep.* of Rāma's father, sovereign of Ayodhya, -**raṇi**-**ata**, *m.* (thousand raved), sun; -**rātra**, *m.* a period of ten days, *a.* lasting ten days; *m.* festival of ten days, *a.* *ri*-**ka**, having ten verses; -**ripa**, *n. sg.* the ten kinds of *drumas*, *T.* of a treatise on *rathas* by Dharmapala; *antardhara*, -**ka**, *n. id.*; -**laksha**-**ka**, *a.* having ten characteristics, tenfold; -**varsha**, -**varshya**, *a.* ten years old, -**vārshika**, *a.* *id.*; lasting ten years; occurring after ten years, -**vidha**, *a.* tenfold, -**ata**, *n.* 100, 1000; 1. *f.* 1000; -**vata-kara-dhārīn**, *a.* having a thousand rays moon, -**ata** ak-

sha, a thousand-eyed (*Indra*); -**sira**, a ten-headed; -**śraba**, *n. id.*; *m.* Ravana, -**śāha**-**ra**, *a.* consisting of ten thousand; *a.* ten thousand

दशस्य dasa-sya, *P.* setive, honour; help; gratify (*d.*)

दशा das-ā, *f.* fringe, border, skirt, hem of a garment, wick of a lamp; condition of life, lot, age, state; -**anta**, *m.* end of a wick; end of life, extreme old age; -**paripāka**, *m.* revolution of fortune.

दशांश dasa-amsa, *m.* tenth part; -**akshara**, *a.* decasyllabic, -**aṅgula**, *a.* ten fingers (> inches long, -**āṇana**, *m.* ten faced, *ep.* of Ravana, -**antarashya**, *n.* distance of ten stations; -**abda** **ākhyā**, *n.* of ten years standing

दशार्थ dasārtha, *a.* decasyllabic, *m. pl.* *N.* of a people, *ep.* king of Dasarna.

दशार्ध dasārdha, *a. pl.* five

दशार्ह dasārha, *m.* Krishna *pl. N.* of a people.

दशालम्बि dasā lambin, *a.* hanging down with the skirt - dragging

दशावर dasa-avara, *a.* consisting of ten at least, -**asya**, *a.* ten mouthed, *m.* Ravana, -**aha**, *m.* period of ten days [ages]

दशिन das-in, *a.* tenfold, *m.* lord of ten val-

दशेश das-eta-ka, *m. pl. N.* of a people

दशेश dasa-esa, *m.* ruler of ten villages.

दष्ट dash-ta, *pp.* (y dāms); *n.* bite

दम् DAS IV P. **dasya**, (I.) suffer want, waste away, languish, *pr. pl.* I **das-amaṇa**; *cs.* **dasasya**, cause to languish, exhaust **upa**, be exhaust-d, fail, be lacking to (*ab.* *g.*), *cs.* P. **dasasya**, cause to fail or cease.

दस्म dasmā, *a.* working wonders, marvellous

दस्यु das-yu, *m.* class of demons hostile to the gods and frequently represented as being over come by Indra and Agni, head-foe of the gods, unbeliever, 1. *m.* man of non birth, man of low birth, robber.

दस्म das-ma, *a.* working wonders, *m.* *N.* of one of the *Asuras*

दह DAH, I P. (E. also **Ā**) **daha**, burn, consume with fire, cause to rise, destroy, torment, agitate, *ps.* be burnt, be destroyed, be consumed with inward fire, be tortured *pp.* **dagdha**, *q. r.*; *cs.* **dāhaya**, cause to be burned, burn *tr.*; *des.* **didhaksha**, burn about to burn or destroy, *int.* **dandabhi**, **dandaghi**, **dandahyate**, burn or destroy completely, **Ā** be completely burned **ati**, dry up completely, **ā**, *cs.* *ps.* burn oneself **upa**, set on fire, **nis**, burn up; destroy completely; *ps.* be burned or destroyed completely; wither, *cs.* order to be set on fire **anu-nis**, burn up in succession, **pāti**, burn up; *ps.* burn **pra**, burn, scorch, destroy, *ps.* catch fire, burn; *pp.* burnt, destroyed **vi**, cause to rise, scorch; destroy by fire; *pp.* **vidagdha**, *q. r.* **sam**, consume, destroy; *ps.* be burnt; be consumed with grief.

दहन dah-ana, *a.* (i) burning, consuming with fire; destroying *only* *m.* fire, Agni *f.* **ā**, *a.* burning, -**karmaṇ**, *n.* act of burning, -**garbha**, *a.* having inward fire, flashing with anger *eyes*; -**ātma**, *a.* whose nature consists in burning or causing grief

दहर dah-ara, *a.* [√dabh] small, subtle; *m.* moiré, musk rat

दा DA, III. **dadā**, **dad**, give, grant anything *acc.* or *partitive g.* to *d.* *g.*, *le*, *...*

resign (one's seat); give up (for, in. of price); sell; pay (fine, wages, or debt); deliver; return; offer (sacrifice); communicate, teach; make a sign (samghāṇa); relate news (samdāsa); pronounce (blessings); speak (truth), utter (speech), address words to (d.); arrange a meeting (samketakam), a performance (prayogam); sacrifice or devote (oneself) to (d.); make way (panthānam or mārgam) for (g.); cause (pain etc.); allow to (inf.); with *na*, not allow to (inf.); grant a sight (darsanam) of oneself = show oneself; place or lay on or in (le.); set fire to any one (le.) = burn; draw with a piece (śāram, at chess); push to a halt (argalam); administer poison (visham) to (g.); direct (steps, gaze, or thoughts) towards (le.); give ear (karṇam) = listen to (le.); add; produce, perform; undertake; pp. **dātā**, also **-tā**, after prepositions in **ā**; **ek dāpaya**, P. (with 2 or) cause, order, or oblige to give, deliver, pay, return, utter, or put down; cause to be given, handed, or performed; procure; **des. dāśa**, **dāśa**, P. desire or be ready to give; - **kanyām**, wish to give a daughter in marriage **śau**, give way to any one (d.); yield to any one (d.) in (ac.). **ā**, *gny*. **Ā**, take, receive, obtain; appropriate; deprive of, take away from (ab.); impair (rigour); extract from (ab.); avert the eye from (ab.); captivate (the heart); take with one; grasp, seize; take on one's shoulder (skandhenā), in one's arms (bhūvoh); partake of; gnaw (± *daśanāh*), perceive, observe, feel; note, remember; accept, approve; undertake, devote oneself to; take = choose or enter upon a path - *mārgam* or *padhātīm*; begin (a speech), commence (speaking etc.); pp. **ā-tā**; **gd ādāya**, having taken = with (ac.); *des. ādāsa*, **Ā**, be about to take or seize; wish to take away from (g.). **ud-ā**, raise. **up-ā**, **Ā**, receive, obtain, acquire; assume, appropriate, take away; grasp; take up, gather; draw (water); catch (fire); perceive, feel; choose (a path); begin (to, inf.); mention, note, include; apply, employ; give oneself up to (joy, sorrow), have done with, conclude; pp. **upātā**; **gd upādāya**, including, besides; from - onwards; by means of; with (usual meaning). **vi-ā**, open (mouth); pp. **vyātā**, gaping. **saṁ-ā**, **Ā**, take up together, take away with one; take out or away, remove; grasp, lay hold of, seize. **parā**, give up, abandon, forsake. **pari**, P. **Ā**, deliver, commit, entrust, to (d., g., le.); pp. **paritā**. **pra**, P. **Ā**, only V. and rare) give up, deliver; present, offer; give (a girl) in marriage; sell for (in of price); pay (a debt); make good (a loss); impart, teach; grant, confer; permit, afford; put into (le.); pp. **prātā** and **pradātā**, given, bestowed in marriage, offered, presented, conferred, granted, afforded, *es.* cause to give; force to pay or restore; *des. Ā*, wish to give in marriage **saṁ-pra**, give up, surrender; bestow in marriage; impart, teach, grant **prati**, give back, restore, make good; *es.* cause to be restored. **vi**, distribute. **saṁ**, give jointly; grant.

दा 2. **DĀ**, (P. II. **dā-ti**, **Ā** *tya-ti*, cut off; mow; *ps. diya*, be doubtful; pp. **dīnā**, **dīta**, **-tā**, **ava**, cut off, *esp. part of the sacrificial cake*. **saṁ-ava**, divide and collect the pieces.

दा 3. **DĀ**, P. IV. **dā-ti**, **bind**. **ā**, tie up, bind. **ni**, *id.*: pp. **nīdita**, bound; hidden. **saṁ**, tie together; pp. **sāmdita**, bound; immovable.

दा 4. **DĀ**, (no present base) purify, cleanse. **ava**, pp. **-dāta**, pure white; purified; pure **pari-ava**, pp. thoroughly pure. **vi-ava**, **ps. dāyate**, be brightly diffused.

दाक्ष **dāksha**, a. southern, dwelling in the south; relating to Dakṣa.

दाक्षाय **dākshāyānā**, a. (i) descended from or relating to Dakṣa; **ī**, f. daughter of Dakṣa; *m* n. sacrifice of the winter solstice; **-yāya**, *m*, a modification of the Darapaur-nanāsa sacrifice lasting fifteen years instead of thirty.

दाक्षायिन् **dākshāyan-in**, a. wearing gold ornaments. [fiscal fee (dakṣhiṇā)].

दाक्षिण **dākshinā**, a. relating to the sacrificial fee; **dākshinā-tya**, a. coming from, belonging to, or living in, the South; *m*, *pl.* inhabitants of the Deccan.

दाक्षिण्य **dākshinyā**, a. relating to the sacrificial fee; *m*, politeness, courtesy; kindness, reverence, towards (g., le., -); south; **-vat**, a. courteous, kind, amiable.

दाक्ष्य **dāksh-ya**, n. activity; ability, skill.

दाडिम **dādima**, *m*, *f*, pomegranate tree; *n*, pomegranate.

दाढिका **dādhikā**, *f*, beard or whisker.

दातव्य **dā-tavya**, *pp*, to be given; bestowed in marriage; - *paid*; - made good; - applied.

दातुकाम **dātu-kāma**, a. wishing to make a present.

दातु **dā-tri**, a. (with *ac.*, or *-tri* with *g.*) giving; (father) giving (his daughter) in marriage; paying; imparting, teaching; granting; causing (g., -); liberal towards (le.); *m*, giver, donor; creditor.

दातुता **dātri-tā**, *f*, liberality; **-tva**, *n*, *id.*

दातूह **dātūha**, *m*, kind of fowl.

दात्र 1. **dā-trā**, *n*, share; property.

दात्र 2. **dā-tra**, *n*, sickle, scythe.

दाद **dād-a**, *m*, gift; **-da**, a. giving.

दान 1. **dā anā**, *n*, [√1. **dā**] giving. - *away* (a daughter), presenting, offering (a sacrifice), teaching (of, g., -, to, le., -); abandonment of life (-); payment of debt; gift; charitable gift; bribery; addition; offering, oblation.

दान 2. **dā anā**, *m*, [√2. **dā**] distribution, *esp.* of food, meal, sacrificial feast, liberality; share, property.

दान 3. **dā anā**, *n*, [√2. **dā**] fragrant secretion from the temples of elephants in rut, temple-juice.

दानधर्म **dāna-dharma**, *m*, duty of alms-giving or liberality. **-pa/aka**, *n*, deed of gift; **-pati**, *m*, chief in liberality, very charitable man; **-para**, *n*, intent on liberality, generous, charitable; **-tā**, *f*, generosity; **-pharami-tā**, *f*, acme of generosity; **-yogya**, *pp* worthy of a gift.

दानव **dānava**, *m*, *f*, demon; in C represented as the offspring of *Danu* and *Kasyapa* and as irreconcilable foes of the gods; a. relating to the Dānavas [liberal].

दानवत् **dānavat**, a. abounding in gifts.

दानवपति **dānavapati**, *m*, lord of the Dānavas, Rāhu.

दानवशील **dānavasī**, *kri*, bribe with gifts.

दानवार् **dānavār**, *n*, offering of water; **-vira**, *n*, a perfect hero in liberality; a pattern of generosity; **-vira**, a. liberal, charitable; **-vira**, *n*, model of liberality.

दानामस **dāna'apnas**, a. abounding in gifts.

दातु 1. **dānu**, *m*, *f*, kind of demon.

दातु 2. **dānu**, *f*, n. drop; dew.

दान्त 1. **dān-ta**, *pp*, √dam; *m*, *N*, of a brother of Damayanti.

दान्त 2. **dānta**, a. made of ivory (danta).

दान्त 3. **dānta**, a. ending in -dā.

दापनीय **dā-p-aniya**, *pp*, who must be urged to pay (ac.); to be procured; **-yi-tavya**, *pp*, *id.*; **-ya**, *pp*, *id.* [(s)-ka, *n*, *id.*]

दाम **dā-ma**, *n*, cord, band; garland; **ā**, *f*, *id.*

दामन् **dā-man**, *r*, *n*, gift; *m*, cord, band, rope; bond; garland.

दामलिप्त **dāma-lipta**, *n*, **ā**, *f*, *N*, of a town.

दामोदर **dāma-udara**, *m*, *ep*, of Vishnu or Krishna (having a rope round his belly), so called because his foster-mother tried to tickle thus; *N*, - **gupta**, *m*, *N*, of a poet; **-aranyā**, *n*, *N*, of a forest.

दामोदरीय **dāmodarī-ya**, a. belonging to (king) Dāmodara.

दांपत्य **dāmpatyā**, *n*, wedlock (fr. *dampati*).

दाक्षिक **dākshika**, a. deceitful, hypocritical, fraudulent; *m*, cheat, hypocrite.

दाय 1. **dā-ya**, a. giving (-); *m*, gift; delivery. [upagata, acquired by inheritance.]

दाय 2. **dā-yā**, *m*, share, inheritance: **dāyād**

दायक 1. **dāya-ka**, a. (ikā) giving; granting; producing, causing (*gny*, -); **-tā**, *f*, giving.

दायक 2. **dāya-ka**, *m*, heir, relative.

दायकाल **dāya-kāla**, *m*, time of dividing the heritage; **-bhāga**, *n*, division of the heritage; **-hara**, *m*, heir, relative.

दायाद **dāya-ādā**, *m*, heir (*of, g., le., or -). descendant; kinsman (within seven degrees).

दायाय **dāyād-ya**, *n*, inheritance.

दायिन् **dāy-in**, a. (-) giving, bestowing causing.

दायीक **dāyī-kri**, make a present to (ac.)

दार 1. **dār-a**, *m*, *f*, crack, rent, hole.

दार 2. **dārā**, *m*, (*gny*, *pl*) wife: **dārān pra-kri**, marry a wife.

दारक **dāra-ka**, 1. a splitting, cleaving (-); 2. *m* boy, son; young of animals: *da*, two boys; boy and girl.

दारकर्म **dāra-karman**, *n*, taking a wife, marriage; **-kriyā**, *f*, *id.*

दारण **dār-ana**, a. rending, cleaving (- or *g*); *n*, rending, bursting open.

दारपरियह **dāra-parigrāha**, *m*, taking a wife, marriage. [produced from wood.]

दारव **dārva**, a. (i) wooden; *id.* **-ya**, *n*, *id.*

दारसंग्रह **dāra-saṅgraha**, *m*, marriage; **-suta**, *n*, *sg*, wife and child; **-adhigama**, *n*, taking a wife, marriage. [daughter.]

दारिका **dār-ikā**, *f*, 1. crack, chup; 2. girl.

दारिद्र्य **dārīd-ya**, *n*, poverty, indigence.

दारिन् **dār-in**, a. splitting, destroying (- or *g*).

दार 1. **dār-ū**, a. breaking. [or *g*].

दार 2. **dār-ū**, *n*, [splitting; √dar] log, (piece of) wood, stick; species of pine (*pinus deodora*).

दार 3. **dār-ū**, a. liberal, generous.

दाहक dāru-ka, *m. N. of Krishna's charioteer.*

दाहकर्मण dāru-kurman, *n. wood-carving; -kritya, n. function of wood; -ya, a. wooden.*

दाह्य dāru-na (or ā), *a. (ā, i) hard (not soft); sharp (wind); rough, harsh, severe (speech, temper, person); violent, intense (pain, etc.); painful (birth); terrible; n. harshness, severity.*

दाह्यता dāruna-tā, *f. harshness; terrible-ness; -ātman, a. hard hearted, cruel*

दाह्य दारुन-ya, *n. hardness*

दाह्यपर्वत dāru-parvata, *m. N. of a palace; -phalaka, n. shutter; -māya, a. (i) wooden; -varman, m. N., -vesha, a. containing only wood besides, [fatness; confirmation*

दाढ्य dārdh-ya, *n. firmness; stability, stead-*

दादुर dārdura, *a. (i) relating to a frog*

दार्भ dārbha, *a. (i) made of Darbhā grass*

दार्व dārv-a, *a. (i) wooden; m. pl. N. of a people.*

दार्वाघाट dārva-ghātā, *m. woodpecker.*

दार्श dārs-a, *m. new-moon sacrifice; a. (i) relating to the -; -ika, a. i. relating to the new-moon (sacrifice)*

दार्शनिक dārśhānt-ika, *a. elucidated or elucidating by an example or simile (drish-tanta).*

दाहण dāl-ana, *n. crumbling off (of the teeth).*

दालि dālī, *f. peeled grain.*

दालिम dālīma, *m. pomegranate tree*

दाव dāvā, *m. (forest) conflagration; m. n. forest; -dahana, m. forest fire, -agni, m. fire of a burning forest; -anala, m. id*

दास DĀS, (I.) P. I. dāsati, II. dāshī, *N. V. dāsnōti, worship (agad d) with m, offer reverently; bestow; ex. dāsya, offer.*

दास dāsa, *m. fisherman, boatman, ferryman, sailor. [to the tenfold Rig-veda.*

दासतय dāsataya, *a. (i) tenfold; belonging*

दासपति dāsa-pati, *m. chief of fishermen*

दासस्थि dāsasthī, *m. put. N. du Rāma and Lakshmana. [kings*

दासराज dāsa-rājā, *n. battle of the ten*

दासार्णक dāsārṇaka, *a. (ikā) belonging to the Dāsarnas.*

दासार्ह dāsārha, *a. belonging to Dāsārha (Krishna); m. ep of Krishna, king of the Dāsārhas. [dās, pious*

दासुष dās-ūsh-e, *d. of dāsūs (cf. pt of*

दासिरक dāsira-ka, *m. fisherman pl. N. of a people.*

दास DĀS, I. P. dāsa, (I.) only with abhi, *bear ill-will to, persecute.*

दास 1. dās-ā, *m. foe; demon; infidel (I.); slave; servant. [pious; m. foe, demon, infidel*

दास 2 dās-a, *a. (i) hostile; demoniac; im-*

दासजन dāsa-jana, *m. slave; domestics, -nivana, a. who lives like a slave, living by slavish work; -tā, f., -tva, n. slavery, bondage; -dāsi, f. female slave of a slave; (ā, -pravarga, a. having a crowd of slaves; -varga, m. domestics.*

दासी dāsi, *f. female slave; dāsya's putra, m. son of a slave (also as a term of abuse).*

दासीक dāsi-kri, *enslave.*

दासीदास dāsi-dāsa, *m. sg. female and male slaves; -putra, m. son of a slave; -bhāva, m. condition of a female slave*

दासिरक dāsira-ka, *m. (young) camel; i, f. female camel [work of slaves.*

दास्य dās-yā, *m. bondage, servitude; service.*

दाह dāh-a, *m. burning, conflagration, cauterising; being burnt; inward heat, feverish heat. di-āu dāha, preternatural redness of the sky. [hu*

दाहक dāha-ka, *a. (ikā) burning, setting on*

दाहज्वर dāha-jvara, *m. burning fever.*

दाहन dāh-ana, *n. causing to be burnt*

दाह्यक dāhātṁaka, *a. inflammable, burning, scorching; -ātman, a. id*

दाह्य dāh-in, *a. burning, setting on fire, flaming; burning hot*

दाहक dāh-in-ka, *a. burning, m. conflagra-*

दाह dāh-ya, *fp. to be burned. [tion.*

दिक dik-ka, - = दिग् dis.

दिक्या dik-kanyā, *f. quarter of the sky as a maiden; -karin, m. elephant of the quarters (supporting the earth at one of the four or eight points of the compass; -kāntā, -kāmini, f. quarter of the sky as a maiden; -lakra, m. horizon -vala, m. surrounding horizon, -khabda, m. word expressive of direction, -tata, m. brink of the compass, horizon, extreme distance; -pati, m. regent of a quarter, -pātha, m. horizon, extreme distance; -pala, m. guardian of a quarter; -preksha, a, n. looking about in all directions (m. fear), -sundari, f. dik kanya*

दिग्धिप dig-adhipa, *m. regent of a quarter -anta, m. end of the horizon, end of the world, extreme distance; -antara, n. another region, foreign parts, a particular quarter (m. pa-kā-metara, the east - pl. all the quarters, -ambara, a. clad with the quarters only, stark naked, m. naked mendicant monk, esp. among the Jains, i, j. ep of Durga*

दिग्धरत्व dig-ambara-tva, *n. nakedness*

दिग्ज dig-jva, *m. elephant of the quarters -aya, m. conquest of the world; -dāha, m. preternatural redness of the horizon, -devatā, f. deity of a quarter, -dona, m. remote region*

दिग् dig-dha, *pp. of dīh, m. poisoned arrow.*

दिग्भाग dig-bhaga, *m. point of the compass. -vadhū, f. -dik kanya; -vasana, a. nakedness, -vāraṇa, m. elephant of the quarters, -vāsas, a. clad in the quarters, stark naked, -vijaya, m. conquest in all directions, world conquest, -vibhāga, m. point of the compass, quarter of the sky, -viloṇa, n. looking about in all directions (m. fear), -vyāgharāna, n. sprinkling of the quarters; -vyāpin, a. pervading the quarters, extending in all directions.*

दिग्ग dig-nāga, *m. elephant of the quarters; -nātha, m. regent of a quarter; -mandala, m. circle of the quarters, horizon; -mā-tanga, m. elephant of the quarters, -mātra, a. mere indication, mere example, -mukha, n. point of the compass, place, location; -moha, m. bewildering as to the cardinal points.*

दित di-ta, *pp. of √2. dā and √3. dā.*

दिति di-ti, *f. distribution; liberality.*

दिति 2. di-ti, *f. N. of a goddess (a word evolved from Aditi); C. a daughter of Dakṣa, wife of Kaṣyapa, and mother of the Daityas*

दित्य diti-ga, *m. son of Diti, a Daitya*

दित्यवृ ditya-vāh, *m. (mm. -vāt) two-year old bull; dityānā, f. two-year old cow*

दित्सा dit-sā, *f. desire to give; -sa, des. a. willing to give, grant, or perform.*

दिदी dīdī, *r. √2. di*

दिदृषा di-drik-shā, *f. desire to see.*

दिदृषु di-drik-shu, *des. a. desirous to see, examine, or inspect (ar.)*

दिदा dīdā, *f. N. of a princess of Cash-mir -kashema, m. ep of Kshema gupta; -pala, m. N., -pura, m. N. of a city; -svā-min, m. N. of a temple.*

दिद्युत di-dyut, *a. flashing; f. missile; In di-d's thunderbolt.*

दिधुषा di-dhuk-shā, *f. desire to burn, -sha, des. a. wishing to burn or destroy*

दिधिषु di-dhi-shū, *a. wishing to obtain, courting, m. suitor, husband, ā. f. woman re-married, unmarried woman having a younger married sister (u -pati, m. husband of a brother's) widow, husband of a woman married after her younger sister.*

दिग् 1. di-ā, *pp. of √2. da.*

दिग् 2. di-ā, *n. day -kara, m. (day-making) sun; -kartavya, a. daily observance, -kartā, m. day maker, sun, -kārya, a. daily observance, -kṛt, m. sun, -kritya, n. = karva, -kshaya, m. decline of day, evening, -naktam, ad. day and night, -nātha, m. lord of day, sun; -pati, m. ad., -bhārta, m. ad., -manā, m. ad. gen of day; -mukha, n. day break*

दिग्भाग di-āgam, *m. day-break. -ādi, m. ad., -ādhinātha, m. sun, -ādhika, m. sun; -anta, m. evening, -ardha, midday, -avasāna, n. close of day, evening*

दिग्मिश di-āmi, *m. sun, -ivara, m. ad*

दिग्मोदय di-āudaya, *m. day-break*

दिग्मायाम di-ā-zatama, *m. N. of a village*

दिष्पु di-p-sā, *des. a. wishing to harm (√dabh)*

दिशीप di-shīp, *m. N. of a king, son of Amas-mat and ancestor of Rāma*

दिव 1. DIV, IV. divya, *east, throw; to date, shine, throw dice, play at dice m. with any one (in - for - or - d.), sport, daily, have free play, rejoice pp. dyuta, ex. devaya, cause to play at dice -prati, play against -ar., *play for anything -ar. q. as a counter stake*

दिव 2. DIV, I. -deva: *pp. dyāna, torment-ed pari, lament pp. paridyāna, wretched; ex. -devaya, lament, bewail -ar. pp. -devita, pitiful.*

दिव 3. div, m. f. (mm. dyana; middle bay dyu) heaven, m. radiance, brilliance, -day, -am gam or ya, go to heaven; du, dyubhā, for days, for a long time

दिव di-v-ā, *n. heaven; day only m. dive dive, day by day [heaven.*

दिवंगम di-vam-gama, *a. going or leading to*

दिवस div-as-a, *m. heaven, day.*

दिवसकर divasa-kara, *m.* (day-maker), sun; **-kshaya**, *m.* decline of day, evening; **-kara**, *a.* moving by day (animal); **-nātha**, *m.* (lord of day), sun; **-bhartṛi**, *m. id.*; **-mukha**, *n.* day-break; **-vāra**, *m.* week-day; **-vigama**, *m.* decline of day; **-vyāpāra**, *m.* daily functions (such as ablutions etc.).

दिवसीकृ divasi-kṛi, turn into day.

दिवसेश्वर divasa īśvara, *m.* (lord of day), sun.

दिवसपति divas-pati, *m. ep. of* Indra or Vishnu.

दिवस्पृश diva-sprīś, *a.* reaching heaven.

दिवा divā, *ad. by day*: *sts. subject of a sentence or °, = day.*

दिवाकर divā-karā, *m.* (day-maker), sun; **-kirtī**, *m.* Kandāla (so called because allowed to appear in public only during the day-time); **-kirtiyā**, *a.* to be recited by day; *n.* certain chants; *m.* Kandāla; **-kara**, *a.* going about by day; **-kārīn**, *a. id.*

दिवातण divā-tana, *a.* (i) diurnal.

दिवातिथि divā-tithi, *m.* guest arriving by

दिवादि divā-di, *m.* morning. [day.]

दिवातन्त्रम् divā-nakṭam, *ad. by day and night*; **-nīdrā**, *f.* sleeping by day; **-nīśam**, *ad.* day and night.

दिवान्ध divā-andha, *a.* blind by day; *m.* owl.

दिवाभौत divā-bhūta, *m.* owl; thief.

दिवारात्रम् divā-rātram, *ad. by day and night*; **-saya**, *a.* sleeping by day; **-tā**, *f. abst.*; **-svayapa**, *m. n.* sleeping by day.

दिविगत divi-gata, *pp.* celestial; **-kara**, *a.* moving in heaven; **-kārīn**, *a. id.*; *m.* celestial.

दिविर divira, *m.* scribe.

दिविषद divi-shād, *a.* dwelling in heaven; *m.* god; **-adhivan**, *m.* path of the gods, sky.

दिविस्पृश divi-sprīś, *a.* touching heaven.

दिवोदास divo-dāsa, *m. n.*

दिवाकस diva-okaś, *m.* heaven-dweller, god.

दिव्य divyā, *a.* celestial; divine; magical; heavenly; magnificent; *n.* the divine (*pl.* the heavens); ordeal, oath.

दिव्यक्रिया divya-kriyā, *f.* employment of an ordeal; **-lakṣhus**, *n.* divine eye transcending time and space; *a.* having a divine eye, for (°); **-gāna**, *a.* possessed of divine knowledge; **-tā**, *f.* divine nature; **-darsin**, *a. id.*; *a.* having a divine eye transcending time and space; **-nadi**, *f.* celestial river; **-nārī**, *f.* celestial woman, Apsaras; **-puruṣa**, *m.* demi-god, spirit; **-prajāñā**, *a. id.*, *a.* possessed of divine knowledge; **-manuṣha**, *m.* demi-god; **-rūpa**, *a.* having a divine form; **-vi-gāna-vat**, *a.* possessed of divine knowledge; **-sankā**, *a.* resembling or reminding of heaven; **-strī**, *f.* divine woman Apsaras.

दिव्यकृति divyā-kṛti, *a.* of divine form, divinely beautiful; **-aṅganā**, *f.* divine woman, Apsaras; **-aṅghadha**, *n.* magical spell/protection

दिम् DIS, VI. *disā*, III. P. *didosh-i*, (I.) point out, show; produce witness; assign, grant; pay (tribute); direct, command; bid (*inf.*) *pp.* *disāhā*, directed, determined, ordained; ordered; *cs.* *de-sya*, show, direct. **ati**, transfer or extend to (g.); specify. **anu**, refer to (ac.); assign anything (ac.) to (d., *lc.*) order. **sam-anu**, assign something (ac.) to (d.), indicate to (d.). **apa**, state, indicate; report, denounce; feign, pretend. **vi-apa**, re-

present, designate, name; designate falsely, feign. **ā**, aim at; assign to (d.); indicate, announce, declare; impart, teach; designate; specify; predict of any one (ac.); prescribe; order, command, bid (with *d.*, *lc.*, *inf.*, or *artham*); banish to (lc.); undertake (a vow); *cs.* point out (a way). **nir-ā**, *pp.* paid out. **prati-ā**, prescribe; summon; decline, reject; repeat; overcome; surpass. **vi-ā**, indicate in detail; assign; explain, teach; prescribe; order, command (d. or *lc.* of object, *lc.* of destination); despatch to (d. or *prati*); declare, predict of (ac.) **sam-ā**, assign, prescribe; state, declare; announce to, inform (d., g.); teach; determine, designate; predict of, declare any one (ac.) to be (ac. or *iti* with *oratio recta*); order, charge, command (with *d.*, *inf.*, or *artham*); *cs.* command. **prati-sam-ā**, reply; order. **ud**, point out, indicate, determine; adduce evidence; refer to, mean; designate as, mean by (2 ac.); design for, propose as (2 ac.); predict of (ac.); teach, explain; *pp.* *uddishā*, meant in the sense of (*lc.* *ter.*); *gd.* *uddishā*, aiming at, referring to = *pp.* (go) towards, (speak) to or about; (throw) at, (place) on; for, on account of; in the name of; regarding, in connexion with. **sam-ud**, enumerate, mention; designate as. call (2 ac.); *gd.* *samuddishā*, aiming at = *pp.* towards, at; for, on account of; regarding; in honour of. **upa**, point to (ac.); point out, indicate; teach, instruct; advise; recommend; ordain, prescribe; mention, speak of; rule over, govern. **prati-apa**, teach in return. **nis**, point to (ac.); assign to (d., g.); designate, specify, name; determine; declare to be, regard as (2 ac.); *pp.* *nirdishā*, entrusted to, under the protection of (g.). **abhi-nis**, designate as, call (2 ac.). **vi-nis**, declare; designate as, call (2 ac.). **pari**, state, declare. **pra**, point out, indicate, designate; declare; reveal; fix, ordain; prescribe; assign, apportion. **sam**, assign to (d.); promise; charge or commission any one (ac., d., g.) with (ac.); order any one (ac.); give an order; despatch on a message to (d.). **prati-sam**, give any one (ac. or haste with g.) a message in return, to (g.); order.

दिम् dis, *f.* direction, point of the compass, quarter, four, N., S., E., W.; eight, the same + NE., SE., SW., and NW.; or ten, the same + above and below, are most commonly spoken of; region, place; space; foreign country; indication, reference, instance; manner; *pl.* all quarters, all directions (ac. with *u* or *h* of looking, to express fear); **disi** *disi*, everywhere; in all directions; **diso-ntāt**, = from the end of the world.

दिशोभाज् diso-bhāj, *a.* making for the distance, taking to his heels; **-yāyin**, *a.* spreading in all directions.

दिस्य dis-sya, *a.* belonging or referring to the quarters or horizon; foreign (ware).

दिष्ट dish-ta, *pp.* *√dis*; *n.* direction, order; destiny, fate; place designated; **-para**, *a.* trusting to fate; *m.* fatalist; **-bhāva**, *m.* destined state, death; **-anta**, *m.* destined end, death.

दिष्टि dish-ti, *f.* direction, order; luck only in *dishtyā*, by good luck = *ij.* thank heaven!

दिष्टवृद्धि dishri-vṛiddhi, *f.* congratulation.

दिह DIH, II. P. *dēg-ahi*, smear, anoint; *pp.* *digdhā*, anointed; smeared; soiled; defiled, by (ac. or *°*); poisoned; touched by (ac.) *upa*, *pp.* overlaid with (°). **pra**, smear, anoint. *pp.* smeared, stained, or covered with (in., °). **sam**, smear; cover; *pu.* be

uncertain or dubious; be mistaken for (in., °); *pp.* smeared or covered with (in., °); mistaken for (in., °); indistinct; precarious; uncertain, doubtful, dubious.

दिह्वा dihlā, *f. n.*

दी 1. DĪ, IV. P. *dīya*, fly, soar. **nis**, fly forth. **pari**, fly around.

दी 2. DĪ, shine, *adi*. **ni**, beam down (ac.) on (d., *lc.*).

दीक्ष DĪKSH, I. *Ā. dīksha*, consecrate oneself (*esp. for the Soma sacrifice*); *pp.* *dīkshita*, *q. v.*; *cs.* *dīkshāya*, P. *Ā.* hallow

दीक्षय dīksh-ana, *n.* consecration; **-anīya**, *pp.* relating to consecration; **-ayi-tri**, *m.* consecrator.

दीक्षा dīksh-ā, *f.* consecration; (undergoing) a religious observance for a particular purpose, solemn preparation; devotion to (°); first acquaintance with (°); personified as wife of Soma.

दीक्षगुरु dīkshā-guru, *m.* teacher initiating in (°); **-pāla**, *m.* guardian of consecration, *ep. of* Agni and Vishnu.

दीक्षित dīksh-itā, *pp.* consecrated or prepared for (in., d., °); often at beg. and end of names; **-m** *kṛi*, initiate; **-vimitā**, *n.* hut for those to be consecrated for the Soma rite.

दीदि DĪ-DI, II. P. *dīdēti*, shine.

दीदिवि dī-div-i, *a.* shining.

दीधि DĪ-DHI, II. *dīdhe*, *dihi*, appear; perceive. **abhi**, consider. **ā**, bethink oneself. **ud**, look longingly up to.

दीधिति 1. dīdhi-ti, *f.* devotion.

दीधिति 2. dīdhi-ti, *f.* sheen, brightness; ray; splendour, lustre. [ing towards.]

दीध्यान dīdhiāna, *pr. pl.* (of dīdhi) look-

दीन di-nā, *a.* scanty; weak; wretched, miserable, pitiful; **-m**, *ad.* *ly.* *n.* wretchedness.

दीनक diina-ka, *a.* very pitiful; **-m**, *ad.*; **-kitta**, *a.* dejected, miserable; **-ketana**, *a. id.*; **-tā**, *f.* scantiness; weakness; **-ā-daksha**, *a.* dull-witted; **-dāsa**, *m. n.* a Sādra N; **-dina**, *a.* being in a most wretched plight; **-manas**, **-manasa**, *a.* sad-hearted, sorrowful; **-rūpa**, *a.* of sad mien; **-vadana**, *a.* sad-faced; **-sattva**, *a.* low-spirited.

दीनार dināra, *m.* a gold coin (denarius).

दीनास्य dina-asya, *a.* sad-faced.

दीप् DĪP, IV. *Ā. dīpya*, flame, blaze; beam, burn; *pp.* *dīpta*, blazing; shining; brilliant; hot; *cs.* *dīpāya*, P. (Ā rare).

kindle; excite; illuminate; *inf.* *dēdīpya*, *a.* blaze or shine brightly. **ā**, *pp.* blazing, *cs.* kindle. **ud**, flame up; *cs.* kindle; excite; illuminate. **pra**, flame up, burn; *pp.* blazing, shining; illuminated; *cs.* kindle, inflame. **sam**, *pp.* burning, blazing; *cs.* set on fire, kindle.

दीप dip-a, *m.* lamp, lantern **-ka**, *a.* inflaming; illuminating; *m.* lamp.

दीपकलिका dipa-kalikā, *f. T.* of a commentary on Yāgyavalkya.

दीपन dip-ana, *a.* (i) inflaming, exciting; promoting digestion; *n.* setting on fire; illuminating.

दीपपादप dipa-pādapa, *m.* lamp(stand).

-bhāṣana, *n.* lamp; -mālā, *f.* row of lamps;
-mālikā, *f.* id.; -varti, *f.* lamp-wick.

दीपाशोक dipāloka, *m.* lamp-light; -āvallī,
f. row of lamps.

दीपिका dip-ikā, *f.* lamp; often *~* in titles
of books; -dhārini, *f.* female lamp-bearer

दीपिन् dip-in, *a.* inflaming, kindling (*~*).

दीपकिरण dipta-kirana, *a.* hot-rayed.

दीपान्मु dipta amsu, *a. id.*; *m.* sun; -aksha,
a. i) having flaming eyes; *m. N.* of an owl.

दीप्ति dip-ti, *f.* radiance, brilliance, grace;
N. of a gut (one of the Visvedevas).

दीप्तिमत् dipti-mat, *a.* radiant, brilliant.

दीपान्नस diptaogās, *a.* of fervent energy;
hot-blooded.

दीप dip-ra, *a.* shining, radiant.

दीर्घ dirghā, *a.* long (in space and time);
-m, *ad.*, *m.* long vowel

दीर्घकर्ण dirgha-karṇa, *m.* Long-ear, *N.* of
an ear; -kālam, *ac. ad.* for a long time; -gaṇ-
gha, *m.* Long-shanks, *N.* of a Yaksha; -gavin,
a. long-lived; -tapas, *m. N.* of a Rishi; -sa-
tamas, *m. N.* of a sage; -tā, *f.* length; -tva,
n. id.; -tikṣha-mukha, *a. i)* having a long
and pointed mouth; -dardī-tā, *f.* far-sighted-
ness, providence; -dardī, *a.* far-seeing; -ni-
drā, *f.* long sleep; sleep of death; -bhān, *a.*
long-armed; -mukha, *a. i)* long-mouthed,
long beaked; -rāva, *m.* Long-cyll, *N.* of a
jackal; -rosha, *a.* whose wrath lasts long,
bearing a lingering grudge; -tā, *f. abs.*, *v.*;
-rosha, *a. id.*; -loana, *a.* long-eyed;
-sringa, *a.* long-horned; -rut, *a.* audible afar,
far-famed; -sattirā, *n.* Soma sacrifice of long
duration, *a.* engaged in a; -sattrin, *a. id.*;
-samdhyā, *a.* praying long at the Samdhya;
-tva, *n.* long continuance of prayer at the
Samdhya; -sūtra, *a.* long-threaded, dila-
tory, procrastinating; -tā, *f.* dilatoriness, pro-
crastination; -sūtrin, *a. id.*

दीर्घाक्ष dirgha-aksha, *a.* long-eyed.

दीर्घाधी dirghā-dhī, *a.* off-reaching eute.

दीर्घायु dirghāyū, *a.* long-lived; -tva, *n.*
longevity; -āyus, *a.* long-lived.

दीर्घिका dirgh-ikā, *f.* oblong pond

दीर्घीकृ dirghī-kṛi, lengthen; prolong.

दीर्घोच्छ्वासम् dirgha-ukkhāsam, *ad.* with
a deep sigh.

दीवन् div-ana, *n.* playing with dice.

दु DU, V. P. duno, IV (P.) Ā. dūya, burn;
be pained, be consumed with sorrow or re-
morse, *tr.* duno, burn, cause pain to, torment,
afflict; *pp.* dūnā, dūta, suffering pain, tor-
mented; *abhi*, burn; *ā dūnn*, Ā. grieve;
pari, burn violently; grieve; *pra*, be con-
sumed by fire; torment; *vi dūnn*, V. grieve.

दुःकृत duk-kṛta, *pp.*, *v.* dush-kṛta.

दुःख duk-khā, *a.* unpleasant, fraught with
hardship, wretched; *n.* pain, hardship, misery,
suffering; -m, *pp.*, *ab.*, *v.* with difficulty, scarcely,
hardly, reluctantly; -m ās, stand sorrow-
fully.

दुःखकार dukkha-kara, *a.* afflicting (*~*); -gata,
n. adversity, misfortune; -graha, *a.* hard to
comprehend; -ākṛhedya, *pp.* hard to destroy;
-gavin, *a.* living in distress; -tara, *cp.*, more
unpleasant or distressing; *n.* greater affliction,
hardship, or evil; -tā, *f.* discomfort, distress,

affliction; -dukkha, *n.* in. with great difficulty;
-prāya, *a.* abounding in woe; -bhāgin, *a.*
having misfortune for one's lot, unfortunate;
-bhā, *a. id.*

दुःखमोह dukkha-moha, *m.* despair.

दुःखदुक्कha-ya, *den. P.* afflict, distress (*ac.*).

दुःखयन्त्र dukkha-yantra, *n.* torture; -yoga,
m. infliction of pain; -vega, *m.* violent pain;
-dā, *a.* whose character is difficult to deal
with, hard to please, exacting; -sparā, *a.*
unpleasant to the touch; -han, *a.* destroying
misery.

दुःखयिगु dukkh-ayi-tri, *m.* afflictor.

दुःखाकर dukkha ākara, *m.* multitude of af-
flictions.

दुःखाकुल dukkha ākula, *a.* sorrowful; -anta,
m. end of suffering; final liberation

दुःखाक्ष dukkhā-kṛi, cause pain to, afflict,
distress, [afflicted]

दुःखाय dukkha-ya, *den. Ā.* feel pain; be
distressed.

दुःखार्ति dukkha ārti, *a.* distressed.

दुःखित dukkh-ita, *pp.* suffering, afflicted,
distressed [distress]

दुःखिता dukkhi-tā, *f.* suffering, affliction.

दुःखिन् dukkhi-m, *a.* suffering; afflicted

दुःखीय dukkhi-y, *den. P.* suffer pain, be
harassed

दुःखोपघात dukkha upaghāta, *m.* violent
pain; -upaśarya, *a.* hard to get on with,
difficult to please; -upa-amana, *n.* allevia-
tive of pain, anodyne.

दुक्कल dukhāla, *m.* a plant; *n.* kind of cloth,
garment made of this cloth.

दुग्ध dug-dhā, *pp.*, *v.* duh, *n.* milk; sap;
दुग्धद dugdha-dā, *a.* yielding milk; -abdhī,
m. ocean of milk. [*f.* milch cow]

दुग्ध-*a.* milking, yielding (*~*) dugha,

दुक्कुना dukkhānā, *f.* calamity, demon.

दुधि dūdh, *a.* impetuous, wild.

दुधुशु du-dhuk-shu, *des. ā.* wishing to milk.

दुध्म dūdhīā, *a.* impetuous, wild.

दुधुशु du-dhruk-shu, *a.* wishing to hurt,
treacherously inclined

दुन्दुभ dundubha, *m.* kind of aquatic animal.

दुन्दुभि dundubhī, *m.* *f.* (kettle) drum; *i.*
f. id., tāghāta, *m.* drummer.

दुर्दुर्, *f.* door.

दुर्तिक्रम dur-atikrama, *a.* hard to get over,
overcome, or escape from; -atyaya, *a. id.*;

-adhiga, *a.* hard to attain; -adhigama, *a. id.*;
hard to be learned; -adhaya, *a.* hard
to obtain; -anushleha, *pp.* hard to carry out

दुर्दुर् dur-anta, *a.* whose end is hard to find,
endless; ending badly; -deva, *m.* god of what
is hard to end, Ganesa; -apavāda, *m.* slander;

-abhiprāya, *a.* evil-intentioned; -abhibhava,
a. hard to overcome or surpass; -abhimānin,
a. unpleasantly arrogant; -abhiraksha, *a.*
difficult to guard; -abhisandhī, *m.* evil in-
tent; -avagama, *a.* hard to understand; -ava-
gāha, *a.* hard to penetrate; -avagraha, *a.*
hard to check, irresistible; -avabodha, *a.* hard
to understand; -avaroha, *a.* hard to descend

to; -avāpa, *a.* hard to obtain, acquire, fulfil,
or realise.

दुराकृति dur-ākṛti, *a.* mis-shapen, deformed,
ugly; -ākṛanda, *a.* having bad friends,
friendless; -āgrasa, *m.* dishonest acquisition;

-ālara, *a. i)* hard to practise; difficult to
treat or cure; -ālara, *m.* bad conduct or cus-
tom; *a.* ill-behaved, of bad conduct, impious;

-ātma-tā, *f.* wickedness, baseness; -ātman,
a. evil-minded, wicked, base, impious; -ātma-
vat, *a. id.*; -ādhara, *a.* hard to check, irre-
sistible; hard to obtain; hard to guard; -a-

dharsa, *a.* hard to attack; dangerous; -āna-
ma, *a.* hard to bend back; -āpa, *a.* hard to
come up with; hard to attain; -ārādha,

pp. hard to conciliate, hard to worship; -ārūha,
a. hard to climb; -ārōpa, *a.* hard to string;

-ārōha, *a.* hard to climb or ascend to; -tā,
f. abs. *v.*; -ālakshya, *pp.* hard to perceive;

-ālambo, *a.* hard to gain a footing on; -ālam-
bha, *a.* hard to grasp; -āloka, *a.* hard to per-
ceive; -āvara, *a.* hard to close or protect;

-āvaha, *a.* hard to conduct to; -āvāra,
a. hard to close, difficult to check; -āvāsin,
a. having bad quarters; -āvi, *a.* hard to pass
(*c.* duravya)

दुराशय dur-āśaya, *a.* having evil thoughts

-āśā, *f.* vain; false hope, despair of (*de*);
-āśis, *a.* having evil wishes or intentions

-āśada, *a.* hard to approach, dangerous to
molest; hard to find, difficult to accomplish

दुरित dur-ita, (*pp.*) *n.* baring ill, distress,
harm; misdeed, foul means, sin; *a.* difficult,
evil, bad

दुरितात्मन् durita ātman *a.* ill disposed

दुरीक्ष dur-iksha, *a.* hard to see; -tā, *f.*
abs. *v.*; -iā, *m.* evil master; -iā, *a.* ill
intentioned

दुर्वक्त dur-uktā, *pp.* spoken falsely, rashly,
or offensively; *n.* word; harshly addressed;

n. false, rash, or offensive word; -ukti, *f.*
harsh or offensive word; -ukkhāda, *a.* hard
to exterminate; -uttara, *a.* hard to overcome;

-utsaha, *a.* hard to bear; resist; -udāhara,
a. hard to utter; -udvaha, *a.* hard to bear;

-upaśāra, *a.* hard to approach, dangerous to
molest; hard to deal with; -upadishā, *pp.*
badly instructed; -upadāsa, *m.* bad advice;

-upapāda, *a.* hard to bring about or manage,
difficult to prove; -upalaksha, *a.* hard to
perceive; -upasarpin, *a.* approaching meanly

thously.

दुर्वह dur-dhā, *a.* hard to comprehend

दुरोण durona, *n.* house, dwelling.

दुरोदर durodara, *m.* dice-player; die; *n.*
game of dice.

दुर्ग dur-gā, *a.* hard to pass, impossible, in-
accessible to or owing to; *m. N.*, *a. f.*
N. of Śiva's wife; *N.* of a princess; *m.* *n.*
difficult road, place inaccessible owing to

stump of spot; difficulty, danger; *n.* un-
evenness, height, fastness, stronghold

दुर्गघात durga-ghāta, *m. N.* of a fortress

दुर्गत dur-gata, *pp.* baring ill, being in a bad
way or in distress, poor; -tā, *f.* ill plight,
misery, poverty; [time, poverty]

दुर्गति dur-gati, *a. id.* *f.* distress, misfor-
tune

दुर्गदेश durga-desa, *m.* impassable region.

दुर्गन्ध dur-gandha, *m.* bad smell; *a.* malo-
dorous; -tā, *f.* bad odour; -gandhi, *a.* ill-
smelling, stinking [tree]; -pāla, *m. id.*

दुर्गपति durga-pati, *m.* commander of a for-

दुर्गम dur-gama, *a.* hard to pass, impassable, inaccessible (on account of, *in*, *-a*); hard to attain; - prove; *m. n.* difficult position; *m. N.* -**mārga-nirgamana**, *a.* the way out of which is a difficult path; -**gamaniya**, *fp.* hard to pass; -**gamya**, *fp.* impassable.

दुर्गसिंह durga-simha, *m. N.* of an astronomer, *a.* of a grammarian; -**sema**, *m. N.* of an author.

दुर्गह dur-gaha, *m. N.*

दुर्गाचार्य durga ākārya, *m. N.* of a commentator on the *Nirukta*.

दुर्गाढ dur-gādha, *a.* hard to fathom; -**gā-dha**, *a.* unfathomable; -**gāhya**, *fp.* unfathomable; -**tva**, *n.* unfathomableness; -**goshāhi**, *f.* bad company, secret society, conspiracy; -**graha**, *1. a.* hard to grasp; - capture; - conciliate or win; - comprehend; *2. m.* evil demon (of disease); obstinate persistence in (*te*); foolish whim; -**grāhya**, *fp.* hard to grasp; - capture; - win; - comprehend. -**tva**, *n. abst. N.*; -**ghāta**, *a.* hard to accomplish, difficult.

दुर्जन dur-jana, *m.* wicked man, scoundrel.

दुर्जनाय durjanā-ya, *den. Ā.* be considered a scoundrel. [= insult (*Pr.*).

दुर्जनीक dur-janī-kri, *n.* make a scoundrel of

दुर्जय dur-jaya, *a.* hard to conquer, - overcome; - guard against; obtain; *m. N.* of a *Dānava* or of a *Dānava* host; -**gara**, *a.* not decaying; hard to digest; -**gala**, *n.* bad water; -**ghāta**, *pp.* miserable, unfortunate; wicked; -**ghāta**, *n.* **ghārti**, *m.* paramour; *n.* misfortune; -**ghāti**, *f.* misfortune; *a.* wicked; -**ghātiya**, *a.* wicked, evil; -**ghāta**, *a.* hard (for, *in*) to live (*n. impl.*); *n.* hard life; -**gheya**, *fp.* hard to conquer; -**ghāna**, *a.* hard to know; recognise, - find out; -**tva**, *n. abst. N.*; -**gheya**, *fp. id.*, hard to understand.

दुर्दम dur-dama, *a.* hard to control; -**dam-ya**, *fp. id.*; -**dama**, *a.* hard to be seen by (*in*, *g.*); unsightly, loathsome; -**darsana**, *a. id.*; -**dars**, *f.* hard lot, misfortune; -**dānta**, *pp.* ill-tamed, untamed, unbridled; *m.* Hard-to-tame, *N.* of a lion. -**dina**, *n.* dull or rainy day; clouded sky; rainy weather; rain, shower; *a.* cloudy, dull; -**divasa**, *m.* dull or rainy day.

दुर्दुहा dur-duhā, *a. f.* hard to milk; -**dū-ranta**, *a.* very long (way); -**dris**, *a.* seeing badly. -**dris**, *a.* hard to see; unsightly, loathsome; -**drishya**, *pp.* ill-investigated, unjustly decided; -**dasa**, *m.* inhospitable region, unhealthy; -**dāsa**, *n.* ill-fate, misfortune; -**vat**, *a.* ill-fated.

दुर्धर dur-dhāra, *a.* hard to bear; irresistible; hard to administer (*punishment*); inevitable; *m. N.*; -**dhāritu**, *a.* irresistible; -**dhārsha**, *a.* hard of access, unapproachable, safe from attack; dangerous; terrible; -**dhār-ya**, *fp.* hard to bear; - retain; -**dhi**, *a.* stupid; ill-disposed.

दुर्नय dur-maya, *m. (sg. & pl.)* bad or imprudent behaviour; -**nirgraha**, *a.* hard to restrain or subdue; -**nimita**, *pp.* ill-measured, irregular, faltering (*step*); -**nimitta**, *n.* evil omen; -**niyantu**, *a.* hard to restrain; -**nir-iksha**, *fp.* hard to look at; hard to be seen by (*in*, *g.*); -**nirupa**, *a.* hard to determine; -**nivāra**, *a.* hard to repel, - restrain; - get rid of or set aside; -**tva**, *n. abst. N.*; -**nivār-ya**, *fp. id.*; -**nivārita**, *pp.* hard to return from; -**nita**, *pp.* badly conducted or executed; *n.* evil plight; demerit; -**nripa**, *m.* bad king.

दुर्बल dur-bala, *a.* weak; frail, slender, feeble;

-**tā**, *f. ness*, -**indriya**, *a.* having weak organs; -**buddhi**, *f.* mean wit, folly; *a.* mean-witted, foolish; ill-intentioned; -**ti**, foolishly behaving in; -**bodha**, *a.* hard to comprehend; -**tā**, *f. abst. N.*; -**bodhya**, *fp. id.*

दुर्भक्ष dur-bhaksha, *a.* hard to eat; -**bhaga**, *a.* loathsome, ugly; unpleasant; ill-fated; **ā**, *f.* ugly woman; -**bhaga-tva**, *n.* misfortune; -**bhara**, *a.* hard to bear; - support; - satisfy; heavily laden with (-); -**bhāgya**, *a.* unfortunate; -**bhāsha**, *a.* using bad language; *m.* abusive language; -**bhāshita**, *pp.* offensive (*language*); -**bhāshin**, *a.* using abusive language; -**bhiksha**, *n. m.* (*rare*) famine; distress; -**tva**, *n. abst. N.*; -**vyasanin**, *a.* having to cope with famine; -**bhida**, *a.* hard to burst; - disperse; -**bheda**, *a.* hard to burst, disunite, or sunder; -**bhēdyā**, *fp. id.*

दुर्भित dur-mati, *a.* foolish; ill-disposed (*rare*); *m.* fool; miscreant; *1. mada*, *m.* false pride, overweening self-conceit; *2. mada*, *a.* intoxicated; extravagant, wild, mad; madly devoted to (-); -**manas**, *n.* wrong-mindedness, delusion; *a.* dispirited, dejected, sad; -**tā**, *f. ness*. [afflicted, or dejected.

दुर्भयाय dur-manā-ya, *den. Ā.* be troubled,

दुर्भुय dur-manushya, *m.* bad man, villain; -**mantu**, *a.* hard to comprehend; -**mantra**, *m.* bad advice; -**mantrita**, *pp.* ill-advised; *n.* bad advice; -**mantrin**, *m.* bad minister; *a.* having a bad minister; -**māra**, *a.* dying hard; *n.* it is hard for (*in*) to die; -**tva**, *n.* dying hard; -**marana**, *n. id.*; -**maryāda**, *a.* knowing no bounds; -**tā**, *f. abst. N.*; -**mārsha**, *a.* not to be forgotten; intolerable; refractory, hostile; -**marsha**, *a.* hard to manage, intractable; -**mātsarya**, *n.* bad jealousy; -**mitra**, *a.* unfriendly; *m. N.*; -**mukha**, *a. (i)* ugly-faced, hideous; foul-mouthed, scurrilous; *m. N.*; -**muhūrta**, *n.* fatal hour; -**medha**, -**medhās**, *a.* of small wit, stupid, foolish; -**medhāvin**, *a. id.*; -**maitra**, *a.* hostile.

दुर्घ dūr-ya, *a.* belonging to the door or house; *m. ā*, *f. pl.* dwelling.

दुर्ग्रस dur-yasas, *n.* dishonour; -**yuga**, *n.* evil age; -**yoga**, *n.* deceit; transgression; -**yosā**, *n.* habitation; -**yodhana**, *a.* hard to combat; *m. N.* of *Dhritā-rāshya*'s eldest son; -**yoni**, *a.* of impure extraction, base-born.

दुर्लक्ष dur-lukshya, *n.* uncertain aim; *fp.* hard to perceive, scarcely visible; -**laughana**, *a.* hard to surpass; -**laughya**, *fp.* hard to cross; - infringe or transgress = to be obeyed (*command*).

दुर्लभ dur-labha, *a.* hard to obtain; - find or meet with, rare; dear; -**ka**, *a.* dear. -**tā**, *f. -tva*, *n.* rarity; -**vardhana**, *m. N.* of a king of *Cashmere* -**svāmīna**, *m. N.* of a temple built by *Durlabharardhana*

दुर्लभित dur-labita, *a.* spoiled, wayward; unmannerly; weary of (-); *n.* ill habit; -**ka**, *a.* wayward; -**lasita**, *pp. id.*; -**lipi**, *f.* fatal writing (inscribed by fate on the forehead); -**lekha**, *m. id.*; -**lekhyā**, *n.* incorrectly written document.

दुर्लच dur-vaka, *a.* ill-spoken, abusive (*word*); hard to answer; -**vāna**, *n. pl.* hard words, abuse (*Pr.*); -**vāna**, *n. id.*; stupid words; *a.* abusive; hard to answer; -**vanip**, *m.* rogue of a merchant; -**varna**, *m.* bad colour; impurity; (-**vāna**), *a.* having a bad colour or complexion; of low caste; *n.* silver; -**vāla**, *a.* having a skin disease; -**vāsa**, *a. (n.)* it is hard to dwell; hard to pass (*time*); -**vasati**, *f.* painful residence; *a.* hard to bear; - ex-

cute or accomplish; -**vāk**, *f.* abuse; *a.* abusive; -**vākyā**, *a.* difficult to utter, harsh (*words*); *n.* abuse; ill-tidings; -**vāda**, *m.* blame, reproach; -**vānta**, *pp.* that has not fully vomited the blood it has sucked (*leech*); -**vāra**, *a.* hard to restrain or check; irresistible; -**vārana**, *a. id.*; -**vārtā**, *f.* ill-tidings; -**vārya**, *fp.* hard to restrain or check, irresistible; -**tā**, *f. abst. N.*; -**vāla**, *a.* bald-headed or red-haired or afflicted with skin disease; -**vāsana**, *f.* false notion; -**vāsas**, *a.* ill-clad; *m. N.* of an irascible *Brāhman*; -**vāhita**, *n.* heavy burden; -**vikatthana**, *a.* disagreeably boastful; -**vikalpa**, *m.* unjustifiable irresolution; -**vigāha**, *a.* hard to fathom or penetrate; profound; serious, critical; -**vigāhya**, *fp. id.*; -**vikāra**, *m.* ill-timed hesitation; *n.* very irresolute; -**vigīhāna**, *n.* difficult ascertainment; *a. (ā)* hard to comprehend; -**vi-gūhya**, *fp.* hard to distinguish; -**vidagda**, *pp.* perverse; -**vidya**, *a.* uneducated; -**vidha**, *a.* mean, base; -**vidhi**, *m.* evil destiny; -**vinaya**, *m.* imprudent behaviour; -**vinita**, *pp.* ill-bred, ill-behaved; -**ka**, *a. id.*; -**vipāka**, *m.* ill-ripening, evil issue; *a.* having evil consequences; -**vibhāva**, *a.* hard to comprehend; -**vibhāvana**, *a.* hard to perceive; -**vibhāvya**, *fp. id.*; indistinctly visible; hard to comprehend; -**vilasita**, *n.* wicked trick; -**vilāha**, *m.* blamable marriage; -**vilēlana**, *a.* hard to judge rightly; -**visahā**, *a.* hard to endure or overcome; irresistible; hard to perform or accomplish; -**vīrita**, *n.* bad or base conduct, baseness; *a.* ill-conducted, wicked, poor; *m.* wicked man; -**vritti**, *f.* distress, misery; baseness; -**vyavasita**, *n.* evil intent; -**vyavasthāpa-ka**, *a.* pronouncing a bad or unfavourable decision; -**vyavahāra**, *m.* bad decision of a suit; -**vyavahāriti**, *f.* evil rumour; -**vyasana**, *n.* evil passion, vice; -**vyāhrita**, *pp.* ill-spoken; *n.* unsuitable utterance.

दुर्हयाय dur-hanīyā, *a.* meditating mischief; -**hrid**, *a.* bad-hearted; *m.* enemy.

दुल DUL, *X. P.* *dolaya*, raise, swing; whirl up (*dust*); *pp.* *dōlita*, swaying, wavering.

दुवस् dūv-as, *n.* honour, worship.

दुवक्ष dūvās-yā, *den. P.* honour, reward.

दुवखात dūvas-yāt, *subj. or ab. (?)*, *RV. I.* 165, 14.

दुस् dus-kara, *a.* hard to traverse; inaccessible; hard to pass (*time*); difficult to practise; -**tva**, *n.* difficulty of practising; -**kārita**, *pp.* behaving ill, doing ill deeds; *n. (dus)*, ill-conduct, misdeed, folly; -**kārmān**, *a.* having *n.* skin disease; -**kāritra**, *a.* ill-conducted; -**kārin**, *a. id.*; -**kikitsā**, *f.* wrong medical treatment; -**kikitsita**, *pp.* hard to cure; -**kikitsya**, *fp. id.*; -**tva**, *n.* difficulty of curing; -**kitta**, *a.* dejected, sad; -**ketas**, *a.* ill-disposed; -**keshā**, *f.* bad conduct, perverseness; -**keshāita**, *pp. n. id.*; *pl.* ill-doings; -**kyavāna**, *a.* hard to overthrow, immovable; -**kyāva**, *a. id.*; -**khid**, *a.* hard to destroy.

दुश् dush-sala, *m. N.* of a son of *Dhritā-rāshtra*; -**āsana**, *m.* Hard-to-curb, *N.* of a son of *Dhritā-rāshtra*; -**ākhshita**, *pp.* ill-instructed; uneducated, ill-bred; -**śishya**, *m.* bad pupil; -**śila**, *a.* having bad habits or a bad character, wicked; -**tā**, *f.* bad character, wickedness; -**śila-kitta**, *a.* wicked-minded; -**śeva**, *a.* malevolent.

दुष् DUSH, *IV. P. (E. also Ā.)* *dushya* (*Br. etc.*), be spoiled, impaired, or ruined; be defiled, sullied, or corrupted; be guilty, be in fault; commit a sin; *pp.* *dush-ta*, spoiled, tainted, vitiated; corrupt; de-

factive; false; malevolent; dangerous. bad, wicked; convicted, guilty; sinning or injuring with (-); ill-affected towards, angry with (9); *es dūshaya*, *q. r. pra.* grow worse (*dūshac*); be defiled or corrupted, act amiss, deteriorate (*morally*); *pp.* wicked, sinful; licentious (*common*); wanton, ungovernable (*scenes*). *vi-pa*, wicked; exceedingly corrupt, profligate *sam.* be defiled *pp.* wicked, angry with (-). [*dis-*]

दुष् dush-, *indec.* (=dus-) bad, ill, hard, un-

दुष्कर dush-kara, *a.* hard to do accomplish, or perform; - endure; difficult; unusual, extraordinary; hard to (*inf*); -*m yadi*, (*with ind. or pot.*) hardly, scarcely; -*m kriyate yad*, it is no light thing if; -*karmān*, *a.* doing what is hard, very clever, -*karma-kārin*, *a. id.*; -*sādhana*, *n.* means of overcoming difficulties.

दुष्कर्म dush-karman, *n.* misdeed; *m.* ill-doer; -*kāyastha-kula*, *n.* wretched caste of scribes, -*kula*, *n.* base family; *a.* sprung from a base family; -*krit*, *a.* doing ill-deeds, *m.* evil-doer; *dūsh-kṛta*, *pp.* ill-done, wrong, wicked; *n.* (♂) misdeed, sin, guilt.

दुष्कृतकर्म dushkṛita-karman, *m.* evil-doer; -*kārin*, *a.* doing evil deeds; -*ātman*, *a.* evil-minded, wicked.

दुष्कृति dushkṛiti, *म् -n.* *a.* sinning; *m.* miscreant, sinner.

दुष्ट dush-ta, *प् -s.* *dush*; *m.* bad man, rogue; *n.* transgression, guilt; -*karitra*, *a.* doing evil; *m.* evil-doer; -*kārin*, *a. m. id.*; -*śeṭas*, *a.* malevolent, -*tā*, *f.* wickedness, defilement; -*tva*, *n.* wickedness; wrongness; -*dur-ama*, *m.* depraved rogue; -*budhi*, *a.* ill-affected toward; -*bhāva*, *a.* ill-disposed; -*vāk*, *a.* defaming, libellous; -*hrdaya*, *a.* wicked-hearted.

दुष्टात्मन dush-tā ātman, *a.* ill-disposed, malevolent; -*antarātman*, *a. id.*

दुष्टि dush-ti, *f.* corruptness.

दुष्टति dush-titi, *र. दुःष्टति* dush-titi.

दुष्परिग्रह dush-parigraha *a.* hard to retain, -*parihantu*, *a.* hard to remove; -*parihara*, *a.* hard to avoid; -*pāra*, *a.* hard to cross; - perform; -*parāshat-graha*, *a.* having a bad enemy in the rear, -*grāha*, *a. id.*; -*pura*, *a.* hard to fill, - satisfy, -*prakṛiti*, *f.* low nature; *a.* base; -*prakriya*, *f.* trailing dignity; -*pra-sā*, *a.* stupid; -*tva*, *n.* stupidity; -*pranita*, *pp.* led astray; *n.* misdirection; -*pradhara*, *a.* hard to assail, -*prabhaigana*, *m.* hurricane; -*prayukta*, *pp.* badly or wrongly employed; -*pravāda*, *m.* slander; -*pravṛtti*, *f.* bad news; -*praveśa*, *a.* hard to enter; -*prasaṅga*, *a.* hard to endure, irresistible, -*prasāda*, *a.* hard to appease; -*na*, *a. id.*; -*prasādhana*, *a.* hard to manage person; -*prasādhya*, *pp. id.*; -*prāpa*, *a.* hard to attain; -*preksha*, *a.* -*prekshaniya*, *pp.* hard to see; unpleasant to look at, -*prekshya*, *pp. id.* [*shyanta*]

दुष्मन्त dushmanta, *m.* incorr. form of Du-

दुष्यन्त dushyanta, *m. N.* of *Sakuntalā's* husband and of *Bharat's* father.

दुःशन्त dush-shanta, *m. id.* (older form of *Dushyanta*).

दुःषम dush-shāma, *n.* bad year; -*shfuta*, *n.* wrong treatment of the stotra; -*shvāpnaya*, *n.* bad dream, uneasy sleep.

दुस् dush-, *pr.* (=dush-) bad; wrong; hard.

दुस्तर dush-tara, *a.* hard to cross, get over,

or overcome, invincible; -*taraṇa*, *a. id.*; -*tarkya*, *fp.* hard to guess; -*tyaga*, *a.* hard to abandon or renounce; -*tā*, *f. abs.* *s.*

दुस् du-stha, *स्थित* -*sthita*, *r. दुः* *duh-*.

दुःसंलक्ष्य duh-samlakshya, *fp.* hard to perceive, -*samskāra*, *m. pl.* bad habits, -*sāga*, *m.* bad inclination; -*samākāra*, *a.* hard to traverse, impervious; -*samāntya*, *fp.* hard to conceive

दुस्मन् dussam, *m. N.*

दुःसंधान duh-sandhāna, *a.* hard to put together, unite or reconcile; -*sampāda*, *a.* hard to reach, manage, -*saha*, *a.* hard to beat, unendurable, irresistible; -*tara*, *cpv.* more dangerous still; -*parvati*; -*sādhyā*, *fp.* hard to accomplish, get the better of, restore

दुःख duh-stha, *a.* fating ill, badly off, wretched, sad, -*sthita*, *pp. id.*; -*sthiti*, *f.* bad plight; -*sparśa*, *a.* hard or unpleasant to touch; -*sprisa*, *a. id.*; -*samāra*, *a.* unpleasant to remember; -*svapna*, *m.* bad dream; -*darśana*, *n.* bad vision in sleep

दुह DUH, II *dogdhi*, *dogdhe* (*common*), I. *doha* *f. rare*, IV *duhya rare*, VI *duha rare*, milk also of the extraction of the *Soma* juice), derive advantage from *acc.*, draw forth or extract anything *acc.* from *acc.*, *ab.* give milk; yield, *dis-* *carol* objects; grant or fulfill wishes. *pp.* *dogdha*, milked, drained, exploited, *es dōhaya*, cause to milk, milk out; extract; *des dūdaka* I and *dūdaka*, wish to milk, *nis.* milk out, extract, withdraw, *sam.* milk (together), *Ā.* yield milk together.

दुह duh, *दुह* duh-a, *a.* milking, yielding ().

दुहितामातृ duhitā-matṛi, *f. du.* daughter and mother

दुहितृ duh-i-tā, *f.* daughter

दुही दूधि, *a.* [dur-dhi] ill-disposed

दूत dū-tā, *m.* messenger, envoy -*ka*, *m. id.*; -*karman*, *n.* condition or function of a messenger or envoy, -*tva*, *n.* office of a messenger or envoy; -*mukha*, *a.* having messengers as his mouthpiece.

दूतिका dūt-ikā, *f.* female messenger; go-between; - *also* *Ā.* petty betraying.

दूती दूति, *f.* female messenger, go-between, procures. [*sacr*]

दूत्य दूत्य, *n.* *Ā.* *f.* office of an envoy, messenger

दूत dū-ta, *pp.* of *dūtu*.

दूर dū-rā, *a.* distant, remote; long; far from, *ab.* *q.*; *n.* distance of time and space; - *and* *m.* far away; high up; deep, high, very, altogether; -*m kri*, distance, surprise; *acc.*; -*m tyag* (*and similar verbs*), avoid carefully; in *e-na*, far away, from afar, by far; *ab.* from afar; far from *ab.*, remotely = thoroughly examine, *acc.* in the distance, far, far away. [*away*]

दूरस्थी dūrā-sthī, *a.* with thoughts far

दूरस्थ dūr-rakshya, *fp.* hard to guard.

दूरग dūra-ga, *a.* extending far; distant; -*gata*, *pp.* gone far away; -*gamana*, *n.* going far away; -*gāmin*, *a. id.*

दूरतर dūra-tara, *cpv.* in at a great distance, *acc.* at some distance from *acc.*.

दूरतम dūra-tās, *ad.* from afar; far off or away, not at hand; - *tyag* (*and verbs of cognate meaning*), keep at a distance; cast altogether aside; -*to bhū*, keep aloof.

दूरत dūra-tva, *n.* distance, remoteness

दूरद dū-rada, *a.* difficult to scratch, hard.

दूरदर्शन dūra-darśana, *a.* to be seen only at a distance by *acc.*; -*darsin*, *a.* far-seeing; -*patha*, *m.* long way; -*m gata*, being a long way off; -*pāta*, *m.* distant flight, fall from a great height; -*pātin*, *a.* flying far; far-shooting.

दूरपार dūra-pāra, *a.* whose other bank is distant, -*prasarin*, *a.* far-reaching, -*bandha*, *a.* far from one's kin, -*bhāva*, *m.* distance, -*vartin*, *a.* being far away, distant, going far beyond; -*samstha*, *a.* being at a distance; far-removed, -*surya*, *a.* having the sun a long way off, remote from the sun, -*stha*, *a.* standing at a distance or aloof, being far off, -*tva*, *n.* distance; -*sthita*, *pp.* being far off, distant

दूरगत dūra-gata, *pp.* come from a distance, -*apata*, *pp.* far removed = not to be thought of, out of the question, -*tva*, *n.* *abst* *s.*; -*loka*, *m.* distant view; *s.* *sthita*, *pp.* to be seen only from afar

दूरीक dūri-ka, remove, banish; distance, surpass; -*bhu*, withdraw, retire.

दूरिषन्त dūre-anta, *a.* ending afar off.

दूरिष dūre-kā, *a.* distant, (♂)-*bhā*, *a.* shining afar, (♂)-*heti*, *a.* whose missile reaches far

दूरीदारविच dūra udāra-karita, *a.* being a stranger to noble conduct

दूरीह dū-roha, *ण -na*, *a.* hard to ascend.

दूवी dūvā, *f.* kind of millet grass (*panicum dactylon*) [*grass*]

दूवीवत dūviva-vat, *a.* joined with dūvā

दूष dūsh-a, *a.* defiling (), -*aka*, *a.* (ikā) destroying, disfiguring, sullying, debasing, seducing, violating; corrupting, defiling, transgressing, -*ika*, *f.* rheum of the eyes

दूषण dūsh-ana, *a.* (1) destructive, injurious, defiling, dishonouring *q. r.* *m.* *N.* of a *Rakshas*, *n.* destroying, undoing, ruining, defiling, seducing; adulterating, slandering, detracting, refutation, blemish, fault, guilt, sin -*vādin*, *m.* opponent (*acc.* in argument)

दूषय dūshā-ya, *den P.* (*E. acc.* argument) spoil, destroy, falsify, defile, deflower, dishonour; pronounce to be wrong, blame, accuse, intimate *pp.* *dushita*, calumniated, exposed, blemished by *acc.*, calumniate *pra.* spoil, defile, calumniate, abuse *prati-pra.* *pp.* defiled, *sam.* spoil, defile, expose to shame, disgrace

दूषि dūsh-i, *a.* destroying ().

दूषिम dūsh-m, *a.* polluting, deflowering ().

दूषी dūsh-i, *का -kā*, *f.* rheum of the eye.

दूष 1 dūsh-ya, *fp.* liable to be spoiled, ruined, or polluted; *m.* reprehensible person.

दूष 2. dūsh-ya, *n.* tent; cotton.

दृ 1. DRI, IV. *Ā.* *-driya*, *Ā.* heed, consider, trouble about; respect; be held in esteem *pp.* *ādrta*, *q. r.* *ati*, pay great regard to *acc.*; *pp.* with *pr.* and *act.* meaning

दृ 2 DRI, *r.* DRI.

दृम्ह DRIMH I. P *drimha*, fasten, make firm, establish; *A.* be firm IV P *drimha*, *id.* *pp.* *drakha*, firm, hard; steadfast, unwavering, violent, intense, great; -*m.* *a.* firmly, steadily; greatly, much; very

well; *cs.* P. *drimhaya*, make firm, establish; *Ā.* be firm.

दृक्छत्र *drīk-khattra*, *n.* eye-lid; -*patha*, *m.* range of the eye; -*m* 1, become visible; -*pāta*, *m.* glance.

दृक्ष *drīk-sha* (°), *a.* -looking, -like.

दृक्संगम *drīk-saṅgama*, *n. sg.* sight of and meeting with (*g.*).

दृगन्त *drīg-anta*, *m.* outer corner of the eye; -*gokara*, *m.* range of vision, horizon; -*bhakti*, *f.* amatory glance; -*rudh*, *a.* obstructing the gaze.

दृढ *drīdha*, *pp.* √*drimh*; *n.* firm or immovable object; fastness; -*kārin*, *a.* persevering

दृढतरीक्ष *drīdhatari-kri*, confirm.

दृढता *drīdha-tā*, *f.* firmness (- *vapushi*, robust health; firm adherence to (*lc.*); perseverance; -*tva*, *n. id.*: -*m gam*, prove firm.

दृढदक्षु *drīdha-dasyu*, *m. N.* of an ancient sage; -*dhanvan*, *a.* having a stiff bow; -*dhriti*, *a.* strong-willed; -*prahāri-tā*, *f.* hardness of hitting; -*bhakti*, *a.* firm in devotion to (*lc.*); -*mati*, *a.* firmly resolved; -*mukhi*, *m.* tight fist; *a.* close-fisted.

दृढय *drīdha-ya*, *den. P.* establish: confirm.

दृढवपुस् *drīdha-vapus*, *a.* of robust health; -*vrata*, *a.* constant to one's vow; of unswerving purpose; firmly insisting on (*lc.*), faithfully devoted to (*cs.*).

दृढायुध *drīdha-ayudha*, *a.* having a hard missile. [-*kāra*, *m. id.*

दृढीकरण *drīdhi-kāraṇa*, *n.* confirmation;

दृढीक्ष *drīdhi-kri*, fortify; bind firmly: confirm; -*bhā*, become firm.

दृति *drī-ti*, *m. (f.)* water-carrier's skin; bellows; hose.

दृप् *DRIP*, IV. P. *drīpya*, become mad; be crazy, extravagant, or arrogant; *pp.* *drīpta*, extravagant, wild, arrogant; -*tara*, *cpv.* excessively arrogant, *cs.* *dārya*, make mad or arrogant; *pp.* *dāryata*, made insolent by, boasting of (*cs.*); wild, arrogant, *ati*, be excessively arrogant; *pp.* very arrogant.

दृम् *DRIBH*, VI. P. *drībhā*, make into tufts, string together. *sam*, *pp.* *saum-dabha*, bound together; composed; confirmed.

दृप् *DRIS*, *pp.* base *pasya*, 1. see, behold, observe; visit, wait upon; look at; look on (*ut.*); recognise (*hy, in.*); ascertain, discover; inspect; trouble about, examine; see with the mind's eye; compose *hymns*; *ps.* *drīṣya*, be seen, become visible; appear, look, turn out to be (*am.*); be inspected; be generally accepted as (*am.*); be current in the sense of (*lc.*); *pp.* *drīṣṭa*, seen, etc.; observed, treated, recognised, considered; having appeared, manifesting itself, existing; experienced, suffered; devised; become acquainted with; foreseen, fore-ordained; decided (*suit*); acknowledged, established, sanctioned (*by, cs.*); *cs.* *dārya*, cause any one to see (*ac.*), show to (*ac, d., g.*); point with (*ac.* towards (*lc.*); point towards; produce (*in court*); display, indicate; confess; prove; show oneself to (*ac, g.*); *ātmānam* -, show oneself, appear, pretend to be: *pp.* *dāryata*; *lex.* *dīr-ksha*, wish or like to see; *dis.* of *cs.* *dīr-ayisha*, P. wish to show *anu*, behold, perceive; *cs.* inform, instruct *abhi*, look at, see; *ps.* be seen, appear. *ā.*

cs. show. *nd*, *cs.* appear: *pp.* -*m*, (*impl.*) one has appeared. *upa*, look on; observe; *ps.* *Ā.* appear; *cs.* show, present; represent; pretend; explain, illustrate. *ni*, *cs.* show, set forth; point, indicate; introduce, enumerate; teach, instruct. *pāri*, view, frequent; consider, excogitate; *ps.* be observed, show oneself; *cs.* show, demonstrate. *pra*, foresee; see, behold; *Ā.* *ps.* become visible; appear; *cs.* show, display; designate; describe, explain. *upa-pra*, refer to (*ac.*). *sa-m-pra*, *ps.* appear; *cs.* show: *ātmānam mritavat* -, feign oneself dead. *prati*, perceive; *ps.* *Ā.* appear: *pratyadard*, has appeared; *cs.* show. *vi*, *ps.* *Ā.* be discerned, appear distinctly; *cs.* show; teach. *sm*, behold, perceive; look on; inspect; review; consider fully; *ps.* *Ā.* appear together with (*in.*); be observed, appear; *cs.* show, display; show oneself to (*ac*); represent: *ātmānam mritavat* -, feign oneself dead.

दृस् *drīs* (*mu. drīk*), *a.* seeing, beholding; *f. s. ut. (d. drīṣe*, for beholding); eye; view, theory; -° *a.* look, appearance. [ance (-°).

दृश् *drīsh*, *m. (i, f.)* sight, look, appearance.

दृशि *drī-shi*, *f.* seeing, beholding; faculty of seeing, intuition, vision: *d. drīṣya* = *inf.* for beholding.

दृश्मत् *drī-shi-mat*, *a.* seeing.

दृशीका *drī-shīkā*, *f.* appearance.

दृश्य *drīsh-ya*, *pp.* visible, to (*in., g., °*); to be looked at; worthy to be seen, splendid. -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* visibility.

दृश्यन् *drīsh-van*, *a.* having seen, conversant with (-°).

दृषत्त्व *drīshat-kama*, *m.* pebble.

दृषद् *drīshād*, *f.* rock, large stone; (nether) millstone.

दृषदस्मर *drīshad-asman*, *m.* upper (smaller) millstone; -*upala*, *n. sg. & du.*, *ā. f. du.* the two millstones, -*apūṣkhalā*, *n.* millstone and mortar. [river.

दृषद्वती *drīshad-vat-i*, *f.* (Rocky). *N.* of a

दृषवी *drīshan-nau*, *f.* boat of stone.

दृष्ट *drīsh-ta*, *pp.* √*dris*; *n.* perception; -*karmaṇ*, *a.* whose deeds have been seen, tried practically; -*tva*, *n.* having been seen, occurrence; -*doṣha*, *a.* whose sins have been exposed; formerly convicted; recognised as sinful action; -*naśha*, *pp.* having appeared and disappeared immediately after: -*tā*, *f. abs. s.*; -*pūrva*, *a.* seen before, -*pratyaya*, *a.* convinced by ocular evidence (*lit.* having seen-conviction); -*vrata*, *pp.* seen and (or) heard; -*sāra*, *a.* of tried strength.

दृष्टदृष्ट *drīshatadrīshṭa*, *pp.* visible and invisible; relating to this life and the next; -*anta*, *m.* non plus ultra of experience, model, pattern; precedent; illustration; example; *a.* serving as a pattern, -*artha*, *a.* whose object or aim is clear; serving as a model; having ascertained the true state of (*g.*).

दृष्टि *drīsh-ti*, *f.* seeing, looking at (*g.*); beholding; vision, eyesight; intelligence; eye; pupil of the eye; glance, look; regard; opinion: -*m ā*, direct the gaze towards (*lc.*).

दृष्टिचप *d-īshṭi-kshapa*, *m.* rolling the eyes, looking about; -*gokara*, *m.* range of vision; -*dāna*, *n.* bestowal of a look, showing oneself; -*nīpāta*, *m.* cast of a look, glance; -*patha*, *m.* range of vision; -*pāta*, *m.* cast of a

look, glance: *na tasya drīshṭipāte* - do not show yourself to him; -*pradāna*, *n.* -*dāna*; -*pradāna*, *m.* favour of a glance: -*m kṛi*, deign to look at one; -*mandala*, *n.* pupil of the eye; -*mat*, *a.* having eyes; intelligent, wise; -*mārga*, *m.* range of vision, horizon, -*vikshapa*, *m.* moving the eyes about, looking around.

दृष्टोत्साह *drīshṭautsāha*, *a.* whose steady advance is seen.

दृष्ट्यगोचर *drīshṭi agokara*, *a.* being beyond the range of vision.

दृष्ट *DRIH*, *v.* दृष्ट *DRIMH*.

दृ *DRĪ*, P. (Ā.) IX. *drīṣā*, burst, rend, tear; *ps.* *diryate*, be rent or cleft, break open *pp.* *dirāna*, cleft, rent; dispersed; terrified; *cs.* *dārya*, P. *Ā.* tear asunder, burst open. disperse. *ava*, burst; *cs.* tear asunder, excavate. *ā*, split, open; *intv.* *dardar*, *id.* *nā*, tear; *cs. ut.*; incerate; cleave, cause to be dug up. *vi*, tear, lacerate; *ps.* burst asunder; *pp.* torn; pierced; gaping; *cs.* burst asunder; open; pierce, rend, lacerate, dig up, scatter; break through, disperse, push away.

देय *dē-ya*, *fp.* to be given; - bestowed in marriage; granted; delivered; - restored, - paid; -*h panthā*, way must be made for (*g.*); *atithitvena kṛtyā deyam*, *n. impl.* one should give according to one's ability in regard to hospitality; *n.* gift; impost; wages.

देव *dev-ā*, *a.* (i) heavenly, divine (also fig.) celestial, deity, god, divinity (*vs. of material beings*); (god among men =) priest, Brahman; king, prince; -°, chief among; *voc.* Sire, please your Majesty; *ī*, *f.* goddess; *Sāvitrī*; *Durgā*; queen, princess.

देवचषि *deva-rishi*, *m.* rishi among the gods, divine saint. [*Śrīkṛṣṇa's mother*

देवक *deva-ka*, -° *a.* = *deva*; *i, f. N.* of

देवकान्यका *deva-kanyakā*, *f.* celestial maiden; -*kanyā*, *f. id.*; -*karma-krit*, *a.* performing a divine rite; -*karmaṇ*, *n.* divine rite; -*kalasa*, *m. N.*; -*kārya*, *n.* divine rite; concern or errand of the gods.

देवकीनन्दन *devakī-nandana*, *m. met.* of *Kṛishna*; -*sūta*, *m. id.*

देवकुल *deva-kula*, *n.* temple; (ā) -*kṛita*, *pp.* made by the gods; -*kṛitya*, *n.* = *deva-karya*. -*khetra*, *n.* divine territory; -*khāta*, *pp.* dug by the gods = hollowed out by nature; -*gaurā*, *m.* host of gods; -*gaurikā*, *f.* courtesan of the gods, *Apurāsa*; -*giri*, *m.* mountain of the gods, *N.* of a mountain-range; -*gupta*, *pp.* protected by the gods; *m. N.*; -*guru*, *m.* preceptor of the gods; *pp.* of *Kaśyapa* and of *Brhmapati*; -*grhā*, *m. n.* house of the gods, temple; royal palace.

देवकुण्ड *deva-khunda*, *m.* pearl necklace of 81 strings; -*ya*, *a.* god-begotten; -*ganā*, *m. (gn/ly. pl.)* divine host; host of demons or (*esp.*) serpents; -*ajā*, *a.* god-begotten, - born, -*ajāta*, *n.* race or class of gods.

देवता *devā-tā*, 1. *f.* divinity, divine power; deity; sacred image; 2. *in. ut.* in the capacity of a god or gods; among or to the gods.

देवतागार *devatā-āgāra*, *n.* temple, chapel; -*grāha*, *n. id.*

देवतात *devā-tāt*, *f.* divine worship; - host

देवतामय *devatā-maya*, *a.* (i) containing all the gods; -*āyatana*, *n.* temple; -*arāṇa*, *n.* worship of the gods.

देव *daiva* *n* (1) peculiar to, coming from, or having to do with the gods, divine; royal; connected with or produced by fate, + vivaha *m* or *dharma*, *m* marriage rite of the gods *i. e.* *which a daughter is given to the officiating*

priest); with *tirtha*, *n.* part of the hand sacred to the gods (*the finger-tips*); *n.* deity; rite in honour of the gods; divine dispensation, fate, destiny; good luck: *yukte daive*, when fate is auspicious; *daivaṃ śikṣhayati*, necessity teaches.

देवकृत daiva-kṛita, *pp.* produced by fate, natural; *-gati*, *f.* course of fate; *-kīnta-ka*, *a.* thinking about —, knowing human fate; *m.* astrologer; *-jñā*, *a.* skilled in destiny; *m.* astrologer; *-jñā-tva*, *n.* skill in astrology.

देवत daivata, *a.* (1) relating to a deity (*worshipped or invoked*); divine; *n.* deity or *coll. deities (celebrated in a hymn)*; having or worshipping — as *one's* deity (—).

देवतस् daiva-tas, *ad.* by fate, accidentally.

देवाय daivat-ya, *a.* having us deity, sacred or addressed to (—).

देवदत्त daiva-datta, *pp.* bestowed by fate, innate; *-durvipāka*, *m.* ill-ripening dispensation = cruelty of fate; *-para*, *a.* to whom fate is the chief thing; *m.* fatalist; *-parāyaṇa*, *a.* *m.* id.; *-yoga*, *m.* dispensation of fate; *-vasa*, *m.* will of fate: *ab.* accidentally; *-vid*, *a.* acquainted with fate; *m.* astrologer; *-vidhi*, *m.* fate; *-sampanna*, *pp.* favoured by fortune; *-tā*, *f.* *abst.* *n.*; *-hata-ka*, *a.* buffeted by fortune, unfortunate; accursed; *n.* accursed fate (*Pr.*).

देवादिक daiv-ādi-ka, *a.* belonging to the div or fourth class of verbs.

देवायन्त daiva ānta, *a.* beginning and ending with a rite in honour of the gods.

देविक daiv-ika, *a.* peculiar —, sacred to or coming from the gods; *n.* natural phenomenon.

देवीदा daiva dāhā, *f.* woman married according to the Daiva rite; *-upahataka*, *a.* buffeted by fortune.

देव्य daivya, *a.* (ā and daivi) divine.

देशिक dais-ika, *a.* relating to place or space; native; belonging to the country of (—); *m.* instructor.

दृष्टिकता dāst-ika-tā, *f.* fatalism.

देहिक dah-ika, *a.* (i) bodily.

देह्य dāh-ya, *a.* being in the body; *m.* soul.

दोषध्व dog-dhavya, *fp.* to be milked; *-dhā-kāma*, *a.* eager to milk, *i. e.* plunder (*ar.*); *-dhar*, *m.* milker; *-dhri*, *a.* *f.* giving milk; *f.* milk cow; *-dhra*, *n.* milk-pail.

दोषक doṣha-ka, *n.* a metre.

दोषतः dōḥataḥ, *RV.* X, 119, 2.

दोर्मूल doi-mūla, *n.* arm-pit.

दोल dol-a, *m.* swinging; (—) ā, *f.* swing, often as symbol of doubt, dooly, bamboo litter (carried on four men's shoulders).

दोलाय dolā-ya, *den.* ā, sway like a swing; fluctuate, waver, be in doubt; *pp.* *dolāyita*, swaying to and fro.

दोलायुध dolā-yudha, *n.* wavering battle; *-śrādha*, *pp.* sitting in a dooly; seated on a swing; *± va* = doubtful as to (—).

दोलात्सव dolā utsava, *m.* swinging festival.

दोःशालिन् doḥ-sālin, *a.* strong-armed.

दोष doṣh-a, *m.* (n.) defect, blemish, failing; bad quality or condition, taint; fault; transgression, crime, sin, guilt, vice; harm, damage, injury; evil; bad consequence; morbid affection, disorder, disease; bodily

humour (*there are three such, phlegm, bile, and mind, which when disordered cause disease*); *in.*, *ab.* *-tas*, in consequence of a bad —, owing to the detrimental effect of (—); *-tā*, *sāṅk*, suspect of a transgression.

दोषकर doṣha-kara, *a.* harmful, injurious to (g.); *-guṇa*, *n.* *sg.* faults and merits; *-guṇin*, *a.* possessed of faults and merits; *(-t)-tva*, *n.* *abst.* *n.*; *-jñā*, *a.* knowing the faults of (—); knowing what is hurtful, wise; *-tva*, *n.* faultiness, defectiveness.

दोषन् doṣh-ān, *n.* fore-arm; arm.

दोषफल doṣha-phala, *n.* effect of sin; *a.* sinful; *-maya*, *a.* consisting of faults.

दोषस doṣha-la, *a.* corrupt, spoilt.

दोषवत् doṣha-vat, *a.* faulty, defective, blemished; guilty; blamable, sinful; detrimental.

दोषस doṣh-ās, *n.* evening, darkness.

दोषा doṣh-ā, *f.* evening, darkness. — *m.*, *in.* ā, in the evening, at night. [moon.]

दोषाकर doṣhā-kara, *m.* (night-maker),

दोषाचर doṣha akṣhara, *m.* accusation, reproach. [evening, nocturnal.]

दोषान्न doṣhā-tana, *a.* belonging to the

दोषाय doṣhā-ya, *den.* ā, become or appear like a fault.

दोषामण doṣhā-ramaṇa, *m.* moon.

दोषिन् doṣh-in, *a.* guilty of a transgression.

दोष्मत् doṣh-mat, *a.* strong-armed, brave.

दोस् dōs, *n.* fore-arm; arm.

दोह dōh-a, *a.* milking, yielding (—); *m.* milking; milk; proting by (—).

दोहद dohada, *m.* [corruption of dau(r)-hrida] longing of pregnant women; violent desire, for (*lc.*, —); longing of plants for the touch of a beautiful maiden which elicits their blossoms; *-dūkhā-sila*, *a.* suffering from morbid longing during pregnancy; *-tā*, *f.* morbid condition of longing during pregnancy; *-lakṣhaṇa*, *a.* sign of pregnancy.

दोहदिन् dohad-in, *a.* having a violent longing for (*lc.*, —).

दोहण doh-ān, *a.* yielding milk; *n.* milking; milk-pail (*also* *i. f.*).

दोहल dohala, *m.* = dohada.

दोहस् dōh-as, *n.* milking.

दोह्य dōh-ya, *fp.* to be milked; *n.* milk-giving animal.

दोय dait-ya, *व्य* -ka, *n.* message, function of a messenger. [mess.]

दोरात्म्य dau-ātm-ya, *n.* wickedness, base-

दौर्ग daurga, *a.* relating to Durgā.

दौर्गेय daurgat-ya, *n.* distress, misery, poverty.

दौर्गन्ध dau-r-gandhi-ya, *n.* bad odour, stench.

दौर्गह daurgahā, *m.* *pat.* of Purukutsa.

दौर्जय dau-r-gan-ya, *n.* wickedness, base-

दौर्बल्य dau-r-bal-ya, *n.* weakness. [mess.]

दौर्भाग्य dau-r-bhāg-ya, *n.* misfortune.

दौर्मनस्य dau-r-manas-ya, *n.* dejection, sadness.

दौर्मन्त्र्य dau-r-mantr-ya, *n.* bad counsel.

दौर्ब्रय dau-r-vrat-ya, *n.* disobedience.

दौर्हद dau-r-hrid-a, *m.* rogue; **n.* longing of pregnant women.

दौवारिक dauvār-ika, *m.* janitor, chamberlain; *i. f.* female janitor.

दौषम्य daus-karm-ya, *n.* skin-disease.

दौःशील्य dauh-sil-ya, *n.* badness of character, malignity. [mess.]

दौक्ष्य dauh-kṛit-ya, *n.* baseness, wicked-

दौष्य dausht-ya, *n.* id.

दौष्यन्त daushyanta, *a.* relating to Dushyanta; *n.* a mixed caste.

दौष्यन्ति daushyanti-i, *m.* *pat.* of Bharata.

दौःशान्ति dauḥshanti, *older form* of Dau-shyanti.

दौःस्थ dauh-sth-ya, *n.* sorry plight.

दौहदिक dauhad-ika, *n.* longing, desire.

दौहित्र्य dauhitra-a, *m.* daughter's son; *i. f.* daughter's daughter.

दौहद dauhrid-a, *n.* longing in pregnancy.

बावा dyāvā, *du.* (of div) night and morning; *-kṣhāmā*, *f.* *du.* heaven and earth. *-prithivī*, *f.* *du.* heaven and earth.

बावापृथिवीय dyāvā-prithivīya, *a.* relating or sacred to heaven and earth.

बावाभूमि dyāvā-bhūmi, *f.* *du.* heaven and earth.

द्यु DYU, II, P. *dyanti*, rush at, attack.

द्यु dyū, *m.* sky; brightness, glow; *m.* *n.* day (*c.* div).

द्युष dyu-kshā, *a.* heavenly, bright; *-kara*, *a.* moving in heaven; *m.* celestial.

द्युत् 1. DYUT, I. (*E.* also P.) ā, *dyōta*, flash, gleam, shine; *cs.* P. illuminate; indicate, bring out, show clearly; *pp.* *dyotita*, illuminated, shining. *abhi*, shine upon; *cs.* illuminate. *ud*, shine forth; *cs.* illuminate, make glorious. *vi*, shine forth, flash, lighten.

द्युत् 2. DYUT, *pp.* *dyutta*, broken; *cs.* *dyotāya*, P. break open.

द्युत् 3. dyūt, *f.* splendour.

द्युत्य dyuta-ya, *den.* P. *vi*, flash, lighten.

द्युति dyut-i, *f.* radiance, splendour; beauty; dignity; *-mat*, *a.* brilliant, splendid, glorious, dignified.

द्युन्मि dyu-nis, *n.* *sg.* *d. f.* *du.* day and night; *-nis*, *n.* *id.*: only *-m*, for a day and a night, by day and by night; *-pati*, *m.* (lord of heaven), god; *-patha*, *m.* (sky-path), air, sky; *-puraṃdhri*, *f.* Apsaras; *-maṇi*, *m.* (sky-jewel), sun; *-māt*, *a.* brilliant; brisk.

द्युमार्ग dyu-mārṇa, *m.* (sky-way), air, sky.

द्युन्मन dyu-mnā, *n.* splendour; vigour; wealth, property. [ed.]

द्युन्मिन् dyu-mn-in, *a.* splendid; strong; spirit-

द्युयोषित dyu-yoshit, *f.* celestial female. Apsaras; *-loka*, *m.* celestial world; *-vadhū*, *f.* celestial female. Apsaras; *-shad*, *m.* (sky-dweller), god; *-saras*, *n.* lake of heaven; *-sarit*, *f.* celestial river, Ganges; *-sindhu*, *f.* *id.*; *-stri*, *f.* celestial female, Apsaras.

द्यु dyū, *a.* playing (—); *f.* game of dice.

द्युत dyū-tā, *n.* gambling (for, *lc.*, —); often

fig. of the hazard of battle; booty; -**kara**, *m.* gambler; -**kāra**, *m. ul.*; -**krit**, *m. id*; -**dāsa**, *m. i.*, *f.* slave won at play; -**dharma**, *m.* laws concerning gambling; -**varman**, *n.* method of gambling; -**vritti**, *m.* professional gambler, keeper of a gaming-house; -**śālā**, *f.* gaming house; -**śādana**, *n. id.*; -**samāya**, *m.* gambling assembly.

युन dyū-na, *pp. of* √div.

यो dyō, *m. f.* sky; day *r.* दिव् *div*.

द्योत dyot-a, *m.* brilliance -**ka**, *a.* shining; illuminating; displaying, expressing, expressive of (*y. -*); significant. -**tva**, *n. abst. v.*

द्योतन dyōt-ana (*or* ā), *a.* flushing; illuminating; *n.* shining; showing, displaying

द्योतनि dyōt-ani, *f.* brilliance, light.

द्योतनिका dyōtan-ikā, *f.* explanation

द्योतमान dyōta-māna, *pr. pt.* shining.

द्योतिन् dyōt-in, *a.* shining; signifying

द्योतिष्य dyōtiṣ-patha, *m.* path of the stars, upper air.

द्योतिस् dyōt-is, *n.* light, star (=gyotis).

द्योत्य dyōt-ya, *fp.* (to be) expressed or de-

द्राद्रा *draḍga*, *m.*, ā, *f.* town. [signified.

द्रढ्य *draḍha-ya*, *den. P.* fasten, strengthen; confirm, restrain

द्रढिक *draḍh-ika*, *m. N. of a man*

द्रढिमन् *draḍh-i-man*, *m.* firmness; resolution, confirmation, -**iṣṭha**, *sp. of dradha*

द्रधस् *drādh-as*, *n.* garment. [very firm.

द्रप् *drap-a*, *m.* [flowing from drap, *cs. of* √dra, run, drop; spark, moon drop in the sky, banner.

द्रम *DRAM*, *I. P.* drama, run or wander about, *Inti dandramya*, *id*

द्रम् *dramma* (δραμή), *a coin* = sixpence

द्रव *drav-a*, *a.* running; fluid; feeling, tender, dripping or overflowing, with *cs.*; *m.* swift motion, flight, fluidity, fluid, juice, -**ana**, *n.* running; melting

द्रवत *drav-āt* (*pr. pt. of* √dra), *ad* swiftly

द्रवता *drav-tā*, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* wetness, fluidity; fusibility; -**tva-ka**, *n.* fluidity; fusibility, -**dravya**, *n.* fluid matter; -**maya**, *a.* fluid.

द्रवय *drava-ya*, *ā.* run, flow.

द्रवर *drava-rā*, *a.* running swiftly.

द्रविड *dravida*, *m. N. of a country on the west coast of the Deccan, son of a Vīdya or degraded Kshatriya; pl. the inhabitants of the Dravida country.*

द्रविण *drav-ina*, *n.* movable goods, property; wealth, money; strength, might

द्रविणराशि *dravina-rāsi*, *m.* heap of money or valuable; -**adhīpati**, *m.* lord of treasures, Kubera; -**i-vara**, *m.* possessor of wealth

द्रविणोद *dravinao-dā*, **दस्** -**dās**, **दा** -**dā**, *a.* bestowing wealth.

द्रवितु *drav-i-tuā*, *a.* swift.

द्रवोभू *drav-i-bhū*, become fluid.

द्रव्य 1. *drav-ya*, *a.* atboreal (*r. dru*).

द्रव्य 2. *drav-ya*, *n.* [*fp.* movable: √dra] object, thing; substance, matter; property; gold; implement; fit object; -**tva**, *n.* substantiality; -**kriśa**, *a.* of slender means, poor;

-**śāta**, *n.* kind of substance; -**prakriti**, *f. pl.* minister, realm, fortresses, treasure and army; -**maya**, *a.* substantial, material; -**mātra**, *n.*, ā, *f.* gold, -**yaśka**, *a.* offering material sacrifices; -**vat**, *a.* inherent in matter, wealthy; -**vuddhi**, *f.* increase of wealth; -**vuddhi**, *f.* purification of deified objects.

द्रव्यगम *dravva-gama*, *m.* acquisition of property; -**ātma**, *a.* substantial, material; -**ā-rita**, *pp.* connected with matter

द्रष्टव्य *drash-tavya*, *fp.* to be seen, visible; that must be seen, to be recognised; to be regarded as *an-*, to be investigated or tried out.

द्रष्टु *drash-tri*, *m.* one who sees (*also* = *2 prs. sp. ft. without copula*, one who examines, tries, or decides *a suit*, judge

द्रा 1. *DRĀ*, *II. P.* **drā-ti**, run, *cs.* *drapaya*, cease to run; *int.* *daridrā* run about), be in distress, be poor **abhi-pra**, run or hasten towards **vi**, run in different directions, run away *pr. pt.* *vidrāna*, vanished, gone, embarrassed, being at a loss what to do.

द्रा 2. *DRĀ*, *II. P.* **drā-ti**, *IV. draya*, sleep *ni*, *P.* fall asleep, slumber *pr. pt.* *nidrāna*, sleeping; *pp.* *nidrita*, *id.*

द्राक् *draḥ*, *ad* [*n.* of *drāśh*, running towards, instantly.

द्राक्ष *draḥ-sha*, *a.* made of grapes.

द्राक्षा *draḥ-shā*, *f.* vine; grape -**rasa**, *m.* grape-juice

द्राघ्य *drāgha-ya*, *den. P.* prolong; delay.

द्राघिमन् *drāgh-i-mān*, *m.* length; -**iṣṭha**, *sp.* -**iyas**, *cp. of drigha*.

द्रावण *drāv-ana*, *a.* putting to flight; *n.* *id.*

द्रावयत्सव्य *drāvayāt-sakha*, *a.* speeding his companion, *r. c.* his rider.

द्रावयितु *drāv-ay-i-tri*, *m.* who causes to run.

द्रावयितु *drāv-ay-i-tuā*, *a.* melting

द्राविड *drāvīda*, *a.* (1) Dravidian, *m.* country of the Dravidians; *pl.* the Dravidians, 2. *f.* Dravidian woman.

द्रु *DRU*, *I. P.* **drava**, run, hasten; flee; run at, assail; melt (*also fig.* *pp.* *druta*, *q. r.*; *cs.* *drāvaya*, cause to run, put to flight, cause to flow, melt, *ati*, hasten past or across *nc.*), **adhi**, ascend *a mountain*, **anu**, run after, pursue; accompany; run through, repeat rapidly, **apa**, run away **abhi**, hasten towards, run at, assail, **ā**, hasten towards (*ac.*), **ud**, run up or out; repeat rapidly **upa**, hasten towards, assail, attack *pp.* *as*, *as* sailed, attacked, afflicted by *ac.*; *cs.* the tressed **prati upa**, rush upon (*ac.*), **sam-upa**, run at, pursue, assail, **pari**, run round **pra**, run forward, haste away, flee; hasten towards, rush upon *ac.*; *cs.* escape safely to (*ac.*), **vi**, disperse, flee, burst, *pp.* run away, fled; destroyed, burst, unsteady, distraught; *cs.* put to flight, **sam**, run together

द्रु-द्रि, *m. n.* [splitting √dri] wood; wooden implement; *m. tree; branch.

द्रुग् *drug-dhā*, *pp. of* √druh.

द्रुघ्न *dru-ghna*, *m.* [wooden striker], (wooden club; -**ghna**, *f.* wood-chopper

द्रुत *dru-tā*, *pp.* run away, fled; swift; rapidly uttered; melted, liquid; wet with -*cc.* -**m**, *ad* quickly, instantly, -**taram**, *ad.* more quickly, as quickly as possible

द्रुतगति *druta-gati*, *a.* swift-paced, hasty; -**tara-gati**, *a.* moving faster, -**tva**, *n.* melting, emotion; -**pada**, *n.* *ad.* with swift steps, hastily; *a.* a metre swift-paced; -**vilamb-ita**, *n.* a metre (fast and slow).

द्रुति *dru-ti*, *f.* melting, emotion.

द्रुपद् *dru-padd*, *n.* wooden column, post; *m.* *N. of a king of the Pāṇḍavas*, ā, *f.* *N. of a verse in the TB* [II, vi, 6, 3].

द्रुम *dru-ma*, *m.* tree -**maya**, *a.* wooden, -**vat**, *a.* abounding in trees, wooded, -**agra**, *m.* *n.* tree-top

द्रुमाय *drumā-ya*, *den. ā.* pass for a tree

द्रुह *DRUH*, *IV. P.* (E. also ā.) **druhya**, hurt, seek to injure, offend (*ac.*, *d.*, *g.*, *lc.*), *vi* with *pp.* *drugdha*, one who injures or has injured *any one* *n. unsp.* it is wished to injure *acc.* **abhi**, hurt, seek to injure (*ac.*, *d.*, *lc.*), do harm or injury; seek the life (*pramsha* of *c.* *pp.* seeking to injure; having been injured

द्रुह् *druh*, *a.* (*nm.* *dhruḥ*) injuring, betraying (*ac.*, *m.* *f.* injurer, avenger, bond, *f.* injury

द्रुहिण *druhin*, *m. cp. of* *Brhmin*, *Vishnu*, *Niva*.

द्रुः *DRUḥ*, *IX. P.* (I.) **drū-nā**, hurl, cast

द्रोह्य *drog-dhavya*, *fp.* *n.* injury should be done to (*ac.*, *lc.*), -**dhru**, *m.* injurer, ill wisher, foe.

द्रोण *drona*, *m.* *n.* trough, tub *a.* measure of capacity (= 4 *athakas*), *m.* kind of cloud abounding in water, like a trough, *N. of the preceptor of the Kuru and Pandava in the art of war*, *N. of a Brahman*

द्रोणकानक्ष *drona-kakṣa*, *m.* wooden Soma-vat, -**vishṭi**, *f.* rain as from a trough, -**āsa**, *m.* trough-mouth, *kind of demon of disease*

द्रोणिका *dron-ika*, *f.* trough; -**i**, *f.* *ad.* bath; valley.

द्रोह *droh-a*, *m.* injury, treachery, perfidy -**para**, *a.* full of enmity, malignant, -**bhāva**, *m.* malice, -**vitti**, *a.* acting maliciously, malevolent, [dishous with *q. r.*]

द्रोहिन् *droh-in* *a.* injuring, malicious, perfidious

द्रौपदी *draupadi*, *f.* *pat.* of *Krishnā*, wife of the first Pāṇḍav, -**ya**, *m.* *pl.* the sons of Draupadi

द्व *dvā*, *du* two; *±* **api**, both, *dvayoh*, in both genders, *m.* *id.*, or in both numbers *ag* and *pl.* (*lc.*).

द्व *dva-m-dvā*, *n.* pair, couple, man and wife, male and female; pair of opposites *heat and cold*, etc.; quarrel; contest, duel, doubt, copulative or aggregative compound (*in which the members are connected in sense with* and; -**m**, *in* by two, in pairs

द्वन्द्व *dvandva-kara*, *a.* living in pairs; *m.* ruddy goose (*c.* *kakravaka*), -**bhāva**, *m.* discord; -**asa**, *ad.* in pairs, -**sa** *prabhāra*, *m.* duel with *sasha*, [tridictory.

द्वन्द्व *dvandv-in* *a.* forming a pair; con-

द्वंद्वी *dvandvi-bhū*, pair; join battle, be irreconcilable regarding (*lc.*).

द्वय *dvay-a*, *n.* (1) twofold, of two sorts, double, 2. *f.* pair, two things; *n.* *ad.* (*c.* *a* *f.* ā; duplicity, masculine and feminine gender *gr.*).

द्वयस dvaya-sa, *a.* (i) having the height, depth, or length of, reaching to (°).
द्वयहीन dvaya-hīna, *pp.* of the neuter gender.

द्वयाविन् dvayā-vīn, *a.* double, dishonest.

द्वा dvā, *old fm. du. of dvi* (°).
द्वाचत्वारिंशत् dvācatvāriṃsat, *f.* forty-two: -1, *f. id.*; -**triṃśā**, *a.* (i) thirty-second; -**triṃsat**, *f.* thirty-two.

द्वादश dvādaśa, *a.* (i) twelfth; consisting of twelve, having twelve parts; increased by twelve; -, making twelve with; i, *f.* twelfth day of the fortnight.
द्वादशक dvādaśa-ka, *a.* twelfth: consisting of or amounting to twelve; *n.* twelve; -**kapāla**, *a.* distributed in twelve bowls; -**dhā**, *ad* twelvefold.

द्वादशम् dvādaśam (or ān), *a. pl.* twelve.
द्वादशपद dvādaśam-pada, *a.* consisting of twelve words; -**rātra**, *n.* period of twelve days; -**vārāhika**, *a.* (i) twelve years old; lasting twelve (years); -**vidha**, *a.* twelvefold; -**satā**, *n.* 112; i, *f.* 1200; -**sāhasra**, *a.* (i) consisting of 12,000 years.

द्वादशब्द dvādaśa-abda, *a.* lasting twelve years; -**ara**, *a.* having twelve spokes; -**abā**, *a.* lasting twelve days; *n.* period of twelve days; *a.* certain twelve days' (Soma) feast.

द्वापचाश dvā-pañcāśa, *a.* (i) fifty-second; -**pañcāśat**, *f.* fifty-two.

द्वापर dvā-pāra (or ā), *m. n.* die or side of die marked with two points; also personified; third cosmic age (lasting 2000 years).
द्वार dvār, *f.* door, gate, entrance; egress, opportunity; expedient, way, means; *in.* dvārā, by means of, through, by (°).
द्वारद्वारा dvārādvārā, *n.* (m¹) *id.*; aperture (*esp.* those of the body); way to, means of attaining (*g.* -ā); *a.* effected by, in, (e-**one**), by (means of), in consequence of (°).
द्वारक dvārāka, *n.* door, gate; *° a.* effected by; i, *f.* City of many gates on the west point of Gujarat, supposed to have been swallowed up by the sea, *N.* of Krishna's residence.

द्वारता dvārā-tā, *f.* access; -*m gam*, become the occasion of (*g.* to (*g.*); -**darśin**, *m.* janitor, porter; -**nāyaka**, *m.* janitor, chamberlain; -**pa**, *m.* janitor; -**pakṣha**, *m.* fold of a door; door; -**ka**, *n. id.*; -**ubhayaśa**, *ka dvārapakṣhakayoḥ*, on both sides of the door; -**pa/la**, *m. id.*; -**pati**, *m.* janitor, chamberlain; -**pāla**, *m.* door-keeper; -**ka**, *m.* -**ikā**, *f. id.*; -**pidhāna**, *n.* door-bolt; -**phaleka**, *n.* fold of a door; -**bāhu**, *m.* door post; -**rakṣin**, *m.* door-keeper; -**vamaśa**, *m.* lintel of a door; -**vat**, *a.* many-gated; -**i**, *f.* *N.* of Krishna's residence; -**stha**, *a.* standing at the door or gate; *m.* janitor. [berlain]

द्वाराधिप dvārādhīpa, *m.* janitor, chamberlain; -**ika**, *m. id.*; **द्वारिन्** dvārīn, *m. id.*

द्वारीक dvārī-krī, employ as a mediator.

द्वार्ये dvārī-ya, *a.* belonging to the door; i, *f.* door-post.

द्वाविंश dvā-vimśā, *a.* twenty-second.

द्वाविंशति dvā-vimśati, *f.* twenty-two.

द्वासप्तति dvā-saptati, *f.* seventy-two.

द्वारस्थ dvārā-stha, *a.* standing at the door; *m.* janitor.

द्वि dvi-, two.

द्विक 1. dvi-ka, *a.* consisting of two; two; increased by two: *in.* satam, *n.* 102 = 2 per cent.

द्विक 2. dvi-ku, *m.* crow (having two k's in its name kaka).

द्विकर्मक dvi-karma-ka, *a.* having two objects, governing two accusatives; -**gava**, *a.* yoked with two oxen; -**grā**, *m.* numeral compound (the first member being a numeral); (i) -**gūṇa** (or **ā**), *a.* double, twofold; twice as great or much as (*gh.*, -); folded double; -**tara**, *cpr. id.*; -**tā**, *f.*; -**tva**, *n.* duplication.

द्विगुण्य dvigūṇa-ya, *den. P.* double, multiply by two; *pp.* ita, doubled, put round double.

द्विगुण्य dvigūṇā-ya, *Ā.* he doubled.

द्विगुणित dvigūṇit-kri, double, put on double; enfold doubly; -**bhā**, be doubled, become twice as great. [lies.]

द्विगोच dvi-gotra, *a.* belonging to two families.

द्विचतुरश्रक dvi-catun-śra-ka, *m.* kind of posture.

द्विज dvi-jā, *a.* twice-born; *m.* member of the three upper castes (reborn by investiture); (invested) Brāhman; bird (as being first produced in the egg), tooth (because renewed); -**tva**, *n.* state of a Brāhman; -**jāman**, *a.* having a double birth or birthplace; *m.* member of the three upper castes; *esp.* Brāhman.

द्विजमय dvija-maya, *a.* (i) consisting of Brāhmans; -**mukhya**, *m.* chief of the twice-born, Brāhman; -**rāga**, *m.* moon; -**rishi**, *m.* priestly sage (= brahmarshi); -**lingin**, *a.* bearing the distinctive marks of a Brāhman; -**vara**, *m.* best among the twice born, Brāhman; -**śreṣṭha**, -**sattama**, *m. id.*; -**agrya**, *m.* chief of the twice-born, Brāhman.

द्विजाति dvi-jāti, *a.* having two births; *m.* member of the three upper castes; *esp.* Brāhman; -**mukhya**, *m.* chief of the twice-born, Brāhman [to Brāhmans]

द्विजातिसाकृ dvigātīsāt-kri, present (*ne.*)

द्विजिह्व dvi-jihva, *a.* double-tongued (-**tā**, *f. abs.* &); deceitful; *m.* serpent.

द्विजेन्द्र dvija-indra, *m.* lord of the twice-born, Brāhman; -**i-vara**, *m. id.*; moon; -**uttama**, *m.* highest of the twice-born, Brāhman.

द्विद्वेयिन् dvit-sevin, *a.* serving = being in secret alliance with the enemy; *m.* traitor.

द्वित dvi-tā, *m. N.* of a god (second form of Agni; *cp.* Trita); *N.* of a seer.

द्वितय dvi-taya, *a.* twofold, double; both (*pl.* if both parts are regarded as *pl.*); *n.* pair.

द्विता dvitā, *in. ad.* (only in RV) likewise, equally, so also.

द्वितीय dvi-tīya, *a.* second; -*m, ad.* secondly; a second time; *m.* companion, friend; foe; -*a.* accompanied by, furnished with; i, *f.* female companion; second day of the fortnight; (terminations of the second case, accusative; word in the accusative case *gr.*); 2. -**tīya**, *a.* with bhāga, *m.* half; *n.* half.

द्वित्र dvi-tra, *a. pl.* two or three.

द्वित्रिचतुरम् dvi-tri-catun-śram, *ad.* twice, three or four times; -**tri-katush-pañcaka**, *a.* increased by two, three, four, or five; with satam, *n.* = two, three, four, or five per cent.

द्वित्र dvi-tva, *n.* two; duality; dual; re-

duplication; -**devatā**, *a.* sacred to two deities; -**drōṇa**, *n. sg.* two drōṇas (measure). *in.* two drōṇas at a time.

द्विध dvi-dha, *a.* split, forked.

द्विधा dvi-dhā, *ad.* twofold, in two (parts); in two ways: -**krī**, divide in two; -**bhā** *m gam*, be divided, break. [kinds.]

द्विधाकार dvīdhā-ākāra, *a.* twofold, of two

द्विनेत्रभेदिन् dvi-netra-bhedīn, *a.* knocking out both eyes. [with trunk and mouth].

द्विप dvi-pa, *m.* elephant (drinking twice,

द्विपद्विंश dvi-pañcā-vimśa, *n.* du. twice twenty-five; -**pañcāśa**, *a.* fifty-second; *n. du.* twice fifty.

द्विपद dvi-pad (or -pād; strong base -**pād**), *a.* two-footed; having two pādas (verre); *n.* biped, man; *n. coll.* men; *m.* metre containing two pādas.

द्विपद dvi-pāda, *a. id.*; *m.* man; *n. a metre*, i, *f.* verse containing two pādas.

द्विपदान dvīpa-dāna, *n.* temple juice of elephants in rat. [song.]

द्विपदिका dvi-pad-ikā, *f. a metre*; kind of

द्विपदी dvi-pad-i, *f. a metre containing two pādas*; kind of song in this metre; -**khaṇḍa**, *m. n.* kind of stanza.

द्विपपति dvīpa-pati, *m.* lord of elephants; lordly or full-grown elephant.

द्विपाद dvi-pāda, *a.* (i) two-footed.

द्विपायिन् dvi-pāyin, *m.* elephant (drinking twice, i. e. with trunk and mouth).

द्विपारी dvīpa-ri, *m.* (foe of elephants), lion, -**indra**, *m.* lord of elephants; lordly or full-grown elephant.

द्विप्रव्रजिनी dvi-pravrajīnī, *a. f.* running after two men, unchaste; -**bāhu**, *a.* two armed; *m.* man; -**bhāga**, *m.* half; -**bhādra**, *a.* having two months of Bhādra; -**bhaga**, *a.* two-armed; -**mātra**, *a.* twice as great, containing two morae; -**mukha**, *a.* (i) two-mouthed; -**mūrdhan**, *a.* two-headed; -**rāda**, *a.* having two tusks; *m.* elephant; -**rātrā**, *a.* lasting two days; *m.* feast lasting two days.

द्विरक्त dvir-ukta, *pp.* said twice, repeated; reduplicated; *n.* reduplication, -**ukti**, *f.* repetition, doubling.

द्विरूप dvi-rūpa, *a.* two-coloured; having two forms, twofold; -**retas**, *a.* (ass) impregnating doubly (*i. e.* male and she-ass), -**repha**, *m.* kind of bee; *id.* containing two r's in its name bhramara).

द्विर्भाव dvir-bhāva, *m.* doubling, reduplication; duplicity; -**vaśana**, *n.* reduplication.

द्विलक्ष dvi-lakṣa, *n.* distance of two hundred thousand yojana; -**lakṣana**, *a.* of two descriptions, twofold; -**laya**, *m.* (i) double time (*in music*); -**vaśana**, *n.* (terminations of the dual); -**vara**, *a.* two-coloured; -**varāsha**, *a.* two years old; -**vārāhika**, *a.* ikā *id.*; -**vastara**, *a.* clothed in an upper and an under garment; -**vidha**, *a.* twofold, of two kinds; -**vidhā**, *ad.* twofold.

द्विशत dvi-sata, *a.* (i) consisting of 200; 200th; *n.* 200 or 102; -**apha**, *a.* cloven-hoofed; *m.* animal with cloven hoofs; -**śas**, *ad.* by twos, -**śras**, *a.* two-headed; -**śrīga**, *a.* having two horns or peaks.

द्विष DVISH, II. dvēṣh/i, dvish/e, dislike, be hostile to, show one's hatred

towards, hate (acc., etc. d. or g.); vie with, be a match for: pp. **dvishā**, hateful, disagreeable, odious; hostile. **pra**, dislike; hate. **vi**, id.; **ā**, beat enmity. **pr. pt.** P. **ā** hostile; m foe, pp. hated, odious; hostile to (acc.), ex **-dvesh-āya**, P. make enemies of; disgust (acc.).

द्विष dvish, f. (nm. **dvī**) enmity, hate; m. f. foe; a. disliking, hostile to, hating (-°).

द्विष dvish-a, a. hating (-°).

द्विषत् dvish-āt, **pr. pt.** (f. **-anti**) hating, disliking, hostile; m. foe. [ableness]

द्विष्ट dvishṭa-tva, n. hatefulness, disagree-

द्विस् dvī-s, ad. twice: ***dvīr ahaṁ**, **aham**, or **ahni**, twice a day

द्विसप्तति dvi-saptati, f. seventy-two; **-sa-haṁsa**, n. two thousand; **-sūrya**, a. having two suns.

द्विःसम dvīḥ-sama, a. twice as great

द्विहायन dvi-hāyana, a. (i) two years old; **-hina**, pp. devoid of the two, i. e. of m. and f., of the neuter gender; n. neuter.

द्वीप dvīpā, m. n. [dviap-a, having water on both sides], sandbank in a river; island, concentric terrestrial island *the world being considered to consist of 4, 7, 13, or 18 such encircling Mount Meru like the petals of a lotus*.

द्वीपकर्मि dvīpi-karmi, m. N. of a king; **-sharman**, n. tiger-skin

द्वीपिन् dvīpi-n, m. (having insulated spots), panther, leopard, *tiger [islands]

द्वीपिनी dvīpi-nī, f. river; ocean (having

द्वीप dvīp-ya, a. dwelling on islands.

द्वय dv-rika, m. stanza of two verses.

द्विधा dve-dhā, ad. in two parts, twofold; **-krita**, pp. broken in two. [ting in two]

द्विधाक्रिया dvedhā-kriyā, f. breaking, splitting

द्वेष dvesh-a, m. dislike, abhorrence, hatred (of -); malice, malignity: **-m kṛi**, show one's hatred towards (acc., etc.).

द्वेषण dvesh-ana, a. disliking, hating; n. dislike, hatred, hostility towards (acc. or -); **-āniya**, pp. hateful

द्वेषस् dvesh-as, n. abhorrence, hatred; for.

द्वेषस्त dvesha-stha, a. cherishing dislike.

द्वेषिन् dvesh-in a. disliking, hating, abhorring (acc. or -); seeking to injure; m. foe, **-tri**, m. hater, enemy

द्वेष्य dvesh-ya, f. hateful, odious. m. foe. **-tā**, f. **-tva**, n. odiousness.

द्विगुण्य dvi-guṇ-ya, n. double amount.

द्विजात dvai-jāta, a. belonging to or consisting of the twice-born

द्वैत dvaitā n. duality, **-vāda**, m. dualistic

द्वैतिन् dvait-in, m. dualist. [doctrine]

द्वेध dvaidha, a. divided; twofold, double **-m**, ad. in two parts, n. duality; doubleness, difference, conflict, contradiction, division of force.

द्वैधीभाव dvaidhī-bhāva, m. double nature, duality; division of forces, double game, duplicity; uncertainty, doubt

द्वैधीयु dvaidhī-bhū, be divided, come into conflict with itself, be at variance

द्विप dvai-pa, a. 1. dwelling on an island (dvī-pa); 2. coming from the panther (dvīpin)

द्विपद dvai-pada, a. consisting of dvīpadās.

द्विपायन dvai-pāyana, m. Islander, **ep. of** Vyāsa; a. relating to Dvāipāyana.

द्विप dvai-p-ya, a. dwelling on or coming from: an island.

द्विमातुर dvai-mātura, a. having two mothers (*real and step*); having different mothers (*brothers*). **-bhātrī**, m. step brother, **-mā-ya**, a. lasting two months, **-ratha**, n. **-vud** dha single combat with chariots; single fight; m. adversary; **-rāṇya**, a. dominion divided between two kings; frontier, **-vidh-ya**, n. twofold nature, duality; **-samāhya**, n. the two twilights

द्वय dvayana, m. sg. two parts; i. f. id.: a. having two shares; **-aksha**, a. (i) two eyed, **-ākshara**, n. sg. two syllables; a. also n. dissyllabic, n. dissyllabic word, **-ana-kā**, a. combination of two atoms, **-adhi-ka**, a. increased by two, two later than (*tabak*); two more, **-antara**, a. separated by two intermediate links, **-abhiyoga**, m. presentation of two kinds, **-artha**, a. having two senses, ambiguous; **-ardha**, a. one and a half; **-aha**, a. lasting two days, m. period of two days, **-am**, for two days, **-ah**, **-le** after two days, **-aha-vritta**, pp. having happened two days ago.

द्वयस्य dvāśya, a. two-mouthed.

द्व्युक्त dvuyuktha, a. pronouncing two ukthas, **-ūraṇa**, a. having two humps; **-eka antara**, a. having two of one (scale) intervening (i. e. three or two grades lower)

ध DH.

ध dha, a. (-°) placing, putting; bestowing, **धक** dhak, nm. of **दह** -dah. [granting]

धनिगति dhag-iti, ad. in a trie.

धट dhata, m. [dhat-tra, weigher], scale of a balance; i. f. loin-cloth

धत्तुर dhattūm, m. white thorn-apple (*du-luca alba*); n. its fruit; n. gold.

धन् DHAN. III. P. **dadhan-ti**, set in motion, cause to run; es. **dhānāya**, ul. **ā**, run

धन dhā-na, n. [deposit √dhā] I. prize of a contest, booty; stake or winnings in play; contest, I. C. chattels, goods, property, wealth, treasure, money; reward, gift, -, abundance in: - a. possessing.

धनकोश dhana-kosha, m. treasury, store of wealth; **-kshaya**, m. loss of money or property; **-garva**, m. N. Purse-proud; **-gupta**, pp. hoarding his money, penurious, miserly; **-gotri**, m. penurious man, miser **-tā**, f. penuriousness; **-rāta**, n. pl. the genus property, goods of all kinds.

धनत्रय dhanam-traya, a. winning booty; victorious in fight; m. fire; vital air that fattens; **ep. of** Arjuna; N. **-vijaya**, m. Victory of Arjuna, I. of a play

धनवृत्ति dhana-vṛtti, f. sufficiency of money; **-da**, a. wealth-giving, liberal; m. Giver of wealth, **ep. of** Kubera; N., **-danda**, m. fine; **-datta**, m. N. of various merchants; **-dā**, a. bestowing wealth.

धनदानुज dhanaḍana-ana, m. son of Kubera

धनदेव dhana-deva, m. N. [**ep. of** Ravana]

धनदेवर dhanaḍeva, m. **ep. of** Kubera

(wealth bestowing god).

धननाश dhana-nāsa, m. loss of property

-pati, m. lord of wealth; rich man, **-p** of Kubera, **-para**, a. intent on money, **-mada**, m. pride of wealth **-vat**, a. purse proud,

-mitra, m. N. of a merchant, **-mūla**, a. having its root in - arising from wealth, **-yauvana-vālin**, a. endowed with wealth and youth, **-raksha**, a. money-saving, penurious, **-rūpa**, n. particular kind of wealth, **-lobha**, m. avarice; **-vat**, a. wealthy; m. rich man, ocean **-i**, f. N. **-varāta**, pp. destitute of wealth, poor; **-viparyaya**, m. loss of property, **-vriddha**, pp. rich in money, **-vyaya**, m. expenditure of money

धनसंचय dhana-saṅkaya, m. **-na**, n. accumulation of riches; **-samlāyin**, a. rich; m. rich man; **-saṁpatti**, f. riches; **-sādhana**, n. acquisition of riches; **-sthāna**, n. treasury; **-adhikārin**, m. treasurer, **-svāmin**, m. landed man, capitalist; **-hina**, pp. destitute of wealth, poor; **-tā**, f. poverty.

धनानम dhana-āgama, m. acquisition of wealth, income; **-āthya**, a. rich **-tā**, f. wealth; **-adhika**, a. rich; **-adhipa**, **-adhipati**, m. **ep. of** Kubera, **-adhyaksha**, m. treasurer; **-anvita**, pp. wealthy; **-āpti**, f. acquisition of treasure

धनाय dhana-ya, den. P. **ā**. long for (d., g.); **ā**. value.

धनार्थिन् dhana arthin, a. eager for money, avaricious; **-kāṁ**, f. hope of making money

धनिक dhanika, a. rich, m. rich man; creditor; N.; **-in**, a. wealthy, m. rich man; creditor; **-ishtha**, **ep.** extremely rich. **ā**, f. **sq. & pl.** N. of a lunar mansion. *Śuklavishthā*

धनु 1. dhann, m. bow.

धनु 2. dhānu, f. sandbank; shore, island *also of clouds*.

धनुर्ग्रह dhanu-graha, m. bowman, archer. **-grāha**, **-grāhin**, m. id.; **-gyā**, f. bowstring, **-durga**, a. inaccessible because of a desert, **-dhara**, n. fortress protected by a desert; **-dhara**, a. bearing a bow; m. archer; **-dhārin**, **-bhāt**, a. m. ul.; **-yantra**, n. bow, **-yashī**, f. ul.; **-yogyā**, f. practice in archery; **-latā**, f. bow, **-vidyā**, f. archery; **-veda**, m. id.

धनुक dhanush-ka, °a. = **धनुस्** 1. dhanus

धनुकाण्ड dhanush-kānda, n. sg. bow and arrow; **-kāra**, **-kāt**, m. bow-maker; **-koṭi** (or **ī**), notched end of a bow; **-khanda**, n. piece of a bow, **-pāṇi**, a. bow in hand, armed with a bow, **-mat**, a. (a) named with a bow, m. bowman **-tā**, f. archery

धनुस् 1. dhānu-us, n. bow; a. measure of length (= 4 hastas)

धनुस् 2. dhan-us, n. desert.

धनु dhan-ū, f. = 2. dhānu.

धनैका dhana ikhā, f. desire for gold; **-ina**, m. possessor of wealth, rich man; **ep. of** Kubera; **-ivara**, m. **ep. of** Kubera; n.

N. of a locality (?); -**ai-varya**, *n.* dominion of or lordship over wealth; -**ashin**, *a.* demanding his money; *m.* creditor; -**nashman**, *m.* (heat =) burning desire of riches.

धन्व dhan-ya, *a.* wealthy; procuring wealth; auspicious, salutary; happy, fortunate; -², abounding in; *m.* *N.*

धन्वक dhanya-ka, *m.* *N.*; -**tara**, *ep.* luckier (than, in.); -**tā**, *f.* fortunate condition.

धन्वमन्व dhanyam-manyā, *a.* deeming oneself happy

धनोदय dhanya udaya, *m.* *N.*

धन्व DHANV, I. P. **dhānva**, *run.*

धन्व dhanva, *n.* bow (only -); *m.* *N.*

धन्वदुर्ग dhanva-durga = dhanur-durga.

धन्वन् 1. dhān-van, *n.* bow (in *C.* almost exclusively -); *a.* [land; desert

धन्वन् 2. dhān-van, *n.*; *m.* (in *C.* only) dry

धन्वन dhanyana, *m.* a tree; *n.* its fruit.

धन्वन्तरि dhanvan-tari, *m.* [moving in an arc] *N. of a being worshipped as a god; ep. of the sun; N. of the physician of the gods, produced at the churning of the ocean. -yag-ña*, *m.* sacrifice to Dhanvantari.

धन्वायन dhanvāyana, *m.* archer.

धन्विन् dhanv-in, *a.* armed with a bow; *m.* archer.

धन् धाम, *r.* **धा** DHIMĀ.

धम dham-n, *a.* blowing, melting (-); -**ana**, *a.* blowing away, dispersing; *m.* reed; *n.* smelting; -**āni**, *f.* whistling; tube, pipe, vessel (in the body), vein (also ī).

धम्मट dhammata, *m.* *N.*

धम्मिका dhammika, *f.* *N.*

धम्मिल्ल dhammilla, *m.* braided hair tied round the heads of women - *a.* *f.* & or -**kā**).

धय dhay-n, *a.* sucking, sipping (-), *q.*

धर dhar-n, *a.* (only -) bearing, holding; wearing; keeping, preserving; maintaining, supporting; observing, remembering, knowing; possessing; -**ā**, *f.* earth.

धरण dhār-ana, *n.* (i) bearing, preserving, holding, supporting; procuring (-); support; *m.* a certain weight - 10 pulas).

धराणि dhar-ani, *f.* earth: -**tala-taitila**, *m.* god on earth, Brahman; -**dhara**, *a.* supporting or preserving the earth, *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna; *m.* mountain; -**pati**, -**bhag**, -**bhrit**, *m.* prince, king

धरणी dhar-ani, *f.* [supporter], earth: -**dhara**, *a.* supporting or preserving the earth; *ep.* of Krishna or Vishnu, *m.* mountain; king; *N.*; -**dhra**, *m.* mountain; -**bhrit**, *a.* supporting the earth; *m.* mountain -**mandala**, *n.* circle of the earth, *or* *is. terratum*; -**ruha**, *m.* growing in the earth, tree; -**va-rāha**, *m.* *N. of a king*

धराधर dhara-dhara, *a.* a preserving or supporting the earth; *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna; *m.* mountain; -**indra**, *m.* lord of mountains, the Himalaya; -**dhava**, *m.* king; -**adhira**, *m.* lord of earth, king; -**pati**, *m.* lord of earth, *ep.* of Vishnu; prince, king; -**bhag**, *m.* (enjoyer of earth), king; -**bhrit**, *m.* supporter of earth, mountain.

धरामर dharamara, *m.* god on earth, Brahman; -**aya**, *a.* sleeping on the ground.

धरित्री dhar-i-tri, *f.* supporter; earth.

धरिमन् dhar-i-man, *m.* balance: (-**ima**)-**moya**, *fp.* measurable by weight.

धरण dhar-ana, *a.* (i) bearing, supporting; spacious; *m.* bearer, supporter; *n.* support, foundation; firm ground; *n.*, *i.*, *f.* receptacle.

धर्षसि dharmasi, *a.* strong, vigorous.

धर्तु dhar-tri, *m.*, -**tri**, *f.* supporter; pre-
धर्तु dhar-trā, *n.* support. [server.

धर्म dhār-ma, *m.* established order, usage, institution, custom, prescription; rule; duty; virtue, moral merit, good works; right; justice; law (concerning, *g.* or -); often personified, *ep.* as Yama, judge of the dead, and as a Prajāpati; nature, character, essential quality, characteristic attribute, property; *in. dharmas*, in accordance with law, custom, or duty, as is or was right; -², after the manner of, in accordance with; **dharme sthita**, observing the law, true to one's duty.

धर्मकर्मन् dharmā-karman, *n.* virtuous action, good work; -**kārya**, *n.* religious duty; -**kriya**, *n.* performance of duty, religious rite; -**kosa**, *m.* treasury of the law; -**kriyā**, *f.* performance of meritorious acts; religious ceremonies; -**kshetra**, *n.* Field of Law (= Kurukshetra); -**gupta**, *pp.* *N.* (law-protected); -**gopa**, *m.* *N. of a prince*; -**ghna**, *a.* violating the law, illegal; -**akra**, *n.* wheel of the law (as a symbol of far-reaching justice); -**āraṇa**, *m.*, -**kāryā**, *f.* fulfilment of duties; -**āra**, *n.* fulfilling one's duty, virtuous; (*n.* *i.* *f.* wife who is a companion in duty; -**ja**, *a.* begotten for the sake of duty; -**giva**, *a.* living by the performance of good works; -**gīa**, *a.* knowing the law, - one's duty or what is right; -**tā**, *f.* abst. *s.*; -**gīāna**, *n.* knowledge of the law, - of what is right.

धर्मतः dharmā-tah, *ad.* by right; according to the (sacred) law or rule; as regards or for the sake of spiritual merit; through virtue; from a pious motive; also = *ab.* (-); -**datta**, *m.* *N.*, -**dāna**, *n.* gift from a scene of duty, disinterested gift; -**dāra**, *m.* lawful wife; -**dāra**, *a.* having an eye for (= a sense of justice); -**dava**, *m.* god of justice; -**de-aka**, *m.* instructor in the law; -**de-āni**, *f.* instruction in the law; -**druh**, *a.* violating the law; -**dhurya**, *a.* foremost in (= paragon of) virtue; -**dhava**, *m.* *N.*; -**dhva**, *in.* a flaunting the flag of virtue, hypocritical.

धर्मन् 1. dhar-mān, *m.* bearer, supporter

धर्मन् 2. dhār-man, *n.* (*C.* only -) support; settled order, law, usage, manner; law of a thing's being, characteristic, property; right conduct; duty towards (*le.*); *in.* in order, duly.

धर्मनाथ dharmā-nātha, *m.* lawful protector; -**nitya**, *a.* persistent in duty; -**pati**, *m.* lord of order; -**patni**, *f.* lawful wife; -**patha**, *m.* path of duty or virtue; -**para**, -**parāyana**, *a.* devoted to duty, righteous; -**pāthaka**, *m.* teacher of law, jurist; -**pīḍā**, *f.* violation of duty; -**pūta**, *pp.* of unskillful virtue; -**pratibhā**, *a.* for which justice is surety; -**pravaktri**, *m.* teacher of law, jurist; -**pravṛtti**, *f.* practice of virtue, virtuous conduct; -**buddhi**, *a.* righteous-minded; *N.*; -**bhagini**, *f.* woman admitted to the rights of a sister, sister in faith (*Pr.*); -**bhāgīn**, *a.* possessed of virtue, virtuous; -**bhikshu-ka**, *m.* beggar for virtuous reasons; -**bhrit**, *a.* maintaining the law, just (king); -**bhrātṛ**, *m.* brother in the sacred law, co-religionist; -**māya**, *a.* consisting of virtue; -**mātra**, *n.*

the manner only; *a.* relating to attributes only; only attributive; -**mārga**, *m.* path of virtue; -**mūla**, *n.* source of the sacred law or of justice; -**yukta**, *pp.* endowed with virtue, virtuous, just; harmonizing with the law; -**yuddha**, *n.* fair contest; -**rakshitā**, *f.* *N.*; -**rata**, *pp.* delighting in virtue; -**ratī**, *a.* *il.*; -**raḡ**, *m.* king of justice, *ep.* of Yama; -**rāḡa**, *m.* just king, *ep.* of Yama; -**rāḡan**, *m.* *ep.* of Yudhishtira; -**ruḡi**, *a.* delighting in virtue; *N. of a Dānava*; -**lopa**, *m.* neglect of duty; absence of an attribute (*rh.*); -**vat**, *a.* virtuous, just; -**i**, *f.* *N.*; -**vardhana**, *a.* increasing virtue (*Sira*); *m.* *N.*; -**vāda**, *n.* discourse on virtue or duty; -**vādin**, *a.* discoursing on duty; -**vigaya**, *m.* triumph of virtue or justice; -**vid**, *a.* knowing the sacred law or one's duty; versed in customary law; -**viplava**, *m.* violation of the law; -**vi-velāna**, *n.* discussion of the law or of duty; -**vyādha**, *pp.* rich in virtue; -**vyatikrama**, *m.* transgression of the law; -**vyavasthā**, *f.* judicial decision; -**vyādha**, *m.* *N. of a virtu-*

धर्मशास्त्र dharmā-śāstra, *n.* manual of law; -**śāstra**, *n.* authoritative compendium of law; law-book; -**āstrin**, *m.* adherent of the law-books; *pl.* a certain school; -**āla**, *a.* just, virtuous; *m.* *N.*; -**samyukta**, *pp.* legal; -**samrita**, *pp.* just, virtuous; -**samkathā**, *f.* *pl.* discourses on virtue; -**samgīḥ**, *f.* sense of duty; -**samaya**, *m.* obligation entered into; -**sādhana**, *n.* fulfilment of duty; necessary means for the fulfilment of duty; -**śāstra**, *n.* *ūtra* treatise on customary law; -**seṇa**, *m.* *N. of a merchant*; -**sevana**, *n.* fulfilment of duty; -**skandha**, *m.* chapter on law; -**stha**, *m.* judge; -**sthānā-rāḡa**, *m.* main pillar of the law; -**svāmīn**, *m.* *N. of a temple erected by king Dharmā*; -**hantri**, *m.* -**tri**, *f.* violator of the law; -**hāni**, *f.* neglect of duty; -**hina**, *pp.* excluded from the pale of the law.

धर्मोक्त्यान् dharmā ākhyāna, *n.* setting forth of duty; -**āśārya**, *m.* teacher of the law; -**atikrama**, *m.* transgression of the law; -**ātma-tā**, *f.* justicer, virtue; -**ātman**, *a.* having a virtuous nature, conscious of duty, just; -**āde-aka**, *m.* instructor in the law (*i.* *l.* *f.* dharmā-desaka); -**adharma-gīa**, *a.* knowing right and wrong; -**adharma-parikshana**, *n.* enquiry as to right and wrong; kind of ordeal; -**adhikara**, *n.* law court; -**adhishtā**, *n.* court of justice; -**adhikāra**, *m.* administration of justice; -**adhikāraṇika**, *m.* judge; -**adhikārin**, *m.* *id.*; -**adhikrita**, (*pp.* *m.* *id.*); -**adhishtāna**, *n.* court of justice; -**adhyaksha**, *m.* chief justice; -**adhvan**, *m.* path of virtue; -**anukāshin**, *a.* striving after justice; intent on righteousness; -**anushāṇa**, *n.* fulfilment of the law; -**abhisheka-kriyā**, *f.* prescribed ablution.

धर्मारण्य dharmā-anya, *n.* forest for the performance of religious duties; hermit-wood; *N. of a forest in Mādhyaḡaḡa*, *N. of a city*; -**artha-yukta**, *pp.* according with the good and the useful; -**a-rata**, *pp.* just, virtuous; -**āsana**, *n.* judgment-seat; -**asti-kāya**, *m.* category of virtue (with the Jain); -**ābrita**, *pp.* legitimately acquired.

धर्मिन् dharmī-tya, *n.* justice, virtue, devotion to duty; -², obligation or duty of; possession of the characteristics of.

धर्मिन् dharm-in, *a.* observing the law, knowing one's duty, virtuous; having attributes; -², observing the law or of having the rights of, having the nature, peculiarities, or characteristics of.

धर्मिष्ठ dharm-ishtha, *adv.* thoroughly versed in duty, very just or virtuous; completely harmonizing with the law or duty.

धर्मेष्णु dharm-ipsu, *a.* striving after moral merit.

धर्मोत्तर dharm-uttara, *a.* devoted to justice, virtue, or duty; -**upadesa**, *m.* instruction or precepts regarding the sacred law or duty; body of law; -**upadesana**, *f.* instruction regarding the law; -**upama**, *f.* simile based on a common characteristic attribute.

धर्म्य dharm-ya, *a.* lawful, legal, legitimate; permitted by the sacred tradition, customary; just, honest; befitting (*g.*).

धर्षक dharsh-aka, *a.* assailing (-*o*); -**ana**, *n.*, *ā*, *f.* assault, ill-treatment, offence; -**avaya**, *fp.* easy to assail or conquer; -**ina**, *a.* assailing, ill-treating, offending (*g.*).

धव् DHAV, dhavate, run (*RI*).

धव dhav-ā, *m.* man; husband; lord; *a* shrub.

धवल dhava-la, *a.* dazzling white; *m.* *N.*: *n.* *N.* of a city: -**giri**, *m.* Dolaghir, *N.* of a mountain (White Mountain); -**grīha**, *n.* upper storey (so called because painted white); -**ta**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* whiteness; -**paksha**, *m.* (white-winged) goose; -**vihaṅgama**, *m.* swan; -**mu-kha**, *m.* *N.*

धवलय dhavalā-ya, *den.* *P.* whiten; illumine; *pp.* dhavalita, whitened; illumined.

धवलया dhavalā-ya, *den.* *P.* become or look dazzling white; *pp.* dhavalāyita.

धवलमन dhaval-i-man, *m.* whiteness; brilliance; pureness.

धवली dhavali, *f.* white cow; white hair.

धविव dhav-i-tva, *n.* [√dhū] fan, (leather) flap or whisk.

धा १. DHĀ, III. **dādāh**, **dādāh**, put, place, set, lay, apply, attach (to, on, in, le.); convey to (le.); assign or grant to, bestow on (*d.*, *g.*, *le.*), make, appoint, constitute (*2 ac.*); cause, produce, undertake; hold, grasp, carry, bear (*seed*, *etc.*); wear, put on; support, preserve, maintain; assume, show, incur, possess, *ā* take to oneself, receive, obtain, conceive (*seed*); fix the mind or thoughts (*kr̥tām*, *matīm*, *manas*) on, resolve to (*d.*, *le.*, *prati*, *inf.*, or *iti* with *oratio recta*); place the hopes (*āśam*) on (*le.*); *ps.* **dhīyate**: *pp.* **hita**, *g.* *r.*: *cs.* -**dhāpaya**; *dx.* **dīdhisha** (*RI*); *P.* wish to give or bestow; *ā* wish to obtain; **dhitsa**, (*l.* *l.*); wish to place on (*le.*); **adhi**, put on, bestow on (*d.*, *le.*); *ā* put on, assume, wear, **antar**, *P.* place within (*le.*); place between; separate, remove; cover, conceal, cause to disappear, make invisible; *P.* receive in oneself, contain; *ps.* be concealed, disappear, **antārhitā**, separated; covered, with (*le.*); hidden, made invisible, vanished, in (*le.*); *api* or *pi* (the latter is the commoner form from *Manu* onwards), insert, in (*le.*); cover up, close, conceal; *ps.* be hidden, vanish; *pp.* hidden, suffused (*egc.*); obstructed; rendered invisible **abhi**, give up to (*d.*); envelope, encircle, bind, with (*in.*); yoke; put a name upon, designate, name; declare, state, explain; utter, say; address, speak to (*2 ac.*); *ps.* be designated, named, or called; *pp.* designated, named; addressed, spoken to; stated, declared, spoken about, *cs.* *ā* cause to be named. **pratiabhi**, take back; reply, answer; approve. **sam-abhi**, speak to, address. **ava**,

put down, immerse, shut up, enclose, in (*le.*); give heed, attend; *ps.* *impr.* **avadhiyātām**, let attention be paid to (*le.*); *pp.* enclosed in (*le.*); fallen into the water; attentive, to (*le.*); *cs.* cause to be placed in (*le.*); **viava**, interpose; interrupt; put aside; *ps.* *impr.* **vya-vadhiyātām**, one should separate oneself from (*ab.*); *pp.* remote; hidden, rendered invisible, by (-*o*); checked, obstructed, by (-*o*); removed from anything, merely relating to, not immediately affected (*gr.*; *cs.* separate. *ā*, generally *ā*, in *C.*, place, set, lay, put in or on, *le.*; deposit *seed* in (*g.*); dedicate actions to (*le.*); instil virtue into (*le.*); direct the gaze towards (*le.*); fix the mind on thoughts on (*le.*); bestow care, put wood on the fire, stake (at play); pledge, pawn; grant to, confer on (*d.*, *g.*, *le.*), transfer to (*le.*); employ for (*le.*); *ā* seize, take, accept, receive; conceive (*garbham*); accept a doctrine; take a vow; get into a passion, *etc.*; produce, cause; *pp.* resting on (*le.*); pledged, **atiā**, raise above; *pp.* disagreeable **annā**, add fuel to the fire, stir fire, *pp.* handed on to another for restoration to the owner (pledge); **abhiā**, place *esp.* *fp.* on the fire (*le.*); lay on (*ps.*); **upaā**, place upon (*le.*); *pp.* produced, caused, *qd.* taking with one, with *ac.*; **pariā**, surround with fire, *pp.* anticipated by a younger brother in kindling the sacred fire **sam-ā**, add fuel to the fire; stir fire; place, set, put, on or in (*le.*); adjust (an arrow), impose; fix mind or gaze on (*le.*); collect the thoughts, concentrate the mind (atmanam or manas); be absorbed in prayer, conceive the thought (matim or manas), resolve to (*iti* with *oratio recta*); entrust to (*le.*); establish in (*le.*); redress, remedy; retrieve; produce, cause, *ā*, put on (garment), assume a shape; appropriate; display (*angr.*), courage; show (*honori*); undergo (*effort*); devote oneself completely to *ac.*; settle, establish, dispose of a difficulty, admit, grant; *pp.* joined or furnished with (*in.*); united, assembled, rendered; having the thoughts collected; having the mind concentrated, intent, on (*le.*); *ps.* **upa-sam-ā**, add fuel; stir, kindle (fire); put in its place, arrange **prati-sam-ā**, replace; restore, redress; correct or dispose of (an error); *nd.* set up, build up; expose **upa**, place or put upon or in (*le.*), under adha stat; affix; bestow efforts (*kriyām*) on (*le.*); apply, employ, transfer to (*d.*), touch (*le.*); add; take to heart (*hr̥di*) - ponder (*gm*) placed on (-*o*); affixed, inserted; set (*gm*) in (*le.*); immediately preceded by (*in.*); joined with (-*o*); conditioned by (-*o*), brought, produced, misled, deceived, *ni*, lay, set or put down on or in (*le.*); bury or conceal in (*le.*); place on the head (*le.*), rarely in *ak.* - honour, take to heart (*manas*), reflect, ponder; direct the gaze towards (*le.*); fix the mind on (*d.*); resolve; expend labour (*kriyām*) on (*le.*); appoint to (*le.*); deliver, entrust, or present to (*d.*, *le.*); preserve in the heart (*hr̥di*), *manas* = keep in memory; bestow (one's heart) on (*le.*); keep down, restrain; *ps.* be contained in (*le.*); *cs.* cause to be placed in (*le.*); cause to be kept as a deposit. **adhi-ni**, lay down on (*le.*); bestow on (*le.*); **abhi-ni**, *ā* take or impose upon oneself (*d.*); *pp.* touched **upa-ni**, place beside; set before any one (*d.*); bring close to (*le.*); bring on, produce; bury (*treasures*); deposit with, entrust to (*le.*); **pra-ni**, lay down; put on or in; apply (*a knife* *etc.*); set a *gm* in (*le.*); stretch out; touch with (*in.*); direct (thoughts or gaze) towards (*le.*); *pp.* delivered to (*d.*); sent out (*spice*); intent on (*le.*); concentrated; ascertained. **prati-ni**, substitute; command; *pp.* appropriate.

vi-ni, distribute; lay aside, put down; place or put on or in; direct (thoughts or gaze) towards (*le.*); appoint to an office (*le.*); **hr̥di**, take any one (*ac.*) into one's heart **nam-ni**, put down together in (*le.*); lay down, keep; deposit in (*le.*); accumulate; direct (the gaze) towards (*le.*); place near; *ā* be present in (*le.*), be near or present, *pp.* near, present, at hand, imminent; ready for (*d.*); *cs.* bring near; *ps.* manifest oneself. **pari**, *P.* *ā* put round; put on (*a garment*); clothe, with (*in.*); attire oneself; surround. *P.* conclude (*a liturgical recitation*); *cs.* cause to put on, clothe in (*2 ac.*); **vi-pari**, change *esp.* a garment, change one's clothes. **pra**, set before; send out *spice*; **prati**, place in (*le.*); adjust (an arrow, aim, raise to the lips *goblet*); put down (*the feet*); offer, employ, restore; restrain; *ā*, *ps.* begin. **anu-prati**, present after another (*ac.*) **vi**, distribute; procure, grant, bestow; fulfil *desires*, determine, prescribe, ordain; secure a maintenance; show, display (*emotion*); create, form, fashion, construct, build, lay out; arrange, divide; procure, devise (*a means*); perform, effect, produce, achieve, bring about; make, do; contrive; so manage that (*tattha yatha*), hold counsel, *esp.* of *jee*; conclude (*friendship, peace*); commence (*hostilities*); put on (*clothes*); show honour, hospitality; give a kiss, fight on battle; put questions; turn into *e.g.* a lion (*sam-latvam*); make, appoint, or render any one (*2 ac.*); put or lay in or on (*le.*); place before *agratath* or before *udhish*, take to heart (*le.*); direct (the mind) towards (*le.*); despatch (*spice*); *P.* take trouble with (*d.*); *ps.* be allotted to or intended for *g.*; be accounted *own*; be engaged for a husband (*own*); **kim vidhiyātām tena**, what is to be done with that? *des.* seek to determine or establish, wish to devise (*an expedient*); think of acquiring (*money*); wish to render (*2 ac.*); wish to contrive *ps.* *pt.* *ā* scheming **anu-vi**, prescribe in accordance with (*in.*); contrive, effect; take *ac.* as a standard, *ps.* conform to, be guided by *ac.* *g.* **pra-vi**, divide; *ā* mind; show great attention to (*ac.*); **prati-vi**, dispose, arrange, despatch (*spice*), counteract, do against (*g.*); oppose a conclusion **sam-vi**, determine, prescribe (*ā*), order, arrange, manage, mind; employ, make use of (*in.*); render (*2 ac.*) **manāsam**, keep up the spirits, be of good cheer; *cs.* let any one act, trust to any one's management **sam**, put or sew together, combine, join, unite with, (*in.*); compose; collect; exchange words (*vakam*) with (*in.*); close eyes; heal wounds; restore, redress, remedy; place together on, lay down in (*le.*); *guly*, *ā* fix an arrow on a bow (*le.*); against (*d.*); direct the gaze thither, *tatah*, confer on (*le.*); grant; give to *manas* to (*g.*); place *endeavour* (*saddham*) in a thing (*le.*); *ā*; *em* play for, appoint to (*le.*); involve any one in (*le.*); conclude (*an alliance*), afflict, afford assistance (*sāhyayam*); *ā* bring together, reconcile; be united or reconciled, a true make friends, with (*in.*); be a match for (*ac.*), make use of (*in.*); *ps.* be united with, come into possession of (*in.*); *pp.* joined or connected with, accompanied by, referring to, endowed with, conformable to, caused by; being on a friendly footing with (*in.*); **ati-sam**, revile; deceive (*1, l.*); surpass, in regard to (*prati*); produce a thing *ac.* **anu-sam**, fix the thoughts on, direct the attention to, explore, investigate, observe; solve or dispose of a difficulty, collect oneself *atmānam* **abhi-sam**, hit or adjust (an arrow, on a bow *in.*); direct (*a missile*, at (*d.*, *le.*);

aim at, purpose, have in view; come to an agreement with respect to (acc.); prevail over, subject, render subservient; seek to gain over; unite or ally oneself with (in.); \hat{A} . design for, appoint (2 acc.); *pp.* referring to - \hat{A} ; *gd.* from interested motives. **apsa-sam**, add; increase; unite with, impart to any one (in.); have in view *pp.* endowed with, accompanied or surrounded by (in., - \hat{A}); con-formable to \hat{A} . **prati-sam**, \hat{P} . put together again; \hat{A} . put on, adjust, \hat{A} . return, reply; \hat{A} . gain insight into (acc.); \hat{P} . \hat{A} . recollect

धा 2. DHĀ, v. धे DHE.

धा 3. dhā, a. °. placing etc.; giving, granting (v. $\sqrt{1}$. dhā).

धाटी dhāṭi, f. sudden attack, surprise.

धातु 1. dhātu, m. layer; component part (- \hat{A}); element (fire are assumed; ether, air, fire, earth, water); elementary constituent of the body (seven are assumed: alimentary juice, blood, flesh, fat, bone, marrow, semen, or five: ear, nose, mouth, heart, abdomen, or three = dosha: wind, gall, phlegm); elementary constituent of the earth or of mountains: ore, mineral, metal, esp. red chalk; verbal element, verbal root or base.

धातु 2. dhātu, a. suitable for sucking.

धातुकुशल dhātū-kusala, a. skilled in metal-lurgy; **-kriyā, f.** metallurgy; **-garbha-kum-bha, m.** ash-pot; **-ghoshā, f.** \hat{T} . of a work on verbal roots; **-kārma, n.** mineral powder; **-pāṭha, m.** list of verbal roots (ascribed to Pāṇini); **-mat, a.** containing elements; abounding in minerals; **-tā, f.** richness in minerals; **-maya, a.** (i) consisting of or abounding in metals or minerals; **-vāda, m.** art of assaying, metallurgy; alchemy; **-vād-in, m.** assayer; **-viśa, n.** mineral poison; **-vritti, f.** (Sāyana's) commentary on the verbal roots.

धातु dhā-tri, m. supporter, establisher; precursor; originator, creator; \hat{C} .: Creator of the world (= Brahman); Fate; \hat{N} . of a son of Brahma and brother of Vīdhātri and Lakṣmi; adulterer.

धात्र धा-trā, a. relating to Dhātri.

धात्री dhā-tri, f. nurse; midwife; waiting-woman; mother; earth. [*f. id*]

धात्रिका dhātrī-ikā, f. foster-sister; -i.

धात्राकर dhātā-kara, m. mineral mine.

धान dhāna, a. °. containing; \hat{n} . receptacle; abode, seat; \hat{i} , \hat{f} . *id*.

धानक dhāna-ka, m. a coin (= 4 kārṣāpāna); \hat{n} . coriander

धाना dhānā, f. pl. grain.

धानुक dhānush-ka, a. armed with a bow; \hat{m} Bowman. [*grain*]

धान्य dhānya, a. cereal; \hat{n} . (m.) *sg.* \hat{pl} . corn.

धान्यक dhānya-ka, ° \hat{n} = dhānya; \hat{m} \hat{N} .: \hat{n} . coriander; **-kūta, granary**; **-dhana, n.** *sg.* corn and wealth; **-tas, ad.** by reason of; **-pañca-ka, n.** the five cereals; **-pātra, n.** vessel for or with corn; **-maya, a.** consisting of or made of corn; **-mītra, a.** adulterating corn; **-rāja, m.** (king of grain), barley, **-vat, a.** rich in corn (of persons).

धान्याम् *dhānyā amsa, m. grain of corn; **-adā, a.** grain-eating; **-amla, n.** sour rice-gruel; **-argha, m.** price of corn. [*Asura*]

धान्य धānvā, m. p. of Asita, chief of the

धान्य धānvān-a, a. situated in a desert.

धाम dhā-ma, m. pl. kind of superhuman being.

धामच्छद् dhāma-kkṣād, a. concealing his abode, *ep. of an Agni and of a Vashatkāra.*

धामन् dhā-man, n. fixed dwelling, abode, realm (of the gods); *esp.* place of the sacred fire and of Soma; *post. also pl.*; usage, law, order; power, majesty; light, splendour (*also pl.*); **priyam dhāma**, favourite abode, -object, delight; **madhyama dhāma vish-noh**, middle abode of Vishnu = sky.

धामवत् dhāma-vat, a. mighty, powerful.

धामाधिप dhāma-adhipa, m. suu.

धाय dhāya, m. layer.

धायस् dhāy-as, a. nourishing; \hat{n} . only \hat{d} . to sip or nourish. [*litany*].

धाया dhāy-yā, f. additional verse (in a धार dhār-a, a. holding, bearing, support-ing (- \hat{A}); **-ka, a. id.** (- \hat{A}).

धारण dhār-ana, a. (- \hat{A} or \hat{g} .) bearing, containing; possessing; preserving; \hat{n} . (dhār-) bearing, holding; wearing; maintaining, pre-serving; observance of (\hat{g} .); mental retention; mental concentration, on (\hat{c}); possession; suppression; endurance: **-ka, a.** containing (- \hat{A}); \hat{m} . debtor.

धारणा धār-ana, f. wearing (a dress); sup-porting, assisting; repression; mental reten-tion; memory; mental concentration, sus-pension of the breath, immovable abstraction; settled rule; understanding.

धारणावित dhāraṇa-avita, pp. endowed with a good memory. [*water*].

धारपूत dhāra-pūta, pp. pure as a jet of

धारयत् dhār-ayit. pr. pt. cs. ($\sqrt{1}$ dhri) pos-sessing; versed in; maintaining.

धारयितव्य dhār-ay-i-tavya, fp. to be borne or held fast; to be regarded as (*in. of abst. n.*).

धारयिष्णुता dhār-ay-iṣṇu-tā, f. posses-sion of a good memory.

धारा 1. dhār-ā, f. [$\sqrt{1}$. dhāv] torrent, stream; shower (also of arrows, flowers); drop; *pl* paces of a horse (of which five kinds are assumed). [*circumference of a wheel*].

धारा 2. dhār-ā, f. [$\sqrt{2}$. dhāv] edge, blade:

धाराकदम्ब dhārā-kadamba, m. a plant (*nauclea cordifolia*); **-graha, n.** Shower-bath room; **-graha, m.** cup filled from a stream of Soma.

धाराङ्कुर dhārā-āṅkura, m. hui.

धाराजल dhārā-jala, n. blood dripping from the blade or edge (of a sword).

धाराक्षत dhārā-ākṣata, m. edge (of an in-strument).

धाराधर dhārā-dhara, m. cloud: **-āgama, m.** rainy season; **-atyaya, m.** (departure of the clouds), autumn. [*on the very acme*].

धाराधिच्छद् dhārā-adhīrādha, pp. standing

धारापिपात dhārā-nipāta, m. downpour of rain; **-patha, m.** range of a sword-blade: **-m** **prāpaya**, put to the sword by any one (\hat{g} .); **-pāta, m. pl.** shower; **-yantra, n.** foun-tain: **-graha, n.** shower-bath room; **-vat, a.** edged; **-varsha, m.** \hat{n} . pouring rain

धाराश्रु dhārā-śru, n. flood of tears.

धारासपात dhārā-sumpāta, m. downpour of rain.

धारासार dhārā-śāra, m. torrent of rain.

धारि dhār-i, a. bearing (- \hat{A}); \hat{m} . *cs.* of $\sqrt{1}$ dhri (\hat{g}).

धारिका dhār-ikā, f. support, pillar.

धारिन् dhār-in, a. (- \hat{A} or \hat{g} .) bearing; wear-ing; having, possessing; keeping; maintain-ing; retaining, remembering; preserving, ob-serving: \hat{n} - \hat{i} , \hat{f} . \hat{N} . of Agnimitra's wife.

धार्तराष्ट्र dhārta-rāṣṭra, a. (i) belonging to Dhritarāṣṭra; \hat{m} . Dhritarāṣṭra's son, *pat. of Duryodhana* (*pl.* = the Kurus); *kind of goose*.

धार्मिक dhārm-ika, a. (i) righteous, virtu-ous; set on or conformable to virtue; \hat{m} . devotionalist; magician (*Pr.*): **-tā, f.**, **-tva, n.** justice, virtue.

धार्थ dhār-ya, fp. to be worn or borne; - kept, - retained; - tolerated; - observed; - inflicted (*punishment*); - directed (*mind*) to (\hat{c}); - kept in view; - checked.

धार्थ धārshṭ-ya, n. boldness, impudence.

धाव् 1. DHĀV, I. P. (\hat{A} . rare) **dhāva**, flow; run; - about, - up; - into, - after (\hat{a}); - towards (abhimukham); rush at (\hat{a}), ride at (\hat{prati}); glide over (\hat{c}); flee: *pp.* **-ita**, running; \hat{c} *finite verb*, began to run; *cs.* **dhārāya**, \hat{P} . cause to run, urge on; drive (*int.*) with *in. of vehicle and ac. of road*; leap, dance. **anu**, run after; pursue; stream through; spread over. **upa**, run away; de-viate from a previous statement, vary. **abhi**, flow -, hasten towards; rush at; run to help (\hat{a}); give assistance. **ava**, drip down. \hat{A} , run or hasten to (\hat{a}), **upa**, hasten to, take refuge with (\hat{a}), **nis**, rise from (\hat{a}), **pazi**, flow -, run about; run up; run round; - after (\hat{a}): **mrigayām** -, pursue the chase. **pra**, flow forth; run away, rush off, run; betake oneself to (\hat{a}), *pp.* run away; *cs.* put to flight **anu-pra**, pursue. **vi**, disperse. **sam**, run together; rush at; arrive at (\hat{a}).

धाव् 2. DHĀV, I. **dhāva**, cleanse, rinse, wash, rub. *pp.* **dhauta**, cleansed, etc.; pure; washed away; polished, resplendent; *cs.* **dhāvaya**, wash. **nis**, *pp.* **nirdhauta**, cleansed; washed away. **pra**, *cs.* wash. **vi**, wash off; *pp.* cleansed. **sam**, \hat{A} . rub or wash oneself. [*author*].

धावक dhāv-aka, m. washerman. \hat{N} . of an

धावन dhāv-ana, m. i. running, galoping; attack; 2. washing; rubbing.

धाव्य dhāval-ya, n. whiteness.

धाविन् dhāv-in, a. 1. running (- \hat{A}); 2. wash-ing (- \hat{A}). [*nourishment, comfort*].

धासि dhā-si, (I.) 1. f. abode, home; 2. \hat{m} .

धि 1. DHI, V P. **dhinoti**, satisfy; gladden.

धि 2. dhi, m. receptacle (only - \hat{A}).

धि 3. dhi = adhi (*in dhi-shhita, v. $\sqrt{sthā}$*).

धिक dhik, ij. of dissatisfaction, reproach, or lamentation; he! woe! with *nm.*, *va.*, *g.*, *guly.* *ac.*, *etc.* **aho** -, **hā** - (\pm *kash/ama*), **hā-hā dhik**; **dhig astu**, shame on -! lie on -! (\hat{a} or \hat{g}); **dhik kṛi**, reproach (\hat{a}); ridi-cule, belittle.

धिकृत dhik-kṛita, n. pl. disapprobation, re-proaches.

धिदण्ड dhig-danda, m. reprimand.

धिमय dhig-vana, m. a mixed caste.

धित dhi-ta, pp. of $\sqrt{1}$ dhā and of $\sqrt{1}$ dhī.

धियंविन् dhīyam-ginvá, *a.* meditation-stimulating.

धियंवा dhīyam-dhā, *a.* devout; clever.

धियण dhish-āna, *a.* wise; *m.* ep. of Brihaspati.

धियणा dhish-ānā, *f.* vessel used in preparing and drinking Soma; tub, bowl; reason, mind; often fig. of Soma and its effects: *du.* = heaven and earth; *pl.* the three worlds, heaven, sky, and earth.

धिषे dhi-she, *V.* 2 *sg.* *pr.* *Ā.* of *√1.* dhā.

धिष्य dhishya, *incorrect* for dhishnya.

धिष्य 1. dhishn-ya, *a.* perceptible to the mind only; devout; *m.* fire-mound sprinkled with sand at the top; a kind of small side altar (of which there are usually eight); *n.* abode, seat; meteor.

धिष्य 2. dhishnya, *a.* placed on a fire-mound; *m.* fire placed on such a mound.

धी 1. DHĪ = DHYAI.

धी 2. dhī, *f.* thought, conception; intention, purpose, opinion; intelligence, insight, understanding, intellect; knowledge, art; skill; religious meditation, devotion, prayer, hymn; -*supposition*; *m.* supposing it to be, -*a.* = intent on.

धी 3. dhī, *f.* (= di) splendour.

धीत dhi-ta, *pp.* of *√dhe*: -*rassa*, *a.* whose juice is sucked out.

धीति dhi-ti, *f.* thought, conception, meditation; perception; skill; devotion, prayer.

धीमत् dhi-mat, *a.* intelligent, sensible, wise.

धीमहि dhī-mahi, *1 pl.* *v.* *√1.* dhā

धीर 1. dhīr-ā, *a.* [*√dhri*] lasting; steady, constant, firm; resolute, courageous; grave, sedate, sober; steadfast; deep (sound); firmly adhering to (-); -*m.* *ad.* (look) steadily.

धीर 2. dhīr-ā, *a.* (ā, ī) thoughtful, sensible, shrewd, wise; clever, skilled, in (le).

धीरचेतस dhira-letas, *a.* resolute-minded, courageous; 1. -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* firmness; resoluteness, courage; quiet, silence; 2. -*tā*, *f.* wisdom; -*pra-ānta*, *pp.* deep and yet calm (voice); resolute and quiet (hero); -*bbāva*, *m.* steadfastness.

धीरय dhira-ya, *den.* P. encourage

धीरसत्त्व dhira-sattva, *a.* resolute.

धीर्य dhīr-ya, *n.* prudence, wisdom.

धीवत् dhī-vat, *a.* wise; clever; devout, pious.

धीवन् dhī-van, *a.* skilful.

धीवर dhī-vara, *m.* very clever man; fisherman (also -*ka*, *m.*); *ī*, *f.* fisherwoman.

धीसचिव dhi-saiva, *m.* councillor, minister.

धृ DHU, *v.* धृ DHŪ.

धृक्ष DHUKSH, *1. Ā.* dhuksha, only with *sam*, *guly* *cs.* samdhukshaya, P. kindle, inflame; increase; animate; restore: *pp.* samdhukshita.

धृनय dhuna-ya, *den.* *Ā.* rush along (V).

धृनि धून-ī, *n.* [*√dhvan*] rushing, roaring, stormy.

धृनी dhu-ī, *f.* river.

धृषु dhundhu, *m.* N. of an Asura. -*māra*, *m.* slayer of Dhundhu, ep. of Kuvālayāsava; N. of a son of Trisāṅku.

धृ धूर, *f.* part of the yoke resting on the shoulder, load, burden (also fig.); extreme end of the pole; highest position, place of honour, head; *lc.* in presence of (g.); dhuri *rag*, appoint to a high position.

धूर dhūra, *m.* burden; *ā*, *f.* *id.*; pole.

धूरं धुराम-dhara, *a.* bearing a burden, fitted for yoking to (-); succouring (g); *m.* chief (of *y* or -).

धुरीण dhu-ima, *m.* chief.

धूर्य धूर-ya, *a.* trained to bear burdens, fit for yoking; first, best; *m.* chief (of *y*, -); *n.* an adept in (*y*, or -), beast of burden, one able to bear the burden of (-); -*tā*, *f.* service.

धूर्य DHURV, *r.* धूर्य DHŪRV.

धुवन dhūv-ana, *n.* shaking; place of excretion.

धुसूर dhustāra, *m.* thorn-apple.

धृ DHŪ V. dhūnō, dhunō, IX dhunā (rare):

VI P. dhuvā (V. rare, shake, agitate; shake off ac.); struggle, resist (P); *pp.* dhūtā, dhuta, shaken, agitated, set in motion; removed; fanned (fire), *int.* dōdhav-iti, dōdhavate, shake violently; toss, horns; *apa*, shake off. *ava*, shake off, cast aside; disregard, refuse. *pp.* āvadhūta, driven away, dispelled, removed; rejected, disregarded; moving to and fro; fanned, on which an impurity has fallen, defiled, polluted, shaken or touched by the foot; having cast off all worldly taint, become a philosopher. *ā*, shake, agitate. *vi ā*, stir, shake off, move to and fro, sway. *ud*, whirl up (dust), raise, toss; fan (fire); excite; cast off; *pp.* ud-dhūta or uddhūta, watted by (-), pulled up with pride (-); *nis*, cast off, remove, drive away; reject, disown. *pp.* nirdhūta, wielded over (staff); tormented; deprived of (-). *vi-nis*, reject. *pari*, shake off. *pra*, blow away. *vi*, shake, agitate; dispel, destroy; drive away, disperse (men or animals). *ā*, shake off, abandon. *pra-vi*, swing to and fro (only *pp.* -dhūta); disperse.

धृति dhū-ti, *m.* shaker, agitator. [*pl*]

धुनन dhū-n-ana, *n.* shaking wagging (also

धुनय dhū-na-ya, *cs.* [*√dhū*] shake, move about. *ava*, *vi*, *ud*.

धुन्वत् dhū-nv-at, *pr.* *pt.* of *√dhū*. *m.* kind of personification.

धूप dhū-pa, *m.* (*sg* & *pl*) incense aromatic vapour. -*ka*, *m.* *id.* (*guly*. -*a*).

धूपन dhūp-ana, *n.* fumigation; incense.

धूपय dhūp-ya, *den.* P. fumigate, perfume. *pp.* dhūpita. *anu*, *ava*, *ā*, *upa*, *pra*, *ud*.

धूपवति dhūpa-varti, *f.* kind of cigarette.

धूपाय dhūpā-ya, *den.* P. emit smoke; fumigate: *pp.* dhūpāyita.

धूपि धूप-ī, *m.* *pl.* certain rainy winds.

धूपिन् dhūp-in, *a.* perfuming (-).

धूम dhū-mā, *m.* (*sg.* & *pl.*) smoke, vapour -*ka* (-), *m.* *id.*

धूमकेतन dhūma-ketana, *m.* (smoke-bannered), fire; (ā)-ketu, *a.* smoke-betokened, smoke-bannered; *m.* fire; Agni; comet; N. of a Yaksha; (ā)-gandhi, *a.* smelling of smoke; -*graha*, *m.* Rāhu; -*jāla*, *m.* film of smoke; -*dhvaga*, *m.* fire; -*pa*, *a.* smoking (a pipe); imbibing only smoke i.e. subsist-

ing on nothing else; -*pallava*, *m.* streak of smoke; -*pāta*, *m.* wreath of smoke; -*pāna*, *n.* inhalation of smoke or vapour; -*maya*, *a.* (ā) consisting entirely of smoke or vapour.

धूमय dhūma-ya, *den.*; *ps.* dhūmyate, be covered with vapour, be obscured (star); *pp.* dhūmita. *abhi*, *pp.* with *dis*, *f.* quarter about to be entered by the sun. *pra*, *pp.* enveloped in smoke.

धूमलेखा dhūma-lekhā, *f.* column of smoke; N.; -*vāt*, *a.* smoking; -*tva*, *n.* condition of having smoke; -*varti*, *f.* column of smoke; kind of cigarette; -*sikha*, *f.* column of smoke.

धूमानुबन्ध dhūma-anubandha, *m.* continuous cloud of smoke.

धूमाय dhūmā-ya, *den.* P. *Ā.* smoke.

धूमिका dhūm-ikā, *f.* smoke.

धूमिन् dhūm-in, *a.* smoking -*i*, *f.* N.

धूमोद्गम dhūma-udgama, *m.* ascending smoke; -*udgāra*, *m.* *id.*; -*ūrnā*, *f.* N. of Yama's wife.

धूम्या dhūm-yā, *f.* cloud of smoke.

धूस dhūm-rā, *a.* smoke-coloured dun, grey, obscured (reason), *m.* N.

धूसय dhūmra-ya, *den.* P. colour grey.

धूसवर्ण dhūmra-varna, *a.* grey-coloured. -*sikha*, *m.* N.; -*sikha*, *a.* grey-eyed.

धूस्रीक्ष dhūmri-kṛ, colour grey.

धूरीत dhū-rata, *pp.* standing at the head of, chief of (-); -*gāma*, *m.* -*gā* (*ā*, *m.* having a burden of a top knot), *cp.* of Niva.

धूर्त dhū-ti, *pp.* [*√dhvri*] cunning, knavish, fraudulent, *m.* knave, rogue, cheat; gambler; thorn-apple -*ka*, *a.* cunning, fraudulent; *m.* cheat.

धूर्तिकतव dhūrti-katava, *m.* gambler; -*karita*, *n.* *pl.* roguish pranks; *n.* T. of a work; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* roguery; -*traya*, *n.* trio of swindlers; -*maṇḍala*, *n.* gambler's circle; -*raṇḍā*, *f.* roguish trick.

धूर्ति dhūr-ti, *f.* injury, hurt

धूर्धर dhūr-dhara, *m.* chief, leader.

धूर्व DHURV, *1. P.* *Ā.* also in *nor.*) dhūrva, afflict, injure, des. dādhdhūr-sha, P. wish to injure

धुवोद् धुव-udhri, *m.* beast of burden; -*shād*, *m.* guide of the car, leader; -*shah*, *st.* base -*shāh*, *a.* bearing the yoke.

धुवन dhūl-ana, *n.* covering with dust

धुलय dhūl-aya, *den.* *pp.* dhālita, bestrewn with (in).

धूलि dhūl-i, *f.* (also *i*) dust; dusty ground; pollen; -*pa/sala*, *n.* cloud of dust.

धूलीमय dhūli-maya, *a.* (i) dusty; -*varsha*, *m.* *n.* shower of dust.

धूसर dhūs-ara, *a.* [*√dhvas*] dust-coloured grey (-*tva*, *n.* *absol.* s.); -*ka*, *m.* N. of a juckal

धूसरित dhūsar-ita, *pp.* made grey

धूसरिमन् dhūsar-i-man, *m.* dust-colour.

धूसण्ड dhūs-tunda, *n.* extreme end of the pole

धृ DHRI, *V.* has only *pf.* P. *Ā.* & *pp.*; C. also *pf.*, *inf.*, *pl.* & the *cs.* dhārya used as *pr.* base. hold, bear, carry (on *in*, *lc.*); wear; convey to (-); hold tight; *a.* clinging to (*ac.*);

keep, observe; support; design for, allot to (*d.*); tolerate; restrain, resist, withstand; retain; detain; have on one, possess, contain; owe to (*d., g.*); protract; inf. endure; tarry, remain; begin to (*inf.*) **garbham** -, be or become pregnant; **tulayā** -, weigh; **dandam** -, inflict punishment on (*lc.*); **nikaṣe** -, have about one; **ātmānam, gātram, givitaṃ, deham, prāṇā, sariraṃ, svavapus** -, preserve one's life, continue to live, remain alive; **ātmānam, buddhim, manas** -, direct one's thoughts to, fix one's attention on (*d., lc.*); firmly resolve to (*inf.*); **manasā** -, ponder, retain in the memory; **mūrdhnā** -, **śirasā** -, *fig.* hold in high honour; **samaye** -, bring to an agreement; **ps dhriyāte** -, be borne on (*lc.*); be held; be fixed; be checked; remain, endure; exist, be alive; keep quiet, stand still; hold one's ground, resist, be left; prepare for, undertake (*ac.*); *or* (*inf.*); *pp.* **dhṛtā**, held, borne, carried on, in, *lc., or* -, worn; grasped; held tight; kept, retained; weighed; observed, practised; maintained; kept alive, continuing to exist, quoted by ('); ready to, resolved on (*d. or lc.*); protracted (*in pronunciation*); *m.* **ad.** slowly; **antare** -, pledged; **kare** -, grasped by the hand; **dhritavāt**, *act. pt.* = *finite verb*, placed upon *lc.*; resolved on (*d., inf.*) **dardharti, dādharti**, hold firmly; **ava**, *cs.* determine, state precisely or positively, regard with certainty as (*2 ac. or pred. nm.* with *iti*); hear, learn; understand, gain insight into, make oneself familiar with; ponder, consider; *pp.* **avadhṛta**, settled, determined; heard; understood, communicate to (*d.*); *cs.* **ps. āva-dhṛita**, bring for (*m.*); **ā**, *cs.* know to (*lc.*); keep; **hṛdi** -, keep in remembrance; *ps.* **ādhṛiya**, be contained in (*lc.*); *pp.* **ādhṛita**, contained in (*lc.*); **ud**, draw out, elevate, raise to honour many forms of this compound cannot be distinguished from those of *ud + hri*; **upa**, *cs.* support; regard as (*2 ac.*); hear, learn; consider; **ni**, *cs.* lay down in, bring to or into, bestow on (*lc.*); **nis**, *cs.* pick out, distinguish from others; determine, ascertain, verify; **pra**, inflict punishment on (*lc.*); remember; consider; **sam-pra**, *cs.* **ps. buddhyā, manasā, hṛdaye**, ponder, reflect; decide, resolve; **prati**, *cs.* hold erect; **vi**, hold, bear; *pp.* **vidhṛta**, held asunder, separated, avoided, checked, stopped; maintained; possessed; **mūrdhnā** -, borne on the head; *fig.* = held in high honour; **svadaroṇa** -, borne in one's own body; **antare** -, pledged; *cs.* check, restrain, suppress, *inf.* hold asunder, divide; maintain, preserve; withhold from (*ab.*); possess (*lodies*); carry on, conduct (*business*); **sam**, (*samplē and cs.* hold together), bear, carry; observe; sustain, keep in remembrance; exist.

धृक् dhrik, *a.* (') only *nm.* **sy** = **dhrit**

धृत् dhrit, *a.* holding, having, bearing (°).

धृतकनकमाल **dhṛita-kanaka-māla**, *a.* wearing a golden wreath; -**kurāka**, *a.* wearing a beard; -**kṣema**, *a.* bearing hardships; -**garbhā**, *f.* a pregnant; -**tāla**, *m.* - **vetala**; -**danā**, *a.* wielding the rod, punishing; being punished by (*m.*); -**dvaiddhi-bhāva**, *a.* being at variance; -**dhānuṣ**, *m.* archer; -**niskāya**, *a.* firmly resolved on (*d.*); -**purva**, *a.* worn before; -**pra**, *a.* having offspring; **śa-rāshṛa**, *m.* (whose kingdom is ending); *N* of the blind son of *Yāśa* and elder brother of *Pāṇdu*; -**vat**, *pp. act.*, *v.* **dhṛi**; -**vrata**, *a.* whose law or ordinance is settled; maintaining ordinances; firmly resolved, devoted, attached; -**sarira**, *a.* whose body continues to exist, living on; -**sri**, *a.* whose fortune is steadfast; -**samkalpa**, *a.* firmly resolved on (*lc.*).

धृतावन **dhṛita-ātmān**, *a.* steadfast.

धृति **dhṛi-ti**, *f.* holding fast; standing still; firmness, steadiness; fortitude; constancy; resoluteness; satisfaction, contentment; -*m* **kri**, find satisfaction; stand one's ground; -*m* **bandh**, direct one's will towards (*lc.*).

धृतिमत **dhṛiti-mat**, *a.* steadfast, firm, resolute; contented, satisfied; -**maya**, *a.* (i) consisting of strong will; -**mush**, *a.* robbing of steadfastness.

धृतीसिक् **dhṛita-utseka**, *a.* haughty.

धृष् **DHRISH**, I. P. **dhārsha** (V), V. P.

dhṛishā, be bold or courageous; dare to (*inf.*); venture near (*ac.*); *pp.* **dhṛishitā** (I), bold, brave; **dhṛishā**, bold, pert, forward, impudent; *cs.* **dhārshaya**, P. lay hands on, fall upon; injure, ruin; *pp.* **dhārshitā**, *f.* violated; **apa**, overpower; **abhi**, *simple & cs.* id. **ā**, injure, assault; *cs.* aggrive; **pra**, assault, overcome; *cs.* *ad.*; violate; lay waste.

धृष्टकेतु **dhṛishṭa-keṭu**, *m. N.*: -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* boldness, audacity; -**dyumna**, *m. N.* of a son of *Drupada*.

धृष्टि **dhṛish-ti**, *m. (sg. du.)* fire-tongs; *f.* boldness.

धृष्ण **dhṛish-nū**, *a.* bold, courageous, daring, doughty, strong, mighty; *n. ad.*

धृष्ण्या **dhṛishṇu-yā**, (*in.*) *ad.* boldly, mightily. (*g.*).

धृष्य **dhṛish-ya**, *fp.* liable to be attacked by

धे **DHE**, I. P. **dhaya**, suck; drink; suck in, absorb; *pp.* **dhītā**; *cs.* **dhāpāya**, **ā** suckle, nourish.

धेना **dhē-nā**, *f.* milch cow; *pl* libations of milk.

धेनु **dhe-nū**, *a.* yielding milk; *f.* milch cow; *cow*; *fig.* earth; *pl* milk.

धेनुका **dhēnu-kā**, *f.* milch cow.

धेनुमत् **dhēnu-mat**, *a.* yielding milk; containing the word 'dhenu.'

धेनवदुह **dhēnu-anuduhā**, *m. du.* milch cow and bull. [*ment etc.* of (-°)]

धेय **dhe-ya**, *fp.* that is created; *n.* assign-

धेहि **dhe-hi**, *2 s. impr.* of **√1. dhā**.

धैर्य **dhai-ya**, *n.* firmness, steadfastness, constancy, fortitude; gravity, resolute bearing; obstinacy; -**tā**, *f.* perseverance; **dhara**, *a.* steady, constant, persevering; -**vat**, *a.* id.; -**vritti**, *a.* steadily conducted.

धेवत **dhēvata**, *n.* the sixth note in the scale.

धोयन् **dhoyin**, *vyā* -**yi**, *m. N.* of a poet.

धोरणी **dhonani**, *f.* uninterrupted series.

धात **dha-ta**, *pp.* of **√2. dhāv**; *n.* washing.

धारय **dhar-ya**, *a.* standing at the head of (*g. or -°*). -**ka**, *m.* beast of burden, horse

धार्यत **dhar-yata**, *a.* (i) belonging to *Siva* (*Dhurgati*).

धार्थ **dhart-ya**, *n.* fraud, roguery.

ध **dha**, *a.* blowing, *m.* blower of (*only* -°).

ध्मा **DHMĀ**, I. P. **dhama**, blow (*a couch, etc.*); blow upon, kindle (*fire*); blow (*ac*) into (*lc.*); melt in the blast; throw; *pp.* **dhāmitā** (I), **dhmātā**, blown, inflated, puffed; *cs.* **dhāpāya**; *pp.* **dhāpita**, re-

duced to ashes. **ā**, blow into (*a couch*); *ps.* be filled with air, swell; *pp.* inflated (*also fig.*); **upa**, blow upon (*ac.*); **nis**, blow away or out; **parā**, blow away, **pra**, blow (*a couch*); **ā**, proclaim aloud. **vi**, blow asunder, disperse.

आकृ **dhmāṅksha**, *m.* crow (probably incorrect for *dhvāṅksha*). [*or* kindly]

आतव्य **dhmā-tavya**, *fp.* to be blown upon

आन **dhmā ana**, *n.* inflation, swelling.

ध्यातावागत **dhya-ta-mātra āgata**, *pp.* coming as soon as only thought of, -**upagāmin**, *a.* id.

ध्यातव्य **dhya-tavya**, *fp.* to be thought of or meditated on; *n.* *impl.* one should think. -**tva**, *n.* *abst. s.*; -**tri**, *m.* one who reflects, thinker.

ध्यातोपनत **dhya-ta-upanata**, *pp.* present as soon as thought of; -**upasthita**, *pp.* id.

ध्यान **dhya-ana**, *n.* meditation; religious contemplation; -**tatpara**, *a.* lost in thought; -**dhira**, *a.* absorbed in thought; -**para**, *a.* id.; -**yoga**, *m.* deep meditation, religious absorption; -**vat**, *a.* devoted to religious meditation; -**sthita**, *pp.* absorbed in thought.

ध्यानिक् **dhya-nika**, *a.* proceeding from religious meditation; -**in**, *a.* devoted to religious meditation.

ध्याम **dhya-ma**, *n.* kind of fragrant grass.

ध्यायन् **dhya-yam**, *abs.* pondering (*ac.*).

ध्यायिन् **dhya-yin**, *a.* lost in thought.

धुषित [*a*] **dhṛ-ushita**, *pp.* [*√vas*, shine]. dazzling white; -**ava**, *m. N.* of a prince.

धेय **dhe-ya**, *fp.* to be meditated on; to be thought of as (*nm.*).

धै **DHAI**, I. P. **dhāya**, II. P. **dhāyā** (E.), contemplate, meditate on (*ac.*); think, reflect; *pp.* **dhāyāta**, thought of, **anu**, reflect; think of, meditate on; *pp.* thought of. **abhi**, set one's heart on, cast an eye on, desire, think of; be absorbed in meditation; regard as (*2 ac.*); inflict (*ac.*) on (*lc.*); **ā**, think of; wish anything (*ac.*) to (*g.*); **ni**, mark, note; *des.* **niddhyāsa**, **ā** be attentive. **pra-ni**, reflect, direct one's attention to (*ac.*); **nis**, muse over, consider. **pra**, reflect; think of (*ac.*); **sam**, consider, reflect.

ध **dha**, *a.* (i) bearing, (-°) = **dhua**.

ध्रज **DHRAG**, I. P. **dhṛaga**, glide, sweep, wander (*wind, birds, etc.*)

ध्रुव **dhru-vā**, *a.* [*√dhri*] firm, stable, constant; permanent, perpetual, fixed, immutable; certain, inevitable; -**am**, *ad.* certainly, assuredly; *m.* polar star personified as the son of *Uttamapada* and grandson of *Manu*.

ध्रुवशील **dhruva-sila**, *a.* permanently resident; not changing one's residence; -**sam-dhi**, *m. N.*; -**siddhi**, *m.* (sure recovery), *N* of a physician.

ध्रुवा **dhruvā**, *f.* sacrificial ladle (the largest of the three kinds).

ध्रौव **dhruv-ya**, *n.* immovableness; permanence; certainty, necessity.

ध्वंस **DHVAMS**, I. **dhvamsa**, fall, fall to pieces, perish; go away, be off (*only impr.*); *ps.* **dhvasyate**; *pp.* **dhvastā**, fallen; lost; disappeared; covered with (*in. or -*); *cs.* **dhvamāya**, fell; pull down; destroy, violate; *pp.* **dhvamāsta**. **apa**, *pp.* fallen from power; degraded; destroyed. **pari**, *pp.* covered

with (-°); destroyed. **pra**, *pp.* perished; *cs.* cause to fall, destroy. **vi**, *disperse*; *pp.* destroyed, ruined; *cs.* crush; devastate, destroy.

ध्वंस dhvams-ā, *m.* decay; loss; destruction, ruin, demolition; **-ka**, *a.* destroying (-°); **-kārīn**, *a.* causing the destruction of (-°); violating (*a woman*).

ध्वंसन dhvams-ana, *a. id.*; *n.* destruction; **-in**, *a.* perishing; destroying.

ध्वज dhvaj-ā, *m.* banner, flag, ensign; token, symbol; liquor-seller's sign; **-pa/sa**, *m.* flag; **-yash/f**, *f.* flag-staff; **-vat**, *a.* adorned with flags; branded; *m.* distiller, liquor-seller; standard-bearer.

ध्वजित dhvaja āhrita, *pp.* taken at the standard, captured on the battle-field

ध्वजिन् dhvajin-*m.* *a.* adorned with a flag, bearing a standard; branded; *m.* distiller.

ध्वजिनी dhvajini-*f.* army. [pubhean.]

ध्वजीक dhvajī-kri, *make a standard of.*

ध्वन् 1. DHVAN, *only anr.* ādhvanit, *be extinguished (anger)*; *pp.* dhvāntā, dark; *cs.* dhvānaya, envelope; blacken.

ध्वन् 2. DHVAN, I. P. dhvana, *sound, roar; buzz*; *cs.* dhvānaya, *cause to sound; allude to (ac.)*; *ps.* dhvanyate.

abhi, *whirr. pra*, *resound* [dication] **ध्वनन** dhvan-ana, *n.* sounding; allusion, m-

न N.

न 1. na, *prn.* stem in **nas, nas.**

न 2. nā (often ° = 2. n.), *pol. not; loss (with numerals = not quite by, in, or abt.)* ekayā na vimatī, 19; ekan na trimatī, 29; *lest (with pol.)*; *V.*: as, like (not exactly, almost; or as it does not coalesce metrically, it may have been an affirmative particle originally - (Gk. vā). When repeated it implies a very strong affirmation (exceptionally a strengthened negation) - In a second or later clause it is sometimes replaced by **ka**, **vā**, **api vā**, or even dropped. It is often strengthened by **api**, **api ka**, **u**, **uta**, **eva**, **khaln**, **ka**, **ka api**, **ka eva**, **kēd**, **tu**, **tu eva**, **vā**, **atha vā**, **ha**.

नंश् NAMS, *r.* 2. NAS.

नक् nāk (only *nm.*), *night* (V.).

नकार na-kāra, *m.* the sound n; the negative-na [beggarly].

नकिंचन na-kin-kana, *a.* having nothing.

नकिंचिद् na-kinikid, *n.* nothing; **-api-sam-kalpa**, *m.* no desire for anything

नकिस् nā-kis, *indeed no one; not, never.*

नकीम् nā-kin, *indeed, not, never.*

नकुतश्चिद् na-kutaskid-bhaya, *a.* not endangered from any quarter.

नकुल nak-ulā, *m.* mungoose (exterminator of serpents and mice); *N.* of a son of Pāndu **i-kā**, *f.* female mungoose.

नक्त nāk-ta, *n.* night; eating at night only (*a penance*); **-m**, *ad.* by night

नक्तञ्चिन् naktam-kāra, *a.* wandering at night; *m.* nocturnal animal; **-golin**; *f.* night golin; **-karyā**, *f.* wandering by night; **-kārīn**, *a.* wandering by night; **-dīna**, *n.* *sp.* night and day; **-m**, *ad.* by night and by day.

नक्तभोजिन् naktā-bhog-in, *a.* eating only at night. (**-d**) **-tva**, *n.* *abst. v.*; **-māle**, *m.* a tree.

नक्तया naktayā, (*f. in.*) *ad.* by night.

नक्ति nāk-ti, *f.* night.

नक्तोषस naktāushās, *f.* night and dawn.

नक् nak-na, *m.* crocodile; **-ketana**, *m.* god of love.

नक्ष NAKSH, I. **naksha**, *approach; reach, attain. abhi*, *come to, arrive at (ac.)*.

नक्षत्र naksha-tra, *n.* heavenly body; star; constellation; lunar mansion (originally 27, later 28 were enumerated; personified as

daughters of Dakṣha and wives of the moon); **-nātha**, *m.* lord of the stars, moon, **-patha**, *m.* course of the stars, starry heavens; **-pā/naka**, *m.* astrologer; **-māle**, *f.* wreath or group of stars; elephant's head ornament.

नक्षत्रमालाय nakshatra-mālā-ya, *den.* **Ā.** look like an elephant's head-ornament

नक्षत्रविद्या nakshatra-vidyā, *f.* astronomy.

नक्षत्रश्रवस nakshatra-shavas, *a.* equalling the stars in multitude

नख nakhā, *m. n.* nail (off finger or toe), claw; talon; spur of a cock; **-khādīn**, *a.* biting the nails; **-nyāsa**, *m.* impact of the nails.

-pada, *n.* nail-mark, scratch; **-sukha**, *a.* soothing to the scratches

नखर nakha-ra, *a.* claw-shaped; *m.* curved knife; *m.* nail, claw; nail-mark; **-vishkira**, *m.* bird that scrapes with its feet, gallinaceous bird

नखाग्र nakha-agra, *n.* nail-tip; **-āghata**, *m.* nail wound; **-āksa**, *m.* nail-mark

नखानखि nakhā-nakhi, *ad.* nail to nail. = tooth and nail.

नखायुध nakha āyudha, *a.* armed with claws *m.* animal with claws. **-tva**, *n.* *abst. v.*

नखिन् nakh-in, *a.* furnished with nails, claws, or talons; *m.* beast with claws

नग nā-ga, *m.* mountain; tree.

नगनदी naga-nadī, *f.* *N.* of a river (mountain river); **-nimnagā**, *f.* mountain stream

नगर nā-ga, *m.* town, city; **-nana**, *m.* *pl.* townsfolk, citizens; **-dvāta**, *n.* divinity of a town; **-dvāra**, *n.* city gate; **-man/anā**, *f.* courtizan

नगरभक्षक naga-tandhira-kara, *m.* mountain cleaver, *ep.* of Kārtkeya.

नगररक्षाधिकृत nagara-rakshā adbhikrita, (*pp.*) *m.* chief of the city watch; **-rakshin**, *m.* policeman; **-vridha**, *pp.* *m.* city elder; **-sammita**, *pp.* equal to a town; **-stha**, *a.* living in a town; *m.* townman; **-svāmin**, *m.* head of the city; *N.*

नगराधिकृत nagara adbhikrita, (*pp.*) *m.* chief of the city police; **-adhipa**, **-adhipati**, **-adhyaksha**, *m.* *ad.*; **-abhyāsa**, *m.* neighbourhood of the or a city; *le.* in the neighbourhood of the city.

नगरिन् nagar-in, *m.* head of the city

नगरी naguri, *f.* town, city; **-rakshin**, *m.* city watchman, policeman.

ध्वनि dhvan-i, *m.* sound; cry; noise; thunder; figurative style; allusion, indication; **-ita**, *pp.* *n.* sound; noise; thunder.

ध्वन्यात्मक dhvanya ātmaka, *a.* inarticulate (*sound*).

ध्वनित dhvas-itā, *a.* bestrewn, covered; dusty, obscured; **-ti**, *f.* disappearance; *om.* of the four states of a Yogi in which all the consequences of actions disappear. **-ra**, *a.* withered; falling off.

ध्वक् dhvāṭksha, *m.* crow.

ध्वान dhvān-a, *m.* murmuring; sound.

ध्वान्त dhvān-ta, (*pp.*) *n.* darkness (*also pl.*).

ध्वृ DHVRI, I. P. dhvara, *bend, fell, destroy.*

नगरीय nagar-īya, *a.* urban.

नगरीपान nagara upanta, *n.* neighbourhood of the town

नगरीक nagari-oka, *m.* citizen.

नगाग्र naga-agra, *n.* mountain-top; **-apagā**, *f.* mountain stream; **-a-man**, *m.* rock.

नगिन्द्र naga indra, *m.* lord of mountains, *ep.* of Himalaya and Kailāsa; **-ivara**, *m.* *ep.* of the Himalaya; **-udara**, *n.* mountain ravine

नग्न nag-nā, *a.* naked; hate; desert (*region*); *m.* naked mendicant; **-ā**, *f.* girl before menstruation. [dhāt. nāctar.]

नग्नक nagna-ka, *m.* naked mendicant, Buddhist

नग्नपणक nagna-kshapana-ka, *m.* naked Jain mendicant, *-git*, *m.* *N.* of a Gaṇadhara prince; **-ā-tā**, *f.* **-tva**, *n.* nakedness.

नग्नभावुक nagnam-bhāvuka, *a.* becoming naked, disrobing shamelessly

नगाट nagna-ata, *m.* naked Jain mendicant

नगिका nagn-ikā, *f.* girl before menstruation. [dhāt.]

नगिन् nagn-i, *turn into a naked men-*

नगुष naghusha *m.* *N.* = Nahusha.

नगिकेतस nā kīketas, *m.* *N.*

नचिर na-kira, *a.* not long (time). **-m**, *for a short time*; *m.*, *d.* *ab.* shortly, soon

नश् nāḥ, the negative na. **-artha**, *m.* the meaning of na

नट NAT, I. P. na/sa, *dance*; *cs.* nā/sya, represent *ac.* on the stage. *vi*, *pp.* nāḥ-ita, *dancing about, swarming* [baks]

नट nat-a, *m.* dancer, actor, mime; **-i**, *f.* actress; **-ana**, *n.* dancing; dancer, acting; **-aniya**, *fp.* *impl.* one must dance.

नट nad-ā, *m.* reed.

नटकुवर nadī-kūbhara, *m.* *N.* of a son of Kubera; **-vana**, *n.* *N.* of a locality

नटगिरि nadī-giri, *m.* *N.* of an elephant

नटुष nad-vaḥ, *n.* reed bed.

नत na-ta, *pp.* *v.* nam **-angi**, *f.* woman.

नतराम na-taraṁ, *ad.* decidedly not; much less.

नति na-ti, *f.* bow, courtesy; humility.

नद् NAD, I. P. (Ā) nāda, *resound, reverberate; roar; cry; utter a sound or*

cry (ac.); *cs. nadāya*, P. Ā. cause to resound, -quake; *nādāya*, fill with din, cries, or shouts; *pp. nādita*, resounding, with (-°); *intr. nānad*, roar. *anā*, resound towards (ac.); *cs. nādāya*, P. fill with din. *viśnu*, *cs. id.* *abhi*, sound towards (ac.); *raise a shout*. *nd*, resound, roar; *bellow*; *bray aloud*. *nā*, resound; *raise one's voice*, cry aloud; *cs. fill with noise* or shouts. *pra/nad*, begin to sound or roar; *pp. prānādita*, buzzing. *prati*, answer (ac. with a roar, shout, or cry; *cs. fill with a roar*, shout, or cry; *cry aloud* *vi*, sound forth; *cry aloud*, roar out; *utter* (ac.); *cs. fill with sound* or cries. *sam*, cry, roar; *cs. fill with a cry*; *cry aloud*.

नद nad-i, *m.* roarer, bull, stallion (fig. of man); river.

नदभारि nuda-bhartri, *m.* sea; -*rāga*, *m. id.*

नदी nad-i, *f.* river; -*kūla*, *n.* river-bank; -*tara*, *m.* swimming across a river; -*tira*, *n.* river-bank.

नदीन 1. nadīna, *m.* sea; Varuṇa.

नदीन 2. na-dīna, *a.* not insignificant.

नदीनद nadī-nada, *m. pl. and n. sg.* rivers female and male; -*pati*, *m.* lord of rivers; *sen*, -*pūra*, *m.* swollen river; -*mātrika*, *a.* nourished by i. e. abounding in rivers; -*tā*, *f. abstr. s.*; -*mārga*, *m.* river bed; -*mukha*, *n.* river mouth; -*vāsa*, *m.* staying in a river (a penance); -*viki*, *f.* ripple of the river.

नदीश nadīśa, *m.* lord of rivers, sea.

नदीशम nadī-shma, *a.* (bathing in i. e. familiar with rivers); expert, experienced, versed in (ic.).

नदीसतार nadī-santāra, *m.* crossing a river.

नदेश nadīśa, *m.* lord of rivers, sea.

नह nad-dhā, *pp.* √nah; *n.* cord.

नधि nad-dhi, *f.* tying, binding.

नमा namā, *f.* mother (familiar like tātā).

नमादृ namāndrī, *f.* husband's sister.

ननु na-nū, *ad.* not (emphatic); *inter. p.* not? (= *nonne*), surely? with *intr. pra.* or *impr.* pray; *namā* *nā*, surely (at the beginning of a sentence); *namnastu-tathāpi*, well, even granting-yet; *namn mā bhūt-tathāpi*, well, even granting that: is not the case yet (*namn here to be taken with the apodosis*); *namn* is frequently used by commentators to state a supposed objection, which is disposed of with a following *uḥyate*, to this the reply is as follows.

नन्द NAND, I. P. *nanda*, be pleased or glad; be delighted with, rejoice in (*in. ab.*); *cs. nandāya*, gladden; *pp. nandita*, gladdened *abhi*, feel satisfaction, be pleased or delighted with, rejoice in, show pleasure in (ac.); desire, salute, greet, welcome, congratulate; praise, approve, accept gladly, agree with (ac.). *nā*, receive unkindly; reject, repel, not admit, acknowledge, or abide by. *prati abhi*, return the salutation of (ac.); welcome *sam-abhi*, greet; congratulate. *ā*, rejoice; *cs. gladden*, gratify. *sam-ā*, *cs. gladden* *prati*, greet joyfully; salute in return; address kindly words to, express satisfaction with, welcome with affection, bless (ac.); receive grat. fully, accept (advice); *cs. gladden*. *sam-prati*, greet joyfully, welcome.

नन्द nand-a, *m.* joy; son; *N. esp. of Krishna's foster-father and of a king of Pātāliputra, put to death by Kāṇakya (who raised Kaṇḍiyya to the throne).*

नन्दक nanda-ka, *a.* rejoicing in (-°); *m. N. of a bull*; *N. of a village*.

नन्दन nand-ana, *a.* gladdening; *m.* son, descendant (-°); *n. joy*; Elysium, the pleasure-ground of Indra. [a mountain.

नन्दपर्वत nanda-parvatā, *m.* king Nanda as

नन्दयन्ती nand-ay-ant-i, (*pr. pt.*) *f.* *N.*

नन्दा nand-ā, *f.* *N.*

नन्दात्मज nanda ātmaja, *m.* Krishna.

नन्दि nand-i, *m.* Gladsome, euphemistic *ep.* of Vishnu or Siva; *f. joy*; -*kara*, *a.* causing joy to (g.); *m. son* (-); -*kshetra*, *n. N. of a sacred region*; -*gupta*, *m. N. of a king*; -*grāma*, *m. N. of a village*; -*deva*, *m. N.*

नन्दिन nand-in, *a.* (-°) rejoicing in; gladdening; *m. son* (-); *ep. of Siva*; *N. of an attendant of Siva*; *N. of Siva's bull*.

नन्दिनी nandin-i, *f.* daughter; *ep. of Durgā*; *N. of a fabulous cow*.

नन्दिमुख nandi-mukha, *m. N.*; -*rudra*, *m.* a form of Siva; -*vardhana*, *a.* increasing the joy of (g.); *m. son*.

नन्दीश nandīśa, *m.* a form of Siva; *N. of an attendant of Siva*; -*ivara*, *m. id.*

नपत nā-pāt (V. only in strong cases), *m.* [unprotected, orphan], son, descendant; grandson (only the last meaning in C.).

नपुंसक na-puṃsa-ka, *a.* neither man nor woman, emasculate; of neuter gender (*gr.*); *m. hermaphrodite*, eunuch; *n. neuter word*, neuter gender; -*līga*, *a.* of the neuter gender.

नप्ती na-pt-i, *f.* daughter, granddaughter.

नप्तृ nā-pt-i, *m.* (weak base of *napāt* in RV.), descendant, son (V.); grandson.

नप्ती napt-i, *f.* granddaughter.

नभ NABH, I. Ā. *nābha*, burst (*tr.* & *int.*); *cs. P. nabhaya*, cause to burst, tear open.

नभनु nabh-anū, *m.* ā, *f.* spring.

नभश्चर nabhas-kara, *a.* moving in the sky; *m.* celestial, god; fairy.

नभःशब्दमय nabhaś-sabda-maya, *a.* consisting of the word 'nabhas', -*śrit*, *a.* reaching to heaven.

नभस् nabh-as, *n.* [bursting forth], cloud; mist, vapour; fragrance (of Soma); atmosphere, sky; Śrāvana, the first rainy month (July-August); *m. N. of a son of Nala*.

नभसाल nabhas-tala, *n.* sky-surface, nether sky, vault of heaven.

नभस्य nabhas-yā, *a.* misty; *m.* Bhādrā, the second rainy month (August-September).

नभस्यत् nabhas-vat, *a.* cloudy; *m.* wind.

नभःसदृ nabhaś-sad, *m.* celestial, god; -*sthala*, *n.*, ī, *f.* vault of heaven; -*śpris*, *a.* reaching to heaven.

नभोऽङ्गण nabho-āṅga, *n.* vault of heaven.

नभ्य 1. nabh-ya, *a.* misty, cloudy.

नभ्य 2. nabhya, *n.* nave (of a wheel); centre.

नम NAM, I. *nāma*, bend, incline, bow. √submit, to ac. d. g.; sunk; aim at (g.) with (*in.*); subside, become silent; *pp. nata*, bent, curved, crooked; bowing to (ac. or g.); depressed, sunken; low crouched, hanging down; *cs. nāmāya*, P. bend (*tr.*), curve; cause to bow;

cause to sink in; deflect; *nāmyati* = *nāma-yati*, bend; *pp. nāmīta*; *intr. nannam*, P., *nannamya*, Ā. bend, incline (*int.*). *abhi*, bow to, turn towards (ac.). *ava*, bow down, stoop, bow; *pp. stooping, bending down, bent, bowed*; *cs. P. bend down* (*tr.*), cause to bow. *ā*, stoop; bow down to (ac.). be gracious to (*d. or g.*); *pp. ānata*, bowed, bent; bowing to (ac.), bending down to (-°); submissive; *cs. P. bend downward*; subdue; *pp. ānāmīta*, bowed down. *ud*, rise up, arise; raise; *pp. unnata*, raised, elevated; erect, upright; prominent, lofty; vaulted; sublime; eminent, in (-°); towering above (-°); *cs. P. raise, uplift*. *abhiud*, *pp.* elevated, lofty, eminent, turned upwards; vaulted. *sam-abhiud*, *pp.* risen (clouds). *praud*, *pp. pronnata*, very elevated; superior, in (-°). *sam-ud*, arise; *pp.* upright, erect; high, prominent; vaulted; sublime; *cs. raise*. *upa*, fall to one's share, arise in, happen to, occur to (ac.); C. also d. or g.; *pp. bent inwards*; having submitted, humbled, having sought the protection of any one; accruing, committed (sin), brought about; presented, brought; approached; at hand, present; lasting (long, -°). *sam-upa*, *pp.* having appeared. *nā*, bow to (ac.); bow down, prostrate oneself. *pari*, bend or turn aside; change, turn into (*in.*); develop, into (*in.*), ripen; grow old; be digested; attain its full significance; *pp. parinata*, averted, changed, transformed into (*in. or -°*); ripe, mature, advanced (age), full (moon), setting (sun); come to an end, expired (time); digested; withered; arisen; -*m vayasā* = old age has arrived; *cs. pari-nāmaya*, P. ripen, mature. *vi-pari*, *ps.* be elunged, into (*in.*). *pra*, bow to, make obeisance before (ac., d., g., ic.); *pp. prānata*, bowing to (ac. or g.); submissive; *cs. nāmāya*, P. order (ac.) to bow to (d.); give respectfully (answer). *abhi-pra*, bow. *vi*, bend, stoop, bow. *vi*, bend, bowing low, to (g.); sunk down, drooping; *cs. P. bend down, incline*; bend (a bow). *sam*, bow, humbly submit, to (ac., d., g.); Ā. gratify, obey; P. Ā. put straight, arrange; bring about; *pp. bent, curved*; stooping; sunk in, depressed; *cs. bend*; cause to sink; arrange, bring about.

नमन nam-mia, *a.* bending (-°); *n. id.*; -*aniya*, *fp.* to be bowed to.

नमस् nam-as, *n.* bowing, obeisance, adoration (by word or gesture); often as an exclamation with the dat.; -*kri*, utter 'namas', make obeisance, to (ac., d., ic.).

नमस्कार namas-kāra, *m.* the exclamation 'namas'; obeisance, salutation, adoration, homage; -*vat*, *a.* containing adoration; -*kārya*, *fp.* to be adored; -*kṛita*, *pp.* adored; -*kṛiti*, *f.*, -*kṛiya*, *f.* adoration, reverence, homage.

नमस्य namas-yā, *den.* P. adore, do homage to, bless (ac.). *sam*, *id.* [ing reverence.

नमस्यत् namas-vat, *a.* reverential; inspir-

नमस्वि namas-vin, *a. id.*

नमुक्षि nāmukhi, *m.* [not letting go the waters]. *N. of a demon subdued by Indra*. -*āviśa*, *m.*

नमि namern, *m.* a tree. [*ep. of Indra*

नय nam-rā, *a.* bent, crooked; bowed (by, *in.*); bowing; to or with (-°), humble, submissive; -*tā*, *f.*, -*trā*, *n.* bowing; respect; lowliness, submissiveness, humility, towards (ic. or -°). *vinaitar namratā* = *samā*, *aret.* one should be courteous towards the well-bred.

नय nay-a, *m.* leading; behaviour, conduct; discreetness, prudence, towards (ic.); worldly

wisdom, policy; design, plan; principle, system, doctrine; -**kovida**, *n.* worldly wise, versed in policy; -**lakshus**, *n.* eye of wisdom; *a.* endowed with the eye of wisdom; -**gña**, *a.* worldly wise; knowing the system of (-).

नयन nay-ana, *n.* bringing, conducting, leading to (-); eye (*guiding organ*); -**tya**, *n. abs.*, *N.*

नयनगोचर nayana-gokara, *a.* being within range of the eye; -**gōhari-kṛi**, behold, -**kandrikā**, *f.* moonlight to the eyes; -**karita**, *n.* play of the eyes; -**gala**, *n.* tears; -**patha**, *m.* range of the eye; -**padavi**, *f. ad.*; -**payas**, *n.* tears; -**vat**, *a.* having eyes; -**vāri**, *n.* tears; -**viśhaya**, *m.* range of the eye; -**salila**, *n.* tears; -**subhaga**, *a.* pleasing to the eye.

नयनानन्द nayana ānanda, *m.* delight of the eyes; -**anta**, *m.* corner of the eye; -**ambu**, *n.* tears; -**udaka**, *n.* flood of tears; -**udabindu**, *m.* tear.

नयवत् naya-vat, *a.* versed in policy, prudent; -**vid**, *a. id.*; -**vartman**, *n.* policy; -**śālin**, *a.* possessed of worldly wisdom or of policy; -**vāstra**, *n.* doctrines of policy; -**nādhana**, *n.* politic procedure; -**sāhasa unnati-mat**, *a.* requiring a high degree of discretion and resolution; -**hina**, *pp.* destitute of discretion. [*quested*]

नयार्थित naya arthita, *pp.* courteously rener **नर** nār-a, *m.* man; husband; hero; the primordial Man, Spirit; *N.*

नरक nara-ka, *m.* (*n. rare*) infernal regions, hell; *N.* of a demon slain by Krishna -**pāta**, *m.* going to hell.

नरकपाल nara-kapāla, *m.* human skull

नरकरिपु naraka-ripu, *m. ep.* of Krishna; -**vāsa**, *m.* sojourn in hell; -**stha**, *a.* being in hell.

नरकाक nara-kāka, *m.* crow of a man; -**gāṅgala**, *n.* human flesh; -**danta**, *m.* human tooth; -**deva**, *m.* god among men; king; -**nātha**, *m.* prince, king; -**mārga**, *m.* high road; -**āsana**, *n.* royal throne, royalty.

नरप nara-pi, *m.* prince, king; -**pati**, *m. id.*; -**patha**, *m.* king's high-way, royal high-road; -**pāla**, *m.* prince, king; -**medha**, *m.* human sacrifice.

नरयान nara-yāna, *n.* palanquin; -**rūpa**, *n.* human form; -**loka**, *m.* world of men; -**pāla**, *m.* prince, king; -**vara**, *m.* excellent man; -**uttama**, *pp.* best of excellent men; -**varman**, *m. N.* of a prince; -**vāhana**, *a.* drawn by men; *m. ep.* of Kubera; *N.*; -**datta**, *m. N.* of a prince; -**karita**, *n.* adventure of Narayānamātta; -**vāhana-datt-īya**, *a.* belonging to Narayānamātta; -**vāhin**, *a.* borne by men; *m.* yāna, *n.* palanquin; -**viśhāna**, *n.* human lion; -**chivra**; -**vīra**, *n.* heroic man; -**loka**, *m.* = children of men; -**vyāghra**, -**ār-dūla**, *m.* tiger-like man = most illustrious of men; -**reshaka**, *pp.* best of men; -**sakha**, *m.* friend of Nara, *ep.* of Narayana; -**śinha**, *m.* lion among men = great warrior; man-lion (*the fourth Aśvatṛ of Ikṣvā*); -**hari**, *m.* man lion, Vishnu's fourth Aśvatṛ.

नराधिप nara adhipa, *m.* lord of men, king, prince; -**adhipati**, *m. id.*

नराशंस nārā-sānsa, *m.* Praise of Men (*i. e.* praised by men); *m. ep.* of Agni, *ep.* in the second verse of Apara hymna and in the third of Aprī-hyans, *ep.* of Pāśān.

नरेन्द्र nara indra, *m.* chief of men, king, prince; -**kanyā**, *f.* princess; -**śā**, *f.*, -**tya**, *n.*

kingship; -**putra**, *m.* prince; -**mārga**, *m.* high road; -**avāmin**, *m. N.* of a temple; -**āditya**, *m. N.* of a prince.

नरेश nara-śai, *m.* king; -**śvara**, *m. id.*

नरेशा nara-śthā, *a.* serving for a man to stand on

नरोत्तम nara uttama, *pp.* best of men.

नर्तक narta-ka, *a.* causing to dance; *m.* dancer; *i. f.* female dancer.

नर्तन nart-ana, *m.* dancer; *n.* dance; -**śālā**, *f.* dancing-room

नर्तयितु nart-avi-ti, *m.* who causes to dance (*ac.* dancing-master; -**ita**, *pp.* of *śvara*); -**i-tavya**, *pp.* *n.* necessity to dance, dancing

नर्द NARD, I. P. **narda**, *roar*, yell, cry (*with ac.* of sound; *intr.* **nānard**, sound aloud).

नर्दित nard-ita, *pp.* *n.* roar, bellow; *a.* certain throw at dice.

नर्मगर्भ narma-garbha, *a.* containing a jest, meant in joke; -**da**, *a.* giving amusement, granting gladness; *a. f. N.* of a river also called *Reṇā* near Nerbudda (*which rises in the Vindhya range*)

नर्मज narmaj, *n.* jest, sport, fun; *n. id.*, in jest or fun [*ing*, amuse]

नर्मय narma-ya, *den. P.* exhilarate by jest

नर्मसचिव narma-sulava, *m.* court jester, jesting companion of a king; -**śālivya**, *n.* condition of a court jester; -**śahid**, *m.* jesting friend of a king, court jester

नर्मोक्ति narma ukti, *f.* jesting speech

नर्द nar-va, *a.* manly; human; *m.* man; *n.* manly deed.

नल nala, *m.* kind of reed (*Amphidonia karika*); *N.* of a king, husband of Damayanti.

नलगिरि nala-giri, *m. N.* of an elephant.

नलद nālada, *n.* Indian spikenard (*Nardostachys Jatamansi*), the root of the Andra padma *non-vatus*

नलनामन् nala-nāman, *a.* named Nala; -**mārgana**, *n.* search for Nala; -**vāgin**, *m.* horse of Nala; -**śākhā**, *f.* inspection of its being Nala; -**āsana**, *n.* command of Nala; -**śaun-dhī**, *f.* presence of Nala; -**sarathi**, *m.* charioteer of Nala; -**śiddha**, *pp.* prepared by Nala; -**amātya**, *m.* minister of Nala; -**asva**, *m.* Nala's horse.

नलिका nalikā, *f.* tube.

नलिन nalina, *n.* day lotus flower (*Nelumbium speciosum*); -**śala**, *a.* petal of; -**brāhma**, *m. ep.* of Krishna; -**āsana**, *ep.* of Brahman.

नलिनी nalini, *f.* = nalina; group of or lake overgrown with lotuses; -**śala**, *n.* petal of the day lotus; -**maya**, *a.* consisting of petals of the day lotus; -**patra**, *n.* petal of the day lotus.

नलोदय nala-udaya, *m.* Nala's success, *T.* of a poem; -**upākhyāna**, *a.* episode of Nala.

नल्व nalva, *m.* a measure of distance, either = 52 or 200 yards

नव nāv-a, *a.* new, fresh, young, recent; *o.* (*preceding pp.*), *ad.* just, lately.

नवहस्तस nava-kritvas, *ad.* nine times.

नवग्रह nava-graha, *a.* recently caught.

नवस्य nāv-gva, *a.* ninefold; *m. pl.* the Nine, *N.* of a mythical race.

नवज nava-ja, *a.* lately arisen, just visible moon; new, young; -**vāra**, *m.* fresh sorrow.

नवति nava-ti, *a.* ninetyeth.

नवता nava-tā, *f.* -**tya**, *n.* newness, fresh-

नवति nava-ti, *f.* ninety. [*ness*]

नवदशन nava-dasana (*or ān*), *a. pl.* 10.

नवद्वार nava-dvāra, *n. pl.* the nine gates (*of the body*); *a.* (nava¹), nine-gated; *n.* body

नवधा nava-dhā, *ad.* ninefold, nine times

नवन् navaan (*or ān*), *num.* nine.

नवन nav-ana, *n.* laudation, praise.

नवनव nava-nava, *a.* (*pl. or o.* - *with a pl.*) ever new, constantly being renewed, very manifold.

नवनीत nava-nita, *n.* fresh butter.

नवपञ्चाशत् nava-pañchāsat, *f.* fifty-nine.

नवप्राशन nava-prasana, *n.* eating of the new grain. [*a fortnight*]

नवम nava-mā, *a.* ninth; *i. f.* ninth day in

नवमल्लिका nava-mallikā, *f.* double jasmine (*jasminum sambac*); -**malli**, -**mālikā**, *f. ad.*

नवमुख nava-mukha, *a.* (1) having nine openings

नवयज्ञ nava-yajña, *m.* offering of first-fruits; -**yauvana**, *n.* first bloom of youth, *a.* being in the; -**vat**, *a.* blooming with the freshness of youth. [*sacrifice of nine days*]

नवरात्र nava-rātra, *m.* period (*esp.* Soma

नववधु nava-vadhū, *f.* newly-married wo-

नवविध nava-vidha, *a.* ninefold [*man.*]

नवशशिश्रुत nava-sasi-bhrit, *m.* bearer of the new moon, *ep.* of Siva.

नवषष्टि nava-shashṭi, *f.* sixty-nine; -**saptati**, *f.* seventy-nine [*f.* offering of first fruits]

नवसस्य nava-sasya, *n.* new grain; -**śah**, *f.*

नवान्न nava-anna, *n.* new grain; -**ishṭi**, *f.* offering of first-fruits

नवाशति nava-asti, *f.* eighty-nine.

नवीकृ navi-kṛi, *renew*, renovate; refresh. [*another*]

नवीन navi-nā, *a.* new, fresh, young; *sts.*

नवीभाव navi-bhāva, *m.* renovation.

नवीभु navi-bhū, *be renewed*. [*recent*]

नवीयस navi-iyas, *ep.* new, fresh, young.

नवतर nava itara, *a.* old.

नवदस nā-vedas, *a.* (*or* -veda¹) observing, knowing (*g.*)

नवोढा nava ndhā, (*pp.*) *a. f.* newly-wedded; *f.* woman; -**udaya**, *a.* just risen moon

नव्य 1. nāv-ya, *a.* new, fresh, young; *ā stri*, *f.* newly-wedded woman.

नव्य 2. nāv-ya, *pp.* to be lauded, praiseworthy

नव्यस nāv-yas, *ep.* (-i) new, fresh.

नष् 1. NAS, I. P. **nas** + (F. E.); IV. P. (Ā.) **nā-ya**, *be lost*, perish, disappear, vanish, depart; *flc.* escape; *be useless*, *be in vain*; *pp.* **nash/a**, *lost*, vanished, invisible, fled; *destroyed*, spent, unuseful, fruitless, useless; *dead*; *having lost a loved one*. *ex. nā-aya*, P. Ā. *rare* cause to disappear, remove, dispel, efface, destroy, lose; throw away, violate; forget. *pp.* **nārita**, *lost*; *des.*

of *cs.* **nāśa-ayisha**, P. wish to destroy. **nāśa**, *pp* **nirnaśhā**, lost, disappeared. **pra-naśhā**, be lost; disappear, escape: *pp.* **pranaśhā** (the *n* remains unchanged when *a* becomes *sh*), lost; disappeared, vanished, perished; run away, escaped; *cs.* cause to disappear; leave unwarded, ignore, destroy. **vi-pra**, be lost; disappear. **vi**, be lost; disappear; perish; be fruitless: *pp.* lost, vanished; spoilt, ruined; destroyed, undone; *cs.* cause to disappear, dispel; destroy, kill; allow to perish. **anu-vi**, disappear or perish after or with (*acc.*). **sam**, *pp.* perished.

नश् 2. NAS. I. **nāśa**, (V.) reach, attain; befall. **abhi**, *ut.* [-ness.

नश्चर **nash-cha**, *u.* (i) perishable -**tva**, *n.* **nash-ta**, *pp.* of \sqrt{t} . **nas** -**vat**, *act. pt.*

नश्चैतन **nashā-āetana**, *a.* having lost consciousness; -**leshā**, *a.* motionless; -**dhi**, *a.* having lost the remembrance of an injury. **-nidra**, *a.* deprived of one's sleep; -**rūpa**, *a.* invisible, unrecognised; -**samgha**, *a.* whose consciousness is impaired.

नष्टातङ्कम् **nashā-ātāṅkam**, *ad.* fearlessly; -**ātman**, *a.* having one's understanding impaired; -**ārtha**, *a.* having lost one's property; -**ānaka**, *a.* fearless; -**m**, *ad.* fearlessly. **-ava-dagdhā-ratha-vat**, *ad.* like the man who had lost his horse and the one who had his cart burnt (*sc.* who helped each other).

नष्टि **nash-ti**, *f.* ruin, destruction.

नष्टिन् **nash-tin**, *a.* become impotent.

नष्टिष **nash-tishā**, *a.* seeking what is lost.

नष्टिष्य **nash-tishya**, *u.* search for the lost.

नष्टोभयलोक **nash-ta ubhaya-loka**, *a.* to whom both *this* and *the next* world are lost.

नस 1. NAS. I. **nasa**, (V.) assert one's self with, join, embrace. **sam**, *ante ut.* and *a*

नस 2. **nās**, *f.* nose (*only in* *te*, *sg.*, *g.*, *te*, *du*

नस 3. **nās**, *ue*, *d.*, *g.*, *pl.* of *ahan*.

नस **nas-n**, *nas* (*only* *-ā*).

नसंविद् **nas-samvid**, *f.* forgetfulness.

नसत्स **nas-tis**, *ad.* out of or into the nose.

नस्यार्थ **na-spyartha**, *n.* non-contact.

नस्य **nās-ya**, *a.* being in the nose, nasal. *n.* substance provocative of sneezing, sternutatory. -**karma**, *n.* employment of a sternutatory.

नस्य **nas-yā**, *f.* nose-bridle.

नह N VII, IV. P. **nahya**, bind, tie; tie or put on; *N* put on; *pp.* **naddha**, tied, bound, fastened, to; *cs.* encircled, covered, or studded, with (*on* or *api*, *pi* the latter form is the usual one in C); fasten, tie, or put on; tie up, cover by tying; stop up; *N* put on (oneself). *pp.* **apinaddha**, **pinaddha**. **ava**, *ti* cover up, *ā*, *ti* on; *pp.* covered, with (*in* or *on*); obstructed *ud*, press out; *pp.* **unnaddha**, fastened upwards, tied up; swelling; prominent, through (*in* or *on*); unfettered, excessive; arrogant. **sam-ud**, *pp.* directed upwards; pressed out, excessive; concealed. **upa**, *ti* up, in a bundle; *pp.* covered or inlaid with (*-*). **pari**, span, surround, encircle: *pp.* **parinaddha**, surrounded, by (*-*); extensive, broad, large; far advanced. **sam**, *ti* together, fasten, girl, equip, dress; prepare to (*inf.*); *pp.* **saminaddha**, tied together, fastened; adhering; adjoining; bordering; equipped; ready; about

to discharge (*cloud*); ready to blossom (*bud*); *cs.* cause to equip.

नहि **na-hi**, not to be sure, certainly not: **nahi-yatas**, because not-therefore.

नक्षत्र **nāsh-nsh-a**, *m.* [connection], descent, race. *N.*, *esp.* of a king who displaced Indra, but was afterwards transformed into a serpent.

नक्षस **nāsh-us**, *m.* [connection], descent, race; kinsman; neighbour.

नाक **nāka**, *m.* firmament, vault of heaven: -**nadi**, *f.* celestial Ganges; -**nāyaka**, *m.* *ep.* of Indra; -**pati**, -**pālā**, *m.* god, -**puramādhri**, *f.* Apsaras; -**pramātha**, *n.* vault of heaven; -**sad**, *m.* denizen of heaven, celestial, god; -**stri**, *f.* celestial female, Apsaras.

नाकिन् **nāk-in**, *m.* (possessing heaven), god.

नाकुल **nākula**, *a.* ichneumon-like.

नाकिश्वर **nāka isvara**, *m.* god.

नाकीकस् **nāka okas**, *m.* *id.* [sideral].

नाक्षत्र **nākshatra**, *a.* relating to the stars.

नाग **nāga**, *m.* serpent. *esp.* as name of fabulous serpents with human faces inhabiting the city of Bhogavat in the internal region; elephant, a vital air (causing vomiting); *N.* of several plants. *N.*

नागक **nāga-ka**, *m.* *N.* -**kesara**, *m.* *N.* of a small tree (*Mesua Fenzlaria*); *n.* its flower.

नागदन्त **naga-danta**, *m.* elephant's tooth, ivory, peg or bracket on the wall; -**ka**, *m.* *id.* -**maya**, *a.* made of ivory.

नागनाथ **naga-nātha**, *m.* chief of serpents. -**nāyaka**, *m.* *id.*; -**pati**, *m.* *id.*; -**pālā**, *m.* *N.*; -**pura**, *a.* Elephant-city; -**Hastina-pura**, *a.* -**bandha**, *m.* a serpent as a fetter; -**maya**, *a.* consisting of elephants.

नागर **nāgara**, *a.* belonging to the town, town-bred, urban; polished; adroit; *m.* citizen.

नागरक **nāgara-ka**, *a.* *m.* *id.* *m.* chief of a town, head of police; **ikā**, *f.* *N.*

नागराज **nāgarāj**, *m.* serpent king; -**rāja**, -**rājān**, *m.* *id.*

नागरिक **nāgar-ika**, *a.* urban, town-bred; polite; *m.* well-bred citizen, superintendent of police.

नागरी ***nāgarī**, *f.* = *deva-nāgarī*.

नागलता **naga-latā**, *f.* a tree; *N.* -**lekha**, *f.* *N.* -**loka**, *m.* world or abode of the Nagas; *coll.* the serpents. -**vallā**, *m.* *N.* -**vallī**, *f.* the betel plant, *pipper betel*. -**vaśā**, *f.* female elephant; -**sūra**, *m.* *N.* -**sthala**, *a.* *N.* of a village -**svāmīn**, *m.* *N.*

नागाधिराज **naga adhiraja**, *m.* king of the elephants. -**ānana**, *m.* Elephant-face, *ep.* of Garuḍa; -**ari**, *m.* foe of the serpents, *ep.* of Garuḍa; -**arguna**, *m.* *N.* of an ancient Buddhist teacher, -**āsana**, *m.* snake eating, peacock.

नागीभू **nāgi-bhū**, turn into a Nāga.

नागिन्द्र **nāga indra**, *m.* chief of serpents; lordly elephant; -**isvara**, *m.* *N.*

नागिदूषित **na-gau-dū-shita**, *pp.* injured

नाज्जक **nājaka**, *m.* *N.* [by fire].

नाट **nāta**, *m.* *pl.* *N.* of a people.

नाटक **nāṭaka**, *m.* [\sqrt{nat}] actor; *n.* play; -**vidhi**, *m.* art of acting.

नाटकीय **nāṭakīya**, *a.* dramatic; *f.* actress.

नाटयितव्य **nāt-ayi-tavya**, *fp.* to be acted (*play*).

नाटिका **nāt-ikā**, *f.* play; kind of drama.

नाटित **nāt-ita**, (*pp.*) *n.* mimic representation (*of an emotion or action*); -**ka**, *n.* *id.* (-^o).

नाट्य **nāt-ya**, *n.* dance; dramatic representation, scenic art; actor's attire; *in* represent mimetically = on the stage; -**vedi**, *f.* stage; -**śālā**, *f.* dancing-hall; -**āstra**, *n.* principles of dramatic art; -**āchārya**, *n.* teacher of dancing or of the scenic art; -**ka**, *n.* office of a dancing-master; -**ukti**, *f.* theatrical term.

नाडि **nādi**, *f.* vein; -**kā**, *f.* tube; *a.* measure of time = $\frac{1}{2}$ muhūrta or 24 minutes; *a.* measure of length = $\frac{1}{2}$ danda; *v.l.* for *nālā*.

नाडिधम **nādim-dhama**, *a.* swelling the veins, quickening the pulse.

नाडी **nāḍī**, *f.* (V. *nm.* -**s**), tube (also of the rays of the sun, regarded as hollow and sucking up water; slit, crack; tubular vessel in the body, vein; pulse).

नाणक **nānaka**, *n.* coin; -**pariksha**, *m.* tester of coin.

नातिकल्याण **na-ati-kalyāṇa**, *a.* not very beautiful or noble; -**grāha**, *a.* tolerably deep; -**āra**, *a.* not very long (time); -**tivra**, *a.* moderate, -**tripiti**, *f.* non-sufficient.

नातिदूर **na-ati-dūra**, *a.* not too distant; -**m**, *ad.* not very far, *ab.*, *te.* not very far from (*ab.* *g.* -**ga**, *a.* not too distant; -**sthita**, *pp.* standing at not too great a distance).

नातिनिर्वृति **na-ati-nirvṛti**, *f.* not too great satisfaction; -**nāśa**, *a.* not too low; -**parikara**, *a.* having a limited retinue; -**parisphu**, *a.* somewhat concealed; -**pariyāpta**, *pp.* not too abundant; -**pusha**, *pp.* not too well furnished with (*on*); -**prakupita**, *pp.* not excessively angry; -**pramāṇa**, *a.* not too good-humoured; -**prasiddha**, *pp.* not notorious; -**bhārīka**, *a.* not too weighty; -**bhinna**, *pp.* not very different from *ab.* -**mātram**, *ad.* not excessively; -**mān-in**, *a.* not esteeming oneself too highly; -**tā**, *f.* absence of vanity; -**ramaṇiya**, *pp.* not too charming. -**tā**, *f.* *abst.* *N.*; -**rūpa**, *a.* not very pretty, -**viśadam**, *ad.* kiss not very audibly; -**vis-tāra-samka**, *a.* neither too wide nor too narrow; -**śita**, *ushna*, *a.* neither too hot nor too cold; -**ślishā**, *pp.* not very firm; -**ava-stha**, *a.* not very well, poorly.

नात्यन्तदूर **na-tyanta-dūra**, *a.* not very far distant.

नात्यादृत **na-ati-dūrta**, *pp.* much neglected; -**ukhrīta**, *pp.* not too much, -**utpanna**, *pp.* not quite natural or usual.

नाथ **NĀTHI**, I. **Ā** (P. *are*) **nātha**, implore *te*, beg for *g.* beseech *acc.* for *acc.*; *pp.* -**itā**, suppliant. **upa**, P. beseech *any one* (*acc.*)

नाथ **nāth-ā** *n.* refuge, help; *m.* protector, guardian, ruler, lord, possessor (*of g.* or *l.*); husband *esp.* in *cor.*; = *a.* also in the possess on *cc.* occupied by; -**kāma**, *a.* seeking aid; -**vat**, *a.* -**i** having a protector or husband. -**tā**, *f.* *abst.* *N.*

नाद **nād-ā**, *m.* din, roar; cry; sound; nasal sound represented by a semicircle; -**ā**, *a.* roaring. -**ita**, *cc.* *pp.* \sqrt{nad} ; *n.* noise, cry; -**ina**, *a.* sounding aloud; = *s.* sounding or roaring like, resounding with.

नादेय **nād-eyā**, *a.* coming from a river (*nadi*); aquatic.

नाध् NĀDH, I. Ā. (V.) only *pr. pt.* **nādh-**
māna, suppliant, and *pp.* **nādhita**, dis-
tressed.

नाधोत naadhita, *pp.* unlearned, ignorant.

नाधद nādhā, *n. N.* of a *Sāman*.

नाना nānā, *ad.* variously, in different places,
separately; *often, esp. -*, used like an *adjective*,
different, various, manifold; -**ākāra**, *a.*
various, sundry; -**gati**, *m.* wind; -**tva**, *n.* dif-
ference; manifoldness; -**digdeśa**, *m.* *dh. sg.*
from various quarters, from all parts of the
world; -**devatya**, *a.* addressed to various
gods; -**deśa**, *m. sg.* various regions; -**deśya**,
a. pl. belonging to various lands; -**dhātu-
nāta**, *n. pl.* hundreds of various
minerals; -**dhātu-samākṛta**, *pp.* filled with
various minerals; -**pakshi-gaṇa ākṛta**, *pp.*
filled with flocks of various birds; -**pakshi-
nīśevita**, *pp.* frequented by various birds; -
mantra ogha-siddhi-mat, *a.* possessed of a
number of efficacious spells; -**mṛga-gaṇa**, *m.*
pl. flocks of various animals; -**rasa**, *a.* having
various sentiments (*ānanda*); -**rūpa**, *a.* hetero-
geneous; -**artha-mahārātina-maya**, *a.*
consisting of various priceless precious stones;
-**artha**, *a.* having different meanings; con-
taining something different; *v.* word with
several meanings; new sentence; -**varṇa ā-
krīti**, *a.* of various colours and shapes; -**vi-
dha**, *a.* various, manifold; -**stri**, *f. pl.* women
of different castes.

नान्दी nāndī, *f.* joy, prayer at the open-
ing of a play.

नान्दीनाद nāndī-nāda, *m.* cry of joy;
-**mukha**, *m. pl. N.* of a class of *Mamas*.

नान्दुक nānduka, *n. N.*

नापित nāpīta, *m.* barber; *i. f.* barber's wife.

नाभ nābh, *f.* aperture, spring. [centre.

नाभ nābh-a, *° a.* navel; nave of a wheel.

नाभस nābhas-a, *a.* (i) appearing in the sky,
coming from the sky; *voice*.

नाभक nābhāk, *a.* derived from nābhāka,
m. pat. of Nābhaka (a Rishi).

नाभि nābhi, *f.* (C) *m.* navel, navel-cord
also 1. nave of a wheel *also* 2. hub, centre,
home, relationship, relative; *m.* musk animal;
chief *esp.* among kings; -**kṛtana**, *a.* cutting
the navel-cord; -**gandha**, *m.* scent of
musk; -**tva**, *n.* condition of a navel.

नाभिजात nābhi-jāta, *pp. 1.* produced from
a navel; 2. nābhi-; not nobly born.

नाभिधावत् nābhi-dhāv-at, *pp. pt.* not
coming to the rescue.

नाभिनाल nābhi-nāla, *n.* ā, *f.* navel-cord
a.; -**mūla**, *n.* region just below the navel.

नाभिलक्षित nābhi-lakṣita, *pp.* unobserved.

नाभिवर्धन nābhi-varḍhana, *n.* cutting of
the navel-cord. [wheel.

नाभी nābhi, *f.* navel, navel-cord; nave of a

नामक nāma-ka, *a.* (ikā) 1. bearing the name
of, named (-); 2. (√nam) bending.

नामकरण nāma-karṇa, *n.* ceremony of
giving a name; -**karmaṇ**, *n. ul.*; -**kirtana**,
n. mentioning the name of (*q.*); -**gotra**, *n.*
du. personal and family name; -**grāha**, *m.*
-**grahana**, *n.* mention of a name; -**grāha**, *m.*
id. (-**grāha** -*m.* *id.* mentioning the name;
-**gati-grāha**, *m.* -*ana*, *n.* mention of the name
and rank of the caste).

नामतस nāma-tas, *ad.* by name *kṛi*, give

the name of *ac* to (*ac*); - **prākā**, *nek* the
name of *ac*; in **nāma nāmatas** one of the
two words is redundant.

नामधारक nāma-dhāraka, *a.* merely bear-
ing the name, being *nam* only in name;
-**dhārin**, *a.* bearing the name of named;
-**dheya**, *n.* name-giving, appellation, name;
ceremony of naming; -**atas**, *ad.* nominally.

नामन् nā-man, *n.* (f. ° *a.* -**mai** or less
commonly -**man** mark, token; form, manner,
name, appellation; mere name *opp.* reality;
trace, personal name *opp.* family name or
gotra; nature, kind, race, good name, fame
only - *a.*; noun *gr.*; -**nāma kṛi**, *A.* take
a name; - **grah**, mention the name; *bh.*,
bear a name; - **kṛi**, -**da**, or -**dhā**, give a name;
nāmnā kṛi or **vi-dhā**, name 2 *ac*; **nāma**, *ad.*
by name *sts.* **nāmnā** or **nāmatas** is *redundantly*
added; indeed, certainly, of course;
perhaps, with *inter.* then, pray; with *impr.*
ever so much, no matter it. *api* **nāma**, with
pot. at the beginning of a sentence, perhaps;
emphasis as a preceding word more strongly
than *api*; **mā nāma**, + *pot.* would that not,
if only not; **nanu nāma**, surely.

नाममात्र nāma-mātra, *n.* the mere name;
a. being something *nam*, merely in name;
-**mālā**, *f.* dictionary of nouns. *T.* of a dic-
tionary; -**mudrā**, *f.* signet ring with a name;
-**yaṇa**, *m. sa.* rites only in name; -**rūpa**, *n.*
du. name and form; -**liṅga**, *n.* gender of
nouns; -**vismṛiti**, *f.* forgetting of the name;
-**śa**, *a.* of whom the name only survives,
dead. [-**śakṛta**, *pp. ul.*

नामाङ्क nāma-āṅka, *n.* marked with a name;

नामिक nāma-ika, *a.* (i) referring to a per-
sonal name; nominal *gr.*

नामिन् nam-in, *a.* having a name.

नाम्य nām-ya, *fp.* flexible.

नाय nāy-ā, *m.* leader; prudence, policy.

नायक nāya-ka, *m.* guide, leader, chief,
hero, lover in a play, for husband; central
point in a wheelbar, *N.* -**tva**, *n.* leadership.

नायकाय nāyaka-ya, *den. Ā.* represent the
central gem in a pearl necklace.

नायिका nāy-ikā, *f.* high-born lady; mis-
tress, heroine [*m.* man, *pl.* water.

नार nārā, *a.* belonging to a man, human;

नारक nāraka, *a.* (i) infernal, hellish; *m.*
inhabitant of hell; *a.* hell, infernal regions.

नारकिन् nārak-in, *a., m. id.*

नारङ्ग nārāṅga, *m.* 1. *f.* orange-tree.

नारद nārada (nā), *m. N.*, *esp.* of a *Devar-
sha*, who often comes down to earth to report
what is going on in heaven, and returns to
recount what is happening on earth.

नारदीय nārada-īya, *a.* relating to Nārada;
n. T. of various works.

नाराच nāraka, *m.* (and *of*) arrow; -**dur-
dina**, *n.* shower of arrows.

नारायण nārāyaṇa, *m.* Son of the primal
Man, *pat.* of the personified Puruṣa, identi-
fied with Viṣṇu and Kṛṣṇa, *N.*, *a.* a re-
lating to Nārāyaṇa; 1. *f.* *cp.* of Durgā.

नारायणाय nārāyaṇā-ya, *den. Ā.* become
or resemble the god Nārāyaṇa.

नारायणस nārāyaṇas, *a.* (i) relating to the
praise of men; sacred to Agni Nārāyaṇa;
m. N. of certain *Soma* cups over which a
prayer containing the word Nārāyaṇa is

uttered. -**paṅkti**, *a.* performed with five
Nārāyaṇa cups.

नारि nārī, *f.* woman, wife.

नारिकेर nāriketa, *m.* cocoa-nut, tree.

नारिकेल nārikela, *m. id.*; -**kuhara**, hollow
of a; *N.* of an island. -**dvipa**, *m. id.*

नारी nārī, *f.* woman, wife; -**maya**, *a.* con-
sisting of women only; -**yāna**, *n.* carriage for
women. [madā

नार्मद nārmada, *a.* belonging to the Nar-
नाल nāla, *a.* consisting of reeds; *n.* hollow
stalk; lotus stalk; tube, pipe; navel-cord
-**ka**, *a.* (lotus) stalk.

नालिक nāl-ika, period of 24 minutes (°
a. -*ā*, *f. ul.* allusion, hint.

नालिकेर nāliketa, *m.* cocoa-nut, tree.

नालिकेल nālikela, *m. id.*

नालीक nālīka, *m.* kind of arrow; *i. f.* *id.*

नालीजङ्घ nālī-gaṅgha, *m. N.*

नाव nāva = nau, ship (° or °).

नावनीत nāvānita, *a.* (i) coming from butter;
soft as butter. [skipper, -**pati**, *m. id.*

नाविक nāv-ika, *m.* boatman; -**nāyaka**, *m.*

नाय nāv-ā, *a.* navigable; *n.* ā, *f.* navi-
gable river.

नाश naś-a, *n.* loss, disappearance; destruc-
tion, ruin; death; -**aka**, *a.* (ikā) destroying,
q. or *v.*; -**ana**, *a.* 1. destroying, dispelling,
removing *q.* or *v.*; 2. destruction, ruin, re-
moval, forgetting *q.*; -**kara**, *a.* 1. destruc-
tive of; -**tu**, *a.* perishing, °, destroy-
ing; -**ya**, *fp.* to be banished, °, destroyed.

नाष्टिक naśti-ika, *m.* [r. naśti] owner of
lost property.

नाश्रु naśh-trā, *f.* [√naś] danger, ruin, fiend.

नास nās, *f. du.* nostrils, nose.

नासय nāsāya, *n. du.* *cp.* of the *Asvins*;
Inter. m. N. of one of the *Asvins*.

नासदासीय nāsadaśīya, *a.* relating to Nā-
X, 129 which *bhoga* nāsadaśī.

नासा nās-ā, *f. du. d. sg.* nostrils, nose.

नासाय nāsāgra, *n.* tip of the nose; -**anti-
ka**, *a.* reaching to the nose.

नासापुट nāsā-puṭa, *m.* nostril; -**randhra**,
n. id.; -**vaṇa**, *m.* bridge of the nose; -**vi-
roka**, *n.* nostril; -**vivara**, *n. id.*

नासिका nāsika, *f. sg.* nostril; *C.* nose
du. nostrils, nose; -**agra**, *a.* tip of the nose.

नासिक्य nāsik-ya, *a.* nasal.

नासिर nāsina, *n.* van (of an army).

नासिक naśti-ka, *n.* unbelieving; *m.* un-
believer, atheist; *one who says* 'there is not
a God'; -**ā**, *f.* atheism.

नासिक्य nāsik-ya, *n.* unbelieve; -**karma-
nām**, disbelief in the effect of works.

नासिमूर्ति naśti-mūrti, *f.* bodiless; -**vāda**,
m. atheism, unbelief.

नास्य nās-ya, *n.* nose-cord.

नाश्व 1. nābhuśa, *a.* (i) akin; *m.* kinsman.

नाश्व 2. nābhuśa, *m.* descendant of Nābhu-
śa, *pat.* of Yayāti.

नि ni, *ad.* down; in, into; backwards (*except*
over, in the AV., only combined with *verb* or

compounded with nouns: in the latter case sometimes = nis).

निम्स NIMS, II. Ā. *nimste*, kiçç, greet.

निःक ni-k, *n.* निष्क *nishka*.

निःक्षयि ni-kshayī, *a.* having no warrior caste; *-kshaya*, *m.* sending away, removal.

निःप ni-pa, *n.* निष्प *nishpa*, *-pha*.

निक्ष ni-kakshā, *m.* arm-pit.

निकट ni-kata, *a.* being at one's side, near; *n.* proximity; *-m*, near, to 'g' or 'r'; *ab.* from the neighbourhood of, away from; *le* near, beside, to; *-ga*, *-vartin*, *-stha*, *a.* standing near, being at hand.

निकटी ni-katī, *bbh*, approach (*a.*) be near.

निकर ni-kara, *m.* dense mass, multitude; *-kartana*, *n.* cutting off; robbing; *-karaha*, *m.* diminution, depreciation; low degree; *-kasha*, *m.* rubbing in, friction; harrow; touchstone; *n.* streak of gold on the touchstone; *-grāvan*, *m.* touchstone; *-kasha-na*, *m.* *n.* touchstone; *-kashā*, *in. ad.* near (*ae*).

निकषाय nikushāya, *den.* Ā. be a touchstone; *-māna*, *pr. pt.* being a touchstone for (*ae*).

निकाम ni-kāmā, *m.* desire, pleasure; *-m*, *-tas*, *ad.* according to wish, at pleasure, one's full, sufficiently, abundantly, altogether; *-kāya*, *m.* assemblage, class, society; multitude; body; *-kāra*, *m.* humiliation, insult.

निकावल्या nikāvalyā, *f.* *N.*, or possibly two names.

निका ni-kāsa, *m.* sight; neighbourhood; *a.* appearance (= like, similar); *-kāsha*, *m.* scratching; rubbing, friction.

निकुञ्ज ni-kuñja, *m.* thicket; *-kumbha*, *m.* a plant (*Crotalaria polyantha*); *N.* of an attendant of Śiva; *-kuramba* or *-kurumba*, *m.* *n.* multitude; *-ka*, *m.* *n.* *id.*

निकृत् ni-kṛta, *pp.* *√kri*; *n.* fraud; *-kriti*, *a.* dishonest; base; *f.* dishonesty, fraud, baseness; *-pra/pā*, *a.* versed in fraud, *-mat*, *a.* dishonest; *-kravan*, *a.* delusive; *-kritana*, *a.* cutting off, destroying; *n.* slaughter, destruction of (*g* or 'r'); *-krishna*, *pp.* *√krish*; *-kaya*, *a.* having a base disposition; *-tā*, *f.* *abst.* *√*; *-upādhi*, *a.* conditioned by something lower; *-tā*, *f.* *abst.* *√*.

निकेत ni-keta, *m.* (*n.*) mansion, dwelling; *-ketana*, *n.* *id.*, temple. [*n.* *id.*]

निकोच ni-koḥa, *m.* contraction; *-koḥana*,

निक्रमण ni-kramana, *n.* stepping, treading; footstep; *-krida*, *m.* play; *-kvaṇa*, *m.* sound; *-kvaṇa*, *m.* *id.*

निक्ष NIKSH, I. P. *niksha*, pierce.

निषेप ni-kshapa, *m.* putting down, throwing or casting on; directing the gaze towards (*le*); deposit, pledge, object given in trust; *-kshapa-na*, *n.* putting down; peace for keeping anything; *-kshapti*, *m.* depositor; *-kshapya*, *fp.* to be put down; to be placed in (*le*).

निखनन ni-khanana, *n.* burying, hiding in the ground; *-kharva*, *n.* a hundred thousand millions; *-ka*, *a* thousand millions; *-khāta*, *pp.* *√khan*; *-tasha* *abgāra* *ādi-mat*, *a.* with buried husks, coal, etc.

निखिल ni-khila, *a.* [without a gap], entire,

all, complete; *-artha*, *a.* containing all requisites, complete.

निगद ni-gada, *n.* foot-chain; fetter; *-gada-na*, *n.* putting in irons.

निगदय nigada-ya, *den.* P. put in irons; *pp.* *niga/ita*, fettered.

निगद ni-guld, *m.* reciting aloud; prayer recited aloud; mention; *-gama*, *m.* insertion, *exp.* of gods' names in a ritual formula; *-garana*, *n.* swallowing; *-gū/ha-kārin*, *a.* walking in disguise; *-gūtha-tara*, *cpr.* well concealed; *-gūhana*, *n.* hiding; *-grabhitrī*, *m.* seizer, binder of sacrificial animal; *-graha*, *m.* seizure; repression, suppression; keeping back from (*ab*); restraint, coercion, chastisement; reprimand; *-grahana*, *n.* repression, suppression; punishment; *-grahitrī*, *m.* seizer, *-grahitavya*, *fp.* to be punished; *-grāhya*, *fp.* *id.*; oppressed, injured, by (*ae*).

निघण्ट ni-ghanta, *m.* glossary; *N.* of a *Dāvara*; *-ghanta*, *m.* glossary; *pl.* Vedic glossary.

निघर्ष ni-gharsha, *m.* friction; *-ghāta*, *m.* blow; stroke; falling accent; *-ghātīn*, *a.* striking down, destroying (*ae*); *-ghna*, *a.* (*ae*) dependent; being in the power of, ruled by; devoted to.

निघमन ni-kamana, *n.* sipping; *-kaya*, *m.* accumulation, heap, crowd, multitude; store, provision; *-kayin*, *a.* multitudinous; *-kala*, *m.* a tree, *N.* of a poet rival of Kālidāsa; *-ka*, *m.* a tree, *c.* covering; *-kalita*, *pp.* covered with a case, covered with (*ae*).

निचेतु ni-keṭi, *m.* observer; *-keṭrī*, observer of (*ae*); *-keya*, *fp.* to be heaped up; *-kola*, *m.* wrapper, cloak; cover; *-ka*, *n.* *id.*

निक्किव ni-kkhi, *m.* a mixed caste (*offspring* of Vṛāṇa Kshatriya).

निज NIG, *intr.* *nenekti*, *neniktē*, cleanse; *Ā.* wash oneself; *pp.* *nikta*, washed, cleansed; sprinkled; *ava*, purity; *ex.* *-neyaya*, P. cause to wash, *nis*, cleanse; *Ā.* wash oneself; *Ā.* adorn oneself; *pp.* *nir/nikta*, washed, cleansed, purified, pure (*fin*); washed away; *su*; cleared up, explained.

निज ni-ja, *a.* inborn, indwelling; constant; domestic; *for*; own (*often* *possessive pronoun*); *m.* *pl.* one's own people; *-varna-dharma*, *m.* rules of his own caste; *-tas*, *ad.* from.

निजुर ni-jūr, *f.* burning, scorching.

निटाल niṭāla, *n.* forehead. [Siva.]

निटिल niṭila, *n.* *id.*; *-ikshana*, *m.* *ep.* of

निथ ni-nyā, *a.* inward; secret, hidden; *-m*, *ad.* *n.* secret.

नितम्ब ni-tamba, *m.* posterior; *du.* buttocks (*esp.* of a woman); slope of a mountain; *-vati*, *a.* having beautiful buttocks, kallipygian; *f.* woman with beautiful buttocks; *N.*; *-sthala*, *n.*, *-sthali*, *f.* hind quarters.

नितम्बन nitamb-in, *a.* kallipygian; concealing beautiful buttocks (*garment*); having beautiful slopes; *-i*, *f.* woman with beautiful buttocks.

नितराम ni-tarām, (*cpr.*) *ad.* below; in a lowered tone, completely, quite; at all events; especially, greatly; too much; expressly.

नितान्त ni-tānta, *pp.* (*√tam*) excessive; *-m*, *ad.* excessively, highly, very.

नितोद्ग ni-toḍin, *a.* goulding, piercing.

नित्य ni-tya, *a.* inward, innate; own (*V.*); constant, perpetual, eternal; always abiding in, devoted to (*ae*); regular, essential, necessary; *-m* or *-m*, *ad.* constantly, perpetually, always; invariably; *na nityam*, not always; never; *-samāsa*, *m.* necessary or fast compound, *i.e.* one that cannot be resolved without destroying the meaning; *-savarita*, *m.* necessary, *i.e.* independent svarita.

नित्यकर्मण nitya-karman, *n.* necessary duty or rite; *-kālam*, *ad.* always, invariably; *-kṛitya*, *n.*, *-kṛityā*, *f.* regular ceremony, daily routine; *-gati*, *a.* constantly moving; *n.* wind; *-gāta*, *pp.* being constantly born; *-tā*, *f.*, *-tva*, *n.* perpetuity, eternity; necessity; perseverance in, devotion to (*ae*); *-dā*, *ad.* perpetually; *-parikshaṇa*, *n.* constant inspection; *-bhāva*, *m.* eternally.

नित्ययुक्त nitya-yukta, *pp.* ever occupied in, constantly applied or attentive to (*le*); *-yuga*, *a.* ever concentrated; *-vyaya*, *a.* always expending; *-vrata*, *n.* life-long observance; *-abhita*, *pp.* perpetually alarmed, constantly suspicious.

नित्यश्च nitya-sas, *ad.* constantly.

नित्यसेवक nitya-sevaka, *a.* constantly serving; *-śāyīn*, *a.* constantly performing ablutions; *(nitya-hotrī)*, *m.* constant sacrificer.

नित्यानुगृहीत nitya-anugṛihita, *pp.* constantly tended (*for*); *-udaka*, *-udakin*, *a.* always supplied with water; *-udita*, *pp.* spontaneously arisen (*knowledge*).

निद NID (*V.* and only in the forms *nidūś*, *nidāna*, *nidāyāna* = NIN).

निदर्शक ni-darśa-ka, *a.* seeing; announcing; *-darśana*, *a.* (*i*) showing; announcing; teaching; *n.* seeing, sight; reference to (*ae*); showing, authority, evidence; instance, example, illustration; symptom; prognostic, system; contradictory instance; *-darśin*, *a.* (*ae*) seeing, understanding; pleasing; *-dāgha*, *n.* heat, hot season, summer; *-dhāman*, *m.* sun; *-svadhi*, *n.* hot season; *-dāna*, *n.* rope, halter, prime cause, original form; cause; a class of Buddhist works; *n.* originally, essentially, really; *-dīdṛāsu*, *des.* *a.* sleepy; *-dīdhyāsana*, *n.* profound meditation; *-dīdhyāsitavya*, *fp.* to be profoundly meditated on; *-dēsa*, *m.* command, order; neighbourhood; *e sthā*, be at any one's *d.* command.

निद्रा ni-drā, *f.* sleep; sleepiness; *-m tyā*, blossom (*of flower*); *-kara*, *a.* soporific; *-āgama*, *m.* drowsiness, *-daridra*, *a.* suffering from sleeplessness; *i-kṛi*, deprive of sleep.

निद्रावर्तित nidrā-antarita, *pp.* fallen asleep; *-andha*, *a.* blinded with sleep; *-glassa*, *a.* drowsy, sleepy, sluggardly; *-lasya*, *n.* sleepiness, sloth.

निद्रालु nidra-lu, *a.* sleepy.

निधन ni-dhāna, *n.* [putting down], abode; conclusion, end; annihilation; death; musical finish of a *Sāman*.

निधनता ni-dhāna-tā, *f.* poverty.

निधा ni-dhā, *f.* snaring net; *-dhātavya*, *fp.* to be put down; *-kept*; *-entrusted* to (*le*); *-directed* to (*le*); *-dhāna*, *n.* putting down; receptacle; *-a*; *i*; (hidden) treasure.

निधि ni-dhi, *m.* putting down; food set down; receptacle; *fig.* embodiment; (hidden) treasure; *apām* -, receptacle of waters, ocean;

for nothing, indifferent to worldly objects; independent of (-); -**m**, *ad*, without having any regard, without troubling about a thing; -**ka**, *a*, independent; -**tā**, *f*, regardlessness; indifference towards (*le*); -**ya**, *n*, indifference; independence; -**apekshā**, *f*, indifference towards (*le*); -**apekshita**, *pp* derogated; regardless of (-); indifferent towards (*le*); -**apekshya**, *fp* not to be troubled about.

निरभिप्राय nir-abhi-prāya, *a*, aimless; -**bha-va**, *a*, not degrading or humiliating; -**māna**, *a*, free from pride; -**lāpya**, *a*, unspeakable; -**lāsha**, *a*, free from desire for, regardless of; -**sandhin**, *a*, disinterested.

निरभ nir-abha, *a*, cloudless; -**amarsha**, *a*, apathetic; -**ambara**, *a*, unclothed, naked.

निरय nir-aya, *m*, (departure from life), hell.

निराग nir-aga, *a*, unchecked, undisturbed, free, irremissible.

निरर्थ nir-artha, *a*, useless; poor; unmeaning, senseless. -**ka**, *a*, failing of one's purpose, futile, unprofitable, useless; senseless, unmeaning; -**m**, *ad* in vain; *n* senseless objection; -**ka-tva**, *n*, futility; -**tā**, *f*, senselessness.

निरवकाश nir-avakāśa, *a*, having no space; place or scope; inopportune; -**tā**, *f*, *abs*, *s*.

निरवकाशीक niravakāśi-*ki*, remove from its place.

निरवग्रह nir-avagraha, *a*, unrestrained, uncontrolled, free, independent.

निरवधि nir-avādhi, *fp* blameless.

निरवधि nir-avādhi, *a*, boundless, unlimited, perpetual, endless; -**ka**, *a*, unlimited; -**avyaya**, *a*, indivisible; -**tva**, *n*, -ness; -**avalamba**, *a*, affording no support, unsupported, destitute of support; -**avalambana**, *n*, ownerless (wealth), not to be met with in any one; -**avyarsha**, *a*, leaving no remnant; complete, whole; *n*, -**tas**, altogether, wholly; -**avāsāda**, *a*, cheerful.

निराशन nir-asa, *a*, abstaining from food; -**ava**, *a*, homeless.

निरसन nir-asana, *a*, (i) casting out; *n*, driving away, expulsion; removal, abandonment, rejection; -**i-ya**, *fp*, to be expelled from (*ab*); -**asta**, *pp* of *√as*, throw; -**astra**, *a*, unarmed; -**asya**, *fp*, deserving expulsion.

निरहकार nir-aham-kāra, *a*, free from egoism; -**kārin**, *a*, free from consciousness of self; -**krīta**, *pp* impersonal; unselfish, unpretentious; -**krīta**, *a*, free from egoism; -**kriya**, *a*, impersonal; -**kriyā**, *f*, freedom from egoism.

निराकरण nir-akaran, *n*, expulsion; repudiation of a self; removal, disavowal, -**ākaraṇīya**, *fp*, to be disproved; -**ākari-shan**, *a*, repudiating *m*, seeking to remove from (*ab*); forgetful; -**ākartavya**, *fp* to be disproved; -**ākarta**, *n*, container of (*g*); *a*, disproving; -**ākāśksha**, *a*, expecting nothing; having no desires; requiring no support; -**ākāra**, *a*, formless, bodiless, having no object, vacant; -**ākula**, *a*, not crowded, unfettered, not confused, orderly; unconcerned, calm; -**ākṛiti**, *a*, formless; neglecting one's regular duties; -**ākṛanda**, *a*, unprotected, affording no protection; *m*, *n*, an sheltered place; -**ākriyā**, *f*, expulsion; disavowal; -**āgas**, *a*, guiltless; -**āgraha**, *a*, not obstinately insisting on anything; -**ākīrsha**, *des*, *a*, wishing to retire any one; *n*; -**ākīrya**, *ad*, affording no livelihood; -**ākambara**, *ad*, without much talk; -**ātāka**, *a*, free from ailment or anxiety; causing no ailment or anxiety; -**ā**

tapa, *a*, sheltered from the heat of the sun, shady; -**ātapatra**, *a*, destitute of an umbrella; -**ātithya**, *n*, inhospitable (forest); -**ādāra**, *a*, showing no respect towards (*le*); -**ādhi**, *a*, free from care; -**ānanda**, *a*, joyless, sad; -**ānta**, *a*, disembowelled; -**āpad**, *a*, free from adversity; -**ābādha**, *a*, undisturbed, harmless, frivolous, futile; -**āmāya**, *n*, health, welfare; *a*, healthy, well; salubrious; infallible; -**āmarsha**, *a*, putting up with everything, apathetic; -**āmisha**, *a*, fleshless; having no sensual desires; -**āsin**, *a*, not eating flesh, not carnivorous; -**āyata-tva**, *n*, lack of extension, shortness; -**āyati**, *a*, having no future; -**āyāsa**, *a*, involving no trouble, causing no fatigue; -**āyudha**, *a*, unarmed; -**ārambha**, *a*, unenterprising, inactive; -**ālamba**, *a*, having no support; suspended in the air; self-supported, isolated, affording no support; -**ālāpa**, *a*, not talking; -**ālōka**, *a*, devoid of light, dark; blind, foolish; -**āvarāna**, *a*, uncovered, manifest; -**āva**, *a*, having given up all hope or expectation, despairing of (*ab*), *with* (*prati*, *ab*, *le*, or *o*); -**kāra**, *a*, taking away all hope of, rendering impossible; -**tva**, *n*, hopelessness; -**āśāka**, *a*, fearless, not afraid of (*le*); -**āśankya**, *fp* not to be feared; -**āśā**, *f*, renunciation of all hopes; -**āśāna**, *pp*, verging on despair; -**āśitva**, *n*, despair; -**āśin**, *a*, having renounced all hope, hopeless; -**āśis**, *a*, having no desires or hopes; -**āśi-bhū**, lose all hope; -**āśrama**, *a*, being in none of the four stages of a Brahman; -**pada**, *a*, having no hermitages; forest; -**āramin**, *a*, *ul*, -**āraya**, *a*, shelterless, unsupported; independent; unprotected; -**āsa**, *n*, expulsion, exclusion, rejection, repudiation; -**āstha**, *a*, taking no interest in, not caring about; -**āhāra**, *n*, fasting; *a*, abstaining from food, having nothing to eat; -**tā**, *f*, *abs*, *N*.

निरिच्छि nir-mi-*chya*, *a*, impotent; barren; frail.

निरिचक nir-iksh-*aka*, *a*, seeing, beholding; intending to see; -**āna**, *a*, looking at (-); *n* regarding, inspection, contemplation, look.

निरति nir-ti, *a*, not afflicted with calamities; -**iha**, *a*, motionless; inactive; indifferent to all things; -**tā**, *f*, indifference, absence of desire to get anything.

निर्वृति nir-*ukta*, *pp*, *√vak*; *n*, explanation; etymological interpretation; *esp*, *T*, of Yāska's commentary on the Nighantus; -**ukti**, *f*, etymological explanation; -**nikhāna**, *n*, = *nir-vāna*; -**uttara**, *a*, having no superior, unable to give an answer; -**utsava**, *a*, devoid of festivals; -**utāha**, *a*, destitute of energy, unenterprising, spiritless; -**tā**, *f*, cowardice; -**utsuka**, *a*, unconcerned; having no desire for (*prati*); -**utsaka**, *n*, modesty; *a*, unpretentious, modest; -**udāra**, *a*, trunkless; -**udā**, *am*, *ad* without making any statement; -**udyama**, *a*, avoiding exertion, indolent; -**udyoga**, *a*, *id*, -**udvigna**, *pp*, untroubled, unagitated; -**manasa**, *a*, having *m*'s mind undisturbed; -**udvega**, *a*, free from agitation, calm; -**unmāda**, *a*, free from arrogance; -**upakārin**, *a*, unable to render a service; -**upakriya**, *a*, rendering no service; -**upadrava**, *a*, unassailed by mischances or calamities, prosperous, faring well; free from danger, safe; -**tā**, *f*, security; -**upadhi**, *a*, free from guile, honest, blameless; -**upapatti**, *a*, unsuitable; -**upapada**, *a*, unaccompanied by a secondary word; -**upaplava**, *a*, undisturbed, uninterrupted; -**upabhoga**, *a*, not enjoying; -**upama**, *a*, having no equal; -**upayoga**, *a*, useless; -**upākhyā**, *a*, indescribable; -**tva**, *n*, *abs*, *N*; -**upāya**, *a*, futile; -**ushvāta**, *f*, coldness; *n* *xi*, make cold, kill; -**ushvisha**, *a*, turbidness, bareheaded.

निरुद्ध 1. nir-*ūdha*, *pp*, of *√r*, *ūh*.

निरुद्ध 2. nir-*ūdha*, *pp*, of *√vah*.

निरुद्धि nir-*ūdhi*, *f*, renown.

निरूपक nir-rūpaka, *a*, observant, contemplative; defining; *m*, observant man; -**rūpāna**, *a*, deterring; *n*, defining; investigation; shape; -**rūpya**, *fp*, to be determined, questionable.

निरुति nir-*riti*, *f*, (departure of life), dissolution, corruption; goddess of death (guardian of the south-west).

निरुत्त nir-*enas*, *a*, guiltless.

निरोध nir-rodha, *m*, confinement, imprisonment; enclosure; coercion, repression, subjection; obstruction; destruction; disappointment (*dr*); -**rodhana**, *n*, imprisonment, coercion; refusal; disappointment (*dr*).

निरोक्ष nir-oshthya, *a*, lacking labials; *n*, absence of labials.

निरोताखिलकषय nir-gatākhila-kalmaśa, *a*, freed from all sin; -**tā**, *f*, *abs*, *s*; -**gati**, *f*, setting out; -**gandha**, *a*, scentless; -**tā**, *f*, -ness; -**gama**, *m*, going out, departure, escape from (*ab*); vanishing; outlet, exit; destination of an export, issue, conclusion; -**gamana**, *n*, going out of (-); -**garva**, *a*, free from pride; -**garha**, *a*, blameless; -**gavāksha**, *a*, widowless; -**gahana**, *a*, knowing no precipices - intrepid; -**guna**, *a*, lacking a cord, stringless (bow); destitute of qualities; worthless, base, bad; -**tā**, *f*, -**tva**, *n*, lack of all qualities; worthlessness, baseness, wickedness; -**gulika**, *a*, lacking a pill; -**grīha**, *a*, *i* houseless; -**gaurava**, *a*, devoid of reverence; *m*, *ad*, condescendingly; -**grantha**, *a*, freed from all bonds; *m*, naked Jain mendicant; -**granthika**, *m*, naked Jain mendicant; -**graha**, *m*, ascertainment.

निर्घर्षण nir-gharshaṇa, *n*, grinding; -**ka**, *a*, serving as a dentifrice for (*g*); -**ghāta**, *m*, removal, destruction; gust of wind, whirlwind; *N* of a *Dāvara*; -**ghrīna**, *a*, unmerciful, cruel; -**tā**, *f*, -**tva**, *n*, hard-heartedness; -**ghoṣa**, *m*, sound, *a*, soundless, noiseless.

निर्जन nir-jana, *a*, deserted, desolate, solitary; *n*, solitude; -**tā**, *f*, -**tva**, *n*, *id*; -**vana**, *n*, lonely forest; -**gaya**, *m*, conquest; -**gara**, *a*, not aging, young; *m* god; -**gala**, *a*, waterless; -**galada**, *a*, cloudless; -**gigamishu**, *des*, *a*, wishing to go out; -**gita-varman**, *m*, *N*; -**gita-ari-gana**, *a*, having conquered the host of his foes; -**giti**, *f*, conquest; -**ghirsha**, *des*, *a*, wishing to take out or remove; -**gīva**, *a*, lifeless, dead; -**gīva-karāna**, *n*, death blow (to, *g*); -**gīvita**, *a*, lifeless; -**tva**, *a*, -ness; -**gethi**, *m*, vanquisher; -**gūṇa**, *a*, ignorant, stupid.

निर्झर nir-*ghata*, *m*, (rarely *n*) cascade, torrent; -**gharvī**, *f*, torrent.

निर्णय nir-*naya*, *m*, removal; complete ascertainment, settlement, decision, judgment, sentence; -**upamā**, *f*, comparison based on an inference; -**nāma**, *m*, contention, similitude.

निर्णक्ति nir-*nikti*, *f*, expiation; -**nig**, *f*, bright robe; -**neka**, *m*, cleansing, purification; expiation; -**ne/yaka**, *m*, washerman; -**ne/yana**, *m*, cleansing, expiation, atonement; -**netri**, *m*, umpire; -**roda**, *m*, expulsion.

निर्दंशिर् nir-damsin, *a*, not biting; -**danda**, *a*, not punishing; -**danta**, *a*, toothless, taskless; -**dāya**, *a*, unmerciful, cruel, ruthless; vehement, ardent embrace; deserving no mercy; -**m**, *ad*, mercilessly; excessively;

ardently; -**dayatva**, *n.* hard-heartedness, cruelty; -**darsana**, *a.* free from clefts or holes; -**dari**, cave; -**dalana**, *n.* splitting, cutting down; -**dava**, *a.* more than ten days old; -**daśana**, *a.* toothless; -**dāksiniya**, *a.* uncourtous; -**dātri**, *n.* weaver of a field; -**dāridrya**, *a.* free from poverty, well to do.

निर्दुःख nir-duḥkha, *a.* free from pain; causing no pain; -**tva**, *n.* painlessness.

निर्देव nir-deva, *a.* forsaken by the gods; without gods or images.

निर्देश nir-deśa, *m.* order, direction; description, designation, detail, particulars; -**deśya**, *fp.* to be described, -det. named; -**daśya**, *a.* cheerful; -**doṣa**, *a.* faultless, free from blemish; infallible; innocent; -**tā**, *f.* faultlessness.

निर्द्रव्य nir-draya, *a.* immaterial; poor; -**droha**, *a.* free from enmity, well-disposed; -**dvandva**, *a.* indifferent towards the opposites of cold and heat etc.; free from jealousy.

निर्धन nir-dhana, *a.* poor; lacking in *e.* unbacked by money; enterprise; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* poverty; -**dhani-bhū**, become poor; -**dharma**, *a.* unrighteous, sinful; -**dhātva**, *a.* singling out; determining; -**dhārayita**, *n.* decider; -**dhūnana**, *n.* waving; -**dhūma**, *a.* smokeless.

निर्धमस्कार nir-dhamaskāra, *a.* receiving no salutation, despised by all; -**nātha**, *a.* having no protector; -**tā**, *f.* widowhood; -**nābhi**, *a.* reaching below the navel; -**nāyaka**, *a.* lacking a guide or leader; -**nā-ana**, *a.* banishing, disjuncting; -**nidra**, *a.* sleepless; -**tā**, *f.* sleeplessness; -**nimitta**, *a.* causeless; quitted-interest; -**m** or *ad.* without an ascertainable cause; -**tva**, *n.* lack of causation; -**nimeśa**, *a.* unawaking; -**nirodha**, *a.* unimpeded.

निर्वन्ध ni-bandha, *n.* objection; insistence on persistence in *h.* -*n*, pertinacity; accusation; -**m** *kr.* urge any one to do; -*in*, *ab.* persistently; -**barha**, *a.* lacking tail-feathers; -*pa* *ab.* -**bala**, *a.* destitute of strength, weak; -**bādha**, *n.* untroubled, undisturbed, unobstructed; -**buddhi**, *a.* witless, senseless, stupid; -**bodha**, *a.* *id.*

निर्भय nir-bhaya, *a.* fearless, not afraid of; secure; -**m**, *ad.* fearlessly; *m.* *N.* of a warrior; *n.* security; -**bhara**, *a.* vehement, ardent, excessive, deep sleep; full of; -**m** or *ad.* ardently, excessively, soundly, fast; -**bhartsana**, *a.* menace, reproach; -**bhasmita**, *pp.* burned to ash, annihilated; -**bhāgya**, *pp.* to be excluded from his share; *ab.* -**bhika**, *a.* fearless, not afraid of; *ab.* -**bhita**, *pp.* *ad.* -**bhedā**, *m.* craving, bursting; splitting; blurring out, be trivial; -**bhedā**, *a.* cleaving, shutting ring; -**bhedya**, *fp.* free from clink; missing its mark.

निर्भयिक nir-makshika, *a.* freedom from flies; -**m** *kr.* clear the premises; *Pr.*; -**maḥḥana**, *a.* purification; -**maṇḍika**, *a.* destitute of frogs; -**matsara**, *a.* free from envy or jealousy; -**matasya**, *a.* fishless; -**tā**, *f.* absence of fish; *m* or *ad.* clear of fish; -**mathana**, *n.* friction, esp. of tines, wood; churning; -**mada**, *a.* not in rut; not proud, humble; -**manas-ka**, *a.* destitute of intellect; -**tā**, *f.* *abst.* *v.*; -**manya**, *a.* free from wrath.

निर्भय nir-mama *a.* [regardless of 'mine'], not caring for (le.); indifferent to mundane matters; -**tā**, *f.* perfect indifference towards; *le.*; -**tva**, *n.* *id.* an indifferent towards *le.*.

निर्भयद nir-maryāda, *a.* boundless, knowing no bounds, impious, wicked; -**maia**, *a.* spotless, unsullied, pure, clear, limpid; -**tā**,

f., -**tva**, *n.* purity; -**svādu-sallia**, *n.* clear and sweet water; -**māṃsa**, *a.* fleshless; lean; -**māna**, *n.* measuring; measure; fashioning, forming, creating; composition, work.

निर्मातृ nir-mātrī, *m.*, -**tri**, *f.* creator, author; builder; -**māthin**, *a.* stamping to pieces; -**māna**, *a.* free from pride; -**mānasha**, *a.* deserted *le.* in a solitary place; -**mārga**, *a.* pathless; -**mālya**, *a.* separated from a garland; disarranged; useless; *a.* remains of an offering.

निर्मित nir-mita, *pp.* of *mā*. [*esp.* flowers.

निर्मित nir-miti, *f.* formation, creation; addition (of a word).

निर्मिथ nir-mithya, *a.* true.

निर्मृति nir-mukti, *f.* deliverance, from (*ab.*), -**munda**, *m.* eunuch.

निर्मूल nir-mūla, *a.* deprived of its roots; void of foundation, unfounded; -**na**, *n.* uprooting; -*inmate*, destroy.

निर्मूलय nir-mūla-ya, *den.* *P.* uproot, exterminate.

निर्मूयक ni-mūsha-ka, *a.* free from mice.

निर्मेष ni-megha, *a.* cloudless, -**moka**, *m.* hide; serpent's slough; -**pāṭha**, *m.* strip of slough; -**moksha**, *n.* deliverance, from *g.*

निर्यत ni-yatha, *a.* inactive; -**yantra**, *a.* unlimited; necessitating no constraint; -**m**, *ad.* without obstruction, unimpededly; -**yāna**, *n.* setting out; vanishing, decrease, death, outer corner of an elephant's eye, top for tying a calf's feet; -**yataka**, *a.* removing; -**yātana**, *n.* restoration, repayment; -**yapa**, *n.* *ab.* -**yapa**, *n.* expulsion, from *ab.* -**yāsa**, *n.* exhalation of fress, gum resin; -**yūha**, *n.* turret; -**yoga-kahema**, *a.* destitute of possessions.

निर्यञ्जक ni-lakshana, *a.* bearing no distinguishing marks, insignificant, good for nothing; -**lakshya**, *fp.* unperceptible, avoiding notice; -**lagha**, *a.* shameless, humble, low; -**lava**, *a.* lacking grace; -**lopa**, *a.* free from greasy matter, spotless; -**lobha**, *a.* free from avarice.

निर्वय ni-vamsa, *a.* having no family, childless, alone in the world; -**vaṇa**, *n.* explanation, etymology; *a.* speechless; -**m**, *ad.* without saying a word; -**vatsala**, *n.* not tenderly attached to, *esp.* children *le.*; -**vāpāna**, *a.* funeral offering; -**vartaka**, *a.* performing; -**vartana**, *a.* performance; -**vartaniya**, *fp.* to be accomplished; -**varti**, *a.* wickless; -**vartitavya**, *fp.* to be performed (*Pr.*); -**vartin**, *a.* ill-behaved; performing, doing; -**vartya**, *fp.* to be accomplished; produced, uttered; -**vava**, *a.* possessing no will of one's own, dependent; -**tā**, *f.* dependence; -**vaṣa/kāra-mangala**, *a.* lacking sacrifices and festivities; -**vasu**, *a.* poor; -**vastriki**, *deprive of one's clothes; -vaha*, *n.* conclusion, issue, final act, eulogistic *dr.*

निर्वय nir-vāya, *fp.* to be explained, determined; -**vā-va**, *pp.* of *vā*; -**vāna**, *n.* extinction; extinction of the vital flame, dissolution, final emancipation, union with the absolute; absorption in individual extinction (*B.*); complete satisfaction, bliss; -**pāra**, *n.* funeral sacrifice.

निर्वयत ni-vāta, *a.* windless, sheltered; (?) slight red spot; -**vāta**, *m.* blame; -**vāpa**, *n.* sowing; offering up of the Manes; alms; -**vāpāna**, *n.* *[vāp]* scattering, sowing.

निर्वयप ni-vāpāna, *2. a.* [*es.* of *vā*] cooling; *n.* extinguishing, cooling; delighting; -**vāpāy-i-tri**, *m.* cooler, allayer.

निर्वय nir-vāpya, *fp.* [*vāp*] to be offered.

निर्वयस nir-vāyasa, *a.* free from crows.

निर्वस nir-vāsa, *m.* leaving one's home, dwelling abroad, banishment; -**vāsana**, *n.* expulsion, banishment; taking to another place; killing; -**vāsaniya**, *fp.* to be expelled or banished, from *ab.*; -**vāsyā**, *fp.* *id.*; -**vāha**, *m.* carrying out, accomplishment, completion; maintenance, subsistence; -**ka**, *a.* (ika) accomplishing, executing (-); -**vāhin**, *a.* *id.*; -**vāhya**, *fp.* to be accomplished, -completed.

निर्विकल्प nir-vikalpa, *a.* admitting of no alternative, changeless, free from distinctions, undifferentiated, unhesitating; -**m**, *ad.* without hesitation; -**ka**, *n.* undifferentiated; -**vikāra**, *a.* unchanged; -**vighna**, *a.* unobstructed, unimpeded; -**m** or *in*, with obstacles; -**vīśā**, *a.* unreflecting; -**m**, with out long reflection; -**vīlīkṣa**, *a.* subject to no doubt; -**m**, *ad.* without long reflection; -**vīśāha**, *a.* motionless, unresisting.

निर्विद nir-vid, *f.* despair, faithlessness; -**vidya**, *a.* unlearned, uneducated; -**vinoda**, *a.* destitute of diversion; -**vindhya**, *f.* coming from the Vindhya; *N.* of a river; -**vibandha**, *a.* offering no obstacle to *g.*; *h.* barrenness; -**vimara**, *a.* devoid of reflection, unconsidered; -**vivara**, *n.* having no aperture or interstice; -**tā**, *f.* close contingency; *h.* many; -**vivāda**, *a.* free from strife, concordant; subject to no dispute; -**viveka**, *a.* devoid of discrimination; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* lack of judgment.

निर्विशङ्क ni-visaṅka, *a.* unhesitating, fearless; -**m** or *m*, fearlessly; -**vīśāha**, *a.* devoid of distinction, like, equal, not differing from; -*un* qualified, absolute; -**m**, without a difference; *a.* lack of distinction, like appearance; *m* in the same was as; -**vīśāha**, *n.* difference without a distinction; not the slightest difference; -**ākṛti**, *a.* having an appearance not differing from the real, looking precisely alike; -**vīśāha**, *a.* not poisonous, deprived of poison; -**vīśāha**, *a.* driven from one's abode, banished from; -*not* relating to an object, unattached to the object of sense; -**vīśāha**, *ki*, banish, remove from; -**vīśi-kr**, *free* from poison; -**virya**, *a.* terrible, tame, spiritless.

निर्वृष ni-viksha, *a.* treeless.

निर्वृति ni-vṛti, *f.* inward tranquillity; satisfaction, joy, pleasure; happiness, bliss; extinction of a lamp; -**mat**, *a.* tranquil; happy; -**vṛtti**, *f.* accomplishment, performance, completion; impropriety, unbecomely behaviour.

निर्वेग nir-veg, *a.* unagitated, calm; -**veṇa**, *a.* wageless; -**veda**, *n.* disgust of, *le.* or *ad.*; -*mundane* indifference; -**veṇa**, *a.* indifference; -**veṇa**, *a.* indifferent to all things; -**veṇa**, *n.* requital, recompense, payment; -**veṇa**, *n.* requital, atonement of; -**veṇaniya**, *fp.* to be enjoyed; -**veṇavya**, *fp.* to be requited, enjoyable; -**vaira**, *n.* peaceableness; *a.* free from hostility, peaceable, concordant; -**vairāga**, *n.* concord, harmony; -**voṭhi**, *a.* carrying out, accomplishing; *m.* used as *finite verb* - will carry away.

निर्व्यञ्जक nir-vyaṅgaka, *a.* testifying; -**vyaṅga**, *n.* spotless; *le.* without more ado, straight out; -**vyaṅga**, *a.* free from pain, well; -**vyaṅgika**, *a.* unconcerned about, indifferent as to *le.* or *ad.*; -**vyaṅgika**, *a.* not hating; heartily, ungrudgingly; glad, willing, not false; -**vyaṅgadhāna**, *uncovered*,

bare (ground); **-vyavastha**, *a.* not remaining in its place, moving about; **-vyasana**, *a.* free from vice.

निर्वाकुल nir-vyākula, *a.* unagitated, calm; **-tā**, *f.* tranquillity; *in* quietly; **-vyā**, *a.* sincere, honest (towards, *to*); unambiguous, undisputed; **-mā**, *ad.* honestly, certainly; **-tā**, *f.* honesty; **-vyākri**, *f.* purify; **-vyāpāra**, *a.* unceasing; **-vyādhi**, *pp.* √āh; *n.* accomplishment, completion; **-vyādhi**, *f.* conclusion, end; summit, acme; **-vraṇa**, *a.* unwounded; unfractured; **-vrida**, *a.* shameless.

निर्हरण nir-haraṇa, *n.* removal; carrying out a corpse to the funeral pyre; **-haraṇi**, *pp.* to be removed; **-hāra**, *m.* appropriation, personal expenditure from *ab.*; **-hāraka**, *a.* carrying out a corpse to the funeral pyre; **-hārana**, *n.* causing a corpse to be carried out to the funeral pyre; **-hṛti**, *f.* removal; **-heti**, *a.* unarmed; **-hetu**, *a.* causeless; **-hrīda**, *m.* sound; **-hrīdin**, *a.* resounding, echoing, pealing.

निलय nilaya, *Ā.*, *r.* ni + √li or nir + √i

निलय 2. ni-laya, *m.* lurking-place, dwelling, abode; *a.* dwelling in, being the dwelling of, inhabited by (-); **-lāyin**, *a.* sitting down on or in (-); **-lāyi-tā**, *f.* abiding in (-).

निवत ni-vāt, *f.* depth, valley; *in* downwards.

निवपन ni-vapana, *n.* strewing; offering to the Manes; **-varta**, *a.* causing to turn back; **-vartaka**, *a.* (ikā) causing to cease, removing; **-vartana**, *a.* causing to turn back; *n.* return; coming down to the earth; cessation, abstention from (*ab.*); inactivity; bringing back; means of return; restraining from (*ab.*); *a.* certain square measure; **-vartaniya**, *pp.* to be led back, -rescinded or made void; **-vartin**, *a.* returning; refraining from (*ab.*); **-vasana**, *n.* putting on (clothes); *a.* garment; **-vaha**, *m.* crowd, swarm, multitude (*sg.* & *pl.*).

निवात ni-vātā, 1. *a.* sheltered from the wind; *m.* spot sheltered from the wind, calm; 2. *pp.* (√van) unmolested, *n.* security; **-kavaka**, *a.* whose mail is impenetrable; *m.* *pl.* N. of a class of Dattiyas and Dinnatas; **-vāpa**, *m.* seed, corn; corn-field, offering to the Manes; **-udaka**, *n.* funeral libation of water; **-vāraka**, *a.* warding off; **-vārana**, *a.* *id.* (-); *n.* keeping off, stopping, checking (*sks.* with *ac* of object); prevention; prohibition; **-vāraniya**, *pp.* to be restrained or prevented; **-vāsa**, 1. *m.* clothing; *a.* -, clothed with; 2. *m.* staying, passing the night, sojourn; (night) quarters, abode, residence; **-bhavana**, *n.* sleeping chamber; **-bhūmi**, *f.* place of abode; **-raśana**, *f.* building edifice; **-rājan**, *m.* king of the country of one's domicile; **-vasin**, 1. *a.* clothed with (-); 2. *a.* dwelling; *m.* living with (*lc.* or -); *m.* inhabitant, resident.

निविद्ध ni-vidā, *r.* निविद्ध ni-bhā.

निविद्ध ni-vid, *f.* direction, precept; invocation of the gods inserted in certain parts of the liturgy; **-dhāna**, *a.* containing the Nivids, *n.* insertion of the Nivids.

निवीत ni-vita, *pp.* √vyā; *n.* wearing of the sacred cord; sacred cord worn round the neck; **-viti**, *a.* wearing the sacred cord round the neck.

निवृत्त ni-vṛtta, *pp.* turned away; **-rāga**, *a.* whose passions are subdued; **-hrīdaya**, *a.* with retreating heart; **-vṛtti**, *f.* return; disappearance; cessation; abstention from (*ab.*); abstinence; escape from (*ab.*); absten-

tion from action, inaction; discontinuance of a grammatical rule.

निवेदन ni-vedana, *a.* announcing, making known; *n.* communication, announcement; offering; **-vedin**, *a.* announcing, making known; offering (-); **-vedya**, *pp.* to be reported; *n.* offering of food to an idol; **-ve**, *m.* entering into; settling; encampment, camp; habitation, residence; settling down, marriage, matrimony, foundation of a city; building, edifice; impression, mark; **-véana**, *a.* (i) entering into (-); laying to rest; sheltering, *n.* entrance; setting down; introduction, application, causing to encamp; settling down, marrying; resting place, bed, lair, nest, home, abode, dwelling; **-ve-ayitavya**, *pp.* to be placed; **-ve-avat**, *a.* lying on (-); **-ve-ān**, *a.* lying near, being in, resting or based on (-).

निष् nis, *f.* night (only *sg.* *ab.* & *lc.* & *du.* *nisau* and *nishoh*).

निश nis-a, *n.* *id.* (only -).

निशब्द ni-shabda, *a.* silent.

निशा nis-ā, *f.* night; **-kara**, *m.* (night-)maker, moon; **-kalā-mauli**, *m.* bearing a crescent on his head, *cp.* of Siva; **-kānta**, *m.* lover of night, moon; **-kāla**, *m.* time of night; **-kshaya**, *m.* end of night; **-āgama**, *m.* nightfall; **-kara**, *a.* wandering at night; *m.* golden, lākshasa; 1. *f.* female goblin; dissolute woman; **-atyaya**, *m.* end of night, day-break; **-nātha**, *m.* lord of night, moon; **-anta**, 1. end of night, day-break.

निशान्त ni-sānta, 2. *pp.* √san; *n.* (?) house, dwelling; **-ndyāna**, *n.* garden belonging to the house.

निशापति niśa-pati, *m.* lord of night, moon; **-prāṇsvara**, *m.* (husband of night), moon; **-mukha**, *n.* face of night; nightfall; **-svasāna**, *n.* latter half of the night.

निशीथ ni-si-tha, *m.* (n.) [time of lying down] midnight; night.

निशीथिनी niśi-thi-ni, *f.* night.

निशुभ ni-shubh-a, *m.* killing; murder; **-ana**, *n.* *id.*

निश्चय niśchaya, *m.* ascertainment; conviction, exact knowledge, certainty; actual state of the case, decision, decided opinion; settled purpose, fixed intention, determination, resolve; **-m** *kri*, firmly resolve on (*cl.* & *inf.*); *in.*, *ab.* certainly.

निश्चल niśchala, *a.* immovable; steady; unalterable, immutable; **-mati**, *a.* steady-minded.

निश्चित niśchita, *pp.* determined, decided; **-m**, *ad.* decidedly, surely; **-kinta**, *a.* free from thought or care.

निश्चिन्त niśchintana, *a.* unconscious; inanimate, irrational, senseless; **-etas**, *a.* irrational, senseless, foolish; **-lesh/a**, *a.* motionless.

निश्चर niśchara, *a.* free from robbers.

निश्चन्द्र niśchandra, *a.* not studying the scriptures; **-chandra**, *a.* free from holes, -cracks; fractures; -imperfections, -defects; -weak points; continuous.

निश्चिणी niśchēni, *f.* ladder, stair.

निश्वासित niś-svāsita, *n.* expiration of breath; **-vāsa**, *m.* in-spiration, inhalation; expiration, breath; sigh.

निश्चिह्न niś-chihna, *a.* free from anxiety, fearless, unhesitating; having nothing to fear

from (-); that need cause no anxiety; **-m** or **-a**, calmly, without hesitation, without more ado; **-śhāka**, *f.* absence of timidity *in.* without hesitation; **-śhāka**, *pp.* free from anxiety; causing no anxiety; fearless, unhesitating; **-natru**, *a.* free from foes; **-śhāda**, *a.* silent; noiseless, mute; **-śhāda**, *silently*; **-stimita**, *pp.* noiseless and still; **-śhāra**, *a.* unprotected; **-śhāka**, *a.* free from tall grass; **-śhāya**, *a.* free from an arrow; **-m**, *ad.* painlessly, without a struggle, willingly; **-śhātra**, *a.* unarmed; **-śhāka**, *a.* branchless; **-tā**, *f.* branchlessness.

निःशालीक niś-sālhi-kri, deprive of branches.

निःशुक्र niś-sukra, *a.* deprived of majesty.

निःशुक्र niś-sūka, *a.* lacking awns (rice); pitiless; **-śhūya**, *a.* empty.

निःशेष niś-sesha, *a.* lacking a remainder, one and all, all, whole, complete; **-m** *kri*, destroy utterly, exterminate; **-tas**, *in* utterly, completely; **-tā**, *f.* extermination.

निःशेषय niś-sesha-ya, *den.* P. destroy completely; *pp.* ita, utterly consumed or destroyed.

निःशोक niś-soka, *a.* free from sorrow.

निःश्रीक niś-sri-ka, *a.* destitute of beauty, ugly; luckless, unhappy; **-reṇā** = *ni-sreṇā*; **-reṇā**, *a.* (i) having nothing better, best of all; *n.* final beatitude, bliss, salvation; **-svasita**, *n.* expiration, breath; sigh; **-svāpada**, *a.* lacking wild animals; **-vāsa**, *m.* breath; sigh; **-parama**, *a.* constantly sighing.

निशङ्ग ni-shaṅga, *m.* [appendage], quiver; sword; **-in**, *a.* furnished with a quiver; **-ibhū**, become a quiver.

निशद niśhād, *f.* sitting, esp. at the altar; **-shadana**, *n.* sitting down; seat, abode; **-shadyā**, *f.* market.

निशद्वर niśad-varā, *a.* seated at the altar; sitting idle.

निषध niśadhya, *m.* N. of a mountain; *pl.* N. of a people; *sg.* N.; **-vama**, *m.* race of Nishadha; **-adhipa**, *m.* lord of Nishadha; **-adhipati**, *m.* *id.*; **-ivara**, *m.* *id.*

निषाद niśhādā, *m.* N. of aboriginal Indian tribes described as fishermen, hunters, and robbers; considered a degraded caste, off-spring of Brāhmanas and Sūdra women; *a.* note in the musical scale; 1. *f.* Nishada woman.

निषादिन् niśhād-in, *a.* sitting, lying, on or in (*lc.* -), *m.* elephant driver.

निषिद्ध niśhuddhi, *f.* prohibition.

निषूदक niśhūdaka, *m.* destroyer; **-shūdana**, *a.* removing; *m.* destroyer.

निषेक niśheka, *m.* sprinkling, distilling; injection; impregnation; seed; ceremony performed on impregnation; slops; dripping fluid; **-shektavya**, *pp.* to be poured upon (*lc.*); **-shektri**, *m.* begetter; **-shékana**, *a.* pouring out; sprinkling, with (-).

निषेध niśhed-dhavya, *pp.* to be restrained or prevented; **-sheddhri**, *m.* restrainer, preventer; **-shedha**, *m.* keeping off, prevention; prohibition; negation; **-ka**, *a.* prohibiting; **-shedhin**, *a.* repelling = surpassing (-); **-shedhya**, *pp.* to be prevented or prohibited; **-sheva**, *a.* practising (-); *m.* adoration; 1. *f.* practice, addition to; enjoyment; adoration; **-shevaka**, *a.* (-) frequenting; practising; enjoying; **-shevana**, *n.* visiting; practice; employment of, addition to (*g.* -); **-shev-**

-**istavya**, *fp.* to be practised or observed; - employed; - enjoyed; -**shavin**, *a.* devoting oneself to, practising; enjoying, having sexual intercourse with; -**shevya**, *fp.* to be visited; - enjoyed; venerable.

निष्क nishkā, *m.* (*n. rare*) gold (silver) neck or breast ornament: used as a weight varying with the period; a coin (of variable value); -**kānta**, *a.* wearing a gold necklace.

निष्कण्टक nish-kantaka, *a.* free from thorns or enemies; -**kampa**, *a.* not trembling, immovable, motionless; unmoved, steadfast. -**tā**, *f.* firmness; -**karana**, *a.* pitiless, cruel; -**karma**, *a.* inactive, idle; -**karsha**, *m.* drawing out, extraction; essence, substance, main point *ab.* chiefly, mainly; -**karshaṇa**, *n.* drawing out, extraction; putting off, -**kala**, *a.* lacking parts, undivided; frail; *m.* decrepit old man; -**kalasha**, *a.* spotless, unduflled; -**kalmasha**, *a.* sinless, spotless; *i-bhā*, become spotless or sinless.

निष्कान्त nish-kānta, *a.* uncomely, ugly; (**nish**)-**kāma**, *a.* free from desires; disinterested (*act*); -**kāmuka**, *a.* free from worldly desires; -**kāraṇa**, *a.* having no cause or motive; disinterested. -**m. *ab.* without cause, from disinterested motives, -**kāśha**, *n.* scrapings of a pan.**

निष्किञ्चन nish-kimkana, *a.* having nothing, penniless; -**tva**, *n.* poverty; -**kilvisha**, *a.* free from sin.

निष्कुट nish-kuta, *m. n.* grove; -**kutūhala**, *a.* free from curiosity; -**kula**, *a.* having no family, whose family is extinct, alone in the world; -**tā**, *f.* extirpation; -**kulina**, *a.* of ignoble family.

निष्कृत nish-kritā, (*pp.*) *n.* expiation; appointed place, rendezvous; **nish**-**kriti**, *f.* restoration, restitution, compensation; expiation; -**kripa**, *a.* pitiless.

निष्कल्य nish-kalya, *a.* belonging to some one exclusively; with **sastra**, *n.* or **uktha**, *n.* midday recitation meant for *Jadu* alone; -**kaitava**, *a.* free from fraud, honest (*person*); -**kaivalya**, *a.* mere, simple.

निष्कोश nish-kosa, *a.* withdrawn from the seaboard; -**koshana-ka**, *a.* fit for picking the teeth (*g.*).

निष्क्रम nish-krama, *m.* going out; first walk out with a child in the fourth month after birth; -**kramaṇa**, *n. id.* leaving (*ab.*); disappearing; -**kraya**, *m.* redemption, compensation; reward, payment; -**krāyana**, *n.* redemption; ransom; expiation.

निष्क्रिय nish-kriya, *a.* inactive, idle; neglecting one's religious duties; -**ātman**, *a.* lazy; -**ātmata**, *f.* laziness; habitual neglect of religious duties.

निष्क्रोध nish-krodha, *a.* not angry with (*y*); -**kiva-ka**, *a.* free from the smallest of cares, perfectly happy.

निष्ठ ni-shtha, *a.* (°) being or situated on; based or dependent on; relating to; devoted to, intent on; -, dependent (*people*, *loka*, *m. pl.* = dependants); with *d.* leading to, producing; *ā*, *f.* basis, state, intention; perfection, completion; summit, limit; end, catastrophe, death; perfect knowledge, certainty, complete familiarity with (*ic.*); decision, regarding (*y.*); the terminations -**ta** and -**ta-vat** of the past participle, one of these past participles (*gr.*); -**ānya**, *a.* irresolute (*mind*).

निष्ठीवन ni-shthiv-ana, *n.* spitting; spittle; -**śarāva**, *m.* spitoon.

निष्ठुर ni-shth-ura, *a.* [√sthā] harsh, coarse; contumelious, rude; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* harshness; coarseness.

निष्ठूत ni-shthūta, *pp.* √shthiv; *n.* ejected spittle. [*har*ity with *prati*.]

निष्ठात ni-shthā-ta, *pp.* √sthā; -**tva**, *n.* familiarity.

निष्पद्म nish-patka, *a.* free from mud or dirt, clean, pure; -**patti**, *f.* being brought about, maturity; derivation, from; -**pattra**, *a.* featherless; leafless; -**pattra-kri**, wound with an arrow in such a manner that only the feathers do not penetrate; -**pathya**, *a.* ill.

निष्पन्द nish-[s]panda, *a.* motionless; *i-kri*, tender motionless, -**parikara**, *a.* not having made the necessary preparations; -**pariāya**, *a.* not becoming intimate; -**pari-lkha**, *a.* having no retinue; -**pariyanta**, *a.* unlimited.

निष्पण्डव nish-pāṇḍava, *a.* delivered from the Pāṇḍavas; -**pāda-ka**, *a.* accomplishing, -**pādana**, *n.* accomplishment, -**pādya**, *fp.* to be accomplished, - brought about, -**abdasahasra**, full millennium, -**pāpa**, *a.* sinless, -**pālaka**, *a.* having no guardian; -**piāna**, *n.* pressure, -**putra**, *a.* sonless, childless, -**purusha**, *a.* having no males, -**pulaka**, *a.* free from shrivelled grain *i-kri*, free from shrivelled grain, -**pasha**, *m.* impact, clashing sound; -**panrusa āmarsha**, *a.* destitute of madness and anger; -**prakāra-ka**, *a.* free from specifications; -**praka-a**, *a.* dark, -**pragāa**, *a.* witless, stupid, -**pratapa**, *a.* destitute of dignity; -**pratikriya**, *a.* not to be saved, past help; -**tā**, *f. abst. s.*, -**prati-graha**, *a.* accepting no gifts; -**tā**, *f. abst. s.*, -**pratigraha**, *a.* unobstructed; -**pratipaksha**, *a.* having no adversary, -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *a. abst. s.*; -**pratibandha**, *a.* free from obstacles; unobjectionable, -**pratikāra**, *a.* that cannot be helped, irremediable, unhelped, -**pratyāsa**, *a.* having given up all hope of life or upari; -**bhu**, lose all hope of (*prati*); -**pratyūha**, *a.* free from obstacles, -*m. ad.* without hindrance; -**pradesa**, *a.* having no fixed place, -**prapañka**, *a.* uninvolved, except from multiformity; -**sad-ātman**, *a.* having real existence without being evolved, -**prabha**, *a.* deprived of radiance or splendour; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n. abst. s.*, -**prabhava**, *a.* powerless; -**tva**, *a.* less; -**pramāṇa-ka**, *a.* supported by no authority, -**prayogaṇa**, *a.* disinterested expectation, useless, -*m. ad.* uselessly; needless, unavailing for; -**pravāni**, *a.* fresh from the loom, quite new.

निष्फल nish-phala, *a.* bearing no fruit, fruitless, useless, vain, reaping no advantage, unsuccessful; -**tva**, *n. abst. s.*

निष्फल्य nish-phala-ya, *den. P.* render fruitless. [*ed*]

निष्फलोक्त nish-phali-kri, leave unrewarded.

निश्चन्द ni-shyanda, *m.* shower. [*ness*].

निःप्यन्ता nih-shpanda-tā, *f.* motionless.

निस nis, *ad.* out, forth (*V.*); *pp.* combined with verbs, out, away from *ab.*; nominal prefix, 1 as *pp.* out of; 2 as negation, dis-, lack of; without, -less; 3 emphasizing the following word: altogether.

निसर्ग ni-sarga, *m.* evacuation of excrement; giving away; bestowal, grant; creation; innate disposition, nature; -, *tas*, *m.*, *ab.* by nature; -*ya*, *a.* innate, original, origin-

ally formed by (-, -**padva**, *a.* i) naturally inclined towards (*ic.*).

निस्तृण ni-stūṇa, *r.* nishṭūṇa.

निसृत ni-srūta, *pp.*, *r.* √sri.

निकटार्थ ni-srisha artha, *a.* authorized, *m.* envoy.

निसामस्क nis-tamas-ka, *a.* free from darkness, light; -**tamisra**, *a. id.*; -**taraṅga**, *a.* waveless, calm; -**taraṇa**, *n.* getting out of danger, escape; -**taramiya**, *fp.* to be got over; -**tartavya**, *fp.* to be crossed; to be over come; -**tala**, *a.* not flat, round, spherical, -**tara**, *m.* crossing, passing over the sea (*also fig.*); liquidation, payment.

निसुष nis-tusha, *a.* unhusked; purified, pure; -**trish**, *a.* satisfied.

निसोजस nis-togasa, *a.* devoid of lustre, destitute of energy or vigour; spiritless, dull, -**toya**, *a.* destitute of water, -**trina-pādapa**, *a.* destitute of water, grass, and trees.

निस्रप nis-trapa, *a.* shameless; -**trimsa**, *a.* cruel, pitiless; -**tva**, *n.* pitilessness, *m.* sword; -**dharmin**, *a.* resembling a sword, -**traigunya**, *a.* not endowed with the three qualities.

निस्यन्द ni-syanda, **श्यन्द** -shyanda, *a.* trickling or streaming down, *m.* trickling, effusion, downward flow, stream, discharge, sweat; -**syandin**, *a.* streaming or trickling down; dripping.

निस्यन ni-syana, *m.* noise, sound, voice.

निःसंशय nih-samsaya, *a.* undoubted, certain; undoubting, sure; -**m. *ad.* certainly, undoubtedly; -**samsayita**, *pp.* unquestioned, sure, safe; -**samskāra**, *a.* unbroken, all mannered; -**tā**, *f. abst. s.*, -**sankhya**, *a.* unnumerable, -**sanga**, *a.* unattached, indifferent to (*ic.*), disinterested, free from all desires; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n. abst. s.*, -**sāhiva**, *a.* lacking a minister, -**samkāra**, *a.* not going out, not leaving the house, -**samogā**, *a.* un-conscious; -**sattva**, *a.* devoid of reality, wanting in courage or firmness, weak, wretched, deprived of living beings; -**tā**, *f. abst. s.*, -**satyā**, *a.* untrue, lying; -**tā**, *f.* untruthfulness, mendacity, un-cerity, -**sam-tati**, *a.* destitute of offspring, -**sandigdha**, *pp.* not doubtful, certain; -*m. ad.* undoubtedly, certainly, -**sandeha**, *n. id.*, -**sandhi**, *a.* lacking a joining or interstice; close, firm (*evadane*); -**sapatna**, *a.* having no rival, uncontested, unrivalled; -**tā**, *f. abst. s.*, -**sambādha**, *a.* unencumbered, -**sambhrama**, *a.* unperplexed (*about, inf.*); -**sarana**, *n.* going out; exit, expedient against *ab.* or *v.*, -**sarani**, *a.* pathless; -**sarpa**, *a.* free from serpents, -**salila**, *a.* waterless; -**saha**, *a.* powerless; fainting; -, *ad.* in a faint; -**sahāya**, *a.* companionless, helpless.**

निःसाधार nih-sadhāra, *a.* unsupported; -*m. ad.* without a support; -**sādhiya**, *a.* fearless, undaunted; -**tva**, *n. abst. s.*, -**sām-arthya**, *a.* unmountable, -**sāmānya**, *a.* un-usual, extraordinary, -**sāra**, *a.* sapless, insipid; insignificant; worthless, vain, transitory (-**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n. abst. s.*); *a.* a musical measure; -**sārana**, *n.* removal; expulsion; -**sārya**, *fp.* to be excluded from (*ab.*).

निःसोम nih-soman, *a.* unlimited, boundless; -**sukha**, *a.* joyless, sad, -**sūtra**, *a.* lacking a cord; helpless, -**soma-ka**, *a.* moonless.

निःस्तम्भ nih-stambha, *a.* lacking pillars; having no support.

निःश्रेह nih-sneha, *a.* not oily, not greasy, free from fat, lacking moisture (*soil*); devoid

of affection for (prati); having no desire for, indifferent towards (°); not treated with affection (servants); abhorred, odious.

निःस्पन्दः niḥ-spanda, *a. n.* nishpanda; **-spar-** *sa*, *a.* hard; **-spriha**, *a.* free from desires; not desiring, indifferent to (le., -); turning away from (ab.)

निःस्वः niḥ-srava, *m.* surplus (of, ab.); **-srā-** *va*, *m.* expenditure; **-sva**, *a.* deprived of one's property, poor; **-tā**, *f.* poverty; **-svana**, *m.*, *v.* nishvana; **-svabhāva**, *i. m.* destitution, poverty; **2.** *a.* lacking peculiarity; **-svādu**, *a.* insipid, tasteless; **-svādhyāya-vasha-** *kāra*, *a.* neither studying the scriptures nor offering sacrifices; **-svāmī-kā**, *a. f.* lacking a lord or husband.

निःस्वीकृ niḥ-svī-kṛi, deprive of one's property; **-svi-bhā**, lose one's property.

निहतसेन ni-hata-sena, *a.* having one's forces destroyed; **-artha**, *a.* of obsolete meaning; **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *m.* use of an obsolete meaning; **-nashtra**, *a.* whose canals have been slain; **-hantavya**, *fp.* to be slain or destroyed; **-hantṛi**, *m.* slayer, destroyer, dispeller; preventer; **-hava**, *m.* summons, call; **-hnavā**, *m.* denial, secrecy, concealment; contradiction; surpassing; expiation, excuse, contriving pardon (a ceremony); **-hnuti**, *f.* denial; **-hrāda**, *m.* sound, note.

नी Nī. I. *nāya*, conduct, guide; lead (also with āgram and g), lead away, lead to (ac. ± prati, d. le.); take away with one; only *ā*; lead home (wife); attract; place in a certain condition or state (ac.); **ādhānam** -, gave in pledge; **duḥkham** -, pain; **paritoṣham** -, gladden; **vaṣam** -, subdue; **vikrayam** -, sell; **sākṣyam** -, admit as a witness; **vīdratām** -, degrade to the state of a Nūdra; **bhāsmasāt** -, reduce to ashes *cp.* √gam, which is used in the corresponding passive sense; **dandam** -, wield the rod; inflict punishment; carry, - away, take (to, ac. ± prati, or le.), bring for any one (y or artham); draw (a line); conduct, laws, rites; pass, spend (time); exclude from (ab.); ascertain, trace, *cp.* **nāyaya**, P. cause to be led or borne away by (in), cause to be carried away to (ac); *des.* **minisha**, P. *Ā* wish to lead away to (ac, d.); wish to exclude from (ab); endeavour to trace, *ati*, lead or help across; **adhi**, lead away from (ab); *anu*, conduct to (ac); draw to one, seek to win, conciliate or reconcile; beg (ac., g.); *pp.* **-nita**, begged for (d); reconciled; **pari-ānu**, entreat urgently; *prati* *anu*, speak friendly words to (ac) regarding (ac); *apa*, lead or take away; remove, carry away, rob, disperse, dispel; banish from one's thoughts (thridayā); take off (clothes etc.); extract from (ab.), except or exclude (from a rule); *pp.* contrary to (°); *dis.* wish to remove, *vi* *apa*, lead away; remove; pour off; take off (clothes); abandon; *api*, conduct to (ac); *pp.* about to die; *abhi*, conduct to (ac); represent on the stage, mimic; *ava*, lead down into (ac); put into (le.); *abhi* *ava*, lead down into (ac); pour into (ac); *saṁ-ava*, pour together; *ā*, lead up, bring, fetch (to, ac, le.), cause to be brought by (in) in the anomalous *pf.* **ānayām āsa**; bring back (± punar), pour into, allot to, place in or reduce to a certain state or condition *cp.* the simple verb; *va* *am* -, reduce to submission; *cp.* P. (Ā) cause to be fetched; *abhi* *ā*, pour in, mingle; *upe* *ā*, bring near, fetch (ac or g. of person); *pari* *ā*, lead round; *prati* *ā*, bring back, restore; *saṁ-ā*, assemble; unite; fold (hands), lead or bring up; bring home; offer (sacrifice); *cp.*

convoke. *ud*, bring upwards; raise; excite (*an emotion*); help out, rescue; lead away; draw off (fluid); trace or find out. *pra* *ud*, raise, elevate. *saṁ* *ud*, raise; instigate, stimulate; infer, find out; pay off (debt). *upa*, lead or conduct to (ac, le.); place in or reduce to (a condition); bring; offer; bring about; take to oneself, admit as a pupil; *cp.* cause to be admitted as a pupil. *saṁ* *upa*, bring. *ni*, conduct to (d, le.); pour out, empty, present, offer; perform (a rite). *ava* *ni*, immerse; pour out on (le). *saṁ* *ni*, pour together, mingle. *nis*, take away; find out, ascertain; settle; decide on; *pp.* *nirvita*, decided, settled. *pari* *ni*, lead round; *esp.* a bride round the nuptial fire (ac.); marry (a girl); trace out, ascertain; with *anyathā*, explain differently. *pra* *ni*, conduct forward, lead; convey; bring (fire to the altar, fetch water for the sacrifice); display, show; manifest one's affection; inflict punishment (dandam on (le.)), apply, employ, produce, perform, execute; determine, fix; establish, teach; compose; desire. *saṁ* *pra*, inflict punishment (dandam on (le.)); collect (tribute). *vi*, take away; remove, dispel; part (the hair); guide; train, tame; chastise; instruct, pass (time); perform; *pp.* *vinita*, versed in (le., °); well-bred; demure, modest. *abhi* *vi*, *pp.* instructed or versed in (le.). *saṁ*, bring together, unite; mingle; bring, procure; pay (debt).

नी ni, *a.* leading, guiding (only °).

नीकार nī-kāra, *m.* degradation, humiliation.

नीच nīc-*a.* [weak base of ny-āñ + a] low; short (hair), nails; deep (navel); lowered (tower), base, vlt. mean. **-ka**, *a.* (ikā) soft (trial); **-ga**, *a.* low-going (river); of low rank, belonging to a man of low rank; **-gām-in**, *a.* following what is low or base; **-gāti**, *a.* of low extraction; **-tā**, *f.* low or humble position; inferiority; **-patha**, *m.* downward path; **-zata**, *pp.* delighting in what is base.

नीचा nīc-ā, *ad.* (in. of nyanā) below; down.

नीचात निहत, (ab.) ad. from below

नीचावगाह nīcāvagaḥ, *a.* bathed in by low persons (lake).

नीचावयस nīcā-vayas, *a.* whose vigour is low, exhausted.

नीचीन nīcīna, *a.* downward **-bāra**, *a.* having the aperture downward.

नीचराख nīcār-akhya, *a.* named 'Low mountain, i. e. nīcār-giri).

नीचस nīcās, *ad.* (in pl) low; below; downward; humbly; gently, softly (blow of the wind); *nīcār* *nīcāstārām*, lower and lower; *nīcār* *adivāra*, appeared small.

नीड nīd-ā, *m. n.* [ni-stūḍ-a, sitting in], resting-place, abode; nest; inner space of a chariot **-ka**, nest; **-garbha**, *m.* inside of a nest; **-ārambha**, *m.* nest-building.

नीतार्थ nītārtha, *a.* intelligible.

नीति nī-ti, *f.* guidance; worldly wisdom, practical morality, political and social ethics; discretion, prudent counsel; policy **-kula**, *a.* skilled in the conduct of human affairs, politic; **-gūa**, *a.* prudent politic; **-doṣha**, *m.* error of conduct; **-pāla**, *n.* treatise on policy; **-mat**, *a.* (-i) acquainted with the rules of worldly wisdom, politic, prudent; **-yukta**, *pp.* versed in policy; **-vid**, *m.* politician; **-vidyā**, *f.* science of policy; **-vedin**, *a.* knowing policy; **-sataka**, *n. T.* of Bhartrihari's century of verses on worldly wisdom; **-āstra**, *n.* science of political ethics, treatise on polity; **-samdhi**, *m.* quintessence of polity.

नीथ nī-thā, *n.* musical air, song; *f.* nīthā, path; trick, artifice.

नीध nīdha, *n.* roof.

नीप nīpa, *a.* [niap-a, having water flowing down, damp], low-lying; *m.* a tree (Nauclea Cadamba); *n.* its flowers or fruit; *m.* pl *N.* of a royal race.

नीर nīrā, *n.* water; **-ga**, *m. n.* lotus; **-akshi**, *a. f.* lotus-eyed, fair.

नीरजस nī-ragas, *a.* free from dust; devoid of passions; **-ka**, *a. id.*; **-tamasā**, *f.* freedom from passion and darkness.

नीरजात nīra-gāta, *pp.* produced from water.

नीरबीक nī-ragī-kṛi, free from dust.

नीरद nīra-da, *i. m.* (water-giver), cloud, *2* *a.* (nī-rada), toothless.

नीरदिन nīrad-in, *a.* covered with clouds.

नीरधि nīra-dhi, *m.* ocean; **-nidhi**, *m. id.*

नीरन्ध nī-randhra, *a.* having no interstice or aperture; dense, continuous; ° *ad.* constantly; **-tā**, *f.* close connexion or cohesion; **-randhrita**, *pp.* thickly beset with (°); continuous.

नीरपतचि nīra-patatrīn, *m.* aquatic bird; **-rād**, *m.* ocean; **-ruha**, *n.* lotus.

नीरव nī-rava, *a.* noiseless, mute; **-rasa**, *a.* sapless, withered, dry; tasteless, insipid, devoid of charm, tedious; having no taste for or sense of; feelingless; **-rāga**, *a.* colourless; devoid of passions; **-rāgaṇa**, *n. ā.* *f.* royal illustration of an army (including domestic priest, retainers, horses, elephants, etc. a military and religious ceremony); **-ruk**, *a.* lustreless, bereft of beauty; **-ruḡa**, *a.* painless; healthy, well; **-ruḡa**, *a. id.*; **-rūpa**, *a.* formless; **-reṇu-ka**, *a.* dustless; **-roga**, *a.* healthy, well; **-tā**, *f.* health; **-durbhiksha**, *a.* not afflicted with disease or famine.

नील Nīl. I. P. *nīla*, appear dark.

नील nīla, *a.* swarthy, black; *esp.* dark blue; *m.* sapphire; Indian fig-tree; *N.* *n.* indigo; **-kanta**, *a.* blue-necked, *m.* peacock; *ep.* of Śiva; *N. esp.* of a commentator on the Mahābhārata. **-giri**, *m.* Blue Mountain, *N.* of a mountain range (Nāgri); **-gā**, *f.* *cp.* of the river Vitasta; **-tā**, *f.* blueness; dark-blue colour; **-nikolīn**, *a.* wearing a dark cloak; **-nīra**, *n.* blue lotus; **-pakṣman**, *n.* frathered with black eyelashes; **-pa/a**, *n.* dark garment; **-pāla**, *n.* dark film on a blind eye; **-pura**, *n.* *N.* of a town; **-purāna**, *n.* *T.* of a Purāna; **-bhāna** **-svāmin**, *m.* indigo-vat proprietor; **-bhū**, *f.* *N.* of a river; **-maṇi**, *m.* sapphire; **-ratna**, *n. id.*; **-rādī**, *f.* dark streak, darkness; **-lohita**, *a.* dark-blue and red, dark red; **-vat**, *a.* blackish, dark; **-varṇa**, *a.* blue-coloured; **-srīgāla** **-vat**, *ad.* like the blue jay; **-vasana**, *n.* blue cloth; **-vr̥sha**, *m.* dark-coloured bull; **-sam-dhāna** **-bhāna**, *n.* vat for preparing indigo; **-saroruba**, *n.* blue lotus; **-amṇka**, *n.* blue garment; **-anga**, *a.* dark-bodied; **-abya**, *n.* blue lotus; **-abha** **-samvrita**, *pp.* obscured by dark clouds; **-ambho**, *n.* blue lotus.

नीलाय nīlā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* begin to be dark or blue. [*N.* of a locality.]

नीलासम nīla-asman, *n.* sapphire; **-ava**,

नीलिनी nīl-in-ī, *f.* indigo plant; **-i-man**, *m.* blackness, darkness, dark colour.

नीली nil-i, *f.* indigo: -bhānda, *n.* vessel with indigo; -rasa, *m.* fluid indigo; -var-na, *a.* indigo-coloured.

नीलोत्पल nilautpala, *n.* blue lotus (*Nymphaea cyanea*): -maya, *a.* consisting of blue lotuses; -upala, *m.* sapphire

नीव niva, *m.* a tree.

नीवार nivāra, *m.* wild rice: *sg.* the plant, *pl.* the grain: -kana, *m.* grain of rice.

नीवि nivī, *f.* (also *i*) apron, waist-cloth, *esp.* one worn by women; hostage; *i, f.* capital (money).

नीहार nihārā, *m.* mist (*sts. pl.*): -kara, *m.* moon; -maya, *a.* consisting of mist

नीहारीक्ष nihārī-kri, turn into mist.

नीळ nīḷā, *f.* = nidā

नुनु, नु नू, indecl. now, still; even, already; then, therefore (*concluding or exhorting*); never (*V.*); indeed, just, certainly; with *inter. pray* in double questions the second *nu* is *sts.* replaced by *avid* or *yadi vā*; *nu-nu*, either-or; *nū* *kīd*, henceforth, for ever; *forthwith*; nevertheless.

नु 1. NU, II. P. *nauti* (only with *pra*); I. P. *ā. nava* (*V.*); VI. P. *nuva*, (*V.*), roar, shout; exult; praise *acc.*: *pp.* *nuta*, praised *abhi*, shout to (*acc.*); *ā.*, sound; cry *pra* -*nauti*, (*nuva*), roar, shout, mutter the syllable *om*. *vi*, praise. *sam*, roar or shout together.

नु 2. NU, I. *ā. nava* (*RV.*), II. P. (with *ca*) *nauti* (*S.*), *cs.* P. *nāvaya*, remove *ati, cs.* P. *avort*, *apa*, lay aside. *vi*, *ā.* turn (*int.*) in different directions.

नूतमिच nūta-mitra, *m.* N.

नुति nu-ti, *f.* praise

नुत्ति nut-ti, *f.* expulsion, removal

नुद NUD, VI. *nudā*, push, thrust; drive on, impel, propel; drive away, dispel, remove: *pp.* *nutta*, *nunna*, pushed away, incited, urged on; divorced *myi*; *cs.* P. *nodaya*, incite, urge on; *int.* *ā. nonndya*, drive away. *apa*, drive away, dispel, banish; remove. *apaā*, throw off, remove *upa*, *pp.* *nunna*, driven near. *nis nir-nudā*, drive away, remove; reject. *parā*, thrust away, remove. *pra nud*, propel, drive away; dispel, disperse: *pp.* *pranutta*, *nunna*; *cs.* *pp.* *nodita*, agitated *ati-pra*, urge strongly. *vi*, drive asunder or away, dispel; *cs.* *id.*; pass *time*; enliven, divert, beguile or divert oneself with *in sam*, *cs.* collect; urge on.

नुद् nud, dispelling, removing (*-c*)

नूतन nū-tana, *a.* new, young; fresh; youthful *age*; recent; present; novel, strange; -*tana*, *a. ut.*; future

नूनम nū-nā-m, *ad.* now, just, at present; forthwith; henceforth; then, therefore (*V.*), most probably, assuredly, certainly

नूपर nūpara, *m. n.* anklet (*esp. of women*); -*vat*, *a.* provided with an anklet.

नृ nra, *m.* man; masculine (*gr.*) *pl.* men, people, mankind.

नृकलेवर nri-kalevara, *n. (?)* human body or corpse; -*kukura*, *m.* dog of a man; -*kakhasa*, *a.* observing men

नृत् NRTI, IV. P. *nṛitya*, dance; art, play (*tr. d. int.*) on the stage, *cs.* *nart-āya*, cause to dance or move about, induce to caper (*peacocks*): *pp.* *nartita*; *int.* *na-*

rinarti, P. *narinartya*, P. *ā.* dance about, cause to dance about (*acc.*), *anu*, dance after any one (*acc.*), dance before any one (*acc.*); *ā.* *cs.* agitate or move or stir gently. *pra*, P. *ā.* begin to dance, dance along, dance. *pp.* *pranartita*, dancing, *cs.* cause to dance (*sg.*) *abhi-pra*, dance

नृता nri-tā, *f.* male sex, manhood.

नृति nrit-i, *f.* dance; gracefulness.

नृतु nrit-ti, *a.* lively, active.

नृतुरit-ū, *m.* dancer, actor

नृत् nrit-tā, (*pp.*) *n.* dance: -*maya*, *a.* (1) consisting of dancing.

नृत्य nrit-ya, *n.* dance; mimicry, pantomime

नृदुर्ग nri-duṛga, *a.* inaccessible, *i. e.* well fortified, by men; *n.* well-garrisoned place; -*deva*, *m.* prince, king; *i, f.* queen

नृप nri-pa, *m.* (guardian of men), prince, king: -*kārya*, *n.* business of a king, -*kriyā*, *f.* rule, dominion; -*grīha*, *n.* palace; -*gana*, *m. sg. coll.*; the princes

नृपति nri-pāti, *m.* prince, king, ruler: -*kan-yakā*, *f.* princess, -*patha*, *m.* king's road, highway, -*sāsana*, *n.* decree of the king

नृपत्य nripa-tya, *n.* sovereignty; -*dipa*, *m.* prince-like a lamp, -*niti*, *f.* kinglycraft, -*mandira*, *n.* palace, -*linga*, *n.* royal emblem

नृपसु nri-pasu, *m.* beast of a man.

नृपवल्लभ nripa-vallabha, *m.* royal favourite, -*reshha*, *sp.* best of kings, -*suta*, *m.* prince: *ā, f.* princess; -*snuśā*, *f.* king's daughter-in-law.

नृपाङ्गण nripa-aṅgaṇa, *n.* royal court, -*śā-gana*, *n. id.*, *ā, f.* princess, queen, -*ātma*, *m.* prince, *ā, f.* princess, -*aryaman*, *m.* sun among princes.

नृपाल nri-pāla, *m.* prince, king

नृपालय nripa-lāya, *m.* palace; -*āsana*, *n.* throne; -*śpada*, *n.* palace, -*ākha*, *f.* royal pleasure

नृप्रजा nri-prajā, *f.* children of men; -*māṃsa*, *n.* human flesh. [ability]

नृमणी nri-māṇi, *n.* manliness, courage-strength,

नृयज्ञ nri-yajña, *m.* sacrifice to men, *i. e.* hospitality; -*loka*, *m.* world of men, earth, -*vāt*, *a.* manly, belonging to or consisting of men; -*vara*, *m.* best of men, prince, king, -*śauṇa*, *a.* injurious to mankind, noxious, malicious, base, -*tā*, *f.* mischievousness, baseness; -*samsita*, *n.* magnificence, baseness; -*śhad*, *a.* sitting among men, -*śimha*, *m.* man-lion, great hero, half man half lion, the fourth *Avatar* of Vishnu; *N. -ka*, *m.* man-lion Vishnu; -*soma*, *m.* moon among men, *i. e.* distinguished man, -*hari*, *m.* man-lion, the fourth *Avatar* of Vishnu.

नृजक neg-aka, *m.* washerman, -*ana*, *n.* washing.

नृत्यय ne-tayya, *fp.* to be led, - taken or conveyed, to (*acc.*), to be employed, - investigated

नृत् ne-tri, *m.* 1. *nm.* 3 *sq. ft.* he will lead; 2. (*cs. i*) leader, guide (of *g.* or *g.*); inflictor of punishment (*dandāyaya*); lewdling character, hero in a drama: -*mat*, *a.* containing the word 'netri'

नृच ne-tra, *°* *a.* leader, guide; *n.* guidance; eye; veil; cord which causes a *charning-stick* or *top* to revolve; root; -*koṣa*, *m.* apple of the eye; -*kautāhala*, *n.* passionate longing

of the eyes; -*ga*, *a.* produced from the eyes; -*gala*, *n.* tears; -*nimsa*, *a.* kissing, *i. e.* closing, the eyes (*sleep*); -*poṣa*, *fp.* to be drunk by, *i. e.* gladdening the eyes; -*pranayāna*, *a.* desiring the eyes of, appearing to (*g.*), -*bandha*, *m.* bandaging the eyes, blind man's buff; -*vāri*, *n.* tears; -*śāṅgana*, *n.* eye-salve; -*ambhas*, *n.* tears; -*utsava*, *m.* feast to the eyes

नेद् NED, I. P. *nēda*, [*go*], *ati*, over-flow.

नेद् na'id, *pel.* not (*emphatic*); that not, lest (*acc.* with *shy.*, *impr.*, or *pot.*); *nēt tā*, but not, but by no means

नेदिष्ठ ned-ishtha, *sp.* nearest, next; quite near -*m.* *ad.* next; quite close; first; *ā.* from the nearest place; -*iyas*, *cp.* nearer, quite near -*acc.* *ad.*, -*śiyo* -*marana*, *a.* having death close at hand, moribund.

नेपथ्य ne-pathya, *n.* [suitable for acting *nava*], ornament, attire; stage costume, dressing-room, space behind the scenes; *i. e.* behind the scenes; -*grīha*, *n.* dressing room

नेपाल ne-pāla, *m.* Nepal *pl.* the Nepalese

नेम nema, *a.* [na-ma, not this another], the one, many a one, repeated, the one the other, *°*, half.

नेमि nem-i, *f.* [na-mam-i, complete breed], belly of a wheel, rim, circumference, (*i.* -*ghoṣha*, *m.* -*dhvani*, *m.* sound of wheels, -*ninada*, *m.* *id.*); -*vritti*, *a.* moving in the track of *g.*

नेय ne-ya, *fp.* to be guided, led, or conducted, to (*acc.*); amenable, to be inflicted (*punish ment*); to be brought or reduced to a condition (*acc.*), to be passed (*time*), to be guessed.

नेष्टु nē-sh-tri, *m.* leading priest at the *Soma* sacrifice, who brings the sacrificer's wife and prepares the *surd*

नेष्ट्रीय neshtr-īya, *a.* relating to the *Neshtri*

नेक ne-ka, *a.* more than one, many *a. pl.* various, many; -*kara*, *a.* gregarious (*animal*)

नेकटिक nekat-ika, *a.* neighbouring, -*ya*, *n.* nearness (*cp.* *nikaṭa*)

नेकदुःखद ne-ka-duḥkha-da, *a.* causing many sorrows, -*bhāva* -*āraya*, *a.* hectic, *stendy*, -*varna*, *a.* many coloured, -*vikalpa*, *a.* manifold; -*vidha*, *a. ut.*, -*śas*, *ad.* repeatedly.

नेकृतिक nekriti-ka, *a.* dishonest, deceitful, base *cp.* *nikriti*

नेगम ne-gama, *a.* (1) relating to Vedic quotations (*śruti-gama*); Vedic; *m.* Vedic exegete; trader, merchant.

नेघट्टक neghaṭṭa-ka, *a.* incidentally mentioned, *n.* index of words, specifically the Vedic glossary.

नेतल netala, *a.* relating to the hell *Nitala* (*°*)

नेत्यक neitya-ka, *a.* to be performed regularly, obligatory (*opp.* *namittika*), *ika*, *a. ut.*

नेदाघ nedāgha, *a.* (1) belonging to the hot season, *m.* summer

नेद् madra, *a.* (1) producing sleep.

नेधन nedhana, *a.* final; relating to death, perishable, funeral (*f. fr.*), *n.* death.

नेपुण naipuna, *n.* dexterity, skill, experience, (*m. g.*), *°*; completeness, totality of (*g.*); whole science of, strict adherence to (*-*), *in.* completely, exactly.

नैपुण naipun-ya, *n. id.*

नैबिद्य नाबिद-ya, *n. denseness; immediate contiguity.*

नैमित्तिक नैमित्तिका, *a. (i) produced by a cause; occasional, incidental; n. effect; m. fortune-teller.*

नैमिष नैमिषा, *n. N. of a sacred forest. i-ya, a. relating to the Naimisha forest; m. pl. inhabitants of the Naimisha forest.*

नैयद्योध नायद्योधा, *a. relating to the sacred fig-tree (Ficus Indica).*

नैयत्य नायत-ya, *n. fixity, necessity; exigency.*

नैयायिक नायय-ika, *a. relating to the Nyāya philosophy; m. logician.*

नैरन्तर्य नािर-antar-ya, *n. [r. nir-] uninterruptedness, immediate succession; in constant-ly; -apakhsh-ya, n. regardlessness, indifference; complete independence; -arth-ya, n. senselessness; -ākhāsh-ya, n. non-requirement of supplying anything; -ā-ya, n. hopelessness, despair (of, prati or -); -ukta, a. etymologically explained; m. etymologist*

नैरुग्य नािरुग-ya, *n. health (v. nirug).*

नैर्यत नािर-ritā, *a. (i) relating to nirriti, south-western; pointed southward; m. son of Nirriti, demon, Rākshasa. ā, f. south-west; ep. of Durgā; -ritya, n. relating or sacred to Nirriti; south-western.*

नैरगन्ध नािर-gandh-ya, *n. scentlessness; absence of smell; -gūn-ya, n. exemption from qualities; lack of virtues; -gharīn-ya, n. hard-heartedness, cruelty; -ghara, a. belonging to waterfalls*

नैरधन नािर-dhan-ya, *n. poverty. -mal-ya, n. spotlessness, purity; -lagg-ya, n. shamelessness, impudence.*

नैल्य नािल-ya, *n. dark blue colour.*

नैकभोगमन नाैक abhigamana, *n. no sexual intercourse whatever.*

नैवार नािवāri, *a. consisting of wild rice.*

नैवेशिक नाैव-es-ika, *n. household furniture.*

नैश नाैsa, *a. (i) nocturnal; contracted during the night (guilt).*

नैशाकर नाैsākara, *a. caused by the moon.*

नैशिक नाैs-ika, *a. (i) obtained in one night.*

नैशित्य नाैsit-ya, *n. sharpness.*

नैश्चिन्त्य नाैs-kint-ya, *n. freedom from care.*

नैःश्रेयस नाैh-sreyas-a, *a. (i) leading to future beatitude. i-ka, a. id.*

नैषध नाैshadha, *m. prince of the Nishadhas, esp. Nala; pl. the Nishadhas; -anveshana, n. searching for Nala.*

नैषाद नाैshada, *a. (i) belonging to the Nishadhas.*

नैष्कर्म्य नाैsh-karm-ya, *n. abandonment of action, inactivity.*

नैष्किंचन्य नाैsh-kimkan-ya, *n. indigence, poverty. [kritika]*

नैष्कृतिक नाैsh-kritika, *a. incorrect for नाै*

नैष्ठिक नाैsth-ika, *a. (i) final, last; definitive, decided, settled; highest, supreme, perfect; thoroughly versed in (-); having taken the vow of eternal chastity; -sundara, a. supremely beautiful.*

नैष्ठुर्य नाैsh/hur-ya, *n. roughness, coarseness, hardness, severity.*

नैष्पत्य नाैsh-phal-ya, *n. fruitlessness, ineffectualness.*

नैसर्ग नाैsarga, *a. natural: i-ka, a. id.; original, inherent, innate, constitutional.*

नैस्त्रिंशिक नाैstrims-ika, *a. armed with a sword.*

नैःस्नेह्य नाैh-sneh-ya, *n. want of affection; -spreh-ya, n. lack of desire for; -sv-ya, n. indigence, poverty.*

नो नाै, *pr. and not, nor (this meaning very rare in C.); not (C).*

नोय नाैnu, *m. N. of a merchant.*

नोदन नाैd-nana, *a. removing; n. striking; dispelling; impulse.*

नोदिन नाैd-n, *a. dispelling (-).*

नोधस नाैdhās, *m. N. of a Rishi.*

नोन नाैnu, *m. N. ā, f. N.; -ka, m. N.; -ratha, m. N.*

नोपस्थातु नाैupasthātri, *a. not appearing in court.*

नो 1. नाै, *ac, d, g. du. of aham.*

नो 2. नाै, *f. ship; boat, skiff.*

नौक नाैu-ka, *° = 2. नाै, ā, f. skiff; -kar-nādhāra, m. helmsman (also fig.); -karmāna, n. occupation with boats, work of a boatman; -karkri-vat, m. owner of boats and waggons; -kara, a. faring on ships; m. seafarer, wariner; -gāvika, m. boatman, sailor.*

नौधस नाैudhas-ā, *n. N. of a Sāman.*

नौयान नाैu-yāna, *n. navigation; -yāyin, a. faring in boats; m. passenger; -vyasana, n. shipwreck.*

न्यकार नाैk-kāna, *m. humiliation; disregard; -kriti, f. id.*

न्यक्त नाैkta, *pp. √ āṅk; -āṅka, pp. √ uk.*

न्यग्भाव नाैg-bhāva, *m. going downwards; absorption in (-); disregard, contempt; -bhāvayitri, m. humilifier*

न्ययोध नाैy-ōdha, *m. [growing downwards], Indian fig-tree, banyan (Ficus Indica).*

न्यङ्कु नाैṅk-u, *m. [√ āṅk] kind of antelope;*

-siras, a. (sc. kakubh) a metre; -sārini, a f. (sc. brīhatī) a metre.

न्यङ्कोतक नाैṅkotaka, *m. N.*

न्यङ्ग नाैṅg-ā, *m. [√ āṅg] adhering matter; taunt; ° a. making incidental mention of.*

न्यङ्ग नाैṅṅk, *a. (weak base ṅṅk; f. ṅṅk-i) downward; lowered (tone); n. ad. nyāṅk, downwards; -kri, humble; disregard words, throw into the shade, surpass; (g) -bhū, be have humbly.*

न्यङ्ग नाैṅṅk-ana, *n. depression; lurking-place; i, f. lap [hood, of (g. or -).*

न्यतो नैyātēna, *in ad. in the neighbour-*

न्ययन नाैyāna, *n. entry, gathering-place.*

न्यर्थ नाैarthā, *n. failure; destruction.*

न्यर्बुद नाैr̥budu, *n. a hundred millions.*

न्यसन नाैsana, *n. arranging, putting or writing down; adduction.*

न्यस्त नाैsta, *pp. (√ 2. as) set down, deposited; -danda, a. having laid down the rod, unaggressive, peaceable; -sāstra, a. having laid down one's arms; avēra from strife, offensive (Manes).*

न्यस्य नाैsya, *pp. to be laid down; to be appointed to (c).*

न्याय नाैyāy, *m. [going back, reference, precedent], rule, standard, axiom, principle, method; manner; propriety, correct way, logical proof or conclusion, syllogism; logic; the Nyāya system of philosophy, lawsuit; decision, judgment; in, ab, °, after the manner of (-); m. -tas, °, suitably, properly; -vartin, a. behaving with propriety; -vādin, a. speaking suitably; -vid, m. connoisseur; -vidyā, f. logic; -vritta, pp. behaving with propriety; -sāstra, n. treatise on logic; -śikshā, f. logic.*

न्याय नाैyāy-ya, *a. regular, customary, usual, normal; right, just; suitable, fit, proper (as of: dependent on this word has a ps sense)*

न्यास नाैśa, *m. setting down, planting (the foot); putting on; insertion, impact; applying, drawing, commitment; writing down, inscribing; written text; renunciation; laying aside; deposit; bringing forward, adduction; -dhāraka, m. depository.*

न्यासीक नाैśī-kri, *entrust to the safe keeping of.*

न्युज्ज नाैyujga, *a. turned over, upside down lying on one's face.*

न्यून नाैyūna, *pp. defective, wanting; smaller, less; too little, inferior (the deficiency is expressed by the m or -); -tā, f. inferiority. -adhika-vibhaktā, pp. having received too little or too much on the division of an inheritance; -adhika-śha, a. having a limb too few or too many.*

नै नाैi)ai, *ad. indeed*

प P.

प पा, *a. 1. [√ 1. pā] drinking (°); 2. [√ 2. pā] protecting, guarding (-).*

पक्कण पक्कane, *m. n. Kāṇḍāla's hut; village inhabited by a savage tribe.*

पक्त्व पक्-tavva, *fp. to be cooked or baked.*

पक्ति पक्-ti, *f. coquing; digestion; ripening, i. e. consequence of former acts; de-*

velopment; -tri, a. cooking, baking (g.), promoting digestion.

पक्क पक्-vā, *a. (= pp. of √ puk) cooked, baked, done; burnt, baked (bricks, pots; grey (hair); ripe, fully developed, mature; bearing, ripe fruit (tri); -tā, f. ripeness, maturity; -bimba-adhara-śaṭā, a. f. having a lower lip red like the Bimba fruit;*

-anna, n. cooked food; -ish/aka, a. made of baked bricks; -kita, n. building of baked bricks.

पक्ष पक्shā, *m. (n.) wing, pinion; feathers of an arrow; flank, side; half; half-month, fortnight (15 days); side, party, following, ally, partisan (aj. & pl.); host, troop, class; quantity (of hair); place; alternative; case,*

opinion, proposition; prosecution (*leg.*); subject of an inference (*logic*); topic, subject under discussion: **paksha**, in the other case; with regard to (-); **astra** -, in this case; **tābhyām mukte** -, in a case other than these two.

पक्ष paksha-ka, *m.* wing (-); **-kshaya**, *m.* end of a fortnight; **-gama**, *a.* moving with wings, flying; **-grahana**, *n.* taking the side of (*g.*); **-kara**, *m.* elephant parted from the herd; **-kshid**, *a.* having clipped the wings of the mountains, *ep.* of Indra; **-tā**, *f.* alliance; being the subject of an inference.

पक्षति paksha-ti, *f.* root of a wing; plumage.

पक्षत्व paksha-tva, *n.* being a component part of (-); being the subject of a conclusion, prosecution; **-dvāra**, *n.* side-door; **-dhara**, *a.* taking the side of (*g.*); attached to (-); *m.* bird; **-pāta**, *m.* flight; partisanship, partiality, predilection for *ac.* **prati**, *g.*, *l.* (-); **-pāti-tā**, *f.* partiality or predilection for (*l.* or -); **-pātin**, *a.* siding with, partial to (-); **-pāta**, *m.* outspread wing; wing; **-bala**, *n.* strength of wing; **-raśana**, *f.* formation of a party; **-vat**, *a.* winged; having a large following; **-vikala**, *a.* paralyzed in the wings.

पक्षान्त paksha-anta, *m.* end or last day of a fortnight; **-antara**, *a.* a particular case (*l.* = supposing, if); another opinion; **-ābhāsa**, *n.* mock prosecution; **-tva**, *n. abs.*; **-ash-tami**, *f.* eighth day in a fortnight; **-āhuti**, *f.* stroke with the wing.

पक्षित्व pakshi-tva, *n.* condition of a bird.

पक्षिन् paksh-in, *a.* winged; on the side of, belonging to the party of (-); *m.* bird, winged creature; (*n.* **-i**, *f.* hen-bird, night with the two contiguous days (*see* **rātri**)).

पक्षिमृगत pakshi-mṛga-ta, *f.* condition of bird or beast; **-rāṅ**, *m.* **-rāṅ**, *m.* king of birds; **-rāṅya**, *n.* sovereignty of the feathered tribes, *ep.* of Garuda; **-āyaka**, *m.* young of a bird, birdling; **-svāmin**, *m. ep.* of Garuda.

पक्षिन् pakshi-kri, make oneself master of (*ac.*). [*of* Garuda.]

पक्षिन्द्र pakshi-indra, *m.* chief of birds, *ep.*

पक्षीय pakshi-īya, *a.* siding with (-).

पक्षन् paksh-man, *n. sg.* & *pl.* eyelashes; pile of *der.*; petal [*eyes*].

पक्षपात pakshma-pāta, *m.* closure of the

पक्षल pakshma-la, *a.* having long or fine eyelashes; long-haired; hairy, furry, downy; **-āris**, *a. f.* having eyes with beautiful lashes.

पक्ष्य pakshi-yā, *a.* siding with (-).

पङ्क pāṅka, *m.* or *n.* (2) mud, mire, slough, quagmire, dirt, clay; (-), ointment; **-kshid**, *m.* a plant (with the fruit of which turbid water is clarified).

पङ्कज pāṅka-ja, *n.* flower of the day lotus (*adulabium speciosum*, which closes in the evening); **-nābha**, *a.* having a lotus in his navel (Vishnu); **-netra**, *a.* lotus-eyed; **-mālin**, *a.* adorned with a wreath of lotuses, epithet of Vishnu; **-akshi**, *f.* lotus eyed woman; **-āṅghri**, *a.* whose feet are adorned with lotuses (Vishnu).

पङ्कजिन् pāṅka-ji, *a.* furnished with a lotus; **-i**, *f.* lotus; lotus group.

पङ्कता pāṅka-tā, *f.* condition of mud; **-magna**, *pp.* sunk in the mire.

पङ्क्य pāṅka-yā, *den.* P. besmear.

पङ्कुरिणी pāṅka-ruhi, *f.* lotus; -group; **-lagna**, *pp.* stuck in a bog; **-vat**, *a.* muddy, miry; **-vartman**, *n.* miry road.

पङ्किल pāṅka-ila, *a.* miry, dirty, bedaubed with (*in*); **-bhava**, *a.* growing in swampy soil.

पङ्कुरह pāṅka-ruh, *n.* flower of the day lotus; **-a**, *n.* **-āni**, *f. id.*

पङ्क्ति pāṅk-ti, *f.* set of five (*peetrās*), series of fives; a metre: 5 x 8, later 4 x 10 syllables, the number ten; line, row; multitude; company, society; **-krama**, *n.* succession in a row; **-pavana**, *a.* purifying a society; **-ra**, *tha*, *m. N.* **-Dasa-ratha**.

पङ्क्तिस्त pāṅkti-sat, *ad.* in rows.

पङ्क्ती pāṅkti, *f.* metrical for pāṅkti.

पङ्कु pāṅk-u, *a.* (*v-i*) lame; **-ka**, *a. id.* **-tā**, *f.* **-tva**, *n.* **-bhāva**, *m.* lameness.

पच PAK, I. **pa**, *a.* cook, bake, boil, roast; **-ā** cook for oneself, burn, bake (*birds etc.*); digest; ripen, mature (*tr.*); develop, conduct to its end; *ps.* **pa** *yate*, ripen, be developed; **pakva** is used as *pp.*; *es.* **pa** *aya*, *P.* cook, cause to be cooked; *pp.* **pā** *ita*; *inf.* **pā** *pa* *ya*, *N.* and burn violently also (*fig.*) **pari**, *ps.* be cooked, roasted, be matured bear fruit (*actions*); *es.* cook, roast *vi.* dissolve by cooking; *ps.* be roasted, be digested, be matured, bear fruit, come to an issue, attain its consequences (*action*).

पच *pa*, *a.* cooking, baking (-).

पचन् pāṅ-ana, *a. id.* (-); *n.* cooking utensil; **-kriyā**, *f.* cooking. [*maturing rapidly*].

पचेलिम् pak-elima, *a.* being quickly cooked,

पक्कस pak-khas, *ad.* [*pad*-sas] by *padas*; **-khaṇa**, *n.* [*pad*-sauka] cleansing of the feet

[**पञ्** PAK, **पञ्ज** PANG, fasten, enclose.]

पञ्ज paṅ-ja, *a.* stout, portly.

[**पञ्च** PANK, spread out, manifest.]

पञ्च pāṅka, = **पञ्चन** pāṅkan.

पञ्चक pāṅka-ka, *a.* consisting of five; five days old; with **sata**, *n.* five per cent., *a.* the number five (*peetrās*); **paṅka**-**kapāla**, *a.* (1) distributed in five dishes; **-kṛtvā**, *ad.* five times; **-gavya**, *n. sg.* & *pl.* five products of the cow milk, curds, butter, urine, dung; **-gṛya**, *a.* five times greater than *ah*; **-grāmi**, *f.* group of five villages; **-latvār**, *latat*, *f.* forty five; **-landra**, *m. N.*; **-kūda**, *a.* having five tufts of hair; **-gana**, *m. pl.* the five races or kinds; *gods*, *m. n.* *Guṇḍharas* and *Asparasas*, *septs*, and *Manas*; *sg.* *man*; **-ya**, *a.* sacred to the five races; **-tantra**; **-ka**, *n. T.* of a collection of fables in five books; **-tapas**, *a.* ascetic exposing himself to five fires one at each cardinal point, with the sun above; **-taya**, *a.* 1, fivefold, **-ta**, *f.* fivefold amount; dissolution of the body into the five elements, death; **-tirtha**, *f.* the five sacred bathing-places, *N.* of a Tirtha; **-trimat**; **-i**, *f.* thirty five; **-tva**, *n.* fivehood; the five elements, earth, water, fire, air, and ether, dissolution into the five elements, death; **-m** *gam*, die; **-dāś**, *n.* 1, fiftenth; consisting of fifteen; increased by fifteen; **i**, *f.* fiftenth day in a half month; **-dāśan**, *a. pl.* fifteen; **-dāśa-vāshika**, *a.* fifteen years old; **-dāśa**, *n.* period of fifteen days; **-i**, *ka*, *a.* lasting fifteen days; **-dhā**, *ad.* in five parts, fivefold; **-dhātu**, *n. sg.* the five elements.

पञ्च pāṅk-an (or **-ka**), *a. pl.* five; *T.* of the 14th *Lambaka* in the *Kāthāsāritāgāra*.

पञ्चख pāṅka-nakha, *a.* having five claws; *m.* beast with five claws; **-nada**, *n.* land of the five rivers, Panjab; *m. pl.* inhabitants of the Panjab; *sg. N.* of a river, **-padi**, *n. f.* having (taken) five steps; *f.* five steps, the five strong cases; **-pala**, *a.* weighing five palas; *i. f.* weight of five palas; **-purāṇa**, *a.* worth five purāṇas (*a. coin*); **-pushpa**, *maya*, *a.* (3) consisting of five flowers; **-phutika**, *a.* weaving five phutikas in a day; *m. N.*; **-bandha**, *m.* fifth part of the value of a thing; **-bāna**, *m.* the five-arrowed god, *Kama*; **-bindu**-**prasrta**, *n.* kind of figure in dancing.

पञ्चम pāṅka-mā, *a.* (2) fifth; with *amsa*, *m.* a fifth part; **-m**, *ad.* for the fifth time; fifthly, *m.* fifth later seventh) note of the Indian scale; *a.* musical mode; fifth consonant of a class, nasal, 1, 1, fifth day in a fortnight; terminations of the fifth case, word in the ablative; terminations of the imperative

पञ्चमय pāṅka-maya, *a.* (1) consisting of five elements; **-māshaka** (or *ika*), *a.* consisting of *ai* amounting to five māshas; **-māsyā**, *a.* needing five months for its development; seed; **-mukha**, *a.* five-faced, having five points above; **-mūla**, *m. N.* of an attendant on *Bharṇi*; **-yāma**, *a.* having five courses; **-yo**-**āna**, *f.* distance of five *yo* gams; **-rātra**, *n.* period of five days; *a.* a lasting five days, *n.* *general designation of the sacred book of Vishnu's sects*; **-ka**, *a.* lasting five days; **-lakshana**, *a.* having five characteristics; **-lambaka**, *m. T.* of the 14th *Lambaka* in the *Kāthāsāritāgāra*; **-va**, *m. N.*; *N.* of a locality; **i**, *f. id.*; **-varga**, *m.* group or series of five; **-varṇa**, *a.* five coloured; of five kinds; **-varsha**; **-ka**, *a.* five years old; **-varahiya**, *a.* five years old; **-varahi**, *ka*, *a.* recurring every five years; **-vīmā**, *a.* (1) twenty fifth; consisting of or containing twenty-five; **-vīmāti**, *f.* twenty five; **-tama**, *a.* twenty fifth; **-vidha**, *a.* fivefold; **-vrit**, *ad.* five times; **-vata**, *a. pl.* five hundred, consisting of five hundred *pasas* (*thm*), paying a fine of five hundred *pasas*; five hundredth; **-e** *kāle*, *n.* the 500th year, *m.* 105, 500, 1, *f.* 500; **-ara**, *m.* five arrowed; *Kama*; **-dikha**, *a.* wearing five top-knots (*tuṣṭi*); *m. N.* of an attendant at *Siva*; **-arsha**, *a.* five headed.

पञ्चष pāṅka-sha, *a.* five or six; **-sattara**, *N.* of a locality; **-sahasri**, *f.* 5000; **-skandi**, *f. sg. pl.* the five Skandas of the Buddhists; **-hanta**, *N.* of a locality; **-hāyana**, *a.* five years old.

पञ्चाक्षर pāṅka-akshara, *a.* pentasyllabic; **-akhyāna**; **-ka**, *n.* *pañca* *tantra*; **-agri**, *a.* maintaining the five sacred fires, allowing oneself to be scorched by five fires (*four kindled towards the quarters, and the sun*); **-tva**, *n.* aggregate of five fires; *see* *pāṇina*; **-āṅga**, *n.* five limbs, members, or parts; *a.* (1) consisting of five limbs or parts; **-āṅga**, *a.* consisting of the five elements; **-tva**, *n. abs.*; **-āṅga**, *n.* five faced, terrible, lion; *1, f. up of* *Bhṛga*; **-aparas**; **-a**, *n. N.* of a lake; **-abda** *ākhyāna*, *a.* lasting for five years; **paṅka**-**ara**, *a.* five spokes.

पञ्चाल pāṅka-ā, *m. pl.* *N.* of a people and of a dynasty; **i**, *f.* doll.

पञ्चावयव pāṅka-avayava, *a.* five-limbed.

पञ्चाश pāṅka-sha, *a.* fiftieth; **-ka**, *a. pl.* 50; **-i**, *ka*, *f.* collection of 50; **-ak-khas**, *ad.* by fifties.

पञ्चाशत् pañkāśat, *f.* [pañkā-dasat] 50: -*a*, *n.*, -*i*, *f.* *id.*; -*ka*, *a*. fifty years old; -*tama*, *a*. 50th; -*panika*, *a*. consisting of 50 panas (*fine*); -*palika*, *a*. weighing 50 palas; (d) -*bhāga*, *m*. 50th part; (d) -*varsha*, *a*. fifty years old.

पञ्चाक्ष pañkāśya, *a*. five-faced; five-pointed (*arrow*); *m*. lion; -*śha*, *m*. period of five days.

पञ्चिन pañcin, *a*. consisting of five parts.

पञ्चीकरण pañkī-karana, *n*. reduction to five, combination with the five subtle elements.

पञ्चीक pañkī-kri, reduce to five, combine a gross element with all the five subtle elements

पञ्चिषु pañka ishū, *m*. (five-arrowed), Kāma; -*śha*, *a*. loss by five.

पञ्चक pañga-ka, *m*. N.

पञ्जर pañga-ru, *n*. cage (*also fig. of anything that confines*); grated enclosure, net (*pl.*); skeleton; body: -*ka*, *n*. cage; -*keśarin*, *m*. caged lion; -*śikṣa-nyāya*, *m*. principle of eleven birds combined though differing in their individual action setting a cage in motion, -*bhāg*, *a*. caged; -*śtha*, *a*. id.

पञ्जिका pañgī-ikā, *f.* commentary explaining and analysing every word.

पट PAT, I. P. *pa*, split, slit, open (*int.*); tear along, flow rapidly; *es. pāṭaya*, P. break through; *tear up*; cleave, lacerate, scratch; pluck or tear out, tear or break off; cause to be torn up: *pp. pātita*, *ava*, *es.* tear or split up, *ud*, *es.* split off; *tear out*, break off, slit up; draw out of the scabbard; uproot; open wide (*eyes*), remove, dispel; exterminate; dethrone *saṃud*, *es.* tear up; pull off; dethrone. *vi*, *es.* split; *tear*; pull out, disperse; uproot; destroy, remove, dispel, *tear away*, take to one's heels.

पट paṭa, *m*. woven stuff, (piece of) cloth; garment; veil, screen; canvas (*for writing or painting on*); picture (-)

पटक्षर paṭa-karu, *m*. thief, robber; *n.* (?) worn-out garment, rag.

पटभाष paṭa-bhāṣka, *m*. spying instrument, -*mandapa*, *m*. tent; -*maya*, *n*. (made of canvas), tent.

पटल paṭa-la, *n.* (?) roof (*also i, f.*); *n*. cover, veil; basket, hive; *m*. *n*. strip; section of a book; *n*. (*also i, f.*) heap, multitude, *m*. diseased membrane on the eye, cataract; -*ka*, *m*. *n*. cover, casket.

पटवास paṭa-vāsa, *m*. scented powder -*ve*, *m*. *n*. tent.

पटह paṭa-ha, *m*. (*n*.) [striking or sounding on a membrane], drum, kettle-drum, tabor -*m* bhramaya, *dā*, or *dāpaya*, proclaim by beat of drum; -*ghoṣhaka*, *m*. one who proclaims publicly by beat of drum; -*ghoṣha-nā*, *f.* public proclamation by beat of drum -*m* *dā* or *bhramaya*, proclaim by beat of drum; -*tā*, *f.* condition or function of a drum; -*pra pāghoṣhana*, *n.*, -*bhramana*, *n*. id.

पटाक paṭa-aka, *m*. hem of a garment

पटि paṭ-i, *f.* kind of cloth; -*ikā*, *f.* woven stuff.

पटी paṭ-i, *f.* strip of cloth; stage curtain -*śhapa*, *m*. drawing aside the curtain (*on the stage*); -*e* *n* *pra-vis*, enter the stage hurriedly. [well suited for (*le*, or -)]

पटीयस् paṭ-i-yaś, *cpr.* very skillful in (-);

पटीर paṭ-ira, *m*. sandal-tree; sieve.

पटु paṭ-u, *a*. sharp; dazzling; shrill, clear (*sound*); acute; clever, dexterous, skillful; skilled in, fitted for (*le.*); intense, fierce, violent; -*karana*, *a*. having sound organs; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n*. keenness of sight; cleverness, dexterity, skill; craft, -*matī*, *a*. of keen intellect.

पटोल paṭola, *n*. kind of cucumber (*Trichosanthes dioeca*); *m*. the plant.

पटु paṭta, *m*. [paṭtra] tablet, plate (*for writing or painting on*); strip of cloth, bandage; frontlet, diadem; cloth; -*ka*, *m*. board; plate (*for inscription*); bandage; *n*. document (*inscribed on a plate*); -*karma-kara*, *m*. weaver; -*karma*, *n*. weaving; -*ga*, *n*. kind of cloth; -*devī*, *f.* princess adorned with a diadem: chief consort of a prince.

पटुन paṭtana, *n*. town.

पटुनिसन paṭta-nivasana, *m*. townisman.

पटुव paṭta-va, *kind of cloth.*

पटुवस्त्र paṭta-vastra, *n*. cloth garment: -*śālā*, *f.* font; -*śamuka*, *n*. kind of garment (*Pr.*).

पट्टाय paṭṭā-ya, *den* *Ā*. resemble a tablet of (-) [strip of cloth.

पट्टिका paṭṭī-kā, *f.* plate, tablet; bandage,

पट्टिश् paṭṭiś, *m*. sharp-edged spear: weapon with three points.

पट्टोपाध्याय paṭṭa-upādhyāya, *m*. engraver of documents (*grants etc.*).

पट PATH, I. P. (*E. also Ā*). *paṭha*, recite aloud; repeat to oneself, study, read; propound, mention, or quote (*in a book*); designate *as*, declare to be (*ac*); *es. pāṭhaya*, P. teach to talk; teach to read, instruct in, *2 ac*; read; *int. pāṭhāṭīti*, *pāṭha/hyate*, repeat frequently; study or read assiduously. *saṃ*, read.

पठन paṭha-na, *n*. reciting; studying. reading; mentioning; -*anīya*, *fp* to be read.

पठितसिद्ध paṭhita-siddha, *pp.* taking effect as soon as repeated.

पशा PAN, I. P. (*Ā*). *pāna* [par-ma, IX from *√pri*], buy, bargain, bet, wager, play for (*g.*); stake (*ac*): -*yuddham* -, hazard a battle. *vi*, sell; wager, for (*g.*).

पण paṇa, *m*. play for a stake (*g.*, *le.*, -); bargain, stipulation, compact; stake; wage; a coin of a certain weight -*m* *kṛi*, bet, *e* *nias*, stake; -*śālā*, *m*. time for play; -*kṛi-ya*, *f.* staking; wager for (-); -*m* *kṛi*, stake in play; -*bandha*, *m*. conclusion of a compact, contract; -*na*, *n*. id.

पणयितु paṇ-ayi-tri, *m*. seller.

पणव paṇava, *m*. kind of drum.

पणस्त्री paṇa-stri, *f.* venal woman, prostitute.

पणाय paṇā-ya, *den*. sell.

पणि paṇ-i, *m*. [bargainer], niggard, miser: *śud* *esp.* of those who are stingy at the sacrifice and of unbelievers who keep their property to themselves (*P.*); also designation of certain malevolent demons, guardians of treasure, overcome by the gods and the Aśvinas (*P.*, *P.*); thief; - in the guise of a Purohita (*P.*).

पणित paṇ-ita, (*pp.*) *n*. wager, for (*le.*); stake at *ply* or in a wager.

पणितु paṇ-i-tri, *m*. trader.

पण्ड paṇḍa, *m*. eunuch, impotent man -*ka*, *m*. id.

पण्डित paṇḍitā, *a*. learned; wise, shrewd; skilled in (-); *m*. scholar, learned or wise man, Pandit: -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n*. wisdom; skill in (-); -*buddhi*, *a*. philosophic-minded; -*mānika*, -*mānin*, *m*-*manya*, *a*. considering oneself wise; -*śabhā*, *f.* assembly of Pandits.

पण्य 1. paṇ-ya, *fp.* to be praised: -*tā*, *f.* praiseworthiness.

पण्य 2. paṇ-ya, *fp.* to be bought; purchasable; venal; *n*. article of merchandise, ware; trade; shop; -*gana*, *m*. trader; -*dāsi*, *f.* hired servant; -*yoshit*, *f.* venal woman, prostitute; -*vat*, *a*. abounding in merchandise; -*villāsin*, *f.* prostitute; -*vithikā*, -*vithi*, *f* market; shop; -*stri*, *f.* venal woman, prostitute; -*śaganā*, *f* id.

पत् 1. PAT, I. P. (*E. also Ā*). *pāta*, fly (*also fig.*); descend, strike (*sun*); alight; throw oneself upon or into (*ac*, *le.*); fall down, at the feet (*le.*) of (*g.*); fall into (*ac.*), on (*le.* or *upari* with *g.*), fall from = be deprived of (*heaven*), to (*ac*, *le.*); go down to hell (*le.* or *adhah*); fall morally; lose rank or caste; fall upon (*gaze*); happen (*misfortune*), get into (*le.*): *pp. pātita*, fallen; - on (*le.*, -), from (-); deprived of caste; fallen among, got into (*le.*, -); *es. P. pātaya*, P. fly; wing; *Ā*. strike down; *pātaya*, P. (*Ā*) cause to fly; hurl, cast at (*le.*); throw (*dice*), let fly; cause to descend, bring down (*axe, staff*) on (*g* + *upari*, or *le.*), dash (*the fingers*) into (*le.*), inflict (*punishment*) on (*le.*), shed, evoke (*tears*); pour out (*water*); cast down from (*ab*); throw oneself down; strike off (*head*), dash out (*teeth*); overthrow; throw down, cast, into (*ac*, *le.*), divide in two (*dvedhā*); cause to enter, put into (*le.*); set (*fire*) to; place upon (*le.*); apply a measuring line (*sūtra*); direct (*the gaze*) towards (*le.*), hurl, cast (*a curse etc.*) at (*le.*); cause to fall, ruin, bring trouble on; cause to go down to hell (*le.*); cause to lose its value, depreciate in price (*athathā*); reduce to (*le.*); introduce, set going: *pp. pātita*; *des. pipātisha*, *pīta*, *P.* be about to fly. *ati*, fly past, neglect; go beyond, not come under (*a conception or category*). *anu*, fly along to (*ac*); fly after, follow, pursue (*also fig.*); *es.* drag down with one to hell. *abhi*, fly up to, rush towards or at; fall or get into (*ac*). *ava*, fall, fly, or leap down, on (*le.*); *es.* throw down. *abhi-va*, fly near *ā*, fly up to (*ac*); rush up; fall into or on (*ac*, *le.*); occur unexpectedly, happen; come upon, befall (*g.*), appear *2 am*; seem to (*g*); *es.* throw down upon (*le.*); strike down, shed (*tears*). *abhi ā*, hasten up; rush at (*ac* ± *prati*). *saṃ-ā*, come flying up; rush at (*ac*). *ud*, fly upwards; start or spring up; arise; depart hastily, leap forth, gush out; issue from (*ab*); escape. *anu-ud*, start up after (*ac*). *abhi-ud*, fly up to (*ac*), rush towards. *saṃ-ud*, fly up together; assail; rise (*sun*); gather (*clouds*); spring up; arise; disappear. *upa*, fly or hasten to (*ac*, *le.*). *ni*, fly down, alight, on (*le.*); fall down at the feet (*le.*) of (*g.*); rush at, fall upon (*ac*, *le.*); rush or plunge into (*le.*); get into (*le.*); fall among (*le.*); flow into (*le.*); fall down, upon (*g* + *upari*, or *le.*), into (*ac*, *le.*); fall, alight (*gaze*) on (*le.*); range oneself for come under (*the head of* (*le.*); take place, occur; befall (*le.*), fall to any one's lot; *es.* cause to fall down; cast, hurl, or shoot down, upon (*le.*), bring down upon (*le.*) = smite with (*stick*); fix (*the teeth*) in (*le.*); drop; spit out; overthrow, ruin; strike

down, kill, destroy; raise (*tribute*) from (*ab.*); direct (*the gaze*); set down specially as anomalous, regard as an anomaly (*gr.*). **upa-**ni, occur in addition; be mentioned incidentally. **pra-**ni, prostrate oneself before, salute reverently (*ac.*, *d.*, *lc.*); *cs.* cause to prostrate oneself. **vi-**ni, fly down, alight on (*lc.*); fall into (*lc.*); fall upon, assail, attack; *cs.* cast down; chop off (*head*), strike down, kill; ruin, destroy. **sam-**ni, fly down, descend, alight, on (*lc.*); come together, fall in with, meet, with (*in.* ± *saha*); *cs.* cast or shoot down, discharge; convene, assemble, bring together. **nis**, fly out, of (*ab.*); rush or fall out, depart, issue, from (*ab.*); fly away. **vi-**nis, fly or rush out; come forth, issue; run away, double. **parā**, fly off or away; disperse (*clouds*); fly past, fly or hasten towards; hasten up, arrive; fail. **anu-**parā, fly along beside (*ac.*). **pari**, fly or rush about; fall upon (*lc.*); rush upon (*lc.*); leap down from (*ab.*); *cs.* shoot off; throw into (*lc.*). **vi-**pari, fly about. **pra**, fly away or along; fall; get into (*lc.*); fall or fly down upon (*ac.*, *lc.*). **prati**, fly or hasten towards (*ac.*). **vi**, fly along; be cleft, split; *cs.* discharge (*arrows*); strike off; strike down, kill. **sam**, fly or hasten together; meet, come into conflict, with (*in.*); fly away to (*ac.*); walk about.

पत् 2. PAT. IV. Ā. pātya, (P.) be lord of, have power over, possess (*ac.*, *in.*); share in, be associated with (*lc.*); be of use or serve for (*d.*); serve as, be anything **abhi**, possess

पत् put-*n*, *m.* flight (*only* ⁽⁻⁾); **-ga**, *m.* [moving by flight], winged creature, bird. **-rāga**, **-i-**vara, *m.* lord of birds, *ep* of Garuda.

पतंग patam-gā, *a.* flying; *m.* bird; winged insect; grasshopper, butterfly; *esp.* moth, sun. **-kanta**, *pp.* *m.* sun-stone; **-grāma**, *m.* N of a village.

पतंगम patam-gama, *m.* moth.

पतंगार patanga-rā, *a.* bird-like.

पतंगवृत्ति patanga-vṛtti, *f.* behaviour of the moth, height of folly; *a.* behaving like a moth, extremely foolish.

पतञ्जलि patanjali, *m.* N of a grammarian (the celebrated author of the *Mahābhāṣya* and of a philosopher, founder of the *Sāṅkhya* system).

पतत् pat-at, *pr. pt.* flying; *m.* bird

पतच्च pātu-ta, *n.* wing, feather.

पतच्चि patat-in, *a.* winged, flying; *m.* bird, arrow [spatoon]

पतद्गृह patud-grāha, *m.* (catching what falls)

पतन pat-ana, *n.* flying, flight, flying or falling down, descent, fall, from (*ab.*), into (*lc.* or ⁽⁻⁾); casting oneself into (⁽⁻⁾), prostration (*at.* ⁽⁻⁾); hanging down, flaccidity of the breasts; fall, ruin; getting into (*lc.*); **-sila**, *a.* acorn-tuned to fall down.

पतनीय patan-īya, *a.* leading to a loss of caste; *n.* crime producing loss of caste.

पतय pat-īya, *cs.* of ⁽⁻⁾ 1. pat, P. fly along; Ā. strike down. **ā**, fly to. **vi**, P. open int.).

पताका patāka, *f.* flag, banner: *-m* labh, carry off the palm among (*lc.*); episode in a drama; **-amśaka**, *n.* flag; **-danda**, *m.* flag staff.

पताकिन patāk-in, *a.* bearing a flag; *m.* ensign-bearer, flag, car: **-i**, *f.* army.

पति pāt-i, *m.* owner, master, lord, ruler; husband

पतिवरा patim-varā, *f.* one who chooses her own husband, [husband-slaying.

पतिक pati-ka, ⁽⁻⁾ *a.* husband; **-ghni**, *a.* f

पतित pat-ita, *pp.* ⁽⁻⁾ 1. pat; *n.* flight. **-vṛtta**, *pp.* living as an outcast; **-sāvitrī-ka**, *a.* having neglected the Sāvitrī, *i. e.* having omitted investiture with the sacred cord; **-sthita**, *pp.* lying on the ground; **-utthita**, *pp.* shipwrecked and rescued.

पतिव pati-tvā, *n.* matrimony, wedlock. **-dar-ana-lāṣa**, *a.* desirous of seeing her husband; **-devatā**, *a. f.* making a god of, idolizing her husband, **-dharma**, *m.* duty to a husband; **-prāṇā**, *a. f.* whose life is her husband; **-lāṅghana**, *n.* conjugal infidelity in a wife. **-lāṣa**, *a.* longing for her husband, devoted to her husband; **-loka**, *m.* world or abode of the husband after death. **-vamsya**, *a.* belonging to the husband's family; **-vatni**, *a. f.* having a husband, *s.* married woman, wife, **-vratā**, *n.* fidelity to a husband. **ā**, *a. f.* faithful or devoted to her husband **-maya**, *a.* consisting in a faithful wife, **-śal**, *f.* mourning for a husband, **-sthāna**, *n.* husband's place; **-sthāniya**, *a.* belonging to or being in the husband's place; *m.* husband's representative.

पसन pat-tama, *n.* town.

पत्ति pat-ti, *m.* pedestrian; foot-soldier **-karmaṇ**, *n.* business of the infantry

पत्र pat-tra, *n.* wing; feather (*also* of an arrow; which (ear, horse, or camel) plume of a tree, leaf, petal, leaf prepared for writing on **-m** āropaya - put on paper, letter, document; foil of metal, ornamental leaf painted with (-) **-ka** ikā pattra *a.* **-skhedyā**, *a.* having its feathers plucked out, *n.* a kind of artistic skill. **-pati**, *m.* *ep* of Garuda, **-puṣa**, *m.* **-i-ka**, *f.* leaf rolled up into a funnel-shape, **-bhanga**, *m.* streaks painted with nusk and other fragrant substances on the face or part of the body; **-ratha**, *m.* riding on wing, bird **-indra**, *m.* lord of birds, *ep* of Garuda **-ketu**, *m.* having Garuda as his badge, *N.* **-rekha**, *f.* **-bhanga**; **-lata**, *f.* *cf.* **-le** khā, *f.* *cf.* **-vāha**, *m.* borne on wing, bird; arrow; **-vi-śhaka**, *m.* ? leaf like painted mark; **-vesha**, *m.* kind of earring, **-āka**, *n.* vegetable with leaves, **-āli**, *f.* **-bhanga**, **-āhāra**, *m.* *pl.* feeding on leaves.

पत्रिका pattri-ka, *f.* leaf for writing on, letter, note, document.

पत्रिन् pattri-in, *a.* winged, feathered, with *m.* bird; arrow.

पत्रोष्ण pattra-ṣṇa, *n.* bleached silk, cloth or garment of bleached silk

पत्नी pāt-nī, *f.* mistress, lady, wife; female of animals. **-ka**, ⁽⁻⁾ *a. cf.* **-vat**, *a.* possessed of a wife or wives, accompanied by his wife; **-āli**, *n.* **ā**, *f.* shed on the sacrificial ground for the wives and domestic rites of the sacrificers.

पत्न pāt-man, *n.* path, course.

पथ PATYA, *v.* 2 PAT.

पथन् pāt-van, *a.* (x-1) flying; *n.* flight.

पत्यतः patsu-tah, *ad.* at the feet **-si**, *a.* lying at the feet.

पथ PATH, *cs.* **api-pāthaya**, P. bring into ⁽⁻⁾ a path *ac.*).

पथ pāth (*weak base*; **pānthān**, strong base V. *also* **pānthā**; **pāthi**, middle base *m.* road

way, path (*also fig.*; journey; right way (*also fig.*); *a.* hell: **pānthānam** **ā**, make way for (*g.*); **pāthi**, on the way; **-nias**, throw down on the road - abandon.

पथ path-a, *m.* way, road, path (⁽⁻⁾).

पथातिथि patha-atithi, *m.* traveller.

पथिक pathi-ka, *m.* wanderer, traveller **-sārtha**, *m.* company of travellers.

पथिकृत् pathi-kṛt, *a.* preparing the way; **-mat**, *a.* containing the word 'path'; **-rāk-āhi**, *a.* guarding the patha.

पथोपदेशक patha-upadesaka, *m.* guide (P.)

पथ path-ya, *a.* (relating to or fit for the way or progress of a thing), customary, regular; proper, suitable; salutary; advantageous, **ā**, *f.* path, way **-revāti**, bounteous path, personified as genius of plenty.

पथशन pathi-śana, *n.* victuals for the journey, **-ā**, *in*, *a.* eating wholesome diet; **-odana**, *m.* *id.*

पट PAD. IV. (P.) **ṇādyā**, fall, down, ⁽⁻⁾ off, or out, perish 1. go to (*ac.*), *cs.* **pādaya**, P. **ā** cause to fall; *ds* **-pitāta**, **Ā**, *inf.* **panipadyate**. **ati**, go beyond (*Ā*), skip, postpone to *m.* neglect **anu**, fall low; resort to (*ac.*), belial (*ac.*), agree to, approve (*ac.*) **sam-anu**, enter, **abhi**, betake oneself or come up to, draw near to, reach (*ac.*); seek the protection of (*ac.*), seize, gain possession of; fall upon, assail, attain, acquire, accept; resort to, give one self up to (*ac.*) **ava**, fall down or off; be deprived of (*ab.*); come to grief *pp* **ava-panna**, fallen upon by **ā**, approach, enter, betake oneself to *ac.*, fall or get into, attain, undergo a condition (*ac.*), obtain, acquire; fall into misfortune, be the case; happen; **evam** **āpadyate**, that is the case *pp* **āpanna**, fallen into, having obtained *ac.*, rarely *lc.*; unfortunate, happened, *cs.* bring into, reduce or subject to (*ac.*, *lc.*), cause to undergo a condition (*ac.*), bring into misfortune, ruin, procure, produce, cause, obtain, make, change into *2 ac* **abhi**, get into (*ac.*) **prati** **ā**, return **vi**, fall away, perish *pp* **disorded**, spoiled, perished, dead, *cs.* injure, destroy, kill **sama**, *assail*, fall into, and ego a condition, occur, take place *pp* **arried**, come, **ud**, spring up, arise, *be* produced, be obtained, be born, from *ab.*, become, happen, appear, begin *pp* **utpanna**, produced, from *ā*, born of (*lc.*), begotten by *in.*, *ā*, arisen occurred, existing, presenting itself, ready complete, *cs* P. (*Ā*), engender, produce, bring forth, beget, compose, procure, raise a lawsuit, *cs.* shed blood **prati** **ud**, *pp.* present, newly; ready. **vi** **ud**, arise, be derived etymologically (*gr.*) *pp* **developed**, learned, experienced, versed in (*lc.*), *cs.* produce, cause, derive, explain etymologically (*gr.*), discuss in detail. **sam-ud**, be born of (*lc.*); arise, appear. *pp* **born**, be gotten by *ab.*, on (*lc.*), arisen, come *time* *cs.* produce, cause **upa**, come to *ac.*, *lc.* go to a teacher, apprentice oneself as a pupil to (*ac.*, *g.*); attain, enter upon (*ac.*, *d.*), belial (*g.*), take place, occur, appear, exist; be possible; be suitable or proper for, be worthy of (*g.*, *lc.*), *pp* existing, present, come to pass, turned out (differently), **anya** (**thā**), suitable, fitting, appropriate, natural, possessed of, endowed with (*m.* or ⁽⁻⁾); **sarvatah**, supplied with everything, *cs* bring anyone *ac.* to a condition *ac.*, present; be slow on, give to (*d.*, *lc.*); bring about, manage, accomplish, make suitable, prepare; provide

(ac) with (in), cause anything (ac) to be accompanied by (in.); make, declare to be (ac.); find out, prove. **abhi-upa**, come to the assistance of, help (ac.); implore the help of (ac.); *pp.* with *act. mg.* **prati-upa**, *pp.* present. **sam-upa**, be accomplished; undergo, experience; *cs.* prepare. **ni**, lie down, rest; sleep with (ac.); *cs.* lay down. **nis**, fall out; spring up, arise; ripen; be accomplished; *pp.* **nishpanna**, derived, from (ab.); accomplished; ripe; prepared, ready; finished; *cs.* P. (Ā) produce; cause to ripen; accomplish, execute, perform; **rā-gyam** -, rule. **abhi-nis**, enter into, reach; turn into (ac.); appear; *pp.* already existing. **pari-nis**, turn into (am.); *pp.* existing. **pra**, enter; set out on a path (ac.); come or betake oneself to, resort to (ac.); seek the help of, seek refuge with (ac.); get into (a condition), incur, undergo, attain; assume a form; obtain as a husband *ac.*; adopt or embrace (a doctrine); undertake, take in hand (ac.); *lc.* begin *time*; succeed, turn out (differently). **anyathā**, admit a claim; *pp.* acknowledged; provided with (in.); *cs.* cause to enter, lead into (ac.); *des.* **prapita**, I wish to enter into (ac.); **Ā**, be about to begin. **anu-pra**, turn to for aid, seek refuge with; enter after any one (ac.); follow, comply with (ac.); *pp.* with *act. mg.* **abhi-pra**, enter; hasten to (ac.); seek the protection of (ac.); *pp.* with *act. mg.* **sam-pra**, enter into (ac.); together; succeed. **prati**, enter; go or resort to, arrive at (ac.); come back to (ac.); return; get into a condition (ac.); obtain, gain; receive, take upon oneself; recover; receive back, restore to favour; practise, perform, accomplish, behave towards (ac.); *g.* *lc.* make, render (2 ac.); befall (ac.); restore; perceive, ascertain, learn; consider; accede to, comply with, avow; promise, agree to (ac.); say yes, consent (**tathā** or **tathā itī**); begin to speak; commence with (in.); answer, give an answer (uttaram); **antareṇa** -, step between (ac.); **anyathā** -, have a wrong opinion of any one (ac.); **tad-abhed-ena** -, consider anything (ac.) as not different from that; *pp.* arrived, come (time); familiar with (ab.); known; having promised; admitted (*dh*); acknowledged; offered; *cs.* lead to (ac.); procure; bestow on (2 ac.); give, deliver to (*d.*, *g.* *lc.*); give in marriage, produce, cause; teach; set forth, explain, consider, regard as (2 ac.); *lc.* wish to obtain. **abhi-prati**, begin with, mention first (ac.). **vi-prati**, go in different directions, wander about, roam (*sc*); be confounded; diverge in opinion. **sam-prati**, go to (ac.); befall, devote oneself to (ac.); agree to (ac.); consider, regard as (2 ac.); perform; *pp.* acknowledged. **vi**, fall asunder; fail, miscarry, come to nought; perish, die. *pp.* **vipanna**, unfortunate; perished; *cs.* kill. **sam**, befall (*d.*, *g.*); be accomplished or fulfilled; succeed, prosper, amount together to (ac.); become; conduce to, produce (*d.*); combine, meet with, get, obtain (in.); enter into, be united with (ac.); *lc.* attain, acquire (ac.); *pp.* **sampanna**, befallen, accomplished; complete, perfect; fully conversant with, thoroughly skilled in (*lc.*); palatable, dainty (**-tara**, *cp.* extremely -); endowed or provided with (**-tas**, *in.*, -); arisen, existing (=); *cs.* P. (Ā) convey to, procure for (*d.*, *g.*); prepare (food); produce; perform; complete; practise (obedience) towards (*g.*); turn into (2 ac.); endow or provide with (in.); agree; attain. **abhi-sam**, become, amount to (ac.); equal; attain; *pp.* agreeing with (in.); *cs.* make equal, turn into. **upa-sam**, reach; attain; *pp.* endowed with, possessed

of (in., -); fully conversant with (-), living in the same house; *cs.* procure.

पद pād, *m.* (strong base **pā**; *f.* -^o a. **pad** or **padi**) foot; step; quarter: *in.* *sg.*, *du.*, *pl.* also on foot.

पद pād-ā, (*m.*) *n.* step; stride; footstep; trace; mark, sign; footing, place, abode, home; station, position, office; dignity, rank; object (of contempt, dispute, etc.); cause, occasion; foot; also as a measure; quarter-verse; word; *nominal* base before consonant terminations (so-called because treated like a word in external Sandhi); word-reading of the Veda in which the words are given separately irrespective of the rules of Sandhi: **padam kri**, set foot on, enter (*lc.*); have a regard for (prati); have to do with (*lc.*); -**mūrdhni**, place one's foot on the head of (*g.*) = overcome, surpass, **bridaye** or **litte** -, take complete possession of the heart or mind; **padam ā-tan**, gain ground; **dhā**, gain a footing; -**ni-dhā**, set foot on = make an impression on (*lc.*); -**padavyām**, set foot on the path of (=emulate *g.*); **padam ni-bandh** = engage in (*lc.*); **pad** **pad**, at every step, everywhere, on every occasion.

पदक pada ku *n.* step; office, position; -**krama**, *m.* kind of gait; peculiar method of reciting and writing the Veda; -**gati**, *f.* gait; -**liha**, *n.* footprint; -**tā**, *f.* original form of a word, condition of a word; -**nyāsa**, *m.* putting down the foot, step; footprint, imitating of verses; (**ā**)-**pañkti**, *f.* series of footsteps, track; a metre (5 × 5 syllables); series of words; -**padadhā**, *f.* series of foot-steps, track; -**pāṭha**, *m.* word-reading, a mode of reciting and writing the Veda in which every word is given in its original form irrespective of Sandhi. -**pūraṇa**, a verse filling; -**yōpana**, a (i) pace-retarding; -**rak-anā**, *f.* arrangement of words, literary work; -**vigraha**, *m.* comparison of words, -**vid**, a. (knowing the place), familiar with (*g.*).

पदवी pada-vī, *m.* (*nm.* -**ā**) leader, guide (V); *f.* *nm.* (i) track, path; way or road, to (-); sphere, ken of eyes, ears, memory; post, office; -**m** **abhi** i, tread the path of (= equal, resemble); **praāp** or **sam-ā-rūh**, enter the path of, devote oneself to (-); -**yā**, enter the path of, become an object of, *e.g.* laughter (-).

पदवृत्ति pada-vṛtti, *f.* hiatus between two words in a sentence.

पदश्रस pada-sas, *ad.* step by step, by degrees; word for word

पदशास्त्र pada-sāstra, *n.* science of words written separately in the Veda. -**reni**, *f.* line of footsteps, track.

पदसंधि pada-sandhi, *m.* euphonic combination of words, -**stha**, a. pedestrian; invested with office, -**sthāna**, *m.* footprint; -**sthita**, *pp.* invested with office.

पदाङ्क pada-āṅka, *m.* footprint.

पदाति pad-āt-i, *a.* [going (√ut) on foot], being on foot, pedestrian; *m.* foot-soldier; -**in**, a. consisting of or provided with foot-soldiers, *m.* foot-soldier; (**-āti**)-**lava**, *m.* (non-entity of a-) humble servant.

पदानुग pada-anuga, *a.* following on the heels of (*g.*); pleasant to (-); *m.* attendant; -**anuvāsa**, *n.* science of words; -**anta**, *m.* end of a quarter-verse; end of a word, final; -**antara**, *f.* another word; interval of a step; **e** **sthitvā**, stopping after a step; -**anvesh-in**, a. following a track.

पदार्थ padārtha, *m.* thing corresponding to a word, substance, object; subject, topic; category (*ph.*); meaning of a word.

पदावली padāvalī, *f.* series of pādas or words; -**āvṛtti**, *f.* repetition of a word; repetition of the same word with another meaning (*rh.*).

पदति pad-dhati, *f.* [pad-hati, foot-tread], track, trace; way, path (*also fig.*); line, row; guide (a class of manuals).

पद्म pad-ma, *m.* *n.* lotus flower (which closes at night; *o* *lumbum speciosum*); lotus-shaped array; *kind* of sitting posture during religious observances; one of the nine treasures of Kuberā; 1000 billions; *N.* of a Nāga, *N.*; **ā**, *f.* the Lotus-coloured, *ep.* of the goddess of fortune, Sri.

पद्मक padma-ku, *m.* *N.*; *kind* of sitting posture during religious absorption, *n.* a tree, -**kūṭa**, *m.* *N.* of a fairy prince; -**koṣa**, *m.* calyx of a day-lotus; position of the fingers resembling the calyx of a lotus; -**koṭā-ya**, *den* **Ā**, resemble the calyx of a lotus; -**khaṇḍa**, *n.* group of day-lotuses; -**garbha**, *m.* (produced from a lotus, *ep.* of Brahman, Vishnu, and Siva; *N.*; inside of a lotus; *n.* Lotus-filled, *N.* of a lake; -**tā**, *f.* emotion of a day-lotus, -**darśana**, *m.* (lotus-like), *N.*; -**nābha**, *m.* (having a lotus in his navel), *ep.* of Vishnu; *N.*; -**nidhi**, *m.* one of the nine treasures of Kuberā (*also personified*); -**nibha** **khaṇḍa**, *a.* having lotus-like eyes; -**pura**, *n.* *N.* of a city; -**prabhā**, *f.* *N.*; -**mihira**, *m.* *N.* of a historian; -**yoni**, *m.* (sprung from a lotus, *ep.* of Brahma; -**rati**, *m.* *N.*; -**rāga**, *m.* (lotus-coloured), *ruby*; -**ka**, *m.* *id.*; -**rāga**, *m.* *N.*; -**lekha**, *f.* *N.*; -**varṇas**, a lotus-coloured, -**varna**, *a.* *id.*; -**vishaya**, *m.* *N.* of a country, -**vesha**, *m.* *N.*; -**vyākosa**, *n.* breach of a certain shape; -**sekha**, *m.* *N.* of a prince of the Guṇḍharvas; -**xi**, *f.* *N.*; -**samkūṭa**, a lotus-like, -**sadman**, *m.* (seated on a lotus, *ep.* of Brahma; -**saras**, a lotus-lake; *N.* of a lake; -**sena**, *m.* *N.*; -**svāmin**, *m.* *N.* of a shrine.

पद्मकर padma-kara, *m.* group of day-lotuses, -**aksha**, *a.* (i) lotus-eyed; -**ādi-tva**, *n.* condition of a lotus etc.

पद्मावती padmāvat-i, *f.* *ep.* of Lakshmi. *N.*; *ep.* of Uggayini in the Kṛita age; *T.* of the 17th Lambaka in the Kathā-sarī-sāgara.

पद्मसन padma-śana, *n.* lotus-seat; *kind* of sitting posture in religious absorption.

पद्मिन padm-in, *a.* spotted (elephant); -**i**, *f.* lotus; *o* *lumbum speciosum*; flower (a plant); multitude of lotuses; lotus-pond. -**khaṇḍa**, *n.* group of lotuses.

पद्मिष्ठा padm-ishthā, (*spr.*) *f.* *N.*

पद्मीद्वय padmāddhava, *a.* produced from a lotus; *m.* *ep.* of Brahma; *N.*

पद्म pād-ya, *a.* relating to the foot; *n.* verse.

पद्म pad-va, (*o*) *a.* (i) inclined towards (*lc.*).

पद्म pad-vāt, *a.* having feet, running; *n.* running animals

पद्म PAN, I. **Ā**. **pana**, be admirable; admire; *cs.* **panāya**, P. **Ā**. admire; praise; **Ā**. rejoice at (ac., *g.*); *pp.* **panitā**, admired; praised.

पद्म panasa, *m.* breadfruit-tree; *n.* its fruit.

पद्म pan-as-yā, **Ā**. be admirable.

पद्म pan-āya, **Ā**. show to be admirable.

पद्म panāy-ya, *fp.* astonishing, admirable.

पुन pan-ú (or -ú), *f.* admiration, praise.

पन्था pánth-ā, *m.* r. páth.

पन्थान pánth-ān, *r.* páth

पन्न pan-na, *pp.* ✓ pad. -gā, *m.* (low-going), (1, f.) snake; snake-demon: -maya, *a.* (1) consisting of snakes, -rāga, *m.* king of the snake-demons, -indira, *m. id.*, -ivara, *m. id.*

पन्थ pán-ya, *fp.* wonderful: -tama, *sp.*

पप्रि pá-pr-i, *a* [✓1. pr] bestowing (ac., g.).

पप्ता pampā, *f.* N. of a river and of a lake -pārasāra, *m.* ocean of milk.

पयःपाय payah-pāna, *n.* drinking or draught of milk; -pūra, *m.* quantity of water

पयस् páy-as, *n.* [✓2. pi] juice, fluid, vital sap, strength; milk; water; rain.

पयस्य payas-ya, *a.* made from milk; ā, *f.* clotted milk, curds.

पयस्त payas-yat, *a.* juicy full of sup. abounding in milk.

पयस्विन payas-vin, *a. id.* -i, *f.* cow yielding abundance of milk.

पयोद payo-da, *a.* yielding milk; water-giving; *m.* cloud; -dhara, *m.* water-bearing, *id.*; (milk-yielding), *f.* male breast, udder: i-bhā, become an udder.

पयोधरोत्ति payodhara umati, *f.* high bosom and rise of clouds.

पयोधारा payo-dhāra, *f.* shower of water: -dhi, *m.* water reservoir, sea; -nidhi, *m.* sea; -bhrit, *m.* water-bearing, cloud; -maya, *a.* consisting of water; -mukha, *a.* having milk on the surface; -muk, *a.* yielding milk, *m.* (water-discharging), cloud; -raya, *m.* torrent, -rād, *m.* ocean, -vāha, *m.* (water-carrying), cloud; -vrata, *a.* subsisting on milk only as a vow.

पयोष्ठी payu[h] ushni, *f.* N. of a river (milk-)

पर pá-a, [leading beyond ✓2. pr], 1. of place farther than (ab); 2. of time: past, previous; future, subsequent, following (ab); latest, extreme (age), high (time); 3. of amount exceeding more than (ab, -); remaining over; 4. of sequence: following, coming next after (ab, -); repeated: each successive; 5. of degree: superior, higher, better, worse, than (ab, rarely -); supreme, pre-eminent, best; utmost, deepest, greatest; 6. of range: transcending (ab); 7. of relation: other; alien, strange, hostile; different, from (ab); *m.* descendant; stranger; adversary, foe, enemy; universal soul, the Absolute, *n.* remotest distance; height, summit, acme; supreme bliss; extreme limit (-); further or wider meaning of a word (-, *a.* synonymous with); chief aim, main thing (-), *a.* having - as the main thing - intent on, absorbed in, deeply affected with, mainly consisting in, chiefly meant for, altogether based on, -ma, *ad.* afterwards, subsequently; beyond, after (ab); highly, excessively; completely; at the most; nothing but, only; however, but; atah param, beyond that; after that; next; hereafter; still further; itah param, henceforth; tatah or tatas ka āt, thereupon; na samāt param, no more of that, enough; na param-āpi, not only - but also; na param-yavat, not only - but even; yadi param, if at all, perhaps; param tu or idm tu, however, but; param na-āpi na, not only not - but also not

परयुक्ति param-sakti, *f.* only in, with all one's might; to the best of one's ability.

परकथा parā-kāthā, *f. pl.* talk about others: -kara-gata, *pp.* being in the hands of another or others; -karma, *n.* service for others, -kalatra abhigamana, *n.* adultery; -kārya, *n.* another person's business or affair; -kāla, *a.* belonging to a later time, subsequent.

परकीय parak-īya, *a.* belonging to another or others; hostile.

परकृत parā-kṛta, *pp.* done or committed by another, -kṛti, *f.* act of another; analogous case, precedent, -kṛitya, *n.* another person's business or affair, *a.* belonging to the enemy's party, supporting the enemy's cause, -paksha, *m.* hostile party; -kshetra, *n.* another's held; another man's wife, -gata, *pp.* belonging to another, -gāmin, *a.* benefiting another, relating to another (adjective), -gana, *m. pl.* or *f.*, other people's merits, -grāha, *n.* recognising the merits of others, -gṛha-vāsa, *m.* sojourn in another's house, -glāni, *f.* laxity of the enemy.

परकिता parā-kṛtā, *f.* thought for others: -kāhira, *n.* another's failings or weak points, -yana, *m.* stranger; -tantra, *a.* dependent on another, dependent on; i-kṛi, make dependent; make over to another, sell

परतर parā-tara, *ep.* greater, more.

परतस parā-tas, *ad.* 1. = ab of para, *a.* highest, belonging to another; *m.* stranger, 2. further; henceforward, afterwards, high up, with ab, high above, over, of power or rank, after of time, itas paratas, here, there, before after

परता parā-tā, *f.* absoluteness; highest de-

परतोषयितु parā-toṣayitri, *a.* seeking to please others.

परत्र parā-tra, *ad.* in the other world, hereafter; below in a book -bhira, *a.* anxious about the next world.

परत्वं parā-tvā, *n.* remoteness; posteriority, superiority, to (pp); inferiority on

परदार parā-dāra, *m. sg.* & *pl.* another man's wife; adultery; -dasha, *m.* ruin of the foe, peace in which the enemy seizes the revenue of the country; -dosa, *m.* another place, foreign country; enemy's territory, -dosha-gā, *a.* knowing the faults of others; -dravya, *a. pl.* goods of others; -apahāraka, *a.* stealing others' property; -droha, *m.* hostility towards others; -karma-dhi, *a.* injuring others in deed or thought, -dhana, *n.* another's property; -dharma, *m.* law or duties of another or of another caste; another's peculiarity

परतप parām-tapa, *a.* vexing the foe - N. of a prince of Magadha

परपक्ष parā-paksha, *m.* party of the enemy, -patni, *f.* another's wife, -parigrāha, *m.* another's property; another's wife, -paribhava, *m.* humiliation of others; -parivāda, *m.* speaking ill of others, -pāka, *m.* another's food or table; -piāda, *n.* another's cake; -pura-m-paya, *a.* conquering the city or cities of the foe, -purusha, *m.* another man, stranger; -pusha, *pp.* *m.* Indian cuckoo ā, *f.* N. of a princess, -pusha-maya, *a.* (1) being a perfect cuckoo - pūrvā, *f.* woman having had another husband before, woman previously married; -pati, *m.* husband of a woman married before; -prayo, *ana.* *a.* useful to or benefiting others.

परब्रह्म parā-brahman, *n.* supreme Brahman; -bhāga, *m.* supreme state, pre-eminence; -tā, *f.* high position, pre-eminence, -bhāgya apāvin, *a.* living on another's fortune; -bhūmisha, *a.* abiding in a foreign

country; -bhūshana, *m.*, *v. r.* for -dāhana, -bhrita, *pp.*, nourished by others, *m.*, ā, *f.* Indian cuckoo; -maya, *a.* consisting altogether of cuckoo; -bhodana, *a.* foe-piercing

परम para-mā, *sp.* farthest, remotest, extreme, last; highest, chief, primary, supreme, transcendent; most excellent, best, greatest; worst; better, greater, worse, than (ab); *n.* extreme limit; chief aim, main thing only - *a.* amounting at the most to; wholly occupied with, doing nothing but, solely intent on, engrossed with; -ma, *ad.* very well, yes expressing assent; *f.*, *ad.* extremely, exceedingly, greatly, very.

परमक्ष parama-ka, *a.* most excellent, supreme, highest, best, greatest, worst.

परमत parama-mat, *n.* opinion of others.

परमता paramā-tā, *f.* highest position, supremacy, summit, highest aim; -dāra, *a.* very dreadful, -dukhita, *pp.* deeply afflicted

परमयुक्त parā-manyu-mat, *a.* deeply distressed; -mārga-gā, *n.* knowing the secret designs of others

परमपुत्र parama-puṣ, *m.* supreme soul, *ep.* of Vishnu, -purusha, *m.* id

परमर्षि parama-rishi, *m.* great sage

परमशोभन parama-sobhana, *a.* exceedingly beautiful, -samābhāsha, *pp.* exceedingly rejoiced, -bhāsha, *m.* acetic of the highest order; universal soul; -akshara, *n.* syllable on or the Absolute; -āṅganā, *f.* most excellent woman

परमाणु parama-ānu, *m.* infinitesimal portion, atom -tā, *f.* atomic nature, -kāraṇa-vāda, *m.* doctrine of atoms, Vāśeṣika system

परमात्मन parama-ātman, *m.* supreme or universal soul; -ātma-tā, *f.* -tva, *n.* abstr. -ānanda, *m.* supreme joy, -anna, *n.* best food, rice boiled in milk, -āpāda, *f.* greatest misfortune; -artha, *m.* highest or whole truth, true state of the case, reality, -tas, *m.*, *ab.* in reality, -bhāg, *a.* possessed of the highest truth.

परमेश्वर parama-īshvara, *m.* mighty or supreme lord, prince, God, -tā, *f.* -tva, *n.* sovereignty, lordship

परमेश्ठिन parama-śiṣṭi-in, *a.* standing at the head or in the highest place, supreme; *m.* lord, *ep.* of various gods or divine beings.

परमेश्वास parama-īshvāsa, *m.* excellent Bowman; -upāsaka, *m.* zealous Buddhist layman.

परपर parā-m-parā, *a.* one after another, successive; -ma, *ad.* in regular succession, ā, *f.* uninterrupted line, unbroken series, regular succession, mediocrity; *m.* indirectly, (ā-prāpta, *pp.* handed down by tradition, -āyāta, *pp.* id

परयोषित para-yoshit, *f.* wife of another man; -ramaṇa, *m.* second lover, paramour, -loka, *m.* the other or future world - arthina, *n.* seeking heaven, -vat, *i. ad.* like a stranger; -vat, *2. a.* depending on another, ready to obey him; -vat, *ad.* on (in, g.); devoted to, a prey to (-); -tā, *f.* readiness to gratify or obey, complaisance, -varga, *m.* party of others; -vāra, *a.* dependent on the will of another, subservient, overpowered by, a prey to (-); -m kṛi, overcome, -vārya, *n.* fault of another; -vāda, *m.* talk of others, rumour, detraction; objection; -vira-han, *a.* slayer of the warriors of the enemy; -vyā-khepin, *a.* scattering foam; -vyūha-vināśana, *m.* destroyer of the ranks of the enemy.

परसु para-sū, *m. axe, hatchet* (**u**)-**māt**, *a. provided with an axe*; **-rāma**, *m. Rāma with the axe*, *cp. of Rāma, son of Gāmadagni*.

परसुध parasudha, *m. axe, hatchet*.

परसुस para-svas, *ad. day after to-morrow*.

परशत parash-tā, *a. more than 100*; containing more than 100 verses.

परस par-as, (*V*) *ad.* [$\sqrt{2}$. **pri** - *cp. tir-as*] further, beyond, away, *ab*; in future, later; *pp* with *ac* beyond, more than; with *tu*, *id.*; without; with *ab*, beyond, except.

परसात्क parasāt-k, *make over to another man, marry a girl to*.

परसेवा para-sevā, *f. service of others*.

परसराम parasarām, *ad. further*.

परसात् parās-tāt, *ad. pp. with g.* *afut*, further, beyond; above, higher than; from above, before, or behind; afterwards, later; (**ā**) **avagamyata eva**, what follows can be guessed

परस्थान para-sthāna, *n. foreign country*, strange place.

परस्पर para-s-para, *a. ac.* each other; *in by* or *with* each other; *g* of each other; **-tas**, *-m*, *ad.* each other, mutually; **-gūa**, *a* knowing one another, intimate; **-vyāvṛtti**, *f* mutual exclusion; **-sthita**, *pp.* standing opposite each other; **-ādina**, *pp.* devouring one another; **-amīsha-tā**, *f* condition of being one another's prey; **-āraya**, *m.* mutual dependence, *petitio principis*; *a.* mutual; **-upakāra**, *m.* mutual benefit.

परस्मैपद parasmai-pada, *n.* (word for another), transitive form, personal endings of the active (*g*).

परस्व para-sva, *n. sg. & pl.* property of others; **-ādāya**, *n.* appropriating the property of others.

परःसहस्र parāḥ-sahasra (or rā), *a. pl.* more than a thousand.

परहित para-hita, *n.* welfare of others.

परा parā, *ad.* backward, away, forth. *off* (*verbal* *pp* and *nominal* *pp*).

पराक parāk (or ā), *n.* of parāñh.

पराक parāk-ā, *distance*; *le.* at a distance; *ab.* from a distance, far; *m.* kind of *pranava*.

पराक्रम parā-krama, *m. sg. & pl.* bold advance, valour; power, strength, might, prowess; forcible means, *N* of a *fairly prince*; **-kramin**, *a* valorous, mighty.

पराम parā-ga, *m. sg. & pl.* [going forth, dispersing], pollen; dust; **-gamana**, *n.* departure; **-g-in**, *a* having pollen.

पराङ्ग para-aṅga, *m.* hinder part of the body.

पराङ्मुख parāṅ-mukha, *a.* (1) having one's face averted; turning one's back upon *g*), fleeing from (*ab*); averted (*gas*); averse from, not caring for, avoiding, indifferent to (*prati*, *g*, *le*); **-tā**, *f* aversion of the face; **-tva**, *n* aversion, to (*g*); **i-bhu**, *avert the face, flee*; not care for (*g*); become adverse (*fute*).

पराची parācī-ī, *f.* of parāñh.

पराचीन parākīna, *a.* averted; being beyond, indifferent to (*ab*); unsuitable; **-m**, *ad.* beyond, away from (*ab*); after (*ab*); more.

पराचैस parākāis, *ad.* (*m. pl.* of parāk-ā) aside, away. **āśre** - far away.

परायय parā-yaya, *m.* deprivation, loss, of (*ab*); defeat; loss of a lawsuit; subjugation, conquest of *g*); **-gi-shana**, *a* victorious.

पराङ् parāñh, *a.* turned away, turning the back, averted; standing behind one another; departing; following after (*ab*); passed away, irrevocable; *n.* **parāk** - *ā* *ad.*

पराङ्गि parāñh-in, *a.* not returning.

परात्मन् parā-tman, *m.* supreme soul.

पराधिकार para-adhikāra, *m.* another's office or post; **-karkā**, *f.* interference with another's concerns, officiousness; **-adhina**, *a.* dependent on another, subject, subservient; dependent on (*g*); engaged or absorbed in, engrossed by (*g*); **-tā**, *f.* dependence, subjection.

परान्न para-anna, *n.* food of another. **-bhog-in**, *a.* eating the food of another, living at another's cost.

परापर para-apara, *n.* the further and the nearer; the earlier and the later (cause and effect); the higher and the lower, the better and the worse; **-tā**, *f.* condition of being both genus and species; absoluteness and relativity; **-tva**, *n.* *id.*; priority and posteriority; absoluteness and relativity.

परामव parā-bhuvā, *m.* departure; disappearance; defeat, overthrow; humiliation, frustration, mortification (*by*, *in*, *ab*); **-bhāva**, *m.* defeat, (*parā* - *bhūti*), *f.* defeat, humiliation, mortification (*by*, *ab*); **-tā**, *f.*

परामर्श parā-marśa, *n.* injury; assault, attack, on (*g*, *le*, *g*); relation to; recollection; reflexion, consideration.

परायण parāyana, *n.* 1. departure; 2. **-āyana**, *n.* highest aim, last resort, refuge; chief thing, essence; determining agent (*of*, *g*); *a* certain work. *a.* -, wholly occupied with, intent on, devoted to, engrossed by, exclusively referring to; *a.* being the last refuge for (*g*).

परायत्त para-āyatta, *pp.* dependent on another; dependent on, overcome by (*g*).

परार्थ para artha, *m.* great importance, another's affair or interests, advantage of others; (chief thing) = *jeopulation*; **-m**, *le*, *g*, for another's sake, for the good of others; *a.* having another purpose; existing for others; **-ka**, *a*, *id.* **-tva**, *n.* *abst. s.*; **-tā**, *f.* *abst. s.*; **-vād-in**, *a.* speaking for another, proxy.

पराथिन् para arthin, *a.* striving for what is highest.

पराध para ardhā, *m.* ulterior side. Other half; *m* *n* the highest number: 100,000, 000,000,000,000; **-ārth-ya**, *a.* being on the other side, most excellent, noblest, highest, best; more excellent than (*ab*).

परावत् parā-vāt, *f.* distance.

परावर para avara, *a.* farther and nearer, preceding and following, superior and inferior, all-comprising; *n.* cause and effect; totality.

परावर्तन parā-vartana, *n.* turning round; **-vṛtti**, *f.* return; failure, exchange.

परावसथशायिन् para avasatha-sāyin, *a.* sleeping in another's house.

पराशर para-śarā, *m.* destroyer; *N*.

पराश्रय para-āshaya: *m.* dependence on others; *a.* dependent on others; **-ārita**, *pp.* *id.* *n.* dependent, servant.

परासु parāsu, *a.* whose breath is departing, dying; expired, lifeless, dead; **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* apathy; nearness of death.

परासिध parā-sedha, *m.* custody, prison.

पारान्न para-anna, *m.* afternoon.

परि parī, *ad.* around; *°*-, fully, quite, entirely, excessively; *pp.* with *ac.* about (*of time and place*); against, towards; over, more than; with *ab.* from; on account of; according to.

परिकामिन् pari-kampin, *a.* trembling violently; **-kara**, *m. sg. & pl.* retinue, dependants, assistance, expedient; addition; abundance, multitude; *girdle for looping up a garment* - **m** **bandh** or **kri**, *gird oneself for, prepare to* (*le.* or *inf*); **-kari**, *pp.* accompanied by (*in*); **-karma**, *n.* adoration; decoration of the person, anointing the body; purification, means of purifying; preparation for (*g*); **-karma-ya**, *den.* P. adorn; **-karmin**, *n.* attendant, servant; **-kalayitri**, *a.* enclosing; **-kalpana**, *n.* cheating; **-kirtana**, *n.* proclaiming aloud, promulgation; naming; **-kopa**, *m.* violent anger; **-krama**, *m.* succession, order; **-kraya**, *m.* hire; redemption, peace purchased with money; **-kriyā**, *f.* attention to (*g*); **-kleśa**, *m.* wetness; **-kleśa**, *m.* hard ship; trouble, suffering; **-kshaya**, *m.* disappearance, cessation, failure; decline; run; **-kshāma**, *n. pl.* coal-dust; **-kshāma**, *a.* emaciated; **-kshīt**, *a.* dwelling around (*Agni*), extending around (*du*, *heaven and earth*), *m. N.* of various princes; **-kshīti**, *f.* wound; **-kshīna**, *pp.* emaciated, wasted away; **-kshēpa**, *m.* moving to and fro; surrounding, encompassing; that which encircles; compass.

परिखण्डन pari-khandana, *n.* diminution, derogation; **-khā**, *f.* trench, moat, fosse; **-khi-kri**, *turn into a moat*; **-kheda**, *m.* exhaustion, fatigue.

परिगणन pari-gaṇana, *n.* **-ā**, *f.* complete enumeration, exact statement; counting; **-ga-āniya**, *pp.* to be completely enumerated, exactly stated; **-gand-in**, *a.* having fully considered everything; **-gata**, *pp.* encompassed, surrounded; overwhelmed; **-artha**, *a.* familiar with a thing; **-gantavya**, *pp.* attainable; **-gama**, *m.* acquaintance, occupation with (*g*); **-garvita**, *pp.* very haughty; **-garhana**, *n.* censure; **-grihīti**, *f.* inclusion; **-grahā**, *m.* embracing; inclusion, putting on, assumption (*of a body*); taking; laying hold of; acceptance, receipt; deriving from (*ab*); attainment, acquisition, possession; admission, reception; marrying, marriage; selection; taking to mean; undertaking, practice of, addiction to (*g*); grace, favour, assistance, claim, to (*le*); amount, sum, total number; property; wife (*also coll.*); dependents, household, family, concubines of a king; abode, root, foundation; **-grahana**, *n.* putting on; **-graha-tva**, *n.* woman's marriage with -; **-grahitri**, *m.* husband; adopted father; **-grāhaka**, *a.* doing a favour; **-grāh-ya**, *pp.* to be kindly treated; **-grāna**, *pp.* (*√grā*) exhausted.

परिघ pari-gha, *m.* iron gate-bar (*with which powerful arms are often compared*); bar, obstacle, fig.; iron club, mace encased with iron, streak of cloud across the rising or setting sun; palace-gate, gate; **-gha/āna**, *n.* friction; **-ghāta**, *m.* removal; **-ghātin**, *a.* transgressing (*g*); **-gha upama**, *a.* like iron bars.

परिचय pari-kaya, *m.* 1. accumulation; 2. acquaintance, knowledge; intimacy; familiarity with, practice of (*on* ± *saman*, *g*, *le*).

-^o); repetition or frequency of (-^o); -**vat**, *a.* well-known; -**kāra**, *m.* companion; attendant, servant; -**kāraṇa**, *m.* attendant, *n.* service, attendance on (-^o); -**kāraṇiya**, *fp.* to be tended; applicable; -**karitavya**, *fp.* to be tended, served, or honoured; -**kārya**, *fp.* to be tended or honoured; **ā**, *f.* attendance, service, devotion, homage; -**kāra-ka**, *m.* assistant, attendant, servant; **ikā**, *f.* female attendant, waiting-maid; -**kāraṇa**, *n.* attendance; -**kār-in**, *a.* attending on, doing homage to (-^o); -**ā-tā**, *f.* abst. *s.*; -**ā-ti**, *f.* acquaintance, intimacy with (-^o); -**āntani-ya**, *fp.* to be maturely considered; -**kumbh-ana**, *n.* passionate kissing

परिक्खु pari-kkhad, -^o, *a.* = -**kkhadā**

-**kkhadā**, *m.* cover, covering; furniture, domestic implements, utensils, paraphernalia, baggage, retinue, train; -**ā**, *a.* provided or adorned with; -**kkhāti**, *f.* exact determination, measure; -**kkheda**, *m.* separation; exact discrimination; sound judgment, discernment, discretion; determination, decision; section, chapter; -**kkhodya**, *fp.* to be exactly determined; to be measured; -**kyata**, *pp.* fallen from one's high estate, shamed; -**kyuti**, *f.* falling down.

परिगण pari-gaṇa, *m.* (surrounding folk), servant (male or female); *only coll.*, retinue, train, followers, attendants, domestics (*esp. female*); -**gāta**, *pp.* completely grown, -**gāhiraśā**, *f.* desire to avoid or remove; -**gāpti**, *f.* recognition; -**gātri**, *m.* accurate knower; -**gāṇa**, *n.* recognition, discrimination, full ascertaining, thorough information, complete knowledge or acquaintance; -**gāṇin**, *a.* possessing much information; -**gāṇya**, *fp.* to be learned or known thoroughly; **pari-gaṇa**, *a.* moving or speeding round, everywhere present, *le.* all around.

परिणतवयस pari-nata-vayas, *a.* of declining age, old; -**natī**, *f.* transmutation, transformation, change; development; ripening, maturity, mature age; consequence, effect, issue, end, fulfilment of a promise; -**ā**, *in the end, finally*; -**ni yā**, come to an end, -**nam-ana**, *n.* transformation into (*in*); -**namā-tvī**, *m.* ripener; -**vaya**, *m.* leading the bride round the nuptial fire, wedding, marriage, -**vayāya**, *uṣid*, -**vāma**, *n.* transformation, change; natural development; transmutation of food, digestion; withering; lapse of time; decline of life, old age; consequence, issue, termination, last stage, final state, end, *le. or* -, in the end, finally. -**vat**, having a natural development; -**vāmin**, *a.* changing, developing; ripening; -**vāyaka**, *m.* guide; husband; -**vāha**, *m.* extent, width, circumference -**vat**, *a.* big; -**vāhin**, *a.* extensive, large; -**ā**, having the circumference of, -**ā-namaṇu**, *a.* about to strike sideways with his tusks (*elephant*); -**ā-ta**, *pp.* \sqrt{at} married, *n.* marriage; -**purvā**, *a.* previously married, -**vat**, *act. pp.* *pt.* having married, -**vāteya**, *fp.* to be married; -**vetri**, *m.* husband; -**vēya**, *fp.* to be led round; to be ascertained; inter changeable with (*in*); -**ā**, *f.* to be led round the nuptial fire, to be married.

परितक्य pari-takmya, *a.* agitating, unsafe, perilous; **ā**, *f.* peril.

परितन्तु pari-tatnū, *a.* embracing

परितर्कण pari-tarkaṇa, *n.* consideration; -**tarpaṇa**, *a.* satisfying, *n.* satisfaction.

परितस्त pari-tas, *ad.* round about, on all sides, in every direction, everywhere; *pp.* *n.* *ac.* round

परिताप pari-tāpa, *m.* heat, warmth; distress, anguish, sorrow, affliction; remorse; giving pain; -**tāpin**, *a.* burning hot; causing affliction or sorrow, distressing; -**tāshī**, *f.* satisfaction; -**tripti**, *f.* perfect satisfaction, -**toṣha**, *m.* satisfaction, gratification, elation; pleasure or delight in (*q. or le.*); -**toṣhayitri**, *a.* satisfying, gratifying; -**toṣha-vat**, *a.* satisfied, gratified; -**toṣhin**, *a.* satisfied with, gratified by; -**tyakta**, *pp.* deserted, abandoned; -**tyakti**, *m.* forsaker; -**tyāga**, *m.* abandonment, desertion; repudiation, relinquishment, renunciation, loss, privation, sacrifice; -**tyāga**, *m.* *N. of a prince*; -**tyāgin**, *a.* abandoning, resigning, *n.* renouncing; liberal; *m.* renouncer; -**tyāgana**, *n.* causing to abandon; depriving of (-^o); -**tyāya**, *fp.* to be abandoned, -*deserted*, -*renounced*, avoided, -**trāṇa**, *n.* preservation, protection, help, deliverance, rescue from *ab.*; -*shelter*, refuge, preventive of *q.*; -**trātavya**, *fp.* to be protected from *ab.*; -**trātri**, *m.* protector, deliverer with *ac.* or *q.*; -**trāsa**, *m.* fright, fear

परिदाह pari-dāha, *m.* burning; distress, affliction; -**durbala**, *a.* extremely weak or poorly, -**deva**, *m.* -**na**, *n.* -**nā**, *f.* complaint, lamentation; -**devita**, *pp.* *n.* complaint, lament, -**devin**, *a.* lamenting

परिधान pari-dhān, *n.* putting on (*a. q. or m. of*); clothing, dressing; vesture, garment, *sp.* lower or under garment; -**valaka**, *a.* bark for clothing, -**vastra**, *n.* upper garment; -**dhāni-ka**, *n.* turn into an under garment; -**dhāraṇa**, *n.* suffering, indulging in (*q.*); *f.* endurance; -**dhi**, *m.* put round, enclosure, protection, fence, rampart; also of the ocean as encircling the earth, halo round sun or moon, horizon, circumference, the three great circles surrounding the sacrificial altar; -**dhi-ka**, *n.* put on, -**dhusara**, *a.* quite grey or dusty; -**dhvaṇsa**, *m.* eclipse, distress, disaster, failure, loss or mixture of caste; -**dhvaṇsin**, *a.* destroying (-^o), destructive

परिनाभि pari-nābhi, *ad.* around the navel; -**nindā**, *f.* severe blame of *q.*; censoriousness; -**nirvāṇa**, *n.* complete extinction of the individual; -**nirvṛti**, *f.* complete redemption; -**nishthā**, *f.* extreme limit, summit, complete familiarity with *le. or* -, -**nish-panna-tva**, *n.* actual existence; -**pakva**, *a.* fully baked, quite ripe (*fruit*); fully matured (*in intellect, mind*); effete, *d.* decaying

परिपण pari-paṇa, *n.* playing for (-^o); -**pat-ana**, *n.* flying about, hovering; -**pantha-ka**, *m.* obstructor of one's path, adversary, enemy; -**pantha-ya**, *den. P.* oppose, resist *ac.*; -**panthin**, *a.* besetting one's path, *n.* waylayer, opponent, enemy; -**panthi-bhu**, become the adversary of, oppose (*q.*); -**pava-na**, *n.* cleansing (*of grain*), winnowing, flail; -**pa-avya**, *a.* relating to the sacrificial animal; -**paka**, *m.* becoming fully cooked, digestion; ripening, maturity, perfection; consequence, effect, fulness, fulfilment of *time*; -**tas**, *ab.* in consequence of; -**pāṇa**, *a.* cooking fully, maturing; -**pāyitri**, *a.* *ut.*; -**pāṇa**, *a.* very pal-red; -**pāṇi**, *f.* succession; -**pāṭha**, *m.* complete enumeration, *in*, (*known*), completely, -**pāṇa**, *n.* hiding-place; -**pāṇidman**, *m.* extreme whiteness; -**pāṇḍu**, *a.* very white or pale; -**ra**, *a.* very white; -**pārava**, *a.* lying at the side, close at hand; -**vartin**, *a.* remaining at one's side, standing beside (*q.*); -**pālaka**, *a.* protecting; maintaining; -**pālana**, *n.* protection; maintenance; nurture; **ā**, *f.* protection, nurture; -**i-ya**, *fp.* to be guarded, maintained; -**pālya**, *fp.* to be protected, -*maintained* or observed; -**pingi-krī**, colour

deepred-brown; -**pāga**, *a.* full of (*ac.*); -**pāg-ara**, *a.* brownish-red, orange-coloured; -**pālayishā**, *f.* desire to maintain; -**pi-āna**, *n.* squeezing out; injuring, prejudicing (-^o); -**pusha-tā**, *f.* being nourished by, feeding on (-^o); -**pūti**, *f.* complete purification; -**para-ka**, *a.* fulfilling, bestowing abundance; -**pāraṇa**, *n.* filling; completion; -**pāra**, *a.* bestowing abundantly; -**pārūa**, *pp.* $\sqrt{pā}$ filled with (-^o); -**pārūendu**, *m.* full moon; -**pārti**, *f.* becoming full of (-^o); completion; -**pelava**, *a.* very delicate, tiny; -**pothaka**, *a.* furthering, confirming; -**poshaniya**, *fp.* to be cherished; -**pra-na**, *m.* enquiry, after (-^o); -**prāpti**, *fp.* obtainment; -**prepsu**, *des.* *a.* wishing to reach or obtain, seeking after (*q.*); -**plava**, *a.* running to and fro, *n.* fluctuation; -**plata**, *pp.* $\sqrt{plā}$ overwhelmed; bathed in tears (-^o).

परिपुल्ल pari-phulla, *pp.* wide open (*eyes*) covered with bristling hair.

परिवह pari-baṭha, *n.* necessities or luxuries of life; -**vat**, *a.* well furnished (*house*); -**bādha**, *f.* hardship, distress, fatigue; -**bimbh-ana**, *n.* prosperity, supplement, appendage (*of the body*); -**bodhana**, *n.* **ā**, *f.* admonition; -**bodhaniya**, *fp.* to be admonished; -**bodha-vat**, *a.* endowed with reason

परिभय pari-bhaya, *m.* apprehension, fear; -**bhava**, *m.* disrespect, contumely, insult, injury, humiliation, disregard, contempt, for (*q. or le.*); -**pa**, on the part of (*in, ab.*); -**pa**, *des.* -**aspada**, *n.* object of contempt; -**bhav-ana**, *n.* humiliation; -**i-ya**, *fp.* who can be insulted or humiliated; to be humbled; -**bhavin**, *a.* insulting, despising, mocking (*q.*); -**bhāva**, *m.* disregard, contumely; -**bhāvana**, *f.* thought, reflection; -**bhavin**, *a.* slighting, mocking, bullying; -**bhavuka**, *a.* surpassing (*ac.*); -**bhāṣhaṇa**, *n.* conversation, chatter, report, reprimand; -**i-ya**, *fp.* to be reproved; -**bhāṣhā**, *f.* speech, censure, reproach, contumely; general rule or maxim, rule defining the application of (*grammatical* *sūtras*); -**bhaṣhin**, *a.* speaking (*q.*); -**bhū**, (*with ac.*) surrounding, encompassing, prevailing; superior, guiding; (*pari-bhūti*, *f.* superior might); -**disrespect**, contumely, humiliation *sts. pl.*; -**bhushana**, *m.* *ac.* Smell of peace bought by the cessant of all the revenues of a country; -**bheda**, *m.* injury; -**bhoṣṭi**, *n.* enjoyer, one who lives on another, sponge; -**bhoga**, *m.* enjoyment, sexual intercourse, means of enjoying material substance; -**bhramā**, *m.* escape; -**na**, *a.* loss, of (*ab.*); -**bhrama**, *m.* digressions, irrelevant talk; -**na**, *a.* turning, revolution; going to and fro; circumlocution; -**bhrashā-sukha**, *a.* whose joy has departed, joyless

परिमण्डल pari-maṇḍala, *n.* circumference, *a.* circular; globular; -**tā**, *f.* circularity; -**i-ta**, *pp.* made round; -**manthara**, *a.* very slow; -**tā**, *f.* slowness; -**manda**, *a.* very dim (*eye*); *ad.* very slightly; -**tā**, *f.* exhalation, emanation; -**manyu**, *a.* fire; -**marda**, *m.* wearing out, consumption; destruction (*of an enemy*); -**marā**, *n.* consideration, contemplation; -**mala**, *m.* fragrant; fragrant substance; sexual intercourse; -**māṇa**, *n.* measurement; measure, circumference, extent, size, weight, duration, number, a mount; -**tas**, *ad.* in weight; -**ka**, *a.* measure, quantity; -**mathin**, *a.* trying severely, wearing out; -**marga**, *m.* searching around; -**ma**, *a.* tracing, searching; -**mārgitavya**, *fp.* to be sought; -**mārāṇa**, *n.* wiping off, cleansing, removal; -**mita-tva**, *n.* limited nature; -**miti**, *f.* measure, quantity; -**mat**, *a.* limited; -**milana**, *a.* touch; -**mugdha-tā**,

f silliness; loveliness; -**mā/ha-tā**, *f* confusion; -**maya**, *fp*. measurable; limited in number; -**moksha**, *m*. deliverance, from (*ab.* *g.* -^o); divestment; -**na**, *n*. liberation; deliverance from (*g.*); -**moshā**, *m*. theft, robbery; -**moshana**, *n*. taking away; -**mohana**, *n*. infatuation; -**mohin**, *a*. confused.

परिरक्षण pari-rakshana, *n*. protection; maintenance; preservation; keeping secret; -**i-ya**, *fp*. to be guarded or preserved; -**rakshā**, *f*. protection; preservation; -**rakshitri**, *m*. guardian; protector; -**rambha**, *m*. embrace; -**na**, *n*. embracing, embrace; -**rambhin**, *a*. embracing, girt by (-); -**rodha**, *m*. resistance.

परिलघु pari-laghu, *a*. extremely light or small; very minute or thin; easily digested; trivial, non-essential; -**tā**, *f*. extreme minuteness or thinness; -**lamba**, *m*. dilatoriness, delay; -**na**, *n*. hesitating, delaying; -**lekha**, *m*. out line, sketch; -**lopa**, *m*. neglect, omission.

परिवत्सर pari-vatsara, *m*. complete year; -**i-na**, *a*. relating to a full year; -**varvanna**, *n*. avoidance of, abstention from (*g.* or -^o); -**i-ya**, *fp*. to be avoided; -**varata**, *m*. revolution, end of a period, *esp.* of a cycle (*yuga*); end, exchange, barter; change; moving to and fro, haste, bustle; abode, place; causing to come to an end; -**ka**, *a*. causing to flow back; -**vartana**, *a*. (1) causing to turn; *n*. turning; tossing or rolling about on (-^o); revolution; periodic course; end of a period; exchange, barter; change; -**vartaniya**, *fp*. to be exchanged for (*m*); -**vartin**, *a*. turning, revolving; winding; circling, undergoing perpetual cycles, ever renewing itself; turning into, being exchanged for (-^o); abiding or being in, at, or near (*lc.* -**tas**, -^o); -**vartula**, *a*. quite round, -**vardhaka**, *m*. grown; -**vardhana**, *n*. augmentation, multiplication, -**vardhita-ka**, *a*. reared; -**vastatā**, *f*. curtain; -**vaha**, *m*. one of the seven winds; one of the seven tongues of fire.

परिवाद pari-vādi, *m*. detraction, censure (*of* *g.*, *lc.* -^o); -**kathā**, *f*. id.; -**vādin**, *a*. slandering, censuring; -**ā**, *f*. seven-stringed lute; -**vāpā**, *m*. parched grains of rice; -**vāra**, *m*. cover; attendants, train, retinue (-^o); *a*. surrounded by; sheath; -**tā**, *f*. condition of a retinue; -**vārita**, *cs*. *pp.* (✓) *vri* encircled, -**vāsa**, *m*. 1. sojourn; 2. perfume; -**vāha**, *m*. overflow; drain for carrying off excess of water; -**vāhin**, *a*. (n-2) overflowing, with (-^o).

परिविचि pari-vitti, *m*. unmarried man whose younger brother is married; -**tā**, *f*. -**tva**, *n*. allowing one's younger brother to marry first, -**vinna**, *pp* = **vitti**; -**vivadi-shu**, *des*. *a*. intending to reside; (*pāri* -**vishā**, *f*. service, attendance).

परिवृत pari-vrīta, *pp*. surrounded

परिवृढ pari-vrīdha, *pp*. ✓ *brith*; *m*. lord, master; -**vritta**, (*pp*) *n*. rolling, weltering, moving to and fro; -**vritti**, *f*. exchange, barter; *in*. alternately; -**vrīddhi**, *f*. increase.

परिवेचु pari-vettri, *m*. man who marries before his elder brother; -**vedaka**, *m*. id.; -**vedana**, *n*. marrying before one's elder brother; -**vepin**, *a*. trembling; (*pāri* -**vevas**, *m*. neighbour; -**veshā**, *m*. halo; orb, circle, envelopment; -**veshaka**, *m*. waiter, server up of food; -**veshana**, *n*. attendance, serving up food; -**veshāna**, *n*. cover; bandage; -**veshāva**, *fp*. to be served up (food); -**veshita**, *pp*. encompassed; beset, beleaguered; swathed; -**veshtri**, *m*. waiter.

परिव्यय pari-vyaya *m*. condiment; -**vra-**

ya, *f*. strolling, wandering from place to place; *sp*. religious mendicancy; -**vray**, *m*. (*nm.* *l*) wandering ascetic, religious mendicant; -**aka**, *m*. -**ikā**, *f*. mendicant devotee (man or woman of the fourth or last religious order).

परिवृत्तीय pari-satkaniya, *fp*. to be distrusted; *n*. *impv* distrust should be shown; -**rakhin**, *a*. (-^o) fearing; fearful on account of; -**nishā**, *pp*. *n*. supplement, appendix; -**vilāna**, *n*. frequent contact, intercourse; study; -**vuddhi**, *f*. complete purification (*also fig.*); exoneration; -**m kri**, prove one's innocence; -**ushka**, *a*. perfectly dry or dried up; -**ūnya**, *a*. quite empty; quite free from (-^o); -**vesha**, *a*. remaining, left; *m*. *n*. remainder; supplement. *in*. completely; *ab*. consequently; -**sodhana**, *n*. purification; payment; -**vosha**, *m*. dryness; -**na**, *a*. drying up (-^o); -**voshin**, *a*. drying up, withering.

परिश्रम pari-shrama, *m*. fatigue, weariness, exhaustion; exertion; continual study of (-^o); -**śranta**, *pp*. (✓ *śram*) greatly exhausted; -**śrit**, *f*. (enclosure), one of the small stones surrounding the sacrificial altar; -**śrita**, (*pp*) *n*. sacrificial shed; -**ślatha**, *a*. quite slack

परिशत्त pari-shat-tva, *n*. legal assembly; -**śhād**, *a*. encompassing, besetting; *f*. assembly; audience; council; -**shaka**, *m*. sprinkling, dousing with water, shower-bath; bathing appliances, such as water-can, etc.; -**sho/na**, *a*. *pl* full sixteen; -**shkandā**, *m*. servant, *esp.* one running beside a carriage; temple; -**shkara**, *m*. adornment; ornament; -**shkrita**, *pp*. (✓ *kri*) embellished, adorned, highly finished; -**shkriyā**, *f*. adornment; attendance on the sacred fire (-^o).

परिशि pari-shī, *f*. hindrance; distress; -**sh/nti**, *f*. praise.

परिश्यन्द pari-shyandā, *m*. stream, flow (*of* words); -**shvaṅga**, *m*. embrace; touch, contact with (-^o).

परिसंवत्सर pari-samvatsara, *m*. full year; *a*. a full year old; waiting a full year; -**sakhya**, *n*. true friendship; -**samkhyā**, *f*. complete tale or enumeration; full number, totality, sum, number; exhaustive statement (*i.e.* excluding everything not specified); -**na**, *n*. complete enumeration, full number; exhaustive statement; just examination or estimate; -**samghushā**, *pp*. resonant on all sides; -**samāpti**, *f*. conclusion, completion, end; extension to (*lc.* or *ad.* with *prati*); -**sara**, *a*. adjacent; bordering on (-^o); *n*. neighbourhood, region, proximity; -**sarpana**, *n*. creeping about; walking about; running to and fro, continual change from place to place; -**sarpin**, *a*. moving about; -**sādhana**, *n*. accomplishment; settlement, exaction (*of* debts); -**sāntvana**, *n*. consoling; *pl*. blandishments; -**sāraka**, *n*. *N.* of a place on the Sarasvatī.

परिस्कन्द pari-skanda, *m*. servant, *esp.* one running beside a carriage; -**skhalita**, (*pp*) *n*. staggering; -**stara**, *m*. layer of sacrificial grass; -**stāraṇa**, *n*. strewing about; -**stoma**, *m*. cover, bolster; -**spanda**, *m*. motion; -**spandita**, (*pp*) *n*. quivering; flaming up; manifestation, -**spardhin**, *a*. vying with (-^o); -**sphuta**, *a*. quite evident; -*m*, *ad.*; -**syandana**, *m*. flow, stream (*fig.*); -**strava**, *m*. flow, effusion; overflow; river; birth of a child; -**śrut**, *a*. overflowing, foaming; *f*. kind of intoxicant.

परिहर pari-hara, *m*. concealment; -**hara-nya**, *fp*. to be shunned or avoided; -**tā**, *f*. avoidance; -**hartarya**, *fp*. to be given up or delivered; to be avoided, shunned, or removed; - concealed or kept to oneself; -

refuted; -**hāni** or -**hāni**, *f*. diminution; -**hāpaniya**, *fp*. to be discontinued; -**hāra**, *m*. avoidance; abandonment, desertion (*of a person*); escaping from (-^o); concealment; refutation; exemption, privilege, immunity; common grazing ground round a village or town; -**hāram**, *abs*. moving around; -**hārin**, *a*. avoiding (-^o); -**hārya**, *fp*. to be avoided or let alone, avoidable; to be separated; to be exempted from (*in*).

परिहास pari-hāsa, *m*. joke, jest, pleasantry, sport; derision, mockery; -**pura**, *n*. *N.* of a city, -**vastu**, *n*. laughing-stock (-**tā**, *f*. *abs.* *N.*); -**śila**, *a*. fond of jesting; fond of mocking (-**tā**, *f*. *abs.* *N.*); -**hari**, *m*. *N.* of a temple of Vishnu; -**hina**, *pp*. (✓ *hā*) destitute of (*ab.*); -**hriti**, *f*. avoidance; -**hritya**, *fp*. to be delivered or committed.

परीक्षक parīkshaka, *m*. examiner or knower of a thing; -**ana**, *n*. (rarely *ā*, *f*) testing, investigation, examination; -**aniya**, *fp*. to be investigated; -*ā*, *f*. inspection, examination, trial, test; -**kshama**, *a*. standing the test, valid. [*N.* of several kings (= *pari-*)]

परीक्षित pari-kshit, *m*. (dwelling around).

परीक्षित parīkshita, *pp*. (✓ *ksh*) tried, examined; *m*. = *Parikshit*; -**ikshittavya**, *fp*. to be tested or examined.

परीक्षित parīkshiti, *m*. *Parikshit*.

परीक्षि parīkshin, *a*. examining, testing (*g.*); *m*. examiner, tester; -**ikshya**, *fp*. to be examined or tested; -**ikshah-i-shu**, *des*. *a*. desirous of testing or examining.

परीता parīta, *pp*. (✓ *i*) affected or overcome by (-^o).

परीताप pari-tāpa, *m*. heat; -**tosha**, *m*. satisfaction; -**tta**, *pp*. ✓ *dā*; -**pāka**, *m*. development; ripeness; consequences, result.

परीप्सा parīpsā, *f*. wish to obtain, maintain, or preserve; haste; -**ipsa**, *des*. *a*. wishing to preserve (*ac.*).

परिमाण pari-māna, *n*. = *parimāna*; -**rambha**, *m*. embrace; -**varta**, *m*. exchange, barter; change; -**vāda**, *m*. detraction; -**vāra**, *m*. retinue; -**vāha**, *m*. drain or channel for carrying off the overflow of a pond, waste-pipe; -**vesha**, *m*. remnant.

परीक्षि parījshī, *f*. investigation.

परीसार pari-sāra, *m*. environment.

परीहास pari-hāsa, *m*. jest; ridicule; -**ke-sava**, *m*. *N.* of a temple of Vishnu; -**kshama**, *a*. calculated to ridicule = to surpass.

पर par-*n*, *m*. limb, joint (-^o).

परक्षेप paruk-khepa, *m*. *N.* of a Rishi (*cp* parud-vāra).

परत parut-ka, *a*. having joints.

परदार *parud-vāra, *m*. horse.

पर्व par-unsh-ā, *a*. (✓ *l*. *pārashni*) knotty (*verd*); spotted, variegated; dirty; rough, rugged; dishevelled, shaggy, rough (*wind*), scorching (*fire, sun*); harsh (*tone*); severe, hard, rude, abusive (*speech, person*); *n*. *eg.*, *pl*. contumelious speech, abuse; -**vakana**, *n*. harsh or contumelious speech, *a*. speaking harshly or rudely; -**vādin**, *a*. id.; -**akshara**, *a*. rough, harsh (*of speeches or persons*); -*m*, *ad.* rudely, harshly.

पर्वित parush-ita, *pp*. harshly addressed, used roughly; -**iman**, *m*. shagginess.

पर्वशील parushi-kri. soil: use roughly.

पश्चेतर parusha itara, *a.* reverse of severe, gentle, benign; -**akti**, *f.* rough speech.

पश्ची pārush-i, *f.* (of parusha) cloud (motley); *N.* of a river in the Panjāb (knotty, winding), *non Ravi*.

पश्च parush-ya, *a.* variegated, manifold.

पश् pār-us, *n.* knot; joint; limb; section.

परे paré, *le. ad.* at a later time, subsequently.

परेक्षितज्ञानफल parā ingita-jñāna-phala, *a.* fruitful in the discovery of another's hints.

परेष párena, (*in.*) *ad. prp.* beyond, over, past; *ac.* after (*ab.*, *g.*); subsequently, later, afterwards.

परेत parā ita, (*gone away*), deceased -**bhartri**, *m.* lord of the dead, *ep.* of Yama. -**bhūmi**, *f.* cemetery; -**rāja**, *m.* king of the dead, *ep.* of Yama; -**śvāsa**, *m.* cemetery.

परेतर paretura, *a.* trustworthy or attracting adversaries. [day, to-morrow.

परेषवि pare-dyavi, *ad.* on the following

परेप्राण pare-prāna, *a.* dewier than life.

परोक्ष paró-[u]ksha, *a.* [beyond the eye], being out of sight, invisible, imperceptible; unknown, unintelligible, cognizable by mind only; -**im**, imperceptibly; -**m**, *ad.* behind the back of, without the knowledge of (*in. P.*; *g.* or -**C.); *in.* imperceptibly, mysteriously; *ab.* without the knowledge of (*m.*); behind the back of (*g.*); when one has not been present (*gr.*); -**kāma**, *a.* fond of mystery; -**kṛta**, *pp.* not addressing but merely referring to a deity indirectly, *i.e.* in the third person (*verse*); -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* being out of sight, imperceptibility; obscurity. -**avṛtti**, *a.* living or acting out of sight; -**artha**, *a.* invisible, secret, recondite.**

परोक्ष parokshā, *f.* past completed action; personal ending of the perfect (*gr.*).

परोक्षार्थ paroksha artha, *m.* invisible object, the invisible.

परोपकार para upakāra, *n.* rendering of services to others; -**i-kṛi**, make the instrument of others; -**upakāra**, *n.* services rendered to others; -**upakār-in**, *a.* benefiting others. -**tva**, *n. abs. N.*, *m.* *N.* of a prince. -**upakṛiti**, *f.* rendering of services to others.

परोपन para upaga, *a.* dependent on something else, adjectival; -**upadeśa**, *m.* instruction of others.

परोरजस paro-ragas, *a.* free from passions

परोवरम् paro-(a)varām, *ad.* from above downwards, in succession; -**varīyas**, *epi.* broader above. [8 + 12 syllables]

परोष्णिह parā[ḥ] uṣhūh, *f.* a metre (8 +

परोष्णी paroshni, *f.* *N.* of a river (probably corrupted from Parushni) (*ep. Payoshni*)

पर्क park-a, *m.* [√*prih*] mixture or libation (-**ṣ**). [*infectoria*]

पर्कटी parkatī, *f.* wavy-leaved fig-tree (*Ficus*)

पर्क PARK, *r.* पुष्क PUK.

पर्जन्य parj-ānya, *m.* rain-cloud; rain; god of rain; -**devita**, *pp.* animated by Parjanya.

पर्ण par-nā, *n.* [taking across, waiting; √*pri*] pinion, wing, feather (also of an arrow); leaf (-**ā**, *i.*); betel-leaf; *m.* a tree with large leaves (*Butea frondosa*, in *C.* generally called palāsa; -**krikikṛa**, *m.* a kind

of penance; -**puṣa**, *m.* a leaf rolled into a funnel shape; -**vāt**, *a.* abounding in leaves; -**vikāś**, *f.* arca nut wrapped with spices in a betel-leaf; -**vāda**, *m.* rustling of leaves; -**vāra**, *m.* stalk of the Parna-leaf; -**vāḥ**, *f.* arbour.

पर्णाद parna ada, *m. N.* of a Brāhman -**vāśana**, *n.* speech of Parnāda; -**śhāra**, *a.* feeding on leaves.

पर्णोद parna utaga, *n.* (?) hut of leaves; -**ntsa**, *m. N.* of a village.

पर्मादि parmādi (or -**ndi**), *m. N.* of a prince

पर्यक् parī ak, *ad.* (n. of parī āṅk) round about.

पर्यपि pari āgni, *m.* encircling fire, firebrand carried round the *śrictm*, the ceremony of carrying round the firebrand; *i. ad.* (or -**su** **kṛi**, perform this ceremony; -**karana**, *n.* performance of the Paryāgi ceremony; -**kṛita**, *pp.* having been encircled by the firebrand.

पर्यङ्क parī āṅka, *m.* couch, bed; squatting posture -**bandha**, *m.* -**granthi-bandha**, *m.* doubling of the legs in squatting; -**stha**, *a.* sitting on a sofa

पर्याङ्किका paryāṅk-ikā, *f.* couch.

पर्याङ्की paryāṅki-kṛi, turn into a couch

पर्यटका parī āṅka, *m.* vagabond; -**āśana**, *n.* roaming about, strolling (with *g.* or -); -**anuyoktavya**, *fp.* to be asked, to be called upon to answer; -**anuyoga**, *n.* enquiry; reproach; -**anta**, *m.* limit around, boundary, border, skirt, limit, edge, end; -**adjacent**, neighbouring; -**adj. surrounded or limited by, reaching to, ending with; -**or -m**, to the end of, up to, as far as (-); -**m**, *ad.* completely, exhaustively, *kim paryantam*, how far?**

पर्यय parī aya, *m.* revolution, expiration (of a period), change, alteration.

पर्यवधारण parī avadhāraṇa, *n.* mature reflexion; -**avasāna**, *n.* conclusion, end, resulting in (*le.*); -**avasāya**, *a.* ending with, resulting in (-).

पर्यश्रु parī āśru, *a.* bathed in tears, tearful.

पर्याकुल parī ākula, *a.* filled with, full of (-); disordered, disarranged; confused; agitated; -**tva**, *n.* confusion; -**ya**, *den. P.* confuse; agitate; -**i-kṛi**, *id.*; -**i-bhū**, become confused.

पर्याय parī-[y]āna, *a.* circuitous; *n.* saddle; -**ī-ta**, *pp.* saddled.

पर्याधातु parī ādhātri, *m.* man who has set up the sacred fire before his elder brother.

पर्याप्त parī āpta, *pp.* sufficient; -**tā**, *f.* abundance; (pāri) -**āpti**, *f.* conclusion, sufficiency; being a match for any one; competency, capacity for (-).

पर्याय parī āya, *m.* revolution; expiration of a period, change of seasons; periodic return; repetition; regular succession; turn; ritual turn with the *Soma* cups in the *Aśvīn* festival; period, sentence, stanza; alternative word, synonym; -**or in**, in order; alternately, -**m**, *abs.* going about; -**krama**, *m.* order of succession, regular rotation; -**tva**, *n.* condition of being a ritual turn; -**āna**, *n.* food meant for another.

पर्यालोचन parī ālokaṇa, *n.* deliberation; *ā*, *f.* *id.*; plan, scheme.

पर्यावर्त parī āvarta, *m.* return; exchange; -**āvṛta**, *a.* extremely turbid.

पर्यास parī āśa, *m.* rotation; border; conclusion; concluding stanza in recitation; -**na**, *n.* revolution.

पर्याहाव parī āhāva, *m.* a certain formula preceding and following a *verse*. -**āhita**, *pp.* √*dhā* *n.* man whose younger brother has set up the sacred fire before him.

पर्युक् parī āka, *m. N.*; -**ukshana**, *n.* sprinkling; -**gtsuka**, *a.* very restless or agitated; very melancholy; vehemently longing for (*le.*); -**tva**, *n.* longing desire, -**i-bhū**, become very melancholy; -**nd-anta**, *pp.* excepting; -**udāsa**, *m.* exclusion, negation; -**upāsaka**, *a.* honouring, respecting; -**upāsana**, *n.* sitting round (*P.*); courtesy, affability; -**ushita**, *pp.* (√*vas*, dwell) stale; not punctually kept (*word*); -**usha**, *pp.* *id.*

पर्येष्य parī eshya, *fp.* to be sought; -**eshaṇa**, *n.* search.

पर्व parva, *a.* = parvan; -**gupta**, *m. N.*

पर्वत pār-vat-a, *a.* consisting of knots or rugged masses (*with adri* or *giri*); *m.* mountain, hill; rock, boulder; cloud; *N.* of a Rishi and of a minister of Purāṇara -**āka**, *m. N.*; -**kandara**, *n.* mountain cave, -**durga**, *n.* impenetrable mountain, -**rāgi**, *a.* m. king of mountains, *ep.* of the Himalaya; -**śikhara**, *m.* a hill top, mountain peak; -**śrāshtha**, *ep.* best of mountains; -**agra**, *n. id.*, *i-kṛi*, turn into a mountain; *i-ya*, *a.* belonging to mountains; -**ivara**, *m. N.*; -**upatyaka**, *f.* mountain-lowland, land at the foot of a mountain-range.

पर्वण pār-van, *n.* [fulness √*pri*] knot of a cane or plant; joint, limb; section, division in a book, natural break in a narrative or conversation; juncture, period; node, day of periodic change of the moon of which there are two or four; sacrifice performed on one of these days; time when the moon passes through the node at conjunction or opposition; end of an eclipse, -**va** -**markaraka**, *m. N.*; (-**va**)-**śamdhī**, *m.* change of moon, *esp.* time of new or full moon.

पर्वात्य parva itya, *m.* end of an eclipse; -**āśphota**, *m.* cracking of the fingers.

पर्वणी parva-ṇi, *f.* feast-day.

पर्शान pārś-āna, *m.* cavity, gulf, abyss.

पर्शु pārś-u, *f.* rib; curved knife, sickle.

पर्वद् par-shad = parī-shad, assembly.

पर्वि pārśhi, 2 *sp. subj. aor.* √*a. pri.*

पल pala, *n.* a weight = four karshas; flesh

पलज palaja, *n.* pounded sesamum; mire; -**odana**, *m. n.* pap of pounded sesamum.

पलाण्डु palāṇḍu, *m.* (n.) onion.

पलाय palāya, *r.* √*i* with *palā*.

पलायन palā ayna, *n.* running away, flight, escape; -**para**, *a.* intent on flight.

पलाज palāja, *n.* (also *ī*, *f.*) straw; -**bhāra**, *m.* load of straw; -**akkaya**, *m.* heap of straw.

पलाव palāva, *n.* fish-hook

पलाश palāśa, *n.* (u. *ī*, *f.* 2), leaf; foliage -**tā**, *f. abs. v.*; petal, flower of the Palāśa; *m.* a tree with large leaves, bearing red blossoms (*Butea frondosa*); -**īna**, *a. leafy*; *m.* tree; *N.* of a town or village, Plassey.

पलिक pal-ika, *a.* weighing a pala; *esp.* after a numeral, weighing so many palas.

पलिक्री palikrī, *a. f.* (of palitā) grey.

पलित palitā, *a.* grey, hoary; *n. sg. & pl* grey hair; -*m-karāna*, *a.* i making grey.

पस्पूलय pal-pūl-aya, *n.* lye, alkaline water for washing. [line water]

पस्पूलय pal-pūl-aya, *den.* P. wash with alkali.

पष्ठाङ्क paṣṭhāṅka, *m.* couch; bedstead.

पष्ठाङ्कय paṣṭhāṅkaya, *cs.* (v. *āṅg*) *Ā.* cause to go round, stir, *pr.* revolve.

पष्ठाङ्कय paṣṭhāṅka, *Ā. r.* *v.* *āṅg* with pali.

पष्ठाङ्क paṣṭhāṅka, *den.* P. put forth young shoots

पष्ठाङ्क 2. paṣṭhāṅka, *m. n.* sprout, shoot, twig (the term is figuratively applied to fingers, toes, and tips; strip of cloth, lapet; -*ka*, *m.* libertine, *i-ka*, *f. N*; -*grāhin*, *a.* over-spreading with shoots=diffuse, prolix; -*na*, *m.* prolixity; -*maya*, *a.* consisting of young shoots.

पष्ठाङ्कय paṣṭhāṅkaya, *den.* P. put forth new shoots; extend, spread abroad; -*vāṅka*, *v.* talk diffusely; *pp. ita*, furnished with shoots; far-spread; *i*, filled with, full of, abounding in.

पष्ठाङ्कापीडित paṣṭhāṅkāpīḍita, *pp.* loaded with sprouts.

पष्ठाङ्कय paṣṭhāṅka, *a.* having young shoots

पलिक्री palikrī, *f.* = palli.

पल्ली palli, *f.* small village, esp. settlement of wild tribes; -*pati*, *m.* headman of -.

पल्लव pal-la, *n.* small tank, pond, pool.

पवन pāv-ana, *m.* (purifier), wind, breeze, air; god of wind; vital air; breath; domestic (sacred) fire; *n.* instrument for purifying, winnowing fan; whisk; sieve, strainer, potter's kiln; -*kshipta*, *pp.* tempest-tossed, -*gava*, *m.* (swift as the wind), *N* of a horse, -*tanaya*, *m.* son of the wind, *cp.* of Hanumat and of Bhīmasena; -*āghāta*, *m.* gust of wind; -*ātma*, *m.* son of the wind, fire; *cp.* of Bhīmasena.

पवमान pāv-amāna, *pr. pl.* *v.* *pū*: *m.* wind; god of wind; *N.* of a certain Agni or of a son of Agni; *N.* of certain stotras sung by the Sāmāgas at the Gopīśthana sacrifice; -*vat*, *a.* accompanied by the Pavamana stotra; -*sakha*, *m.* (friend of the wind), fire; -*uktha*, *n.* series of verses in the midday Pavamana.

पवि pav-i, *m.* tire of a wheel; metal tip of a spear or arrow; iron band on Soma-stone; thunderbolt.

पवित्र pav-i-tra, *n.* means of purifying; sieve, (Soma) strainer; blade of sacrificial grass, purificatory text, a purifying, pure, beneficent; sanctified by -; -*ka*, *n.* small sieve; (two) blades of Kuśa grass; -*ka*, *n.* vessel in which an honorific gift is presented; -*tari-kri*, purify or sanctify in a high degree, -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* purity, -*dharma*, *m. N.* -*paṇi*, *a.* holding blades of Kuśa grass in one's hand.

पवित्रय pavitra-ya, *den.* P. purify, cleanse; *pp. ita*, purified, sanctified, blessed.

पवित्रवत् pavitra-vat, *a.* possessed of a means of purification, a strainer or blades of Kuśa grass, purifying, cleansing

पवित्रारोपण pavitra-ropana, *n.* investiture of Kṛishṇa's effigy with the sacred cord, a certain festival; -*ārohana*, *n.* *id.*

पवित्रम् pavitr-m, *a.* purifying; pure.

पवित्रीह pavitri-kri, purify; -*bhā*, become pure.

पश्य P. AS, only *pr. st.*, *pāśya*, see, possess vision, behold, look at; observe, notice; gaze, be a spectator, look on (*tasya paśyata*, *g. abs.* before his eyes); see=visit, present oneself to or receive (as a visitor); live to see, experience, gain (fortune); find; look upon or regard as (2 *ac.* or 1 and *ad.* in -*vat*); consider, weigh; see with the spiritual eye (*of seers and poets*), compose, invent (*rites*); foresee; with *na*, not see, be blind; *± sādhu*, have discernment; *pa-yāmi*, used parenthetically, I see = I am convinced; *pa-sya*, *impr.* see, behold, used interjectionally at the beginning or in the middle of a sentence to attract attention; it is also employed in prose works to introduce a verse. *ati*, survey, *anu*, look along; see, behold; spy out, discover; see again; look back; regard as (2 *ac.*); consider. *antar*, look between or into. *abhi*, look at, observe; *ava*, look upon, observe. *ā*, behold. *ud*, see above; foresee, expect; perceive. *para*, look away or into the distance. *pari*, survey, observe, inspect; perceive; recognise as (2 *ac.*). *pra*, see before one; foresee; look at, observe, behold; discern, judge; know; regard as (2 *ac.*). *prati*, look at, behold; perceive; know, live to see, experience. *vi*, (see in detail), discern, distinguish, see clearly, know; observe, perceive. *sam*, see at the same time, survey; behold, perceive, recognise; inspect, review; regard, consider; look upon as (2 *ac.*); count over or up, recapitulate, *tasya sam-pa-yata*, *b.* before whose eyes.

पश्य PAS, *v.* पाशय PĀSAYA, bind.

पश्य paśav-yā, *a.* relating to or fit for cattle.

पशु pās-n (or -i), *m.* [tethered beast], cattle (single head or herd); domestic animal (including cows, horses, goats, sheep, asses, and dogs. *opp.* *mṛga*, wild beast); beast, brute; sacrificial animal, victim; -*kāpa*, *m.* ritual of the animal sacrifice; *tā-kāma*, *a.* desiring cattle; -*ghna*, *a.* killing animals; *m.* cattle-slayer; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* condition of being a sacrificial animal; condition of cattle; bestiality; -*trip*, *a.* cattle-stealing; -*dharma*, *m.* manner of beasts or in which beasts are treated; -*pati*, *m.* lord of beasts, *cp.* of Siva; -*pāla*, *m.* guardian of flocks, herdman (also -*ka* -*vat*, *ad.* after the manner of herdsmen; -*piṭa*, *pp.*) *n.* damage caused by cattle; -*bandhā*, *m.* binding of victim to sacrificial post, animal sacrifice; -*māt*, *a.* connected with or abounding in cattle; containing the word 'pāśu'; -*raksha*, *m.* tender of cattle, herdman; -*roman*, *n.* hair of an animal; -*vat*, *ad.* like the brutes; as with cattle, -*vadha*, *m.* slaughter of animals; -*sam-ānāya*, *m.* enumeration of the sacrificial animals in the *Asvamedha*; -*i-ka*, *a.* mentioned in the Samamāya; -*han*, *a.* *ghni* killing beasts; -*havya*, *n.* animal sacrifice

पशु pās-kri, turn into an ox or a sacrificial animal.

पशु *pas-kā, *a.* hinder; later. [field beast]

पश्चा pas-kā, (*in.*) *ad.* (P.) behind, after; in the west; afterwards.

पश्चात् paśāt, (*ab.*) *ad.* behind, in the rear, after; backwards; from or in the west; westwards; afterwards, hereafter, subsequently (*etc.* *phonetically with a pl.*); *kri*, leave behind, surpass; place on the back or despise; *prp.* with *ab.* and *g.* after; to the west of; *tata*, *pa-kāt*, after that, then upon.

पश्चात्ताप paśāt-tāpa, *m.* repentance, re-

pentance; -*tāpī*, *a.* repenting; -*puro-mārta*, *m.* du. west and east wind; (d) -*baddha-purusha*, *m.* man whose hands are tied behind his back; -*bāhu-baddha*, *pp. id.*; (d) -*bhāga*, *m.* hind part. [ern side]

पश्चार्ध paśchārdhā, *m.* hind portion; west-

पश्चिम paśchima, *a.* hinder; western; last, latest, final; -*m darsanam drash/um*, see for the last time; *ā velā*, *f.* evening time, close of day; *ā samdhya*, *f.* evening twilight; *ā*, *f.* (*sc.* die) west.

पश्चिमाचल paśchima-akali, *m.* Western Mountain a fabulous mountain behind which the sun is supposed to set; *cp.* *asta ākālā*; -*sambudhi*, *m.* western ocean; -*itara*, *a.* (opposite of west), eastern; *uttara*, *a.* north-western; -*pārva*, *a.* western, northern, or eastern.

पस्थ paśtyā, *n.* stall; *ā*, *f. pl.* homestead, dwelling, household. [ānas]

पल्लव pahlava, *m. pl.* the Parthians or Per-

पा 1. PĀ, II. P. *pā* (P.), I. P. (Ā.) *piba*, drink, quaff; imbibe (*ac.*; P. also *g.*); suck, sip; swallow; draw in; feast one's eyes or ears (*m.*); with *ac.* enjoy; drink up (life, blood, aid of a sword or arrow); exhaust (treasure); carry away, absorb; *pp. pitā*, drunk, quaffed, sucked, absorbed, drawn in (snake); absorbed (by the ears); exhausted, squandered; *act.* having drunk (generally -); steeped in oil (weapon); *pita-vat*, *pp. act.* having drunk; *cs. pāyāya*, P. *Ā.* cause to drink; *des. pipāsa*, P. wish to drink, be thirsty; *pp. pipāsita*, thirsty; *intr. pepiya*, *Ā.* drink or be drunk eagerly or repeatedly *ati*, *cs.* cause to drink plenty of (2 *ac.*); *anu*, drink after or afterwards. *ā*, drink, - in, suck; imbibe with eyes or ears (*in.*); absorb, cause to disappear. *sam-ā*, imbibe. *ni*, im-bibe, sip in, suck. *vi-ni*, imbibe eagerly. *nis*, (*nish*), drink out of (*ab.*), drink or suck up. *pari*, drink before and after any one (*ac.*); drink or suck up; smoke up; deprive of; *pp.* thoroughly studied. *pra*, begin to drink; drink, imbibe. *anu-pra*, P. drink in turn; *Ā.* drink after any one (*ac.*) *vi*, drink copiously. *sam*, *Ā.* drink together.

पा 2. PĀ, II. P. *pā-ti*, guard, preserve.

protect from (*ab.*); govern, reign; observe, notice; regard, keep, follow. *abhi*, guard, watch over; observe. *ni*, guard, watch over; protect from (*ab.*); observe. *para*, protect around, preserve; maintain, keep.

पा 3. PĀ, III. *Ā.* *pāpīte*, *u. ud*, rise against, show hostility towards. *anu ud*, fall or rush upon (*ac.*) *prati ud*, rise against (*ac.*)

पा *pā*, (*only* ^c) 1. drinking; 2. guarding, protecting.

पांशन pāmsana, *a.* (i) defiling, disgracing (^c).

पांसु pāmsū, *m.* particle of dust, grain of sand; *guly*, *pl.* dust, sand.

पांसु pāmsu-ka, *m. pl.* dust, sand; -*ā*, *a.* dusty, dust-stained; sandy; defiled, tainted; -^c, disgracing; *ā*, *f.* dissolute woman, concubine.

पांसुकीडन pāmsu-kridana, *n.* playing in the sand; -*kridā*, *f. id.*; -*gratita*, *pp.* covered with dust; -*dhvasta-dhruha*, *a.* whose hair is covered i. e. sullied with dust; -*varsha*, *m.* n. shower of dust, -*samkaya*, *m.* heap of sand; -*samāhana*, *a.* whirling up dust, -*hara*, *a. id.*

पाक 1. pāk-a, *a.* [in process of ripening, immature *√pā*; or pāk-a, sucking], quite

young; simple, ignorant, honest; *m* young of an animal.

पाक 2. pāk-a, *m.* (-°, *a* ī) cooking, baking; boiling (*int.*); baking (of bricks and earthenware); digestion; ripening, maturing; appearance of consequences (of an action); accomplishment, fulfilment; result; maturity, full development; *N.* of a demon -**kriyā**, *f.* cooking; -**ma**, *a.* produced by cooking or baking; -**tva**, *n* *abst.* *s.*

पाकत्रा pāka-trā, *ad.* in simplicity or sincerity, guilelessly.

पाकदूर्वा pāka-dūrvā, *f.* young millet-grass, -**bhā**/*da*, *n.* cooking-pot; -**ya**, *m.* simple or baked offering.

पाकल pāk-la, *a.* quite black; *m.* elephant.

पाकशासन pāk-shāsana, *m.* chastiser of the demon Pāka, *ep.* of Indra; -**śāstra**, *n.* art of cookery.

पाकागार pāka-āgāra, *m.* (?) kitchen.

पाक्या pāk-yā, *f.* simplicity only in (pāk-yā), in simplicity or ignorance.

पाकपातिका pāk-sha-pātika, *a.* partial, partisan (*speech*).

पाक्षिक pāksh-ika, *a.* (ī) partisan; alternative, optional, applicable in certain cases only.

पाङ्क्त pāṅkti, *a.* consisting of five parts, five-fold; composed in pāṅkti metre.

पाङ्क्तिहरि pāṅkti-hari, *m.* *N.*

पाङ्क्त्य pāṅktya, *a.* worthy to belong to a

पाङ्क्त्य pāṅktya, *a.* *id.* [society].

पाचक pāc-aka, *a.* (īk) cooking, baking; digestive; maturing; -**ana**, *a.* causing to cook, dissolvent, digestive.

पाज pāja, °क *n.* *ka*, *m* *N.*

पाजस pāj-as, *n.* vigour; brightness, sheen.

पाङ्कग pāṅka-ga, *a.* relating to the five races, *m.* Kṛishna's conch (taken from the demon Paṅkagana); -**nada**, *a.* prevailing in the Paṅjāb, *m.* prince of Paṅkagana; *pl.* the people of Paṅkagana; -**bhantika**, *a.* consisting of or containing the five elements; -**ya**, *ika*, *a.* belonging or relating to the five sacrifices; -**ara**, *a.* (2) belonging to Kama; the five-arrowed.

पाङ्काल pāṅkāla, *a.* (2) referring or belonging to -, ruling over the Paṅkālas; *m.* prince of the Paṅkālas; *pl.* the Paṅkālas; *ī*, *f.* princess of the Paṅkālas, *ep.* Draupadi; (-**putrikā**, *f.* *ep.* of Draupadi).

पाङ्कालिका pāṅkāl-ikā, *f.* doll.

पाङ्कग्राम pāṅki-grāma, *m.* *N.* of a village.

पाट pāta, *m.* section; musical performance (?); -**ka**, *m.* divider, ruler.

पाटवर pātah-kara, *m.* thief, robber.

पाटन pāt-ana, *n.* ripping or cutting up; cleaving; rending; bursting open; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be torn to pieces.

पाटल pātala, *a.* pale-red; *m.* pale-red, rose colour; the tree bearing the trumpet-flower (*Bignonia suaveolens*); -**ā**, *f.* *id.*; *n.* and *f.* the trumpet-flower; (-**kita**, *m.* kind of insect).

पाटलय pātala-ya, *den.* *P.* colour pale-red.

पाटलावती pātālāvatī, *f.* *ep.* of Durgā; *N.* of a river.

पाटलि pātali, *f.* (also ī) trumpet-flower tree, *Bignonia suaveolens*; *ī*, *f.* *N.* of a town. *N.* of a princess; (-**ka**, *n.* *N.* of a town = Pāṭliputra).

पाटलिपुत्र pātali-putra, *n.* *N.* of the capital of Magadha or Behar, the Pāṭliothra of the Greeks, near the modern Patna at the old confluence of the Son and Ganges; *m.* *pl.* the inhabitants of Pātali-putra; -**ka**, *n.* *id.*; -**nāmadheya**, *a.* named Pātali-putra.

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पाठ pāth-a, *m.* recital; study; text; reading of a text; -**ka**, *m.* reciter, reader; student; scholar, teacher of; -**na**, *n.* instructing, -**vat**, *a.* learned, erudite.

पाठि pāthi, *a.* having studied, conversant with.

पाठीन pāthina, *m.* kind of fish.

पाण pāna, *m.* stake at play.

पाणविक pāṇavika, *a.* belonging to a drum.

पाणि pāni *m.* [pal-ti] hand; -*m* **grāh**, take the hand of a girl; marry; -*m* **da**, gave her hand in marriage; wed; -*a* holding in one's hand; -**ka**, *a.* -*pa*ni, -**kā**, *f.* kind of song.

पाणिगत pāni-gata, *pp.* as good as held in one's very hand; -**grāha**, *m.* taking the hand of a girl; marriage; -**kara**, *m.* taker of the hand, lawful husband; -**grahana**, *m.* marriage; -**ika**, *a.* relating to; -**graha** -**ka**, *m.* hand-grasper, bridegroom; husband; -**grāham**, *abs.* taking by the hand; -**āpala** or -**āpalya**, *n.* forgetting with the hands; -**ga**, *m.* finger-nail; -**tala**, *n.* palm of the hand.

पाणिन pānin, °, *a.* = pāni.

पाणिनि pānini, *m.* *N.* of the great grammarian by whom classical Sanskrit is dominated; -**ya**, *a.* relating to or composed by Pāṇini, *m.* adherent of Pāṇini; *n.* Pāṇini's grammar.

पाणिपात्र pāni-pātra, *a.* using the hand as a drinking vessel, drinking out of the hand; -**pu**/*ana*, *n.* pressing the hand (of a girl), marriage; -**pu**/*a*, *m.* hollowed hand; -**ka**, *m.*, *al.* -**pura**, *a.* filling the hand; -**anna**, *n.* handful of food; -**prava**-*in*, *a.* longing for the hand; (-**tā**, *f.* *abst.* *s.*; -*m* **samupa**-*gata*, *pp.* - grasped by the hand; sword; -**pranayini**, *f.* beloved of his hand, wife; -**mat**, *a.* having hands, -**mita**, *pp.* to be spanned by the hands. [white]

पाण्डर pāṇḍa, *a.* pale yellow, whitish.

पाण्डरिन pāṇḍu-in, *m.* kind of monk.

पाण्डव pāṇḍav-a, *m.* *pat.* of Pāṇḍu; *pl.* the five sons of Pāṇḍu or the adherents of the Pāṇḍavas; *a.* (ī) belonging to the sons of Pāṇḍu.

पाण्डित्य pāṇḍit-ya, *n.* scholarship, learning, erudition, wisdom; cleverness, skill, talent.

पाण्डिमन् pāṇḍi-mān, *m.* paleness.

पाण्डु pāṇḍu, *a.* (f. *id.*) yellowish white, whitish, pale; *m.* *N.* of a sovereign of ancient

Delhi, a son of Vyāsa and brother of Dhṛtarāṣṭra; -**kāhāya**, *a.* white-coloured; -**tā**, *f.* yellowish white colour, paleness; -**nandana**, *m.* son of Pāṇḍu; -**patra**, *n.* yellow; -**withered** leaf; -**putra**, *m.* son of Pāṇḍu; -**bhūma**, *m.* pale-coloured chalky soil.

पाण्डुर pāṇḍu-ra, *a.* whitish, white, pale; -**tā**, *f.* white colour; -**ya**, *den.* *P.* colour whitish yellow; -**tā**, *pp.* coloured yellowish white; -**i**-**man**, *m.* pale colour; -**i**-**kri**, colour yellowish white.

पाण्डुलेख pāṇḍu-lekha, *n.* rough draft or copy made with stylus or chalk; -**loha**, *n.* silver; -**vara**, *a.* pale-coloured; -**sopāka** or -**saupāka**, *m.* a mixed caste (offspring of Kāṇḍila and Vaidiki).

पाण्ड्य pāṇḍya, *m.* *pl.* *N.* of a people in the Dekkan; *sp.* prince of the Pāṇḍyas; *N.* of a mountain range. [hand]

पाण्ड्यास्त्र pāṇḍya-sra, *a.* whose mouth is his

पात pat-a, *m.* manner of flying, flight; throwing oneself into (*le*); fall into (*le*), from (*ab*); cast, shot, stroke, collapse, death; falling; direction of the eye or gaze; drop (of blood); application (of ointment, of a knife); cause, possibility, entrance, appearance; falling from, to, into, upon or at; -**ka**, *a.* causing to fall; (*m* *n* crime or sin depriving of caste, -**k-in**, *a.* sinning, wicked, *m.* criminal brown).

पातंग pātam-ga, *a.* (2) peculiar to the moth;

पातङ्गल pātāṅga-la, *a.* composed by Pātāṅgali, *m.* follower of the Yoga system of Pātāṅgali, *n.* the Yoga system of Pātāṅgali, the Mahābhāṣya of Pātāṅgali.

पातन pāt-ana, *a.* felling; *n.* causing to fall, throwing down, casting (down); striking off or down; -**dan**/*asya*, *i*, infliction of the rod, chastisement; -**garbhasya**, *a.* causing a miscarriage; -**ya**, *fp.* to be cast or shot at (*le*).

पातयितु pāt-ay-i-tu, *m.* caste of dice.

पातय pāt-ayya, *fp.* 1. to be drunk; 2. to be protected.

पाताल pātala, (*two*) *n.* under-world (conceived as a subterranean cavity or city inhabited by serpents or demons); one of the seven hells; -**ketu**, *m.* *N.* of a prince of the Pāṇḍyas; -**tala**, *n.* bottom of hell; -*m* **yātu**, let it go to hell.

पातित्य pātiti-ya, *n.* loss of rank or caste.

पातिन् pat-in, *a.* flying; alighting on (*le*); falling or sinking, in (*le*); arising, appearing (cloud); causing to or letting fall, falling, throwing down (*le*).

पातिव्रत्य pātivrati-ya, *n.* conjugal fidelity.

पातु pā-tu, *m.* 1. drinker (of, *g.* or *le*); 2. protector (of, *ac*, *g.* or *le*).

पातोत्थात pāta utpāta, *m.* *pl.* falls and rises, ups and downs.

पात्र pā-tra, *n.* (drinking) vessel, bowl, cup; plate, dish; river-bed, receptacle, recipient, vessel of person abounding in (*ac* or *le*); master of (*g*); fit or competent person, person worthy of or to (*g*, *le*, *inf*, or *le*); actor; actor's part, *m.* number; -**tā**, *f.* condition of being a receptacle for (*g* or *le*); merit, fitness, capacity; -**tva**, *n* *ad*, -**stha**, *a.* lying in a dish [vessel].

पाचय pāc-ya, *den.* *P.* use as a drinking

पाचसाहस्र pātra-sāt-kri, give away to de-

पारदेक्ष pára-des-ya, *a.* belonging to or coming from another country (*para-desa*), foreign.

पारध्व pára-dhva, *m. pl.* standards from over the sea (i.e. from Ceylon) borne in royal processions.

पारमार्थिक páramārth-ika, *a.* (i) relating to the real (*paramārtha*), real, true; loving truth; *-ya*, *n.* absolute truth.

पारमिता páram-i-tā, *f.* reaching the further shore, complete attainment (*of a virtue*); (*-*) perfection in (*B.*).

पारमेश्वर párama isvara, *a.* (i) relating to or coming from the supreme lord (*Śiva*).

पारमेश्वर párameshth-ya, *a.* relating to the supreme god (*Brahman*); *n.* highest position.

पारंपर páram-par-a, *a.* relating to the other side; *with loka*, *m.* the other world; *-i-ya*, *a.* traditional, handed down; *-ya*, *n.* uninterrupted succession, oral tradition; *-krama á-gata*, *pp.* or *-á-gata*, *pp.* handed down in regular succession.

पारयितु pára-ay-i-tri, *m.* (fr. *cs. of s'2*, *pr*) one who puts across; used as future in *parayitū āsmi*.

पारयिषु pára-yi-śmá, *a.* successful; victorious; *-tama*, *ep.* best in accomplishing.

पारलौकिक pára-lūkika, *a.* (i) relating to the next world.

पारश्व párasava, *m.* a mixed caste (*offspring of Brāhmana and Sūdra*).

पारस párasa, *a.* (i) Persian; *i, f.* the Persian language; *i-ka*, *a.* Persian, *m. pl.* the Persians; *-ka*, *m. pl.* the Persians.

पारस्कर pára-ska, *m. N.* of the author of a *Grihyasūtra* and of a *Dharmasūtra*.

पारायण pára-yaṇa, *n.* reading through, study; totality; complete text.

पाराय्य pára-ya, *n.* sympathy with another's cause, disinterestedness.

पारावत páravata, *a.* distant, coming from a distance (*paravata*), *m.* turtle-dove, pigeon; *a kind of snake*; *-māli-ya*, *den. ā.* resemble a flock of turtles; *-akaha*, *m. N.* of a snake demon (having eyes like a turtle-dove).

पारावार pára-avāra, *m.* (?) further and nearer bank; *m. sea* having a further and a nearer shore; *-tara* *a.* artham, *ad.* in order to cross from one bank to the other.

पाराशर páraśara, *a.* belonging to *Parasara*; *-in*, *m.* monk of the order of *Parasara*; *pl.* a certain philosophical school; *-ya*, *m. pat.* son of *Parasara*, i.e. *Yyasa*.

पारिकुट párikuṭa, *m.* attendant.

पारिशित páriśhita, *m. pat.* descendant of *Parishit*, *Ganamegya*.

पारिगुता pári-gūta, *m.* coral tree (bearing crimson blossoms; *Erythrina indica*; also its wood), a mythical tree of paradise, produced at the churning of the ocean and taken from *Indra* by *Krishna*; *-maya*, *a.* made of the flowers of the tree of paradise.

पारिणामिक pári-nām-ika, *a.* digestible; subject to development; *with bhāva*, *m.* natural disposition; *-ānya*, *n.* household utensils; *-ānya*, *n. id.*; *-tosh-ika*, *n.* reward, gratuity (token of satisfaction); *-panth-ika*, *m.* highwayman, robber; *-pātra*, *incorrect for -yātra*; *-pārva-ka*, *a.* attendant; *-ika*, *f.* chambermaid; *-pārvi-ka*, *a.*

standing at one's side; *m.* attendant; *pl.* retinue; *-pāya*, *n.* governorship; *-pāva*, *a.* swimming; moving to and fro, unsteady; wavering, irresolute; *m. ship*; *-tā*, *f.*, *-tva*, *n.* unsteadiness, caprice; *-bhādra*, *m.* coral tree (*Erythrina indica*); *-bhāsh-ika*, *a.* (i) technical; *-māndal-ya*, *n.* spherical shape; *-mān-ya*, *n.* circumference, *-yātra*, *m. N.* of the western Vindhya range; *-vitt-ya*, *n.* bachelorhood while a younger brother is married; *-vettr-ya*, *n.* marriage of a younger before an elder brother; *-vash-ya*, *n.* result; *ab.* therefore; *-shada*, *m.* member of an assembly or council, auditor, spectator; *pl.* retinue of a god; *-shad-ya*, *m.* one who takes part in an assembly, spectator; *-hār-ika*, *a.* privileged; *-hār-ya*, *m.* bracelet; *-hās-ya*, *n.* jest.

पारी pári, *f.* (of páru) milk-pail, vessel, cup.

पारीणह्य pári-ṇahya, *n.* household utensils.

पारीन्द्र páriindra, *m.* lion.

पारुष्य páruśh-eyā, *a.* spotted, dappled.

पारुष्य páruśh-ya, *n.* roughness, violence; dishevelled state, rudeness, insulting speech.

परिविशोकम् páre-viśokam, *ad.* beyond mount Viśoka; *-ma-ānam*, *ad.* beyond the cemetery.

पारोक्ष párokhś-ya, *a.* invisible; unintelligible, enigmatical, *n.* infallibility; mystery.

पार्थ pártha, *m. met.* descendant of *Prithā*, *Yudhishtira*, *Bhīmasena*, and *esp.* *Arjuna*; *N.* *-ya*, *m.* son of *Partha*.

पार्थिव parthiv-a, *a.* (i) terrestrial, earthly *with vrata*, *n.* manner of the earth, *m.* inhabitant or son of earth, prince, king, warrior; *a.* royal; *i, f.* daughter of earth, *Sita*; *-tā*, *f.*, *-tva*, *n.* royal dignity, kingship; *-nandini*, *m.* illustrious king; *-vishabha*, *m.* illustrious king; *-vishabha*, *ep.* best of kings; *-suta*, *f.* king's daughter; *-at-māya*, *f.* king's daughter; *-indra*, *m.* most excellent of kings.

पार्थ pá-ya, *a.* being on the further shore; last; decisive; effective, *n.* end.

पार्थव páryan-a, *a.* relating to a phase of the moon (new or full); increasing or full (moon); being at the time of opposition or full moon; *m.* fortnight; new and full moon sacrifice.

पार्थव párvata, *a.* (i) produced or growing on, being, dwelling or consisting in mountains, mountainous; *1, f.* *pat.* daughter of the mountain *1* *of the Himālaya*, *Durgā* (consort of *Siva*); *a. anyā*, *m. pat.* fr. *parvata*, *N.* of a chamberlain; *i-ya*, *a.* dwelling in the mountains; *m.* mountaineer.

पार्वयानन्तीय parva-ayanant-īya, *a.* belonging to the days of conjunction and opposition (new and full moon, and to the solstices).

पार्श्व pársv-ā, (*m.*) *n.* [connected with the ribs, *parśu*], region of the ribs, side (also *flank* of an army); proximity, *-am*, *side* (look; to the side of, near (*g.* ²), *ab.* away from; on the part of, by, through; *to* near; beside, at (*g.* ²); *to do* on both sides; *-*, standing beside or near.

पार्श्व pársva-ka, *m.* rib; *-ga*, *a.* going at one's side, accompanying; *m.* attendant; *pl.* retinue; *-gata*, *pp.* going at one's side, attendant; sheltering *shado*; *-gamana*, *n.* accompanying (*-*); *-kara*, *m.* attendant; *pl.* retinue; *-tas*, *ad.* from, by or at the side or flank of, beside, aside (*g.* or ²); near at hand;

-drama, *m.* tree at one's side; *-parivartita*, *a.* being at the side of (*-*); *-vartita*, *a.* standing beside; *m.* attendant; *pl.* retinue; *-vartita*, *a.* being beside, living with (*g.*); *-stha*, *a.* standing beside, staying near; *-stha*, *pp.* *id.*

पार्श्वपूर pársva-anukara, *m.* attendant; *-āyāta*, *pp.* come near, approached; *-āsan-na*, *pp.* standing beside, present; *-āsina*, *pp.* sitting beside; *-artha*, *n.* rib; *-upapārśva*, *m.* du flank and shoulder-blade; *-upapāśam*, *abs.* holding one's sides (with laughter).

पार्श्व párshta, *a.* of or belonging to the spotted deer (*prishata*).

पार्श्व párshada, *m.* (= *pārsihada*) attendant (*esp. of a god*); member of an assembly, spectator; *pl.* (*etc. eg.*) retinue; *n.* manual recognised by a grammatical school.

पार्श्व pársni, *f.* heel; rear of an army, back; *-m.* grab, attack any one (*g.*) in the rear; *-grāha*, *a.* attacking in the rear; *m.* enemy in the rear.

पार्श्व pársni, *f.* = *pārsni*

पाल pāla, *m.* wāt human, guardian; herdsman, protector of the earth, lord, king; *-ka*, *m.* guardian, protector (*ika*, *f.*); adopted father; ruler, prince, guardian of the earth. *N.* of various princes; *-na*, *a.* i guarding, fostering, a guarding, protecting, cherishing; preserving, observing, keeping, maintaining.

पालय pāla-ya, *den. P.* (E. also *ā.*) regarded by the grammarians as the causal of *pā*, guard, protect; rule; be the guardian of; preserve, maintain, keep (a promise etc.); *pp.* *pālita*, *ati*, pass, spend (*time*), *anu*, guard, protect, take care of; be the guardian of; maintain, observe, keep (a promise etc.); adhere to; *pari*, guard, protect, from (*ab.*); govern, cherish, honour; support, maintain, keep; expect, wait; *prati*, protect, guard, maintain, observe, keep to; wait; wait for, expect; *sam*, protect; keep (a promise), get over, overcome. [(of, *ac.*, *g.* or ²)]

पालयितु pālay-i-tri, *m.* protector, guardian.

पालहारि pala-hāri, *m. N.*

पालाश pālāsa, *a.* (1) belonging to or made of the wood of the palāsa tree.

पालि pāl (or *i*), *f.* lobe of the ear; outer ear; margin, edge; dam, dyke; line, row.

पालिका pāl-ika, *f.* of *palaka*.

पालित pālita, *pp.* of *pāhya* [*m.* ruler].

पालिन pāl-m, *a.* protecting, guarding;

पालिमङ्ग pāl-bhūga, *m.* bursting of a dyke.

पाली pālī, *f.* 1. female guardian, 2. = *pālī*, *-vata*, *m.* a tree.

पालित pālita, *m. id.*

पाल्य pāl-ya, *fp.* to be protected or guarded; under the guardianship of (*g.*); to be observed, kept, or maintained.

पावक pāv-akā, *a.* (✓ *pā*) pure, clear; bright, purifying; *m.* a certain Agni; fire; *Agni*; *-vata*, *ep.* of an Agni; *-ā-varna*, *a.* bright coloured; *-ā-rohiṇi*, *a.* brightly shining.

पावक pāvuk-i, *m.* son of Fire, Skanda.

पावक pāv-ana, *a.* (1) purifying, sanctifying; pure, holy, *m.* a kind of fire; *n.* purification, sanctification; means of purifying.

पावमान pāvamāna, *a.* relating to *Agni* *Pavamana* or the *Soma* which is being puri-

sed by a strainer: *ī, f. gny. pl. Some hymns (esp. in RV., mandala IX).* [para.]

पावर pāvāra, *a die (corrupt form of dvā-*

पावीरव pāvīrav-a, *a. (i) coming from or relating to the thunderbolt (paviru); f. daughter of lightning, thunder.*

पाय pās-a, *m. [√pas, bind], string, tether; snare, gin, trap, noose; bond, fetter (also fig.); -°, snatter, bungler; beauty of = beautiful, handsome; shock or quantity of, abundant (with words meaning hair): -ka, m. noose; snare; -kantha, a. having a noose round the neck; -dyumna, m. N.; -baddha, pp. caught in a net, entrapped, snared, noosed; -bandha, m. snare, noose, halter; net: -bandhaka, m. bird-catcher; -bandhana, m. snare; a. caught in a snare. -bharit, a. holding a noose; m. ep. of Varuna; -ragga, f. fetter, bond.*

पायव pāsv-a, *a. coming from or peculiar to animals.*

पायहस pās-a-hasta, *a. holding a snare or noose in his hand; m. ep. of Yama.*

पाशिक pās-ika, *m. trapper, bird-catcher; N.; -ia, a. having a noose; m. bird-catcher; ep. of Varuna.*

पासुपत pāsūpata, *a. (i) belonging or referring to Siva Pasupati; m. worshipper of Siva Pasupati.*

पासुपाल्य pāsūpāl-ya, *n. binding or breeding of cattle.*

पाशाय pāśāt-tya (or -ya), *a. posterior; western; last: -bhāga, m. eye (of a needle).*

पाषण्ड pāṣand-a, *a. (i) heretical; m. heretic; m. n. heresy; -in, m. heretic; -ya, n. heresy. [made of stone.]*

पाषाण pāṣāṇa, *m. stone: -maya, a. (i)*

पि pi, *rel. prefix sts. for api.*

पिम् PIMS and **पिम्** PIMSH. *r. पिम्* PIS and **पिम्** PISH.

पिक pika, *m., i, f. Indian cuckoo.*

पिङ्ग piṅga, *n. [√piṅg] reddish brown, tawny: -danta, m. N.*

पिङ्गल piṅga-lā, *a. tawny; tawny-eyed or red-eyed, m. ep. of Siva and of a Dānava, N., esp. of a writer on metre: -ā, f. kind of leech. -ka, m. Tawny, N. of a lion; i-ka, f. N.; (a)-gāndhāra, m. N. of a fairy.*

पिङ्गलित piṅgal-ita, *pp. grown tawny-coloured; -i-man, m. tawny colour.*

पिङ्गाक्ष piṅga-kṣa, *a. (i) tawny-eyed or red-eyed; m. monkey; ep. of Agni; N. of a Daitya. -i-ava, m. N. of an attendant of Pāravati.*

पिपु piku, *m. cotton: -māda or -marda, m. a tree (Azadirachta indica); -la, m. a tree (Tamarix indica).*

पिक्क pikka, *n. tail-feather, esp. of a peacock. -ka, m. id.; i-ka, f. bunch of peacock's tail-feathers (used by jugglers). [per.]*

पिक्कल pikka-la, *a. slimy, lubricous, slippery.*

पिक्किला pikka-ila, *a. id.: i-kri, make slip.*

पिक्कदेव pikka-deva, *m. N. [per.]*

[**पिङ्ग** PING, paint.]

पिजर piṅga-ra, *a. reddish yellow, tawny, bleached (of hair in old age): -va, n. golden colour; bleached colour (of hair in old age).*

पिजरय piṅga-ya, *den. P. colour reddish yellow (Pr.) pp. ita, coloured tawny.*

पिङ्गारिक piṅgar-ika, *n. a kind of musical instrument; -i-man, m. tawny colour; i-kri, make tawny.*

पिङ्गली piṅg-al-i, *f. bunch or tuft of stalks or grass; -āla, m. id.*

पिट pita, *n. (?) basket: -ka, m. n. id.; boil.*

पिटुच pitta-ya, *P. stamp down.*

पिठर pithara, *n., i, f. pot; pan; a-ka, m. id.*

पिठका pithakā, *f. boil, pimple, pustule.*

पिण्ड pinda, *m. (n. rare) lump, knob, ball; flake (of wall-plaster); morsel, mouthful = daily bread, food, livelihood; flour-ball (offered to the Manes), funeral cake; body; person, individual; material object: -ka, m. lump, ball; -kharṣṭra, m. kind of date tree: -tas, ad. from a ball or lump; -tā, f. condition of a body; -tva, n. density, condensation, state of a material mass: -m āgata, (darkness) become palpable; -da, u. offering or entitled to offer the funeral cakes to the Manes; m. bread-giver, lord, master; -dātri, a. id.; -dāna, n. offering of a flour-ball (exp. at the sacrifice to the Manes); sacrifice of funeral cakes (on the evening of new moon); alms-giving; -nirvāṇa, n. offering of funeral cakes; -pātra, n. alms-bowl; alms; -pitri-yaṅia, m. offering of funeral cakes (on the evening of new moon); -prada, a. offering funeral cakes; -bhāṭa, a. partaking of the funeral cakes; m. pl. the Manes; -maya, a. consisting of a clod; -mātra upagivin, a. living solely on morsels offered.*

पिण्डय pinda-ya, *den. P. accumulate, unite; add together: pp. ita, made into a lump, densified; massy, solid, close; taken together, united, all together. -ava, pp. fallen as globules. pari, pp. clenched. sam, heap together; pp. clenched; drawn together, contracted; united.*

पिण्डयय pinda-yuṅia, *n. sacrifice with funeral cakes; -lepa, m. what adheres to the hands from the funeral cakes (constituting an offering to the three ancestors preceding the great-grandfather); -sambandha, m. relationship entitling a man to offer the funeral oblation to the deceased. -agra, n. bit of a flour-ball; -anvāhārya-ka, a. with śrādhā, n. feast after the funeral oblation.*

पिण्डका pind-ikā, *f. lump of flesh (on the shoulders, arms, or legs); pedestal of a statue.*

पिण्डी pindī, *f. a tree.*

पिण्डीकर pindī-kurana, *n. clenching; -kri, make into a lump, clench; compress, densely; concentrate; identify with (sala); -bhāva, m. being compressed or clenched; -bhā, become agglomerated, be closely united; -lepa, m. kind of ointment.*

पिण्डीपजीविन pinda-upagivin, *a. eating the bread of, i. e. supported by, another.*

पिष्ठाक piṣṭhāka, *m. (?) oil-cake; Asa foetida.*

पितापुत्र pitā-putra, *m. du. and °. father and son; -mahā, m. paternal grandfather; ep. of Brahma; pl. ancestors, Manes (esp. remote ones); -mahī, f. maternal grandmother.*

पितु pi-tu, *m. (n.) juice, drink, food: -bharit, a. bringing nourishment; -māt, a. accompanied by meat and drink; nourishing.*

पितृ pi-trī, *m. father du. parents: pl. fathers; father and his brothers, paternal relations; progenitors, Manes: -ka, -° = pitri; -karma, n. rite in honour of the Manes; -kānana, n. ancestors' grove, cemetery;*

-kārya, n. offering to the Manes; -kriyā, f. id.; -gana, m. host of Manes, Manes: pl. classes of Manes; -ghātaka, -ghātin, -ghna, m. parricide.

पितृतर्पण pitri-tarjana, *n. oblation to the Manes; -tas, ad. on the father's side; -tva, n. paternity; -deva, m. pl. the Manes and gods; certain divine beings; -devata, a. having the Manes as gods, sacred to the Manes; -devatyā, a. id.; -devatā, f. pl. the Manes and the gods; -daivata, a. (i) relating to the worship of the Manes; -drohī, a. plotting against one's father.*

पितृपक्ष pitri-paksha, *a. being on the father's side, paternal; -pāgana, n. worship of the Manes; -pitāmaha, a. (i) inherited from or peculiar to father and grandfather: with nāman, n. father's and grandfather's name; m. pl. or °. (metrical for -pitāmaha), fathers and grandfathers; -pitāmah-ika, a. id.; -māt, a. having a father; connected with the Manes; -mandira, n. father's house, paternal mansion; -mātri-maya, a. thinking of father and mother only; -mātri-ārtha, a. begging for father and mother; -mitra, n. father's friend; -medha, m. sacrifice to the Manes.*

पितृयज्ञ pitri-yaṅiā, *m. sacrifice to the Manes; -yāna, a. trodden by or leading to the Manes; -yāna, m. path trodden by or leading to the Manes; -rāya, m. king of the Manes, Yama; -loka, m. father's house; world or abode of the Manes; -vaṇasa, m. father's family; -vama-ya, a. belonging to the father's family; -vat, ad. like a father; like the Fathers; as at the funeral sacrifice; -vadhā, m. parricide; -vana, n. ancestors' grove, cemetery; -va-man, n. father's house.*

पितृव्य pitri-vya, *m. paternal uncle; elderly relative or friend.*

पितृशर्मन pitri-sarman, *m. N. of a Dānava; -shād, a. remaining with one's parents; unmarried; dwelling with the Manes; -shvasri, f. father's sister; -sadman, n. cemetery.*

पितृहन् pitri-han, *m. parricide.*

पित्त pittā, *n. bile: -upasriṣṭha, pp. suffering from bile.*

पित्य pithu, *m. N.: -ka, m. id.*

पित्य pitr-ya, *a. paternal; ancestral; relating or sacred to the Manes; with tirtha, n. part of the hand between thumb and forefinger sacred to the Manes; with dis, f. south.*

पित्स pit-su, *des. base of √pat.*

पिधातव्य pi-dhātavya, *fp. to be covered or stopped (var); -dhāna, n. covering; shutting; cover; lid: -vat, a. covered with a lid; -dhāryaka, a. covering, concealing (-); -tā, f. abst. n. [ceal.]*

पिधित्सु pi-dhit-su, *des. a. wishing to con-*

पिनाक pināka, *n. staff; club or bow of Siva (C.); -pāni, -bharit, m. ep. of Siva.*

पिनाकिन pināk-in, *m. ep. of Siva.*

पिन्व PINV. I. pinva, *cause to swell, overflow, or abound; A. swell, be exuberant, overflow. pra = simple verb.*

पिपासितु pi-pat-i-shu, *des. a. about to fall.*

पिपासत pi-pā-s-at, *pr. pt. des. (√1. pā) thirsty; -mā, f. desire to drink, thirst: -vat, a. thirsty; -a-i-ta, des. pp. thirsty; -su, des. a. wishing to drink (ac. or -); thirsty.*

पिपीक pi-pīl-ā, m. [intr. greatly squeezed in, very thin-waisted: √piḥ], ant: -**ka**, m. id.

पिपीकिका pi-pīl-ikā, f. id.: a, m. id.: -**ma-dhya**, a. slender in the middle like an ant: ā, f. any metre the middle pāda of which is shorter than the preceding and following: ā-madhya, n. ant-waist fast (beginning with fifteen monthful at full moon, decreasing daily by one till new moon, and increasing similarly till full moon).

पिप्पल pip-pul-a, m. sacred fig-tree, Peepal (*Ficus religiosa*): ā, f. N. of a river; n. (pip-), berry, sp. the fruit of the sacred fig-tree, sensual enjoyment: -**ada**, a. eating the fruit of the Peepal tree; m. pl. a school of the Aṭ: ā, f. berry; long pepper.

पिप्पु pi-pr-u, m. [√pri], N. of a demon vanquished by Indra.

पिप्पु pi-pl-u, m. mole, freckle: -**prakkhāda**, a. concealing the mole.

पिब pi-ba, pr. base of √pā, drink: -**vat**, a. containing a form of the verb pa, drink.

पिबद् pi-bd [pi-p(a)d, tread upon], only pr. pt. **pi-bd-a-māna**, being or becoming firm or solid, -**ana**, a. firm, solid.

पिप्पला pim-pul-ā, f. N. of a river (perhaps incorrect for pipplā).

पियाव piyāru, a. mocking, overbearing.

पियाल piyā-l, m. [for piyāla], a tree (*Dicchanania latifolia*; n. its fruit).

पिप् PIS, VI. **pimsā**, hew out, carve: prepare, adorn; form. pr. pt. **pi-āna**; pp. **piḍita** and **piḥita**, adorned; intr. pr. pt. **piḍi-kt**, star spangle; āna, adorned with (in ā, ā, adorn, paint).

पिष piṣ, f. ornament.

पिष piṣ-ā, m. [dappled, fair], deer.

पिषङ्ग piṣ-āṅ-ga, a. (i) [moving brilliantly, glittering], reddish, tawny: -**ga**, m. N. of an ascetic having a reddish top-knot: -**tā**, f., -**tva**, n. reddish or tawny colour: -**ita**, pp. orange-coloured; i-**kr**, colour reddish.

पिषाच piṣa-ak-ā [moving brilliantly, will-o'-the-wisp], m. kind of demon; -, devil or fiend of a -, i, f. female imp, -, devil of a -, a devilish -.

पिषाचक piṣāka-ka, m. (i, f.) **Piṣāka** -**pu**, n. N. of a village: -**gr(hi)ta-ka**, m. one possessed of a demon; -**tā**, f., -**tva**, n. condition of a **Piṣāka**; -**pati**, m. ep. of **Siva**; -**vaṇa**, a. having the face of a **Piṣāka**; -**uraga-rākṣasa**, m. pl. imps, serpents, and demons.

पिशित piṣ-itā, pp. √piṣ: n. carved flesh, flesh (aka. pl.): -**vaṣā-maya**, a. (i) consisting of flesh and fat; -**āna**, m. flesh-devouring demon, **Piṣāka** or **Rākṣasa**; -**avana**, a. flesh devouring; m. **Piṣāka** or **Rākṣasa**; -**āna**, a, m. id.

पिमुन piṣ-una, a. backbiting, detracting, slanderous, calumnious (person, speech); treacherous, malignant, mischievous, insidious; wicked, base, vile; -, betraying, indicative of; m. backbiter; tale-bearer, informer, betrayer; N. of a minister of **Dushyanta**: -**tā**, f. backbiting, sycophancy; -**vaṣāna**, n. calumnious speech, detraction, slander.

पिमुनच piṣuna-ya, den. P. betray, manifest: pp. **ita**.

पिष् PISH, VII. P. (E. also Ā.) **pi-mā-sh**, **pi-m-sh**, grind, pound, bruise, destroy; crush, fig. with g: pp. **piṣhā**, ground, ex. **prashya**, P. = simple vb. ā, press; touch **ud**, pp. bruised, crushed. **niṣh**, bruise, grind, crush, stamp; rub together; gnash (the teeth); ex. crush. **vi-niṣ**, bruise, pound, crush. **pra**, crush. **vi**, pelt with (in.). **sam**, grind, crush.

पिष्ट 1. push-tā, pp. √piṣ.

पिष्ट 2. piṣh-tā, pp. √piṣh; n. meal: -**ka**, m. pastry, cake; m. meal. [viṣhāpa.

पिष्टप piṣhāpa, m. n. various reading for

पिष्टपचन piṣhā-pukana, n. pan: -**para**, m. sacrificial animal made of flour; -**maya**, a. (i) made of flour [der

पिष्टातक piṣhā-ata-ka, n. (?) fragrant pow-

पिस् PIS, IV. P. **piṣ-ya**, expand.

पिहित pi-hita, pp. √dhā.

पी 1. Pī, IV. Ā. **piya**, drink: r. √pā, drink.

पी 2. Pī, I. Ā. **paya**; intr. **pipt** or **pipāya**. P. ā. swell, overflow, be exuberant, abound, tr. cause to swell, be exuberant, or overflow, surfeit: pp. **piṣa**, fat, thick, robust, brawny, bulky ā. A. swell, cause to swell: pp. **āpita** or **āpina**, swelling, exuberant, full **ud**, pp. swollen.

पीठ piṭha, n. stool, chair, seat, bench; base, pedestal; kind of temple (erected at the places where the limbs of **Pārvatī** when hewn in pieces at **Dakṣa's** sacrifice are supposed to have fallen), district, province, office -**ka**, n. (i) chair, bench; -**akṛa**, n. wagon with a seat; -**marda**, m. attendant of a man of rank; sp. companion of the hero in important enterprises (dr

पीठिका piṭhikā, f. bench; pedestal

पीड PĪD [pi-saḍa], sit upon, press, only pf **piḍide**; ex. **piḍaya**, P. (E. also Ā.) press, squeeze; wring; give pain to, distress, hurt; afflict, torment, oppress, harass; beset; infringe, break, neglect: -**n kālām kālena**, suppressing one period by another, leaving everything to time; ps. **piḍya**, be pained or afflicted, suffer; hurt (int:); pr. pt. incurring trouble, pp. distressed, badly off **abhi**, ex. harass, oppress, torment; besiege (a town); ā, ex. squeeze out; press; crush; afflict; pp. covered with (-). **ud**, ex. press or force up: pp. -**m**, ad. ardently (embrace). **upa**, ex. press; afflict, harass, torment; lay waste; suppress, restrain; eclipse. **ni**, ex. press, embrace; afflict, torment. **abhi-ni**, ex. press, squeeze; torment. **niṣ**, ex. press or squeeze out; squeeze hard; compress. **pari**, ex. compress; embrace; afflict or torment grievously **pra**, ex. press; afflict, torment, harass. **prati**, ex. id. **sam**, compress, press; torment, harass; take together.

पीडन piḍ-ana, n. pressing, squeezing; distressing, tormenting; calamity; eclipse.

पीडा piḍ-ā, f. pain, ache, suffering (in. = unwillingly); harm, disadvantage, damage; restriction; infringement, violation; eclipse: -**kara**, -**krit**, a. harmful, hurtful; -**kṛita**, (pp) n. infliction of hurt.

पीडित piḍ-ita, pp.: n. damage.

पीत 1. pi-tā, pp. √pā, drink.

पीत 2. pīta, a. yellow: -**tā**, f. yellowness; yellow colour.

पीतकोश pīta-kosa, a. having sealed an alliance with a drink; -**vat**, a. having drunk; containing the verb pā, drink; -**ambara**, a. wearing a yellow garment, m. ep. of **Kṛishna-Vishnu**; -**ava-vesha**, a. (having a residue from what has been drunk), drunk up excepting a small remainder.

पीति pi-ti, f. drinking (acc., g.); draught.

पीतुहार pītu-dāru, m. kind of tree; n. its

पीथ pi-tha, m. draught of (°). [resin.

पीथिन (piṭh-in, a. drinking, squandering (°).

पीन pi-na, pp. (√ 2. pi) swelling, full, round; robust, muscular; -**kakudmat**, a. having a fat hump; -**tā**, f. fatness; -**tva**, n. id.; demonesse (of darkness); -**rond-payodhara**, a. having swelling hips and breasts.

पीनस pinasa, m. cold, catarrh.

पीनायतककुसत् pināyata-kakudmat, a. having a fat and lofty hump.

पीय PĪYA, P. revile, scoff.

पीयूष pi-yūṣha, m. n. first week's milk of a cow, biwings; cream; juice; nectar obtained at the churning of the ocean of milk: -**bhānu**, m. (nectar rayed), moon; -**bhaṅg**, m. (nectar-quaffer), god, -**varshā-ya**, den. ā. become a shower of nectar.

पीपु pīlū, m. a tree (*Careya arborea* or *Sal-radora persica*; n. its fruit).

पीष pī-va, a. fat; -**van**, a. (x-i) swelling, full, exuberant, fat. -**vara**, a. fat, large, broad, shoulders; abounding with (°). ā, f. N., -**tva**, n. fulness, heaviness; -**vas**, n. fat (f. i.). [poornice (Br.).

पीवोरूप pīvo-rūpa, a. having a fat ap-

पुंरत्न puṁ-ratna, n. jewel of a man; -**rūpa**, n. male form, -**lakṣhmaṇ**, n. mark of a man, manliness; -**lūga**, n. mark of a man, manliness, male gender (gr); a. masculine (gr); -**tā**, f. masculine gender; -**vat**, ad. like a man; as in the case of a man; like the masculine (gr); -**veshā**, a f. wearing male attire.

पुंषनी puṁs-kal-ī, a. consorting with men; f. whore; -**iya**, m. son of a whore.

पुंस puṁs, weak base of **पुमांस** puṁāms.

पुंसवन् puṁs-avāna, a. causing the birth of a male child; n. ± **vṛata** domestic rite (at the beginning of conception) for the obtaining of a son.

पुंस्कोविन puṁs-kokila, m. male Indian cuckoo: -**tva**, n. virility, manhood; masculine gender (gr).

पुक्क pukkam, m., i, f. a despised mixed caste (offspring of a **Nishāda** and a **Sādrā**).

पुक्क pukkana, m., i, f. id.

पुक्क pukkha, m. feathered end of an arrow. **i-ta**, pp. possessed of a feathered end (arrow; shot by (-)).

पुंगव puṁ-gava, m. (male cow), bull; hero, chief among, most excellent of (-): -**keta**, m. having a bull for his emblem, ep. of **Siva**.

पुष्क pūkhha, m. n. tail; extreme end: -**vat**, a. possessed of a tail; -**agra**, n. tip of the tail.

पुरंधि puram-dhri, श्री -dhri, *f.* (respect-
able) matron; woman.

पुरमथन pura-mathana, *m.* crusher of Pura, *ep. of Siva*; -**mārga**, *m.* street; -**raksha**, -**rakshia**, *m.* town watchman, policeman; -**vāsita**, *m.* citizen; -**āsana**, *m.* chaiter of Pura, *ep. of Siva*.

पुरश्चरय puras-kārana, *a.* preparatory to (-); *n.* preparatory rite; -**tā**, *f.* preparation.

पुरःसुक्रम purah-sukram, *ad* as if the planet Venus were in front.

पुरस् pur-ās, *ad.* forward; before, in front, in the **van**; in *one's* presence; in or towards the east; previously, first, first of all; *pp.* before, in front or presence of, *ac.* *ab.* *g.* -, before (*g. of time*); **puras-kri**, place in front or at the head, cause to precede; honour; appoint for (*lc.*); make the chief thing; regard; prefer, choose; display; *pp.* **puras-krita**, placed in front, advanced to the foremost rank, honoured; accompanied, attended, or distinguished by, possessed of, occupied with (-); -**m**, *ad.* amid, with (-); *gd.* **puras-kṛitya**, often = regarding, on account of, about; **purō dhā**, place before or at the head; esteem, honour; consider; appoint to (*d.*), make *one's* priest (-); **purah sthita**, impending, imminent.

पुरस्कृत्य putas-kartavya, *fp.* to be placed in front, to be honoured or respected; -**kāra**, *m.* preference; deference; accompaniment. -*a* = accompanied by; -**kārya**, *fp.* to be entrusted with or commissioned to (*lc.* or *inf.*); -**kṛitya**, *f.* deference, honour.

पुरसात् purās-tāt, *ad.* forward; before, in front, in *one's* presence, in or from the east; above or below (*in a book*); in the beginning, at first; previously, formerly; *pp.* with *ac.* *ab.* *g.* or -, before (*of time or place*).

पुरसात्त purastāt-tma, *a.* preceding.

पुरसादपकर्ष purastād-apakṛsha, *m.* anticipation (*or*); -**bṛihati**, *f.* a metre (a *bṛihati* the first *pāda* of which has twelve syllables).

पुरःसर purah-sara, *a.* (i) preceding; *m.* forerunner, attendant. -*a* preceded, attended, or accompanied by; -**m**, *ad.* amid, with, by means of, after (-).

पुरा purā, (*in.*) *ad.* once-upon-a-time, formerly, in a previous existence with *na*, never, in the olden time, in days of yore, at first; ± **sma**, with *pr.* (to be translated by *pf* hitherto, long, from of old; with *na*, never yet to be translated by *pf*); with *pr.* -*ft* soon, shortly; *pp.* with *ab.* before (*time*); in protection or safety from, without; *cf.* with *pr.* before.

पुराकथा purā-kathā, *f.* tale of the olden time; -**kālpā**, *m.* bygone age; *lc.* *sg.* *d.* *pl.* in olden times; -**kṛitā**, *pp.* formerly done, a former deed; -**gā**, *a.* born in the olden time, ancient, primeval.

पुराण purā-ṇa, (i) belonging to the olden time, primeval, ancient, old; withered leaf; *n.* things of the olden time, tale of past ages, ancient legends; Purāṇa, *N.* of eighteen legendary works treating chiefly of cosmogony and divine genealogy; *m.* a coin of a certain weight (a measure of silver equal to eighty caries).

पुरातन purā-tana, *a.* (i) belonging to the olden time, bygone, former, ancient, old, *lc.* formerly, in olden times, in bygone ages; *m.* *pl.* the ancients.

पुराधिप pura-adhipa, *m.* governor of a city, head constable; -**adhyaksha**, *m.* commandant of a castle, governor of a city, chief

constable; -**arāṭi**, *m.* foe of Pura, *ep. of Siva*; -**ari**, *m.* *id.*

पुराविद् purā-vid, *a.* knowing the past, versed in ancient lore; -**vṛitta**, *pp.* having happened in the olden time, long past, ancient, *n.* event of the past; -**kathā**, *f.* story or legend of the olden time, -**ākhyāna-kathānam**, *n.* telling of old legends.

पुरी pur-i, *f.* citadel, city, town

पुरीत puri-tāt, *m.* *n.* pericardium or entrail near the heart; entrails.

पुरीष pur-isha, *n.* (a. -°, *f.* i) [fillings, heap, √ *prī*, crumbling earth *opp.* fluids], land, earth (-); rubbish, rubble (-); dirt, excrement *Br.*, *S.*; (-); -**ādhāna**, *n.* rectum, strait-gut; -**utsarga**, *m.* discharge of excrement.

पुरीथ putish-yā, *a.* being in the earth (*ep. of Śre*); rich in land; excremental.

पुर् pur-ū, [√ *prī*, fill] *a.* (v-i) much, abundant *ad.* ā or ū much, often, very (*with* *tīras*, far away, from afar) *C* only; *m.* *N.* of an ancient prince, son of *Yagydti*.

पुरु puru-kshū, *a.* rich in food, -*ait*, *m.* *N.*; -**tama**, *sp.* ever-recurring; -**trā**, (*f.* *ad.* in many ways, places, or directions; frequently; -**dha** only before two consonants or -**dha**, *ad.* in many ways; frequently, -**vīra**, *a.* rich or abounding in men *RF*).

पुरुष puruṣa-sha, *m.* (metrically often leno the end to *pū*), man, human being; *pl.* people; man-kind; person *being* *dauda*, *m.* punishment personified, attendant; functional; personal and animating principle, soul, highest personal principle, universal soul, Supreme Spirit *as* with *para*, *parama*, or *uttama*; primeval male from whom the universe was evolved ± *nārāyaṇa*; member of a race, generation; person *in* grammar *prathama*, our third person, *uttama*, our first.

पुरुषक puruṣa-ka, *n.* vertical position, rearing (*in horses*); -**kāra**, *m.* human effort (*opp.* *fat.*); mainly *act.* in *ritu*; heightiness, pride; -**eva hīna**, destitute of human effort to save it (*animal*); -**ghā**, *a.* *f.* having killed her husband; -**kḥandasa**, *a.* metre appropriate to man (the *dvipada*); -**gñāna**, *n.* knowledge of men, -**tantra**, *a.* dependent on the subject, subjective; (a -**tā**, *f.* manhood, *m.* *ad.*) after the manner of men; -**trā**, *ad.* among people, -**tva**, *a.* manhood, -**datta**, *m.* *N.*; -**dravya-sampad**, *f.* abundance of men and material; -**pa**, *m.* man as a sacrificial victim; beast of a man; -**mān-in**, *a.* thinking himself a hero (-); -**tva**, *n.* *abst.* *s.* -, -**me-dha**, *m.* human sacrifice, -**riṣabha**, *m.* bull among men, eminent man, -**rupa**, *n.* human form, -**ka**, *a.* having a human form, -**vyā-gṛhā**, *m.* man-tiger, tiger among men, pre-eminent man; -**sārdūla**, *n.* tiger of men, chief of men, -**śirṣhaka**, *n.* (man-headed), kind of burglar's implement, -**śinha**, *m.* lion among men, pre-eminent man; -**sukta**, *n.* the Puroṣa-hymn *RI*, X, 90 describing the primeval soul.

पुरुषाकार puruṣa-ākāra, *a.* having a human form; -**ākṛiti**, *f.* figure of a man; -**ada**, *a.* *2*, man devouring, *m.* man-eater, Rakshasa, -**ka**, *a.* *m.* *id.*; -**anṛita**, *n.* falsehood respecting a human being; -**antara**, *n.* another (= following generation, *m.* *acc.* *sandhi*) proxyship, *a.* kind of treaty settled by a duel between warriors representative of both parties; -**m**, *ad.* through an intermediary, indirectly; -**kyasha**, *n.* full period of human life; -**artha**, *m.* human object, aim of existence;

action of man, human effort; -**m**, *ad.* for man; for the sake of the soul; -**avatāra**, *m.* human incarnation.

पुर्षी puruṣh-ī, (*f.*) *f.* female, woman.

पुर्षीभू puruṣh-bhū, become a man.

पुर्षोत्तम puruṣa-uttama, *m.* best of men, excellent servant, highest person, supreme soul, *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna; *N.*; -**opahāra**, *m.* human sacrifice.

पुर्षहानि puru-hani, *f.* great loss; -**hāta**, *pp.* much-invoked, *m.* *ep.* of Indra.

पुर्षी purūṣ-i, *a.* *f.* (*of* **puru* *āṇā*, extending in many directions), abundant, ample; long (*years*).

पुर्षवस purū-rivas, *a.* crying much or loud, *m.* *N.* of the lover of *Urvashi*, -**vāsa**, *a.* possessing many goods, abounding in wealth.

पुरोग puro-ga, *a.* going before, preceding; chief, best, *m.* leader; -*a* having - at the head, led by, following or accompanying; attended, filled, or inspired with; -**gata**, *pp.* standing or placed before or in front; -**gama**, *a.* going before, preceding, chief, best; *m.* leader; -*a* having as leader, following; accompanied by, -**gava**, *m.* fore bull, leader; *i.* *f.* leader, -**gā**, *m.* leader, -**ganma-tā**, *f.* priority of birth; -**ganman**, *a.* born before, -**gyotis**, *a.* having a light before, preceded by radiance.

पुरोडास puro-dās, *m.* (fore-homage & *dās*) sacrificial cake of rice-meal usually offered in pieces in one or more dishes; -**dāsa**, *m.* (the more usual form of the above), *id.*; of fering of (*g*) -**bhu**, *m.* enter of the sacrificial cake, god, -**svishakṛit**, *m.* the Svishakṛit connected with the sacrificial cake.

पुरोत्तम pura-uttama, *m.* best of cities; -**utsava**, *m.* festival celebrated in the city; -**udyāna**, *m.* city pleasure-grounds or park, public garden.

पुरोधस puro-dha s *m.* (one placed at the head, √ *dhā*, appointed priest, domestic chaplain of a prince, -**dha**, *f.* office of Purohita or domestic priest; -**dhatra**, *a.* appointing the Purohita, -**dhikā**, *f.* (preferred), favourite [in going out.

पुरोनिःसरण puro-nih-saraṇa, *n.* precedence

पुरोमुवाक्या puro-(n)uvākya, *f.* introductory or inventory verse (to be recited before the *haris*).

पुरोभाग puro-bhāga, *m.* front part; forwardness, obtrusiveness, disavowal -*m* *mal*, abandon *one's* forwardness = retire discomfited, -**mama**, *e.* before (me), -**bhāgin**, *a.* obtrusive, forward, grudging, envious, -**bhāvina**, *a.* impending, imminent; -**mārta**, *m.* east wind, -**mukha**, *a.* having the aperture turned frontways or eastward

पुरोरथ puro-nithā, *a.* whose car is in front of others, surpassing others, pre-eminent, -**ruk**, *a.* shining before; *f.* kind of *Nivid* verse to be recited before the *hymn* *śukta*, or its parts at the morning sacrifice during the recitation of the *Agna* and *Pragya*; -**vartin**, *a.* being before *any one's* eyes; forward, obtrusive, -**vāta**, *m.* wind from the front, east wind which brings rain, -**vāda**, *m.* previous mention; -**vṛita**, *pp.* being in front, preceding

पुरोहित puro-hita, *pp.* set before or in charge, appointed (*esp.* to priestly functions); *m.* commissioned person, agent; *sp.* appointed priest, domestic chaplain of a prince; -**tva**,

n. office of a Purohita; (6)-**hiti**, *f.* priestly service.

पुर्वह purīashā, *n.* the eight component parts of the body: -**ka**, *n.* *id.*

पुलक pula-ka, *m.* an esculent plant: *pl.* erection of the hairs of the body (*symptomatic of exquisite delight*).

पुलकय pulaka-ya, *den. P.* feel an erection of the hairs of the body (*caused by pleasure*): *pp. ita*, having the hairs of the body erect (*symptomatic of exquisite delight*), feeling a thrill of joy.

पुलकीक pulaki-kri, *cause* an erection of the hairs of the body. [*head smooth*].

पुलसि pulas-ti, *a.* wearing the hair of the

पुलस्त्य pulas-tya, *m. N.* of an ancient Rishi, mentioned as one of the spiritual sons of Brahman, as one of the Pragāpatīs, and as one of the seven Rishis; *N.* of a star.

पुलह pula-ha, *m. N.* of an ancient Rishi, mentioned as one of the spiritual sons of Brahman, as one of the Pragāpatīs, and as one of the seven Rishis; *N.* of a star.

पुलाक pulāka, *m.* kind of cereal; blighted grain.

पुलिन puli-na, *n.* alluvial formation in a river, low sandbank, small island: -**dvipa**-**vohita**, *pl.* adorned with sandbanks and islands; -**pradesa**, *m.* sandbank.

पुलिन्द pulinda, *m. pl. N.* of a barbarous tribe (later identified with the Bhīllas and Sabaras); *sg.* man of this tribe; prince of the Pulindas: -**ka**, *m. id.*; *N.* of a prince of the Pulindas, Sabaras, and Bhīllas.

पुलोमजा puloma-jā, *f. pat.* of Indrāni.

पुलोमन् pulo-man, *m. N.* of a demon, father-in-law of Indra, by whom he was slain.

पुलोमारि pulomari, *m.* foe of Puloman, *ep.* of Indra. [*caste*].

पुल्कस pulkasa, *m.* a certain despised mixed

पुष् PUSH, IV. *P. pushya* (*tr.*, *int.*), IX. *P. pushā* (*tr.*, *C.* only: less common), thrive, flourish, prosper; cause to thrive, nourish, cherish, bring up; support, maintain; augment; further; render more glorious; fulfil (*a wish*); feel an increase of (*ac.*), increase in, acquire in abundance; obtain, gain (*e.g. a friend*); possess, have, enjoy; develop, unfold, display: *pp. pushā*, nourished; well-fed, strong; thriving; abundant, eminent (*prosperity*); rich in, blessed with (*in.*), *ex. pushaya*, rear, nourish, cherish, feed; cause to be fed or reared by (*in.*), *IX. P.* feed up, fatten; *IV. P.* swell *pari*, *pp.* cherished; abounding in (*in. or -*), augmented; *cs.* cause to be cherished; cherish. *pra*, nourish, support. *vi*, *pp.* ill-fed, starved. *sam*, *IX. P.* increase.

पुश् push (-), *a.* nourishing, causing to thrive; acquiring; displaying.

पुष्कर pūsh-kara, *n.* blue lotus flower; bowl of a spoon; skin of a drum; ti of an elephant's trunk; water; air; sky; *N.* of a celebrated place of pilgrimage (*sta. pl.*, three places of this name being spoken of); *N.* of one of the Devas or terrestrial islands, *m.* the Indian crane (*Ardea sibirica*); kind of cloud occasioning dearth (*pl.*); *N.*, *esp.* of Nala's brother -**pattra**, *n.* petal of the blue lotus: -**netra**, *a.* having eyes like a lotus-petal; -**śiga**, *n.* lotus seed; -**śara**, *f.* garland of blue lotuses; *a.* wearing a garland of blue

lotuses; -**aksha**, *a.* lotus-eyed; *m. N.*; -**āvartaka**, *m. pl.* kind of cloud producing dearth; -**ākha**, *m.* Indian crane (*Ardea sibirica*).

पुष्करिका pushkar-ikā, *f. N.*

पुष्करिन् pushkar-in, *a.* abounding in blue lotuses; *m.* elephant: (-*ān*)-*i*, *f.* pool with lotuses; pond.

पुष्करेश pushkara ikshana, *a.* lotus-eyed.

पुष्कल push-kalā, *a.* plenteous, abundant; much, numerous; rich, excellent; loud, resonant; *m.* kind of drum; *N.* of a son of Bharata, *n.* bowl of a spoon; a certain measure of capacity: -**ka**, *m.* musk-deer.

पुष्कलावत pushkalāvata, *m.* inhabitant of Pushkalāvati; *n. N.* of the residence of Pushkala, son of Bharata: *i*, *f. N.* of a town.

पुष्कलावर्तक pushkalaāvartaka, *m. pl.* = pushkara.

पुष्कलेत्र pushkaletra, *m. N.* of a village.

पुष्कस pushkasa, *m. incorr.* for pulkasa.

पुष्ट push-tā, *pp.* √push; *n.* (V.) property, abundance, wealth (*esp. in children or cattle*). [*lust*].

पुष्टाङ्ग pushtā āṅga, *a.* fat-limbed, well-fed,

पुष्टि pūsh-ti (*or -ti RV.*), *f.* thriving, increase; development; plenty, abundance, prosperity, wealth (*sta. pl.*); nurture, rearing (*of cattle* etc.).

पुष्टिकर pushti-kara, *a.* producing growth or prosperity, nourishing; -**kāma**, *a.* desirous of prosperity or wealth; -**da**, *a.* conferring prosperity etc.; (1)-**pati**, *m.* lord of wealth; -**māt**, *a.* abundant, thriving, prosperous, wealthy; -**vārdhana**, *a.* increasing prosperity.

पुष्प pūsh-pa, *n.* flower, blossom (-, *a. f. ā*, after names of plants generally); flowers = menses; flowery speeches, gallantry, declaration of love; *m.* topaz.

पुष्पक pushpa-ka, (*m.*) *n.* Kubera's car: -**vimāna**, *n. id.*; -**karaṇḍa**, *n.* flower-basket: -**pūyāna**, *n.* *N.* of a pleasure-garden near Uggayini; -**kāla**, *m.* flower-time, spring; time of menstruation: -**granthana**, *n.* weaving of a wreath of flowers; -**kāpa**, *m.* bow of flowers, Kāma's bow; *m.* (having a bow of flowers), Kāma; -**danta**, *m.* flower-tooth, *N.* of an attendant of Śiva; *n. N.* of a temple; -**dāman**, *n.* garland of flowers; -**dha**, *m.* (√dhā) son of an outcast Brāhman; -**dhanus** or -**dhanvan**, *m.* (having a bow of flowers), Kāma; -**nyāsa**, *m.* offering of flowers; -**paśa**, *m.* flowery cloth; -**patrin**, *a.* having flowers for arrows; -**para**, *n.*, -**puri**, *f.* Flower-city, *ep.* of Pataliputra; -**phala**, *n.* flowers and fruits; -**ball**, *m.* offering of flowers; -**bāṇa**, *m.* (flower-arrowed), Kāma; -**bhaṅga**, *m.* festoon of flowers; -**bhūti**, *m. N.* of a prince; -**māya**, *a.* (1) formed or consisting of flowers; -**mātham**, *abs.* with √math, crush like a flower; -**mālā**, *f.* garland of flowers; -**mitra**, *m. N.* of two princes; -**megha**, *m.* cloud raining flowers; -**moghi-kri**, *turn* into a cloud raining flowers; -**rakta**, *a.* red like the flower of (-); -**ratha**, *m.* pleasure-car; -**rāga**, *m.* (flower-hued), topaz; -**śvi**, *f.* flower-picker, weaver of garlands, flower-seller; -**vai**, *1 ad* like a flower; *2. a.* flowering, adorned with flowers: -*i*, *f.* menstruating; -**varman**, *m.* kidden name of Drupida; -**varsha**, *m. N.* of a mountain; *n.* rain of flowers; -**vāśīśa** or -**vāśi**, *f.* flower-garden; -**vriśhi**, *f.* rain of flowers; -**veśi**, *f.* garland of flowers; -**vayā**, *f.* couch of flowers; -**varāṇasa**, *m.* (having a bow of

flowers), Kāma; -**śilimukha**, *m.* (flower-arrowed), *id.*; -**śekhara**, *m.* garland of flowers; -**śāyaka**, *m.* (flower-arrowed), Kāma; -**śāsa**, *m.* (laughing with flowers), flower-garden.

पुष्पाकर pushpa ākara, *a.* abounding in flowers: with māsa, *m.* spring; -**āgama**, *m.* (arrival of the flowers), spring; -**agra**, *n.* pistil.

पुष्पाणनाद pushpāṇanāda, *m. N.* of a village.

पुष्पामोद pushpa āmoda, *m.* fragrance of flowers; -**āyudha**, *m.* (having flowers for weapons), Kāma; -**ārama**, *m.* flower-garden; -**śava**, *m.* decoction of flowers; -**śāra**, *m.* rain of flowers.

पुष्पित pushp-ita, *pp.* flowering, blossoming, blooming, flowery; having flower-like marks, spotted; in full bloom (*fig.*); flowery (*talk = empty words*); provided with (*in. or -*); -**palāśa-pratima**, *a.* resembling a flowering Palāśa tree (*i. e.* covered with red spots);

पुष्पिन् pushp-in, *a.* bearing flowers, blossoming; flowery (*speech*); menstruating.

पुष्पेषु pushpa jshu, *m.* (flower-arrowed), Kāma.

पुष्पोद्भव pushpa udbhava, *m. N.*

पुष्प्य pushp-ya, *den. P.* flower, blossom. *pp. pushpita*.

पुष्य 1. pūsh-ya, *n.* nourishment; flower (= uppermost or best of anything); 2. (-yā) *m.* the sixth lunar asterism (= the earlier term Tishya); day on which the moon is in the asterism Pushya, Pushya-day; the month Pausa (December-January); *N.* of various princes: -**ratha**, *m.* the asterism Pushya as a car.

पुष्येश pushy-śa, *d. inf.* of √push.

पुस्त pusta, *n.* (?) working in clay, modelling: -**ka**, *m. n.* boss; manuscript, book; booklet: -**kara**, *m.* embosser, -**śastara**, *n.* wrapper of a manuscript. [*modelled*].

पुस्तमय pusta-māya, *a.* wrought in clay.

पुस्तिका pust-ikā, *f.* manuscript, book.

पू PŪ, I. *Ā. pāva* (V), IX. *P. Ā. punā*, *puni*, cleanse, clarify, purify; make pure, expiate; sift, distinguish (V); devise, compose (V); make clear, enlighten (*the mind*: V); *Ā.* also purify oneself, flow clear (*water or soma*); atone; move or blow (*int.*) in a purifying manner; blow (*wind*); blow through so as to purify (*ac.*): *pr. pl. pāvamāna*, purifying itself, flowing through the strainer (*Soma*); *ps. pūyate*, be washed away (*sin*), be purified from *sin* (*ab.*): *pp. pūta*, cleansed, purified, pure; threshed, winnowed; *cs. pāvāya*, *P.* purify, *des. pūpāna*, *P.* wish to purify. *Ā.* *Ā.* flow purified to (*ac.*) or into (*ic.*); cause anything (*ac.*) to flow to any one (*d.*). *nd.* cleanse out, purify. *nis*, winnow; purify. *pari*, strain, purify: *pp.* completely purified; husked (*grain*). *sam*, cleanse, purify.

पूज pūja, *n.* society, corporation; multitude, quantity; betel-palm (*Areca catechu*); *n.* betel-nut: -**yagna**, *m.* sacrifice offered for a corporation. [*betel-palm*].

पूनीफल pūgi-phala, *n.* betel-nut; -**lata**, *f.*

पूज PŪG, only *cs. P. pūjāya*, treat with respect or reverence, honour, receive hospitably; honour (= present) with (*in.*); pay regard to: *pp. pūgita*, honoured, revered, by (*in.*); received respectfully; revered

by or on account of (-); esteemed, approved, acknowledged, recommended; frequented by (-); initiated; provided with (-). **abhi**, *acc.* receive or greet with reverence; honour or present with (-); do honour to; belaud **pari**, *cs.* do high honour to, honour greatly. **pra**, *cs.* show honour to, hold in honour, praise; respectfully present with (-). **pra-ti**, do honour in return, greet reverently, honour duly; respectfully present with (-); receive with approval **sam**, *cs.* greet reverently; show honour to; respectfully present with (-); praise.

पूजक pūj-aka, *a.* (ikā) honouring, reverencing, worshipping (*g.* or -); **-ana**, *n.* honouring, worshipping, hospitable reception of (*g.* or -); **-anaya**, *fp.* to be worshipped or honoured, by *g.* deemed worthy of respect, worship, or honour; **-ayitavya**, *fp.* id.; **-ayitr**, *m.* worshipper

पूजा pūj-ā, *f.* honour, respect; homage, worship, adoration; hospitable reception "after the object of the honour or that with which it is shown". **-kara**, *a.* doing or showing honour or homage to (-); **-grāha**, *n.* house of worship, temple; **-arha**, *a.* worthy of honour or distinction; **-vidhi**, *m.* showing of honour (*Pr.*)

पूजित pūj-ita, *pp.* honoured, treated with marks of distinction.

पूजापकरण pūjāpakarana, *n.* requisite for doing honour (*Pr.*)

पूष्य pūṣya, *fp.* to be honoured or worshipped; venerable, adorable; fit for or deserving of worship, adoration, etc. with *m.*, *g.* or -; **-tama**, *sp.* most worthy of honour, **-tā**, *f.* **-tva**, *n.* venerableness.

पूत pūt, *sound* imitative of blowing.

पूतदक्ष pūtā-dakṣa, *a.* of pure disposition; **-dhānya**, *a.* containing purified grain.

पूतना pūtana, *m.* kind of demon, spectre **ā**, *f.* *N.* of a female demon causing a certain disease in children, and killed by Krishna, **-kā**, *f.* *id.*

पूतभूत pūtā-bhūt, *m.* kind of Soma-vessel receiving the clear juice. **-mūrti**, *a.* having their form cleansed, become pure, purified.

पूति 1. pū-ti, *f.* purification, purity; 2. *a.* stinking, putrid; *m.* pus, matter; **-ka**, *a.* putrid, stinking; **-gandha**, *m.* stench, foul smell; **-nāsika**, *a.* having a stinking nose; **-bhāva**, *m.* putrefaction; **-mritika**, *m.* having stinking earth; *N.* of a hill; **-vaktra**, *a.* having a stinking (mouth -) breath; **-tā**, *f.* condition of having stinking breath.

पूषण्ड pūṣaṇḍa, *m.* (having stinking eggs), kind of winged stinking insect.

पूष pūṣa, *m.* cake; **-śālā**, *f.* bakehouse.

पूय PŪYA, I. P. pūya, putrefy, stink. **ā**, become stinking.

पूय pūya, *m.* *n.* pus, purulent matter.

पूयमान pū-yā-māna, *pt. ps.* of √pū.

पूर pūr-ā, *a.* filling; satisfying; *m.* filling; satisfying; swelling of a river or of the ocean; volume of water, flood, stream often "with words denoting water or other fluid"; superabundance, high degree of (-); cake; slow inhalation of breath through the nose (an *ascetic practice*); **-aka**, *a.* filling, - up, completing (*g.* or -); fulfilling, satisfying; *m.* stream, effusion; multiplier; slow inspiration of breath through the nose (an *ascetic practice*); citron-tree; **-pinda**, *m.* pl. flour-

balls for completing the sacrifice to the *Munes*; **-ana**, *a.* (i) filling; fulfilling, satisfying; producing; *m.* filler-up or completer of a number, masculine ordinal number (from *dvitva* onwards); *n.* act of filling or filling up; complete drawing of a bow; fulfilling, satisfying; equipping; **-pratyaya**, *m.* suffix forming ordinal nouns (*gr.*); **-sāya**, *fp.* to be filled in or supplied; to be fulfilled or satisfied; **-ayitavya**, *fp.* to be filled up or completed; to be satisfied; **-ayitr**, *m.* filler, of *g.*; fulfiller, satisfier

पूरय pūr-aya, *cs.* of √r. pri, fill.

प्रिका pūr-ikā, *f.* kind of cake; **-ta**, *a.* (i) filling; fulfilling.

पूर pūr-ū, *m.* man; *N.* of a tribe; *N.* of a prince, son of Yayāti. *N.* of the author of a Vedic hymn.

पूरष pūr-ṣa, *m.* metrical = pūru-ṣa.

पूरोत्पीड pūra utpīda, *m.* sudden rise in the volume of water.

पूर्ण pūr-ṇa, *pp.* (√r. pri) filled, full; **-krama**, *a.* whose wishes are fulfilled; **-kumbha**, *m.* pitcher full of water (also with *apam*); *m.* *n.* breach of a particular form; *a.* having a full pitcher; **-āndra**, *m.* full moon; **-nibha**, *a.* resembling the full moon; **-prabhā**, *f.* lustre of the full moon; **-tā**, *f.* fulness, plenty; **-tva**, *n.* *id.* being full of (-); **-pātra**, *m.* *i.* full vessel, vessel full (also as a measure of capacity); *n.* present such as clothes given to the bringer of good news; (*a*) **-pratibha**, *a.* a ying with a full vessel - over flowing, supreme (glory); **-maya**, *a.* *i.* consisting of a full vessel or of the measure called pūrma-patra, amounting to so much or only concerned therewith (speech); **-bhadra**, *m.* *N.* of a snake-demon; **-maṇḍala**, *n.* full circle; **-māṇasa**, *a.* whose heart is satisfied; **-ā**, *māsa*, *m.* full moon; **-māsa**, *m.* full moon and full moon sacrifice; *a.* *f.* day or night of full moon; **-mukha**, *n.* full mouth *m.* blow with full cheeks; *n.* full-faced; *N.* of a snake-demon; **-maṣkī**, *m.* full handful; **-yanvana**, *a.* being in the full bloom of youth; **-ratha**, *m.* (having a complete chariot, pre-eminent warrior; **-lakṣmi-ka**, *a.* having abundant splendour or wealth; **-vapaṇa**, *n.* full-orbed moon); **-sri**, *a.* having abundant riches.

पूर्णाञ्जलि pūrṇa aṅgali, *m.* two handfuls; **-ātman**, *m.* probably incorrect for pranātman; **-ānanda**, *m.* perfect joy; **-apurāṇa**, *pp.* sometimes full, sometimes short measures; **-āyata**, *pp.* *n.* how fully drawn; **-ārtha**, *a.* having one's object attained or one's wish fulfilled; **-bhūti**, *f.* full offering, offering of a full ladle.

पूर्णिमा pūrṇ-i-mā, *f.* day or night of full moon; **-dina**, *n.* day of full moon; **-rātri**, *f.* *n.* *id.*; **-arvazi**, *f.* night of full moon.

पूर्णिक pūrṇ-i-kri, make full or complete.

पूर्णेक pūrṇa ikkha, *a.* whose wish has been fulfilled; **-indu**, *m.* full moon; **-vādāna**, *a.* having a face like the full moon.

पूर्णापमा pūrṇa upamā, *f.* complete simile (containing all the four requisites. *opp.* lup-topamā).

पूर्त pūr-tā, *pp.* (√r. pri) filled, bestowed; fulfilled; *n.* fulfilment; reward; merit; charitable work.

पूरतय pūrta-ya, *den. P.* with dharmam, perform charitable works.

पूर्ति pūr-ti, *f.* filling, completion; fulfilment; reward.

पूर्भिद् pūr-bhīd, *a.* destroying citadels; **-bhāḍya**, *a.* destruction of citadels.

पूर्व pūr-va, *a.* being in front, fore; fronting, eastern; being to the east of (*ab.*); preceding; former, earlier; prior to (*ab.* or -); ancient, traditional, of the olden time; first (*n.* succession); lowest, fine; previously or first mentioned or named; very commonly *after a pp.* = previously or before (*e.g.* drish-ta-pūrva, seen before); **-vayasi**, *n.* youth, *a.* having as the preceding thing - preceded or accompanied by, based on, with; **-ma**, *ad.* before, beforehand, previously, already; first; formerly, long ago *sta.* with *pr.*; *id.* (also pūrvaṇa), in accordance with, amid, after, with or when the privative negation precedes without; *m.* pl the ancients, fore-fathers, ancestors; *sg.* elder brother; *n.* fore part, **ā**, *f.* east

पूर्वक pūrva-ka, *a.* (ikā) prior, preceding, previous; first; *a.* accompanied or preceded by, based on, consisting above all things in - **-ma**, *ad.* after, with, amid, in accordance with (-); *m.* forefather, ancestor; **-harman**, *n.* former or previous action; preparation; **-kalpa**, *m.* previous manner, precedent; olden time (only *le. sg. & pl.*); **-kāya**, *m.* fore part of the body (of animals), upper part of the body of men; **-kārin**, *a.* acting first; **-kārya**, *fp.* to be done first; **-kāla**, *a.* belonging to a previous time; previously mentioned; **-tā**, *f.* priority of time; **-kālika**, *a.* belonging to a former time; **-kāliṇa**, *a.* prior in time; **-krita**, *pp.* formerly done, performed in a previous life; *n.* former act, not committed in a previous life; **-krama āgata**, *pp.* handed down from one's ancestors; **-kriyā**, *f.* preparation

पूर्वग pūrva-ga, *a.* going before, preceding; **-ganga**, *f.* the eastern Ganges, *cp.* of the Narmada or Reva; **-gata**, *pp.* gone before.

पूर्वचिन्ति pūrva-chintti, *f.* presentiment, forebode only *at* the first notice, forthwith, (prediction); *N.* of an *Apurāṇa*; **-chintana**, *n.* former error or trouble; **-śodita**, *pp.* before-mentioned, previously prescribed; **-tva**, *n.* *absol.* *n.*

पूर्वज pūrva-jā, *a.* born or produced before others, former, ancient, first-born, elder, eldest son, brother, sister; prior to (-); *m.* forefather, ancestor; eldest son; elder or eldest son; **-ganma-krita**, *pp.* done, wrought, or performed in a former birth or previous state of existence; **-ganma-yoga**, *m.* *n.* *ta.* by means or in consequence of a former existence; **-ganman**, *n.* a former birth, previous state of existence; *a.* *m.* (having prior birth), elder brother; **-jāti**, *f.* former birth, previous state of existence; **-gūṇa**, *n.* knowledge of a previous existence.

पूर्वतर pūrva-tara, *cp.* long past; also = pūrva; **-m**, *ad.* long beforehand; **-tas**, *ad.* before, in front; towards or in the east, first; **-tastara**, *m.* former thief, reformed thief; **-tā**, *f.* condition of being acquainted by (-); **-tra**, *le.* of pūrva; *e.g.* **ganmani**, *n.* a previous existence, **-dina**, *n.* the preceding day; *ad.* in what precedes, **-tva**, *n.* precedence; priority, previous condition.

पूर्वथा pūrva-tha, *ad.* formerly, immemorially; as formerly; first, previously.

पूर्वदक्षिण pūrva-dakṣiṇa, *a.* south-eastern; **-datta**, *pp.* previously given or presented; **-dā**, *f.* eastern quarter, east; **-disha**, *pp.*

determined by previous actions; **-dikṣha**, *a. taking the first consecration (of two or more who sacrifice at the same time and place)*; **-dugdha**, *pp. previously (milked) = drained or plundered*; **-driśhā**, *pp. seen before*; formerly seen, ancient; looked upon of old or long regarded as (*m.*); **-deva**, *m. primeval god*; **-devatā**, *f. primeval deity*; **-dema**, *m. eastern direction*; *lc.* to the east of (*ab.*); eastern country; **-dēha**, *m. former body*; *lc.* = in a previous existence.

पूर्वनिपात pūrva-nipāta, *m. irregularity of the previous word, irregular precedence as a member of a compound*; **-nivishā**, *pp. previously made (by another)*; **-nyāya**, *m. provisional judgment or sentence*.

पूर्वपक्ष pūrva-pakṣhā, *m. fore part or side*; first half of a lunar month (when the moon increases), light fortnight; (*prīṇā* face case), action at law; first objection to a proposition; **-pakṣhin**, *a. making the first objection to a proposition*; **-pakṣhi-kṛi**, *make the first objection to a proposition*; **-pātha**, *m. previous path, same way as before*; **-pāda**, *n. previous member of a compound (gr.)*; **-pad-ya**, *a. belonging to the first member of a compound*; **-parigrāha**, *m. first claim, precedence, privilege*; *a. claimed as a privilege by (g.)*; **-pāda**, *m. fore-foot*; **-pitāmaha**, *m. fore-grandfather = ancestor*; **-pīṭhikā**, *f. introduction*; **-puruṣa**, *m. forefather (pl. ancestors)*; *prīṇā* val spirit, *ep. of Brahman*; **-pūṣārita**, *pp. collected by one's ancestors*; **-pūṣārita**, *pp. previously consecrated*; **-pūrva**, *a. every preceding one, each previously mentioned one*; *m. pl. ancient ancestors*; **-pūrva-ukta**, *pp. respectively mentioned before*; **-pūya**, *n. precedence in drinking*; precedence (*in general*); **-prajñā**, *f. knowledge of the past, memory*; **-prati-panna**, *pp. having previously agreed to or promised something*; **-pravṛtta**, *pp. having occurred previously*; **-prasthita**, *pp. having started previously, hastening on before*.

पूर्वभाग pūrva-bhāga, *m. fore or upper part*; earlier part (of the day = forenoon, morning); **-bhāga**, *a. receiving the first share, privileged; excellent*; relating to what precedes; **-bhāva**, *m. priority*; **-bhāvin**, *a. preceding, prior*; **-bhāshin**, *a. speaking first, affable*; **-bhukti**, *f. priority of occupation, long-continued possession*; **-bhūta**, *pp. being before, preceding*; **-bhūbhṛt**, *m. eastern mountain (behind which the sun rises)*; former prince.

पूर्वमध्याह्न pūrva-madhyāhna, *m. forenoon*; **-mārin**, *a. dying before, predeceasing*; **-mīmāṃsā**, *f. earlier Mīmāṃsā the philosophical system founded by Gaimini and dealing with the discussion of the sacred text*; **-mukha**, *a. facing eastwards*.

पूर्वरङ्ग pūrva-raṅga, *m. prelude (of a play)*; **-rāga**, *m. incipient love*; **-rāga**, *m. ex-king*; **-rātra**, *m. first part of the night*; **-rūpā**, *n. (previous appearance), omen, precursor of (g.), sure symptom of (prati)*; first of two vowels or consonants coming into contact (*gr.*); *a. having the previous form, being as before*; **-śakṣhāna**, *m. preceding symptom*; **-vāt**, *1. ad. as before, as formerly; as said above*; **2. vāt**, *a. preceded by something; containing an inference from cause to effect*; **-vayasa**, *a. being in early life, young*; **-vart-in**, *a. being in front of (-)*; previously existing; **-1-tā**, *f. priority*; **-vāda**, *m. primā facie statement*, action at law; **-vādin**, *m. plaintiff*; **-vidā**, *a. knowing the past*; **-vidhi**, *m. preceding rule*; **-vṛita**, *pp. previously chosen*; **-vṛita**, *pp. having happened before; relating to a former occurrence*; *n. former*

occurrence, event of old; former behaviour; **-vairin**, *a. commencing hostilities first*.

पूर्वशैल pūrva-shaila, *m. eastern or sunrise mountain*.

पूर्वसंचित pūrva-samkita, *pp. formerly collected*; **-samudra**, *m. eastern ocean*; **-sāgara**, *m. id.*; **-sārin**, *a. going before, pre-eminent*; **-siddha**, *pp. previously determined or established*; **-supta**, *pp. previously or already fallen asleep*; **-stha**, *a. standing in front, pre-eminent*.

पूर्वा pūrvā, *f. east*

पूर्वाक्षर pūrva akṣhara, *a. accompanied by the previous letter*; **-agni**, *m. original, i. e. domestic fire*; **-aṅga**, *m. former body; component of what precedes*; *m. first day in the civil month*; **-āśala**, *m. eastern or sunrise mountain*; **-āśārya**, *m. ancient or former teacher*; **-āśāya**, *a. beginning in the east*; **-ādri**, *m. eastern or sunrise mountain*; **-ādhi**, *a. greater than before*; **-anubhūta**, *pp. formerly experienced*; **-anta**, *m. end of the preceding word; anticipation*; **-apara**, *a. being before and behind, directed forward and backward; eastern and western; earlier and later; preceding and following, following in succession, relatively connected*; **-dākṣhina**, *a. eastern, western, and southern*; **-dina**, *n. forenoon and afternoon*; **-rātri**, *f. former and latter half of the night*.

पूर्वापरिभाष pūrva-aparībhāva, *m. succession*

पूर्वाभिमुख pūrva-abhimukha, *a. turned on flowing eastward*; **-abhiśheka**, *m. preliminary anointment*; **-abhyāsa**, *m. repetition of something previous*; *in. anew*; **-ambudhi**, *m. eastern ocean*.

पूर्वाजित pūrva-jayta, *pp. acquired formerly or by previous works*; **-ardha**, *m., n. (C.) fore or upper part; eastern side; first half*; **-dinaśya**, *first half of the day, forenoon*; **-ardha-kāya**, *m. upper part of the body*; **-ardha-bhāga**, *m. fore part, point (of an arrow)*; **-avadhirit**, *pp. formerly disclaimed*; **-āvedaka**, *m. plaintiff*.

पूर्वाशा pūrva-śā, *f. eastern quarter, east*; **-āsin**, *a. eating before others (ab. or lc.)*.

पूर्वाह्न pūrva-ahna, *m. forenoon*; *only. lc.*; **1-ka**, *a. (i) belonging to the forenoon*

पूर्वी pūrvī, *f. of pūrā*.

पूर्वेण pūrvēṇa, *in. ad. pp. with ac. or g. before, in front of; to the east of*.

पूर्वेयुस् pūrvē-dyūs, *ad. the day before, yesterday; early in the morning*.

पूर्वोक्त pūrva-ukta, *pp. said or mentioned before, aforesaid*; **-ukta**, *pp. accustomed in former days, known from old*; **-uttara**, *a. north-eastern (lc. in the north-east)*; *du. preceding and following*; **-utthāyin**, *a. arising first (in the morning)*; **-utthita**, *pp. having risen before (smoke)*; **-utpatti**, *a. arising before*; **-utpanna**, *pp. having arisen before*; **-tva**, *m. priority*; **-upakārin**, *a. having formerly done one a service*; **-upanihita**, *pp. previously hidden away*; **-upāry-ita**, *pp. formerly acquired*.

पूर्व pūrv-yā (or less commonly pūrvya), *a. former, ancient; preceding, first; next; most excellent*; **-m**, *ad. previously, first, long since*.

पूल pūla, *m. bunch*; *pl. straw*; **-ka**, *m. id.*

पूषण pūsh-āna, *m. = pūsh-ān.*

पूषवत् pūshan-vāt, *a. accompanied by Pūshan*.

पूषन् pūsh-ān, *m. N. of a Vedic deity, keeper of flocks and herds and bringer of prosperity; being a sun-god, he surveys all things and acts as a conductor on journeys and on the way to the next world; sun*.

पृ. PRI. III. P. pīpartī (V. C.), VI. P. Ā. prīṇā (V.), IX. P. prīṇā (V.), fill (ā. fill oneself); fill with air, blow into (ac.); make full, allow to collect; satisfy, nourish, quicken; grant in abundance, to (d.), present with (in.); fulfil (a wish); pr. pt. prīṇ-āt, granting abundantly, bounteous, ungrudging; IV. Ā. (E. also P. pūrya, or ps. pūryā, be filled with, become full of (in.); pp. pūrta (rare), filled; full of (g.); pūrta (ordinary form), filled, full (also of the moon), with, of (in., g., or -); complete, entire; full (number); abundant; fully drawn (bow, arrow); expired (time); accomplished (row); fulfilled; settled, concluded (agreement, contract); satisfied; cs. pūrta, P. ā. fill, - up, with (in.), fill with sound (in.); intensify (sound); fill with air, blow (a conch); draw to the full (bow, arrow); complete, supplement (speech, sentence); cover completely, overwhelm, overwhelm, bestrew, with (in.); overload with gifts (in.), present with (in.); fulfil (wish, hope, etc.); allow to expire (period). **anu**, *cs. P. fulfil, accomplish (a wish, etc.)*. **abhi**, *IX. P. make full; ps. be filled, become full (of, g.); pp. full, of (in., g., -); cs. P. fill; load; overwhelm with (in.); overload with gifts, bounteously present with (in.); overpower (of pain); augment; accomplish*. **ā. III. P. fill; fill up, complete; fulfil (a wish); VI. Ā. be filled; be sated, with (in.); ps. be filled, become full, of (in., g., -); increase in size (body); be fully drawn (bow); have abundance of (in.); pp. ā-pūrta, full (also of the moon); filled with (in., or -); resound with (-); satisfied; cs. fill, - up; cause to resound with (in.); fill with air, blow (a wind instrument); cover completely, stud. with (in.).** **viśā-pīpartī**, *pass away, disappear*. **sam-ā**, *ps. be filled with (in.); pp. full, entire (year); cs. fill with (in.); draw completely (bow).* **ni**, *IX. P. pour or set down, strew (technical term in the sacrifice to the Manes).* **niś**, *pp. niśh-pūrta, poured out*. **pari**, *ps. be filled, become full, of (in.); pp. filled; full, of (in.); covered, with (-); complete, entire; wealthy, possessed of abundance; fulfilled; attained (object); cs. fill, - up; cause to resound with (in.); stop up; a hole; complete, accomplish; go through from beginning to end; pp. -pūrta, filled with (-); thoroughly gone through (-); abundant.* **pra**, *IX. P. fill, complete; ps. be filled, become full; become sated; become complete; be fulfilled; cs. fill, - up, with (in.); cause to resound with (in.); complete; enrich, load with presents (in.); pp. filled with, full of (-). prāti*, *pp. full also of the moon; filled with, full of (in., or -); satisfied; cs. fill, - up; satisfy (any one); accomplish.* **sam**, *ps. become full; pp. full (also of the moon); filled, fully provided, or replete with (in., g. or -); complete, entire; abundant; possessed of plenty; fulfilled; cs. fill up; fulfil, satisfy (a wish)*.

पृ. 2. PRI. III. P. pīpartī (V.), bring across or to (ac.); deliver from (ab.); protect; further, support; surpass (any one); be able to (inf.); cs. pārya, (V. C.) P. (E. also Ā.) conduct or bring across; deliver from (ab.); protect, preserve the life of; get over, overcome; resist (ac.); be able to (inf.); when

this verb is *pa.*, the inf must be translated by a *pa.*. *ati*, bring or conduct across (*ac.*); go through with, fulfil a promise; *es*, conduct or bring across; *ā*, deliver from (*ab.*); *nis*, help out of, deliver from (*ab.*); *es. id.* *sam.*, *es*, bring to an end.

पृ 3. PRI. only with *ā*, V. P. *āprinoti*, be busy with (*d.*); *pp. āprita*, busied. *viā*, V. *ā-prinate*, *ps -priyate*, be busied about (*-artham*); *pp. -prita*, busied with, engaged in (*lc.*); *-artham*, or *-hetos*; *es. vyāpārāya*, P. occupy, keep busy, employ, with, on, or for (*in.*, *lc.*); *-artham*; direct (the glance) towards; *vānim* -, use one's voice; *haṣtam* -, wave the hand. *pp. engaged or appointed for* (*-artham*).

पृथ *pṛith-ta*, *pp. √prik*.

पृथ *pṛiksh*, *f.* comfort; nourishment.

पृथ *pṛiksh-ā*, *a.* spotted, dappled; or according to the commentators, furnished with nourishment, *m* dappled horse; *N.*

पृथ *PRIK*, VII. *prinakṭi*, *prinkṭe* (V.), III. P. *pṛiprik* and *paprik* V. *very rare*; mix, mingle, unite, put in connexion, with (*in.*, rarely *lc.*); fill, satiate, bestow (*ac.*, *g* in abundance on *d.*); augment: *pp. pṛikta*, mixed, united, being in contact with *in* or *-*; filled with, full of *in* or *-*; *ā*, pervade; mix up with (*in*). *upa*, put oneself close to, be near. *sam*, P. *ā*, mix, unite, touch; endow with (*in*); *ā. pa*, be mixed or united, come into contact: *pp. sam-pṛikta*, mingled, united, or come into contact with, contiguous to (*in.*, *-*, or rarely *lc.*), filled with (*in*).

पृथ *pṛikhu*, *pr. st.* of *√prikh*.

पृथक् *pṛikḥ-aka*, *a.* asking, inquiring, about (*g.*); *ā*, *f.* question, addressed to *-*; inquiry regarding *-*).

पृथ *pṛit*, *f.* combat, battle (only *lc. pl.*).

पृथक् *pṛith-ana*, *n.* hostile host. *ā*, *f.* contest, battle; hostile host, army; *sp* division of an army (consisting of 243 elephants, 243 chariots, 729 cavalry, and 215 infantry).

पृथक् *pṛithānā*, *den.* only *pr. pt.* *-y-āt*, fighting; *m.* enemy.

पृथक् *pṛithānā*, *str. st.* *-shāh*, *a.* conquering hostile hosts.

पृथक् *pṛithānā*, *den.* P. fight against, attack; *pr. pt.* fighting; *m.* enemy.

पृथक् *pṛithānā*, *a.* attacking; *m.* enemy.

पृथ *pṛith-ā*, *m.* palm of the hand: a measure of length = 13 angulas; *ā*, *f.* *N.* of one of the wires of Pāṇdu.

पृथक् *pṛith-ak* [directed widely or apart: *√pṛith* + *n.* of *ak*], *ad.* separately, apart; severally often repeated; *pp. with ab* without; except: *-kṛi*, separate; cut off; avert from *ab.*; *g bhū*, separate oneself. *pp.* separate, different.

पृथक् *pṛithak-kārya*, *n.* separate business, private affair, *-kriti*, *f.* individual; *-kṛiyā*, *f.* separation; *-kshetra*, *a.* pl. begotten by our father on different mothers; *-kshā*, *f.* various and distinct activities; *-tā*, *f.*, *-tva*, *n.* separateness, separation, severality; individuality: *in.* singly, one by one, *-pada*, *a.* consisting of single (uncompounded) words; *-phala*, *m.* distinct kṛman making separate funeral offerings (*i.e.* not in common with others); *-rabda*, *m.* word by itself; *-sayya*, *f.* sleeping by oneself; *-sukha*, *a.* having separate and distinct joys

पृथक् *pṛithag-ārtha*, *a.* having separate and distinct advantages; having a severally distinct meaning; *-tā*, *f.* separate signification; *-ālaya*, *a.* pl. having separate dwellings; *-upādāna*, *n.* separate mention.

पृथक् *pṛithag-gana*, *m.* separate or distinct class; *-gotra*, *a.* pl. belonging to different families; *-gana*, *m.* man of lower classes; *sg. & pl.* common people; *-gaya*, *m.* victory in a duel; *-dṛis*, *a.* seeing something different from *ab.*; *-dvara*, *n.* pl. special doors, i.e. means of attainment; *-dharma-vid*, *a.* pl. each knowing different institutes of law; *-bhāva*, *m.* separate condition, difference, variety; *-yoga*, *a.* pl. having different lots; perhaps incorrect for *-bhoga* or *-bhāga*; *-lakshana*, *a.* having different characteristics; *-varsha*, *a.* pl. a year in each case; *-vidha*, *a.* various, manifold, several; different from (*in*).

पृथ *pṛith-ā*, *f.* *N.* of one of the wives of Pāṇdu: *-ganman*, *m.* son of Pṛithā, *metr.* of Yudhishtira; *-ātmā*, *m.* *id.*; *-bhū*, *m.* *id.*; *-suta*, *m.* son of Pṛithā, *metr.* of Arjuna; *-sūna*, *m.* son of Pṛithā, *metr.* of Yudhishtira.

पृथिवी *pṛithivī*, *f.* (= *pṛithu*) the (wide) earth, orbis terrarum (the earth is spoken of); Earth personified, land, realm, ground; earth (as an element).

पृथिवीकय *pṛithivī-kampa*, *m.* earthquake: *-kshit*, *a.* inhabiting the earth; earth-ruling; *m.* prince, king, *-chandra*, *m.* *N.* of a prince of Trigata; *-tala*, *n.* surface of the earth, ground, also world, internal regions (bottom of the earth); *-danda-pāla*, *m.* chief constable of the country; *-tā*, *f.* office of; *-devi*, *f.* *N.*; *-pati*, *m.* lord of the earth, prince, king; *-paripālaka*, *m.* prince, king; *-pāla*, *m.* keeper of the earth, king, sovereign; *-bhūg*, *m.* enjoyer of the earth, prince, king; *-bhūganga*, *m.* spouse of the earth, prince, king; *-bhṛit*, *m.* support of the earth, mountain; *-māya*, formed of earth, earthen; *-rājya*, *n.* dominion over the land, sovereignty; *-ruha*, *m.* (growing out of the earth), plant, tree; *-iva*, *-ivara*, *m.* lord of the earth, prince, king; *-āpita*, *m.* *N.* of two princes of Uśinara.

पृथु *pṛith-ū*, *a.* (*v-i-ā* in C. u) broad, wide, spacious, large, great; copious; far-extending; abundant, extensive, manifold, numerous; detailed; *m.* a measure of length *pṛitha*; *N.*

पृथुक् *pṛithu-ka*, *m.* *n.* half-ripe, flattened rice; *m.* boy; young of an animal; *-ruka* *atp/am*, *abs* pressing to her full bosom; *-lāru*, *gṛhita* *ikshana*, *a.* having wide, beautiful, and curved eyes; *-maghana*, *a.* having broad hips; *-tara*, *cp.* very great or considerable; *-tari-kṛi*, open (the eyes) wide; *-tā*, *f.*, *-tva*, *n.* largeness, greatness, wideness; *-damshtra*, *a.* having large measures; *-datta*, *m.* *N.* of a frog; *-darvin*, *a.* far-seeing fig; *-dhara*, *a.* broad edged; *-parva*, *a.* having broad curved swords; *-pāni*, *a.* broad-handed Savitṛi; *-pratha*, *a.* far-famed; *-protha*, *a.* having wide nostrils; *-bāhu*, *a.* thick-armed; *-ya-as*, *a.* far-famed.

पृथुक् *pṛithu-la*, *a.* broad, great

पृथुकीचन *pṛithu-lokama*, *a.* large-eyed

पृथुकीचस *pṛithulagusa*, *a.* having great energy

पृथुवक्षस *pṛithu-vakshas*, *a.* broad-chested; *-vyamsa*, *a.* broad-shouldered; *-u* *-dza*, *a.* broad- or flat-headed; *-atvāsa*, *a.* far-famed,

m. *N.*; *-sri*, *a.* of great prosperity, extremely fortunate; *-roni*, *a.* *f.* broad-hipped; *-sam-pad*, *a.* extremely wealthy.

पृथुदर *pṛithudara*, *m.* (broad-bellied). *N.* of a Yaksha.

पृथ्वी *pṛithu*, *f.* the (wide) earth; land, realm; ground; earth (*ananelement*) *-kshāta*, *n.* cavern or hole in the earth; *-grha*, *n.* dwelling in the earth, cave; *-tala*, *n.* surface of the earth, dry land; *-danda-pāla*, *m.* chief constable of the country; *-tā*, *f.* office of; *-dhara*, *m.* support of the earth, mountain; *-pati*, *m.* lord of the earth, prince, king; *-tva*, *n.* sovereignty; *-pāla*, *m.* *N.*; *-bhūg*, *m.* enjoyer of the earth, prince, sovereign; *-bhṛit*, *m.* supporter of the earth, prince, king; *-rājya*, *n.* dominion over the land, sovereignty; *-rūpa*, *m.* *N.* of a prince; *-iva*, *m.* lord of earth, prince, king; *-chara*, *m.* *N.*

पृथक् *pṛithāku*, *m.* adder, snake.

पृथक् *pṛithāna*, *n.* [√*spris*] hug, caress.

पृथक् *pṛithāni*, *a.* *f.* [√*spris*] hugging, caressing, tender.

पृथि *pṛith*, *a.* [√*spris* + *m.* touched, spotted], speckled, dappled *cp.* of *kin*; *pl* manifold, *f.* dappled cow, milk, earth, cloud, starry sky; *N.* of the mother of the Maruts in C. this word occurs only as a *N.*

पृथित *pṛith-mat*, *a.* containing the word 'Prithi'; *(pṛithi-mātr)*, *a.* having the earth or Prithi as a mother

पृथ *pṛith-at*, (*pr. pt.* *a.* (-i)) speckled, spotted, dappled, *f.* *m.* spotted gazelle; *pṛithātām* *pṛith*, *m.* lord of the dappled clouds; *wind*; *-i*, *f.* dappled cow, prebald mare; female of the spotted gazelle

पृथ *pṛith-at-ā*, *m.* spotted gazelle; drop of water, spot

पृथक् *pṛithat-ka*, *m.* (variegated), arrow

पृथक् *pṛithat-asva*, *a.* having dappled horses (ET); *m.* wind (also personified); *-ārya*, *n.* speckled butter, ghee clotted with curds.

पृथक् *pṛithāta-ka*, *m.* *n.* = *pṛithāliṅga*; *m.* a kind of ceremony *pl.* *sp.* of Rudra.

पृथुदर *pṛithudara*, *a.* speckle-bellied.

पृथ *pṛith-tā*, *pp.* (√*pṛith*) asked, questioned, interrogated; demanded, etc. *-prativak-ana*, *n.* answering a question; *-vat*, *pp.* act the asked or questioned; *-abbhidhāyin*, *a.* answering when asked, always ready with a reply

पृथि *pṛith-ti* *f.* rib.

पृथ *pṛitha*, *n.* [√*pṛith*, prominent ridge] prominent back of animals, back; upper side, surface; height, ridge, top; hinder part, rear; *kind of Shtra* (consisting of several *Sāman* and employed at the midday libation) *lc.* at the back, in or from the rear, behind (*g.* *-m dā*, bow deeply; *e-na yā*, ride upon (*g.* *e-na vā*, carry on the back

पृथक् *pṛithu-ka*, *n.* back; *o kri*, put behind one, disregard, renounce; *-ga*, *a.* riding on (*g.* *-*); *-gopa*, *m.* protector of one's rear; *-tāp*, *a.* hitting one's back be scorched (by the sun

पृथक् *pṛitha-tās*, *ad.* *pp.* on or at the back; from behind; backward; behind (*g.* *-*); with the back with averted face; behind the back, secretly; *-tāh kri*, take on the back; turn one's back to; put behind one, abandon, renounce, disregard; *-to gam*,

पौरव *paurava*, *a.* (i) belonging to or descended from Pāru; *m.* descendant of Pāru: *pl.* race of Pāru.

पौरसक paura-sakhya, *n.* friendship or equality of fellow-citizens.

पौरस्य paura-sya, *a.* situated in front (puras), foremost: *pl.* the eastern people (= the Gaudas): -*pavasa*, *m.* east wind.

पौराग्रस्य paura-agra-sanya, *m.* chief of the city: -*sāganā*, *f.* woman of the town, female citizen.

पौराण pauraṇa, *a.* (i) relating to past ages, ancient: -*i-ka*, *a.* (i) *id.*; versed in ancient story.

पौरिक paura-ika, *m.* townsman, citizen.

पौरुष pauraśa, *a.* (i) human; manly; belonging or relating to Puruṣa; *m.* man's load; *n.* manhood, manliness; manly courage, vigour, or deed, valour, prowess; force (opp. *unintelled*); length of a man; generation; *membrum virile*.

पौरुषेय pauraśa-eya, *a.* (i) made by, derived from or relating to men; derived from the soul; *n.* human effort: -*tva*, *n.* human origin.

पौरुष्य pauraśya, *a.* relating to Puruṣa; *n.* manly deed, valour. (hūta or Indra).

पौरुहत paura-hūta, *a.* relating to Purn-

पौरोय paura-gava, *a.* superintendent of a princely kitchen: -*śhas-a*, *n.* office of Purohita: -*bhāg-ya*, *n.* ill-will, envy: -*hit-ya*, *n.* office of Purohita.

पौर्णमास paura-māsā, *a.* (i) belonging or relating to or offered at full-moon; *m.* *n.* full-moon sacrifice, *n.* day of full-moon: -*i*, *f.* night or day of full-moon

पौर्तिक paura-ika, *a.* relating to a charitable or meritorious work.

पौर्वक paura-ka, *a.* derived from ancestors, inherited, ancient: -*kāi-ya*, *n.* priority: -*doh-ika* (or -*dah-ika*), *a.* relating to or derived from a former existence; performed in a former life.

पौर्वापर्य paura-apar-ya, *n.* relation between prior and posterior, succession: -*śhu-ika*, *a.* (i) relating to the fore-on

पौर्विक paura-ika, *a.* (i) prior, previous, former, ancient

पौलस्त्य pauraśtya, *a.* relating to or descended from Pulasti or Pulastya; *m.* *pat.* descendant of Pulasti or Pulastya, *cp.* of Kubera and of Ravana; moon.

पौलोम pauloma, *a.* relating to or treating of Pulomā; *m.* *pl.* a class of demons: -*i*, *f.* *pat.* of the wife of Indra: -*vallabha*, *m.* lover of Paulomā, *cp.* of Indra.

पौष pausha, *a.* (i) relating to the time when the moon is in the asterism Pūṣya; *m.* a month, December-January; -*i*, *f.* night or day of full-moon in the month Pūṣa.

पौष्कर paushkara, *a.* (i) relating to the blue lotus. [ment, full strength

पौष्कल्य paushkal-ya, *n.* complete develop-

पौष्टिक paushṭi-ka, *a.* (i) relating to or furthering prosperity or growth; furthering (g.).

पौष्य paushya, *a.* (i) belonging, relating, or sacred to Pūṣan; relating to the sun; *n.* the lunar asterism Revatī.

पौष्य paushya, *a.* (i) coming from or made of flowers; -*ketava*, *a.* relating to the god of love (Pushpa-ketu).

पौष्य paushya, *a.* relating to the asterism Pūṣya.

प्यै PYAI, I. *ā.* *pyāya*, be exuberant, swell, overflow. *ā.* swell, ferment (*fluids*); become full of, grow rich in (m.); *cs.* -*pyāya-ya*, *P. ā.* cause to swell, fill up, water (*Soma*), quicken, refresh, strengthen; replenish, augment: *pp.* *āpyārita*, fattened, strengthened. *śam-ā*, swell, increase, *cs.* nourish, animate, refresh.

प्र *pr.* *prā*, *ad.* (with verbs) before; forward, onward, on, forth: with nouns, fore, great: *in relationship*; - with *a.* exceedingly, very.

प्र *pr.* *prā*, () *a.* filling, satisfying, nourishing; resembling; *n.* a fulfilment

प्रउग prā-uga, *n.* fore-part of the shafts of a vehicle, triangle; *m.* *n.* *N.* of the second Nakṣatra in the morning libation.

प्रकट pra-kṛta [pra-kṛta, made plain], displayed, manifest, visible: - or -*m.* *ad.* manifestly, clearly, visibly; *m.* *N.*: -*na*, *n.* manifestation, making visible.

प्रकटय prakṛta-ya, *den.* *P.* manifest, make visible; show, disclose: *pp.* *ita*, displayed, shown: - , *ad.* evidently

प्रकटीकृत prakṛti-kṛt, manifest, show, display: -*bhū*, become manifest, appear

प्रकम्प pra-kamp-a, *a.* trembling; *m.* tremor, quake: -*ana*, *n.* wind; *N.* of an *Asura*, *n.* shaking, wagging: -*ita*, *pp.* *√kamp*, *n.* tremor, -*in*, *a.* trembling, moving to and fro, -*ya*, *fp.* to be caused to tremble or quake

प्रकर pra-kara, *m.* (scattered) heap, quantity, plenty: -*i*, *f.* kind of song, short interlude (in a drama); -*kāraṇa*, *n.* production, creation, treatment, discussion, exposition, subject of discussion, topic, section, chapter; special treatise, monograph; kind of drama (in which the plot is invented by the poet): -*asmin* *eva* *prakāraṇa*, in regard to this very point, in this connection; *na* *a* *prakāraṇam* *vetasi*, nor do you know what the point in question is: -*tas*, *ad.* on a suitable occasion, -*tva*, *n.* condition of discussing: -*kartavya*, *fp.* to be prepared; to be dis-tinguished or cherished; to be appointed to *be*; -*karta*, *m.* one who causes or occasions; -*karsha*, *m.* (preference, advantage), excel-lence, superiority, pre-eminence, int-macy, excess, predominance; - *a* consisting for the most part in; *in*, *ab.* -, highly, strongly, thoroughly; -*karshaṇa*, *m.* troubler; *n.* drawing off, protraction; extension, long duration; -*karshaṇa*, *a.* excellent; -, dis-tinguished or pre-eminent in; -*kalpanā*, *f.* allotment; -*kālp-ita*, *pp.* fitted, arranged, placed; -*kālp-ya*, *to* be allotted or settled; -*kāṅkṣā*, *f.* appetite; -*kāṇḍa*, *m.* *n.* trunk of a tree (between the root and branches); minor section in a book; - *pr* - eminent, excellent; -*kāma*, *m.* delight, voluptuousness. *pl.* objects of desire: -*m.* -*tas*, or -, *ad.* with delight, willingly; according to desire, sufficiently; in very deed; -*kāra*, *m.* kind, sort, species; way, manner; - *a* of the nature of, like. *kṇa* *prakāraṇa*, in what way? how? *prakāraṭh*, in one way or another; *rāmāyanaśya bhāratasya vā prakāraṭh*, a kind of Rāmāyana or Mahabharata; -*kāra-ka*, *a.* () of the nature of, like; -*kāra-tā*, *f.* speciality, -*kāra-vat*, *a.* belong-ing to a species; -*kārya*, *fp.* to be exhibited; -*kālena*, *a.* driving on, *m.* *N.* of a Nāga

प्रकाश pra-kāśa, *a.* shining (out), clear, bright; manifest, open, visible, public; pro-

duced or occasioned by (); generally known, renowned, for (in. or), in (); having the appearance of, resembling, like (); -*m* or -, *ad.* openly, publicly; aloud (dr.); *m.* lustre, splendour, light (often - is titles of *eretical works*); manifestation, renown, open place, open air; publicity; *ab.* man-ifestly, certainly; *be* publicly, openly; aloud; -*kāra-ka*, *a.* (ikā) clear, bright, shining, generally known, renowned; illuminating, making clear, explaining; expressing, dis-cussing; *m.* illuminator, sun; -*kāra-tā*, *f.* brightness, lustre; renown; publicity -*m* *gam*, become known; -*kāra-tva*, *a.* mani-festation, appearance, renown; -*kāra-dovi*, *f.* *N.*; -*kāra-ana*, *a.* illuminating; *n.* illumina-tion, allowing to appear, manifestation; -*kāra-nāri*, *f.* public woman, prostitute; -*kāra-aniya*, *fp.* to be illuminated; -*kāra-ṣṭi*, *fp.* to be made clear or evident; to be manifested, -*kāra-ātma-ka-tva*, *a.* lumin-ousness; -*kāra-ātman*, *a.* whose nature is light, luminous, -*kāra-i-tā*, *f.* brightness, light; -*kāra-i-tva*, *n.* *ad.*; -*kāra-in*, *a.* bright, shining; bringing to light *g.*; -*kāra-kāraṇa*, *n.* illumination, -*kāra-kṛt*, illuminate; pub-lish; -*kāra-bhāva*, *m.* becoming light, dawn; -*kāra-itarā*, *a.* reverse of manifest, invisible; -*kāra-ya*, *fp.* to be brought to light or mani-fested -*tā*, *f.* publicity.

प्रकिरण pra-kirana, *n.* strewing, scatter-ing; -*kirna*, *pp.* *√kir* agitated, excited, wild; *n.* miscellany -*ka*, *a.* scattered, mis-cellaneous; *m.* fly whisk; tuft of hair (as an ornament of horses), miscellany; *judicial decision of an isolated case (not provided for in the law-books)*

प्रक्ष PRAKṢ, VI. *P.* (*ā.* mostly metrical) *prikhā*, ask, ask after, inquire about; ask any one, *ac*) about (*ac*), consult the future of astrology; ask, look for; en-treat: with *na*, not trouble about (*ac*); *nāmato mātaram*, ask one's *g.*) mother's name: *pr.* *pt.* *A* *prakhāmāna*, asking one self; *pr.* *prikhāya*, be asked, about (*ac*); the remote object in both *act* and *pr* is *ata* expressed by the *d.*, *h.* or *prati*, *artho*, *hetoḥ*, or *alukritya* *pp.* *prishā*, asked; solicited, desired (exceptionally of the remote object. *anu*, ask; ask after, inquire about; *pp.* in-quired about: *ā*, *N.* (*F* also *P.*) take leave of *ac* ; invoke (*a* *g.*); ask, after *śam-ā*, take leave of *prati*, ask, inquire of; ask or inquire about: *ā* *ac* , the remote object (exceptionally *g.*, *le*, or *prati*). *prati*, ask; ask about: *ā* *ac* , *vi*, ask, inquire of; find out by inquiry. *śam*, converse, greet one another, ask, ask about, consult the future. *pp.* asked

प्रजग pra-gam, *m.* (*n.*) procreation, impreg-nation; parturition; *m.* procreator; -*gāna*, *a.* generating, procreative, *n.* impregnation, parturition, procreation; birth, propagation, production, of (); genital member; pro-geny, children; -*gāya*, *m.* victory, -*gāpa*, *m.* conversation; prattle, -*gāpana*, *n.* speak-ing, talking; -*gāva*, *m.* haste, speed; -*gāva-ana*, *a.* running very fast, -*gāva*, *n.* hurry-ing, running fast, quick; -*gāsa*, *a.* -*gā*, *praja*, progeny, -*gāhita*, *pp.* given up, abandoned

प्रजा pra-jā, *f.* procreation, propagation, birth; offspring, progeny, family, descend-ants; creature, folk, people, subjects (of a prince, -*kāma*, *a.* desirous of offspring; *m.* desire of offspring.

प्रवागर pra-gāgara, *a.* watching, waking; *m.* watchman, watching, waking; waking up (*int*); -*gāgarana*, *n.* waking, sleepless-ness.

प्रमाणप्रति प्राग-गुप्ति, *f.* protection of subjects; **-गुप्ति**, *f.* of -han; **-कान्द्रा**, *m.* moon to his subjects (*honourific epithet of a prince*); **-तन्त्र**, *m.* continuation of a family, progeny.

प्रमाणप्रति प्रा-गति, *f.* procreation, parturition, propagation, birth; procreative energy; **-काम**, *a.* desirous of propagation; **-मत**, *a.* (verse) containing words relating to procreation.

प्रमाणदान प्राग-दान, *n.* procreation of children; **-द्वारा**, *n.* gate of progeny, *cp.* of the sun; **-धारा**, *n.* maintaining creatures (Vishnu); **-अध्यक्ष**, *m.* surveyor of creatures, *cp.* of the sun, Daksha, etc.; **-नाथ**, *m.* lord of creatures, *cp.* of Brahman, Manu, and Daksha; protector of the people, king, prince; **-हन्ता**, *m.* destroyer of creatures, Yama.

प्रमाणपति प्राग-पति, *m.* lord of creatures; genius presiding over procreation, protector of life; Creator, *N.* of a supreme being above the Vedic gods, this epithet is in the post-Vedic period applied to various holy men regarded as demigods, Time (personified); planet Mars; *N.* **-यज्ञ**, *n.* sacrifice to Praṇipati = procreation of children prescribed by law; **-लोक**, *m.* Praṇipati's world.

प्रमाणपाल प्राग-पाल, *m.* guardian of creatures, *cp.* of Krishna, protector of the people, prince, king, *N.* of a prince; **-पाल**, *n.* protection of the people; **-पाल**, *n.* office of guardian of the people or of king.

प्रमायिनी प्राग-यिनी, *a. f.* about to bring forth; *♀*, bearing, mother of.

प्रमाथि प्राग-रथि, *lc. ad.* for the sake of offspring.

प्रमावत् प्राग-वत्, *a. (-i)* productive of offspring, bestowing progeny; abounding in offspring, fruitful; *-i*, *f.* pregnant; bearing, mother of (*♀*); brother's wife.

प्रमावृद्धि प्राग-वृद्धि, *f.* abundance of offspring; **-व्यपार**, *m.* care for or interest in the people; **-सृष्टि**, *m.* creator of the world, *cp.* of Brahman and of Kasyapa; **-हन्ता**, *a. f.* (*-हन्ति*) killing offspring.

प्रमावृष्टि प्रा-गिरशु, *a.* about to strike; **-गिरा**, *n.* livelihood, maintenance; **-गिरा**, *m. N.* of a bird of the crow-kind *Myiagra*.

प्रमावृष्टि प्राग-िषा, *m.* lord of creatures, Creator; genius presiding over procreation; lord of the people, prince, king; **-वरा**, *m. id.*; **-िषा**, *f.* desire of offspring.

प्रमावृष्टि प्राग-ि, *m. N.*

प्रमावृष्टि प्रा-गु, *a.* intelligent; knowing, acquainted with (*♀*); **-ता**, *f.* knowledge; **-गुप्ति**, *f.* instruction, information; *kind of magic art personified*; **-कौटिल्य**, *m. N.* of a teacher familiar with this art.

प्रमावृष्टि प्रा-गु, *f.* information; discrimination, judgment, intelligence, understanding; wisdom, knowledge; purpose, resolve; **-गुप्ति**, *pp.* protected by wisdom; **-कौटिल्य**, *n.* eye of understanding; *a.* seeing with the eye of understanding; having understanding in place of eyes, blind; **-कौटिल्य**, *m.* (rich in wisdom), *N.*

प्रमावृष्टि प्रा-गु, *pp.* well-known; **-तव्य**, *fp.* to be known; **-ति**, *f.* information; ascertainment of the way to (*g*); **-त्रि**, *m.* knowing the way, guide.

प्रमावृष्टि प्राग-गुप्ति, *a.* whose nature is intellect, being all intellect; **-कौटिल्य**, *m.* Sun of Wisdom, *cp.* of a clever man.

प्रमाण प्रा-गुप्ति, *n.* cognisance; knowledge; token of recognition, distinctive mark; monument.

प्रमाणपरिता प्राग-परिता, *f.* highest degree of knowledge or understanding; **-अपेक्षा**, *pp.* destitute of knowledge; **-मया**, *a.* consisting of understanding; **-मंत्र**, *f.* element or basis of cognition, organ of sense; **-वत्**, *a.* intelligent, wise, knowing, shrewd; **-वत्**, *a.* word of wisdom; **-सहाय**, *a.* having intelligence as a companion, wise, intelligent, shrewd.

प्रमाणप्रति प्रा-गुप्ति, *n.* flaming up; **-गुप्ति**, *pp.* a. blazing, burning; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* heat of fever; **-गुप्ति**, *n.* kindling (a fire); **-गुप्ति**, *f.* flame

प्रमाणप्रति प्रा-गुप्ति, *n. (?)* tip of the nail; **-गुप्ति**, *pp.* bowing etc.; **-गुप्ति**, *f.* bow, reverential salutation, obeisance (with *g*, *lc.*, or *°* of the object); **-गुप्ति**, *m.* great-grandson; **-गुप्ति**, *m. id.*, **-गुप्ति**, *n.* bowing down before (*g* or *°*).

प्रमाणप्रति प्रा-गुप्ति, *m.* leader; guidance; manifestation, display; confidence, in (*lc.*); friendly regard; familiarity; affection, love; fond attachment (of lovers), display of affection; desire, longing, for (*lc.*); *in*, *ab.*, *°*, and *pramāṇya*, *pp.* *ad.* confidently, fearlessly; unreservedly, without ceremony; **-काल**, *m.* friendly quarrel; **-गुप्ति**, *n.* bringing, fetching, means or vessel for fetching; manifestation, display; abduction; wielding (a weapon), infliction of punishment (danda); establishing, founding; performance, execution; composition (of *°*); satisfying, satiating (*°*); **-गुप्ति**, *m.* breach of confidence; **-गुप्ति**, *a.* acting without reserve or ceremony, unaffected; tenderly attached to (*lc.* or *°*); addicted to (*°*); **-गुप्ति**, *f.* friendly service; **-गुप्ति**, *f.* love, affection (for, *lc.*); desire, longing (for, *g* or *°*); **-गुप्ति**, *a.* beloved, dear to, *g.*; tenderly attached, affectionate, loving; fond of, liking, devoted to, longing for (*m.* or *°*); frequenting, dwelling or being in (*°*); aiming at, having in view (*°*); combined or provided with (*°*); *m.* favourite, dear friend, lover, husband; *-i*, *f.* mistress, wife; **-गुप्ति**, *pp.* attach closely; *pp.* connected with (*m.* or *°*); **-गुप्ति**, *pp.* again become attached to (*lc.*).

प्रमाण प्रा-गुप्ति, *m.* [pronouncement; *√nu*] the sacred syllable *om*; **-का**, *°* *a. ul.*

प्रमाणप्रति प्रा-गुप्ति, *f.* channel; *in*, indirectly; by means of (*°*); **-गुप्ति**, *f. id.*; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* loud noise, shout, yell, roar, cry, neigh, etc; tugging in the ear; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* bow, obeisance, reverent salutation (*°* with the object); **-गुप्ति** or **-गुप्ति**, *°*, bow down to the ground; **-गुप्ति**, *a. (-°)* bowing down before, worshipping; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* commander (of an army); **-गुप्ति**, *fp.* suitable, worthy (*pupli*); **-गुप्ति**, *m.* row, series (*°*); *3.* *f.* channel, watercourse; mediation, means; **-गुप्ति**, *f.* channel, conduit; means; *in*, indirectly; by means of; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* extinction, cessation, disappearance, loss; decrease, death; **-गुप्ति**, *a. (-i)* causing to cease, destroying, removing; *n.* destruction; **-गुप्ति**, *a.* destroying, removing (only *°* *f.* and at the end of a hemistich).

प्रमाणप्रति प्रा-गुप्ति, *n.* application, employment; exertion, endeavour; respectful behaviour, towards (*lc.*); submission to the will of (*°*); profound meditation; vehement desire (*B.*); vow (*B.*); **-गुप्ति**, *a.* employing (messengers); **-गुप्ति**, *m.* spying; sending out (of messengers); request; spy,

emissary; **-गुप्ति**, *pp.* become a spy in the service of (*°*); **-गुप्ति**, *fp.* to be applied; to be sent out as a spy; **-गुप्ति**, *n.* falling down before any one, prostration; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* prostration, reverent salutation; humble submission to (*g.*); **-गुप्ति**, *a.* prostrating oneself, submitting; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* leader; **-गुप्ति**, *pp. √ni*; *3.* *f.* *pl.* water fetched (on the morning of the rite), holy water; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* pot for the holy water, **-गुप्ति**, *n.* vessel for fetching the holy water; **-गुप्ति**, *f.* guidance; leading away.

प्रमाण प्रा-गुप्ति, *a. (-°)* driving away, removing, dispelling; **-गुप्ति**, *a. id.*

प्रमाणप्रति प्रा-गुप्ति, *n.* washing; bathing; water for washing; **-गुप्ति**, *fp.* to be led or guided; to be performed or employed; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* leader, guide (of, *g.*; *ac.* in *°*); fashioner, creator; author; **-गुप्ति**, *a.* containing the notion of leading; **-गुप्ति**, *3 pl. pp. √nad*, they uttered cries; **-गुप्ति**, *fp.* to be led or guided; amenable, yielding, obedient; to be employed, applicable; to be performed; to be fixed or determined; **-गुप्ति**, *fp.* to be driven away (*°*).

प्रमाणप्रति प्रा-गुप्ति, *abs.* gliding, creeping; **-गुप्ति**, *n. (?)* high bank; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* great-grandfather; **-गुप्ति**, *a.* very fine, delicate, narrow, slender, thin, emaciated, small, or insignificant; **-गुप्ति**, *n.* very delicate; **-गुप्ति**, *n.* warning; **-गुप्ति**, *pp.*; *n. (?)* purified gold; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* burner, scorcher; **-गुप्ति**, *cp. ac. f.* *ad.* especially; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* crossing over (*°*); **-गुप्ति**, *a. (-i)* furthering, promoting, increasing; *n.* crossing over; **-गुप्ति**, *cp. ac. ad.* further, still more; in future; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* inference, supposition; **-गुप्ति**, *fp.* conceivable; **-गुप्ति**, *a.* destroying; **-गुप्ति**, *a.* vigorous, powerful; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* tendril; plant with tendrils, climbing plant; **-गुप्ति**, *a.* having tendrils; ramified; **-गुप्ति**, *pp.* treated diffusely; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* heat; splendour; majesty, dignity, superiority (often compared with the heat of the sun); vigour, power, energy; *N.*; **-गुप्ति**, *a.* making it hot for any one, pressing hard on, harassing, afflicting; *n.* heating; **-गुप्ति**, *m. N.*; **-गुप्ति**, *n.* *N.* of a city; **-गुप्ति**, *a.* full of dignity, powerful, majestic, glorious (of persons); **-गुप्ति**, *m. N.* of a prince; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* Sun of Majesty, *N.* and *cp.* of various princes; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* *in* *un* used as 3 *sy fl.* of *cp.* of *prap*; **-गुप्ति**, *a.* hot, burning, scorching; making it hot for any one, harassing, afflicting; glorious, majestic; conferring dignity; **-गुप्ति**, *a.* extremely red; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* crossing over (*g.*); **-गुप्ति**, *a.* deceiving, cheating; *m.* cheat; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* taking across (water); crossing over (*g.* or *°*) = **-गुप्ति**; deceiving, cheating; *3.* *f.* cheating, fraud; **-गुप्ति**, *fp.* to be deceived or cheated; **-गुप्ति**, *m.* promoter, increaser.

प्रमाणप्रति प्रा-गुप्ति, *ad.* with verbs and *°* with nouns, against, counter, back, in return; with nouns also = every, *pp. 1* with (usually preceding) *ac.* against, towards, to, upon, in the direction of; before, in the presence or the eyes of, about, near, on, in, at, at the time of, about; through, for (of time); from (protect); compared with; in favour of, for; concerning, in regard to, on account of, through, for, as (with predicative *ac.*, e.g. *tak* for, regard *ac.*); according to, by; in or at every; 2. with *ab.* at the time of, about (only *RT*); 3. with *g.* concerning, with regard to; *°* in *all cpds.* towards; at the time of, about; according to; in or at every; **-गुप्ति**, *ad.* to oneself (speak); **-गुप्ति**, *ad.* for a long time; **-गुप्ति**, *ad.* repeatedly; **-गुप्ति**, *ad.* in my

प्रतिपक्ष *prati-pakṣa, m.* opposite side; opposition, hostile party, opponent, adversary; rival (in, *in*), - *a.* rivaling: -**गणमान**, *a.* produced by enemies, *-tā, f., -tva, n.* opposition, hostility, -**पक्षहिता**, *pp.* opposed, contradictory, -**पक्षिण**, *m.* opponent, adversary; -**पक्षा**, *m.* exchange; counter-

stake (in play); **-pattavya**, *fp.* to be obtained or received; - given (*answer*); - comprehended or understood; *n. impl.* one should behave; one should assume or lay down; **-patti**, *f.* attainment, acquirement; perception, comprehension; understanding, intelligence; supposition, view, assertion; admission; giving, bestowal on *any one* (*lc. or -*); causing; taking in hand (*-*); enterprise, procedure, action, in or with (*g. or lc.*); respectful behaviour, mark of respect, honour; confidence, assurance, determination; resource, means for (*lc.*), expedient against (*g.*); high rank, dominion, rule; conclusion; **-tra kā pratipattiś syāt**, what is to be done in that case? **kā tasya pratipattiś**, what is to be done with it? **pratipattim dā**, show honour; **-dāksha**, *a.* resourceful; **-pūrvakam**, *ad.* respectfully; **-pradhāna**, *n.* showing of honour; **-mat**, *a.* intelligent, resourceful.

प्रतिपथ प्रति-patha, ° or **-m**, *ad.* along the road; backwards; **-pād**, *f.* entrance, approach; beginning; initial verse, introductory stanza; first day of a lunar fortnight or of the moon's increase; **-pāda**, ° or **-m**, *ad.* at every step; everywhere, on every occasion; at every word; literally, expressly; each singly; **-pāna**, *pp.* obtained, gained; overcome, conquered, subdued; **-tva**, *n.* condition of having been promised; **-parigamāna**, *n.* going round again or back; **-paryāyam**, *ad.* at every turn; **-parva**, *ad.* at every change of the moon; **-pallava**, *m.* opposing or outstretched branch.

प्रतिपाय प्रति-pāṇa, *a.* bartering; *m.* counter-stake; revenge at play; **-pātram**, *ad.* in or on every part (in a play); **-pādaka**, *a.* (likā) giving, bestowing (*-*); discussing, treating of, teaching; explanatory, illustrative; **-pādāna**, *n.* causing to attain (*-*); giving, bestowal, on (*lc. or -*); giving back, returning; bringing back; inauguration in (*-*), producing, causing; setting forth, treating of, propounding, illustrating, teaching; commencement; **-pādāniya**, *fp.* to be given, in marriage (*Pr.*); to be propounded, discussed or treated of; **-pādāpam**, *ad.* in every tree; **-pādām**, *ad.* in every verse (*pāda*); **-pādāyitavya**, *fp.* to be bestowed or presented; **-pādāyitri**, *m.* bestower, on (*lc.*); propounder, teacher; **-pādūkā**, *f.* pedestal; **-pādya**, *fp.* to be propounded, explained, or discussed; under discussion; **-pāna**, *n.* drinking; drinking water; **-pāpa**, *a.* bad in return, requiting any one (*lc.*) with evil; **-pālana**, *n.* watching, guarding, protection, rearing, nurture (*of animals*); keeping, observance, maintenance, of (*g. or -*); expectation (*Pr.*); **-pālaniya** or **-pālayitavya**, *fp.* to be expected or waited for; **-pālina**, *a.* guarding, protecting; **-pālya**, *fp.* to be protected or guarded; to be waited for.

प्रतिपत्सा प्रति-pitsā, *f.* desire to obtain, striving after; **-pitsu**, *des.* a. desiring to obtain, striving after (*ac or -*); wishing to learn (*ac*); **-pipādāyishā**, *f.* desire to propound or discuss (*ac*); **-pipādāyishu**, *des.* a. being about to propound, discuss, or explain; **-pīlana**, *n.* devastation, of (*-*).

प्रतिपुनियत प्रति-pum-niyata, *pp.* specially meant for every soul; **-puraṇa**, *m.* similar man, representative; companion; doll; ° or **-m**, *ad.* man for man, for each man; for every soul; **-pustaka**, *n.* copy of an original manuscript, transcript; **-pūṣka**, *a.* honouring (*-* or *g.*); **-pūṣana**, *n.* doing honour to (*g.*); **-pūṣṭi**, *f.* id. (with *g. or lc.*); **-pūya**, *fp.* to be honoured; **-pūrana**, *n.* filling, occupation of (*g.*); being filled with (*in*); stoppage, obstruction; **-prasthā**, *f.* each side of a leaf.

प्रतिप्रक्षति प्रति-pragñāti, *f.* discrimination, ascertainment; **-pranavam**, *ad.* at every 'om'; **-pranava-samyukta**, *pp.* accompanied with 'om' on each occasion; **-pranāma**, *m.* counter-bow, salutation in return; **-prati**, *a.* (*m. n.*) forming a counter-part, counterbalancing, a match for (*ac*); **-pratika**, ° or **-m**, *ad.* at every initial word; on every part of the body; **-pradhāna**, *n.* giving back, restitution; bestowal in marriage; **-prabhā**, *f.* pl. reflexion (*of fire*); **-prabhātām**, *ad.* every morning; **-prayavana**, *n.* repeated mixing; **-prayāna**, *n.* return; **-prasava**, *m.* counter question, answer; **-prasava**, *m.* counter precept, annulment of a prohibition regarding (*-*); return to the original state; **-prasavam**, *ad.* at every birth; **-prasthātri**, *m.* priest assisting the Adhvaryu; **-prasthāna**, *n.* office of the Pratiprasthātri; **-prabhāra**, *m.* counter blow, stroke in return; **-prānt**, *ad.* in or for every living being; **-prābhrita**, *n.* counter present; **-prasthānika**, *a.* relating to the office of the Pratiprasthātri.

प्रतिप्रिय प्रति-priya, *n.* counter-favour, service in return; **-prekshana**, *n.* looking at any one again; **-praisha**, *m.* counter call; **-plavana**, *n.* leaping back.

प्रतिफलन प्रति-phalana, *n.* reflexion, reflected image.

प्रतिबद्ध प्रति-baddha, *pp.* connected; **-tā**, *f.* connexion with (*-*); **-bandhtri**, *m.* hinderer, obstructor; **-tā**, *f.* obstruction; **-bandha**, *m.* connexion; investment, siege; hindrance, impediment; stoppage, suspension; logical impediment, obstructive argument; support; *in.* by employing all kinds of obstacles; **-ka**, *a.* (likā) hindering, obstructing; **-vat**, *a.* beset with obstacles; **-bandhi-kalpanā**, *f.* assumption liable to a legitimate contradiction; **-bandhin**, *a.* liable to be impeded or checked; °, impeding, obstructing; **-bandhi-tā**, *f.* state of checking, obstruction; **-bala**, *1. n.* hostile army; 2. *a.* having equal strength, being a match for (*g.*), equally strong in (*-*); capable of, adequate to (*inf. or d. of*); **-bala**, *n.* well-matched adversary; **-bādha**, *a.* repelling (*-*); **-bādha**, *n.* warding off, repulsion (*of g.*); **-bāhu**, *m.* fore-arm.

प्रतिबिम्ब प्रति-bimba, (*m.*) *n.* reflected disc (*of the sun or moon in the water*), reflected image, reflexion, shadow, likeness; **-bimbana**, *n.* reflexion; comparing; **-bimbita**, (*den.*) *pp.* reflected, in (*-*); **-bimbi-kri**, *reflect*, resemble (*ac*).

प्रतिबुद्धि प्रति-buddhi, *f.* awaking (*fig.*); **-bōdha**, *m.* awaking; knowledge; **-ka**, *a.* awaking (*ac*); *m.* instructor; **-bodhana**, *a.* awakening, quickening; *n.* awaking; spreading, diffusion; wakening; enlightening, instructing; **-ā**, *f.* awaking, recovery of consciousness; **-bodhanīya**, *fp.* to be awakened; **-bōdha-vat**, *a.* possessed of understanding; **-bodhin**, *a.* awaking.

प्रतिभट्ट प्रति-bhṭa, *a.* being a match for any one, equal to anything; rivaling (*1. or -*); *m.* adversary; **-tā**, *f.* rivalry with (*g.*); **-bhaṣi-kri**, *put* on an equality with; **-bhāsa**, *a.* formidable, terrible, dangerous; **-na**, *ad.*; *n.* fear, of (*ab. or -*); danger; **-kara**, *n.* *a.* causing fear.

प्रतिभा प्रति-bhā, *f.* resemblance, image; light, lustre (*-*); understanding, intelligence; presence of mind; brilliant idea, happy thought; well-founded presumption; fancy, phantom; **-bhāga**, *m.* daily present (*consisting of fruit, flowers, and vegetables offered to a king*); **-āsa**, *ad.* in divisions or classes; **-bhāna**, *n.* obviousness; brilliancy of conception;

understanding; **-vat**, *a.* quick-witted, endowed with presence of mind, prompt; **-tva**, *n.* quick intelligence, promptness; **-bhāva**, *m.* counterpart; **-tā**, *f.* *abel. n.*; **-bhā-vat**, *a.* endowed with presence of mind; quick-witted; **-bhāsa**, *m.* appearing; appearance; occurrence of a thought; delusion; **-na**, *n.* appearing; appearance, semblance; **-bhi**, *f.* fear.

प्रतिभू प्रति-bhū, *m.* surety, for (*d.*, *g.*, or *-*); representative of = equalling; **-bhū-pāla**, *m.* hostile prince; *pl.* every single prince; **-bhūbhṛit**, *m.* hostile prince.

प्रतिभेद प्रति-bheda, *m.* severance; betrayal, discovery; **-bhedana**, *n.* splitting, bursting, dashing to pieces; **-bhadraya**, *a.* terrible; **-bhoga**, *m.* enjoyment; (*medically*) prescribed diet.

प्रतिमङ्गलवार प्रति-maṅgala-vāra, *m.* *pl.* every Tuesday; **-mandala**, *n.* counter or second disc; **-mantra**, *n.* response; **-mantram**, *ad.* with or at every verse; **-mandiram**, *ad.* in every house; **-manvantara**, *n.* every Manu period; **-m** or **e**, in every; **-malla**, *m.* counter-wrestler, opposing warrior; rival.

प्रतिमा प्रति-mā, *f.* [counter-measure]. likeness, image, figure; picture; idol; symbol (*° with a word meaning moon* = reflected moon, reflexion of the moon); measure; ° *a.* (a) resembling, like; **-mātri**, *ad.* according to the several mothers; **-mātrā**, *f.* *pl.* all the mores; **-māna**, *n.* counter-measure; well-matched opponent; pattern; comparison, resemblance, equality; weight (*measure*); **-mānanā**, *f.* homage; **-mānayitavya**, *fp.* to be regarded or considered; **-māyā**, *f.* counter charm; **-mārga**, *m.* way back; **-mā-vivesha**, *m.* kind of image or figure; **-māsa**, ° or **-m**, *ad.* every month.

प्रतिमुक्त प्रति-mukta, ° *ad.* in or on every bud; **-mukti**, *f.* leave (*to depart*); **-mukha**, *1. n.* part of a play in which the plot thickens, epitasis; reply, answer; 2. *a.* being in front, opposite, confronting; imminent, present; 3. ° or **-m**, *ad.* in front, against or backwards; **-mudrā**, *f.* counterfeit seal; impression of a seal; **-muhus**, *ad.* again and again, continually; **-muhūrtam**, *ad.* every moment, continually.

प्रतिमोक्ष प्रति-moksha, *n.* remission (*of taxes*); **-mōkṣa**, *n.* riddance, deliverance from (*-*).

प्रतियत्न प्रति-yatna, *m.* trouble bestowed upon anything, elaboration, preparation, manufacture; **-yatana**, *n.* requital; **-ā**, *f.* image, figure, statue (*of a god*); **-yāna**, *n.* return; **-yāminā**, *ad.* every night; **-yāgin**, *a.* going against, attacking; **-yuddha**, *n.* counter-contest, fighting in return; **-yuvati**, *f.* female rival, concubine; **-yuvam**, *ad.* towards the youth; **-yoga**, *m.* opposition, resistance; *m. pl.* by remedies or antidotes; **-yogam**, *ad.* rule by rule; **-yogika**, *a.* correlative, contrasting with (*-*); **-tva**, *n.* correlativeness; **-yog-in**, *a.* correlative, contrasting; *m.* opponent, adversary; **-1-tā**, *f.* (*-1*) **-tva**, *n.* correlation, contrast; **-yogayitavya**, *fp.* to be strung or the strings of which are to be tuned (*lute*); **-yoddhavya**, *fp.* to be fought against in return; **-yoddhtri**, *m.* combatant; well-matched adversary; **-yodha**, *m.* combatant, antagonist; **-yodhana**, *n.* combating; combat; **-yodhin**, *m.* combatant, equal antagonist (*-*); **-yoshit**, *f.* female rival, concubine.

प्रतिरक्षि प्रति-ragani, *ad.* every night; **-ratna**, *m.* (whose chariot is against one),

adversary in fight, equal antagonist; -**rath-yam**, *ad.* on every road; -**ravā**, *m.* shouting at any one, quarrelling, brawl; echo (*eg. d. pl.*); -**rasita**, (*pp.*) *n.* echo.

प्रतिराज *prati-rāja*, *m.* rival or hostile king; -**rājan**, *m. id.*; -**rātram** or -**rātri**, *ad.* every night; -**ripa**, *ad.* against the enemy; -**rāpa**, *n.* counter-form, effigy, image, likeness; pattern; counterfeit, of (*g*); *a.* resembling; corresponding, suitable; handsome, comely; -**ka**, *a* (*ikā*) resembling, having the appearance of; counterfeit, *m.* quick, charlatan, -**karyā**, *f.* exemplary conduct

प्रतिरोध *prati-rodhā*, *m.* opposer, of (*g*).
-**rodha**, *m.* impediment, obstruction -**ka**, *m.* obstructor; robber; -**rodhana**, *n.* obstruction, prevention; allowing anything (*g*) to pass by fruitlessly; -**rodhin**, *m.* robber.

प्रतिबक्षण *prati-bakṣhaṇa*, *n.* symptom;
-**labhya**, *fp.* obtainable; -**lambha**, *m.* obtainment, acquirement; regainment, comprehension; -**lābha**, *m.* obtainment, acquisition, -**liṅgam**, *ad.* at every phallus; -**lekhaṇa**, *n.* -**lekha**, *f.* prescribed cleansing of all utensils; -**loka**, *m.* every world, -**lomā**, *a.* against the hair, against the grain, contrary, unfavourable, hostile; inverted, contrary to the natural or prescribed order; *or* -**m**, *ad.* in the inverted order, in the wrong direction, perversely; *in* in an unkind way; -**lomaka**, *a.* inverted, contrary to the natural or prescribed order, *n.* perverseness; -**loma-tas**, *a.* on account of the inverted order or direction; in the reverse order or direction; -**loma-anuloma**, *a.* (against or with the grain), speaking for or against; - *or* -**m**, *ad.* in the inverted order; in the wrong and *or* the natural order or direction, -**tas**, *ad.* in an unfriendly and a friendly manner

प्रतिवक्तव्य *prati-vaktavya*, *fp.* to be replied to; to be given (answer); to be combated or disputed; to be contradicted (person); -**val-ana**, *n.* answer, reply, to *q* or (*g*); -**i-kri**, give as an answer, reply with (*ac*); -**valāsa**, *n.* answer; -**val-sara**, *m.* year; -**val-saram**, *ad.* every year, -**vaditavya**, *fp.* to be combated or disputed; -**vanam**, *ad.* in every forest, -**vat**, *a.* containing the word 'prati'; -**vanitā**, *f.* female rival, -**varāna**, *m.* each caste -**m**, *ad.* for every caste, -**varāka**, *a.* having a corresponding colour, similar, -**var-sha**, *or* -**m**, *ad.* every year, -**vallabhā**, *f.* female rival, concubine, -**vasati**, *ad.* in or on every house, -**vasu**, *n.* corresponding thing, equivalent, compensation; -**upamā**, *f.* parallel simile (*rb*); -**vahni-pradakshi-nam**, *ad.* at every circumambulation of the fire from left to right; -**vākya**, *n.* answer, -**vāk**, *f.* yelling or barking at *pl* *a.* answer; -**vākita**, *n.* answer; -**vāta**, *m.* wind blowing in front, -**m**, *ad.* against the wind; *le* to the leeward; -**vāda**, *m.* refusal, rejection; -**vād-in**, *a.* contradicting; refractory, *m.* opponent; defendant (*n* a lawsuit); -**vā-sana**, *i*, *a.* warding off, *n.* keeping off; *2* hostile elephant; -**vārtā**, *f.* news; -**vārya**, *fp.* to be warled off (-); -**vāśaram**, *m.* daily.

प्रतिविघात *prati-vighāta*, *m.* warding off;
-**vi-apam**, *ad.* for every branch, -**vidyam**, *ad.* at every doctrine; -**vidhātavya**, *fp.* to be employed, - provided against; *n.* *impl.* one should take care; -**vidhāna**, *n.* counter-reaction, prevention, precaution against (*g* or *ac*), care or provision for; *or* -**vidhi**, *m.* remedy for (-); -**vidhittā**, *f.* desire or intention to counteract; -**vidheya**, *fp.* to be done against; - rejected; *n.* *impl.* one should take precautions, one should take measures against (*lc*); -**viparita**, *pp.* exactly opposite; -**vibhāga**, *m.* distribution, apportionment,

-**virati**, *ad.* on each cessation or disappearance; -**vi-saha**, *m.* peculiarity, particular circumstance; -**vi-seshana**, *n.* detailed specification; -**vi-va**, *a.* *pl.* all and sundry; *le* in all cases; -**vi-sha**, *a.* containing an antidote, -**vi-shaya**, *m.* *pl.* all objects of sense; *or* -**m**, *ad.* with regard to each individual object of sense; -**vita**, *pp.* *√*vyā; -**vira**, *m.* opponent; equal antagonist; -**vi-ritāntam**, *ad.* according to the saying, as they say; -**vi-sha**, *m.* hostile bull; -**vedam**, *ad.* in the case of or for every Veda; -**vedāntam**, *ad.* in every Upanishad; -**velam**, *ad.* at every opportunity; -**vera**, *a.* neighbouring; auxiliary, subordinate, minor; *m.* neighbour, neighbouring house; -**vedin**, *a.* neighbouring; *m.* neighbour; -**ve-ma**, *ad.* in every house; -**verman**, *n.* neighbouring house; -**ve-ya**, *m.* neighbour, -**vaira**, *n.* counter-hostility, revenge, -**vodhavya**, *fp.* to be carried home.

प्रतिवाहार *prati-vyāhāra*, *m.* answer.
-**vyāha**, *m.* opposing battle array, echo.

प्रतिषङ्ग *prati-saṅkā*, *f.* supposition, considering to be (*g*); -**ratra**, *m.* combatant, antagonist, foe; -**abda**, *m.* echo -**ka**, *m.* *ad.* *ga*, *a.* following the sound, -**vat**, *a.* echoing; -**sama**, *m.* cessation; -**ayita**, *pp.* *√*ad; *n.* importunity; -**sara**, *m.* fracture, -**sarāna**, *n.* adversary's bow, -**asin**, *m.* mock moon; -**śākhā**, *ad.* for every Vedic school; -**śikhā**, *f.* minor branch *pl.* all the Vedic schools, -**śpa**, *m.* counter curse; -**śsana**, *n.* secondary authority; *or* -**śāya**, *m.* cold, catarrh, -**śraya**, *m.* refuge, assistance; asylum, shelter, dwelling, abode, habitation; repository of (*g*); *a.* dwelling; -**śravā**, *a.* answering *lc*, *m.* promise, word, assurance, -**śrava-na**, *n.* answering; promising, assenting, -**śrut**, *f.* echo; answer; -**śruti**, *f.* answer; promise; echo; -**śloka**, *ad.* at every sloka

प्रतिषेध्य *prati-śheddhavya*, *fp.* to be restrained; - denied, -**śheddhā, *m.* preventer, restrainer, of (*g*), *lc* *a.* of thing -**śhedha**, *m.* prevention, deterrent, restraintment; prohibition; annulment, negation, negative; refusal; -**ka**, *a* (*ikā*) keeping off, forbidding, negating, -**śhedana**, *a.* warding off; *n.* preventing, deterring, restraining, *lc* *m.* *ab*), prohibition against (*ab*); rejection, refutation; -**śhedaniya**, *fp.* to be restrained or prevented, -**śhedhayitra**, *a.* *tri* negating; -**śhedha akshara**, *n.* refusal; -**śhedha śt-maka**, *a.* having a negative form, -**śhedha apavāda**, *m.* annulment of a prohibition; -**śhedha arthiya**, *a.* having the meaning of a negation, -**śhedha ukti**, *f.* negative or prohibitory expression; -**śhedha upamā**, *f.* comparison having a negative form; -**śhedhya**, *fp.* to be prevented, prohibited, or rejected; - denied, -**śhambha**, *m.* obstruction, hindrance, impediment, annulment; -**śhambha-in**, *a.* impeding (-); -**śhāha**, *a.* steadfast, resting, -**śhā**, *f.* standing still; stand fastness, stability, perseverance in (-); standing-place, position, repository; foundation; support; abiding-place, homestead, dwelling; pediment, foot (*of men or animals*); tranquillity; pre-eminence; standing, high position; accession to the throne; erection of an image or Linga, *N.* of various metres. (*ś*); -**kāma**, *a.* desiring a fixed abode or high position, -**śhāhāna**, *n.* firm standing-place, foundation; pedestal, foot; founding of a city; *N.* of a town situated at the confluence of the Ganges and the Yamunā, *m.* *N.* of a locality on the Godāvari the Pathana of the Greeks, -**śhāhāra**, *n.* erection of an image, establishment, corroboration; *ś*, *f.* counter-assertion, statement of an antithesis; -**śhāhāpātavya**, *fp.* to be placed; -**śhāhā-pya**, *fp.* to be placed or based on (*lc*); to be**

entrusted to (*d.* or *lc*); -**śhāśāra**, *des* *a.* intending to depart; -**śhā**, *f.* resistance; -**śhā**, *pp.* (*√*sthā) famous, celebrated; expert in (*lc*); -**pada**, *n.* having verses (*padas*) containing a fixed number of syllables; -**śhāthi**, *f.* firm stand or footing

प्रतिषेद्योष *prati-sanyoddhri*, *m.* combatant, antagonist; -**samvatsaram**, *ad.* every year; -**samvidhāna**, *n.* counter-act, blow in return; -**samvedana**, *n.* perception, consciousness (*of anything*); -**samvedin**, *a.* feeling, being conscious of; -**samvāha**, *m.* restoration, entrance into (-); -**samvāha**, *m.* withdrawal; abandonment of (*g* or *lc*); abstinence from (*ab*); -**samvāra**, *m.* dissolution; impression; -**samkhyā**, *f.* consciousness; -**samkhyāna**, *n.* reconsideration, circumspection; -**samkāra**, *m.* backward movement (-); dissolution, - of the world; exercising ground; that in which anything is absorbed, -**sam-gīrisha**, *des* *a.* wishing to give up or free oneself from (*ac*); -**sadanam**, *ad.* into each several abode; -**sadma**, *ad.* at or in every house; -**samdo-sa**, *m.* counter-message, answer to a message; -**samdośhavya**, *fp.* to be sent in reply to a message; -**samdhātri**, *m.* recollector; -**samdhāna**, *n.* putting together again, joining, combination; juncture, period of transition between two cosmic ages; recollection; -**samdhī**, *m.* re-union; re-entry into (-) or into the womb; connexion; juncture, interval between two cosmic ages; adverse news (*of late*); -**śāna**, *n.* recognition; -**sama**, *a.* equal, -**samādhāna**, *n.* collecting oneself again, composure, -**samāna**, *n.* resistance, equality with (*g*); *or* -**samākeśha**, *n.* counter look, return glance, -**sambandhi**, *ad.* according to the respective connexion; -**sarā**, *m.* (returning back into itself), annulment, worn round the neck or arm, *esp.* at nuptials also *ś*, *f.* circle, -**sarāna**, *n.* having recourse to (-), *n.* flowing backwards (*of fluids*); -**sarga**, *m.* secondary or continued creation out of primary matter, -**sargam**, *ad.* at every creation; -**sādhana**, *n.* counter-proof, -**sāmānta**, *m.* adversary, enemy, -**śāyam**, *ad.* towards evening; -**śārāna**, *n.* application of remedies to a wound, -**śikha**, *m.* rival or hostile lion, -**sundari**, *f.* female rival, concubine; -**surya**, *m.* 1. mock sun, 2. backing in the sun, kind of lizard -**ka**, *m.* mock sun; -**sonā**, *f.* hostile army.

प्रतिस्कन्ध *prati-skandha*, *m.* each shoulder *m.* each on his shoulder; -**sthānam**, *ad.* in every place, everywhere; -**sneha**, *m.* incoherent for pati snobs; -**spardhin**, *a.* vying with, rivaling, emulating; -**spavā**, *a.* spying, lurking; -**srotas**, *ad.* against the stream, upstream, -**svana**, *m.* *pl.* or *lc*; *echo*; -**svam**, *ad.* each singly; -**svara**, *n.* echo.

प्रतिहतथी *prati-hata-dhi*, *a.* hostilely disposed; -**hata-arya**, *a.* whose current is impeded by (-); -**hati**, *f.* blow; rebound, -**hantavya**, *fp.* to be opposed; -**hantri**, *m.* warder-off, preventer; -**hartri**, *m.* withdrawer, destroyer; remover, preventer, *a.* kind of friend, assistant of the Uddhri, -**harsha**, *m.* expression of joy; -**harshana**, *a.* causing joy in return, -**hata**, *m.* person at one's hand, substitute, deputy, proxy -**ka**, *m.* substitute, -**tva**, *n.* deputyship, -**hastin**, *m.* keeper of a brood

प्रतिहार *prati-hāra*, *m.* striking against anything, contact of the tongue; certain syllables with which the Pratihātri strikes into the chant in the Sāma litany, *gate*, janitor; *2*, *f.* female janitor; *3*, *goptri*, *f.* female door-keeper; *pa*, *m.* door-keeper, -**bhāmi**, *f.* site or region of the gate; office of a door-keeper; -**rakshi**, *f.* female door-keeper.

प्रतिहाराय prati-hārā-ya, *den.* play the door-keeper; -**hārā**, *n.* jugglery.

प्रतिहिंसित prati-himsita, (*pp.*) *n.* requital of an injury, revenge; -**hita**, *pp.* √dhā; -**hiti**, *f.* adjustment of the arrow; -**hitaishu**, *a.* having adjusted the arrow to the string; -**hridayam**, *ad.* in every heart; -**homa**, *m.* compensatory sacrifice; -**hrāsa**, *m.* curtailment; -**hvarā**, *m.* slope.

प्रतीक prātika [pratiak-*a.* going toward; √āṅk], turned or looking towards (-); going uphill; *n.* surface; outward form, aspect, countenance, face; mouth; image, symbol; copy, specimen; front; initial word, *m.* limb, member, part of the body; -**darśana**, *n.* symbolical idea.

प्रतीकार prati-kāra, *m.* reaction, retaliation, revenge; counteraction, prevention; remedy, preventive; resource, means of escape; mode of alliance formed on the assumption of the requital of former services; -**kāśa**, *m.* reflexion; appearance; -**a**, *a.* resembling.

प्रतीक्ष prātīkṣa-*a.* looking back (-); waiting for, expecting; considerate towards (-); -**aks**, *a.* waiting for, expecting (-); -**ana**, *n.* consideration, regard; observance, fulfilment; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be waited for or expected; -**am**, *ad.* waiting for; **a**, *f.* expectation; regard for (-); -**ta**, *a.* waiting; waiting for, expecting (-); -**ya**, *fp.* to be expected or waited for; - kept, observed, or fulfilled; - treated with consideration, worthy.

प्रतीघात prati-ghāta, *a.* warding off (-); *n.* prevention, obstruction, repression; obstacle, hindrance, impediment, resistance; -**ghātin**, *a.* obstructing (-).

प्रतीची pratīcī-*f.* of pratyāñk: -**ina**, *r. a.* turned or coming towards; -**ina**, *z. a.* averted, turning the back; coming from or being behind; turned or lying westward; imminent, future, following upon (*ab.*); -**i-pati**, *m.* ep of Varuṇa, ocean.

प्रतीक्षक pratīkṣhu-*ku*, *m.* receiver.

प्रतीच pratīc-*ya*, *a.* being or dwelling in the west; -**a**, *the* west.

प्रतीति pratīti, *pp.* √i: -**artha**, *a.* having a recognised meaning.

प्रतीति prātīti, *f.* approach; obviousness; notoriety; distinct knowledge, clear conception or understanding (of anything); conviction, trust, credit. [flag.]

प्रतीनाह pratī-nāha, *m.* obstruction (-).

प्रतीप pratīpā [pratiap-*a.* against the water i. e. stream], contrary, coming or flying towards one; adverse, opposed; reversed (sound = echo); perverse, contradictory; disordered; displeasing to (*g.*); cross-grained, refractory, obstructive, *m.* opponent, adversary; -**m**, *ad.* against the stream, backwards, towards; back, in return (*beat*, etc.); in the inverse order; refractorily; with **gam**, resist; *n.* inverted comparison (*e.g.* the moon is like thy face); -**ga**, *a.* coming or flowing towards, flowing backwards; -**gati**, *f.*, -**gamana**, *n.* retrograde movement; -**gāmin**, *a.* going against, acting contrarily to (-); -**taraṇa**, *n.* navigation against the stream.

प्रतीपय pratīpaya, *den.* P. be opposed to any one (*lc.*); turn round, reverse.

प्रतीपवच pratīpavācana, *n.* contradiction; -**ukti**, *f.* id.

प्रतीमात्र pratī-mānā, *n.* (counter-measure), weight (*measure*); -**vāpa**, *m.* admixture (*esp.* in a decoction); -**vāha**, *m.* reward; -**vā**, *a.*

accepting, receiving gladly; *m.* acceptance; -**vaśa**, *a.* neighbouring; -**hartri**, *m.* door-keeper, chamberlain; -**hārā**, *m.* porter, janitor, warder (*ā. f.* female door-keeper); -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* office of a door-keeper or chamberlain, -**dhuramdhārā**, *f.* female door-keeper.

प्रतुद pra-tuḍa, *m.* pecker (a class of birds); goad; -**tsuḥti**, *f.* satisfaction; -**da**, *a.* giving pleasure to (-); -**trid**, *a.* cleaving; -**todā**, *m.* goad; -**tolī**, *f.* broad road, main street.

प्रत्त prā-t-ta, *pp.* √dā; (ā)-**t-ti**, *f.* gift.

प्रत्न pra-tnā, *a.* ancient, old; (ā)-**thā**, -**vāt**, *ad.* as formerly, in the wonted manner.

प्रत्यसम् pratyamsam, *ad.* upon the shoulders.

प्रत्यक्ष pratyāk, *n.* of pratyāñk: -**tva**, *n.* backward direction; -**pushkara**, *a.* having the bowl turned towards the west (*spoon*); -**pravaṇa**, *a.* devoted to the individual soul.

प्रत्यक्ष pratyākṣa, *a.* being before the eyes, evident, visible, perceptible; clear, plain, manifest; undoubted, actual, real; immediate, direct; having a clear knowledge of (*g.*); *n.* superintendence of, care for (*g.*); evidence, immediate perception; cognizance; -**m**, *ad.* before one's eyes or face; in the presence of (*g.* or -); visibly, evidently, from one's own immediate knowledge; clearly, distinctly; actually, really; immediately, directly, personally, *ab.* actually, really; immediately; *in.* before one's eyes, to one's face; at sight, evidently; *lc.* id.; -**a**, before one's face, visibly; clearly; actually; directly, personally; -**karana**, *n.* personal observation; -**kṛita**, *pp.* directly or personally addressed (*in the second person*); containing a direct invocation; -**kārin**, *a.* moving in bodily shape before (*g.*); -**gūṇa**, *n.* immediate knowledge; -**tamāt**, -**tamān**, *ad.* most evidently, immediately, or actually, etc.; -**tas**, *ad.* before one's very eyes; with √ru, hear with one's own ears; -**tā**, *f.* visibility; *in.* visibly; -**tva**, *n.* manifestness; explicitness; directness of perception; -**darśana**, *n.* seeing with one's own eyes, power of seeing (a *gāt*) bodily; -**darśin**, *a.* seeing or having seen anything (*g.*) with one's own eyes; -**darśa**, *a.* seeing anything clearly as if with one's own eyes; -**darśya**, *fp.* to be seen with one's own eyes, evident; -**darśha**, *pp.* seen with one's own eyes; -**pramā**, *f.* correct conception gained by the evidence of the senses; -**bhākṣa**, *m.* actual eating; -**bhūta**, *pp.* manifested, become visible, appearing in bodily shape.

प्रत्यक्षय pratyākṣa-ya, *den.* P. make manifest or visible; see with one's own eyes.

प्रत्यक्षेषमय pratyākṣa-slesha-maya, *a.* containing an ambiguity in every syllable (-).

प्रत्यक्षवत् pratyākṣa-vat, *ad.* as if it were a perfect certainty; -**vidhāna**, *n.* explicit regulation; -**viśayi-bhū**, present oneself within the range of vision; -**vitita**, *pp.* expressly enquired; -**viritti**, *a.* formed clearly or intelligibly (word); -**śāgamāna**, *n.* approach in bodily form.

प्रत्यक्षय pratyākṣa-ya, *den.* **Ā.** become manifest; -**māsa-tva**, *n.* manifestness.

प्रत्यक्षीकरण pratyākṣi-karana, *n.* ocular inspection; -**kṛi**, look at with one's own eyes; -**bhū**, become manifest, appear in bodily form.

प्रत्यक्षरवती pratyak-sarasvati, *f.* the western Sarasvati; -**śrotas**, *a.* flowing towards the west.

प्रत्यक्ष pratyakṣa, *n.* inner organ; a

having inner organs; -**ātman**, *m.* inward or individual soul; individual; -**ānanda**, *a.* consisting of inward joy; -**āris**, *f.* personal wish; a containing a personal wish; -**udak**, *ad.* (west-northerly, i. e.) north-westerly; -**akaraṇa**, *a.* having a taste for the inward, i. e. one's own soul, only; -**gyotis**, *n.* inward light; -**dakṣiṇa-tas**, *ad.* (west-southerly, i. e.) south-westerly; -**dakṣiṇā**, *ad.* id.; -**pravaṇa**, *a.* precipitous towards the south-west; -**dis**, *f.* west; -**āris**, *f.* inward gaze; a. having one's gaze directed inward; -**dhāman**, *a.* having inward light.

प्रत्यग्नि pratiagni, *ad.* towards the fire; at or in every fire.

प्रत्यग्नि prati-*agra*, *a.* [being at the beginning], new, fresh; young; early (*raya*); recent; renewed, repeated; -**a**, *ad.* recently, -**prasaṇa**, *a.* *f.* having recently brought forth; -**calved**; -**yanuvana**, *a.* being in early youth; -**rūpa**, *a.* youthful; -**vayas**, *a.* of youthful years. [play]

प्रत्यङ्गम् prati-āṅkam, *ad.* in every act (of a

प्रत्यङ्ग prati-āṅga, *r. n.* minor part of the body (*forehead, chin, nose, ears, fingers, etc.*); division, part; weapon; 2. **o** or -**m**, *ad.* on every part of the body; for one's own person; for every part (of a *rīte*); in every grammatical base (*gr.*); -**vartin**, *a.* occupied with one's own person.

प्रत्यङ्मुख pratyāñmukha, *a.* (i) having the face turned westward.

प्रत्यङ्मुख pratyāñk, *a.* (*f.* **prati-k** or **i**) turned toward, facing (*acc.*); coming (*seasons*); being or coming from behind; turning the back, averted; backward; moving in reverse direction or away; being behind (*as one faces the sun*), westward, western, to the west of (*ab.*); going backwards, beginning at the end (*stoma*); turned back = inward; equal to (*acc.*); -**ak**, *n.* *ad.* backwards; in the reverse direction; behind (*ab.*); westwards; in the west; to the west of (*ab.*); within; *m.* the inward or individual soul; **pratiñi**, *f.* the west.

प्रत्यधिकरणम् pratyādhikarānam, *ad.* at every section or paragraph.

प्रत्यनन्तर pratyānantara, *a.* being in the immediate neighbourhood of (*g.*); next in rank; *m.* next of kin, heir presumptive; -**m**, *ad.* immediately after (*ab.*); -**i-bhū**, betake oneself close to (*g.*); -**anika**, *a.* (having one's face against), hostile, opposing (*g.*); prejudicing, injuring; opposite; **rival**; *m.* opponent, enemy; *n.* hostile army; hostility, rivalry (*sq.* & *pl.*); retaliatory revilement of an enemy's following; -**bhāva**, *m.* condition of being the opposite; -**anumāna**, *n.* counter or opposite inference; -**anyoga**, *m.* counter question; -**anta**, *m.* boundary; *pl.* barbarous tribes; -**deśa**, *m.* frontier country; -**antari-bhū**, betake oneself close to any one (*g.*); -**antāt**, *ad.* to the end in each case; -**antika**, *a.* situated on the frontier.

प्रत्यपकार pratīpakāra, *m.* counter-injury.

प्रत्यक्षम् pratībham, *ad.* every year.

प्रत्यभिचारय pratyabhi-ghāraṇa, *n.* repeated besprinkling of a sacrificial remnant; -**gūṇa**, *f.* recognition; regaining of consciousness; -**gūṇa**, *n.* recognition; counter token of recognition; reciprocity; -**gūṇāna**, *n.* causing to recognise; -**gūṇāyamaṇa-tva**, *n.* recognition (*ps.*); -**nandini**, *a.* receiving gratefully (-); -**bhāṣin**, *a.* speaking to (*acc.*); -**marā**, *m.*; -**na**, *n.* stroking or touching (with the hand); -**methana**, *n.* mocking

reply; -yoga, *m.* counter-suit or action; -lekha, *n.* counter-document *leg.*; -vāda, *m.* return salutation; -ka, *a.* returning any one's greeting; -vādāna, *n.* answer to a salutation (*g.*), counter greeting to *g.*; -vādāyitri, *m.* one who returns a salutation; -skandāna, *n.* counter-accusation.

प्रत्यभ्यनुष्ठा prati abhyānuṣṭhā, *f.* permission; consent; -abhyāsam, *ad.* at every repetition; -abhyūthāna, *n.* rising to receive (*a guest*).

प्रत्यमित्र prati amitra, *a.* hostile; *m.* enemy, adversary.

प्रत्यमि prati ya, *m.* [going or turning to recourse], confidence, trust, belief, faith, in (*g.*, *lc.*, &c.); conviction, certainty; proof, ascertainment, assumption; solution, explanation, conception, notion, idea; cause; ordeal, following letter (*gr.*); suffix *gr.*; -kāra, *a.* causing confidence, trustworthy; -dhātu, *m.* (suffix-root + denominative base *gr.*)

प्रत्ययन्म pratiayanam, *ad.* every year.

प्रत्ययसर्ग pratyaya-sarga, *m.* intellectual creation.

प्रत्ययित pratyay-ita, *den. pp.* proved, trustworthy, -i-tavya, *fp.* credible; -in, *a.* trustworthy.

प्रत्यरि prati ri, *m.* well-matched foe, adversary equal to (*g.*); -arka, *m.* mock sun; -arka, *n.* return of a salutation; -artham, *ad.* with regard to anything; -arthin, *a.* hostile, rivalling, vying with &c.; *m.* opponent, adversary, rival; defendant; -prati -ardhi, *a.* standing at the side of, equal to (*g.*); -arpa, *n.* re-delivery, restoration; -arpaṇi, *fp.* to be given back or restored; -arsha, *m.* side, slope of a hill.

प्रत्यवेजन pratiava-negana, *n.* renewed ablation; -bhāsa, *m.* appearance before any one; -mar, *m.* inward contemplation of, absorption in (-); counter conclusion, reconsideration; -mar-ana, *n.* inward contemplation, reflection; -mar-a-vat, *a.* contemplative, reflective; -yava, *o* or *m.* *ad.* on every part of the body; for every part, singly, in detail.

प्रत्यवर pratiavara, *a.* lower, more insignificant, of less value, than (*ab.*); -kālam, *ad.* later than, after (*ab.*).

प्रत्यवरोधन pratiava-rodhana, *n.* obstruction; -rohā, *m.* coming down towards any one, descending succession, a kind of ritual verse; -roha, *n.* coming down towards any one (*from a seat, etc.*); renewed descent (*a domestic rite in the month Mārgaśīrṣa*); -roham, *adv.* descending; -rohin, *a.* moving downwards, descending; -sāna, *n.* eating; -sita, *pp.* ✓ *sā*; -skanda, *m.* attack, surprise; -sthāna, *n.* objection, -hartor, *a.* inf. ✓ *hri*; -hāra, *m.* withdrawal; dissolution.

प्रत्यवाय pratiavāya, *m.* decrease, diminution; reverse, contrary course, opposite conduct; unpleasantness; disadvantage; disappointment; sin; -avekshana, *n.* -avekshā, *f.* looking after, care, attention, trouble; -avekshya, *fp.* to be regarded or paid attention to; -asta-gamana, *n.* setting (*of the sun*); -astam, *ad.* with gain, set, cease; -astam-aya, *m.* cessation; -astra, *n.* counter-missile; -āha, *a.* daily; -m, *ad.* every day.

प्रत्याकलित pratiā-kalita, (*pp.*) *n.* counter-investigation; judicial consideration as to which of the litigants is to prove his case, after the defendant has pleaded; -khepaka, *a.* mocking, deriding; -khyāta, *pp.* rejected,

refused, -tva, *n.* rejection; -khyāta, *fp.* to be impugned or denied; -khyātri, *m.* refuser; -khyāna, *n.* rebuff, rejection; refusal; combating (*feelings, etc.*); impugnement, denial, disavowal; -khyāyin, *a.* rejecting &c.; -khyeya, *fp.* to be repelled or rejected, curable (*disease*); -gati, *f.* -gama, *m.* return; -gamana, *n.* coming back, return, to &c.; -ghāta, *m.* repulse; -lakshāna-ka, *a.* intending to dispute anything (*acc.*); -kāra, *m.* corresponding conduct.

प्रत्याताप prati ātāpā, *m.* sunny spot; -ātma, *o* or *m.* *ad.* for or in every soul, singly; -ātmaka, -ātmika, *a.* belonging to oneself, severally one's own; -ātmya, *n.* likeness to oneself *in*, after his own image; -ādarā, *m.* incorrect for pratyadara; -ādāna, *n.* recovery, re-acquisition; restitution, repetition; -āditya, *i.* *m.* mock sun; *2.* *ad.* towards the sun &c.; -āditar, *des.* *a.* desirous of gaining *m.* receiving; -ādeya, *fp.* to be received; -ādeś, *m.* injunction, order; repudiation, rejection; refusal; prevention, deterrent, (deterrent) example; casting into the shade, eclipsing.

प्रत्याधान prati ā-dhāna, *n.* place for keeping anything; -nāyana, *n.* fetching back again; bringing back, restoration; -neya, *fp.* to be made good.

प्रत्यापत्ति prati a-patti, *f.* turning back from evil, conversion, restoration, restitution; expiation, sanctification; -pāvana, *n.* leaping back; -mnāna, *n.* opposite or altered designation; -mnāya, *m.* *id.* conclusion in a syllogism.

प्रत्यायक prati āya-ka, (*cs*) *a.* [*s* 1] causing to know or comprehend; convincing, credible; -āyana, *i.* *n.* setting of the sun; -āyana [*f.* *cs* of ✓ *i*], *2.* *a.* convincing, credible; *n.* elucidation, explanation, demonstration; *3.* *f.* convincing, consolation; -āyayitavya, *fp.* to be elucidated or demonstrated; -āyita, *cs* *pp.* *m.* agent.

प्रत्यारम्भ prati ārambha, *m.* recommencement, prohibition, annulment.

प्रत्याद्रीक prati ādri-ka, *re-moisten, freshen* again.

प्रत्यानिष्कृष prati ā-niṣkṛa, *n.* return embrace; -vartana, *n.* return; -vāsakam, *ad.* to every tent; -vāsam, *ad.* in every house; -vṛtti, *f.* return.

प्रत्याशम् prati āsam, *ad.* in all directions; -āśa, *f.* confidence in &c.; hope, expectation.

प्रत्याश्रय prati ā-shaya, *m.* shelter, abode; -rāvā, *m.* -rāvāna, *n.* answering call (*ritual formula*); -vāsa, *m.* breathing again, recovery; -vāsa, *n.* consolation, -sankalita, (*pp.*) *n.* weighing side by side, pondering both sides of a question; -sanga, *m.* connexion; proximity &c.; -satti, *f.* immediate proximity in time or space; analogy, cheerfulness, good humour; -sanna, *pp.* near, proximate, close at hand; -tā, *f.* proximity; -avara, *a.* reflecting back.

प्रत्याह pratiyāha, *a.* daily (*incorrect* for pratyaha).

प्रत्याहरण prati ā-harana, *n.* bringing back; withdrawal or withholding from (*ab.*); -hāra, *m.* withdrawal (*of troops*), retreat; withholding (*the senses*) from (*ab.*); abstention from the objects of the senses; withdrawal of creation, dissolution; technical grammatical contraction to a single syllable of a series of letters or suffixes by combining the initial of the first with the final of the last: thus al,

the first vowel *a* + the last consonant *hal* (h with the technical suffix *l*), desinates the entire alphabet. -hārya, *fp.* to be received or learned, from (*ab.*); -havya, *m.* echo.

प्रत्युक्त prati ukta, *pp.* ✓ *uk*; *n.* answer -tva, *n.* refutation; -ukti, *f.* reply; -ugigvāna, *n.* revival; resurrection; -uta, *ad.* on the contrary, rather, even; -utkārsha, *m.* surpassing; -uttāddhi, *f.* supporting, propping; -uttambha, *m.* -na, *n.* *id.*; -utara, *a.* reply to an answer, rejoinder; answer; -uttari-karana, *n.* making a reply, answer; -uttari-kri, answer; -utthāna, *a.* rising up to meet (*a guest*), respectful reception; rising up against, hostility; -uttho, *fp.* to whom respect should be shown by rising; -utpāna, *pp.* prompt, ready; -mati, *a.* possessed of presence of mind, *m.* Ready wit, *N* of a fish; -udadhi, *ad.* at the sea; -udāhara, *n.* counter example; -udāhārya, *fp.* to be given as a counter-example; -udgati, *f.* -udgama, *m.* -na, *n.* going to meet, *esp.* as a mark of respect; -udgaman-ya, *fp.* suitable for the respectful reception of a guest; -udyama, *m.* counter-weight, balance; -udyāmin, *a.* balancing, -udyātri, *m.* assailing, -udyāmin, *a.* rebellious; -unnama, *n.* rebuking.

प्रत्युपकार prati upa-kāra, *m.* requital of kindness, service in return; -kārin, *a.* returning a kindness, requiting; -kriyā, *f.* requital of kindness, service in return; -deś, *m.* instruction in return; -pana-mati, *a.* possessed of presence of mind -tva, *n.* presence of mind; -bhoga, *m.* enjoyment; -māna, *n.* counter-simile; -vosa, *m.* besetting or besieging, any one in order to make him yield; -sthāna, *n.* immittance, -sthāpāna, *n.* mental realisation; -sparāna, *n.* renewed washing or rinsing; -hāra, *n.* restoration, restitution.

प्रत्युपाकरण prati upa-karana, *n.* recommencement of Vedic study; -āsanam, *ad.* for every kind of worship.

प्रत्युपेय prati upēya, *fp.* to be met or treated with (*in*); -urassam, *ad.* against or upon the breast; -uśha, *m.* -uśhas, *n.* day-break; -ūrdhva, *ad.* upwards, above (*acc.*); -ūsha, *m.* or *n.* (1) dawn, daybreak; -ūśhas, *n.* *id.*; -ūha, *m.* hindrance, impediment, obstacle -karin, *a.* obstructing; -ūhana, *n.* suspension, cessation.

प्रत्युचम् pratirukam, *ad.* at or with each stanza; -i-ta, *ad.* at every season.

प्रत्येक pratirēka, *a.* each single; *o* or *m.* *ad.* singly; at, on, with, or for each singly, in connexion with each; -buddha, *m.* isolated Buddha who works and has individual salvation only; -sas, *ad.* singly, for each single one.

प्रत्येतव्य prati etavya, *fp.* to be recognised, accepted, or regarded as (*nm*); -etor, *g.* inf. ✓ *ī* (*ac* *travark*); -prāti-ēnas, *m.* next heir; -ēnasya, *n.* next reversion of (*g.*).

प्रत्यवस prati vaksash, *a.* energetic, vigorous.

प्रथ् PRATHI, I. (P) Ā. pratha: *P.* spread (*tr.* *V* only); extend (*int.* *P* only); *Ā* *prātha*, be extended, spread abroad fame, rumour, &c.; increase, wax great; be unfolded, show itself, arise, appear, occur to the mind. *pp.* *prathita*, spread abroad; renowned; *cs.* *prathāya*, *P.* *Ā.* extend, increase, cause to thrive; spread abroad, make famous, display, betray; shine upon (*RF*); *Ā* (*int.*) extend, increase (*V*). *vi*, *P.* (*tr.*) spread out (*RF*); *Ā.* extend itself, be wide

(V.): *pp.* spread abroad; *cs. P.* spread out or abroad; display, show. *sam, pp.* generally known, famous.

प्रथम prath-ana, *n.* breeding, extension; place of extension (Broder); manifestation of (-°); *C.*

प्रथम pra-thamā [= pra-tama, *spv.* foremost], *a* first; earliest; original; prior, previous, former; chief, most excellent, eminent, leading; it may often be translated by an *ad.*: first, for the first time; previously; just; forthwith: ° or *-m, ad.* first, first of all, for the first time; only just; forthwith; formerly, previously with *g* before, previously to; *ab* first; *m.* first consonant of a class, unaspirated tenuis; first, = our third person; personal endings of the third person; *ā, f.* first or nominative case (including the vocative), termination of the nominative (including the vocative); *du* the two first cases, the terminations of the two first cases (= *nm. and acc.*); *n. sg.* call the first.

प्रथमक prathamaka, *a.* first; -*kalpa, m.* primary ordinance; -*kalpita, pp* first in rank; -*garbha, m.* first pregnancy; *a f ā, pregnant* for the first time; -*ya* or -*gā, a.* first-born; original; firstling; born in the first (*i. e.* first-mentioned) wedlock; -*gāta, pp* first-born; -*tara, -or -m, (cpr.) ad.* first, -*tas, ad.* first; forthwith; before, in preference to (*g*); before, previously to (-°); -*darana, n.* first sight (*lc. at -*); -*dina, n.* first day of seeing any one (*g*); -*dagāḥ, pp.* just milked; -*dhāra, m.* (1) first drop; -*nirḍishā, pp* first stated or mentioned; -*puruṣa, m.* first (our third) person (*gr*); -*pravada, a.* uttering the first sound, child; -*prasūta, pp. f.* having calved for the first time; -*bhāg, a.* obtaining the first share; -*yaṣū, m.* first sacrifice; -*rātra, m.* beginning of the night; -*vayasa-in, a.* young; -*vasati, f.* original or old home; -*vittā, f.* first wife; -*saṃgama, m. N.*; -*saṃavṛtta, pp.* only just turned towards (*lc.*); -*āgāmin, a.* coming or mentioned first; -*adāna, m.* initial portion (of a word); -*abhidheya, n.* fundamental meaning; -*tā, f. abt. N.*; -*ardha, m.* first half; -*ava-ra-tva, n.* higher and lower rank, seniority and juniority; -*astamita, n.* recent setting of the sun; -*ahām, ad.* on the first day; -*āhāra, m.* first employment; -*itara, a.* reverse of the first, second.

प्रथम prath-as, *n.* breadth; extension. -*vat, a.* broad, extensive; -*ā, f.* spreading out; fame, celebrity; origin (-°); -*ita, pp* √prath; -*i-mān, m.* breadth; extension, enlargement; -*ishika, spv., -iyas, cpr.* of prithu; -*u, a.* distant, long (journey); reaching farther than (*ab*).

प्रद pra-da, *a. (only. -°)* giving, granting, bestowing; yielding; furnishing; uttering, pronouncing; causing, producing; -*dakshina, a.* moving to the right; standing or being on the right; auspicious, favourable, prosperous, turning one's right hand to any one, respectful: -*m kri* or *pra-kri*, turn one's right hand towards an object as a mark of respect (*ac.*); ° or *-m, ad.* towards the right, from left to right (so that the right side is towards an object, as a sign of respect); towards the south: with *kri* or *pra-kri*, turn one's right side to an object (*ac.*); *m. n. ā, f.* keeping the right side towards an object, circumambulation from left to right (the object of the honour being in the *g* or °, or, when *kri* or *dā* is used, in the *d, g*, or *lc.*); -*ā-kriyā, f.* honour of right-hand circumambulation.

प्रदक्षिण्य pra-dakshina-ya, *den. P.* walk

round from left to right or from east to west.

प्रदक्षिण्य pradakshina arki, *a.* having its flame on the right; -*āvarta, a.* turned towards the right; -*āvrit-ka, n.* turned towards the right, having a person or thing on one's right.

प्रदक्षिण्य pra-dakshinit, *ad.* in such a manner that one's right side is turned towards an object; -*dakshini-kri, turn* one's right side towards (*ac.*), walk round (*ac.*) from left to right; -*dakshinena, in. ad.* from left to right; towards the south; -*dagdhavya, fp.* to be burnt; -*datta, pp.* (√dā) given up, restored; -*nayana nṛsava, a.* affording a fount to the eyes; -*dara, m.* dispersion (of an army); cleft, fissure (in the ground); -*dara, m.* appearance (-°); direction, injunction; -*ka, a.* showing, indicating; propounding, teaching; *m.* teacher; -*darana, n.* appearance (often -°); showing, exhibition, designation; teaching; example: *ā, f.* indication; -*darsin, a.* (-°) beholding, seeing; showing, indicating; -*darya, cs. pl.* having exhibited or shown; -*dahana, n.* burning (of earthenware).

प्रदात्य pra-dātasya, *fp.* to be given or bestowed; - given in marriage; - delivered or restored; - granted; - allowed; - placed in (*lc.*); -*dātṛi, m.* giver, bestower (often -° with the object, exceptionally with the recipient); giver of a girl in marriage; imparter of, instructor in (*g* or °); grantor (of a wish); -*dāna, n.* giving, bestowal; presentation (of an offering in the fire); delivery; donation, gift; giving away a girl (*g*) in marriage to (*d*); utterance (of a curse); granting, vouchsafing (a boon); imparting, teaching, announcing; declaring; application; bringing about or to pass; -*vat, a.* bountiful; -*dāpya, cs. fp.* to be forced to give or pay (*ac.*); -*dāya, n.* gift; -*ka, a.* giving, bestowing, granting, imparting; -*dāy-in, a. ul.* causing, producing; (-i)-*tva, n.* position of supplier of (-°); -*dāha, m.* burning, heating with fire; destruction of (-°).

प्रदित्सु pra-ditsu, *des. a.* intending to give (*ac.*); -*div, 1. f. nm.* -*dyāna* third and uppermost heaven (in which the fathers dwell); also the fifth of seven heavens; -*div, 2. a.* of former days, long existing, ancient; *ab.* from of old, ever; -*dis, f.* indication, guidance, order, dominion (1°); direction, point of the compass; intermediate point, half-quarter (*e.g.* north-east); *ac. pl.* in all directions.

प्रदीधान pra-dīdhāna, *pr. pl.* radiant; -*dipa, m.* lamp; fig = ornament, of (-°); often -° in the titles of explanatory works = commentary; -*ka, m.* i-*kā, f.* (little) lamp; small commentary; -*dipana, a.* inflaming; *m.* kind of poison; *n.* kindling; -*dipā-ya, den. ā* represent or play the part of a lamp; -*dīpta, pp.* kindled, blazing, burning; -*aksha, m.* (flaming-eyed), *N. of a Yaksha*; -*dīpti-mat, a.* radiant, luminous; -*dirgha, a.* extremely long; -*dūshaka, a.* degrading, polluting; -*dūshana, a.* deteriorating, spoiling; (-ā)-*dripti, f.* wantonness, madness.

प्रदेय pra-deya, *fp.* to be given, bestowed, or offered, to (-° or *d*); - given in marriage, marriageable (*f.*); - imparted (news, doctrine) or taught, to (*d* or -); - initiated or instructed in (*lc.*); *m.* present; -*dēya, m.* designation, reference, determination, definition; appeal to a precedent; example; spot, place, region (often -° with a part of the body), short while; -*bhāg, -vartin, -atha, n.* of short duration, -*vat, a.* occupying a place; -*dē-*

ita, cs. pp. urged, directed; -*dēdini, f.* forefinger; second toe; -*dēhtri, m.* chief justice; -*dēha, m.* unction; unguent, plaster.

प्रदोष pra-dosha, *1. m.* disturbed state (of the country), tumult, insurrection; 2. *a.* bad, wicked, sinful; 3. *m.* evening, nightfall; -*m, ad.* in the evening, in the darkness; -*doshaka, m.* evening; -*doshā-kāla, m.* eventide; -*āgama, m.* approach of nightfall, evening twilight.

प्रद्युम्न pra-dyumn, *m.* (Mighty), god of love; the pleasant (= kāma); intellect (= manas); *N.*; *N. of a mtn.*; *N. of a river*; -*pura, n.* *N. of a city*; -*dyotā, m.* flashing forth, radiance, light; *N. of a Yaksha* and of various kings; -*dyotin, a.* illustrating, explaining (-°).

प्रद्रव pra-drava, *a.* fluid; -*drāvaka, a.* poverty-stricken; -*drāvin, a.* fugitive.

प्रद्वार pra-dvār, *f.* space in front of the door or gate; -*dvāra, n. ul.*; -*dvēsha, m.* aversion, dislike, of (*g*, *lc.*, -°); enmity, hatred; -*na, n.* hating.

प्रधान pra-dhāna, *n.* prize of the contest; contest, battle; best of one's goods, valuables; -*āghātaka, a.* setting a contest on foot; -*āngana, n.* battle-field; -*dharsa, m.* assault (-°); -*dharsa-ka, a.* (-°) wronging, violating (another man's wife); -*dharsana, a.* attacking, molesting; *n. ā, f.* assaulting, laying hands on, ill-treatment, molestation; -*dharsaniya, fp.* liable to assault, ill-treatment, or insult.

प्रधान pra-dhāna, *n.* (that which is put forward), important or chief thing, object, or person; essential, best, or most important part, head (-° = principal, chief, head); chaos, unevolved nature; supreme or universal soul; -° *a.* having at the head or as the chief person or thing, chiefly dependent on, devoted to, *a.* most excellent, best, foremost, principal, chief; pre-eminent in (*n.*); better, than (*ab*), superior, to (*ab*); -*ka, n.* unevolved nature; -*kāraṇa-vāda, m.* the system asserting that unevolved nature is the cause of the world, the Sāṃkhya or evolutionist theory; -*tama, spv.* pre-eminent, most important; -*tara, cpr.* better, superior; -*tas, ad.* in consequence of his superiority, as being the most excellent; -*tā, f.* excellence, pre-eminence, superiority, preiership; -*tva, n. ul.*; -*puruṣa, m.* chief person, authority; -*bhāg, a.* pre-eminent among, foremost of (*g*); -*mantrin, m.* prime minister; -*vādin, m.* adherent of the Sāṃkhya system; -*āgā, n.* chief member of the body, chief person of the state; -*ātman, m.* supreme or universal soul; -*adhyaksha, m.* chief superintendent; -*tā, f.* office of -.

प्रधावन pra-dhāvana, *n.* ablation.

प्रधि pra-dhi, *m.* [outer setting; √dhā], felly (of a wheel); disc (of the moon); -*dhura, n.* tip of the pole; -*dharsit, f.* subjugation; -*dhriṣhya, fp.* assailable (-°).

प्रध्यान pra-dhyāna, *n.* reflexion, absorption; -*dhvamsa, m.* annihilation, destruction; disappearance (of a disease); -*dhvāmsana, a.* destroying; *m.* destroyer; -*dhvāmsa-bhāva, m.* (non-existence in consequence of annihilation), cessation of existence; -*dhvamsin, a.* perishable, transitory; -°, destroying.

प्रनुत् pra-nritta, *n.* dance.

प्रपक्व pra-pakva, *a.* inflamed (med.); -*paksha, m.* tip of a wing; -*panka, m.* expansion, prolixity, amplification, of (*g* or °); phe-

nomenon; manifestation or form of (g.); phenomenal world (pā.); mutual flattery (rā.); ludicrous dialogue (dr.); m. or -tas, ad. in detail, -paśā-ka, n. (lā) multiply ing (-); amplifying, explaining in detail; -paśāna, n. detailed or prolix account; -paśā-vaddhi, a. crafty, wily, -paśā-ya, den. describe or explain in detail; represent in a false light; -paśā-vaśana, n. prolix discourse; -paśā, m. trade, barter, purchase; -paśā, n. flying away; falling down, from (ab. or -), into le. or -; -paśi, f. pious resignation; (a-)paśha, m. onward way, journey; road; -paśhin, a. wandering; -paś, f. i. road; 2 (prā-) fore part of the foot; -paśa, n. fore part or tip of the foot; -paśana, n. entry, into (-); -paśam, ad. reciting in such a manner as to cut up verses into sections of an equal number of syllables and to intersperse between them formulae containing the word prapadye, lit.; -paśapa, pp. √paś reached, arrived; attained, obtained; -paśa, m. protector of supplicants (Krishna); -paśāyana, n. flight, -paśāyin, a. fleeing, fugitive; -paś, f. water-tank, reservoir, well; water-hut for travellers; affluent (of a tank etc.); -paśa, m. ripening of an ulcer etc.; digestion; -paśā-ka, m. lesson, subsection in books; -paśā, m. fore-arm; -ka, m. ad.; -paśāna, a. very white; -ra, a. id.; -paśa, m. kind of flight, leaping forward; hastening away; fall, from (ab. or -), into (le. or -); falling out (of the hair); effusion (of semen); fall (of a glance on anything); steep declivity, precipice; -paśana, n. telling, casting down; directing or causing (the eye) to alight (-); -paśa, n. drinking; -pa-pāśikā, -pa-pāśi, f. female wather of a water tank, well, or water-hut; -pa-māśāpa, m. water-hut for travellers; -paśāka, m. protector, guardian; -paśāna, n. guarding, protecting.

प्रपितामह prā-pitāmaha (or ā), m. great-grandfather; also designation of Brahman and Krishna, pl. great grandfathers, ancestors; 1. f. paternal great-grandmother; -pitṛiva, m. paternal grand-uncle, -pitṛā, f. n. going away; flight, retreat; retired spot, evening; -pita, den. a desirous of plunging into le.); wishing to enter upon a path (ac.); -pāśana, n. pressing, squeezing; means of squeezing tumours; -pāśāna, a long kept, old; -pāśāpita, pp. covered with blossoms, flowering; -pāśāka, a. (ikā) fulfilling, satisfying; -pāśāna, a. (i) filling up out, and increasing (loc. for anything), insertion in (le. or -), drawing of a bow, embellishment of Indra's banner; -pāśya, ps. base of √1. prā, be thoroughly filled or satiated, be filled to the brim.

प्रपौत्र prā-pautra, m. great-grandson; i. f. great-granddaughter; -plāvāna, n. extinction of fire with water.

प्रफर्वी prā-pharvī, f. wanton girl; -phullā, pp. full-blown, blooming; covered with flowers (lake); opened wide like a full-blown flower (eye).

प्रबन्धु prā-bandhū, m. composer, author; interpreter; -bandha, m. ligament; uninterrupted connexion, continuous series, literary production, poetical composition; commentary; -bāha, a. best, most excellent, of g. or -; -bala, a. strong, powerful, mighty; weighty, important; violent, panelyr, great; abounding in (-); -m, ad. strongly, very, m. N. of a son of Krishna and of a Paṇḍya; -tā, f. -tva, n. power; -bala-ya, den. P. strengthen; -bala-vat, a. strong, mighty, -bali-bhū, become mighty.

प्रबाधक prā-bādha-ka, a. repelling, keep-

ing off (-); -bādha, n. repelling, keeping off; harassing, tormenting; -bādhin, a. harassing, tormenting (-); -bāla, v. -vāla; -bāhu, m. lower arm; -bāhuk, ad. in line

प्रबुध prā-buddha, pp. awake, wide awake, awakened; -tā, f. enlightenment, wisdom; -buddh, a. watchful, f. awaking; -budha, m. great sage

प्रबोध prā-bodha, m. awaking; revival, recovery of consciousness; awaking = opening of flowers, manifestation, appearance of intelligence; waking, wakefulness; knowledge, understanding, intelligence; awakening (tr.); restoration of an evaporated scent; friendly admonition -ka, a. awaking = causing to open or blossom; -a. i-kā, knowledge, understanding; -āndra, m. moon of knowledge; -udaya, m. rise of the moon of knowledge; title of a philosophical drama; -bodhana, a. awaking, arousing; n. awaking (ad.), understanding, comprehension; instructing, enlightening; awakening (tr.); -bodhita, cs. pp. aroused, awakened, -vat, pp. act. be aroused; -bodhin, a. awaking; -bodha udaya, m. rise of knowledge; title of a work; -bodhya, 1. cs. gd. having instructed, explained, suggested, or called the attention; 2. fp. to be awakened.

प्रभङ्ग prā-bhaṅga, m. breaker, crusher, crushing, destruction; -bhaṅgin, a. breaking, crushing, destroying -bhaṅgana, a. id.; m. storm, tempest, hurricane; wind, god of wind, a. breaking; -bhadra, a. extremely handsome, n. a metre, combination of four slokas containing a single sentence; -bhartava, fp. to be nourished or maintained, -a. -bhartri, m. bringer, promoter, R1; -a. -bharman, n. setting before, presenting; recitation of a hymn; -bhava, a. prominent, m. origin, source, cause of existence, birthplace, arising or proceeding from, originating with, being in or on; -bhavita, n. mighty one, great lord; -bhavishat, a. mighty, pre-eminent; producing, creating, m. mighty one, master, lord, of a, le., -; -tā, f. lordship, dominion, power, to any; tyrann.

प्रभा prā-bhā, f. (shining forth), splendour, brightness, light, brilliancy, radiant beauty often -a (a radiant like); -kara, m. sun, N.; du. sun and moon; -deva, m. N.; -vardhana, m. N. of a prince, -varman, m. N. of a minister, -svāmin, m. N. of a temple of Vishnu; -bhāga, m. division; -bhāta, pp. √bhā begun to be light, n. dawn, daybreak; -kalpa, a. nearly grown light, approaching dawn; light; -prāya, a. id.; -bhā-praroha, m. rising lustre, effulgence; -bhā-māśala, m. circle or orb of light; -ka, n. id.; -bhā-maya, a. consisting of light, radiant; -bhā-lepin, a. radiant, brilliant; -bhāva, m. might, majesty, dignity, supernatural power, efficacy, power, over le.; splendour in, ab.; -tas, by means or in consequence of, through; -bhāva-ka, a. prominent, in le. or -; -bhāvat, a. luminous, splendid; -i, f. N.; -bhāva-ana, a. i. creating, creative, bestowing prosperity; m. creator; ā, f. promulgation of a doctrine; -bhāvyaiti, a. raising to power or dignity; -bhāva-vat, a. powerful; -bhāvita, cs. pp. id.; -bhāvin, a. id.; -bhāsha, n. declaration, doctrine; -bhāsha-ana, n. explanation; -bhāshita, pp. n. speech; -bhāshin, a. talking, speaking; -bhāsa, m. radiance, N. of a Vāsa, N. of the son of a minister of Kaudraprabha, m. N. of a place of pilgrimage on the west coast of the Deccan; -bhāsana, n. illumination; -bhāsura, a. of great brilliance; -bhās-vat, a. brilliant; -bhās-vara, a. id.

प्रभिन्न prā-bhinna, pp. & bhid; m. elephant in rut.

प्रभु prā-bhū (V also ā, v-ā), a. (being before others) superior; mighty; more powerful than ab.; having power over -a, a match for; capable of, able to (qf, le. of a bh. s., or -va, abundant; m. master, lord, king, husband; ep. of Brahman, Siva, Indra, and Prajapati; N.; -kṛta, pp. made by a lord, conferred by a master; -tā, f. lordship, dominion, sovereignty, supremacy; power, over (le.); prevalence, m., for the most part, possession of -; -tva, n. lordship, sovereignty, dominion; high rank, captaincy, power, over -g, le., -; prevalence; m., for the most part; -tva-ākshapa, m. hint as to a lover being very well able to do the objectionable matter referred to; -bhak-ta, pp. devoted to his master; -abha-asha, a. having only the title of lord remaining.

प्रभु prā bhū, r. -bhū; -bhūta, pp. much, abundant; -tā, f. quantity, plenty, large number; -tva, n. id.; -yavasa indhana, a. abounding in meadow grass and fuel, -yava, a. of advanced years, aged, -sas, ad. frequently, (a -bhūti, V. f. origin, violence; sufficiency).

प्रभृति prā-bhṛiti, f. offering (of praise in sacrifice), throw, stroke, blow, beginning; a. having as its beginning, beginning with, and the remainder, and so forth; & an accompanying substantive in the pl., ad.; or immediately following an ad. in -as or an ad. of time, from onwards; -ganma-prabhṛiti, from birth, -tatah or tadā prabhṛiti, from that time onwards, thenceforth, adya, from now on to day, the pol. vā as a rule follows prabhṛiti, not the preceding ad.; -ka, a. -; prabhṛiti, beginning with, and so forth.

प्रभुच prā-bhṛithā, m. offering.

प्रभेद prā-bheda, m. cutting through, piercing, division, opening of the temples of elephants during rut, separation, distinction, difference; species, kind; -bhedana, a. claving, piercing; -bhraman, a. falling down; -bhraśa-vāla, a. of fall n. character, immoral person; -bhṛāq, a. am li. flaming up.

प्रमहिषीय prā-māhishīya, n. N. of RV 1. 57 which begins with the words 'pramāhishīya' & -mati, f. cure, protection, provider, protector; -matia, pp. √mad inattentive, careless, heedless, negligent, remiss; -sāiva, a. having a careless minister; -matha, m. Tazer, kind of spirit attendant on Siva; -mathana, a. 1. tormenting, harassing; destroying, removing, m. N. of a Pāṇava, n. destruction, -matha-nātha, m. ep. of Siva; -matha adhipa, m. id.; -mathin, a. tormenting, rick, harassing; -mada, m. pleasure, joy, a. in intoxicated, wild, mad ā, f. handsome, buxom, lively woman; woman; -madana, n. joy of love, place of amusement, playground; -mada-vana, n. pleasure grove of a prince; -madā-ana, m. womankind, the female sex, woman; -madā-vana, n. pleasure-grove of the women of a prince; -madā śāpāda, n. harem, gynaeceum; -maditavya, fp. s. mps. one should be negligent regarding ab.; -madava, a. foolish, m. fool; ā, f. N. of the wife of Kuru -manas, a. careful, tender; pleased, joyful; willing; -matha, m. fire-drill by the rotation of which fire is produced from wood; -manyu, a. indignant with, incensed against, le., very sad; -maya, m. death, -marā, m. death; -marana, n. dying,

death; -**mardaka**, *a.* crushing, destroying; -**mardana**, *a.* crushing, destroying, annihilating (*g. or -*); *m. N. of a fairy*; -**marditri**, *m.* crusher, destroyer, -**mardin**, *a.* crushing, destroying (-); (ā)-**mahasa**, *a.* of great might.

प्रमा pra-mā, *f.* fundament, pediment (*V.*); measure, scale (*V.*); true conception, correct notion.

प्रमाणा pra-māṇa, *n.* measure, scale, standard; extent, size, length; distance; weight; quantity; duration; *sp.* prosodical length of a vowel, measure of physical strength; principal (*opp. interest*); right measure, standard, authority; rule of action; means of correct knowledge, evidence, proof; true conception, correct notion. **bhavati or bhavantaḥ pramāṇam**, you are the authority, i.e. the decision rests with you: *in this sense the word is almost exclusively used in the sg., rarely in the pl. or fem. (i); with the inf. it = person authorized to*; -**ka**, *a.* -° = **pramāṇa**, measure etc., means of knowledge, proof; -**koṭi**, *f.* extreme of evidence = irrefragable proof; -**tara**, *a. or n.* greater authority than (*ab.*); -**tas**, *ad.* with respect to measure, size, weight, length, etc.; -**tva**, *n.* correctness; -**drishya**, *pp.* accounted an authority; demonstrable; -**patha**, *m.* way of proof; -**na na va-tri**, not admit of proof; -**padhanti**, *f. ṛd.*; -**purusha**, *m.* arbitrator, umpire, referee.

प्रमाय pramāṇya, *den. 1.* adjust; regard, admit, or set up as an authority or model, in (*lc.*); use as evidence; prove, show clearly; -**yukta**, *pp.* having the right measure; -**vat**, *a.* attested, well-founded (*statement*); -**vākya**, *n.* authority; -**āstra**, *n.* work of sacred authority, scripture; -**sūtra**, *n.* measuring line; -**stha**, *a.* of normal size; being in the normal condition, unperturbed; -**adhika**, *a.* exceeding the ordinary measure, immoderate; -**anurūpa**, *a.* adapted to one's physical strength; -**anantara-tā**, *f.* condition of being another proof; -**abhāva**, *n.* lack of a standard to judge by; -**abhyadhika**, *n.* exceeding in size, bigger.

प्रमाणीकरण pramāṇī-karṇam, *n.* quoting as an authority; -**kri**, apportion anything (*ac.*) to any one (*g.*); regard or adopt (*a person or thing*) as an authority (*ac.*); act according to, follow (*ac.*); regard as evidence.

प्रमातामह pra-mātāmaha, *m.* maternal great-grandfather.

प्रमातृ pra-mātrī, *m.* one who has a correct notion or judgment, authority, performer of the mental operation resulting in a true conception; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n. abs. s.*

प्रमात्र pramā-tri, *n.* state of true conception or knowledge.

प्रमाथ pra-mātha, *m.* tugging; violent abduction (*of a woman*); subjugation; destruction; *N. of a Dānava*; -**māthina**, *a.* striking off; stirring, agitating, disturbing, afflicting; *m. N.*; -**māda**, *m.* intoxication; heedlessness, inattention, negligence, with regard to (-); -**phāṭa**, *m.* wrong reading; -**mādin**, *a.* heedless, careless, negligent, off one's guard; -**māpa-ka**, *a.* proving; -**māpāna**, *1. cs. √mā* (*m.* form, figure; 2. *cs. √mā* *a.* (i) murdering; *m.* murderer; *n.* killing; -**māpayitri**, *a.* leading to destruction; -**tva**, *n. abs. s.*; -**māya**, -**māyuka**, *a.* liable to perish; -**māyaka**, *a.* wiping off, removing; -**māyana**, *n.* wiping away; removal.

प्रमित pra-mita, *pp.* √mā, measure; -**mitti**,

f. correct notion; condition of being proved or established; manifestation.

प्रमीतपति pra-mīta-pati-kā, *a. f.* whose husband is dead; -**mitti**, *f.* destruction; -**milaka**, *m.*, -**milika**, *f.* closure of the eyes, drowsiness; -**milā**, *f. id.*

प्रमुक्ति pra-mukti, *f.* liberation; -**mukha**, *a.* having the face turned towards (*ac.*); foremost, first, chief, principal; *guly. -*° having as the foremost = preceded or led by, and so forth; *n.* beginning (*of a chapter*); present time; *lc.* in front, opposite (*w. g. or -*); °, before one's face, in one's presence; -**tas**, *ad.* in front, at the head; opposite; in the presence of, before (*g. or -*); -**mūd**, *f.* pleasure, delight; joy of love; -**mudita**, *pp.* √mud; *n.* mirth, gaiety; -**vat**, *ad. pp.* (he) rejoiced.

प्रमृग्य pra-mrīgya, *fl.* to be visited = specially adapted for (*d.*); -**mrīda**, *a.* gracious; gladdening; -**mrīka**, *a.* destructive; -**mrīta**, *pp.* deceased, dead; *n.* death; -**ka**, *a.* dead; -**mrīsha**, *pp.* (√mrīg) cleansed, pure, polished, bright; -**mrī**, *m.* polished or bright gem; -**kundala**, *a.* having ear-rings of polished gems; -**mrīśā**, *f.* overspreading with (-).

प्रमेय pra-meya, *fp.* measurable, limited; ascertainable, demonstrable; that of which a correct notion should be formed; *n.* object of correct knowledge or of demonstration; -**tva**, *n.* demonstrability.

प्रमोक pra-moka, *m.* setting free, release. -**moktavya**, *fp.* to be released; -**moksha**, *m.* loss, release, deliverance, from (-); redemption; -**mokana**, *a.* (i) delivering from (-); *n.* shedding (*of tears*); freeing or delivering from (-); -**modā**, *m.* joy, delight (*sts. pl.*); strong perfume; *N.*; -**ka**, *m.* kind of rice; *N.*; -**modana**, *a.* delighting; *n.* enjoyment, hilarity, gladdening; -**modita**, (*cs. pp.* √mud) *m. ep.* of Kubera; *N.*; -**modin**, *a.* delighting; *m.* kind of rice; -**moda uparuddha**, (*pp.*) *n.* retreat of joy, harem; -**moṣa**, *m.* deprivation; -**moḥa**, *m.* bewilderment; -**kitta**, *a.* bewildered in mind; -**mohana**, *a.* (i) bewildering; -**mohin**, *a.* (-) *id.*

प्रयज pra-yaj, *f.* offering; (ā)-**ya-ya**, *a.* adorable; -**yata**, *pp.* (√yam) presented; self-restrained; dutiful, pious, *m.* pious man; (ā)-**yati**, *f.* offering; donation, gift; intention, will; -**yatitavya**, *fp. n. imps.* one should endeavour or exert oneself; - take trouble about (*lc.*); -**yattavya**, *fp. n. imps. id.*; -**yatna**, *m.* effort of will, persevering exertion, endeavour, trouble, care, about (*lc. or -*); activity; *in. ab.*; -**tas**, *ad.* strenuously, carefully; *ab. or -* (before a *ps. pl.*), with difficulty, scarcely, -**skhid**, *a.* frustrating the endeavours of (*g.*); -**vat**, *a.* exerting oneself, taking great care; -**yantri**, *m.* bestower, giver, of (*ac. or g.*); guder.

प्रयस pray-as, *n.* [√pri] enjoyment, delight; refreshing draught, libation (*of ghee*); -**vat**, *a.* offering libations.

प्रयाग pra-yāga, *m.* Place of sacrifice celebrated place of pilgrimage at the confluence of the Yamunā and the Ganges; also known as a kingdom. *pl.* inhabitants of Prayaga, *N.*; -**yāśaka**, *a.* entreating (-artham); -**yāśana**, *n.* imploration; -**yāga**, *m.* preliminary offering (*guly. fit. sts. nine or eleven*); -**yāna**, *n.* setting out, going forth, departure; march, journey; day's journey; gait, attack (-); riding on (*m.*), expiration of life, decrease; beginning; back of a horse (*where the rider sits*); -**ka**, *n.* march, journey, day's march; -**kāla**, *m.* time of death, -**śāśa**, *m.* march-

ing drum, -**bhaṣa**, *m.* interruption of a journey.

प्रयात pra-yāta, *pp.* set out, gone, departed; gone towards, advanced, advancing; -**yātavya**, *fp.* to be attacked; *n. imps.* one should set out; -**yātri**, *m.* one who goes or can go or fly; -**yāpya**, *cs. fp.* to be sent away; -**yāyin**, *a.* going or riding on, marching with (-); -**yāsā**, *m.* exertion, trouble, effort, about (*g. lc. -*); -**arthāya**, or -**nimittena**), -**yāsita**, *pp. n. id.*

प्रयुक्त pra-yukta, *pp.* √yug; (ā)-**yukti**, *f.* impulse; employment; -**yūg**, (*V.*) *f.* (?) team; impulse, motive; gain; -**yūta**, *n.* million; (ā)-**yuti**, (*f.*) *f.* absence (*of mind*); -**yud-dha**, *pp.* √yudh; *n.* contest, battle; -**yadh**, *a.* attacking.

प्रयोक्तव्य pra-yoktavya, *fp.* to be discharged (*misile*); - employed or applied; - represented (*play*); - pronounced or uttered; -**yoktri**, *m.* shooter (*of missiles*); performer, agent (*of an action*); undertaker or giver of a sacrifice; procurer; employer, of (-), mine; speaker, reciter; composer, author, poet; lender of money; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* *abs. s.*

प्रयोग pra-yōga, 1. *a.* yoking (*his flames to the sacrifice, uid of Agni: RT.*); *m. N. of an ancient Rishi*; -**yoga**, 2. *m.* connexion, addition, use (*of a word*); *lc. often = in the case of*; shooting, casting (*missiles*); offering, bestowal; setting about anything, beginning, commencement; contrivance, device, any one's (-) doing; application, employment, use; usage, practice; employment of remedies or magical rites; means (*only in. pl.*), applicable or usual form (*gr.*); dramatic performance (*to ārīk*, see on the stage); stage piece; recitation, utterance, delivery; verse to be recited; lending at interest, investment; capital lent at interest; *in. ab. or -tas*, *ad.* by means of (-); -**grahana**, *n.* acquirement of practice; -**yogin**, *a.* applicable, usual; performing on the stage; *m.* actor; -**yogiya**, *a.* relating to the employment (*of remedies*); -**yogya**, *m.* heart to be yoked, draught animal; -**yogaka**, *a.* (i) causing, effecting, leading to (- or *lc.*); essential; *m.* author; creditor; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* agency; -**yogana**, *n.* occasion, object, motive; cause, aim, end; purpose, design, interest; business; use, need, or call for (*in.* with a purpose; *kim prayoganam, kena prayogana*, on what account? wherefore? -**m. atikram**, neglect one's opportunity; -**yogana-vat**, *a.* having a purpose, serviceable; interested, egotistical; -**yogayitri**, *m.* causer, occasioner; -**yogyā**, *fp.* to be cast or shot (*misile*); to be employed or used; to be commissioned; to be represented (*on the stage*); *n.** capital (*to be lent on interest*).

प्रयोतृ pra-yotrī, *m.* remover.

प्ररुष pra-rakṣhana, *n.* protection; -**ruh**, *a.* shooting (*of plants*); *f.* shoot, sprout; -**rūḍha**, *pp.* √ruh; -**rūḍhi**, *f.* shooting up; growth, increase; -**reka**, *m.* -**reśana**, *n.* abundance; -**rolana**, *a.* (i) seductive; *n.* investigation; seduction; laudation; elucidation; ā. *f.* encomium; exciting interest by praise (*rh.*); painting the future in rosy colours; -**roha**, *n.* germinating, sprouting also *fig.*; sprout, shoot, bud; eversion; shoot - ray of light (-); -**rohana**, *n.* sprouting, budding, shooting or growing up (*also fig.*); sprout, shoot, bud; -**rohin**, *a.* shooting up, out of (-), producing, causing to grow (-); -**rohi-śakhin**, *a.* the branches of which grow again.

प्रलघु pra-laghu, *a.* very small or insignificant

(retinue): -**tā**, *f.* excessive smallness; -**lap-ana**, *n.* prattling, chattering; -**lapita**, *pp.* $\sqrt{\text{lap}}$; *n.* prattle, chatter; lament; -**lab-dhavya**, *fp.* to be made sport of, to be deceived; -**lamba**, *a.* hanging down, pendulous; stooping; *n.* *N.* of a *Daitya* slain by *Bala-dara* or *Krishna*; -**tā**, *f.* pendulousness; -**bhāu**, *a.* having pendulous arms; -**bhāva**, *a.* *id.*; -**lambin**, *a.* pendulous; -**lambha**, *m.* obtainment; deception; -**lambhana**, *n.* taking *m.*, deceiving; -**laya**, *m.* dissolution, destruction, death; annihilation or end of the world; setting *of stars*; cause of dissolution; swoon; -**ghana**, *m.* cloud producing the dissolution of the world; -**m-kara**, *a.* (*i.* causing destruction, -**tā**, *f.* dissolution; -**m-gama**, *m.* annihilated, -**tva**, *n.* *id.*; -**ā-ya** *k/p*, go to ruin; -**dahana**, *m.* conflagration causing the destruction of the world; -**anta-ga**, *a.* perishing only at the end of the world (*am*).

प्रलहाट pra-lāḥa, *a.* having a prominent forehead; -**lava**, *m.* cutting (of a vein); -**lav-ana**, *n.* cutting of coral.

प्रलाप pra-lāpa, *m.* prattle, chatter, idle talk; lamentation; raving, delirious talk; -**lāpana**, *n.* teaching to talk; -**lāpi-tā**, *f.* loiterer's prattle; -**lāpin**, *a.* prattling, chattering, talking (*only*); -**lāp**, *a.* lamenting, delirious (*fever*).

प्रलेप pra-lepa, *m.* adhesion to ($\sqrt{\text{le}}$); salve; plaster; -**leha**, *m.* kind of broth; -**lehana**, *n.* licking

प्रलोप pra-lopa, *m.* destruction, annihilation; -**lobha**, *m.* allurements; -**ka**, *m.* enticer, *N.* of a *jataka*; -**lobhana**, *a.* enticing; *n.* allurements; -**lobhin**, *a.* alluring, seductive; -**lobhya**, *a.* alluring, enticing; -**lola**, *a.* violently agitated (*ocean*).

प्रव pra-v, *a.* hovering

प्रवक्तव्य pra-vaktavya, *fp.* to be propounded, imparted, or taught; -**vakti**, *m.* one who tells, imparts, or says anything; good speaker, teacher, propounder, originator of a story; -**tva**, *n.* condition of an instructor; -**va**, *a.* speaking; propounding; reciting; instruction; expression; designation; propounded doctrine, holy treatise, sacred scriptures, *sp.* the *Brahmins*; -**pa/u**, *a.* skilful in speech, eloquent; -**va/anya**, *fp.* to be propounded.

प्रवण pra-vaṇ, *m.* (?) slope, declivity; abyss, depth in *T.* only *sg.* and *pl.*; in *E.* also *ab. sg.*; *a.* shelving, sloping, towards ($\sqrt{\text{va}}$); prone, inclined, or devoted to (*d, q, lc, inf.*, or $\sqrt{\text{va}}$); declining, vanishing; directed towards ($\sqrt{\text{va}}$); -**tā**, *f.* inclination or proneness to ($\sqrt{\text{va}}$); -**va**-**vidhēyī-bhū**, gladly obey (*a command*); -**va/āyita**, *den. pp.* *n.* proneness or inclination to ($\sqrt{\text{va}}$); -**va**-**krī**, dispose favourably or incline any one (*acc.*); -**va**-**i-bhū**, become favourably disposed.

प्रवत pra-vat, *r. a.* directed forward, blazing forth (*Agni*); containing the syllable 'pra' or 'prā'; -**vāt**, *2. f.* slope of a mountain; height also *of heaven*; sloping path, smooth or swift course; in *sg.* and *pl.* downhill, downwards, swiftly; -**vat-vat**, *a.* abounding in heights, swift, affording a swift course; -**vāda**, *a.* uttering a sound, -**vaḍana**, *n.* propounding, -**vaḍiti**, *a.* uttering (*g.*; *E. acc.*); -**vaḍita**, *ab. inf.* to begin to utter; -**vaḍ-ya**, *a.* speeding along the slopes of *heaven*; -**vaḍana**, *n.* 1. shaving off (*of the beard*); 2. sowing; -**vayana**, *n.* 1. end of a web; 2. goal (*for driving cattle*); -**va**-**ya**, *a.* especially vigorous, of advanced years, aged.

प्रवर pra-varā, *1. m.* cover; upper garment,

2. *m.* summons *e.g.* to a *Brahman* to perform rites; invocation of *Agni* to perform his sacrificial functions; series of ancestors (because *Agni* is invoked as the *Agni* of the sacrifices's successive progenitors); ancestor; 3. *a.* pre-eminent, exalted; chief, best, most excellent (*of, q.* or $\sqrt{\text{va}}$); eldest son; better than (*ab.*); distinguished by ($\sqrt{\text{va}}$); *m.* *N.*; *a.* also wood; -**dhātu**, *m.* precious metal; -**nīpati**, *m.* *N.* of a prince; -**pura**, *n.* *N.* of a town in *Cashmere*; -**bhūpati**, *m.* *N.* of a prince; -**seṇa**, *m.* *id.*; -**adhya**, *m.* book of ancestry, title of various works; -**iṣa**, *m.* distinguished lord; *N.* of a prince; -**i-vara**, *m.* *N.* of a temple erected by *Pravarasena*.

प्रवर्ग pra-varga, *m.* large earthenware pot (used in the *Pravargya* ceremony); -**vargyā**, *m.* introductory ceremony of the *Soma* sacrifice, at which fresh milk is poured into a red-hot pot; -**vat**, *a.* connected with the *Pravargya* ceremony; -**vargyana**, *n.* performance of the *Pravargya* rite, placing in or near the fire; -**vartaka**, *a.* *iṣā* causing to roll onward, setting in motion; promoting, instigating; causing, producing; *m.* founder, author, *n.* entrance of a previously announced person on the stage at the end of the introduction; -**vartana**, *n.* advance, forward movement, emergence from (*ab.*); flow of water; walking; activity; occupation with, engaging in (*acc.*), *lc.*, going on, proceeding, coming to pass, occurrence, procedure, behaviour, moving onward, erection, execution of works; stimulation, promotion, production, introduction, employment, of, *q.* or $\sqrt{\text{va}}$; incitement to activity; -**vartaniya**, *fp.* to be employed, commenced; -**vartayitṛ**, *m.* instigator, of, *q.* or $\sqrt{\text{va}}$; creator, introducer, employer; -**tva**, *n.* instigation; -**vartita**, *ex. pp.* administered, dispensed; allowed to take its course; enforced; -**vartitavya**, *m.* *imp.* one should act; -**vartita**, *m.* producer, bringer, one who fixes or settles; -**vartin**, *a.* issuing, streaming forth, moving forward, flowing; engaging in action, causing to flow; producing; employing; introducing, propagating; -**vartya**, *fp.* being melted; -**vardha-ka**, *a.* *iṣā* augmenting, increasing; -**vardhana**, *a.* *ut.*; -**varsha**, *m.* rain *ab. pl.*; -**va**, *n.* raining; first rain; -**varshin**, *a.* raining, shedding; -**varha**, *r.* barha; -**valha**, *m.* riddle; -**vasatā**, *n.* departure; separation *pl.* from *ab.*; -**vasana**, *n.* setting out on travel; dying, decrease; -**vaha**, *a.* carrying, waiting; *m.* one of the seven winds which set the planets in motion, one of the seven tongues of fire; reservoir for receding water; -**vahana**, *n.* giving a girl in marriage, carriage, ship also *1. f.*; *a.* *ā*; -**bhaṅga**, *m.* shipwreck

प्रवाच pra-vāk, *a.* grandiloquent; -**vāḥana**, *n.* announcement, declaration; fame; -**vāḥya**, *fp.* to be proclaimed, praiseworthy, to be addressed; -**vāḥa** -**vāda**, coral; -**vāḥa**, *n.* border of a web; -**vātā**, *pp.* *n.* breeze; windy spot; -**vāteya** or *ya*, *a.* growing in a windy place; -**vāda**, *m.* utterance, naming, mention, statement; saying, proverb, story, rumour, report, about; evil report, calumny (*pl.*); passing one self off as; any grammatical form or case of *q.* or $\sqrt{\text{va}}$; app. a special form; in as the saying goes, but not in reality; *d.* in order to spread the report; -**vādaka**, *a.* causing to sound, playing upon ($\sqrt{\text{va}}$); -**vādin**, *a.* 1. uttering a sound, crying, stating, speaking, talking about; 2. occurring in some form or case; *gr.*; -**vāpin**, *a.* sowing in ($\sqrt{\text{va}}$); -**vāṇya**, *n.* flight, fleetness; -**vāra**, *m.* covering; -**vārana**, *n.* fulfilment of a wish; -**vārya**, *fp.* to be satisfied; -**vāla**, *m.* shoot, sprout (*to which feet and tip*

are often compared); coral; -**phala**, *n.* red sandal; -**vat**, *a.* furnished with shoots or sprouts; -**vāsa**, *m.* temporary residence abroad, absence from home; -*m.* *gam.* *ya*, *ā-pad*, or *pra-vas*, go abroad; *praviśād ā* or *upa ā-vit*, return from abroad; -**stha**, *a.* or -**stitha**, *pp.* gone abroad, absent from home; -**vāsana**, *n.* banishment, from (*ab.*); -**vāsin**, *a.* residing abroad, absent from home, sojourning; -*1.*; -**vāsyā**, *fp.* to be banished; -**vāha**, *m.* stream, current, flow, continuity, series, continuous train of thought; -**vāhana**, *a.* carrying away; *n.* protrusion, ejection; -**vāhikā**, *f.* diaphanous; -**vāhin**, *a.* drawing, carrying along (of a river); flowing, through or into ($\sqrt{\text{va}}$); *m.* draught animal.

प्रविग्रह pra-vi-graha, *m.* distinct separation of words euphonically combined; -**ghaṇa**, *n.* breaking in pieces; -**kāra**, *m.* $\sqrt{\text{ka}}$ *f.* distinction, species; -**kintaka**, *a.* foresewing; -**kātana**, *n.* comprehension; -**dāna**, *n.* shattering; -**dāra**, *m.* bursting asunder.

प्रविदस pra-vidyas, *pf. pt.* knowing, conceiving

प्रविधान pra-vi-dhāna, *n.* means employed; -**bhāga**, *m.* division, separation, classification, part; -*ab.*; *a.* having subdivisions.

प्रविरल pra-virala, *a.* standing far apart, isolated, rare

प्रविलम्बि pra-vi-lambi, *a.* prominent; -**laya**, *m.* melting, dissolution, complete disappearance; -**lāpana**, *n.* annihilation; -**lāp-ayitavya**, *fp.* to be annihilated; -**lāpi-tva**, *n.* complete annihilation; -**lāpin**, *a.* lamenting; -**lāpya**, *fp.* to be completely destroyed; -**vāda**, *m.* quarrel; -**vikta**, *pp.* $\sqrt{\text{vik}}$; *n.* (1) solitude (*only pl.*); -**viksha**, *den.* *a.* being about to enter; -**veka**, *m.* complete retirement.

प्रविषय pra-vishaya, *m.* range; -*m.* *d.* *ā* *ish/or gam*, become visible; -**vish/a**, *pp.* ($\sqrt{\text{vi}}$) entered (*act d. pr.*); -**ka**, *a.* act of entering the stage; only in *sg.* as a stage direction; -**vish-takā-ya**, *den.* *ā* appear in person; -**vistara**, *m.* extent, *m.* in great detail; -**vistāra**, *m.* *id.*; -**vi-spāsha**, *pp.* perfectly evident

प्रवीण pra-viṇ, *a.* skilful, clever, in (*lc.* or $\sqrt{\text{va}}$); -**tā**, *f.* skill, cleverness, ability; -**viṇ-kṛ**, make fit for anything; -**vira**, *m.* great hero, among (*q.* or $\sqrt{\text{va}}$); -**ka**, *m.* *N.* of various men; -**vara**, *m.* *N.* of an *Asura*.

प्रवृत्त pra-vṛtta, *pp.* turned forward; begun, proceeded with, going on, act *m.* ensued, engaged, occupied, busy, with (*lc.* or $\sqrt{\text{va}}$); interrupted action; -**akra**, *a.* whose wheel rolls on unimpeded; -**tā**, *f.* unlimited power; -**vāk**, *a.* of fluent speech; -**saṁprahāra**, *a.* having begun the fight.

प्रवृत्ति pra-vṛtti, *f.* moving forward, advance, progress; appearance, manifestation, production, rise, origin; advent, coming in (*of spring etc.*); activity, efficiency, function, advance into, prosecution of, engaging in, exposure of oneself to danger, prohibition, propensity, addiction to *lc.* or $\sqrt{\text{va}}$; proceeding, occupation, behaviour, practice; employment, use, currency; applicability or validity of a grammatical rule; continuance, prevalence, continued validity, lot, fate; tidings; of *q.* or $\sqrt{\text{va}}$; -**mat**, *a.* devoted to a thing; -**vāddha**, *pp.* $\sqrt{\text{vād}}$ grown up, great; -**vāddhi**, *f.* growth increase, rise (*of price*); -**vi**, *pp.* *vi* growth; -**vi**, *f.* growth

प्रवेक pra-veka, *a.* choice, chief, exquisite, most excellent of ($\sqrt{\text{va}}$); -**vega**, *m.* great swiftness; -**vegita**, *den. pp.* moving rapidly; -**ve-**

नक्षत्र, *f.* braid of hair; coloured woollen cloth; **-वेत्रि**, *m.* charioteer; **-वेत्री**, *m.* connoisseur of (-°); **-वेदान**, *n.* making known, proclaiming; **-वेदिना**, *a.* thoroughly knowing (-°); **-वेद्या**, *fp.* to be made known; **-वेदना**, *m.* shot; **-वेपि**, *a.* trembling; **-वेरिता**, *pp.* cast, hurled; **-वेस**, *m.* entrance, entry, penetration, intrusion, into (*lc.*, *g.* ± *antar*, or -°); appearance on the stage; getting into the house, coming into one's possession (*e.g.* of a deposit); obtrusiveness, meddlesomeness; entering into = admissibility, applicability in (*lc.*); employment or utilization of (-°); entrance, door; **-का**, *a.* -°, *id.*; *m.* interlude (explaining what has happened between two acts and is essential for the understanding of what follows); **-वेसान**, *n.* entering, entrance or penetration into (*g.*, *lc.* or -°); copulation; introduction, into (*lc.*); driving home (of cattle); **-वेस-भक्षिका**, *m.* collector of taxes; **-वेस्यता**, *fp.* to be introduced; **-वेस्ता**, *or pp.* introduced, made or allowed to enter; *n.* causing to appear on the stage, **-वेसिन**, *a.* entering, into (-°); accessible through or over (-°); having sexual intercourse with (-°); **-वेस्या**, *fp.* to be entered; - played (musical instrument); - introduced; **-वेशता**, *fp.* to be entered; - allowed to enter; *n.* *imp.* one should enter or penetrate into (*lc.*); **-वेशत्रि**, *m.* one who enters; **-त्वा**, *n.* condition of. [**-वोद**, *m.* (-°) *id.*]

प्रवोद pra-vodhri, *m.* one who carries off;

प्रव्यक्ति pra-vyakti, *f.* manifestation, appearance; **-व्यक्ष**, *m.* shot, shooting distance, **-व्यक्षत्र**, *m.* prolongation of a discourse; **-म** *kri.* address any one (*g.*)

प्रव्रजन् pra-vragann, *n.* going abroad, leaving home; **-व्राजिता**, (*pp.*) *m.* religious mendicant (Brahman in the fourth order); *n.* life of a religious mendicant; **-ऋ**, *f.* nun; **-व्राज्या**, *n.* going abroad, migration, wandering forth from home; **-ऋ**, *f.* religious mendicancy; order of ascetics, joining the monastic (in fourth order); **-व्रान्का**, *m.* cut; **-व्रान्**, *m.* religious mendicant, recluse; **-व्रान्**, *m.* river-belt; **-व्रान्का**, *m.* religious mendicant; **-व्रान्**, *f.* mendicant nun; **-व्रान्क**, *f.* *id.*; **-व्रान्का**, *n.* banishment; **-व्रान्जिता**, going forth or after (-°); *m.* religious mendicant; **-व्रान्ज**, *m.* collapse.

प्रशंसक pra-samsa-ka, *a.* praising (-°); **-सामाना**, *n.* laudation; **-सामान्या**, *fp.* to be praised; **-सामसा**, *f.* praise, eulogy, applause (*str.* *pl.*); fame; **-सामान**, *n.* term of praise, **-साला**, *m.* applause, **-वालाना**, *n.* laudatory remark; **-वाल**, *f.* paucity poem, **-सामान**, *n.* praising, extolling (-°); **-सामान** *upamā*, *f.* comparison implying praise (*ch.*); **-सामता**, *fp.* praise worthily; **-सामता**, *fp.* *id.*, better than (*ab.*); **-सामा**, *m.* tranquillization, pacification, appeasement; composure, calm; cessation, extinction (of fire), abatement, removal of obstacles, pain, etc.; mental calm, quietude, **-सामता**, *a.* tranquillizing, rendering innocuous; **-सामान**-*kara*, *a.* causing the cessation of (*g.*), disturbing; **-सामान**, *a.* tranquillizing, calming, allaying, extinguishing, curing, *n.* tranquillization, pacification, alleviation, mitigation; healing; rendering innocuous; securing (property); **-सा**, *f.* use, knife, **-साम**, *pp.* *m.* praised, commended, etc.; **-सामा**, *m.* *n.* *tvā*, *n.* excellence, **-सामता**, *fp.* praiseworthy; (*ā*) **-साम**, *f.* praise, laudation; glory; direction, guidance; benediction expressing a desire for peace in the realm (*di.*), (*m.* *trical*) eulogistic inscription; **-कृत्**, *a.* bestowing praise, approving, **-पति**, *m.* written edict; **-सा**, *fp.* praiseworthy, commendable, excellent, blessed, **-त**, *f.* excellence.

प्रशाखा pra-sākha, *f.* branch; extremity (of the body); **-सकिता**, *f.* small branch, twig; **-सताना**, *n.* breaking off; **-सता**, *pp.* (*√sam*) tranquillized, calmed, etc.; **-सा**, *a.* calm (of the mind), **-ता**, *f.* mental calm, composure; **-सन्ति**, *f.* tranquillization, appeasement, alleviation; tranquillity, calm; abatement, cessation; extinction (of fire); destruction; mental calm, composure, quietude; **-साम**, (*nm* *n.*) *a.* painless; **-सामा**, *m.* spiritual guide; **-सामाना**, *n.* guidance, government, rule; **-सामि**, *m.* governor, master; sovereign ruler, dictator; **-सामि**, *m.* spiritual guide; *N.* of a priest (also called Maitrāvairina, who is the first assistant of the Hotri); **-सामि**, *n.* office or Sonna-vessel of the Praśātri priest, **-साम्या**, *fp.* to be ordered by (*g.*)

प्रशिक्षण pra-sithila, *a.* very loose, flaccid, or lax; extremely feeble, hardly perceptible; **-सिथिलि**-*kri*, make very loose; **-सिथिलि**-*bhā*, become very loose; **-सिथि**, *pp.* *√sis*; (*ā*) **-सिथि**, *f.* order, command; **-सिथ्या**, *m.* pupil of a pupil; **-त्वा**, *n.* *abst.* *n.*; **-सि**, *f.* order, precept [*f.* clearness, purity.

प्रसुचि pra-suki, *a.* perfectly pure; **-सुद्धि**,

प्रशोष pra-sosha, *m.* dryness. [ling.]

प्रशोतन pra-shotana, *n.* dripping, sprink-

प्रश्न pras-na, *m.* 1. question; interrogation (also of the stars, etc.); judicial inquiry or investigation; inquiry after (-°); subject of controversy, disputed point, problem; lesson (in Vedic recitation); short section or paragraph (in books); **-म** *i*, submit a question to any one (*ac.*) for decision; **-म** *ā-gam*, *id.* (but *lc.* of person); 2. wicker-work, wicker-basket.

प्रश्नकथा prasna-kathā, *f.* story involving a question; **-प्रश्नकाम**, **-प्रश्नम**, *ad.* with a preceding question, after examination.

प्रश्नय prasna-ya, *den.* P. question, interrogate, inquire after (2 *ac.*)

प्रश्नविवाद prasna-vivāda, *m.* controversy.

प्रश्नित prasni-tu, *m.* questioner, interrogator.

प्रश्नोत्तर prasna-uttara, *n.* question and answer, verse consisting of question and answer, **-upanishad**, *f.* title of an Upanishad consisting of six questions and six answers

प्रश्नय pra-sraya, *n.* support, resting-place; (inclining forward), respectful demeanour, deference, civility, modesty; **-vat**, *a.* deferential; **-स्राय**-*in*, *a.* *id.*; **-स्राय**-*in*, *f.* respectfulness

प्रसित pra-srita, *pp.* (= *srita*) changing 'as' to 'o' before sibilant letters (*samāhi*); **-सिथ**, *pp.* slurred, coalescent (epiphonic combination of *n* or *ā* with a following vowel or of other vowels with homogenous ones); vowel resulting from coalescence or accent of a coalescent vowel (*gr.*); **-सिथ**, *m.* close contact or pressure; coalescence (of vowels).

प्रसितव्य pra-svas-itavya, *fp.* *n.* *imp.* one should restore or revive anyone (*g.* by means of (*m.*); **-सिथ**, *m.* inhalation.

प्रशय pra-shaya, *fp.* (*√prakh*) to be asked, interrogated, or examined, concerning (*ac.*); to be inquired about.

प्रष्टि pra-shiti, *m.* [being beyond or in front], side-horse or leader; man at one's side; tripod (supporting a dish); **-मा**, *a.* having side-horses; **-वाहन**, *a.* yoked with three horses.

प्रष्टु pra-shita, *a.* standing or going in front.

chief, foremost, most excellent, best, of (-°); *m.* front-man, leader; **-त्वा**, *n.* pre-eminence.

प्रसक्त pra-sakala, *a.* very full (*bosom*); **-सक्ति**, *pp.* *√sak*; *or* **-m**, *ad.* incessantly; **-सक्ति**, *fp.* to be attached to (*lc.*); **-सक्ति**, *f.* attachment, devotion, or addiction to, indulgence in, occupation with (*lc.*), occurrence of a case; bearing, applicability; practicableness; **-m** *pra-ya*, be practicable; **-सक्ति**, *fp.* to be allowed to occur; **-सक्थ्या**, *f.* sum total; consideration; **-साम**-*thyā*, *n.* enumeration, reflexion, meditation; fame, reputation; **-सङ्ग**, *m.* attachment, inclination; fondness for, addiction to, indulgence in (*lc.* or -°); gratification, of (*g.*); association or intercourse with (-°); illicit pursuit; applicability; contingency; opening, opportunity, occasion; connexion (*pl.* all that is connected with or results from anything); in, assiduously, with one's whole soul; in the course of (-°); occasionally, incidentally (also *ab.*, *or* **-ता**); **-सङ्ग** - *or* **-tat**-*prasanga*, on that occasion; **-etat**-*prasanga*, on this occasion; **-prasanga** *ku*-*trāpi*, on a certain occasion; **-vat**, *a.* occasional, incidental, **-vinivritti**, *f.* non-recurrence of a contingency, prevention of the recurrence; **-सङ्ग**, *a.* attached or devoted to (-°); connected with anything; contingent, occurring; secondary, unessential; **-सङ्ग**-*ya*, *fp.* applicable; **-ता**, *f.* -ness, **-pratishe**-*dha*, *m.* negative form of an applicable (positive) statement; **-त्वा**, *n.* *abst.* *n.*; **-सक्ति**, *f.* graciousness; favour, complacency; **-साम**-*dhāna*, *n.* combination, union; **-साम**, *pp.* (*√sad*) clear; bright; pleased, soothed, delighted; complacent; gracious, propitious, kindly disposed, plain (meaning); distinct (impression); correct (supposition); **-ता**, *f.* clearness, purity; brightness; per-spicity; complacency, good humour, **-त्वा**, *n.* clearness, brightness, **-मुक्ता**, *a.* of a placid countenance, looking pleased, **-साला**, *a.* having clear water; **-सब्धा**, *or* **-m**, *ad.* forcibly; violently; exceedingly, very much; importantly; **-दामाना**, *n.* forcible subjugation; **-सारा**, *m.* advance; diffusion, expansion, extension; range; issue (of smoke); free scope, ample space; motion (of the eye); appearance, manifestation; prevalence, influence, stream, flood; multitude, quantity; **-सा**, *n.* running away, escaping; coming into force; complaisance, amiability; **-सार्गा** (*or* *a*), *m.* gushing forth; dismissal; **-सार्गाना**, *n.* going forward, advancing; betaking oneself to (*lc.*); **-सार्ग**, *a.* issuing from (-°), slinking away

प्रसव pra-savā, *m.* 1. pressing (of Soma); 2. setting in motion, impulse; course, current; quickening power, stimulation, instigation; aid; command; acquisition; vivifier; 3. begetting, generation; conception; bringing forth, bearing; birth; delivery, confinement; augmentation; birth-place; flower, blossom, *sg.* & *pl.* offspring, progeny (-°); *sts* = young (-°); **-ग्रहा**, *n.* lying in chamber, **-सर्वाना**, *n.* bringing forth, bearing of children; fecundity; **-सर्व**-*vedanā*, *f.* pangs of child-birth, travail; **-सर्व**, *m.* 1. impeller, inciter, vivifier (of *g.*); 2. (*tri*) *m.* procreator, father; **-सर्व**, *a.* bearing, producing; **-सर्व**-*ya*, *a.* (holding the left hand out towards anything), following one's left hand, keeping one's left hand towards anything (in walking round it); **-m**, *ad.* to the left; **-सर्व**, *a.* *str.* *st.* **-सर्व** overpowering; **-सर्व**, *a.* enduring, withstanding (-°); *m.* endurance, resistance (only -°); heat or bird of prey; **-सर्वाना**, *n.* resisting; overcoming; embracing; **-सर्व**, *1.* *gd.* forcibly; exceedingly; without more ado; necessarily (with *na*, by no means); 2. *fp.* conquerable; with *inf.* capable of being -

(*po. pf.*): -**kāria**, *a.* acting with violence; -**harsana**, *a.* forcible abduction or appropriation.

प्रसाद 1. pra-sāda, *dem. P.* be bright.

प्रसाद 2. pra-sāda, *m.* clearness (of water, the voice); brightness; perspicuity (of speech or style); radiance (of the countenance); calmness (of mind), serenity; cheerfulness, good temper; kindness, graciousness, favour; help; aid; gracious gift; food offered to an idol; remnants of a preceptor's food (which may be eaten without scruple); -**m. kri.** be gracious, show favour; grant the favour of (*inf. or -s*); -**sāda-ka**, *a.* making clear, clarifying; cheering, gladdening; -**sādana**, *a.* i. making clear, clarifying; *n.* making clear, clarification, soothing, calming, tranquillizing; rendering cheerful; gratifying, propitiation; -**sādaniya**, *fp.* to be propitiated; -**sāda-parāmanukha**, *a.* (i) indifferent to any one's favour; withdrawing one's favour from (*g*); -**sāda-bhūmi**, *f.* object of favour, favourite; -**sādayitavya**, *fp.* to be rendered propitious towards (*yari*); -**sāda-vitta** - **ka**, *a.* abounding in favour, standing high in the favour of (*g* or -); *m.* favourite; -**sāda-antara**, *n.* another mark of favour; -**sādita**, *cs. pp.* ✓sad-pleased, propitiated, well-satisfied; -**sādin**, *a.* bright (eye, face); clear (nectar); propitious; cheering, gladdening; -**sādi-kri**, grant (*ne*) as a favour to (*g*), graciously present; -**sādyā**, *i. cs. gl.* having appeared, pleased, or propitiated; *2. fp.* to be propitiated; -**sādaka**, *a.* (i) adorning; *m.* dresser, valet; *f.* i) lady's maid; -**sādaka**, *a.* accomplishing; *n.* accomplishment; putting in order, arranging; embellishment, personal adornment, toilet; means of decoration, toilet requisites; ornament of (-); *i. f.* comb; -**sādhita**, *pp.* accomplished; decorated; -**sāra**, *n.* spreading or stretching out, extension; rising, whirling up (of dust); opening; -**sārana**, *n.* stretching out, extending; development; extension, diffusion, augmentation; vocalization of a semivowel (*gr.*); -**sāravin**, *a.* containing a semivowel liable to vocalization (*gr.*); -**sārīta**, *cs. pp.* ✓sri-extended, expanded, diffused; stretched forth, exposed for sale; -**sārin**, *a.* breaking forth, issuing from (-); stretching oneself out; extending to (-); -**sārya**, *i. cs. gl.* having extended or put forth; *2. fp.* to be vocalized (semivowel).

प्रसित pra-sita, *pp.* ✓si- devoted to, intent on (*in. or le.*); (i) *f.* onward rush of fire, onset; shot, missile; extension, sphere; duration; dominion, power; -**siddha**, *pp.* ✓adh-; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* notorioussness; -**siddhi**, *f.* accomplishment, success; proof; current opinion, general acceptance; publicity, notorioussness; fame, celebrity; -*m. utpādyā*, having spread the rumour; *ato me asanka iti prasiddhi*, therefore I am generally known as Śaśaṅka; -**mat**, *a.* universally known, famous.

प्रसुप्त pra-sūpt, *a.* slumbering; -**supta**, *pp.* slept; sleeping; fast asleep; -**tā**, *f.* sleepiness; -**supti**, *f. id.*

प्रसू pra-sū, *a.* bearing, giving birth to; fruitful, prolific; producing, providing for (-); *f.* mother, parent; flowering sacrificial grass; -**sūta**, *fp.* born, produced; *n.* primordial soul or matter *phil.*; (i) -**sūti**, *i.* *f.* instigation, command, permission; (ii) -**sūti**, *2. f.* bringing forth, parturition, laying (of eggs); birth, coming forth, production (of fruit, flowers, etc.); producer; child, offspring, progeny; product; -**sūtikā**, *f.* a recently confined, having lately calved; -**sūna**,

pp. ✓sū; *n.* blossom, flower; -**bāna**, *m.* (flower-arrowed), Kāma, -**śūga**, *m. id.*

प्रसृत pra-srūta, *pp.* ✓sri; *m.* outstretched hollowed palm; handful (as a measure = 2 Palas); (i) -**sriti**, *f.* flow; successful progress, diffusion; hollow outstretched palm; handful (as a measure = 2 Palas); -**śrāvaka**, *m.* eating porridge made of not more than a handful of barley; -**śrīmara**, *a.* welling forth, distilling; going in front, being at the head of (*g*); -**śrīsha**, *pp.* ✓sru.

प्रसेक pra-seka, *m.* effusion; watering of the mouth, nausea; exudation, resin; spout (of a ladle); -**sekin**, *a.* discharging fluid, suffering from (excessive) salivation; -**sema** -**śi**, *m. N.* of various princes; -**sevala**, *m.* sack, bag; damper on the neck of a lute.

प्रस्कण pra-skana, *m. N.* of a Vedic Rishi pl. descendants of Praskana; -**skandana**, *a.* leaping forward, attacking, *ep. of* Śiva; suffering from diarrhoea; *n.* bounding over or across (-); apert, -**skandin**, *a.* leaping into (-); -**skanna**, *pp.* ✓skand; -**skanda**, *m.* support or, according to a commentator circular altar, -**skhalana**, *n.* stumbling, staggering.

प्रसब्ध pra-sambha, *m.* becoming rigid; -**stara**, *m.* that which is strewn forth, straw, bed, couch of grass or leaves, litter; couch of (-); bunch of sacrificial grass; flat surface, pavement, terrace; plain, plateau; stone, rock; section, paragraph; -**stara**, *n.* couch, seat; -**stava**, *m.* song of praise

प्रसार pra-sara, *m.* strewing, spreading out; abundance, litter, bed of straw; couch, layer; stair leading down to water; flat surface; table of all the possible combinations in a metre; -**pañkti**, *f.* combination-pañkti, a metre (12 + 12 + 8 + 8 syllables); -**stārin**, *a.* spreading out, extending to; -**stāva**, *m.* preliminary mention, allusion, propounding or introducing a topic; subject of conversation, topic; opportunity, occasion, season, proper time; beginning, commencement, introduction; of a Sumana sang by the Prastoti priest: in at any one's convenience, *le.* on a suitable occasion, opportunity; -**tas**, *ad.* in the course of (-); -**stāvanā**, *f.* blazing abroad, through (*in.*); beginning, commencement; introduction (dramatic prologue the scene between the benediction and beginning of the first act); -**stāva-sandīpa**, *a.* suited to the occasion, seasonable, appropriate; -**stāvita**, *cs. pp.* commenced, begun; referred to.

प्रसृत pra-srūta, *pp.* begun; propounded, under discussion, in question; -**tva**, *n.* state of being under discussion; -**sākura**, *m.* figure in which allusion is made to a passing circumstance, hinting at something analogous present in the mind; & *stuti*, *f.* praise.

प्रसोतु pra-sotri, *m. N.* of the assistant of the *Udgātri* priest, who chants the *pra stāva*; -**stobha**, *m.* allusion to (*g*).

प्रसू pra-sū, *m. N.* [standing forth, prominent], table-land on a mountain, plateau; level expanse, plain; a measure of capacity (= 32 Palas); -**sthāna**, *n.* setting out, marching forth, proceeding, departure, advent; despatch of *of* *war*, journey to the next world; religious mendicancy; way of thinking, method, system, sect; kind of interior drama; -**śundabhi**, *m.* drum giving the signal for marching; -**sthāniya**, *a.* relating to departure; -**sthāpana**, *n.* sending away, despatching, dismissing, giving currency to (an expression); -**sthāpta**, *cs. pp.* ✓stha-sent away, despatched; -**sthāpya**, *cs. fp.* to be sent away or dismissed; -**sthāyin**, *a.* setting

out, departing; -**sthita**, *pp.* ✓stha- set out, departed; marched forth; gone on a journey; *n.* departure; -**śāryā**, *f.* verse pronounced on offering the *Soma* vessels called 'prasthita'; -**sthit**, *f.* setting out, departure; -**stheya**, *fp. n.* *imps.* one should set out or depart.

प्रसव pra-sava, *m.* stream or flow (of milk etc.); *pl. tears*; -**śavāya**, *a.* dropping, pouring forth (-); -**śavita**, *pp.* dropping, flowing; -**śtani**, *a. f.* having streaming breasts; -**śavah**, *f.* grand-son's wife; -**śaveya**, *fp.* suitable for bathing.

प्रसव pra-spandana, *n.* quivering, palpitating; -**spandha**, *a.* revalling; -**sphāsa**, *a.* plain, manifest, evident; -**spharita**, *pp.* quivering, vibrating, tremulous; manifested; -**sphalliga**, *m.* (i) darting spark; -**spho-** **ana**, *n.* splitting (*inf.*); causing to expand or bloom.

प्रसर्तव्य pra-smartavya, *fp.* to be forgotten.

प्रसव pra-syanda, *m.* trickling or welling forth; -**syandana**, *n. id.* exudation; -**syandin**, *a.* oozing forth; shedding (tears); *m.* shower of rain.

प्रसव pra-samsa, *m.* falling down; -**sramsana**, *n.* dissolving; -**sramsin**, *a.* (i) mis-carrying; -**sraya**, *m.* flowing forth, stream, flow; flow of milk etc. when the milk flows *pl.* gushing tears; -**śrāvāsa**, *n.* gushing or streaming forth, trickling, oozing; effusion, discharge of, from, or into, (-); spring, fountain, spout; -**stava-yukta**, *pp.* discharging milk (*breasts*); -**samyukta**, *pp. id.* streaming tears; -**savin**, *a.* pouring forth, discharging (-); discharging milk (cow); -**śrāva**, *m.* urine; -**śruta**, *pp.* oozed, issued, etc.

प्रसव pra-svana, *m.* sound, noise; (i) -**śvādas**, *a.* very sweet, highly pleasing; -**śvāpa**, *a.* inducing sleep, soporific, muscle; *m.* falling asleep, dream; -**śvāpāna**, *a.* (i) causing slumber i *śvā*, *f.* condition of sleep; *n.* causing sleep; -**śveda**, *m.* perspiration; -**śvedin**, *a.* perspiring, covered with sweat

प्रहसन pra-hasana, *n.* striking; -**hata**, *pp.* ✓han- struck, beaten, etc.; -**hasti**, *f.* stroke, blow; -**hantavya**, *fp.* to be killed; -**hantri**, *a.* striking down (*ac*); -**hara**, *m.* (stroke on a gong), watch (period of about three hours); -**ka**, *m. id.*; -**harsana**, *n.* striking, beating; pecking; attacking; combat; removing, dispelling; weapon; -**harsaniya**, *fp.* to be attacked; - removed or expelled; a weapon, missile; -**hartavya**, *fp.* to be attacked; *n.* *imps.* one must strike or attack (*id. or le.*); -**hartri**, *m.* sender; assailant, combatant, warrior; -**harsaha**, *m.* great joy, rapture; -**śakri**, delight in (*le.*); -**harsaha**, *a.* causing the hair of the body to stand on end; making very glad, enrapturing; a erection of the hair of the body; joy, rapture; -**harsa-vat**, *a.* rejoicing; -**harsin**, *a.* gladdening; -**hasana**, *n.* laughter, derision; kind of comely, farce; -**hasita**, (*pp.*); *n.* breaking out into a laugh; -**hasta**, *m.* hand with extended fingers, a long handed; *m. N.*; -**hāna**, *n.* 1. abstraction, speculation; 2. abandonment, avoidance; -**haṇi**, *f.* disappearance; -**hātavya**, *fp.* to be abandoned; -**hāra**, *m.* stroke, blow, thump, cut, thrust, shot, kick with, (-), on, *le.* *sta* - (-); -**da**, *a.* giving a blow to, striking (-); -**varman**, *m. N.* of a prince; -**arta**, *pp.* wounded; -**hārin**, *a.* striking, with (-); fighting against (*g* or -); *m.* good fighter; -**hāsa**, *m.* laughter; derision, irony; -**hasin**, *a.* laughing, derisive.

प्रहि pra-hi, *m.* well; **-hita**, *pp.* (√dhā) sent, despatched, commissioned, etc.; **-hitam-gama**, *a.* going on a message to (*g.*).

प्रहृत prā-huta, *pp.* offered up; (**ś**)-**huti**, *f.* offering.

प्रहत pra-hrita, *pp.* √hri; *n.* combat with (-°); **-hriṣha**, *m.* greatly rejoiced, delighted; **-manas**, *a.* having a delighted mind or heart, exceedingly glad, **-roman**, *a.* having the hair of one's body erect, *m. N.* of an *Amra*; **-ātman**, *a.* having a joyful mind.

प्रहेल pra-helā, *f.* unconstrained behaviour; *in.* without constraint; **-helikā**, *f.* riddle, enigma.

प्रहाद pra-hrāda, *m. N.* of the chief of the *Amra*; **-hrāsa**, *m.* curtailment, diminution, wane.

प्रह्लाद pra-hlāda, *m.* pleasurable excitement, feeling of joy; *N.* of a pious *Daitya* (= *Prahrāda*); **-ka**, *a.* refreshing, gladdening; **-hlādana**, *a.* (i) cheering, gladdening; *n.* **ś**, *f.* refreshing, delighting; **-hlādin**, *a.* delighting.

प्रह्व pra-hva, *a.* inclined forward, sloping, slanting, bent; bowing before (*g.*); **-hvana**, *n.* obscenacy; **-hvaṇa**, *den. P.* humble (*acc*); **-hvi-bhū**, humble oneself.

प्रा PRĀ, *f.* (collateral form of √i, *pri*, only used in *adv.*, *pp.*, and *pp*) fill; *pp.* **prātā**, filled, full, **ś**, full, *vi*, *ad*

प्राशु praṁsu, *a.* [having its end raised up], lofty, high, tall; long, intense (brilliance); *m. N.* = **-ka**, *a.* large (animal); **-tā**, *f.* height

प्राक् prāk, *n.* (of *prāṅk*) *ad.* before, in front of (*ab.*); before (*in order*, *ab.*); formerly, previously, to (*ab.*, rarely *g.*), to the east of (*ab.*); first, in the first place, henceforth; **prāg eva**, a short while ago; still more (*B*). [festation

प्राकथ्य prākāṭya, *n.* manifestness, mani-

प्राकरयिक prākaraṇ-ika, *a.* belonging to the matter in question; - to the chapter; - to the genus. [will

प्राकाम्य prākām-ya, *n.* perfect freedom of

प्राकार (prā-kāra, *m.* [strewn along, mound], enclosing wall, rampart; **-karaṇa**, *m.* Wall, ear, *N.* of a minister of the owl-king *Arjuna*; **-vesha**, *a.* having only his ramparts left

प्राकाश prākāś-d, *m.* metal mirror; **-ya**, *n.* manifestness; notoriety, fame.

प्राकृत prākṛta, *a.* (**ś**, *a*) connected with nature (*prakṛti*), natural, original; unaltered; usual, ordinary, common; low, vulgar, proceeding from or relating to nature (*phī*); *Prakṛti*; *n.* low or vulgar man, *n.* vernacular dialect derived from *Sanskrit* and spoken by women and interior characters in *Sansk.* (*it plays*), *Prakṛt*. **-bhāṣin**, *a.* speaking *Prakṛt*; **-vāsana**, *n.* treatise on *Prakṛt*; **-andrikā**, *f.* Moonlight of *Prakṛt*, *T.* of *Vararuci's* *Prākṛt grammar*; **-prakāśa**, *m.* Illustration of *Prakṛt*, *id.*

प्राकृतिक prākṛit-ika, *a.* (i) natural; derived from nature.

प्राक्रमण prāk-karmaṇ, *n.* preliminary procedure; action performed in a previous existence; **-kalpa**, *m.* former age; **-kṛita**, *pp.* formerly done, performed in a previous life; *n.* act done in a previous life; **-kṛima**, *ad.*

before it is too late, but times; **-kṛhāya**, *n.* falling of the shadow towards the east.

प्राक्कन prāk-kana, *a.* (i) anterior, former, previous; ancient; **-tanaya**, *m.* former pupil; **-tarāma**, *ad.* farther east; **-tāpa**, *a.* having the tufts directed eastwards; **-tā**, *f.* eastward direction (of sacrificial utensils); **-pada**, *n.* first member of a compound (*gr.*); **-pravana**, *a.* sloping towards the east.

प्राक्रमिक prākram-ika, *a.* taking many things in hand without finishing any of them).

प्राकशस prāk-sas, *ad.* eastwards; **-siras**: **-ka**, *a.* having the head turned eastwards; **-samsthā**, *a.* ending in the east; **-samdhyā**, *f.* morning twilight; **-soma**, *a.* preceding the Soma sacrifice; **-samika**, *a.* (i) *id.*; **-srotas**, *a.* flowing towards the east.

प्राकथ्य prākhar-ya, *n.* sharpness (of an arrow).

प्रागय prāg-agra, *a.* having the point directed forwards or eastwards; **-apavargam**, *ad.* concluding in the east; **-abhāva**, *m.* previous non-existence; **-abhihita**, *pp.* previously discussed.

प्रागल्भी prācalbh-i, *f.* self-confidence, assurance; **-ya**, *n. id.*; **-vat**, *a.* self-confident, bold; boasting of (-°). [ditiion

प्रागवस्था prāg-avasthā, *f.* previous con-

प्रागाथ prāgātha, *a.* (i) belonging to the *Pragāthas*, i.e. to the eighth *Mandala* of the *RV.*; *m. pat.* descendant of *Pragātha*.

प्रागायत prāg-āyata, *pp.* extending towards the east, **-ukti**, *f.* previous utterance.

प्रागुय prāgun-ya, *n.* right position or direction.

प्रागुत्तर prāg-uttara, *a.* (east-northern, i.e.) north-eastern; *in. or -tas*, in the north-east, of (*ab.*, *g.*), **-dig-bhāga**, **-dig-vibhāga**, *m.* north-eastern side of (*g.*); **-utpatti**, *f.* first appearance; **-ndaś-mukha**, *a.* facing north-eastwards or to the east or the north; **-ndaśk**, *ad.* (*f.* **-ndiśā**) north-eastern; *n.* **-ndaśk**, *ad.* (*f.* **-ndiśā**) east-north, i.e. north-east; **-ūdhā**, *pp. f.* formerly married.

प्रागङ्ग prāg-gaṅgam, *ad.* on the east of the Ganges; **-gamana-vat**, *a.* going forward; **-gāmin**, *a.* preceding or intending to precede; **-gūṇa**, *a.* having the previously mentioned quality; **-griva**, *a.* having the neck directed eastward; **-ganman**, *n.* previous birth or existence; **-gāta**, (*pp.*) *n.*, **-gāti**, *f.* previous existence; **-gyotishā**, *a.* lighted from the east; *prince or country of Prāgyotishā*, *pl.* inhabitants of -; *n. N.* of a city supposed to have been inhabited by the demon *Naraku*; **-dakṣiṇa**, *a.* (east-southern, i.e.) south-eastern; **ś**, *f.* south-east; **ś**, *ad.* south-eastern; **-pravana**, *a.* sloping towards the south-east; **-deva**, *m.* eastern country; **-dāhika**, *a.* belonging to a former life; **-dvār**, *f.* door facing east; **-dvāra**, *n. id.*; space in front of a door; *a.* having a door facing eastward; **-bhāra**, *m.* [having the weight in front, inclined], delicacy; inclination; (subsiding) mass, great quantity; **-bhāva**, *m.* previous existence.

प्राय pra-agra, *n.* extreme point; **-sara**, *a.* going in the forefront; foremost, chief, in (-°), among (*g.*), **-hara**, *a.* [appropriating the best], chief, principal, among (-°).

प्राग्र्य prāgr-ya, *a.* foremost, best, most excellent.

प्रागलक्ष्य prāg-lakṣa, *a.* ashamed at first; **-vama**, *i.* *m.* preceding race; 2. *a.* having its beams directed eastward; *m.* space in front of the *Vedi*; **-vakana**, *n.* previous utterance; **-vat**, *a.* as before, formerly, or at other times; as above (*in a book*); **-vāta**, *m.* east wind; **-vṛitta**, *n.* previous conduct; **-vṛittānta**, *m.* previous event or adventure; **-vṛitti**, *f.* conduct in a previous life; **-vesha**, *m.* previous attire.

प्राघुय prāghuṇa, *m.* [dialectical for *prāghṛna*] guest. **-ka**, *i-ka*, *m. id.*; **i-kri**, make a guest of, cause to reach (-°).

प्राघुय prāghṛna, *m.* [going forth deviously, wanderer], guest; **-ka**, *m. id.*; **i-ka**, *m. id.*; *n.* hospitable reception.

प्राह prāh, *nm. sg. m.* of *prāṅk*.

प्राङ्ग prāṅga, *n.* court, courtyard, **-āṅga** (*less correct*), *n. id.*

प्राङ्गाय prāh-nyāya, *m.* previous method a special plea that the prosecutor has previously brought and lost the same action. **-mukha**, *a.* (i) facing or pointing forward or eastward; inclined towards, desirous of (-°); **-āṅhana**, *a.* facing eastward. [sionateness

प्राचल्य prākhand-ya, *n.* vehemence, pas-

प्राचा prāk-ā, *in. ad. v.* *prāṅk*.

प्राचार prākāra, *m.* winged ant

प्राचार्य prākārya, *m.* teacher of a teacher

प्राची prāk-i, *f.* east.

प्राचीन prāk-īna, *a.* turned frontways; eastward; eastern, living in the east; anterior, former, previous, old. *am. ad.* forwards; in front of (*ab.*); eastwards, to the east of (*ab.*); previously to, before (*ab.*); **-āvitin**, *a.* = **-āvitin**; **-griva**, *a.* having the neck directed forward or eastward; **-āvitā**, *n.* wearing of the sacred cord over the right shoulder; **-āvitin**, *a.* wearing the sacred cord over the right shoulder; **-upavitā**, *pp. id.*

प्राचीमूल prākī-mūla, *n.* eastern horizon.

प्राचीर prākīra, *m.* enclosure, fence.

प्राचुर्य prākūrya, *n.* copiousness, abundance, plenty, amplitude, prolixity; prevalence, currency; *in.* for the most part; in detail.

प्राचेतस prāketas-a, *a.* relating to *Varuna* (*in āśā*, *f.* west); descended from *Prāketas*, *m. pat.* of *Manu*, *Dakṣha*, and *Valmiki*.

प्राथ prā-yā (or *yā*), *a.* being in front; situated, living, prevailing, or spoken in the east, eastern; prior, previous; preceding (*in a book*); former, ancient, old; *m. pl.* people of the east, eastern country; the ancients. **-pada-vṛitti**, *f.* the euphonic combination *ea*; **-ratha**, *m.* car used in the eastern country; **-ndaśk**, *a.* (*f.* **-ndiśā**) running from east to west.

प्राह् prāh, *m.* (*nm. prāt*) questioner.

प्राजक prājaka, *m.* driver (of a waggon); **-gana**, *n.* *m.* goud, whip.

प्राजापत prājāpat-a, *a.* (i) = **-ya**; **-yā**, *a.* coming from, relating, or sacred to *Pragāpati* (*in. sakala*, *m.* car of *Rohini*); *m. pat.* descendant of *Pragāpati*; **± krikkhra** or *upa-vāsa*, *kind of penance*; **± vivāha**, *m.* *Pragāpati* form of marriage, in which the father gives away his daughter without receiving a present from the bridegroom.

प्रागिक pra-ag-ika, *m.* [driving forward, pursuer], hawk.

प्रागिधर प्रागि-dhara, *m. N.*; -*ma/hiā*, *f. N.* of a locality.

प्राज्ञ प्राज्ञā, *a.* [relating to intellect, प्राज्ञा, intellectual; intelligent, wise, clever; *m.* wise or sensible man; intelligence associated with individuality (*phī*) - *tvā*, *n.* wisdom, intelligence, cleverness, -*mānin* or -*m-mānin*, *a.* con idering oneself wise.

प्राज्य प्राज्या, *a.* [having much ghee] copious, abundant; much; great, large, important; long. -*bhūga*, *a.* long-armed

प्राक्ष प्राक्ष, *a. (f. प्राक्ष)* directed forwards; being in front, facing; eastward, eastern, easterly; being to the east of *ah*; inclined, willing; former, previous, prior -*am kri*, bring; further; stretch forth. -*am kalpaya*, cause to be turned towards one, face; *in. प्राक्ष*, forwards; eastwards.

प्राञ्जल प्राञ्जला, *a.* [having the hands outstretched]; straightforward, candid, open; level (road), straight; -*tā*, *f.* straightness, plainness (of meaning etc.); -*āyali*, *a.* having the folded hands outstretched (*in token of respect or humility*); -*i-bhū*, hold out the folded hands.

प्राड्विवाक प्राद-विवाका, *m.* [interrogating -*prāk* and deciding], judge

प्राय प्राय, *m.* breath; vital spirit (*pl. life*; vital air (*five are generally assumed*), but *three, six, seven, nine, and even ten are also spoken of*, *sp. inhaled air*, breath of air, wind; breath as a measure of time (requisite for pronouncing ten long syllables; vigour, energy, power; soul (*in the Śākhya phī*), intelligence associated with totality (*vedānta*); sign of vitality (*pl.*; organ of sense, mouth, nose, ears, and eyes; *pl.*); *ā*; *ā*, *a.* loving as dearly as life, or having one's life dependent on - *kara*, *a.* interrogating; -*karman*, *n.* vital function; -*krikhāra*, *a.* danger to life, -*ghāna*, *a.* life destroying, deadly; -*kāid*, *a.* cutting life short, fatal; -*kāheda*, *m.* destruction of life, murder; -*tyāga*, *m.* abandonment of life, suicide; death

प्रायश्च प्रायश्चा, *m.* respiration; -*da*, *a.* life-giving; saving the life of *y*. -*dak-shiā*, *f.* gift of life. -*dayita*, *pp.*, *m.* husband loved as dearly as life, -*dāna*, *n.* gift or saving of life; abandonment of life -*dyūta*, *n.* play or contest for life. -*droha*, *n.* attempt on the life of any one. -*drohin*, *a.* seeking the life of *o*. -*dhara*, *m. N.* -*dhāra*, *n.* maintenance or preservation of life; means of supporting life -*m kri*, *P.* support any one's life; *ā* support one's life, take food. -*dhārin*, *a.* preserving the life of *y*.

प्रायण प्रायणा, *a.* [*ān*] animating, quickening; *n.* respiration; animating.

प्रायनाथ प्रायनाथा, *m.* lord of life, lover, husband; -*nā*, *m.* loss of life, death, -*ni-graha*, *m.* restraint on breath; -*pati*, *m.* lord of life, soul, -*parikraya*, *m.* staking one's life; -*parikshaṇa*, *pp.* whose life is on the decline; -*parigraha*, *m.* possession of life, existence; -*parityāga*, *m.* abandonment of life; -*prada*, *a.* having restored or saved any one's life, -*pradāyaka*, -*pradāyin*, *a. id.* -*prayāna*, *n.* departure of the vital spirit, death; -*priya*, *a.* as dear as life; *m.* lover, husband; -*prepsu*, *des.* *a.* wishing to preserve one's life, in mortal terror; -*bādha*, *m.* danger to life, mortal peril; -*bhāksha*, *m.* feeding on breath only (*i.e.* on the mere smell of food or drink); -*bhāya*, *n.* mortal

fear; -*bhā*, *a.* possessing life; *m.* living being; -*bhūta*, *pp.* being the vital breath; -*bhūt*, *a.* life-preserving; possessing life, living; *m.* living being; man, -*māya*, *a.* consisting of vital air or breath, -*mokshaṇa*, *n.* abandonment of breath, suicide, -*yātrā*, *f.* support of life, subsistence; -*yātrika*, *a.* requisite for subsistence, -*mātrā* *syāt*, he should possess only as much as will support life, -*yuta*, *pp.* endowed with life, living, alive; -*yoni*, *f.* source of life; -*rakshā* *artham*, *ad.* for the preservation of life, -*rāga-ya-da*, *a.* having saved any one's life and throne, -*rodha*, *m.* suppression of the breath, -*lābha*, *m.* saving of life; -*vat*, *a.* endowed with life, living; vigorous, strong; -*vallabhā*, *f.* mistress or wife who is as dear to one as life, -*vinā*, *a.* loss of life, death; -*vipra-yoga*, *m. id.*; -*vṛtti*, *f.* vital activity or function, -*vyaya*, *m.* remuneration or sacrifice of life, -*viāyākhāna*, *n.* impediment of life; -*saṁnyāsa*, *m.* suspension of breath, -*saṁnyāsa*, *n.* risk or danger to life, *sts pl.*, -*saṁkṣā*, *n. id.*, -*saṁtyāga*, *m.* remuneration of life, -*saṁdeha*, *n.* risk or peril to life; -*saṁdhāraṇa*, *n.* preservation of life, -*saṁnyāsa*, *m.* giving up the spirit, -*sama*, *a.* dear as one's own life, *ā*, *f.* mistress, wife, -*saṁmita*, *pp.* dear as one's own life, reaching to the nose; -*sāra*, *n.* vital energy; *a.* full of strength, vigorous, muscular; -*hara*, *n.* taking away life total to, capital punishment; -*bāni*, *f.* loss of life; -*hāraka*, *a.* life-depriving, fatal, -*hārin*, *a. id.*, -*hina*, *pp.* bereft of life, lifeless

प्राणाघात प्राणाघाता, *m.* destruction of life or of a living being; -*ā*, *ārya*, *m.* body physician, -*atipāta*, *m.* attempt on life, taking away life, killing a living being, -*atilobha*, *n.* excessive attachment to life, -*atman*, *m.* breath-soul the least of the three souls of man, the other two being *govatman* and *paramātmān*; -*atyaya*, *m.* danger to life, -*adhika*, *a.* dearer than life; superior in energy, more vigorous, -*adhipa*, *m.* lord of vital breath, soul, -*anta*, *m.* end of life, death; *a.* ending life, capital punishment, -*antika*, *a.* (1) destructive to life, fatal, capital punishment, life-long desperate, vehement (love, desire); -*m*, *ad.* till death, *a.* danger to life, -*ābādha*, *m.* injury to life, -*abhisara*, *n.* sayer of life, -*ayana*, *n.* organ of sensation; -*āyāna*, *m.* suspension of breath (*sts pl.*), -*as*, *ad.* with frequent suspension of the breath, -*āyāmin*, *a.* suspending the breath.

प्राणाय प्राणय-ya, *a.* suitable, proper.

प्राणार्थवत् प्राणाार्थावत्, *a.* living and rich; -*arthin*, *a.* eager for life, -*alābha*, *m.* loss of life; -*avarodha*, *m.* suspension of the breath.

प्राणिघातिन् प्राणि-घातिन्, *a.* killing living beings; -*dyūta*, *n.* game with fighting animals such as ram-fighting etc.

प्राणिन् प्राणिन्, *a.* breathing, living, *m.* living creature; animal, human being

प्राणिमत् प्राणि-mat, *a.* supplied with living beings, country; -*vadha*, *m.* killing of a living being.

प्राणिश प्राणि-śa, *m.* lord of life, lover, husband; Lord of breath, *N. of a Manu*, *ā*, *f.* mistress of one's life, wife; -*ivara*, *m.* lord of life, lover, husband, *i*, *f.* mistress, wife, -*utrānti*, *f.* departure of the vital breath, death; -*utsarga*, *m.* giving up of life, -*upasarvāna*, *n.* touching of the organs of sense (*i.e.* mouth, nose, ears, and eyes), -*upahāra*, *m.* (offering to life, food.

प्राणिश्रु प्राणिश्रु, *n.* limb of an animal or of a human being.

प्रातःकल्प प्रातःkalpa, *a.* almost morning night; -*kārya*, *n.* morning business or ceremony, -*kāla*, *m.* morning time, early morning; -*kṛtya*, *n.* morning ceremony, -*kahana*, *m.* morning time; -*prahara*, *m.* morning watch (*six to nine o'clock a.m.*).

प्रातर प्रा-तार [प्रा]तार-*tara*, *cp.* very early, *ad.* at dawn, early, in the morning; next or to-morrow morning, on the morrow; *prātaḥ* *prātaḥ*, every morning.

प्रातरथ्येय प्रातर-athyeṇa, *pp.* to be recited early in the morning; -*anuṣāka*, *m.* early recitation the *hṛta* with which the *Prātah-sarāna* begins; -*anta*, *a.* ending in the morning, -*apavarga*, *a. id.*; -*abhiṣāda*, *m.* morning greeting, -*avānaga*, *m.* morning ablation, -*āhna*, *m.* early part of the day, forenoon; -*āva*, *m.* morning meal, breakfast; -*āṭa*, *pp.* having taken one's morning meal, having breakfasted, -*āhuti*, *f.* morning sacrifice the second half of the daily *Agnihotra* sacrifice

प्रातस्त्विन् प्रातर-*i-tvān*, *a.* (*re*, -*tvān*) going out or coming early; *m.* morning guest.

प्रातर्जप प्रातर-*japa*, *m.* morning prayer; -*nādin*, *m.* crowing early, cock, -*duḡha*, (*pp.*) *n.* morning milk, -*doha*, *n. id.*, morning milking, -*yaḡa*, *m.* morning sacrifice; -*yāvan*, *a.* going out early, -*yukta*, *a.* yoked early (*ea*), -*yaṇ*, *a.* yoking early, yoked early, -*vastrī*, *a.* shining early, -*huta*, *n.* -*homa*, *m.* early sacrifice

प्रातस्वन प्रातस्-tāna, *a.* matutinal; *n.* early morning one of the five parts of the day, the other four being forenoon, midday, afternoon, and evening, -*tya*, *a.* matutinal, morning

प्रातःस्था प्रातः-samdhā, *f.* morning twilight, dawn, -*sava*, *m.* -*savanā*, *n.* early morning one of the ritual of which consists of ten libations; -*sava*, *m.* morning *Soma* libation, -*anāna*, *n.* morning addition; -*snayin*, *a.* bathing in the early morning.

प्रातिकामिन् प्राति-kām-in, *m.* (acting according to one's desire) pra-ti-kāman, servant, messenger; -*kulika*, *a.* (1) resisting, hostile, contrary, -*tā*, *f.* opposition, hostility, -*kulya*, *n.* unkindness, opposition, repugnant practice, disagreeableness, disagreement with; -*gna*, *n.* subject under discussion, -*daivas-ika*, *a.* occurring daily (pra-ti-divasam), -*nidhi-ka*, *m.* representative, -*paksha*, *a.* belonging to the enemy or adversary, -*paksha*, *n.* hostility, enmity, towards *y*, -*pada*, *a.* forming the commencement, *m. N.*; -*pad-ika*, *a.* express, explicit; *n.* crude base of a noun before it receives the case terminations or other suffixes, -*paurnash-ika*, *a.* relating to fullness or plenitude, -*bha*, *a.* intuitive, *n.* intuition, presence of mind, -*bhaṇ-ya*, *n.* rivalry, -*bhāv-ya*, *n.* surety for; certainty, trustworthiness of (*y*); -*bhās-ika*, *a.* existing only in appearance, apparent only; -*rup-ika*, *a.* counterfeit, spurious, using false measure or counterfeit coin, -*lom-ya*, *n.* inversion, inverse order, opposition, hostility, -*ve-ika*, *m.* neighbour; -*ve-m-ika*, *n.* neighbour; *i*, *f.* female neighbour, -*ve-ya*, *a.* neighbouring; *m.* opposite neighbour, neighbour; -*neighbouring* -*ka*, *n.* neighbour, -*āksha*, *n.* a grammatical treatise on the phonetic changes of words in the text of the Vedas according to the respective recension (pra-ti-sukham; *there are four such treatises, one for the R̥, V̥,*

two for the IV., and one for the AV.); -**satvānam**, *ad.* in the direction of the Satvan; -**sv-ika**, *a.* own, peculiar, not common to others; -**hata**, *m.* kind of svarita accent; -**harta**, *n.* office of the Pratihartṛi; -**hārika**, *n.* door-keeper; -**hār-ya**, *n.* jugglery, performance of miracles; miracle.

प्रातीतिक prāṭitika, *a.* existing in the idea only, subjective.

प्रातीप prātip, *m. pat.* of Samtanu.

प्रातीप prātip-ya, *n.* hostility.

प्रात्यक्षिक prātyakṣh-ika, *a.* capable of direct perception

प्रात्यन्तिक prātyantika, *m.* neighbouring chief

प्रात्ययिक prātyay-ika, *a.* confidential; going bail for the trustworthiness of a debtor (*surety*), possessing the confidence of (in).

प्रात्यहिक prātyah-ika, *a.* daily.

प्राथमकल्पिक prāthama-kalpika, *a.* being something in the strictest sense of the term; *m.* beginner, tyro in study

प्राथमिक prāthama-ika, *a.* primary, initial, first; happening for the first time; -**ya**, *n.* priority

प्रादक्षिण्य prādakṣhin-ya, *n.* circumambulation while following one's extended right hand, keeping the right hand towards a person or object, respectful behaviour.

प्रादुर्भाव prādūr-bhāva, *n.* manifestation, appearance, (ab. of a deity on earth).

प्रादुष्करण prādush-karam, *n.* manifestation; production, kindling of fire.

प्रादूर prādūr [out of doors], *ad.* (only) with the following three verbs or derivatives of the last two, forth, to view, manifest, visible, with **as** and **bhū**, become manifest, appear, reveal oneself; arise; resound, with **kṛ**, manifest, reveal; cause to appear, make to blaze (f.).

प्रादेश prādeś, *m.* span of the thumb and forefinger also as a measure 12 angulas (a) -**mātra**, *n.* measure of a span; *a.* (1) a span long; -**sama**, -**āyama**, *a.* *id.*

प्रादेशिक prādeśika, *a.* having precedents, local, limited, of limited scope; *m.* small landowner, chief of a district; -**ivara**, *m.* *id.*

प्रादेशिन् prādeśin, *a.* a span long; -**i**, *f.* forefinger

प्रादोष prādoṣa, *a.* relating to or appearing in the evening -**ika**, *a.* *id.*

प्राधानिक prādhān-ika, *n.* war-weapon, weapon

प्राधानिक prādhān-ika, *a.* pre-eminent, most excellent; relating to or proceeding from primordial matter or nature (pradhāna); -**ya**, *n.* preponderance, predominance, prevalence, prominence; ascendancy, supremacy; *in, ab.* -**tas**, chiefly, mainly, with regard to the main or essential points, summarily; *m.* chief or most distinguished person.

प्राधीत prādhiṭa, *pp.* well-read in Vedic studies, proficient in Vedic knowledge; -**ādhyayana**, *n.* commencement of recitation, reading, or study.

प्राध्व prādhyva [fore-journey], *m.* start, precedence (● **kṛ**, place one at the head of, *g.*) -**am**, *ad.* far away (with **kṛ**, put aside); after the precedent of (*g.*); favourably, kindly; humbly.

प्राक्त prānta, *m. n.* [extreme end], edge, border, margin, verge, skirt; end, extremity, tip, corner (of lips, eyes, etc.); °, in the end, eventually; -**virama**, *a.* tasteless in the end.

प्रान्तर prāntara, *n.* [long distance], long desolate road.

प्रापक prāpaka, (cs.) *a.* leading or conveying to -; procuring, making valid, establishing; -**āp-ana**, *a.* (1) leading to (-), *n.* occurrence, appearance; reach, extension (of the arms), attainment, acquisition; arrival at (le.); conveying; extension or reference to (le.); making valid, establishment; presentation, elucidation.

प्रापणिक prāpanika, *m.* [connected with trade; pra-pana], trader, merchant.

प्रापणीय prāp-aniya, *fp.* to be caused to reach, - brought or conveyed, to ac; attainable; -**aya**, *cs.* of prāp; -**ayi-tri**, *m.* (tri, *f.* on - who causes to obtain, bestower; -**ita-tva**, *n.* occurrence, attainment; -**in**, *a.* reaching, arriving at (-).

प्राप्त prāpṭa, *pp.* (√āp) gotten, gained, obtained; reached, attained, met with, found; incurred, suffered; arrived, come; following from a rule (*gr.*) -**karma**, *n.* being the direct object (of an action) deduced from a rule (*gr.*) -**karma-tva**, *n. abs.* -**kārin**, *a.* doing what is right or suitable, -**kāla**, *m.* arrived time, fitting season, proper time, favourable moment; *a.* whose hour has come, suitable to the occasion, opportune, seasonable, marriageable (*f.*) -**am**, *ad.* at the right time. -**kāla-tva**, *n.* opportuneness, seasonableness; -**givana**, *a.* having one's life restored, rescued from death; -**tva**, *n.* resultance from a grammatical rule. -**doṣa**, *a.* having incurred guilt; -**biya**, *a.* sown; -**yauvana**, *a.* having the bloom of youth arrived, adolescent, marriageable; -**rūpa**, *a.* suitable, proper; learned, wise; -**vat**, *pp. act.* (-i) obtained, incurred; -**vikalpa**, *n.* alternative to what follows from a grammatical rule -**tva**, *n.* justifiableness of an alternative.

प्राप्त्य prāp-tavya, *fp.* to be met with or found; - obtained or acquired; -**m-arthā**, *m.* nickname of a man who always answered inquiries as to his name with the words 'prāptavyam artham bhavati manushyaḥ', *n.* when used with nāman, *n.* name.

प्राप्त्यो prāpṭy-sri, *a.* possessed of fortune; -**sūrya**, *a.* with dis, *f.* quarter possessing the sun, *i. e.* in which the sun is at the time

प्राप्तापराध prāpṭa apuṭhā, *a.* having committed a fault; -**arthā**, *m.* attained object; *a.* having acquired wealth; -**agrabhāna**, *n.* not securing of advantages gained; -**avasara**, *m.* suitable occasion or opportunity.

प्राप्ति prāpṭi, *f.* advent, occurrence (of time), reach, range; arrival at (-), power of obtaining anything one wants (one of the eight supernatural powers or siddhis); rescue from (ab.); attainment, acquisition, gain; occurrence; discovery, determination; obtaining, validity (of a rule); lot, fortune, luck; joyful event (*dr.*); conjecture based on the observation of a particular thing (*dr.*).

प्राप्तीदक prāpṭi-udaka, *a.* having obtained water.

प्राप्त्याश prāpṭyāśa, *f.* hope of obtaining one's object (*dr.*).

प्राप्य prāp ya, *fp.* to be reached or obtained; attainable; suitable.

प्राबल्य prābal-ya, *n.* predominance, ascendancy; validity, force (of a rule or argument).

प्राभञ्जि prābhāṅgan-i, *m.* son of Wind, *pat.* of Hanumat.

प्राभवत्य prābhavat-ya, *n.* power, authority.

प्राभाकर prābhākara, *m.* follower of Prābhākara (founder of one of the sects of the Pārva Mīmāṃsā school of philosophy); *n.* the work of Prābhākara.

प्राभातिक prābhātika, *a.* matutinal, morning.

प्राभुत prābhṛit-a, *n.* [relating to an offering, prabhṛiti], present, gift; -**ka**, *n. id.*; -**i-kṛ**, make a present of.

प्रामाणिक prāmāṇika, *a.* constituting or passing as a measure; based on evidence or authority, authoritative; considering demonstrable; -**tva**, *n.* authoritativeness, cogency

प्रामाख्य prāmāṇ-ya, *n.* authoritativeness; authenticity; evidence.

प्रामादिक prāmādika, *a.* due to carelessness, erroneous, faulty, wrong (reading etc)

प्रामोदिक prāmōdika, *a.* charming.

प्राय prāyā, *m.* going forth (to battle), departure from life, seeking death by fasting; (what is prominent -) chief part, majesty; - *a.* 1. after a s., having for the chief part, chiefly consisting of, in which predominates, abounding in; primarily meant for; frequently applying or inflicting (punishment); near, on the verge of (e. g. accomplishment); like, resembling; 2. after an a or pp., mostly; 3. after a pp., almost, so to speak; -**m ās**, **upāsās**, **upa-vīs**, **upa-i**, **āsthā**, **sam-āsthā**, or **kṛi**, renounce life, seek death, esp. by means of fasting in order to avert something. -**m kāraya**, force any one (acc.) to resolve to die of starvation.

प्रायण prāyana, *n.* entrance, commencement, course of life, career; departure from life, death; refuge; -**m kṛi**, seek death; -**tas**, *ad.* in the beginning; -**anta**, *m.* end of life -**m**, till death; *le.* at the end of life.

प्रायणीय prāyan-īya, *n.* introductory, initial; *m.* initiatory libation or first day of the Soma sacrifice; *f.* initiatory sacrifice

प्रायत्न prāyat-ya, *n.* ritual purity.

प्रायदशन prāya-darsana, *n.* frequent phenomenon; -**vidhāyin**, *a.* resolved on dying of starvation.

प्रायशस् prāya-sas, *ad.* for the most part, mostly, generally, as a rule; in all probability.

प्रायश्चित्त prāyas-kitta, *n.* [thought of death], atonement, expiation, penance; amend, satisfaction, -**kitti**, *f.* at; *a.* expiating (Agni); -**kittin**, *a.* making atonement; -**kittiya**, 1. *den.* A be bound to perform penance, 2. *a.* serving as an atonement; bound to perform penance -**tā**, *f.* liability to perform a penance; -**ketana**, *n.* expiation, atonement.

प्रायश्च prāy-as, *ad.* [precedingly; √i] for the most part, mostly, generally, as a rule; in all probability.

प्रायणिक prā-yān-ika, *a.* suitable or requisite for a march or journey; -**yātr-ika**, *a.* *id.*

प्रायास prāyāsā, *m.* great exertion.

प्रायिक prāy-ika, *a.* common, usual; containing the greater part (but not everything); -**tva**, *n. abs.* *n.*

प्रायेष् *prāyeṣa*, *in. ad.* for the most part, mostly, generally, as a rule; in all probability. [played.]

प्रायोक्त *prāyokta*, *a* (i) occasionally employed; *prāyogika*, *a*, applicable.

प्रायोक्त *prāyog-ya*, *a*, belonging to what is requisite.

प्रायोपगमन *prāyopagamana*, *n*, going to death, starving oneself to death; -*upayogika*, *a*, most usual; -*npavishā*, *pp* sitting down to starve oneself to death; -*npaveṣa*, *m*; -*na*, *n* starvation by fasting; -*npaveṣin*, *a*, sitting down to starve oneself to death.

प्रायोभावित् *prāyobhāvin*, *a*, occurring generally or regularly; -*vāda*, *m*, current saying, proverb.

प्रारम्भ *prārambha*, *m*, beginning of a task, undertaking, enterprise; commencement.

प्रारोह *prāroha*, *m*, shoot, sprout.

प्रार्थ *prārtha*, *a*, eager; *m*, equipment, implement. [m. wooer, suitor]

प्रार्थक *prārthaka*, *a*, soliciting; courting;

प्रार्थन *prārthana*, *n*, solicitation, entreaty, prayer, request, desire, for (i. or -); petition, suit; supplication of anyone (-); *ā*, *f*, (more common); *ud*, -*bhaṅga*, *m*, refusal of a request; -*abbhāva*, *m*, absence of a suit, -*siddhi*, *f*, fulfilment of a desire or request.

प्रार्थनीय *prārthanīya*, *fp* to be wished or solicited; desirable; to be asked (person); -*ayitavya*, *fp*, desirable; -*ayitri*, *m*, suitor, lover; -*ita*, *pp* requested, solicited; desired, sought, required; *n* wish, desire; -*durlabha*, *a*, desired but hard to obtain; -*in*, *a* wishing, desiring (-); -*ya*, *fp*, desired of *in*, *g*, -; desirable; *n* *unps*, one should request.

प्रार्पण *prārapana*, *m*, arouser, author (I.); -*arpya*, *gd*, having roused.

प्रालम्ब *prālamba*, *a*, hanging down, pendent, *n*, (i) garland hanging down from the neck.

प्रालेय 1. *prāleya*, *den* P. resemble snow, etc.

प्रालेय 2. *prāleya*, *n* (?) hail; snow; rime; dew; -*bhūdhara*, *m* (?) snow-mountain, *ep* of the Himalaya; -*raemi*, *m*, cold-rayed moon; -*rohis*, *m* *ud*; -*varsha*, *n*, fall of snow; -*alia*, *m*, snow-mountain, *ep* of the Himalaya; -*gana*, *m* (cold-rayed), moon; -*adri*, *m*, snow-mountain, *ep* of the Himalaya

प्रावचन *prāvachana*, *a*, usual while reciting Vedic texts; -*ka*, *n*, *ud*.

प्रावरण *prāvarana*, *n*, covering; cloak, upper garment.

प्रावर्षिन् *prā-varshin*, *a*, beginning to rain.

प्रावादुक *prā-vāduka*, *m*, opponent (in a disputation).

प्रावार *prā-vāra*, *m*, cloak, upper garment; *N*, of a locality; *a* infesting clothes; -*ka*, *m*, cloak, upper garment, -*kāka*, *m*, clothes-house, [garments.]

प्रावारिक *prāvārika*, *m*, maker of upper

प्रावालिक *prāvalika*, *m*, seller of coral.

प्रावितु *prāvitri*, *m*, protector of (g.); -*avī*, *a*, attentive, heedful, zealous.

प्रावीक्ष्य *prāvin-ya*, *n*, skilfulness, dexterity, proficiency, in *lc* or -.

प्रावृद्धा *prāvṛit-kāla*, *m*, rainy season; -*vaha*, *a*, flowing only during the rains (rare).

प्रावृष्टय *prāvṛit-maya*, *a*, (i) resembling the rainy season.

प्रावृत *prā-vṛita*, *pp* (s/1. vṛi) covered etc.; *n*, cloak, upper garment; covering, wrapping

प्रावृष *prā-vṛish*, *f*, rainy season, rains (as a division of the calendar embracing the month Āshāḍha and Śrāvana, which are the first half of the actual rains; -*vṛishika*, *a*, produced or occurring in the rainy season; -*vṛishina*, *a*, belonging to or beginning the rainy season (day); -*vṛishanya*, *a*, referring or belonging to the rainy season.

प्रावप *prā-vepā*, *m*, hanging fruit swaying on a tree

प्रावेशिक *prā-veśika*, *a* (i) relating to entrance into the house or on the stage; -*vṛāya*, *n* life of a religious mendicant

प्राश *prāśa*, *m*, eating, tasting; food; first feeding of a child with rice; -*ana*, *n*, *id*, feeding; -*ārthya*, *a*, intended for food; -*aniya*, *fp* serving as food.

प्राशस्त्य *prāśastya*, *n*, praiseworthiness, pre-eminence, excellence

प्राशित *prāśita*, *pp*, eaten; -*ast-tri*, *m*, eater

प्राशिक *prāśika*, *n*, [belonging to the Praśita], portion of sacrificed ghee eaten by the Brahman priest; -*haraṇa*, *n*, vessel for holding the Praśita.

प्राशु *prāśu*, *a*, very swift or agile.

प्राशिक *prāśika*, *a*, containing many questions; *n* (inquirer, arbitrator, umpire).

प्राशमेध *prāśvamēda*, *m*, preliminary horse sacrifice. [dart, N]

प्रास *prāśa*, *m*, throw, cast; sprinkling;

प्रासङ्गिक *prāśaṅgika*, *a*, (i) derived from close connection or attachment, relevant, in essential, episodic; casual

प्रासह *prā-sāh*, *a* mighty; *f*, might, force; *n*, forcibly; -*saha*, *m*, power, force, *ab* forcibly

प्रासद् *prā-sāda*, *m* raised platform for sitting terrace, top story of a lofty building; edifice on high foundations, palace, temple, shrine; -*gata*, *pp* gone to the flat roof of the palace; -*garbha*, *m* inner apartment or sleeping chamber of a palace; -*tala*, *n* flat roof of a palace; -*prāśtha*, *n* balcony on the top of a palace; -*stha*, *a*, standing on the top of the palace; -*agra*, *n* top of a palace.

प्रासादिक *prāsādika*, *a*, gracious; lovely

प्रासादिका *prāsādika*, *f* room on the roof of a house.

प्रासुक *prāśuka*, *a*, free from living creatures, clean.

प्रास्ताविक *prā-stāvika*, *a* (i) introductory; -*sthānika*, *a*, referring to a journey or to departure; suitable or favourable for departure; *n* preparations for a journey.

प्रास्थिक *prāsthika*, *a*, holding or weighing a prashta.

प्राहारिक *prā-harika*, *m*, probably = *hārika*; -*hārika*, *m* watchman, beadle.

प्राज्ञ *prājña*, *m*, [dialectical for *prājñā*], guest (i, f.); -*ka*, *m*, *id*, *i-ka*, *f*, female guest; *i-ka*, *m*, guest.

प्राह्ण *prāahna*, *m*, forenoon *lc* in the forenoon.

प्रिय *prīya*, *a*, [√pti] dear, beloved, of (d, g, *lc*, -), favourite, cherished; pleasing, agreeable, dear, expensive, *prīyati*, *pp* fond of, prone or attached to (i or -), *g* of *a*, *ep* before a noun, fond of, devoted to, *with* *ab* dearer than; -*am*, *ad*, agreeably, kindly; *m*, gladly, *m* friend; lover, husband; son-in-law; *n* kindness, favour, pleasing or kind act; *ā*, *i* beloved, mistress, wife; female of an animal.

प्रियवद् *prīya-m-vada*, *a*, speaking kindly, affable to *g* or -; *m*, *N*; *ā*, *f*, *N*; -*vada*, *m*, *N*

प्रियक *prīyaka*, *m*, kind of deer (with a very soft pile; kind of bird; a tree; -*kara*, *a*, pleasing, delightful; -*karma*, *n* act of a lover; *a* doing a service, kind; -*kalaha*, *a* quarrelsome; -*kāma*, *a*, desirous of rendering a service to *g*; -*kām-yā*, *f*, desire of doing an act *g* a service; -*kāra*, *a*, doing any one a service; -*kāraka*, *a*, causing pleasure; -*kārana*, *n* occasion for kindness; *ab*, in order to do one a kindness; -*kārīna*, *a*, *un* showing one one a kindness; -*i*), *tva*, *n* *abst* *N*; -*krit*, *a* doing a service

प्रियकर *prīya-m-kara*, *a*, (i) doing a service or kindness to *g*; agreeable, delightful; *m*, *N* of a *Pāṇini*

प्रियकु *prīyaku*, *m*, *f*, a creeper (said to blossom at the touch of a woman); black mustard (*Sinapis arvensis*); -*yāmā*, *f*, *N* of *Naradāna* datta's wife.

प्रियचिकीर्षी *prīya-ākirshā*, *f*, desire to do any one (g) a kindness; -*ākirshu*, *des* a wishing to do a service to any one (g); -*anya*, *m* loved person (male or female); -*gāni*, *m* gallant, lover; -*avita*, *a* to whom life is dear; -*tā*, *f* attachment to life; *ā*-*ta*, *m*, *ep*, very dear, *m* lover, spouse; -*tara*, *ep* dearer; -*tva*, *n* being dearer to any one (h) than *ab*; -*a*-*tā*, *f*, *tva*, *n* popularity; affection; fondness or love for; -*dara*, *a* pleasant to look at; -*darvāna*, *n* sight of a dear friend; *a* having a pleasing aspect, good looking, handsome, to *g*; *m*, *N* of a prince of the *Gandhārava*; *ā*, *f*, *N*; -*dardīna*, *m*, kindly looking, *ep* of *Viśva*; -*prāna*, *m* friendly inquiry after any one's health etc.; -*prāya*, *a*, extremely kind speech; -*bhāṣhāna*, *n* kind words; -*bhāṣhin*, *a*, speaking kind words; -*bhogaṇa*, *a*, fond of eating; -*maṇāna*, *a*, fond of ornaments; -*medha*, *m*, *N* of a *Rishi*; -*vaktri*, *m* one who says pleasant things (in a good or a bad sense), flatterer; -*tva*, *n*, kindly speech; -*valāna*, *n* kind or endearing words; -*valāsa*, *n* *ud*, *a* speaking kindly; -*vasantaka*, *m* pleasant spring and dear *Vasantaka*; -*vasu*, *n* favourite object or topic; -*vāk-sahita*, *pp* accompanied by kind words; -*vāt*, *f* kind words, *a* speaking kindly or affably; -*vāda*, *m*, kind words; -*vādika*, *f* kind of musical instrument; -*vād-in*, *a*, speaking sweetly or kindly, saying pleasant things, flattering, *m* flatterer; (-*i*)-*tā*, *f* pleasing speech, flattery; -*vināk-rita*, *pp* abandoned or deserted by one's beloved; -*vratā*, *a* having desirable ordinances or loving obedience; *m*, *N*; -*vrāva*, *a*, fame loving, *ep* of *Krishna*; -*samvāsa*, *m*, society of loved ones; -*sakha*, *m*, (i, f) dear friend, *a* loving one's friends; -*samgamana*, *n* meeting of beloved ones, *N*, of a place where *India* and *Krishna* are said to have met their parents *Kanyā* and *Aditi*; -*satya*, *a*, pleasant as well as true; -*samprahāra*, *a*, quarrelsome; -*sāhāsa*, *a*.

addicted to indiscretions; -*tvā*, *n. abst. s.*; -*subhrid*, *m.* dear friend; -*sevaka*, *a. kind to one's servants*; -*hita*, *pp.* pleasant as well as salutary; *n.* what is agreeable and beneficial.

प्रियाख्य priyākhyā, *a.* announcing good tidings; called pleasure; -*āyana*, *m. pl.* loved ones, mistresses; -*astithi*, *a.* fond of guests, hospitable; -*āśman*, *a.* of an agreeable nature, pleasant; -*annatva*, *n.* dearthness of food; -*āpriya*, *n. (sg., du., pl.)* what is agreeable and disagreeable, pleasure and displeasure, likes and dislikes; -*ā-mukhi-bhū*, turn into the face of one's beloved; -*ārha*, *a.* worthy of love or kindness.

प्रियाल priyāla, *m. a tree* (*Buchanania latifolia*), commonly called Piyāl.

प्रियालापिन् priyālapin, *a.* speaking pleasantly, amiable; -*asūya-mati*, *f. N.*

प्रियेशिन् priyāeshin, *a.* desirous of pleasing (-), -*ukti*, *f.* kind or friendly speech.

प्री PRĪ, IX. *prī-nā*, -*nī*, -*n*, P. please, delight, gladden; show kindness to, oblige; propitiate; be pleased with, delight in (*in*, *q. l.*; *ā*, be glad, rejoice; *pp.* or IV *ā. priyate* *Epic also P.* be satisfied, gratified, or delighted with (*in*, *ab. l.* also *q. of person*); love (*E*); *pp. pl. priyamāna*, delighted; kind (*speech*); *pp. prita*, pleased, glad, delighted, gratified, satisfied (*with*, *in*, *l.*; also *q. of person*); beloved, dear to (*q. or*); kind (*speech*); *cs. pri-n-aya*, P. gladden, delight, propitiate; *des. pipriśha*, P. (I) wish to propitiate. *abhi*, *pp.* satisfied. *ā*, satiate, delight; propitiate; consecrate with (*the Āpri verses*); *ā*, be glad (I). *pp.* glad, consecrated with the *Āpri verses*. *pārī*, *pp.* treated kindly; dear; greatly rejoiced. *sam-priyate*, be pleased or delighted with (*ab. l.*); *pp.* glad; *cs. P.* satiate, gladden.

प्री prī, *a.* (only -) kind; delighting in.

प्रीण pri-n-ann, *a.* pleasing, soothing; *n.* delectation, satisfaction; means of satisfying etc.

प्रीणय pri-n-aya, *cs. of* √*pri*.

प्रीततर prīta-tara, *cp.* more pleased; -*manas*, *a.* delighted at heart; -*āśman*, *a. id.*

प्रीति prī-ti, *f.* satisfaction, gratification, joy, delight, pleasure (*in or at*, *l.* or -); kindly feeling, favour; friendship, with (*nam* or -); affection, love, or fondness for (*q. l.*, -); Joy (*personified, esp. as the daughter of Dakṣha and as one of the wives of Kāma*); joyfully; in a friendly way; affectionately -*kara*, *a.* giving satisfaction to, pleasing -*kā*, -*karma*, *n.* act of love, friendly action; -*kūla*, *N. of a village*. -*datta*, *pp.* given through affection or love. -*dāna*, *n.* gift of love. -*dāya*, *m. id.*. -*dhana*, *n.* money given through friendship. -*pūrvakam*, *ad.* kindly, affectionately. -*pramukha*, *a.* kindly (*speech*). -*mat*, *a.* glad, satisfied; feeling love or friendship for (*q. or l.*); kind (*word*). -*maya*, *a.* produced by joy. -*yag*, *a.* beloved, dear; -*rasayana*, *n.* elixir of joy. -*valas*, *n.* kind or friendly words; -*vardhana*, *m.* (increaser of joy), *N. of the fourth month*. -*vīrambha-bhāṣana*, *n.* repository of affection and confidence; -*sam-gati*, *f.* friendly alliance with (*in*).

पृ PRU, I. *ā. prava*, spring up; *cs. prāv-aya*, P. reach to (*ac.*). *ud*, spring out. *vi*, *pp.* -*pruta*, cast away.

प्रुथ PRUTH, I. P. *prótha*, snort (*of horses*); *cs. prothaya*, employ force. *apa*, blow away. *pra*, snort aloud; inflate.

प्रुष PRUSH, V. *prushnóti*, *prushnute*, sprinkle; besprinkle: *pp. prusháti*, besprinkled, moist-mud. *abhi*, V. *ā. besprinkle*. *vi-prushya*, IV P. squirt out.

प्रुषाय prushā-ya, P. *ā. sprinkle*; besprinkle. *abhi*, wet, moisten. *ā*, besprinkle.

प्रुष्व prush-vā (or *ā*), *f.* rime, ice.

प्रुषक् praiksh-aka, *a.* (ikā) looking on; looking at or intending to look at (*ac.*); considering, investigating, judging; *m.* spectator; -*ana*, *n.* viewing, looking at; looking on at a performance; view, look; eye; public show, spectacle; -*ka*, *a.* looking on; *m.* spectator, *n.* spectacle, show; comedy (*opp. reality*). -*aviya*, *fp.* to be seen, visible, to (*in*); to look at, looking like (-); worthy to be seen by (-); beautiful to look at. -*ka*, *n.* show, spectacle. -*tara*, *cp.* more beautiful to look at. -*tā*, *f.* fitness to be seen.

प्रुषा praiksh-ā, *f.* seeing, viewing; looking on at a performance or entertainment; appearance; good looks, beauty, public spectacle, show; being regarded as or taken to mean (-); reflexion, deliberation; understanding. -*agāra*, *m. n.*, -*grīha*, *n.* playhouse, theatre. -*pūrvā*, *or -m*, *ad.* with deliberation. -*prapaśka*, *m.* stage-play; -*vat*, *a.* circumspect, deliberate; -*vidhi*, *m.* stage-play; -*samāga*, *m. du.* public shows and assemblies.

प्रुषित praiksh-ita, *pp.* viewed, beheld, looked at, etc.; *n.* glance, look; -*i-tavya*, *fp.* to be seen or beheld; -*i-tri*, *m.* spectator, -*in*, *a.* beholding, looking on or towards; watching for; having a glance like (-), *e. g.* a deer); -*ya*, *fp.* to be seen, visible; to be looked at or regarded; worthy to be seen, by (-).

प्रुष्क prēkh-ā, *a.* rocking, swaying, pitching; *m.*, *ā. f.* swing; -*ana*, *n.* moving towards (-); *n.* swinging; kind of minor play in one act.

प्रुष्कोज prēkhola, 1. *den.* P. swing, oscillate; 2. *a.* swinging, oscillating, dancing; *m.* blowing of the wind; swing; -*na*, *n.* swinging, rocking; swing; *ā. f.* blowing of the wind; -*ya*, *den. pp. ita*, swung, rocked, oscillating.

प्रेत pra ita, *pp.* gone forward, i.e. departed, dead; *m.* dead man, corpse; ghost, spirit; -*karma*, *n.* funeral ceremony, -*kārya*, -*kṛtya*, *n. id.*; -*gata*, *pp.* gone to the departed, dead; -*gopa*, *m.* guardian of the dead (*in Yama's realm*); -*ārin*, *a.* moving among the dead (*Siva*); -*tva*, *n.* condition of a dead man, death; condition of a ghost; -*dharma*, *m.* smoke from a burning corpse; -*nātha*, *m.* Lord of the dead, *ep. of Yama*; -*paksha* -*ka*, *m.* fortnight of the Manes, dark fortnight in the month Bhādra; -*patā-kā*, *f.* funeral flag; -*pati*, *m.* Lord of the dead, *ep. of Yama*; -*paśha*, *m.* drum of death (*fig.*); -*pānda-bhug*, *a.* partaking of the funeral feast; -*pitr*, *a.* whose father is dead, -*puri*, *f.* city of the dead, Yama's abode; -*prasādhana*, *n.* adornment of the dead; -*bhāva*, *m.* condition of one dead, death; -*medha*, *m.* funeral sacrifice; -*rāga*, *m.* King of the dead, *ep. of Yama*; -*loka*, *m.* world of the dead; -*vana*, *m.* power of the dead; -*śilā*, *f.* stone of the dead (a stone near Gayā on which funeral cakes are offered); -*raddhi*, *f.*, -*śauha*, *n.* purification for the

dead or after a death; -*samkṛti*, *pp.* prepared in honour of a dead person (*food*); -*spardin*, *m.* corpse-bearer; -*hāra*, *m. id.*

प्रेताधिप pretaadhīpa, *m.* Lord of the dead, *ep. of Yama*; -*nagari*, *f.* city of Yama; -*adhipati*, *m.* Lord of the dead or the Manes; -*anna*, *n.* food offered to the Manes; -*āvāsa*, *m.* burial-place; -*asthi*, *n.* bone of a dead man.

प्रेति prāiti, *f.* departure, flight.

प्रेतेश pretaśa, *m.* Lord of the dead, *ep. of Yama*; -*isvara*, *m. id.*

प्रेत्य pra itya, *gd.* after dying, i.e. in the other world (*opp. ita*); -*gāti*, *f.* position in the next world; -*bhāg*, *a.* enjoying the fruits of anything after death; -*bhāva*, *m.* condition after death, future life. -*i-ka*, *a.* relating to the condition after death.

प्रेत्यन् pra i-tvan, *a.* (x-i) wandering at large; *m. cp. of Indra*.

प्रेप्सा praipśa, *f.* wish to obtain; desire, assumption, supposition; -*ipśa*, *des. a.* wishing to obtain, seeking, longing for, aiming at; assuming, supposing.

प्रेम prema, -° = preman; *ā. f. id.*

प्रेमन् pre-mān, [√*pri*] *m.* n. love, affection; tenderness, kindness, favour; predilection, fancy; fondness for (*l.* or -); *m.* jest, fun, sport; *N.*

प्रेमबन्ध prema-bandha, *m.* bond of love, affection; -*ana*, *n. id.*; -*bhāva*, *m.* affection; -*rāsi-bhū*, become a heap of affection, become intense love; -*vat*, *a.* -i loving, affectionate; -*viśvāsa-bhūmi*, *f.* object of love and confidence.

प्रेमाकर premaākara, *m.* wealth of love, -*ā-bandha*, *m.* bond of love, affection.

प्रेयस् prē-yas, *cp.* (of priya) dearest, more agreeable, etc.; *m.* lover; *n.* flattery (*rh* -i, *f.* mistress, wife; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* being dearest, greater dearness.

प्रेरक pra ir-aku, *a.* urging, impelling; *m.* stimulator, instigator, -*ana*, *n.* (also *ā*, stimulation, instigation, incitement, to (*pra* ti); activity, action; -*aviya*, *fp.* to be urged, to (*id.*); -*ita*, *pp.* urged, instigated, etc.; sent, despatched; -*itri*, *m.* instigator, inciter.

प्रेषण pra ishān, *n.* despatching (a messenger), to any one (*prate*); sending on a mission, charge, commission, order; rendering of a service; -*krit*, *a.* executing an order or commission, -*adhyaksha*, *m.* head of the executive.

प्रेषित pra ish-ita, *pp.* sent, despatched on an errand, -*itavya*, *fp.* *n.* impl. one should call upon.

प्रेष्ठ prē-shtha, *sp.* (of priya) dearest, most beloved; *m.* lover, husband; *ā. f.* mistress, wife

प्रेष्य pra ishya, *fp.* to be sent or despatched; *m.* servant, menial; *n.* servitude; behest, command. -*kara*, *a.* performing the behests of (*q.*); -*gana*, *m.* domestic, household; servant; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* servitude, bondage, to (-); -*bhāva*, *m.* condition of a servant, servitude, bondage; -*vadhā*, *f.* handmaid; -*vara*, *m.* body of servants, retinue.

प्रेष्या preshyā, *f.* handmaid; -*tva*, *n.* condition of a handmaid.

प्रेहि pra ihi, 2 *sg. impv.* √*i*, depart.

प्रेतोश्च praitos, *g. inf.* of √*i* (Br.).

प्रियमेध praiyamedha, *m. pat.* descendant of Priyamedha.

प्रियरूपक praiya-rūpa-ka, *m.* pleasant appearance.

प्रिष praesha, *m.* order, command; invitation (*esp. ritual*, to -); -*kara*, -*krit*, *a.* performing behests; *m.* servant

प्रिष्य praish-yā, *a.* menial (*cf. gana*, *m.* servant); *m.* servant, menial, *ā. f.*; *n.* servitude; -*gana*, *m. coll.* servants, train -*bhāva*, *m.* condition of a servant, servitude.

प्रो pro, *I. P.* + *u* (*not liable to euphonic combination*).

प्रोक्त praukta, *pp.* (✓*val*) declared, etc. -*kāra*, *a.* doing what he is told.

प्रोक्षण praukshana, *n.* besprinkling with water; consecration by sprinkling; vessel for holy water; *i. f. pl.* vessel for sprinkling; holy water (containing grains of rice and barley); *sg.* vessel for holy water: -*ya*, *n. sg. & pl.* holy water.

प्रोक्षण्ड praukṣaṇḍa, *a.* extremely violent or powerful; -*ukṣāṇḍa*, *f.* searing away; -*ukṣāṇḍa*, *m. ul.* exceedingly loud, in a very high degree; -*ugghatam*, *uf.* (✓*uggh*) to escape, evade; -*ukṣāṇḍa*, *n.* wiping away or off; -*uta*, *pp.* ✓*vā*, weave, woven, sewn, etc.; -*ukṣāṇḍa*, *a.* very great; -*bhṛitya*, *m.* high official; -*utkaṇṭha*, *a.* stretching out the neck far, at the top of one's voice (*shout* etc.); -*utkrusha*, (*pp.*) *n.* loud noise, uproar; -*uttāna*, *a.* far extended; -*uttāla*, *a.* very loud; -*uttunga*, *a.* very high; -*ut-phulla*, *a.* full-blown, fully expanded flower, wide open eyes; -*utsārita*, *ex. pp.* (✓*sū*) relinquished, given up, etc.; -*utsāha*, *m.* great exertion; -*utśāhana*, *n.* instigation, stimulation, invitation, to ().

प्रोथ PROTH, *I. P.* *Ā.* *protha*, be a match for any one (*id.* *g.*), *P.* be full.

प्रोथ protha-*n.* (2) nostrils (of a horse); snout of a boar; buttocks (of a man).

प्रोदक praudaka, *a.* dripping, wet; from which the water has run off; -*udaki-bhāva*, *m.* dripping off of water; -*udgarīna*, *a.* giving forth (); -*udghusha*, *pp.* resonant, resounding; -*udghoshāna*, *f.* proclaiming aloud; -*uddāma*, *a.* prominent, swollen; -*uddāma*, *a.* extraordinary, prodigious; -*uddipta*, *pp.* blazing; -*uddhishita*, *pp.* *cor.* correct for -*uddhishita* *pp.* ✓*hrish* -*udbodha*, *m.* awaking, appearance; awakening (*tr.*); -*unmāthina*, *a.* destroying (); -*ur-navaishu*, *dis. a.* wishing to cover or conceal; -*ukhita*, *pp.* ✓*vas*, dwell; -*bhātrikā*, *a. f.* whose husband is away from home.

प्रोष्ठ prōsthā, *m.* [*pra* + *ava* + *stha*, standing out below], bench, stool; *pl. N.* of a people; -*aya*, *a.* lying on a couch.

प्रोष्ण praushna, *a.* burning hot.

प्रौढ prāūḍha, *pp.* (✓*val*) full grown, fully developed; mature, middle-aged woman; luxurious of plants; large, great; strong, impetuous, violent; thick, dense; full of (); self-confident, bold, saucy, pert (*esp. of girls*); -*tva*, *n.* boldness, pertness; -*pāda*, *a.* having the feet raised (*i. e.* resting on a bench); -*pushta*, *a.* having full-blown flowers; -*yauvana*, *a.* being in the prime of youth; -*vāda*, *m.* bold or arrogant assertion; -*svaram*, *ul.* with a loud voice; -*anganā*, *f.* bold woman; -*śāra*, *m.* bold or unconstrained behaviour (*pl.*).

प्रौढि prāūḍhi, *f.* growth, increase; maturity, perfection; self-confidence, boldness, assurance.

प्रौढोभू prauḍhī-bhū, *grow up*; reach maturity.

प्रौढोक्ति prauḍha ukti, *f.* bold assertion.

प्रौष्ठपद prauṣṭha-pada, *a.* (i) relating to the lunar mansion Prauṣṭhapada; *m.* a month (= Bhadrāpada); *ā. f. pl.* a certain double lunar mansion; *i. f.* day of full moon in the month Prauṣṭhapada.

प्रक्ष plaksha, *m.* wavy-leaved fig-tree (*Ficus infectoria*); (*ā*) -*prasravaṇa*, -*rāva*, *m.* *N.* of a locality where the Sarasvatī rises, -*sravana*, *n. id.*

प्रव play-ā, *a.* [✓*plu*] swimming, floating, inclined or sloping towards, transient, *m.* boat, skiff, *m.* kind of duck (*Karam-dava*), swimming; bathing; overflowing of a river, flood, leaping, bound; -*ga*, *m.* (moving by leaps, frog; monkey; -*indra*, *m.* Lord of the Monkeys, *ep.* of Hanumat.

प्रवग playa-m-ga, *a.* moving by leaps, *ep.* of fire; *m.* monkey, ape, -*gama*, *m.* frog, ape, monkey.

प्रवना play-ana, *a.* inclined or sloping towards (); *n.* swimming; bathing, in (); flying; leaping over (); trotting (of horses).

प्रवत् playa-vat, *ad.* as with a boat; *a.* possessing a boat.

प्रवित play-ita, (*pp.*) *n.* swimming or leaping; -*itri*, *m.* one who leaps with *g.* of distance.

प्राक्ष praksha, *a.* relating or belonging to the wavy-leaved fig-tree (*Ficus infectoria*).

प्रात plāta, *m. pat.* son of Platt.

प्राय pla aya, *I. Ā.* (= pra aya) go away (*I*).

प्राव play-a, *m.* [✓*plu*] flowing over; leaping; -*ana*, *n.* ablution, bathing, tilting to overflowing (for the purification of floods); protracted pronunciation of a vowel; -*ayitr*, *m.* ferryman; -*ita*, *ex. pp.* ✓*plu*, *n.* inundation, deluge; -*ina*, *a.* spreading, divulging (); flowing from (); -*ya*, *ip.* to be immersed in (*m.*).

प्राशि plāsi, *m. sg. & pl.* one of the intestines.

प्रायुक plāsu-ka, *a.* [= pra āsu-ka] rapidly growing up again.

प्रिह plih-an, *m.* spleen.

प्रिह plih-an, *m. id.*; disease of the spleen.

प्रिहा plih-ā, *f.* spleen - *ndara*, *n.* disease of the spleen; -*ndarin*, *a.* suffering from disease of the spleen.

प्लु PLU, *I. Ā.* *plava* (rarely *P*), float, swim; bathe, sail, navigate, cross in a boat to (*ac*); away to and fro, hover, fly, blow (wind); fly away (of time), be prolated (*round*); skip, leap, from (*ab*), to, into, upon, over (*ac*); *pp.* *pluta*, swimming, floating (in or on, *le.*), bathed, overflowed, covered or filled with (*m* or), prolated to three *maru* (*round*); flown, to (); leaped, leaping; *ex.* *plāvaya*, *P* (*mutual* also *Ā.*) cause to swim or float; bathe, wash; flood, inundate, submerge; overwhelm (*i. e.* present in abundance) with (*m.*); wash away, remove (*guilt* etc.); purify, prolate (*a round*); *pp.* *plāvita*; *intr.* *poplāyate*, swim about, *anu*, follow (*tr. & ind.*); be addicted to (*ac*). *abhi*, sail or betake oneself to (*ac*); over-

whelm; leap towards *pp.* gone to (*ac*, *act.* or *ps. imp.*); overwhelmed by (*m* or); *ra-* *gash* -, = menstruating, *sam-abhi*, wash; overwhelm *pp.* overwhelmed by (*m*); eclipsed (*moon*); *ra-gash* -, = menstruating, *ava*, submerge; leap down, from (*ab*); hasten away, from (*ab*); *ā*, bathe, perform ablutions, wash (*tr.*); overflow, inundate, immerse oneself in water (*ac*); leap up to, upon, or over (*ac*); spring down from (*ab*) *pp.* having bathed, having performed a ritual ablution (*avabhrta*); overflowed or covered with (*m*); overwhelmed with or by (*m*, or); *es*, bathe, wash (*tr.*); besprinkle, inundate, deluge, immerse *upa-ni*, swim up to, *ac*, *sam-ā*, bathe (*tr. & ind.*); inundate, suffuse, *ud*, swim upwards, emerge, rise (of clouds); leap up, from (*ab*), jump out of (*ab*); leap over (*ac*), fly up into the air (*ac*); *upa*, swim on the surface, float; sail or be wafted towards (*ac*); inundate, submerge, eclipse (*moon*), fall from (*ab*), upon (*le.*); *pp.* assailed, beset, overhelmed, eclipsed; suffused *eye*; troubled, distressed *upa-ni*, come near = resemble *pari*, swim about; bathe (*ind.*), inundate, deluge; water; cover with; assail, overwhelm, fluctuate; wander about, be scattered *pp.* bathed, watered, overwhelmed etc., with *in* or *abhi-pari*, *pp.* covered, filled, overwhelmed with (*m* or) *vi*, float asunder, drift about, be dispersed; be thrown into confusion; go astray, be ruined or lost; *pp.* disordered, gone astray, vicious, immoral; committing adultery with *saha*; ruined, confused (*speech*); dimmed *eye*; troubled (*voice*), agitated; broken, violated (*car*); *ex.* cause to swim or float; make known, divulge; ruin, destroy; confuse, confound (*plāvaya*, on account of *m*) *sam*, flow together, meet, *water*), be massed together *clouds*, founder (*ship*), fluctuate, waver (*mind*) *pp.* flowed together, having bathed in (); overflowed, covered, or filled, with (*m*, or) *ex.* cause to flow together, inundate, *abhi-sam*, bathe (*ind.*); over-spread, overflow *pp.* covered or filled with (*m*, or).

प्लुत plu-tu, *pp.* *n.* leap, bound; -*gati*, *f.* moving by leaps

प्लुति plu-ti, *f.* overflowing, inundation, flood; protracted pronunciation of a vowel, prolation, leap, bound.

प्लुष PLUSH, *I. P.* *plōsha*, *ps.* *plushyate*, burn, be scorched or singed; *pp.* *plush-ta*, burned, scorched; frozen. *ā*, *pp.* slightly scorched *nis* *nish-*, *pp.* burnt. *vi*, *pp.* scorched, burnt.

प्लेक्ष pleksha, *m.* swing.

प्लोत plotā, *m.* or *n.* cloth, bandage, rag.

प्लोष plōsha, *m.* burning, combustion, conflagration; -*ana*, *a.* burning, scorching (); -*in*, *a. id.* (); *m.* scorcher.

प्लर psara, -°, shame (in *a-psarā* and *sa-psarā*).

प्लरस *1.* psaras, *n. id.* (in *a-psarās*).

प्लरस *2.* ps-ar-as [*bh(a)s-ar-as*], *n.* feast, enjoyment.

प्सा PSĀ, *II. P.* *psā-ti* [*bh(a)s-ā*], chew; consume, devour *pp.* *psāta*, *sam*, chew or bite to pieces.

प्लु *1.* psu [*bh(a)s-u*], victims (only in *ā-psu*).

प्लु *2.* psu [*bh(a)s-u*], appearance (only °).

प्लुरस ps-ūr-as [*bh(a)s-ur-as*], *n.* crop.

फ PH.

फक् PHAKK, I. P. *phakka*, swell (*rery rare*).

फक्कि phakkikā, *f.* provisional statement, thesis to be proved; *T.* of a commentary.

फट phāt, *ij.* crack; also a mystical syllable.

फटा phatā, *f.* hood of a serpent; -*ā/opa*, *m.* expansion of a serpent's hood.

फण PHAN, I. P. *phāna*, move (*int.*); *cs.* *phāna*, *P.* cause to bound, draw off, skin, *int.* only *pr. pl.* *pamphaṇat*, bounding. *ā*, *intr.* only *pr. pl.* *ā-pānphaṇat*, *id.*

फण phan-ā, *m.* froth (I.); stick shaped like a serpent's hood, *n.* nostril; hood of a serpent (*ordinary mg.*); -*dhara*, *m.* hooded serpent; snake; -*dhara*, *m.* ep. of Śiva; -*bhar*, *m.* hooded snake; -*vat*, *a.* hooded serpent; *n.* hooded snake; kind of genus.

फणा phan-ā, *f.* nostril; hood of a serpent -*bhar*, *a.* hooded serpent; -*vat*, *m.* hooded snake; kind of genus.

फणि phan-i, *m.* serpent (*only g. pl.*) -*kan*, *f.* serpent maid; *n.* in, *m.* hooded snake; serpent; *ep.* of Rāhu and of Patañjali.

फणिनायक phani-nāyaka, *m.* chief of the serpents, *ep.* of Vāsuki; -*pati*, *m.* chief of snakes, gigantic serpent; lord of serpents, *ep.* of Sesa; *ep.* of Patañjali; -*bhāṣita* -*bhāṣya* *abhi* or -*bhāṣya* *abhi*, *m.* ocean of comments uttered by Patañjali (*designation of Patañjali's Mahābhāṣya*); -*bhug*, *m.* (serpent-eater, peacock, -*mukha*, *n.* snake-face, a kind of baglar's implement, -*latā*, -*vallī*, -*vallika*, -*virudh*, *f.* betel pepper).

फणीन्द्र phanīndra, *m.* Lord of serpents, *ep.* of Sesa and of Patañjali, -*isa*, -*īvara*, *m.* *ep.* of Patañjali [*phān*-*nt*], scatter.

फर PHAR [= SPHAR], *only intr.* phar-

फरफराय phar-phar-āya, *intr.* *ā* dart about.

फल् 1. PHAL, I. P. *phala*, burst, lie broken or rent; rebound; be reflected, *nd.* spring up; break forth, *cs.* -*phālaya*, *P.* open wide (*the eyes*); -*prati*, rebound; be reflected, *vi.* burst asunder, be rent.

फल् 2. PHAL, I. P. (Ā) *phala*, bear or yield fruit; ripen, produce consequences; be fulfilled, result, obtain fruit or reward; yield (*fruit* - *ac.*, rarely *yn.*), fulfil (*wishes*) *pp.* *phālita*, bearing fruit, fruitful, having borne fruit, successful; fulfilled (*wishes*), fully matured; following as a result, *n.* *imps* fruit has been borne by (*int.*), *vi.* bear fruit.

फल phāl-a, *n.* (-*ā* or *i*) fruit (*esp.* of a tree); kernel of a fruit; reward; fruit = consequence, effect, result, reward, recompense, advantage, retribution, punishment, loss, disadvantage, gain, enjoyment; compensation, result of a calculation, product, quotient *etc.* (*in mathematics*); interest *on capital*; gaming board; blade, an arrow-head.

फलक phala-ka, *°* *a.* (itā) success, advantage, gain; *n.* board, plank, slab, tablet for writing or painting on, gaming-board, base, pedestal; wooden bench; flat surface (*often* - *n.* flat parts of the body, *esp. bones*); palm of the hand; arrow-head; shield; bast (*as a material for clothes*); core of the lotus flower; -*kāṅksha*, *a.* desirous of a reward; -*kāma*, *m.* desire of a reward; -*kosa*, *m.* *qf* *ā* (*du*) serotum; -*khaṇṇa*, *n.* disappointment as to fruit or reward; -*graha*, *a.* deriving advantage from anything; *m.* obtain-

ment of an advantage; -*grāhi*, *a.* fruitful; -*tanta*, *a.* having advantage only as one's standard, inspired by interested motives only. -*ta*, *ad* with regard to the reward; -*tā*, *f.* condition of a fruit; -*da*, *a.* fruit-bearing, productive; advantageous, profitable; rewarding, with (*g.* or -), -*dharmā*, *a.* having the nature of a fruit, *i.e.* rapidly ripening and decaying; -*nishpatti*, *f.* production of fruit, appearance of consequences; -*parivṛtti*, *f.* productive harvest; -*pāka*, *m.* ripening of fruits; appearance of consequences; -*nish* -*thā*, -*antā*, *a.* *f.* perishing after the ripening of the fruit; -*pādapa*, *m.* fruit tree; -*pura*, *n.* *N.* of a town; -*pushpa* *upa*-*obhita*, *pp.* adorned with fruits and flowers; -*prāpti*, *f.* success, -*bandhin*, *a.* bearing fruit; -*bhaka* -*sha*, *a.* living on fruit; -*tā*, *f.* subsistence on fruit; -*bhāga*, *m.* participation in the result or advantage; -*bhāgin*, *a.* partaking of the reward; -*bhā*, *a.* *et.*; -*bhug*, *m.* fruit-eating, monkey; -*bhūti*, *m.* *N.* of a *Buddha*; -*bhūmi*, *f.* place of reward or retribution; -*bhīyas*-*tva*, *n.* greater reward; -*bhar*, *a.* fruit-bearing; -*bhogya*, *a.* of which the usufruct may be enjoyed; -*pledge*; -*māya*, *a.* consisting of fruit; -*mūla*-*māya*, *a.* formed of fruits and roots; -*mūla* *asana*, *a.* feeding on fruits and roots; -*mūlin*, *a.* having excellent roots and fruits; -*yukta*, *m.* joined with a reward; -*yoga*, *m.* remuneration, wages; -*vat*, *a.* fruitful, laden with fruit; successful; profitable; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* advantageousness; -*vikṛayini*, *f.* female fruit-seller; -*ālin*, *a.* producing a reward; experiencing or participating in the consequences; -*sa*-*yukta*, *pp.* joined with a reward; -*sa*-*yoga*, *m.* connection with a reward; -*sahasra*, *n.* a thousand fruits; -*sādhana*, *n.* production of a consequence, realization of an object; -*siddhi*, *f.* success.

फलहक phala-ha-ka, *m.* board, plank; -*hina*, *pp.* destitute of fruit and paying no wages.

फलागम phalāgama, *m.* advent of fruit, *i.e.* time when the fruit is ripe, autumn; -*āliya*, *a.* rich in & thickly bestrewn with fruit; -*anubandha*, *m.* consequences of (-).

फलाय phalā-ya, *den.* *ā*. be the reward or consequence of (-).

फलार्थिन् phala arthin, *a.* desirous of fruits; -*āin*, *a.* subsisting on fruit; -*āhāra*, *a.* *id.*

फलित phal-ita, *pp.* *√* *phal*; -*itavya*, *pp.* *n.* fruit should be borne by (*in*); -*in*, *a.* bearing or yielding fruit, fruitful; reaping advantage (*l.*); iron-head (*arrow*); *m.* fruit-tree; -*i*, *f.* *a.* plant.

फलीकार phali-kāra, *n.* cleansing of grain; *m.* *pl.* chaff of rice or smallest grains (*according to commentators*); -*kṛi*, cleanse grain from chaff; -*bhū*, obtain a reward.

फलियहि phale-grahi, *a.* bearing fruit; successful. [*absence of fruit.*]

फलितर phala itara, *n.* (?) no fruit; -*tā*, *f.*

फलोन्मेषा phala utprekshā, *f.* a kind of smile; -*ndaya*, *m.* appearance of consequences, retribution, recompense, punishment, for (*g.*, *le.*); -*attainment of success*; -*udāgama*, *m.* development of fruit; -*nd* -*bhava*, *a.* obtained from fruit; -*unmukha*, *a.* on the point of yielding fruit; -*upagama*, *a.* fruit-bearing; -*upa*-*grin*, *a.* living by the sale of fruit; -*upabhog*, *m.* enjoyment of the fruit, participation in the consequences or reward of anything.

फलु phalgū, (ā, ē, or v-i) reddish (V.); pitiless, feeble; insignificant, worthless, vain; minute, tiny; -*tā*, *f.* insignificance; worthlessness, vanity.

फलगुण phālguna, *a.* (i) reddish, red, *i.* *f.* *N.* of a double lunar mansion (*pārvā and uttara*); -*ka*, *m.* *N.* of a people (*pl.*); *N.*

फलगुमास phalgū-prāsua, *a.* having little strength.

फाणित phānita, *cs.* *pp.* (*√* *phan*) *m.* *n.* thickened juice of the sugar-cane, syrup.

फाण्ट phānta [*phān*(i)ta] *a.* obtained by filtered infusion; *m.* filtered infusion of pounded drugs with four parts of hot water; *n.* first particles of butter obtained by churning.

फाल phāl-a, *m.* [render], ploughshare; kind of shovel; *m.* *n.* tuft, nosegay; *m.* leap; core of a citron; -*k* *ish*-*a*, *pp.* ploughed, growing on ploughed land, *n.* (l) ploughed land; *m.* produce of ploughed land; -*āhata*, *pp.* ploughed

फाल्गुन phālgunā, *a.* (i) belonging to the lunar mansion Phalgun; *m.* month of which the full moon is in the asterism Phalguni (February-March); *ep.* of Arguna; *n.* kind of grass used as a substitute for the Soma plant; *N.* of a place of pilgrimage; *i.* day of full moon in the month Phalguna; the asterism Phalguni

फिटसूत्र phit-sūtra, *n.* the Phit-sūtras, *T.* of a grammatical work

फिर phir-a, *a.* belonging to the Franks, European; *m.* Europe; -*in*, *m.* European.

फट phata, *n.* (l) hood of a serpent; -*ā/opa*, *m.* expansion of a serpent's hood.

फुत् phut, *onomatopoeic* *ij.* always with *kṛi*, puff, blow; shriek, yell; -*kāra*, *m.* puffing, blowing, hissing, shriek, yell; -*kṛta*, *pp.* *n.* sound of wind instruments; shriek, yell, -*kṛti*, *f.* blowing, hissing, blowing of a wind instrument

फुल् PHULL, I. P. *phulla*, expand, bloom

फुल phulla, *pp.* (*√* *phal*) expanded, blown flower; wide open, dilated eyes; puffed, inflated cheeks; beaming, smiling (*face*); -*na*, *a.* inflating; *i.* -*pura*, *n.* *N.* of a city; -*utpala*, *n.* having blooming lotuses; *N.* of a lake.

फूत् phūt, *onomatopoeic* *ij.* = phut.

फेजक phejga-ka, *m.* a bird.

फेटकार phet-kāra, *m.* howl, yell.

फेण pheṇa, *incorrect* for pheṇa.

फेण्ट pheṇta; -*ka*, *m.* a bird.

फेकार phet-kāra, *m.* howl, yell; -*kṛita*, *n.* *id.*; -*kārin*, *a.* howling, yelling

फेन pheṇa, *m.* (n.) foam, froth; moisture of the lips; *n.* cattle fish bone; -*ka*, *m.* ground-rice soup; -*giri*, *m.* *N.* of a mountain at the mouth of the Indus; -*dharmā*, *a.* having the nature of foam, transient; -*pa*, *a.* froth-drinking, living on froth; -*vat*, *a.* frothy, foamy.

फेनाय phenā-ya, *den.* *ā*. foam.

फेनाहार pheṇa āhara, *a.* subsisting on froth

फेनिल phen-ila, *a.* foaming, frothy, with *;* *m.* a tree. [*m.* jackal

फेरव phe-rava, *m.* jackal; rākshasa; -*ra*,

ब B.

बहु BAMH, बहु BAH, pp. *bāḥa*, q. r. :
ce. bamhaya, *Ā* strengthened, increase
ava, pp. *avabāḥa*, disclosed. *ni*, pp. *nī-*
bāḥa, covered up, buried. *sam*, *ce. P.*
 strengthen, increase.

बहिष्ठ bāhi-*ishtha*, spr. (of bahula) strong-
 est, most secure ; very powerful or deep (fou)
 very stout or fat ; *-iyas*, *cpr.* of bahula) more
 numerous or extensive, etc.

बक baka, *m.* a kind of heron (*Ardea nreca*;
 regarded as a type of circumspection as well
 as rascality and hypocrisy ; rogue, cheat,
 hypocrite ; *N.* -*kakha*, *m.* Heron-bank, *N.*
 of a locality ; -*mukha*, *m.* fool of a heron

बकबकाय baka-bakā-ya, den. *Ā*, crouk.

बकापु laka-ripin, *m.* foe of Baka (a *Rāk-*
shasa conquered by him, *ep.* of Bhima-sena,
-vati, *f.* *N.* of a river ; -*vritti*, *a.* be having
 like the heron, hypocritical, *m.* hypocrite ;
-vrata, *n.* action of a heron ; -*kara*, *a.* act-
 ing like a heron, hypocritical, -*vratika*, *a.*
 hypocritical, -*vratin*, *a.* *id.* -*sahavasin*,
m. fellow lodger of the heron ; -*lotus* ; -*ari*,
m. foe of Baka ; an *Asura* ; *cp.* of Krishna ;
-āline, *pp.* lurking like a heron.

बकुल bakula, *m.* a tree (*Mimusops Elengi*;
 said to blossom on being sprinkled with wine
 from the mouth of young women ; *n.* Bakula
 flower. -*mālā*, *f.* *N.* -*āvalikā*, *f.* *N.*

बकिश baka-*isi*, *m.* *N.* of a shine effected by

बकोट bakota, *m.* kind of heron. [Baka.

बट bāt, *ad.* (V.) truly.

बटु batu, *m.* boy lad *sp.* of the *Brahma-*
caste, follow used contemptuously of adults ;
-ka, *m.* *id.* -*nātha*, *m.* *N.* of a pupil of
Sankarākrāya.

बडा badā, बळा bālā, *ad.* (V.) = *bāt*.

बडाह badaha, *m.* *N.* of a prince.

बण्ड bandā, *a.* mutilated (hands, feet,
tail, maimed

बत 1. batu, *g.* (of astonishment or regret),
ah! alas! following the idea producing the
 emotion at the beginning of a sentence ; in
C. often in the middle of a sentence ; *ba-*
tare, *id.* ; *aho bata* and *ayi bata*, *ad.* 'C
 at the beginning of a sentence.

बत 2. batā, *m.* weakling (RV.).

बदर bādara, *n.* the esculent fruit of the
 jujube tree (*Zizyphus Jujuba*). -*i-kā*, *f.* ju-
 jube, *i.* *f.* jujube tree *Zizyphus Jujuba* ;
N. of a source of the Ganges and of a
 hermitage of Nara and Nārāyaṇa situated
near it. -*i-tapovana*, *n.* penance grove at
 Badari ; -*i-phala*, *n.* fruit of the jujube tree

बद्ध badbha, *pp.* (v'bandh) bound, etc.
-ka, *m.* prisoner (1. ; -*kadambaka*, *a.* form-
 ing groups ; -*kalāpin*, *a.* having his quiver
 tied on ; -*grāha*, *a.* insisting on something ;
-hitta, *a.* having one's thoughts fixed on (le) ;
-trishna, *a.* longing for () ; -*drishā*, *a.*
 having one's gaze fixed on (le) ; -*dvesha*, *a.*
 entertaining hatred for any one ; -*nishaya*,
a. firmly resolved ; -*netra*, *a.* having the
 eyes fixed on anything, gazing steadfastly ;
-pratiṣṭhā, *a.* having made a promise ;
-prati-rut, *a.* echoing, -*bhāva*, *m.* having
 the affections fixed on, enamoured of (le) ;
-bhima-andhakāra, *a.* wrapped in terrible
 gloom, -*mandala*, *a.* having circles formed,

ranged in circles : -*mushā*, *a.* having the
 fist clenched ; close-histed ; -*mūla*, *a.* having
 taken root, firmly rooted, having gained a
 firm footing -*tā*, *f.* firm footing ; -*manas*, *a.*
 observing silence ; -*rabhasa*, *a.* impetuous,
 passionate ; -*riṣa*, *a.* having one's desire
 fixed on, enamoured of (le) ; -*rā-ga*, *a.* hav-
 ing gained the sovereignty, having succeeded
 to the throne ; -*laksha*, *a.* having the gaze
 fixed on, gazing steadfastly at () ; -*vasati*,
a. having one's abode fixed in, dwelling in
 (le) ; -*val*, *a.* obstructing speech ; -*vepatu*,
a. trembling ; -*vaira*, *a.* having contracted
 hostility with (in or -) ; -*sikha*, *a.* having
 one's hair tied in a top knot, -*rotra-mana-*
lakshna, *a.* having ears, mind, and eyes fixed
 on (le) ; -*sneha*, *a.* entertaining affection
 for (le) ; -*sprha*, *a.* feeling a longing for
 () ; -*suvali*, *a.* holding one's hands joined
 together in supplication or as a mark of
 respect ; -*ādara*, *a.* attaching great value
 to () ; -*ananda*, *a.* having joy attaching to
 it, joyful, day ; -*anurāga*, *a.* conceiving an
 attachment, enamoured, -*annaya*, *a.* con-
 ceiving an unquenchable hatred, -*andha-*
kara, *a.* wrapped in darkness ; -*nvasthiti*,
a. constant ; -*ava*, *a.* entertaining hope of
 () ; -*avanka*, *a.* conceiving anxiety ; -*ut-*
sava, *a.* entering upon a festival, -*udyama*,
a. making efforts or prepared to (inf.)

बहु badva, (*m*¹) *n.* host (designating a very
 high number)

बध BADH = बध VADH.

बधिर badh-*nā*, *a.* deaf -*tā*, *f.* deafness.

बधिरय badhira-ya, den. *P.* deafen : *pp*
ita, deafened.

बधिरिक्ष badhiri-kī, make deaf, deafen

बन्धिरह bandhira-graha, *m.* taking prisoner,
 capture, -*grāha*, *m.* burglar.

बन्धिर band-in, *m.* 1. prisoner, slave ; 2.
 bard of a prince ; panegyrist (-*i-tā*, *f.* *abst.* *s.*

बन्धिपुत्र bandi-putra, *m.* son of a bard,
 panegyrist ; -*stri*, *f.* female panegyrist ;
-sthita, *pp.* imprisoned.

बन्दी bandi, *f.* prisoner (male or female).
 prey, -*kita*, *pp.* taken prisoner, *m.* pri-
 soner, captive ; seized, overpowered.

बन्धु BANDHU, IX. badhnā, badhni, bind
 tie, fasten ; fix, attach ; fetter, snare,
 catch, capture, enslave ; punish, chastise ;
 bind = sacrifice (a victim to (le) ; put or
 fasten on oneself, gird on (Ā, I., P, C)
 put together, join, clench (the fist), fold
 the hands, *agagala*, *āgala* putam ; set up
 limit ; construct a bridge or dam ; bridge
 over ; set upon ; dam, embank river, close,
 check, hold back, restrain ; rivet, fix (eyes,
 ears, mind, on (le, or inf), compose (verses),
 a poem ; arrange, assume (a posture) ; take
 up one's abode ; produce, make, bear fruit,
 strike roots ; manifest, conceive, entertain,
 have, conclude friendship, contract (hos-
 tility) ; *ps.* badhyate, be bound, be caught ;
 be bound by the fetters of existence or of evil,
 be bound = affected by, experience, suffer : *pp.*
baddha, bound, fastened, fettered, caught,
 bound by the fetters of existence or evil ; im-
 prisoned, confined ; tied up (throat of him)
 combined, united, joined, studded or inlaid
 with, set in (in,) ; restrained, produced ;
 cherished, entertained, conceived ; mani-
 fested, visible ; *ex.* bandhaya, *P.* cause to
 bind, capture, or imprison ; - to be con-

structed ; - embanked or dammed up. *asu*,
 tie or fasten on ; fetter (also fig.) ; unite,
 combine, attach to one, attract (pupils) ;
 attach oneself to, follow closely, run after,
 attend (fig.) ; * resemble, produce, bring
 about ; display, entertain, cherish, have (feel-
 ings, emotions, etc.) ; cohere ; last, continue
 its effects, insist on anything ; urge, impor-
 tune, *ps.* result, be attached as an anubandha
 or indicatory letter (gr) ; *pp.* bound,
 fastened ; endeared ; captivated (heart),
 connected with anything. *api*, put on one
 self. *abhi*, *ps.* be fixed, become enduring.
ava, tie on ; *Ā* fasten or put on oneself
ps. fastened, tied on, captivated (with, by,
 in or -) sticking fast, sticking in () ;
 attached to some one (le), anxious about
 something (le). *ā*, fasten, tie, or put on
 oneself (Ā ; E also P) ; unite, join, bring
 or put together, mass, clasp, hold fast
 (anyone) by in, engage in a conversation ;
 gain a footing (padam), be lasting : *pp.* fixed
 (eyes or mind) on () ; produced, displayed,
 formed, forming, exhibiting, sitting in
 (a circle) *sam-ā*, put on oneself *ud*, tie
 up (*ex.* at the top of the head) tie up tight
 neck, draw forth ; check, suspend, *Ā*, or
P ; ātmanam or sariram, hang oneself
pp. suspended from, hanging to (le), strangled,
 firm (adverb etc.) *sam-ud*, tie fast *pra ud*,
pp. firm (adverb). *upa*, bind by the hands
 or feet, combine *ni*, tie up, secure, to or
 in (le) string on (le) ; fasten or put on one-
 self, fetter (fig, to (le) ; catch, gain, join ;
 clench (ps), stop up, erect, pitch a camp,
 restrain, check, confine ; place the foot (pa-
 dam on (le) undertake, fix or rivet on,
 direct towards (le) ; record, compose, edit,
 discuss (ps. be mentioned ; display, with
 bhrukutim, knit the brows, frown *pp.* *nī-*
baddha, bound to (le) ; dependent on (m.)
 composed of, accompanied by, provided with
 () ; obscured by, covered with (m), en-
 closed or bordered with (stem, inlaid, stud-
 ded, or adorned with) ; formed or being
 upon or in, contained in, coming under (le or
 -) ; formed or consisting of () ; connected
 with, relating to (le or -) erected, built ;
 fixed or riveted on (le or -) employed,
 used word, letter ; forbidden. *upa-ni*, *pp.*
 attached to () ; recorded, written down,
 composed, edited ; discussed *vi-ni*, fasten
 on both sides. *sam-ni*, *pp.* planted or dot-
 ted with trees () ; attached to, dependent
 on (le) *nis*, urge, importune. *pp.* *nir-*
baddha, fixed on (le) ; pressed, importuned
pari, put on oneself, fasten, tie up ; surround
pp. obstructed, checked ; *ex.* encircle, clasp,
pra, tie, fasten, bind ; *pp.* chained to, de-
 pendent on () ; obstructed, checked. *pra-*
tī, tie or fasten to (le, or -) bind (ac. one's
 Ā) ; set (a jewel in (le) ; connect, join,
 fix, direct ; obstruct, bar ; restrain anyone
 disclaim, repudiate ; *pp.* fastened or attached
 to () ; dependent on () ; connected, joined,
 studded or provided, with (in or -) har-
 monizing with (le) ; fixed on or directed to
 words () or upon ; kept aloof from ; com-
 phicated *vi*, band on different sides, un-
 yoke ; obstruct *sam*, bind together, connect,
 attach ; bring together, combine, *ps.* be
 united, adhere, be attached or belong to
 (in) ; to be supplied in (le gr) *ps.* *sam-*
baddha, bound together, closed, connected,
 coherent, connected with (in or -) ; covered
 with (in) ; filled with () ; combined with
 () ; contracted, formed = present, existing,
ex. cause to be bound, to (le) ;

insist on one's connecting with (an.). **सन्ध-सम्**, *pp.* combined or accompanied with (-°); **अभि-सन्ध**, connect with, mean by; *ps.* be connected with (an.); **प्रत्येकम्**, be connected or to be supplied with each; **प्रति-सन्ध**, *pp.* connected.

बन्ध bandh-ā, *m.* tying, fastening, bandaging, catching, capturing; fettering, arrest; connexion with (-°); intercourse with (-°); putting together, joining the hands etc.; posture, position of the hands and feet; construction, building (of a bridge etc.); damming up of a river; bridging; fixing on, directing towards (to); assumption or obtaining of a body (-°); manifestation, display, or possession of (-°); bond, deposit, pledge; mundane bondage; *opp. final emancipation*; bond, tie; band, fillet; bandage; fetter, snare, tendon; receptacle; combination of words or letters. -**का**, *m.* binder of animals, catcher (-°); rope, thong, fetter; part (-°) with an ordinal, e.g. tenth; *n.* (-°) pledging; *f.* unchaste woman; -**करा**, *n.* a fettering or checking by magic; -**कर्त्रि**, *m.* binder, holder, restrainer (Siva).

बन्धन bandh-ana, *a.* (i) binding, fettering; captivizing; *n.* binding, tying, fastening, bandaging, tying on (of a girdle etc.); entwining, clasping, capture; confinement, imprisonment, captivity, construction (of a bridge etc.); embanking or damming up (water); bridging over, connexion; fixing upon, directing towards (to); checking, suppressing; *mundane bondage*; *opp. final liberation*; bond, fetter; rope, cord, thong, halter, tether; *fig.* bond = that which holds anything (g.) together, prison; sinew, muscle; embankment, stalk, stem (of flower or fruit) - *a.* bound to (to, fettered by -); -**कार-िन**, *a.* (-°) fettering, clasping; (-**ता**), *f.* abstr. *v.* -**स्था**, *a.* being or living in confinement or captivity, imprisoned; *m.* captive, prisoner, -**गारा**, *m.* house of bondage, prison.

बन्धानिक bandhan-ika, *m.* gaoler.

बन्धनीय bandh-aniya, *fp.* to be taken prisoner; to be embanked.

बन्धपाश bandh-pāś, *m.* fetter; -**मोक्ष-निका**, -**मोक्ष-नि**, *f.* freeing from bonds, *N.* of a Yogin.

बन्धयितु bandh-ayiti, *m.* binder.

बन्धित bandh-m, *a.* (-°) binding; catching; forming, producing; displaying, showing.

बन्धु bandh-u, *m.* connexion, relation; kinship, kindred; (maternal) kinsman, relative; friend, husband, relation of = extremely like; friend of visited by or favourable for; -**ता** (*u*) coming under the head of, i.e. being only in name -**कृत्या**, *n.* duty of a kinsman; business of a friend, friendly service, -**कसित**, *a.* dwelling among kinsmen (R¹); -**गाना**, *m.* kinsfolk; relative; friend; -**गवा**, *m.* (living in the family, a tree *Pentapetes phoenicea*; it has a beautiful red flower which opens at noon and falls off in the morning at sunrise); -**का**, *m.* *id.*, *N.* of a kanyasulk; (*u* -**ता**), *f.* connexion, relation; kinship, -**त्वा**, *n.* kinship, relationship; -**दत्ता**, *pp.* given by relatives; *m.* *N.* of a man; *f.* *N.* -**पाला**, *m.* *N.*; -**प्रिक**, *n.* seeking one's kin (R¹); -**प्रबन्ध**, *m.* *N.* of a fair; -**प्रति**, *f.* love of one's friend; -**भ्रात्रा**, *m.* relationship.

बन्धुमत bandhu-mat, *a.* possessed of kinsfolk, surrounded by kinsmen. -**ता**, *f.* *N.*; -**मित्रा**, *m.* *N.*

बन्धुर bandhu-ra, *a.* charming, lovely, beautiful, handsome; inclined, bent; addicted.

-**ता** = adorned with: -**गत्रि**, *a.* *f.* having lovely or curved i.e. rounded limbs; -**कमलाङ्गुलि**, *a.* having rounded and delicate fingers [bent; curved].

बन्धुरित bandhur-ita, (*den.*) *pp.* inclined, **बन्धु** bandhu-la, *m.* bastard.

बन्धुवत् bandhu-vat, *ad.* like a relative (= *anm.* or *acc.*); -**वर्गा**, *m.* whole body of one's kinsmen; -**हिना**, *pp.* destitute of kindred; friendless.

बन्धुक bandhū-ka, *m.* a tree (*Pentapetes phoenicea*), *n.* its flower. -**पुष्पा**, *n.* flower of the Bandhūka.

बन्धुह bandhū-kri, make a friend of; bring into connexion with (-°); -**भू**, become a relative of, become like.

बन्धु bandh-ya, *fp.* deservng to be bound, fettered, or imprisoned, to be constructed; - stopped up (*cp.* vandyā).

बन्धनी banyani, *N.* of a country.

बप्स baps, *r.* √bhas. [crackle (of fire)].

बबसा babubā, *mountainous* *ij* with *kri* =

ववसा ba-bhas-a, *m.* devourer.

बन्धि ba-bhi-i, *a.* (I.) bearing (*acc.*); being carried; nourishing.

बन्धु ba-bhr-u, *a.* (u or ā) reddish-brown, brown, tawny; having reddish-brown hair; *m.* kind of large ichneumon; *cp.* of Krishna, Vishnu, and Siva; *N.*; *f.* *u*, reddish-brown cow; *u* -**लोमान**, *a.* -**मनि**, brown-haired, -**वहाना**, *m.* *N.* of a son of Arjuna.

बन्धुरालि bambhara-li, *f.* fly.

बरासी barāsi, *f.* kind of garment.

बर् barn, *m.* *N.* of a Rishi. [kinds]

बर्करकर्कर bar-kar-karkara, *a.* (?) of all

वर्जह būgaha, *m.* udder (R¹).

वर्वर bar-bai-a, *a.* stammering; curly; *m.* non-Aryan, barbarian; low fellow, loon, *re-used as a term of contempt* [a knot]

वर्स barsi, *m.* *n.* knot; -**naddhi**, *f.* tying of

वर्ह 1. BARH. **वर्ह** VARH, VI. P. b/āh, *vr̥ha*, pull out root; *pp.* br̥itha, *vr̥itha*, *ā*, pull or tear out or away; *es.* *pp.* ā-varhita, uprooted. *ud.* pull out, draw forth. *sam-ud.* draw out. *ni.* hurl down, dash to the ground; *es.* barhaya, P. *id.*; destroy, remove (*sin*). *pra*, tear off, out, or away, pluck out, destroy; *ā*, draw to oneself, *ps.* break off. *int.* *pp.* pra-vr̥itha, torn off. *vi*, tear or break in pieces; tear away.

वर्ह 2. BARH. VI. P. -**br̥hā**; of simple *rb* only *pr.*, *pl.* br̥hat; *es.* br̥m̐haya, P. *ā* fatten, strengthen; increase, augment; promote; *pp.* vr̥m̐hita, increased by - endowed with *ati*, *es.* *pp.* strengthened. *abhi*, *es.* strengthen. *upa*, *es.* P. *id.*, increase; *pp.* increased by, provided, accompanied, or agreeing with (*an.* or -); *int.* barbr̥h, press vehemently or repeatedly. *pari*, P. *ā*, surround; make strong; *pp.* vr̥idha, -**br̥itha**, firm, solid; *es.* P. strengthen. *pp.* strengthened by = accompanied or provided with (*in* or -). *vi*, hug one another closely. *sam*, join firmly; *es.* -**barhaya**, P. join or unite with *ud.*; -**br̥m̐haya**, P. strengthen, encourage.

वर्ह 3. BARH. VI. P. br̥m̐ha, roar, scream, trumpet of elephants; *pp.* br̥m̐hita, *n.* trumpeting of an elephant.

वर्ह barh-a, *m.* *n.* [plucking], tail-feather; tail of a bird, *esp.* of a peacock; leaf; -**सा**, *a.* plucking out (-°); dazzling the eyes (*g.*); *n.* plucking out (-°); -**लक्रा**, *N.* of a mountain village.

वर्हया barh-āni, *in. ad.* (I.) firmly, strongly, powerfully; very, really, certainly (*emphaticizing*). -**vat**, *a.* (I.) mighty, ardent. *n. ad.*

वर्हभार barha-bhāra, *m.* [burden of feathers, peacock's tail]; -**अपि**, *m.* wreath of peacocks' feathers worn on the crown of the head.

वर्हय barhā-ya, *den.*; *pp.* ita, resembling the eyes on a peacock's tail.

वर्हण barhuna, *a.* adorned with peacocks' feathers; *m.* peacock; -**लक्षणा**, *a.* adorned with peacocks' feathers; -**वा**, *m.* arrow adorned with peacocks' feathers; -**वास**, *a.* provided with peacocks' feathers.

वर्हध्वज barhi-dhva, *m.* (peacock)-bannered, *cp.* of Skanda.

वर्हि barh-in, *m.* peacock.

वर्हियान barhi-yāna, *m.* (having a peacock for his vehicle), *cp.* of Skanda.

वर्हियत् barhi-uttha, *m.* (arising from grass, fire).

वर्हिवहन barhi-vāhana, *m.* (having a peacock for a vehicle), *cp.* of Skanda.

वर्हिषद् barh[ī]-shād, *a.* scented on the sacrificial grass; *m.* *pl.* a class of Manus.

वर्हिक barhish-ka, *a.* strewn with sacrificial grass; *n.* sacrificial grass.

वर्हिष्ठ barh-ishtha, *sp.* mightiest, strongest, highest; -**म्**, *ad.* loudest.

वर्हिष्मत् barhish-mat, *a.* accompanied or provided with sacrificial grass; having or strewing sacrificial grass = sacrifice; -**य**, *a.* belonging to or suitable for the sacrificial grass or the sacrifice.

वर्हिषद् barhish-shad = barhi-shad -**shtha**, *a.* standing on the sacrificial grass; *m.* sacrificial offering; -**shtha**, *a.* standing on the sacrificial grass.

वर्हिष barh-is, (*m*) *n.* [what is pulled up, plucking], sacrificial grass; gulya *know* - strewn on the place of sacrifice, *esp.* the Veti, and forming a layer on which the offerings are placed and the gods as well as the sacrificers are supposed to sit. *n.* Sacred Grass personified among the Prayaga and Auroga divinites, sacrifice.

बल् BAL, only *intr.* balbaliti, whirl (SB¹).

बल 1. bal-a, *n.* (*sg.* & *pl.*) might, power, strength, vigour; forcible means, force; validity; power of, expertness in (-); forces, troops, army (*sg.* & *pl.*); *m.* *ab.* -**ता**, *by* force of, by virtue or by dint of (*g.* or -); *ab.* forcibly; against one's will, involuntarily, without being able to help it.

बल 2. bala, *m.* crow, *N.* of a demon (in *Veda* spelt Vala, brother of Vritra and Sura by Indra, *N.* of an elder brother of Krishna, also called Baladeva, Balabhadra, Balarama, etc.). *ā*, *f.* kind of spell; *N.*

बलकर bala-kara, *a.* strengthening; -**कामा**, *a.* dosing strength; -**कृति**, *a.* strengthening; -**कृति**, *f.* mighty deed.

बलक baliksha, *a.* (i) white; -**ग**, *m.* (white-rayed), moon.

बलबोम bala-kshobha, *m.* disturbance among the troops, mutiny; -**grāta**, *m. N.*; -**kakra**, *n.* [circle of power or of troops], sovereignty; army; -**ga**, *m.*, *f.* heap of corn; -**da**, *m.* ox; -**darpa**, *m.* pride of strength; -**dā**, *a.* strength-giving; -**di-bhā**, become an ox; -**dava**, *m. N.* of Krishna's elder brother (who has white hair, having been produced from a single white hair); *N.*; -**dharma**, *m. N.*; -**nāmana**, -**nishūdana**, *m.* ep. of Indra; -**pati**, *m.* lord of might; commander of an army, general; -**pura**, *n.* Bala's citadel; -**prada**, *a.* strength-giving; -**bandhu**, *m. N.*

बलम bala-bha, *m.* a poisonous insect.

बलभद्र bala-bhadra, *m.* (excelling in strength), *N.* of a divine being, later identified with Baladeva; *N.*; -**bhid**, *m.* destroyer of Bala, *ep.* of Indra; -**bhrit**, *a.* strong, powerful; -**mukhya**, *m.* leader of an army; -**yukta**, *pp.* endowed with strength, powerful; -**yuta**, *pp. id.*; -**rāma**, *m.* Rāma the Strong, *N.* of Krishna's elder brother.

बलवत् bala-vat, *a.* 1. strong, powerful, mighty; vehement (*desire etc.*); dense (*darkness*); stout, weighty; prevalent, predominant; of more weight or importance than (*ab.*), *ad.* strongly, powerfully; heavily, stoutly; greatly, lustily; 2. accompanied by an army; -**tara**, *cpr.* stronger; -**varāta**, *pp.* destitute of strength, weak; -**varman**, *m. N.*; -**virya**, *n. sg.* strength and valour; -**vitra-gana**, -**vitra-nishūdana**, -**vitra-han**, *m. ep.* of Indra; -**vryasana**, *n.* disorder in the army; -**samūha**, *m.* assemblage of forces, army; -**sena**, *m. N.* of a warrior; -**senā**, *f.* army; -**stha**, *a.* strong, powerful, mighty (*of persons*), *m.* (standing in the army), warrior, soldier; -**han**, *a.* defeating armies; -**hanti**, *m.* slayer of Bala, *ep.* of Indra; -**hara**, *m.* (strength-depriving), *N.*; -**hina**, *pp.* destitute of strength, weak; -**tā**, *f.* weakness

बलाक balāka, *m.* only *f.* kind of crane (*the flesh of which is eaten*); *N.*

बलाकिन् balāk-in, *a.* attended by or abounding in cranes; *N.* of a son of Dhritarāshtra.

बलाय bala agna, *n.* excessive strength; head of an army.

बलात्कार balāt-kāra, *m.* employment of force, violence; *or in* by force, forcibly; strongly, vehemently; -**m. *abs.* forcibly, -**kṛta**, *pp.* forced, overcome, by (*in or -*)**

बलाधिक bala adhika, *a.* superior in strength (*e.g.* in running); -**adhikarana**, *n. pl.* affairs of the army; -**adhyaksha**, *m.* inspector of the forces, minister of war; -**anaga**, *m.* younger brother of Baladeva, *ep.* of Krishna; -**anvita**, *pp.* endowed with power, mighty; suggestive of power; -**abala**, *n.* strength or weakness, comparative strength, importance, or significance; relative weakness of price; *a.* now strong, now weak; -**abhra**, *n.* army in the shape of a cloud.

बलाय बला-ya, *den.* *f.* exhibit strength.

बलारि balāri, *m.* foe of Bala, *ep.* of Indra; -**avastha**, *a.* strong, powerful.

बलास balāsa, *m.* kind of disease; swelling in the throat, which prevents swallowing.

बलासुर bala asura, *m. N.* of a washerman.

बलाहक balāha-kā, *m.* rain or thunder-cloud; cloud, one of the seven clouds appearing at the destruction of the world, kind of serpent; *N.* of a mountain.

बलि balī, *m.* tax, impost, tribute; offering, gift, oblation; offering of food generally rice, grain, or ghee thrown up into the air and made to living creatures, *esp.* birds (also called bhūta-yajña; very often - with the object, the time, the place, or material of the offering; handle of a fly-whisk), *N.* of a Dāitya, a son of Virokna, who obtained the sovereignty of the three worlds, but was deprived of it by Vishnu in the form of a dwarf after promising the latter as much land as he could measure in three steps, he was cast down by Vishnu to Pātāla, which he was allowed to rule. *N.*; incorrect for valī, fold; -**kara**, *m. pl.* taxes and duties; -**karma**, *n.* performance of the Bali or food offering; -**kṛt**, *a.* paying taxes; -**dāna**, *n.* presentation of an offering or oblation.

बलिन् balīn, *a.* strong, powerful; *m.* soldier, *N.*

बलिनियमनोद्यत balī - niyamana udyata, *pp.* bent on vanquishing Bali; -**putra**, *m.* son of Bali, *pat.* of the Asura Bāna; -**push-ta**, (*pp.*) *m.* (fed on the rice offering), crow; -**bhūy**, *a.* eating the food-offering, *m.* crow; -**bhrit**, *a.* paying tribute; -**bhojana**, *m.* crow; -**mat**, *n.* performance of the Bali or food offering.

बलिवर्द balivārda, *m.* bull.

बलिवाकुल balī-vyakula, *a.* engaged in offering oblations; -**bha**-**bhāga**, *m.* sixth part as tribute; -**bārin**, *a.* taking the sixth part as tribute.

बलिष्ठ balī-śīṭha, *spr.* strongest, mightiest, most powerful, stronger than (*ab.*) -**tama**, *dbl. spr. id.*

बलिहरण balī-haraṇa, *a.* (i) suitable for presenting an offering; *a.* presentation of an offering; -**hāra**, *a.* paying taxes, *m.* presentation of offerings; -**hrit**, *a.* paying tribute.

बलीकृत् balī-kṛt, *turn into or intend as an offering.*

बलीयस balī-iyas, *cpr.* stronger, more powerful or important; very strong or powerful, turning the scale; -**tara**, *dbl. cpr.* excessively powerful, -**tva**, *n.* superior or excessive power, predominance, greater importance.

बलीवर्द balivārda, *m.* bull.

बलोत्साह bala utsāha, *m.* ardour of the forces; -**unmatta**, *pp.* frenzied with power.

बलवज balīva-jā, *m.* sort of coarse grass (*Eleusine indica*).

बलबलाकार balbalā-kāra, *m.* stammer; -**kṛt**, *pp.* pronounced with a stammer (*Br.*)

बल्य bal-ya, *a.* invigorating.

बल्लव balla-va, *m.* cowherd; *i.* *f.* cowherdess; -**yuvati**, *f.* young cowherdess.

बल्लाल ballāla, *m. N.* -**senā**, *m. N.*

बल्लिहक ballīhi-ka, *m. N.* *pl. N.* of a people (probably in the west of the Arjuna territory).

बल्लक्य ballakāya, *a.* (*RV.*¹) being in its first year (*culf*) -**nā**, *f.* cow having a young calf.

बल्लस्त ballāst, *m.* he-goat *a* *agmā*, *n.* goat-skin (*V.*)

बल्लि ballī, *m.* bladder -**sirsha**, *n. sg.* *or m. du.* neck of the bladder.

बल्लि ballī, *ad.* (*RV.*¹) quickly.

बह BAH, *c.* बह BAMH.

बहस bah-ala, *a.* thick, dense; bushy, shaggy (*tuft*), wide, extensive; deep (*colour, tone*); manifold, copious, abundant, *or* filled with, chiefly consisting in; *or*, *ad.* greatly; -**tā**, *f.* thickness.

बहिरङ्ग bahir-anga, *a.* external; unessential -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* *abs.* *s.*; -**argala**, *or*, *a.* external bolt; -**artha**, *m.* external object; -**gata**, *pp.* come forth; -**tva**, *n.* appearance; -**giri**, *m.* country beyond the hills, *N.* of a country *pl. N.* of a people; -**geham**, *ad.* outside the house; -**grāmam**, *ad.* outside the village; -**grāma-pratiraya**, *a.* dwelling outside the village; -**aris**, *a.* looking at the outside, superficial (*person*); -**dvāra**, *n.* outer door, space outside the door; -**dvārin**, *a.* being outside the door; -**dhā**, *ad. pp.* with *ab.* outside, away from (*V.*); -**nirgamana**, *n.* going out of (*ab.*); -**nissarana**, *n.* taking out, removal; -**bhava**, *a.* external, -**bhāga**, *m.* exterior; -**mandala-stha**, *a.* being outside the circle; -**mukha**, *a.* issuing from the mouth; averting one's face, averse from (*or*); having one's mind outward, *i.e.* directed towards the external world; -**yāna**, *n.* going out; (*ir*)-**loma**, *a.* having the hair turned outwards; -**loman**, *a. id.*; -**vāsas**, *n.* upper garment; -**vikāram**, *ad.* apart from individual existence (*Sāmkhya ph.*); -**vṛtti**, *f.* occupation with external matters; -**vedi**, *i. f.* space outside the Vēdi; 2 *ad.* (*i.*) outside the Vēdi; -**vedi-ka**, *a.* being outside the Vēdi.

बहिरस bahis-kura, *a.* moving or appearing outside; external; *or* *prāna*, *m.* *sg.* *f.* *pl.* *or* *hṛdaya*, *n.* one's external breath or heart, *i.e.* dear to one as one's own life or heart; *m.* external spy.

बहिःशाला bahiḥ-śālā, *f.* outer hall; -**rita**, *a.* cold outside, cool to the touch.

बहिष्करण bahiḥ-karaṇa, *n.* 1. external organ, 2. exclusion from (*ab.*); -**kārya**, *pp.* to be banished; -**excluded** from (*ab.*); -**kṛta**, *pp.* ejected, expelled; -**kṛta**, *f.* exclusion; -**kriya**, *a.* excluded from sacred rites; -**kriya**, *f.* external action such as bathing etc.

बहिष्ठात् bahiḥ-tāt, *ad.* outside (*V.*).

बहिष्पट bahiḥ-paṭa, *m.* upper garment, -**paridhi**, *ad.* outside the enclosure; -**pavamaṇa**, *m. n.* a *Stoma* or *Stotra* generally consisting of three triplets chanted outside the Vēdi during the Prātaharana; -**i**, *f. pl.* its single verses; -**prāna**, *i. m.* external breath, *i.e.* what is dear to one as one's own life, gold; 2. *bahish-prāna*, *a.* whose breath or life is outside (*V.*).

बहिः bah is, *ad.* outside (*the house, town, country, etc.*), out of doors, *go, etc.*; *pp.* from without, outside or out of (*ab. or*); -**ish** *kṛt*, *expi.* banish, exclude from (*ab. or*); put aside, abandon, renounce; *pp.* -**kṛta**, taken out of, expelled from (*ab.*), abandoned by (*or*); shut off by = dwelling beyond (*m.*), excluded from (*ab. or*); free from, destitute of, refraining from (*in or*); become apparent, manifested, embodied; *r gata*, *pp. id.*, *r bha*, come forth, from (*ab.*).

बहिःसंख्य bahiḥ-saṅkya, *n.* external asceticism.

बहिःसंख्य bahiḥ-saṅkya, *a.* lying or situated outside the town.

बहु bah-ū, *a.* (*v.*⁴) abundant, much; numerous; repeated, frequent, abounding or rich in *in*; *or* *tvayā hi me bahu kṛtam* - *yad*, you have done me a great service,

in -; *tasmin bahuetad api*, even this was much for him (i.e. more than could be expected); *kim bahānā*, what need of much talk? in short; *n. ā. ad.* much; often, repeatedly; greatly, exceedingly, very, highly; *-sta.* = for the most part, almost, tolerably; *bahu man*, think much of, esteem highly, value; hold dearer than (in.); *n. plural.*

बज्जर bahu-kara, *a.* doing much, for any one (*y*); *-kalpa*, *a.* of many kinds, manifold; *-kalyāṇa*, *a.* very noble; *-kāma*, *a.* having many wishes; *-krīṭvas*, *ad.* oftentimes, frequently; *-kūḥama*, *a.* bearing much, of great forbearance; *-gamana*, *a.* having many goings or courses; *-garhya-vāl*, *a.* talking much that is commendable, garrulous; *-grasa*, *a.* many-stranded (rope); manifold, much; possessing many virtues; *-gotra-ga*, *a.* having many blood relations; *-graha*, *a.* holding much (*po*); taking much (*minister*); *-āṭra*, *a.* extremely manifold or various; *-ākhā*, *a.* abounding in frame, deceitful; *-tva*, *n.* deceitfulness; *-gana*, *1. m.* the great multitude; *2. a.* having many people about one; *-yāpa*, *a.* garrulous; *-yāpitr*, *m.* chatterer; *-tanaya*, *a.* having many sons.

बज्जतम bahu-tama, *spr.* remotest. & *bahutamāt puruṣāt*, down to the remotest descendant; *-tara*, *cpr.* more numerous, more, than (*ab*); more extensive, greater (*fire*); too or very much; several: *etad eva samākaṇ bahutaram* - *yad*, it is already a great thing for us that -; *-m*, *ad.* more, repeatedly; *-tara-ka*, *a.* very much or numerous; *-tarām*, (*ac*?) *ad.* highly, greatly, very; *-tā*, *f.* abundance, multitude; *-titha*, *a.* (having many tithis or lunar days), long (*time*); much, manifold; *-m*, *ad.* greatly; *-hani*, on many a day = for many days; *-trina*, *n.* almost grass, a mere straw; *-trishna*, *a.* suffering from great thirst; *-trivarsa*, *a.* almost three years old; *-tva*, *n.* multiplicity, multitude; majority, opinion of the majority; plural; *-daksāśivā*, *a.* accompanied by many gifts (sacrifice); *-dāna*, *n.* bounteous gift; *2. a.* (ā) munificent; *-dayin*, *a.* id.; *-driṣvan*, *m.* great observer, very learned man; *-devata*, *a.* addressed to many deities (*verse*); *-devatyā*, *a.* belonging to many gods; *-daivata*, *a.* relating to many gods; *-doṣha*, *1. m.* great harm or disadvantage; *2. a.* having many drawbacks (*forest*); *-dhana*, *a.* possessing much wealth, very rich; *-īvara*, *m.* very wealthy man; *-dhā*, *ad.* in many ways, parts, or places; variously; many times, repeatedly; very; *-kri*, multiply; spread abroad; *-nāman*, *a.* having many names; *-patnika*, *a.* having many wives; *-tā*, *f.* polygamy; *-pada*, *a.* many-footed; *-parā*, *a.* many leaved; *-para*, *a.* rich in cattle; *-pāda*, *a.* many-footed; having several padas (*verse*); *-putra*, *a.* having many sons or children; *-pushpa-phala* *upeta*, *pp.* having many flowers and fruits; *-prākāra*, *a.* manifold *-m*, *ad.* variously; repeatedly; *-prakṛiti*, *a.* consisting of several nominal bases (compound); *-prajā*, *a.* rich in children; *-prajñā*, *a.* very wise; *-pragñāna-sālin*, *a.* possessed of much knowledge; *-pratigra*, *a.* involving several charges or counts (*eg*); *-prapañka*, *a.* of great diffuseness, prolix; *-pralāpin*, *a.* garrulous; *-bhāṣin*, *a.* id.; *-bhāṣhya*, *n.* locution; *-bhag*, *a.* eating much; *-bhūmika*, *a.* consisting of many stories (building); *-bhoktri*, *m.* great eater; *-bhogya*, *f.* harlot; *-bhogaka*, *a.* eating much; *-bhogin*, *a.* id.; *(ā)* *tā*, *f.* voracity; *-bhāmas*, *a.* many-storied (building); *-mati*, *f.* high opinion, esteem, respect; *-matya*, *n.* place abounding in fish; *-madhya-ga*, *a.* belonging to many;

-mantavya, *fp.* to be highly thought of, prized or esteemed; *-māna*, *m.* high opinion or regard, esteem, respect, for (*1c.* of *prs.* or *thing*, rarely *g.* of *prs.*); attaching great importance to (*1c.*); *-puraḥ-saram*, *ad.* with respect; *-mānina*, *a.* held in esteem, respected; *-mānya*, *fp.* to be highly thought of, estimable; *-māya*, *a.* having many wiles, artful, treacherous; *-mitra*, *a.* having many friends; *-mukha*, *a.* many-mouthed, talking of many things; *-mūla-phala* *anvita*, *pp.* furnished with many roots and fruits; *-mūlya*, *1. n.* large sum of money; *2. a.* of great price, costly; *-yāṭra*, *a.* having offered many sacrifices; *-raṭsa*, *a.* very dusty and having much pollen; *-ratna*, *a.* abounding in jewels.

बज्जमध्य bahura-madhyā, *a.* thick in the middle (*Soma*).

बज्जस bahu-rasā, *a.* juicy; *-ripu*, *a.* having many foes; *-rūpā*, *a.* many-coloured, variegated; multiform, manifold, various.

बज्जस bahu-lā, *a.* thick, compact; broad; dense (*darkness*); wide, ample, capacious, extensive, large; abundant, copious, numerous, much; abounding in, full of, attended or accompanied by (*in* or *-*); *-m*, *ad.* often; *m.* dark half of the moon; *n.* *-tā*, *f.* abundance of (*?*); *-tva*, *n.* id. (*?*); multiplicity, multitude; *-parṇa*, *a.* many-leaved; *-palāṇa*, *a.* id.

बज्जसायास bahula-āyāsa, *a.* involving much trouble; *-āḥāpa*, *a.* loquacious; *-āviṣṭa*, *pp.* inhabited by many, thickly populated.

बज्जित bahul-ita, *pp.* increased.

बज्जलीक bahuli-kri, *only pp.* made close or dense; increased, enlarged, extended; divulged, made public; distracted, by (*in*); *-bhāva*, *m.* notoriety, publicity; *-bhā*, become abundant, multiply, increase; spread; *pp.* spread abroad, become public or notorious.

बज्जलेतरपक्ष bahula-itarā-pakṣa, *m.* du. the dark and the (opposite =) light half of the month; *-oṣadhika*, *a.* having abundant herbs, overgrown with herbs.

बज्जवत्स्य bahu-vaktavya, *fp.* about which much can be said; *-vālāṇa*, *n.* plural; case and personal terminations of the plural; *-vat*, *a.* in the plural; *-varṇa*, *a.* many-coloured; *-valkala*, *m.* = *Priyālatra* (*Buchanania latifolia*); *-vādin*, *a.* talking much, loquacious; *-vāra* - *ka*, *m.* a small tree (*Cordia Myra*); *-phala*, *n.* its fruit (= *Selu*); *-vāram*, *ad.* frequently, often; *-vārshika*, *a.* (i) many years old; lasting many years; *-vāla*, *a.* hairy, shaggy (tail); *-vighna*, *a.* attended with many difficulties; *-vid*, *a.* knowing much; *-vidya*, *a.* having much knowledge, learned; *-vidha*, *a.* of many sorts, manifold, various; *-m*, *ad.* variously, repeatedly; *-vistara*, *m.* great extension; *a.* wide-spread; manifold, various; very detailed; *-vistāra*, *a.* of wide extent; *-vistṛita*, *pp.* wide-spread; *-virya*, *a.* of great strength, very efficacious; *-velam*, *ad.* oftentimes, frequently; *-vyālishevita*, *pp.* infested by many beasts of prey; *-vrihi*, *m.* (having much rice), possessive adjective compound: the last member is a substantive, the whole compound becoming an adjective qualifying another substantive and agreeing with it in gender; these possessives often become substantives to designate a species (a generic term being understood) or an individual as a proper name (a specific term being understood): e.g. *bahuvrīhi* (see *samāśa*), *m.* a 'much-rice' compound; *Bṛihadāvāṇa*, *m.* Many-horse (see *man*); *pp.* *Gr.* Philippos, horse-loving, and

Engl. Great-head). The term *bahuvrīhi* being an instance is used to designate the whole class.

बज्जसक्ति bahu-sakti, *m.* (possessing great power), *N.* of a prince; *-astra*, *a.* having many foes; *-abda*, *m.* (many-word), plural; *-asa*, *ad.* abundantly, in great numbers; frequently, repeatedly; *-ākṣa*, *a.* having many branches; widely ramified (*family*); manifold; *-ākṣin*, *a.* having many branches; *-rubhā-ya*, *den.* ā. become a great blessing; *-aruta*, *pp.* very learned; *-aruti*, *f.* occurrence of the plural in the text.

बज्जसंखाक bahu-samkhyā-ka, *a.* numerous; *-satva*, *a.* abounding in animals; *-sadrīsa*, *a.* very suitable; *-sava*, *a.* sacrificing often or doing anything for many years; containing many sacrifices or years; *-sāya*, *a.* abounding in corn; *m.* *N.* of a village; *-sādhana*, *a.* having many resources; *-tā*, *f.* possession of many resources; *-sādhāra*, *a.* having many supports, i.e. knowing what one has to go on; *-sāra*, *a.* stout-hearted (*tree*); *-sāhasa*, *a.* consisting of or amounting to many thousands; *1. f.* *ag.* many thousands; *-suvarṇa*, *a.* rich in gold; *-tā*, *f.* *abst.* *N.*; *-suvarṇa-ka*, *a.* possessing many pieces of gold; *m.* *N.* of a prince; *N.* of an *Agrahāra*; *-spris*, *a.* touching many things; *-svara*, *a.* polysyllabic; *-hasti-ka*, *a.* abounding in elephants; *-hiraṇyā*, *a.* rich in gold.

बज्जदक bahu-udaka, *a.* abounding in water; *m.* mendicant ascetic frequenting sacred bathing-places; *-upamā*, *f.* comparison with many things (*ph.*); *-upāya*, *a.* having many resources, powerful.

बज्जक्षर bahu-akṣara, *a.* polysyllabic; *-agā*, *n.* mentioning many Agnis (certain verses); *-āḥāna*, *a.* having many goings or courses; *-ānā*, *a.* abounding in food; *-āpātya*, *a.* promising numerous offspring; *m.* (i) mouse; *-āpāya*, *a.* attended with many dangers; *-ābedhā-pralāpin*, *a.* talking much meaningless chatter; *-ābhidhāna*, *n.* (many-designation), plural; *-āmitra*, *a.* having many enemies; *-ārtha*, *a.* having many meanings; *-avarodha*, *a.* having many wives; *-avā*, *a.* rich in horses; *m.* *N.*; *-āgya*, *a.* abounding in glee; *-ādin*, *a.* eating much, voracious; *-ārin*, *a.* id.; *m.* *N.*; *-āśārya*, *a.* containing many marvels; *-māya*, *a.* id.; *-rik*, *a.* abounding in verses (*a.* terms *cpr.* applied to the *Rig-veda*); *-ryk*, *a.* id.; *m.* (knowing many verses), knower or follower of the *Rig-veda*; *-enas*, *a.* having committed many sins.

बज्जोद bahv-oda, *m.* [*for* *bahu-uda*, *cpr.* *ba-* *hūda*ka] kind of ascetic regarding knowledge (as opposed to works) as the chief thing; *-anśadhī-ka*, *a.* [*for* *-oṣha*] abounding in herbs.

बाकुर bākura, *a.* with dṛiti, *m.* bagpipe (*R.*?).

बाकुल bākula, *a.* belonging to the Bakula

बाह bāhā, **बाह् बāhā**, *pp.* / *bah*: *1c.* mightily (*R.*); *1. m.* *ad.* (*C*) certainly, assuredly, really, indeed; exceedingly; *guly*, used as a *pcl.* of consent: very well, confirmation: so it is, or assent: yes.

बाण bāna (or ā), *m.* (reed), shaft, arrow; the number five (because *Kāma* has five arrows); mark or aim (of an arrow); *m.* *N.* of the author of the *Kādambari* and the *Harshakarita* (seventh century A.D.); *N.* of an *Asura*; *N.* *m.* blue *Barleria*; *n.* its flower; *-gokara*, *m.* range of an arrow,

arrow-shot (distance); -**tā**, *f.* state of an arrow; -**tāxi-kṛ**, turn into a quiver; -**dhī**, *m.* (arrow-case), quiver; -**patā**, *m.* range of an arrow, arrow-shot (distance); -**pāta**, *m.* arrow-shot; range of an arrow (distance); -**patā**, *m.* arrow-shot (distance); -**bhaṭṭa**, *m.* Bāṇa (the author); -**mayā**, *a.* consisting of formed of arrows; -**yogana**, *n.* quiver.

बाणवत् bāṇa-vat, *m.* (made of a reed), arrow; (containing arrows), quiver; -**varah-in**, *a.* showering arrows; -**vāra**, *m.* multitude of arrows; cuirass, doublet (protecting from arrows); -**sandhāna**, *n.* adjustment of the arrow (to the string); -**siddhi**, *f.* hitting of an arrow.

बाणावली bāṇāvalī, *f.* combination of five verses forming one sentence; -**āsana**, *n.* bow; bowstring.

बाणिन् bāṇ-in, *a.* provided with an arrow.

बादर bādara, *a.* belonging to or coming from the jujube tree; coarse, gross (*opp.* minute, subtle); *n.* jujube; *f.* cotton-shrub.

बादरायण bādara-āyana, *m. pat.* (son of Bādara), *N.* of the reputed author of the *Sātrika Sūtras* of the *Uttara-mīmāṃsā*; *a.* composed by Bādara-āyana.

बादरि bādari-, *m. pat.* descendant of Bādara.

बाध् BĀDH, I. Ā. (*metr.* also P) **bādha**, *repl.* drive away, dispel; force asunder (V); harass, press hard, beset; oppress; damage; annoy, trouble, disturb, vex; grieve, torment; hurt (*persons and things, e.g. the tongue*); thwart, check; influence, affect; remove, annul, set aside; *ps.* **bādhyate**, suffer; *pp.* **bādhiṭa**, harassed, etc.; absord; *ex.* **bādha**, P. harass, trouble, vex, torment; *des.* **bhātsate**, have an aversion for, loathe, shrink from (*ab.*); *pp.* **bhātsita**, disgusting, loathsome; *int.* **badbade**, **badbadhe**, press hard, drive into straits; *pl.* **badbādha-āna**, pent up. **ati**, greatly distress (*acc., g., n.*); **adhi**, harass, annoy. **anu**, vex, torment, torture. **apa**, drive away, dispel, remove; *ex.* drive away (*des.* have an aversion for *ab.*); **abhi**, fall upon (*an enemy*), check; distress. **ava**, restrain. **ā**, harass, torment; declare to be false. **ni**, press down, - heavily; harass, trouble. **pari**, keep or ward off, exclude from (*ab.*); prevent from *g.*; protect from *ab.*; vex, trouble, hurt. **pra**, urge forward; further; *repl.* drive away, disperse; harass, distress, torment; hurt, injure; set aside, annul. **sam-pra**, beat back, *repl.* distress, torture. **prati**, *repl.*; restrain; vex, torment. **vi**, force asunder, drive away; distress, torment; injure, violate. **sam**, press down, weigh heavily on, distress, torment.

बाध bād-d, *m.* tormentor; resistance; *m., f.* pain, affliction, distress, suffering, annoyance, from *ab.* or *acc.*; injury, damage, hurt, prejudice to (-); exclusion from (-), obstruction, annulment, suspension; contradiction, absurdity. -**aka**, *a.* (ikā) distressing, harassing; injuring, prejudicing; setting aside, annulling; *a tree* -**tva**, *n.* annulment; -**ana**, *a.* harassing, distressing; *n.* annoyance, molestation, pain (*sts. pl.*); *n.* annulment; removal; hindrance to (*d.*); *f.* trouble, affliction; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be removed; -**ayitri**, *m.* tri, *f.* injurer, oppressor; -**itva**, *n.* annulment; -**itavya**, *fp.* to be distressed, afflicted, or troubled; - annulled or removed; -**itri**, *m.* troubler, afflicter.

बाधिर्य bādhir-ya, *n.* deafness.

बाध् bādhy-ya, *fp.* to be annoyed, distressed, or afflicted; allowing oneself to be troubled by (-); being checked; to be set aside, removed, or annulled; -**ya-māna-tva**, *n.* condition of being annulled, set aside, or refuted.

बाधव bādhav-a, *m.* (having relationship bandhu), kinsman, relation; maternal relative; friend; *i, f.* female relative; -**ka**, *a.* concerning relations; -**dhurā**, *f.* friendly service.

बाधव bādhav-a, *m. pat.* descendant of Bādhru; -**ya**, *m. id.*; *N.* of various men.

बाह्ति bāhṭa, *a.* (i) relating to the metre bṛhatti; -**ka**, *m. N.*; -**ānushubha**, *a.* consisting of a bṛhatti and an anushubh.

बाह्दिवत् bāhḍaivata, *n. T.* of a work = Brīhaddevatā; -**ratha**, *a.* relating to Brīhad-ratha.

बाह्स्पत bāhspat-n, *a.* (i) relating to or descended from Brīhaspati; -**ya**, *m. pat.* descendant of Brīhaspati; pupil of Brīhaspati, unbeliever; *n.* the Artha-sūtra of Brīhaspati.

बाह 1. bāha, *a.* young, not yet full-grown; recently risen (*sun*), early (*rays*), now, crescent (*moon*); childish, puerile, foolish; *n.* child, boy; minor (*under sixteen years of age*); simpleton, fool; *N.* *f.* girl, young woman; cow one year old.

बाह 2. bāha, *m.* = बाह vāha, hair of the tail, etc.

बाहक bāha-ka, *a.* (ikā) young, childish, not yet full-grown; *n.* child, boy; young of an animal. five-year-old elephant; *N.* of a prince. -**kānda**, *n.* Boy-section, *T.* of the first book of the *Rāmāyana* treating of the boyhood of Rāma; -**kunda anuvāda**, *pp.* *n.* spray of young jasmine intertwined in their hair; -**kṛishna**, *m.* the boy Kṛishna; -**keli**, *f.* children's game; -**kriyā**, *f.* doings of children; -**kriāna**, *n.* child's play; -**ka**, *m.* children's toy; *n.* child's play; -**kriā**, *f.* child's play, childish sport; -**ghna**, *m.* child-murderer; -**kandra**, *m.* young or crescent moon, *n.* branch of a peculiar shape; -**kandramas**, *m.* young moon; -**kandrikā**, *f. n.*; -**karita**, *n.* early life of a god, etc.; -**karyā**, *f.* doings of a child; -**tanta**, *n.* midwifery; -**tā**, *f.* childhood; -**tva**, *n. id.*; -**darsam**, *abs.* on seeing a boy; -**pattra**, *m.* a tree; -**putra**, *a.* having young children, having young; -**ka**, *m.* little son; -**bandhana**, *n.* binder of children (*a demon of disease*); -**bhaṅga**, *m. N.*; -**bhāva**, *m.* childhood; recent rise of a planet; -**bhritya**, *m.* servant from childhood; -**mati**, *a.* of childish intellect; -**man-dāra-vriksha**, *m.* young coral tree; -**rāmāyana**, *n. T.* of a play; -**roga**, *m.* children's disease; -**lila**, *f.* child's play; -**vinashā**; -**ka**, *m. N.*; -**vaidhavya**, *n.* child-widowhood; -**śāstra**, *a.* having young horns; -**sakhi**, *m.* friend from youth; friend of a fool; -**tva**, *n.* friendship with a fool; -**su-bhrid**, *m.* friend from childhood; -**han**, *a.* (-**ghni**), child-murdering. [year old.

बाहा bāhā, *f.* girl; young woman; cow one year old.

बाहातप bāhātapa, *m.* morning sun, early sunshine (*also pl.*); -**bāditya**, *m.* newly-risen sun; *N.* of two princes. -**adhyāpa-ka**, *m.* teacher of boys. -**tā**, *f.* tutelage of boys, -**apatya**, *n.* young offspring. -**āmaya**, *m.* children's disease; -**aruna**, *m.* (red of) early dawn; -**avabodhana**, *a.* instruction of the young or inexperienced; -**avastha**, *a.* young, juvenile.

बाहिका bāhikā, *f.* (of bāha-ka) girl.

बाहिश bāl-isa, *a.* young, childish; silly, foolish; *m.* fool, blockhead; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* (to -**ya**, *n.* childishness, folly).

बाहिकु bāhiku, *m.* young or crescent moon.

बाहिय bāhēya, *a.* suitable for an oblation (bali); descended from Bāhi; *m.* *asm.*

बाहोपचर bāhāupakaraṇa, *n.* medical treatment of children; *i-ya*, *a.* relating to the -; -**upakāra**, *m.* medical treatment of children.

बाह्य bāl-ya (or -yā), *n.* infancy, childhood; crescent state (*of the moon*); childishness, immaturity of mind, puerility, folly; -**tā**, *f.* childhood.

बाह्वि bāhvi, **बाह्वि** bāhvi, *m.* (?) *N.* of a country, Bāhkh; -**ka**, *i. m. N.* of a people; *pl.*; prince of the Bāhlikas; 2. *a.* bred in Bāhkh (*horses*); -**ya**, *a.* -**yā**, *pp.* bred in Bāhkh (*horses*).

बाह्वीक bāhvi-ka, **बाह्वीक** bāhvikā, *m. N.* of a people (*pl.*); prince of the Bāhlikas; *N.*; *i, f.* princess or woman of Bāhlika.

बाह्वीक bāhvikā, *m. N.* of a Daitya, *N.* of a teacher; *a.* belonging to Bāhlikā; *n. pl.* school of Bāhlikā; -**śākhā**, *f.* Bāhlikā recession (*of the Rig-veda*).

बाष्प bāshpa, *m.* tears, steam, vapour; -**kala**, *a.* indistinct or choked with tears (*voice*); -**phita-loana**, *a.* having eyes suffused with tears; -**pūra**, *m.* flood of tears; -**moksha**, *m.* shedding of tears; -**salila**, *n.* tears; -**kula**, *a.* indistinct or choked with tears (*voice, speech*); -**ambu**, *n.* tears.

बाष्पाय bāshpā-ya, *den. A.* shed tears. **ati**, weep excessively.

बाष्पिन् bāshp-in, *a.* shedding (-*acc.*) as tears.

बाष्पोत्पीड bāshpa utpīda, *m.* gush of tears.

बास bāsa, *m. N.* incorrect for bāṣa.

बास bāsta, *a.* coming from the he-goat (*bhastā*).

बाहव bāhāv-n, *m.* arm (V).

बाह्वि bāhvi-i, *m. pat.* (fr. bāhu) *N.* of a teacher.

बाहीक bāhi-kā, *m.* (frequently confused with bāhika or bāhlika), *N.* of a despised people; *pl.*, man of the Bāhlikas; cowherd.

बाह bāh-ā [strong; *√ bah*], *m.* arm; *sp.* fore arm; fore-foot of an animal; *sp.* upper part of the fore-foot; part of a doot; arm as a measure (= 12 angulas); *N.*

बाहुक bāhu-ka, *a.* = bāhu, arm; *a.* dwarfish; *m. N.*; *N.* assumed by Nala when cha-ritter of Rātuparna. [excellence]

बाहुगुण bāhu-guṇ-ya, *n.* possession of many

बाहुयुत bāhū-kyuta, *pp.* fallen or dropped from the arm or hand; *u*, -**taraṇa**, *n.* crossing with the arms; *i.* swimming across a river; *(u)*, -**tā**, *ad.* in the arm (*i.*); *u* -**dan-da**, *m.* long arm; -**danta-ka**, *a.* with snail, *n.* *N.* of a treatise on paraprachina abridged by Indra; -**dant-in**, *m.* ep of Indra; -**āi-putra**, *m.* Indra's son as the author of a *Tantra*; -**pāva**, *m.* fetter of the arms, encircling arms; *a.* certain attitude in fighting; -**prasāra**, *n.* extension of the arms; -**bandha-ana**, *n.* clasped or encircling arms; -**bala**, *n.* strength of arm; *m.* Arm-strong; *N.*; -**bal-in**, *a.* strong-armed; -**madhya**, *a.* middle most with the arms *āni karmāni* = actions with the arms are intermediate; -**māla**, *n.*

root of the arm, shoulder; -**yuddha**, *n.* hand to hand fight, pugilistic encounter; -**yodha**, -**yodhin**, *m.* pugilist.

बाहुल bāhula, *m. N.* -**ka**, *n.* multiplicity; *ab.* owing to the various applicability (of a rule).

बाहुलता bāhu-latā, *f.* creeper-like arms; -**antara**, *n.* interval between the arms, chest, breast-bone.

बाहुल्य bāhul-ya, *n.* abundance, plenty; quantity, large number; multiplicity, variety, unusualness, ordinary course or order of things; *in.* for the most part, mostly, generally; *ab. id.*; in all probability.

बाहुविक्रम bāhu-vikṣepa, *m.* movement of the arms; -**vimarda**, *m.* hand to hand fight, pugilistic encounter; -**virya**, *n.* strength of arm; *a.* strong of arm; -**śakti**, *m.* (strong of arm), *N. of a prince*; -**śālin**, *a.* possessed of powerful arms, valorous, warlike; *m. N. of a Dānava* and of various men.

बाहुश्रुत्य bāhu-shrutyā, *n.* learning.

बाहुत्थिपम bāhu utkṣhepam, *abs.* throwing or tossing up the arms; -**upapīdam**, *abs.* pressing with the arms.

बाह्वाहवि bāhū-bāhāv-i, *ad.* hand to hand, in close encounter.

बाह्य bāhya [fr. bahi(s)], *a.* being outside (the door, house, village, etc.), situated outside (*ab.* or ^o); outer, external; strange, foreign; excluded from caste or the community, outcast; lying outside anything (*ab.* or ^o) = diverging from, conflicting with, beyond the pale of, having nothing to do with; with *taddhita*, *m.* secondary *taddhita* suffix (add'd after another *taddhita*); *v.* artha, *m.* meaning external to and having no immediate connexion with the letters forming a word. -*m* kri, expel, eject; -*m*, *m.* *le*, ^o, *ad.* or *pp.* outside (*ab.* or ^o); -*m*, *ad.* (pp) out (of doors); *ab.* from without; *m.* corpse.

बाह्यकरण bāhya-karana, *n.* external organ of sense; -**tara**, *apt.* external etc.; outcast; -**tas**, *ad.* *pp.* outside, without (*ab.* *g.*); -**tā**, *f.* deviation or divergence from (*ab.*); -**prakṛiti**, *f.* pl constituent parts of a foreign state (except the king).

बाह्यांश bāhyānśa, *a.* holding the hands outside (not between) the knees; -**antar**, *ad.* from without and within; -**arthā-vada**, *m.* doctrine that the external world is real, -**arthā-vādin**, *a.* maintaining the reality of the external world (*ph*); -**ālaya**, *m.* abode of the outcast; -**country** of the Bahikas; -**indriya**, *n.* external organ of sense.

बाहुव्य bāhuvrī-ya, *n.* traditional teaching of the Bahuvikas, the Rig-veda.

बाहुविस bāhuvīśa, *n.* strength of arm; *a.* strong in the arm.

बिहल bihala, *m.* cat; -**ka**, *m. f.* 1-kā, *f.* kitten, cat; -**pada**, *m.* -**ka**, *n.* a certain measure of weight (= a karsha or 16 masha); -**putra**, *m. N.* -**bandu**, *m.* cat-cleaver, nickname of a man; -**aksha**, *c* 3 cat-eyed; *m. N. of a Rākṣasa*.

विदल bidala, *r.* vidala; -**samhita**, *pp.* composed of halves.

विन्दु bind-ū, *m.* drop; globule; dot, spot; mark of the *anuvāra* (supposed to be of great mystical import and connected with Siva); zero or cypher; dot made above a letter to cancel an erasure; apparently insignificant

incident the effects of which spread like a drop of oil on water (*str.*); spot or mark of paint on the body of an elephant; *N.* -**ka**, *m.* drop; -**ki-ta**, *den. pp.* dotted over, covered with drops of (sa.).

बिन्दुमत bindu-mat, *a.* having bubbles or cloths; *m. N. of a son of Marīci*; -**i**, *f.* kind of vrases; *N.* -**rekha**, *f.* line of dots; -**saras**, *n.* *N. of a sacred lake*; -**sāra**, *m. N. of a prince, son of Kandra-gupta*.

बिह्लोक bihloka, *m.* haughty indifference; amorous gesture.

बिभक्षयिषा bi-bhākṣh-ay-i-shā, (*des. cs.*) *f.* desire to eat; -**shu**, *des. a.* wishing to eat, hungry. [speak.]

बिभक्षिषु bi-bhān-i-shu, *des. a.* wishing to *विमिता* bi-bhit-sā, *f.* desire to pierce, break through, or destroy (*ac.* or *g.*); -**su**, *des. a.* wishing to break through or rout.

विभेदयिषु bi-bhed-ay-i-shu, (*des. cs.*) *a.* wishing to set at variance.

बिम्ब bimb-a, *m. n.* disc of the sun or moon; sphere, orb, disc, *esp.* of any rounded part of the body (hips, buttocks); mirror; image, reflexion; object compared (in comparisons); *opp.* prati-bimba, that with which it is compared; *m.* lizard, chameleon; *N.*; *n.* fruit of a tree (*Momortica monodelpha*): as it is of a ruddy colour when ripe, the lips of beautiful women are often compared with it; *ā. f. N. of a princess*.

बिम्बकि bimbaki, *m. N. of a prince*.

बिम्बप्रतिबिम्बता bimba-prati-bimba-tā, *f.* condition of an object of comparison and that with which it is compared; -**tva**, *n.* -**bhāva**, *m. id.*; -**phala**, *m.* the Bimba fruit; -**adharas**/*ā*, *a* (i) having lips red like the Bimba fruit; -**adhara**, *m.* nether lip red like the Bimba fruit.

बिम्बित bimb-ita, *den. pp.* reflected.

बिम्बिय bimbiya, *m. N.*

बिम्बिसार bimbī-sāra, *m. N. of a prince of Magadha, contemporary with Būdhiha*.

बिम्बेश्वर bimbāśvara, *m. N. of a temple erected by the princess Bimbā*; -**oshtha**, *m.* lip like the Bimba fruit; *a.* having lips like the Bimba fruit.

बिल bil-a, *n.* cave; cavity, hole, burrow; aperture, opening; mouth (of a vessel, spoon, etc.); *m.* Indra's horse Ukkisharavas; -**yonī**, *a.* of the breed of Bīla (horse); -**vāsa**, *a.* dwelling in holes; *m.* animal living in holes; -**vāsin**, *a. m. id.*; -**āya**, -**āyin**, *a. m. id.*; -**svarga**, *m.* (subterranean heaven), hell.

बिलेश्य bile-śya, *a.* lurking in holes; *m.* animal living in holes.

बिलोकस bilaokas, *a. m. id.*

बिल्ल bil-mu, *n.* chip (RP. ¹).

बिल्व bilvā, *m.* a tree (*Aegle Marmelos*) bearing delicious fruit (which when unripe is used medicinally); *n.* Bilva fruit; a certain weight (= 1 pala); (a) -**danda**, *a.* having a staff of Bilva wood; -**dandin**, *a. id.*; -**patra-maya**, *a.* consisting of Bilva leaves; -**mātra**, *n.* weight of a Bilva fruit; *a.* of the size of a Bilva fruit; having the weight of a Bilva fruit; -**vana**, *n.* a Bilva forest.

बिल्वह्य bilvāha, *m. N. of a minister and poet*.

बिस bīsa, *n.* root or underground stalk of the lotus; *kisala-ya-kheda-pāthaya-vat*,

a. having as provisions for the journey pieces of young root-fibres of the lotus; -**granthi**, *m.* knot on a root-fibre of the lotus; -**tanta**, *m.* fibre of the lotus root; -**maya**, *a.* made of the fibrous root of the lotus; -**prasānu**, *n.* flower of the lotus; -**latā**, *f.* lotus (*nelumbium speciosum*); -**vat-i**, *f.* place abounding in fibrous roots of the lotus.

बिसिषी bis-in-i, *f.* lotus (*nelumbium speciosum*; the whole plant); -**patra**, *n.* lotus leaf.

बीज bīja, *n.* seed (of plants and animals); seed-corn, grain; runner of the Indian fig-tree; germ, element; source, origin, beginning; germ of a poem or play (from which the plot is developed); algebra; quicksilver; -^o *a.* caused or occasioned by; -**ka**, *m.* citron; *n.* seed; list; -**kānda-prarohin**, *a.* springing from seed or from slips; -**kānda-rūha**, *a. id.*; -**kodī**, *f.* seed-vessel (*esp.* of the lotus); -**kriyā**, *f.* algebraic solution; -**ganita**, *n.* algebra; -**dravya**, *n.* elementary substance; -**pāra**, -**ka**, *m.* citron tree; -**pāra**, *m. id.*; *n.* citron; -**mātra**, *n.* only what is necessary for the preservation of seed or the race; -**rūha**, *a.* springing from seed; -**vat**, *a.* provided with seed or corn; -**vāpa**, *n.* sowing of seed; -**śaśa-mātra**, *n.* even their seed as a remainder; -**sambhṛiti-mat**, *a.* containing the germ and the catastrophe (of a play).

बीजाक्षर bīja akṣhara, *n.* initial syllable of a mantra or spell; -**śakura**, *m.* soot-sprout; *du.* seed and sprout; -**nyāya**, *m.* principle of seed and sprout (each of which is in turn the cause of the other) = relation of mutual causation; -**ālīya**, *m.* (abounding in seeds), citron; -**ava**, *m.* stallion.

बीजिन् (bīj-in, *a.* seed-bearing (plant)); being of the seed or blood of (^o); *m.* owner or giver of seed, actual together (*opp.* nominal father or husband).

बीजोत्क्रष्ट bīja utkrashtri, *m.* one who takes out or exhibits good seed corn (to produce the impression that the rest is of the same quality).

बीभत्स bi-bhat-sa [*des.* √bādhi], *a.* loathsome, disgusting, revolting; *v.* risen, *m.* sentiment of disgust (in poetry); -**tā**, *f.* loathsome; -**śā**, (*des. a.* *f.* *id.*) feeling disgust or repugnance; *coy.* *m. ep.* of Arguna.

बुक्का bukkā, *f.* heart.

बुद्ध bud-dhu, *pp.* (√buddh) awakened, fully awake; expanded (flower); enlightened, wise; known, observed; *m.* enlightened person who is qualified by good works and knowledge of the truth for Nirvāna and reveals the true doctrine of salvation to the world before his demise (B.); the historical Būdhiha, named Sākya-muni Gautama, the founder of the Buddhist religion, who was born in Magadha and died about 477 B.C.; -**gayā**, *f.* Būdhiha's Gayā, the Buddhist name of the town of Gayā (so called because Būdhiha obtained true knowledge there); -**ghoshā**, *m. N. of a celebrated Buddhist scholar who lived at the beginning of the fifth century A.D. (the N. is not quotable in Sanskrit)*; -**tva**, *n.* Buddhahood; -**datta**, *m. N. of a minister*; -**dharma**, *m.* Būdhiha's law; -**pālita**, *m. N. of a pupil of Nāgārjuna*; -**mārga**, *m.* way or doctrine of Būdhiha; -**śakṣita**, *m. N.* *ā. f. N.*; -**āgama**, *m.* Būdhiha's doctrine; -**anta**, *m.* waking condition.

बुद्धि bud-dhi, *f.* intelligence, understanding, reason, intellect, mind; discernment, judgment; presence of mind, ready wit, perception; comprehension; opinion; view;

belief, conviction; supposition; thought, about (*le.*); feelings of (*e.g. pity*). correct or reasonable view; reflection or meditation on (*le.*); intention, purpose (*in. with a view to, from, through*); *-ā*, impression, belief, notion (*of, e.g. a wall = that something is a wall*); *in.* under the impression, in the belief (*e.g. a tiger = that it is a tiger*); *obtained = that something has been obtained*); *-am kri*, make up one's mind, form a resolution, to 'inf', *le.* or *prati with ac. of thl. &c.*; *-m pra-kri*, set a purpose before one, make up one's mind, decide.

बुद्धि कृत buddhi-krit, *a.* producing the impression of (*-*); *-krita*, *pp.* wisely acted, *-kṛtaka*, *a.* thinking wisely; *-gṛvin*, *a.* subsisting by intelligence; *-tattva*, *n.* the tattva of intellect (*produced from Prakṛti and Puruṣa*); *-pūrva*, *a.* premeditated, intentional; *-m, ad.* intentionally; *-pūrvaka*, *a.* *id.*; *-m, ad.* purposely; *-prabha*, *N. of a prince*; *-pragalbhi*, *f.* soundness of judgment; *-mat*, *a.* intelligent; shrewd, wise; *-tva*, *n.* wisdom; *-matika*, *f. N.*; *-maya*, *a.* consisting of intellect; *-moha*, *n.* confusion of mind; *-vara*, *n.* *N. of a minister of Vikramāditya*; *-varjita*, *pp.* destitute of understanding, foolish; *-vridhhi*, *f.* increase of understanding or wisdom; *-kara*, *a.* producing; *-varita*, *m. N.*; *-astra*, *a.* armed with wisdom; *-salila*, *a.* possessed of understanding, intelligent, wise; *-suddha*, *pp.* pure of purpose; *-uddhi*, *f.* purification of the intellect; *-śreṣṭha*, *pp.* best through intellect; *-āni karmāṇi* = the works of the intellect are best; *-sampanna*, *pp.* endowed with understanding, intelligent, wise; *-sammita*, *pp.* commensurate with reason; *-sagara*, *m. N.*; *-stha*, *a.* present to the mind, conscious; *-hina*, *pp.* destitute of intellect, dull-witted; *-tva*, *n.* deficiency of intellect, stupidity.

बुद्धिन्द्रिय buddhi-indriya, *n.* organ of perception; *pl.* the five organs of hearing, sight, touch, taste, and smell

बुद्धीपासक buddha upāsaka, *m.*, *ibā*, *f.* worshipper of Buddha.

बुद्द bud-bud-*a.* (*onomatopoeic*) *m.* bubble (*emblem of perishableness*).

बुध BUDDH, I. P. *bōdha* (*usual form in V.*), IV. *ā.* *metr.* also P. *budhya* (*common in V.* almost invariably used in E., awake (*also fig. of the Dawn*); regain consciousness, be awake or waken; become aware of or acquainted with, notice, give heed to (*g.*); perceive, understand, learn, know; know to be, recognise (*as 2 ac.*); deem, regard (*as 2 ac.*); think of *any one* - present with *in*; *in*; *V.*; awaken, arouse; *pp.* *buddha*, *q. v.*; *cs.* *bodhaya*, P. awaken, arouse, revive, restore to life; cause to open or expand (*flower*); elicit (*a perfume*); remind or put in mind of, admonish; attract *any one's* attention; bring to *one's* senses; make known, communicate, or impart to (*2 ac.*); inform of, acquaint with (*2 ac.*); cause to be understood, render intelligible; *pp.* *bodhita*, instructed in (*le.*); informed about (*prati*), *des* *bubhūtsa*, *ā.* wish to know; *int.* *bobuddhiti*, understand something (*ac.*) thoroughly. *anu*, IV. *ā.* become aware of, learn; think of, regard; *cs.* remind of, inform. *ava*, IV. *ā.* awake; perceive, observe; know, understand; *cs.* awaken, arouse; remind; cause to be understood; inform, *des.* wish to know. *sam-ava*, become aware of, learn. *ā*, I P. give heed to (*RV*). *ud*, awake; *pp.* expanded, unobscured; manifested. *prati ud*, *pp.* awakened (*ind.*). *sam-ud*, *cs.* excite, arouse. *ni*, I. P. pay heed to or mark (*g.*); *V.*; otherwise

always 2 sg. or pl. impr. P. (V.) or ā. (E., rare), hear, learn (*ac.*); know or understand *some one* to be or that *some one is* (*2 ac.*). *sam-ni*, I. P. only 2 *sg.* & *pl. impr.* learn, mark (*ac.*). *pra*, IV. *ā.* awake or be awakened; expand, open (*flower*); I. P. recognise *ac.* *as* *pp.* awake; blown (*flower*), developed, manifested; begun to take effect (*spell*), recognised, enlightened (*mind*), clear-sighted; wise, *cs.* waken, rouse; cause to expand or open (*flower*); inform, admonish; teach, instruct (*2 ac.*). *anu-pra*, *cs.* remind. *vi-pra*, *pp.* awakened; *cs.* discuss. *sam-pra*, IV. *ā.* begin to take effect (*spell*); *pp.* awakened; *cs.* waken, rouse; persuade; discuss. *prati*, IV. *ā.* awake; expand (*flower*); perceive, observe (*ac. or g.*). *pr* *pl.* *budh-yamāna*, awakened again; *pp.* (*prāti-*), awakened *also* of the dawn; enlightened (*person, mind*), *cs.* waken, rouse, inform, instruct, enlighten. *vi*, IV. *ā.* awake; hear of, learn; *pp.* awakened, expanded (*flower*); enlightened, wise, experienced, in (*le.*); *cs.* waken, rouse; restore to consciousness, instruct, bring to *one's* senses. *sam*, IV. *ā.* awake; perceive, become aware of, recognise; *pr* *pl.* acting consciously, *pp.* intelligent, wise; perceived, recognised; *cs.* awaken, arouse (*also fig.*); inform, instruct, enlighten (*2 ac.*); address. *abhi-sam*, IV. *ā.* awake fully to, thoroughly grasp (*knowledge*); be thoroughly understood or recognised; *pp.* enlightened, versed in (*le.*); fully understanding; fully recognised. *prati-sam*, *pp.* restored to consciousness.

बुध 1. budh-*a.* the root budh (*gr.*).

बुध 2. budh-*a.* *a.* intelligent, clever, wise, *m.* man of sense, wise man, sage; *god, N. of a son of Soma = the planet Mercury*; *N.* *-ka*, *m. N.*; *-dina*, *n.* Day of Mercury, Wednesday; *-vara*, *m. id*

बुधान budh-ānā, *acc. pt.* (*RV*) awaking, rousing; being heed.

बुध budh-nā, *m. n.* bottom, depth, lowest part, bottom of a vessel; foot of a tree; root

बुध्य budh-ya, *a.* coming from or belonging to the depths, *nearly always in RV* with *āhi*, *m.* dragon of the deep (dwelling in the depths of the atmosphere or on the firmament); *in E.* *Abirbudhya* is an epithet of *Śiva* or the *N. of a Rudra*

बुद् budā, *m.* arrow (*RV*).

बुबोधयिषु bu-bodhay-ishu, *des* *cs.* a wishing to inform or bring to *one's* senses (*ac.*)

बुभुषा bu-bhuk-shā, *f.* wish to enjoy (*cs.*); desire to eat, appetite, hunger; *-apanayana*, *m.* remedy of hunger, food; *-sh-ita*, *pp.* hungry, famishing; *-shu*, *des* *a.* hungry; wishing for worldly enjoyment (*opp.* desiring final liberation).

बुभुत्सा bu-bhūt-sā, *f.* desire to know (*ac.* or *-*); *-s-ita*, *pp.* *a.* desire of knowing or knowledge; *-su*, *des* *a.* wishing to know (*-*); inquisitive; desiring to know *every thing* (*cp. of the gods*).

बुभुषी bu-bhūṣ-ī, *des* *f.* desire to support *any one* (*g.*); *-shu*, *des* *a.* wishing to support *any one* (*-*).

बुभुषक bu-bhū-sha-ka, *a.* desiring the welfare of (*g.* or *-*); *-shā*, *des* *f.* wish to be or live; *-shu*, *des* *a.* desiring power, wishing *any one's* welfare.

बुपर buṇḍa, *m.* maker of baskets or mats.

बुल् BUL. X. P. *bolaya*, submerge.

बुल bulla, *m. N.*

बुस busa and बुष busha, *incorr.* for बुस busa

बुस busā, *n.* vapour, mist (*RV*); refuse; chaff.

बृह brimh-ana, *a.* fattening, nourishing, *n.* fattening, invigorating; *-tva*, *n.* quality of strengthening; *-ā-ya*, *a.* fattening, nourishing; *-ayitavya*, *sp.* to be strengthened, *-ita*, *pp.* *n.* trumpeting of an elephant, roar of a lion.

बृग briga-la, *n.* piece, morsel (*only -*).

बृ brihi, *m. N.*

बृसय brisaya, *m. N.* of a demon (*RV*).

बृसी brisī, *f.* roll of twisted grass, pad, cushion.

बृह brīh, prayer, in *brīh-as-pati*.

बृहस्पत्य brhah-ānākya, *n.* the great collection of aphorisms by Kanakya; *-ā-k-lhaṇḍas*, *a.* having a high roof; *-ā-k-lha-rira*, *a.* having a large body, tall; *-ā-kha*, *m.* kind of woodpecker; *-ā-kha*, *a.* greatly afflicted; *-ā-khravas*, *a.* loud-sounding; far-famed; *-ā-khoka*, *a.* far famed; *m. N.*; *-ā-gyotis*, *a.* far-shining; *m. N.* of a grandson of Brahman

बृहदिक brīhat-tika, *m. N.*

बृहत् brīh-āt, *pr. pt.* (*-ī*) lofty, long, tall; vast, abundant, extensive; much; strong, mighty, big, large, great; *fig.* in *all mss.*; full-grown, old, far-extending, bright, light; high, loud, clear, sound; *ad.* widely, on high; firmly, compactly; brightly, aloud; mightily, very; *n.* height. *N.* of various Sāman having the metrical form of the *Brīhatī*; *m.* or *n.* speech (*Brīhatām patih = Brīhatapati*); *-ī*, *f.* a metre of 36 syllables (8 + 8 + 12 + 8 syllables); later, every metre of 36 syllables, the number thirty-six

बृहत्कथा brīhat-kathā, *f.* the Great History, *T.* of a collection of tales ascribed to Gṛādhya and the source from which Somadeva is supposed to have abridged his *Kathā-saritsāgara*; *T.* of a work ascribed to Kāśheन्द्रa; *-kapola*, *a.* fat-cheeked; *-kharman*, *m. N.*; *-kirti*, *a.* far-famed, *m. N.*; *-āt-ketu*, *a.* of great brilliance (*RV*); *m. N.*; *-tva*, *n.* strong grass; *-teya*, *m.* (of great brilliance), the planet Jupiter; *-tva*, *n.* largeness, *-pāda*, *a.* large-footed; *-prishtha*, *a.* having the *Brīhat Sāman* as the basis of the *Prishtha stotra*; *-phala*, *m. pl.* a class of gods among the Buddhists; *-samhitā*, *f.* the Great Collection, *T.* of a work on astronomy and astrology by Varāhamihira; *T.* of two other works; *-sahāya*, *a.* having a powerful companion; *-āt-sāman*, *a.* having the *Brīhat Sāman* as a Sāman; *m. N.* of an *Angi rāva*; *-sena*, *m.* having a large army, *N.* of various princes; *-sphig*, *m.* (having large buttocks), *N.*

बृहद् brīhad-aṇa, *a.* large-bodied, *-ava*, *m.* having many horses, *N.* of the sage who relates the story of Nala to Yudhishtira; *-āraṇyaka*, *n.* title of an Upanishad forming the last six sections of the last book of the *Satapatha-Brahmaṇḍa*; *-upanishad*, *f.* the *Brīhadāranyaka Upanishad*.

बृहदुक्थ brīhad uktha, *a.* far-praised; *m.* *a.* certain Agni, *N.*; *-ād-diva*, *a.* belonging to high heaven, heavenly; *m. N.* of a son of Atharvan and composer of *RV X, 120*; the hymn composed by Brīhaddiva; *-devatā*,

f. Index of the many gods (of the RV.), title of an *Anukramanī* ascribed to Sāmaṅka; -*drati*, *a.* shining brightly; (-*ād*)-*bbāna*, *a.* of great brilliance; *m.* a certain Agni; *N.*; -*rathā*, *m.* (having a great chariot), mighty hero (RV.); (-*ād*)-*rathā*, *m.* *N.*; -*ratham-tara*, *n.* du. the Sāman's Bṛhat and Ratham-tara; (-*ād*)-*rayā*, *a.* having abundant wealth (RV.); -*vratā*, *n.* the great vow of chastity; *a.* practising the great vow of chastity.

बृहन्न brīhan-nala, *m.* kind of tall reed; *m.* or *f.* *N.* assumed by Arguna when he entered into the service of Virāṭu as an hermaphrodite; -*manu*, *m.* the large (= detailed) Manu.

बृहस्पति brīhas-pati, *m.* Lord of devotion, *N.* of a god (the outcome of theological speculation) in whom piety towards the gods is personified; in C. he is accounted the god of wisdom and eloquence (to whom various works are ascribed); the planet Jupiter; *N.*

बृहस्पतिमत brīhas-pati-mat, *a.* accompanied by Brīhaspati; -*vāt*, *a.* id.

बैजिक baij-ika, *a.* relating to seed, seminal; inherited from one's father (guilt).

बेदाक्ष baidāks, *a.* peculiar to the cat: -*vratika*, -*vratin*, *a.* following the ways of the cat, deceitful

बेद baida, *m.* pat. fr. Bida.

बैम्बिक baimbika, *m.* (one addicted to Bimb-lips), gullible, lover.

बैल bailva, *a.* coming from the Bilva tree, made of Bilva wood.

बैष्णव baiṣṇava, *n.* (f.) flesh of an animal killed by a beast of prey or by a trap.

बैहिनरि baihiniari, *m.* (irreg. pat. fr. baihina-*na*) *N.* of a chamberlain.

बोधय bod-dhaya, *fp.* to be attended to; to be noticed, observed, considered, understood, comprehended, or known; - recognised; - enlightened or instructed; - informed; *n.* *imp.* one should watch or be awake; -*dhri*, *m.* one who perceives or comprehends; one who knows; person versed in (*lc.*).

बोध bodh-*d.* *a.* understanding, knowing; *m.* awaking (*int.*); waking state, consciousness; expanding, blooming (*offlowers*); calling forth (*a perfume*); beginning to take effect (*of a spell*); apprehension, knowledge, understanding; designation; *N.*; -*aka*, *a.* (f.) awakening, rousing; causing to know, teaching, explaining; designating, indicating (-*ā*); enlightening, instructing; *m.* teacher, instructor; *N.*; -*ana*, *a.* (f.) causing to awake, i.e. to expand (*of a flower*); arousing, exciting; instructing, informing, teaching; *m.* planet Mercury; *n.* awaking, waking; perceiving, understanding, knowledge; arousing; causing to take effect (*spell*); causing to perceive or understand; instructing, informing, enlightening, designating, indicating; *ninth day of the dark fortnight in Bhādra*, on which Durgā awakes; *i.* *f.* eleventh day of the light fortnight of the month Kārttika, on which Iśana awakes from his sleep; -*aniya*, *fp.* to be admonished; - understood; - regarded as.

बोधमय bodha-maya, *a.* consisting of pure knowledge.

बोधयितव्य bodh-ay-i-tavya, *fp.* to be informed (of, acc.); -*ay-i-tri*, *m.* awakener, teacher; -*ayishau*, *a.* intending to waken (*ti*).

बोधि 1. bodhi, *2 sg. impr. aor.* of √ budh (for bod-dhi) and of √ bhu (for bhu-dhi).

बोधि 2. bodh-i, *m.* perfect enlightenment by which a man becomes a Buddha or Jina; enlightened intellect of a Buddha or Jina (B. or Jain term); the tree of knowledge under which Buddha obtained perfect enlightenment (Ficus religiosa); -*ita*, *cs. pp.* (√ budh) made known, etc.; -*tavya*, *fp.* to be made known or communicated; -*in*, *a.* (-*ā*) regarding, careful of; knowing; causing to know or perceive; awakening, enlightening.

बोधिमण्ड bodhi-maṇḍa, *n.* (?) seat of knowledge, which is said to have risen from the earth in the shadow of the tree under which Buddha obtained perfect enlightenment; -*maṇḍala*, *n.* place where Buddha obtained complete enlightenment; -*sattva*, *m.* (whose nature is knowledge), Buddhist saint in the last stage before attaining to complete knowledge or Buddhahood.

बोध्य bodh-ya, *fp.* to be understood, regarded, or recognised as (*nm.*); - made known; - instructed or brought to one's senses; *n.* *imps.* one should understand.

बौद्ध baudha, *a.* kept in the mind (bud-dhi), mental (= not uttered); relating to the understanding; belonging to or connected with Buddha; *m.* Buddhist; -*arsana*, *n.*, -*mata*, (*pp.*) *n.* Buddhist doctrine.

बौध baudha, *a.* relating or belonging to Mercury; *n.* *ahan*, *n.* day of Mercury, Wednesday.

बौधायन baudhāyana, *m.* pat. *N.* of an ancient teacher; *pl.* his race; *a.* (f.) relating to or composed by Baudhāyana; *pl.* school of Baudhāyana; *i-ya*, *m.* *pl.* a school of the Black Yagur-veda.

ब्रध bradh-nā, *a.* ruddy; *m.* sun; *N.*; *n.* lead; -*bimba*, *n.* disc of the sun; -*mandala*, *n.* *id.*; (-*loka*), *m.* world of the sun (*dv.*).

ब्रवस् brav-u-s, *2 sg. subj. pr.* √ brū.

ब्रह्म brah-ma, *m.* priest (only -*ā* with *asura*); *n.* metrical for brahman, the Absolute; -*ka*, -*ā* *a.* Brahman, *m.* the god Brahman; -*kara*, *m.* tribute paid to Brāhmanas; -*karma*, *n.* function of a Brāhman; office of the Brahman priest; -*karma-samādhi*, *a.* intent on Brahman in action; -*kālpa*, *a.* resembling Brahman; *m.* age or cosmic period of Brahman (*a. primeval age*); -*kānda*, *n.* the Brahman section = the dogmatic part of the scriptures; *T.* of a work or part of a work by Bhartrihari; -*kilbiṣā*, *n.* sin against Brāhmanas (RV.); -*kūrka*, *n.* a kind of penance in which the five products of the cow are eaten (= paika-davya); -*kṛit*, *n.* offering prayers; (brahma) -*kṛiti*, *f.* prayer, devotion; -*kośa*, *m.* treasury of prayer; -*kṣhatra*, *n.* sq. & du. Brāhmanas and nobles; -*gava*, *m.* sacrifices offered by Brāhmanas and Kshatriyas; -*kshetra*, *n.* *N.* of a sacred locality; -*gavi*, *f.* cow of a Brāhman; -*gitikā*, *f.* Brahman's song, *N.* of certain verses; -*gupta*, *m.* *N.* of a son of Brahman; *N.* of an astronomer born 998 *ā v*; *N.*; -*gola*, *m.* universe; -*ghātaka*, *m.* Brahman-killer; -*ghātin*, *m.* *id.*; -*i*, *f.* woman on the second day of her menses; -*ghosha*, *m.* murmur of prayer (*sts. pl.*); sacred word, Veda (coll.); -*rava*, *m.* sound of murmured prayer; -*ghna*, *m.* Brahman-slayer; -*ghni*, *f.* of him, *q. r.*; -*akra*, *n.* Brahman's wheel; *kind of mystical circle*; -*arya*, *n.* religious study; religious studentship of a Brāhman youth, passed in celibacy, being the first stage in the religious life of a Brāhman; *sp.* self-restraint, continence, chastity; -*m upa*, *i.* -*gram*, *grah*, *kar*, or *vās*, practise chastity; *ā*, *f.* chastity, *a-tva*,

n. continence, chastity, -*vāt*, *a.* practising, chastity; -*ārama*, *m.* order of religious studentship; -*kārin*, *a.* (*n*-i) practising sacred knowledge; *sp.* practising continence or chastity; *m.* religious student; -*kāri-vāsa*, *m.* living as a religious student; -*kāri-vratā*, *n.* vow of chastity; -*ganman*, *n.* Veda-birth regeneration by sacred knowledge; -*gāvin*, *a.* subsisting by sacred knowledge; -*gāṇa*, *a.* knowing the scriptures or Brahman; -*gāṇa*, *n.* knowledge of the Veda or of Brahman; -*gṛā*, *a.* oppressing Brāhmanas; -*gṛotis*, *n.* splendour of Brahman; *a.* having the splendour of Brahman or of the Veda.

ब्रह्मस्यति brāhmanas-pāti = brhas-pāti; -*pātni*, *f.* wife of the Brahman priest.

ब्रह्मस्य 1. brahman-ya, *den. only pr. pt.* brahman-yāt, praying, devout.

ब्रह्मस्य 2. brahman-yā, *a.* devoted to sacred knowledge, religious, pious; friendly to Brāhmanas; -*tā*, *f.* graciousness to Brāhmanas.

ब्रह्मवत् brāhman-vat (or -vāt), *a.* accompanied by prayer, devout; practising a holy work and having a Brāhman; accompanied by or representing the priesthood; containing the word Brahman.

ब्रह्मा brahma-tā, *f.* nature of the absolute deity; -*tejas*, *n.* glory or power of Brahman; *a.* having the glory or power of Brahman; -*tego-maya*, *a.* formed of Brahman's glory; -*tva*, *n.* office of the Brahman priest, rank of a Brāhman; position of Brahman; -*da*, *a.* giving the Veda, imparting sacred knowledge; -*daṇḍa*, *m.* Brahman's staff (*a kind of mythical weapon*); curse of a Brāhman; -*daudin*, *m.* *N.* of an ancient sage; -*datā*, *m.* given by the god Brahman; *N.*; -*dātri*, *m.* impartor of the Veda, spiritual teacher; -*dāna*, *n.* gift of the Veda, imparting of sacred knowledge; -*dāya*, *i.* *a.* imparting the Veda; *2. m.* sacred knowledge as a heritage; inheritance of a Brāhman; -*dāya-hara*, *a.* receiving the Veda as an inheritance from (*g*); -*dāyāda*, *a.* enjoying sacred knowledge as his inheritance or *m.* son of Brahman; -*dūshaka*, *a.* falsifying the Veda; -*dāya*, *a.* being given in marriage after the manner of Brahman or the Brāhmanas with vidhi, *m.* marriage of this kind, *n.* instruction in the Veda, imparting of sacred knowledge; -*śaṇṣantāna*, *a.* in whose family teaching of the Veda is hereditary; -*dviṣ*, *a.* hostile to devotion or religion, impious; *m.* hater of Brāhmanas; -*dveṣha*, *m.* hatred of religion, impiety; -*dhara*, *a.* possessed of sacred knowledge; -*dharmā-dviṣ*, *a.* hating the Vedas and the law; -*dhātu*, *m.* component part of Brahman.

ब्रह्मन् 1. brāh-mān, *n.* [√ 2. barh] (*pious* swelling or fullness of soul), devotion (*pious* utterance, prayer; Vedic verse or text; spell; sacred syllable 'om'; holy scriptures, the Vedas, sacred learning, theology, theosophy; holy life, *sp.* continence, chastity; the supreme impersonal spirit, the Absolute (exceptionally treated as *m.*); class who are the repository of sacred knowledge, theologians, Brāhmanas (coll., rarely used of individual Brāhmanas).

ब्रह्मन् 2. brāh-mān, *m.* devout man, one who prays, worshipper; priest, Brāhman; knower of Vedic text or spells; one versed in sacred knowledge; *sp.* chief priest who directs the sacrifice and is supposed to know the three Vedas (his assistants being the Brāhma-nākhamsin, the Agnidhra, and the Potri), supreme universal soul, the chief god of the Indian pantheon (being the later personal

form of the Vedic impersonal absolute deity, which is neuter; the Creator (Vishnu being the Preserver, and Śiva the Destroyer); intellect (= buddhi); *N. of a magician.*

ब्रह्मनिर्वाह brahma-nirvāṇa, *n.* extinction or absorption in Brahman (*n.*); -*nirvāṇa*, *a.* absorbed in the contemplation of Brahman (*n.*); -*nirvāṇa*, *n.* resting-place of Brahman (*n.*); -*patra*, *n.* Brahman's leaf = leaf of the Palaca tree (*Butea frondosa*); -*patha*, *m.* path to Brahman (*m.* or *n.*); -*pada*, *n.* place of Brahman (*n.*); -*pārāyana*, *n.* complete study or entire text of the Veda; -*putra*, *m.* son of a priest or Brahman; son of the god Brahman; kind of vegetable poison; *N. of a large river rising in the eastern Hindūstan and falling into the bay of Bengal*; *N. of a lake*; -*pura*, *n.* Brahman's citadel (in heaven); *N. of a city* (Theopolis); *ī*, *f.* *id.*; *ep.* of the city of Benares; -*puraka*, *m.* *pl.* *N. of a people*; -*purāṅkya*, *a.* named Brāhmanapūra; -*purāṇa*, *n.* *T. of a Purāṇa*; -*puruṣa*, *m.* servant of the Brahman priest; servant of the god Brahman; -*prakṛti-ka*, *a.* having Brahman as its source; -*prāya*, *n.* origination from Brahman; -*priya*, *a.* fond of devotion; -*pri*, *a.* *id.* (*RV.*); -*bandhana*, *n.* function of a priest's assistant; -*bandhu*, *m.* priest follow (used contemptuously), unworthy Brahman; Brahman in caste only, nominal Brāhman; *sp.* Brāhman who does not perform the morning and the evening Sāṃdhyā ceremony (according to *Sāyana*); -*bindu*, *m.* Dot (Anuvāra) of Brahman, *T. of an Upaniṣad*; -*bija*, *m.* seed of the Veda, the sacred syllable 'om'; -*bruvāṇa*, *pr.* *pl.* *ā.* calling himself or pretending to be a Brahman; -*bhavana*, *n.* abode of Brahman; -*bhāga*, *m.* share of the Brahman priest; -*bhāva*, *m.* absorption in the Absolute; -*bhāvāna*, *n.* manifesting or teaching the Veda; -*bhid*, *a.* dividing the one Brahman into many; -*bhuvana*, *n.* world of Brahman; having become one with, i.e. absorbed in Brahman or the Absolute; -*bhūya*, *n.* identification with or absorption in Brahman; rank of a Brāhman, Brahmanhood; -*bhūyas*, *a.* becoming one with Brahman; *n.* absorption in Brahman; -*bhrashta*, *pp.* having forfeited sacred knowledge; -*managala-devatā*, *f.* *ep.* of Lakṣmī; -*maṭha*, *m.* *N. of a monastic school or college*; -*māya*, *a.* (i) consisting or formed of Brahman; -*māha*, *m.* festival in honour of Brāhman; -*mīmāṃsā*, *f.* inquiry into the nature of Brahman, the Vedānta philosophy; -*yaṇṭā*, *m.* sacrifice of devotion = Vedic recitation or study (one of the five daily sacrifices of the householder); -*yaṇa*, *n.* *ā.* *n.* glory of Brahman; -*yaṇa-in*, *a.* possessing the glory of Brāhman; -*yaṇ*, *a.* yoked by prayer = bringing the god in answer to prayer; -*yoni*, *f.* home of Brahman (*n.*); *a.* having one's home in Brahman; sprung from Brahman; -*stha*, *a.* abiding in Brahman (*n.*) as one's source; -*rakṣasa*, *n.* kind of evil demon; -*ratna*, *n.* valuable present bestowed on Brāhman; -*ratha*, *m.* Brāhman's cart; -*rākṣasa*, *m.* kind of evil demon; -*rāya*, *m.* *N.*; -*rāta*, *m.* given by Brahman, *ep.* of Suka; *N. of Yāgyavalky's father*; -*rāṭi*, *m.* entire mass or circle of Vedic texts or sacred knowledge.

ब्रह्मणी brahma-ṇī, *m.* priestly or Brāhman sage (term applied to ancient sages such as Vāśiṣṭha and others); -*deśa*, *m.* country of the Brāhmanas (a tract comprising the Doab from near Delhi to Mathurā).

ब्रह्मलोक brahma-loka, *m.* world or heaven of Brahman (*sts. pl.*); -*laukika*, *a.* inhabiting the world of Brahman; -*vaktra*, *m.* expounder of the Vedas; -*vat*, *ad.* in accordance with or like the Veda; -*vadya*, *n.*

recitation of Vedic texts; -*vadha*, *m.* murder of a Brāhman; -*vadhyā*, *f.* *id.*; -*kṛta*, *n.* perpetrated murder of a Brāhman; -*varāṇa*, *n.* pre-eminence in sacred knowledge, sanctity; -*varāṇa-in*, *a.* pre-eminent in divine knowledge, holy; -*varāṇa-vin*, *a.* *id.*; -*vāda*, *m.* discourse on sacred matters; -*vid-in*, *a.* discoursing on sacred matters; *m.* theologian, Vedāntin; -*vāsa*, *m.* Brahman's abode or heaven; (Brāhma)-*vāhas*, *a.* to whom prayer is offered; -*vit-tva*, *n.* sacred knowledge, theology, philosophy; -*vid*, *a.* knowing the Vedas; versed in magic; *m.* theologian, philosopher; -*vidyā*, *f.* knowledge of Brahman or of sacred things; -*vidvas*, *pl.* knowing Brahman; -*vivardhana*, *a.* increasing sacred knowledge, *ep.* of Vishnu; -*vrīkṣa*, *m.* Brahman as a tree; -*vṛitti*, *f.* subsistence of a Brāhman; -*veda*, *m.* Veda of Spells, Atharva-veda; -*vedī*, *f.* *N. of a locality*; -*vedin*, *a.* knowing the Brahman or the Vedas; -*valvarta* = *ka*, *n.* *T. of a Purāṇa*; -*vṛata*, *n.* vow of elasticity; -*dharma*, *a.* practising; -*śāyina*, *a.* resting in Brahman; -*śāla*, *f.* Brahman's hall; *N. of a sacred locality*; -*śiras*, -*nirahan*, *n.* kind of mythical missile; -*samsad*, *f.* Brahman's audience-chamber; -*samsthā*, *a.* devoted to sacred things; -*samhitā*, *f.* collection of prayers; -*sattra*, *n.* sacrifice of prayer; -*sattin*, *a.* offering a sacrifice of prayer; -*sadana*, *n.* seat of the Brahman priest; abode or heaven of Brahman; -*sabbā*, *f.* hall or audience-chamber of Brahman; -*sambhava*, *a.* sprung from Brahman; -*saras*, *n.* *N. of a bathing place*; -*sava*, *n.* purification of prayer, kind of sacrificial rite; -*sāt-kṛta*, bring into harmony with Brahman; -*sāmā*, -*sāman*, *n.* Sāman chanted after a *verse* recited by the Brahman priest; -*sāya*, *ya*, *n.* complete union or identification with the universal soul; -*sārsh-ī-tā*, *f.* equality with Brahman; -*śāvarṇa*, *m.* *N. of the tenth Manu*; -*sāvarṇi*, *m.* *id.*; -*siddhānta*, *n.* *T. of various astronomical works*; -*siddhi*, *m.* *N. of an ascetic*; -*suta*, *m.* son of Brahman; -*suvarāṇā*, *f.* kind of plant, decoction of this plant drunk as a penance; -*sutra*, *n.* sacred cord worn by Brāhman over the shoulder, sacred or theological Sūtra; *T. of a Sūtra work on the Vedānta philosophy ascribed to Bādarāyaṇa or Vyāsa*; -*pada*, *n.* statement of a theological Sūtra; *a.* (i) consisting of the statements of a theological Sūtra; -*sūtrīna*, *a.* wearing the sacred cord; -*ṣṛī*, *m.* creator of Brahman, *ep.* of Siva; -*soma*, *m.* *N. of a saint*; -*stamba*, *m.* universe, world; -*stena*, *m.* (theft of =) one in unlawful possession of the Veda; -*steya*, *n.* (theft of =) unlawful acquisition of the Veda; -*sthala*, *n.* *N. of a town and of various villages*; -*sva*, *n.* property of a Brāhman; -*hatyā*, *f.* murder of a Brāhman; -*han*, *m.* murderer of a Brāhman; -*hrīdaya*, *m.* *N. of a star* (Capella).

ब्रह्मक्षर brahma akṣara, *n.* the sacred syllable 'om'; -*māya*, *a.* consisting of sacred syllables; -*anṅgali*, *m.* folding of the hands for Vedic study; -*kṛta*, *pp.* folding the hands for Vedic study.

ब्रह्मणी brahmāṇī, *f.* wife or female energy of Brahman, *ep.* of Durgā.

ब्रह्माण्ड brahma andu, *n.* egg of Brahman, universe, world (*sts. pl.*); -*kapāla*, *m.* hemisphere of the world = inhabited earth; -*śāya*, *1. pp.* estate for Brāhman; *2. a.* beginning with Brahman; -*adhigamika*, *a.* relating to Vedic study; -*ānanda*, *m.* rapturous joy in Brahman; -*apota*, (*pp.*) *m.* *N. of a lākṣhaṇa*; -*abhyāsa*, *m.* Vedic study.

ब्रह्मय brāhmā-ya, *den.* *ā.* become Brahman.

ब्रह्मयुज brahma ūjya, *n.* Brahman's lifetime; *a.* living as long as Brahman; *n.* *N. of a Brāhman*; -*araṇya*, *n.* *N. of a forest*; -*ārambha*, *m.* beginning of Vedic recitation; -*arpana*, *n.* offering of sacred knowledge; -*āvarta*, *m.* *N. of the sacred tract between the Sarasvatī and the Drishadvatī, north-west of Hastinapura*; -*āsana*, *n.* seat of the Brahman priest; *a.* sitting posture suitable for sacred meditation; -*āstra*, *n.* Brahman's missile (a mythical weapon); -*āśya*, *n.* a Brāhman's mouth; -*āhuti*, *f.* offering of devotion.

ब्रह्मिन् brahm-in, *a.* relating to Brahman.

ब्रह्मिष्ठ brāhm-īṣṭha, (*sp.*) *m.* Brahman of the highest degree; very learned or pious Brāhman; *N. of a prince*; -*īśya*, (*ep.*) *m.* more worthy or learned Brāhman.

ब्रह्मिष्य brahme-śya, *a.* resting in Brahman.

ब्रह्मिष्ठा brahma ūgha, *a.* having abandoned Vedic study; -*tā*, *f.* forgetting the Veda; -*uttara*, *m.* *pl.* *N. of a people* (consisting chiefly of Brāhman); *n.* *T. of a section of the Skanda-purāṇa* (treating chiefly of Brāhman); -*udambara*, *n.* (i) *N. of a place of pilgrimage*; *a.* *udya*, *a.* discussion of theological problems, giving of riddles from the Veda; -*odana*, *m.* rice pap boiled for Brāhman, esp. officiating priests.

ब्रह्म brāhma, *a.* (i) relating to Brahman, belonging, peculiar, or favourable to or consisting of Brāhman, Brāhmanical; bestowed on Brāhman (money); prescribed by the Veda, scriptural; spiritual (birth); sacred, divine; sacred to Brahman; with tirtha, *n.* part of the hand under the root of the thumb; *v.* vivaha, *m.* Brahman form of marriage (the highest of the eight forms, in which the bride is given to the bridegroom without any present in return on his part); *m.* *pal.* *N.*; *n.* study of the Veda.

ब्रह्म 1. brāhmaṇā, *m.* (having to do with Brahman or divine knowledge), one learned in the Veda, theologian, priest, Brāhman, man of the first of the four castes; *ep.* of Agni.

ब्रह्म 2. brāhmaṇa, *a.* (i) belonging to a Brāhman, Brāhmanic; *ī*, *f.* woman of the priestly caste; *a.* kind of red tailed lizard; *n.* Brāhman (*n.*), the divine (*V.*), divine power; dietum of a Brāhman or priest, theological exegesis relating to matters of faith and cult; *N. of a class of works containing such discussions, a Brāhmaṇa*; passage in a Brāhmaṇa; *Soma* vessel of the Brahman priest; -*ka*, *m.* wretched or merely nominal Brāhman; -*kālpa*, *a.* resembling a Brāhman; -*kumāra*, *m.* Brāhman boy; -*kula*, *n.* house of a Brāhman; -*grha*, *n.* house of a Brāhman; -*ghna*, *m.* slayer of a Brāhman; -*kāṇḍāla*, *m.* (*Kaṇḍāla* of a) contemptible Brāhman; -*gātā*, *n.* Brāhman race; -*gushka*, *pp.* pleasing to Brāhman; -*tā*, *f.* rank or condition of a Brāhman; -*tva*, *n.* *id.*; -*dārikā*, *f.* Brāhman girl; -*patha*, *m.* Brāhman text; -*putra-ka*, *m.* Brāhman boy; -*prasaṅga*, *m.* applicability of the term Brāhman, notion of Brāhman; -*prativēya*, *m.* neighbouring Brāhman; -*priya*, *m.* friend of Brāhman; -*bruva*, *a.* calling himself a Brāhman, Brāhman only in name; -*bhāva*, *m.* condition or rank of a Brāhman; -*bhojana*, *n.* feeding of Brāhman; -*yaṇa*, *m.* sacrifices meant for or offered by Brāhman; -*vaṇa*, *n.* statement of a Brāhmaṇa text; -*vadha*, *m.* murder of a Brāhman.

ब्रह्मणवत् brāhmaṇa-vat, *i. e.* furnished or in accordance with an explanation, correct; *2.* (-*vāt*), *a.* connected with a Brāhman;

-**vara**, *m. N. of a prince*; -**varasā**, *n. distinction or rank of a Brāhmaṇa*; -**vākya**, *n. statement of a Brāhmaṇa*; -**vihi**, *m. injunction of a Brāhmaṇa*; -**vihi**, *pp. proscribed in a Brāhmaṇa*; -**vrāma**, *n. vrāma*, *m. ab in the way one understands Brāhmaṇa-Srama* to have the meaning of Brāhmaṇa ascetic (the term strictly speaking implying a contradiction as it expresses a Brāhmaṇa Buddhist).

ब्राह्मणसत् brāhmaṇa-sāt-kṛi, bestow on Brāhmaṇas; -**sāt** *as*, belong to Brāhmaṇas.

ब्राह्मणस्य brāhmaṇasatyā, *a. sacred to Brāhmaṇaspati*.

ब्राह्मणस्य brāhmaṇa-sya, *n. (pl.) property of Brāhmaṇas*; -**svara**, *m. accent usual in a Brāhmaṇa*.

ब्राह्मणाक्षेपिन् brāhmaṇāṭ-akṣepi, *m. (re-citing) to the Brāhmaṇas*, priest who assists the Brāhmaṇa at the *Soma* sacrifice; -**īya**, *n. -īya*, *f. office of the Brāhmaṇa-akṣhamin*; -**ya**, *a. relating to the Brāhmaṇa-akṣhamin* priest; *n. office of the Brāhmaṇa-akṣhamin*.

ब्राह्मणातिक्रम brāhmaṇa-atikrama, *m. disrespect towards Brāhmaṇas*; -**abhyupapatti**, *f. protection of or kindness to a Brāhmaṇa*.

ब्राह्मणी brāhmaṇī-bhū, become a Brāhmaṇa. [a Brāhmaṇa.

ब्राह्मणोक्त brāhmaṇa-ukta, *pp. prescribed in*

ब्राह्मण्य brāhmaṇya, *a. suitable for Brāhmaṇas*; *n. Brāhmaṇhood, priestly character*; dignity of a Brāhmaṇa; company of Brāhmaṇs.

ब्राह्मी brāhmī, *f. (of brāhma)*, female energy of Brāhmaṇ; goddess of speech, Sarasvatī (Brahman's wife); speech; narrative; wife espoused according to the Brāhma form; *N. of various plants*; *N. of a river*; -**putra**, *m. son of a woman married according to the Brāhma rite*.

ब्राह्म्य brāhm-ya, *a. relating to Brāhmaṇ or the Brāhmaṇs*; -**tirtha**, *n. a part of the hand*.

ब्रुव bruvu, *a. (-°) calling oneself*, merely nominal.

ब्रुवत् bruv-at, *pr. pt. P. √brū*; -**āna**, *id. ā.*

ब्रु BRŪ, II. **brāv-i-ti**, **brū-té** (only used in the present stem, √vak being employed for it in the general forms), say, utter, tell, impart, mention anything (ac.) to (d., g., lc.); speak to (ac., etc. g.); address (words etc.) to (2 ac.); call, declare or pronounce to be

(2 ac.); speak about, refer to (ac. ± prati or adhikṛtya); answer (a question; or w. punar, int.); predict, proclaim; A. call oneself or be called (nm., rarely with iti; V. & E.); A. designate for oneself, choose (Br.). **adhi**, speak kindly to, encourage any one (d.; V.). **ann**, (say after anyone), repeat, recite; teach, impart to (d.); address any one (d.) respectfully, invite any one (d.) to (g.); say, speak, declare; regard as; A. repeat after any one, learn by heart, learn. **apa**, (talk away), console (ab.) for the loss of (ac.). **apsa**, A. speak to (ac.); beseech for (d., rarely ac.); invoke, implore. **nis**, utter aloud or distinctly; explain. **pra**, exclaim; declare, announce, betray; impart, teach, proclaim; inform against, betray; praise; speak kindly to (d.); call any one, describe as (2 ac.); offer, present to (d.). **prati**, speak back to, answer any one (ac.), give as an answer to (2 ac.); refuse (rare); A. pay (injuries etc.) back to (ac.; V.). **vi**, express oneself, declare, depose, state; express one's opinion about anything (ac.), answer (a question); interpret, decide (a law); make a false statement; gainsay, disagree. **sam**, I. A. converse (V.); A. agree (V.); P. say anything to (2 ac.; E.).

ब्रूय bhrūy, *n. strangling noose*.

भ BH.

भ bha, -° *a. = bhā*, *f. (g. v.) appearance, similarity*; *n. star, constellation, lunar asterism, sign of the zodiac*.

भंस bhāms-as, *n. a part of the body (V.)*.

भक्षणाया bhakṣa-bhākā-ya, *onom. den. ā. croak*.

भक्त bhak-tā, *pp. (√bhag) devoted, etc.*; *m. worshipper*; *a food*; meal; -**kara**, *m. preparator of food, cook*; -**kṣhā**, *m. appetite*; -**tra**, *n. being a part of or belonging to*; -**dā**, -**dāyaka**, *a. presenting food to (g.)*; -**dāsa**, *m. one who serves in return for his daily food*; -**dvesha**, *m. aversion to food, lack of appetite*; -**dveshin**, *a. disliking food, lacking appetite*; -**pātra**, *n. dish of food*; -**ruāi**, *f. appetite*; -**rohana**, *a. stimulating appetite*; -**sarāna**, *n. kitchen*; -**śālā**, *f. dining-hall*; -**śākhā**, *f. appetite*; -**abhiśāha**, *m. id.*; -**abhisāra**, *m. dining-room*; -**ara**, *f. aversion for food*.

भक्ति bhak-ti, *f. partition, distribution (V.)*; the being a part of or belonging to anything; appearance; portion; part; division, streak, line; order, succession; attachment, devotion, homage, honour, respect, worship, faith (in, etc., g., lc., or °; ordinary m.); -° assumption of the form of (e.g. shape) in figurative; in succession (also -**tas**; -**kāheda**, *m. pl. broken lines or streaks*; -**gna**, *a. knowing devotion, faithfully attached*; -**iva**, *n. faithfulness, loyalty*; -**pūva-kam**, -**pūrvam**, *ad. devoutly, reverentially*; -**bhā**, *a. possessed of faithful attachment or devotion*; greatly devoted to a thing (lc.); -**mat**, *a. attached, loyal, faithful, devoted, having pious faith (in, etc., lc. or °)*; -**yoga**, *m. pious faith, devotion*; -**rāsa**, *m. feelings of devotion*; -**rāga**, *m. predilection for (lc.)*; -**vāda**, *m. assurance of devotion*; -**hina**, *pp. destitute of devotion*. [parer of food, cook.

भक्तोपासक bhakta-upasāha-ka, *m. pre-*

भक्ष BIAK-SH [secondary form of √bhag]; I. **bhaksha** (C: very rare; as **bhākshāya**, P. (C), ā (rare), Br., E.)

eat, devour (ac.; V. also partitive g.), partake of (in V. generally of fluids, in C. almost exclusively of solids); bite; corrode, destroy; eat up (= drain the resources of); consume, use up (money, treasure); pp. **bhākshita**, eaten, etc.; des. **bibhaksh-isha**, **bibhaksh-ay-isha**, P. wish to eat or devour. **pari**, ex. consume (E.). **sam**, ex. devour, consume.

भक्ष bhaksh-ā, *m. partaking of nourishment, drinking, eating*; drink (V.), food (ord mg.); very commonly -° feeding or subsisting on; -**aka**, *a. eating, feeding on* (-°); *m. feeder, caterer, of (g., -°)*; (**bhāksh-āna**, *n. drinking, eating, partaking of, feeding on* (g. or -°); being devoured, by (m.); -**aviya**, *fp. to be eaten, eatable*; -**tā**, *f. eatableness*; -**ayitavya**, *fp. to be eaten or devoured*; -**ayit**, *m. eater*.

भक्षि bhaksh-i, *m. the root bhaksh (g.)*; -**ita**, (*pp.*) *n. being devoured by (in.)*; -**sesha**, *a. remaining from what has been eaten*; *n. leavings of food*; -**āhāra**, *m. meal of leavings*; -**itavya**, *fp. to be eaten*; -**ita**, *m. eater*; -**in**, *a. eating only*; -**ya**, *fp. to be eaten, eatable, fit for food*; *a food*; sp. solid food which has to be chewed; *m. food, dish (incorrect for bhaksha)*; -**bhāksha-ka**, *m. the food and eater*; -**vasta**, *n. eatable thing, victuals*.

भग bhāg-a, *m. [dispenser: √bhag] lord (of gods, esp. Savitri; V.; N. of one of the Adityas bringing welfare and love and instituting marriage, the lunar asterism Phalguni; sun; good fortune, luck, happy lot (mostly V.); dignity, grandeur (mostly V.); loveliness, beauty; love, affection, amorousness; pudendum muliebre*

भगति bhāga-tti, *f. [bhaga-d(a)-ti] gift of fortune (3. 1.)*.

भगदत्त bhaga-datta, *m. N. of a prince*; -**devata**, *a. having the god Bhaga for a deity*; -**daivata**, *a. id.*; ± **nakshatra**, *n. the lunar asterism Uttarā Phalguni*; -**netra-gṇa**, -**netra-nipātana**, -**netra-han**, -**netra-hara**, -**netra-hat**, -**netra-apahāra**, *m. Destroyer of Bhaga's eye*, *ep. of Siva*.

भगवत् bhāga-vat, *a. possessing a happy lot, fortunate, blessed; adorable, venerable, divine (ep. of gods and demi-gods), august, illustrious, holy (of saints); worshipful as a term of address in ec. (bhāgavan, bhāgavaṭ (V.), bhagor, f. bhāgavati, m. pl. bhāgavataḥ) or nm. with 3 sg.; m. ep. of Vishnu or Krishna, and of Siva*; -**i**, *f. ep. of Lakshmi and of Durga*; -**vad-ārāya-bhūta**, *fp. being the seat or resting-place of the Venerable One (Vishnu)*.

भगवद्गीता bhagavad-gīta, *n. song sung by the Adorable One (Krishna)*; ā, *f. pl. (± upanishad) secret doctrine sung by the Adorable One (Krishna)*, T. of a well-known theosophical poem forming an episode in the Mahābhārata. [Vishnu or Krishna.

भगवन्मय bhagavan-maya, *a. devoted to*

भगवेदन bhaga-vedana, *a. proclaiming matrimonial felicity*.

भगस् bhag-as, *n. = bhaga*, *m. fortune*.

भगाङ्ग bhaga-āṅga, *m. pudendum muliebre as a brand*; *n. marked with a pudendum muliebre*; -**āhāna**, *a. bestowing matrimonial felicity*.

भगाल bhagāla, *m. = kapāla*, skull.

भगिन् bhag-in, *a. prosperous, happy, fortunate, lucky; splendid, glorious*; -**i**, *f. sister (happy, as not being on only child but having a brother)*; -**pati**, *m. sister's husband, brother-in-law*; -**suta**, *m. sister's son, nephew*.

भगिनिका bhagin-ikā, *f. little sister*.

भगीरथ bhagi-ratha [bhagi-ratha, having a glorious car], *m. N. of an ancient king, son of Dilipa and great-grandson of Sagara, who having with the help of Siva brought the celestial Gangs down to earth to purify the ashes of the sons of Sagara, conducted that river to the sea (Sagara)*; -**kanyā**, *f. pat. of the Gangas*; -**sutā**, *f. ut.*; -**yaśas**, *f. N. of a daughter of Prasenajit*.

भगोः bhagoḥ, *ec. of bhaga-vat*.

1) d

मय bhay-ā, *n.* dread, alarm, fear, anxiety. of (*ab*, *g*, -); *eg.*, *pl.* terror, danger, peril, distress (from, *ab* or -; to, °; *ab* through fear; - *m kri*, be afraid of (*ab*); - *m dā*, give a fright, terrify.

मयकर bhaya-kara, *a.* terrifying; endangering (*g*, -); - *karti*, - *krit*, *m.* one who terrifies or endangers, - *m-kara*, *a.* (i) fear-inspiring, terrifying, formidable (to, °); *m. N.*; - *dindima*, *m.* battle-drum; - *trātri*, *m.* rescuer from danger; - *dā*, *a.* terrifying or bringing danger to *g*, or -; - *dāna*, *n.* gift given through fear; - *dāyin*, *a.* fear-inspiring; - *dhana*, *a.* abounding in dread, terrible; - *pratikāra*, *m.* removal of danger, - *prada*, *a.* fear-inspiring, - *pradāyin*, *a.* bringing into danger consisting of (-); - *vihvala*, *a.* agitated with fear, - *vyūha*, *m.* kind of military array in view of danger on all sides; - *roka-samāviṣṭa*, *pp.* filled with fear and sorrow; - *sastrasta-mānasa*, *a.* having a mind scared with fear; - *rthāna*, *n.* occasion of danger; - *hāraka*, *a.* freeing from fear or danger; - *hetu*, *m.* cause of alarm.

मयानक bhayāna-ka, *a.* terrible, dreadful.

मयापह bhaya apaha, *a.* releasing from fear, warding off danger from (-); - *abādha*, *a.* undisturbed by fear; - *āra*, *pp.* stricken with fear, terrified; - *āvaha*, *a.* bringing fear or danger to (-); - *uttara*, *a.* attended with fear; - *upavama*, *m.* allaying of danger, fear.

मय bhay-yu, *fp.* *n.* one should be afraid of (*ab*).

भर bhār-a, *a.* (-) bearing; bestowing; maintaining, *m.* bearing, carrying (f.); gaining (f.); booty (f.); battle, fight (f.); burden, load, weight, quantity, multitude, bulk, mass; excess, (stress), shout or song of praise (f.); - *m kri*, rest one's weight on (f.), do one's utmost; *in.*, *ab.* in full measure, with all one's might.

भरण bhāra-ana, *n.* bearing; wearing (of a garment, -); bringing, procuring; maintaining, supporting, nurture; hire, wages; *i.*, *f.* (only *pl.*) a lunar asterism, - *aniya*, *fp.* to be supported, nourished, or fed.

भरत bhār-at, *pr. pt.* of √bhri.

भरत bhār-atā, *m.* [to be maintained], *N.* of a certain Agni who is kept alive by the care of men (f.); a certain Agni with a son of the same name (f.); actor; *N.* of various princes and men, *N.* of a tribe, the descendants of Bharata (pl.); *N.* of a manual of the historic art composed by a certain Bharata, - *riṣabha*, *m.* *ep.* of Vivamitra; - *khaṇḍa*, *n.* *N.* of a division of Bharata-varsha, - *putra*, *m.* son of Bharata, actor; - *pura*, *n.* *N.* of a city; - *roha*, *m.* *N.*, - *ka*, *m.* *id.*; - *riṣabha*, *m.* noblest among the Bharatas, *ep.* of various men, - *vārdūla*, *m.* tiger among -, - *śreṣṭha*, - *sattama*, *pp.* best of the Bharatas, *id.*; - *śena*, *m.* *N.* of a commentator on the *Meghadūta*, *Raghuvamśa*, *Svapālacadha*, and *Bhātīkārya*.

भरद्वाज bhārād-vāja, *m.* [bearing strong flight], skylark; *N.* of a sage, - *dhanvantari*, *m.* *N.* of a divine being.

भरथि bhāra-dhyai, (f.) *d. inf.* of √bhri.

भरहति bhāra-hṭi, (f.) (f.) battle-cry; *a.* raising a shout of battle, [or -].

भरित bhār-itu, *den. pp.* full, filled with (*g*).

भरु bhār-u, *m.* *ep.* of Vishnu and Siva.

भर्ग bhārg-a, *n.* effulgence (f.); *ep.* of Siva; - *as*, *n.* glorious form (f.).

भर्ग BHARG, *r.* भ्रज् BHRAGG.

भर्तव्य bhār-tavya, *fp.* to be borne; - supported, - maintained or nourished; - hired or kept.

भर्तृ bhār-trī, *m.* 1. [SB.¹ bhār-] bearer, supporter, of (*g*, or -); preserver, supporter; lord, commander, leader, chief (trī, f. mother); 2. (bhār- husband; - *ka*, - *a.* = bhārtrī, husband; - *ghni*, f. slayer of her husband; - *gaya*, *m.* ruling a husband; - *tva*, *n.* condition of a husband; - *dar-ana-kānkaśā*, f. desire of seeing her husband; - *dāraka*, *m.* son of the sovereign, crown prince; - *ikā*, f. daughter of the king, princess; - *duhitri*, f. *id.*; - *devatā*, - *daivata*, *a.* f. idolizing her husband; - *priya*, *a.* devoted to one's master; - *bhakta*, *pp.* *id.*; - *mat-i*, *a.* f. having a husband, married; - *men-tha*, *m.* *N.* of a poet, - *rāgya apaharaṇa*, *n.* seizure of her husband's kingdom; - *vatsalā*, *a.* f. tender to her husband; - *vallabha-tā*, f. being loved by her husband; - *vyatikrama*, *m.* transgression against her husband; - *vyasana-piṭa*, *pp.* afflicted by her husband's calamity; - *vratā*, *n.* fidelity to a husband; - *ā*, *a.* f. devoted to her husband; - *oka-parita āgi*, *a.* f. having her limbs overcome by grief for her husband; - *sāt-kri*, marry a girl to a husband; - *hari*, *m.* *N.* of a poet and grammarian (seventh century A.D.); - *hina*, *pp.* deserted by her husband.

भर्त्स BHARTS, I. P. bhartsa (rare), *cs.* P. Ā. bhartsaya, threaten, menace; revile, abuse; deride, *pp.* bhartsita. *abhi*, threaten, abuse; mock = surpass. *aya*, threaten, abuse, *nis.* *id.*; mock, deride; surpass, cause to disappear. *pari*, menace; abuse. *sam.*, *id.*

भर्त्सन bharts-ana, *n.* *ā*, f. threatening; abusing; - *ita*, *pp.* *a.* threat, against (f.).

भर्मन् bhār-man, *n.* maintenance, nurture.

भर्व BHARV, I. P. bhārva, chew, eat (f.).

भल BHIAL, only ° *cs.* bhālaya, with *ni*, see, look at, observe. *vi-ni*, investigate. *nis*, look at, regard (only in Pr.). *sam.*, P. hear.

भल bhalla, *enc. pcl.* truly, indeed (f.).

भल bhulla, *m.* *i.*, f. kind of arrow; *m.* bear; *n.* kind of arrow-head.

भल्लात bhallāta, *m.* marking-nut plant; *n.* the nut; - *ka*, *m.* *n.* *id.*

भल्लूक bhallūka, *m.* bear.

भव bhav-ā, *m.* birth, production; origin, source; existence, life; worldly existence; world; well-being, prosperity; *N.* of a god, a companion of Rudra (f.); *N.* of Siva (f.); -°, becoming, turning into; -° *a.* arising, produced, or found in, coming from.

भवक bhava-ka, ° *a.* = bhava, existence; - *kṣiti*, f. birthplace; - *kṣāmi*, *m.* *N.*; - *kandra*, *m.* - *kkhāda*, *a.* destroying worldly existence, releasing from transmigration; - *kkheda*, *m.* destruction of mundane existence, deliverance from further transmigration; *N.* of a village.

भवत् 1. bhav-at, *pr. pt.* (um. - *an*; f. - *anti*) being; present.

भवत् 2. bhāv-at, *pr. pt.* [the gentleman present], *m.* used as honorific pronoun of the second person (um. - *ka*, f. - *at-i*) with the third person (exceptionally with the second and interchanging with the pronoun of the

second person; the *pl.* is *sta.* used in token of greater respect. Bhavat is often joined with *atra*, *tatra*, and *sta.* even *sa*.

भवत्पुत्र bhavat-putra, *m.* your son; - *pārva*, *a.* preceded by 'bhavat': - *m.*, *ad.* with 'bhavat' at the beginning.

भवदव्य bhavad-anya, *a.* other than you; - *antya*, *a.* having 'bhavat' at the end; - *āhāra artham*, *ad.* for your food.

भवदीय bhavad-īya, *a.* thine, your (in respectful address).

भवदुत्तरम् bhavad-uttaram, *ad.* with 'bhavat' at the end; - *vaṇana*, *n.* your speech; - *vidha*, *a.* one like you (in respectful address).

भवद्विरहनाम bhavad-viraha-nāma, *n.* mere mention of separation from you.

भवन bhav-ana, *n.* dwelling, abode, mansion; palace; temple; horoscope, natal star; coming into existence, production, place where anything grows; - *dvāra*, *n.* palace-gate.

भवनन्द bhava-nanda, *m.* *N.* of an actor; - *nandana*, *m.* son of Siva, *pat.* of Skanda.

भवनाशिखि bhavana-sikhin, *m.* domestic peacock; - *āṅgaṇa*, *n.* court of a palace.

भवनाशिनी bhava-nāsini, *f.* (destroying mundane existence), *ep.* of the Sarayū; - *nibandha-vināsin*, *a.* destroying the bonds of worldly existence.

भवनीय bhav-aniya, *fp.* that must be or happen; *yushmābhir etad bhavaniyam ka na anyathā*, and you must not let this be otherwise.

भवनी bhav-anti, *f. pr. pt.* present time.

भवकथ bhavan-madhyu, *a.* having 'bhavat' in the middle. - *m.*, *ad.* with 'bhavat' in the middle.

भवमङ्ग bhava-bhaṅga, *m.* annihilation of mundane existence; - *bhāva*, *m.* love of the world; - *bhāvana*, *a.* bestowing welfare; *ā*, f. regarding anything as good fortune (-); - *bhīru*, *a.* fearing rebirth; - *bhūti*, f. fortunate existence; *m.* *N.* of a dramatic poet, author of the *Mālatīmādhava*, the *Mahāvīra-karita*, and the *Uttarārdmakarita*, who lived in the eighth century A.D.; - *bhoga*, *m.* pleasures of the world; - *manya*, *m.* resentment against the world, - *maya*, *a.* proceeding from Siva; - *molāna*, *a.* releasing from mundane existence; - *narman*, *m.* *N.*; - *saṅgin*, *a.* attached to worldly existence; - *saṃtati*, f. continuous series of transigrations; - *sāyagya*, *n.* union with Siva (after death); - *sāra*, *m.* ocean of existence.

भवातिव bhava atiga, *a.* having left mundane existence behind.

भवादृम् bhavā-dris, *a.* one like you (in honorific address). - *a.* (i), *id.*

भवानी bhav-āni, *f. N.* of a goddess (S.), later identified with Siva's wife Pārvatī (C.); *N.*; - *pati*, - *vallabha*, - *sakha*, *m.* *ep.* of Siva.

भवान्तर bhava antara, *n.* another existence (past or future); - *prāpti-mat*, *a.* obtaining rebirth; - *abdhī*, *m.* ocean of existence.

भवितव्य bhav-i-tavya, *fp.* that must be or happen; often *n.* *imp.* with the subject in the *in.* and the predicate agreeing with it; *n.* inevitable necessity; - *tā*, f. condition of what must be, inevitable necessity, fate; - *tri*, *a.* (tri) about to be, future, imminent; *nm.* also used as future.

मविभ bhav-in, m. living being ; man.

मविष्य bhav-ishya, a. about to be, future ; impending, imminent ; *n.* future.

मविष्यत् bhav-ishyāt, f. pt. that is to be, future ; *n.* future, future tense : -**kāla, a.** relating to a future tense ; -**tā, f.** , -**tva, n.** futurity ; -**purāṇa, n.** *T. of a Purāṇa* ; -**d-anadyatana, m.** not the same day in the future.

मविष्यन्ती bhav-ishyant-i, f. first future (*gr.*).

मविष्यपुराण bhavishya-purāṇa, n. T. of a Purāṇa, i-ya, a belonging to the Bhavishya-Purāṇa

मविष्योत्तर bhavishya-uttara, n. second part of the Bhavishya-Purāṇa : -**purāṇa, n. id.**

भव्य bhāvy-ya, a. present ; future ; as it should be, suitable ; good, excellent ; handsome, beautiful ; gracious, favourable ; auspicious, fortunate ; *n.* present ; existence ; future ; prosperity : -**tā, f.** beauty ; -**ākṛti, a.** handsome

भष् BHASHI, I. bhāsha, bark, - at (E.).

भष bhush-ā, a. barking (FS¹) : -**aka, m.** dog (C.).

भस् BHAS, I. P. bhāsa, III. P. bābhas and bāpasa [ba bhā'sa-n], chew, devour, consume (V¹) *pp* **bhasita**, burnt to ashes (C.). **nis**, bite off (V¹). **pra**, bite in pieces, eat (RV)

भस् bhas = bhasman, ashes : *only* *lc.* (P.).

भसद् bhas-ād, f. buttocks : *puṇendum m. lubre.*

भसित bhas-ita, (pp.) n. ashes (C.).

भस्त्रा bhās-trā, f. bag, sack, bellows : -**kā, f.** pouch, purse.

भस्कृत bhasma-kūta, m. heap of ashes : -**krīta, a.** reduced to ashes ; -**krīta, pp.** reduced to ashes ; -**āya, m.** heap of ashes ; -**tā, f.** condition of ashes

भस्मान् bhas-man, a. eating, devouring (RV) ; *n.* [that which is devoured by fire], ashes.

भस्मपुत्र bhasma-puṭra, m. heap of ashes : -**prīya, a.** fond of ash : -**Siva ; -bhūta, pp.** reduced to ashes ; -**rāsi-krī,** reduce to a heap of ashes ; -**reṇu, m.** ash dust, -**lālā/ikā, f.** forehead mark made with ashes ; -**āyina, a.** resting on ashes, -**uddhi-kara, a.** purifying himself with ashes (Siva)

भस्मासत् bhasma-sāt, ad w. as, bhū, gam, or **ya**, be reduced to ashes ; with **krī** or **ni**, reduce to ashes. [mere ashes.

भस्माख्य bhasma-ākhyā, a. called ashes =

भस्माबायुक bhasma-bāyuka, n. gourd used for keeping ashes ; -**ava-vesha, a.** of whom nothing remains but ashes, reduced to ashes.

भस्मित bhasmi-ita, pp. reduced to ashes, annihilated.

भस्मीकृत bhasmi-krī, reduce to ashes ; -bhāva, m. reduction to ashes ; -**bhū, be** reduced to ashes.

भस्मीभाव bhasmi-bhāva, m. becoming ashes. -**m gam,** be reduced to ashes.

भा BHĀ, II. P. bhā-ti, shine, beam ; be resplendent or brilliant ; show oneself, appear ; seem, look like (*um*, \pm *iva*, or *ad*, *n* -*vat*) ; pass for (*um*) ; *w. na*, not shine, cut a poor figure : *pp* **bhāta**, shining, luminous, bright. **ava**, shine down or towards ; appear, show oneself. **ā**, shine forth, be bright, illu-

mine ; show oneself, appear ; seem, look like (*ac*, *iva*, *yathā*, *-vat*, *um* of *-nibha*, or *in* of *S. in-tva*). **sam-ā**, appear or look like (*iva*). **ud**, shine forth, appear, look like (*iva*) **nis**, shine forth ; manifest oneself, arise from (*ab*), appear like (*iva*) . *pp* **nirbhāta**, shining, appeared, manifested, in (*lc.*). **pra**, shine forth ; begin to grow light (of the night at dawn), appear or look like (*um* \pm *iva*). **prati**, shine upon, illumine. show oneself, become manifest, to (*ac* or *g* of *prs.*) ; appear to the mind, be clear or intelligible, occur, to (*ac* or *g* of *prs.*) ; seem, appear like (*um*, \pm *iva* or *yathā*, or *ad* in *-vat* to *ac* \pm *prati*, or *g*) ; seem good, please. *ac*, or *g* of *prs.* **vi**, shine forth, begin to grow light (of the night before dawn), be resplendent ; strike the eye ; show oneself, be manifested ; resound ; seem, appear as (*um*), look like (*um* \pm *iva*, or *ad* in *-vat*), illumine. **sam**, shine forth, show oneself ; seem, appear as or like (*um* \pm *iva* or *yathā*).

भाञ्जजीक bhā-ṇjika, a. brilliant with light.

भाःकृत bhāh-kūta, m. kind of fish.

भाक्त bhākta, a. inferior, secondary ; *m.* *N* of a certain *Saura* and *Vaishnava* sect

भाग bhāga, m. portion, share, allotment, inheritance, happy lot ; part, fraction *app. whole* , part, region, place, spot, space ; a supplying the place of, numerator of a fraction ; degree (the *g* both part of a circle) : -**ka, a** $\frac{1}{2}$ = bhaga, share.

भागधेय bhāga-dheya, n. share, lot, fate ; property ; share of a king, tax ; *a* (i) due as a share (V¹) ; -**bhāga, a.** having a share in anything, *m.* participant, -**bhūm**, enjoying the taxes, king ; -**mukha, m.** *N* ; -**lakshana, n.** indirect indication of the part (C).

भागवत् bhāgavat- a. (i) relating to or proceeding from the Adorable One (Vishnu or Krishna), *m.* follower of the Adorable One, Vaishnava monk

भागश्च bhāga-sas, ad in parts (divide) ; part by part, in due proportion, gradually ; -**hara, a.** receiving a share ; *m.* heir, -**hāra, m.** division in arithmetic ; -**hārin, a.** inheriting ; *m.* heir ; -**apahārin, a.** receiving a share of inheritance, -**arthin, a.** claiming a share.

भागिक bhāg-ika, a. forming a part ; *m.* *N* ; -**in, a.** entitled to a share ; receiving or having received a share ; participating or concerned in (*g*, *lc*, or $\frac{1}{2}$) ; consisting of shares ; *m.* participant, possessor, owner ; fortunate man

भागिनेय bhāgineya, m. son of a sister (bhāginī) : -**ka, m.** id

भागीकृत bhāgi-krī, divide

भागीरथ bhāgiratha, a. (i) relating to Bhāgiratha : *i, f* up of the Ganges (also *N* of one of the three sources and of an arm of the Ganges) : -**nātha, m.** lord of the Ganges, the ocean, -**vallabha, m.** lover of the Ganges, *id*

भागुरि bhāguri, m. *N.* of various men.

भाय bhāg-ya, I. a. relating to Bhaga : *n.* *N.* of the lunar asterism Pūrvaṣṭhānam ; 2. a happy ; *n. eg. a pl.* lot, destiny (result of actions done in a previous existence) ; good fortune, luck ; prosperity, happiness, welfare ; *eg* reward ; *m.* lucky ; -**krama, m.** course of fortune ; *m.* by the turn of fortune ; -**tara, cpr** happier than (*ab*) ; -**-vat, a.** fortunate, happy : -**tā, f.** happiness ; -**-vaṇa, m.** power of fate ; *ab* by the force of fate, -**-viparyaya,**

-**-viplava, -valahamya, -sam-kahaya, m.** misfortune ; -**samariddhi, -sampaḍ, f.** prosperity ; -**-āyatta, pp** dependent on fate ; -**-udaya, m.** pl. dawn of good fortune, fortunate occurrence.

भाङ्ग bhāṅga, a. made of hemp (bhāṅgā).

भाङ्गसुरि bhāṅgāsuri, m. son of Bhāṅgāsura, *pat* of Rituparna.

भाज् bhāga, a. (°) sharing or participating in, entitled to ; possessing, having, enjoying ; practising, devoting oneself to ; forming a part of, belonging to, connected or combined with ; occupying, inhabiting, or dwelling in, going or extending to, falling into (*lap*) ; adoring, worshipping.

भाजन bhā-jana, n. representation (*in*, in the place of *g* , representing, the equivalent of *g* , $\frac{1}{2}$ a sharing in, entitled to, belonging or relating to ; *n.* vessel, dish, pot, recipient, repository, of *g* or $\frac{1}{2}$, fit object or person for (*g*) , *a* measure of capacity equal to 14 Palas. -**tā, f.** being a vessel of (*g*), possession, -**tva, n.** being a vessel for, worthiness

भाजनीम् bhājani bhā, become a vessel of, obtain (C).

भाजिन् bhāg-in, a. (°) participating in, obtaining, combined with ; -**ya, f. pt.** to be divided.

भाट bhāṭa, °क -ka, n. hire, wages ; rent.

भाटि bhāṭi, f. wages ; earnings of prostitution.

भाट्ट bhāṭṭa, m. follower of Kumārta bhāṭṭa *pl. N.* of a people

भाण bhāṇa, m. kind of play : -**kā, f.** id.

भाण्ड bhāṇḍa, n. vessel, pot, pul, dish ; vat ; box, case ; utensil, implement ; musical instrument, water, merchandise (*etc m.*), jewel, valuable, treasure ; capital, principal, buff foomey : -**ka, n.** pot ; case ; $\frac{1}{2}$ a ware, merchandise, -**-pati, m.** merchant ; -**-mūlya, n.** capital consisting in wares, stock in trade ; -**-vādāna, n.** playing a musical instrument ; -**-vadya, n.** musical instrument, -**-vālā, f.** store-house, -**-āgāra, m.** store-room ; treasury, treasure : -**kā, m.** superintendent of a store ; treasurer.

भाण्डापुर bhāṇḍa-pura, n. *N.* of a town

भाण्डायन bhāṇḍāyana, m. *N.* [house.

भाण्डार bhāṇḍāra, m. store-room, ware-

भाण्डारिक bhāṇḍārika, m. superintendent of a store, treasurer ; -**in, m.** id.

भाण्डीर bhāṇḍīra, m. *N.* of a large Nyagrodha tree on the Goparikhana ; *N.* of a Dāvara.

भाति bhā-ti, f. lustre, brightness, light ; perception, knowledge

भात्वशस bhāt-vaś-shas, a. having mighty light (RV¹).

भाद्र bhādra, m. *N.* of the rainy month Bhādrapada (August-September) ; *i, f.* day of full moon in Bhādrapada ; -**-maṇḍa, a.** $\frac{1}{2}$ made of the plants Bhādra and Marga.

भाभ bhāma, n. appearance ; perception.

भाभव bhānav-a, n. peculiar to the sun ; -**-iya, a.** belonging to the sun, solar.

भानु bhānu, m. lustre, brightness, light ; ray ; sun ; *N* *pl* the sons of Bhanu, the Ādityas.

भानुज bhānu-ga, m. son of the sun, planet Saturn ; -**-tanayā, f.** daughter of the sun,

pat. of the Yamunā; -tā, f. condition of the sun; -datta, m. N.; -dina, n. Sunday

भामुत् bhānu-mat, *a. luminous, bright, radiant; m. sun; N. -i, f. N. -maya, a. consisting of rays; -mitra, m. N.; -ratha, m. N.; -varman, m. N.; -vāra, m. Sunday.*

भाम BHAM [dialectic form of bhram], only *pp. bhāmitā, wrathful (V).*

भाम 1. bhā-ma, *m. lustre, light; ray (RV).*

भाम 2. bhām-a, *m. wrath, rage (V); ā, f. N. of a wife of Krishna*

भामिन् bhām-in, *1. a. lustrous, bright; radiant, beautiful woman; -i, f. lovely woman; 2. a. -in, angry woman; -i, f. angry woman.*

भायय bhāy-aya, *es. of √bhī.*

भार bhār-ā, *m. burden, load; labour, toil, task, work, trouble; brunt; mass, quantity, abundance (often = 20 words meaning hair; load a certain weight) = 20 tulas.*

भारक bhār-ka, *m. (?) burden, load; mass, quantity (ikā, f. id.); -yāva, m. (subsisting by carrying burdens, porter.*

भारुड bhārūda, *m. a bird. -i, f. its female.*

भारत bhārata, *n. (i) derived from the Bharata (Ritviṣ, or beating the sacrificer (?), ep. of Agni, descended from Bharata; belonging to the Bharatas with yudha, n., sam-grama, m., samara, m., samit, f. the battle of the Bharatas; v. akhyāna, n., itihāsa, m., or katha, f. story of the Bharatas; v. mahadāya or vāyāna, n. Bharata's realm, India; v. vṛtti, f. kind of style; inhabiting India; m. descendant of Bharata, ep. of Yudhishthira; i, f. a Vedic deity, later identified with Sarasvatī, the goddess of speech, speech, voice; quail, n. the land of Bharata, India, the story of the Bharatas and of their struggle (- Mahābhārata, but stc. distinguished from it).*

भारतीवत् bhārati-vat, *a. accompanied by the goddess Bhārati*

भारद्वाज bhāradvāja, *a. (i) derived from or relating to Bharadvāja; m. descendant of Bharadvāja. pat. of Agastya and others, plant Marx; skylark -i, f. female descendant of Bharadvāja; skylark, N. of a river. -ka, a. belonging to or derived from Bharadvāja. -i-kā, f. skylark.*

भारद्वाजिन् bhāradvāj-in, *m. pl. N. of a certain school. -iya, a. relating to Bhāradvāja, m. pl. the school of Bhāradvāja.*

भारप्रत्यवर bhāra-pratyavara, *a. lowest by reason of the bearing of burdens (actions); -bhārin, a. bearing burdens; -vat, a. weighty; -vāha, a. bearing a burden, n. bearer of a burden; -vāhaka, m. burden-carrier, porter; -vāhana, m. id.; -vāhin, a. burden-carrying; bearing a load of*

भारवि bhāravi, *m. N. of the author of the Kṛitāgūṇīya (sixth century c.v.).*

भारसह bhāra-saha, *a. bearing a heavy burden, equal to great tasks; -sādhana, a. accomplishing great things, very efficacious (weapons); -sādhin, a. id.; -hārin, a. bearing a heavy burden (Krishna); -ākṛānta, pp. overloaded (ship).*

भाराय bhārā-ya, *den. ā. be a burden to (g.), pp. -yita, being a burden to (g.)*

भारिक bhār-ika, *a. burdensome, heavy; m. burden-carrier, porter; -in, a. bearing, carrying (-); -avy, deep (ton), m. burden-carrier, porter.*

भारीह bhāra-udvaha, *m. burden-carrier, porter; -upa/yāva, n. subsistence by carrying burdens.*

भार्गव bhārgav-ā, *a. (i) derived from, belonging or relating to Bhṛigu, belonging to Bhārgava (Sukra); m. descendant of Bhṛigu, Parasurama, pat. of Sukra, teacher of the Daityas, ep. of Siva; i, f. female descendant of Bhṛigu; daughter of Bhārgava (Sukra), ep. of Parvati; a. -rāghaviya, a. relating to Parasurama and Kāma.*

भार्गवीय bhārgav-īya, *a. relating to Bhṛigu.*

भार्म्य bhārmya, *m. pat. of Mudgala.*

भार्म्यश्च bhārmyasva, *m. id.*

भार्य bhār-yā, *fp. to be borne; to be supported, cherished, or nourished; m. one supported by another, dependent, servant; mercenary, soldier; ā, f. wife; female, mate (of an animal).*

भायीजित bhāyā-gita, *pp. ruled by his wife, hen-pecked; -tva, n. wifehood; -dṛoḥ-in, a. acting maliciously towards his wife; -pati, m. the man and wife; -tva, n. well-lock; -vat, a. having a wife; -sama, a. equal to a wife. [m. forehead]*

भाल bhāla, *n. forehead; splendour -patta,*

भालुकि bhāluki, *m. N. of a sage; -in, m. N. of a teacher.*

भाव bhāv-a, *m. becoming, arising, occurring; turning into (-), transformation into (to); being, existence; endurance, continuance, state of being (-), forming abst. nouns like -tā and -tva); being or becoming (as the fundamental notion of the verb, sp. of the int. or imp. vb.); behaviour, conduct; condition, state; rank, position; aspect of a plant (in astrology), true state, reality (-), in reality; manner of being, nature, mental state, disposition, temperament; way of thinking, thought, opinion, sentiment, feeling; emotion (in rhetoric there are eight or nine primary Bhāvas corresponding to that number of Rasas or sentiments); supposition; meaning, import (iti bhāvah is continually used by commentators like itī arthah or itī abhiprāyah, at the end of an explanation); affection, love, seat of the emotions, heart, soul; substance, thing; being, creature; discreet man (dr. = re, = respected sir); astrological house. bhāvo bhāvaḥ nigalāṅkṛti, birds of a feather flock together; bhāvaḥ dīdham kṛi, make a firm resolution. bhāvaḥ kṛi or bandh, conceive affection for (to); -ka, a. causing to be, producing (-); promoting the welfare of (g.); imagining, fancying (g. or -); having a sense of the beautiful, having a poetic taste; -karti-ka, a. having as its agent an abstract noun; -gamyā, fp. to be recognised by the imagination. [address].*

भावक bhāvat-ka, *a. thy, you (in respectful*

भावन् bhāv-ama, *a. (i) effecting producing; furthering, promoting the welfare of (g. or -); imagining, fancying, teaching; n. ā, f. producing, effecting; conception, imagination, idea, fancy; supposition; ā, f. settling, determining; saturation of a powder with fluid. -o a. mature; m. in thought, in imagination; -m bandh, occupy one's imagination with, direct one's thoughts to (to).*

भावन् 2 bhāv-ava, *n. forest (= blaze) of light.*

भावनिका bhāvan-ikā, *f. N.*

भावनीय bhāv-anīya, *fp. to be set about; - indulged in (pain); -cherished; -imagined or realized; -supposed or assumed.*

भावप्रतिद्वेषित bhāva-pratidvishita, *pp. disturbed in mind; polluted by nature (wiser); -bandhana, a. heart-uniting; -bodhaka, a. betraying an emotion; -mītra, m. honoured sir (dr.; Pr.).*

भावय bhāv-aya, *es. of √bhū; -ay-itavya, fp. to be cherished or furthered; -ayitri, m. promoter, patron.*

भावरूप bhāva-rūpa, *a. really existing; -val-ana, a. expressing the abstract verbal notion (activity or state); -vat, a. being in a condition or relation; -vikāra, m. modification of the notion of being or becoming; -vṛtta, pp. relating to creation; -vāda, m. verb; -uddhi, f. purity of heart; -ānya, a. devoid of affection; -samuddhi, f. purity of heart; -samāhita, pp. composed in mind; -stha, a. being in love, enamoured; -sthira, a. rooted in the heart; -snigdha, pp. heartily or deeply attached.*

भावाकृत bhāva-ākṛta, *n. stirring of love; -ātma, a. having the nature of reality, real; -artha, a. having a verbal meaning; -ava, a. kind to creatures, tender, compassionate.*

भाविक bhāv-iku, *a. (i) real, actual; full of sentiment, expressive, n. vivid description of something past or future (rh.); language full of emotion.*

भाविचक्रवर्तिन् bhāvi-chakravartin, *m. future king, crown prince.*

भावि bhāv-itu, *es. pp. (√bhū) produced, manifested; cherished; good-humoured; elated, conscious of one's power, pervaded or inspired by, engrossed with (in. or -); directed towards (to); perfumed. -bhāvāna, a. furthered and furthering; -buddhi, a. having purified or moulded one's intellect.*

भाविता bhāvi-tā, *f. adaptation to (-).*

भावितात्मन् bhāvita-ātman, *a. whose soul is purified or is made the object of meditation, engaged or occupied with (-).*

भावित्व bhāvi-tva, *n. necessity of being, inevitableness; -, being; accommodation to*

भाविन् bhāv-in, *a. being, becoming, wont to be (guly. -o); future, imminent (often = fut. of √bhū); inevitable; possessed of (-); manifesting, showing; -, furthering, blessing; worshipping; m. every vowel except ā -i, f. handsome woman, noble lady.*

भावुक bhāv-uka, *a. becoming anything (nuc., or - with ad. in -am); having an aesthetic sense; n. language full of emotion.*

भावीद्य bhāva-udaya, *m. rise of an emotion*

भाव्य bhāv-ya, *fp. that must be or happen; future (sts. = fut. of √bhū); to be effected or accomplished; felt; -imagined; -guessed, -approved, -convicted, -proved or demonstrated; n. temp. one (m. should or must be; to be understood. -tā, f. -tva, n. futurity.*

भाव BHĀSH, I. Ā. (E. also P.) say, speak. talk; address, say anything (ac.) to (ac.); speak about, discuss, announce, tell; name, call (2 ac.) (2 ac.); describe as (2 ac.); employ in speaking; pp. bhāshita, spoken; es. bhāsh-aya, P. cause to speak; cause to think, agitate; say, speak ann, call after or to; say, speak, talk, to (ac.); speak about (ac.); confess; believe the words of (ac.); ex. converse with ac; read apa, speak incur-rently; revile, abuse, abhi, speak to, address; converse with (in.); speak, say; be in the habit of saying; tell, relate, announce, communicate, proclaim; say anything (ac.) to (ac.);

speaking about (*ac* : name, praise; confess *ac*, *in* : *pp*, addressed. *ava*, *pp* reviled ?). **ā**, speak to, address; converse with *saha*; say, speak, tell; exclaim; say anything (*ac*) to (*ac*): name; promise. **viā**, speak to, address; talk; utter *sam-ā*, speak to, address; tell, communicate *pari*, admonish; address; explain, teach: *pp* expressly stated *as* (*am*); laid down as a general rule, *in* it is stated in the paribhāṣas. **pra**, proclaim, tell, declare; divulge, say, speak, explain; name; converse with (*ac*), *pp*, spoken; explained *sam-pra*, say, speak, to (*ac*); declare, proclaim, recite. **prati**, speak to, speak in return, answer any one (*ac*); say in reply, make (*a speech*), say words; name, call 2 *ac*). **vi**, revile, *pp*, admit an alter native, be optional *ī*, *pp*, optional. **sam**, converse with (*ac*, *±* *saha*); speak to, address, greet; join in the conversation; agree, persuade, recite, *cs*, converse with (*ac*); address, persuade.

भाष् bhāṣh, *a.* (°) barking.

भाषक bhāṣh-aka, *a.* (°) talking or chattering about; -*ana*, *n* speaking, talking, chattering; speech; kind words

भाषा bhāṣh-ā, *f.* speech, talk, language; vernacular tongue (*other = spoken Sanskrit of Pāṇini as opposed to Vedic or Prakrit as opposed to Sanskrit*); description, definition; plant, charge, or accusation *in law*, -*skit-raka*, a play on words; -*gita*, a verse in languages; *m.* *N.* -*prākṛbhāṣa*, *m.* *T.* of a computation of the Vaiśeṣika system; -*śama*, *m.* sentence identical with the vernacular (*i.e.* consisting of words which may be accounted Sanskrit as well as Prākṛit. *rh*).

भाषिक bhāṣh-ika, *a.* relating to the vernacular; a general rules; *ā*, *f.* language; -*ita*, *pp* spoken, said; *n* speech, utterance, language. -*itavya*, *pp*, to be addressed, -*itri*, *a.* saying, uttering *ac*, *Er*, speaking -*in*, *a.* saying, speaking, loquacious; *guly* -, speaking, talking.

भाषिपक्ष bhāṣh-pakṣin, *m.* talking bird

भाष्य bhāṣh-ya, *n.* speaking, talking; work written in the comment on a vernacular tongue; extensive commentary; *planning a text* (*esp. a Sūtra* word for word, *T.* of Patañjali's commentary on the Sūtras of Pāṇini otherwise Mahābhāṣya). -*kāra*, -*kr*, *m.* commentator, scholiast, *sp* applied to Patañjali

भास BHĀS, I. *bhāsa*, P. (F), Ā. (C) shine, be bright; *ā*, appear, as or like (*am* or *in* of *abst*); occur to the mind, become clear, be understood, *pp* *bhāsita*, luminous; *cs* *bhāsaya*, illuminate irradiate, brighten; cause to appear, make evident in the way of, *in* of *abst* *s.* *ava*, *ā* shine, become evident, appear, as *in* of *abst* *s.* like (-*vat*), *cs*, illuminate, cause to appear *vi* *ava*, *cs*, illuminate completely. *ā*, *ā* appear like (*iva*), *cs*, shine upon, show to be illusory, prove untenable. *nd*, shine forth, be striking, *cs* illuminate, cause to stand out, beautify, adorn. *sam-nd*, be resplendent with (*in*). *nis*, shine forth, *cs* illuminate. *pari*, appear or look like (*iva*), *cs*, adorn. *pra*, shine, glitter, appear like (*iva*), *cs*, illuminate. *prati*, *ā*, manifest oneself, appear, like (*am*), as *in* of *abst* *s.*; be brilliant, be of consequence. *vi*, shine, be bright.

भास bhās, *n.* (F), *f.* lustre, brightness, light; ray.

भास bhās-ā, *m.* lustre, brightness, light; a bird of prey, *N.* -*a* *ka*, *a.* showing,

making evident; *m.* *N.* of a poet. -*tā*, *f.* condition of a Bhāsa; -*ana*, *n.* shining, glittering, brilliance, distinction.

भासस् bhās-us, *n.* 1. light, ray; 2. food, prey

भासकेतु bhās-ke-tu, *a.* betokened by light

भासिन् bhās-in, *a.* (°) shining; -*ura*, *a.* shining, bright, splendid; distinguished by -*ka*, *m.* *N.*; *N.* of a lion. -*simha*, *m.* *nd*

भास्कर bhās-ka, *a.* [making light], shining, luminous, brilliant, *m.* sun, *N.* *esp.* of a celebrated astronomer twelfth century *v.* *kvad* of breach. -*nandin*, *m.* son of the sun; -*varman*, *m.* *N.* and *ep.* of princes. 1. *m.* *pal* of the planet Saturn and of the monkey-king Sugriva; 2. *ya*, *a.* derived from Bhāskara; *m.* disciple of Bhāskara. [*ahy*].

भास्मन् bhāsmān-ā, *a.* consisting of ashes.

भास् bhās-ya, *a.* becoming manifest or known -*tva*, *n* manifestation.

भास्वत् bhās-vat, *a.* (i) shining, luminous, radiant, *m.* sun

भास्वर bhās-va, *a.* shining, radiant, brilliant

मिःखराज bhikṣh-rāja, *m.* *N.* of a king.

मिच्छ BHIKṢH, I. *ā* *bhikṣha* [bi-bhik-sh, *des.* of 'bhag, desire a share], ask for (*q.* *ac*); beg anything from (*ac*); solicit from (*ab*); beg alms, *cs* P. *bhikṣhaya*, cause to beg, reduce to beggary.

मिच्छन् bhikṣh-ana, *n* begging, mendicancy; -*ā*, *f.* begging, soliciting, mendicancy, begged food, alms. -*m* *kr*, beg, -*m* *at*, *kar*, *bhram*, or *ya*, go about begging.

मिच्छाक bhikṣh-ka, *m.* beggar, -*kāra*, *n.* begging, mendicancy; -*kāra*, *m.* *N.* of a son of Bhoga. -*kāra*, *n.* mendicancy -*m* *kar*, go about begging; -*kārya*, *n.* *nd* -*m* *kar*, go about begging. 2. *t.* of -*kārya* -*kāra*, *n.* *nd*, -*kāra*, *a.* practising mendicancy; *m* beggar, -*a* *ana*, *n.* wandering about begging, mendicancy. -*m* *kr*, beg, -*m* *kar* -*aya*, force any one (*ac*) to go begging, -*anna*, *n.* food obtained by begging -*patra*, *n.* begging-bowl, alms dish, -*prākāra*, *m.* going forth to beg; -*bhāṣa*, *n.* begging bowl, -*bhug*, *a.* living on alms, -*aya*, *n.* mendicancy, -*arthin*, *a.* begging for charity, *m.* beggar; -*vat*, *a.* receiving charity, begging; -*viritti*, *a.* subsisting on alms; -*ā-tva*, *n.* eating of begged food, living on alms; -*ā-in*, *a.* eating begged food, living on alms; -*āhāra*, *m.* begged food, *a.* living on alms; *m.* beggar.

मिच्छु bhikṣh-ū, *m.* beggar, *sp.* religious mendicant *a* Brahman in the fourth stage, who has no *pariven* house and family he lives on alms only, also called *Samyag* *son*; *N.* of a son of Bhoga -*ka*, *m.* beggar; religious mendicant; 1. *f.* female beggar; -*kārya*, *f.* begging, religious mendicancy

मिच्छ bhinda, *m.* *ā*, *f.* a shrub (*Abelmoschus esculentus*), wall

मिन्त bhint-ta, *n* fragment, section, partition,

मिन्त bhint-ti, *f.* breaking, splitting; met *made* of split cane; wall, partition; panel; with parts of the body = vertical surface -*buddhi-kara*, *a.* producing the impression of a wall.

मिद् BHID, I. P. *bheda* (1., *very rare*): *VII* P. *ā*, *bhina*, *bhind*, split, cleave, pierce, rend asunder, break, through or down; pass through; dig up, excavate, disperse, destroy; separate, divide, transgress,

infringe, violate; betray (*counsel*); diamine, set at variance; expand, open, cause to blossom, loosen, disentangle, relax, dissolve; change, alter, perplex, distrust, disturb, interrupt; take away, remove; discriminate, distinguish; *ps* *bhid* *ya*, be broken, burst; be divulged; be destroyed; be divided; expand, stream, overflow; be dissolved; keep aloof from (*ac*); be at variance with oneself, be perplexed; be different from (*ab*); *pp* *bhinna*, broken, shattered, etc., leaky ship; destroyed, divided, separate, detached, without, not whole, fraction of (*a coin*); expanded, blossoming; having streaming temples *elephant*, set at variance; bribed by; altered, disguised (*voice*), different, from *ab*, deviating, abnormal, irregular, mingled or blended with *m*, or; remaining attached to (*ch*), *cs*, *bhedaya*, P. split, cleave, break, shatter, destroy, divide; set at variance, disunite, bring over to one's own side, seduce, perplex; *des* *bibhita*, P. endeavour to break through or disperse; *int*, *bebhiditi*, *bebhetti*, cleave repeatedly *vi* *ti*, *pp* inseparably connected with *m*, *ana*, cleave all along, *pp* open, cut

antar, plot treachery *abhi*, *ps*, be broken in pieces *ava*, cleave, pierce, *ā*, tear, lacerate, *nd*, break or pierce through *ac*, *ps* shoot up, germinate, grow, appear, burst, *pp* shot forth, displayed; betrayed; risen up, provided with *pr* *nd*, *pp*, broken forth, *nis*, cleave asunder, tear up, break through or down; pierce, put out (*ens*), wound, make openings in *ac*; loosen (*a knot*); find out; *pp* cleft asunder, etc., keeping aloof from (-*at*), betrayed, disunited, at variance *vi* *nis*, break in two, split up; pierce, *pp* pierced, opened, *ava*; *parā*, pierce, wound *pari*, be broken through *pp* broken in pieces, crushed, altered *pra*, cleave, split open, break in two asunder, pierce; *ps* break in pieces, be divided, be dissolved, open *pp* broken, risen, expanded, *flow*, exuding blood, having the temple *gate* flowing *elephant*; interrupted; altered *prati*, pierce, betray, be indignant with, censure *pp* being in close contact (-), with *m*, *vi*, cleave asunder, break in pieces, pierce, penetrate, sting, destroy, loosen; infringe, violate, alter, *ps* burst, *pp* pierced; destroyed; changed in one's feelings, become faithless; altered, opened, blossoming; streaming temple of an elephant, dispersed, seat red, separated, living at variance, full of dissensions; place; contrary; disappointed (*in one's hopes*); different, mingled with *m*, *cs*, cause any one *m* to be at variance with *ab* *pr* *vi*, *pp* rent, burst, *sam*, break in pieces; pierce; interrupt, abandon, bring into contact, unite, mingle, combine; join any one (*ac*); *pp* broken in pieces, etc., broken through (*limbs*); abandoned, made *at* (*life*), contracted (*limbs*), come into contact, joined.

मिद् bhid, *a.* (°) breaking in pieces, cleaving, crushing; piercing, striking, hitting a mark; destroying; *f.* wall (*R*), distinction, species.

मिद् bhid-ā, *f.* bursting, rending, tearing, separation, distinction, difference, species, sort, -*abhat*, *a.* torn, lacerated.

मिद् bhid-ita, *a.* capable of being cleft; fragile, brittle; destroying; mingling or bleeding with *m*, *ya*, *n* rushing river; *n* breaking in pieces.

मिद् bhind-ū, *m.* destroyed (*R*); drop (F).

मिन् bhin-na, *pp* √ *bhid*; *n* fragment, part; stab -*kari* *indra* -*kumbha* -*muktā* -*maya*,

a. /3) consisting of pearls that fell from the cleft frontal protuberance of a lordly elephant

मिन्नकीर्ण bhinna-kī-kri, separate, divide.

मिन्नकाल bhinna-kāla, a. overstepping the time; -**kūṭa**, a. employing different stratagems; -**krama**, a. having the wrong order, displaced; -**gaṇa-karaṣa**, a. whose temples are streaming (elephant); -**garbha**, a. having a discordant interior (=) suffering from internal dissensions, disorganized (army); -**gāti**, a. pl. of different rank; -**gātiya**, a. various; -**tva**, n. difference from (°); -**darśin**, a. seeing a difference, distinguishing; -**dosa**, a. occurring in different places; -**tva**, n. occurrence in widely distant places; -**prakāra**, a. of a different sort; -**mantra**, a. having betrayed counsel; -**maryāda**, a. breaking down or transgressing the bounds; -**rūḍi**, a. having different tastes; -**linga**, n. incongruity of gender in a simile; -**ka**, a. (i-ka) containing words of different gender; -**vaṇana**, a. containing words of different number; n. incongruity of number in a simile; -**varṇa**, a. colourless; -**vitta**, pp. behaving irregularly, leading a bad life; -**vritti**, a. having different occupations; having a different vocation, leading an evil life; -**tā**, f. abt. s.; -**aiṅana**, n. mixed collyrium applied with oil; -**varṇa**, a. having the colour of mixed collyrium; -**tā**, f. abt. s.; -**artha**, a. having a different object; having a distinct sense, clear, intelligible; -**tā**, f. clearness, intelligibility.

मिन्नस bhinnas, m. (T.) fear; only in & ac. eg. (T.) -**o**, d. = inf. of √bhi.

मिन्न bhinna, m. N. of a wild mountain tribe; prince of the Bhilla; i, f. female Bhilla.

मिन्ना bhinnā, f. N.

भिषज् BIHISHAG [(a) bhi-sag, attach, plaster; II. P. bhiṣakti, heal (RT¹)

भिषज् bhi-shag, a. healing; m. healer, physician, remedy (T.); N.

भिषज्य bhiṣag-ya, 1. den. P. heal, cure; be the physician of (d. for something); get the better of; 2. a. possessing healing power; ā, f. healing. [m. N. of a town.]

भिषाज्य bhiṣhāya-ka, m. Yaksha; -**pura**, **भिषाज्य** bhiṣhag-ya, P. heal (RT¹)

भी BHI. I. Ā. bhāya (ord. form in T.). III. P. bibhē-ti, fear, be afraid of (ab, g.); be anxious about (ab); -**mā bhāhi** or **bhāshih**, fear not; pp. **bhīta**, frightened, alarmed, dreading, afraid of (ab, g. °), imperilled; anxious about (°); ex. **bhīshaya**, P. Ā., **bhāyaya**, P. frighten, terrify, intimidate. **ati**, be excessively afraid; **pra**, be frightened of (ab); pp. terrified, **vi**, be frightened, pp. frightened; ex. frighten, intimidate. **sam**, pp. dreading (g).

भी bhī, f. fear, fright, alarm, dread, of (ac. with **prati**, ab, le, °). [with (°).]

भीकर bhī-kara, a. causing fear, terrifying.

भीत bhī-ta, pp.: -**bhīta**, pp. excessively terrified, -**vat**, ad. like one terrified.

भीति bhī-ti, f. fear, alarm, dread, of (ab, or °); danger; -**tas**, ad. through fear of (°); -**krit**, a. causing fear; -**likhā**, a. relieving from danger; -**mat**, a. timid.

भीम bhī-mā, a. fearful, terrible, formidable; -**ad**, m. ep. of Rudra-Siva; N. of one of the eight forms of Siva; N. of various divine beings and men, esp. of the second son of Pāṇdu; ā, f. N. of Durgā and of an Apsaras; N. of various rivers; N. of a locality.

भीमकर्म्म bhīma-karman, a. doing terrible deeds, of terrific prowess; -**khaṇḍa**, n. T. of a section of the *Mahābhārata* and of the *Skanda-purāṇa*; -**gupta**, m. N. of a prince; -**gā**, f. daughter of Bhīma, Damayanti; -**tā**, f. terrible; -**darśana**, a. of terrible aspect; -**ghanvan**, m. N. of a prince; -**nandini**, f. Bhīma's daughter; -**nāda**, m. dreadful sound; a. sounding dreadfully; -**nāyaka**, m. N.; -**parākrama**, a. having terrible valour or prowess; m. N.; -**putrikā**, f. Bhīma's daughter; -**pura**, n. N. of a town; -**pūrvaśa**, m. Bhīma's elder brother, ep. of Yudhishtira; -**bala**, a. having terrible strength; m. N.; -**bhaṣa**, m. N.; -**bhavi-bhū**, assume the form of Bhīma's daughter, i.e. Damayanti; -**bhuga**, a. having terrible arms; m. N.; -**mukha**, a. having a terrible face; m. N.; -**ratha**, m. (having a formidable car), N. of a Raksha; N.; -**rūpa**, a. of terrible form; -**vaṇana**, n. Bhīma's command; -**vikrama**, a. having terrible valour; m. N.; -**vega**, a. having terrible swiftness; m. N.; -**śasana**, n. Bhīma's summons; -**sutā**, f. Bhīma's daughter, Damayanti; -**sena**, m. (having a terrible army); N., especially of the second Pāṇdu prince; -**ākara**, m. N.; ā-deva, m. N.

भीमौजस् bhīmāogas, a. of terrible might.

भीर bhī-ra, a. terrifying.

भीरु bhī-rū, a. (ā) timid, fearful, cowardly; shy; afraid of (ab, °); v. f. often used in address, O timid one! **paratra** -, dreading the beyond; -**ka**, a. timorous, cowardly; afraid of (°); -**gana**, a. having cowardly followers; -**tā**, f., -**tva**, n. timidity, bashfulness; cowardice; fear, dread, of (°); -**bhīra**, a. excessively timid; -**māya**, a. terrific, frightful; -**yodha**, a. garrisoned by dastardly soldiers; -**sattva**, a. having a timid nature, timorous. [dreading (°).]

भीलुक bhīlu-ka, a. timorous, cowardly;

भीषण bhī-shaṇa, a. (ā, i) terrifying, formidable to (g, or °); -**terrible** by, like, at (time); n. terrifying; -**sh-aya**, ex. of √bhi

भीषा bhī-shā, 1. f. intimidation; 2. ā, in. ad. (T) through fear of (ab).

भीष्म bhī-sh-mā, a. frightful, terrific, dreadful, m. N. of a son of Gaṇḍā and Sāmtanu, grand uncle of the Pāṇdu, and leader of the Kuru army; -**ka**, m. contemptible Bhīshma; N. of the father of Rukmiṇī; -**ātma**, ā, f. pat. of Rukmiṇī; -**parvan**, n. the Bhīshma section, T. of the sixth book of the *Mahābhārata*; -**ratna**, n. jewel.

भु bhu, a. -° = bhū, becoming, arising.

भुखार bhukhāra, m. Bikhara.

भुक्त bhuk-ta, pp. (s bhug) eaten, etc.; n. eating; what is eaten, food; ° a. having as one's food, subsisting on; -**pita**, pp. having eaten and drunk; -**bhoga**, a. the use of which has been enjoyed, employed, utilized; -**mātra**, a. just eaten; le. immediately after eating; -**vat**, pp. act. having eaten; -**prati** sh; -**reṣa**, m. remnants of a meal; a. left from a meal; -**supta**, pp. sleeping after a meal.

भुक्ति bhuk-ti, f. eating, enjoyment; fruition, possession; food; -**pātra**, n. dish for food; -**vasyāta**, pp. that cannot be eaten; food.

भुक्ताच्छिष्ट bhukta akhishita, n. remnant of a meal; -**pravarita**, pp. remaining after a meal.

भुप bhug-ta, pp. √1. bhug.

भुज् 1. BHUG, VI. P. bhugā, bend, curve; ps. **bhūya**, be bowed, - disheartened; pp. **bhugna**, bent, bowed; curved, crooked; turrowed (brow); forced aside, distorted (eyes); cowed, disheartened; designation of the Sāundhī of 'o' and 'au' before non-labial vowels; ā, bend; pp. curved **viā**, pp. bent, curved; **nis**, bend aside; **osh/haṇ** -, draw the lips; ps. slip aside, escape; pp. **nirbhag na**, distorted, rolling (eyes); **pari**, clasp, embrace.

भुज् 2. BHUG, I. **bhūga** (RV., very rare); VI. P. Ā. **bhūga** (E., rare); VII. P. Ā. **bhūga**, **bhūg**, (T., C.) enjoy, use, possess; eat, consume in, V; **guly**, ac., C.; eat, take one's meal (Ā); enjoy carnally (Ā); P. enjoy, rule, take possession of (a country or town), make use of, utilize; exploit any one; suffer, be required or rewarded for (ac.), at the hands of (g); endure, experience; P. be of use or service to; ac; f.; pass through (ac); **astrol**; pass, live through, last (time); pp. **bhukta**; ex. **bhūgaya**, P. cause anyone (ac.) to eat; ac. or in., feed with; cause to enjoy (rare); use as food; des. **bubhuksha**, (P) Ā. wish to eat, be hungry; wish to enjoy; **intr. bobhugati**, enjoy; **bobhugate**, be frequently eaten; **adhi**, eat; enjoy; **anu**, enjoy the reward or reap the fruit of (ac); enjoy, participate in, experience; **upa**, enjoy, taste, at, consume; make use of, utilize, live upon, rule; suffer, experience (good or bad things); enjoy carnally (ac. of pers. or swarms); receive the reward of (ac); be of service to (ac); **pari**, eat, eat up, consume; enjoy; **prati**, enjoy; **sam**, eat together; enjoy; enjoy carnally; ex. feed (ac.) with (in).

भुज् bhūg, f. (T.) utility, profit, advantage; enjoyment; possession (d. also used as an inf); m. eater (Agni); a. (T) -, enjoying, eating; suffering, experiencing; enjoying carnally; ruling, governing (with words meaning 'earth'); enjoying the reward of, advantageous to; fulfilling (time).

भुज् bhug-n, m. arm; trunk (of an elephant); branch; curve, coil (of a serpent); **bhugayor antaram**, n. space between the arms, chest

भुजग bhuga-ga, m. (moving in curves), snake, serpent; -**tva**, n. condition of a serpent; i, f. female serpent; a -**pāti**, m. prince of serpents; -**rāja**, n. king of serpents, ep. of Nishā; ā-ya, den. Ā. become the king of serpents; -**valaya**, m. n. bracelet consisting of a serpent; -**ayana**, n. serpent couch; -**śin-srita**, pp. having the gait of a young serpent; ā, f. a metre; -**indra**, m. chief of serpents, large serpent; -**jvara**, m. lord of serpents, ep. of Nishā.

भुजग bhugam-ga, m. (moving in curves), snake, serpent; paramour, gallant; dissolute friend of a prince, constant companion of a prince; ā, i, f. female serpent; ā-**kanyā**, f. young female serpent; -**prayata**, n. serpent's gait, a metre; -**bhojin**, m. devourer of serpents, ep. of Gaṇḍa

भुजगम bhugam-gama, m. (moving in curves), serpent, snake; ā, f. female snake; ā **indra**, m. lord of serpents; -**iva**, m. id., ep. of Pīṅgala.

भुजकाया bhuga-kkhāyā, f. shadow of the arms, secure shelter; -**taru-vana**, n. a forest the trees of which are arms; -**the ten arms of Siva**; -**danda**, m. long arm; -**bandhana**, n. clasp of the arms, embrace; -**madhya**, n. interval between the arms, breast; -**mūla**, n. shoulder; -**yashā**, f. long slender arm; -**latā**, f. id.; -**vīrya**, a. strong in the arm;

-śālin, a. possessing powerful arms; -sam-
bhoga, m. embrace; -stambha, m. paralysis
of the arm.

सुबाय bhugāgra, n. tip of the arm, hand;
-āghāta, m. blow with the arm; -āśka, m.
embrace; -antara, n. space between the
arms, chest; -antarāla, n. id.

सुबायुधि bhugā-bhug-i, ad. arm to arm =
hand to hand (fight); -mūla, n. shoulder;
-lata, f. long slender arm.

मुञ्चि bhug-i, f. (1.) 1. embrace; 2. grant-
ing of enjoyment; favour; patron.

मुञ्चिषु bhug-ishyā, a. bestowing food (V.);
m. servant, slave (V.). ā, f. handmaid, maid-
servant, [with the arms.

सुजीपीडम् bhuga upapīdam, abs. clasping

सुजम्भु bhug-mān, a. abounding in valleys,
fruitful RT.; -yu, a. (V.) easily guided
(ear; m. N. of a protog. of the Asvins, f.
adder 1).

सुज्ञापय bhugāpaya, cs. P. feed (r. l.).

सुद्धु bhutta, m. N. -pura, n. city of Bhutta,
-isvara, n. N. of a temple erected by Bhutta.

सुधु bhuyya, m. N.

भुर् BHUR, VI. bhūrā, (RT.) move con-
vulsively, quaver; fly along; intr. gar-
bhuriti, ul., flicker, flick.

भुरजि BHURAG, bhura/s (RT.) = bhuraga,

भुरण bhur-ana, a. active (RT.).

भुरण्यु bhuran-yā, den. P. (RT.) be restless
or active; agitate (liquid) [active

भुरण्यु bhuran-yu, a. (1.) quivering, restless;

भुरिज् bhur-ij f. [moving backwards and
forwards], du. scissors 1.; wheelwright's
vice (consisting of two arms which hold the
wood while it is manipulated

भुवत् bhuv-a-t, 3. sg. aor. √bhū (V.).

भुवन bhuv-ana, n. being, creature, existing
thing (V.); world, earth (three worlds, and
sts. seven or fourteen are assumed; kingdom
(fourteen are spoken of as existing on earth);
place of existence, abode (V.); -kōsa, m.
sphere of the world, globe; -āndra, m. N.;
-karita, n. doings of the world, -tala, n.
surface of the earth, earth; -traya, n. the
three worlds (heaven, air, earth); -dvaya,
n. the two worlds (heaven and earth);
-dvish, m. enemy of the world or earth,
(bhuvana)-pati, m. lord of creatures or the
world (V.); -pāvana, a. (ā) purifying the
world, ā, f. ep. of the Ganges, -bhartri, m.
lord of the world, -mati, f. N. of a princess,
-mātri, f. mother of the world, Durgā;
-rāja, m. N. of a prince, -vidita, m. famed
in the world, -vrittānta, m. events of the
world, -āsini, m. ruler of the world, king

भुवनादका bhuvana adaka, n. mundane
egg; -adbhūta, a. astonish the world;
-abhyudaya, m. T. of a poem, -isvara, m.
lord of the world or earth, king; ep. of Siva;
ā, f. ep. of various goddesses, -okas, m.
dweller in heaven, celestial, god.

भुवस् 1. bhuv-as, 2. sg. subj. aor. of √bhū.

भुवस् 2. bhūv-as, indec. (probably re. pl.
of bhū), used in the formula bhūv bhūvāh
avāh, and interpreted to mean air; when
fourteen worlds are assumed it is the account
of the ascending series.

सुविष्ट भुवु-ī-sh/ha, a. standing on the ground
(not on a car; dwelling on earth (not in
heaven; -spris, a. touching the ground.

भू BHU, I. P. (rarely ā.) bhāva, become,
anything nm. or - with ad. in i or ā;
arise, happen, occur; come forth, from (ab);
be found anywhere (le); exist, come into
being, spring from (ab); be or remain alive,
be in any condition, fare; stay, remain; serve
as (nm); be possible, be permissible; lead
or conduce to (d); fall to the share of, be
come the property of, = attain, belong to
(g, rarely d, or le; often - have); be on the
side of (g); be occupied with or engaged in
(le); be of value, prosper, succeed, fall into,
attain (ac); be often used to form per-
iphrastic tenses with participles: ketasi-
manasi, occur to anyone (g); durata-
keep aloof; satadha, fall into a hundred
pieces; kva, what to become of? be all over
with, na, cease to exist, perish, die, be a dead
man; tha na, not come into being on earth,
not be born again, bhavet, may be, granted;
iti led bhavet, if this question should be
asked; na abhi/anāmi bhaved evam na
vā iti, I do not know whether it is so or not;
bhavatu, it may be, it is quite possible, well,
enough, there is no need of further talk or
reflection, it is quite clear; tad bhavatu,
never mind that, pp. bhūta, q. v., cs. bhāv-
aya, cause to be or become, call into exist-
ence; produce, cause, create, manifest, dis-
play, cherish, foster, preserve, care for; re-
fresh, enliven, devote oneself to, practise,
get into or have in one's power; change or
transform into, represent to the mind, fancy,
imagine; recognise; look upon, regard as
(2 ac); convict; establish, substantiate, deter-
mine; mingle, soak, steep pp. bhāvita,
being in a pleasant or elated frame of mind,
conscious of one's power, completely filled
with, engrossed by, in, directed towards
(le), perfumed; des. P. bhubhūsha, wish to
be or become nm), wish to be something,
want to get on; wish to have anyone ac;
receive kindly; care about, take an interest
in ac, like, esteem, honour, vti. bobhav-
iti, be frequent; be transformed into ac;
ati, become or arise in a high degree, be
more than, surpass, excel (sts. A; over-
whelm; pp. eclipsed (sac), anu, be after,
enclose, equal; last as long as ac), feel,
experience, enjoy, suffer (ord, nm); per-
ceive, hear, learn, understand; cs. cause any
one (ac) to feel or experience (ac); make
aware of; manasā, represent to one's
mind, des. wish to feel or enjoy. sam-anu,
feel, enjoy. antar, penetrate into (le); be
contained in (le); pp. being within, inward,
contained in; āpa, be far away, be ab-
sent āpi, I be in, fall into (le); take
part in (le) abhi, be against, surpass, excel;
be superior or victorious; overcome,
vanquish; assault, attack, fall upon; pre-
dominate, prevail over ac; humiliate, turn
or come to any one (ac); I, cs. overcome;
des. wish to surpass, wish to assault. ā, (1.)
be present, in or at ac, le); come forth,
from (ab), turn to any one ac with alhi);
extend to ac, v. adhi. anuā, I follow,
imitate (ac). abhiā. Br. betel, happen
to (ac), ud, arise, spring up; increase,
grow; rise, rebel; pp. raised, elevated; pro-
duced, grown; cs. produce, generate; develop,
exhibit; broach a subject, regard as ac...
pra ud, pp. produced, arisen. dūratas -,
come from a long distance prati ud, rise
up; extend, grow pp. elevated, rising aloft
sam-ud, arise; occur (thought), increase;
pp. arisen, produced; present, existing, nis,
walk away RT. n. parā, be gone, disappear,
succumb, perish; vanquish; injure, insult;
pp. spoilt, overcome; insulted, injured; cs.
destroy, vanquish. anu-parā, be destroyed
after any one (ac). pari, be around, en-

compass, contain (V.); encircle (RT.); ac-
company (RT.); conduct (sacrifice; V.);
get the better of, surpass, excel; overcome,
defeat; disregard; despise, treat with con-
tempt; humiliate; mock at anything (ac);
be disgraceful to (ac); be diminished or im-
paired, intellect; pp. overcome, defeated;
despised; humbled; insulted; cs. spread
abroad, make known; imagine; consider,
ponder; recognise as (2 ac). pra, come
forth, arise, spring up, be produced, originate,
from (ab); appear, be visible; happen, occur;
be more, be numerous; be before, pre-
dominate, prevail, be or wax powerful; rule,
control, have power over, be master of (g,
d, le); be equal to or capable of (d,
le); be able to (inf); gain (detractance,
le); be of use to (d); I; be sufficient for,
be able to contain (d); prabhū prabhav-
ati, my lord has to command or decide;
pp. transformed into (-), abundant, much,
extensive, numerous, considerable, great;
able to (inf); ad. highly, greatly, very; cs.
increase, spread out; cause to thrive; make
powerful, help oneself; recognise; pp. pra-
bhāvita, become powerful, mighty; des. of
cs. P. pra-bhāvayisha, wish to increase or
extend anu-pra, pp. pervading (ac); pene-
trated, by (in) prati, cs. observe, ps be
regarded as (nm) vi, become apparent,
arise, appear (1.); equal, be sufficient for
(ac, d, I); cs. cause to appear, manifest,
display; make a show or pretence of; per-
ceive, discover, trace out; recognise, as (ac);
regard anyone as (2 ac); imagine; consider,
reflect, impute anything ac to anyone (le);
prove, establish, convict; convince sam,
come together, meet, be united, with (in) ā
saha, or le; assemble, have sexual inter-
course, with (in) ā saha or sardham, or ac le;
find room or be contained in (le); be ade-
quate; arise, spring up, be produced or born;
be developed, happen, occur; pass current;
be found, exist, be, be possible or conceiv-
able (with na, be impossible), be or become
anything nm; fall to the lot of (g, le);
prevail, be efficacious; be competent for (le);
be able to (inf); enter into, attain ac). pp.
sambhūta, arisen, produced, from (ab),
formed or made of (-), proceeding from (-);
become, transformed into (nm); in, in whom
- has arisen, to whom - has accrued = in-
spired with, possessed of, provided with; gd.
sambhūya, together, in common, cs. pro-
duce, effect, accomplish; seize hold of, grasp;
comprehend; nourish, cherish, resort to; find
(altre); greet (ac); receive graciously abhi-
sauce, honour, present with (in); ascribe,
attribute, or impute to g, le; fancy, con-
jecture, assume, in any out (le); regard as
2 ac, regard as possible; ā, live to see,
experience; anena, greet (a child) with
food, give it its first food; anyathā -, mis-
understand, distrust any one (ac); dosham
-, attach blame to (ac); na sambhavitam
asmābhir adya dharmāsanam adhyāsi-
tum, I consider it impossible to occupy the
judgment-seat to-day, abhyagata katham
na sambhāvayam, how can I manage to
get there? pp. sambhāvita, seized, com-
prehended; honoured, respected, considered
possible, thought of, had confidence in.
abhi-sam, enter into, become possessed of
(ac; V.).

भू bhū, a. (V.) becoming, arising, proceed-
ing or produced from; being, existing f. place
of being, space pl. spaces, worlds; V., earth;
ground; floor, land, landed property; earth
(as a substance), place, spot, subject of dis-
pute etc. le on earth; on the ground;
bhūvo bhartā, m. lord of earth, king.

भूःखार bhūḥkhāra, *a.* coming from Bokhara (*horres*).

भूकम्प bhūi-kamṇa, *m.* earthquake; -**kāśa-yapa**, *m.* king; -**kāhira-vāṭikā**, *f.* *N.* of a locality; -**gata**, *pp.* existing or living on earth; -**grīha**, *n.* underground chamber, cellar; -**gola**, *n.* id.; -**gola**, *m.* terrestrial globe; -**kāra**, *a.* moving on or inhabiting the earth; *m.* inhabitant of the earth.

भूत bhūi-tā, *pp.* become, having been, past, actually happened, existing, present; being (compounded with a predicate, especially a substantive, to form adjectives, adverbs are thus turned into the corresponding adjectives), mixed or joined with (-), purified; *m.* being *divine, human, animal, and even vegetable*, good being (-), created thing (world (-); *gōly*, *n.*); *uncanny* being spirit, ghost, goblin (-); *a.* past; fact, reality, actual occurrence, welfare; element (-*esp.* the gross elements, earth, water, fire, air, ether, of which the body is supposed to be composed and into which it is dissolved -*cp.* pañca-tva).

भूतकारण bhūta-karava, *n.* that which produces the past tense, augment; -**kartri**, *m.* creator of beings; -**kāla**, *m.* past time; -**kālika**, *a.* relating to the past; -**kṛit**, *a.* creating beings, *m.* creator of beings; -**ketu**, *m.* *N.* of a Veda; -**grāma**, *m.* the host of created beings; *a.* or the host of spirits; -**grāma**, *m.* *sp.* a *pl.* the aggregate of created beings, community of creatures; multitude of spirits; -**kārin**, *a.* moving among beings (Siva); -**kāntā**, *f.* investigation of the elements; -**kāntanika**, *m.* believer in the doctrine that mind is produced from material elements; -**kāntanya**, *n.* state of matter being mind; -**janani**, *f.* mother of all beings; -**gāta**, *n.* aggregate of beings; -**tā**, *f.* verity, truth; -**tva**, *n.* condition of created beings or elements; -**dayā**, *f.* tenderness to all creatures; -**druha**, *a.* injuring creatures; -**dharā**, *f.* supporter of creatures, earth; -**dhātri**, *f.* supporter of creatures (sleep); earth; -**dhāraka**, *f.* earth; -**nātha**, *m.* ruler of spirits, *ep.* of Siva; -**nīkāya**, *m.* (aggregate of elements), body; -**pāti**, *m.* lord of creatures, *ep.* of evil spirits, *ep.* of Agni, Bhava, Sarva, and Siva; -**pāla**, *m.* protector of creatures; -**pūrva**, *a.* having been before, former, old (*stories*); deceased; -**tā**, *f.* former circumstances; -**prakṛti**, *f.* primal source of created beings; -**bharti**, *m.* lord of spirits, *ep.* of Siva; -**bhāvana**, *a.* blessing creatures, *ep.* of Brahman; -**bhāvin**, *a.* creating beings; past and future; -**bhāshā**, *f.* *bhāshita*, *pp.* *n.* language of the goblins; -**bhāt**, *a.* supporting beings; -**bhantika**, *a.* consisting of the elements and what is formed of them; -**mayā**, *a.* (including all beings; formed out of the five elements; -**mahevara**, *m.* great lord of the spirits, *ep.* of Siva; -**mātrā**, *f.* *pl.* the subtle elements, the gross and the subtle elements; -**yaṇa**, *m.* offering to all created beings; *one of the five Mahāyāgas* to be performed daily by the householder; it consists in the oblation of the *Bali*, *q. v.*; -**yonī**, *f.* origin of created beings; -**rūp**, *m.* king of the spirits, *ep.* of Siva; -**rupa**, *a.* having the form of a goblin

भूतल bhūi-tala, *n.* surface of the earth, ground, earth.

भूतवत् bhūta-vat, 1. *ad.* as if it were past; 2. *a.* surrounded by goblins; containing the word 'bhūta'; -**varga**, *m.* the whole class of spirits; -**vāsa**, *m.* abode of beings; -**vāhana**, *a.* driving with goblins; *n.* car drawn by spirits; -**vid**, *a.* knowing creatures; knowing (and warding off) evil beings that afflict men,

-**vidyā**, *f.* demonology; -**vira**, *m.* *pl.* *N.* of a race; -**vuddhi**, *f.* purification of the elements (in the body); -**samsāra**, *m.* mundane existence of beings; -**samāgama**, *m.* meeting of mortals; -**samplava**, *m.* destruction of created beings or of the world; -**sarga**, *m.* creation of beings; creation of the elements; -**sākshin**, *m.* witness of beings (*who sees all they do*); -**stha**, *a.* dwelling in entities; -**sthāna**, *n.* abode of created beings; -**hatyā**, *f.* destruction of living beings.

भूतात्मक bhūta-ātma-ka, *a.* having the nature of or composed of the elements; -**ātman**, *m.* soul of living beings, *ep.* of Brahman and of Vishnu; individual soul; *a.* whose soul is purified; *m.* body (whose nature is the elements); -**ādi**, *m.* the first of all beings, *ep.* of Vishnu; *m.* *n.* *Ahamkāra* as the producer of the elements; -**anadyatana**, *m.* not the same day in the past; -**antaka**, *m.* destroyer of beings, god of death; -**abhishāga**, *m.* possession by an evil spirit; -**ārabdha**, *pp.* formed out of the elements; *n.* *pl.* all organic matter; -**ārtha**, *m.* thing that has really happened, actual fact; -**āvāsa**, *m.* abode of beings, *ep.* of Vishnu and Siva; abode of the elements, the body; -**āvishā**, *pp.* possessed by evil spirits; -**āvāsa**, *m.* possession by evil spirits; -**āsana**, *n.* seat of evil spirits, *N.* of a magical ear.

भूति bhūi-ti (or -ti), *f.* rigorous being, ability, fitness, power; well-being, prosperity, wealth, fortune, decoration, ashes

भूतिकर्म bhūti-karman, *n.* rite for welfare (such as domestic ceremonies at birth etc.); -**kālava**, *m.* *N.*, *bhūti-kāma*, *a.* desirous of prosperity or wealth; -**kāla**, *m.* hour of prosperity, auspicious time; -**kṛit**, *a.* causing prosperity (Siva); -**kṛitya**, *n.* auspicious rite (birth-ceremonies etc.); -**dā**, *a.* granting prosperity; Siva; -**mat**, *a.* prosperous, fortunate; -**vardhana**, *a.* increasing prosperity; -**varman**, *m.* *N.* of a Rikshasa, *N.* of a prince; -**siva**, *m.* *N.*

भूतहृद् bhūte-hṛd, *f.* *pl.* *N.* of the veises *AT. XX, 135, 11 13.*

भूतेश bhūta-īya, *a.* making offerings to spirits; -**īva**, *m.* lord of creatures, *ep.* of Brahman, Vishnu, and the Sun; lord of evil spirits, *ep.* of Siva; -**īvara**, *m.* *id.*; -**odana**, *m.* dish of rice eaten to keep off evil spirits; -**numāda**, *m.* mental aberration due to evil spirits; -**upadesa**, *m.* reference to something already existing; -**upamā**, *f.* comparison with another being; -**upasarga**, *m.* possession by evil spirits.

भूत्यर्थम् bhūti-artham, *ad.* for the sake of

भूदिन bhūi-dina, *n.* civil day; -**divasa**, *m.* *id.*; -**deva**, *m.* god on earth, Brahman; *N.*; -**dhara**, *a.* supporting the earth, *m.* mountain; -**ga**, *m.* (mountain-born) tree, -**tā**, *f.* habit of sustaining the earth; -**īvara**, *m.* lord of mountains, *ep.* of the Himavat.

भूध्र bhūi-dhira, *m.* [= -dhira] mountain; -**nandana**, *m.* *N.* of a prince; -**nāyaka**, *m.* leader of the earth, king; -**pa**, *m.* protector of the earth or of the land, prince, king; -**tā**, *f.* royal dignity; (bhūi-) **patī**, *m.* lord of beings, *ep.* of Rudra; lord of earth, prince, king; -**patita**, *pp.* fallen on the earth; -**pa-putra**, *m.* king's son, prince; -**paridhi**, *m.* circumference of the earth; -**pa-suta**, *m.* king's son, prince; -**pāta**, *m.* falling on the ground; -**pāla**, *m.* protector of the earth, prince, king, *N.* of a son of Samapala; -**loka**, *m.* crowd of princes, -**vallabha**, *m.* favourite of kings (*horse*); *N.*; -**putra**, *m.*

son of earth, planet Mars; *ī*, *f.* daughter of earth, Sītā; -**prakampa**, *m.* earthquake; -**pradāna**, *n.* gift of land; -**bimba**, *m.* *n.* terrestrial globe; -**bha**, *m.* *N.*; -**bharti**, *m.* lord of earth, prince, king; -**bhāga**, *m.* part of earth, place, spot; -**krośamātra**, *n.* distance of not more than a Kros; -**bhu**, *m.* enjoyer of earth, prince, king; -**bhrit**, *m.* supporter of earth, mountain; *ep.* of Vishnu; prince, king

भूम bhūi-ma (sts. -) = bhūmi.

भूमण्डल bhūi-mandala, *n.* orbis terrarum, terrestrial globe; circumference of the earth.

भूमन् 1. bhūi-man, *n.* (I.) earth; ground; territory, district, place; world; being; *pl.* aggregate of existing things.

भूमन् 2. bhūi-mān, *m.* abundance, multitude; wealth; large number, plural; -^o *a.* filled with; (*in bhūmā*, for the most part, generally; (*in bhūmni*, in the plural).

भूमि bhūi-mi (sts. ī), *f.* earth; ground, soil (sts. *pl.*, for (*g*); territory, country, land, district; earth (as a substance); spot, site, place; storey, floor; position, office; part of an actor's stage (*in Yoga*); degree, extent, -^o object of love, confidence, opportunity of recreation, prodigy of omnipotence.

भूमिकन्दली bhūmi-kandali, *f.* a plant = kandala; -**kampa**, *m.* *na*, *n.* earthquake

भूमिका bhūmi-kā, *f.* earth, ground, soil, tablet for writing (-^o); spot, place, for (-^o); storey, floor; stage, degree; part or character of an actor; preface, introduction.

भूमिचय bhūmi-kshaya, *n.* loss of territory; -**gata**, *pp.* fallen on the ground; -**gata**, *m.* hole in the ground; -**grīha**, *n.* underground chamber, cellar; -**kāla**, *m.* *na*, *n.* earthquake; -**ga**, *a.* produced from the earth; *m.* planet Mars; -**gāta**, *pp.* produced or formed on the earth; -**goshavā**, *n.* choice of ground; -**tanaya**, *m.* son of the earth, planet Mars; -**tala**, *n.* surface of the earth, ground; -**tuṇḍika**, *m.* *N.* of a locality; -**dā**, *a.* granting land; -**dāna**, *n.* grant of land; -**deva**, *m.* god on earth, Brahman; -**dhara**, *m.* supporter of the earth, mountain; prince, king; -**nātha**, *m.* lord of earth, king; -**pa**, *m.* guardian of earth, king; -**patī**, *m.* lord of earth, king; -**tva**, *n.* sovereignty, kingship; -**parimāna**, *n.* square-measure; -**pāla**, *m.* protector of earth, prince, king; -**putra**, *m.* son of the earth, planet Mars; *N.*; -**puraṇadara**, *m.* India on earth, *ep.* of Dharma; -**pra**, *a.* 1. filling the earth (*fam.*); -**prāśa**, *m.* earthquake; -**prāpta**, *pp.* fallen on the ground; -**bhāga**, *m.* spot of earth, place; -**bhu**, *m.* enjoyer of earth, king; -**bhūta**, *pp.* forming the soil of anything; -**bhrit**, *m.* supporter of the earth, prince, king; -**bhedin**, *a.* different from what it is on earth; -**vardhana**, *n.* *n.* corpse; burden of the earth; -**vasin**, *a.* dwelling on the ground; -**vaya**, *a.* lying or living on or in the ground; *m.* animal living in the ground; -**shālā**, *a.* standing on the earth or ground; lying in the ground; being in his country; -**sāmra**, *ya*, *a.* supreme rule over the earth; -**suta**, *pp.* *m.* son of the earth, planet Mars; -**spri**, *a.* touching the earth; -**svāmin**, *m.* lord of earth, king.

भूमी bhūmī, *f.* *r.* bhūmī.

भूमीच्छा bhūmī-llhā, *f.* desire to lie down on the ground.

भूमीभूत bhūmī-bhṛit, *m.* supporter of earth, mountain; -**ruh**, *ruhā*, *m.* plant, tree; -**mayya**, *a.* sleeping on the ground; *īvara*, *m.* lord of earth, king (-).

भूम्यन्तर bhūmyantara, *a.* immediately adjacent to one's country; *m.* prince of the adjacent country; -**śhadeśa**, *m.* one portion of territory.

भूय bhū-ya, *n.* becoming, being (°).

भूयःपलायन bhūyah-palāyana, *n.* repeated flight. [again, anew.]

भूयश् bhūyaś, *ad.* mostly, as a rule;

भूयस् bhū-yas, *cpr.* (becoming in a greater degree), more, more numerous or abundant, than (*ab*); more important, worth more (*ab*); larger, greater, mightier, than (*ab*); numerous, much, many; very great, violent; rich or abounding in (*m.* or *°*); *n.* *ad.* more; most; much; very greatly, exceedingly; further on; moreover, still, besides, still more; again, anew: **bhūyo=pi**, **bhūyas=api**, **punar bhūyah**, *id*; **bhūyo bhūyah**, again and again, repeatedly; **pūrvam-bhūyah**, first-later, **ādan-paśāt bhūyah**, at first—afterwards—again; *m.* **bhūyas-ā**, *ad.* exceedingly, beyond measure, in a high degree, very much; for the most part, generally, as a rule.

भूयस्तरम् bhūyas-taram, *ad.* in a higher degree than (*ab*).

भूयस्त्व bhūyas-tva, *n.* preponderance; increase; multitude, abundance, plentifulness; great extent.

भूयःसंनिवृत्ति bhūyah-sannivṛtti, *f.* return.

भूयिष्ठ bhū-yiśtha, *sp.* most, most abundant or numerous; most important, chief, principal; very great, large, much, or numerous; °, mostly composed or consisting of; highly characterized by, filled with; ° after *a* *pp.* mostly, almost (*a* *n.* belonging to the *pp.* comes between it and *bhūyishtha*); -**m**, *ad.* most; mostly, chiefly; exceedingly, very much, in a very high degree; almost completely; -**tā**, *f.* great number.

भूयोगुण bhūyo-guṇa, *a.* doubled; having many virtues; (-**a**) **nāgamaṇa**, *n.* non-return; -**bharti-saṃgama**, *m.* re-union with a husband; -**mātra**, *n.* greatest part of (*g*); -**vidya**, *a.* knowing more, more learned.

भूर bhūr, *indec.* [re. of bhū, (0 earth)], one of the three *vyāhritis* in the formula *bhūr bhūvaśvā*, where it is taken to mean earth, when fourteen earths are assumed it is the first of the ascending series of seven.

भूरि bhū-ri, *a.* [having existent wealth; *rai*] abundant, copious; great, much; frequent, numerous; vast, mighty; *ad.* abundantly, much, greatly, frequently; *m.* *ep.* of Vishnu and Indra; *N.*

भूरिकालम् bhūri-kālam, *ac. ad.* for a long time; -**kṛtrima-mānyāya-maya**, *a.* consisting of many spurious rubies; -**gaḍgaḍam**, *a.* with much stammering; -**grana**, *a.* multiplying greatly; (**bhūri**=**ganman**), *a.* having many births; -**tā**, *f.* multiplicity, multitude; -**tegas**, *a.* having great lustre; *m.* *N.*; -**a**, *a.* *id.*; -**toka**, *n.* rich in children; -**da**, *a.* giving much, liberal; -**dakshina**, *a.* attended with liberal rewards (*sacrifice*); giving rich rewards, munificent; -**dāvan**, *a.* (*ri* giving much, liberal; -**dhāman**, *a.* possessed of great might; -**nidhana**, *a.* perishing in many ways; -**prayoga**, *a.* frequently used; *m.* *T.* of a dictionary containing frequently used words, -**bhoḡa**, *a.* having many enjoyments; -**retas**, *a.* abounding in seed; -**vasu**, *m.* *N.*; -**vikrama**, *a.* of great valour; -**vrishā**, *f.* excessive rain; -**as**, *ad.* variously; (**bhūri**=**śrīṅga**), *a.* many-horned; (-**bhūri**=**sthātra**), *a.* having many stations, being in many places.

भूरु bhū-ruh, *m.* (springing from the earth), plant, tree; -**ruha**, *m.* *id.*

भूर्ग bhūrga, *m.* kind of birch (*Betula Bhojputra*), the bark of which is used as a writing material; leaf made of birch-bark for writing on; document; -**kanśa-ka**, *m.* kind of mixed caste; -**druma**, *m.* birch tree.

भूर्णि bhūr-ni, *a.* (°) excited, impetuous, wild; angry; active (°/bhur).

भूर्ज bhūriakshā, *a.* many-eyed (°).

भूर्लोक bhūr-loka, *m.* world of earth.

भूर्लोक bhū-loka, *m.* *id.*; -**śura-nāyaka**, *m.* an Indra on earth; -**valaya**, *m.* a circle of the earth; -**vallabha**, *m.* lord or husband of the earth, king; -**aya**, *a.* resting or dwelling on the earth; living in the earth; *m.* animal living in the ground; -**ayā**, *f.* couch on the bare earth.

भूष 1. BHŪ-SH, I. P. (°) **bhūsha** [causal of °/bhū]. **ā**, spread over (*ac*); live through, pass, spend (days), *upa*, approach (*ac*); **pari**, run round (*ac*); surpasses.

भूष 2. BHŪ-SH, I. P. **bhūsha**, (°) strive after, supply oneself to, assist (*d*); seek to procure (*ac*) for (*d*); *ex.* P. adorn, decorate; strow or overspread with (*m*); adorn oneself (°) *pp.* **bhushita**, adorned. **abhi**, *ex.* adorn, grace **pari**, (°) serve (*ac*); adorn, *ex.* adorn (°) **prati**, (°) prepare; serve, gratify **vi**, *ex.* adorn, decorate. *pp.* **vi-bhushita**, adorned.

भूषण bhūsh-ana, *a.* (i) adorning (°); *n.* ornament, decoration; -**ā**, *a.* adorned with; -**tā**, *f.* state of an ornament; -**peṭikā**, *f.* jewel casket.

भूषयितव्य bhūsh-ay-i-tavya, *fp.* to be adorned.

भूषा bhūsh-ā, *f.* ornament; -**peṭi**, *f.* jewel-case.

भूषाय bhūshā-ya, *den.* **ā**, serve as an ornament.

भूषिन् bhūsh-in, *a.* adorned with (°).

भूष्यु bhūsh-shau, *a.* growing; desiring grow.

भूष्य bhūsh-ya, *fp.* to be adorned. [perity]

भूसुत bhū-suta, *m.* son of the earth, planet Mars; -**śura**, *m.* god on earth, Brahman; -**śtrina**, *m.* kind of fragrant grass (*Andropogon Schoenanthus*); -**stha**, *a.* living on the earth; -**svargā-ya**, *den.* **ā**, be a heaven on earth.

भु BHRI, II. P. **bhar-ti** (°). I. P. **ā**. **bhāra**, III. P. **bi-bhar-ti** (°) *pp.* **gabdhāra**, bear, carry, convey, on or in (*ac*), hold, in (*m*); wear long or untrimmed hair, beard, mauls; bear, contain, possess, have; bear in mind; maintain, nourish, cherish, protect, govern the earth; hure; bear, endure, suffer, experience; bear or bring along (°). **ā** be borne along (°); carry off, gain; bring, offer, confer, submit to, obey (*a* command), lift up the voice (°); fill, with (*m*); *pp.* **bharita**, borne, held; supported, nourished, hired; paid, by (°), with (°), e.g. *m* *with*, acquired; filled or loaded with (*m* or *°*); *ex.* hire oneself; *des.* P. **bubhārsha**, wish to support; *intr.* P. **baribhar-ti**, carry hither and thither. **ati**, extend beyond (°); *pp.* filled (°) **apa**, carry away. **ā**, bring near, bestow; fill; *pp.* filled with (°) **sam-ā**, bring together. **ud**, raise up (°); choose (°); uphold. **upa**, bring, procure; *pp.* brought to (*d*); obtained; destined for (*d*). **ni**, thrust down; *pp.* **nibhrita**, loaded, filled,

with (*m*, °), fully appreciated; fixed, steady, motionless; still, silent; keeping one's object steadily in view (°), engrossed with; established, certain; firmly attached, loyal; unperceived, concealed; covert, secret; lonely, solitary; closed (door); modest, humble; -**m** or °, secretly, unobserved, covertly, privately; silently, quietly. **sam-ni**, *pp.* kept secret; modest. **nis**, (°) take out of (*ab*). **pra**, (°) (bear forward), bring, offer; stretch forth; hurl; place in (*de*); **ā**, quiver, be borne along; praise; *pp.* filled with (*m*) **prati**, bring towards, offer (°). **vi**, spread asunder, **ā**, distribute (°); endure (°); *pp.* **vibhrita**, distributed. **sam**, draw together *a* *verb*; bring together, collect; make ready, prepare; maintain, cherish; *pp.* **sambhrita**, collected, accumulated; enhanced, prepared; laden, covered, furnished, with (*m* or °); borne (in the womb); gained, acquired; maintained, nourished; honoured; produced, effected, accomplished; composed, made; well fed (*horse*); loud (*tone*).

भृकुटि bhṛi-kuti, *f.* (also i) contraction of the brow, frown; -**dhara**, *a.* wearing a frown, angry with (*de*).

भृगु bhṛig-u, *m.* [brings closely connected with fire, which they discover, bring to men, and enclose in wood; *N.* of one of the leading Brahman tribes *pl*]; *N.* of a sage representing this tribe and spoken of as the son of Varuna, as one of the seven Rishis, as a law giver, etc.; planet Venus (his day being Friday), precept, advice; -**śakha**, *m.* *N.* Bank of Bhṛigu, *N.* of a sacred place on the north east bank of the Narmada. -**ga**, -**tanaya**, *m.* son of Bhṛigu, planet Venus. -**bandana**, *m.* son of Bhṛigu, pal of Samaka, Ruru, Parasurama, and the planet Venus; -**patana**, *n.* fall from a cliff; -**pati**, *m.* lord of the Bhṛigus, *cp.* of Parasurama; -**putra**, *m.* son of Bhṛigu, planet Venus; -**suta**, -**sānu**, *m.* *id.*

भृक्ष bhṛikṣa, *m.* [Bhṛam-gu, going deviously] large black bee; fork-tailed shrike; -**ka**, ° a large black bee; -**rāya**, *m.* kind of shrike; -**rola**, *m.* kind of wasp; -**sārtha**, *m.* swarm of bees; -**adhya**, *m.* (king of bees =) queen bee.

भृक्षाय bhṛikṣā-ya, *den.* **ā**, behave like a bee.

भृक्षार bhṛikṣ-āra, *m.* *n.* (golden) pitcher. -**ka**, *m.* *id.*

भृक्षाली bhṛikṣ-āli, *f.* flight or swarm of bees.

भृक्षिन् bhṛikṣ-in, *m.* *N.* of an attendant of *Siva*. [of *Siva*, -**ritā**, *m.* *id.*

भृक्षिण bhṛikṣi-ṇa, *m.* *N.* of an attendant

भृक्ष्य bhṛikṣy-ana, *n.* frying-pan. [caste.]

भृक्ष्यकण्ठ bhṛikṣy-kantha, *m.* a certain mixed

भृत् bhṛi-t, *a.* (°) bearing; possessing, having, endowed with; bringing, affording; maintaining, supporting.

भृत् bhṛi-ta, *pp.* borne, supported, etc. (see °/bhṛi); *m.* hiring, mercenary; -**ka**, *a* hired, paid, receiving wages; *m.* paid servant or teacher.

भृति bhṛi-ti (SB, also bhṛi-), *f.* fetching of (°); support, maintenance, nourishment; hire, wages, service, food (°).

भृत् bhṛi-tva, *a.* carrying of (°).

भृत् bhṛi-tva, (*fp.* to be supported), *m.* servant; king's servant, minister; **ā**, *f.* roaring, fostering (°); **ā** -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* service, servitude, dependence.

मृत्त bhrityanna, *n. sg.* board and wages.

मृत्तपरमाणु bhritya-paramaṇu, *m.* mean-
est atom of a servant = most humble servant;
-bhāva, *m.* condition of a servant; -vritti,
f. maintenance of servants.

मृत्ताय bhrityā-ya, *den. ā.* behave like a
servant.

मृत्ती bhrityi-bhū, *enter into service.*

मृत् bhri-thā, *m. (?)* offering (*RV.*).

मृम bhrim-ā, *m.* [✓bhrām] error (*RV.*).

मृम bhrim-ald, *a.* torpid (*AV.*).

मृमि bhrim-i, *a.* [turning swiftly: ✓bhrām]
quick, active (*RV.*).

मृश bhris-a, *a.* [fulling, weighty: ✓bhras]
mighty, powerful; intense (*pain*); excessive,
rigorous (*punishment*); abundant (*food*): -
or -, exceedingly, violently, greatly, in a
high degree, very much; without hesitation:
-tā, *f.* violence; -danda, *a.* chastising rig-
orously (*lc.*); -dāraṇa, *a.* very terrible; -
dūh-khita, *pp.* greatly afflicted; -pidita, *pp.*
exceedingly distressed; -svīd, *a.* perspiring
profusely.

मृष्ट bhrish-ta, *pp.* ✓bhragg.

मृष्टि bhrish-ti, *f.* point; edge.

मेक bhe-ka, *m. frog: i, f.* female frog:
-pati, *m.* male frog.

मेदगिरि bheda-giri, *m. N. of a mountain.*

मेदर bheda-ra, *m. N. of an Aśvādhara.*

मेतव bhe-tavya, *n. imp.* one should fear
(*ab., g.*).

मेतव्य bhet-tavya, *fp.* to be split or broken;
- divulged or betrayed; -tri, *m.* cleaver,
breaker, destroyer, piercer; conqueror; dis-
turber, thwarting; betrayer (*of counsel etc.*);
ep. of Skanda (*who cleft Mount Krauñka*).

भेद bhed-ā, *m. 1. act. vbl. N.* breaking,
splitting, cleaving, bursting, piercing, per-
forating, rending; division, separation; be-
trayal (*of a secret*); disturbance, interruption,
infringement; sowing dissension, winning
over an ally (*one of the four Updās*); lead-
ing astray, seduction; 2. *pp. vbl. N.* (being
broken etc.), bursting, rupture, breach; in-
jury, hurt; bursting open, blossoming; sprout-
ing (*of the beard*); contraction (*of the brows*);
disunion, dissension, between (*in*), in (*°*);
change, alteration, modification; distinction,
difference; 3. *concrete*: division, part; cleft,
fissure, chasm; variety, species, kind.

भेदक bheda-ka, *a.* breaking, - into or
through, piercing; breaking down the dam
of (*locks*), diverting (*water-courses*); destroy-
ing (*boundary-marks*); leading astray (*mis-
sioners*); discriminating, distinguishing; differ-
entiating, determining (*meaning*); *n.* adjective;
-kara, *a.* (breaking down) (*bridges, etc.*);
sowing dissensions among or in (*g. or -*);
-karta, *a.* causing disunion; making a differ-
ence, altered; -krit, *a.* breaking down or
into (*-°*); -tan, *ad.* separately, singly; ac-
cording to the difference.

भेदना bhed-ana, *a.* cleaving, splitting, round-
ing, breaking, piercing; *n. 1. act. vbl. N.*
splitting, slitting, rending, piercing; betrayal
(*of a secret*); sowing of dissensions, creation
of discord; 2. *pp. vbl. N.* breaking, bursting,
breach; dissension, discord; -anaya, *fp.* to
be split or cleft.

भेदवादिन bheda-vādin, *m.* maintainer of
the doctrine of dualism (the difference be-

tween God and the world); -saha, *a.* capable
of seduction, corruptible; -abheda-vādin, *m.*
maintainer of the doctrine both of the differ-
ence and the identity of God and the world.

भेदि bhed-in, *a.* breaking, cleaving, pierc-
ing; putting out (*eyes*); violating (*an agreement*
etc.); dividing, separating from (*ab.*); creating
discord in or among; interrupting (*medita-
tion*); -ya, *fp.* to be split; capable of being
pierced; refutable; to be betrayed; corrupti-
ble, to be drawn off from his allies; that is
differentiated or determined; *n.* substantive.

भेद्य bhe-ya, *fp.* n. one should be afraid of (*ab.*).

भेरी bheri, *f.* (rarely i) kettle-drum.

भेख bhe-runda, *a.* terrible, formidable;
m. a kind of bird; kind of beast of prey:
-ka, *m.* kind of animal, fox.

भेषज bhesaj-ā, *a.* (i) curing, healing (*°*):
n. medicament, drug, medicine; remedy for
(*g. or -°*); medicinal spells of the Atharva-
veda: -kandra, *m. N.*, (ā)-tā, *f.* healing
effect, -āgāra, *n.* apothecary's shop.

भेष bhaiksha, *a.* living on alms; *n.* begging,
mendicancy; begged food, alms, charity: -*m*
kar, go about begging for (*-°*); beg for alms.

भेषकरण bhaiksha-karana, *n.* going about
begging: -m kṛi, practice mendicancy; -kar-
ya, *n.*, -karyā, *f. id.*; -bhag, *a.* living on alms.

भेषक bhaikshav-a, *a.* belonging to the monk
(bhikṣu).

भेषवत् bhaiksha-vut, *ad.* like alms; -vritti,
f. subsistence on alms, mendicancy; *a.* living
on alms: -anna, *n.* begged food; -āra, *a.*
eating begged food; -āya, *n.* subsistence on
alms; -āhāra, *a.* eating begged food; -upa-
gāya, *n.* subsisting on alms.

भेम bhaima, *a.* (i) relating to Bhīma: *m.*
pat. descendant of Bhīma: i, *f.* pat. daugh-
ter of Bhīma, Damayanti.

भेमरथ bhaima-ratha, *a.* (i) relating to Bhi-
ma-ratha.

भैरव bhairav-*n. 1. a.* (ā, i) frightful, terri-
ble, formidable: -m, *ad.*; *m.* a form of Śiva
(of which eight kinds are distinguished); *N.*:
i, *f.* a form of Durgā; 2. *a.* (i) relating to
Bhairava; bhāra, *m. N.* of a teacher;
-ānanda, *m. N.* of a Yogin.

भैरवीय bhairav-īya, *a.* relating to Bhairava.

भैषज्य bhaishaj-ya, *n.* healing effect; medi-
cine, drug, remedy, for (*g.*).

भै bhaih, *2 sg. aor. of* ✓bhi, used imperatively.

भो bho = bhoh before soft letters.

भोक्तव्य bhok-tavya, *fp.* to be enjoyed or
eaten; - used; - utilized or exploited; -
ruled (*earth*); to be fed; *n. imp.* one should
eat or dine; -tri, *m. (f. tri)*, enjoyer, eater;
user, possessor, experiencer (*of pleasure or*
pain); ruler, king: -tva, *n.* enjoyment; per-
ception; possession.

भोग i. bhog-ā, *m.* curve, coil (*of a serpent*);
hood of a snake; kind of military array,
serpent.

भोग i. bhog-a, *m.* eating, enjoying, con-
suming; fruition, enjoyment; use, employ-
ment, application; usufruct; sexual enjoy-
ment; rule, sway; feeling, perception (*of*
pleasure or pain); utility, advantage; plea-
sure, joy; object of enjoyment; property,
revenue.

भोगकर bhoga-kara, *a.* (i) affording enjoy-
ment; -griha, *n.* women's apartments, harems;

-tva, *n.* condition of enjoyment etc.; -datta,
f. N.: -deva, *m. N.*: -deha, *m.* body of en-
joyment (*subtle body assumed by dead persons,
with which they enjoy pleasure or pain ac-
cording to the actions of their past life*); -pati,
m. (lord of the revenue), governor of a city
or province, viceroy; -bhag, *a.* indulging in
pleasure; *m.* wealthy man.

भोगवत् i. bhoga-vat, *a.* possessed of coils
(serpent); *n.* serpent, Nāga: -i, *f.* female
serpent; City of Serpents (*in the lower re-
gions*); 2. -vat, *a.* affording enjoyment, de-
lightful, leading an enjoyable life: -i, *f. N.*
of the city of Uggayini in the Indrapara age;
night of the second lunar day in a month;
-varman, *m. N.*; -vasta, *n.* object of enjoy-
ment; -vāsa, *m.* sleeping apartment; -sena,
m. N.; -āyātana, *n.* seat of enjoyment;
-śrāvī, *f.* panegyric poem by a professional
panegyrist.

भोगिन bhog-in, *i. a.* having coils; *m.* ser-
pent, Nāga: -i, *f.* female serpent or Nāga;
2. *a.* eating, enjoying (*-°*); devoted to or
abounding in enjoyment, voluptuous; opu-
lent; experiencing.

भोग्य bhog-ya, *fp.* to be enjoyed, used, or
turned to account; useful, serviceable, pro-
fitable; to be exploited (*king*); to be endured:
-tā, *f.* -tva, *n.* serviceableness, profitabil-
ness, capability of being exploited.

भोग bhog-ā, *a.* liberal (*V.*); voluptuous:
m. kind of king (*Br.*); *N.* of a people (*pl.*):
king of the Bhogas; *N.*, *esp.* of a king of
Māhā, a great patron of letters, who flour-
ished about A.D. 1000.

भोगक bhogu-ka, *i. a.* eating (*-°*); feeding
(*g.*); *m.* attendant at meals; 2. priest of the
sun (supposed to be descended from the union
of Magi with Bhoga women); astrologer.

भोगदेव bhoga-deva, *m. N.* king Bhoga (*of*
Māhā), the reputed author of various works.

भोजन bhog-ana, *a.* feeding (Śiva); *n.* en-
joying, using; eating; meal; food (*-°*), *a.*
living on, affording as food, serving as the
food of; property, possessions (*V.*); object
of enjoyment; pleasure; giving of food, feed-
ing; preparation of food, cookery: -kālā, *m.*
meal-time; -bhānda, *n.* dish for food; -bhā-
mī, *f.* eating-place, dining-hall; -vishesha,
m. special kind of food, choice food, dainty,
delicacy.

भोजनरेन्द्र bhoga-narendra, *m.* king Bhoga
(the poet and patron of letters).

भोजनवृत्ति bhogana-vritti, *f.* taking of
food, eating (*etc. pl.*): -velā, *f.* meal-time;
-vyagra, *a.* engaged in eating; -adhi-kāra,
m. superintendence of the provisions, commis-
sariat; -arthin, *a.* desirous of food, hungry.

भोजनीय bhog-aniya, *fp.* edible, eatable:
to be fed; to whom enjoyment should be
given; *n.* food.

भोजपितृ bhoga-pitri, *m.* father of a prince.

भोजयितव्य bhog-ay-i-tavya, *cs. fp.* to be
fed; -ayi-tri, *m.* one who causes any one to
enjoy anything.

भोजराज bhoga-rāja, *m.* king Bhoga.

भोजिक bhog-ika, *m. N.* of a Brāhman; -ia,
a. (*-°*) enjoying, eating; exploiting; -ya, *fp.*
to be eaten; eatable; to be enjoyed or used;
to be carnally enjoyed; - experienced or felt;
- fed; *n.* eatables, provisions, food; eating;
enjoyment, advantage (*V.*): -kālā, *m.* meal-
time, -tā, *f.* -tva, *n.* condition of food.

मोट bhota, *m.* Thilet.

मोमवत्पूर्वकम् bho-bhavat-pūrva-kam, *ad.* with bhoḥ and bhavat preceding.

मोःशब्द bhoḥ-sabda, *m.* the word bhoḥ.

मोश् bhos, *j.* [contraction of bhavas, *V.* *ec.* of bhavat] used in addressing persons male and female (often several). Sir! oh! ho there! hark! often repeated **bho bhoḥ** : is *soliloquies* = alas! (the final *virāga* is retained before hard letters only, being dropped before vowels and soft consonants)

मीक bhaṅga, *a.* (i) relating to snakes, snake-like (*bhāvika*).

मीय bhaṅg-ya, *n.* dignity of a prince bearing the title of Bhoga.

मीट bhaṅta, *m.* Thibetau.

मीत bhautā, *a.* relating to or meant for living beings (bhūta); possessed by evil spirits, deranged, imbecile; formed of the elements, elemental, material; *m.* idiot; *°* idiot of a - fool with regard to (water); -**ka**, *°* *a.* idiot; -**prāya**, *a.* almost imbecile.

मीतिक bhaut-ika, *1. a.* (i) relating to or meant for living creatures; consisting of gross elements, elemental, material; *2. m.* *ep.* of Śiva; *a kind of monk.*

मीम bhāmā, *1. a.* (i) belonging or relating to -, proceeding from the earth; being on or in the ground, earthly, terrestrial; made of earth, earthy; *m. met.* of a certain earth-genius; planet Mars (whose day is Tuesday); *n.* dust of the earth; *pl.* grain; floor, storey (only *°*); (**2.**) *2.* relating to Mars or Tuesday, occurring on Tuesday; -**vāra**, *m.* day of Mars, Tuesday.

मीमिक bhām-ika, *a.* being on the earth, terrestrial; collected on the ground (*water*).

मीरिक bhauri-ka, *m.* treasurer, master of the mint.

मीर bhauya, *a.* coming from the birch.

मीवन bhauvā, *a.* belonging to the world (*V.*); *m. put.* of Viśvakarman.

मीवादिक bhauvādi-ka, *a.* belonging to the class of roots beginning with bhū (bhū ādi), *i. e.* to the first conjugational class (*gr.*).

भ्यस्त BHY-AS, *I. A.* [derivative of √bhī] **bhyaṣa**, (*V.*) be afraid of, tremble before (*ab.*).

भ्रम् BHRAMS, **भ्रम** BHRAS, *I. A.* (*V.*; *rare in V.*) **bhrāmsa**, *IV. P. A.* **bhrāya**, drop, fall, - down, out, or in pieces; strike against (*lc.*); glance off (*ab.*); fall, be ruined (*fig.*); escape, flee from (*ab.*); disappear from (*ab.*); vanish, depart; decline, fail; stray, deviate, or swerve from (*ab.*); be deprived of, lose (*ab.*); slip from any one (*gr.*): *pp.* **bhrāsta**, fallen, - off, out, or down (from *ab.* or *lc.*); shrunk (*body*); fallen, ruined; banished (*from heaven*) to earth; escaped, delivered from (*ab.*); vanished, lost, passed away; strayed or separated from, deprived of, having lost (*ab.* or *lc.*); *cs.* **bhrāmsa**, *P.* cause to fall (*also fig.*); throw or cast down; cause to disappear or be lost; - to escape from (*ab.*); deprive any one (*ac.*) of (*ab.*); cause to deviate from (*ab.*): *pp.* **bhrāmista**, *aps.* *pp.* deviating from the standard, corrupt (*dialect*). **pari**, escape; *pp.* fallen down, dropped, slipped, from (*ab.*), on or into (*lc.* or *lc.*); overthrow; sunken (*breasts*); fallen, ruined; strayed, escaped; vanished, gone; deprived or destitute of, having lost, lacking (*ab.* or *lc.*, rarely *in.*); delivered from (*ab.*); refraining from (*lc.*).

pra, fall or drop down, slip; run away from (*ab.*); disappear, vanish; be deprived of; *pp.* fallen down; strayed, run away; escaped from captivity (*ab.*); *cs.* deprive of (*ab.*). **vi**, fail or be unsuccessful in (*lc.*); separate oneself from, desert (*ab.*): *pp.* fallen (*fig.*); strayed from (*lc.*); vanished; unsuccessful, in (*lc.*); deprived of (*lc.*); *cs.* strike or break off; cause to fall; cause to disappear, destroy; cause to deviate from, deprive of (*ab.*). **sam**, slip away.

भ्रंश bhrāmsa, *m.* falling or slipping down or off, fall; decline, decay; destruction, ruin; separation, straying from (*lc.*); loss, disappearance; deprivation of (*lc.*); deviation from, abandonment of (*ab.* or *lc.*); slip of the tongue due to excitement (*dr.*); -**ana**, *a.* causing to fall, overthrowing; *n.* being deprived of, losing (*ab.*); depriving of (*ab.*); -**ina**, *a.* falling off, out, or down (from, *lc.*); falling, being ruined, transient (*lc.*); ruining, destroying.

भ्रंश bhrāṅ, *a.* (only *°* *RV.*) breaking forth from (mountains).

भ्रज्ज BHRAGG, *VI. P.* **bhriggā**, fry, roast, bake, parch (grain): *pp.* **bhrāḥa**, baked, fried, parched, *cs.* **bhrāgya**, *P.* roast, fry, bake; *pp.* **bhrāgita**, roasted - destroyed *pari*, fry, parch. **sam**, *pp.* parched, dry.

भ्रम् BHRAM, *I. P.* **bhrāma**, *IV. P.* **bhrāmya**, wander about, roam, rove, ramble; fly about (*bee*); wag (*longue*); move about (*gr.*); move unsteadily, quiver, flicker. *fluter* (*of inanimate things*); reel, stagger, totter; waver, be perplexed, doubt, err, be mistaken; whirl round, move in a circle, revolve; wander or roam through or over (*ac.*) - **bhrāhām** -, wander about begging; *pp.* **bhrāta**, wandering or roaming about; moving about unsteadily, reeling, having roamed through (*ac.*); wandered through; revolving, rolling; perplexed, confused; erring, mistaken; -**m**, *n.* *imps.* one has wandered about; *cs.* **bhrāmaya**, *P.* cause to wander or roam; drive or move about, agitate; cause to revolve, whirl or turn round, wave; drive through (*ac.*) in a chariot; disarrange; cause to err, confuse, **pa/aham** -, send the drum about, proclaim by beat of drum; *intr.* **bambhramiti**, wander aimlessly; **bambhramyate**, roam about; wander through; be wandered through. **ud**, leap up; rise (*sun*): *pp.* flying up (*birds*); raised, agitated (*waves*); upturned (*glance*), flown (*life*); wandering about; whirling on; excited, agitated, bewildered, distracted; *cs.* wave, brandish; excite, agitate. **sam-ud**, *pp.* excited, grown intractable (*horses*). **pari**, roam, wander, fly, or flit about; roam over (*ac.*); turn round, revolve, wheel; describe a circle round (*ac.*); *cs.* move to and fro; stir, agitate **pra**, roam about, wander over (*ac.*). **vi**, wander about, rove, fly about, hover, wheel; reel, quiver; roam over (*ac.*); move about (*tail*); scare away, disperse; be disordered or confused; be bewildered or perplexed; *pp.* moving about, rolling (*eyes*); spread abroad (*fame*); confused, bewildered; *cs.* confound, confuse, perplex. **sam**, wander about, rove; fall into error, be perplexed; *pp.* bewildered, confounded; agitated; sprightly (*gait*); *cs.* *ps.* become perplexed as to, despair of (*ab.*). **upa-sam**, *pp.* having leapt up from (*ab.*); excited, bewildered.

भ्रम bhrāmā, *m.* roaming about, roving; wandering about in (*lc.*); moving about (*the eyes*); rotation; whirling flame (*RV.*); whirlpool; turner's lathe; giddiness; bewildered, perplexity; mistake, error, delusion; *°*, erroneous opinion of = that something is or

was e.g. **maṇi-bhrāmāt**, under the erroneous impression that it was a jewel.

भ्रम bhrāmāna, *n.* wandering about, roving; roaming over or through (*lc.*); tottering, unsteadiness; rotation, revolution; orbit (*of a heavenly body*); giddiness; sending round the drum = assembling the people by beat of drum; -**āya**, *fp.* to be wandered over (*earth*).

भ्रमर bhrāmāra, *m.* [wandering, hovering]. bee; -**ka**, *n.* humming-top; -**bhrāmāra** **bhrāmāya**, cause to spin like a humming-top; -**ka-ṛanda**, *m.* small box of bees (which are let go at night by thieves to extinguish lights in houses); -**bādhā**, *f.* molestation by a bee; -**vilasita**, *pp.* hovered round by bees; *n.* hovering of bees; *a metre* (*also* *li.*).

भ्रमरित bhrāmārita, *den. pp.* covered with

भ्रमरी bhrāmāri, *f.* female bee; *N.* [bees.

भ्रमि bhrām-i, *f.* turning round, revolution; turner's lathe; whirlpool; circular array of troops.

भ्रम BHRAS, *c.* **भ्रम्** BHRAMS.

भ्रष्ट bhrāṣṭa, *pp.* *v.* *√* bhrāms - **adhikāra**, *a.* deprived of office, dismissed. -**tva**, *n.* loss of office.

भ्राज BHRĀG, *I. A.* (*P. rare*) **bhrāga** (*V.* *lc.*), shine, beam, gleam, glitter; **sa** -, not shine, be of no account, *cs.* *P.* **bhrāgya**, cause to shine or glitter. **pari**, shine around. **vi**, gleam, flash, gleam through (*ac.*); *cs.* cause to gleam **sam**, gleam, glitter.

भ्राज bhrāḡ, *f.* (*am. T.*) sheen (*V.*).

भ्राजति bhrāḡati, *ri-shiti*, *a.* (*V.*) having flashing appears (*Martals*).

भ्राजन् bhrāḡana, *n.* causing to shine.

भ्राजस् bhrāḡas, *n.* glittering, gleaming, lustre, brilliancy.

भ्राजन् bhrāḡ-m, *a.* shining, glittering; -**ishita**, *a.* shining, radiant, resplendent -**tā**, *f.* radiance.

भ्रातृ bhrātri, *m.* brother; often used to designate an intimate friend; or employed as a term of familiar address - friend, my good friend -**ka**, *a.* *°*, *id.*; -**gāyā**, *f.* brother's (= friend's) wife, -**tva**, *n.* brotherhood; -**bhāṇa**, *m. n.* twin-brother; -**bhāryā**, *f.* brother's wife *pl.* brothers' wives; -**mat**, *a.* having a brother or brothers.

भ्रातृव bhrātri-va, *m.* father's brother's son, cousin; hostile cousin, rival, adversary (this meaning almost exclusively *V.*).

भ्रातृवत् bhrātrivya-vat, *a.* having rivals; -**hān**, *a.* (-*ghni*) slaying rivals.

भ्रातृसिंह bhrātri-sinha, *m. N.*; -**sthāna**, *a.* taking the place of a brother; *m.* brother's representative.

भ्रातृ bhrātri, *n.* brotherhood (*V.*); -**ya**, *n.* *id.*

भ्रातृ bhrātri, *pp.* *√* bhrām; *n.* roaming or moving about; mistake, error.

भ्रान्ति bhrānti, *f.* wandering about; moving about, driving (*of clouds*), quivering (*of lightning*); rolling; rotation, revolution; -*°*, encircling the earth; perplexity, confusion; uncertainty, doubt; mistake, error, delusion, erroneous idea or impression; *°*, wrong idea that something is or was: e.g. **sukha**, the delusion that there is such a thing as pleasure; -**darśana**, *n.* erroneous perception; -**mat**, *a.* revolving; roaming about; being under the erroneous impression that some-

thing is (°); delusion (a figure of speech in which one thing is represented as mistaken for another owing to their close resemblance).

धाम bhrām-a, *m.* roaming about, unstableness; -**aka**, *a.* (ikā) deceptive, delusive; -**ana**, *n.* turning round, waving; giddiness.

धामरि bhrāmari, *a.* relating or belonging to the bee; *n.* honey; *i.* *f. ep.* of Durgā.

धामरिन् bhrāmari-in, *a.* subject to giddiness, epileptic.

धामिन् bhrām-in, *a.* confused.

धाम्नि bhrāṇi, *fp.* to be broken off (RV.¹).

धाम्नि bhrāṇi, *n.* frying-pan; -**ka**, *m.* (2) *id.*, -**ga**, *f.* pancake made of ground rice.

धी BHĪ, IX. P. bharinā, hurt, injure (RV.¹).

धुक्कि bhru-kufi, *f.* contraction of the brow, frown; *i.* *f. id.* (1) -**bandha**, *m.* (1) -**rak-ana**, *f.* knitting of the brows; (2) -**krit**, *a.* contracting the brow, frowning; (3) -**makha**, *n.* frowning face; *a.* having a frowning face.

धुव bhruva, -° *a.* = bhrū.

ध्रु bhrū, *f.* brow, eyebrow (-° *a.*, *m.* **ū**, *n.* **u**); -**ka**, -° *a. id.*; -**kufi**, *f.* contraction of the brows, frown (-*m* *kri* or *bandh*, knit the eyebrows); -**makha**, *n.* frowning face; *a.* having a frowning face; -**kahepa**, *m.* -**na**, *n.* contraction of the brows, frown; -**kāpa-krish/a-mukta**, *pp.* drawn and discharged from the bow of the eyebrow.

धूय bhrūdā, *n.* embryo; -**ghna**, *a.* slaying an embryo; *m.* destroyer of an embryo, producer of abortion; -**bhid**, *a. id.*, -**vada**, *m.*, -**hati**, *f.*, -**hatyā**, *f.* killing of an embryo,

causing of abortion; -**han**, *a.* slaying an embryo; killing a learned Brāhman (*comm.*); *m.* causer of abortion; murderer of a learned Brāhman (*comm.*); *n.* killing of an embryo; -**hantri**, *m.* slayer of an embryo, causer of abortion.

धूम्र bhrū-bhaṅga, *m.* contraction of the brows, frown; -**bhedā**, *m. id.*; -**bhedin**, *a.* attended with frowns; -**latā**, *f.* brow-creep, eyebrow; -**vikāra**, *m.*, -**vikshepa**, *m.* contraction of the brows, frown; -**vikshita**, (*pp.*) *n.*, -**vibhedā**, *m. id.*; -**vilāsa**, *m.* play of the eyebrows; -**sangata-ka**, *n.* contact of the brows.

धेष BHĒSH, I. bhrēsha, sway, waver, totter, trip (V.).

धेष bhrēsh-a, *m.* tottering, wavering; slipping; failure; loss, deprivation.

म म.

म 1. *ma*, base of the *prn.* of the 1st *prs.*: *mā* (*ac.*) and *mu* (*d. g.*) being unaccented never occur at the beginning of a sentence.

म 2. *ma*, *m.* fourth note of the Indian scale (abbreviated from *madhyama*); **म**, *f.* authority; knowledge.

मंह MAMH, I. **Ā. māmha**, (V.) give away, bestow abundantly; *ex. māmha*, P. *id.* **vi**, distribute.

मंहण mamh-āna, *n.* gift (RV.); **ā**, *ad.* willingly, promptly; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be extolled.

मंहम mamhama, *m.* kind of personification.

मंहि māmhi-ishtha, *sp.* (V.) bestowing most abundantly, most munificent; quite ready for (*d.*); extremely abundant.

मकमकय maka-makā-ya, *onom.* **Ā.** crouk (of frogs).

मकर mā-kara, *m.* kind of marine monster (perhaps crocodile or shark); regarded as an emblem of Kāma and used as an ornament on gates and on head-dresses, Capricorn (sign of the zodiac); kind of military array shaped like a makara (two triangles joined at the apex).

मकराकटी makara-katī, *f. N.*; -**kundala**, *n.* ear-ring in the shape of a makara; -**ketana**, *m.* (having the makara for his emblem), Kāma; -**ketu**, *m. id.*; -**mat**, *m. id.*; -**damh-trā**, *f. N.*; -**dhva**, *m.* (having the makara as his emblem), Kāma; kind of military array shaped like a makara.

मकरन्द makaranda, *m.* flower-juice; *N.*; *N.* of a pleasure-garden near Uggayini; -**kanā-ya**, *den. ā.* resemble drops of flower-juice; -**udāna**, *n.* *N.* of a pleasure-garden; -**lākha**, *m.* (having a makara as his emblem), Kāma; -**ākara**, *m.* receptacle of makaras, ocean; -**akha**, *m.* (makara-eyed), *N.* of a Rākshasi; -**ālaya**, *m.* abode of makaras, ocean; -**āvāsa**, *m. id.*

मकरिका makur-ikā, *f.* kind of head-dress; makara-like figure.

मकरी makur-i, *f.* female makara; -**pattra**, *n.* mark of a makar made on the face of Lūkshmi; -**lekha**, *f. id.*

मकार ma-kāra, *m.* letter m.

मकुष makushtha, *m.* kind of bean (Phaseolus acutifolius).

मक्ष māksh, *f. (?)* fly (RV.) = mākshā.

मक्षी mākshī, *f.* fly (V.).

मक्षिका māksh-ikā, *f.* fly; bee (*sts. a, m.* on account of metre in C.).

मक्षु makshū, *a.* (V.) only in *pl.* soon; **ū**, *ad.* quickly, soon (V.); -**tama**, *sp.* (RV.) most zealous; next.

मख mukh-ā, *a.* vigorous, sprightly (V.); *m.* feast (V.); sacrifice; -**dvish**, *m.* foe of the sacrifice, demon, Rākshasa; -**mathana**, *n.* performance of the sacrifice; -**mayā**, *a.* containing or representing the sacrifice; -**vedi**, *f.* place of sacrifice.

मखस mukh-as, only -° *a.* (RV.¹): -**yā**, *den.* P. **ā**, be gay (RV.); -**yā**, *a.* gay, exuberant.

मखाशभाज mukha-amsa-bhāṅ, *m.* (obtaining a share of the sacrifice), god; -**ālaya**, *m.* house of sacrifice.

मग maga, *m.* Magus, priest of the sun; *pl.* a people in Sākadāriya chiefly consisting of Brāhmanas.

मगध magadha, *m.* *N.* of a people inhabiting Southern Behar (*pl.*); *N.* of a country, Southern Behar; **ā**, *f.* the city of Magadha; long pepper; -**dama**, *m.* country of -, -**puri**, *f.* city of Magadha, -**ivara**, *m.* prince of Magadha; *N.* of a prince of Magadha, -**ud-bhava**, *f.* (produced in Magadha), long pepper.

मगध magadha, *m.* usurer. [*etc.*]

मग्न mag-ua, *pp.* (√magh) sunk, immersed.

मघ magh-ā, *n.* (√magh = mah) gift, reward, bounty.

मघत्ति maghā-tti, *f.* [t-ti = d(ā)-ti: √dā] giving and receiving of presents (RV.).

मघवत्त्व magha-vat-tva, *n.* bountifulness (RV.).

मघवन् maghā-van, *a.* (V.; *stig. st.* -**vān**; *mad* -**vat**; *ek. maghon* = magh-un; *nm.* -**vā** or -**vān**; *f.* *maghoni*) bountiful, munificent; *m.* bestower of gifts, *esp.* of instructors of sacrifices, who pay the priests and singers, the Bounteous One (Indra); in C. only *ep.* of Indra. [*asterism.*]

मघा magh-ā, *f. sg.* & *pl. N.* of the tenth lunar

मङ्गल maṅgala-ka, *m.* *N.* of a Rishi.

मङ्गु maṅk-ū, *a.* tottering (Br.).

मङ्गु maṅk-tavya, *fp.* *n.* *imps.* one should enter the water (√maggi).

मङ्गु maṅkshu, *ad.* immediately, at once

मङ्गु maṅkha, *m. N.*: -**ka**, *m. N.*, -**nā**, *f. N.*

मङ्गल maṅga-la, *n.* [brightness: √maṅg] luck, fortune, happiness, bias (*sts. pl.*); prosperity, welfare; auspiciousness; good omen, whatever conducive to an auspicious issue; benediction, blessing; auspicious or lucky object, amulet; solemn ceremony, auspicious festivity (on important occasions); good old custom; good work; *a.* auspicious, propitious; *m.* planet Mars; *N.*: -**karana**, *n.* uttering a prayer for the auspicious issue of an undertaking; -**kalasa-maya**, *a.* consisting of festal jars; -**kāra**, *a.* productive of prosperity, auspicious; -**kāla**, *m.* auspicious time; -**kāsha**, *n.* *du.* two festal garments (upper and lower) of linen; -**gāthikā**, *f.* solemn chant; -**gita**, *n. id.*; -**ghaṭa**, *m.* *N.* of an elephant; -**kanḍikā**, *f.* a form of Durgā; -**tūrya**, *n.* musical instrument used on festive occasions; -**nivāna**, *m.* sound of auspicious musical instruments; -**devatā**, *f.* tutelary deity (only V.); -**pattra**, *n.* leaf used as an amulet; -**pāṭhaka**, *m.* pronouncer of benedictions, professional paṇegyrist; -**pātra**, *n.* auspicious pot or vessel (containing propitious objects); -**pura**, *n.* *N.* of a town; -**pushpa-maya**, *a.* made of auspicious flowers (garland); -**pratisara**, *m.* cord of an amulet; -**prada**, *a.* auspicious; -**mayā**, *a.* (i) consisting of nothing but luck *etc.*; -**vat-i**, *f. N.*; -**vadin**, *a.* pronouncing a blessing; -**vrishabha**, *m.* bull with auspicious marks; -**śabda**, *m.* benediction, greeting; -**śūka**, *a.* indicative of good luck, auspicious. [*wife*].

मङ्गला maṅgalā, *f.* a form of Umā (Siva's

मङ्गलाचरण maṅgala ākarana, *n.* prayer for the auspicious issue of an undertaking; -**āśāra**, *m.* auspicious observances; -**ātodya**, *n.* drum beaten on auspicious occasions; -**ādeva-vritta**, *a.* subsisting by teaching auspicious rites; professional fortune-teller; -**alamkṛita**, *pp.* auspiciously ornamented; -**ālapana**, *n.* benediction; -**āvāsa**, *m.* temple.

मङ्गलीय maṅgal-īya, *a.* auspicious.

मङ्गु maṅgal-ya, *a.* auspicious, fortunate, lucky; *m.* kind of pulse; *n.* auspicious prayer; auspicious object; -**danda**, *m. N.*; -**vastu**, *n.* auspicious object.

मङ्गरी mat-sūira, *n.* my body; -**khiśya**, *m.* my pupil.

मज्ज MAGG, I. P. (Ā) **māggā**, sink; go down, perish; go to hell; sink into hell (*ac.*); dive, plunge, into (*lc.*); bathe; enter the water (*lc.*), betake oneself into (*lc.*); *pp.* **magna**, sunk, plunged, immersed, in (*lc.* or -°); set (moon); sunk into misfortune;

planted (*arrow*) in (-^s); lurking in holes (-^s); sunken (*breasts*); *cs.* P. *magghāya*, immerse, drown; inundate; strike into (*lc.*); cause to sink, destroy. *ā*, *pp.* completely submerged, in (-^s). *ud*, come up out of the water, emerge; immerse oneself (*S.*). *pp.* *amagga*, emerged; *cs.* cause to come up or float. *sam-ud*, immerse oneself. *ups*, sink; immerse oneself. *ni*, sink, - down; dive; plunge into the water (*lc.*); remain submerged; penetrate (*arrow*), into (*lc.*); be merged (= escape observation) in (*lc.*); disappear; cause to sink *fig.*; *pp.* sunk down, immersed, plunged, in (*lc.* or -^s), fallen into the water, submerged; gone down (*sun*); having penetrated (*missile*), pressed into the breast (*lc.*); sunk in, depressed, deep (*navel*); slender (*violet*); *cs.* cause to dive under water; throw into the water, drown. *sam-ni*, sink down, in (*lc.*). *nis*, sink down; inundate: *pp.* sunk; absorbed (*eye*) in (-^s). *sam*, *pp.* immersed, plunged in (-^s).

मज्ज magg-ān, *m.* [sunk within], marrow; pith (*of plants*); scurf.

मज्ज magg-ana, *n.* sinking, going under water, immersion; plunging into the water, bathing, ablution, bathe, drowning, overwhelming.

मज्ज magg-as, *n.* marrow.

मज्जा magg-ā, *f.* marrow.

मज्जन mag-māna, *n.* lustre, majesty, greatness: in *ā*, altogether: with *nāka*, no one at all.

मज्ज MAṆḠ, only *gd.* with *nis*, *nirmaṇḡya*, purity.

मज्ज maṇḡ-a, *m.* platform on columns (*for spectators*); dais; couch; pedestal: -*ka*, *m.* *id.*, *i-kā*, *f.* chair; trough on legs; (*ā*), *pitha*, *n.* seat on a platform.

[**मज्ज** MAṆḠ, **मज्ज** MAG, be bright.]

मज्जर maṇḡ-ara, *n.* cluster of blossoms.

मज्जरय maṇḡar-ya, *den.* P. adorn with clusters of blossoms.

मज्जरि maṇḡ-ri-i (*or* *vi*, *f.* cluster of blossoms; flower-bud; parallel row or line (*ā*); a plant (*ā*), this word in the first sense is often used - in titles of books; *ikā*, *f.* N. of a princess; *-ita*, *den.* *pp.* furnished with a cluster of blossoms; *-i-ri*, turn into flower-buds.

मज्जिम maṇḡ-i-man, *m.* beauty, loveliness.

मज्जिष्ठा maṇḡ-i-ṣṭhā, *f.* [*spr.* very bright], Indian madder: -*rāga*, *m.* colour of Indian madder; attachment charming and durable like the colour of Indian madder.

मज्जीर maṇḡ-ira, *n.* (?) anklet, foot-ornament.

मज्जु maṇḡ-u, *a.* lovely, beautiful, charming: -*tara*, *cpr.*; -*garta*, *N.* of a country, Nepal; -*giri*, *a.* sweet-voiced, -*ghoṣa*, *a.* uttering a sweet sound; *bhāṣin*, *a.* speaking sweetly; *-matti*, *f.* N. of a princess.

मज्जुल maṇḡ-u-la, *a.* charming, lovely, beautiful: *i-kā*, *f.* N.

मज्जुवादिन् maṇḡ-u-vādin, *a.* speaking sweetly: *ā*, *f.* N.; *-ri*, *f.* N. of a celebrated Bodhisattva of the Northern Buddhists.

मज्जुषा maṇḡ-ūṣhā, *f.* casket, box, chest, basket.

मटका mata-ka [*Prākrit* for *mṛta-ka*].

मटवी mataki, *f.* hail.

[*cop.*]

मट्ट matta, *m.* kind of drum.

मठ matha, *m.*, *i.* *f.* hut; solitary hut of an ascetic or student, cell; monastic school, college. *-kintā*, *f.* care of a monastery: -*m sam-* *ā-kar*, rule a monastery.

मठय matha-ya, *den.* P. build, erect.

मठरा matha-ra, *a.* insisting on (*lc.*): *m.* N.

मठाधिपति matha-ādhipati, *m.* head of a monastery or college; -*āyatana*, *n.* monas-

मठिका math-ikā, *f.* hut, cell. [*tery.*]

मठोशीलोठिका mathoṣi-lothikā, *f.* N.

मठरराज्य madara-rājya, *n.* N. of a district in Kashmir.

मट्टक madda-kandra, *m.* N.

मणि mani, *m.* pearl; gem, jewel; globule; magnet; hump of a camel.

मणिका mani-ka, *m.* large water-pot; *pl.* fleshy excrescences on the shoulder of an animal. -*kārikā*, *f.* carrying of pearls or gems; *N.* of a sacred pool near Linaris; *N.*, *-kāra*, *m.* jeweller. *-danda*, *a.* having a handle adorned with jewels; *-datta*, *m.* N. of a merchant; *-dara*, *m.* N. of a chief of the Yakshas; *-darpana*, *m.* jewelled mirror; *-dipa*, *m.* jewel-lamp in which gems supply the place of the burning wick; *-ka*, *m.* *id.*, *-dhanu*, *m.* *-dhanu*, *n.* rainbow; *-pushpa-ka*, *m.* (gem-flower) red, *N.* of the couch of Sahadara; *-pushpa-ivara*, *n.* N. of an attendant of Siva; *-pura*, *n.* N. of a town in Kalinga situated on the sea-coast (also *-pura*); *-pradipa*, *m.* jewel lamp (= *dipa*); *-bandha*, *m.* fastening or putting on of jewels; place where jewels are fastened; wrist; *-bandhana*, *n.* string or ornament of pearls; wrist; *-bhadrā*, *m.* N. of a brother of Kubera and prince of the Yakshas; *N.* of a Sushthin; *-maṇḡari*, *f.* rows of pearls; *-maṇḡapa*, *m.* hall of crystal, hall resting on crystal columns; *-mat*, *a.* jewelled; *-ma*; *N.*; *-maya*, *a.* *i.* consisting of jewels; *-bhā*, *a.* having floors; *-malā*, *f.* string of jewels, necklace; *-yashā*, *f.* *id.*; *-ratna*, *n.* jewel; *-maya*, *a.* *i.* consisting of jewels, crystal; *-raga*, *m.* colour of a jewel; *-varman*, *m.* N. of a merchant; *-rāga*, *m.* sun; *-rāma*, *a.* blue like a sapphire; *-sara*, *m.* string of pearls, pearl necklace; *-sūtra*, *n.* string of pearls; *-sopāna*, *n.* jewelled or crystal staircase; *-stambha*, *m.* jewelled or crystal pillar; *-sraṇi*, *f.* wreath of jewels; *-harmya*, *n.* crystal palace, *N.* of a palace. [*mond.*]

मणीन्द्र mani-indra, *m.* chief of gems, du-

मणीय mani-ya, *den.* *Ā* resemble a jewel.

मण्ड MAṆḌ, *N.* P. *maṇḍaya*, adorn; ex-
tol: *pp.* *maṇḍita*, adorned.

मण्ड maṇḍ-a, *m.* a scum of boiled grain; cream; most spirituous part of burnt liquors, alcohol: -*ka*, *a.* (*i-kā*), scum, *m.* kind of large and very thin cake made of wheaten flour and sugar.

मण्डन maṇḍ-ana, *a.* decorating, adorning; being an ornament to = dwelling in or ruling (a city or country); *m.* N., *n.* adornment, ornament. -*ārha*, *a.* worthy of ornaments.

मण्डप maṇḍa-pa, *a.* drinking the scum of rice, cream, or the froth of wine; *n.*, *i.* *f.* shed or hall (erected on festive occasions), pavilion; temple; arbour, bower - with names of plants: *-kshetra*, *n.* N. of a sacred territory.

मण्डपिका maṇḍap-ikā, *f.* small (open) pavilion or shed.

मण्डल maṇḍa-la, *a.* circular, round; *n.*, *i.* *f.* (*rare*), disk, cap of the sun or moon; orb, circle (*m.* in a circle), ring, circumference; wheel; charmed circle (*of a conjurer*); *n.* orbit of a heavenly body; *n.* halo round the sun or moon; *n.* ball, globe; *m.* *n.* circular array of troops; circle = district, province, territory, country; *m.* *n.*, *i.* *f.* circle = group, company, assemblage, troop, multitude, crowd; swarm (*of bees*); whole body, totality; circle of a king's ear and distant neighbours (*the relations of whom to one another and to himself he should endeavour to regulate advantageously*); four, six, ten, and twelve such principles are spoken of; *n.* division or book of the Rig-veda (*of which there are ten*); *m.* dog

मण्डलक maṇḍala-ka, *n.* disk; circle; group; *-karmaka*, *a.* having a circular bow (which is therefore completely drawn); *-tva*, *n.* roundness, *-nābhi*, *m.* (centre =) chief of the circle of neighbouring princes; *-tā*, *f.* chiefship of the circle of neighbouring princes; *-nyāsa*, *m.* drawing of a circle: *m.* *krī*, describe a circle; *-bandha*, *m.* formation of a circle; *-bhāga*, *m.* part of a circle, arc; *-vāṭa*, *m.* fig tree forming a circle; *-vartin*, *m.* ruler of a province or small kingdom; *-vārāha*, *n.* *1* local rain (not over the whole country).

मण्डलाय maṇḍala-ya, *a.* having a rounded point, *m.* curved sword, scimitar; *-adhipa*, *-adhipa*, *m.* sovereign of a country.

मण्डलाय maṇḍali-ya, *den.* *Ā*. curl (*int.*).

मण्डलासन maṇḍala-āsana, *a.* sitting in a circle.

मण्डलिका maṇḍal-ikā, *f.* group, crowd; *-ita*, *den.* *pp.* rounded, curled; *-in*, *a.* forming a circle or ring, ruling a country: with *vāṭa*, *m.* whirlwind.

मण्डलीक्ष maṇḍali-kṣi, make round: *pp.* *-krīta*, (*of a bow*) = completely drawn; *-bhū*, become rounded, form a circle: *pp.* = be completely drawn (*bow*).

मण्डली maṇḍali-isa, *m.* ruler of a country (*-tva*, *n.* sovereignty of a country); *-ivara*, *m.* *id.*

मण्डित maṇḍ-itā, *pp.* adorned, decorated; *-i-tri*, *m.* one who adorns = ornament (*fig.*).

मण्डुक maṇḍu-ka, *m.* (?) grunting (*comm.*).

मण्डुकि maṇḍi-ka, *m.* frog; *i.* *f.* female frog; (*ā*), *gati*, *f.* leaping like a frog; *a.* leaping like a frog: *in gr.* = skipping several sutras; *-plati*, *f.* frog-leap; *in gr.* = skipping of several sutras.

मण्डोदक maṇḍa-udaka, *n.* yeast.

मत् mā-t, *ab.* (*of āham*) from *m* = used as the base of āham.

मत ma-ta, *pp.* *√*man; *n.* opinion, view, doctrine.

मतङ्ग matha-ga, *m.* [roaming at will], elephant; *N.* of a Dharmya; *N.* of a sage: *pl.* his race; *ga*, *m.* elephant; *-tva*, *n.* state of an elephant; *-deva*, *m.* N. of a fabulous being; *-pura*, *n.* N. of a town.

मतङ्गिनी matha-ga-ni, *f.* N. of a daughter of Mandara.

मतभेद mata-bheda, *m.* difference of opinion, between *g* and *m.* with *māna*.

मतलिका matall-ikā, *f.* *√* paragon of a splendid, excellent; *ā*, *f.* *id.*

मताक्ष mataksha, *a.* skilled in dice; -**anu-gñā**, *f.* admission of a fallacy in one's own reasoning while insisting on a similar one in that of one's opponent.

मति ma-ti (also mā-in SB.), devout thought, prayer, worship (*V.*); hymn (*V.*); thought, design, intention, purpose, determination, inclination, desire for (*v. d., lc., or inf.*); opinion, notion, impression, view, belief; perception, thought, intelligence, understanding, mind, wit, sense, judgment; respect, regard: *in. matyā*, intentionally, wilfully, wittingly; -*u*, under the impression of that something is; -*m kri*, set one's heart on, think of, resolve upon (*d., lc., prati v. ac., or -artham*); make up one's mind; -*m dhā*, resolve on (*d., lc.*); -*m dhāri*, cherish the project of (*d., lc.*); -*m ā-sbhā*, form a resolution; -*m nīvartaya*, give up the idea of (*ab. of rhl. s.*).

मतिकर्म mati-karman, *n.* matter of the intellect; -**gati**, *f.* way of thinking; -**garbha**, *a.* having intellect within; intelligent, clever; -**dar-ana**, *n. pl.* recognition of other's thoughts or intentions; -**patha**, *n.* path of reflexion; -*m ni*, subject to mature consideration; -**pārva**, *a.* intentional; -*m, e*, ad. intentionally, wilfully, wittingly; -**pūrvakam**, *ad. id.*; -**prakarsha**, *n.* superior cleverness, stroke of genius; -**bheda**, *m.* change of opinion; difference of opinion; -**bhrama**, *m.* mental confusion.

मतिमत् mati-mat, *a.* intelligent, wise, sensible; -**vardhana**, *m.* *N.* of a commentator; -**vid**, *a.* knowing one's devotion or mind; -**viparyaya**, *m.* erroneous opinion, illusion; -**vibhrama**, *m.* mental confusion; infatuation; -**śālin**, *a.* possessed of understanding, sensible, wise; -**hina**, *pp.* destitute of understanding, wisdom, stupid.

मतीह mati-kri, harrow.

मकु mat-ku, *a.* my.

मकुष mat-kuna, *m.* bug; tuskless elephant; -**va**, *n.* condition of a bug or of a tuskless elephant.

मत्कृत māt-kṛta, *pp.* done by me.

मत् mat-tā, *pp.* ✓mad; -**ka**, *a.* somewhat overbearing; *m. N.*; -**kā-in-i**, *a.* *f.* looking intoxicated (used of fascinating women, esp. as a term of address); -**mayāra**, *m.* peacock intoxicated with joy; -**vāra**, *m.* mad elephant; *s.* (fence round a house; -**vikrama**, *a.* having the might of a mad elephant; *s.* turret, pinnacle; -**vāraṇiya**, *a.* attached to the turret (of a car).

मत्तस् mat-tās, *ad.* = *ab.* मत् māt.

मथ matyā, *n.* harrow or roller.

मत्तखि māt-sakhi, *m.* (nm. ā) my friend or companion (*RV*).

मत्तर mat-sarā, *a.* [✓mad] gladdening, intoxicating (*V.*); joyful (*V.*); selfish; jealous, envious; *m.* gladdener = *Soma* (*V.*); jealousy, envy, of (*lc., -*); enmity, hostility; wrath, anger; passion for (*lc., -*).

मत्सरिन् matsar-in, *a.* gladdening (*RV*); envious, jealous, of (*lc. or -*); addicted to, passionately fond of (*lc.*).

मत्सी mats-i, *f.* female fish (= matsyā).

मत्स्य māt-sya, *m.* [lively; ✓mad] fish; *N.* of a people (*pl.*); king of the Matsyas; *du.* Pices (sign of the zodiac).

मत्स्य matsya-ka, *m.* little fish; -**ghāta**, *m.* killing = catching of fish; -**ghātin**, *a.* killing

fish; *m.* fisherman; -**gīvat**, *pr. pt.*, -**gīvin**, *m.* (subsisting on fish), fisherman.

मत्स्यिका matsyand-ikā, *f.* boiled down juice of the sugar-cane; -*i*, *f. id.*

मत्स्यध्वज matsya-dhvaṇa, *m.* fish-banner; -**pūrāna**, *n.* Purāṇa proclaimed by Viṣṇu as a fish; -**prādurbbhāva**, *m.* Viṣṇu's incarnation as a fish; -**bandha**, *m.* catcher of fish, fisherman; -**bandhin**, *m. id.*; -**rāga**, *m.* best of fishes (*pl.*); king of the Matsyas; -**hān**, *m.* killer of fish, fisherman.

मत्स्याण्ड matsya anda, *n.* fish-roe; -**āda**, *a.* feeding or living on fish; -**ādin**, *a. id.*; -**udar-īya**, *a.* coming from the belly of a fish; -**upa-givin**, *m.* (subsisting on fish), fisherman.

मथ MATH, मन्थ MANTH, I. P. (Ā.)

matha, **mātha**, IX. P. Ā. **mathāś**, **mathni**, whirl round (*v.* agnīm, produce fire by attrition); rub a fire-stick (*ac.*); churn; shake; stir up, agitate; afflict, sorely distress; crush, injure, destroy; *pp.* **mathyāte**: *ud*, **mathita**, bewildered; nipped, blighted. *ud*, stir or shake up; strike or tear off; rub or peel off; uproot; exterminate, kill, destroy; refuse; stir, agitate; mingle. *nis*, produce (*fire*) by friction out of (*ac.*); churn out; churn, stir; crush, destroy; shake or pull out; thrash; agitate; wipe away; *pp.* wiped off; *gd.* **nirmathaya**, forcibly. *vi-nis*, crush, destroy (*enemies*). *pra*, churn (*ocean*); strike or tear off; drag away; harass, sorely distress; compel; destroy; devastate; *ca.* **māthaya**, *P.* harass; kill, slay. *vi*, *a.* tear away; *ā*, tear or break in pieces; *hew* in pieces; *pp.* destroyed (*city*); bewildered (*mind*).

मथ math, *a.* (-) destroying; *m.* churning-stick (*weak base* of mathi, *g. v.*).

मथन् math-an (*only in. mathnā*), fire-stick (*P.*).

मथन math-ana, *a.* (ā, ī) harassing, afflicting; destroying; *n.* friction; churning; harassing; destruction; -**śāla**, *m.* mountain of churning, Mount Mandara (used by the gods and Dānava as a churning-stick in churning the ocean).

मथाय mathā-yā, *dm. P.* (*V.*) produce (*fire*) by friction; tear off; shake.

मथि math-i, *m.* (?) churning-stick (*middle base, wk. base math* with *mm. manthās*; -*ita*, *pp.* churned, etc.; *m. N.* of the composer of a hymn; *n.* buttermilk without the addition of water; -*i-tri*, *m.* crusher, destroyer; -*itos*, *g., inf.* of ✓math.

मथुर math-ura, *m. N.*: *ā*, *f. N.* of various cities, esp. of an ancient and famous one situated on the Yamuna and held in great veneration among both Brāhmanas and Buddhists, now called Muttra.

मद 1. MAD, मद् MAND, I. P. **māda** (*V.*), **mānda** (*V.*), *P.* (*tr.*), *Ā.* (*int.*), III. P. **mā-ti** (*V.*), IV. P. (*nt.*) **mādya** (*Br., C.*), rejoice, be glad, exult, delight or revel, in (*in., g., lc., rarely ac.*); be intoxicated (*also fig.*) by (*in.*); enjoy bliss (of the gods and the fathers); bubble, boil (*water*); gladden, inspire, intoxicate; *pp.* **matā**, excited with joy, overjoyed; intoxicated, drunk (*also fig.*); wanton, rutting (*esp. of elephants*); *ca.* **mād-āya**, *P. Ā.*, **mandāya**, *P.* (*V.*) delight, exhilarate; satisfy (*a. fœre*); intoxicate (*also fig.*); infuse with passion; *ā*, rejoice, be glad, live blissfully (*V.*). *anu*, receive with shouts of joy (*ac.*). *ud*, be distracted, lose

one's reason; gladden, delight (*RV.*); *pp.* **amatta**, distracted, frantic, insane, mad; intoxicated; deluded; furious (*animal*); excited (*eyes*); *ca.* throw into ecstasies, deprive of one's senses, render insane. *pra*, rejoice, exult (*V.*); be careless, heedless, or negligent, about (*ab., lc.*); be unguarded, forget one's duty in the matter of (*lc.*); be thrown into confusion (*of inanimate objects*); *pp.* **pramatta**, careless, heedless, negligent, regarding (*ab. or -*); forgetting one's duty in the matter of (*lc.*). **abhi-pra**, gladden, delight. **vi-pra**, *pp.* not missed or neglected (?). **vi**, be joyful; become discomposed; be in rut; confuse; *pp.* discomposed; rutting; *ca.* confuse. **sam**, rejoice with (*in., V.*); delight in anything (*in., V.*); *pp.* ravished by (*in.*); intoxicated by (*-*); rutting (*elephant*); *ca.* *P.* **mādāya**, exhilarate; intoxicate; *Ā.* be exhilarated or intoxicated.

मद् 2. MAD, मद् MAND, I. P. **māda** (*V.*), III. P. **mamāda** (*V.*), delay, stand still.

मद् mād-ā, *m.* hilarity, exhilaration, rupture, intoxication; passion for (-); wantonness, lust; rut; pride, arrogance, presumption, conceit (of, about, *g. or -*); intoxicating draught; honey; temple-juice of elephants.

मदकर mada-kura, *a.* intoxicating; -**karin**, *m.* elephant in rut; -**kala**, *a.* passionately sweet (*note*); uttering soft sounds of love; drunk with passion; reeling with intoxication; being in rut, beginning to rut (*elephant*). -**kārin**, -**krit**, *a.* intoxicating; -**kyū**, *a.* 1 (*V.*) reeling with excitement, exhilarated with Soma; gladdening, exhilarating; 2. distilling temple-juice (*elephant*); -**gala**, *n.* temple-juice (*of elephants*); -**vāra**, *m.* fever of passion or pride; -**dardina**, *n.* stream of temple-juice; -**driya**, *m.* rutting elephant.

मदन mud-ana, *m.* sexual love, passion, lust; *m.* god of love, Kāma; *N.*; a plant -**tantra**, *n.* doctrine of sexual love; -**damastrā**, *f. N.* of a princess; -**damaṇa**, *m.* van quisher of Kāma, *ep. of Siva*; -**dahana**, *m.* burner of Kāma, *ep. of Siva*; -**dviṣ**, *m.* enemy of Kāma, *ep. of Siva*; -**pāla**, *m.* *N.* of a prince, the reputed author of various works. -**pura**, *m.* *N.* of a city; -**prabhā**, *f. N.* of a fairy; -**mañhukā**, *f. N.* of a daughter of Madanavega; -**maigari**, *f. N.*; -**maya**, *a.* swayed by love; -**maha**, *m.*, -**mahā gata**, *m.* great festival in honour of Kāma; -**māli**, *f. N.*; -**mālini**, *f. N.*; -**moḥana**, *m.* confounder of Kāma, *ep. of Krishna*; -**yashiti-ketu**, *m.* kind of flag; -**rāga**, *m.*; -**ripa**, *m.* foe of Kāma, *ep. of Siva*; -**lekha**, *f.* love-letter; *N.*; -**vega**, *N.* of a prince of the fairies; -**śālākā**, *f.* hooded crow; -**sundari**, *f. N.*; -**senā**, *f. N.*.

मदनद्विष madana dvīṣṭya, *m. N.*; -**anta-ka**, *m.* destroyer of Kāma, *ep. of Siva*; -**ari**, *m.* foe of Kāma, *ep. of Siva*; -**avastha**, *a.* enamoured, in love; *ā*, *f.* being in love; -*āya*, *m.* sexual desire. [cating]

मदनिका madan-ikā, *f. N.*; -*īya*, *a.* inti-

मदनोद्यान madanaudyāna, *n.* garden of Kāma, *N.* of a garden.

मदपटु mada-patu, *a.* rutting (*elephant*); ad. clearly with joy (*warble*). -**prada**, *a.* intoxicating and causing pride or conceit; -**prasavaṇa**, *ā*, *a.* turbid with temple-juice; -**maṭ**, *a.* discharging temple-juice (*elephant*).

मदयन्ती mad-ay-ant-ī, *f.* [*cs. pr. pt.* delighting], wild jasmine; *N.* of the wife of Kalmāsha-pāda (also called Mitrānaha); -**ay-i-tri**, (*cs.*) *m.* delighter, intoxicator.

महर्ष mad-artha, *m.* my purpose.

महर्षतपुर mad-arpta-pura, *n.* *N.* of a city;
-*arpta-pura*, *n.* *id.*

महर्षि mada-lekhā, *f.* streak of temple-juice; -*valiabha*, *m.* *N.* of a *Gandharva*;
-*vāri*, *n.* temple-juice.

महात्थ madatyaya, *m.* excess of intoxication, *delirium tremens*; -*andha*, *a.* blind with intoxication, dead-drunk; blind with passion, ruttng; blinded by pride; -*ambhu*, *n.* temple-juice (of elephants); -*ambhas*, *n.* *id.*; -*alasa*, *a.* languid with intoxication; -*āf*, *f.* *N.*; -*avarāthā*, *f.* wantonness, rut.

महिर mad-irā, *a.* (*V.*) gladdening, intoxicating; lovely.

महिर mad-irā, *a.* *id.*; -*āf*, *f.* spirituous liquor; *ep.* of Durgā; *N.* of the mother of *Kādambarī*; (-*āf*), *a.* having ravishing eyes; (-*āf*), *a.* *id.*; -*akha*, *a.* *id.*; -*āf*, *f.* *N.* of a girl and title of the 13th *Lambaka* of the *Kāthāsartisāgara*.

मदिष mād-ishtha, *ep.* of madn (*V.*).

मदीय mad-īya, *a.* my mine.

मदुघ madūgha, *m.* kind of liquorice.

मदोक्त madantkata, *a.* excited with drink, intoxicated; excited with passion, furious, lustful, ruttng (elephant); *m.* *N.* of a lion; -*udaka*, *n.* temple-juice; -*udagra*, *a.* excited with passion, furious; -*udghata*, *pp.* puffed up with pride, arrogant; -*unmatta*, *pp.* drunk with passion, ruttng; intoxicated with pride.

मदु madg-ū, *m.* [diver: *√mad*] kind of aquatic bird, galley, kind of vessel of war; a mixed caste -*ra*, *m.* a kind of fish; diver, pearl-fisher (a mixed caste).

मदेह mad-dehu, *m.* my body; -*bhakta*, *pp.* devoted to me; -*bhāgya-samkshaya*, *m.* ruin of my fortune.

मद्य mād-ya, *a.* (*V.*) gladdening, exhilarating, intoxicating; *a.* spirituous liquor, *ep.* brandy; -*kumbha*, *m.* brandy-jar; -*pa*, *a.* drinking spirituous liquors; *m.* drunkard; -*pāna*, *n.* drinking of intoxicants; spirituous liquor; -*bhānda*, *n.* vessel for intoxicating drinks; -*vikraya*, *m.* sale of intoxicants; -*ākshepa*, *m.* addiction to drink; -*āsattaka*, *m.* *N.*

मद्र mad-rā, *m.* *N.* of a people (*pl.*); country of Madra; prince of Madra; -*ka*, *m.* *N.* of a despised people (*pl.*); prince of Madra; inhabitant of Madra; *n.* kind of song.

मद्रा madrā, *f.* *N.*; *N.* of a river.

मद्रिक mad-rik, *ad.* [contracted *n.* of mad-rik] towards me (*RV.*).

मद्य mad-rīśā, *a.* turned towards me (*RV.*); -*ak*, *n.* *ad.* towards me (*RV.*).

मद 1. mad-vat, *ad.* like me; *ns.* to me.

मद 2. mad-vat, *a.* exhilarating (*Br.*); containing some derivative of *√mad*.

मद्व mād-van, *a.* (*RV.*) addicted to joy or intoxication; exhilarating.

मदिध mad-vidha, *a.* like me, of my sort; -*vidhina*, *pp.* separated from me.

मधव madhav-yā, *a.* proude or entitled to drink Soma (*V.*).

मधु mādhu-a, *a.* (*u*, *ū*, or *u-i*) sweet, delicious; pleasant, charming, delightful; *N.* of the first spring month (= *Kāitra*, March-

April); spring; *N.* of two *Asuras*; *N.*; *n.* nectar, mead, Soma (*V.*); milk, butter, *V.*; honey, *this ep. meaning is doubtful for RV.*; sweet intoxicating liquor (*C.*).

मधुक madhu-ka, *a.* having the colour of honey (only with *lokana*, eye); *m.* a tree; *n.* liquorice; -*kara*, *m.* honey-maker, bee; -*maya*, *a.* consisting of bees, -*rājan*, *m.* king of the bees=queen-bee.

मधुकराय madhu-karāya, *den.* *Ā.* represent bees; -*karikā*, *f.* *N.*; -*karia*, *m.* bee; -*kari*, *f.* female bee; *N.*; -*kānana*, *n.* forest of the *Asura* Madhu (on the *Yamundā*); -*kāra*, *m.* bee; *i*, *f.* female bee; -*krit*, *a.* producing sweetness; *m.* bee; -*gandhika*, *a.* sweetly scented; -*khattara*, *m.* (*1*) a tree (having a pleasant shade); -*khanda*, *m.* *N.* of a *Rishi*; *N.* of the fifty-first of the 101 zones of *1* *śrīmatra*; -*kyat*, -*kyata*, *a.* dripping honey; -*ya*, *a.* produced from honey; (*madhu*) -*ghva*, *a.* honey-tongued, sweetly speaking (*V.*); -*tara*, *m.* sugar-cane; -*trina*, *m.* *id.*; -*tva*, *n.* sweetness; -*doham*, *gha*, (milking=) making honey; -*dvish*, *m.* foe of Madhu, *ep.* of Vishnu; -*dhārā*, *f.* stream of honey; stream of sweet intoxicants; -*pā*, *a.* drinking sweetness or honey; *m.* bee; -*pāśala*, *m.* honey-comb; -*parkā*, *m.* honey-mixture; *a.* guest-offering usually consisting of curds with honey or butter. the honey-mixture ceremony; -*parikā*, *f.* *N.* of various plants; -*pavana*, *m.* wind of spring; -*pātra*, *n.* wine cup; -*pāna*, *n.* drinking of honey; -*pāri*, *f.* wine cup; -*pura*, *n.* city of the *Asura* Madhu, Mathurā; *i*, *f.* city of the Madhus, Mathurā; (*madhu*) -*prasaṅga*-*madhu*, *n.* honey connected with spring; -*psaras*, *cagor* for sweetness (*RV.*); -*bhādra*, *m.* *N.*; -*bhānda*, *n.* cup for spirituous liquors, wine cup; -*bhid*, *m.* slayer of Madhu, *ep.* of Vishnu; -*bhu*, *a.* enjoying sweets or delights; -*makshā*, -*makshikā*, *f.* honey-fly; bee, (*madhu*) -*mat*, *a.* sweet, pleasant, charming; mixed with honey; abounding in honey; containing the word 'madhu'; -*i*, *f.* *N.* of a river, *N.* of a city; *N.*; -*matte*, *pp.* intoxicated by spring; -*math*, -*mathana*, *m.* destroyer of Madhu, *ep.* of Vishnu; -*mada*, *m.* intoxication with wine; -*mantha*, *n.* drink stirred with honey; -*maya*, *a.* (*3*) consisting of honey; sweet as honey, homed; -*mādhava*, *m.* *du*, & *n.* *eg.* names of the two spring months (= *Kāitra* and *Vaiśākha*, March-May); -*mādhavi*, *f.* spring-flower abounding in honey; kind of intoxicating liquor; -*māsa*, *m.* spring month; -*mahotsava*, *m.* great festival of spring; -*avatāra*, *m.* commencement of spring; -*mura-nara-ka-viśāna*, *m.* destroyer of the *Dasas* Madhu, Mura, and Naraka, *ep.* of Vishnu.

मधुर madhu-ra, *a.* sweet; charming, delightful; mellifluous (*words*), melodious (*sound*); -*ma*, *ad.* sweetly; *n.* kind manner; *in.* kindly.

मधुरक madhura-ka, *a.* sweet; -*tā*, *f.* sweetness; charm; kindness, amiability; -*tva*, *n.* sweetness; tenderness, charm (of voice, speech); -*bhāshin*, *a.* speaking sweetly or kindly; -*maya*, *a.* (*3*) full of sweetness; -*rāvin*, *a.* rumbling pleasantly (*clouds*).

मधुरस madhu-rasa, *m.* honey-juice; sweetness, charm; -*maya*, *a.* (*3*) full of honey-juice.

मधुरसर madhura-sara, *a.* uttering a sweet sound, mellifluous (*ep.* *h*).

मधुरा (madhurā), *f.* *N.* of a city (= Mathurā).

मधुराक्षर madhura-akshara, *n.* *pl.* kindly words; *a.* sounding sweetly, mellifluous

(*speech*); -*va*, *va*, *m.* *N.*; -*śavāda*, *a.* tasting sweet.

मधुरित madhur-ita, *pp.* sweetened (also *fig.*).

मधुरिपु madhu-ripu, *m.* foe of Madhu, *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna.

मधुरिमान madhur-i-man, *m.* sweetness (also *fig.*).

मधुल madhu-lā, *a.* sweet (*V.*).

मधुलिह madhu-lih, *a.* having licked the honey from (-); *m.* (honey-licker), bee; -*vat*, *ad.* like honey; -*vana*, *n.* Honey-forest (*N.* of *Sugrīva*'s forest); forest of the demon Madhu on the *Yamundā*, where *Satrugṇha* founded Mathurā; -*vāra*, *m.* *pl.* (turns of drink), carousal, drinking-bout; -*vidvish*, *m.* *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna; (*madhu*) -*vrata*, *a.* addicted to sweetness (*RV.*); *m.* bee; *i*, *f.* female bee; -*vrata-pati*, *m.* king of bees=queen-bee; -*rakara*, *f.* honey-sugar; -*śishā*, *n.* (remainder of honey), wax; -*śoṣha*, *n.* *id.*; -*śrut*, *a.* distilling or flowing with sweetness; -*śrī*, *f.* glory of spring (personified).

मधुस mādhu-us, *n.* sweetness (*V.*).

मधुसहस्र mādhu-kamrīsa, *a.* looking charming; -*sahāya*, *m.* companion of spring, god of love; -*sūdana*, *m.* destroyer of the demon Madhu, *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna. *N.* of a scholar; -*sarasvatī*, *m.* *N.* of an author; -*śona*, *m.* *N.* of a prince; -*śrava*, *a.* distilling sweetness; -*śana*, *m.* collector of honey; slayer of Madhu, *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna.

मधुक madhū-ka, *m.* bee; a tree (*Bassia latifolia*; *n.* its flower).

मधुक्लिष्ट madhuklikhishtha, (*pp.*) *n.* (remainder of honey), wax; -*uttha*, *a.* produced from or made of honey; *n.* wax; -*utsava*, *m.* spring festival on the day of full moon in the month of *Kāitra*; -*udaka*, *n.* honey-water, hydromel; -*udāyana*, *n.* spring garden; -*upaghna*, *n.* (*1*) *N.* of a city (= Mathurā or Madhurā).

मधुलक madhūla-ka, *n.* honey, sweetness; *lā*, *f.* kind of bee; kind of cereal; kind of *Bassia latifolia*.

मध्य madhya, *a.* middle (in *V.* like *Latin medius* = mid, the middle of), central; middling, mediocre, of medium kind; middle-sized; moderate; intermediate; neutral (*ā vritti*, *f.* middle course); (*m.*, *n.* middle of the body, *esp.* woman's waist; *n.* middle, centre, middle, interior; meridian; intermediate condition between (*g.*; ten thousand billions as being between *koti* and *parārdha*); -*ma*, into the midst of, into, amongst (*g.* or -); *in*, in or through the midst of, between (*ac.*, *g.* or -); *ab.* from the midst of, out of, from amongst (*g.* or -); *in*, in the middle, between; in the midst of, within, in, into, among (*g.* or -); -*ac*, or *ic*; -*madhye kri*, place in the middle, make an intermediary of; account (-); -*kritya*, with regard to (*ac*).

मध्यकौमुदी madhya-kaumudī, *f.* *T.* of a grammar; -*madhya* -*siddhanta* -*kaumudī*; -*ga*, *a.* moving in the midst of, being in, on, or among, contained in, sliding among, becoming common to (*g.* or -); -*gata*, *pp.* being in the midst of, between, or among (*g.* or -); -*kārin*, *a.* moving in the midst of or among (*g.*).

मध्यतस madhya-tās, *ad.* from, in, or into the midst of, out of, among (*g.* or -); of middle sort; -*tā*, *f.* mediocrity; -*de*, *m.* middle region; waist; Midland (the country lying

between the *Himālaya*, the *Vindhya*, *Vindānā* in the west and *Prayāga* in the east: *pl.* the inhabitants of *Madhya-deśa* : *i-yā*, a. belonging to or living in Midland ; *-deśya*, *a. id.* ; *-deśa*, *m.* middle of the body ; *-nagara*, *n.* interior of a city ; *-nīhita*, *pp.* put inside.

मध्दिन madhyam-dina, *m.* midday, noon ; midday offering (*savāna*).

मध्पतित madhya-patita, *pp.* lying between ; *-pāta*, *m.* intercourse ; *-bhāga*, *m.* middle part, waist : *lc.* therein ; within (*g.*) ; *-bhāva*, *m.* moderate distance.

मध्यम madhya-mā, *syn.* middlemost, situated between ; being in the middle, central, of medium kind or strength, middle-sized, middling, mediocre, moderate ; neutral ; *m.* = *Madhya-deśa* ; middle = fourth or fifth note in the scale ; one of the three musical scales ; second person (*gr.*) ; *m.* n. middle of the body, waist, *n.* middle ; meridian.

मध्यमक madhyama-ka, *a.* (1kā) common to (*g.*) ; *n.* interior : *m.* *praviśa*, enter ; *-ka-kāśa*, *f.* middle of the courtyard ; *-pāta*, *pp.* born in the middle (*son*).

मध्यमन्दिर madhyu-mandira, *n.* female organ ; anus.

मध्यमपदलोपिन् madhyama-pada-lopin, *a.* in which the middle word is dropped (*compound* *g.* *śaka-pārthiva* = vegetable, *sc.* loving, king) ; *-puruṣa*, *m.* kind of personification ; second person (*gr.*) ; *-puruṣa*, *m.* mediocre person ; *-bhāva*, *m.* moderate distance ; *-rātra*, *m.* midnight ; *-loka*, *m.* middle world = earth : *-pāla*, *m.* protector of earth, king, *-indā*, *m.* moon of earth, king ; *-vayas-ā*, *n.* middle age ; *-śaśakā*, *f.* eighth day in the dark fortnight of Māgha.

मध्यमा madhyamā, *f.* middle finger.

मध्यरात्रि madhya-rātrī, *m.* midnight ; *-rā-tri*, *f. id.* ; *-rekṣā*, *f.* central line (*supposed to be drawn to Mount Meru from Lankā, Uggayini, Kurukṣetra, and other places*) ; *-vayas*, *a.* middle-aged ; *-vartin*, *a.* being in the midst of, *m.* or among (°) ; *-sarira*, *a.* moderately stout ; *-śyāin*, *a.* lying within ; *-siddhānta-kāumudī*, *f.* medium *Siddhānta-kāumudī*, *T.* of an abridgment of the *Siddhānta-kāumudī* ; *-śtha*, *a.* being in the middle ; being in the air ; being within ; being in, between, or among (*g.* or -) ; mediating between (*g.*) ; middling ; indifferent, impartial, neutral ; standing between = belonging to neither or to both parties (*territory etc.*) ; *-tā*, *f.* indifference ; impartiality ; *-sthala*, *n.* middle part, hip ; *-sthāna*, *n.* middle region, atmosphere ; *-sthita*, *pp.* being between (*g.*) ; indifferent . *-tā*, *f.* indifference.

मध्याह्नि madhyāhni, *in. ad.* (RV.) between (*g.*) ; mealtime.

मध्यादित्य madhya-āditya, *m.* noontide sun ; *-gate* = *hanti*, at midday ; *-āvaraṣa*, *n.* middle of the rainy season . *-āhna*, *m.* midday ; *-kāla*, *m.*, *-velā*, *f.*, *-samaya*, *m.* noontide.

मध्दिनगरम् madhye-nagaram, *ad.* within a city ; *-nadi*, *ad.* in or into the river ; *-narevara-sabham*, *ad.* in the midst of the assembly of the princes ; *-padman*, *ad.* in a lotus ; *-prasham*, *ad.* on the back ; *-vin-dyaśvati*, *ad.* in the forests of the Vindhya ; *-vin-dyaśvati*, *ad.* in the midst of the Vindhya ; *-vyoma*, *ad.* in the air ; *-sabham*, *ad.* in the assembly, in public ; *-samudram*, *ad.* in the midst of the sea.

मध्व madhva, *m. N.* of the founder of a sect . *-guru*, *-śākyā*, *m. id.*

मध्वक madhva-ka, *m.* bee ; *-akṣa*, *a.* having honey-coloured eyes.

मध्वापात madhva-pāta, *m.* honey at first sight ; *-śava*, *m.* spirituous liquor = made of honey.

मन् MAN, J. Ā. mānate (V.), VIII. Ā. manutē (V.) ; rare in C.), IV. Ā. (sts. P. metr.) mānyate (V., C.), think, believe, imagine, fancy, suppose ; believe in, regard as certain or probable ; deem, consider, take to be (2 ac. ; pred. sts. with *iva*, -vat, or other ad.) ; regard as equal to (*contemptuously*, e.g. *a straw* : *d.*) ; deem oneself, be thought, regarded, or accounted, pass for *nm.*, sts. with *iva* ; be of opinion, think fit, approve ; think of, esteem, respect, value, honour (*na* - think nothing of, disdain) ; think of, wish, desire, intend (V.) ; think of (*in prayer etc.*), remember, mention (*ac.*, sts. *g.* ; I.) ; exco-gitate (V.) ; perceive, observe, learn, know, understand (*ac.* ; *g.* also in V.) ; *bāhu* -, think much of, value greatly, esteem highly ; *laghu* -, think little of, esteem lightly ; *sādhu* -, think well of, consider satisfactory, approve, praise ; *manyā*, *m.* thinks, is often inserted in a sentence without affecting the construction : *pp.* *mata*, considered, regarded, held, accounted (*nm* or *ad.*) ; approved, sanctioned, considered satisfactory ; esteemed, honoured, respected, favoured by (*g.*) ; greatly valued by (°) ; intended ; conjectured ; known ; *cs* *mānāya*, P. (Ā.) honour ; pay regard to anything *pp.* *mānita*, honoured, regarded ; *des.* *mimāṃsā*, Ā. (P.) reflect upon, consider, inquire into, examine, investigate ; call in question, doubt (with regard to, *lc.*) ; *pp.* *mimāṃsita*, pondered ; doubted (*reason*) . *ati*, make light of, despise (V.) . *anu*, agree, consent ; approve ; admit, grant ; permit ; sanction ; allow to (*inf.*) ; grant (*ac.*) to, bestow on (*d.*) ; approve of, follow ; give any one (*ac.*) leave, permit to (*d.*) , allow any one (*ac.*) to (*ac. pr.* or *ft. pt.*) ; pardon any one (*ac.*) ; *na* -, think lightly of, repel, disregard . *pp.* approved, etc. ; admitted or recognised by (°) ; permitted by (*in.*) ; acceptable ; followed ; *m.* lover ; *cs.* ask the permission of (*ac.*) , ask for leave to depart, take leave of (*ac.*) ; ask for (*ac.*) ; honour ; regard, consider ; *des.* conclude, infer . *sam-anu*, generally recognise as (2 ac.) ; *pp.* having the general approval of (*in.*) . *apa*, *cs.* despise . *abhi*, set one's mind on, wish for, desire, covet ; be fond of, like ; wish to injure, threaten ; kill ; approve of, assent to (*ac.*) ; allow anything to be done (*ac.* of *pt.*) ; place anything (*ac.*) at the disposal of (*d.*) ; fancy, imagine ; believe in, assume (*ac.*) ; regard as (2 ac., or *ac.* and *in.* of *abst. n.* in *-tva*) : *pp.* desired, dear ; desirable, agreeable ; approved, admitted . *ava*, look down upon, think lightly of, disregard, despise, slight ; *ps.* *manyate*, be thought little of ; *pp.* disregarded, slighted ; abhorred, *cs.* despise, slight, disregard . *abhi-ga* -, disdain . *prati*, *cs.* honour (any one) ; hold (anything) in honour ; receive favourably ; regard . *vi*, *pp.* despised, slighted ; any, every ; *cs.* treat with disrespect, despise . *sam*, think, be of opinion ; regard or look upon as (2 ac.) ; intend ; esteem, honour : *pp.* esteemed, honoured, by (*g.*) ; approved, by (*g.* or -) ; agreeing with (°) ; authorised : *yushmakāna yadi sammatam*, if you approve or agree ; *cs.* honour ; regard ; assure any one (*g.*) of (*ac.*) . *abhi-sam*, *pp.* honoured or esteemed by (°) .

मनःशेष manah-kṣhepa, *m.* mental confusion ; *-pūta*, *pp.* mentally pure ; *-prasāda*, *m.* mental calm or composure ; *-priya*, *a.* dear to the heart ; *-pṛiti*, *f.* mental satisfaction, delight.

मनश्च man-ana, *n.* thinking, cogitation, reflexion ; homage : *-vat*, *a.* attended with homage, *-yukta*, *pp. id.* ; *-aniya*, *sp.* estimable.

मनवति manav-a-te, 3 *sg. pr. subj.* ✓man.

मनःशिल manah-sila, *m.* or *n.* (metr.), ā. *f.* red arsenic ; *-śigra*, *a.* quick as thought ; *-śashatā*, *a.* making six with mind.

मनस् mān-as, *n.* mind (in its widest sense as the seat of intellectual operations and of emotions), internal organ ; understanding, intellect ; soul, heart ; conscience ; thought, conception ; imagination ; cogitation, reflexion ; inclination, desire, will ; mood, disposition ; in the philosophical systems *manas* is regarded as distinct from soul (*ātman*), of which it is only the instrument, and is (except in the *Nyāya*) considered perishable : *-kṛi*, make up one's mind, resolve ; fix one's heart or affections upon any one (*g.*) ; *-kṛi*, *pra-kṛi*, *dāś*, *vi-dāś*, *dhrī*, *bandh*, and *ni-veśya*, direct the thoughts to, think of (*d.*, *lc.*, *prati*, or *inf.*) ; *-sam-ā-dāś*, collect oneself ; *in.* *mānāsā*, in the mind ; in thought or imagination ; with all one's heart, willingly ; by the leave of (*g.*) ; *manasāiva*, as with a thought, in a trice ; *manasā man*, think of in one's mind, *-gam*, go to in thought = imagine, remember, *-sam-gam*, become unanimous ; *manasā kṛi*, bear or ponder in mind, *-ni-dāś*, impress on the mind, treasure in the heart ; meditate, *-vṛit*, be passing in one's mind ; *manas* is often used " *a.* with an *inf.* in *-tu* = wishing or intending to (e.g. *prash'u-manas*, desirous of inquiring).

मनस manas-ā, *n.* (°) = *manas*.

मनसिज manasi-ja, *m.* (born in the heart), love, passion ; god of love ; moon : *-tara*, *m.* tree of love, *-ruḍ*, *f.* pain of love ; *-śaya*, *m.* (lying in the heart), love ; god of love.

मनस्क manas-ka, *a.* (°) having one's mind or thoughts fixed on ; *-kānta*, *a.* dear to the heart, pleasant, agreeable ; *-kāra*, *m.* mental operation ; *-ketā*, *m.* mental image, conception, thought ; *-tāpa*, *m.* mental pain, distress of mind, anguish ; repentance.

मनस्क manas-yā, *den.* (V.) have in one's mind ; think.

मनस्वत् mānas-vat, *a.* (V.) spirited.

मनस्विन् manas-vīn, *a.* (ā) intelligent, wise : *(-vi)-tā*, *f.* intelligence, wisdom.

मनःसंकल्प manah-saṅkalpa, *m.* heart's desire ; *-saṅga*, *m.* mental attachment, continual thinking of a beloved one (second stage of love) ; *-samtāpa*, *m.* mental pain, anguish ; *-samunāti*, *f.* high-mindedness ; *-rukṣa*, *a.* pleasant to the (mind) = taste ; *-stha*, *a.* mental ; *-sparśa*, *a.* touching the heart ; *-svāmīn*, *m. N.* of a *Brahman*.

मनामु manā-mū, *f.* (V.) desire, zeal, devotion . *envy*.

मनाक् manāk, *ad.* [*prob. n.* of *a.* *manānāk*, deliberately, measuredly] a little, somewhat, slightly ; shortly, very soon, at once ; only ; *na manāk*, *na manāg api*, *manāg api na*, not in the least, not at all ; *na manāk*, *na* *pp.* and *api*, all but : e.g. *manāg asmi na pātita*, I was all but, or I had almost been, thrown down ; *kālam manāk*, a short time.

मनायु manā-yā, P. (RV.) be zealous or devoted ; consider, deem.

मनायु manā-yū, *a.* (RV.) devoted, praying.

मनीमुषयाम manimusha-grāma, *m. N. of* a village.

मनीषा man-ish-ā, *f. (V.)* reflexion; conception; understanding; wise utterance, hymn; prayer, desire; *i-tā, f.* understanding, wisdom; expectation; *i-ta, den* pp. wished; wished for, desired, dear; *n. wish, desire*; *-varāha, a.* showering desired objects; *i-tā, f.* wisdom; *-in, a.* thoughtful, wise; praying, devout (V.).

मनु mān-u, *a.* wise (I.); *m. man, coll.* mankind (V.); thought (*pl.* mental powers); prayer, spell; *N. of a divine being, progenitor of mankind; the most common among the many patronymic terms applied to him are Vaisvata, Svayambhuva, and Ilaratana-yagarbha. In post-Vedic chronology seven Manus are assumed, each of whom presides over a cosmic period. Manu antara, acting in it as creator and preserver of beings, still later seven more Manus are added.*

मनुष्य manu-ya, *m.* (sprung from Manu), man; *-nātha, m.* *(-pati, m.* lord of men, king, *-loka, m.* world of men, earth, *-ātma-gā, f.* daughter of men, *-adhipa, m.* king of men, *-adhipati, m.* id.

मनुजीक manugi-kri, turn into a man.

मनुजैन्द्र manuja-indra, *m.* chief of men, king; *-putri, f.* princess; *-ivara, m.* lord of men, king.

मनुयुग manu-yuga, *m.* period of a Manu (= 311,040,000 years).

मनुहित mānur-hita, *pp.* kind or beneficial to men (V.).

मनुवृत् manu-vṛta, *pp.* chosen by men; *-vyāghra, m.* tiger among = most illustrious of men; *-śreṣṭha, spr.* best among men, *ep. of* Vishnu.

मनुष manush-u, *m.* man (RV.).

मनुष्य manush-yā, *a. (I.)* human; suitable for men; friendly to mankind; *m. human being; man (opp. woman); husband; pl. (V.)* human progenitors (*a class of Manes, who receive the Pinda offering*).

मनुष्यक manushya-k, *m.* human effort; *-gandha, m.* human odour; *-janman, a.* begotten by a man; *-jāta, (pp.) n.* human race; *-jāti, f.* of; *-tā, f.* human condition; manhood; *-tvā, n.* human condition, humanity; *-m yā, become men*; *-deva, m.* god among men; *Brahman V., or king*; *-dharma, m. ep. of* Kuberā, *-pota, m.* little boy, *-prakṛti, a.* of human origin; *-yagya, m.* offering to men (*of the five Mahayagyas*) = charity, hospitality; *-ratha, m.* human carriage; *-rā, n.* *-rājan, m.* human king; *-rūpā, n.* human form; *-loka, m.* world of men; *-vi, f.* *-vīra, n.* *-vīra, f.* human folk; *-sākṣya, n.* presence of men as witnesses = *lc.* before men as witnesses.

मनुष्यैन्द्र manushya-indra, *m.* best of men; *-ivara, m.* lord of men, king.

मनुष्यत manush-vāt, *ad. (V.)* as man or men, as among or for men; like Manu

मनुस् mān-us, *m. (V.)* human being; mankind; man (*opp. woman*).

मनुसंहिता manu-samhitā, *f.* code of Manu.

मनोगत mano-gata, *a.* passing in the mind, concealed in the heart, secret; *n.* thought, notion, opinion, desire, wish; *-gati, f.* (motion of the mind), desire, wish; *a.* going at will, going wherever one wishes (*cur*); *-grāh-in, a.* captivating the mind, fascinating;

-grāhya, fp. to be grasped by the mind; fascinating; *-glānt, f.* depression of mind; *-ghna, a.* intimidating; *-ga, -ganman, m.* (mind-born), love, god of love; *-gavā, m.* swiftness of thought (V.); *a. (mano)-gava, a.* swift as thought; *(mano)-gavas, a. id. (V.)*; *-gavin, a. id.*; *(mano)-gavishtha, spr. con.* exceedingly swift as thought; *-gātā, pp.* mind-born; *-gighra, a.* scenting; *-g* guessing one's thoughts; *-gū, a.* swift as thought (RV.); *-gīa, a.* appreciated by the mind), pleasing, agreeable, beautiful, lovely, charming; *-tā, f.* beauty, loveliness.

मनोता mano-tā, *f. [nm. sn. of manotri treated as a f.], RV. VI. i.* which contains the word manotā; deity to whom an offering is made while this hymn is recited.

मनोतृ mano-tri (or -trī), *m. [fr. pr. base man-u of √man]* deviser, inventor; dispenser (V.).

मनोदण्ड mano-daṇḍa, *m.* complete control over one's thoughts; *-duḥkha, n.* mental pain, heart-ache; *-dushā, pp.* impure in thought; *-a navasthāna, n.* distraction of mind, inattention; *-nāsa, m.* loss of mental power or understanding; *-a nūkūla, a.* pleasant to the mind; *-a nuga, a.* sutting the mind, pleasing, agreeable; *-a pahārin, a.* captivating the mind, delightful; *-a pata, pp.* destitute of understanding; *-bhava, a.* originating in the mind, imaginary, love (*opp. anger*), sexual love, god of love; *-a bhiprāya, m.* heart's desire; *-ga, a.* desirable; *(-abhi-rāma, a.* pleasing to the mind, gratifying

मनोमू mano-bhū, *m.* (arising in the mind), love, god of love; *-mathana, m.* (agitator of the soul), god of love; *-maya, a. (i.)* consisting of mind, spiritual (*not material*); *-yāyin, a.* going at will, going wherever one likes; *-yug, a. I.* thought-yoked, *a. e.* yoked by a mere thought (steeds); *sūting the understanding, wise*; *-ratha, m.* car of the mind), wish, desire; fancy, illusion, indirectly expressed wish; *N.* *-dāyaka, m.* fulfilling wishes; *N. of a Kalpa tree*; *-prabhā, f. N.* *-siddhi, f.* fulfilment of a wish; *m. N.*; *-ka, a. id.*; *-rama, a.* delighting the mind, attractive, pleasing, charming, lovely, beautiful; *m. N.*; *ā, f. N.* *-rāgya, n.* realm of fancy; *ā-ni kṛt, build castles in the air*; *-laya, m.* loss of consciousness; *-lanlya, n.* freak of the mind, whim, caprice; *-vat-i, f. N.*; *-vallabhā, f.* mistress of one's heart; *-vāṅkṛta, (pp.) n.* heart's desire; *-vi-ud-dhi, f.* purity of mind; *-vṛtti, f.* working of the mind, mental operation; train of thought; mood, temper; *-han, a.* mind-destroying; *-hara, a. (i.)* captivating the mind, fascinating, attractive; charming, beautiful; *-tara, ep.* more beautiful, *etc.* *-tva, n.* greater beauty; *-hartri, m.* heart stealer, captivator; *-hārīkā, f. N.*; *-hārin, a.* captivating the heart, enchanting, fascinating, charming, beautiful; *-hrit, a.* taking away life and delighting the heart; *-hlāda, m.* gladdening of heart; *-hlādin, a.* gladdening the heart, attractive, beautiful

मनोतया man-tāya (or yā), *fp.* to be thought; *-deemed (nm.)*; *-assumed or laid down*; *-considered*; *-regarded or accepted*; *n. mps* one should think or suppose.

मनुतृ mān-tu, *m.* counsellor, ruler; counsel; affront; *-mat, a. (only re.)* wise.

मन्तृ man-trī, *m.* thinker; approver.

मन्त्र man-tra, *m. (n.)* pious thought, prayer, hymn; Vedic hymn, sacred text; mystical verse, incantation, spell; consultation, reso-

lution, counsel, plan; secret design; *-bhara-na, n.* Vedic text; *-bhārya, n.* subject of consultation; *-kāla, m.* time of consultation; *-kṛmā, a.* skilled in counsel; *-kṛt, m.* composer of hymns; counsellor, adviser; amba-sador; *-gandaka, m.* kind of amulet; *-grāta, m. N.*; *-grūpti, f.* keeping of counsel; *-grīha, n.* chamber of deliberation; *-gīhva, m.* fire; *-gīa, a.* knowing the sacred texts; experienced in counsel; *-gṛyashtha, spr.* having precedence according to knowledge of sacred texts.

मन्त्रय mantr-aya, *n. ā, f.* consultation, deliberation.

मन्त्रत्वविदु mantra-tattva-vid, *a.* knowing the essence of counsel, very experienced in counsel; *-tas, ad.* with regard to (*the knowledge of*) Vedic texts; *-toya, n.* water sanctified with incantations; *-da, a.* imparting or teaching the Veda; giving advice; *-dartin, a.* knowing the sacred texts; *-dātri, m.* teacher of the Veda; *-dṛis, a.* (seeing) composing hymns, knowing the sacred texts, experienced in counsel; *m.* composer of hymns, counsellor; *-devatā, f.* deity invoked in a sacred text; *-drashtri, m.* (seer) composer of sacred texts; *-dhara, dhārin, m.* counsellor, adviser; *-patra, n.* leaf inscribed with a sacred text; *-pada, n.* magic word; *-pāṭha, m.* recitation of a sacred text; *-pastikā, f.* book of spells; *-puta, pp.* purified by a sacred text; *-prabhāva, m.* power of a spell (Pr.); *-prayoga, m.* employment of a sacred text, magical agency, charm; *-phala, n.* fruit or consequence of counsel; *-bala, n.* magical power; *-bija, n.* (seed) a first syllable of a spell; germ of counsel; *-brāhma-na, n.* du the sacred hymns and the Brāhmanas; *-vid, a.* knowing the sacred hymns and the Brāhmanas; *-bheda, m.* a particular spell; *pl.* various kinds of spells, branch of counsel, betrayal of a design; *-maya, a.* consisting of spells; *-murti, a.* having a body consisting of spells (Siva); *-mula, a.* rooted in counsel

मन्त्रयन्त्र mantrā-ya, *Ā (V, C), P. (C)* speak, talk, say; deliberate, consult, take counsel, with (*m + sāha*, about *id*); resolve to (*inf*), deliberate on, discuss *ac*; *advise anything (ac)*; pronounce a spell over *pp.* mantrita, discussed, advised *anu*, accompany any thing *ac*); with certain words (emphasized with *itā*); call certain words after any one (*ac*); admonish; consecrate with a spell; ask any one (*ac*) for leave to depart, take leave of, receive permission; *pp.* consecrated with a spell; dismissed with a blessing, *abhi, ad* dress, speak to 1 or 2 *ac*); pay addresses to (*a girl*), consecrate with a spell; greet; take leave of (*ac*) *ā, address*; call, summon, invite; ask (*any one*); salute; take leave of, bid farewell to *ac*); *pp.* addressed, summoned, *ac*, taken leave of. *upa ā, address*; invite to (*id, lc*); take leave of. *upa, call to one*, invite or persuade to *id*; *n.* called; addressed. *ni, invite ac* anywhere *lc*); to (*id, or inf*); invite any one (*ac*) with (*na*) = offer anything to. *sam-ni, invite pari*, consecrate with a spell *prati, call to any one (ac)*; consecrate with a spell. *sam, con* sult, take counsel with (*m + sāha* or *sānam*); express one's opinion, deliberate on (*ac*); salute.

मन्त्रयन्त्र mantra-yantra, *n.* amulet with a magical formula; *-yakti, f.* application of spells, charm; employment of a sacred formula; magic; *-vat, a.* attended with sacred formulae, enchanted, consecrated with spells; familiar with sacred texts; *ad. 1.* to the accompaniment of sacred texts; 2. according to the rules of counsel; *-varna, m.* word-

tachment to (le.): -**ānya**, a devoid of interest for us; -**sva**, n. self-interest; interest in, attachment to (le.): -**m kri**, be attached to; -**astya**, n. (being mine =) dispute as to ownership (RV¹).

ममाय mamā-ya, den. **Ā**. envy anyone (ac.).

ममृषस् ma-mri-vās, pf. pt. & mri.

मम्म mamma, m. N.; -**ka**, m. N.; -**(a, m)**, [orig. mahima-bhāta] N. of the author of the *Kāvyaprakāśa*.

मय 1. may-a, a. (i) sr. [formation, make + √mi, weak form of √mā, form], formed, made, or consisting of, full of; m. N. of an *Asura* (a skilled artificer, magician, teacher of astronomy and the art of war).

मय 2. may-i, m. horse (VS¹).

मयग्राम may-grāma, m. N. of a village

मयस् may-us, n. delight, joy (V.)

मयिवसु mayi-vāsu, a. good in me.

मयु may-i, m. Kimnara or kind of animal resembling man.

मयूख may-ūkha, m. peg (esp. for stretching a web or skin; V.); ray (C.); kind of Agni. -**mālin**, m. (having a wreath of rays; sun; -**vāt**, a. radiant.

मयूरी may-ūrī, m. peacock. -**ketu**, m. (having a peacock for his emblem; ep. of Skanda; -**tā**, f., -**tva**, n. condition of a peacock; -**patrin**, a. feathered with peacocks' feathers (arrow); -**piśāka**, n. peacock's tail-feather; -**maya**, a. i. consisting of peacocks' tail-feathers; -**maya**, a. consisting of peacocks.

मयूरी mayūrī, f. pea-hen.

मयूरीभू mayūri-bhū, become a peacock

मयोभू mayo-bhū (or -bhū), a. (ā) conducting to gladness, refreshing, delightful, wholesome, beneficent (V.), m. a certain Agni.

मय्य mayya, m. N. of a *Brāhman*.

मर mar-a, m. dying, death; world of death, earth; -**ka**, m. plague, epidemic

मरकत marakata, n. emerald; -**maya**, a. formed of emeralds.

मरण mar-ana, n. dying; death; dying away, cessation; -**ā** a dying by; -**m kri**, **Ā** die; -**dharma**, a. subject to the law of death, mortal, m. law of death; -**niskaya**, a. determined to die; -**vyādhī-oka**, n. pl. death, sickness, and sorrow; -**ātma**, a. (ikā, producing death; -**anta**, -**antika**, a. ending in death; -**andha-tamas-a**, n. gloom of death.

मरुद् maruda, m. (?) flower-juice

मराराम mara ārama, m. N. of a *Daitya*.

मराख marāḥ, a. m., i-kā, f. kind of goose, swan, or duck.

मरिच marika, m. pepper-shrub; N.

मरीच marika, m. pepper-shrub; N.; n. pepper-corn.

मरीचि mariki, (m.) f. shining mote (floating in the atmosphere; V.); ray of light; m. N. of a *Prasāpiti*, being one of the seven *Rikṣas*, N. of a star in the Great Bear; N. of a *Daitya*, N. -**kā**, f. mirage; -**toya**, n. id.

मरीचिन् marik-in, m. (radiant), sun.

मरीचिमत mariki-mat, a. (-**ā**) having - as rays; m. sun; -**mālin**, a. having a wreath of rays (sun); m. sun.

मरु mar-i, m. arid tract, sandy waste, desert; mountain, rock; N. of a people (pl.).

मरुत mar-iṭ, m. pl. storm-gods (companions of Indra; the gods; ep. god of wind; wind; vital air; air; breath.

मरुत marut-a, m. wind.

मरुत maruṭ-ta, m. N. of various princes; -**taruṇī**, f. (wind-maiden), fairy; -**pāṣa**, m. sail; -**pati**, m. lord of the Maruts, ep. of Indra; -**patha**, m. path of the winds, atmosphere; -**pāla**, m. guardian of the Maruts, ep. of Indra

मरुत्व maruṭ-vat, a. accompanied by the Maruts; m. ep. of Indra -**śya**, a. relating to Indra Marutvat, ep. said of three *gubhas* at the midday libation and of the *sastra* recited after they have been drained.

मरुत्सख marut-sakha, a. having the wind as a companion; clouds; m. ep. of fire, ut -**sakhi**, i. only am m. f. ā) having the Maruts as a companion. -**sahāya**, a. having the wind as a companion; -**suta**, m. son of Wind, pat. of Hanumat

मरुद्गम marud-gama, m. the host of the Maruts or of the gods, -**vega**, m. (wind-swift), N. of a *Daitya*, n. -**maya**, a. i. consisting of wind.

मरुधन्व maru-dhanvan, m. arid waste, wilderness, desert; -**patha**, m. arid tract, sandy waste, desert; -**bhava**, m. inhabitant of the desert. -**bhūti**: -**ka**, m. N.; -**bhūmi**, f. desert region, wilderness; N. of a country; -**māndala**, n. (desert region, N. of a country. -**mahi**, f. desert land, wilder-ness, -**vaka**, m. a flower, -**sthala**, n. -**sthali**, f. desert tract, wilderness, sandy waste

मरुभू maru-bhū, become a sandy waste

मर्क 1. marka, m. eclipse of the sun (RV¹).

मर्क 2. marka, m. N. of the Parohita of the *Astras*, N. of a demon hostile to children

मर्कट markata, m. ape, monkey; i, f. female ape; a-ka, m. i-kā, f. id.

मर्कटोभू markati-bhū, turn into an ape.

मरिचु mar-i-ṭri, m. shower of compassion, comforter (RV¹).

मर्त mar-ta, m. [old pp of √mri, preserving original strong root owing to early shifting of accent caused by change of meaning] mortal, man (V.).

मर्तव्य mar-tavya, fp. n. **imps** one must die.

मर्त्य mar-tya, a. [relating to mortals], mortal; m. mortal, man; world of mortals, earth; n. mortal cod, body -**tā**, f. mortality; human condition, -**tva**, n. human condition, -**dharma**, m. pl. laws or conditions of human life; -**dharma**, m. mortal, human being; -**bhāva**, m. human nature; -**bhuvana**, n. world of mortals, earth; -**mandala**, n. id.; -**loka**, m. id.; -**amṛta**, n. immortality of a mortal.

मर्द mar-d-a, a. grinding, pounding, crushing, destroying (-**ā**); m. violent pressure or friction. -**saka**, a. causing acute pain in (-**ā**); -**ana**, a. (i) grinding, crushing, destroying, harassing, tormenting g or -; sorely distressing in battle (-); m. N. of a fairy prince, n. grinding, pounding, crushing, destroying, devastating; rubbing; anointing, with (m); combing the hair (-**ā**); -**aniya**, fp. to be crushed or trodden down.

मर्दल mard-ala, m. kind of drum

मर्दिता mard-ita, cs. pp. (s'mrid) rubbed, etc.; -**lavya**, fp. to be destroyed or devastated; -**ina**, a. crushing, breaking in pieces, destroying (-**ā**).

मर्म marma-ga, a. penetrating the joints, poignant; cutting to the quick (fig.); m. wounding the vitals; -**ghai**, a. f. of -han, -**akhi**, a. penetrating the joints, cutting to the quick, very poignant; m. piercing the vitals, excessive pain; -**akhi**, a. cutting to the quick, very poignant, -**gā**, a. knowing the weak or vulnerable points (also fig.); knowing the inmost recesses of a thing, having a deep insight, into (-**ā**); extremely clever.

मर्म mar-mat, n. joint, exposed or vital part of the body, weak or vulnerable spot (fig.).

मर्मपारग marma-pāraga, a. having penetrated to the inmost recesses of, having a thorough insight into (-**ā**); -**bhedā**, m. hitting a vulnerable part (fig.), -**bhedina**, a. piercing a vulnerable point, cutting to the quick (fig.), m. arrow; -**maya**, a. consisting of or relating to any one's weak points

मर्मर mar-mar-a, a. rustling (leaves or garments); m. rustling, murmur.

मर्मराज marma-rāja, m. N.

मर्मराय marmarā-ya, den. **Ā** rustle, murmur

मर्मरीभू marmarī-bhū, begun to murmur pp -**bhūta**, murmuring

मर्मविद marma-vid, a. knowing the weak or vulnerable points of any one. -**vidhāna**, a. lacerating the vitals, wounding mortally; -**vegita**, f. *proh vena*, for -**veda**-ta; -**vedin**, a. knowing the vulnerable or weak points; -**i-tā**, f. knowledge of the weak points, -**spris**, a. touching the vitals, cutting to the quick; very cutting or stinging (fig.), -**han**, a. (-**ghai**) striking the vitals, exceedingly stinging (speech).

मर्मोतिग marma-tiga, a. penetrating deep into the points or vitals, excruciating; -**āvarana**, n. coat of mail

मर्मोविध marma-viḥ, a. piercing a vital spot, very cutting speech.

मर्मय mar-yu, m. (1.) man, esp. young man pl. people, inadults; wower, lover; stallion

मर्यादा mar'yā-dā, f. [giving a clear sign; √mar, shine], mark, landmark; boundary, limit; end; goal; verge of the ocean, coast, strictly defined relation; bounds of morality, moral law; established usage; limits of propriety; definite or fixed rule; fast alliance or contract; -**giri**, -**akala**, m. frontier mountain; -**dhāvana**, n. running towards a goal; -**bhedaka**, m. destroyer of landmarks; -**maya**, a. forming the bounds of morality; -**vaṭana**, n. statement of the limit.

मर्यादिन् maryād-in, m. frontier neighbour; a keeping within bounds (extend to (ac.))

मर्यादीक्ष maryādi-kṣi, make a limit of,

मर्शन mats-sha, n. touching, investigating

मर्षण marsh-ana, a. forgiving (-**ā**); n. endurance, forbearance; -**aniya**, fp. to be forgiven; deserving indulgence; -**ina**, a. enduring, forbearing, patient, indulgent.

मल mal-a, n. C also m., dirt, filth, impurity (also morally), bodily secretion; n. kind of base metal, brass (-**ā**); -**harsha**, a. removing dirt; -**gā**, a. dirty-kneed; -**tva**, n. being a stain; -**dhāya**, a. attaching, a stigma

to any one; -**digdha śga**, a. (i) having the body soiled with mire; -**paṅka anulīpa śga**, a. (i) having the body besmeared with dirt and mire; -**paṅka**, a. covered with dirt and mire; -**mallaka**, n. loin-cloth; -**māsa**, m. (impure month, no religious rites being performed in it), intercalary month; -**mūtra-parityāga**, m. evacuation of excrement and urine.

मलय malaya, m. N. of a mountain range on the west of Malabar (the western Ghāts), abounding in sandal trees; pl. N. of a people; -**ketu**, m. N. of a prince; -**giri**, m. the Malaya range; -**ga**, a. growing on the Malaya range; m. sandal tree; m. sandal wood; sandal; -**ragas**, n. sandal, -**rasa**, m. sandal water; -**ślepa**, m. sandal ointment; -**desa**, m. country of Malaya; -**druma**, m. sandal tree; -**dhvaja**, m. N.; -**parvata**, m. the Malaya range; -**pura**, m. N. of a town; -**prabha**, m. N. of a prince; -**bhū-bharit**, m. the Malaya range; -**marut**, m. wind blowing from the Malaya; -**mālin**, m. N.; -**raha**, m. (growing in the Malaya), sandal tree; -**vat-i**, f. N.; -**simha**, m. N.; -**udbhava**, n. (?) sandal.

मलवत् mala-vat, a. dirty; -**vad-vāsa**, a. having a soiled garment, menstruating; -**vāh-in**, a. conveying or containing impurities (body); -**vi-odhana**, a. washing away dirt; -**visargana**, n. purification (of a temple); -**hara**, a. removing foulness or sin; -**āva-ha**, a. productive of impurity, defiling.

मलिन mal-in, a. dirty, foul, turbid, soiled, stained; unclean, impure, sullied; beclouded (intellect); dark-coloured, dark grey, black; (f.) menstruating; n. baseness, wickedness; -**tā**, f. dirtiness, uncleanness; -**tva**, n. blackness; wickedness; -**manas**, a. impure-minded.

मलिनय malina-ya, den. P. soil, stain, sully (also fig.); pp. **ita**, soiled.

मलिनवसन malina-vasana, n. soiled garment (in token of grief); -**ātman**, a. spotted (moon); impure-minded.

मलिनमन् malin-i-man, m. blackness; baseness, wickedness.

मलिनोक्तय malinī-kṛtaya, n. soiling, sullying; action causing impurity; -**i-ya**, a. rendering impure; -**kṛi**, soil, dirty; defile; obscure, eclipse; -**bhū**, become dirty; become obscured, disappear.

मलिनृक् mal-i-mṛuk, m. [fr. intr. of √mṛuk] robber, thief; -**ka**, m. id.; kind of demon; intercalary month.

मलीमस mal-i-musa, a. dirty, foul, stained; unclean, impure (also fig.); dirty-coloured, dark grey.

मलूक mal-ūka, m. kind of worm.

मल्ल malla, m. professional wrestler; athlete, very powerful man; a mixed caste; N.; -**ka**, m. N.; N. of a people (pl.); -**kūta**, N. of a village; -**kośa**, m. N.; -**ka**, m. id.; -**ghaṭi**, f. kind of pantomime; -**nāga**, m. ep. of Vāṭsyaṇa; -**ayudha**, n. pugilistic encounter, boxing-match.

मल्ल mullā, f. N.

मल्लारि mallā-ri, m. foe of the Asura Malla, ep. of Krishna and of Śiva; -**asura**, m. the Asura Malla.

मल्लिका mull-ikā, f. kind of jasmine (Jasminum Sambac: both flower and plant); earthen vessel of a particular shape (Pr.).

मल्लिकाक्ष mallikā-ākṣya, m. kind of goose;

-**arguna**, m. a form of Śiva; n. N. of a Liṅga sacred to Śiva.

मल्लिनाथ malli-nātha, m. N. of a poet and celebrated commentator (prob. fourteenth or fifteenth century), called Kolākāṭa, who wrote commentaries on Kālidāsa's three works Raghuvamśa, Kumārāsambhava, and Meghalāta, as well as the Kīrāṭārguṇīya and Śiṅgūpārādhā.

मल्व malvā, a. thoughtless, foolish (AT.).

मशक maśā-ka, m. mosquito, gnat; N. of a teacher.

मशम् mash-am, ad. with **kāraya**, pulverise.

मशि maś-i (or i), f. powder (-m **kṛi**, grind to powder; bone-black, ink; i-**kār/a-ka**, m. ink-brush; i-**patra**, n. ink-pot; i-**bhāṇa**, n. id.; i-**bhāvuka**, a. becoming as black as ink; i-**maya**, a. consisting of bone-black, black as ink.

मश्नार maśnāra, N. of a district.

मस् mas = mās, in **kandrā-mas**.

मसक masaka, incorr. for masaka.

मसार mas-āra, m. sapphire or emerald.

मसि masi (or i), incorr. for मशि mashi.

मसीभू masi-bhū, become black as ink.

मसूर mas-ūra, m. lentil; -**ka**, m. pillow; i-**kā**, f. kind of eruption or small-pox (resembling lentil); mosquito-curtain; -**vidala**, n. (?) split lentil.

मसृण mas-ṛiṇa, a. soft, tender, smooth; unctuous, glistening; mild, gentle (voice).

मसृणय mas-ṛiṇa-ya, den. P. make soft or smooth. pp. **ita**.

मस्करिन् maskar-in, m. (having a bamboo: *maskara), mendicant monk.

मसक masta-ka, m. n. head, skull; summit, top (-, esp. of mountains and trees); -**vara**, m., -**śūla**, n. headache; -**dāru**, n. Devadāru tree (Pinus Deodora).

मसिष्क masiṣh-ka, m. n. brain.

मसु mās-tu, n. sour cream.

मसुलुङ्ग mastu-luṅga, m. n. brain.

मस्या masyā, f. N. of two princesses.

मह MAH, I. Ā. **maha** (rare, RV., E.). X. **mahāya**, P. Ā. (I., C.) elate, gladden, delight (guly. Ā.); arouse (I.); magnify, revere, honour; Ā. rejoice in (ac. or in.; I.); bestow (I.); pp. (I.) **mahita**, honoured, revered, held in high esteem, by (g. or -; said of persons or things). **sam**, (I.) stimulate; celebrate, magnify.

महु mah, I. a. (f. id. or -i) great, mighty; abundant; aged.

मह 1. mah-n, m. festival.

मह 2. mah-ā, a. great, abundant (IT.); n. pl. mighty deeds (RV.).

महच्छब्द mahat-sabda, m. the title 'Great.'

महत mah-āt, a. [old pr. pt. of √mah: strong base **mahānt**; - almost invariably mahā, g. v.; in E. ac. n. sg. is etc. used for ac. m.] great; 1. in space large, big, huge, extensive; high (tree); deep; long (distance), full-grown; gross, eminent; 2. of time: long; advanced (time of day); 3. of quantity: abundant, ample, copious, numerous; 4. of degree: considerable, important, momentous; high (price); valuable (fee); intense (emo-

tion), violent (pain); thick (darkness); loud (sound); 5. of rank: high, lofty, eminent, powerful, distinguished, noble; v. **gana**, m. multitude of people; v. **ātman**, m. the great soul = intellect; m. great, eminent, or noble man; m. (sc. ātman), n. (rare, sc. tattva), intellect; n. great thing; important matter, greatness, power; greater part; also ad. in **mahad-bhū**, become full (moon).

महता mah-tā, f. greatness.

महकुल mahat-kula, n. great family; -**tat-tva**, n. the principle Mahat, intellect; -**tara**, cpr. greater, stronger, than (ab.); very great, strong, or mighty; m. elder, chief, head; chamberlain; courtier; -**ka**, m. courtier, chamberlain, -**i-kā**, f. lady's maid; -**tā**, f. greatness, largeness; exalted position; -**tva**, n. greatness, great size, magnitude; strength, intensity, violence; exalted position; moral greatness.

महदम्बिष्य mahad-ubhikhya, a. having a high-sounding name; -**ayudha**, n. great weapon; -**āvāsa**, m. spacious abode; -**āśā**, f. great expectation or hope; -**ārāya**, m. taking refuge with the great; -**gana**, a. possessing the virtues of great men; -**bhaya**, n. great danger or extremity; -**vat**, a. connected with the word 'mahat'; -**vyatikrama**, m. great transgression.

महर् mah-ān, n. (I.) greatness, might; abundance: only in sg. **mahāś**, and pl. **mahabhi**: also ad. mightily; right heartily

महर् mah-āra, n. praising; -**aniya**, sp. praiseworthy.

महर् mah-ar, indecl. the fourth of the seven worlds in the ascending series.

महर्षिञ्च mahā-ṛitviṅ (or ṛiṅ), great priest (designation of the four chief priests Hotri, Adhvaryu, Udgātṛi, and Brahman); -**riddhi**, a. very wealthy; - powerful; - wise; -**ka**, a. very rich; possessed of great supernatural power; -**riddhin**, a. very rich.

महर्लोक mahar-loka, m. = mahar.

महर्षि mahā-ṛishi, m. great sage; ep. of Śiva

महल्लक mahalla-ka, a. (ikā) feeble, weak, decrepit; ikā, f. N. of a daughter of Prahlaḍa.

महस् mah-us, n. greatness, might, glory (I. in pl. mightily); abundance, plenty (I.); light, lustre (C.); gladness (I.); festival, celebration (C.); ās, ac. ad. (RV.) gladly; briskly; swiftly.

महस्वत् mahas-vat, a. gladdening (I.); (mahas-), great, mighty; brilliant, lustrous.

महस्विन् mahas-vin, a. radiant, brilliant, lustrous.

मह mah-ā, a. great (occurs as an independent adjective only in the RV. ac. mahām). This word is very frequent (being both V. and C.) in the sense of an adjective (great) or an adverb (greatly, very), mahat with few exceptions being used thus only in the sense of a substantiv.

महाकथा mahā-kathā, f. great tale; -**karuṇa**, a. very compassionate; -**karma**, a. great deed (Śiva); -**karmaṇ**, n. great work; a. doing great works (Śiva); -**kālā**, f. night of new moon; -**kāpa**, m. great cosmic period; -**kavi**, m. great or classical poet (such as Kālidāsa, Bhavabhūti, etc.); -**kāya**, a. having a great body, bulky, gigantic; huge (tree); -**tva**, n. large size; -**ākāra**, a. large, great, extensive; -**kāla**, m. a form of Śiva in his capacity of the great destroyer of the world;

*N. of a temple of Śiva Mahākāla at Uggayant; n. N. of a famous Liṅga: -pura, m. city of Mahākāla, Uggayanti; -kāli, f. a form of Durgā; -kārya, n. great or classical poem (a term specifically applied to the six poems Raghuvamśa, Kumārasambhava, Meghadūtā, Kīrtīkā, Jyotiṣa, Śiṃṣāpālavadha and Nābhātharita); -kūla, n. illustrious or noble family; (ā), a. of high lineage: -utpanna, pp. born of a noble family; -kulina, a. belonging to a noble family; -tā, f. noble origin, high birth; -kūla, a. having high banks; -ketu, a. having a great banner (Śiva); -kora, a. thick-haired (Śiva); -kora, a. having large testicles (Śiva); i, f. *N. of a river: -kaushitaka, n. title of a Vedic text; -kratu, m. great sacrifice (such as the Rāgasūya and the Asvamedha); -krodha, a. very irascible; -ksha-tra-pa, m. great Sūtra; -akṣa-pa/alika, m. head-keeper of the archives; -khāta, n. deep ditch; -khyāta, pp. very famous; -gaṇa, m. great elephant; elephant supporting the earth (= diggaṇa); -gaṇa, m. great host, swarm, or body; -pati, m. great lord of hosts, Ganeśa; -gaṇa, m. id.; -gaṇḍha, a. strong-scented, very fragrant; -gala, a. having a thick or long neck; -giri, m. great mountain; -gūṇa, a. having great virtues, very meritorious; very efficacious; -guru, a. very reverend person; -griha, n. great house; -gauri, f. one of the nine forms of Durgā; -graha, m. ep. of Rāhu; -grāma, m. great host, RV.; large village; -griva, a. long-necked (Śiva); -ghaṇa, m. large jar; -ghora, a. very terrible; -ghoṣa, a. making a loud noise, thundering (clouds); -aṅga, a. having a large body or large limbs (Śiva).**

महाचक्र mahā-ākṣara, n. large wheel or discus; -ākṣaravart-in, m. great emperor, universal monarch; (-ā)-tā, f. dignity of a great emperor; -katara-ka, m. (very crafty). *N. of a jackal; -kamū, f. great army; -karyā, f. the great course of life (i.e. that of a Bodhisattva); -m grah, enter upon the life of a Bodhisattva; -aśale, m. great mountain; -āśārya, m. great teacher (Śiva); -aśa, m. great horse; -gaṇa, a. wearing large braids of hair (Śiva); -patra, a. having a large collar-bone (Śiva); -gaṇa, m. sp. (pl.) many people, multitude of men, crowd, populace, the people; great or distinguished man or men; a. occupied by many people (horses); -virodha, m. hostility of many people or creatures; -gava, a. very swift (horse, arrow); -āṣva, a. long-tongued (Śiva); -gūṇin, a. knowing much (Śiva); m. great soothsayer; -gṛīṣa, a. having great lustre (Śiva); -pavara, m. great distress; -aśavi, f. great forest; -ādhya, a. very rich.*

महातत्त्व mahā-tattva, n. the great principle, intellect; -tapas, a. greatly distressed, practising great austerities; m. *N. of a hermit; -tapasvin, a. greatly afflicted; -tamas, n. great darkness (one of the five stages of Aridya); -tala, n. (great-bottom), a certain hell; -tikta, a. very bitter; -tithi, f. (the great =) sixth lunar day; -tejas, a. having great lustre, very glorious (of gods and men; m. ep. of Skanda; N.; -talla, n. precious oil or *N. of a kind of oil; -ātodya, n. great drum; -ātman, i. m. great spirit, universal soul; intellect; 2. a. great-souled, high-minded, noble; of great intellect, highly gifted, very wise; exalted, eminent, illustrious (family), mighty; -ātma-vaś, a. highly gifted, very clever; -atyaya, m. great calamity; -tyāga, m. great liberality; a. very liberal; -maya, a. consisting in great liberality; -tyāgin, a. very liberal (Śiva); -damaśtra, a. having great tusks; m. N.; -danda, m. great staff or**

long arm; severe punishment; -daridra, a. extremely poor; -dāna, n. valuable gift; a. attended with great gifts (sacrifice); -dāru, n. the Devadaru tree (*Pinus Deodora*); -dī, f. chief cardinal point (N, S, E, W.); -dūkha, n. great sorrow; -durga, n. great danger, place very difficult of access; -dṛiti, m. great bag; -deva, m. the great god, a term sp. applied to *Rudra* or to one of the gods connected with him (1); in C. = Śiva; N.; -giri, m. *N. of a mountain; -devi, f. the great goddess = Parvati; first wife of a king, N.; -adbhuta, a. very wonderful; n. great marvel; -dyuti, a. of great lustre, brilliant, glorious; -druma, m. large tree; -dvāra, m. n. main gate; -dhana, a. costing much money, costly, expensive; having much money, wealthy; m. *N. of a merchant; (ā), n. great battle, RV.; great spoil (RV.); great wealth (C); -pati, m. (lord of great wealth, very rich man; -dhanur-dhara, -dhanushmat, m. great Bowman; -dhanus, a. bearing a great bow (Śiva); -dhi, a. of great understanding, very wise; -ānaka, m. kind of large drum; -nakha, a. having great nails or claws; -nagna, m. (stark naked), parmanur 1.3; i, f. courtesan; -nada, m. great stream; -nadi, f. river; N. of various rivers; -ānana, a. having a great mouth or face; -ānanda, m. great joy or bliss, N.; -nāraka, m. a certain hell; -narendra, m. great conjurer or magician; -anasa, n. freight-wagon; kitchen; 2. f. cook, kitchen-maid; -anasa adhyakṣa, m. superintendent of the kitchen; -naga, m. great serpent; great elephant; -nāśaka, n. great drama, a kind of play; -nada, m. loud sound, shout, roar, etc.; a. making a loud noise, roaring etc.; m. ep. of Śiva; -nāyaka, m. great leader or chief; large central gem in a pearl necklace; -nāsa, a. large-nosed Śiva; -nidra, a. sleeping soundly or long; -niraya, n. kind of hill; -nis, f. dead of night, second and third watches of the night (9 p.m. to 3 a.m.); -nila, a. dark blue or black; m. sapphire; -maya, a. consisting of sapphire; -anubhāva, a. very powerful or glorious; magnanimous, high-minded, noble; -tā, f., -tva, a. high-mindedness, nobility; -netra, a. large-eyed Śiva; -andhakāra, m. dense darkness, complete obscuration of the intellect; -nyāya, m. main rule; -anyaya, a. of high lineage**

महापक्ष mahā-pakṣha, n. having many adherents, having a large following; -panka, n. 3. deep mud; -paṇkti, f. a metre of forty-eight syllables; -paṇḍita, a. extremely learned; m. great scholar; -patha, m. principal street; high road, the great journey, pilgrimage to the other world; -m yā, di. a certain hell; a. having a great path; -giri, m. N. of a mountain; -padma, n. a certain high number; m. one of the eight treasures connected with the *maṅgalā* and *padma*; N. of a *Nāga*; -pati, m. lord of millions, ep. of Nanda; -sarasa, n. N. of a lake; -sallā, n. id.; -padya-shaṅka, n. T. of a poem attributed to Kālidāsa consisting of six classical verses; -aparādha, m. great crime or injury; -parvata, m. high mountain; -paśu, m. large cattle; -pāta, m. long flight, a. flying fur (arrow); -pātaka, n. great crime or sin (of which there are five: killing a Brahman, drinking spirituous liquor, theft, adultery with a teacher's wife, and association with persons guilty of those four crimes); -pātakin, a. guilty of a capital sin; -pātra, n. prime minister; -pāda, a. large-footed; -papa, n. great crime; -pāpman, a. very harmful; -pāra, i. m. a certain personification; 2. a. having distant banks, wide (sea); -pārva, a. having broad sides

(*leech*); N.; -pārapata, n. with vrata, n. the great vow of a worshipper of Śiva Paśupati; m. zealous worshipper of Śiva Paśupati; -pāṭha, n. high seat; -pūma, m. great man; -pūya, a. very auspicious (day); very good or beautiful; very holy; -pura, n. great fortress; i. f. great citadel; -purusha, m. great ornament man; supreme spirit; -pūta, pp. extremely pure; -prishā, a. broad-backed; -paṅgya, n. T. of a Vedic text; -prakarana, n. main treatment of a subject; -prajāpati, m. great lord of creatures, ep. of Viṣṇu; -pratāpa, m. of great dignity, majestic; -prethara, m. head janitor; -pradāna, n. great gift; -prapañka, m. the great world; -prabha, a. of great lustre, very splendid; -prabhā, f. great brightness; -prabhāva, a. very mighty; -prabhu, m. great lord, sovereign; chief; ep. of Viṣṇu; -pramāna, a. very extensive; -pralaya, n. great dissolution of the universe at the end of a cosmic age; -kāla, m. time of the; -prana, m. great or important question; -prasāda, m. great present, a very gracious; -praśāna, n. great departure, decrease; -prāṇa, a. very wise or prudent (*prāṇa*); -prāṇa, m. hard breathing, aspirate sound, great strength; a. pronounced with a hard breathing, aspirated, of great endurance or physical strength; -phala, m. great flood, deluge; -phala, n. large fruit, great reward; a. producing a great reward; -bala, a. very strong, powerful, or effective; m. N.; -bādha, a. very injurious; -bāhu, a. long-armed, strong-armed; m. ep. of Viṣṇu, N.; -bīla, n. deep hole; -buddhi, a. of great intellect, extremely clever; m. N. of an *Asura*; N.; -bhakti, f. a metre (8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 12 syllables); -brahma; -n, m. the great Brahman (the god); -brāhmaṇa, m. great Brahman (also used sarcastically; n. Great = Tundya Brahman; -bhāsa, m. great warrior; N.; -bhāya, a. great danger or straits; -bhāga, a. having great good fortune, very lucky, greatly blessed; greatly distinguished, very illustrious (frequently used as a term of address); -bhāgin, a. very fortunate, greatly blessed; -bhāgya, n. high position, great importance or power; a. extremely fortunate; -tā, f. great good fortune; -bhāga-sāgara, n. chief treasury; -bhārata, n. a. a word meaning 'battle', the Great Battle of the Bharatas; n. = ākhyana, the Great Story of the Bharatas, T. of the well-known great Epic (which contains about 100,000 ślokas); -bhāshya, n. the Great Commentary of Paṇḍita on the Sūtras of Pāṇini and the Vārtikas of Kātyāyana probably composed in the second century B.C.; -bhikṣu, m. the great mendicant, ep. of Śakyamuni; -abhi-gana, m. high descent, noble birth; -abhi-yoga, m. great pliant or charge; -abhisheka, m. N. of a prince; -abhisheka, m. great inauguration, T. of the fourteenth Lambaka of the Kathāsaritsaṅga; -bhita, pp. greatly terrified; -abhaya, a. brilliant, lustreous; -bhaya, a. long-armed; -bhūta, pp. being great, large (d); m. great creature; n. gross element (ether, air, fire, water, earth); -bhūmi, f. great realm; whole territory (of a king); -ābhoga, a. of great extent, wide spreading; -bhoga, i. a. having great coils (serpent); m. serpent; -bhoga, 2. m. great enjoyment; -bhoga, m. great prince; -abha, n. great or thick cloud; -makha, m. great sacrifice (= yajña); -maṇi, m. costly jewel; -mati, a. of great wit, clever; m. N.; (ā) -manas, a. lofty-minded, proud, haughty; high-minded, magnanimous; -manushya, m. great man, man of rank; -mantra, m. very efficacious spell (esp. against snake-poison); -mantrin, m. chief counsellor, prime minister

ter; **-mahā**, a. high and mighty (RV.); **-mahas**, n. great luminary; **-mahiman**, m. true greatness; a. truly great; **-mahima-vālin**, a. possessed of true greatness; **-mahā upādhyāya**, m. very great preceptor (a designation applied to great scholars, e.g. Mallinātha); **-mahāsa**, n. delicious flesh (esp. human flesh); **-amātya**, m. prime minister; **-mātra**, a. of great measure, great; greatest, best (of, ~); m. man of high rank, high state official, king's minister; elephant-driver; **-mānina**, a. extremely proud; **-māya**, a. attended with great deception; practising great deception; m. N.; **-māyā**, f. the great illusion (which makes the world appear really existent and thus in a sense creates it); **-māyāra**, n. a kind of medicine; kind of prayer (-); **-mārga**, m. main road; **-pati**, m. chief inspector of roads; **-mahāvara**, m. great worshipper of Mahesvara or Siva; **-mukha**, n. large mouth (also of rivers); a. (i) large-mouthed; **-muni**, m. great sage; **-mūrtika**, a. very stupid; m. great simpleton; **-mūrkha**, m. great fool; **-mūrdhan**, a. large-headed (Siva); **-mriga**, m. large wild animal; elephant; **-mrīḍha**, n. great battle; **-megha**, m. great or dense cloud; **-medha**, m. great sacrifice; (ā) **-meru**, m. the great Mount Meru; **-moha**, m. great mental confusion or infatuation; **-mohana**, a. causing great mental confusion; **-moha-mantra**, m. very efficacious spell; **-tva**, n. abstr. n.; **-yaksha**, m. great Yaksha, prince of the Yakshas; **-yaga**, m. great or chief sacrifice (one of the five daily sacrifices of the householder, called bhūta-, manuṣya-, pitṛi-, deva-, and brahma-yagya); **-yātra**, n. great mechanical work; **-pravartana**, n. execution of great mechanical works; **-yama-ka**, n. a great Yamaka (a stanza, all the four lines of which contain identically the same words but differ in meaning, e.g. Kīrātārjunīya XI, 52); **-yana**, a. very famous, illustrious (person); **-yāna**, n. the Great Vehicle (a later form of Buddhist doctrine originated by Nāgārjuna - opp. bhūa-yāna); N. of a prince of the Jairies (having a great ear); **-yuga**, n. a great Yuga (equal to four ordinary Yugas or 4,320,000 years); **-yuddha**, n. great battle; **-āyudha**, a. bearing great weapons (Siva); **-rājana**, n. saffron; a coloured with saffron; **-raṇa**, m. great battle; **-araṇya**, n. great forest; **-ratna**, n. precious jewel; **-maya**, a. consisting of costly jewels; **-vat**, a. adorned with costly jewels; **-rathā**, m. great chariot, great warrior; N.; **-rathya**, f. main road; **-ārambha**, m. great undertaking; a. enterprising, active; **-rava**, r. great roar or yell; a. making a loud noise, shouting loud; m. N.; **-rasa**, a. extremely savoury; **-rāja**, m. great king, reigning prince, sovereign; **-ādhirāja**, m. lord of great kings, emperor; **-rājā**, f. reigning princess, queen; ep. of Durga; **-rājya**, n. sovereign rule; **-rātra**, n. advanced time of night, end of the night; **-rātri**, f. id.; great night following the dissolution of the w. id.; **-rāva**, m. loud yell; **-rāshira**, m. pl. the Mahāratas; i. f. Mahāratas language, e. Mahāratas; a. ka, a. (idā) belonging to the Mahāratas; m. pl. the Mahāratas; **-raṅg**, **-raṅga**, a. very painful; **-roga**, m. dangerous disease; **-roman**, a. very hairy (Siva); **-randra**, a. extremely terrible; **-argha**, a. of great price, precious, valuable; expensive; **-tā**, f. preciousness, great value; **-rūpa**, a. having a splendid form; **-arghya**, a. precious, valuable; **-tā**, f. preciousness; **-arava**, m. great sea, ocean; **-artha**, m. great matter; a. having great wealth, rich; of great significance, important; m. N. of a Dānava; **-artha**, a. valuable, costly, splendid; **-lakshmi**, f. the Great Lakshmi, Nārā-

yana's Sakti; also = Durgā or Sarasvatī; **-liṅga**, n. a great Liṅga; **-vama**, a. of high lineage; **-vaṅg**, m. great merchant; **-vada**, m. great teacher (i.e. of the most essential Vedic knowledge); (ā) **-vadhā**, a. having a mighty weapon (RV.); **-vana**, n. great forest; **-varāha**, m. great boar (i.e. Viṣṇu's incarnation as a boar); N. of a prince; **-valli**, f. great creeper; **-vākyā**, n. long composition, literary work; great proposition; **-vāta**, m. violent wind, gale; **-vāyu**, m. id.; **-vārtika**, n. the Great Vārtika, N. of Kātyāyana's Vārtika to the Śāstras of Pāṇini; **-vāstu**, n. great space; a. occupying a great space; **-vikrama**, a. of great courage, very valiant; m. N. of a lion; **-vighna**, m. n. great obstacle; **-vighnā**, a. very sensible; **-vidagha**, pp. very clever; **-viraḥa**, m. grievous separation; **-viṣha**, a. very poisonous; **-vistara**, a. very prolix (book); **-vīṭi**, m. (having great waves), a. certain hell; **-virā**, m. great hero; large earthenware firepot (mostly used at the Pravargya ceremony); N. of various princes; N. of an Arhat, founder of the Jain sect; **-karita**, n. life of the great hero (Rāma), T. of a play by Bhāṇabhaṭi; **-karita**, n. life of Mahāvīra (the Arhat), T. of a work; (ā) **-virya**, a. mighty, very potent; **-vrikshā**, m. great tree; **-vriddha**, pp. very aged; **-vrishā**, m. great bull; pl. N. of a people in the western Himālayas; **-vega**, a. greatly agitated (sea); very swift; **-vaipulya**, n. great extent; **-vaira**, n. great enmity; **-vairāga**, n. N. of a Saman; **-vyādhi**, m. serious disease; **-vyāhṛti**, f. the great exclamation (i.e. bhūḥ bhūvaḥ svāḥ); **-vratā**, n. great or fundamental duty; great vow; great religious observance; N. of a Sāman or Stotra to be chanted on the last day but one of the Gāyāyana (also applied to the day and the ceremony); rules of the worshippers of Siva Pāsupatī; a. having undertaken great duties or a great vow, practising great austerity, very devotional; following the rules of the Pāsupatas; m. a Pāsupatī; **-vratin**, a. m. id.; a. practising the five fundamental duties of the Jains; **-vratīya**, a. relating to the Mahāvratā ceremony (day); **-vrihi**, m. large rice; **-vakti**, a. very mighty (Siva); **-sākhya**, m. great council; **-asana**, a. eating much, voracious (lō h); m. great eater, glutton; **-asani-dhava**, m. flag with a great thunderbolt; **-abha**, m. loud sound; title beginning with 'mahā' or the corresponding office; **-āsaya**, 1 m. ocean; 2. a. high-minded, noble; **-āsya**, f. splendid couch; **-asira**, a. having a large body; **-salka**, m. kind of sea-crab; **-salkalin**, a. having large scales (fish); **-asatra**, n. mighty weapon; **-śaka**, n. kind of vegetable; **-śakya**, m. great or distinguished Śakyas; **-śanti**, f. great appeasement (a kind of rite to avert evil); (ā) **-śāla**, possessor of a great house, great householder; **-śālina**, a. very modest; **-śāmana**, n. great sway; a. exercising great sway; **-śiras**, a. large-headed; m. kind of serpent; **-śūdra**, m. Śūdra in a high position, upper servant; **-śaila**, m. great rock or mountain; **-śaṃṣan**, m. precious stone; **-śmāśana**, n. large cemetery; ep. of Benares; **-śrotriya**, m. great theologian or spiritual teacher; **-śva**, m. N.; **-śāla**, f. great stable; office of head groom; **-śveta**, f. N. of a goddess; N.; **-samakṣa**, n. great danger or straits; **-sati**, f. extremely faithful wife, pattern of wifely fidelity; **-sattva**, n. great Soma sacrifice; **-sattva**, m. great creature; a. strong-minded; high-minded, noble; very courageous; containing large animals; **-tā**, f. strength of character and containing large animals; **-āsana**, n. splendid seat; **-samadhi-**

-vighraha, m. office of chief minister of peace and war; **-sabbha**, f. great dining hall; **-samudra**, m. ocean; **-sarga**, m. great creation (after a great dissolution); **-sādhana**, bhāga, m. head of the executive; **-sādhna**, a. extremely good; **-vā**, f. pattern of wifely fidelity; **-sāntāpāna**, m. kind of penance; **-sāndhi-vighraha**, m. chief minister of peace and war; **-sāmānya**, n. generality in the widest sense; **-sāra**, a. strong; valuable costly; **-sārtha**, m. great caravan; **-sāhasika**, a. very daring, excessively rash; m. highwayman, robber; **-tā**, f. great energy; in. with the utmost decision; **-simha**, m. great lion; N.; **-siddha**, (pp.) m. great saint; **-siddhanta**, m. great manual of astronomy, T. of a work by Āryabhaṭa the younger; **-siddhi**, f. great magical power; **-subhiksha**, n. great abundance of provisions, very good times (pl.); **-śūkta**, n. great hymn; pl. the great hymns of the tenth book of the Rīg-veda (1 to 128); m. composer of the great hymns of RV. X; **-śūksma**, a. extremely minute; **-sūkti**, a. w. vyūha, m. kind of array of troops in battle. (ā) **-sena**, a. having a large army; m. ep. of Skanda; N. of various princes; **-senā**, f. great army; **-stoma**, a. having a great Stoma (day); **-astra**, n. great or mighty missile; **-sthāna**, n. high place or position; **-sthūla**, a. very gross; **-śnāna**, n. great ablution; **-śāpāda**, a. mighty; **-śvana**, m. loud sound; a. loud-sounding, shouting loud; loud (noise); **-śvāda**, a. very savoury; **-haṇa**, a. having great jaws; **-harmya**, n. great palace; **-śhava**, m. great battle; **-hava**, m. great sacrifice; **-haṇa**, a. large-handed (Siva); **-hāsa**, m. loud laughter; a. laughing loud; **-ahi**, m. great serpent; **-śayana**, n. sleep (of Viṣṇu) on the great serpent (Śeṣha); **-śhna**, m. advanced day time, afternoon; **-hrada**, m. great pond

महि mah-i, a. (only nm., ac. sg. n.) = mahāt, great (V.); ad. greatly, much, very (V.); n. greatness (P.); intellect (P.).

महिका mahikā, f. cold (only ~); **-amśa**, m. (cold-ravēd), moon.

महित mahi-tā, pp. (s mah) honoured, etc.

महिता mahi-tā, f. greatness; **-tvā**, n. id.; might; **-tvana**, n. id.; in. ā, also ad.

महिन mah-in, a. (RV.) = mahāt great, mighty; **-i-mān**, m. greatness, majesty, might, power; exaltation, dignity; in. mānā or mā, mightily, forcibly (RV.).

महिषा mah-iṣā, f. woman; **-āropyā**, n. N. of a town in the South near Madras.

महिष mah-iṣa, a. (i) mighty, powerful (V.); m. buffalo (V. C.); N. of an Asura slain by Durgā or Skandā.

महिषल mahiṣa-tva, n. condition of a buffalo; **-pāla**, m. buffalo-herd; **-ka**, m. id.; **-mardini**, f. Slayer of Mahiṣa, ep. of Durgā; **-asura-sūcini**, f. Crusher of the demon Mahiṣa, ep. of Durgā.

महिषी mahiṣī, f. female buffalo; (mighty princess, chief wife of a prince, queen-consort; etc. simply wife of a king; **-bhāva**, m. condition of a sho-buffalo.

महिष्ठ mah-iṣṭha, spr. (of mahat) greatest.

मही mah-ī, f. (of mah) earth; ground, soil (also pl.); land; country, kingdom; earth (substance); base (of a geometrical figure); space (RV.); host (RV.); cow (V.; du. heaven and earth (V.); pl. waters, streams (RV.).

महीक mahī-kri, magnify.

महीकम् mahī-kampa, *m.* earthquake:

-**kābit**, *m.* ruler of earth, king; -**āra**, -**ār**, *in*, *a.* moving or walking on the earth (*opp. air*); -**ga**, *m.* plant, tree; **planet** Mars; -**śala**, *n.* surface of the earth, ground; -**śurga**, *a.* inaccessible owing to the nature of the ground; *s.* fortress protected by the nature of the ground or by earth-works; -**dhara**, *a.* supporting the earth; *m.* mountain; *N.*, *esp.* of a commentator on the *TS*; -**dhra**, *m.* mountain; -**śina**, *m.* lord of earth, king; -**nātha**, *m.* *id.*; -**indra**, *m.* *id.* - **indra**, *m.* an Indra among princes; -**pa**, *m.* protector of earth, king; -**patana**, *n.* falling on the ground, obeisance down to the ground; -**pati**, *m.* lord of earth, king; -**pāla**, *m.* protector of earth, king; *N.* of various princes; -**putra**, *m.* son of a king, prince; -**putra**, *m.* son of earth, planet Mars; -**prishka**, *n.* surface of the earth, ground; -**prakampa**, *m.* earthquake; -**praro**, *m.* (growing out of the earth), tree; -**bhartri**, *m.* supporter of earth, king; -**bhūga**, *m.* enjoyer of the earth, king; -**bhrī**, *m.* (supporter of the earth), mountain; king; -**maghavan**, *m.* lord of earth, king; **mandala**, *n.* circle of the earth, entire earth; -**ma**, *ya*, *a.* (i) earthen; -**mahikā**, *m.* moon on earth, illustrious king; -**mahendra**, *m.* great lord of earth, sovereign.

महीय mahī-yā, *den.* *Ā.* be joyful, exuberant, or exalted; enjoy bliss; prosper, be held in high esteem or be highly honoured by (*g.*)

महीयस् mahī-yaś, *cpr.* greater, larger, mightier, more powerful or important, etc.; very great, - mighty, - distinguished, - loud (laughter), etc.

महीया mahī-yā, *f.* joyfulness (*V.*); *d.* -**iyā**.

महीरजस् mahī-rags, *n.* earth dust; grain of sand; -**randhra**, *n.* hole in the earth; -**rub**, *m.* 'na' t. plant, tree; -**ruha**, *m.* *id.*; -**vallabha**, *m.* lover of the earth, king; -**isvara**, *m.* lord of earth, king; -**sura**, *m.* god on earth, Brahman.

महे mah-é, *d.* *inf.* to rejoice (*RV.*).

महेच्छ mahā ikkha, *a.* having high aims, ambitious; -**tā**, *f.* ambition

महेन्द्र mahā indra, *m.* great Indra; chief; *N.* of a mountain range; -**ketu**, *m.* Indra's banner; -**kāpa**, *m.* Indra's bow, rainbow; -**tra**, *n.* name or dignity of great Indra; -**dharma**, *m.* Indra's banner; -**mantri**, *m.* great Indra's counsellor, planet Jupiter (Bṛhaspati); -**mandira**, *n.* Indra's palace; -**varman**, *m.* *N.* of a prince; -**akti**, *m.* *N.*; -**āditya**, *m.* *N.* of a prince.

महेष्वा mahēśa, *f.* woman.

महेश mahā īśa, *m.* great lord, god; *ep.* of Śiva; -**i-vara**, *m.* great lord, chief, god; *ep.* of Śiva and of Vishnu; *N.*: *pl.* the world-guardians Agni, Indra, Yama, and Varuna, 2, *f.* *ep.* of Durga.

महेशु mahā īśhu, *m.* large arrow; - **ishudhi**, *f.* large quiver; -**ishvāsa**, *m.* great Bowman.

महेतरय mahā itareya, *n.* *T.* of a Vedic text; -**āitvarya**, *n.* great power.

महोक्ष mahā ukshā, *m.* large or full-grown bull; -**tā**, *f.* state of a great bull; -**ukhāra**, *ya*, *a.* very lofty or great; -**ukhāra**-**vat**, *a.* *id.*; -**utāma**, *n.* (?), perfume; -**utpala**, *n.* lotus-flower (*N. lumbium speciosum*); -**utsava**, *m.* great festival; -**utsavin**, *a.* celebrating a great festival; -**utsāha**, *a.* having great power; strong-willed, energetic, persevering; -**udādhi**, *m.* great sea, ocean (*of which there are supposed to be four*); -**ga**,

m. shell; -**udaya**, *m.* great exaltation, good fortune, or prosperity, *a.* conferring great good fortune, or blessings; very prosperous; very happy; *m.* *N.*; *a.* *ep.* of the city of Kānyakubha; *ś.*, *f.* *N.* of a hall in the lunar world; *ś.* -**svāmin**, *m.* *N.* of a temple; -**ndara**, *n.* big belly, dropsy; *a.* (i) big-bellied, *m.* *N.*; -**rukha**, *m.* *N.* of an attendant or Purand; -**ndyama**, *a.* exerting oneself greatly, hard-working, industrious; busily occupied with (*inf.* or *d.* of *abst.*); -**unnata**, *pp.* very lofty; -**unnati**, *f.* great elevation, high rank or position; -**upādhyāya**, *m.* great teacher; -**uraga**, *m.* great serpent; -**uras-ka**, *a.* broad-chested; -**urmin**, *a.* very billowy; -**ulka**, *f.* great firebrand, great meteor

महोक्ष mahā ōkha, *a.* having a strong current; *m.* *N.* of a son of Trāṣṭri; -**ojas**, *a.* very vigorous or powerful, very mighty; -**audavāhi**, *m.* *N.* of a Vedic teacher; -**anśhadha**, *n.* great or sovereign remedy; -**oshadhi**, *ori*, *f.* very efficacious medicinal herb

महन् mah-mān, *m.* greatness (*AI.* ¹)

मह्य mah-ya, *fp.* highly honoured.

मह्यम् mahyam, *d.* of ahām, 1.

मह्यम् mahyam, *m.* *N.* of a king; -**svāmin**, *m.* *N.* of a temple built by him.

मह्यपुर mahyam-pura, *n.* *N.* of a town

मा 1. *MĀ.* II *P.* **mā-ti** (*C.*), III. *Ā.* **mi-mite**, measure; mete out, mark off; traverse, measure with, compare with (*in*), be large or long enough for (*g.*), find space or room in, be contained in (*te*); II *P.*; mete out to, bestow (*RV.*); fashion, form, make, build (*V.*); display, show (*RV.*); infer, conclude (*V.*); with *na*, not contain oneself, be beside oneself with (*in*); II *P.*; *ps.* **mayate**, be measured, etc.; *pp.* **mita**, measuring so and so much, consisting of, measured by = equal to (*in* or -); limited or bounded by (*in*); measured, moderate, scanty, few, brief (*moods*); measured - weighed, investigated, *c.* **māpaya**, *P.* cause to measure, measure out, mark off, cause to build, erect *des.* -**mitas**, *P.* **anu**, be inferior in measure, fall short of *d.* *in* *ar.*; *RV.* form a conception (*of* *ac.*), conceive of as *ac.* *m.* *iva* or *va* *ta*, infer (*ac.* from *ab.*); conclude to be *2 ac.* *pp.* conceived; inferred, concluded, *c.* cause to infer *stg.* *ac.*); cause to deduce, prove, *nd.* *pp.* **unmita**, measuring so and so much; *in* *upa*, *P.* *A.* bestow *RV.* *A.* compare with (*in*); *ps.* be of use; *pp.* compared, equal, *ni.* *pp.* measured, occasioned by (*in*); *nis*, form out of anything, produce, create, fashion or make out of (*in*), *ab.* *ab.* build, construct, compose (*literary works*), paint (*a picture*); utter, make (*speeches*), cause, produce, exhibit, show; *pp.* **nirmita**, produced, created, formed, fashioned, made, built, by (*in* or -), out of (*in*, *ab.* or *ord.* *mg.*); caused; performed, celebrated, destined, appointed; isolated, standing alone; *c.* cause to be created, formed, or built; *des.* **nirmitas**, *P.* intend to make or build **abhi-nis**, produce, compose, *pp.* created; formed; built **vi-nis**, create, form, fashion, build, out of (*in*, *ab.*); *pp.* created, made, out of (*ab.* or -); laid out (*garden*), fixed, appointed; destined to be (*num.*); performed, celebrated, **sam-ni**, *pp.* composed of (*ab.*), *pari*, measure around or throughout, enclose with (*in*); weigh, estimate, *pp.* circumscribed, limited; little, few, short **pra**, measure, estimate; create, form; form a correct notion of (*ac.*); *pp.* measuring so and so much, -^o; moderate, little, few; about

which a correct notion has been formed **prati**, (measure against), imitate; *pp.* reflected, *vi*, measure out; enumerate, traverse; ordain, determine, make ready, **abhi-vi**, *ps.* be preoccupied in oneself, **sam**, measure; measure by the standard of (*in*), make equal to (*in size, number, etc.*); compare with (*in*); mete out, bestow; II *P.* or *ps.* find space in, go into (*le*); *pp.* **sammita**, measured out; measuring exactly as much, just so much; of equal extent, length, breadth, or height with (*in*, or -); reaching to (-); equal to (*in*); commensurate with, corresponding, conformable to (-); resembling, passing for (-), provided or furnished with, consisting of (*in* or -); destined for (-)

मा 2. *MĀ.* -**maya**, *Ā.* **ni**, exchange; *ps.* **ni-miyate**, be exchanged for (*in*)

मा 1. *mā*, prohibitive *ad.* *cj.* (= *Gk.* *μῆ*) not, O that not; that not, in order that not; 1 with *imp.*, 2 with *potential* (not common), may not will not, I hope, 3 with *subj. impf.* (*rare*), *or* (very common, which in *C.* = *in* *dicative* without the *augment* (the *ind.* with the *augment* occurs, but very rarely, only in *E.*); 4 with *fat* = *m* order that not (*C.*); *E.* not common; 5 with *pi. pl.* *very rare*; e.g. **mā gvan**, he deserves not to live; 6 with *pp.*, e.g. **mā gataś sa mā**, he cannot have gone (very rare); 7 elliptically without a verb, not so; **mā mā**, **mā mā svam**, **mā tāvat**, not so; **yathā mā**, in order that not; **bhavatu mā vāstu**, be it or not, **mā katham no bhavatu**, how should not be? **mā bhud āgataś**, can he not have arrived? = surely he must have arrived; **mā nāma rakṣiṣām**, heaven forbid that it should be the warders' **mā na**, with *an* *subj.* *ind.* without a negative *C.*, very rare; **mā u** (*mō*), and not (*prohibitive*), 3, **mā sma** (with *imp.* or *an* *subj.*), not (*prohibitive*), in order that not, **sma mā**, *mō sma*, *ut.* (*RV.*), **mā mā uta**, not nor

मा 2. *mā*, *encl.* *ac.* of ahām, 1.

मा 3. *mā*, mouth, only *te. pl.* **māśu** (*I.* ¹)

मा 4. *mā*, *f.* authority, only *śr.* **nāśu**

मांस māms, *n.* flesh (only *śr.* ¹)

मांस māmsā, *n.* *sq.* *A.* *pl.* flesh, meat (*also of fish, crabs, and fruit*); animal food; *m.* a mixed caste; -**ā-tva**, *n.* a trial meaning or derivation of 'flesh'; -**piṇḍa**, *m.* a lump of flesh, (tumour); -**peśi**, *f.* piece of flesh, muscle; -**bhakṣa**, *a.* flesh-eating; -**bhikṣā**, *f.* begging for meat; -**bhūta**, *pp.* being flesh, forming a bait, combined with meat; -**bhet-tri**, *a.* making a flesh wound; -**maya**, *a.* (i) consisting of flesh; -**yoni**, *m.* creature of flesh and blood; -**ruṭi**, *n.* fond of animal food.

मांसल māmsa la, *n.* fleshy; muscular; bulky, powerful, deep sound

मांसलता māmsa-latā, *f.* wrinkle, -**labdha**, *pp.* desirous of meat; -**vikraya**, *m.* sale of flesh; -**vikrayin**, -**vikretu**, *m.* vendor of flesh; -**ad**, -**āda**, -**ādin**, *a.* flesh-eating; -**asana**, *n.* eating of flesh, flesh-food; -**ādin**, *a.* eating or subsisting on flesh; -**āhāra**, *n.* animal food; -**upa**, *vin*, *m.* dealer in meat

मांसचन māms-pakana, *a.* (i) suitable for cooking meat

माकद mākānda, *m.* mango tree; 1, *f.* *N.* of a town on the Ganges; 1, *kā*, *f.* *id.*

माकर mākara, *a.* (1) relating to the sea-monster Makara; with ākāra, *m.* mine of Makaras, or can.

माकरन्द mākaranda, *a.* derived from or consisting of the juice of flowers; full of honey.

माकिस् mā-kis, *ad.* (used only in prohibitive sentences with the subjunctive) may or let not; may no one (RV.).

माकीम् mā-kim, *ad. id.* (RV.).

माक्षिक māksika, *a.* derived from the bee; *n.* honey; *a kind of mineral, pyrites* = **स्रवमिन**, *m. N.* of a locality.

माक्षीक māksika, *m.* spider; *n.* honey = **धतु**, *m.* the mineral pyrites.

मागध māgadhā, *a.* (i) relating to, derived from, produced or current in Magadhā; *m.* prince of Magadhā; *mixed caste* (offspring of a Vaisya and a Kshatriya), professional bard, panegyrist of a prince; *pl.* people of Magadhā; **a-ka**, *a.* belonging to Magadhā; **desiya**, *a.* coming from the country of Magadhā; **-pura**, *n. N.* of a town.

मागधिक māgadhika, *m.* prince of Magadhā; **i-ka**, *f. sg. & pl.* long pepper; **-i**, *f.* princess of Magadhā; *female bard* (offspring of a Vaisya and a Kshatriya), language of Magadhā (one of the Prakṛit dialects); *kind of spice*.

माघ māghā, *a.* (i) relating to the asterism Maghā; *m. N.* of a month (January-February); *N.* of the author of the Śisupālavatthā (composed before the end of the tenth century); **-kavya**, *n.* Maghā's poem, the Śisupālavatthā.

माघमा māghamā, *f.* female crab.

माघवत māghavat-a, *a.* belonging to Indra: **-kapa**, *m.* rainbow.

माघवन māghavan-a, *a.* (i) belonging to Indra: *see kakubh*; *Indra's quarter, the east*.

माघी māgh-i, *f.* day of full moon in Māgha.

माघीन māghon-a, *n.* bountifulness (RV.).

माह māh, *gr.* designation of the pēl. mā.

माङ्गलिक māṅgal-ika, *a.* (i) anxious for an auspicious issue; conducive to or indicative of good fortune; *n.* (i) auspicious object, amulet; **-ikā**, *f. N.*; **-ik-ya**, *n.* (?) amulet.

माङ्गल्य māṅgal-ya, *a.* portending good fortune, auspicious; *n.* auspicious object, amulet; benediction; auspicious rite or festival: **-madhāga**, *m.* drum beaten on auspicious occasions.

माचिरम् mā-kiram, *ad.* (not long), without delay, quickly, straightway (only in impr. sentences with impr. or augmentless aor., and almost always at the end of a verse).

माजिक māy-ika, *m. N.*

माजिष्ठ mājishtha, *a.* (connected with māyishtha), coloured with madder, red like madder; **-ka**, **i-ka**, *a. id.*; **i-krī**, colour red like madder.

माठय māthaya, *m. N.* of various men.

माठव्य māthavya, *m. N.* of a Brāhman.

माडव mādavā, *a.* mixed caste.

माणव mānuva, *m.* boy, lad, youth; *sp.* Brāhman boy: **-ka**, *m. id.*; **-i**, the Brāhman boy (applied contemptuously to an adult); **i-ka**, *f.* young girl, wench.

माणिक māni-ka, *m.* jeweller & *f.* a certain weight.

माणिक्य mānik-ya, *n.* ruby; *m. N.*: **-maya**, *a.* made or consisting of rubies; **-adri**, *m. N.* of a mountain.

माणिक्य mānikāra, *m.* a deity.

माण्डप māndapa, *a.* belonging to a temple.

माण्डलिक māndal-ika, *a.* ruling a province; *m.* ruler of a province.

माण्डव्य māndav-ya, *m. pat.* (fr. mandu) *N.* of a teacher: *pl.* his descendants.

माण्डुक māndūka, *a.* (i) derived from the Māndūkas; *m. pl.* a certain school: **-āyana**, *m. pl.* a certain school: **-ya**, *m. pat.* *N.* of a teacher: *pl.* descendants of Māndūkeya.

मातङ्ग mātaṅga, *m.* elephant: **-o**, elephant among = chief or best of; *man* of the lowest caste, *Kūṇḍala*, *kind* of Kīrāta: **-ka**, *m. N.* of a chief of the Kūṇḍalas; **-kumārī**, *f.* Kūṇḍala girl; **-ya**, *a.* derived from the elephant; **-tva**, *n.* condition of a Kūṇḍala; **-nakra**, *m.* crocodile as large as an elephant.

मातरिष्य mātari-svan, *m.* [growing in the mother, concealed in the fire-stick. √s0], *N.* of a divine being, messenger of Virasvat, who brought down the previously hidden Agni from heaven to the Ithirig; *mystic N.* of Agni; wind (ord. meaning in C., but doubtful for RV.); *N.* of a Rishi.

मातलि mātali-i, *m. N.* of Indra's charioteer: **-sārathi**, *m.* (having Mātali for his charioteer), *cp.* of Indra.

मातलि mātali-in, *m.* (only nm. **-i**; suffix -in is otherwise almost invariably accented) *N.* of a divine being abiding with Yama and the Fathers.

माता mātā, *f.* = mātri, **-o** in some cpds.: **-dhitri**, *f.* daughter and daughter; **-pitri**, *m. du.* father and mother, parents; **-putra**, *m.* mother and son; **-maha**, *m.* maternal grandfather, *du.* maternal grandparents; *pl.* mother's father, grandfather, and ancestors; *a.* (i) relating or belonging to the maternal grandmother. **i**, *f.* maternal grandmother.

मातुर mātura = mātā, **-o** in some *a.* cpds. formed with viddhi.

मातुल mātul-a, *m.* mother's brother. (maternal) uncle (in fables the ass and the jackal speak of each other thus): **-ka**, *m. ul.* (but more affectionate) dear uncle (in the fable the crane is called the uncle of the crab).

मातुलानी mātul-āni, *f.* wife of a maternal uncle.

मातुलुङ्ग mātulūṅga, *m.* citron tree; *n.* citron.

मातुलिय mātul-eya, *m.* son of a maternal uncle, first cousin; **-ya**, *n.* (?) house of a maternal uncle.

मातृ mātṛ-i, *f.* [perhaps former of children: √mā], mother (also of animals: *du.* father and mother: RV.; (mother) earth (*du.* heaven and earth: RV.); cow; waters (*pl.*: RV.); fire-stick (*du.* and *pl.*: RV.); *cp.* of Lakṣmi; *cp.* of Durgā; *pl.* the divine mothers, being the personified energies of various gods (7, 8, 9, and 16 are spoken of); the word mother is also applied to nearly related or respected female relatives as a term of endearment, its use in familiar speech being even extended to elderly women in general.

मातृ mātṛ-i, *m.* measurer (RV.).

मातृक mātṛ-ka, *a.* coming or inherited from a mother; maternal; *m.* maternal uncle; **kā**, *f.* mother; grandmother; letter written in a diagram and supposed to have a magical power: call the letters or alphabet thus used; alphabet: **-maya**, *a.* (i) consisting of mystical letters; **-garbha**, *m.* womb; **-grāta**, *m. N.* of a prince; **-grīha**, *n.* ten-

ple of the divine mothers; **-grāma**, *m.* female sex; **-ghātin**, *m.* matricide; **-ghna**, *m. id.*; **-akra**, *n.* mystical circle with the divine mothers; group of the divine mothers.

मातृता mātṛi-tamā, *sp. f.* most motherly (waters; V.); (ri)-tas, *ad.* with regard to or in right of the mother; **-tā**, *f.* motherhood; **-datta**, *m. N.*: **i**, *f. N.*; **-nandana**, *m. cp.* of Skanda; **-pālita**, *m. N.* of a Dānava; **-pūjana**, *n.*, **-pūjā**, *f.* worship of the divine mothers; **-bandhū**, *m.* maternal relative; **i**, *f.* mother in name only, unnatural mother; **u**, *n.* maternal relationship; **-bandhava**, *m.* maternal kinsman; **-manvāla**, *n.* circle or group of the divine mothers; **-vid**, *m.* priest of the divine mothers; **-yagā**, **-yāga**, *m.* sacrifice to the mothers; **-vamsa**, *m.* family of the mother; **-vamsya**, *a.* belonging to the mother's family; **-vat**, *ad.* like or as a mother; as towards his mother; **-vatsala**, *m.* (tender towards his mother); *cp.* of Skanda; **-vadhā**, *m.* matricide; **-shvasat**, *f.* mother's sister, maternal aunt; **-shvasya**, *m.* mother's sister's son.

मात्र mā-tra, *n.* element (only P.); **-o**, measure, size, height, depth, length, breadth, distance; quantity, sum (of money); duration or space of time, number (redundant with numerals); whole measure, totality, aggregate or entire class of, so and so in the widest sense; no more than what the preceding word expresses: to be translated by no thing but, only, merely; **-o** a. (**i** as large, high, deep, long, broad, or far as; as much or many as; having no more than, amounting only to, consisting of nothing but; being nothing but, a simple or mere; following immediately after: with *pp.* = no sooner than, scarcely, as soon as, only just; consisting of (so many) moṛae; lasting (so many) moments; possessing (anything) as one's property.

मात्रक mātra-ka, *n.* **-o** = mātra, measure, size, etc.; **-o** a. = *id.*, only, merely; **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* *abst.* *n.* (RV.).

मात्रा mā-trā, *f.* measure, measuring rule, extent; quantity; length of time or life, unit of measure, foot; unit of time, moment (in the popular sense); metrical unit (time required to pronounce a short vowel); musical unit of time (of which there are three); correct measure, order (RV.); small portion, particle, trifle, a little; importance, account, consideration; element; matter, material world; property, money; furniture; earning, ornament: *in*, in small portions, in slight measure, moderately; **rātrā itī kiyati mātrā**, of what account is a king? a king is of no account, is a mere trifle to (g.); **kā mātrā samudrasya**, what is the importance of the sea? = the sea will be easily settled.

मात्रायुतक mātrā-kyuta-ka, *n.* (?) game of dropped moṛae in which they have to be supplied; **-khandas**, *n.* metre measured solely by the number of moṛae; **-bhasatṛā**, *f.* money-bag, purse; **-vritta**, *n.* = *khandas*; **-ācin**, *a.* eating moderately.

मात्रिका mātr-i-kā, *f.* **-o** = mātra, measure, size, etc.; metrical unit; model.

मात्रीय mātri-ya, *den. P.* consider or treat as a mother.

मात्सर्य mātsar-ika, *a.* envious, jealous, malicious; **-ya**, *n.* envy, jealousy, malice; discontent.

मात्स्य mātsyā, *a.* relating or belonging to, derived from fish.

माथ māt-h-a, *m.* crushing, destroying; -**ka**, *m.* destroyer.

माथव māt-havā, *m. pat. fr.* Mathu.

माथुर māt-hura, *a.* (i) belonging to, coming from, or born in Mathurā; *m.* inhabitant of Mathurā; *N. of the proprietor of a gaming-house*; -**ka**, *m.* inhabitant of Mathurā; -**des-ya**, *a.* coming from the region of Mathurā.

मादक māda-ka, (cs.) *a.* intoxicating, stupefying; -**tva**, *n. abst. s.*

मादन mād-ana, *a.* delighting (*RV.*¹); intoxicating (*C.*); -**i-ya**, *a.* intoxicating (*C.*), *n.* intoxicating drink.

मादुष mādusha, *n.* a word invented for etymological purposes; -**tva**, *n. abst. s. id.*

मादृश् mād-riś, *a. (nm. x)* like me; -**dris-a**, *a. (i) id.*

माद्री mād-ri, *m.* prince of Madra; -**vat-i**, *f.* princess of Madra.

माद्री mād-ri, *f.* princess of Madra, *N. of the wives of Pāndu, Sahadeva, and Kṛishna*; -**ya**, *m.* son of Mādri, *pat. of* Sahadeva and Nakula.

माधव mād-hava, *a.* (i) belonging or relating to spring, vernal; belonging to the descendants of Madhu or the Yādavas; *m. N. of the second spring month (more usually called Vaiśākha)*; April-May; spring; son or descendant of Madhu, man of Yādū's race, *pat. of* Kṛishna, Viṣṇu, and Parashurāma; *N. of various men*; *i. f.* earth; woman of Mādhu's or Yādū's race; spring-creeper bearing fragrant white flowers (*Gaertnera racemosa*).

माधवगुप्त mād-hava-gupta, *m. N.*; -**valli**, *f.* spring-creeper (*Gaertnera racemosa*); -**se-na**, *m. N. of a prince*; -**rāṇa**, *m. N. of a prince*; -**ākārya**, *m. N. of a celebrated scholar, brother of Sāyana, by Burnell identified with Sāyana himself.*

माधविका mād-hav-ikā, *f.* spring-creeper (*Gaertnera racemosa*); *N.*

माधवीय mād-hav-īya, *a.* belonging, relating, or dedicated to or composed by Madhava or Mādhavikārya.

माधवीलता mād-havi-latā, *f.* spring-creeper (*Gaertnera racemosa*).

माधव्यमाणवक mād-havya-mānavaka, *m.* the Brāhman by Mādhavya (said ironically of an adult).

माधुक mādhu-kara, *a.* (i) relating to or derived from the bee/madhu-kara or honey; -**kāṇḍas-a**, *a.* relating to or derived from Madhukāṇḍas; -**tail-ika**, *a.* consisting of honey and oil; -**park-ika**, *a.* (i) relating to or presented at the honey-mixture ceremony.

माधुर mād-hura, *a.* (i) relating to Madhura; *n.* flower of the Madhura creeper (*Jasminum Sambac*); *i. f.* sweetness; charm, loveliness; mead, wine.

माधुर्य mād-hur-ya, *n.* sweetness; exquisite beauty, loveliness, charm; sweetness, amiability; grace of style, *sp.* employment of separated words in a sentence (*opp.* *ślosha*; *rh*); *a.* speaking sweetly.

माधुक् mād-hūka, *a.* prepared from the Mād-hūka plant (*Bassia latifolia*); sweet-voiced (*cp.* of the mixed caste Mātriga).

माध्य mādhyā, *a.* central.

माध्यन्दिन mādhyandinā, *a.* (i) belonging

to midday; *m. pl. N. of a school, a branch of the White Yagur-veda*; -**ākhā**, *f.* the school of the Mādhyaminas.

माध्यम mādhyama, *a.* belonging to the middle, central, inhabiting the middle of the country; *m. pl.* composers of the middle of the *Rig-veda* (books 11 to 111); -**ka**, *a.* *i. k* relating or belonging to the middle region (the atmosphere); *i. ka*, *a. id.*; *m. pl. N. of a people in Midland (Mādhyā-desa)*.

माध्यस्थ mādhyas-tha, *a.* indifferent, impartial; *n.* indifference; moderation; -**sth-ya**, *n.* indifference, unconcern; impartiality, neutrality.

माध्यह्निक mādhyāhna-ika, *a.* (i) belonging to noon.

माध्व mād-hva, *m.* follower of Madhva.

माध्विक mādhy-ika, *m.* gatherer of honey.

माधी mādhy-i, *a. f.* sweet (1.); *f. du.* the two sweetesses = the two Aśvins; *F.*; kind of spirituous liquor (*C.*); spring-creeper (*Gaertnera racemosa*); -**ka**, *n.* kind of spirituous liquor.

मान 1. mān-a, *m. n.* opinion, notion; will, purpose; high opinion of oneself, self-reliance; conceit, pride, arrogance; respect, regard, honour, mark of honour (*ord. m. g. nly m.*); wounded sense of honour, caprice, jealous anger (*esp. in women*), sulking.

मान 2. mā-ana, *m.* building, dwelling (1.); altar; *n.* measuring, measure, measuring cord, standard; dimension, size, height, length (*also of time*), weight; a certain weight, form, appearance (*RV.*), resemblance, likeness; demonstration, means of proof.

मान 3. māna, *m. N. of Agastya's father* (*RV.*).

मानक māna-ka, *n.* measure, weight; -**ka-lāha**, *m.* quarrel arising from jealous anger; -**kali**, *m.* mutual indignation; *a.* bestowing honour, showing respect; -**kahati**, *f.* injury to honour, mortification, indignity; -**grān-thi**, *m.* violent anger; -**tā**, *f.* being a proof; -**tuṅga**, *m.* man high in honour; *N.*; -**da**, *a.* bestowing or showing honour; *m.* giver of honour (*g. nly. used as a term of address*); -**danā**, *m.* measuring-rod; -**dhana**, *a.* having honour as his wealth, rich in honour; -**dhātā**, *pp.* inflated with pride.

मानन mān-ana, *n. (rare)*, *ā.* showing of honour or respect; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be honoured, desiring to be honoured by (*g.*); *m.* honourable man.

मानपर māna-para, *a.* excessively proud; *ā. f. N.*; -**parikhāṇḍana**, *n.* loss of honour; -**para-saram**, *ad.* with marks of honour; -**prāna**, *a.* valuing honour like one's life; -**bhanga**, *m.* loss of honour, mortification, indignity; -**bhādra-ka**, *m.* kind of pavilion; -**bhāṇ**, *a.* receiving honour from (*C.*); -**bhāt**, *a.* proud; -**mahat**, *a.* great in pride, excessively proud.

मानय mān-āya, *cs. of* √man; -**ay-i-tavya**, *cs. fp.* to be honoured, deserving of honour; -**ay-i-tri**, *m.* one who honours.

मानयोग māna-yoga, *m. pl.* applications of measurements.

मानव mānav-a, *a.* (i) peculiar to man, human; relating or belonging to or descended from Manu; *m.* human being; man; *pl.* mankind; subjects, races of men (*of which five or seven are referred to*); *N. of a school of the Black Yagur-veda*; *n.* length of a man (*as a measure*); kind of penance; Manu's code.

मानवत् māna-vat, *a.* enjoying honour; -**i**, *a. f.* angry with jealousy; *f.* sulking woman.

मानवदेव mānava-deva, *m.* god among men, king; -**dharmaśāstra**, *n.* Manu's law-book; -**pati**, *m.* lord of men, king.

मानवर्जित māna-varjita, *pp.* destitute of honour, dishonouring; -**vardhana**, *a.* increasing any one's honour, indicating in increased respect; -**vikrayin**, *a.* selling or sacrificing one's honour.

मानवी mānav-i, *f.* daughter of men, human female, daughter of Manu; *pl. N. of certain verses*; -**ya**, *a.* derived from Manu, *n.* kind of penance.

मानवेक्ष mānava-indra, *m.* chief of men, king.

मानव mānav-ya, *m. pat.* descendant of Manu.

मानस mānas-a, *a.* (i) relating to or produced from the mind, mental, spiritual; performed in thought, prayer (*etc.*), conceived in the mind, conceivable; *a.* mental faculty, mind, heart; *N. of a sacred lake and place of pilgrimage on mount Kailāsa, whither the wild animals repair in the breeding season at the beginning of the monsoons.*

मानसचारिण mānasa-kārin, *m.* (frequenter of Manasa), swan; -**janana**, *m.* (produced in the mind), god of love; -**voga**, *a.* swift as thought, *m. N. of a prince*; -**ruḍ**, *f.* mental affliction; -**santāpa**, *m.* mental anguish.

मानसार māna-sāra, *m. n.* high degree of pride; *m. N. of a king of Mālava.*

मानसिक māna-sika, *a.* mental; imaginary, *m. ep. of* Viṣṇu.

मानसूच māna-sūtra, *n.* measuring cord.

मानसोक्त mānasa-ukta, *a.* longing for lake Manasa; -**oka**, *a.* dwelling at lake Mānasa, *m.* swan.

मानहन् māna-han, *a.* destroying the arrogance of (*g.*).

मानाश्व māna-asva, *a.* blinded by pride; -**arha**, *a.* worthy of honour; -**asa**, *a.* dispelling pride; -**āsakta**, *pp.* arrogant.

मानित mān-i-ta, *cs. pp.* & *m.* mark of honour.

मानिता māni-tā, *f.* imaginary possession of (1.); honouring (2.); -**tva**, *n.* supposing oneself to have or be (3); pride; being held in honour.

मानिन mān-in, *a.* assuming, regarding as (1); fancying oneself to have or to be (2); appearing as or passing for (3); honouring (4); thinking, being of opinion, thinking much of oneself, proud, haughty, towards (prati), self-respecting; highly honoured; -**i**, *a. f.* disdainful, sulky (*towards her lover*); *f.* wife of (5).

मानुतन्तव्य mānūtanta-ya, *m. pat. fr.* Manu-tantu.

मानुष mānush-a (or ā), *a.* (i) human, humane, kind, *m.* human being, man, *ep. of the three agnas of the yajur, Gemiṇi, Virgo, and Libra*; *pl.* races of men (*of which five are assumed*); *n.* manner of men (1); human condition, humanity, human action or effort.

मानुषक mānusha-ka, *a.* human; -**tā**, *f.* human condition; -**m** gam, become a man; -**tva**, *n. id.*; -**daivika**, *a.* relating to men and to gods; manhood; -**rākshasa**, *m.* human

devil : *ī, f.* she-devil in human form : **-lakṣ-ika**, a. belonging to the world of men, human ; **-śāda**, *n.* man-eater : **-tva**, *n.* cannibalism.

मानुषी mānush-ī, *f.* woman.

मानुषीभू mānushi-bhū, become a man.

मानुष्य mānushya, *n.* human condition or nature, humanity ; *a.* human.

मानुष्यक mānushya-ka, *a.* human ; *n.* human condition or nature, humanity : *lc.* as far as lies in man's power.

मानोत्साह mānautsāha, *m.* energy caused by self-confidence ; **-unnati**, *f.* great honour or respect, **-unnāda**, *m.* inflation of pride ; **-unmukta**, *pp.* destitute of honour.

मानवयिक māntra-van-ika, *a.* (i) contained in the words of Vedic hymns.

मानिक māntr-ika, *m.* reciter of spells, sorcerer. [weakness.]

मांथर्य mānthar-ya, *n.* slowness; dullness;

मांदार्य māndārya, *m.* (2) kind of mythical flower : **-va**, *id.*

मांदार्य māndārya, *m.* *N.*

मांथ mānd-ya, *n.* slowness, sluggishness, indolence ; *st.* slowness ; illness.

मांथतृ māndhātṛi, *m.* *N.* of an ancient king, son of Yuvandara.

मांथाल māndhāla, *m.* an animal, probably the fox bat.

मांथ mānmutha, *a.* (i) relating to, produced by, or filled with love; belonging to the god of love.

मांथ 1. mān-ya, *fp.* to be honoured, deserving of honour; respected; 2. (ā) *m.* *pat.* son of Māna.

मापक māp-ka, *a.* suitable for measuring (*g.*) ; **-p-ana**, *n.* forming, fashioning; *ā, f.* measuring; **-p-aya**, *cs.* of *√mā* and *√mī*.

मां mān, *ac.* of āhām, I.

मांमामा mā[m]ān, [belonging to mine: mama], dear friend (only *re.*, the crane being thus addressed in the fable by crabs, tortoises, and fishes, and the use by the jackal) : **-ka**, *a.* (ikā) *i.* belonging to me, mine, my; **-k-ina**, *a.* my, mine.

मांमतेय māmat-eyā, *m.* *met.* (fr. māmatā) of Dīrghatamas.

मांमह mā-mah-*a*, *intr.* base of *√mah*.

माय mā-ya, *a.* creating illusions (Vishnu) ; **-vat**, *a.* magical (*met.* for māyā).

माया mā-yā, *f.* art, marvellous power (V.) ; artifice, device, trick, deceit, fraud; jugglery, witchcraft; illusory image, phantom; illusion (in the Vedānta = the power which causes the world to appear as really existent and distinct from the universal soul) : *°*, phantom, illusory, unreal; disguised; *ep.* of Purgā; Fraud (personified as a daughter of Aurita and Athurama).

मायाकपोत māyā-kapota, *m.* phantom pigeon : **-vapus**, *a.* having the body of a - ; **-kāra**, *a.* acting deceitfully; **-kikāda-māra**, *a.* intent on deceit and fraud; **-devi**, *f.* *N.* of the mother of Buddha; **-dhara**, *a.* versed in jugglery or witchcraft; *m.* *N.* of a prince of the Asuras; **-adhika**, *a.* abounding in magic arts; **-pāta**, *a.* skilled in witchcraft; **-pur**, *pp.* *f.* *N.* of a town; **-prayoga**, *m.* trickiness; versatility, **-bāta**, *m.* *N.* of a

prince of the Sabaras; **-abhyudayana**, *m.* *N.* of a Kāyastha; **-maya**, *a.* (i) illusory, unreal; *m.* *N.* of a Rākshasa; **-yatra**, *n.* enchantment : *°* = magical; **-vāna**, *n.* hypocritical speech; (ā) **-vat**, *a.* practising sorcery (H.V.); deceitful, cunning; attended with magical arts : *ī, f.* kind of personified magical art; *N.* of a fairy's wife; *N.* of a princess. **-vāda**, *m.* doctrine of illusion (a term applied to Buddhism and Vedāntism); **-vīda**, *a.* familiar with magical arts; **-vīn**, *a.* skilled in magic; fraudulent; guileful, deceitful; illusory; *m.* magician, sorcerer, juggler; **-vīla**, *a.* deceitful, fraudulent.

मायिक māy-ika, *a.* illusory; **-in**, *a.* skilled in art or enchantment; full of guile, wily, cunning; possessed by delusion; *m.* magician, sorcerer, juggler; *n.* magical art : (ā) **-tā**, *f.* deceitfulness.

मायु mā-yū, *m.* bleating, lowing.

मायूर māyūra, *a.* (i) belonging to or derived from the peacock; made of peacocks' feathers; dear to peacocks; drawn by peacocks (*car.*) : **-ka**, *m.* peacock-catcher.

मायोभव māyo-bhava, *n.* well-being, gladness; **-bhavya**, *n.* *id.*

मार mār-*a*, *a.* killing, destroying; *m.* death; plague; killing; obstacle; love, god of love; Tempter, Devil (B.) : **-ka**, *°*, *a.* (i-kā) killing; *m.* murderer; plague, pestilence (also personified).

मारकत mārakata, *a.* (i) emerald-like : **-tva**, *n.* emerald colour.

मारण mār-ana, (*cs.*) *n.* killing, slaying, slaughter; calcination; magical ceremony for destroying an enemy : *m.* *prā*, *pp.* suffer death.

माररिपु mārā-ripu, *m.* foe of the Devil, *ep.* of Siva (Pr.).

मारव mārav-*a*, *a.* (i) forming or situated in a desert (maru).

मारवत mārā-vat, *a.* filled with love; **-ātma-ka**, *a.* (murder-natured), murderous; **-abhirāma**, *a.* delighting in slaughter, murderous; **-ari**, *m.* foe of Māra, *ep.* of Siva.

मारिका mār-ikā, *f.* plague, pestilence.

मारिक mār-ika, *a.* made of pepper; with kārma, *n.* ground pepper.

मारिन् mār-in, *a.* (°) dying; killing; *m.* murderer (°).

मारिष mārisha, *m.* [perhaps turned back into Sanskrit from the Pālmārisa = mādrisa] worthy or excellent man (warly always used in the *re.* as a term of address = my worthy friend).

मारी mār-ī, *f.* (of mārā) killing, slaying; plague, pestilence; (also personified as) Goddess of Death.

मारीच mār-ika, *a.* relating to Mariki; *m.* *pat.* son of Mariki; *N.* of a Rākshasa; *n.* pepper-grove. [love.]

मारीय mār-īya, *a.* belonging to the god of

मारक mār-ka, *a.* perishing.

मारुत mārut-*a* (or ā. Br.), *a.* (i) relating or belonging to the Maruts or Storm-gods; relating to or derived from the wind; *m.* wind, air; god of wind; vital air; breath; *N.* of a Marut : *pl.* the Maruts.

मारुतमय māruta-maya, *a.* consisting or having the nature of wind; **-sāna**, *m.* *pat.* son of wind, Hanumat; **-ātma-ya**, *m.* son of

wind, fire; **-syana**, *n.* (wind-passage), round window; **-gana**, *a.* subsisting on air only.

मारुति mārut-ī, *m.* *pat.* fr. Marut, *ep.* of Hanumat and Bhīma.

मावती māruti, *f.* (sc. dis) north-west.

मार्कट mārkaṭa, *a.* (i) belonging to the monkey, ape-like.

मार्कण्डेय mārkaṇḍeya, *m.* *pat.* son of Mrikanda, *N.* of an ancient sage : *pl.* his descendants; *a.* composed by Mārkaṇḍeya : **-pūrāna**, *n.* *T.* of a Pūrāna.

मार्ग MĀRG, *den.* (fr. mārḡa), *mārḡa*, *P. ā.*, *mārḡaya*, *P.* (rare), seek, look for; search through; strive after; endeavour to buy; ask or beg anything (ac.) from (ab., etc. ac.); ask a girl in marriage : *pp.* **mārḡ-ita**, sought, etc. *pati*, seek; search through; strive after (ac.); ask for (ac.). *prati*, demand.

मार्ग mārḡa, *a.* [fr. mriga] belonging to game or deer (flesh etc.); *m.* (track of wild animals), path, road, way, course (also fig. of the stars and the wind); way to (lc. or -°, - through -°); right road; right way, proper course; journey; passage or channel (in the body); way, expedient, means to (g. or -°); way, manner, mode, method; correct usage, old custom; title (of law); way of writing, style, diction; refused (opp. vulgar); dance, pantomime; refined song; the month Mārgaśrīṣa (November-December); *n.* flesh of wild animals, game; **mārḡam dā** or *n.* *ya*, make way for (g.), allow to pass; *in.* **mārḡ-ena**, by way of (e.g. the door) = through, across, or along (-°); by means of (-°); **-yā**, go the way of = suffer the same fate as (-°); **mārḡaṭh**, through (-°); *d.* **mārḡāya**, to make way for any one (g.); *lc.* **mārḡe**, on the way : **-prā-kal**, start on one's way; **nigā-mārḡe gam**, go on one's way.

मार्गण mārḡ-ana, *a.* seeking, requiring; *m.* beggar, supplicant; arrow; search; investigation : **-tā**, *f.* nature of an arrow : *m.* *gam*, become an arrow.

मार्गतीर mārḡa-tīra, *n.* triumphal arch erected over a road; **-darsaka**, *m.* shower of the way, guide; **-darsaka**, *m.* *ā*, *f.* town situated on the road; **-druma**, *n.* tree by the road-side; **-pa**, *pati*, *m.* road-keeper (an official); **-pātha**, *m.* course; **-bandhaka**, *n.* obstruction of the road; **-rakshaka**, *m.* guardian of the road; **-rodhin**, *a.* blocking the road.

मार्गव mārḡava, *m.* a mixed caste (offspring of a Nishāda and an Ayogara woman).

मार्गवशात् mārḡa-vashāṭ, *pp.* lying beside the road; **-vashāṭ**, *a.* *va*, *n.* *āyāta*, *pp.* *id.*; **-vāna**, *a.* clothed in a deer-skin; **-vinodana**, *n.* entertainment on the journey.

मार्गवेय mārḡav-eya, *m.* *pat.* or *met.* of a Rāma.

मार्गशखिन् mārḡa-sakhin, *m.* road-side tree; **-āra**, *m.* *N.* of a month (November-December); **-śiṣa**, *m.* (± masa) month, the full moon of which is in the constellation Mṛigaśīras (the tenth, later the first month in the year); *ī, f.* (± paurṇamāsī) day in which the full moon is in the constellation Mṛigaśīras; **-stha**, *a.* remaining on the right road (also fig.); **-harmya**, *m.* palace on the high road.

मार्गगत mārḡa-gata, *pp.* coming from a journey; *m.* traveller, wanderer; **-āryāta**, *pp.*, *m.* *id.*

मार्गशी mārḡ-āl-ī, *f.* track.

मार्गवलोकिन mārga avalokin, *a.* scanning the road, anxiously expectant.

मार्जित mārg-ita, *pp.* √mārg: -*i-tavya*, *fp.* to be sought; - searched through; - striven after; -*in*, *m.* road-keeper or guide.

मार्गेश mārga jñā, *m.* road-keeper.

मार्गोपदिश mārga upadiś, *m.* pointer out of the way, guide.

मार्घन mārg-ana, *a.* (i) wiping, cleansing; *m.* washer; *n.* wiping, - away, cleansing; sweeping away; rubbing a drum-skin with ashes or mud; *ā*, *f. id.*, sound of a drum; *i*, *f.* purification; brush or broom.

मार्घार mārg-āra, *m.* [animal that wipes or cleanses itself. √mrig], cat (also *ī*, *f.*); pole-cat; -*ka*, *m.* cat; -*līgā*, *a.* having the characteristics of cats.

मार्गालीय mārg-āl-īya, *a.* fond of being cleansed; *m.* mound to the right of the Vēdi on which the sacrificial utensils are cleansed.

मार्जित mārg-ita, (*ca.*) *pp.* cleansed etc. (√mrig). [*mercy.*]

मार्दव mārda-ikā, *n.* [√mrid] compassion.

मार्तण्ड mārtaṇḍa, *m.* (late form of V mārtaṇḍa) bird in the sky, sun, sun-god; statue of the sun-god; -*mandala*, *n.* disc of the sun.

मार्तण्डीय mārtaṇḍīya, *a.* solar.

मार्तण्ड mārtaṇḍā, *m.* (sprung from a lifeless egg: mārtaṇḍā, bird (RV.), bird in the sky, sun (RV.), statue of the sun-god).

मार्तिक mārta-ka, *a.* (i) made of clay, earthen; *n.* earthenware vessel.

मार्तिकवर्त mārta-ikā-vat, *n.* (?) *N.* of a country; *n.* of a city; *n.* of a people (*pl.*), prince of Murtikāvata.

मार्दङ्गिक mārdaṅg-ika, *m.* drummer.

मार्दव mārda-va, *n.* [fr. mridu] softness; pliancy; mildness, gentleness; leniency, towards (*g.*); -*ī-kri*, make soft or lenient.

मार्ध mārdha, *m.* worthy man (only as a term of address in *re.* = mārḍha).

मार्धव्य mārdhavya, *f.* [√mrig] to be cleansed or swept.

माल māla, *m.* *N.* of a people (*pl.*); *N.* of a district; *n.* field.

मालती mālātī (rarely *i*), *f.* kind of jasmine with fragrant white flowers which open towards evening (Jasminum grandiflorum); *N.* 1. *ī-kā*, *f. N.*; 2. *mādhava*, *n.* Malati and Mādhyava (names of the hero and heroine), *T.* of a play by Bhāṣa; -*mālā*, *f.* wreath of jasmine. [*wreath of (-)*]

मालभारिण māla-bhāriṇ, *a.* wearing a garland.

मालय 1. māla-ya, *den.* wreath.

मालय 2. mālaya, *a.* coming from the Malaya range; *n.* caravanserai.

मालव mālava, *m.* *N.* of a country in central India, now Mālva; *pl. N.* of a people, *a.* belonging or relating to the people of Mālva; *m.* prince of Mālva; *N.*: -*viśaha*, *m.* country of Mālva.

मालविका mālavi-kā, *f. N.*: -*agnimitra*, *n.* Mālavi-kā and Agnimitra (names of the heroine and hero, *T.* of a play attributed to Kālidāsa).

मालवी mālavi-ī, *f.* princess of Mālva; -*īya*, *a.* coming from Mālva.

माला māla, *f.* garland, wreath; rosary

(rare); necklace; line, row, streak, series; *māman* māla, collected series of words, dictionary (excluding roots).

मालाकार māla-kāra, *m.* maker of garlands, gardener (*a.* mixed caste); -*dāman*, *n.* garland of flowers; -*dīpaka*, *n.* concatenated climax (*a.* figure of speech); -*dhara*, *a.* wearing a garland; *m. N.*; -*maya*, *a.* consisting of series or layers of (-); -*rāpa*, *a.* having the form of rows, -*vat*, *a.* wearing a wreath.

मालि māl-i, *a.* -*o* = mālīn; -*ika*, *m.* garland-maker, florist, gardener; -*ikā*, *f.* garland; necklace, row, series; -*ita*, *den. pp.* wreathed or surrounded with (-); -*in*, *a.* wreathed, with (*in*); *guly*, -*ī*, having a garland of, wearing a necklace of, encircled by *m.* garland-maker, florist, gardener; -*i*, *f.* wife of a florist or gardener; *N.* of a celestial virgin; *N.*, *N.* of a town and of various rivers.

मालिन्य mālīn-ya, *n.* [fr. malina] dirtiness, impurity, blackness; troubled or shamefaced appearance.

मालु māl-u, *m.* a mixed caste; *f.* a creeper; -*dhāna*, *m.* kind of animal; *i*, *f.* a creeper.

मालूर māl-ūra, *m.* a plant.

मालोपमा māla upamā, *f.* compound simile (in which an object is compared with several others instead of with one only) or concatenated simile (e.g. 'as bright as the sun, as the sun on the day, and as the day on the sky, so has valour conferred lustre on thee').

माल्य māl-ya, *n.* garland; -*grahya*, *den.* A become the string of a garland; -*śivaka*, *m.* garland-seller; -*dāman*, *n.* garland of flowers; -*pasa*, *m.* garland market; -*vat*, *a.* wreathed, adorned with garlands; *m. N.* of a Rākṣasi; *N.* of an attendant of Śiva; -*vratti*, *m.* garland-seller.

माल्य māla, *m.* a mixed caste.

मावत mā-vat, *a.* like me (RV.).

माविलम्ब mā-vilambam, *ad.* without delay (*in* commands); -*vilambitam*, *pp.* *n.* *ad.*

माष māsha, *m.* bean (*sq.* the plant, *pl.* the seed), a certain weight (also of gold) = one-sixteenth Svarṇa, etc.; -*ka*, *m.* little bean; *m. n.* a certain weight (also of gold); -*tālā*, *n.* oil extracted from beans; -*piśha*, *n.* ground beans; -*pesham*, *also with* √piśh, crush any one (as) like beans; -*mantha*, *m.* beverage mixed with bean-flour; -*maya*, *a.* consisting of beans.

माषीय māshī-ina, *n.* bean-field.

मास 1. māś, *n.* = मास māśma, flesh (RV.).

मास 2. māś, *m.* [measurer of time. √mā], moon (*in pl.* māśbhā; RV.); month

मास māś-n, *m.* month; -*am*, for a month; *māsam* ekam, for one month; *in*, in the course of a month, *le* in a month - after the lapse of a month (The twelve months of the Indian calendar, which do not exactly correspond to ours, are Kārtika, Vaiśākha, March-May; Āyāśadha, Āśādhā: May-July; Śrāvana, Bhādrā: July-Sept.; Āsina, Kārtika - Sept.-Nov.; Mārgaśīrṣa, Pausa Nov.-Jan.; Māgha, Phālguna: Jan.-March.)

मासक māśa-ka, *m.* month; -*kālīka*, *a.* monthly; -*traya*, *n.* three months; -*dhā*, *ad.* month-wise; -*nāman*, *n.* name of a month; -*pravasa*, *m.* commencement of a month; -*rās*, *ad.* month-wise; -*samkayika*, *a.* having provisions for a month; -*śnumāśika*, *a.*

occurring every month, monthly; -*anta*, *m.* end of a month; -*āhāra*, *a.* eating only once a month.

मासिक māś-ika, *a.* (i) connected with the month (-), performed or given every month, monthly; lasting or being for a month; happening or being finished within or at the end of a month; *n.* monthly *śrāddha*.

मासीक māśī-kri, turn into months.

मासीन māśī-ina, *a.* monthly.

मासूर māśūra, *a.* (i) made of lentils or pulse (masūra).

मासोपवास māśa upavāsa, -*ka*, *m.* fasting for a month; -*upavāsinī*, *f.* (woman who fasts for a month, ironically =) procures.

मास्य māś-ya, *a.* a month old.

माहात्मिक mātātma-ika, *a.* belonging to an exalted person, majestic, glorious; -*ya*, *n.* magnanimity, noble-mindedness; exalted position, majesty, dignity.

माहानामन mātā-naman-a, *a.* belonging to the Mahānamni verāca

माहाराज्य mātā-rājya, *n.* sovereignty; -*rāshtra*, *a.* (x) belonging to Mahārāshtra or the Mahratta country; *i*, *f.* the Mahratta language, Mahratti; -*vratti*, *f.* the doctrine of the Pāsupatas.

माहिष māhiṣa, *n.* designation of RV. X, 185, so called because it begins with the words 'mahi trīṇam').

माहिष māhiṣ-a, *a.* (RV.) glad, blithe, joyous; gladdening (*fr.* mah-in).

माहिष māhiṣha, *a.* (i) belonging to or derived from the buffalo; *ī-ka*, *m.* keeper of buffaloes, paramour of an unchaste woman.

माहिष्यती māhiṣ-mat-i, *f.* *N.* of a city.

माहिष्य māhiṣ-ya, *m.* a mixed caste (offspring of Kshatriya and Vaisya).

माहिन्द्र mātēndrā, *a.* (x) relating or belonging to the great Indra; another, easterly; with *ambhas*, *n.* rain-water; *w.* dhausa, *n.* rain bow; *w.* dior-āśa, *f.* east; *i*, *e.* east, Indra's energy (one of the seven divine mothers).

माहिष्य māhiṣya, *a.* [fr. mahi] earthen; *m.* met. son of earth, planet Mars.

माहिषर māhiṣvara, *a.* (x) belonging or relating to the great lord Śiva; worshiping Śiva; *m.* worshipper of Śiva; -*tā*, *f.* worship of Śiva.

मि 1. MI, V. P. (1, very rare in C.) *mi-* not, fix, set up (*a.* pool); erect, build; measure (*C.*); perceive, know; *ps.* miyāte: *pp.* mitā. *ud.* erect (*pool*). *mī*, fix in the ground, set up, erect, build; fix, determine *pra*, infer, perceive, grasp. *sam*, fix, erect, or build together or at the same time.

मि 2. MI, with *ā*, approach (*in* *pt.* & *meshyat*; Br.). *parā*, return (*in* *pt.* *parā-meshyat*; Br.).

मि 3. MI, *mināti*, *minoti*, *v.* √mī.

मिश्र MIKSH [des. of *mis* in *mis-ra*, etc.] *mi-mik-sha*, *P.* mix, mingle, with (*in*), *A.* be mingled (*V.*); *ca.* *mekshaya* (Br.), stir, mingle, with (*in*).

मित 1. *mi-t*, *f.* erected post, pillar (RV.).

मित 2 *mi-t*, *a.* having *m* as an indicatory letter (*root*).

मित 1. *mi-ta*, *pp.* (√mā) measured etc.

मित 2. *mi-tā*, *pp.* √1. *mi*.

मितक्षु *mitā-gṛā*, *a.* strong-kneed; *-dra*, *a.* strong-legged, running well (RV.).

मितमाहितु *mita-bhāhitri*, *a.* speaking little or measuredly; *-bhāshin*, *a. id.*; *-bhak-ta*, *pp.*, *-bhug*, *a.* eating sparingly; *-bhog-ana*, *a.* sparing in diet; *-mati*, *a.* having a limited understanding, dull-witted.

मितपच *mitam-pachā*, *a.* cooking a measured amount, - little, moderate-sized (cooking utensil); niggardly.

मितशायिन् *mita-sāyin*, *a.* sleeping little.

मिताक्षर *mita akshara*, *a.* composed in measured syllables, metrical; measured, brief, concise (speech); *ā*, *f. T.* of various concise commentaries, esp. of one on Yāgyavalkya; *-artha*, *m.* well-weighed matter; *a.* acting cautiously; kind of emissary; *-ka*, *m.* kind of emissary; *-sana*, *a.* eating sparingly; *-āhā-ra*, *m.* sparing diet; *a.* eating sparingly.

मिति *mi-ti*, *f.* 1. [√*mā*, measure] measure, weight, value; correct knowledge; 2. *-ti*, [√1. *mi*] setting up, erection.

मितोक्ति *mita-ukti*, *f.* measured speech.

मित्य *mitya*, *n.* (2) price [√*mā*, measure]

मित्र 1. *mitra*, *den.* P. behave as a friend.

मित्र 2. *mi-trā*, *m.* [prob. for *mit-tā*, either fr. √*mith*, accompany, or √*mid*, be oily, ad- here; cp. *śneha*], companion, friend; *N.* of an Aditya, generally invoked with Varuna (mostly V.); sun (°); *n.* friendship (RV.); friend (ord. mg. and gender; in polity the prince whose territory adjoins that of an immediate neighbour is called a 'friend'); friend = image of; ° = resembling *-karma*, *n.* friendly act or service; friendship; *-karma kri*, conclude friendship with (in); *-kama*, *a.* wishing for friends; *-kārya*, *n.* business of a friend, friendly service; *-kriti*, *f.* friendly act; *-kritya*, *n.* business of a friend, friendly service; *(ā)-gupta*, *pp.* guarded by Mitra; *m. N.*; *-tā*, *f.* friendship; similarity with (°); *-tva*, *n. id.*; *-druha*, *a. (nm.) -dhruk* seeking to injure a friend, treacherous; *-droha*, *n.* injury of a friend, treachery; *-drohin*, *a.* treacherous; *-bandhu-hina*, *pp.* destitute of friends and relations; *-bhāva*, *m.* friendship; *-bheda*, *m.* separation of friends, breach of friendship; *T.* of the first book of the Paikatantra; *-māhas*, *a.* having abundance of friends (only re.; RV.); *-mitra*, *n.* friend's friend (in polity a prince whose dominions are separated from those of another by the territories of three other princes); *-lābha*, *m.* acquisition of friends; *T.* of the first book of the Hitopadesa; *-vat*, *ad.* like a friend (ac.); *a.* possessed of friends; *-vat-sala*, *a.* devoted to one's friends; *-varana*, *n.* choice of friends; *-varman*, *m. N.*; *-vi-dhvasta*, *pp.* ruined by a friend; *-vaira*, *n.* dissension among friends; *-arman*, *m. N.* of various *m. n.*; *-samprāpti*, *f.* acquisition of friends, *T.* of the second book of the Paikatantra; *-sana*, *m.* indulgent to friends; *N.* of a prince; *-sāha*, *a.* indigent towards friends; *-sneha*, *m.* friendly affection, friendship; *-han*, *-hana*, *a.* murdering a friend.

मित्राक्षर *mitrā ākṣara*, *m.* proper conduct towards a friend; *-atithi*, *m. N.*; *-abhi-droha*, *m.* seeking to injure a friend, treachery

मित्रावश्य *mitrā-avasya*, *m. du.* Mitra and Varuna; *-devatya*, *a.* having Mitra and Varuna as a deity.

मित्रावसु *mitrā-vasu*, *m. N.* of a son of Vindrasu, prince of the Śiddhas.

मित्रिय *mitr-īya*, *a.* derived from or relating to a friend, friendly.

मित्रिक्रि *mitri-kri*, make a friend of (ac.); *-bhā*, become a friend of (in.).

मित्रिया *mitri-ya*, *den.* P. desire to make a friend of; regard or treat as a friend; incline to friendship or an alliance.

मित्रिष्वर *mitraīśvara*, *m.* (with hara) *N.* of a temple of Siva erected by Mitrasarman.

मित्रोदय *mitra-udaya*, *m.* sunrise; welfare of a friend.

मिथ *MITH*, I. & VI. P. *metha* & *mitha* (V.), associate oneself with any one; come into conflict, dispute, wrangle; reproach any one (ac.); *ā*, clash.

मिथश्च *mith-śch*, *ad.* together, with (in.); to each other, mutually, reciprocally; alternately; privately, in secret.

मिथिल *mithila*, *m. N.* of a people (pl.); *N.* of a prince, founder of Mithilā; *ā*, *f. N.* of the capital of Videha. [wrongly.]

मिथु *mith-u* (or *ū*), *ad.* (V.) alternately;

मिथुन *mith-und*, *a.* forming a pair; *m.* pair (a male and a female), couple (in general in V. only, du., in C. mostly *n.* sg.); twins; *n.* other part, complement (rare); pairing, copulation; Gemini (sign of the zodiac); root compounded with a preposition (gr.); *-tva*, *n.*, *-bhāva*, *m.* forming a pair.

मिथुनीकृ *mithunī-kri*, cause to pair, with (in); combine in pairs; *-bhā* or *as*, pair, copulate, with (in); place oneself in pairs, take one's stand with (sala).

मिथुनीचारिन् *mithunī-kārin*, *a.* practising cohabitation; *-bhāva*, *m.* cohabitation, with (in.).

मिथुया *mithu-yā*, *in. ad.* [conflictingly], wrongly, falsely (V.); *-kri*, undo.

मिथ्या *mithyā*, *in. ad.* [later form of *mithuyā*] wrongly, incorrectly; falsely, untruly, deceitfully; not in reality, only in appearance; to no purpose, fruitlessly, in vain. *-kri*, act wrongly; break (one's word *n. na*, keep -); deny; *-brū*, *-vāt*, *vad*, state falsely, lie, feign; *-bhū*, turn out or prove false; *-pravrit*, behave in an unseemly manner towards (in.).

मिथ्याकोप *mithyā-kopa*, *m.* feigned anger; *-kṛaya*, *m.* false price; *-graha*, *m.* fruitless obstinacy; *-ākāra*, *m.* wrong or improper conduct; *a.* acting hypocritically, *-āpita*, (pp.) *n.* wrong or false talk; *-gāṇa*, *n.* misapprehension, error; *-tva*, *n.* falseness, untruthfulness; *-darana*, *n.* false appearance; *-dīsh-ti*, *f.* heresy; *-ādhitā*, *n.* wrong course of study; *-ādhvasati*, *f.* false supposition (a figure of speech in which the impossibility of a thing is expressed by making it depend on an impossible contingency e.g. only one who wears a garland of air will secure the affections of a courtesan); *-pandita*, *a.* learned or clever only in appearance; *-puruṣa*, *m.* man only in appearance; *-pratigṇa*, *a.* false to one's promise, faithless; *-pravādin*, *a.* speaking falsely, lying; *-phala*, *n.* imaginary advantage or reward; *-buddhi*, *f.* misapprehension; *-abhidhā*, *f.* false name; *-abhi-dhāra*, *n.* false statement; *-abhiyogin*, *a.* making a false charge; *-abhiṣmāna*, *n.* false accusation; *-abhiṣmanin*, *a.* accusing

falsely; *-abhiṣasta*, *pp.* falsely accused; *-abhiṣati*, *f.* false charge; *-abhiṣāpa*, *m. id.*; false prediction; *-yoga*, *m.* false employment; *-ārambha*, *m.* wrong treatment; *-vākana*, *n.* telling an untruth; *-vākya*, *n.* false statement, lie; *-vāk*, *a.* speaking falsely, lying; *-vāda*, *m.* false statement, lie; *a.* telling an untruth, lying; *-vāda*, *a. id.*; *-vyā-pāra*, *m.* wrong occupation, meddling with what is not one's concern; *-śākṣhin*, *m.* false witness; *-stava*, *m.* unfounded praise (pl.); *-stotra*, *n. id.* (pl.); *-āhāra*, *m.* wrong diet; *-upakāra*, *m.* pretended service or kindness; wrong (medical) treatment.

मिद *MID*, IV. P. *mēdya* (V.), VI. *Ā. medā* (RV.), grow fat; *cs. P.* *medaya*, make fat (V.).

मिद *mind-ā*, *f.* bodily defect (V. 1).

मिन्दत *minu-t*, *pr. pt.* √1. *mi*.

मिमिक्षु *mi-mikṣu*, *des. a.* [√*magg*] about to enter the water.

मिमदेषिषु *mi-mard-ay-ishu*, *des. cs. a.* about to crush; *-ishu*, *cs. a. id.*

मिमारयिषु *mi-māray-ishu*, *des. cs. a.* wishing to slay.

मिमिक्ष *mi-mikṣ-uh*, 3 *pl. pf.* √*myakṣh*.

मिमियात *mini-yāt*, *opt.* √*mi*.

मिमे *mime*, 1 *sg. pr. ā.* √*mā*, measure.

मिमेध *miye-dha*, *m.* = **मेध** *mēdha*, at the end of a *pāda* (RV.).

मिल *MIL*, VI. P. *mīla* [very late root, not occurring in the Epics or Kāli dāsa; perhaps *den. fr.* *mīda* = *mītra*], associate oneself, join, meet, fall in with (in. ± *sala*, *g. lc.*); turn up, appear; to be met with; come or flock together, meet, congregate, assemble; come into contact, be connected; come to pass, happen; *pp.* *mīlita*, met with, having turned up or appeared; come together, united, assembled; come into conflict, encountered in fight; come to pass; taken together; combined with (°); also *pr. pt. mīlat*, in this sense; *cs. P.* *mēlaya*, cause to meet any one (g.), bring together, assemble. *pari*, *pp.* united or attended with (°); assembled from all quarters. *sam*, come together, associate oneself with, join; *pp.* having turned up or appeared; come into the possession of (g.).

मिलद्याध *milad-vyādha*, *a.* (having hunters thronging around =) surrounded by hunters.

मिलन *mil-ana*, *n.* meeting, encountering, contact.

मिलिन्द *milinda*, *m.* bee; *-ka*, *m.* kind of snake

मिल्ल *millā*, *f. N.*

[**मिस्** *MIS*, mix; *des.* *mi-mik-sha*.]

मिश्र *mis-rā*, *a.* mixed, mingled, blended, combined; various, manifold, diverse; intertwined, tangled; mixed, connected, or associated with (in ± *saman*, *g. or °*, rarely °); ° (*n.* names) accompanying, - and his companions like *ad* or *adya*, -; - *n.* honorific epithets = our 'etc. etc.' (e.g. *ārya-mishra*, honourable, etc. etc.); often ° (*sts. °*) with names, esp. of scholars, as an honorific designation. °, mixing, adulterating; *m.* abbreviation for names ending in *mishra*; *N.*; *n.* capital together with interest.

मिश्रक *mishra-ka*, *a.* mixed, not pure; miscellaneous; mixing, adulterating (grain etc.); *-kaś*, *f. N.* of an *Apsaras*.

मिश्र misr-asa, *n.* mixing, mixture.

मिश्रधान्य misra-dhānya, *n.* mixed grain; -bhāva, *m. N.*

मिश्रय misra-ya, *den. P.* mix, mingle, combine, with (in); add; *pp. misrita*, mixed, blended, with (-); promiscuous (taste). *vi.* mix up. *pp.* intermingled or combined with (in or -).

मिश्रीकृ misri-kri, mix with (in.); -bhā, be mixed or intertwined with (in.); mix with sexually (in.); meet (glances); -bhāva, *m.* mingling (int.); -karma, *n.* action or process of becoming mixed.

मि mis-la, *a.* = misra (° with ā, ō, sān).

मिष MISH, VI. P. **miśha**, open the eyes. wink, blink; only *pr. pt. miśhat*, only in *g. abha* with a noun = before the eyes or in presence of. *ud*, open the eyes; open (eyes, buds); shine forth, glitter; bloom, appear, arise. *pp. unmiśhita*, opened, expanded; smiling (face). *pra ud*, arise. *prati ud*, shine forth, arise. *sam ud*, arise out of (ab.); shine forth. *ni*, close the eye; close (int., of the eye).

मिष mis-h-a, *n.* fraud, deception, delusive appearance, disguise, pretext. *g. ul. in. ab.* or -tas (-°) with the cause of the deception or what is pretended).

मिष्ट mish-ta [pp. = *miśhita*], *a.* savoury, dainty; pleasant (smell), sweet (speech); *n.* savoury dish, dainty. -*kātri*, *m.* preparer of dainty dishes, skilful cook. -*tā*, *f.* sweet-tooths; -*pāṭaka*, *a.* cooking savoury dishes; -*vākya*, *a.* speaking sweetly; -*anna*, *n.* sweet food.

मिह MIH, I. P. (Ā. metr.) **mōha**, make water, upon (ac, le°), towards (ac); emit semen, *pp. miśha*. **abhi**, make water upon. **ava**, make water, upon or towards (ac). **pari**, *pp.* made water around.

मिह mih, *f.* mist, vapour (sts. pl.; RV.).

मिहिका mih-ikā, *f.* snow.

मिहिर mihira, *m. sun* = -*kula*, *m. N. of a prince*; -*datta*, *m. N.*; -*pura*, *m. N. of a town*; -*āpad*, *f.* eclipse of the sun; -*isvara*, *m. N. of a temple*.

मिहिवारीय mihivārīya, *N. of a town* (i. l. mahila).

मी MĪ, IX. P. **mināti** (V. common), V. P. **mināti** RV., C¹, IV. **ā. mīyate** RV., rare, *mimi* RV. 4, diminish, destroy, lose (the way), stray; trans-gress, violate, change, *Ā. ps.* be diminished, disappear, be lost. *Ā. (RV.)* hinder, frustrate; waste away, diminish. *Ā. ud*, withdraw, disappear, exchange (colour), *ud-mimi*, disappear (RV.) *pra*, frustrate, destroy (*mi-noti*, C²); change; miss (way, time), forget, neglect, trans-gress RV. 1, cause to disappear, surpass; *Ā. be destroyed*, perish, die; *ps. mīyate* C. *id* *pp. mīta*, deceased, dead, *cs. (C)* -*māpaya*, P. destroy, kill; cause to be killed.

मी mī occurs in some forms of √mā, blend.

मीढ mīdha, *pp. & mīl*; *ā, f. N.*; *n. mīdhā*, *mīdhā*, reward, contest, *mīdhā*, excrement.

मीढ्यत mīdhūsh-inat, *a.* = mīdhvās.

मीढस mīdh-vās, *pf. pt. (weak base mīdhūsh)* bountiful.

मीन mīna, *m. fish*; Pisces (sign of the zodiac); -*ketu*, *m.* (fish-bannered, god of love); -*dhava*, *m. ud.*; -*rāva*, *m.* king of the fish; -*lākhana*, *n.* god of love.

मीमांसक mī-māṃsa-ka, *m.* investigator, examiner (-°); follower of the Mīmāṃsā philosophy.

मीमांसा mī-māṃsā, *f.* [des. fr. √man] deep reflection, inquiry, examination, discussion; opinion; discussion of a sacred text; designation of a philosophical system, which is divided into two distinct branches the former, called Pūrva, or Karma-mīmāṃsā, and founded by Gāṛma, is chiefly concerned with the correct interpretation of a sacred ritual, the latter, called Uttara, or Brahma-, or Sārīraka-mīmāṃsā, but best known under the name of Vedānta, and founded by Bādarāyaṇa, is a pantheistic system discussing chiefly the nature of Brahman or the universal soul.

मीमांस mīmāṃsa-ya, *fp.* to be investigated or called in question.

मील MĪL, I. P. **mīla** (Br., C), close the eyes; close (int., of the eyes); be collected. *pp. mīlita*, having closed the eyes, drowsy, disappeared, vanished; fallen in with (in); taken together; *cs. mīlaya*, close (eyes, blossoms) *pp. mīlita*, closed (eyes) *anu, cs.* close the eyes. **abhi**, *Ā.* avert the eye. *ā, cs.* close (the eyes); take complete possession of (the heart). **vi ā, cs. close (the eyes). **ud**, open the eyes, open (the eyes); become manifest, show itself, appear; *cs. open eyes*, cause to expand (flowers); call forth, display, show; *pp. unmīlita*, opened (eye), expanded (flower), displayed. **pra ud**, open the eyes; bloom, expand (flower); become manifest, show itself, *cs. open the eyes*; display, manifest. **sam ud**, become manifest, show itself; *cs. open (the eyes)*, display, manifest. **ni**, close the eyes, close (int., of flowers); disappear. *pp.* having closed the eyes, closed, vanished. *cs. close eyes, blossoms*; close the eye; cause *anyam* (ac.) to close the eyes. **vi ni**, *pp.* closed (eye) *sam ni*, close the eye. **pra**, close the eyes; *pp.* having the eyes closed *sam*, close the eyes (V), close (int., of flowers), *cs. close (the eyes)*; shut the eyes; cause to close the eyes, darken, destroy.**

मीलन mīl-ana, *n.* closing of the eyes winking; closing (int., of eyes or flowers); implicit smile; -*ita*, *pp.* closed, etc.; *n.* implicit smile; a young woman wearing linen garments and jasmine wreaths etc. are invisible in the moonlight they are shining white like the moonlight.

मीव MĪV, I. P. -*mīva*, (V.) move only. *pp. mīta* (-). *ā*, push open (door), open; only *pp. ā-mīvita*, and *pr. pt. ā-mīvat*. **ni**, press down (only *pr. pt.*) *pra*, push forward. *prati*, push back, close.

मुकुट mukuta, *m. n.* diadem, tiara, crest.

मुकुन्द mukunda, *m. ep. of Vishnu*; kind of treasure.

मुकुर mukura, *m.* mirror; bud.

मुकुल mukula, *n. bud* (also *fig. of the teeth*); *m. N.*; *a.* closed eye

मुकुलय mukula-ya, *den. P.* close (the eyes) *pp. mukulita*, having buds, blossoming; shut like buds eyes, hands, flowers; closed.

मुकुलाय mukulā-ya, *den. Ā.* shut like a bud, resemble a closed bud

मुकुलिन mukul-in, *a.* having buds, blossoming.

मुकुलीकृ mukulī-kri, close like a bud, draw

inwards (fingers); -*bhāva*, *n.* state of being closed (of blossoms).

मुक्त muk-ta, *pp.* (√muk) set free, released, from (in, ab.); loosened, detached, fallen or dropped down (fruit); relaxed, languid (limb); loose (rope); quitted, left free (road); left bare (bank); just left by the sun (cardinal point); abandoned, given up; laid or cast aside (clothes); deposited (flowers); gone, vanished (*esp.* -°, a.); shed (tears); uttered (sound), sent forth, emitted; thrown down, cast, discharged, hurled; applied (kick); having cast oneself down; delivered from sin or the bonds of existence, emancipated; destitute of (in or -°); *m. N. of a cook*.

मुक्ता mukta-ka, *a.* detached, independent; *n.* independent sloka (the meaning of which is complete in itself); simple prose (without compound words); -*kānta*, *a.* or -*śa*, ad with *kra* or *rad*, shout or cry (with relaxed throat); at the top of one's voice; -*kara*, *a.* open-handed, liberal; -*kara*, *a.* (ā, i) having loose or dishevelled hair; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* deliverance from the bonds of existence, final emancipation. -*mīdra*, *a.* awakened, -*bandha*, *a.* released from bonds; -*buddhi*, *a.* having one's soul emancipated, -*vasana*, *m.* (having cast aside raiment), Jain monk (= dig-ambara), -*śāpa*, *a.* having a curse laid aside, released from a curse; -*dikha*, *a.* having the top-knot loosened, having the hair hanging down; -*śaśva*, *a.* (having left childhood behind, grown up); -*samaya*, *a.* free from doubt, undoubted, -*sūryā*, *a.* *f.* with disc, quarter just quitted by the sun; -*śrāmīn*, *m. N. of a temple*, -*hastā*, *a.* open-handed, bountiful, liberal.

मुक्ता muk-tā, *f.* [pp. & muk, secreted by the oyster], pearl; -*kana*, *m. N.*, -*kalāpa*, *m.* pearl necklace; -*īkṛt*, turn into a pearl necklace, -*ākāra*, *a.* looking like a pearl; -*tā*, *f.* pearl-like appearance; -*keśava*, *m. N. of a statue of Krishna*; -*guṇa*, *m.* string or necklace of pearls, excellence of a pearl, pearl of pure water; -*ghāla*, *n.* pearl necklace; -*maya*, *a.* (ā) consisting of pearls; -*ātman*, *a.* whose soul is delivered, emancipated; -*dāman*, *n.* string of pearls, *a. āpad*, *a.* rescued from misfortune, -*āpīda*, *m. N. of a prince and of a poet*, -*pura*, *m. N. of a mythical town in the Himalaya*.

मुक्ताफल muk-tā-phala, *n.* pearl; -*ketu*, *m. N.*, -*ghāla*, *n.* pearl necklace; -*tā*, *f.* state of a pearl; -*dhava*, *m. N. of a prince*, -*maya*, *a.* consisting of pearls; -*latā*, *f.* string of pearls

मुक्तामणि muk-tā-maṇi, *m.* pearl; -*sara*, *m.* string of pearls; -*maya*, *a.* (ā), consisting of pearls.

मुक्तामुक्त mukta-anukta, *pp.* cast and not cast (said of a missile which can be used as a hand weapon); -*ambara*, *m.* Jain monk (= dig-ambara)

मुक्तारत्न muk-tā-ratna, *n.* pearl; -*rami-maya*, *a.* radiant with pearls, -*latā*, *f. N.*, -*śvall* (or *ī*, *f.* string of pearls; *N.*, -*akti*, *f.* pearl oyster.

मुक्तासन mukta-śana, *n.* sitting posture of the emancipated, a having risen or rising from one's seat.

मुक्तासिन् mukta-sena, *m. N. of a prince of the fairies*, -*sthūla*, *a.* large; as pearls tears, -*hāra*, *m.* string of pearls, pearl necklace; -*latā*, *f.* pearl necklace; *a. śhāra*, *a.* taking no food.

मुक्ति muk-ti, *f.* release, deliverance, from (-°); emancipation from the bonds of existence, final beatitude; abandonment of (-°); throwing, hurling, discharging: -**kāśa**, *m.* *N.* of an ancestor of *Bhikṣa*; -**kāśetra**, *m.* place of salvation, Benares; -**tā**, *f.* state of release; -**pāti**, *m.* lord of salvation; -**pāra**, *n.* *N.* of a *Jhṛpa*; -**pār-dasya**, *m.* robber of the citadel of salvation; -**vat**, *a.* delivered from (*ab.*).

मुक्ति muk-te, (*pp. lc.*) *pp.* excepting (*in.*).

मुख mukha, *n.* (-° *a.* **ā**, *i*) mouth; jaws; face; snout, muzzle (*of an animal*), beak (*of a bird*); direction, quarter; spout (*of a vessel*); *pp.* mouth, opening, entrance, into (*g.* or -°); forepart, tip, point, head (*of an arrow*); edge (*of a sharp instrument*); surface, top, upper side; head, chief; beginning; original cause of the action of a drama; source, occasion, of (*g.* -°); means: -° *a.* having in the or as a mouth; having a (*pale, etc.*, attributive *a.*) face; having a face like (*e.g. goat-faced*); having a face covered with or showing (*e.g. tears, frowns, anger*); facing or looking towards (-**m**, *ad.*); having as a beginning, beginning with.

मुखगत mukha-gata, *pp.* being in the mouth or face; being in front; -**grahaṇa**, *n.* kissing the face; -**kāndra**, *m.* moon-like face; -**kandramas**, *m. id.*; -**kāpala**, *a.* talkative, garrulous; -**kāpēlikā**, *f.* slap in the face; -**kāpālyā**, *n.* garrulosity; -**ākhaṇi**, *f.* colour of the face, complexion; -**ya**, *m.* (born from the mouth of *Brahman*), *Brāhman*; -**tās**, *ad.* from, at, in, or by the mouth; in the face; in front, forward, from the front; before (*g.*); -**paṇḍya**, *m.* lotus face; -**paśa**, *m.* veil; -**piṇḍa**, *m.* mouthful of food; -**priya**, *a.* pleasant in the mouth; -**bandhana**, *n.* introduction, preface; -**bhaṅga**, *m.* slap in the face, with (-°); distorted face, grimace; -**bhaṅgi**, *f.* distortion of the face; -**bheda**, *m. id.*; -**maṇḍala**, *n.* face; -**mātra**, *a.* (i) reaching to the mouth; -**mātrā**, *m.* breast (of the mouth); -**mudraṇa**, *n.* closing the mouth (*of g.*); -**mudrā**, *f.* distortion of the face or sealing of the lips; -**moṇa**, *n.* smacking of the lips.

मुखर mukha-ru, *a.* talkative, loquacious (*also of birds and bees*); tinkling (*anklets etc.*), sounding; -° *eloquent or resonant with, expressive of, pouring forth*; *m.* ring-leader, chief; -**ka**, *m. N.* of a rogue; -**tā**, *f.* talkativeness, loquaciousness.

मुखरय mukharaya, *den. P.* make talkative, cause to speak or talk; cause to sound, make resonant, [*complexion*].

मुखराग mukha-rāga, *m.* colour of the face.

मुखरिका mukharikā, *f.* bit on a bridle; -**i**, *f. id.*

मुखरीक्ष mukhari-kṣi, *m.* make talkative; cause to resound.

मुखरोग mukha-roga, *m.* mouth-disease; -**lepa**, *m.* besmearing the mouth; upper side of a drum; -**vat**, *a.* having a mouth; -**varṇa**, *m.* colour of the face, complexion; -**vāsa**, *m.* mouth-perfume (*used to scent the breath*); -**vyādhāna**, *n.* opening the mouth, yawn; -**vāṇa**, *m.* moon-like face; -**suddhi**, *f.* cleansing of the mouth; -**resha**, *a.* having only his face or head left; *m.* ep. of *Rāhu*; -**odhana**, *a.* pungent; *m.* cleansing the mouth; -**rosha**, *m.* dryness of the mouth; -**tri**, *f.* beauty of countenance, lovely face; -**sukha**, *n.* facility of pronunciation; -**śrava**, *m.* flow of saliva.

मुखकार mukha-kāra, *m.* look, mien; -**ākṣhepa**, *m.* turning up of soil with the ploughshare and abuse proceeding from the

mouth; -**śaṅga**, *n.* part of the face; -**āditya**, *n.* state of being the face etc.; -**śūla**, *m.* breath; -**abha**, *n.* lotus face; -**ambu**, *m. id.*; -**āsava**, *m.* nectar of the lips; -**śarāva**, *m.* flow of saliva; -**śavāda**, *m.* kissing of the mouth; -**inda**, *m.* moon-like face; -**bimba**, *n. id.*; -**utkirā**, *m. N.*

मुख mukh-ya, *a.* being in or on the mouth or face, coming from the mouth; being at the head, chief, principal, foremost, first, best (of, -°), pre-eminent; *m.* leader: -**tas**, *ad.* chiefly; -**tā**, *f.* pre-eminence, among (*g.* or -°); -**tva**, *n. id.*; -**mantr-in**, *m.* prime minister: (-**i**)-**tva**, *n.* premiership; -**as**, *ad.* first of all; -**artha**, *m.* principal or original meaning (*of a word*); *a.* having or employed in the original meaning.

मुग्ध mug-dhā, *pp.* (✓*muh*) strayed (*V.*); bewildered (*very rare*); foolish, stupid (*uncommon*); simple, innocent, artless, youthfully charming, lovely, sweet (*of girls and young women*, *ord. mg.*); young; strikingly like (-°). *Cp.* mūdha.

मुग्धता mugdha-tā, *f.* simplicity, artlessness; -**tva**, *n.* grace, charm; -**dris**, *f.* fair-eyed; -**dvipa**, *m. N.* of an island; -**dhi**, *a.* dull-witted, stupid; *m.* simpleton; -**buddhi**, *a. id.*; -**bodha**, *n.* enlightening the ignorant, *sc. vyākaraṇa*, *T.* of a grammar by *Yopadeva*; -**bhāva**, *m.* simplicity, inexperience; -**vat**, *a.* bewildered, undiscerning (*in lc.*); -**svabhāva**, *m.* artlessness; -**akṣhi**, *a.* fair-eyed woman; -**agra-vi**, *m.* chief of fools, consummate idiot; -**ātman**, *a.* silly, stupid; -**ikṣhaṇā**, *a.* fair-eyed woman.

मुग्ध mugha, *m. N.*: -**ta**, *m. N.*

मुच MUK, IV. **Ā. māhya** (*very rare*).

VI. **P. mukā** (*V.*), VI. **P. Ā. mukā** (*V.*, *C.*), let go, let loose, set free, release, from (*ab.* or -*tas*); free oneself, escape from (*in. ab.* or rarely *g.*; *Ā.* or *ps.*); spare (*any one*); relax (*the throat = cause a cry*); set free (*the life of = deprive of life*); allow to depart, send away, dismiss (*to, d.*), despatch (*to lc.*); slacken (*reins*); quit, leave (*place, seat, etc.*); abandon, desert (*a person*); give up, lay aside, relinquish (*v. kālevarāṇa* or *deham*, body, or *glitām*, prāṇa, life, -*die*); emit, discharge; utter; shed (*tears*); give away, bestow; cast, fling, hurl, shoot, at (*d. g.*, *lc.*, or *prati*); throw oneself (*ātmanam*) down from (*ab.*); *ps. mu/yate*, be released, freed, or absolved from (*n.* *ab.*); be delivered from *sin* or the bonds of existence; abstain from (*ab.*); be deprived of (*in.*); be destitute of, be without (*in*): *pp. mukta*, *q. v.*; *gd. muktvā*, excepting (*ac.*); *cs. mokṣya*, *P.* (*Ā. metr.*) release, free, from (*ab.*, rarely *in.*); set at liberty, allow to go free; unyoke; open; redeem (*a pledge*); give away; cause to give up (*2 ac.*); cause to shed (*tears*; *2 ac.*); *des. mumukṣha*, about to give up or relinquish (*life*; *P.*); about to hurl (*a missile*, *P.*); wish to free oneself (*Ā.*); *irr. des. mokṣha*, *Ā.* wish to free oneself, seek deliverance; free oneself from (*ac.*); *des. of cs. mumokṣayisa*, *P.* wish to deliver from the bonds of existence. **ati**, *ps.* avoid, escape (*ac.*). **vi**, *ps.* take off (*ornaments*) from (*ab.*). **abhi**, emit, give forth; cast, discharge. **ava**, unyoke; *Ā.* take or cast off one's (*clothes, ornaments, etc.*) from (*ab.*). **vi**, *ps.* take off (*shoes*). **ā**, put on (*garments, ornaments*); throw, cast (*glances*) on (*lc.*): *pp. āmukta*, put on (*garment*); clothed with (-°), dressed in (*ac.*); put off (*garment*, *very rare*). **ud**, free, from (*ab.*); unloosen, unfasten; open (*a letter*); take off (*garment*, *very rare*); quit; pay (*debt*); utter; cast, at (*lc.*); *ps.* be delivered or saved: *pp.*

unmukta, free from, devoid of (-°); taken off (*clothes*); uttered, by (-°); *cs.* deliver, from (*ab.*); unloosen (*hair*); take off. **pra**, *gd.* loose, flowing (*hair*). **sam**-*ud*, *pp.* given up (*body*) at the same time (= *died*). **upa**, *Ā.* put on (*clothes, etc.*). **nis**, liberate, from (*ab.*); loosen; *ps.* cast off its skin (*snake*); free oneself from (*ab.*); be deprived of (*in.*); *pp. nirmukta*, liberated, escaped from *any one* (*in.*); delivered from (*ab.*); free from (*ab.*, -°); detached; abandoned, lost, gone (-° *a.*); cast, discharged; having cast its skin (*snake*); deprived or destitute of (-°); *cs.* deliver from (*ab.*); redeem (*a pledge*) from (*ab.*). **abhi**, *nis*, *pp. incorr.* for *abhi-ni-mukta*. **vi**, *nis*, give up, relinquish (*the body = die*); *ps.* rid oneself of (*in.*); *pp.* escaped, freed from, rid of, free or exempt from (*in.*, *ab.*, or -°); cast, discharged. **pāri**, release, free, from (*ab.*); *Ā.* free oneself from (*in.*, *ab.*, *g.*); unloose, take off; abandon, leave, quit; emit, send forth; *ps.* be freed, from (*in.*, *ab.*, *g.*); be delivered from the bonds of existence: *pp.* freed, from (-°); taken off; given up. **pra**, set at liberty, free from (*ab.*); unfasten, untie, detach; drive away, cast off (*V.*); give up, abandon; emit, send forth, discharge; cast, hurl; bestow, grant; *ps.* be freed from (*in.*, *ab.*); be loosened; fall off (*fruit*), from (*ab.*); cease, dwist; *pp.* freed from (*in.*, *ab.*); abandoned, deserted; given up; emitted; shed (*tears*); cast, discharged; *cs.* free from (*ab.*); untie, loosen (*hair*); *des. mumukṣha*, *P.* wish to abandon. **vi**, *pra*, liberate; take off; cast, discharge; *ps.* be freed from (*ab.*); get off free, escape punishment: *pp.* delivered or free from (*in.*, -°); cast, discharged. **prati**, *P.* put anything (*ac.*) on any one (*d.*, *g.*, *lc.*); (*Ā.*, *C.* also *P.*) put (*ac.*) on one's (*head, etc.*), assume (*a shape*); inflict on any one, do to (*lc.*); attach or fasten to (*lc.*); set at liberty, send away; abandon, relinquish; pay a debt; cast, discharge, at (*lc.*); *ps.* be freed from (*ab.*); *pp.* applied (*ointment*) to (*lc.*); released, freed from (*ab.*); given up, relinquished; cast, hurled; *cs.* deliver, rescue, from (*ab.*). **vi**, undo, unloosen, unyoke (*Ā.* - *one's*); be unloosened, be set free; (*unyoke =*) make a halt (*P. Ā.*); take off (*clothes, etc.*); set at liberty, spare; quit (*a place*); abandon; desert; give up (*life = die*); relinquish, avoid (*pride, etc.*); lose consciousness (*samgāḥ*); pardon (*a fault, etc.*); emit, discharge, shed (*tears*); bring forth, lay eggs; utter, throw, discharge, at (*lc.*); cast oneself (*ātmanam*) into (*lc.*); bestow on (*lc.*); assume (*a form*). *v. na*, not cease running or flowing, not rest (*rivers, horses*); *ps.* be unloosened, be slack (*reins*); be delivered or freed from (*in.*, *ab.*, -*tas*); escape, from (*ab.*); be released or escape from the power of (*ab.*); be delivered from the bonds of existence, obtain final liberation, be deprived of (*a relation, life in.*); *pp.* unyoked, loose (*ac.*); flowing (*hair*); released or free from (*in.*, *ab.*, -°); escaped from (*ab.*); launched ships; delivered, *esp.* from the bonds of existence, deserted by (-°); given up, abandoned (*esp. a.*); discharged by, flowing from (-°); cast, hurled, shed (*rain*); deprived of (*in.*); having recently cast its skin (*snake*); dispassionate; *° a. = -°*, released from; connected with (-°); *cs.* detach; unyoke; release, deliver, from (*ab.*), relieve; keep off, avoid. **pra**-*vi*, send away, dismiss; let go; give up, abandon (*the body = die*); *ps.* free oneself from (*ab.*). **sam**, shed (*tears*); *cs.* release, relieve.

मुच muk, *a.* (-°) freeing or delivering from; emitting, shedding, discharging; hurling; -**a**, *a.* (-°) *id.* (*very rare*).

मुमुक्षु mukukunda, *m. N.* of an ancient

king, who, for the assistance he rendered to the gods in overcoming the demons, was rewarded with the boon of an unbroken sleep.

[सुभ MUG, सुभ MUG, resound.]

सुभ muṅka, *pr.* base of $\sqrt{\text{muk}}$.

सुभ mūṅga, *m.* [resounding, rustling]. reed-grass, sedge; *sp.* a kind of rush (*Saccharum munja*) from the fibres of which the Brāhmaṇ's garle is made; *N.* of various men.

सुभिय muṅga-kesa, *a.* having hair resembling reed-grass, *ep.* of Vishnu and Siva; *m. N.*; -*dhārin*, *a.* holding muṅga grass in one's hand; -*nūyana*, *a.* purified from reed-grass (*II*); -*maya*, *a.* (i) consisting of muṅga grass; -*mekhalin*, *a.* having a girdle of reed-grass, *ep.* of Vishnu and Siva; -*vāsa*, *a.* having a garment of reed-grass, *ep.* of Siva.

सुभ्रीह मुग्गी-क्री, turn into muṅga grass, crush to fibres (trees).

सुभ MUT, I. \hat{A} -*moṭa*, break, crush. *ud.* break or tear off. *prati*, *cs* put an end to, kill.

सुभ मुन्दा, *a.* having the head shaved, having the hair shorn; bald (*head*); hornless (*cow*); having a bare top (*tree*); having no point, blunt; *m.* man with a shaven head or bald pate; *N.* -*ka*, *m.* trunk of a tree, beam; -*upanishad*, *f. T.* of a well-known Upanishad.

सुभन मुन्द-मु, *n.* shaving of the head (\pm *śirasah*).

सुभय मुन्दा-या, *den. P.* shave (the head); *pp. ita*, shaved, shorn; bald.

सुभिन् मुन्दि-*n*, *a.* having the head shaved (*also ep.* of Siva); hornless.

सुभय मुन्दा, *kind* of grass.

सुभय मुन्दा-या, *n.* N.

सुभ MUD, I. \hat{A} (*P. metr.*) *mōḍa* (*V. C.*), be merry or glad, rejoice, delight in (*ia*, *le*); *pp. mudita*, joyful, glad, rejoicing in (*ia*, *le*); *cs. P. mudaya*, gladden. *anu*, rejoice with (*ac*); rejoice in or at (*ac*); encourage (*anyom*), approve, sanction; permit any one (*ac*) to (*le* of *vi*); *cs.* gladden; receive with approval; *pp. anu-modita*, delighted; won over, rendered favourable; having the sanction of (*ac*); received with approval, joyfully welcomed. \hat{A} , be fragrant; *cs. pp. amodita*, rendered fragrant with (*ac*); *pra*, grow merry, rejoice, exult; *pp. exultant*, delighted, joyful; exuberant, gorgeous (*autumn*); *cs.* gladden. *prati*, exult at, receive joyfully (*ac*); *cs. \hat{A}, gladden, exhilarate.*

सुभ मुद्, *f.* joy, delight, gladness (*sts. pl.*).

सुभ मुद्-*f.* joy, gladness; -*ita*, *pp.* ($\sqrt{\text{mud}}$) glad (*etc.*); *n.* kind of embrace, -*ira*, *m.* [gladdener], cloud.

सुभ मुद्-*gā*, *m.* kind of kidney-bean (*Phaseolus Mungo*: the plant and the seed).

सुभर मुद्-*gā*, *m.* hammer; hammer-like weapon; -*ka*, *a.* (i-*kā*) hammer.

सुभर मुद्-*gā*, *m.* [shouting for joy], *N.*, *esp.* of a *Rishi*.

सुभर मुद्-*rā*, *a.* merry, joyful (*AV*).

सुभर मुद्-*ana*, *n.* sealing, closing (\circ).

सुभर मुद्-*ya*, *den. P.* stamp; seal; print. *pp. ita*, sealed, stamped, bearing the impress or marks of (\circ), sealed with (*sleep*, \circ); printed; closed (*eye*, *hand*, *flower*); avoided. *ud*, unseal, break open (*letter*); *pp. un-mud-*

rita, released, liberated. *vi*, close or cork up; open, begin.

सुभर मुद्-*f.* signet-ring, seal (*also the impression*; *ord. mg.*); (wooden) type, stamp, impression; mark, token, badge; seal, lock (= sealed, closed, eyes, lips, mouth); mystery; mark (= a divine attribute *etc.*) made on the body, mode of holding or intertwining the fingers (in religious worship or magic rites); direct designation, calling anything by its real name.

सुभर मुद्-*akshara*, *n.* letter of a stamp, type; -*akṣa*, *a.*, -*akṣita*, *pp.* stamped or marked with, bearing the impress of (*ac*); -*yaṅtra*, *n.* printing-press; -*ālaya*, *m.* printing house, -*rākṣasa*, *n.* Rakṣasa, *N.* of a minister; and the ring; *T.* of a play by Viśakhadatta, -*līpi*, *f.* stamped writing, print.

सुभर मुद्-*ikā*, *f.* signet-ring; ring; stamped coin; mode of holding or intertwining the fingers.

सुभर मुद्-*ita*, *pp.* of mudraya; *n.* impressing a seal on (*le*).

सुभर मुद्-*ad*, *ad.* [$\sqrt{\text{muh}}$] in vain, uselessly, to no purpose, falsely, wrongly.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *inspired or ecstatic man* (I); sage, ascet, ascetic, hermit, *ep.* one who has taken the vow of silence (*C.* rarely in *Br.*; *seer in the heart*); *conscience. pl.* the seven sages (= the seven *Rishis* or stars of the Great Bear); *N.* of the mango tree, *Artemisia indica*, *Betula frondosa*, *Eucommia latifolia*, and *Agave grandiflora*.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *a.* wearing long hair like a Muni (*II*); -*parampari*, *f.* uninterrupted tradition; -*putra*, *m.* son of an ascetic; -*vana*, *n.* forest inhabited by ascetics, hermit forest; -*vata*, *m.* best of the seven Munis, *ep.* of *śaśvītha* as one of the stars of the Great Bear, host of ascetics, -*vata*, *a.* observing the vow of (ascetics) silence.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* chief of ascetics, great sage; -*tā*, *f.* dignity of a great sage.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *N.* of a locality

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* prince of ascetics, great sage or ascetic, *ep.* of Sakyamuni and Valmiki; -*ivara*, *m.* *ud.*; *ep.* of Vishnu and of Buddha.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *n.* food of ascetics

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *des. f.* ($\sqrt{\text{muk}}$) desire for liberation, from (*ab*); -*shu*, *des. a.* desirous of releasing any one (*ac*) from (*ab*); wishing to give up or relinquish (*ac*); intending to emit or give forth (*ac* or *le*); wishing to discharge arrows (*ac* at *le*); wishing to be free, striving after final liberation; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* desire of liberation or final emancipation.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *f.* desire of death; moribund condition; -*shu*, *des. a.* desiring or ready to die; dying, moribund.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *mu-mokṣa-yi-hu*, *des. cs. a.* wishing or intending to deliver; -*mokṣa-ya*, *des. cs. a.* *ud.*

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* N.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *N.* of a *Daitya* slain by Vishnu or Krishna.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *f. N.* of a river.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* kind of drum, tabor; -*ka*, *m.* N. of an attendant of Siva.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* conqueror of Mura, *ep.* of Krishna or Vishnu; -*avish*, *m.* foe of -, -*bhid*, *m.* destroyer of -, -*mardana*, *m.* crusher of -, -*ripa*, *m.* foe of Mura, *id.*

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* kind of freshwater fish; *N.* of a people (*pl.*); prince of Mura; \hat{A} , *f. N.* of a river in the country of the Keralas.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* N. of a prince of the Turushkas.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* foe of Mura, *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna; -*ari*, *m.* *id.*; *N.*

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* MURKH.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* expiring ember; fire of chaff.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* or \hat{A} , *f.* edible lotus root (*AT*).

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *I. P. mōsha* (*RF*), *VI. P. mōsha* (*E.*, rare), *IX. P. \hat{A}, *mōshā*, *mushai* (*V. C.*), rob, steal, carry off, plunder; steal from, rob of (*ac*, *le*); remove, captivate, ravish (*eyes*, *heart*); blind, dazzle (*eyes*); obscure, cloud (*light*, *intellect*); excel, surpass; *pp. mūshita*, stolen, plundered (*exceptionally mūsha*), robbed, of (*ac*); removed, blinded, obscured, captivated; naked, deceived; made fun of. \hat{A} , take away, bear off (*le*), *pari*, rob of (*ac*), *pra*, take away, deprive of, *pp.* taken away, robbed (*also mūsha*); captivated, distracted, beside oneself. *vi*, *pp. pl. mūshaya*, taking away, destroying, *pp. mūsha*, taken away, destroyed. *sama*, rob, deprive of.*

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *a.* (\circ) stealing, carrying off, depriving of; destroying, dispelling (*darkness*), surpassing.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *den. P.* steal, carry off (*RF*).

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* stolen property.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* robber (*RF*).

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* testicle, the female organ. (*also* *desa*, *m.* region of the testicles, groin).

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *ad.* fist to fist, fighting hand to hand.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* clenched hand, fist; handul (*also* as a measure), handle, hilt (*of a sword* *etc.*); brief contents

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* handul (\circ); particular position of the hands; *n.* (\circ) pugilistic encounter; -*grāhya*, *fp.* to be clasped with one hand (*waist*); -*ghāta*, *m.* blow with the fist; -*ma*, *abs.* with hand, strike with the fist; -*prahā*, *m.* blow with the fist; -*maya*, *fp.* to be measured or clasped with one hand (*waist*); -*yaddha*, *n.* pugilistic encounter; -*yaddha*, *m.* devastation of the crops; -*hān*, *a.* striking with the fist, fighting hand to hand.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* pestle; club, mace; clapper of a bell; -*kyāda*, *m.* armed with a club, *ep.* of Baladeva.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* holding a club in his hand, *m.* *ep.* of Baladeva; -*i-bhā*, become a club.

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *m.* \hat{A} , *f.* kind of fragrant grass (*Cyperus rotundus*); -*ka*, *m.* \hat{A} , *f.* *id.*

सुभर मुद्-*m*, *IV. P. (\hat{A}) mūhya* (*V. C.*), be bewildered or perplexed, be at a loss what to do; go astray, err, be deceived or deluded; lose consciousness; become confused; fail, miscarry; *pp. mūghā* (*q. v.*), artless *etc.*, and *mūdhā* (*q. v.*), confused *etc.*;

ca. mohaya, P. (Ā. *metr.*) confound, perplex, bewilder, stupefy, infatuate; throw into confusion; cause to fail: *pp.* **mohita**, confounded, infatuated, etc.; *intr.* **momuhya**, be greatly confused. **ati**, be at a complete loss what to do: *pp.* **atimugdha**, dumfounded. **vi**, Ā. become confused in (le.): *pp.* **-mūḍha**, perplexed, deluded; *cs.* confuse, delude, infatuate, bewitch. **ud**, *pp.* **unmugdha**, bewildered; stupid, foolish. **pari**, be confused or bewildered; go wrong, err: *pp.* **-mūḍha**, confused, *cs.* perplex; thrown into confusion; *pp.* bewildered, stupefied. **pra**, be bewildered or stupefied, swoon: *pp.* **-mugdha**, stupefied, unconscious, swooning; very charming; **-mūḍha**, bewildered, stupefied; infatuated, foolish; *cs.* perplex, stupefy. **vi-pra**, *cs.* confuse: *pp.* bewildered, stupefied. **sam-pra**, become confused or clouded (*mind*): *pp.* confused; *cs.* bewilder, stupefy. **vi**, become bewildered or stupefied, faint: *pp.* **-mugdha**, bewildered; **-mūḍha**, perplexed, at a loss, uncertain, with regard to or in (-); foolish; *cs.* bewilder, stupefy; delude, infatuate; efface (a path): *pp.* bewildered, etc.; bewitched. **sam**, grow confused or stupefied; be obscured, become unrecognisable (*quarters of the sky*) to (g.): *pp.* **-mugdha**, gone astray; perplexed, confused in mind; not clearly understood; **-mūḍha**, confused, stupefied; perplexed as to (-); foolish; more foolish than (ab.); riven (clouds); *cs.* confuse, stupefy; delude, infatuate.

मुह mūh-u. (or -ū), *ad.* suddenly, in a moment (*IT*).

मुहुर mūh-ur, *ad* [in a bewildering manner], suddenly, in a moment (*frequently with a following ā*; *V.*); for a moment, for a while (*IT*); on the contrary (*C*); every moment, repeatedly, incessantly (*C*): *rep. ā*; **muhur** - **muhur**, now - now, at one time - at another.

मुहुरारि muhū-kārin, *a.* recurring.

मुहुरति mūhūr-tā, *m. n.* [*den. pp. fr. muhur*, past in a trice], moment, instant; hour of forty-eight minutes (*one-thirtieth of a day*): *cs.*, in a moment; for a moment; *m. n.* in a moment, presently; *ab.* after a moment, instantively - **ka**, *m. or n.* (1) moment; hour; **-kovidā**, *m.* (skilled in auspicious moments), astrologer; **-rāga**, *a.* red or attached for a moment.

[**मु** MŪ, bind, fasten, close.]

मूक mū-ka, *a.* dumb, mute; silent, speechless: **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* dumbness; speechlessness.

मूकही mūki-kri, *make dumb, silence.*

मूजवत mūjā-vat, *m. (V.) N. of a mountain pl. N. of a people in the western Himalayas.*

मूढ mūḍhā, *pp.* (√mūh) gone astray; driven out of its course (*ship*); bewildered, confounded, at a loss about, uncertain in (le. or -); stupid, foolish, dull, silly; perplexing; *m.* fool, dolt: *pl.* designation of the elements (*ph.*); *n.* confusion of mind.

मूढवत mūḍhā-*ketana*, *a.* stupid, foolish; **-ketas**, *a. il.*; **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* bewilderment, stupefaction, infatuation; stupidity, foolishness; **-driḥī**, *a.* having a dull look, stupid, silly; **-dhi**, *a.* dull-witted, stupid, foolish; **-prabhu**, *m.* chief of fools, great blockhead; **-buddhi**, **-mati**, *a.* confused in mind, dull-witted, stupid, foolish; **-ātman**, *a.* unconscious.

मूत mū-ta, *n. n.* [*pp. √mū*, bound together], plaited basket: **-kā**, *n.* little basket (*Br.*); **-kārya**, *a.* shaped like a basket.

मूतिव mūtibā, *m. pl. N. of a people.*

मूत्र mū-trā, *n.* urine: **-m kri**, make water; **-doṣha**, *m.* urinary disease.

मूत्रय mūtra-ya, *den. P. Ā.* make water; upon (P.): *pp.* **mūtrita**, having made water. **ava**, make water upon.

मूत्रोच्चार mūtra-ukkāra, *m. (?)* voiding urine and excrement: *le.* while -.

मूत्र्य mūtr-ya, *a.* relating to urine.

[**मूर** MŪR, become rigid or solid.]

मूर 1. mūr-rā, *a.* [√miv] impetuous (*horses*; *R.V.*).

मूर 2. mūr-ā, *a.* dull, stupid, foolish (*V.*).

मूर 3. mūr-a, *n.* = **मूल** mūla, root (*V.*).

मूर्ख mūrkh-ā, *a.* [√mūrkh] dull, stupid, foolish; inexperienced in (le.); *m.* fool, blockhead: **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* dullness, stupidity, folly; **-vyasani-nāyaka**, *a.* headed by a silly and vicious leader; **-sata**, *n. pl.* hundreds of fools.

मूर्खी mūrkhī-bhū, become stupid or silly.

मूर्छ MŪR-KH, I. P. [*der. of √mūr*, become solid] **mūrkhā** (*C.*, very rare in *V.*), coagulate, congeal, become solid (*rare*); grow rigid, faint, swoon, become unconscious; become dense (*darkness*); thicken, grow strong or powerful; increase, be augmented, become numerous; grow vehement; extend to, pervade; have power or prevail against (*le.*); have an effect on (*le.*); cause to sound aloud (*rare*); deafen (*rare*): *pp.* **mūr-tā**, coagulated (*V.*); (become firm), solid, corporeal; embodied, incarnate; swooning, in a faint, insensible; **mūrkhita**, insensible, swooning; fainted (*also n. imp. v. m. of subject*); thick; far-extending; strong, powerful; increased, intensified; swollen, filled or pervaded with (-); mixed with (-); reflected (*rays*); agitated, excited; *cs.* **mūrkhaya**, P. (Ā. *metr.*) cause to coagulate (*S.*); give a bodily shape to (*V.*); stupefy; strengthen; excite; cause to sound. **ūd**, be stupefied, faint. **vi**, *pp.* **-mūrta**, coagulated, become solid (*V.*); **-mūrkhita**, formed into a solid mass, become gelatinous; full of (-); resounding with (-). **sam**, coagulate, solidify; gather strength, increase, be intensified; sound aloud: *pp.* **sammūrkhita**, stupefied; increased, intensified; filled with (-); reflected (*rays*); modulated (*tone*); *cs.* cause to faint.

मूर्केन mūrkh-ana, *a.* stupefying; strengthening, increasing (-); *n.* swooning; raging (*of diseases, fire*); *n.* **ā**, *f.* regular rise and fall of tone, modulation, melody.

मूर्छा mūrkh-ā, *f.* congealment, solidification (*of quicksilver*); faint, swoon; mental stupefaction, delusion; melody: **-āśhepa**, *m.* indication of disaffection with anything by swooning (*rh.*); **-maya**, *a.* swoon-like.

मूर्छित mūrkh-ita, (*pp.*) *n.* kind of song.

मूर्ण mūr-na, *pp.* (√2. mri), crushed, etc.

मूर्त mūr-tā, *pp.* [√mūr] *c.* [√mūrkh] **-tva**, *n.* material form, corporeal nature.

मूर्ति mūr-ti, *f.* [√mūr] solid body, material form, body (*pl.* solid parts); manifestation, incarnation, embodiment; person, form, frame, figure, appearance; image, statue; *cs.* a. formed of: **-tva**, *n.* corporeal nature; **-dhara**, *a.* having a body, embodied, incarnate; **-mat**, *a.* having a material form, corporea; embodied, incarnate, personified; *cs.*

formed of; **-vighnea**, *m. pl.* the eight manifestations of *Śiva* and the various *Gaṇesas*.

मूर्ध mūrdha, *sts.* -° = **मूर्धन्** mūrdhan-*ga*, *a.* sitting down on any one's head; *-ya m. pl.* (produced on the head), hair of the head; mane; **-tā**, out of or on the head.

मूर्धन् mūr-dhan, *m.* forehead; skull; head highest or most prominent part, top (*of a tree*), summit, peak (*of a mountain*), height (*of heaven*), forefront (*of battle*); head, chief *ab.* **mūrdhnā**, (*V.*) at the head of, before above (*g.*); *le.* **mūrdhani**, *id.* - **vr̥it**, be above everything, prevail; **-dhri**, bear on the head hold in high honour; **-ā-dā**, place on the head, hold in high honour, attach great value to (*ac.*); **mūrdhā** *kri*, *id.*

मूर्धन्व mūrdhan-ya, *a.* being on the skull or head; formed in the head, cerebral or lingual (*sounds*: *gr.*); chief, pre-eminent.

मूर्धान mūrdha-anta, *m.* crown of the head, **-abhisikṛta**, *pp.* (sprinkled on the head), consecrated, inaugurated (*king*); *m.* consecrated king; **-abhisheka**, *m.* consecration, inauguration (*of a king*); **-avasikṛta**, (*pp.*) *m.* a mixed caste (*offspring of a Brahman and a Kshatriya*).

मूर्वा mūr-vā, *f.* kind of hemp (*Sansevieria Rostrburghiana*) of which bountings and Kshatriya's girdles are made: **-maya**, *a.* made of Mūrva.

मूल mūl-a [= **mūr-a**, rigid, fixed part], *n.* (-° *a.* **ā**, *i*) root; edible root; root - end by which anything (e.g. tooth, finger, arm, tail, etc.) is fixed; foot (*of a mountain*), base, lower part; edge of the horizon; bottom; immediate neighbourhood; foundation, origin, source, beginning; chief place, capital; capital (*opp. interest*); original, text (*opp. commentary*); temporary owner (*opp. rightful owner*); square root; *cs.*, chief; *-ā* having its root in, based on, derived from; **mūlam kri** or **bandh**, take or strike root, obtain a firm footing; **mama mūlam**, to my side, to me; **mūlat**, from the bottom, thoroughly; **ā mūlāt** or **mūlād ārabhya**, from the beginning.

मूलक mūla-ka, *a.* (ikā) having its root in, produced or derived from; *n.* radish; root. **-karma**, *n.* magic rites with roots; **-kāraṇa**, *n.* original or prime cause; **-krikkhra**, *m. n.* pennance consisting in eating only roots; **-khānaka**, *m.* digger of roots; **-grantha**, *m.* original text; **-kikhina**, *pp.* cut off with the root, dissipated (*hope*); **-kikheda**, *n.* cutting down (*a tree*) by the root; **-kikhedina**, *a.* destroying the text (*superstition*); **-ya**, *a.* growing from the root (*plant*); formed on roots of trees (*ant-hill*); **-tās**, *ad.* below: *v.* **ā**, from the root onwards; from the beginning *relat.*; **-tā**, *f.* being the root or source of (-); **-tva**, *n. id.*; **-deva**, *m. n.*; **-dvāra**, *n.* main door; **-nikrintana**, *a.* (i) cutting off by the root, destroying root and branch (-); **-puraṣa**, *m.* (root-man), male representative of a family. **-prakṛti**, *f.* primeval or unevolved matter (*in the Sāṅkhya phil.*; also called *pradhāna*), *pl.* principal sovereign to be considered in time of war; **-pradhāta**, *pp.* known through spies from the beginning (*thieves*); **-phala**, *n.* roots and fruits; interest of capital; **-bhava**, *a.* growing from roots; **-bhāga**, *m.* lower part; **-bhr̥tya**, *m.* hereditary servant; **-mantra**, *m.* main or heading text; spell; **-mantra-maya**, *a.* formed of spells, taking effect like a spell; **-rāmāyana**, *n.* original (i.e. *Vālmiki's*) *Rāmāyana*; **-vākana**, *n.* original words or text; **-vat**, *a.*

supplied with (*seculent*) roots 'place'; standing upright; -*vāpa*, *m.* planter of (*seculent*) roots; -*viśāṇa*, *n.* radical destruction; -*vyasaṇa-vṛitti-mat*, *a.* following a calling which is a hereditarily vile occupation; -*vyādhī*, *m.* main disease; -*vṛatīn*, *a.* subsisting exclusively on roots; -*sādhana*, *n.* main instrument; -*sthāna*, *n.* base, foundation; chief place; Multan; -*sthāyīn*, *a.* existing from the beginning (Siva); -*śrotas*, *n.* main stream of a river; -*hara*, *a.* taking away the roots, completely destroying (*g*); -*tva*, *n.* complete ruin; -*āyatana*, *n.* original abode or seat; -*āra*, *a.* subsisting on roots.

मूलिक mūl-ika, *a.* original; -*ikā*, *f.* magical root; -*iz*, *a.* having a root.

मूलोत्कर्ष mūli-karṣa, *n.* extraction of the square root, -*kṛi*, extract the square root.

मूलोद्धा mūla uddhā, *m.* eradication, extermination; -*utkhāta*, *pp.* dug out by the roots, utterly destroyed; *n.* digging up of roots; -*uddharana*, *n.* means of eradicating anything (*g*).

मूख mūl-ya, *a.* attached to the root; *n.* price, marketable value; wages, hire; earnings; capital (*opp. interest*); -*mūlyena*, *by way of payment*; -*grāh*, buy, -*dā*, sell, -*mārg*, endeavour to buy; -*ka*, *n.* price, value; -*karana*, *n.* turning into capital, realizing; -*dravya*, *n.* purchase-money; -*vivarjita*, *pp.* priceless.

मूष mūsh, *m. f.* mouse (RV.).

मूष mūsh-*n.* *m.* rat, mouse; erucible; -*ka*, *m.* rat, mouse; thief, robber.

मूषिक mūsh-ika, *m.* rat, mouse; -*nirviveśha*, *a.* not differing from a mouse; -*viśāṇa*, *n.* mouse's horn (*a. chinera*); -*sthala*, *n.* mole-hill.

मूषिका mūsh-ikā, *f.* rat, mouse; -*ākṛiti*, *a.* shaped like a rat's tail; -*utkara*, *m.* mole-hill.

मृ 1. *MRI*, I. P. *Â. mārā* (RV., C¹), *pf.* *mamāra* (V., C¹), *ps.* *mṛigāte* (V., C¹), *die*; *pp.* *pf. ael.* *mamāśva*, *f.* *mamāśhi*, moribund; *pp.* *mṛita*, deceased, dead, torpid, corpse-like, departed consciousness, *samgāhā*, futile, vain, useless; calcined quicksilver, *es.* *mārāya*, P. (Â. *metr.*) cause to die, kill, slay; calcine; *des.* *mumārsha*, P. wish or be about to die, *intr.* *marimarti*, suffer the torments of death *anu*, die after any one (*acc.*), follow in death; *pp.* following or followed by any one in death, *abhi*, affect or taint by death, *upa*, *es.* throw into the water, submerge *pari*, die around any one (*acc.*), *pra*, *pp.* deceased, dead; *es.* lead to death.

मृ 2. *MRI*, IX. P. *mṛāṇā* (I.), crush, break in pieces, destroy; *pp.* *mūṛṣā*, crushed, broken, *pra*, crush, destroy, VI, *ud.*

मृकण्ड mṛikanda (also *n.*), *m.* N. of an ancient sage, father of Mārkandeya.

मृक्ष MṚIK-SH [der. of *√mṛig*], VI. P. *mṛkshā* (RV.), I. P. *mṛaksha* (C¹), rub, stroke, curry; *pp.* *mṛakshita*, smeared, with *sm.*; *es.* P. *mṛakshaya*, besmear, *abhi*-*mṛiksha*, *es.* *mṛikshaya*, rub, anoint, with (*in*); *E.* *es.* *mṛakshita*, rubbed.

मृच 1. *mṛik-sha*, *s-* *aor.* base of *√mṛig*.

मृच 2. *mṛiksh-d*, *m.* comb (RV³); -*āni*, *f.* (tearing up the ground), torrent (RV.).

मृच *mṛig-d*, *m.* [roaming; *√mṛig*] forest or wild animal, game (*ord.* meaning); deer, antelope (*ord.* meaning); musk-deer;

antelope in the moon (the spots in which being considered to resemble an antelope as well as a hare); antelope in the sky = the lunar mansion Mṛigashiras; Capricorn (*sign of the zodiac*); kind of elephant; large soaring bird (RV., rare); a demon fought by Indra (RV.); musk (= *mṛiga-nābhi*); -*kāka*, *m.* *du.* a deer and a crow; -*kānana*, *n.* game-forest, hunting forest; -*kopa*, *m.* rage against the forest animals; -*gambuka*, *m.* *du.* a deer and a jackal; -*givana*, *m.* (subsisting by the chase), hunter; -*trishā*, -*trishā*, -*trishat*, -*trishā*, *f.* (deer's thirst), mirage; -*tva*, *n.* condition of an antelope; -*dāva*, *m.* deer-park; -*dṛia*, *m.* Capricorn (*sign of the zodiac*); *f.* gazelle-eyed woman; -*dviḡa*, *m. pl.* beasts and birds; -*dharma*, *m.* (holding an antelope), moon; -*nābhi*, *m.* musk; musk-deer; -*ja*, *a.* derived from the musk-deer; -*pakshin*, *m. pl.* beasts and birds; -*pati*, *m.* lord of wild animals, lion or tiger; lord of deer, roe-buck; -*prabhu*, *m.* lord of wild animals, lion; -*mada*, *m.* musk; -*manda*, -*mandra*, *m.* a class of elephants; -*māya*, *a.* derived from wild animals; -*māmsa*, *n.* deer's flesh, venison; -*māsa*, *m.* the month Mārgaśīrṣa; -*mukha*, *m.* Capricorn (*sign of the zodiac*).

मृगय mṛigā-ya, *den.* *Â.* (P. *metr.*) hunt (wild animals), chase, pursue; seek, search for; search through, examine; visit; seek after, aim at, strive for, endeavour to obtain (*acc.*); ask or beg for anything (*acc.* from *abhi*); *es.* *sakṣāt*, -*tas*.

मृगयस् mṛig-ya-s, *m.* wild beast (RV¹).

मृगया mṛiga-yā, *f.* chase, hunting; *acc.* or *d.* with *reish* of going (*gam*, *ya*, *pari-dhāv*), go a-hunting; -*kṛi/āna*, *n.* -*kṛi/ā*, *f.* pleasures of the chase; -*dharma*, *m.* rules of the chase; -*yāna*, *n.* going a-hunting; -*araṇya*, -*vana*, *n.* hunting forest; -*vihāra*, *m.* pleasures of the chase; -*vihārin*, *a.* delighting in the chase, amusing oneself with hunting; -*vyasana*, *n.* hunting-accident; -*śala*, *a.* devoted to the chase.

मृगयु mṛigay-u, *m.* hunter.

मृगराज mṛiga-rāj, *m.* king of the beasts, lion or tiger; *Leo* (*sign of the zodiac*); -*rāja*, *m. id.*, moon; -*tā*, *f.* sovereignty of the beasts; -*dharin*, *m.* bearing the moon, moon-crested, *ep.* of Niva, *lakshman*, *m.* bearing the epithet of lion or moon.

मृगलक्ष mṛiga-lakshman, *m.* (marked with an antelope, moon), -*lākshana*, *m. id.*; -*lekshā*, *f.* deer-like streak in the moon; -*lomika*, *a.* woollen; -*vana*, *n.* forest abounding in game, hunting forest.

मृगव्य mṛigavya, *n.* chase, hunting.

मृगवाध mṛiga-vyādha, *m.* slayer of beasts, hunter; Sirius, dog-star; -*vyāla-nishevita*, *pp.* infested by wild beasts and serpents; -*vyāḷa*, *f.* reclining posture of deer; -*ma*, *id.*, he still like an antelope; -*dāva*, *m.* young of deer, fawn; -*akshi*, *f.* fawn-eyed woman, (*â* -*śras*, *n.* deer-headed, third *later fifth*) lunar mansion; -*śirshā*, *n. id.*; -*śreshtha*, *m.* best of beasts, tiger; -*sūkara*, *m. du.* deer and boar; -*han*, *m.* slayer of beasts, hunter.

मृगाक्षि mṛiga akshī, *f.* gazelle-eyed woman; -*āksharā*, *m.* lair of the beasts.

मृगाङ्क mṛiga aṅka, *m.* (deer-marked), moon; *N.* of a sword; *N.* -*ka*, *m.* *N.* of a sword; -*datta*, *m.* *N.* -*i-ya*, *a.* relating to Mṛigakadatta; -*bandhu*, *m.* friend of the moon, god of love; -*maṇi*, *m.* moonstone; -*mālā*, *f.* *N.*; -*mauli*, *m.* (moon-crested), *ep.* of Siva; -*lekshā*, *f.* (moon-streak), *N.* of a princess of

the faunies; -*vat-i*, *f.* *N.* of various princesses; -*śana*, *m.* *N.* of a prince of the faunies.

मृगाङ्गना mṛiga aṅganā, *f.* female deer, doe; -*śavi*, *f.* forest abounding in game, hunting forest; -*adhipa*, *m.* lion; -*ādhipatyā*, *n.* sovereignty of the beasts; -*ādhipā*, *m.* monarch of the beasts, lion; -*arati*, *m.* foe of the deer; lion; -*ari*, *m.* foe of the beasts, lion or tiger.

मृगावती mṛigā-vat-i, *f.* *N.* of various princesses.

मृगी mṛig-i, *f.* female antelope, doe; -*kshira*, *n.* milk of a doe; -*tva*, *n.* condition of a doe; -*dṛia*, *f.* gazelle-eyed woman; -*lokanā*, *f. id.*

मृगेषय mṛiga ikshana, *n.* eye of a gazelle; *â*, *f.* gazelle-eyed woman; -*indra*, *m.* king of the beasts; lion; tiger; *Leo* (*sign of the zodiac*); -*tā*, *f.* lordship of the beasts; -*ibha*, *n. sg.* a deer and (or) an elephant; -*irava*, *m.* lord of the beasts, lion.

मृय mṛig-ya, 1. *den.* P. hunt; seek; 2. *fp.* to be sought for or found out; sought after or aimed at, - investigated, questionable, uncertain.

मृच MṚIK, *N. P.* *mārāya* (I.), hurt, injure.

मृचय mṛik-ya, *a.* perishable (B.).

मृच्छकटिक mṛic-śakat-ika, *n.* *â*, *f.* little clay cart, *T.* of a play in ten acts (probably 14th century).

मृच्छ MṚIKH, VI. *Â.* *mṛiksha*, perish (V¹).

मृज MṚIG, H. *mārg*, *mṛig* (I., C¹); *ord.* form, VI. *mṛiga* (V., C¹, rare); VII. *Â.* *mṛig* (V., very rare), *es.* *mārgāya* (V.), *mārgāya*, *wipe*, cleanse, polish; make smooth, curry (*a. horse*), put in order *Â.* also adorn oneself; rub, stroke, wipe away, off, or out; sweep away, remove, put aside, free oneself from (*acc.*); transfer (*impurity, debt*) from oneself to another (*acc.*), *ps.* *mṛigāte*, be wiped *etc.*; *pp.* *mṛiśhā*, cleansed, purified; polished, bright, pure (*fig.*); besmeared, with (*in*); laid on (*independent*), savoury; pleasant (*words*), agreeable *small*; *mṛivita*, wiped away, removed (*P.*, very rare); *mār/ita*, cleansed, scoured, clean, bright; besmeared, with (*in*), wiped away, removed; *intr.* *marmigāte*, *marmigāte* (V.), wipe, cleanse *etc.* repeatedly; *A.* cleanse (*etc.*) oneself; *apa*, wipe away, remove; transfer from oneself to another (*acc.*), *abhi*, wipe, cleanse; *ava*, stroke or wipe downwards; wipe off or away; *ps.* wipe one's (*body, limb*); *â*, wipe, cleanse; wipe or wash off; *ud*, wipe or stroke upwards; clean out; wipe one's mouth (*gd*); *Â* carry off, receive (V.); *pp.* *unmṛiśhā*, wiped off; *unmārgita*, cleansed, polished; *sam-ud*, stroke or rub up, *ni*, rub at; wipe; bestow on (*acc.*); V., *Â.* take to oneself (V.), *niś*, wipe, wipe away, *ef* face; *pp.* *nir-miśhā*, wiped off, *pari*, wipe all round, rub, cleanse, polish; purify; wipe away tears from (*the eye*), *acc.*, wipe the mouth; stroke, caress, wipe or wash off; brush aside, remove, free oneself from (*acc.*); *ps.* be worn down (*teeth*); *pp.* *mṛiśhā*, wiped, - away, removed; *mār/ita* or *mārgita*, rubbed up, cleansed, smoothed; *pra*, wipe, rub up, cleanse; stroke, caress; wipe, wash, or brush off; remove, dispel, destroy; frustrate *wish*; *pp.* *pramṛiśhā*, cleansed, rubbed up, smoothed, polished, bright; wiped away, dispelled, removed; *sam-pra*, wash clean; wipe away, remove (*fig.*); VI, wipe out, cleanse; rub dry; stroke, caress; wipe

away (tears); smear, with (in.): *pp.* smeared, touched up with (war); [°]. **abhi-vi**, rub, anoint with (in.). **sama**, rub, furbish; wash clean, sweep, cleanse (*fig.*), strain (*Soma*), purify fire by removing ashes etc. (*V.*); stroke, caress; sweep away, remove: *pp.* **samamrīṣhta**, washed, swept, cleansed.

मृत् mṛig-a, *a.* (-[°]) wiping away, removing; *f.* cleansing, washing, ablution; cleanliness; pure skin, good complexion; complexion.

मृद mṛid-a, *a.* gracious, compassionate; *m.* *cp.* of Siva; **-ana**, *n.* pardoning, blessing; **-āni**, *f.* wife of Mṛida, Pārvatī; **-ī**, *f.* *id.*; **-kānta**, *m.* lover of Pārvatī, Siva; **-pati**, *m.* husband of Pārvatī, Siva; (*ī*) **-ikā**, *n.* compassion, grace (*RV.*); *m.* *N.* of the composer of a hymn.

मृण MRIN [*fr.* mṛi-nā, *m.* *ninth class* of $\sqrt{2}$. mṛi], VI. P. **mṛinā**, crush (*V.*, *very rare*).

मृणाल mṛin-ā-la, *n.* [liable to be crushed], excellent tubular fibrous root of the lotus, lotus fibre: **-ka**, *-ā* *id.*; **-bhāṣyam**, *abv.* *ac.* *bhāṣy*, break like a lotus root; **-maya**, *a.* consisting of lotus roots, **-latikā**, *f.* lotus tendril or stalk; **-vat**, *a.* possessing lotus fibres; **-sūtra**, *n.* fibre of the lotus stalk or root.

मृणालिका mṛināl-ikā, *f.* fibrous root of the lotus: **-pelava**, *a.* tender as lotus fibres, **-maya**, *a.* consisting of lotus roots.

मृणालिनी mṛināl-in-ī, *f.* lotus plant; group of lotuses. [*root.*]

मृणाली mṛināl-ī, *f.* (small) fibrous lotus

मृत mṛi-tā, *pp.* $\sqrt{1}$. mṛi: *m.* dead man, corpse (also of animals); *n.* death; begging, begged food: **-ka**, *m.* dead man, corpse; *n.* a death; **-kambala**, *m.* winding-sheet; **-kalpa**, *a.* almost dead, in-ensile, in a trance; **-kela**, *n.* garment of the dead; **-gāta**, *p.* born dead; **-gīvana**, *a.* (i) reviving the dead; **-deha**, *m.* dead body, corpse; **-dhāra**, *a.* bearing a corpse; **-niryātaka**, *m.* corpse-bearer, **-pa**, *n.* wutcher of the dead; **-puruṣa-vāra**, *n.* human corpse; **-pūruṣa-deha**, *m.* *id.*; **-pra-pa**, *a.* whose children have died; **-bhartrikā**, *a.* whose husband is dead; **-mātā**, *a.* whose mother is dead; **-vat**, *ad.* as if dead; **ātmānam mṛitavāt sandar-ya**, pretending to be dead, feigning death; **-vas-tra-bhrit**, *a.* wearing the clothes of the dead; **-sabda**, *m.* report of any one's death; **-sam-gīvana**, *a.* bringing the dead to life; *n.*, *i.* *f.* revival of a dead person; **-samgīvin**, *a.* reviving the dead, life-restoring; **-stri**, *a.* whose wife is dead; **-hāra**, **-hārin**, *m.* corpse-bearer

मृताङ्ग mṛitaṅga, *n.* corpse: **-lagna**, (*pp.*) *n.* clothing of a corpse; **-antā**, *a.* *f.* whose embryo has died; **-a-saua**, *a.* defilement due to a death; **-aha**, *m.* **-ahan**, *n.* **-ahas**, *n.* day of any one's death.

मृति mṛi-ti, *f.* death.

मृतिमय mṛi-ti-may, *m.* mortality.

मृतिरेखा mṛi-ti-rēkhā, *f.* line of death (on the hands); **-rekṣhāna**, *a.* bringing about death.

मृत्कण mṛi-ti-kana, *m.* little lump of clay: **-tā**, *f.* condition of a little lump of clay; **-karma**, *n.* working in clay; **-karma-sam-paṇna**, *pp.* coated with clay; **-khana**, *m.* clay-pit.

मृत्तिका mṛi-ti-kā, *f.* (*sts.* *a.* [°]. *metr.*) clay, earth: **-vat-ī**, *f.* *N.* of a town.

मृत्पत्र mṛi-ti-pāṭa, *m.* (*conj.*) potter; **-pā-trā**, *n.* vessel of clay; **-pindā**, *m.* lump of clay: **-taa**, *ad.* from a lump of clay.

मृत् mṛi-ti-yū, *m.* death (*pl.* kinds of death); personified as god of death: [°], death caused by, *a.* dying by.

मृत्क mṛi-ti-ka, [°] *a.* death; **-kānyā**, *f.* goddess of death; **-kara**, *a.* producing death; **-kāla**, *m.* hour of death; **-m-gaya**, *a.* over-coming death; *m.* (\pm mantra) *N.* of the verse *RV.* VII, 59, 12; *cp.* of Siva: **-gaya**, *m.* muttering the Mṛityugaya verse; **-tūrya**, *n.* drum beaten at funerals; **-āvāra**, *n.* gate of death, death's door; **-nā-ana**, *n.* death-destriving draught, elixir of life; **-pātha**, *m.* path of death; **-pā**, *a.* drinking death (Siva); **-pāś**, *m.* fetter of death; **-bhaya**, *n.* fear of death; mortal danger; **-mat**, *a.* subject to death; **-rāḡ**, *m.* (king-) god of death; **-loka**, *m.* world of death; world of the dead, Yama's abode; **-vigaya**, *m.* *N.* of an elephant.

मृत्पातु mṛi-ti-pāt-kṛi, deliver over to death; **-senā**, *f.* army of the god of death.

मृत् mṛi-ti-sna, *m.* or *n.* dust, powder: *f.* clay, earth.

मृद MRID, IX. P. **mṛidnā**, I. P. **marda** (*E.* also *Ā.*), squeeze, press, or clap vehemently; crush, pound, bruise, pulverise, dash to pieces; trample upon, tread under foot; devastate, overwhelm, destroy; rub, rub against, glide along; grind into, mingle with (*m.*); rub or wipe away, destroy: *pp.* **mṛiditā**, crushed, pounded, etc.; *ex.* **mard-aya**, P. (*Ā.* *metr.*) squeeze or press vehemently; crush, break in pieces; trample under foot; press hard on, afflict, torment; rub; cause to be trampled upon, *intr.* **marmar-ti**, crush (*RV.*); **abhi**, tread, trample upon; break in pieces, destroy. **ava**, *id.*; rub; *ex.* break in pieces, destroy. **upa**, remove, destroy; *ex.* devastate, destroy; remove, set aside. **pari**, trample upon; rub, stroke; wipe away (*tears*); surpass; *ps.* be worn down (*teeth*); *pp.* pounded, bruised. **pra**, trample upon; break in pieces; sorely afflict, devastate, destroy; *ex.* *pp.* **pra-mard-ita**, crushed, trodden upon. **vi**, crush, bruise, pound, break in pieces; lay waste; rub; *ex.* *pp.* **vi-mardita**, crushed, bruised, broken; trampled upon; rubbed, with ([°]). **sam**, crush; *ex.* *id.*; rub.

मृद mṛi, *f.* [crumbled earth], clay, loam, earth; lump of clay; mound of earth; *kind* of fragrant earth.

मृदङ्ग mṛidāṅga, *m.* [mṛidam-ga, going with beatings: *abs.* $\sqrt{mṛid}$], *kind* of drum.

मृदा mṛid-ā, *f.* clay, loam, earth; **-ita**, *pp.* $\sqrt{mṛid}$.

मृदु mṛid-u, (*ā*, *ū*, *v-ī*) soft, delicate, tender, pliant; mild, delicate; weak, feeble; slow; *gait*: *n.* *ad.* gently, softly; *m.* *n.* gentleness.

मृदुक mṛidu-ka, *a.* soft: **-ma**, *ad.* gently, softly; **-kopa**, *a.* slow to anger; **-gir**, *a.* soft-voiced; **-tā**, *f.* softness; gentleness; weakness; mollification; **-tikṣhā**, *a.* gentle and harsh at the same time: **-tara**, *cp.*; **-tva**, *n.* softness, gentleness, tenderness; **-pūru**, *a.* soft, bland (speech): **-m**, *ad.* gently, coaxingly; **-prayatna**, *a.* pronounced with gentle effort; **-bhāva**, *m.* gentleness; **-bhāṣh-in**, *a.* speaking gently: **-ī** **-tā**, *f.* gentle speech.

मृदुवाक् mṛidu-vāk, *a.* soft, tender, gentle.

मृदुवाच mṛidu-vāk, *a.* gentle in speech; **-sūrya**, *a.* having a mild sun (*day*); **-spar-sa**, *a.* soft to the touch.

मृदुभाव mṛidū-bhāva, *m.* mollification; abatement; **-bhā**, become soft, relent.

मृद mṛid-ghaṭa, *m.* earthen jar; **-bhāṇḍa**, *n.* earthenware vessel: **-avaśeṣam**, *ad.* leaving only the earthenware vessels = everything but the earthenware vessels (*steal*).

मृदङ्ग mṛidu-āṅga, *a.* (i) soft-limbed, delicately formed (*woman*). [*grasp.*]

मृदी mṛidū, *f.* of **मृदु** mṛidu: **-kā**, *f.* vine.

मृध MRIDH, I. P. **mārdha**, (*V.*) grow weary of, disregard, forget, desert.

मृध mṛidh, *f.* (*V.*) fight (?); contemner; foe, adversary.

मृध mṛidh-a, *m.* *n.* fight, battle (*C*): **-bhū**, *f.* battle-field.

मृधस् mṛidh-as, *n.* contempt: *only w.* *kṛi*, show contempt, despise, scorn (*RV.*).

मृध mṛidh-rā, *n.* *pl.* (*RV.*) contempt, scorn; contemner; foe: (*ā*) **-vāk**, *a.* speaking scornfully, reviling (*RV.*).

मृधस्व mṛin-mṛya, *a.* (i) made of clay or earth, earthen: *with* *gñāṣa*, *n.* house of clay, grave; *m.* or *n.* earthenware object or vessel.

मृदोष्ट mṛi-loṣṭhā, *n.* lump of clay or earth.

मृश MRIS, VI. P. (*Ā.*) **mṛiś** (*V.*, *C.*), touch, stroke; lay hold of mentally, reflect, consider *ati*, *only* *abs.* **atimar-as**, inserting an additional syllable. **anu**, seize (*V.*); consider (*E.*). **abhi**, touch, seize, grasp, with (*in.*); *ex.* **mar-aya**, touch; cause to touch; *intr.* **marmar**, grasp *at*, long for (*ac.*; *V.*). **prati** **abhi**, touch, lay hold of. **ava**, touch, lay hold of, feel for (*ac.*); consider. **ana-va**, touch, lay hold of. **prati** **ava**, lay hold of; reflect, meditate. **ā**, touch; *cp.* *ut* *coru* etc.); examine, contemplate: *pp.* **ām-riśha**, touched; dishonoured (*woman*); seized, taken possession of; *ex.* meditate. **parā**, touch, lay hold of, seize; handle roughly, assail; desecrate (*an altar*); violate (*a woman*); touch upon, refer to, mean; consider. *ps.* be meant: *pp.* touched, seized, etc. **pari**, touch, feel; seize; grasp; consider, ponder; examine, question (*any one*); perceive, observe. **vi**, stroke, feel; lay hold of mentally, consider, reflect (*ord.* *mp.*; *very often gd.* **mri-ya**); examine, test (*any one*, *m.* *id.*); hesitate to (*inf.*); *ex.* think about, consider, ponder. **anu-vi**, consider, reflect. **sam-vi**, *id.* **sam**, P. *ā* touch, lay hold of, *Ā.* touch or grasp each other.

मृश MRISH, IV. *Ā.* (*V.*, *C.*), P. (*C.*) **mṛiśh-ya** (*often* *theorised* for $\sqrt{mṛis}$), forget, neglect (*RV.*); endure patiently, put up with, bear (*ord.* *mp.*); forgive, excuse, bear with any one (*cp.*); bear, like any one (*ex.* *na*, not bear, dislike; permit, suffer to *inf.*); *ex.* **marshaya**, P. *ā* cause to forget (*V.*); endure, bear; forgive, excuse, overlook (*qñā*, without *an object*); allow or suffer any one (*ac.* to *pr.* *pl.* *ac.*); put up with anything from (*g.*); *w.* *na*, not let alone, molest. **api**, forget, neglect. **ā**, endure patiently; *ex.* *id.* **upa**, *ex.* bear, put up with, overlook. *pp.* **upa-marshita**, granted; *w.* *na*, grudging. **pra**, neglect, forget (*ac.* *w.* *Ā.*, *d.* *w.* *P.*; *RV.*).

मृषा mṛiśh-ā, *ad.* in vain, uselessly, to no purpose; wrongly, falsely, untruly, feignedly, fictitiously; **-kṛi**, feign; **-gñā** or **man**, consider false or untrue; **mṛiśhā-eva tat**, that is wrong.

मृषाचान mṛiśhā-gñāna, *n.* false knowledge, error, ignorance, stupidity; **-tva**, *n.* wrongness,

मैत्रिन् maitr-in, *m.* friend.

मैत्री maitrī, *f.* goodwill (towards, *lc.*); friendship, intimate association; close contact, union (with, °, of inanimate objects); equality, similarity with (-); Goodwill (*personified as daughter of Dakṣa and wife of Dharmā*); -**pakṣa-pāta**, *m.* partiality for any one's friendship; -**pārva**, *a.* preceded by friendship; -**bhāva**, *n.* friendship; -**mayā**, *a.* humane.

मैश्वर maitr-ya, *a.* benevolent; *m. pat. or met. of various men*; a mixed caste; *N. of a jester* -**ka**, *m.* a mixed caste.

मैत्र्य maitr-ya, *n.* friendship.

मैथिल maitihila, *a.* relating to Mithilā; *m.* king of Mithilā; people of Mithilā (*pl.*); **ī**, *f.* princess of Mithilā, *ep. of Sitā, wife of Rāma*.

मैथुन maitihna, *a. (i)* paired, coupled, being a male and a female; connected by marriage; relating to or worn during copulation; having copulation in view (*with dharma, m. copulation*); *n.* sexual union; -**grata**, *pp.* engaged in copulation; -**gvara**, *m.* sexual passion; -**charmin**, *a.* copulating.

मैथुनिन् maitihun-in, *a.* having sexual intercourse; -**i-bhāva**, *m.* copulation; -**ya**, *a.* having sexual union in view.

मैनाक mainā-kā, *m. N. of a mountain*, son of Himavat and Menakā, which when Indira clipped the wings of the mountains alone retained its own.

मैनाल main-ālā, *m.* [*fr. minā*] fisherman (*VS.*); -**ika**, *m. id.*

मैरव mairav-a, *a.* relating to Mount Morn.

मैरिय mair-ya, *m. n.* an intoxicating drink (*made of sugar and other substances*); -**ka**, *m. n. id.*; *m. a mixed caste*.

मैलिह mailinda, *m.* bee.

मो mū, (*1.*) and not (*prohibitive*).

मोक mok-a, *n.* [*√muk*] stripped-off skin (*of an animal*).

मोकी mōkī, *f.* [releaser: *√muk*] night.

मोक्ष mok-tavya, *fp.* to be released; - relinquished or delivered up (*pledge*); - abandoned or given up; - remitted (*interest*); cast or discharged at (*lc. or prati*); -**tri**, *m.* discharger (*of a debt*).

मोक्ष mok-sh, *des. of* *√muk*.

मोक्ष moksh-a, *m.* release, liberation, escape, from (*ab.*, rarely *g. or -°*); deliverance from further transmigration, final emancipation; kind of chant conducive to deliverance; release of a heavenly body swallowed by Rāhu, end of an eclipse; falling or dropping off or down (*offshoots etc.*); effusion; setting free (*a prisoner*); causing to flow, shedding (*of tears etc.*); loosening, untying (*hair*); solution (*of a question*); casting, shooting, discharging (*arrows etc.*); scattering (*of grains*); utterance (*of a curse*); abandonment, relinquishment; -**ka**, *a.* loosening, untying, setting free; -° *a. m.* moksha, final emancipation.

मोक्ष moksh-ana, *a.* liberating, delivering; *n.* liberation, deliverance; setting (*a criminal*) at liberty; unloosening, untying (*knot, bonds*); causing to flow (*blood*); abandonment, relinquishment; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be abandoned or relinquished.

मोक्षद्वार moksha-dvāra, *n.* door of salvation, *ep. of the sun*; -**bhāva**, *m.* deliverance, emancipation.

मोक्षय moksha-ya, *P. (Ā. metr.)* deliver from (*ab.*); emancipate from transmigration; untie, undo; draw out of (*ab.*); take anything (*ac.*) away from any one (*ab.*); cause to flow (*blood*); cast, discharge. **pari**, liberate. **vi**, deliver any one from (*ab.*).

मोक्षयितव्य moksh-ay-i-tavya, *cs. fp.* to be emancipated; -**ay-i-tri**, (*cs.*) *m.* deliverer, from (*ab.*).

मोक्षवत् moksha-vat, *a.* connected with salvation; -**āstra**, *n.* doctrine of salvation; -**ādhana**, *n.* means of salvation.

मोक्षिन् moksh-in, *a.* striving after salvation; emancipated; -**ya**, *fp.* to be delivered.

मोक्ष mōkh-a, *a.* [*√mukh*] vain, fruitless, useless, unsuccessful, of no account; -**ma** or -° in vain, uselessly, without cause.

मोक्षकर्म mogha-karma, *a.* performing useless actions; -**gāna**, *a.* possessing useless knowledge; -**tā**, *f.* fruitlessness, futility; -**āna**, *a.* entertaining idle hopes.

मोक्षीक्ष moghī-kri, *reuder* futile.

मोक्ष mok-a, *n.* banana (*fruit*); -**aka**, *a.* delivering from (-°); -**ana**, *a. (i)*, delivering from (-°); casting, discharging (-°); setting free, letting go out of (*ab.*), freeing from (*debt*); -°; unyoking (*a car*); emitting, discharging (*semen*); -**an-ikā**, *f. N.*; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be set free; -**ay-itavya**, *cs. fp. id.*; -**ay-tri**, *m. releaser*; **ā**, *f.* banana tree (*Musa sapientum*); -**i-tavya**, *fp.* to be set free; -**in**, *a.* delivering from (-°); -**ya**, *fp.* to be released; - restored (*pledge*); - deprived of (*a limb*; *ac.*).

मोटक mota-ka, *m. n.* pill; -**na**, *n.* crushing, breaking; strangulation, destruction; -**ka**, *n.* strangulation, destruction.

मोटपल्ली mota-palli, *f. N. of a maritime country*.

मोद mōd-a, *m.* [*√mud*] joy, delight, gladness (*often pl.*); perfume (*rare*); -**ka**, *a. (-°)* gladdening (*rare*); *m. n.* sweetmeat; medicinal sweetmeat; *m. a mixed caste (offspring of a Kshatriya and Sūdrā)*; -**kāra**, *m.* confectioner.

मोदन mod-ana, *a.* gladdening; *n.* act of gladdening; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be rejoiced at; -**in**, *a.* glad, cheerful; gladdening (-°).

मोमुक्ष mo-mugh-ā, *a.* [*fr. intr. of* *√mukh*] insane (*SB.*).

मोरट morāta, *m. a kind of plant with sweet juice*; milk of a cow which has recently calved.

मोरारक morā-ka, *m. N. of a minister*; -**bhavana**, *n.* temple built by Morāka.

मोष mōsh-a, *m.* [*√mush*] thief, robber; theft, robbery, plundering; stolen property; -**krit**, *a.* predicting theft.

मोषण mōsh-ana, *a. (-°)* depriving of; *n.* robbing, plundering, pilfering; peculation.

मोह mōh-a, *m.* [*√muh*] loss of consciousness, bewilderment; delusion, infatuation; folly, error; delusion of mind preventing discernment of the truth and making men believe in the reality of the world (*phil.*); stupefaction, swoon; magical art for confounding an enemy -*m brū*, say anything that leads to error; -*m yā*, fall into error; *ab.* through folly or infatuation; **mohas tatra na kāryas te**, don't allow yourself to be confused thereby.

मोहन moh-ana, *a. (i)* bewildering, stupefying, deluding, infatuating; *m. N. of one of the five arrows of the god of love*; *N.*; *n.* bewilderment, delusion, infatuation; stupefaction; sexual intercourse; bewildering, perplexing; illusion; means of confusing; magical charm for bewildering an enemy; -**āstra**, *n. N. of an arrow (one of the five) of the god of love*.

मोहनिद्रा moha-nidrā, *f.* sleep of infatuation, delusive confidence.

मोहनी mohan-i, *f.* kind of spell; -**ya**, *a.* founded on or proceeding from delusion of mind; producing mental confusion.

मोहम moha-ma, *m.* kind of personification; -**mantra**, *m.* deluding spell; -**mayā**, *a. (i)* consisting in delusion of mind or error; -**āstra**, *n.* false doctrine.

मोहिन् moh-in, *a.* confusing, infatuating.

मोहोपमा moha-upamā, *f.* confusion-simile (*a rhet. figure which represents an object and that with which it is compared as being confused*; e. g. 'taking thy face for the moon, I follow the moon itself through longing for thy face').

मौकुलि maukul-i, *m.* crow.

मौक्तिक maukti-ka, *a.* striving after emancipation (*mukti*); *2. n.* pearl (*fr. muktā*); -**dāman**, *n.* string of pearls; -**mālā**, *f.* pearl necklace; -**ratna**, *n.* pearl; -**tā**, *f.* state of a pearl; -**śvalā** (*or i*), *f.* string of pearls.

मौक्ष mauk-ya, *n.* [*fr. mūka*] dullness.

मौक्षिक mauksh-ika, *a.* relating to the end of an eclipse (*moksha*).

मौख maukha, *a.* relating to the mouth (*mukha*); based on oral instruction.

मौखर maukha-ia, *a.* [*fr. mukha-ia*] as a designation of a family; **ī**, *m. pat. N. of a family*; -**rya**, *n.* talkativeness.

मौग्ध mauḡdha-ya, *n.* [*fr. muḡdha*] artlessness, simplicity, innocence.

मौघ mauḡh-ya, *n.* [*fr. mogha*] futility.

मौक्ष maukha, *n.* [belonging to the mokā tree], banana (*Juuit*).

मौषावत mauḡavat-ā, *a.* coming from Mount Mōḡavat (*MT.*).

मौञ्ज mauḡjā, *a. (i)* made of Muḡya grass; -**bandhana**, *n.* investiture with the girdle of Muḡya grass.

मौञ्जिन् mauḡj-in, *a.* wearing a girdle of Muḡya grass; -**iya**, *a.* made of Muḡya grass.

मौञ्जी mauḡj-i, *f. (sts. i metr.; sc. mekhalā)* girdle of Muḡya grass; -**nibandhana**, *n.* investiture with the girdle of Muḡya grass.

मौञ्ज्य mauḡj-ya, *m.* kind of personification.

मौढ mauḡh-ya, *n.* [*fr. mūḡha*] stupidity, folly. [*of the head*].

मौण्ड mauḡd-ya, *n.* [*fr. munda*] shaving.

मौष mauḡs, *n.* corrosive.

मौष mauḡa, *a.* made of the kidney-bean (*maḡga*).

मौषल mauḡgal-ya, *a.* descended from Maḡgala; *m. pat. N. of various men*.

मौन mauḡ, *n.* condition of a Muni or ascetic; silence (*-m vi-ādhā or sam-ā-kāra*, observe silence, hold one's tongue); -**dhārin**, *a.*

observing silence; -*vritti*, *a.* observing the vow of silence; -*vratā*, *n.* vow of silence; *a.* observing the vow of silence; -*vratin*, *a.* id.

मौनिक maun-in, *a.* observing silence, silent; (-)*-tva*, *n.* silence.

मौरव maurav-*a.* derived from the *Daitya* Mura. [fully.]

मौर्ख maurkh-*ya*, *n.* [fr. *mūrkha*] stupidity.

मौर्य maur-*ya*, *m. pl. N.* of a dynasty beginning with *Kandra-gupta* : -*datta*, *m. N.*

मौर्व maurva, *a.* (i) 1. made of, belonging to, or derived from *Mūrvā*; 2. made of the iron called *Muru*; *i.*, *f.* girdle made of *Mūrvā*; bowstring; -*ka*, *a.* bowstring.

मौल maula, *a.* [from *mūla*] derived from roots (poison), ancient, of long standing (custom); aloriginal, indigenous (inhabitant); holding office from previous generations, hereditary (minister); with *pārthivā*, *m. pl.* = *mūla-prakṛityā*, *m.* hereditary minister.

मौलि mauli, *m.* head; top, summit; *m. f.* diadem: *maulan ni-dhā*, place on the head, receive respectfully.

मौलिक maul-ika, *a.* [fr. *mūla*] derived from the root, original; inferior, of low origin; *m.* digger or vendor of roots; *pl. N.* of a people; -*ka*, *a.* [fr. *mauli*] being at the head, chief; transcendent; wearing a diadem

मौलिपृष्ठ mauli-prishṭha, *n.* crown of the head; -*bandha*, *m.* diadem; -*mandana*, *n.* head-ornament. -*mālikā*, *f.* wreath worn on the head; -*mālā*, -*mālikā*, *f. id.*; -*mukūṭa*, *m.* diadem.

मौल maul-*ya*, *a.* attached to the root; *n.* (= *mūlya*) price. [uent]

मौल्यभरण maulyābharaṇa, *n.* head-ornament

मौषिक maush-ika, *a.* relating or belonging to a mouse (mūshika). [cheat.]

मौष्टिक maushṭi-ka, *m.* [fr. *mushṭi*] rogue,

मौसल mausala, *a.* [fr. *musala*] club-shaped,

fought with clubs (battle); describing the battle of clubs (book).

मौहूर्त mauhūrta, *m.* [fr. *muhūrta*] astrologer; *i-ka*, *a.* lasting a moment, momentary; skilled in astrology; *m.* astrologer.

मा MNĀ, I. P. -*mana* [collateral of 'man]. *ā*, mention, speak of, declare to be, regard as; *pe ā-māyate*, be mentioned etc., be recorded, - handed down or taught; *pp. āmnāta*. *am-ā*, mention, record, enumerate, consider to be (ac); *ā*, recite.

म्यक्ष MYAKSH, I. P. (RV.) *myāksha* (pf. *mimyaksh* and *mimiksh*), be fixed, rest firmly, in or on (ic); exist. *sam*, P. *ā*. be associated, dwell together.

मृ MRAKSH, *r.* मृ *MRIKSH*.

मृक्ष mrak-h-*ana*, *n.* anointing; ointment, oil.

मृद MRAD, I. *ā*. -*mrada* [collateral of 'mrid'], rub; *ca*, P. *mradaya*, smooth. *vi*, P. soften; *ā*, be softened.

मृदस् mrad-as, *n.* (only °) softness; -*i-man*, *m.* softness; mildness, tenderness; -*ayas*, *cpr.* (of *mṛadu*) softer

मृत् MRIT, IV. P. *mṛitya* (Br., rare), fall to pieces. *vi*, *id.*, crumble.

मृक् MRUK, I. P. -*mṛōka* (rare) *ni*, set (of the sun, &c.) *abhi-ni*, go down on (ac); *pp. abhi-ni-mṛukta*, set on (by the sun) while sleeping (V.).

मृद MRED, *ā*, *cs.* -*mredaya*, P. repent; *pp. āmredita*, repeated.

मृपय mṛa-p-*aya*, *cs.* of 'mṛā,

मृ MĀ, IV. *māya*, P. (Br etc.) *ā*. (E. etc.), II. P. *mā-ti* E. fade, wither, have a worn appearance, be wan (sp of the face, owing to disease, sorrow, or passion); grow weary, languid, or exhausted; be dejected or downcast, vanish. *mātsā* (V., rare), softened by tanning (hide); *māna* (ord form), faded, withered; wan; exhausted, languid; dejected,

downcast; vanished; black, dark-coloured; *cs. mīlāpaya*, relax; *mīlapaya*, P. crush. *ā*, *pp. āmīlāna*, withered; slightly withered or faded. *pari*, fade away; *pp. withered, faded*; languid; vanished. *vi-pari*, *pp.* completely withered. *pra*, wither; fade away; *pp. withered*; wan; emaciated; soiled, foul, dirty. *vi*, grow languid; *pp. withered and decayed* (fig.); *cs. mīlāpaya*, P. cause to fade.

मृल mīl-*na*, *pp.* faded etc.; *n.* fadedness, lack of brightness; -*tā*, *f.* withered or faded condition; languor; -*srag*, *a.* having a faded garland.

मृनि mīl-ni, *f.* fading, decay; lassitude; disappearance; dejection; foulness; violence.

मृनिम mīl-ni-man, *m.* fading, decay, fadedness.

मृपि mīl-pi-m, (*cs*) *a.* causing to fade (°); -*y-in*, *a.* withering, fading; disappearing.

मृक् MLIKH, I. P. *mīkṣha* (Br., E.; very rare), speak a foreign or unintelligible language

मृक् MUK, I. P. *mīkṣa*, go to rest (Br.); *int.* *malimuk*, allay *anu*, arise (V.); *aps*, *pp. āpamukta*, hidden (RV); *ni*, go down, sink, set on any one (ac); *ābhi-ni*, set on any one while asleep (°).

मृप MLUP, collateral form of 'mṛuk' (Br., S.; very rare). *aps*, *pp. mṛupta*, hidden. *abhi-ni*, *pp.* on whom the sun has set during sleep.

मृक् mīkṣh-*n*, *m.* foreigner, barbarian (Br., C.); ignorance of the vernacular, barbarism (rare). -*śakṣa-śevita*, *pp.* infected by barbarians and robbers; -*tā*, *f.* condition of barbarians.

मृक्षदेश mīkṣha-dēśa, *m.* non-Āryan or foreign country. -*vāk*, *a.* speaking a barbarian or foreign tongue. [tongue.]

मृक्ष mīkṣh-*ana*, *n.* speaking a foreign

मृक्षित mīkṣhita-ka, *n.* conventional jargon unintelligible to others

य Y.

य yā, *prn. rel.* (*n.* -*ā*) who, that, which, what; nearly always followed by the ordinary correlative *tad* (± *etad* or *idam*) or less frequently *idam* (*m.* *ayam*), *adas* (*m.* *asau*), *idris*, *tādris*, *etāvat* (tathā etc. corresponding to the *n* yād; occasionally either the *rel.* or the *corr.* is dropped). *Ya* is *sts.* inaccurately employed in the sense of if any (one). Uses of the relative calling for special mention are the following 1. *Ya* is often added (without the copula) to emphasize a subject e.g. *ātma-parityāgena yā* *anīṣṭam rakṣanam*, *tan nīṣṭam na sammatam*, protection of dependents at the sacrifice of one's own life is not approved by moralists). *Ita*, it is thus used without emphasis by the side of a simple subject (e.g. *anīṣṭa śthaviraḥ ka yā*, a blind man and one who is old); rarely a *nm. rel.* of this kind = *an ac* (e.g. *śarvaṇa rasān apōṣṭha pūṣavo ye ka mānuṣhīh*, he should avoid eating all sorts of condiments, cattle, and human beings). The *n* *eg. yād* of this emphatic *rel.* is frequently employed without regard to gender or number, when it may be translated by *as* for, *as* regards (e.g. *anīṣṭā-rāvatam idam manye yād arinā sāha samvāśa*, as for dwelling with an enemy, that I consider as *hara* as the sword-blade vow); before a noun this *yād* = that is to say (Br.).

Immediately following *oratio recta* ending with *tī* *yād* = at the thought that (cp. *cp. yād*). 2. Two relatives often occur in the same sentence, when the second may be translated by any (e.g. *yād rokate yaśmai*, bhavet tat tasya kundaṛam, what pleases any one, that to him is beautiful). 3. The meaning of the *rel.* when repeated *sts.* separated by *hi* is generalized, *ya* *ya* being = whoever, whichever, whatever (followed by the doubled or single *corr. tad*). 4. *Ya* is often combined with other *prns.*: (*a*) *y. tvam*, *sa*, *eha*, *ayam*, *asau*; (*b*) *y. āham*, *tvam*, (etc.); *yō* *ham*, I who = since I, or after a question, that I; (*c*) *y. tad*, any soever *yād* *vā* *tad* *vā*, any, any kind of; anything; (*d*) *y. tvad* = or any other (Br., rare); (*e*) *y. udr*, *ka* + *ka* (V., C., common), + *kid* (C., very common), + *kid* *ap* (C., not common), + *kana* (E., rare), + *va* (C., rare), or + *api* (C., late, not yet in *Manu*), immediately following or *sts.* separated *m. yā* *kā* *ka*, *ka* *kā*, *kim* *kā*, *ka* *kā*, *ko* *vā*, or *ko* *pi*, *n. yād* *kim* *ka*, *kim* *kā*, *kim* *kā* *api*, *kim* *kā*, *kim* *vā* or *kim* *api*, whoever, whatever, any soever, any one, no matter who.

यक्ष ya-kā, *rel. prn.* = *ya*, who etc. (V., rare).

यक्ष yak-ān (base in oblique cases of *yakrit*).

यकार ya-kāra, *m.* letter y.

यक्ष yā-k-rit (*nm.* & °), *n.* liver.

यक्ष YAKSH, I. P. -*yāksha* [perh. der. of 'yāḥ', speed] *pra* (RV, C), hasten forward, press onward; arrive after, attain.

यक्ष yak-sh, *aur. base* of 'yug'; -*ā*, 1 *sg.* *ā*; -*shā*, 2 *sg.* *shy aur.*

यक्ष yaksh-ā, *n.* [speeder] supernatural being, spectre, ghost (V.); *m. N.* of a class of demigods attendants of *Kubera*; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* condition of a *Yaksha*; -*dāra*, *m.* (Q) *N.* of a locality; -*dāsi*, *f. N.*; -*dāra*, *a.* having a spectral appearance (RV); -*deva-grīha*, *n.* *Yaksha* temple; -*pati*, *m.* lord of the *Yakshas*; *cp.* of *Kubera*; -*bhavana*, *n.* *Yaksha* temple; -*bhrīṣa*, *a.* spectre-bearing (V); -*rāṇi*, *m.* king of the *Yakshas*, *cp.* of *Kubera*; -*rāṇi*, *m.* ud.; -*śāṅga*, *f.* wife of a *Yaksha*; -*śāṅga*, *adhipati*, *m.* *cp.* of *śāṅga*, *n.* *Yaksha* temple.

यक्षिण yaksh-in, *a.* living (RV); -*in-ā*, *f.* female *Yaksha*; -*tva*, *n.* condition of a female *Yaksha*; -*ā*, *f.* female *Yaksha*; -*tva*, *n.* condition of a female *Yaksha*.

यक्ष yaksha indra, *m.* prince of the *Yakshas*; *cp.* of *Kubera*; -*irvara*, *m.* id.

यक्ष yākh-ma, *m.* (emaciating) disease (*V.*); consumption (*later V.*, rare in *C.*);
-**grāhita**, *pp.* attacked by consumption;
-**grāha**, *m.* attack of consumption; -**nāśana**,
a. (i), disease-destroying.

यक्षन् yaksh-mān, *m.* consumption; -**m-in**,
a. suffering from consumption.

यक्षन् yākh-ya, *fp.* active (*RV.*).

यक्षमाण yak-shyā-māma, *ft. pt.* (✓yug)
desirous of sacrificing.

यक्ष ya-n, *gr.* designation of the intr. suffix
ya: -**luk**, dropping of the intr. suffix ya.

यक्ष yak-lu, *v.* यद् yād.

यक्ष yaklu, *pr.* base of ✓yam.

यक्षन्स yak-khundās, *a.* having which
metre: -**khila**, *a.* having which character;
-**khadāha**, *a.* having which faith.

यज् YAG, I. **yāga**, worship, sacrifice to
(*acc.* of god), for (*d.* of person for whom
or of object for which the sacrifice is per-
formed), with (*mn.* of means of sacrifice, rarely
partitive *g.* in *V.*; *guly.* *P.* of Agni or other
mediator in *V.*, or of officiating priest in *C.*;
-*Ā.* of one who worships on his own account
in *V.*, or of institutor of the sacrifice in *C.*;
offer (*hymn*, oblation etc. *acc.*) to (*d.*, *lc.*,
prati); *rare*; -*Ā.* worship with a view to (*acc.*;
RV.); *P.* invite to sacrifice by the Yāgya
verses (*ritual*); *pp.* **ishā**, offered, sacrificed;
sacrificed to; *n.* also *imps.* *w.* *m.* of sacrifice)
and *in.* of sacrifice: *ex.* **yāgyāga**, *P.* (*Ā.* metre)
assist any one (*acc.*) in sacrificing, officiate as
any one's sacrificer (*w.* *in.* of sacrifice); cause
anyone (*acc.*) to offer a sacrifice (*in.*) by means
of any one (*in.*); cause any one to sacrifice
(2 *acc.*); *des.* **yāyāksha**, desire to sacrifice.
abhi, honour with a sacrifice; offer a sacrifice
(*acc.*); -**ava**, remove or avert by sacrifice
Ā. (*V.*) offer reverently, consecrate; worship;
gain (*acc.*) by sacrifice for (*d.*), procure (*for*
men from the gods). -*Ā.* also procure for one-
self; *pp.* **śāha**, gained by worship. **upa**,
sacrifice in addition. **pari**, (*V.*) obtain by
sacrifice, procure; sacrifice to before and after
any one, offer an additional sacrifice (*ritual*).
pra, (*V.*) worship, sacrifice to (*acc.*). **sam**,
worship or sacrifice (to the gods) together;
sacrifice, offer together; do honour to (*acc.*);
ex. cause to sacrifice together, repeat the patu-
samyāgas; officiate as any one's (*acc.*) priest.

यज् yag, *a.* (-) sacrificing, worshipping.

यजत yag-atā, *a.* (I) adorable, holy, divine,
sublime

यजति yag-ati, *m.* technical term for rites de-
signated by the verb yagati (and not yagoti).

यजन् yāg-a-tu, *a.* worthy of worship or
sacrifice (*I.*).

यजथ yag-i-tha, (*RV.*) worshipping, sacrific-
ing (only *d.* construed like an inf.).

यजथी yāg-a-dhyai, *d.* inf of ✓yag (*RV.*).

यजन yag-ana, *m.* sacrificing; place of sacri-
fice: -**i-ya**, I. *a.* + āham, sacred day, day of
sacrifice; 2, *fp.* to be worshipped, sacrificed.

यजमान yāgu-māna, *pr. pt.* sacrificing; *m.*
institutor of sacrifice (who pays its expenses);
man capable of paying the expenses of a sacri-
fice, wealthy man: -**bhāga**, *m.* share of the insti-
tutor of a sacrifice; -**loka**, *m.* world of sacrificers.

यजा yag-ā, *f.* kind of genius.

यजि yag-i, *a.* worshipping, sacrificing (-);
m. performance of sacrifice; the root yag (*gr.*);
-**in**, *m.* worshipper, sacrificer; (*yāg*) -**ishtha**,

sp. sacrificing best or most (*RV.*); -**ishnu**,
a. worshipping or sacrificing to the gods;
(-*yāg*) -**iyas**, *ep.* sacrificing or worshipping
better, more, or excellently.

यजुर्मेय yagur-māya, *a.* consisting of the
Yagur-veda; -**vid**, *a.* knowing the Yagur-
veda; -**veda**, *m.* Veda of sacrificial texts;
-**ved-in**, *a.* versed in the Yagur-veda.

यजुष्मत् yāgush-mat, *a.* attended with a
sacrificial text: *w.* **ishakā**, *pl.* designation of
certain bricks (consecrated with a special text).

यजुस् yāg-us, *n.* sacred awe, worship, sacri-
fice (*V.*); sacrificial text (*as opp.* to *hymns*
and *chants*); the Yagur-veda (*sg.* & *pl.*).

यजुःस्वामिन् yaguh-svāmin, *m.* N. of a
Purohita.

यज् yag-nā, *m.* worship (in prayer or praise);
sacrificial rite, sacrifice (to, of, by, -).

यजकर्मन् yāgā-karmān, *n.* sacrificial rite;
a. engaged in a sacrifice; -**kālpa**, *a.* resem-
bling a sacrifice; (*ā*) -**kāma**, *a.* desirous of
worship; -**kāra**, *a.* engaged in a sacrifice;
-**kāla**, *m.* time of sacrifice; -**krit**, *a.* per-
forming a sacrifice; -**kṛat**, *m.* sacrificial
rite; complete or chief ceremony; -**kriyā**,
f. sacrificial rite; -**gamyā**, *fp.* accessible by
sacrifice; -**gāthā**, *f.* sacrificial verse; -**ghna**,
m. demon that disturbs a sacrifice; -**khāga**,
m. sacrificial goat; -**krātṛi**, *m.* protector of
the sacrifice, *ep.* of Vishnu; -**dhakshinā**, *f.*
sacrificial fee; -**datta**, *m.* a frequent N.;
-**dāsi**, *f.* N.; -**dikshā**, *f.* initiation for a sacri-
fice; -**dis**, *a.* looking on at a sacrifice; -**deva**,
m. N.; -**dravya**, *n.* requisite for a sacrifice
(vessel etc.); -**nī**, *a.* guiding the sacrifice;
(*ā*) **pati**, *m.* lord of sacrifice = institutor of a
sacrifice or he in whose honour it is offered;
-**patni**, *f.* wife of the institutor of a sacrifice;
-**patthā**, *m.* path of sacrifice; -**paṭi**, *m.* sacri-
ficial animal; -**pātrā**, *n.* sacrificial utensil;
-**prāpya**, *fp.* attainable by sacrifice (*Krishna*);
-**priya**, *a.* fond of sacrifice (*Krishna*);
-**pri**, *a.* delighting in sacrifice (*V.*); -**phala-**
da, *a.* rewarding sacrifice (*Vishnu*); (*a*) **ban-**
dhu, *m.* associate in sacrifice (*RV.*); -**bāhu**,
m. arm of sacrifice, fire; -**bhāga**, *m.* share in
the sacrifice; *a.* having a share in the sacri-
fice; *m.* god; -**bhuq**, *m.* god; -**i-vara**, *m.* *ep.*
of Indra; -**bhūmā**, *n.* sacrificial utensil;
-**bhuq**, *m.* enjoying the sacrifice, god, *sp.*
ep. of Vishnu; -**bhūmi**, *f.* sacrificial ground;
-**bhrīt**, *m.* institutor of a sacrifice; *ep.* of
Vishnu; -**bhokṛi**, *m.* enjoyer of the sacri-
fice, *ep.* of Krishna; -**manā**, *a.* sacri-
ficial ground; -**manas**, *a.* intent on sacrifice;
(*ā*) -**manman**, *a.* intent on sacrifice (*RV.*);
-**mahotsava**, *m.* great sacrificial celebration;
-**mukhā**, *n.* mouth or commencement of the
sacrifice (*V.*); -**rukā**, *m.* N. of a *Dānava*;
-**artham**, *ad.* for a sacrifice; (*ā*) -**vat**, *a.*
worshipping; -**i**, *f.* N.; -**vāsa**, *m.* sacrificial
ground; -**vāstu**, *n.* id.; kind of ceremony;
-**vāha**, *a.* conducting the sacrifice to the gods;
-**na**, *a.* performing the sacrifice; having
sacrifice for his vehicle, *ep.* of Vishnu and of
Diva; (*a*) -**vāhas**, *a.* offering or receiving
worship (*V.*); -**vid**, *a.* skilled in sacrifice;
-**vidyā**, *f.* sacrificial knowledge; (*ā*) -**vi-**
bhāshā, *fp.* unceasing in sacrifice; -**veśa**,
n. disturbance of worship or sacrifice (*V.*);
-**varāna**, *n.* sacrificial shed; -**sālā**, *f.* sacri-
ficial hall; -**śāstra**, *n.* doctrine of sacrifice;
-**śishā**, *n.* remnants of a sacrifice; -**śila**, *a.*
habitually sacrificing; -**śeśa**, *m.* remains of
a sacrifice; part of a sacrifice yet to be com-
pleted; -**reshā**, *m.* best of sacrifices;
-**samsiddhi**, *f.* success of a sacrifice; -**sam-**
sthā, *f.* fundamental form of a sacrifice;
-**sadana**, *n.* sacrificial hall; -**sadas**, *n.* sacri-

ficial assemblage; (*ā*) -**sammīta**, *pp.* com-
mensurate with the sacrifice; -**sādā**, *a.* per-
forming sacrifice (*RV.*); -**sādāna**, *a.* id.
(*RV.*); causing sacrifice (*Vishnu*); -**sāra**, *n.*
best part of the sacrifice, *ep.* of Vishnu; -**sā-**
tra, *n.* sacrificial thread (worn over the left
shoulder); (*ā*) -**seṇa**, *m.* N. of various men
and of a *Dānava*; -**soma**, *m.* N. of various
Brāhmanas; -**stha**, *a.* engaged in a sacrifice;
-**sthala**, *n.* sacrificial ground; *N.* of an *Agra-*
bhūra; -**sthānū**, *m.* sacrificial stump = stum-
bling-block at the sacrifice; -**svāmin**, *m.* N.
of a *Brāhman*; -**han**, *a.* disturbing or spoil-
ing the sacrifice; -**hartrī**, *m.* spoiler of the
sacrifice; -**hut**, *m.* sacrificial priest.

यज्ञांशुश्च yājñā-amsu-bhug, *m.* (enjoying
a share of the sacrifice), god; -**śāra**, *n.*
sacrificial shed; -**anga**, *n.* part, means, or
requisite of sacrifice; *m.* *ep.* of Vishnu or
Krishna; -**ātman**, *n.* soul of the sacrifice,
ep. of Vishnu; -**anta**, *a.* ending with the
word yajñ; -**āyatana**, *n.* place of sacrifice;
-**āyudhā**, *n.* sacrificial implement; -**avayava**,
a. whose members are sacrifices (*Vishnu*);
(*ā*) -**sāh**, *a.* (*strg.* stem -**sāh**) ruling the sacri-
fice (*RV.*).

यज्ञिय yājñ-īya, *a.* worthy of worship or
sacrifice, sharing in the sacrifice, holy, divine
(said of the gods and what is connected with
them); engaged in or fit for sacrifice; devout,
pious; sacrificial, sacred; *n.* bhūga, *m.* share
in the sacrifice; -**īya**, *a.* belonging to or suit-
able for sacrifice.

यज्ञिष yājñiṣa, *m.* lord of sacrifice; *ep.*
of Vishnu; -**i-vara**, *m.* id.

यज्ञोत्सव yājñotsava, *m.* (*conj.*) sacrificial
festival, -**upakaraṇa**, *n.* sacrificial imple-
ment; -**upavīta**, *n.* investiture with the
sacrificial thread (worn over the left shoulder,
sacrificial thread (*C.*); -**upavīta**, *a.* in-
vested with the sacrificial thread.

यज्य yāg-ya, *a.* (*RV.*) worshipping, pious;
adorable; (*ya*) **van**, *a.* (*xi*) worshipping,
sacrificing; pious; *m.* worshipper, sacrificer,
believer.

यक्ष ya-n, *pratyāhā* for *y*, *v*, *r*, *l*.

यत् YAT, I. **yāta**, *P.* dispose in order,
marshal (*RV.*), march in st. p., be in line,
vie with (*in*); *II.*; *A.* march or fly in line
(*RV.*); unite with (*in*) (*RV.*); seek to be
united with, strive to reach (*lc.*; *V.*); strive
after, endeavour to, devote oneself to, be
anxious for (*guly.* *d.* or *inf.*); also *acc.*, *lc.*,
artham, -*arthic*, -*arthāya*, -*hetos*, *prati*; *sts.* *P.*
metr.; *C.*; exert oneself; be on one's guard
(*C.*); be prepared for (*acc.*; *C.*); *pp.* **yatta**
(*E.*, *P.*), engaged in battle; prepared for (*d.*,
lc., *prati*); ready, on one's guard; guided
(*chariot*, *horses*); **yattita**, tried to be (inf.,
e.g. *ld.*); *n.* *imps.* it has been endeavoured
by (*in*.) to (*inf.*), *ex.* **yātāya**, *P.* dispose in
order, unite (*RV.*); cause to fight (*Br.*);
impress anything (*acc.*) on any one (*n.*; *C.*);
Ā. be united (*RV.*); *P.* *Ā.* surrender any-
thing (*acc.*) to (*acc.*, *g.*; *E.*); distress, torture;
requite, return (*hostility*), reprove as a fault
(*kulbīsham*; *V.*; *C.* *ā* rare in this sense)
ā, enter into, abide in (*lc.*), survive after (*d.*;
V.); *pp.* **āyatta**, being in (*acc.* or *lc.*; *Br.*);
dependent on, at the disposal of (*g.*, *lc.*, -);
exerting oneself (*P.*); on one's guard, ready
(*E.*); *ex.* cause to attain (*lc.*); **atiā**, exert
one-self excessively about (*lc.*); **anuā**, *pp.*
anvāyatta, concerned in, connected with,
dependent on, existing in (*acc.* or *lc.*; *V.*);
ex. cause to follow, connect with (*acc.*, *lc.*);
sam-ā, *pp.* dependent on (*lc.*); **nias**, *ex.* take
away, remove; fetch out of (*ab.*); surrender,

restore; requite (*enmity = take revenge*); spend (*time*). **prati-nis**, give back, restore. **pari**, surround (F.). **pra**, A. (P. *metr*) strive after, endeavour to, devote oneself to (*ac*, d., *lc*, *inf*). -**artham**, -**arthe**, -**heto**: *pp.* **prayatta**, intent; **prayatita**, *n. imp.* **sam-pra**, A. strive after (d.). **prati**, counteract (*ac*); *ca.* requite (*enmity = take vengeance*). **vi**, A. dispose in lines (F.); *ca.* distress, torture. **sam**, P. unite (R.F.); A. be arrayed (R.F.); be united with (*in*, R.F.); come into conflict (F.); begin a battle (*samgrāma*). *pp.* **samyatta**, prepared, on one's guard. **prati-sam**, *pp.* completely prepared or equipped.

यत ya-tā, *pp.* (√*yam*) restrained etc.: (a) **gir**, a. restraining speech, silent.

यतनीय yat-nīya, *fp. n. imp.* one should strive after (*lc*).

यतम् ya-tam, a. (n. -**a**) who or which of many (F.). -**tarā**, a. (n. -**d**) which of two (F.).

यतवाच yata-vāk, a. restraining one's speech, silent; -**vrata**, a. of purpose.

यतस् yā-tas, *ad. = ab.* of ya in all numbers and genders, out of or from whom or which, whence, whereof (*be afraid*); where common; whither (*rare*), wherefore, for which reason; since, because, for often introducing a verse in support of a previous statement; since when (*gulya* + *pradhariti*); as soon as (R.F.); that (*after*) questions, e.g. *what have I done that you should -; or to introduce oratio recta*; **yāto yata**, from which or whence respectively; whithersoever, in whatever direction; **yata eva kuta** -**ka**, whence-so-ever (B.); **yata tatah**, from any one so-ever, from any quarter whatever; whither soever, to any place whatever. [See (R.F.).]

यतस्रुच yata-sruḥ, a. having an outstretched

यतात्मन yata ātman, a. having one's mind concentrated, controlling oneself.

यति 1. yā-ti, a. *pl.* (*ma. ac.* **yati**) as many as

यति 2. yat-i, m. disposer (F.). *pl. N.* of an ancient race connected with the *Bhikṣus*, *sg.* **striver**, one who has renounced the world, ascetic, anchorite.

यति 3. yā-ti, f. guidance (F.); pause (*in music*); caesura (*in prosody*); [penance]

यतिषास्त्रायण yati-lāndrāyana, *n. kind of*

यतिताय yat-i-taya, *fp. n.* one should exert oneself for (*lc*).

यतिताल yat-i-tāla, *m. kind of musical measure*; -**tva**, *n.* condition of an ascetic; -**dharma**, *m.* duties of an ascetic.

यतिथ yat-i-thā, a. (f.) the how-manieth (B.); -**dhā**, *ad.* in how many parts or places (B.).

यतिन् yat-in, m. ascetic.

यतिश्रेष्ठ yati-bhrishṭa, *pp.* lacking the requisite caesura.

यतोमूल yato-mūla, a. originating in which.

यत्काम yāt-kāma, a. desiring which (F.); -**kāmyā**, *ad.* with which intention (F.); -**kāraṇam**, *ad.* on which account, wherefore; since, because (*also āt*); -**kāryam**, *ad.* with which intention; -**kimkāna-kāraṇa**, *ad.* doing anything that occurs to one, acting at random; -**kimkāna-kār-in**, a. *id.* -**i-tā**, f. haphazard conduct; -**kimkāna-pralāp-in**, a. talking at random; -**kimkāna-vāda**, *m.* random assertion; -**kimīd-āpi-saṃkalpa**, *m.* desire for something or other; -**kimīd-duḥkha-ka**, *n. pl.* trifling pains of whatever

kind; -**kula**, a. of which family; -**krite**, *ad.* for the sake of whom or which.

यत्न yat-na, *m.* volition, aspiration (*rare*); effort, exertion, endeavour, care, trouble, labour, pains (*sg. & pl.*, with regard to, *lc.* or -), express statement (*rare*) = *m. kri*, **ā-dhā**, or **ā-sthā**, make an effort or attempt, take trouble or pains (*for*, to, *lc.*, *inf*); *in sg. or pl.* carefully, eagerly, zealously, strenuously; **yatnena api**, in spite of every effort; *ab.* with every effort; carefully, sedulously, vigorously, -**tas**, *ad. id.*; -, with difficulty

यत्नवत् yatna-vat, a. possessed of volition; taking trouble, exerting oneself (*with lc.*).

यत्र yā-tra (1. *sts.* ā), *ad. = lc.* of ya in all numbers and genders, where, in which place, *ord.*, *inf*; whither; on which occasion, in which case, if; when common; in that (= *quod*, *rare*), in order that (R.F., *rare*); that (*after* a question); **yatra yatra**, wherever; whithersoever; **yatra tatah**, in whatever; anywhere whatever; to any place whatever, heaven knows whither; at every opportunity, on every occasion; **yatra ta-ta** *api*, anywhere soever, **yatra kuta**, in whatever; everywhere; **yatra kuta api**, in whatever; **yatra kvā** /a. F. in any whatever, wherever, whenever, whithersoever, **yatra kvaśana**, in any whatever; anywhere, at any time, heaven knows whither; **yatra kva vā**, anywhere whatever (P.); **yatra kva api**, to any place, hither or thither (P.); **yatra va**, or at any other place, or elsewhere.

यत्कामावसाय yatra-kāma-avasāya, *m.* magical power of transferring oneself anywhere at will, -**tata**-**śaya**, a. lying down anywhere, not minding where one sleeps

यत्थ yatra-tya, a. being or dwelling in which place

यत्त्रसायंगृह yatra-śāyam-grāha, a. having one's dwelling wherever evening falls, -**śāyam-prati-raya**, a. *ad.* -**stha**, a. dwelling in which place, -**astamita-śayin**, a. resting wherever sunset overtakes one, -**śikha**, a. wherever one likes

यत्संख्या yat-saṃkhyā-ka, a. having what number, how numerous, -**śena**, a. having how strong an army, -**śvabhāva**, a. being of what nature.

यथश्चक्षि yatha-rśhi, *ad.* according to the respective *śikhi*.

यथर्वम् yathā-rkam, *ad.* according to the respective verse, -**rita**, *ad.* according to the season; -**rśhi**, *ad.* according to the respective *śikhi*.

यथा ya-tha, *rel. ad.* & *conj.* as like (followed by *correlative tāda*, *sts.* **tatha** **tatha**, **talvat**, **evam**, F. **eva**, in F. the *pr* & *id.* **ha**, **ha** **va**, **iva**, **iva**, **iva** **ha** **ev** added, in C. *stv* **iva** redundantly, at the end of a *pāda* **yatha** is sometimes unneeded in this sense like **iva**), as, for instance, elliptically as it occurs *rare*, properly, correctly = **yathāvat**; in order that, so that (*with sub.*, or *opt.* in F., *opt.*, *pr.*, *pl.*, *imp.*, *pt.*, *aur.* in C.; *sts.* with (*hope of* *vyat* or *bhavet*), *with* *verbs of saying, thinking, knowing, doubting, hearing, etc.* introducing *oratio recta* + *id.*), as soon as *rare*; as if *in pot.*, *rare* **yathā-tathā**, as - therefore, as surely as - so truly (*also* **tena satyena**, the logical order of the clauses being *etc.* inverted), **yathā yathā** **tāthā** **tathā** F. *also* **eva** *eva*), according or in proportion as = so, the more - the more; **yathā yathā eva**, that *in pot.* *corr.* **tad**; **yathā** **yathā**, in whatever way; in some way

or other, anyhow (*with* **na**, in no way, not in reality); *by commentators used to express that a word is employed adverbially in such manner that it is, *sc.* **bhāvati***); **yathā katham** **id.**, in any way, somehow or other; **tad yathā**, that is as follows = namely, for instance; **tad yathā api nāma**, just as if *in pot.*

यथाकनिष्ठम् yathā-kanishṭham, *ad.* according to age from the youngest upwards, -**kartavya**, *fp.* to be done according to the circumstances, *n.* proper course of action; -**karmā**, *ad.* according to the respective action or actions; -**karma-guṇam**, *ad.* according to the actions and (*three*) qualities; -**kalpam**, *ad.* according to the ritual; -**kāṇdam**, *ad.* according to the sections; -**kāma-kāra**, *m.* action according to one's desire; -**kāmam** (SB *ām*), *ad.* according to wish, at will or pleasure, agreeably; leisurely, -**kāma-greya**, *fp.* to be oppressed at pleasure; -**kāma-praśāpya**, *fp.* to be sent away at pleasure, -**kāma-vadhyā**, *fp.* to be chastised at pleasure, -**kāma-viśāra**, a. wandering about at will; -**kāma-arśita arthin**, a. satisfying supplicants according to their desire, -**kāma**, a. acting according to one's will, unrestrained; -**kārya**, *fp.* to be done according to circumstances; -**kāla**, *m.* proper time, -*m.* *ad.* at the right or usual time, seasonably, -**kula-dharmam**, *ad.* according to the family usage, -**kṛta**, *pp.* properly done; agreed upon a -*m.* *ad.* as usual (R.F.), as it happened, agreed upon; -**krama**, -, *m.* *one*, in due order, successively, -**kriyamāna**, *pp.* *pl.* as being done, usual, customary, -**kṣhamam**, *ad.* according to one's power, as much as possible, -**kṣhipram**, *ad.* as quickly as possible; -**ākhyānam**, *ad.* according to the statement, as before stated, -**āgata**, *pp.* by which one came away, -*m.* *e-ā*, *ad.* by the way one came, -**āgama**, a. orthodox -*m.* *ad.* in accordance with tradition; -**grānam**, *ad.* according to the qualities or virtues, -**grāham**, *ad.* into one's respective house, -**gotra-kula-kalpm**, *ad.* according to the usage of the family or the tribe; -**aśram**, *ad.* number by member, -**āśramam**, *ad.* according to usage; -**āntita**, *pp.* previously intended, -**ākhāṇḍas**, *ad.* metre by metre, -**āgata**, *pp.* as it born into the world, stupid, foolish, -**āgosham**, *ad.* to one's heart's content; -**āgāpta**, *pp.* previously directed or ordered; -**āgāpti**, *ad.* according to command; -**āgānam**, *ad.* to the best of one's knowledge; -**āgneyam**, *ad.* *id.*; -**āgreshtham**, *ad.* according to age from the eldest downwards, by seniority

यथातत्त्व yathā-tattva, *ad.* or -*m.* in accordance with truth, truly, accurately; -**tatham**, *ad.* as it is really *tatha*, circumstantially, accurately, properly, suitably, -**tathyam**, -**tathyena**, *ad.* in accordance with truth; -**ātmaka**, a. having whatever nature; -**dārāna**, *ad.* or -*m.* at each occurrence, in each individual case; -**dik**, -**diām**, *ad.* in accordance with the cardinal points, according to the corresponding direction, -**ā-dishā**, *pp.* according to the direction or statement; (**ā-m**, *ad.* -**ā-dishā**, *ad.* as one has seen it), -**devatam**, *ad.* deity by deity; -**deam**, *ad.* according to the place; -**ādeam**, *ad.* according to precept; -**dharma**, *ad.* in due order, according to the nature, -**adhikāra**, *ad.* or -*m.* according to authority, -**adhita**, *ad.* or -*m.* *ad.* as learnt, in accordance with the text; -**adhyapakam**, *ad.* in accordance with the teacher, -**nirup-tam**, *ad.* ascertained; -**nirīdhisā**, *pp.* as above specified, described, or characterized; -**anup-purvam**, *ad.* in regular order; -**anupūrvya**, or **ā**, (*in*, *ad.* *id.*); -**anubhutam**, *ad.* ac-

according to previous experience; -**śaurāpam**, *ad.* in exact conformity, regularly; -**nyastam**, *ad.* in the manner in which deposited; -**nyāyam**, *ad.* according to rule, duly, fitly; -**nyāsam**, *ad.* according to the written wording of a *śūtra*, as is written; -**nyūpta**, *pp.* in the order in which laid down.

यथायकम् yathā-panyam, *ad.* according to the commodity; -**spāṛidha-danā**, *a.* punishing in proportion to guilt; -**parittam**, *ad.* as delivered up; -**puram**, *ad.* as before; -**pūrvā**, *a.* being as before; (ś)-**m**, *ad.* as before; in succession, one after the other; -**pragām**, *ad.* to the best of one's knowledge; -**pratyakṣa-darśanam**, *ad.* as if actually seen; -**pradhānam**, *ad.* as prescribed, duly; -**pradeśam**, *ad.* in its respective place; in the proper place, in all directions; according to precept; -**pradhānam**, *ad.* according to size; according to precedence; -**praveśam**, *ad.* as one has entered; -**pravam**, *ad.* in accordance with the questions; -**prastutām**, *ad.* as had already been begun, at length; -**prāvam**, *ad.* according to one's strength, with all one's might; -**prāveśa**, *in ad. id.*; -**prāpta**, *pp.* as fallen in with, the first that occurs; as resulting from circumstances, suitable; resulting from a preceding grammatical rule; -**m**, *ad.* according to the rule, regularly; -**prārthitam**, *ad.* as requested; -**phalam**, *ad.* according to the produce; -**balam**, *ad.* according to one's power, with all one's might; according to the condition of the army; -**bigam**, *ad.* according to the seed; -**buddhi**, *ad.* to the best of one's knowledge; -**bhāgam**, *ad.* according to the share; in one's respective place; in the right place; -**bhāṇam**, *ad.* respectively in the right place; -**bhāva**, *m.* condition of how it is, true state; fate; -**abhipreṭa**, *pp.* wished for, desirable (°); -**m**, *ad.* according to desire, as any one (*g.*) likes; -**abhimata**, *pp.* desired; -**m**, *ad.* according to desire, to one's heart's content, -**deśa**, *m.* desired place, whatever place one likes; -**abhirukita**, *pp.* liked, favourite; -**abhiśaṭṭa**, *pp.* wished for, desirable; -**abhiśa**, *pp.* desired; -**dis**, *f.* place desired by each; -**bhūtam**, *ad.* according to what has happened, truly; -**bhūmi**, *ad.* into the respective country; -**abhyarthita**, *pp.* previously requested; -**mangalam**, *ad.* according to the respective custom; -**mati**, *ad.* as seems fit to any one (*g.*); to the best of one's understanding; -**manas**, *ad.* to one's heart's content; -**mukhyam**, *ad.* as regards the chief persons; -**mukhyena**, *in ad.* chiefly, above all; -**āmnātam**, *ad.* as handed down in the text.

यथायकम् yathā-yathām, *ad.* fitly, properly, in due order; one after the other, gradually; -**yukta**, *pp.* regarding (*śe.*); -**m**, *ad.* according to circumstances, suitably; -**vyukti**, *ad. id.*; -**tas**, *ad. id.*; -**yogam**, *ad. id.*; according to usage; -**yogena**, *in ad. id.* according to circumstances, suitably; -**yogyam**, *ad.* as is fit, properly, suitably; -**śārabdha**, *pp.* previously begun; -**śārabham**, *ad.* according to the beginning, in the same order; -**ruśam**, *ruśi*, *ad.* according to taste; -**rūpa**, *a.* of what kind; having a suitable appearance, extremely beautiful; very great; (ś)-**m**, *ad.* suitably; rightly, truly; according to appearance.

यथार्थं yathā artha, *a.* conformable to reality, appropriate (*name*), suitable; correct, true (*also of a dream*), in the true sense of the word (*life*): ° or (ś)-**m**, *ad.* in accordance with the object or need, suitably fitly, appropriately; in accordance with reality, accurately; at pleasure; -**ka**, *a.* correct; coming true (*dream*); -**kṛta-nāman**, *a.* appropriately named; -**tattvam**, *ad.* in accordance with the actual truth; -**tas**, *ad.* in accordance with

truth; -**tā**, *f.* appropriateness (*of a name*); -**nāma-ka**, *a.* bearing an appropriate name; -**tva**, *n.* appropriateness of name; -**nāman**, *a.* having an appropriate name; -**akṣhara**, *a.* true to the letter; -**ākhyā**, *a.* bearing an appropriate name.

यथार्थं yathā artha, *pp.* as requested, previously asked; -**arthi-tvam**, *ad.* according to the intention; -**arpita**, *pp.* as delivered up; -**arha**, *a.* according to deserts or merit, suitable: ° or -**m**, *ad.* in accordance with merit or worth, worthily, suitably, justly; -**tas**, *ad. id.*; -**labdha**, *pp.* such as comes to hand; -**lābha**, ° or -**m**, *ad.* just as it happens to be; -**lingam**, *ad.* according to the characteristic.

यथायकम् yathā avakāśam, *ad.* according to space; into the proper place; according to or on the first opportunity; -**vaśanākārin**, *a.* acting according to orders, obedient; -**vaśanam**, *ad.* according to the expression; -**vat**, *ad.* exactly as it is or should be, according to usage, in due order, suitably, fitly, correctly, accurately; -**yathā**, (*as rare*); -**vayaśa**, *ad.* according to age; of the same age; -**vaśam**, *ad.* according to one's will or pleasure (*!.*); -**avāsaram**, *ad.* at every opportunity, -**vastu**, *ad.* in accordance with the facts, accurately, truly; -**avastham**, *ad.* in accordance with the condition or circumstances; -**avasthita artha-kathana**, *n.* description of a matter in accordance with facts; -**āvāsam**, *ad.* to one's respective dwelling; -**vitam**, *ad.* in accordance with the find; in proportion to property; -**vidha**, *a.* of what kind; -**vidhānam**, *ad.* according to prescription or rule, duly; -**vidhānena**, *in ad. id.*; -**vidhi**, *ad. id.*; in due form, suitably; according to the deserts of (*g.*); -**vinivogam**, *ad.* in the order stated; -**vibhava**, °, -**m**, or -**tas**, *ad.* in proportion to means or income; -**vibhāgam**, *ad.* in accordance with the share; -**viśayam**, *ad.* according to the thing in question; -**virya**, *a.* having what strength; -**m**, *ad.* in proportion or with regard to valour; -**vritta**, *pp.* as happened; how conducting oneself: ° or -**m**, *ad.* as it happened, in accordance with the facts, circumstantially; according to the metre; *n.* previous event; actual facts, details of an event; -**vṛttānta**, *m.* experience, adventure; -**vṛddha**, ° or -**m**, *ad.* according to age, by seniority; -**vyavahāram**, *ad.* in accordance with usage; -**vyūtpatti**, *ad.* according to the degree of culture; -**akti**, -**aktyā**, *ad.* according to one's power, to the utmost of one's power, as far as possible; -**āyam**, *ad.* according to wish; according to the conditions or premises; -**śāstra**, ° or -**m**, *ad.* according to prescribed rules or the institutes of the law; -**śilam**, *ad.* according to the character; -**śraddhām**, *ad.* according to inclination; -**śāramam**, *ad.* according to the stage of religious life; -**śārayam**, *ad.* in regard to the connexion; -**rāddham**, *ad.* in accordance with the funeral feast; -**śrutam**, *pp.* as heard of; -**m**, *ad.* as one heard it; in accordance with knowledge; *incor for śruti*; -**śruti**, *ad.* according to the precepts of the Veda; -**śamsthām**, *ad.* according to circumstances; -**sakhyam**, *ad.* in proportion to friendship; -**samkalpita**, *pp.* as wished; -**samkhyam**, -**samkhyena**, *ad.* according to number, number for number, in such a way that the numbers of two equal series correspond numerically (*the first to the first, the second to the second, etc.*); -**saṅgam**, *ad.* according to need, adequately; -**satyam**, *ad.* in accordance with truth, truthfully; -**saṁdīśam**, *ad.* as directed; -**śāśanam**, *ad.* as soon as come near; -**śamayam**, *ad.* at the proper time; -**samarthitam**, *ad.* as has been con-

sidered good; -**samāmnātam**, *ad.* as mentioned; -**samihita**, *pp.* as desired; -**m**, *ad.* according to wish (*Pr.*); -**samudītam**, *ad.* as agreed; -**sampad**, *ad.* as it happens; -**sampratyayam**, *ad.* according to agreement; -**sampradāyam**, *ad.* as handed down; -**sambandham**, *ad.* according to the relationship; -**sambhava**, *a.* corresponding as far as possible; -**m**, *ad.* according to the connexion, respectively; -**sambhavin**, *a.* -**sambbhāvita**, *pp.* corresponding; -**sāma**, *ad.* according to the sequence of the Sāmans; -**sāram**, *ad.* according to the quality; -**siddha**, *pp.* as happening to be ready; -**sukha**, ° or -**m**, *ad.* pleasure; at ease, comfortably; pleasantly, conveniently; -**sukha-mukha**, *a.* facing any one pleases; -**śikṭam**, *ad.* hymn by hymn; -**sūkṣhma**, *a. pl.* according to size from the smallest onwards; -**m**, *ad.*; -**astam**, *ad.* to one's respective home; -**sthāna**, *n.* proper place (*only le. sg. & pl.*); *a.* being in the proper place; (ś)-**m**, *ad.* to or in the proper place; -**sthitam**, *ad.* according to one's stand; as it stands, certainly, surely; -**stṛiti**, *ad.* according to custom, as usual; -**sthūla**, ° or -**m**, *ad.* in the rough, without going into detail; -**smṛiti**, *ad.* according to one's recollection; according to the rules of the law-books; -**sva**, *a.* one's (his, their) respective: ° or -**m**, *ad.* each his own, each individually or in his own way, respectively; -**svaira**, ° or -**m**, *ad.* at pleasure, without restraint; -**āhāra**, *a.* eating whatever comes to hand.

यथेयम् yathā ikṣhitam, *ad.* as seen with one's own eyes; -**ikṣka**, *a.* according to desire: ° or -**m**, *ad.* in accordance with desire, at pleasure, as one likes; -**ikṣkākām**, -**ikṣkayā**, *ad. id.*; -**śtām**, (*pp.*) *ad.* as come; -**īp-sayā**, *in. ad.* according to desire; -**īp-sita**, *pp.* as desired; -**m**, *ad.* according to wish.

यथेयं yathā ishta, *pp.* such as desired: ° or -**m**, *ad.* according to wish; -**gati**, *a.* going wherever one likes; -**samkārin**, *a. ul.*; -**śāsa**, *a.* sitting as one likes.

यथोक्तं yathā ukta, *pp.* as said or stated, aforesaid, previously mentioned or discussed: ° or -**m**, *ad.* in the manner stated or prescribed; according to request; -**uktākārin**, *a.* acting as prescribed above; -**uktavādin**, *a.* reporting what he has been told (*messenger*); -**ukta**, *pp.* suitable, fit, proper: ° or -**m**, *ad.* becomingly, fitly, suitably; -**ugatam**, *ad.* according to the victory gained; -**uttara**, *a.* following in succession; -**m**, *ad.* one after the other, in succession; -**utāha**, *a.* according to one's power; -**m**, *ad.* to the best of one's ability; -**udayam**, *ad.* in proportion to income, according to one's means; -**udita**, *pp.* as stated, before-mentioned; -**m**, *ad.* -**udgamaṇa**, ° *ad.* in rising proportion; -**uddīśha**, *pp.* as stated, enumerated above; as directed by (*in*); -**m**, *ad.* in the manner stated; -**uddeśam**, *ad.* in the manner indicated; -**upaśosham**, *ad.* at pleasure, comfortably; -**upadīśha**, *pp.* as stated, previously indicated; -**m**, *ad.* in the manner stated or prescribed; -**upadeśam**, *ad.* as stated or instructed, in accordance with precept or prescribed teaching; -**upapādām**, *ad.* just as or where it happens; -**upayoga**, ° or -**m**, *ad.* according to use, requirements, or circumstances; -**upalambham**, *ad.* however one lays hold of it; -**upādhi**, *ad.* according to the conditions or premises; -**ūpta**, *pp.* as sown, according to the seed; -**sukityam** (*or śt*), in a suitable manner.

यद् या-d, *nm. & ae. sg. n. and base °* of the *rel. prn.* what, which; *cj.* that (*introducing*

I i

check, keep off: *pp.* controlled; limited, moderate. **सम-नि**, hold tight (*reins*), restrain, curb, control; check (*disease*), suppress (*emotion*, *etc.*). **प्रा**, stretch forth (F); place upon (Lc); direct (the eyes), towards (abhi); despatch (*messengers*), to d.; set forth (*obligations*) upon (Lc); offer, bestow, give; = up, deliver, hand over; bring, cause, produce; give (a daughter) in marriage, administer (*poison*); pronounce a curse on (q); represent to the mind, Lc; teach (*the Veda*); give (an answer); show (*hospitality*); offer for sale (*vikrayena* = sell); restore, pay (*debt*); requite (a benefit), *pp.* outstretched, far-extended (F); placed upon (Lc); offered, etc.; piously disposed, prepared for a solemn rite, Lc, or = ritually pure **प्रति-प्रा**, restore; pass on (food), **साम-प्रा**, deliver (together), offer, give, bestow, on (d. q); give back; give (a daughter) in marriage. **वि**, extend (*shelter*, protection; L) to d.; *pp.* **विव्यता**, extended **साम**, hold together, draw tight (*reins*); curb, guide (*horses*); tie up (*hair*), bind, fetter, close (*door*); check, suppress, discontinue, restrain, keep in subjection. *pp.* **सम्यता**, held fast, curbed, controlled, self-controlled, with regard to *m.*, Lc, = tied together, bound or tied up, fettered, confined, imprisoned, captive; kept in order (*utensils*); checked, restrained, suppressed, subdued, *pp.* **सम्य**, subdue (*foes*), tie up, arrange (*hair*); *pp.* **सम्यमित**, subdued; bound, fettered; checked with arms, *m.*; piously disposed **अभि-सम**, hold out towards (ac); maintain (*fire*).

यम 1. yām-a, *m.* (restrainer), rein (R¹); driver (R²); suppression, restraint; self-restraint, general law of morality, paramount duty (*opp.* *niyama*, minor duty), observance, rule.

यम 2. yam-ā, *a.* (ā, i) forming a pair: *m.* twin (du, twinn; designation of the Asvins); *N.* of the male Twin of Yama, the first man, son of Virasat (R¹); in the *Veda* Yama is the god who rules over the departed fathers in heaven; in C. he is regarded as the god of death, presiding in the lower regions (his name being supposed to mean subduer or punisher), younger brother of Manu (the first man, regent of the earth, and reputed author of *hymns* and of a law-book; planet Saturn), *n.* pair.

यमक yamuk-ka, *a.* double, twofold: *n.* double bandage; repetition of syllables identical in sound but different in meaning, paronomasia. -**कि**, *kāra*, *m.* Yama's servant, messenger of death; -**ketu**, *m.* Yama's flag, sign of death; -**kshaya**, *m.* Yama's abode; -**gāthā**, *f.* verse reciting of Yama; -**grāha**, *m.* Yama's abode; -**ghna**, *a.* destroying death, *cp.* of Vishnu; -**gā**, *a.* twin-born; *m.* du, twins; -**gāta**, *pp.* -**ka**, *a.*, *m.* d.; -**gīhvā**, *f.* (Yama's tongue; *N.* of a piousness; -**tā**, *f.* condition of Yama; -**m** *yā*, become the god of death, to cause the death of (y); -**tvā**, *n.* id.; -**daumhara**, *m.* *N.* of an Asura, of a Rikshasa, and of a warrior; -**damshra**, *f.* Yama's tooth; -**antaram** **gāta**, having entered the jaws of death; -**danāla**, *m.* Yama's rod; -**di**, *f.* Yama's quarter, south; -**dūtā**, *m.* Yama's messenger; -**ā** -**devata**, *a.* having Yama as a deity; -**dhāni**, *f.* Yama's abode.

यमन yām-ana, *a.* (i) restrain ing, guiding (F); *n.* act of restraining or guiding.

यमपट yama-patā, *m.* cloth of Yama (on which the god of death and the tortures of hell are depicted). -**i-ka**, *m.* man who carries about a Yama cloth; -**pāda**, *n.* repeated word; -**pāśaka**, *m.* Yama's watchman; -**pāśa** -**purusha**, *m.* id.; -**purusha**, *m.* id.;

-**mandira**, *n.* Yama's abode; -**mārga**, *m.* Yama's path; -**yāga**, *m.* kind of Yagyā; -**rā**, *m.* *N.*; -**rā**, *m.* king Yama; -**ā** -**rā**, *a.* having Yama as a king; *m.* subject of Yama; -**rā**, *yā*, *n.* Yama's rule; -**rāshtra**, *n.* Yama's realm.

यमल yama-la, *a.* forming a pair, double: *m.* twin, the number two; -**loka**, *m.* world of Yama; -**vat**, *a.* self-restrained, controlling one's passions; -**vishaya**, *m.* Yama's realm; -**vrata**, *n.* Yama's method; -**akha**, *m.* *N.* of a Veda; -**sadana**, *n.* Yama's abode; -**sabha**, *f.* Yama's tribunal; -**sāda** -**na**, *n.* Yama's abode; -**sū**, *a.* bearing twins; -**sūta**, *n.* the Yama hymn; -**svasti**, *f.* Yama's sister, *cp.* of the Yamunā.

यमातृग yama-atr-ga, *a.* attending on Yama; -**anukara**, *m.* Yama's servant; -**antaka**, *m.* Yama, god of death.

यमाय yamā-ya, *den.* ā. represent the god

यमारि yama-ari, *m.* Yama's foe, *cp.* of Vishnu; -**ālaya**, *m.* Yama's abode.

यमिन् yam-in, *a.* self-controlled.

यमी yam-ī, *f.* twin-sister of Yama; in C. = Yamunā.

यमुना yam-unā, *f.* *N.* of a river (now Jamuna); in C. identified with Yami; *N.* -**datta**, *m.* *N.* of a frog; -**pati**, *m.* *cp.* of Vishnu; -**prabhava**, *m.* source of the Yamuna (a place of pilgrimage).

यमुषेदव yamusha-deva, *kind* of fabric.

ययाति ya-yāt-i, *m.* [Striver; √yat], *N.* of an ancient patriarch, son of Nahusha.

ययि ya-yī- (or ī), *a.* [√yā] racing, swift (R¹).

ययु yā-yu, *a.* [√yā] swift; *m.* horse.

ययि yā-rhi, *cp.* when (*w.* ind. and pot. and corr. tāhi and etiāhi, in TS. & Ait Br. only; *w.* *pr.* pot. impf., *pf.*, *cor.* or no *rb.* and *con.* ātha, tatha, tadā, tatprabhūta, in Bhāgavata-P¹, only in the latter also with meaning since, because).

यव yāva, *m.* grain, corn (F); barley (C¹); *pl.* barley-corn; barley-corn as a measure of length = $\frac{1}{2}$ m. 1 angula; *b.* of weight = 6 or 12 mustard seeds or $\frac{1}{2}$ gūṇī.

यवक्षेत्र yava-kshetra, *n.* barley-field; -**kha** -**la**, *m.* threshing-floor; -**godhūma** -**vat**, *a.* abounding in barley and wheat; -**kūra**, *n.* barley-meal; -**dvipa**, *m.* island of Java.

यवन् yāvan, *m.* light half of the month.

यवन 1. yāv-ana, *a.* [√2, yu] warding off only; *n.* [√y, yu] mixing, *cp.* with water.

यवन 2. yavana, *m.* (Ionian), Greek, prince of the Greeks; *N.* of a caste, foreigner, Mohammedan (*late*); *pl.* the Greeks; Greek astrologers; -**de-a-ga**, *a.* coming from the land of the Greeks; -**pura**, *n.* city of the Greeks, *N.* probably of Alexandria; -**sena**, *m.* *N.*

यवनानी *yavan-āni, *f.* writing of the Greeks.

यवनिका yavan-ikā, *f.* 1. Greek woman; 2 curtain (= amvānika); -**i**, *f.* Greek woman.

यवनेश्वर yavana-īshvara, *m.* *N.* of a prince of the Greeks.

यवपिष्ट yava-pishṭa, *pp.* barley-meal; (yā-**va**) -**mat**, *a.* containing barley; *m.* corn-grower (R¹); *n.* abundance of corn (R¹); (yāva -**madhya**, *a.* like a barley-corn in the middle, thickest in the middle, a term applied also to certain metres), *n.* diameter

of a barley-corn), a measure of length; *kin* of Kāndrāyana or lunar pence (also -*na* dhya); -**māya**, *a.* made or consisting of barley; -**mardana**, *n.* threshing-floor; -**muṣhti**, *m.* handful of barley.

यवस yāvasa, *m.* *n.* sg. & *pl.* grass, fodder, pasturage; -**muṣhti**, *m.* handful of grass; **śad**, *a.* eating grass, grazing (R¹); -**ana** -**udaka** **indhana**, *n.* grass, corn, water and fuel; -**indhana**, *n.* grass and fuel; -**udaka**, *n.* du, fodder and water.

यवागु yavā-āṭ, *f.* gruel of rice (also of other kinds of grain).

यवासाक yavāsa-ka, *m.* mauna-plant (which withers at the commencement of the rainy season).

यविष्ठ yāv-ishṭha, *sp.* youngest (often said of fire just produced from the five-sticks on placed on the altar), hence *cp.* of Agni; -**iyas**, *cp.* younger (also said of Śādras as *opp.* to the three older castes); lesser; worse; *m.* younger brother; -**i**, *f.* younger sister.

यवोर्वरा yava urvārā, *f.* barley-field.

यशः yash-ktu, *m.* *N.* of various principles, -**kha** -**in**, *a.* fame-destroying; -**śarira**, *n.* body consisting of fame; -**śeṣha**, *a.* surviving in fame only; -**tā**, *f.* abst. *s.*; -**m** **pra** -**yā**, die, -**m** **nā**, kill.

यशस् 1. yās-as, *n.* beauty, dignity, grandeur, splendour (F); reputation, praise, fame, glory, renown; object of honour or respect (*lit.*), graciousness, favour (R¹).

यशस् 2. yās-ās, *a.* (F) beautiful, grand, splendid; honoured, respected; agreeable, acceptable.

यशस्कर yashas-kara, *a.* (i) conferring glory, rendering famous, glorious, for (C¹), *m.* *N.* of various men; (yā-**vas**) -**kāma**, *a.* desirous of fame, ambitious.

यशस्व yashas-yā, *a.* leading to fame, glorious; honoured; yā-**vas** -**vat**, *a.* (F) beautiful, splendid, magnificent; glorious; acceptable; -**i**, *f.* *N.*; -**vin**, *a.* beautiful, splendid, magnificent; famous, renowned, illustrious (*only*, of persons).

यशोघ्ना yasho-ghna, *a.* destroying reputation; -**dā**, *f.* bestowing fame, *N.* of the cowherd Nanda's wife, foster mother of Krishna; -**suta**, *m.* son of Yasoda, met. of Krishna; -**dhana**, *a.* whose wealth is fame, rich in fame, renowned (*person*), *m.* *N.* of a prince; -**dharma**, *m.* (supporter of fame, *N.* ā, *f.* *N.*); -**bhū** -**it**, *a.* possessing or conferring fame; -**rā** -**ya**, *m.* *N.*; -**lekha**, *f.* *N.*; -**vat** -**i**, *f.* famous; *N.*; -**vartman**, *n.* road to glory; -**varman**, *m.* *N.*; -**han**, *a.* destructive of beauty; destroying fame; -**hara**, *a.* depriving of fame, disgracing. [(R¹).

यष्टवे yāsh-tave, *d.* inf of √yas, to sacrifice

यष्टव्य yash-tavya, *pp.* to be sacrificed to; *n.* *imps.* one should sacrifice.

यष्टि yash-ti, *f.* (support; √yash = √yam), staff, stick, cudgel, club; flugstaff; perch; stalk, twig; pearl necklace; liquorice; = long, slender (*arm* or *body*); -**i** (of sword) = blade; -**kā**, *f.* staff; -**grāma**, *m.* *N.* of a locality; -**nivāsa**, *m.* perching-pole for peacocks, pigeon-house resting on a pole; -**yut** -**thāna**, *n.* rising with the help of a staff.

यष्टु yāsh-ti (or -ti), *m.* worshipper, sacrificer.

यस् YAS. III. P. yayas (R¹), I. P. -**yasa**, (*very rare*), IV. P. yāyas, bubble, boil (R¹), heat or exert oneself. ā, exert

oneself, strive: *pp.* **āyasta**, fanned; strenuous, exerting oneself, busily occupied with (-); exhausted, relaxed, dejected, *ex.* **āyāsa**, P. exert, exhaust; trouble, afflict, torment; draw frequently a hair, *pa* be afflicted, *pra*, begin to bubble: *P.* **āyasa**, endeavour: *pp.* **prayasta**, bubbling over (P.); striving, eager: *ex.* *pp.* **prayāsita**, n. effort.

यस yas-ka, *m* N *pl.* his descendants and a certain school.

यसमात् yasmat, *ab.* (of ya), *cf.* as, because (± *corr.* atas, tatas, tad, tasmāt, tena)

यह YAH, speed, rush.]

यह yāh-u, *a.* mighty (RT).

यह yāh-vā, *RI*, *a.* (i) restless, active, swift; constant; ever flowing.

यहत् yah-ṇāt, *pr. pt.* (-ā) ever-flowing.

या YĀ, II. P. **yā-ti** (C), move, go, walk, proceed; advance, march, - pass against the enemy; travel; set out, go away, withdraw, depart; keep about, flit, escape: ± **palāyā**, lead road, pass, chase, vanish, disappear; come to pass, succeed; behave; 1 *with cases* - *ac*, go to, come to the case, *an ind*; fall into one's hand, fall in with; reach, arrive at, march against; lead to (of a road), come within range of -**patham**, **golāram** (with *g*, *o*), set out on a march, **yātrām**, enter on or pursue a path or road, **adhvanam**, **gatim**, **panthānam**, **mārgam**; bow down to the earth, the feet, with one's head, have communion with a woman, reach a distance, last a time, mouth, etc.; undertake business; be reduced to, fall into, incur, undergo, attain a condition like *√gam* or *√ā*, *are* frequently used with *abst* nouns and often to be variously translated by a possessive, an *int*, *ch*, or to become with the corresponding adjective: *e.g.* **sauparkam**, be united; **nidhanam**, perish, **darsanam**, become visible; **dveshyātām**, grow odious; experience one festival after another, **utsavād utsavam**; return to one's natural condition, beg, implore: *2 ac*, *RI*; *ch* with *d* go for or in order to *chd* *s*, *e.g.* *collection*; benefit anyone; *3 ac* *to* go to, turn towards of the mind; *4 ac* *inf*, go to - for the purpose of *e.g.* playing; *5 ac* *pp* **prati**, go in the direct or of, march against; *6 ac* *adv*, *ch*, **kshemena**, escape unscathed, **khamāsa** or **dala-as**, go to pieces, **satadhā**, break into a hundred pieces; **yātu**, let it pass, be that as it may, no matter *pp* **yātā**, gone, *ch*; departed; escaped, elapsed; vanished, perished, gone to *ac* or *to*, come or fallen into *ch*, *e.g.* one's hand, -*m*, *a* *unps* **mayā pādanyol**, I threw myself at her feet, **kva tad yatatam**, what has become of that? *ex.* **yāpaya**, P. cause to depart, dismiss, cause to march, direct the gaze towards *ch*, remove, dispel (*bashyatas*); pass, spend (time); cause to attain: *2 ac*; *des.* **yiyasa**, P. intend or be about to go, march, depart, or reach; *int.* **iyāyate**, move *int* *ch*, **akṛha**, come near, approach, **ati**, pass, pass by a place, overcome; pass over; transgress, **anu**, go or take oneself to *ac*; follow; follow (a husband) in death, - be burned with him; attain, equal (fame), imitate (glare), *pp* *ac* *and* *ps* *mg*, **apa**, go away, withdraw, depart, flee, from (*ab*); desert from (*ab*), **abhi**, go to meet; march against; repair or go to heaven=*du*; approach; make an attack; devote oneself to; attain: *pp* *act* *d* *ps* *mg* **ava** (V), approach, from (*ā* or *ab*), turn away, avert, **ā**, come near, advance, approach, from (*ab*); come towards

or to *ac*, attain, obtain, undergo *ex* *abst* nouns like the simple *ch*: *e.g.* **bandhanam**, be bound, **kshavam**, be ruined, **samokham**, be diminished, **tosham**, be satisfied, **paikatvam**, die; **hetutām**, become the cause, *ch*, strike arrows, **betal**, accrue to (*ac*), fall upon anyone *g*, *e.g.* sleep, result, be suitable for anyone *g*, *to* (*inf*); **punar**, come again; be born again, **astam**, set; die, **karna-patham**, come to the ears, **sammukham**, come to meet, *pp* **āyāta**, come *ch*, *ex* *abhinukha*, come towards **atiā**, pass by *ac*; *RI* **upaā**, approach, come to *ac*, or *std* *d* or *ps*, *RI*, attain (*a* condition), **astam**, set, die **abhi-upaā**, approach **sam-upa**, come to *tatra* or *ac*, or *ps*, *pp* come **praā**, approach (*RI*) **pratiā**, come back, return, to *ac*; go to meet, **sam-ā**, approach together, meet also of roads, approach, come (*also* of time), come from or out of *ab*, come or go to *ac* or *to* *le* of place, towards *ac*, or *ps*; *ch* *clapse*, come or fall upon anyone *g*, *e.g.* sleep; obtain, attain a condition, *g* increase, satisfaction, *pp* approached, come, arrived, *ch*, *nd*, rise (from *RI*); go out of or away from *ab*, fly forth from a house, *ab*; rise, to *ac*, arise, surprise **prati-nd**, rise to me, go forth to meet (as a friend or foe), *pp* welcomed by **upa**, approach, come (*also* of time), visit, come or go to, *exp.* for protection *ac*, also *le* of place or the virtue, have communion with a woman, *ac*; meet, *betal*, fall into, undergo, attain (but common like the simple *ch*, *ex* *abst* nouns, *e.g.* *jug*, *detum*, *thence*, *ch*, *indulge in* *ac*, *pp* *act*, *d* *ps* *mg* **prati-upa**, return, to *ac* with *prati* or *le* *ni*, *1*) drive over or across *ac*, come down to *ac*; fall into *sin*, *ac* **nis**, go or march out of *ab*, to or into *ac*, for the purpose of *d* or *chd* *s*, leave the house, issue from *ab*, decrease, *clapse*, lay by *manys*, *pp* **niryata**, come out, issued, from (*ab* or *to*); *ex.* cause to go or march out, drive out of *ab*, *pp* **nir-yapita**, removed, P., undertaken, P. **abhi-nis**, go or march out of, depart from *ab*, for the purpose of *d* or *chd* *s*, **vinis**, go out of *ab*, for the purpose of *d* or *chd* *s*, against *prati*, *pp* **viniryata**, gone out of, issuing from, **pari**, wander about; go or walk round; wander over or through, surround, *RI*, compass, guard (*RI*), avoid (*RI*), approach, **anu-para**, drive around (the quarters) in succession, **pra**, go forth, set out; go or repair to *ac* ± *akṛha* or *prati*, *le*, *tatra*, *ch*, from or out of *ch*; march against *ac*, lead road, flow *river* towards *ac*, arrive at *ac*, go, walk, depart, vanish; fly asunder, be dispersed, depart, die; *clapse*; fall into, undergo, attain, meet like simple *ch* very common with *abst* nouns, go on, behave *pp* **prayāta**, proceeding, going, flying, gone to, dead; elapsed, *ex* cause to set out, *des.* wish to set out **anu-para**, set out after anyone *ac*, accompany, take the way to *ac*, *pp* *act* *d* *ps* *mg* **abhi-para**, come to one, *RI*; set out for *ac*; attack **pari-para**, travel round *ac*; *RI* **prati-para**, come near *RI*; return, to *ac*, flow back **sam-para**, set out together, go or flow to *ac* ± *prati*, move (chairs), attain a state, **prati**, come or go to *ac*, return to *ac*, **vi**, P. drive through with a car, out through with wheels; travel *ch*, depart, **sam**, go together; come together, unite, come into conflict with (*ac*, light, go to *ac* ± *prati*; come, approach; enter into, attain, acquire (body, bath) **anu-sam**, go up and down; go to, visit (*ac* *g*). **abhi-sam**,

come to, visit (*ac*) **prati-sam**, set out against, attack.

या *1.* yā, *a.* going (°).

या *2.* yā, *f.* of *rel.* yā.

याच yākshu, *a* belonging to the Yakshas

याग yāg-a, *n* sacrificial; offspring, presentation; -**karmam**, *n* sacrificial rite; -**manāpa**, *n* sacrificial shed; -**sūtra**, *n* sacrificial cord

याच YĀK, I **yāla**, entreat, ask, beg, implore: *2 ac*; ask of *std* *ab*, rarely *a*, the object *std* also with -*arth*, -*artham*, *ac* *prati*, or *d* or *chd* *s*; ask for a girl in marriage from *ab*, rarely *ac*, for anyone, *krīte* -*arth*, offer or tender anything *ac* to *d*; *ex* *ps* **punar**, ask anything back, *ps* **yāyāta**, I cause to, request anything *ac* for anyone *ch* of object, for *ac*; *pp* **yāyāta**, solicited, begged, borrowed, entreated, asked for a gift, implored, *ex* **yulāya**, P. cause to ask, request anything *ac* for anyone -*arth*, *anu*, beseech anyone *ac* with regard to anything *abhi*, beseech, implore, solicit (*2 ac*), ask anyone *ac* for a girl *ac* in marriage, *pp* besought, asked, for *ac* **upa**, *pp* asked person; solicited thing **pra**, be sought, implore, ask for (*2 ac*) **sam**, solicit, ask, any one

याचक yāch-aka, *m* petitioner, beggar, *i, f* female beggar, -**ana**, *n* begging, soliciting, asking for, asking in marriage -**ka**, *m* beggar, -**anā**, *f* asking, soliciting, request, petition, entreaty for, solicitation of anyone -*m* *krī*, fulfil a request, -**aniya**, *fp* to be requested, -**ita**, *pp* asked, *cl* -**ka**, *a* borrowed, *n* borrowed sum or object, -**i-tavya**, *fp* to be asked, to be asked for a girl *ac* in marriage by *in*, -**in**, *a* begging for, -**i-shou**, *a* asking, soliciting, *m* petitioner -**ta**, *f* solicitation of favours.

यात्रा yātr-ā *f* soliciting, asking, for (°), begging, mendicancy, request, entreaty, petition; asking for a girl in marriage -*m* *krī*, fulfil a request, -**avāna**, *n* subsoil one by begging, -**bhanga**, *m* vain request, -**va-as**, *n* *pl* word of solicitation.

याच yāch-va, *fp* to be requested, asked for *atms*, demanded, asked for; to be wooed, *ex* *m*, *a* begging, mendicancy

याज yaj, *m* sacrificer -**a**, *m*, (°) sacrificer, smelter, -**ka**, *m* sacrificial priest with the custody of the sacrifice and with the duty sacrificed to, -**ana**, *n* performance of a sacrifice for *g* or *to*, -**aniya**, *ex* *fp* for whom one may be a sacrificer, -**a-mān-ika**, *a* relating to the institutor of a sacrifice *va-gamana*; -**ayitra**, *m* officiating priest, -**in**, *a* sacrificing or having sacrificed, *m* sacrificer *guly* with the offering or the duty

यायुर्वेदिक yāyur-ved-ika, *a* relating to the Yāyur-veda; -**validika**, *a* of

यायुष yāyush-a, *n* (i) relating to the Yāyus formula.

याज yājña, *a* relating to sacrifice -**valk-ia**, *a* derived from or relating to Yājña *valkyu*, *n* Yāyauvalkyu's law book; **yājña** -**valkyu**, *m* *pat* N of an ancient teacher -**sena**, *m* *pat* of Sakhandin *i, f* *pat* of Draupadi

याचिक yāch-ika *a*, (i) belonging or relating to sacrifice, *m* one versed in sacrifice, ritualist; -**ik-ya**, *n* rules of the ritualists; -**iya**, *a* belonging to or suitable for sacrifice; *m* one conversant with sacrifice, ritualist.

याय्य yāy-ya, (cs.) *fp.* on whose behalf a sacrifice is performed; allowed to be sacrificed; *m.* institutor of a sacrifice: **ई**, *f.* sacrificial verse (uttered as the oblation is offered).

यात् 1. yā-t, *pr. pt.* √yā, moving etc.

यात् 2. yāt, *ab. (of rel. yā)*, *ad. cj.* (V.) as far as; as long as, while.

यात yā-tā, *pp.* (√yā) gone etc.; *n.* course (RV); motion; *place gone to; past time.

यातन्म yāt-nm, *n.* requital **ई**, *f. id.*; punishment; *hnc*; *sq. & pl.* anguish, torment; tortures of hell: **-m dā**, requite any one, **-grīha**, *m.* torture chamber, **-arthiya**, *a.* destined for tortments (body).

यातयञ्ज yātuyāg-ñna, *a.* marshalling the people, arousing men to activity (RV).

यातयाम yātā-yāma: **ए**, *u. a.* having gone its gam, exhausted, worn out, spoiled, useless; stale; having spent one's time in (°).

यातवे yā-tave, *d. inf.* to travel.

यातव्य yā-tavya, *fp.* to be gone against, -attacked; *n. imp.* one should go, start, or march: *d.* for departure.

यातायात yāta-yāta, *n.* going and coming; ebb and flood.

यातु yā-tū, *m.* [√yā attack] (V.) sorcery; kind of fiend: **-dhāna**, *m., i, f.* kind of fiend or goblin.

यातु 1. yā-trī, *a.* going, travelling, marching; going for, seeking (ac); going to, riding on (°); *m.* driver. [RV]

यातु 2. yā-trī, *m.* [pursuer: √yā] avenging

यातु 3. yā-trī, *f.* wife of husband's brother.

यात्रा yā-trā, *f.* going, to (°): departure, journey; march, military expedition; festive train, procession; (annual, biennial, etc.) pilgrimage (to the shrine of a deity); festivity, festival; livelihood, maintenance; intercourse; kind of dramatic entertainment: **-m dā**, undertake an expedition; **-kara**, *a.* affording maintenance; **-karaṇa**, *n.* setting forth on a journey or march; **-gamana**, *n.* military expedition; **-mahotsava**, *m.* great festive procession; **-artham**, *ad.* for marching.

यात्रिक yātri-ika, *a.* relating to a march or campaign; requisite for the support of life, *n.* march, campaign, **-in**, *a.* expeditionary.

यात्रोत्सव yātrautsava, *m.* festive train, procession.

याथाकाम्य yāthā-kāmya, *n.* acting according to desire, arbitrariness, **-tath-ya**, *n.* real state, proper way, truth: **-m** or *in*, truly.

याथार्थ्य yāthārthya, *n.* real nature.

याथार्थ्य yāthārthya, *n.* true meaning.

याद् YAD, *only pr. pt.* yāda-māna (RV), closely united with **या**.

यादव yādava, *a.* (i) relating to or descended from Yadu; *m.* i, f. descendant of Yadu: **-ko**, *m.* T. of a dictionary, **-ār-dūla**, *m.* ep. of Krishna; **-āhārya**, *m.* N. of a teacher; **-indra**, *m.* Chief of the Yadavas, ep. of Krishna.

यादस yād-as, *n.* voluptuousness (I.); large aquatic animal, sea-monster (C.); **-ām prābha**, *m.* ep. of Varuṇa. [RV]

यादुर yād-ura, *a.* embracing ardently

यादृग्युष yādṛig-guṇa, *a.* having what kind of qualities.

यादृक्क yādṛikk-ika, *a.* (i) occurring or happening accidentally or unexpectedly; acting at random.

यादृक् yā-drīś, *a.* having what appearance, of what kind; **-drīśa**, *a.* (i) *id.*: **-tādrīśa**, anysoever, any chance (person).

यादीनाथ yādo-nātha, *m.* lord of sea-monsters, ep. of Varuṇa.

याद्राध्यस् yād-rādhyaṇ, *ad.* as well as possible; with utmost speed (ac).

यादु yād-ua, *pat.* *a.* belonging to (the race of) Yadu (RV).

यान yā-āna, *a.* leading (road), to (g. or ad. in-trā, V.); *n.* going, walking, marching, riding, to le or =), upon, on (in, °), against (ac + prāt); way, course; vehicle, conveyance, carriage, chariot (drawn by, °); vehicle leading to knowledge and releasing from transmigration (B).

यानक yāna-ka, *n.* vehicle; **-kara**, *m.* wheelwright; **-pātra**, *n.* vessel for voyaging, boat, ship; **-i-ka**, *f.* small ship, boat; **-bhaṅga**, *m.* shipwreck; **-yagya**, *n.* chariot and horses; **-vat**, *a.* having or driving in a carriage; **-śālā**, *f.* carriage-shed.

यानक yā-p-ukta, *cs. a.* conferring, bestowing; **-ana**, *cs. a.* causing to pass; alleviating; supporting life; *n.* **ई**, *f.* causing time to pass by, delay, procrastination; alleviation, support, maintenance; practice, exercise; **-ayitavya**, *cs. fp.* (to be rejected), trifling, unimportant; **-ya**, *cs. fp.* (to be discharged or expelled, released); to be alleviated (disease); trifling, unimportant; base (action)

यामिस् yā-bhis, *in. (f. pl.)* in order that [RV]

याम 1. yāmā, *a.* (i) derived from, relating to, or meant for Yama. [elusion (V.)]

याम 2. yām-a, *m.* [√yam] cessation, cessa-

याम 3. yā-ma, *m.* going, course, way (V.); *car* (RV); night watch, period of three hours. *pl. a class of gods.*

यामकरीशुका yāma-ka-karēṇikā, *f.* female elephant standing ready at appointed hours; **-kuṅṅara**, *m.* elephant. [*m. id.*]

यामकरीशुका yāma-karēṇikā, *f.* **-kuṅṅara**,

यामकिनी yāmaki-nī, *f.* female servant on guard or watch.

यामवेदी yāma-keti, *f. id.*: **-tūrya**, *n.* watch-gong on which night watches are struck; **-dundubhi**, *m. id.*

यामय (yā-ma, (V.) going, course, flight; coming; march, foray; approaching the gods, invocation: *le sta.* = this time (= turn).

याममद्र yāma-bhadrā, *m.* kind of pavilion; **-mātra**, *n.* only a watch; **-yama**, *m.* prescribed occupation for every hour; **-vat-i**, *f.* (having watches), night; **-vratī**, *f.* being on watch or guard; **-stambrama**, *m.* = **-kuṅṅara**, **yāma** **hūti**, *f.* cry for help (RV); **-avasthita**, *pp.* standing ready at stated hours.

यामि yāmi, *incorr. for* जामि yāmi.

यामिक yām-ika, *a.* being on guard (with puruṣa, *m.* or **-bhāta**, *m.* watchman); *m.* man on guard, watchman. **-tā**, *f. abst. s.*, **-sthita**, *pp.* = yāmavasthita.

यामिनी yām-inī, *f.* (having watches), night, N.; **-dayita**, *m.* lover; **-nātha** or **-pati**, *m.* lord; **-priya-tama**, **-ramana**, *m.* lover of night, moon.

यामुन yāmunā, *a.* belonging to, coming from, or growing in the Yamunā; *n.* kind of collyrium.

याम्य yām-ya, *a.* belonging or relating to Yama; southern; *in. or le.* in the south; southwards; *n.* right hand, servant of Yama; ep. of Siva and of Vishnu: **ई**, *f.* south, **-ayana**, *n.* southerly course of the sun, **uttara**, *a.* southern and northern; going from south to north.

याययूक yā-yag-ūka, *intr. a.* constantly sacrificing.

यायात yāyāt-a, *a.* belonging or relating to Yayāti; *n.* history of Yayāti.

यायावर yā-yā-varā, *intr. a.* wandering about, having no fixed abode; *n.* vagrant mendicant; *n.* life of a wandering mendicant

यायिन् yā-yiṇ, *a.* going, moving, riding, running, flying, journeying, marching (to etc. °).

याव 1. yāva, *m.* red dye, lac: **-ka**, *m. id.*

याव 2. yāva, *a.* made or consisting of barley (yava): **-ka**, *m. n.* kind of food prepared from barley.

यावच्छक्तिस् yāvāt-sakti-tas, *ad.* to the utmost of one's power; **-kṣhakyam**, *ad.* as far as possible; **-kṣhesham**, *ad.* as much as is left.

यावज्ज्य yāvaj-ñma, *ad.* throughout life, for life; **-yāva**, *°* or **-m**, *ad. id.*: **-gīvika**, *a.* life-long, **-gīvena**, *in. ad.* for life.

यावत् yā-vat, *rel. a.* (with its following cor-tāvat, so great etc. =) as great, much, many, far, long, manifold, or frequent as: **yāvāt karma dāru ka**, (as much as =) nothing but skin and wood; **yāvāt tāvat**, how much soever; **iti yāvāt**, as much as, that is to say (frequent in commentaries); *n.* **yāvāt**, *adv.* as far, much, or often as, to what amount (guly. *ie.* following cor-tāvat, so far etc. as long as, while; meanwhile, just or 1 prs pr or 3 impr., to denote an intended action, till (v. pr., pol., ft., impf., aor., or ellipse of copula, as soon as v. pr., pol., ft., aor., or ellipse of copula: **na yāvāt - tāvat**, scarcely - when, no sooner - than; **yāvau na**, while not till (v. pr., pol., ft., impf., or ellipse of copula); also *et* not, whether not; **na param** or **kevalam** - **yāvāt**, not only - but even; **yāvād yāvāt - tāvat tāvat**, as gradually - so; *pp.* *v.* guly preceding ac during for e.g. a year), up to, as far as (e.g. *on s house*, *sts. am* + *iti* instead of ac; till e.g. the evening. **adya yāvāt**, till to-day; *v.* following ac, till (core); *in.* **yāvāt**, as far or long as; till (pol.), as soon as v. pr., as much as, since; *v.* **na**, while not (= till), *le* **yāvati**, as far as or long as (cor-tāvat).

यावतिथ yāvati-tha, *a.* whichever in order.

यावत्कामम् yāvāt-kāmam, *ad.* as long as one likes; **-kālam**, *ad.* as long as it lasts; **-kṛtyas**, *ad.* as often as; **-pramāṇa**, *a.* how great; **-sattvam**, *ad.* to the best of one's understanding.

यावदन्तम् yāvad-antam, *ad.* to the end;

-abhikṣham, *ad.* as long as a moment lasts; **-artha**, *a.* as much or many as required; **-°m**, *ad.*; **-ā-bhūta-samplavam**, *ad.* till the destruction of created beings, till the end of the world; **-āyusa-m**, *ad.* as long as life lasts, for life; **-āyus**, *ad.*, *id.* **h-pramāṇa**, *a.* life-long; **-ittham**, *ad.* as much as necessary; **-ipsitam**, *ad.* as much as one desires; **-ukta**, *pp.* as far as is stated; **-m**, *ad.*

युज् YUG VIII. 1. (C) **yunakti, yuṅakte,**
 VI **yūga** *F. rare*, II **yug** almost
unusually A, RV *common*, VI **ā yuga**
 (RV), I, **yoga** (RV), *rare*, harness, yoke
(horse), in *to*, *car* with *in*, *fig.*
 prepare, equip *an arm*, perform *sacrifices*, offer *prayer*, employ, use, apply, *by*
 (arrows) *on the bowstring*, again *to*,
 hasten, put on *(ornaments)*, place or put on
on (*in*), appoint *to*, entrust with *d, le*,
hix affliction *on anyone* *l*, concentrate
 (*the mind* or *thoughts*) *on* (*to*), *con* concentrate
 oneself, meditate deeply *(yogam)*,
 recollect, recall *anything*, *to*, join, unite,
 connect, with *in*, *A*, unite oneself with
in *in marriage*, associate oneself with
in, connect *anyone* with *anything* associate,
 furnish, endow with *in*, bestow *anything*
on *anyone* *q, le*, *on* oneself
 (attain) = use for oneself (*Ā*), *ps. yo-yate*,
 prepare oneself for *d*, attach oneself *also*
fig. *to*, *le*, be joined or united *also* *in*
in marriage, be bound by *duty* *in*, be joined
 with *become* possessed of, gain, receive, attain
anything (*in* *saha*), as *due to anyone*
q, be adapted *to*, fit *anything* *in*, be
 fitted for *le*, be applicable *to* or suitable
 for *anyone* *le*, be right, be appropriate
 or becoming, be fit or desirable *to be* *am*,
 properly belong *to* or suit *anyone* *q, le*,
 be logically correct *a na*, not be suitable,
 proper, becoming, appropriate, or advisable
 for *any*, *q*, *to* *but*, ought not to be *af*,
or, ps. ing, *c* *yo-ayā*, *F. A* *metr* yoke,
to, *with* *in*, equip *an army*, draw
up *troops*, employ, use, carry on *convers-*
sation, undertake, be *an*, appoint *to*, entrust
 with *le*, *metr*, indicate *to*, *assist*
any one *to*, *set* *(cross, nets)*, *hix*, *attach*,
arrows *on* *le*, aim *arrows* at *le*, *attach*,
 adjust *both strings*, *to*, *to*, *to*, place *in*,
 put *into* *le*, concentrate *the mind*, *on* (*le*),

join, unite, bring together, with (*in.*); put together, compose; arrange; embrace with (*in.*); finish; provide, furnish, endow, with (*in.*); mix (*food*) with (*in.*); bestow anything (*acc.*) on (*loc.*): *pp. yugāta*, provided with (*in.* or *to*); *des. yuyuksha*, P. wish to appoint; wish to aim arrows at (*d.*); *an.* seek to come up with, pursue (*lit.*); ask or question (*acc.*), about *acc.*; examine (*a witness*); instruct; attach oneself to, take service with (*in.*); *pp. instructed*, accompanied by (-); devoted to, intent on *acc.*; *pari-an-*, ply with questions *only gd.* d *pp.*; *abhi*, A. march against, attack (*acc.*); operate; set about anything (*acc.*); prepare to (*inf.*); treat *indirectly*, with (*in.*); P. charge or entrust *any one* (*acc.*) with (*loc.*); *ps.* be accused or charged with (*an officer*); *acc.*; *pp. abhi-yukta*, attacked; accused; prosecuted; concentrated; careful of, devoted to, intent on (*loc.* or *to*); well-versed or proficient in (*loc.* or *to*); claimed, demanded; *cs.* provide (*acc.*) with anything (*in.*); *prati-abhi*, A. make a counter attack on (*acc.*); *pp.* attacked by (*in.*); *cs.* bring a counter charge against (*acc.*); A. yoke, to (*loc.*); A. put on, adjust (*an ornament*); bestow anything (*acc.*) on (*loc.*); *pp.* yoked to (*loc.*); concentrated, intent; appointed to, commissioned with (*q.*, *loc.*); possessed of (-); *cs.* *pp.* placed upon, attached to (*loc.*); composed or fashioned of (-); *upa*, P. yoke (*lit.*); *sam-upa*, *pp.* filled with (*in.*); *sam-a*, prepare, equip; entrust anything (*acc.*) to (*loc.*); come into conflict with (*in.*); *pp. sam-a-yukta*, come into contact with (*in.*), connected, united, furnished, or endowed with (*in.*); *cs.* provide with (*in.*); *ud*, get ready or prepare, set to work, to (*inf.*); depart (*lit.*); *pp.* prepared, ready, zealous, assiduous, strenuous (*m. d. loc.*); *prati+acc.*; *cs.* excite, instigate, to (*d.*); *sam-ud*, *cs.* urge, instigate to (*d.*); *upa*, A. P. yoke (*loc.*); associate oneself with *acc.*; *lit.*; attach oneself to, enter the service of (*acc.*); appropriate, trouble oneself about (*loc.*); use, employ; enjoy; eat, consume; *ps.* be employed, be applicable, suitable, useful, requisite (*m. g. of ps.*, d. of object, *loc.* of sphere); *pp. upayukta*, eaten up, consumed; applicable to, suitable, necessary, or requisite, for *any one* (*acc.*), appropriate, for (*loc.* or *to*); worthy, deserving (*person*); *cs.* come into contact with *acc.*; employ; cause to be consumed by *stg.* (2 *acc.*); *pari-upa*, *pp.* consumed *vi-upa*, trouble about (*loc.*); *sam-upa*, consume, *cs. id. ni, gdy.* A. tie up, bind, to (*loc.*); *sp.* of the sacrificial animal to the post, yoke to the pole (*churn*); also - place at the head, impose the heaviest burden on, join (*the hands*); attach to or make dependent on *any one* (*d.*, *loc.*); constrain, urge to (*loc.*); appoint to, entrust with, order or commission to (*d.*, *loc.*, *inf.*, or *artham*, *ord. mg.*); appoint *any one* as (2 *acc.*), enjoin (*acc.*) on (*loc.*); call to account *only pp.*; place in (*loc.*), lead into (*a path*); *loc.* direct (*the mind* or *gaze*) to (*loc.*); apply; *pp. niyukta*, bound; ordered, directed, authorized, commissioned, appointed (*ord. mg.*); to (*d.*, *loc.*, *inf.*, *to*); *artham*, directed towards (*loc.*); placed; prescribed; *-m, ad* necessarily; *cs.* yoke, to (*loc.*); attach or fasten to (*loc.*); direct, urge, call upon to (*d.*, *prati+acc.*, or *artham*); coerce, constrain, or force to *loc.* or *artham*; appoint to (*an office*), employ in (*an occupation*); *loc.*; appoint as, make (2 *acc.*), in order to, *inf.*; confer (*an office*) on (*loc.*); set lay *snares*, place upon, bring to (*loc.*); fix (*the mind*) on; reduce to (*servitude*), bring to or into *perilous*, danger (*loc.*); bestow (*acc.*) on (*loc.*), devote (*oneself*) to

(*d.*); set about, perform (*a rite*); apply (*intellect*); endow or provide (*acc.*) with (*in.*); punish with (*in.*); *an-ni*, attach to, make dependent on (*loc.*); *vi-ni*, A. P. loose, detach; discharge (*arrows*), at (*loc.*); appoint to, entrust with, destine for (*d.*, *loc.*, *artham*); direct (*the mind*); to; use, employ, apply; eat; *ps.* fall to pieces, decay (*house, body*); *cs.* appoint or direct to, entrust with (*loc.*, *artham*, *arthāya*); entrust (*acc.*) to (*loc.*); present or offer (*acc.*) to (*d.*); use, employ, perform. *sam-ni*, bring into (*distress*, *loc.*), order, direct *any one* (*acc.*); *pp.* ordered; joined with (-); *cs.* bring into (*loc.*); appoint to, entrust with (*loc.*, *artham*, *arthāya*); allot; *pp.* directed, urged; allotted. *nis*, *pp. niryukta*, erected, built. *pra*, A. yoke, to (*loc.*); set in motion, throw, level, discharge (*missiles*), at (*d.*, *loc.*); utter or address (*words*, etc.); pronounce (*a blessing*), recite (*a verse*), display, exhibit (*anger, contempt*), towards (*loc.*); fix (*the mind, thoughts*) on (*loc.*); direct, order, urge (*to*, *d.*, *loc.*); choose as (2 *acc.*); load or bring to or into (*acc.*); place upon *loc.*; use, employ *ord. mg.*; perform, do, accomplish, contrive, execute; represent on the stage, act, undertake; cause, produce, lend (*for use* or *interest*); *ps.* be in use; be suitable or appropriate, conduce to (*d.*); *pp. prayukta*, yoked; stirred (*by the wind*); employed, used; done; lent; suitable, appropriate; resulting from; *u. cups.* belated or acted towards *loc.* or *prati+acc.*; *cs.* throw, discharge *missiles*, at (*loc.*); pronounce *blessings*, concentrate (*the mind*); show, exhibit (*a feeling*), towards (*d.*, *loc.*); urge, send away, to (*loc.*); appoint to (*loc.*); entrust (*acc.* to (*d.*)), undertake; represent on the stage; cause to be represented or exhibited by (*acc.*); use, employ; take (*interest, livelihood*); invest (*capital, prayagam*); be applicable; aim at, have in view; *des.* wish to use, require. *anu-pra*, A. affix, to (*abh.*); pursue (*loc.*); follow (*loc.*); *prati-pra*, P. attach in place of *stg.*, substitute (*lit.*); A. discharge (*a debt*); *vi-pra*, separate from, deprive of (*in.*); *ps.* be separated from; *pp. vi-pra-yukta*, separated or far from, free from, lacking (*in* or *to*); *cs.* separate from, deprive of (*in.*); free from (*in.*); *sam-pra*, *ps.* be joined, with (*in.*); have earned communion with (*in.*); be involved in or guilty of (*in.*); *pp.* joined, united, connected, mingled, or provided with (*in.*); *cs.* come into contact with (*in.*); come to blows *du.*; engaged in (-); dependent on (*loc.*); urged; concentrated, intent; *cs.* make ready; connect, with (*in.*); broach a question; use, employ. *prati*, yoke or attach to (*acc.*; *RV.*); discharge (*a debt*); *cs.* adjust (*an arrow*); *vi*, P. disconnect, separate; P. A. free from, deprive of (*in.*), rarely *abh.*; A. forsake or leave *any one* (*acc.*); abate, leave off; *ps.* be separated from (*in.*); be freed from or deprived of, lose (*in.*), break (*a row*); *in.*; relax, cease, depart *pp. viyukta*, separated; disconnected; separated from, free from, destitute of, lacking (*in*); *cs.* separate; free from *abh.*; deprive of (*in.*); take away *life*; *pp. viyogita*, separated from (*in.*), deprived of (*in.*); *sam*, P. bring together, connect, unite; bind; provide; furnish, endow, with (*in.*); league oneself together *du.*; *RV.*; fix (*the mind*) on (*loc.*); *ps.* have earned (*gramyadharma*), connexion; be joined with (*in.*); be united with *in* marriage; meet or fall in with (*in.*), become possessed of (*in.*); *pp. samyukta*, joined, united, combined, all together (*pl.*); conjunct *consonants*; connect d. related; provided, endowed, filled, or accompanied with, possessed of (*in.*); *cs.* connected with, relating to (-);

placed in (*loc.*); *cs.* yoke; equip (*an army*) restrain (*the senses*); adjust or discharge (*missile*); fix (*the mind* or *gaze*) on (*loc.*); attach to (*loc.*); appoint; deliver anything (*acc.*) to (*q.*); join, unite, bring together, with (*in.*); provide, supply, present, or endow, with (*in.*); institute, perform; A. concentrate *one's mind*. *vi-sam*, *pp.* separated from, destitute of, lacking; keeping away from, neglecting (*in.*).

युय yu. a. yoked together (*lit.*); yoked with or drawn by (-); joined, united, or furnished with, possessed of (-), *etc. in.*, granting, bestowing (-); even (*not add.*), m. yoke-fellow, comrade, associate (*lit.*); pair, couple.

युजान् yu-jān. *pr. pt.* A. (*lit.*) preparing (*acc.*); in company with (*in.*).

युय yu-yu. a. (*lit.*) joined, associated, related, closely allied; suitable, n. (*lit.*) alliance, relationship.

युय yu-yu. a. (*lit.*) yoked together (*lit.*), m. (*lit.*) yoke-fellow, comrade, associate.

युत yu-tu. (*√*1. *yu*) joined etc.; *-ta*, *pp.* (*√*2. *yu*) separated.

युति yu-ti. *f.* junction, union, with (-) acquisition of (*in* or *to*); sum.

युध yud-dhā. (*√*3. *yudh*) combatted; n. fight, battle, combat; conflict or opposition of *placets*. *-ka*, n. contest, battle; *-kanda*, n. book of the Battle, T. of the sixth book of the Rāmāyana; *-kār-in*, a. making war, fighting; *(i)-tva*, n. conflict; *-gāndharva*, n. battle-music; *-tantra*, n. military science; *-dyuta*, n. game of war; *-dharma*, m. laws of war; *-pravira*, n. skilled in war; *-bhū*, *-bhūmi*, *f.* battle-field; *-maya*, a. derived from war; *-mārga*, m. *sg. pl.* methods of war, military tactics; *-medini*, *f.* battle-field; *-ranga*, m. arena of battle, battle-field; *-varva*, m. sort of battle; *-vastu*, n. implements of war; *-vira*, m. hero in war, champion; *herosim* (*as a sentiment*, *ch.*); *-śālin*, a. brave; *-śārya*, m. military preceptor; *-adhvan*, a. going to war, engaging in battle; *-arthan*, n. eager for war; *-ud-yoga*, m. vigorous preparation for war; *-umatta*, *pp.* frenzied in fight; *-upakara*, n. implements of war.

युध YUDH, IV. A. (*rarely* P.) *yudhya*, *P.* fight, wage war, with (*in*, *to*), *sumam* for (*loc.*); *RV.* fight against, attack, (*rarely* vanquish *acc.*); *pp. yuddha*; *cs. yodhaya*, P. (*A. metr.* cause to fight; oppose in battle, be a match for; defend; *des. yuyutsa*, P. (*lit.*); *C. metr.*); A. (*lit.*) wish to fight, with (*in*) *abhi*, fight against, vanquish (*RV.*); gain by fighting (*RV.*); fight with (*in.*); P. *ā*, fight against, oppose; *cs. id.* *pra*, *ā*, fight with (*in.*); *ni*, fight, with (*saha*, *sakam*); *pra*, begin to fight; attack (*acc.*); *pp.* fighting; *cs.* cause the battle to begin; fight against, attack, *des.* wish to fight, with (*in.*) *sam-pra*, begin to fight, fight; *pp.* fighting *prati*, fight against, be a match for (*acc.*); *in.*; *cs.* fight against, be a match for (*acc.*); *sam*, fight together; fight with (*in*, *to*); *sārdham*, oppose (*acc.*); *cs.* fight against *prati-sam*, resist an attack together.

युध yudh. m. fighter, warrior; *f.* fight, battle.

युधयै yudhāyē, d. *inf.* (*√*3. *yudh*) to fight (*RV.*)

युधाजित् yudhā-git. a. conquering (by *in.*); in fight; m. N.; *-manyu*, m. N. of a warrior.

युधिष्ठिर yudhi-shthira, *m.* (steadfast in battle), *N.* of the eldest son of Pāṇdu and Kuntī (beotten by the god Dharma) and leader of the Pāṇdurās in their war with the Kūru; *N.* of two princes of Cashmere and of a potter.

युध yudh-mā, *m.* warrior.

युधन yudh-van, *a.* warlike (R.F.).

युप् YUP (V., rare, only *pp.*, and *cs.*)
debar, obstruct; efface, remove; thwart, violate *lures*; be effaced or invisible. *pp.* **yupita**; *cs.* **yopayati**, efface (mark), *vidi* **yopayate**, smooth. **ā.** *cs.* transgress. **sam.** *cs.* efface, remove.

युयुता yu-yut-sā, *f.* desire to fight, **-su**, *des. a.* wishing to fight in + *sandham*; *m.* *N.*

युयुधान yu-yudh-āna, *m.* *N.* of a son of Śatrukā.

युधि yū-yudh-i, *a.* warlike (R.F.).

युव yuva, *prn.* *st.* of 2nd *prs.*; *cp.* **यु.** *yu.*

युवक yuva-ka, *m.* youth.

युवत *1.* yuvāt, *ab. du.* of 2nd *prs.*, *prn.* (V.) and *-in* some *cpds.*

युवत *2.* yū-vat, *a.* youthful (R.F.).

युवता yuva-tā, *f.* youth; **-tva**, *n.* *id.*

युवति yuva-ti (or *i*), *a.* (of yuvan) young, *f.* young woman, maiden (said of the Parvati, the fingers, and in *du.* of night and morning, heaven and earth. V.), *V.* (sign of the zodiac).

युवद्रिक् yuvad-rik, *ad.* *n.* abbreviated form of **रिक्**, *✓ak* directed towards you two (R.F.).

युवन yūv-an, *n.* (weak base **yūn**), young; *m.* young man, youth (said of Anu, Indra, the Maruts, and other gods in R.F.); younger descendit. the elder being still alive. *gr.*

युवनाथ yuvana-āya, *m.* *N.*

युवप्रथय yuva-pratyaya, *m.* suffix forming patronymics termed *yuvan* (*cp.* **-mārin**, *a.* dying young; **-rān**, *m.* crown-prince, lion apparently-sources tolls throw **-tva**, *n.* dignity of an heir apparent **-rāyā**, *n.* *id.*

युवश yuva-sa, *a.* youthful, *m.* youth.

युवाकु yuvā-ku, *n.* (R.F.) belonging to you two *sts.* unaffected with *a.* *q.* or *d.*

युवानक yuvam-ka, *a.* young.

युवाम yu-vam, *prn.* *du.* you two.

युवोभू yuvī-bhū, grow young.

युष्टयाम yu-shṭa-grāma, *m.* *N.* of a village.

युष्म yushmā, *prn.* base of 2nd *prs.*, *pl.*, *cp.* **यु.** *yu.*

युष्मत् yushmāt, *ab. pl.* of *prs.*, *prn.* of 2nd *prs.* (V.); *-in* some *cpds.*; **-tas**, *ad.* = *ab.* from or of you; **-d-artham**, *ad.* on your account; **-d-āyatta**, *pp.* dependent on you.

युष्मदीय yushmadī-ya, *a.* belonging to you, your; *m.* countryman of yours; **-vidha**, *a.* one like you.

युष्माक yushmā-ka, *a.* your (R.F.) **-m**, *n.* used as *q.*, *pl.* of you. **-dris**, *a.* *id.*

युष्मादृश yushmā-drish, *a.* one like you;

युष्मावीत yushmā-vita, *pp.* guided by you (R.F.). **[R.F.]**

युष्मेषित yushmāṣṭita, *pp.* sent by you

यूक yū ka, *m.* **ā.** *f.* (more common) louse; **-a-devi**, *f.* *N.* of a princess.

यूष yū-sha (union) *1.* *yu*, *n.* (V., C.), *m.* *C.* herd, flock, host, multitude; **-kārīn**, *a.* going about in troops (*pl.*); **-nātha**, *m.* lord or leader of a troop or herd; **-pa**, *m.* *ad.* said *esp.* of elephants; **-pati**, *m.* *id.*; **-paribhrash-**, *pp.* *ad.*; **-mukhya**, *m.* chief of a host; **-sas**, *ad.* in flocks, herds, or troops; **-agravi**, *m.* leader of a host.

यूषिका yūsh-ikā, *f.* kind of jasmine (*Jasminum arviculatum*).

यूषीक yūshī-ka, form into a herd.

यूष्य yūsh-yā, *a.* belonging to the herd (R.F.); *belonging to the host of*; **-ā**, *f.* herd pack.

यून् yūn, weak base of **युवन्** yuvan.

यून yū-na, *n.* hand, cord (*s.*).

यूप yū-pa, *m.* post, beam, pillar; *sp.* sacrificial post **-tva**, *n.* condition of a post; **-vat**, *a.* connected with the sacrificial post; *ide*; **-vāha**, *a.* bringing the sacrificial post; **-vra-ska**, *a.* hewing the sacrificial post.

यूपीक yūpī-ka, turn into a post.

यूयम् yū-yām, *nm.* *pl.* of 2nd *prs.*, *prn.* you; *cp.* **यु.** *yu.* [*weak cases* = *yusha*].

यूष yūsh-i, *m.* *n.* soup, broth; **-an**, *only in*

यूष *id.*, *only nm.* (V.)

येन yena (*in* of *ya*) *ad.*, *cp.* whether, where, in which manner, as (*con.* *tena*), whereby, wherefore, on account of which, that, as, because, since (*con.* *tena*); in order that *n.* *pr.* or *pol.* *sandhatā* (*n.* *pr.*, *pl.* or *pol.*).

येष् YESH, I. P. **yosha**, bubble, scethe (V., *very rare*).

येष्ट ya-shṭa *sp.* going best, swiftest (R.F.).

योक्तव्य yok-tavya, *fp.* to be employed in practice; inflicted (*passive*); applied or provided with (*ca.*); concentrated mind; *n.* *emps.* one should prepare oneself for (*ca.*).

योक्त्र yok-tra, *n.* rope, thong, halter, girth.

योग yog-a *m.* [*y'aug*] yoking; team, vehicle, equipment (*of an army*); performance, employment, use, application, of *q.*; *ca.*; remedy, cure; means, expedient, device, trick, spell, magic, fraud (*ca.*); *sp.* *spurious*; opportunity, undertaking (*ca.*); union, contact, with *m.* + *sah* or *ca.*; combination, mixture; connexion, relation; connexion with, acquisition of *m.*; *ca.*; gain, profit, order, succession; aggregate, sum, fitness, propriety; strenuousness, exertion, endeavour, zeal, assiduity, occupation; mental concentration, systematic abstraction, Yoga system of philosophy, follower of the Yoga system, unity of the soul and nature. **Sam-khya** *ph.* *ca.* *con.* *xi* of a word *ad.* *ca.* *road*, etymology, etymological meaning of a word, superficial dependence of a word, construction; concentrated sentence, grammatical rule, conjunction of stars, constellation, or *yogena*, by means of an expedient or stratagem; by means or in consequence of, in accordance with (*ca.*), *also* **-yogat** and **-yogatas**; suitably, duly, in the correct manner; **yogatas**, *ad.*; strenuously, assiduously.

योगकरणक yoga-karandaka, *m.* *N.*; **ikā**, *f.* *N.* of a medicinal man; **-kshema**, *m.* *q.* *pl.* *C.* also *m.*, *du.* *q.* *q.* possession or security of property; property, prosperity (ordinarily explained as meaning acqui-

sition and preservation of property), property meant for pious use; **-karsa**, *n.* magic powder; **-ma**, *a.* produced by meditation or Yoga; **-tantra**, *n.* Yoga doctrine, treatise on Yoga; **-dharma**, *a.* practising Yoga; **-nanda**, *m.* the pseudo-Nanda; **-nidra**, *f.* sleep induced by the practice of Yoga, somnolent condition, dozing; Vishnu's sleep at the end of an age; **-m-dhara**, *m.* *N.*; **-pati**, *m.* lord of Yoga (Vishnu); **-patha**, *m.* path to Yoga; **-bhāra**, *m.* shoulder-yoke for the carrying of burdens; **-bhraash/a**, *pp.* lapsed from devotion or contemplation; **-maya**, *a.* *i.* produced from contemplation or Yoga; **-māyā**, *f.* magic; illusion produced by abstract meditation; **-mārga**, *m.* road to Yoga; **-yātrā**, *f.* recourse to mental absorption or Yoga; **-yukta**, *pp.* absorbed in meditation, practising Yoga; **-ratna**, *n.* magic jewel; **-ruḥṇa**, *pp.* having an etymological and a conventional meaning (*cp.* *g.* *puska* *ca.*), growing in the mud and lotus; **-rōṇa**, *f.* kind of magical ointment (*rendering invisible or invulnerable*); **-vat**, *a.* joined, united; practising Yoga; **-vartikā**, *f.* magic wick; **-vaha**, *a.* bringing about, furthering (*ca.*); **-vāh-in**, *a.* intriguing (*ca.*); **-tva**, *n.* intense; **-vid**, *a.* knowing the right means or method, knowing what is fitting or suitable; versed in Yoga; **-vidyā**, *f.* knowledge of Yoga; **-vibhāga**, *m.* splitting of a grammatical rule into two; **-vabda**, *m.* the word yoga, etymological word (the meaning of which results from the derivation); **-āyīn**, *a.* somnolent in consequence of meditation; **-āstā**, *n.* a Yoga doctrine (*cp.* of Patanjali); **-samādhi**, *m.* mental absorption resulting from Yoga; **-sāra**, *m.* universal remedy; **-siddha**, *pp.* perfected by Yoga; **-siddhi**, *f.* simultaneous accomplishment; **-mat**, *a.* versed in magic; **-sutra**, *n.* the Sūtras on the Yoga attributed to Patanjali.

योगागमय yoga-āgama-ya, *a.* having passed through the line of Yoga; **-anga**, *n.* constituent part of Yoga of which eight, seven or six are assumed; **-ākāra**, *m.* practice in observances of Yoga; **-āhārya**, *m.* teacher of magic, teacher of the Yoga system; **-ādharma**, *n.* transilient pledge or mortgage; **-apatti**, *f.* modification of employment in application; **-ayoga**, *m.* *pl.* proper quantity, due suitableness and unsuitableness; **-asana**, *n.* sitting posture said able to abstract meditation.

योगिता yogi-ta *f.* connexion with relation to; **-tva**, *n.* *id.*, condition of a Yogin.

योगिन yogi-m, *a.* joined with, accompanied by; *being in conjunction with*; *connected with, relating to*; *cp.* of *Yogavalkya*; *m.* devotee of Yoga, Yogin; **-ī**, *f.* female devotee, sorceress, witch; fairy.

योगिराज yogi-raj, *m.* prince among Yogins; **-indra**, *m.* *id.*; *cp.* of *Yogavalkya* and of *Valmiki*; **-ra**, *m.* prince among Yogins; **-ivara**, *m.* *id.*; *cp.* of *Yogavalkya*; *kṣā*, adept in witchcraft.

योगेश्वर yoga-eshvara, *m.* lord of mystic power, adept in magic, *cp.* of *Yogavalkya*; *N.* of a demon; **-ī**, *f.* female adept in Yoga, fairy; *a.* *form* of *Indra*; *N.* of a fairy.

योग्य yōg-ya, *a.* adapted for draught (V.); serviceable, suitable, fit, or adapted for; capable of, qualified or equal to *d.* *g.* *de*, *inf.*; *ca.* *id.* *ca.* *or* *inf.* *haste* *a.* *pr.* *sense* *practising* *care*; *n.* draught animal; **-ā**, *f.* practice of; *bodily* or *military* exercise; **-ā-tā**, *f.* capability, fitness, for; *ca.* appropriateness or compatibility of *words* *ph.*; **-ā-tva**, *n.* *id.*

योगक yoga-ka, m. yoker; user.

योगन yôg-ana, n. yoking; team, vehicle (*RV.*, rare); path (*I.*); *yogana* 'distance driven at a yoking or stretch', a measure of distance equal to four krosas or about nine English miles; preparation, arrangement (*also* *â*, f.; instigation; erection; mental concentration; union, combination, with *an* or *-*) *â*, f. grammatical construction; *-gandha*, a whose odour extends for a *yogana*; *â*, f. *ep* of Satyavati (mother of Vyâsa); *-bâhu*, a having arms a *yogana* in length, excessively long-armed; *m. ep* of Râvana; *-ata*, n a hundred *yogas*.

योगनिक yôgan-ika, a. measuring (so many) *yogas*; *-* with numerals; *-iya*, *fp.* to be employed; *-* joined or combined with (*-karmāna* = to be set at work); *-* connected grammatically; *-* construed; *n. imp.* one should connect with or think of in *imp.*

योगयतिव्य yôg-ay-i-tavya, *fp.* to be used; *-* supplied with (*in*); *-ayitri*, m. setter (of a *jetty*); *-ya*, *fp.* to be directed towards (*le*), (deserving) to be appointed to (*le* or *-*); to be urged to (*le*); *-* employed; *-* concerned (*deserving*); *-* added, to (*le*); *-* provided or endowed with (*in*); *-* connected or construed.

योद्धव्य yod-dhavya, *fp.* to be fought or combatted; *n. imp.* one ought to fight; *-dhri*, a fighting with (*in*), for (*y*); *m* fighting, combatant, warrior.

योध yodh-â, m. warrior, soldier; *-ana*, n. fight; *-aniya*, *fp.* to be combatted.

योधमुख्य yodha-mukhya, m. commander-in-chief; *-agâra*, m. soldiers' dwelling, barrack.

योधिन yodh-in, a. (*-*) fighting; combatted; *m.* (*-*) combatant.

योन yô-ni, [holder; $\sqrt{1}$. yu], m. f. (*only* *m* in *RV.*, f. rare in *V.*) lap, vulva, womb; birthplace; home, abode, nest, lair (*V.*); place of production, origin, source; repository, receptacle, seat, place; birth (= form of existence), stock, race, family, caste; *-* a. produced or sprung from. *-ga*, a. produced from a womb; *-tas*, *ad.* by birth or blood; *-tva*, n. being the source of, productiveness of (*-*); derivation from, foundation on (*-*); *-samkara*, m. (mixture =) unlawful intermarriage of castes; *-sambandha*, m. blood-relation, of (*y*).

योनि yoni, f. = योनि yoni.

योपयत yôp-ya-t, *pr. pl. es.* \sqrt{yup} .

योषणा yôsh-ana, f. young woman, maiden; wife.

योषा yôsh-â, f. id. [women.]

योषिज्जन yôshig-gana, m. womenfolk.

योषित yôsh-it, f. young woman, maiden; wife; female (of a bird); *-pratiyâtanâ*, f. female statue; *-d-grâha*, a. taking the wife of a deceased man; *-d-ratna*, n. jewel of a woman; *-n-maya*, a. formed like or representing a woman.

यौस yôs, inde. health (*only* in *sâm yôh* and *sam ka yos ka*; *V.*).

यौगंधरायण yaugandhara-yaṇa, m. *pat.* (*fr.* Yaugandhara) N. of a minister of king Udayana; *-iya*, a. relating to Yaugandharayaṇa.

यौगपय yuga-padya, n. simultaneousness; *in.* simultaneously (= yuga-pady).

यौगिक yang-ika, a. (i) relating to a cure; applicable; agreeing with the derivation, having an etymological meaning; relating to

or derived from Yoga; *-râtha*, *pp.* having an etymological and a conventional meaning.

यौतक youta-ka, a. belonging exclusively to any one; *n.* present; private property; dowry.

यौतुक yautuka, n. id.

यौथिक youth-ika, m. [one of a crowd; *yâtha*] companion, comrade.

यौध yaudha, a. warlike; *â-gaya*, n. N. of various Sâmas.

यौधिष्ठिर yaudhi-hîhira, a. (i) relating or belonging to Yudhihîhira.

यौधेय yaudh-eya, *m. pl. N.* of a warrior tribe

यौन yauna, a. [*fr.* yoni] matrimonial, based on, resulting from, or related by marriage, produced from (*-*); *n.* matrimonial alliance, marriage; relationship by marriage.

यौप yaupa, a. (i) relating to the sacrificial post.

यौवन yauvan-a, n. (*fr.* yuvan) youth, bloom or prime of youth, adolescence, manhood; *pl* youthful deeds; *-darpa*, m. pride of youth, juvenile indiscretion; *-padavi*, f. path of youth; *-m ârûtha*, having entered on adolescence; *-prânta*, m. n. end of youth; *-vat*, a. possessed of or being in the bloom of youth, youthful.

यौवनन yauvan-in, *n.* youthful; *-iya*, a. belonging to youth; *-dvâr*, f. entrance to youth, adolescence.

यौवनेश्वर yauvana-îsvara, m. N. of a prince (*incorr.* for Yavanesvara).

यौवराज्य yauva-râg-ya, n. dignity of an heir-apparent (yuvârâga).

यौष्माक yaushmâka, a. belonging to you, your; *-na*, a. id.

र र.

र ra, a. (*-*) having acquired, possessing; conferring, producing

रसु râs-su, a. delightful (*RI.*).

रंह RAMH [= RÂNGH], I. ramha, P. cause to flow; depart; *Â* flow, run; *pp.* ramhita, hastening; *ev.* ramhaya = simple verb, *intr. pt.* rârahâsâ, hastening (*I.*).

रहस ramh-as, n. velocity, speed; vehemence, impetuosity [speed.]

रहि ramh-i, f. (*V.*) flowing, stream; haste,

रकार ra-kâra, m. the letter r.

रक्क rakka, m. N.

रक्त rak-ta, *pp.* (\sqrt{rak}) coloured; red; unsualized (*gr.*); charming, lovely, sweet (*rom.*); enraged; impassioned; passionately devoted to (anything, *le.*); any one, *y.* *-*; attached, fond; enamoured; charmed with (*in*); n. blood; *-ka*, a. red; *-kanûtha*, a. sweet-voiced; *m.* cuckoo; *â.* of a fairy. *-kadamba*, m. red Kadamba tree; *-kamalini*, f. group of red lotuses; *-kîshana*, a. dark red; *-kandana*, n. red sandal; *-kha-da*, a. red-leaved; *-khardi*, f. vomiting blood; *-ga*, a. derived from the blood; *-tara*, *ep.* greatly attached; *-tâ*, f. redness; nature of blood; *-tva*, n. redness; *-dant*, a. having red (*-* dirty) teeth; *-nayana*, a. red-eyed; *-netra*, a. id.; *-pa-sa*, m. (wearing red rags). Buddhist monk; *-vratâ-vâhini*, f. Buddhist nun; *-pa-i-kri*, dress in red rags, turn into a Buddhist monk; *-pa-sa-maya*, a. made

of red cloth; *-padma*, n. red lotus; *-pâda*, m. red-footed bird; *-pushpa*, n. red flower; a. having red flowers; *-phala*, a. bearing red fruit; *-bindu*, m. drop of blood; *-bhava*, a. enamoured; *-mahala*, a. having a red disc (*moon*); having loyal subjects; *-tâ*, f. *abst. N.*; *-mukha*, a. red-faced; *m.* N. of a monkey; *-varana*, m. red colour; colour of blood; a. red-coloured; *-vâsana*, a. wearing a red garment; *-vâsin*, a. id.; *-vâsma*, a. dark red; *-sâra*, a. m. in whom blood predominates, of sanguine temperament.

रक्तांसु raktaamsu-ka, m. red ray; red garment; *-aksha*, a. (i) red-eyed; *N.* of an owl; *-adharâ*, f. (red-lip), *N.* of a Kîmûnari; *-anta*, a. having red corners; *-âbha*, a. having a red appearance; *-âmissha-âda*, a. eating blood and flesh; *-âmbara*, n. red garment; a. clad in red; *-amburûha*, n. red lotus; *-arûna*, a. blood-red; *-a-oka*, m. red-flowered Asoka.

रक्ति rak-ti, f. attachment, to (*le*); *-mat*, a. charming, lovely.

रक्तिमन् rakti-i-man, m. redness.

रक्तीक्ष rakti-kri, colour red.

रक्तोत्पल raktautpala, n. red lotus (*Nymphaea rubra*).

रक्ष RAK-SH [*der.* of \sqrt{rak} , *atk*; *Lat.* *ares*, etc.], I. P. *raksha*, guard, protect; watch, tend (cattle), take care of; spare; preserve, keep, save, from (*ab*); observe (*law, etc.*); rule, govern (*a country*); beware of, guard against

(*ac*); *pp.* rakshitâ, guarded, etc.; *-m. ad.*; *ce.* rakshaya, P. protect, from (*ab*); keep; *des.* rirakshisha, P. intend to protect from (*ab*); *intr. pr. pl.* rârahâsâ, zealously guarding; *abhi*, guard, protect, from (*ab*); cherish; keep, observe (*law, etc.*); command (*an army*); *pari*, guard, protect, preserve, save, from (*ab*); keep; observe (*law, etc.*); rule (*a city, etc.*); *pra*, preserve, save, from (*ab*); *sam*, guard, protect, preserve, save, from (*ab*); spare; keep; secure.

रक्ष raksh-â, a. (i) guarding, protecting, preserving, keeping, observing (*guly.*); *m.* guard, warder *guly.*; *-aka*, m. protector, guardian; guard, watchman; (*râksh*)-*ava*, n. guarding, protecting, tending (of cattle); care, protection, preservation, of (*g.* rarely *le.*); *-âmba*, f. guarding, protecting; *-a-aiya*, *fp.* to be guarded or protected, from (*ab*); *-sâra*, (*deserving*) to be ruled, by (*in*, *g.*); to be guarded against or avoided, by (*in*).

रक्षपाल raksha-pâla, m. guard, watchman; *-ka*, m. id.; *i-ka*, f. female guard.

रक्षस raksh-as, n. [thing to be ward off], injury (*RV.*); malignant nocturnal demon (*disturbing sacrifices and injuring the pious*); *-âs*, m. nocturnal demon (*V.*).

रक्षा raksh-â, f. protection, deliverance, preservation, of (*-* very common, rarely *-* from, e.g. *cald*, or on, e.g. *a journey*); guard, sentinel; preservative, amulet, mystical object; *-karaṇ-aka*, n. magical preservative casket; *-grîha*, n. lying-in chamber;

-**adhikṛita**, *pp.* entrusted with the protection (of the country etc.); *m.* appointed guardian; -**adhīpati**, *m.* head-constable; -**parigṛha**, *m.* protective bolt; -**puruṣa**, *m.* guard, watchman; -**prādīpa**, *m.* protective lamp (kept burning to keep off demons); -**abhyadhikṛita**, *m.* police official; -**maṅgala**, *m.* protective ceremony (against evil spirits); -**maṅk**, *m.* jewel used as a preservative against demons; also *fig. of a king*; -**mahānādhī**, *f.* sovran preservative herb (against demons); -**ratna**, *n.* preservative jewel (against demons); -**prādīpa**, *m.* preservative jewel lamp (the gems in which serve as a protective light against demons); -**vat**, *a.* enjoying protection, protected by (*m.*); -**sarśapa**, *m.* mustard seed as a preservative against demons.

रक्षिक raksh-ika, *m.* guard, watchman; -**puruṣa**, *m.* *ut.*; -**ikā**, *f.* (of -aka) female guard or watcher; -**ita**, *pp.*, *m.* *N.*; -**i-tavya**, *fp.* to be protected, guarded, or kept, from (*ab.*); -tended cattle; -**it-ikā**, *f.* *N.*; -**i-tri**, *m.* protector, preserver, from, *ab.*; of, *g.* watchman; -**i-tri**, *f.* female guardian; -**in**, *a.* guarding, protecting; avoiding -; *m.* guardian, protector, preserver (very commonly -° = *ot.* rarely - from).

रक्षि raksh-ika, *a.* repelling or destroying demons; *m.* spell destructive of demons; -**ghni**, *f.*, *v.* -han; -**gana**, *m.* demon-folk; -**(a)dhīdevatā**, *f.* goddess presiding over the demons; -**bhāṣa**, *a.* barking like a demon; -**hān**, *a.* -**ghni** demon-slaying

रक्ष raksh-ya, *fp.* to be guarded, - preserved, - taken care of, cherished, from (*ab.*); - guarded against or avoided; -**tama**, *fp.* to be most carefully guarded [-*(F.)*]

रक्षियस् rāgh-iyas, *cp.* a lighter in weight
रघु ragh-ī [√*ragh* = *ramh*], *a.* (√*i*) speed-
ing, fleet (*F.*); *m.* courier (1.); *N.* of an
ancient king, ancestor of Rāma. *pl.* descendants
of Raghu; -**tlaka**, *m.* *cp.* of Rāma;
-**dru**, *a.* running swiftly (*RV.*); -**nandana**,
m. descendant of Raghu, *cp.* of Rāma;
-**nātha**, *m.* *cp.* of Rāma; -**pati**, *m.* lord of the
Raghus, *cp.* of Rāma; -**pātvān**, *a.* flying
swiftly *RV.*; -**vāma**, *m.* Raghu's race; *T.*
of a well known poem by Kalidāsa; -**saṅgī-**
am, *f.* *T.* of Mallinātha's commentary on
the *Rāghavama*; -**shyad**, *a.* gliding swiftly
(*F.*); -**avāmin**, -**uttama**, -**udvaha**, *m.* *cp.*
of Rāma.

रक्षु rakṣu, *m.* starveling, beggar; -° = half-
starved, famished. [*N.* of a fairy.]

रक्षु rakṣu, *m.* kind of antelope; -**mālin**, *m.*

रक्ष raṅg-u, *m.* [√*raṅg*] colour; *nasal* colour-
ing of a ravel (*gr.*); (bright scene), theatre,
stage, scene, arena; theatrical audience; *N.*
-**kāra**, *m.* dyer; -**kāra**, *m.* actor; gladiator;
-**dvar**, *f.* stage-door; -**dvara**, *n.* prologue in
a play; -**nātha**, *m.* *N.*; -**patākā**, *f.* *N.*; -**bbhū-**
mī, *f.* battle-field; -**maṅgala**, *f.* festival on the
stage; -**maṅgala**, play-house, theatre; -**vat-i**,
f. *N.*; -**vastu**, *n.* colouring matter; -**vāra** *an-*
gaṇā, *f.* stage-dancer; -**gāṇa**, *n.* arena;
-**avātara**, *n.* entrance on the stage; *lit.*
ironic profession; -**avātāraka**, -**avātārīn**,
m. stage-player, actor.

रक्षित raṅg-ita, *den.* *pp.* well-coloured, pretty.

रक्षिन् raṅg-in, *a.* attached to, fond of (-°);
entering the stage.

रक्षोपजीविन् raṅga upagavin, *m.* (subsist-
ing by the stage), actor; -**upa**, *ivya*, *m.* *id.*

रक्ष RAṅGH, I. **Ā.** raṅghate [√*ramh*],
hasten, run.

रक्षस् raṅgh-as, *n.* haste.

रक्ष RAK, only *cs.* P. *ra*-aya, construct,
fashion, form, make, erect; produce,
prepare, arrange; adorn; compose; fasten;
put or fix in or on *le.*; cause the heart
to fix its attention on *le.*; *āntān* or *āntān*,
be anxious; *pp.* *ra*-kita, made,
fashioned, prepared etc., of *in.*; -°; placed,
introduced, fixed, on or in *le.*; set out, dis-
played in -°, furnished or studied with (*in.*);
occupied with (-°); *ma*-ishā, -invented.
ā, *cs.* prepare, furnish with *m.*; *pp.* put on
upa, *cs.* form, make, produce, construct *pp.*
produced etc. **sam**-upa, *pp.* contrived, con-
structed. **vi**, *cs.* construct, fashion, form;
erect statue; perform; produce; compose,
invent; arrange *pp.* formed, fashioned etc.,
furnished with *m.*

रक्षन् rak-ana, *n.* arranging, preparing, com-
posing; **ā**, *f.* arrangement, disposition, pre-
paration; performance, accomplishment, for-
mation, production of -° often concrete
product; work, composition; style; array
of troops, contrivance, invention; putting
on (of garments)

रक्षयितु rak-ay-i-tri, *m.* composer.

रक्षित rak-ita, *pp.* -**ātastushka**, *a.* marked
round with a square of chalk or grain; -**sva**,
n. state of being composed; -**spūrva**, *a.* pre-
viously performed; -**artha**, *a.* having accom-
plished one's object.

रक्ष RAG, **रक्ष** RAṅG, IV. *ra*-ya [orig.
meaning be brilliant], be coloured, grow
or be red, be excited, be charmed or de-
lighted by *in.*; be glad; be pleased with,
be attracted by, fall in love with *le.*; *pp.*
rakta, *q. v.*; *cs.* *ra*-aya (*F.*), *ra*-aya, *P.*
colour, redden, illumine; make happy, de-
light, gratify, keep satisfied; *pp.* *ra*-yate, be
coloured; *pp.* *ra*-gita, allured, gained; *ra*-
gita, coloured, reddened, illumined, made
happy, gratified **an**, assume a corres-
ponding redness; be delighted or pleased,
with *m.*; be attracted or attached to, love
(*av.* or *le.*); *pp.* **anurakta**, coloured, redden-
ed; beloved; devoted, attached, loving,
fond of, in love with *ac.*, *le.*, -°, taking
pleasure in anything *le.* -°, swayed by, under
the influence of -°; *cs.* *ra*-gaya, *P.*
colour or redden correspondingly, conchate,
win; inspire with affection **aps**, *ā* become
colourless; grow discoloured with *ab.* *pp.*
aparakta, colourless, pale; averse from *ab.*;
cs. *P.* render disaffected, alienate **abhi**, *ā*
be greatly delighted with *m.*; *pp.* devoted
or attached to -°; charming, **upa**, *pp.*
coloured; reddened; eclipsed, tinged by -°
under the influence of *m.* *cs.* *P.* colour,
affect, influence. **vi**, grow discoloured, lose
colour; grow indifferent, lose interest in *ab.*;
le.; *pp.* **virakta**, discoloured, indifferent,
disinclined, disaffected, towards *ab.*, *le.* *g.* *pati*
+ *ac.*, -°, become indifferent, arousing no
interest, *cs.* discolour; *pp.* **viragita**, ren-
dered indifferent **sam**, *ā* be coloured,
grow red, *pp.* **samarakta**, reddened, inflamed,
charming; impassioned in song; *cs.* *P.*
colour; redden, delight, make happy. **an**-
sam, *pp.* devoted or attached to *ac.*; **abhi-**
sam, *pp.* devoted to -°.

रक्ष ray-a, *m.* (rare) dust; pollen of flowers.

रक्षः rakṣ-kana, *m.* grain of dust *pl.* dust.

रक्षक rak-aka, *m.* washerman (being at the
same time a dyer); *a.* despised mixed caste.
i., *f.* washerwoman, washerman's wife.

रक्षत rag-atā, *a.* [√*rag* = √*arg*] silvery.

whitish (*F.*); made of silver (*F.*); *a.* silver;
-**kāta**, *N.* of a peak in the Malaya range;
-**damshtra**, *m.* *N.* of a fairy; -**parvata**, *m.*
mountain of silver (*cp.* an artificial one as a
gift for Brahmins); -**pātrā**, *n.* silver vessel;
-**bhāṇa**, *n.* *id.*; -**māya**, *a.* (ā) made of sil-
ver; -**śāla**, -**śāri**, *m.* silver mountain, *cp.*
of Kailāsa. [*rare*].

रक्षन् rag-ana, *a.* (i) colouring (*F.*); *m.* ray

रक्षिन् rag-ani, *f.* (*metr.*) = **रक्षिन्** ragani,
night; -**kāra**, *m.* night-maker, moon; -**kāra**,
m. night-walker, Rākshasa; watchman; -**rāk-**
shani, *f.* Rākshas-like night.

रक्षिन् rag-ani, *f.* [darkener], night; *N.*
-**kāra**, *m.* moon; -**kāra**, *a.* moving at night
moon, *m.* night-walker; Rākshasa; -**nā-**
tha, *m.* lord of night-walkers, moon; -**pati**,
m. lord of night, moon; -**mukha**, *n.* night-
fall, evening; -**ramana**, *m.* lover of -°, -**ja**,
m. lord of night, moon

रक्षस् rag-as, *n.* [dimness, region of clouds]
1. *F.* sky, air, atmosphere (*distinquished*
from *div* or *avar*, region of light, heaven,
which is beyond, regarded as consisting of
an upper and a lower stratum, hence often
du., the lower and upper air, *pl.* the skies);
vapour, mist, gloom, (dark -) ploughed
soil, cultivated field *RV.* *rare*, 2. *F.* dust;
grain of dust; pollen of flowers, menstrual
discharge, menses; [quality inflaming or ob-
scuring the mind] passion (one of the three
qualities, *attva*, *rajas*, *lāsa*, in *phil.*)

रक्षन् rag-as-vān, *a.* filled or covered with
dust, dusty; having menses (*v.*); filled with
the quality of passion; **ā**, *f.* woman in her
courses; marriageable girl, -**vin**, *a.* full of
pollen, full of the quality of passion

रक्षः rag-as, *n.* [√*rag* = *ramh*] touching (the dust
of the earth; -**sveda**-**samanvita**, *pp.*
covered with dust and sweat.

रक्षिका rag-ikā, *f.* (of -aka) washerwoman.

रक्षि rag-ishtha, *1. spr.* (of *ragu*) straight-
ness; most righteous.

रक्षोयुग् rag-o-yug, *a.* joined with the quality
of passion; -**magha**, *m.* cloud of dust

रक्ष rāgh-u, *f.* [√*rag**, bind *cp.* √*magh*]
cord, rope, -°, of, nearly = *for*); -**m** **ā**-sthā,
have recourse to the rope, hang oneself

रक्षदा raggu-dāla, *m.* kind of tree; wild
fowl; -**ka**, *m.* wild fowl; -**pi**/**kā**, *f.* stool
suspended by ropes; -**pa**/**kā**, *f.* basket sus-
pended by ropes; -**bandha**, *m.* tying with
ropes; -**na** **bandha**, the any one up with
rope; -**māya**, *a.* consorting of ropes; -**yantra**,
n. contrivance of cords (in a mechanical doll).

रक्ष I. RAṅG, I. *ra*-ya (*F.*), IV. *ra*-ya (*RV.*),
step out *F.*, strive after *ac.* (*F.*); *aur.*
pl. *ra*-ya-ana *RV.* hastening; striving.

रक्ष 2. RAṅG, *v.* **रक्ष** RAG.

रक्षक raṅg-aka, *a.* (ikā) colouring; pleas-
ing, charming, *m.* dyer, -**ana**, *a.* (i) colour-
ing, pleasing, gladdening -°, a colouring,
dyeing, colour, delighting, gladdening, mak-
ing happy, gratifying, -**aniya**, *fp.* to be
pleased, - made contented; pleasant.

रह RAT, I. *P.* *ra*-a, yell, howl, roar, cry,
caw *cp.*, crash *ac.*, ring bell; pro-
claim aloud *pp.* *ra*-ita, applauded. **ā**, cry,
call to.

रटन् rat-ana, *n.* shout of applause.

रटरदाय rata-ratā-ya, *ā*. crouch.

रति rat-ita, *pp.* √rat; *n.* cry, howl, yell; creaking.

रत्ना ratñā, *f. N.* of a princess.

रत्ना radda, *m. N.*: ā, *f. N.*

रत्न ran-ā, *m.* [√ran] gladness, joy, delight (*V.*); *m.* (n.) [joy of battle], combat, fight, battle, for (-); -*kāraṇa*, *n.* fight; -*kāmya*, *P.* be eager to fight; -*kārin*, *a.* causing battle; -*kṛit*, *a.* causing joy (*RV.*); *m.* fighter, combatant; -*kāhiti*, *f.*, -*kāhetra*, *n.*, -*kāho*, *n.*, *f.* battle-field; -*kāha*, *m. id.*; -*gokara*, *a.* engaged in battle.

रत्नकार ranat-kāra, *m.* jingling sound, rattle; humming (*of bees*).

रत्नदुम्भिरा rana-dundubhi, *m.* military drum; -*dhur*, *f.*, -*dhurā*, *f.* brunt of battle; -*priya*, *a.* delighting in battle; -*bhaṭa*, *m. N.*; -*bhū*, -*bhūmi*, *f.* battle-field; -*mukha*, *n.* fore-front of battle; vanguard; -*mārdhan*, *m. id.*; -*yajña*, *m.* sacrifice of battle; -*raṅga*, *m.* arena of conflict, battle-field; -*raṇa*, *m.*, *g.* regretful longing for a beloved object, *m.* god of love; -*raṇā-yita*, *den. pp.* rattling or sounding aloud; -*rasika*, *a.* eager for battle, with (-); -*lakṣmi*, *f.* luck of war; goddess of battle; -*vīkrāda*, *a.* skilled in war; -*śikṣā*, *f.* art of war; -*śira*, *n.* front of battle; vanguard; -*śura*, *m.* hero in battle; -*samudāyana*, *m.* stress of battle; -*samrambha*, *m.* storm of battle; -*sthā*, *a.* engaged in battle, -*sthāna*, *n.* battle-field; -*svāmin*, *m.* *statu* of Śiva as lord of battles.

रत्नाग्नि rana agni, *m.* fire of battle; -*agra*, *n.* front of battle; vanguard; -*āṅgana*, -*āṅgana*, *n.* battle-field; -*āṅra*, *n. id.*; -*śtodya*, *n.* military drum; -*āditya*, *m. N.*; -*ārambhā*, *f. N.* of a princess; -*svāmi*, *deva*, *m. N.* of a statue erected by her; -*svani*, *f.* battle-field.

रत्नित ran-ita, *pp.* √ran; *n.* ringing, jingling, rattling; humming (*of bees*).

रत्नि rana iṣa, *m.* = rana-svāmin; -*ṣvara*, *m. id.*

रत्नोत्कट rana utkata, *a.* raging in battle; -*uddesa*, *n.* battle-field.

रत्न randa, *m.* betrayer of (-); ā, *f.* widow; contemptuous designation of women; slut.

रत्न ran-vā, *a.* (*RV.*) pleasant, delightful, lovely; joyful.

रत्न ra-ta, *pp.* (√ram) pleased, gratified, glad; delighting in, devoted or addicted to (*in*, *to*, -); having sexual intercourse with (-); *n.* sexual enjoyment or union; -*śila*, *m.* dog; -*vat*, *a.* containing a *form* of the root *ram*.

रति rā-ti, *f.* [√ram] rest (*V.*, *rare*); pleasure, enjoyment, satisfaction, in (*to*, -); sexual enjoyment or union; personified as one of the wives of Kāma, Rati: *m.* *kri*, *labh*, *vid*, or *bandh*, find pleasure in (*to*).

रतिकार rati-kāra, *a.* (i) causing pleasure; -*kriya*, *f.* sexual intercourse; -*grīha*, *n.* pleasure-house; -*yjña*, *a.* skilled in the arts of love; -*pati*, *m.* husband of Rati, god of love; -*paritāya*, *m.* frequency of sexual union; -*priya*, *a.* pleasant during sexual intercourse; -*phala*, *a.* productive of sensual pleasure, aphrodisiacal; -*bandhu*, *m.* lover, husband; -*bhavana*, *n.* pleasure-house; -*mat*, *a.* joyful, glad; delighting in (*to*); enamoured, accompanied by Rati; -*maandira*, *n.* chamber of love; -*rama*, *m.* lover of Rati, god of love; -*rasa*, *m.* sexual enjoyment; *a.* having the flavour of love; -*rahasya*, *n.*

secrets of love, *T.* of a work; -*valli*, *f.* creeper of love; -*sarvasva*, *n.* quintessence of sexual pleasure; *T.* of an erotic work; -*sahatara*, *m.* companion of Rati, god of love; -*sena*, *m. N.* of a prince; -*iṣa*, *m.* husband of Rati, god of love.

रतोत्सव ratā utsava, *m.* festival of love.

रत्न rā-tna, *n.* [√rā] *V.*: gift; goods, wealth; (-): treasure, precious stone, jewel, *sp.* pearl, (-): jewel of a, = best of, most excellent; magnet; *m. N.*; -*kalasa*, *m. N.*; -*kūta*, *n. N.* of an island; -*koṣa*-*nikāya*, *m.* heap of jewels and treasure; -*khāni*, *f.* mine of jewels; -*garbha*, *a.* filled or studded with jewels; ā, *f.* earth; -*kandā-mati*, *m. N.*; -*kkhāyā*, *f.* reflexion or glitter of jewels; -*talpa*, *m.* jewelled couch; -*traya*, *n.* the three jewels (= Buddha, dharma, and saṅgha: *Li.*); -*data*, *m. N.*; -*darpana*, *m.* mirror of jewels; -*dipa*, *m.* lamp of jewels (which supply the place of a burning wick); -*druma*, *m.* coral; -*dvipa*, *m. N.* of an island; -*dhā*, -*dhā*, *a.* (-*Vi*) bestowing gifts or wealth; possessing wealth; -*nadi*, *f. N.* of a river; -*nidhi*, *m.* mine of pearls, ocean; -*parvata*, *m.* mountain (= repository) of jewels, Meru; -*pura*, *n. N.* of a city; -*prākāśa*, *m. T.* of a dictionary; -*pradipa*, *m.* (-*a*) -*ka* -*dipa*; -*prabha*, *m. N.*: ā, *f.* earth; *N.*; *T.* of the seventh Lambha of the Kathāsarit-sāgara; -*prāsāda*, *m.* jewelled palace; -*bandhaka*, *m.* seller of gems, jeweller; -*bhūta*, *pp.* resembling a jewel; -*maṅgari*, *f. N.* of a fairy; -*maya*, *a.* (i) consisting of or abounding in jewels; -*mālā*, *f.* necklace of gems or pearls; *T.* of various works; -*mālin*, *a.* wearing a necklace of jewels; -*ratna*, *n.* pearl of pearls; -*rāṭ*, *f.* string of pearls; -*rāṭ*, *m.* heap of gems, quantity of pearls; -*rekṣā*, *f. N.* of a princess; (*rātina*)-*vat*, *a.* attended with gifts (*RV.*); abounding in jewels or pearls, jewelled; -*vardhana*, *m. N.*; -*varman*, *m. N.* of a merchant; -*varsha*, *m. N.* of a prince of the Yāskas; -*vaṅghāta*, *m.* quantity of jewels; -*stū*, *a.* producing gems; -*stūti*, *f.* earth; -*svāmin*, *m. N.* of a statue (erected by Rati).

रत्नाकर ratna ākara, *m.* mine of jewels; *m.* ocean; *N.*; *N.* of a mythical horse; *T.* of various works; -*makhā*, *f.* (see-girt), earth; -*sāguriyaka*, -*āṅguriyaka*, *n.* jewelled finger-ring; -*ā-devi*, *f. N.* of a princess; -*adhipati*, *m.* lord of treasures: *ep.* of Agastya and *N.* of a prince; -*ā-pura*, *n. N.* of a town.

रत्नायित ratnā-yi-ta, *den. pp.* resembling jewels.

रत्नावती ratnā-vat-i, *f. N.*; *N.* of a town.

रत्नावली ratnāvali, *f.* string of pearls; *N.*; *N.* of various works, *esp.* of a well-known play; -*āsana*, *n.* jewelled throne.

रत्नि ratn-in, *a.* possessing or receiving gifts (*RV.*).

रत्निद्र ratna indra, *m.* very costly jewel; -*ivara*, *m. N.*; -*udbhava*, *m. N.*

रथ rā-tha, *m.* [goer: √ri] cur. (two-wheeled) car; vehicle; warrior, hero.

रथकार ratha-kāra, *m.* wheelwright, carpenter; a mixed caste (*offspring* of a Māhiśya and a Kāraṇi); -*tva*, *n.* trade of a carpenter; -*kṛit*, *m.* wheelwright, carpenter; -*kāhobha*, *m.* jolting of a chariot; -*gṛita*, *m.* skilful charioteer; -*ghoṣa*, *m.* sound or rumbling of a chariot; -*kakra*, *n.* chariot-wheel; -*karaṇa*, *m. id.*; -*karyā*, *f.* driving in a chariot (*often pl.*); -*ghāṇa*, *n.* skill in driving; -*ghāṇin*, *a.* skilled in driving;

-*dhur*, *f.* pole of a chariot; -*nābhi*, *f.* nave of a chariot-wheel; -*nirghoṣa*, *m.* rumbling of a chariot; -*nirvana*, *m.* sound of a chariot; -*nida*, *m. n.* interior or seat of a chariot; -*nemi*, *f.* felly of a chariot-wheel; -*ntara*, *n. N.* of various Sāmans; *m.* a form of Agni (son of Tapa); -*bandha*, *m.* fastenings of a chariot; -*bhaṅga*, *m.* breakdown of a chariot; -*mahotsava*, *m.* solemn procession of an idol in a car; -*yātrā*, *f. vi.*; -*mārga*, *m.* carriage road; -*yūg*, *a.* yoking or yoked to a car (*RV.*); *m.* charioteer; -*yuddha*, *n.* chariot fight; -*yoga*, *m.* chariot team; use of a chariot, art of driving; -*yogaka*, *m.* yoker of a car; -*yodha*, *m.* chariot fighter; -*raṇi*, *m.* chariot-trace; -*vama*, *m.* multitude of chariots; (*rātha*)-*vat*, *a.* having a chariot, consisting in chariots (*RV.*); containing the word ratha; -*vata*, *m.* excellent chariot; -*varman*, *n.* chariot-road, high road; -*vāha*, *a.* (i) drawing a chariot; *m.* chariot-horse; charioteer; -*ka*, *m.* charioteer; -*viṅghāṇa*, *n.*, -*vidyā*, *f.* knowledge of or skill in driving; -*vithi*, *f.* carriage road, high road; -*sakti*, *f.* flagstaff on a war-chariot; -*sālā*, *f.* carriage-sled, coach-house; -*śikṣā*, *f.* art of driving; -*śira*, *n.* fore-part of a chariot; -*stha*, *a.* standing on or fighting from a chariot; -*svana*, *m.* sound or rattle of a chariot.

रथाक्ष ratha akṣa, *m.* chariot-axle.

रथाङ्कुर ratha āṅka, *n.* part of a chariot; carriage-wheel; *discus*, *ep.* of Kṛishna or Viṣṇu; *p.* potter's wheel; *m.* ruddy goose; -*dhvani*, *m.* rumble of chariot-wheels; -*nāman*, *m.* ruddy goose; -*nemi*, *f.* felly of a chariot-wheel; -*pāni*, *m.* *ep.* of Viṣṇu; -*samgha*, -*sāha*, -*āha*, *m.* ruddy goose; -*āhvayana*, *a.* called after a wheel, with *dviga*, *m.* ruddy goose.

रथानीक ratha anika, *n.* host of chariots; -*antara*, *n.* another chariot; -*āroha*, *m.* chariot-fighter; mounting a chariot; -*ā-va*, *f. N.*; -*ā-va*, *m.* carriage-horse; *n.* carriage and horse.

रथिक rath-ika, *m.* owner or driver of a carriage; -*in*, *a.* owning or driving in a chariot; *m.* owner of a chariot; car-fighter; coachman; consisting of chariots (*army*); belonging to a chariot (*horse*); -*ira*, *a.* owning or driving in a chariot; speedily (*RV.*).

रथी i. rath-i, *f.* small carriage, car.

रथी 2. rath-ī, *a.* (*V.*) driving in or belonging to a chariot; *m.* (*V.*) charioteer; car fighter; leader; lord.

रथि ratha iṣa, *m.* owner of a chariot; car-fighter; -*ishā*, *f.* carriage-pole; -*uttama*, *m.* best of chariots; -*utsava*, *m.* solemn procession of an idol in a car; -*upasthā*, *m.* seat of a chariot, driving-box.

रथ rāth-ya (or -yā), *a.* belonging or used to a chariot; *m.* chariot-horse; ā, *f.* carriage-road, highway; host of chariots; -*a-kaya*, *m.* team of horses; -*ā-pakṣi*, *f.* street; -*ā-mukha*, *n.* entrance to a street (*Pr*); -*ā-pa-sarpana*, *n.* walking in the street.

रद RAD, I. P. (Ā) rada, (*V.*) scratch, scrape, gnaw, bite, rend, at (*cc.*); cut, open (*a path*); dig the channel of (*ac.*); bestow on any one (*d.*). *pra*, dig out (*channel*), mark out (*a path*). *vi*, rend; grant (*wishes*).

रद rad-a, *a.* (-) splitting; gnawing at; *m.* tooth; *tusk* of an elephant; -*ana*, *m. id.*; -*kṛhā*, *n.* lip; -*anili*, *f. N.*

रदाङ्कुर rada āṅkura, *m.* point of a tooth; -*dvandva*, *den. P.* appear like two rows of teeth.

रध RADH, **रन्ध** RANDH, IV. P. **rādha-**
ya, become subject, fall a prey to (d.);
deliver any one (ac.) into the hand of (d.);
pp. **raddhā**, overcome; **cs. rāndhāya**, P.
(**ā**), deliver over to, give into the hand of
(d); torment, afflict (E); destroy (P); pre-
pare (food, S). **ni**, **cs** get into one's power
pari, **cs. pp. -rāndhita**, destroyed (P).

रध radh-rā, a. willing, obedient (RV).

रन् RAN, I. P. (**ā**) **rāna**, IV. P. **raṇya**
(RV, rare), stand still; be pleased, de-
light, in (lc., rarely **ac**; RV.); gratify RV.),
resound, jingle; **pp. pl. ranat**, **pp. ranita**,
sounding, jingling; **cs. rāṇya**, P. **ā**, delight
in, gladly abide in (lc.; RV.); cheer any
one (with, **m**, or in, **lc**; RV.); P. cause to
sound (P).

रानका ran-tavā, **fp. f.** (√ram) to be dallied
रति rān-ti, **f.** [√ram] abiding gladly, with
(lc.; V.); **-deva**, m. N. of a king of the
lunar race, N. of a lexicographer.

रन्ध RANDH, c. **रध** RADH.

रन्धन rāndh-ana, a. (**-**) destroying; n. de-
struction; preparation of food, cooking.

रन्ध rāndh-ra, n. opening, fissure, chasm,
hole; cavity; aperture of the body (of which
ten are assumed, including a supposed one
in the skull); defect, imperfection; weak or
vulnerable point; **-prahāra**, a striking at
the vulnerable points of an enemy; **-avesh-
in**, **-ānśāra**, a watching for weak points.

रप RAP, I. P. **rāpa**, (V.) prate, whisper;
intr. rārapiti (V.), **id.**

रपस rāp-as, n. bodily defect, infirmity, in-
jury (V).

रप्स RAPS, I. **ā**. **-rāpsa** (V). **pra**, ex-
tend forth (**int.**). **vi**, be replete, with
(g); have superabundance of (**m**).

रपसद्भन rapsād-bīhan, a. having a swell-
ing udder (RV).

रपि RAPI, only **pp. rapitā**, wretched
(RV).

रभ RABH, I. **ā**. (P) **rābha** [= √labh]
grasp, take, embrace; **cs. P. -rambha-
ya**; **des. P. -ripasa**. **ā**, lay hold of, seize;
lean on (ac; V.); reach (RV); set about,
undertake, begin (ac, **inf**); engage in ac-
tion; form, make, produce, compose; **pa**
ārabhyate, also = begin (**int.**); **pp. ārabh-
dha**, having begun **ac, inf**; set about, un-
dertaken, begun (often with **inf. which only**
has a pa. sense), beginning (**int**); made,
composed of (**m**), produced by (**m**), **qd**
ārabhya, **w. ac or ab.** beginning with, from
- onwards, since preceded by (**m**) in the case
of quotations. **adya ārabhya**, from to-day
onwards; **tada ārabhya**, thenceforth, since
then. **ana**, grasp or touch from behind;
be drawn after; **pp. v. act. & pa. yug. vi-
naśā**, touch in various directions. **sama-
nuśā**, take hold of one another, take hold of
together; **pp** taken hold of; holding one
another, holding, touching any one **abhiśā**,
take hold of, touch; walk upon; set about,
begin. **praśā**, undertake, begin (ac, **inf**);
pp. prārabdhā, begun, undertaken; having
begun (**int.**), to (**inf.**). **viśā**, **pp** grasped or
held fast in various ways. **sam-ā**, set about,
begin, undertake (ac, **inf**); **pp. begun**, un-
dertaken; begun to be built; begun, oc-
curred; having begun (ac, **inf**). **pari**,
seize, embrace; **des. wish** to embrace, **sam**,
clasp, grasp; grow excited. **pp. sāmārabdhā**,
hand in hand, closely united with (**m**);

stimulated; agitated; enraged, exasperated
(ord. **mg.**); against (prati); angry (speech);
increased; swollen **abhi-sam**, grasp (RV)
pp. excited, enraged.

रमस rābh-as, n. vehemence, violence; **m**.
vehemently, forcibly, roughly.

रमस rābh-as-ā, a. fierce, impetuous; ardent,
eager for (**-**); strong, powerful; **m** impetu-
osity, vehemence; speed; eager desire for
(**-**). **m**, **ab.** vehemently, passionately,
hastily, quickly

रमसत् rābh-as-vat, a. impetuous (RV).

रम् RAM, I. **rāma**, P. (only **tr.**), **ā**, stop.
set at rest, make fast (V); delight **ac**;
stand still, rest; like to stay, with (**d**, **lc**;
(rest, be at ease), be glad or pleased, rejoice
at, delight in, be fond of (**m**, **lc**, **sts inf**;
ord. **mg.**), enjoy oneself with, have sexual in-
tercourse with (**m** ± **samam**, **saha**, **sākam**, or
sārdham); **pp. rātā**, pleased, glad, delight-
ing in, devoted or addicted to, practising
(**m**, **lc**, **-**), enjoying oneself, having sexual
intercourse with (**-**), **cs. rāmāya**, P. V.,
ramāya, P. (V), bring to a standstill
(V); gladden, delight **esp. sexually**, caress,
enjoy oneself **ati**, be greatly delighted **anu**,
P. cease, stop. **ā**, rejoice in anything **pp**
delighting in (**lc** or **-**); enamoured. **abhi**,
feel pleased or satisfied, rejoice or delight
in (**m**, **lc**); enjoy oneself with **m**, **v. saha**;
pp. pleased, satisfied; delighting in, devoted
or addicted to, practising (**lc**), **cs. -rama-
ya**, P. delight, entertain; enjoy oneself with
(ac). **ā**, P. cease (speaking), desist; take
pleasure or delight in (**lc**), enjoy oneself
(sexually) with (**m** ± **samam**) **pp** ceased
upaśā, P. rest; desist, from (**ab**); **pp** resting
or fixed on (**lc**), ceased; desisting from
(**ab**); free from (**ab**). **upa**, P. **tr.**, **ā**, **int**
stand still, rest (V), cease from action, be-
come quiescent, stop (speaking, acting, etc.),
cease, desist from, relinquish **ab**; wait for
(ac); **Br.** **pp. uparata**, become quiescent;
abated, stopped, ceased, hushed, of sounds;
disappeared, gone to rest, dead, having de-
sisted from or relinquished (**ab**), grown in-
different towards (**-**). **viupa**, P. **ā** cease,
P. desist from (**ab**); **pp** grown quiescent,
ceased. **ni**, **pp** pleased or satisfied with, de-
lighting in, devoted to, practising, faithfully
attached to (**m**, **lc**, **-**); **cs. P. -rāmāya**, de-
tain, fetter (RV); **-ramāya**, P. delight
sexually, caress. P. **vi**, P. **ā** stop (speaking
etc.), pause, cease, abate, come to an end
(night), go out (fire), desist from, relinquish
(**ab**); **pp. virata**, stopped, abated, having
ceased speaking; having desisted from **ab**,
- rarely **lc**), having ceased to (**ab** or **-** of
old s.). **-m**, n. **upa**, with **vākā**, the speech
come to an end. **pra-vi**, **pp** having desisted
from (**ab** **sam**, **ā** rejoice in **lc**).

रम ram-a. (**-**) pleasing, delighting **ā**,
f. cp of Lakshmi; fortune, wealth, beauty.
-aya, a. (i) pleasing, delighting, m. lover,
husband; n. pleasure; sexual enjoyment,
dalliance; gladdening; deceiving (dec). 1,
f lovely young woman; mistress, wife

रमणीय ram-aniya, **fp.** delightful, charm-
ing, lovely; **ā**, **f. N.** of a singer (Pr.);
-āmāra-tva, n. charming and amazing
nature; **-tā**, **f.**, **-tva**, n. charm, loveliness,
beauty.

रमयन्तिका ramayant-ikā, **f. N.** of a dancer.

रमाका ramā-kānta, m. lover of; **-nātha**,
m. lord of; **-pati**, m. husband of Rāmā, **cp.**
of Vishnu or Krishna; **-ja**, **-jivata**, m. **id.**

रम् RAMB, I. **ā** **rāmba** [= √labh], hang
down (RV). **ava**, **id.** (RV).

रम्भ RAMBH, I. **ā**. **rambha**, roar (very
rare, P) **upa**, cause to resound, fill
with sound (very rare; P).

रम्भ rambh-ā, m. staff, support; m. N. of
various princes; **ā**, **f.** plain tree (Musa
sapientum); courtisan; N. of an Apsaras
-uru, a. (**ā**) having thighs like the trunk of
a plain tree.

रम्भ ram-yā, a. pleasant, delightful, lovely,
beautiful; **-tā**, **f.**, **-tva**, n. loveliness, beauty.
-rūpa, a. having a lovely form, charming;
-antara, a. pleasant on the way (journey).

रय ray-a, m. [√ri] current, stream; ve-
locity, speed; vehemence, ardour; **m**, **ab.**
speedily.

रयि ray-i, m., (rarely) **f.**, **sg. & pl** [√ri, be-
stow], property, wealth (V); treasure, valu-
able (V).

रयितम rayi-tama, **sp.** extremely wealthy
(RV).

रयित rayi-māt, a. (I) combined with
wealth; wealthy

रया rayi-ā, f. **in.** of rayi (RV).

रयावद् rayi-yavāt, m. N.

रराट rārāṭa, n. forehead, brow (= lālāṭa);
1, a garland of Darbha grass offered to the
eastern entrance of the shed for the Harar
dhinas ritual.

रराव rārāṭya, a. relating to the forehead;
ā, **f** horizon; = rārāṭ.

रराण rār-āna, **pp. pl.** √rā, give; **-imā**, 1 **pl.**
pl √rā

ररक rārū-ka, m. kind of deer, woollen
cloth, blanket.

रव rav-a, m. [√r. ru] roar, yell, cry; song;
humming, noise, sound, din, thunder, -ana,
a. roaring, crying, screaming, singing, etc;
m. cuckoo; cuckoo, wren.

रवि ravi, m. sun; sun-god; **-kānta-maya**,
a. consisting of sun-stones; **-graha**, m.
-na, n. eclipse of the sun; **-ma**, m. son of the
sun, planet Saturn, **-tanaya**, m. **id.**, Yama

रविन् rav-i-tri, m. erier, shouter

रविदिन ravi-dina, n. Sunday; **-nandana**,
m. son of the sun, planet Saturn; **-bimba**, n.
disc of the sun; **-mani**, m. sun-stone, **-manda-
la**, n. disc of the sun, **-ratna**, n. sun-stone,
-vama, m. solar race, **-vāra**, m. **-vāsara**,
m. n. Sunday, **-samkrānti**, **f.** entrance of
the sun into a sign of the zodiac, **-suta**, m.
son of the sun - planet Saturn or the monkey
Sugriva; **-soma-sama-prabha**, n. having
lustre resembling that of the sun and moon.

रयना ray-nā, **f.** cord, rope, strap; bridle;
girth; girle, zone (**esp. of women**); **fit.** of
the fingers (RV); **-ā** a girl by, dependent
on **-kalāpa**; **-ka**, m. woman's girle con-
sisting of several bands; **-grasāspada**, n.
seat of the girle-string, waist, **-upamā**, **f.**
girle-simile (being a string of comparisons
in which the apex of the first becomes the
upamāna of the second and so on).

रसि ras-mi, m. cord, rope; trace; rein;
whip, measuring cord; line of light; ray;
splendour; **-kalāpa**, m. pearl necklace of
fifty-four strings, **-mandala**, n. wreath of rays;
-mat, a. radiant; m. sun; N.; **-mālin**, a.
having a garland of rays; **-mūka**, m. diffuser
of rays, sun; **-vāt**, a. radiant; m. sun.

रस 1. RAS, I. P. (Ā.) *rasa*, roar, yell, cry; resound, reverberate: *pp.* *rasita*, uttering inarticulate sounds; sounding, tinkling. *anu*, *pp.* accompanied with cries, yells, etc. *ā*, roar, cry out: *pp.* crying out. *prati*, echo. *vi*, cry out.

रस 2. RAS, I. P. *rasa*, IV. P. *rasya*, X. P. *ā. rasāya*, taste; relish; feel; *des. ex.* *rirasayisha*, P. wish to taste.

रस *ras-a*, *m.* [$\sqrt{2}$. *ras*] sap, juice (of plants), fruit-syrup; fluid, liquid; water; essence, pith (of anything); quicksilver; potion, elixir; poisonous draught; taste, flavour (as distinctive quality of fluids; *all kinds are distinguished, viz.* sweet, salt, bitter, sour, pungent, astringent); object of taste; organ of taste, tongue; relish, inclination, fondness or love for (*lc.* \pm *upari*, $^{\circ}$); desire; affection; pleasure, delight; charm; (flavour or keynote in poetry), sentiment (eight *Rasas* are generally distinguished: love, heroism, disgust, wrath, mirth, terror, pity, wonder, a youth, quietness, and a tenth, tenderness, being sometimes added); prevailing sentiment in human character; sacred syllable om.

रसक *rasa-ka*, *n.* broth: -*graha*, *a.* appreciating pleasures; *m.* organ of taste; -*grāhaka*, *a.* perceiving taste; -*ga*, *a.* bred in fluids; -*gña*, *a.* knowing the taste of, appreciating the pleasures of (*g*, $^{\circ}$); familiar with (*lc.*, $^{\circ}$); appreciative; *n.*, *ā*, *f.* tongue; -*gñāta*, *f.* knowledge or appreciation of the taste of, familiarity with (*g*, $^{\circ}$); -*tā*, *f.* fluidness; -*m upeta*, become fluid; -*śa*, *a.* exuding resin; *m.* (giving doses), physician.

रसन 1. *ras-ana*, *n.* roaring, yelling, crying out; croaking; reverberating etc.; 2. *m.* phlegm; *n.* taste; organ of taste; perception; *ā*, *f.* tongue; -*mūla*, *n.* root of the tongue

रसना *rasnā*, *f.* often incorr. for रश्ना *rasnā*.

रसनायक *rasa-nāyaka*, *m.* *ep.* of Kāma.

रसनीय *ras-anīya*, *fp.* that which is tasted.

रसनेन्द्रिय *rasanā indriya*, *n.* organ of taste.

रसपाचक *rasa-pāka*, *m.* cook; -*prabandha*, *m.* poetical work, drama; -*bhāva-vid*, *a.* knowing the sentiments and emotions; -*maya*, *a.* (i) consisting of juice, fluid, water, or quicksilver; charming; -*rāsa*, *m.* quicksilver, (*rāsa*)-*vat*, *a.* juicy, succulent; well-flavoured, savoury; filled with juice; supplied with moisture (*field*); overflowing with (*m*); tasteful, charming; *n.* tasteful style; -*i*, *f.* kitchen; meal; -*vat-tā*, *f.* juiciness; savouriness; tastefulness; -*vāda*, *m.* alchemy; -*vikrayin*, *a.* vendor of liquors or juices; -*vikretri*, *m. id.*; -*vid*, *a.* knowing the taste; having good taste; -*vāstra*, *n.* alchemy; -*śodhana*, *n.* purification of quicksilver; -*śiddha*, *pp.* (adopt in quicksilver-) skilled in alchemy, familiar with poetical sentiments; -*śiddhi*, *f.* adeptness in quicksilver, skill in alchemy.

रसा *ras-ā*, *f.* moisture (*RV.*); a mythical river flowing round the earth and atmosphere (*RV.*); *N.* of a river (*RV.*); infernal regions (*C.*); earth, land (*C.*); -*tala*, *n.* (*C.*) infernal regions, hell; also *N.* of the fourth or the seventh of the seven halls; surface of the earth.

रसात्मक *rasa-ātma-ka*, *a.* whose nature is juice or nectar (*moon*); tasteful (*speech*); -*adhika*, *a.* tasteful; abounding in enjoyments; -*ādhipatya*, *n.* sovereignty of the lower regions; -*antara*, *n.* difference of taste; another taste or pleasure; change of senti-

ment; -*vid*, *a.* having different tastes; -*ābhāsa*, *m.* mere semblance of a sentiment; improper manifestation of a sentiment; -*ābhyanāra*, *a.* filled with water or love; -*ayana*, *n.* life-prolonging medicine, elixir of life (*śta.* follows the gender of the word to which it refers).

रसाक्ष *ras-ākṣa*, *m.* mango-tree; kind of mouse; *ā*, *f.* curds mixed with sugar and spices; *Dūrvā* grass.

रसाक्षद *rasākhadā*, *m.* perception of pleasure.

रसिक *ras-ika*, *a.* possessed of taste, aesthetic; having a taste for or a sense of, fond of, appreciating, understanding (*lc.*, $^{\circ}$); having a special taste or hobby; devoted to (*lc.*, $^{\circ}$); tasteful; -*tā*, *f.* taste or fondness for (*lc.*), -*tvā*, *n.* devotion, addiction.

रसित *ras-ita*, (*pp.*) *n.* roar, yell, cry; reverberation, thunder; rattle, jingle; -*ītri*, *m.* 1. roarer; 2. taster; -*in*, *a.* juicy; possessed of taste, aesthetic.

रसेक्ष *rasa-ikṣa*, *m.* quicksilver; -*īvara*, *m. id.*; -*ullāsa*, *m.* awakening of desire for ($^{\circ}$); -*ullāsin*, *a.* feeling the awakening of desire for ($^{\circ}$).

रस्य *ras-ya*, *fp.* that may be tasted; savoury.

रह RAH, I. P. *raha*, divide, separate; *cs.* abandon, desert; cause to give up anything (*ac*); *pp.* *rahita*, forsaken, deserted, solitary (*place*); separated from, free from, destitute of, lacking (*m*, $^{\circ}$), $^{\circ}$ *a.* wanting, absent; *lc.* in a lonely place, in secret *vi*, *cs.* -*rahaya*, quit, forsake; *pp.* *virahita*, abandoned, left; separated from, free from, lacking, without (*m*, $^{\circ}$).

रहण *rah-ana*, *n.* separation.

रहःशील *rahaḥ-sīla*, *a.* reserved; -*śala*, *a.* relieved of a secret message.

रहस्य *rah-as*, *n.* privacy, solitude; lonely place; secret; *ac.* or *lc.* in a lonely place; in secret, privately.

रहस्य *rahas-ya*, *a.* secret (with *romāni*, hair on the private parts); *n.* secret; mystery, mystic doctrine, *Upaśhad*; -*m*, *ad.* in secret; -*dhārin*, *a.* being in possession of or entrusted with a secret; *n-i*, *f.* confidante; -*nikṣhepa*, *m.* entrusted secret; -*bheda*, *m.* *na*, *n.* disclosure of a secret; -*samrakṣana*, *n.* keeping of a secret.

रहस्य *rahaḥ-stha*, *a.* standing in a solitary place, -*ānde* or alone; engaged in copulation

रहितस्य *rahita-tva*, *n.* lack of ($^{\circ}$).

रहोगत *ruho-gata*, *pp.* having retired to a solitary place, being alone; secret.

रा 1. RĀ, II. *rāti*, *rāte*, P. (*V.*, *C.*) *Ā* (I.), *vel.* *rara* (*V.*), *rarā*, *rari* (*V.*), *riri* (*RV.*), give, grant, bestow; *pp.* *rātā*. *sam*, *id.* (*V.*)

2. RĀ, IV. P. *rāya* (*RV.*), bark; bark at. *abhi*, bark at (*V.*).

रा 1. *rā*, *a.* ($^{\circ}$) granting, bestowing.

रा 2. *rā* (only *ac.* *rām*) = *रे* *rai*.

राका *rākā*, *f.* goddess presiding over the day of full-moon; day of full-moon; full-moon; -*kandra*, *m.* full-moon; -*nīśā*, *f.* night of full-moon; -*pati*, *m.* full-moon; -*yaṇī*, *m.* full-moon sacrifice; -*rama*, *m.* full-moon; -*vibhāvari*, *f.* night of full-moon; -*gāni*, *m.* full-moon; -*śāśka*, -*śāśin*, -*śūdhākara*, *m. id.*; -*indivara-bandha*, *m. id.*; -*indra*, *m. id.*

राक्षस *rākṣasa*, *a.* (i) belonging or peculiar to Rākṣasas or evil spirits, demoniacal; *m.* nocturnal demon, fiend; *N.* of a minister of Nanda; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tvā*, *n.*, -*bhāva*, *m.* condition of a demon.

राक्षसी *rākṣasī*, *f.* female Rākṣasa or demon.

राक्षसीक *rākṣasī-kri*, turn into a Rākṣasa; -*bhū*, be turned into a Rākṣasa.

राक्षसेक्ष *rākṣasa-ikṣa*, *m.* prince of Rākṣasas, *ep. ep.* of Ravana; -*īvara*, *m. id.*

राक्षोघ्न *rākṣhoghnā*, *a.* (i) treating of the demon-slaying verses (rākshoghna).

राग *rāg-a*, *m.* [\sqrt{rag}] colouring, dyeing; colour; redness; passion, vehement desire, love, affection or sympathy for, joy or delight in (*lc.* or $^{\circ}$); (colouring), nasalization; loveliness, beauty (of voice or song); musical mode (of which *six are generally assumed, these being variously stated to be* *Srīrāga*, *Bhairava*, *Megha*, *Kauṣika*, *Hindola*, *Dipaka*, or *Srīrāga*, *Bhairava*, *Megha*, *Vasanta*, *Pañcama*, *Natānārāyaṇa*, or *Srīrāga*, *Vasanta*, *Mālava*, *Mallāra*, *Karmāta*, and *Hillola*; *śta.* seven or turnly-six are spoken of).

रागयवत *rāga-graha-vat*, *a.* possessed of the crocodiles of passion; -*dravya*, *n.* colouring substance, dye; -*prāpta*, *pp.* conformable to desire, gratifying the senses; -*bandha*, *m.* (manifestation of) affection; -*bhāṇyana*, *m.* *N.* of a fairy; -*maṇḍari*, *f.* *N.*; -*ī-tā*, *f.* dim. of *ā*; -*maya*, *a.* red; enamoured; -*raḡya*, *m.* god of love; -*lekṣhā*, *f.* streak of colour; -*vat*, *a.* red; fond; enamoured.

रागिता *rāgi-tā*, *f.* desire for (*lc.*, $^{\circ}$).

रागिन् *rāg-in*, *a.* coloured, dyed; red; full of passion or desire; impassioned; swayed by love, enamoured; passionately fond of or devoted to, yearning after (*lc.*, $^{\circ}$); delighting ($^{\circ}$); rare; -*n-i*, *f.* modification of the musical modes called Rāga (30 or 36 Rāgas are enumerated).

राघव *rāghav-a*, *m.* descendant of Raghu, *put. of* *Agna*, *Dasaratha*, and *esp.* *Rama* (*du.* *Rāma* and *Lakṣmana*); -*pāndurāya*, *n.* *T.* of a poem so ambiguously worded as to furnish a history of the Rāghavas and the *Pāṇḍavas* at the same time.

राक्षव *rākṣav-a*, *a.* belonging or peculiar to the deer called Rākṣu; made of the hair of the Rākṣu, woollen; *m.* woollen cloth, blanket.

राज RĀ, I. *rājati* (I., C.), *rājate* (C).

II. I' *rāshīti* (*RV.*, rare), rule, govern (*tr. & ind.*); be king or chief; rule over (*g*); be distinguished or resplendent, shine; appear like (*iva*); *pp.* *rājāta*, distinguished, resplendent, brilliant, with (*in*, or $^{\circ}$); *cs.* P. *ā. rājaya*, rule, *nis*, *cs.* cause to shine, irradiate; perform the ceremony called *nirāgama* over (*ac.*); *pp.* *nirājāta*, shining; consecrated with the *nirāgama* ceremony. *vi*, rule (*V.*); rule over (*g*, *V.*); transcend (*ab*); be resplendent, shine; appear like (*iva*); *pp.* distinguished by, resplendent or brilliant with (*in*, $^{\circ}$); *cs.* cause to shine, irradiate, illuminate. *ati-vi*, be extremely brilliant. *anu-vi*, shine after, follow (*ac.*, *RV.*). *sam*, rule over (*g*).

राज *rāj*, *m.* (*nm. t*) ruler, king (*C. only* $^{\circ}$).

राज *rāj-a*, *m.* ($^{\circ}$ = *rājan*) prince, king; chief of: -*rishi*, *m.* = *rājārshi*.

राजक *rāja-kā*, *m.* petty king; *metr.* & $^{\circ}$ = *rājan*, king; *N.*; *n.* assemblage of kings; -*kathā*, *f.* history of kings; -*kanyakā*, *f.*

king's daughter, princess; -**kanyā**, *f. id.*; -**kara**, *m.* tribute due to a king; -**karsa**, *n.* law-court; -**karsa**, *m.* tusk of an elephant; -**kartri**, *m.* king-maker; *pl* enthroners of a king; -**karmān**, *n.* duties of a king, royal service; Soma-rite; -**kala**, *m. N.*; -**kalā**, *f.* sixteenth part of the moon's disc, crescent; -**kārya**, *n.* business of a king, state affairs; royal command; -**kibishin**, *n.* transgressing as a king.

रावकीय rāgāk-īya, *a.* royal; *m.* servant of a king.

रावकुमार rāga-kumāra, *m.* prince; **ī-kā**, *f.* princess; -**kula**, *n.* royal family; *pl* kings; royal palace; *serving also as a court of justice*; high road; -**bha**/a, *m. N.* of a poet; -**kūt**, *m.* king-maker; -**kṛtya**, *n.* duties of a king, state affairs; -**kṛiyā**, *f.* business of a king; -**gāmin**, *a.* brought before the king (stander); -**giri**, *m. N.* of a locality; -**guru**, *m.* king's counsellor or minister; -**grīha**, *n.* royal dwelling, palace; *N.* of the capital of Magadha (also *ī, f.*); -**ghāṭaka**, *m.* regicide; -**āṭha**, *n. pl* royal insignia; -**gambū**, *f.* a tree.

राजत rājata, *a.* (i) made of silver; *n.* silver

राजतनय rājatanaya, *m.* king's son, prince; **ā**, *f.* princess; -**taramgini**, *f.* Stream (= continuous history) of kings, *T.* of various chronicles of Cashmere, *N.*; -**tā**, *f.* kingship, royalty.

राजताद्रि rājata adri, *m.* silver mountain, Mount Kailāsa.

राजतली rājatālī, *f.* betel-nut tree; -**tuṅga**, *m. N.*; -**tva**, *n.* kingship, royalty; -**danḍa**, *m.* royal authority; punishment inflicted by a king; -**dattā**, *f. N.*; -**danta**, *m.* (cheek = front tooth); -**dar-ana**, *n.* sight of the king, royal audience; *N.* of **kāraya**, conduct any one (ac) before the king; -**dāra**, *m. pl* wife or wives of a king; -**dhitrī**, *f.* king's daughter, princess; musk-rat -**mayā**, *f. id.* consisting of princesses; -**dūrva**, *f.* kind of tall Dūrva grass; -**dalivika**, *a.* proceeding from the king or fate (misfortune); -**dvar**, *f.*; -**dvara**, *m.* king's gateway, palace-gate; -**dvarika**, *m.* royal janitor; -**dharma**, *n.* duties of a prince; *pl.* rules relating to kings; -**bhāt**, *a.* maintaining or fulfilling the duties of a king; -**dhāni**, *f.* royal city, capital; -**tas**, *ad.* from the capital; -**dhānya**, *n.* kind of grain; -**dhāman**, *n.* royal palace or residence.

राजन् 1. rāj-an, *m.* (-*a. f. n.*) prince, chief (in *V.* the term king is applied to Varuṇa and other gods; *ep.* of the moon *C.*), man of the warrior caste. *Rājān* is rarely used - in *Talpuraṅkha* except in a few cases with names of towns or peoples in *E.*, *rāja* being otherwise substituted for it

राजन् 2. rāj-ān, *n.* (f) guidance (*RV.*).

राजनय rājānaya, *m.* royal policy, statesmanship; -**nirādhūm-danva**, *n.* having the staff wielded over him by the king, punished by the king; -**nivāna**, *n.* royal palace; -**niti**, *f.* royal policy, statesmanship.

राजन्व rājān-yā, *a.* royal; *m.* royal personage, noble; man of the warrior caste (of which this is the oldest designation); -**ka**, *n.* assemblage of warriors; -**kumāra**, *m.* prince, -**tva**, *n.* condition of belonging to the warrior caste; **ā** -**bandhu**, *m.* companion of kings *guly*, *u. ad.* contemptuously (*Br.*); man of the military caste, Kshatriya

राजन्वत् rājān-vut, *a.* having or ruled by a good king.

राजपटु rājapatta, *m.* kind of gem, diamond of inferior quality; -**patni**, *f.* consort of a king; -**patha**, *m.* royal road, highway; -**peddhati**, *f. id.*; -**pitri**, *m.* royal father; -**putra**, *ī, m.* king's son, prince; Rājput (a mixed caste, offspring of Vaisya and Ambashthi or Kshatriya and Kaurāvi; son of the moon, planet Mercury); **ī, f.** king's daughter, female Rājput; (**rā**/a-**putra**, *ī, a.* having kings as sons. *RV.*); -**putra**, *m.* king's son, prince; **īkā**, *f.* princess; -**putra-loka**, *m.* assemblage of princesses; -**puṣa**, *m.* royal servant or official; -**pura**, *n.* Kingstown, *N.* of a town; -**puri**, *f. N.* of a town; -**purusha**, *m.* king's man, royal servant or official; -**pūruṣa**, *m. mtr* = purusha; -**purushika**, *a.* being in the service of a king; -**prakṛti**, *f.* king's minister; -**priyā**, *f.* mistress of a king; mistress of the moon; -**prashya**, *m.* king's servant; *n.* royal service; -**bandin**, *m. N.*; -**bāndhava**, *m.* relation of a king; **ī, f.** female relation of a king; -**biṣin**, *n.* of royal descent; -**bhakti-puraskṛita**, *pp.* distinguished by devotion to their king; -**bha**/a, *m.* royal mercenary, soldier; -**bhaya**, *n.* fear of a king; danger from a king; -**bhavana**, *n.* royal palace; -**bhāryā**, *f.* king's spouse; -**bhrīta**, *m.* soldier; -**bhṛitya**, *m.* king's servant; -**bhāuta**, *m.* fool of a king; -**bhratṛi**, *m.* king's brother; -**maṇḍa**, *m.* kind of jewel; -**mandira**, *n.* royal palace; -**mahishi**, *f.* chief consort of a king, king's wife; -**mātri**, *f.* king's mother, queen-mother.

राजमानस rājā-māna-tva, *n.* brilliance, splendour (*abst. s. fr. pr. pl. of* √*rāj*).

राजमानुष rājā-mānusha, *m.* king's man, royal official; -**mārga**, *m.* royal road, highway; procedure of kings, war; -**mukha**, *n.* king's countenance; -**manī**, *m.* royal sage

राजयज् rājā-yakṣhmad, *m.* kind of dangerous disease, later pulmonary consumption; -**yakṣhman**, *m. id.*; -**yakṣhmad**, *n.* a consumptive; -**yajña**, *m.* royal sacrifice; -**yāna**, *n.* royal vehicle, palanquin; -**ratha**, *m.* royal carriage; -**rambhā**, *f.* kind of plantain; -**rākṣasa**, *m.* demon of a king; -**rāj**, *m.* king of kings, emperor; moon; -**ra**/a, *m.* king of kings; *ep.* of Kubera; -**giri**, *m.* *ep.* of the Himavat; -**tā**, *f.*; -**tva**, *n.* dignity of a sovereign lord; -**rā**/ya, *n.* sovereignty over all kings; -**rishi**, *m.* royal sage; -**lakṣmaṇa**, *n.* mark indicative of (future) royalty; -**lakṣhman**, *n.* royal emblem; -**lakṣmi**, *f.* regal glory or majesty; *N.* of a princess; -**loka**, *m.* assemblage of kings; -**vama**, *m.* royal race, dynasty; -**vamaya**, *a.* of royal descent; *m.* Kshatriya; -**vat**, *t. ad.* like a king *am.* or *m.*; *s.* in the case of a king; *z.* a having a king; abounding in kings; *le* = in the presence of a king; *m. N.*; -**ī, f. N.; -**vadana**, *m. N.*; -**vandin**, *m. N.*; -**bandhin**, -**varāśin**, *a.* being in royal service; -**valla-bha**, *m.* royal favourite; -**turaṅgman**, *m.* favourite steed of a prince; -**vasati**, *f.* life at the court of a king; -**vahana**, *a.* bearing or ridden by kings; -**vāhana**, *m. N.* of a king; -**vidyā**, *f.* king's raft, statesmanship; -**vihāra**, *m.* royal pleasure-seat; royal monastery; -**vithi**, *f.* royal road, highway; -**vrīkṣha**, *m.* kind of tree; -**vrīta**, *m.* procedure or vocation of a king; -**ve-man**, *n.* royal palace; -**veṣa**, *m.* royal costume; -**ārdūla**, *m.* tiger-like; illustrious king; -**vāsana**, *n.* royal command; -**vri**, *f.* glory or majesty of a king.**

राजस rājās-a, *a.* (i) belonging or relating to the quality *rājas*, endowed with passion; -**tva**, *n.* subjection to the quality of passion

राजसंघ rājā-saṃgha, *a.* dependent on or protected by kings; -**samād**, *f.* judicial sitting held by a king; -**sattira**, *n.* royal sacrifice; -**sadman**, *n.* royal palace; -**sabha**, *f.* royal court; judicial sitting held by a king; -**samiti**, *f.* assembly of kings; -**sarapha**, *m.* black mustard; black mustard seed (*as a seeright*) = three likhās; -**sāhika**, *a.* witnessed by a king (document); -**śimha**, *m.* lion of a king; (i) illustrious king; -**sukha**, *n.* happiness of a king; -**suta**, *m.* king's son, prince; -**sunu**, *m. id.*; -**sūya**, *m.* n. royal inaugural sacrifice; **ī-ka**, *a.* (i) relating to or treating of the Rāgasdya sacrifice; -**sona**, *m. N.*; -**sevak**, *m.* servant of a king; Rājput; -**seva**, *f.* royal service; -**upa**/vin, *m.* servant of a king; -**sevin**, *m. id.*; -**saudha**, *n.* royal palace; -**stri**, *f.* wife of a king; -**sthāna** **adbhikāra**, *m.* vice regency; -**sthāniya**, *m.* viceroy, governor; -**sva**, *n.* property of a king; -**svāmin**, *m.* lord of kings, *ep.* of Vishnu; -**hamsa**, *m. ī, f.* kind of goose or swan, flamingo; *N.*; -**harmya**, *n.* royal palace; -**śaigra**, *n.* courtyard of a royal palace.

राजादम rājā adama, *n.* [food of kings]; *a. tree*; -**ādora**, *m.* king's command; -**adhikārin**, *m.* judge; -**adhikṛita**, *m. id.*; -**adhikāra**, *m.* paramount sovereignty; -**adhishthāna**, *n.* royal residence, capital; -**adhina**, *m.* servant of a king; -**adhvan**, *m.* king's road, highway.

राजापक्ष rājāma-ka, *m.* petty prince.

राजागुणीवन् rājā agūniva, *m.* servant of a king; -**anna**, *n.* food given by a king or Kshatriya; -**anya-tva**, *n.* change of sovereign; -**apāsada**, *m.* fallen king; -**abhisheka**, *m.* royal inauguration

राजाय rājā-ya, *den. A.* behave like a king, play the king

राजाय rājā arha, *a.* worthy of or due to a king; -**āvarta**, *m.* a laps lazuli; -**avall**, *f.* lane of kings, *T.* of royal chariots; **ī-patā**, *f.* *T.* of a royal chronicle; -**āsana**, *n.* royal seat, throne

राजि rāj-i, *raji* rāj ī, *f.* [distinct mark √*rāj*], line, streak, row

राजिक rāj-ika, *a.* relating to kings (*only*); **ā**, *f.* black mustard; black mustard seed (*used as a measure of weight*)

राजिचिच rājī-kitta, *n.* (variegated with stripes), *a.* kind of snake.

राजिन rāj-in, *a.* slithering.

राजिमत् rājī-mat, *a.* striped; *m.* kind of snake; -**īa**, *m.* striped, *kind* of snake.

राजी rāj-i, *f.* = **राजि** rāj-i.

राजीकत rājī-kṛita, *pp.* striped, forming streaks; -**māna**, *m.* striped, *m.* species of snake

राजीव rājī-va, *a.* striped; *m.* kind of fish; *n.* blue lotus; -**netra**, *a.* lotus-eyed; -**mukha**, *a.* lotus faced; **ī, f.** woman with a lotus like face; -**lo**/ana, *a.* lotus-eyed; -**violāna**, *a.* *id.*

राजीवनी rājī-vini, *f.* lotus (*Netumbium speciosum*) the plant; group of lotuses; -**avita-vallabha**, *m.* moon

राजिज् rājī indra, *m.* chief of kings, illustrious king, paramount sovereign; -**īvara**, *m. N.*; -**upakāra**, *n. pl.* royal insignia; -**upa**/āra, *m.* attention paid to a king; -**upaseva**, *f.* royal service; -**upasevin**, *m.* royal service

राज्ञी rājī-ī, *f.* (of rājān) queen.

राज्ञ्य rāj-yā, *a.* royal; *n.* (rājya or rājyā) dominion, sovereignty over, i.e.; of, "i"; king-

dom, realm: -**m upaśa**, *kṛi*, *kāraya*, or *vi-dhā*, rule, govern.

रायकर rāya-kara, 1. a. ruling; 2. m. tribute of a feudatory prince; -*kṛi*, a. ruling (conj.); -**khaṇḍa**, n. kingdom; -*śruti*, f. loss of sovereignty, dethronement; -**tantra**, n. sg. & pl. system of administration, government; -**devi**, f. N. of *Itāna's* mother; -**dharma**, m. (regent), N.; -**paribhrāṣa**, pp. fallen from his royal estate; -**bhaṅga**, m. subversion of sovereignty; -**bheda**, m. discord in the realm; -**lābha**, m. obtainment of sovereignty, succession to the throne; -**līlāyita**, (den. pp.) n. playing the part of a king; -**lobha**, m. lust of dominion; -**vardhana**, m. N. of two princes; -**tri**, f. royal dignity (also personified); N.; -**sukha**, n. pleasures of royalty; -**stha**, n., -**sthāyin**, a. ruling; -**sthiti**, f. government.

राय्याहा rāyāha, n. member of a kingdom; -**adhikāra**, m. government of a kingdom; -**adhidēvatā**, f. tutelary deity of royalty; -**abhiśikṣa**, pp. inaugurated in sovereignty; -**abhiśekṣa**, m. royal inauguration; -**krama-mūla**, m. sage in the hermitage of royalty, pious king; -**upakāra**, n. pl. insignia of royalty.

राहा rāhā, f. N. of a district in western Bengal and of its capital.

रायायनीय rāyāyānīya, m. N. of a teacher-pl. school of Rāyāyānīya; n. Sūtra of Rāyāyānīya.

रात rā-tā, pp. (✓*rā*) given; m. N.: (ā)-**havya**, a. (V.) offering a willing sacrifice (to the gods).

राति rā-ti, a. ready to give, gracious (V.); f. (V.) favour, grace; gift: -**śhāṭi**, (V.) a [-*śhāṭ*, strg. form of ✓*śhāṭ*], granting favour or gifts, bountiful; m. bountiful genius (V.).

रात्र rātra, n. night (P.¹ as an independent word); m. n. regular substitute -° for *rātri*; -**ka**, a. (-*kā*) nocturnal.

रात्रि rā-tri, f. (only i. in RV., which later became shortened), night; abbreviation for *rātri-paryāya*: -**ka**, a. nocturnal, -° after a numeral, staying or lasting (so and so many) nights; -**kāra**, m. (night-maker), moon; -**kāra**, m. (night-walker), watchman; *Rākṣasa*; -**kārya**, f. night-wandering; nocturnal ceremony; -**āgarā**, m. wakefulness at night; -**devatā**, a. having the night as a deity; -**nātha**, m. lord of night, moon; -**m-diva**, n. night and day; -**m-ā**, ad. by night and by day; -**paryāya**, m. the three ritual turns in the *Ātīrāda* ceremony; -**bhu/saṅga**, m. moon; -**m-aśa**, m. (night-rover), demon; -**mayā**, a. nocturnal; -**rakṣaka**, m. watchman; -**vāsa**, n. night-dress; -**śeṣa**, m. remainder or last part of the night; -**sukta**, n. hymn to night (designation of the hymn interpolated after RV. X, 127).

रात्री rā-tri, f. [perhaps bestower of rest. *epi. rāma*], night (older V. form of *rātri*).

रात्र्यन्ध rātri-andha, a. blind at night: -**tā**, f. nocturnal blindness; -**ahan**, a. du night and day; -**upāya**, m. nightfall.

राथतर rātham-tara, a. (i) Rathantara (Sāma).

राध rād-dhā, pp. ✓*rād*: -**anta**, m. (= *siddhānta*), conclusion, demonstrated proposition: -**i-ta**, (den. pp.) logically proved.

राधि rād-dhi, f. (V.) success, luck, in (lc.).

राध RĀDH, I. P. *rādha* (RV., rare), V. P. *rādhōti* (Jr., E. rare) IV. *rādha*, ā. (int., F) P. (V.) be successful, with (m.); prosper, be happy; * prophesy to (d.;

P.); achieve, accomplish, prepare (ac.; V.); propitiate, satisfy (ac.); pp. *rāddhā*, achieved, accomplished; performed; prepared, ready; perfected; successful, fortunate; obtained; cs. *rādāhya*, P. bring about; satisfy. **apa**, miss (the mark); be guilty; be to blame; offend against (lc.), wrong any one (g.); often with *kim*, what? or *kimcid*, anything—do harm or wrong, commit an offence: pp. *aparāddha*, having missed the mark (ab. of an arrow); guilty; having injured or wronged any one (g., rarely lc.); n. *inpa*, a sin has been committed or a wrong done by (in., rarely g.) to (g., rarely lc.). **abhi**, pp. propitiated, *ava*, fail, miscarry. **ā**, cs. propitiate, conciliate; worship; serve; gain, obtain; perform. **upaśa**, cs. serve any one (ac). **sam-ā**, cs. propitiate, satisfy, gain the approbation of (ac.). **prati**, counteract (only gd. and pp. with act. mg.). **vi**, be deprived of (in.; V.); injure, insult. **sam**, pp. obtained; cs. agree; satisfy.

राध rādha, m. N. of a month (= *Vaiśākha*).

राधस् rādha-us, n. favour, bounty, gift (V.); beneficence (V.); success (P.); striving (P.); power (P.).

राधा rādha-ā, f. N. of a cowherdess beloved of Krishna and later worshipped as a goddess; N. of Kṛṣṇa's foster-mother. -**kānta**, m. lover of Rādha, ep. of Krishna; -**ramaṇa**, m. id.; -**vat**, a. rich.

राधिका rādha-ikā, f. dim. of Rādha.

राधेय rādha-eyā, m. met. of Kṛṣṇa.

राधिश rādha-isa, m. ep. of Krishna; -**īvara**, m. id.; -**upāsaka**, m. worshipper of Rādha.

राधोदेय rādho-dēya, n. bestowal of favour or gifts (RV.).

राध rādha-ya, fp. (V.) to be performed; worthy to be won; to be satisfied; to be worshipped; obtainable.

राम rām-ā, a. dark-coloured, black (V.); pleasing, delightful, charming, lovely; m. N.: in V. two Rāmas are mentioned (w. the *pat.* Mārgaveya and Aupataveya) and in E. three are distinguished: (a) Rāma Rāmadāgnya or Bhārgava = Paruṣa-rāma; (b) Bala-rāma or Halāyudha (elder brother of Krishna), (c) Rāma Rāghava or Dāsarathi = Ramakāndha or Sitā-rāma (hero of the *Rāmāyana*); frequent N. in later C.; n. [causing to rest: ✓*ram*] darkness (RV.).

रामकृष्ण rāma-kṛṣṇa, m. N.; -**giri**, m. N. of a mtn.; -**kandara**, m. N. of Rāma, son of Dāsaratha; N.; -**ya**, m. N.

रामणीयक rāmaṇīya-ka, n. loveliness, beauty.

रामदेव rāma-deva, m. N. of Rāma, son of Dāsaratha; N.; -**nātha**, m. id.; -**pāla**, m. N.; -**bhadra**, m. N. of Rāma, son of Dāsaratha.

रामल rāma-la, m. N.; -**lekṣā**, f. N. of a princess; -**vardhana**, m. N.; -**svāmin**, m. N. of a statue of Rāma; -**ā-devi**, f. N. of Gayatṛa's mother.

रामा rāmā, f. charming young woman, beautiful woman; mistress, wife.

रामानन्द rāma ānanda, m. N.; -**śaṅga**, m. N. of a celebrated Vaiṣṇava, founder of a Vaīṣṇava school; n. Rāmānuga's doctrine; -**ayana**, a. (i) relating to Rāma, son of Dāsaratha, n. epic relating the doings of Rāma (attributed to Vālmiki and containing about 24,000 verses in seven books); -**kathā**, f. story related in the Rāmāyana.

रामी rām-ī, f. [causing to rest: ✓*ram*] darkness, night (RV.).

रामुष rāmusha, m. N. of a locality.

रामेश्वर rāmaśvara, m. N.; -**īśhu**, m. N.

राम्या rām-yā (or ā), f. night (V.).

राय rāya, m. ° or -° in names = *rāga*, king.

रायसीष rāyas-śiṣa, m. increase of wealth (y. of *rai*).

राव rāv-a, m. roar, yell, howl, cry; song: humming; din; sound.

रावश rāv-ana, a. causing to wail (g. -°): m. N. of a ten-headed demon, chief of the *Itikhasas*, king of *Lāṅkā*, younger brother of Kuberā, vanquished by Rāma; N. of a king of Casmere; i. m. *pat.* of Indrajit and Simhauṇḍa: pl. the sons of Rāvāna.

रावित rāv-ita, cs. pp. ✓*ru*; n. sound; -**in**, a. roaring, yelling, crying, like (-°).

राशि rās-i, m. heap, pile, mass, quantity, multitude, number: -°, heap etc. of; (group of stars), sign of the zodiac, one-twelfth of the ecliptic, astrological house: -**traya**, n. rule of three; -**ras**, ad. in heaps; -**stha**, a. standing in heaps, heaped up.

राशीक rāsi-kṛi, make into a heap, heap up; -**bhā**, become a heap or accumulation, of (-°).

राश rāsh-trā, n. [✓*rāg*] kingdom, realm, dominions; territory, country; nation, people, subjects.

राश्रक rāshtra-ka, -° a. = *rāshtra*, realm: a. dwelling in the country; -**gopa**, m. protector of the realm; -**tantra**, n. system of administration; government; (ā)-**pati**, m. lord of the realm, king; -**pāla**, m. protector of the realm, king; -**bhaṅga**, m. ruin of the realm; -**bhaya**, n. danger to the realm; -**bharit**, m. tributary prince (V.); f. pl. kind of verses and offerings; -**bhedin**, m. subverter of the realm, rebel; -**mukhya**, m. chief of the realm; -**vardhana**, a. promoting the welfare of the realm; -**antapāla**, m. guardian of the frontiers of the realm.

राश्री rāshtri-ī, f. female ruler; -**ika**, m. inhabitant of the kingdom, subject; ruler of a country; -**īya**, m. brother of a king (in the theatrical language); -**śyāla**, m. id.

राश्री rāshtri-ī, f. female ruler, queen; -**īya**, m. king's brother-in-law (in theatrical language).

रास RĀS, I. *rāsa*, roar, yell, cry; intr. *rārāsa*, ā. cry aloud.

रास rā-s, aor. base of ✓*rā*.

रास rāsa, m. kind of pastoral festival, dance practised by Krishna with the cowherdesses; sport: -**ka**, m. kind of dance; kind of song; m. n. kind of drama.

रासम rāsa-lha, m. [✓*rās*] as: i. f. she-ass.

राहवीय rāhāvīya, a. belonging etc. to Rāhu.

राहित्य rāhit-ya, n. destituteness, non-possession of (-°).

राहिल rāhila, m. N.

राह rāh-u, m. [✓*rāh*] seizer, N. of a demon, whose head after he had attempted to drink the nectar obtained at the churning of the ocean was cut off by Vishnu, but having become immortal periodically renewed itself on his betrays, the sun and moon, by swallowing them at the times of eclipse; he is

रसि *rak-si* (or *i*), *f* light, lustre; splendour, beauty; colour, liking, taste, fondness, for (loc., prati, inf.,), appetite; -², *a*. fond of, indulging in, addicted to, eager for: *tu rak-yā*, according to desire, at will or pleasure; -*m* *dā*, please any one (*y*); -*m* *ā-vah*, pro-

duce a liking for (*d.*); **-a-yo bhā**, please any one (*g.*). [ducing appetite.]

रुकिर ruki-kara, *a.* causing desire; pro-
रुकिरवत rukita-vat, *a.* containing a form of the root *ruk*.

रुकिता ruki-tā, *f.* taste for, delight in (°); **-deva**, *m. N.*; **-dhāman**, *m.* abode of light, sun; **-pati**, *m.* lord of light, sun; lord of delight, husband.

रुकिर ruk-ira, *a.* bright, shining; radiant, beautiful; pleasing, attractive, to (*g.*, °); **-deva**, *m. N.*; **-bhāshana**, *a.* speaking beautifully; **-mūrti**, *a.* beautifully formed; **-āna**, *a.* sweet-faced; **-apāgi**, *a. f.* fair-eyed

रुकिष्य ruk-ishya, *a.* pleasing, agreeable; **-i**, *f. metr.* *r. ruki*, light, lustre (*pl.*); **-ya**, *a.* pleasing, radiant, beautiful; appetising

रुज्ज RUG, VI. P. **rugā**, break, shatter, destroy; cause pain to (*ac.*, *g.*); *pp.* **rugā**, broken, shattered; *cs.* **rogāya**, P. *dead a blow on (le.)*. **Ā**, P. (Ā.) break in pieces, tear (*hair*), uproot (*trees*), lacerate *pra*, shatter. **vi.** shatter, destroy. **sam.** shatter; pain (*ac.*).

रुग् rug, *a.* (°) crushing, shattering; *f.* pain; sickness, disease; **mānani** -, mental pain, anguish.

रुगा rug-ā, *f.* breaking, fracture; pain, anguish; **-kara**, *a.* (i) causing pain; **-apa**, *a.* pain-destroying.

रुण्ड runda, *a.* mutilated; *m.* headless body, trunk. **-ka**, *m. ul.* ° *a.*

रुत ru-tā, *pp.* √1. & 2. *ru*; *n.* roar, yell, cry; neigh; song, note (*of birds*); humming (*of bees*); **-gita**, *a.* knowing the language of beasts or birds; *m.* augur; **-vettri**, *m. id.*; **-abhi-gita**, *a. ul.*

रुद RUD, VI. **ruda**, P. (V., E.) **Ā**. (E.), II. P. **roditi**, I. P. **Ā**. **roda** (E.), weep, lament; bewail; *ps. pr. pl. le. rudyamāne*, when weeping is heard; *pp.* **rudita**, wept; weeping; wet with tears, *cs.* **rodāya**, P. cause to weep or wail; *intr.* **rurod**, P. **Ā**. wail bitterly. **anu**, weep afterwards; weep for (*ac.*); join in the lamentation of, console with (*ac.*). **pra**, begin to weep, wail, or howl; weep bitterly, howl; weep with (*ac.*); *pp.* **prarudita**, having burst into tears, weeping. **vi.** weep, wail, or howl aloud.

रुदित rud-ita, *pp.*; *n.* weeping, wailing, howling.

रुध rud-dhu, *pp.* √3. *rudh*.

रुद्र rud-rā, *a.* roaring, terrific; *m.* Storm-god (*chief of the Maruts*). Rudra is *sts.* in *Br.* regarded as a form of Agni, but is later identified with Siva. *pl.* the Sons of Rudra, the Maruts (supposed to be either eleven or thirty-three in number); abbreviation for verses addressed to Rudra; *N.* **-kosa**, *m.* Rudra's dictionary; **-gapa**, *m.* kind of prayer addressed to Rudra; **-āpina**, *a.* muttering the Rudragāya; **-ā**, *m. N.* Rudra-bhūta; **-pāla**, *m. N.*; **-bhāta**, *m. N.* of a scholar; **-āhāya**, *m. id.*; **-yāgā**, *m.* sacrifice to Rudra; **-ā-vat**, *a.* accompanied by Rudra or the Rudras; **(ś)-vartani**, *a. ep.* of the *Asvins*; **-varman**, *m. N.*; **-suta**, *m.* son of Rudra; Skanda; **-soma**, *m. N.* of a *Brahma*; **-hāsa**, *m. N.* of a divine being.

रुद्राक्षि rudra-ākṣi, *m.* but, ing-ground; **-ākṣa**, *m.* a tree (*Elaeocarpus Ganitrus*); *n.* its berry (*used for making rosaries*). **-mā-lā**, **-mālā**, *f.* **-valaya**, *m. n.* rosary; **-śā-kṣa**, *m.* Rudra's trident.

रुद्राक्षी rudrāṁ. *f.* Rudra's wife, Pārvatī.

रुद्रिय rudr-iyā, *a.* belonging etc. to Rudra or the Rudras (V.); *m. sg. & pl.* the group of the Maruts (V.); *n.* Rudra's power (V.).

रुद्रिकादशिनी rudrāḥkādāsinī, *f.* the eleven Rudra hymns.

[रुध 1. RUDH, redden.]

रुध् 2. RUDH [= 2. RUH], I. P. **rodha** (RV., very rare), grow, sprout. **vi. id.**

रुध् 3. RUDH, VII. **ruddhī**, **ruddhā** (E.), I. P. **rodha** (E.), VI. P. **Ā**. **ruddha** (E.), obstruct, stop, check, impede; restrain, prevent, suppress; *lay (dust)*; hold up, sustain; shut up, confine, in (*le.*); close, block up (*path or space*); invest, besiege; close (*door etc.*); cover, conceal, obscure; fill; retain, keep; spare, be niggardly with (*ac.*); V.; lose (*Br.*); *pp.* **ruddha**, obstructed etc.; secured, held; taken possession of; ineffectual (*spell*); *cs.* **rodhaya**, P. (Ā. *metr.*) arrest, check; cause to be confined (2 *ac.*); cause to be besieged by (*in.*); restrain, influence; torment, afflict. **anu**, obstruct, block up (*a road*); surround; away, dominate; follow at one's heels; remain adhering (*impurity*); be attached to, be fond of, adhere to, devote oneself to, practise *ord. meaning*; *guly.* IV. **Ā**. **-rudhya**; conform to, have regard to, follow; approve (Ā.); throw into confusion (*r. r. upa*); *pp.* having an eye to (°). **upa**, drive away; deprive of (*property or rule*). **abhi**, keep away; disturb (*r. r. upa*). **ava**, stop (*any one*); shut up, confine, pen, in (*le.*); besiege, surround; drive away, exclude or expel from (*ab.*); **Ā**. contain, obtain; *pp.* prevented; shut up; tied up; covered, concealed; unrecognised; obtained; *des.* **-ru-rutā**, **Ā**. wish to obtain or recover. **ā**, shut up, confine; invest, besiege; dispel. **upa**, shut up, confine (*cattle*); surround (*an enemy*), besiege (*a town*); stop, restrain (*any one*); retain, keep possession of; impede, interrupt; disturb, molest; cover, conceal, obscure; threaten, endanger (*life*); exclude from the throne. **ni**, check, stop, impede, restrain; catch up; guide (*a car*); block up, obstruct (*a road etc.*); invest, besiege; keep off; retain possession of; shut up, confine; close; withdraw (*the mind or senses from the outer world*); repress, cause to vanish (*ps. disappear*); hold; *pp.* **niruddha**, held (*in the hand*); covered, concealed; filled with (*in.*, °); *cs.* confine; cause to be shut. **anu**, **ni**, shut up, keep in confinement; withdraw (*the senses from the outer world*); suppress, check; *pp.* held fast; filled with (*in.*). **pa**, **ri**, restrain (*any one*); *pp.* filled with (°). **pra**, keep back; check. **prati**, obstruct, resist, censure; shut off; withdraw (*the senses from the outer world*); cover, conceal *pp.* interrupted, disturbed. **vi**, IV. **Ā**. (P. *metr.*) be at variance, quarrel, contend, with (*in.* ± *saha*, *g. le.*, *prati* + *ac.*); conflict with (*in.*), be contradictory; impede, obstruct; besiege; oppose (VII. P.); *pp.* **viruddha**, discordant, opposed, hostile, to (*in.*, *g.*, °); disagreeing (*of food*); disagreeable, repugnant to (°); inconsistent or incompatible with, logically opposed, contradictory to (*in.*, *g.*, °); reverse, opposite; prohibited; criminal, dangerous; impeded, obstructed; *cs.* set at variance; contend with (*ac.*); dispute, bring objections against (*ac.*); *pp.* **virodhita**, brought into conflict with (°). **sam**, detain; obstruct, confine, keep prisoner; block up (*a road*); invest, besiege; impede, prevent; attack; hold fast, enchain; withhold; stop up; *pp.* surrounded by (°); held, closed; covered

with (*in.*); stopped up, filled with (°); *cs.* cause to be embanked.

रुध् rudh, *a.* (°) impeding, obstructing.

रुधिर rudh-irā, *a.* red, bloody (AV. 1); *m.* planet Mars (= Mangala); *n.* (rūdh-) blood (*Br.*, C.); saffron; **-lepa**, *m.* spot of blood, **-sāra**, *a.* in whom blood predominates, sanguine; **-ādana**, *n.* withdrawal of blood; **-āmayā**, *m.* hemorrhage; **-ā-ana**, *a.* feeding on blood (*demon, arrow*).

रुध् rundh, weak *pr. base* √3. *rudh*.

रुप् RUP, IV. P. **rupya** (V., very rare). feel spasms; *cs.* **ropāya**, P. (V.) cause spasms; break off.

रुप rūp, *f.* earth (RV., very rare).

रुमणवत ruman-vat, *m. N.*

रुर् rūri, *m.* kind of deer; *N.* *N.* of a *Dā-nava* slain by Durgā. **-ka**, *m. N.* of a prince

रुत् ru-rut-sa, *des. a.* (√3. *rudh*) wishing to restrain (*ac.*).

रुदिषा ru-rud-iṣā, *f.* desire to weep.

रुविदारिणी ru-vidāriṇī, *f. ep.* of Durgā.

रुवण ruvan-ya, *den. P.* utter harsh sounds (AV. 1).

रुम् RUS, VI. P. **rusa**, only *pr. pt. f.* **rus-ānti**, cropping, browsing on (AV. 1).

रुसत rūsat, *pr. pt.* (i) bright, brilliant (*night*), shining, white (V.); disagreeable, displeasing, harsh (*speech*); (d) **-vata**, *a.* having white calves (RV. 1).

रुश् RUMSH, *pp.* **rumshita**, covered with dust (C. 1). **āhi**, *pp. id.* (C. 1).

रुश् RUSH, I. P. **rosha**, be annoyed with anything; displease any one (*g.*); IV. P. **rushya**, be angry or vexed, with (*g.*); *pp.* **rusha**, **rushita**, angry, indignant, enraged, with (*g. le.*, *prati* + *ac.*); *cs.* **roshaya**, P. (Ā. *metr.*) irritate, enrage. **sam**, *pp.* indignant, enraged; *cs.* irritate, make angry.

रुश् rush, *f.* (*im. ru*) anger, wrath, rage; **-ā**, *f. id.* (*guly* ° *a.*); **-anvita**, *pp.* filled with anger.

[रुह 1. RUH = रुध RUDH, redden.]

रुह 2 RUH, I. **roha**, P. (Ā. *metr.*), VI. P. **ruha** (E), ascend to, climb *ac.*; V. attain (*a desire*; RV. 1); spring up, grow; grow over, heal up (*wound*); grow up, arise, develop; thrive, increase; *pp.* **rūdhā**, grown; healed up; arisen, produced from (°); having taken root, grown up, flourishing; diffused, widely known, notorious; traditional, popularly accepted, conventional (*of words the meaning of which according to the Indian view is unconnected with their etymology*); *cs.* P. **rohaya** (V, C), **ropāya** (V, C), raise, set up (*a stone*), place upon, put into, affix to, direct towards (*ac.*, *le.*); transfer or entrust to; put in the ground, plant, sow; lay out (*a garden*); cause to grow, increase; cause to heal; *pp.* **rohita** (*rare*), **ropita**, **āhi**, ascend, mount (*ac.*, *le.*); tread upon (*ac.*), settle upon (*ac.*); **tulām** -, place oneself in the balance with *a* be a match for (*in*); rise up, soar; rise to, attain; **parām kōṭim** -, attain the highest degree, **paraspara-tulām** -, attain a mutual likeness; *pp.* having ascended or mounted, sitting upon (*ac.*, °); situated above; attained. having attained (*ac.*, °); *cs.* cause to ascend or mount, place on or in (*ac.*, *le.*); draw (*a bow*); put on (*shoes*); establish on (*a throne*); restore to (*splendour*); commit or entrust to (*le.*); give

namo; **mantra** = stretch on a loom; **mārdhanam** = place *any one* (acc.) at the head of (*g*) **sam-adhi**, ascend, mount; *pp* having mounted; having convinced oneself about (acc.) **tulām** = fallen into a critical condition. **anu**, ascend (acc.); *RV*: **Ā** grow up (*RV*) **viapa**, es. take off *shoes*; deprive of (in, ab). **abhi**, ascend, mount. **ava**, desc. ind. from, ab. to acc.; tread upon (acc.); descend from, be deprived of (ab) *pp*, **avaraha**, having come down = taken off *burden*; es. cause to descend or alight, from (ab) = take down, from (ab); deprive of (ab); diminish; subvert, bring to nought **upa-ava**, descend upon (acc.); come forth from (ab); es. cause to come forth from (ab). **technical term** for the eliciting of fire concealed in the fire-sticks. **prati-ava**, descend again, descend from (ab. to acc.) descend (from a *sac* etc. ab) deferentially to greet (acc.), es. bring down from, deprive of (in, ab). **abhi-prati-ava**, descend upon acc.). **viava**, ascend; es. deprive of (ab.). **ā**, ascend, mount, climb *ac*, *le* go to *heaven* = die = ascend the *pinnacle* *pp*, agniti; place one-self on the *balance* **kakṣham** = be a match for (*g*) = put on *shoes*, ride (inf.) grow on nose; rise of a *horse* *strung* when its upper end is attached to the top of the upright bow. arise, be produced; begin to show favour, **arisa**, enter upon, make *a vow*, *pratiṣṭham* *pp* **ārdra**, mounted, ridden by *ā*; attained; having risen, having mounted, ascended or ascended to riding, standing, or seated on (acc, *le*, upari, *ā*); placed above *umbrella*, arisen, engendered, having fallen into *danger* or *doubt*, *ac*); having attained *a rise, elevation*; *ac*, *le*; contained in *le*, es. P (*Ā*, *metr*) cause to ascend or mount, place upon *ac*, *le*, mount *very rare*; put in the *balance* (tulam, *manasā*-tulam = endanger; put on *paper* (patram) = write down; plant; string *a bow*; raise = attach *a bow* *to the upper end of the upright bow* = elevate, enthroned, establish in the *supremacy*, place in *ac*, *le*), introduce into *le*, direct one towards *le*, make an *object of desire* (*manas*-rāshyam); fill forth, produce, display, ascribe, attribute, transfer to (*le*). *pp* **āropita**, or **malatva**, wrongly assumed to be a *stain* **asti**, overstep one's limits *pp* **atyaśruḥ**, grown to excess, excessive **adhi**, ascend, mount, enter upon *a path*; es. cause to mount, elevate or promote to *a position*; *le*; bring into the category of (*akṣham*), produce a false impression of *ac* on *any one*; *le*; falsify impute to (*le*), exaggerate. **anu**, *ā*, ascend *anti any one* (acc.); mount, enter *pp* occupied with, containing in **upa**, *g* up to *any one*; mount; pass as *a proof* *pramāna*-*padam* *pp* having ascended *ac*), situated on *le*, having approached or arrived *man* = having attained *ā*. **prati**, *ac*, cause to mount *ac* *ān* **sam-ā**, es. cause to *ac*, *le*, *upari*); mount, enter *ac*; enter upon, under-take *ac*), mount the *balance* (tulam) = attain similarity with (in, *pp*, mounted, ridden by *ac*; having ascended or mounted *ac*, *le*, *upari*, having entered *ac*; having grown or increased, having agreed upon *ac* = es. cause to mount or ascend *2 ac*, or *ac* & *le*), place upon, raise, lift up; *le*, elevate, enthroned; erect *an altar*; place in (*ac*, *le*, symbolically) deposit the *sacred fire* in *ac*, *le*; string *a bow*; entrust or commit anything to *le* ascribe or attribute to *le*, manifest, display. **upa**, heal up *pp*, **upari**, healed *second*; passed over to *a condition*, *ac*; attached to, being in (*le*); *nl*, *pp*, grown; firmly rooted; usual, not etymologically ex-

plausible, conventional (*meaning of a word* - **pra**, shoot up, sprout, grow; he'd up, thrive, increase grow in strength: **pp** grown, long, overgrown with -; holed; spread abroad, increased, grown strong, arisen or produced from, formed out of -; **es**, plant, plant on *le* -; tender to, attach to, put into *le* -; **prati**, sprout again; **pp** imitated, **es**, plant again; re-establish, **vi**, sprout, shoot up; **pp**, **viru**tha, sprouted, grown, produced, formed; ridden by (*in* -; **es**, cause to grow *th* -; plant, cause to heal, *ex*pe/ from *ab* -; **nam**, grow; grow together, heal; manifest itself - **pp** **samr**adha, grown, healed, manifested; firmly root'd; **es**, cause to grow, plant, establish (*in king*), sow, cause to heal - **pp** **sauro**piti, sown - reproduced - **es** **piat**mani, though myself had been re-produced in her - though I had begotten a son on her

बहु ruh, *f.* growth, sprout shoot (1)
a. growing in (2).

ruh-a, *n.* growing or produced in or on

रूक्ष *rūkṣā*, *a.* [*ṛ* *rūṣh*] rough, dry, and parched, harsh (*voice, words*), unkind (*person*), dismal house **भू-रूक्ष**, a making thin, a treatment for reducing fat, **-ता**, *f* roughness, dryness, thinness, harshness, unkindness, **-त्वा**, *n. ut.* - **भ्रूक्ष**, *m.* harshness, unkindness, **-व्रक्ष**, *a.* a crying etc. harshly

रुक्ष rūkṣa-va den. P. make thin, soil
sully **वृ**, be near

हृषीक *rik hi-krī*, make rough, soil, sully
हृद् *rūḍha*, pp. & *ruh* + **-vamsa**, a. of high
 lineage

rise *rūḥi*, *f.* [*'rūh + -ti*] rise, ascent - also fig. (growth); decision, notoriety - traditional usage; current usage of *speech*, conversation - acceptance of a word (not immediately derivable from the etymology) - **m** *l*, attain an elevated position; **m** *kri*, come to a decision, **drīdhām rūḥim nī**, assist to assist a development. - **ab** *da*, *m*, word used in a conventional sense - **tā**, *f.* conventional use of a word

रूप rūpi, *n.* appearance colour (esp. *pl.*), form, shape; dream or phantom shape—*pl.* 1; likeness, image, reflexion, grammatical form, derivative, handsome form, beauty, comeliness, phenomenon; sign, indication token, symbol, manifestation, characteristic, property, nature, circumstances *opp.* *form in place*, sort, kind; trace of —, single specimen; drama, — *a.* having a (beautiful etc.) form; having the form, appearance, or colour of, resembling; formed or consisting of, in the form of, that is to say; *often* — *an* *a* or *pp.* *emphasising its way*, but frequently also *pleonastic* — *an rūpeṇ*, in the form of — *an* *Ka*, assume a form, — the form of *am*, *q*, *a*, or

रूपक *rūpa-ka*, *n.* designating figuratively, *a kind of coin*, *Rūpa*, *n.* appearance, form, *quality*, *a.* = forming, consisting of, figure, image, manifestation, species, metaphor, drama, play. **-rūpaka**, *n.* kind of metaphor.

रूपकार rūpa-kara, *m* sculptor; **-कृत**, *m*.
id.; **-गिता अप्सरास**, *a* surpassing the Apsa-
rasas in beauty.

इषण *iṣṭ-ana*, *n* figurative designation : examination, investigation.

रूपतः rūpa-tas, *ad.* in outward form.

इपधर rūpa-dhara, a. (°) having a form
having the form or colour of, *m N of a*
prince, -dhār-in, a. having a form **-i-tva**.

n. assumption of a form); endowed with beauty; **-dheya**, *n.* form and colour (F.); beauty; **-bhāḥ**, *a.* endowed with beauty; **-bhrit**, *a.* having the appearance of (-^o); **-bheda**, *m.* difference of form, **-mātra-viyog-ita**, *pp.* deprived of his *real* form only.

रूप्य rūpa-ya, *den.* P. give form to, represent; act on the stage, represent in pantomime, notify by a gesture; *pp.* rūpita, represented. **नि**, represent in pantomime, notify by gesture, perceive; ascertain; find out; look into, observe carefully, consider, ponder; examine, investigate, discuss; determine, settle, choose, appoint, as (2 ac.), to *do, be, etc.*; discharge (*an arrow*) = *gd.* **निरूप्य**, *inf. in acc.* for nir-*upa* = *vap*). **प्रा**, explain. **वि**, disfigure; *pp.* **विरूपित**, deformed.

रूपयौवनवत् *rūpa-yauvana-vat*, *a* young and beautiful; **-लता**, *f* *N* of *a* *princess*; **-वत्**, *a* having form or colour; embodied, corporeal, shapely, handsome, beautiful; having *a* beautiful colour; **-वत्**, having the form of **-ि**, *f* *N*, **-तमा**, *sp* *very* beautiful; **-विपर्यया**, *m* *dish* *garment*; **-श्लि**, *a* beautiful; **-श्लि**, *f* *N*; **-सानता**, *m* *N* of *an* *author*; **-सामुद्धा**, *pp* perfectly suitable in form; perfectly beautiful; **-सम्पद**, *f* *perfection* of form, *superb* *beauty*; **-सम्पन्ना**, *pp* endowed with beauty; *modest*; **-सिद्धि**, *m* *N*; **-सेना**, *m* *N* of *a* *fair*; **-स्था**, *a* having *a* shape; **-स्पराव**, *a* possessing colour and tangibility; **-वि**, *a* *as it* *from* *rūpa*, *a* *beautiful*.

रूपाजीव rūpa-jīva, *n.* subsisting by her beauty, living by prostitution **॥** *f.* courtesan

zan, -ayudha-bh¹at, m. male possessed of
beauty and bearing arms

रूपयणिका *rup-in-ika* *f* *N* of a courtesan

स्वप्न *svapn*—a *(n-1)* having or assuming a shape, embodied, corporeal, incarnate, beautiful *person*), 'having the form or appearance of, characterized by, manifesting itself as

हृषीकेश *hrīṣīkeśya*, *n.*, organ *perceiving* form and colour, eye, - **अलया**, *m.* collection of beautiful forms, - **आदर्या-गुण उपेता**, *pp.* endowed with the qualities of beauty and nobility

𐑦𐑦𐑦 rū-ya, *n* silver
of or containing silver

हृत् *rūṭā*, *a.* (1.) burning (*ferre*), hot (*fire*).

रुष RŪSH only pp. **rūshita**, covered with dust, overspread, covered, besmeared with ^०, adhering to ^०.

$$\text{re, rc, pol sts doubled.} \quad (R1.)$$

रिक्त rek-ta, a. [*√* rikh] empty, deserted (*place*;

रेखा rekha-â, *f* [rikh] (=cratch), streak.

line, drawing, sketch, first meridian, appearance *m*, under the guise of, *-m na labh*, not have a trace of, not resemble in the slightest degree, *-gaṇita*, *n*, geometry, *-nyāsa*, *m*, outline sketch.

रेखी करी rekhi-kri, turn into lines.

रेचक rek-a-ka, *m.* emission of breath (in Yoga), -**ana**, *a.* emptying; purging; *n.* becoming empty, diminution, emission of breath; evacuation, -**ita**, *ek. pp.* ($\sqrt{\text{rik}}$ emptied, *n.* kind of wine in the karm

रेज *REG* 1 *rēga*, P. cause to tremble
RV, A tremble, quiver *V* : *pr. pt.*
-māna, wavering, *cs. rogāya*, P. cause to
tremble *RV*,

रेणु re-nu, *m.* [whirling; \sqrt{ri} , be dispersed], dust; grain of dust; pollen of flowers; *N.*: (\dot{u} -**ka**hā/a, *a.* whirling up dust (*V.*); -**kā**, *f.* *N.* of the wife of Gamadagn and mother of Parasurāma; -**tanaya**, *m.* son of Resukū, Parasurāma (-**tā**, *f.* *abst. N.*); -**uta**, *m.* *id.*

रेणुश्च re-nu-*tya*, *n.* condition of dust; -**sas**, *ad.* with *eri*, turn into dust.

रतःपात retah-pāta, *m.* effusion of semen; -**pātin**, *a.* having an effusion of semen, cohabiting with a woman (*le.*).

रतस re-tas, *n.* [\sqrt{ri}] effusion, stream (*V.*); libation (*RV.*); effusion of semen; semen virile; seed, offspring, generation; **reta-so-nte**, after the effusion of semen.

रतस्य retas-*ya*, *a.* presiding over semen.

रतःसिन्धु retah-sikyu, *n.* effusion of semen; -**saka**, *m.* *id.*, carnal intercourse with a woman (*le.*); -**sektri**, *m.* impregnator; -**skandana**, *n.* effusion of semen; -**skhalana**, *n.* *id.*

रतोधस reto-dhas, *a.* impregnating; \pm **pitri**, *m.* natural father; -**dhā**, *a.* impregnating (*V.*).

रेधक redhu-ka, *m.* *N.* (*v. r.* rekuka).

रेपस rép-as, *n.* [\sqrt{rip}] stain (*RV.*).

रेफ reph-a, *m.* [\sqrt{riph}] burr, letter r; -**in**, *a.* containing the letter r.

रेम rebh-ā, *a.* [\sqrt{rihb}] crackling, resounding (*V.*); *m.* singer; *N.*

रेमाय rebhā-*ya*, *den. P.* shine, beam.

रेभिन् rebh-in, *a.* causing to resound (- \circ); -**in**, *m.* *N.*; -**ka**, *m.* *id.*

रेरिह re-rih-*ya*, *intr.* of \sqrt{rih} .

रेवत् re-vāt, *V.* *a.* [contracted fr. rayivat], wealthy; abundant; splendid, brilliant; -**i**, *f.* *pl.* cows (*V.*); waters (*V.*); *sq.* (also *pl.*) a certain lunar mansion; *N.*, *esp.* of the wife of Balarāma.

रेवन्त revant-a, *m.* *N.* of a son of the sun and chief of the *Guhakas*.

रेवा revā, *f.* *N.* of a river = Narmadā.

रेषश्च resh-a \dot{a} , *a.* [\sqrt{rish}] injuring (*RV.*); -**va**, *m.* (*C.*) failure; injury.

रे raf, *m.*, rarely *f.* [gift; $\sqrt{rā}$] property, wealth.

रैतिक raiti-ka, *a.* [fr. riti] made of brass, brazen.

रेय raitya, *a.* *id.*

रेभी rābhi-i, *f.* *N.* of certain ritual verses (containing the word Rebhi).

रेवत् ravat-ā, *a.* (i) wealthy (*RV.*); *m.* (*C.*) *N.* of a mountain; -**ka**, *m.* *id.* (*pl.* its inhabitants); *N.* of a janitor.

रोक rok-ā, *m.* [\sqrt{ruk}] light, brightness; (**rōk**)-*a*, *m.* or (**rōk**)-*as*, *n.* splendour (*RV.*).

रोग rōg-a, *m.* [\sqrt{rug}] infirmity, disease, sickness; diseased spot; -**ghna**, *a.* disease-destroying; -**da**, *a.* causing disease; -**pālaka**, *m.* attendant on the sick; -**prada**, *a.* causing disease; -**bhā**, *a.* suffering from a disease; -**vairāgya**, *n.* disfigurement through disease;

-**ama**, *m.* convalescence; -**sambaddha**, *pp.* suffering from disease; -**hrit**, *m.* (destroyer of disease), physician; -**āsta**, *pp.* afflicted with disease, sick; -**āvishāta**, *pp.* *id.*

रोगिन् rog-in, *a.* diseased, sick.

रोच rok-ā, *a.* [\sqrt{ruk}] shining (*AV.*).

रोचक rok-ika, *a.* [\sqrt{ruk}] stimulating the

appetite; -**anā**, *a.* (\dot{a} , \dot{i}) bright, shining; pleasing, lovely; stimulating the appetite; *n.* (*V.*) brightness, brilliance, splendour; bright heavens (also *pl.*, three being assumed); *pl.* lights, stars; \dot{a} , *f.* gall-stone of the cow.

रोचमान roka-māna, *pr. pl.* \sqrt{ruk} ; *m.* tuft of hair on a horse's neck.

रोचिष्णु rok-ishnu, *a.* shining, brilliant, sparkling; gaily dressed; stimulating appetite; -**is**, *n.* light, brightness; grace.

रोदन rod-ana, *n.* weeping.

रोदर raudara, *a.* having an r within; *m.* the Kakrivāka bird (*Anas Casarca*).

रोदस् rōd-as, *n.* *du.* heaven and earth; (-**ah**)-**kuhara**, *m.*, (-**o**)-**randhra**, *n.* cavity between heaven and earth.

रोदसी rōdas-i, *f.* *du.* heaven and earth; -**i**, *f.* *N.* of the wife of Rudra and companion of the Maruts, lightning.

रोदितव्य rod-itavya, *fp. n.* one should weep.

रोद्व्य rod-dhavya, *fp.* (\sqrt{rudh}) to be closed; -**dhri**, *m.* besieger; -**dhos**, *g.* *inf.* of \sqrt{rudh} .

रोध rodh-a, *m.* holding back, restraining; shutting up in (*le.*); obstruction (*of a road*) by (- \circ); blockade, siege; prevention, abstinence, stoppage, suppression; bank, dam; -**ka**, *a.* (- \circ) enclosing; blockading.

रोधक rōdha-kakra, *a.* rolling along the banks (river, *V.*).

रोधन rōdh-ana, *n.* confinement; restraining, stopping, checking; (**rōdh**)-**as**, *n.* embankment, dam; shore, high bank; steep wall (*of a well or cloud*), mountain slope; -**in**, *a.* (\circ) holding back, keeping off (*hand*), blocking up (*door*); preventing, disturbing, obstructing; drowning (*a sound*); filling.

रोधोभू rodho-bhū, *a.* growing on the bank.

रोध rodh-ra, *m.* a tree (*Nymplocos racemosa* = Lodhra; it has a yellow flower, and a red powder is prepared from its bark).

रोप rop-a, *m.* [fr. \sqrt{ruh}] planting; arrow; -**ana**, *a.* (i) putting on, causing to heal (*wounds*); *n.* erecting, setting up; healing, healing application; planting.

रोपणाका ropanākā, *f.* kind of bird (*V.*).

रोपय rop-aya, *cs.* of \sqrt{ruh} ; -**ayitri**, *m.* putter on of (*acc.*); planter; -**ita**, *cs.* *pp.* \sqrt{ruh} ; -**in**, *a.* planting (- \circ); -**ya**, *fp.* to be planted or sown; to be healed.

रोम 1. roma, - \circ = रोमन् roman.

रोम 2. roma, *m.* Rome.

रोमक roma-ka, *i. n.* *gnty.* - \circ *a.* (**ikā**) = roman, hair; 2. *m.* Rome; *pl.* the Romans; -**pattana**, *n.* city of Rome.

रोमकूप roma-kūpa, *m.* *n.* (hair-pit), pore of the skin.

रोमखत् rōman-vat, *a.* hairy (*RV.*).

रोमन् rō-man, *n.* hair on the body of men and animals (*guly.* excluding the long hair of the head, beard, mane, or tail); plumage; fish-scales (rare).

रोमन्थ ro-mantha, *m.* ruminating, chewing the cud; chewing (*of betel*); frequent repetition.

रोमन्थाय romanthā-*ya*, *den.* \dot{A} . chew the cud.

रोमपुष्क roma-pushka, *m.* bristling of the hair, thrill; -**baddha**, *pp.* woven out of hair; -**bandha**, *m.* web of hair; -**rāgi**, *f.* line or

streak of hair (*esp. above the navel in women, as a mark of puberty*); (i)-**pātha**, *m.* waist, -**va**, *a.* hairy; -**vikriyā**, *f.* horripilation, thrill.

रोमश्च roma-sā, *a.* hairy, shaggy.

रोमहर्ष roma-harsha, *m.* bristling of the hair, thrill (*caused by cold, fear, joy, anger, or wantonness*); -**harshana**, *a.* causing the hair to bristle, thrilling (*with rapture or horror*); -**harshin**, *a.* whose hair is bristling, thrilled.

रोमाङ्कुर romaṅkura, *m.* a bristling hair.

रोमाङ्क romaṅka, *i. m.* horripilation, thrill. 2. *den. P.* feel a thrill; -**āṅkita**, *pp.* having the hair erect, thrilled (*with joy*); -**āṅkin**, *a.* *id.*; -**anta**, *m.* hairy (= upper) side of the hand; -**āli**, *f.* line of hair (*above the navel in a woman*); -**āvali**, *f.* *id.*

रोमोद्गति roma-udgati, *f.* erection of the hair, thrill; -**udgama**, -**udbheda**, *m.* *id.*

रोरपीति ro-rav-i-ti, *intv.* \sqrt{ru} .

रोलदेव rola-deva, *m.* *N.* of a painter.

रोलम्ब rolaṁba, *m.* bee.

रोष rosh-a, *m.* wrath, anger, against (- \circ) -*m* *eri*, be angry with (*prati*); -**ana**, *a.* irascible, wrathful; angry, with (*g.*, -); -**tā**, *f.* irascibility, passionateness; -**tāmarāśaka**, *a.* having eyes bloodshot with anger; -**bhag**, *a.* angry; -**mayā**, *a.* produced from anger; -**avaraha**, *m.* *N.* of a warrior.

रोषिन् rosh-in, *a.* angry, furious.

रोह rōh-a, *a.* [\sqrt{ruh}] mounting, riding on (- \circ); *m.* rising; height; growth; increase. -**ka**, *a.* riding; *m.* rider.

रोहण rōh-ana, *m.* *N.* of a mountain (Adam's Peak in Ceylon); *n.* act of ascending, mounting, riding, standing, or sitting on (- \circ); act of coming into being, production; healing of a wound (*ind.*). \dot{i} , *f.* healing herb.

रोहसेन roha-sena, *m.* *N.*

रोहिण rohin-a, *a.* born under the asterism Rohini; *m.* *N.* of various plants.

रोहिणी rohin-i, *a.* *f.* of roh-in, and rōhita; *f.* (**rōh**-) red cow; (**rōh**- or -**in**) *N.* of a lunar mansion (consisting of five stars and variously regarded as resembling a cart, a temple, or a fish; personified as a daughter of Bhaskha and favourite wife of the moon), lunar day connected with Rohini; young girl in whom menstruation has just commenced. *cow* (*C.*); *N.* of the wife of Vasudeva and mother of Balarāma; -**kānta**, *m.* moon; -**tanaya**, *m.* met. of Balarāma; -**tara**, *m.* a certain tree; -**pātī**, -**priya**, *m.* moon; -**yoga**, *m.* conjunction of the moon with the asterism Rohini; -**ramana**, *m.* moon; -**i**, *m.* *id.* -**saka**, *a.* met. of Rohini (the asterism).

रोहित roh-it, *f.* [\sqrt{ruh} , be red] red mare (*RV.*); female antelope (*metally V.*).

रोहित 1. roh-ita, *pp.* of \sqrt{ru} , ruh.

रोहित 2. rōh-ita, *pp.* [$\sqrt{1. ruh}$ = \sqrt{rudh}] red, reddish; *m.* red or chestnut horse (*V.*); kind of deer; kind of fish; kind of imperfect rainbow; *N.* of a son of Hariskandra; *n.* a metre; kind of imperfect rainbow; -**arya**, *m.* *N.* of a son of Hariskandra.

रोहिदध rohid-dha, *a.* having red steeds (*V.*).

रोहिन् roh-in, *a.* (*n*-i) rising; rising to (- \circ); shot up, tall; growing on or in (- \circ); increasing in number.

रीक्य raukma, a. (i) golden, adorned with gold (rukma).

रीक्ष्य rauksh-ya, n. [fr. rūksha] dryness, aridity, thinness; roughness, harshness, cruelty.

रीचनिक raukan-ika, a. (i) having the colour of rōkāni, yellowish.

रीद्र raūdra (or ā), a. (ā, i) belonging, relating to, or coming from Rudra; Rudra-like, violent, fierce, savage, terrible; m worshipper of Rudra; n. (?) heat; n. savage-

ness, terrible, formidableness; sentiment of wrath (rā.); -**tā**, f. terrible.

रीधादिक raudhādi-ka, a. belonging to the class of roots beginning with rudh (i. e. to the seventh class).

रीधिर raudhira, a. consisting of blood; proceeding from the blood (rudhira).

रीष्य raupya, a. made of silver (rūpa); n. silver; -**maya**, a. i. made of silver; -**rukma-maya**, a. pl. made of silver and gold.

रीम rauma, m. N.

ल L.

ल la, m. technical term embracing all tenses and moods = finite verb, also applied to some forms with primary suffixes construed like the finite verb; -**kāra**, m. letter l. [with a stick.

लकुट lakuta, m. cudgel; -**āhāt**, f. blow

लक्क lakkaka, m. N.

लक्ष LAK-SH, l. laksha [perh. der. of √lag, touch], observe, perceive, apprehend; regard.

लक्ष laksh-ā, m. n. prize (lit.); mark, token; n. (?) aim, target; pretence, disguise; m. n. a hundred thousand, lac. **ākāre laksham** **bandh**, ha one's gaze on the sky, look vaguely into the air; -**ka**, a. expressing by indication = elliptically or figuratively; m. N.; n. a hundred thousand

लक्षणा laksh-ana, a. indicating, expressing indirectly; n. mark, token, sign, characteristic, attribute (esp. often coll.); stroke; lines drawn on the place of sacrifice; catchword (rit.); lucky or auspicious mark; symptom (of a disease); characteristic of sex, sexual organ; description, definition; designation, name; species, kind; aim, scope; effect, influence, occasion, opportunity; a characterised by, provided with; taking the form of, appearing as; relating to, coming within the scope of.

लक्षणकर्म्म lakshma-karman, n. statement of characteristics, correct definition; **gñā**, a. able to explain marks; n. the body; knowing the good characteristics of (q); -**tva**, n. condition of being a definition; -**bhresha**, pp. deprived of all auspicious signs, ill-fated; -**lakshana**, f. indicative indication (e.g. a head-station on the Ganges = on the bank of the Ganges); -**vat**, a. characterised by in; possessed of good marks; giving correct definitions; -**saṁnipāta**, m. branding; -**saṁniveśa**, m. id

लक्षणा laksh-ana, f. aim, indication, indirect designation, elliptical expression, metonymy; -**ānya**, fp. visible; elliptically or figuratively expressed; -**anyā**, a. serving as a mark; possessing good marks

लक्षदत्त laksh-datta, m. N. of a prince; -**pura**, m. N. of a town; -**bhūta**, pp. being the aim, sought by all; -**saṁkhyā**, a. numbered by lac

लक्ष्य lakshya-ya, den. P. (ā. mēti.) mark; characterise, define, indicate, designate indirectly; have in view, mean; consider, regard as (2 ac); assume any one (ac); to be oratio (note with it); regard, examine; to observe, note, perceive, see (often with a cond. oppositional ac); ord. mg.; see that (yad); ps. **lakshyate**, be meant; be called (2 nm); look like, appear to be (nm); pp. **lakshita**, marked, indicated, or distinguished by (ia, -o); expressed by indication; aimed at

(-), of arrows; observed, noticed, perceived, seen; understood; den. pp. **lilakshayishita**, intended to be expressed, meant. **anu**, have in view. **abhi**, pp. marked or determined by (in); made known, reported; seen, observed. **ā**, observe, notice, see (± app. ac); ps. appear (nm); pp. perceived, seen, heard. **upa**, define; express figuratively; have in view, regard; consider as (2 ac); perceive, observe, see (ord. mg.); ± app. ac; i); recognise; hear; feel (r. f. **upa-labhi**); ps. be figuratively expressed, be used figuratively for (d); appear to be (2 nm); pp. marked or distinguished by (ia, -o) **sam-upa**, direct one's attention to, observe; perceive, see. **vi**, perceive, observe, (lose sight of one's aim), be confused; pp. embarrassed, perplexed; indignant. **sam**, perceive, observe, learn (± app. ac); hear; ps. appear

लक्षसुप्त laksha-supta, pp. feigning sleep

लक्षितव laksh-ita-tva, n. expression by indication; -**itavya**, fp. to be defined.

लक्षिक lakshī-kri, aim at, set out towards, calculate; pp. amounting to (in); -**bhā**, become the aim of (i).

लक्षि laksha-m, m. lord of a lac.

लक्षक lakshma-ka, m. N.; -**kanika**, f. small spot, speck.

लक्ष्मण lakshman-ā, a. having marks; m. erane (*Ardea sibura*); n. esp. of a son of Dasaratha and younger brother of Rama; n. mark, token, sign. -**svāmin**, m. N. of a statue of Lakshmana

लक्ष्मण laksh-man, a. mark, token, sign (see coll.); good mark, excellence, bad mark, stain, blemish; definition.

लक्ष्मी laksh-mī, f. (nm, -a) mark, token (lit.); ± pāpi, bad sign, misfortune. **At**, good sign in f. **galya** a punya, approaching good fortune; good genius of a king, royal dignity, glory; wealth; beauty, splendour personified as goddess of prosperity and beauty produced at the churning of the ocean, wife of Vishnu; -**ka**, a. id.; -**kanta**, m. ep. of Vishnu; -**tva**, n. identity with Lakshmi (of Sūdy); -**dharma**, m. N.; -**nātha**, m. ep. of Vishnu; -**pāti**, m. king; ep. of Vishnu; -**Krishna**; -**ramana**, m. ep. of Vishnu; -**vat**, a. possessed of good fortune, lucky; hand some, beautiful, **vasati**, f. dwelling of Lakshmi flower of the red lotus *Achanthium speciosum*; -**sakha**, m. friend or favourite of fortune; -**sewa**, m. N.

लक्ष्य laksh-ya, fp. to be defined; indicated, indirectly denoted or expressed, to be regarded as (nm); had in view, to be observed, to be recognised by (in); visible; perceptible; n. object aimed at, prize; aim, mark, one hundred thousand, lac; pretence,

रीरव raurava, a. (i) coming from the Ruru antelope; m. N. of a certain hell.

रीरदव rausad-asva, m. son of Rūsad-asva, pat. of Vasumanas.

रीरिष rauhīd, a. (i) connected with the lunar mansion Rohini; m. sandal tree or Indian fig-tree; n. of a demon conquered by Indra.

रीरीतक rauhita-ka, a. coming from the country of Rohita.

disguise; example (?). -**m labh**, attain one's object; -**m bandh**, direct one's aim at (le); w. **ākāre**, gaze vaguely into the air. -**tā**, f. visibility; state of being a mark; -**m ni**, make visible; -**m ya**, become an aim; -**tva**, n. being an aim of (?), -**bheda**, m. hitting the mark; -**lakshana-bhāva**, m. connexion of the indicated and indicator, -**supta**, pp. feigning sleep; -**alakshya**, fp. visible and not visible, scarcely visible

लक्ष्यी lakshyī-kri, make an aim of (-o); become a mark, for (-o).

लग्न LAG, I. P. **laga**, attach oneself to, adhere or cling to (le); pierce (the heart; le); take effect on (le); touch, come in contact with (le); meet, cut (off lines); follow, arise (e.g. a dispute); pass (days); pp. **lagna**, adhering, attached to, clasp, touching, sticking in, fixed on (le, -o); following, passed (days); consumed by (ia, -o); having begun to cut **m prishtha**, **prishtha-tatha**, or **prishtha**, hugging one's back = following at one's heels; **marge**, remaining on = following the road; **bridaye**, having penetrated the heart. **anu**, pp. immediately following. **ava**, linger, pp. hanging down; hanging to (-o) **ā**, attach oneself to; pp. clinging to (-o) **pāri**, pp. adhering to (-o, only Pr) **vi**, cling to (le, -o); pp. adhering, sticking, clinging to, le, -o, striking against (a body, le, -o), fixed gaze, having stepped ashore with (ia, -o), engul bird, passed, spent time, then (near); **sam**, pp. adhering, sticking in, being in contact with (le, -o), proceeding from (in hand).

लगुट laguta, m. cudgel, staff; -**hesta**, a. club

लगुदिन lagud-m, a. provided with a staff.

लग्न lag-na, pp. √lag, m. n. point of intersection, point where the sun and the planets are; horoscope, auspicious or lucky moment for (?); -**kāla**, m. auspicious time (for an undertaking); -**graha**, a. persistent, obdurate; -**dina**, n.; -**divasa**, m. auspicious or lucky day (for an undertaking); -**velā**, f.; -**samaya**, m. auspicious time (for an undertaking); -**sha**, m. auspicious day (for an undertaking).

लग्नय lagh-nya, den. P. lighten, lessen, diminish, alleviate; make light of, despise, surpass.

लग्नमन् lagh-i-man, m. lightness; supernatural power of making oneself light at will, feeling of lightness, levity; disreput, slight; -**ishtha**, spr.; -**iyas**, epr. of laghū; -**iyas-tva**, n. insignificance.

लघु lagh-u {later form of raghu}, a. (-v-i, u, -i), swift, active, nimble; light and happy; light, easily digested; easy in mind, buoyant, unimpeded, without a routine; easy; easily articulated (the letter v); periodically

short; small, diminutive, little, insignificant, trifling; feeble, wretched, despicable, low; gentle, soft; younger; agreeable, desirable, handsome, beautiful; clean (dress); **laghu man**, think little of, despise; -**kri**, deride.

लघुकोश laghu-kosh/ha, *a.* having an empty stomach; -**kamudi**, *f.* the short Kaumudi (an abridgement of the *Sūdhātā-kamudi*); -**krama**, *a.* having a quick step, hurrying; -**m**, *ad.* quickly; -**gati**, *a.* swift-paced; -**śīta**, *a.* light-minded, fickle; -**śetas**, *a.* little-minded, mean-spirited; -**kkhedyā**, *sp.* easy to destroy (prob. *incori* for -**ukkhedyā**); -**tā**, *f.* **tva**, *n.* activity, nimbleness; lightness, buoyancy, light-heartedness; *prasaṅga* shortness; smallness, shortness; insignificance; levity, thoughtlessness; lack of dignity, contempt, degradation; -**patana-ka**, *m.* (swift-flying) *N.* of a crow; -**parikrama**, *a.* moving quickly; -**pāka**, *a.* growing old quickly; easily digested; -**pātin**, *a.* (flying quickly) *N.* of a crow; -**pramāṇa**, *n.* short; -**pratyak**, *a.* pronounced with slight effort; -**bhāva**, *m.* ease; -**bhūg**, *a.* eating little; -**mūla**, *a.* having insignificant roots, insignificant at the beginning; -**vikrama**, *a.* quick step; a quick-footed; -**vivara-tva**, *n.* narrowness of aperture; -**vṛtti**, *a.* of a light nature, light; frivolous; -**tā**, *f.* levity; -**sattva**, *a.* having a weak character; -**samutthāna**, *a.* rising up quickly, prompt; -**sāra**, *n.* insignificant, worthless; -**hanta**, *a.* light-handed, adroit (of archers, scribes, etc.); -**tā**, *f.* **tva**, *n.* adroitness of hand, dexterity; -**hārīta**, *m.* abridged Hārīta (author of a law-book).

लघु laghu-kri, lessen, make easier, facilitate; shorten; degrade, humble; esteem lightly.

लघुक्ति laghu-ukti, *f.* short mode of expression; -**utthāna**, *a.* quickly set about; prompt, full of alacrity; -**utthāta**, *pp.* prompt.

लघाग्नि laghu-āgni, *a.* eating little; -**āhāra**, *a.* *id.*

लक्ष laṣ, (personal terminations of) the imperfect.

लङ्का laṅkā, *f.* *N.* of the capital of Ceylon, Ceylon (in E. the home of the Rākṣasas under Rāvana); -**anila**, *m.* wind from Ceylon south wind; -**ari**, *m.* foe of Lankā, ep. of Rāma; -**īvara**, *m.* ep. of Rāvana; -**udaya**, *m.* sunrise in Lankā.

लङ्गा laṅga, *a.* lame.

लङ्गल laṅga-la, *n.* plough (= lāṅgala).

लङ् LAṆGH. I. **laṅgha** [collateral of *laṅgh*]. *ṅ.* go across, go beyond; *P.* leap upon *acc.*; waste, consume; *cs.* **laṅghya**, *P.* (ṅ) leap over, cross (bound, boundary, sthiti); traverse (a distance); pass over, ascend, enter, overstep, violate, transgress, disobey (command etc.); get over, escape from; prevent, avoid, avert; (pass over), disregard, offend, insult, injure; surpass; obscure, eclipse, fame, remove, transport; cause to (pass by meals) *fast*; *pp.* **laṅghita**, *ati*, *cs.* leap over (*acc.*), transgress; **abhi**, *cs.* leap or step over, cross; transgress, violate; commit an offence against any one (*acc.*); **ava**, *cs.* get over, pass (time); **nd**, *cs.* go over or beyond, cross, pass, traverse (a distance), pass, spend (time), mount to (*acc.*); transgress, violate; also on a path; got over, escape from (*acc.*); insult; *pp.* **ul-laṅghita**, *sam-nd*, *cs.* transgress, violate, neglect; get across; **pari**, *cs.* forsake (a path), **prati**, *seat* oneself upon (*acc.*); transgress, violate; **vi**, *leap*, rise up to (*acc.*); *cs.* leap over, pass, cross; traverse (a distance); overstep (bound); sthiti; miss, transgress

(proper time); rise to or towards (the sky); avoid, not comply with (*acc.*); violate, transgress; overcome; baffle, defy (*effort*); set aside, abandon; surpass; cause to fast.

लङ्घन laṅgh-ana, *n.* leaping; bounding or passing over, crossing (*g.*, *nd*), traversing (a road); curvetting (of a horse); rising to or towards (*acc.*); sexual union (with a female); capture of a fort; conquest, transgression (of a command etc.); disdain; offence, injury; exposure (to heat); *v.* **ālapa**; fasting; -**aniya**, *sp.* to be crossed or traversed; - overtaken; transgressed (command); who may be insulted; -**ya**, *sp.* to be leapt or passed over, crossed; traversed (road); - transgressed; neglected; attainable; assailable; to be made to fast.

लज्ज LAGG. I. **P.** **Ā.** **la**, *pp.* be ashamed, before (*ab.*), of (any one, *in.*, rarely *g.*); a thing, *in.*, to (*inf.*); *pp.* **la**, *gita*, embarrassed, ashamed of any one, *in.*, anything; *nd*; *ba*shful; *cs.* **P.** **laggaya**, cause any one to be ashamed, inspire with shame; *vi*, be ashamed, to (*inf.*); *pp.* ashamed, at (*nd*); *sam*, be ashamed.

लज्जा lagg-ā, *f.* shame, bashfulness, embarrassment; being ashamed of (*nd*); **yuvam me kā lagga**, why should I be ashamed of you? -**kara**, *a.* (i) causing shame, disgraceful, to (*inf.*); -**ākṛiti**, *a.* feigning shame.

लज्जायित lagga-yi-ta, *den.* *pp.* ashamed; embarrassed; *n.* embarrassment (*pl.*).

लज्जानुक lagg-ānu-ka, *a.* bashful (*Pr.*).

लज्जावत् lagga-va, *a.* bashful; embarrassed; -**āla**, *a.* *id.*; -**āvaha**, *a.* shameful.

लज्जित lagg-ita, *pp.*; *n.* shame, modesty.

लट laṭ, (personal terminations of) the present.

लटभ laṭa-bha, *a.* pretty, beautiful, charming; *ā*, *f.* fair maiden.

लड् LAD. I. **P.** **la**, *move* about (very rare).

लडह laṭa-ha, *a.* (*Pr* = laṭabha) pretty, beautiful, charming.

लड्ड laddu, *kind* of sweetmeat -**ka**, *m.* *n.* *id.*

लड्वा ludvā *f.* *N.*

लण्ड lunda, *n.* excrement.

लण्ड्र laundra, London (prob. *f.* French London).

लता lutā, *f.* creeping plant, creeper (*ord.* *ma*; often *nd* with words meaning brow, arm, lock, slender body, sword-blade, lightning, to express beauty, thinness, tenderness etc.); branch; *N.* of the Mādhyam creeper (*Gaertnera racemosa*); lash of a whip; pearl necklace; slender woman; woman; -**griha**, *n.* bower of creepers, arbour; -**anta**, *n.* flower; -**bāna**, *m.* (flower-arrowed), god of love; -**pāa**, *m.* festoon of creepers; -**manḍapa**, *m.* bower of creepers, arbour; -**mādhyam**, *f.* the Mādhyam creeper (*Gaertnera racemosa*); -**ālaya**, *m.* dwelling of creepers (of an owl); -**valaya**, *m.* *n.* arbour of creepers; -**vat**, *a.* provided with arbores; -**veshita-ka**, *n.* embrace of a creeper.

लतिका lut-ikā, *f.* small or slender creeper (arms and stem forms are compared with it; string of pearls).

लप LAP. I. **P.** **Ā.** **lapa** [later form of *lap*], chatter, talk (also of birds); whisper, murmur; lament; *cs.* **lāpaya**, *P.* cause to speak; *nd*, *lālapiti*, prate sense-

lessly (*v.*); **lālapate**, lament; address repeatedly (*E.*); **apa**, deny, disown; *pp.* **lap-ita**, embezzled; **abhi**, chatter or talk about; designate, name; *ā*, address; converse with (samam, saha); speak, talk; say to (2 *acc.*); *cs.* enter into conversation with, speak to (*acc.*); **upa**, *ā*, speak of, mention; **sam-a**, converse with (*acc.*) *nd*, *cs.* care-s; **sam-nd**, lift up one's voice, begin to speak; **pra**, talk heedlessly or at random, prate; converse, talk; exclaim; lament; say or tell dolefully; invoke piteously; *cs.* cause to speak; **vi-pra**, declare in detail; lament; *vi*, utter unintelligible sounds; lament, - for (prati); *be-wail*; utter lamentations (*acc.*); utter variously; *cs.* cause to lament; cause to talk much; **sam**, converse; name; *cs.* address (any one).

लपन lap-ana, *n.* mouth; -**itā**, (*pp.*) *n.* chatter, hum.

लपित lapeta, *m.* a demon injurious to children.

लपुद्गि lapsudm, *a.* bearded (goat); *l.* *n.*

लब labā, *m.* (l.) quail (*Perdia chinensis*); *N.* of the author of a hymn.

लब्ध lab-dha, *pp.* (s labh) obtained, acquired, found etc.; -**kāma**, *a.* having obtained a desire, fulfilled (request); -**datta**, *m.* *N.* of a man who gave away what he received; -**nāman**, *a.* having obtained a name; *know*; for (*acc.*); -**nāsa**, *m.* loss of what has been acquired; -**nidra-sukha**, *a.* enjoying the pleasure of sleep; -**para-bhāga**, *a.* pre-empt above, surpassing (adv.); -**pramā**, *a.* loss of what has been acquired; *P.* of the fourth book of the *Pañchakāṇḍa*; -**pratyaya**, *a.* having a firm belief in anything; -**tā**, *f.* *abst.* *s.* (*Pr.*); -**prasara**, *a.* having obtained free scope, unchecked; -**laksha**, *a.* having obtained the victory, tried, *m.* (*acc.*); -**lakshana**, *a.* having obtained an opportunity; -**lābha**, *a.* having attained one's object; having successfully obtained (*acc.*), successfully acquired; -**vat**, *pp.* *act.* they obtained; -**vara**, *a.* having obtained a boon; *m.* *N.* of a dancing master; -**varna**, *a.* (having learned one's letters, learned, in (*acc.*); -**bhāg**, *a.* patronizing the learned.

लब्धव्य lab-dhavya, *pp.* obtainable.

लब्धशब्द labdha-shabda, *a.* having acquired a name, renowned; -**antara**, *a.* having (found) an opportunity (*tva*, *n.* *abst.* *s.*); -**avastara**, *a.* *id.*; -**avakā**, *a.* having gained an opportunity or scope; -**āspada**, *a.* having gained a footing.

लब्धि lab-dhi, *f.* [s labh + ti] obtainment, acquisition, of (*g.*, *nd*), gain, profit; preservation of (*inf.*), discovery or perception of (*nd*); ascertainment; quotient.

लब्धोदय labdha-udaya, *a.* having obtained a rise (*āng*); produced.

लभ LABH. I. **P.** **Ā.** **labha** [later form of *labh*], catch; fall in with, find, catch sight of, gain possession of, obtain, acquire, receive, from (*ab.*), as (*acc.*); *re-ceive*, obtain an opportunity to (*inf.* or *id.* of *ab.*); *possess*, have, perceive, recognise; ascertain; **antaram** -, find an opportunity; make an impression on (*g.*); **avakāsam** -, find scope; be appropriate; **kālam** -, had the right moment for (*le of* *ab.*); **padam** -, obtain a footing; **samgām** -, regain consciousness; *pr.* **labhyate**, be found or met with; be obtained; be permitted or allowed to (*inf.*, *sts.* with *pe. mg.*); result; be comprehended by, come under the notion of; *pp.* **labdha**; *cs.* **P.** **labbhaya**, cause any one (*acc.*) to obtain (*acc.*, rarely *in.*); give any one (*acc.*) a sign

(*namgām*); obtain, receive; find out, discover; *des. lipsa*, P. (*metr.*), *Ā.* wish to catch, obtain, acquire or receive, long for, from (*ab.*); *anu*, catch from behind, *abhi*, touch; obtain, from (*ab.*); *des.* wish to catch or obtain, *ā*, catch; touch, *often feet, head, body* ± *satyām*, *satyama*, *teṇa satyena*, or *tathā, in oaths*, catch = sacrifice (a *ritam* or offering); begin, undertake, *P.* obtain, acquire, gain; *es.* cause to touch, *des.* wish to touch, = sacrifice *anuā*, catch (from behind), take hold of, touch; adhere to *ac.* *upaā*, *ā*, blame, reproach, reprove; *es. ul.* *sam-ā*, take hold of, touch; gain, obtain; anoint: *pp.* come into contact with (*upa*, catch, find; obtain, acquire; perceive, experience, learn to know, ascertain, understand, know, *garbham* -, conceive; *ps.* be obtained; be perceived as (*m. of abst.* *s.* *na*, not be known, be incomprehensible, *es.* cause any one to obtain, bestow on, cause to be known, *pratiupa*, regain, recover *sam-ups*, obtain; get to know, *P.* seize; obtain; deceive, dupe, make a fool of *vi-pra*, deceive, impose upon; mock at, insult *prati*, recover, regain with *chrasam*, see again; obtain, gain; learn that any one is *ac.* wait for; *es.* provide any one with (*m.*), *vi*, bestow, procure, surrender, deliver up, hand over; *es.* bestow *ac.* on (*ac.*) *sam*, obtain

लम् labh-a, () obtainable; -*ana*, *n.* act of finding or gaining possession; -*ya*, *fp.* to be found; obtainable, attainable; comprehensible, intelligible, suitable, fit, to be allowed to (*imp.* *m.* *ps.* *my.*); to be provided with (*m.*).

लम् LAM [= *√lam*], only *pf.* *lalāma*, enjoy oneself sexually *E*.

लम् lamna, *m. pl.* a class of men

लम् lampata, *a.* greedy, covetous lust-
ing after *lec.* *ā*, -*tva*, *n.* greediness

लम् lampā, *f.* *N.* of a town and of a kingdom.

लम् lampā-ka, *m. pl.* *N.* of a people *i.*, *f.* Lampāk woman.

लम् LAMB [*later form of √labh*] I. P. (*metr.*), *Ā.* *lamba*, hang down, dangle; hang from (*le.*), sink, attach oneself to, hold on or cling to, rest on (*le.*), lag, loiter, dally, tarry; *pp.* *lambita*, hanging down; hanging by (*m.*), holding or adhering to, resting on (*le.*), slow, measured time *es.* *lambaya*, P. cause to hang down, let down, hang up, suspend; stretch out (the hand) for (*d.* of *ehl.* *s.*), *des.* *Ā.* *lilambisha*, be about to sink *aya*, hang down, sink; hold on or cling to, lean or rest on, trust to *ac.* rarely *le.* or *le.*; lay hold of, seize, hold up, support, sustain; resort or have recourse to *ac.*; devote oneself to *ac.*; acquire *ac.*; betake oneself to, turn towards a direction; be based or dependent on, be intimately connected with *ac.* *pp.* hanging down, hanging to (*le.*), seated; leaning or resting on (*le.*); held up, supported; *es.* cause to hang down, let down, hang up, suspend, to *le.*, grasp, hand, hold up, support, sustain, transfer or entrust burden to (*le.*), *pp.*, *ā*, cling or hold on to, lean on *ac.* rarely *le.*; lay hold of, seize, grasp; capture (a city), captivate the heart; hold, support; have recourse to, devote oneself to, put on, assume, manifest *ac.*; betake oneself to, take (a direction); depend upon *ac.*; *pp.* hanging down from *le.*; held supported; had recourse to; *es.* hang up, suspend; *pp.* *ālam-bita*, laid on (*land*), *viā*, hang down

(*cloud*), - on all sides. *sam-ā*, cling to *ac.*, lean on, trust to *ac.*), hold to anyone (*ac.*), have regard to *ac.*; lay hold of, seize; have recourse to, assume; acquire, obtain, fall to the lot of any one (*le.*), *es.* suspend to *le.*, *ud.*, *pp.* *ullambita*, suspended, *es.* hang up, *sam-ud.*, *pp.* hanging *pari*, remain in a place *le.*, absent oneself not come, *le.*, *outer*, *pra*, hang down; *pp.* hanging down *prati*, *es.* hang up, suspend, *vi*, hang down, hang to (*le.*); sink (*sun*); lag, loiter, delay, tarry, with *prati* *gd.* *vilambya*, lingering, dilatorily, slowly, too late, *pp.* *vilambita*, hanging down, delayed, delaying, loitering, slow, measured, closely connected with (*le.*); *-m*, *ad.* slowly *le.*, *es.* hang or suspend to *le.*; cause to linger, delay (*ac.*); waste (*time*); be dilatory *pra-vi*, *es.* hang up

लम् lamba, *a.* hanging down, pendent; hanging by or down to *le.*; long *hara* etc.; *m.* perpendicular, complement of latit-*ude-ka*, *m. ul.* chapter of which there are eighteen in the *Kathāsāstragāya* -*karana*, *a* (*ā*, *i*); having long pendent ears; -*ghiva*, *a* having a pendent tongue; *m.* *N.* of a Rākshasa

लम् lamb-ana, *a.* hanging down or causing to hang down *ep.* of *Siva*; *m.* camp-follower

लम् lamba-pataha, *m.* kind of drum; *śalaka-tva*, *n.* pendulousness of curls

लम् lambin, *a.* hanging down; hanging to or down to *le.*

लम् lambodra, *a.* having a hanging belly, pot bellied -*tā*, *f.* *abst.* *s.* *m.* *ep.* of *Gaṇesa*

लम् lambh-a, *m.* finding; attainment, gain; recovery; capture (*of a fortress*); -*aka*, *a* finding; *m.* finder, -*ana*, *n.* attainment, recovery, procurement, -*anya*, *fp.* to be obtained

लम् lāy-a, *m.* [*√lā*], adherence, disappearance or absorption in *le.*, extinction, dissolution, destruction, death, rest, repose, rare; mental lethargy or inactivity; sport, time in waste (*of which there are three*) -*druta*, *madya*, and *vilambita* -*m* *gam*, become attached to any one *le.* disappear, be dissolved, or absorbed in *le.* -*m* *yā*, *id.*; be destroyed, perish

लम् lay-ana, *a.* rest, repose; place of rest.

लम् laya-sthāna, *a.* place of dissolution.

लम् LAL I. P. (*Ā.* *metr.*) play, frolic, sport, dally, *pp.* *lalita*, *q. v.*, *es.* *lal-aya*, P. cause to dally, caress, fondle, foster, cherish, coax, spoil, wave, flourish, caress, favour *pp.* *lālita*, *anu*, *es.* put any one in good humour *ud.*, *es.* P. *lallā-aya*, agitate, pump up *upa*, *es.* caress, fondle, cherish, treat tenderly. *sam*, *es.* *id.*

लम् lalag-ghva, *a.* having a lolling tongue.

लम् lal-ana, *a.* playing, glittering (of light and colour), *n.* lolling of the tongue *ā*, *f.* wanton woman; woman; wife, *i-kā*, *f.* little or miserable woman.

लम् la-lal-la, *anom.* of the sound of lipping.

लम् lalāta, *n.* [*later form of lalāta*] forehead, -*tā*, *m.* flat surface of the forehead; -*m-tapa*, *a.* scorching the forehead *said* of a hot sun, very painful, -*paṭa*, *m.*; -*ka*, *m.*, -*paṭika*, *f.* flat surface of the forehead; -*phalaka*, *n. ul.*; -*likhita*, *pp.* written by fate on the forehead; -*lekha*, *f.* lines written

by fate on the forehead, (strip of a =) very narrow forehead; -*aksha*, *a.* (*i*) having an eye in the forehead (*Siva*).

लम् lalāt-ikā, *f.* forehead mark made with sandal or other powder

लम् lalāma, *a.* (*i*) having a forehead mark, *m.* *n.* ornament, decoration -*m*, *n.* *id.* (*le.*)

लम् lal-ita, *pp.* quivering, tremulous, artless, naive, innocent; lovely, charming, beautiful, desired, liked; pleasing, agreeable; *n.* sport; natural, artless act, artlessness, grace, charm, beauty, splendour -*pa-da*, *a.* consisting of sweet words, pleasingly composed -*lalita*, *pp.* extremely lovely, -*lo-ana*, *a.* fair-eyed *ā*, *f.* *N.* of a fairy -*vistara*, *m.* detailed description of the artless acts of *Sakya*, *P.* of a *Buddhist* *Sutra*

लम् lalita-ā, *f.* fair woman; -*ādi-tya*, *n.* *N.* of a prince of *Cashmere* -*pura*, *n.* *N.* of a city founded by him, -*āpita*, *m.* *N.* of a prince of *Cashmere*

लम् lalyāna, *N.* of a locality

लम् lalla, *m.* *N.* of an astronomer and a minister *ā*, *f.* *N.* of a courtesan, *i-ya*, *m.* *N.*

लम् lāy-a, *m.* [*√lā*] cutting (of corn), plucking (of flowers), wool (very rare), hair (of a cow, very rare), section, fragment, piece, bit, particle, drop, a little, very common, fraction of a second, twinkling (often *personified*), numerator of a fraction *N.* of a man of *Kima* and *Sidd*, *N.* of a king of *Cashmere*

लम् lavāṅga, *m.* clove-tree; clove *i*, *f.* *N.* of an *Apurva*, *i-ka*, *f.* *N.*

लम् lavāta, *m.* *N.*

लम् lavana, *a.* briny, salt, *m.* *N.* of a demon *n.* salt, sea salt, grace, beauty (only -*kalaya*, *f.* *prob. minor* for *lavana* *kulāpi*, feeding-trough, -*gala*, *a.* having salt water, briny; *m.* sea, ocean; -*galadhi*, *m.*, -*gala-nidhi*, *m.* salt sea, ocean, -*gala-ud-bhava*, *m.* shell, -*tā*, *f.* saltiness, -*toya*, *a.* having salt water, *m.* ocean, -*tva*, *n.* saltiness; -*vāri*, *a.* having salt water; *m.* ocean; -*samudra*, *m.* salt sea, ocean

लम् lavāṇī, *f.* *N.* of a river.

लम् lavana-ākara, *m.* mine of beauty *fig.*, -*antaka*, *m.* Slayer of the *Rākshasa* *Lavana*, *ep.* of *Satraghna*, -*abdhī*, *m.* salt sea, ocean, -*ambura*, *f.* *ambhas*, *arava*, -*alaya*, *m.* salt sea, ocean

लम् lavan-i-man, *m.* gutter.

लम् lavana-utsa, *n.* *N.* of a town, -*uda*, *m.* sea, -*udadhi*, *m.* salt sea, ocean

लम् lav-ana, *n.* cutting (of corn), reaping, mowing; cutting instrument, sickle, scythe -*karta*, *m.* reaper, mower.

लम् lavanya, *m.* a class of men

लम् lava-rāga, *m.* *N.* of a Brahman.

लम् lavali, *f.* kind of creeper.

लम् lava-sas, *ad.* in small pieces

लम् lavana, *m.* (rare), *n.* garlic.

लम् LASH I. P. (*Ā.*) *lasha*, desire, long for *ac.* *abhi*, desire (*ac.*), long to (*inf.*) *pp.* *abhi-lashita*, wished, desired (also with *inf.*)

लम् LAS, I. P. *lass* (*pr. pt.* *lassat* and *very rarely lass-māna*), shine, flash, glitter (only *pr. pt.*), come to light, appear,

arise (only *pr. pt. P.*); resound (only *pr. pt. P.*); play, frolic, sport; *cs. P. lāsaya*, dance; cause or teach to dance. *ud* (nearly always *pr. pt. or pp.*), shine forth, flash, glitter; arise, appear; resound; play, sport, frolic; move about, wave, flutter; grow: *pp. allāṣita*, gleaming; arisen; unleathed (*word*); overjoyed, delighted; moving about; *cs.* cause to shine forth; cause to appear, produce; cause to sound; delight; set in motion, cause to dance or flutter. *ati ud*, shine brightly. *prati ud*, appear. *pra ud*, shine forth; resound; move about; *cs.* delight. *sam-ud*, shine forth (only *pr. pt. & pp.*); appear; resound. *upa*, only *pr. pt.* shining forth, flashing. *vi* (only *pr. pt. or pp.*), flash, glitter; become manifest, appear, arise; resound; play, frolic, sport, amuse oneself; quiver (of lightning); *cs.* cause to dance. *pra-vi*, shine brightly; break forth.

लस las-a, *a.* lively (only -° in *n-lasa*, dull).

लसिका las-ikā, *f.* saliva, spittle.

लहर lahara, *m. N.* of a people (*pl.*); *N.* of a province in Cashmere (now Lahul).

लहरी lahari, *f.* (also *i*) wave, billow.

ला LĀ, II *P. lā-ti* (rare), grasp, take; undertake; *gr. lātva*, taking = with.

लाघणिक lakṣhaṇ-ika, *a. (i)* understanding marks or signs; having a figurative sense (-*tva*, *n.* figurative sense); *m.* interpreter of marks.

लाक्षा lākṣhā, *f.* kind of red dye, lac (*obtained either from the cochineal insect or from the resin of a certain tree*); *i-ka*, *a. (3)* coloured with lac.

लाघव lāghava, *n.* swiftness, speed; dexterity, in (-°); lightness; ease of mind, relief; levity, thoughtlessness; insignificance, meanness, smallness; *practical* shortness; brevity, conciseness (*of expression*); lack of weight or consequence, derogation of dignity, disrespect; -*kārin*, *a.* degrading.

लाङ्गल lāṅga-la, *n.* plough; -*dhava*, *m.* (having a plough in his banner), *ep. of* Balarāma.

लाङ्गुलिका lāṅgulika, *f. N.* of a plant (*Metelonea superba*); -*in*, *n.* (bearing a plough), *ep. of* Balarāma. [*form*] *ul.*

लाङ्गुल lāṅgula, *n.* tail; *śūla*, *n.* (commoner)

लाङ्ग lāṅg, *m. pl.* patched grain.

लाङ्गय lāṅga-ya, *den. Ā.* resemble patched grain.

लाञ्छ LĀṆKḤ, *cs. lāṅkhaya*, *P.* mark, distinguish, characterise: *pp. lāṅkhita*, marked, decorated, or provided with (*in* -°).

लाञ्छन lāṅkhana, *n.* mark, token, sign; -° *a.* marked, characterised, or provided with; -*tā*, *f.* condition of being marked or stained.

लाट lāṭa, *m. N.* of a country; *pl. its people*; *a. (i)* belonging to Lāṭa (*i. f.* Lāṭa woman); -*ka*, *a. (ikā)* belonging to or customary among the Lāṭas.

लाटाचार्य lāṭācārya, *m. N.* of an astronomer. -*anuprāsa*, *n.* repetition of a word in the same sense but in a different application (*met.*).

लाड lāḍa, *m. N.*

लाटव lāṭava, *m. (pat. fr. Lātu) N.*

लापय lāpaya, *cs. of* √lap and √l, *li.*

लापित lāpita, *a.* saying, speaking, declaring (-°); lamenting.

लाव lāha, *m. kind of quail (Perdix chinensis)*; -*ka*, *m. id.*

लाम lābh-a, *m.* finding, meeting; obtaining, acquirement (*of, g., -°*); gain, advantage, profit; object acquired, acquisition; capture; apprehension, knowledge; -*lipsā*, *f.* desire of gain, covetousness; -*vat*, *a.* having gained advantage; having got possession of (-°); -*alābha*, *m. du. & n. vy.* gain and loss.

लामिन् lābh-in, *a.* obtaining, finding (-°).

लामज्जक lāmajja-ka, *n.* the root of a kind of fragrant grass (*Amisopogon muricatus*).

लालक lāla-ka, *a. (ikā)* caressing; *m.* court fool.

लालिन् lāl-ana, *n. (fr. cs. of* √lal) caressing, fondling, cherishing; -*amiya*, *fp.* to be caressed, fondled, or coaxed; -*aya*, *cs. of* √lal.

लालस lā-las-a, *intr. a.* ardently desiring, eager for, delighting or absorbed in, devoted to (*lc., -°*); *m., ā, f.* ardent longing, devotion to (*lc.*).

लाला lāl-ā, *f.* saliva, spittle; -*pāna*, *n.* sucking of saliva.

लालाट lālāṭa, *a.* being on the forehead (*lālāṭa*); *i-ka*, *a. id.*; *i, f.* forehead.

लालाय lālā-ya, *den. Ā.* secrete saliva: *pp. i-ta*, foaming at the mouth.

लालित lāl-ita, *cs. pp.* √lal. -*ka*, *m.* favourite, darling, pet.

लालित्य lālitya, *n. [fr. lālita]* loveliness, grace, charm.

लालिन् lāl-in, *a.* fondling, coaxing; -*ya*, *fp.* to be fondled or coaxed.

लाव lāv-a, *a. (i)* cutting, - off, plucking (-°); cutting down, killing (-°); -*ka*, *m.* cutter; reaper.

लावण lāvana, *a.* salt, salted; -*ka*, *N.* of a locality; -*śaindhava*, *a. (i)* situated on the salt sea.

लावणिक lāvana-ika, *a. (i)* dealing in salt; charming, lovely.

लावण्य lāvanya, *n.* saltiness; loveliness, beauty, charm; -*maṅgarī*, *f. N.*; -*maya*, *a. (i)* consisting entirely of beauty; lovely, beautiful, charming; -*vat*, *a.* lovely, beautiful; -*i, f. N.*; -*śeṣa*, *a.* of whom beauty only is left (-*tā*, *f. abs. s.*); -*arjita*, *pp.* acquired by beauty; a term applied to the private property given to a woman on her marriage by her parents-in-law.

लावन् lāv-am, *abs. v.* √lū, cut off like (-°).

लावाणक lāvāṇa-ka, *m. N.* of a district near Mayadha. *N.* of the third Lambaka of the Kāṭhāsaritāgāra.

लास lās-a, *m. [√las]* jumping, skipping, moving hither and thither, playing; -*ka*, *a.* moving hither and thither; *m.* dancer; *N.* of a dancer; *m. n.* kind of weapon; -*vat-i, f. N.*

लासिक lās-ika, *a.* dancing; -*ikā*, *f.* female dancer; *kind of play*; -*ya*, *n.* dancing (*also fig.*), dance accompanied with singing and instrumental music, dance.

लिखा likhā, *f.* nit, egg of a louse; as a measure = eight trasarṇas.

लिख LIKH, VI. *P. likhā* [later form of √rikh], scratch, scrape, furrow, tear up (*grūd*); peck; draw a line (± *lekhān*); delineate, portray, sketch, paint; engrave, inscribe, write; - down: *pp. likhita*, *n.* iva

(± *khita*), as if painted = motionless; *cs. lekha*, *P.* cause to engrave, inscribe, or write; cause to paint; scratch; write; paint: *pp. lekhta*. *abhi*, inscribe, write; paint: *pp.* write on anything (*ac.*); *cs.* cause to inscribe, write, or paint. *ava*, gall, make sore; orase (*writing*). *ā*, scratch, scrape, sketch, draw, paint; write down: *pp. ālikhita*, *w. iva*, as if painted = motionless; *cs.* cause to paint. *viś*, scrape, touch; write. *sam-ā*, sketch, draw, paint; write. *ud*, scratch, scrape, draw a line, on (*lc.*); tear or rip up; peck at, rub against; draw (*a line*); carve; polish; strike (*a musical instrument*); wipe away; represent; bring into relief. *pra ud*, draw lines on (*ac.*). *sam-ud*, mark out with a line; furrow, scrape up; write down, inscribe (*in a book*). *nis*, scarily; scratch out. *pari*, draw a line round; scrape or smooth around; copy. *pra*, scratch, draw lines on (*ac.*); draw; write; scrape together; *Ā.* comb one's hair. *prati*, write back, answer by letter. *vi*, scratch, scrape, tear up; lacerate; rub against (*ac.*); sketch, draw, paint; inscribe, write; *cs.* cause to write.

लिखिन् likh-ana, *n.* scratching; inscribing, writing; written statement or remark.

लिखित likh-ita, *pp.* written, etc.; *m. N.* of the author of a law-book: *n.* writing; written document; -*tva*, *n.* condition of being written down; -*pāṭha*, *m.* reading of written works, learning from books; -*ka*, *a.* reading from manuscript.

लिखित्य likh-itavya, *fp.* to be painted (*Pr.*); -*itri*, *m.* painter; -*ya*, *m., ā, f.* nit, egg of a louse.

लिङ् līṅ, personal terminations of the potential or precative, potential.

लिङ् LING, I. *Ā. liṅga* (attach oneself to), *v. ā-līṅ.*

लिङ्ग liṅga, *n.* [anything attaching to an object] mark, token, sign, emblem, characteristic; catchword; deceptive badge (*rare, E.*); proof, evidence; sign of guilt, stolen property; sign of sex, sexual organ; grammatical gender; Siva's phallus (*as an object of worship*); image of a god (*rare*); typical or subtle body (*the indestructible original of the gross visible body*). *Valāṇa phal.*; nominal base (= *pratiṇidhika*; *gr.*); -*dharma*, *m. n.* subtle body (*phil*); -*dhāra*, *n.* bearing of marks of identification; -*nāṣa*, *m.* loss of characteristic marks; -*pīṭha*, *n.* pedestal of a Siva phallus; -*parāṇa*, *n.* T. of a Parāṇa; -*mātra*, *n.* intellect; -*mūrti*, *a.* having the form of a phallus (Siva).

लिङ्गय liṅga-ya, *den. P.* change (*a word*) according to gender. *ud*, infer from signs: *pp. līṅgita*.

लिङ्गवत् liṅga-vat, *a.* having characteristic marks; having various genders; having a phallus (*a certain Sivaite sect*); -*śarira*, *n.* the subtle body (*phil*); -*śāstra*, *n.* treatise on grammatical gender; -*śtha*, *m.* ascetic; -*anurāsana*, *n.* doctrine of grammatical gender.

लिङ्गिन् liṅg-in, *a.* having a mark or sign; having the marks or appearance of (-°); wearing false badges, hypocritical; assuming the badges of, passing oneself off as (-°); wearing his badges justly, sincere; provided with a phallus; having a subtle body; *m.* hypocrite; member of a religious order, ascetic; *a Sivaite sect* (*pl.*); cause.

लिकोडार liṅga-oddhāra, *m.* cutting off of the male organ.

ЛУП **LUP**, VI **P.** (*А. метр.*) **лупа́** [later form of *луп*]; rare in V.I., break, injure, spoil; *seize, fall, or pounce upon*; rob, plunder; waste; suppress, cause to disappear, elide (*letter, word, etc.*), *ps.* **лупа́те**, be broken or torn, be wasted, be broken or violated, *row etc.*; be lost (*share*), disappear, be destroyed, be elided, *pp.* **лупа**, injured; plundered; deprived of ⁹); suppressed, lost, disappeared, destroyed, dropped, elided, elliptical (*sample, opp.品行*), *ex.* **лопу́га**, P. neglect, violate, infringe; divert or cause to swerve from (*ab.*); *А.* cause to disappear, efface; *intr.* **лопу́га А.**, lolup. P. confuso (*any one*). **апа**, pull out (P.); *ps.* **-лупа́те**, fall off (P.). **ава**, seize, fall upon, snatch away, suppress. **А.** pull out, sever; *ps.* be troubled or clouded (*gaze*) **ви А.** remove, dipel (*language*), *ps.* disappear **парі**, take away, remove, dipel; *ps.* be dropped **пра**, pull out; rob, steal; *ps.* robbed; taken away, destroyed. **ви-пра**, snatch away, afflict, disturb, interrupt. **ви**, pull to pieces, break off, lacerate; pluck out; carry off, take away, rob, plunder; destroy, ruin, *А.* & *ps.* be impaired or destroyed,

perish, disappear, be lacking: *pp. vilupta*, pulled to pieces; snatched away; destroyed, lost; *cs. withhold; extinguish; disregard, neglect. pra-vi, pp. removed, disappeared; cs. give up, abandon.*

नृप lup, *n.* dropping, elision (of a letter etc.); *a.* dropped.

नृपविषयं lupṭa-visarga, *a.* lacking Visarga: *-tā, f.* absence of Visarga; *-upama, a.* lacking the comparative particle (iva); *ā, f.* incomplete or elliptical simile; *-upamāna, n.* incomplete comparison.

नृध्व lub-dha, *pp. √ lubh*: *-ka, m.* hunter; the star Sirius; *-gana, a.* having covetous followers; *-tā, f.* greed, covetousness; *-iva, n. id.*; eager longing for (°).

लुभ LUBH, IV. P. lūbha (V., rare; √ lū, grow bewildered, go astray; desire, long for (d., l.; ord. mg.); entice, allure: *pp. lubdha*, bewildered, confused; desirous or greedy of, craving after, longing for (l., °); greedy, covetous; *cs. P. lobhaya*, derange; excite the desire of, entice, attract; *intr. lōubhyate*, have a vehement desire for (l.); *ā, become disordered; des. of cs. ālulobhayisha, P. wish to derange or disturb* *upa, cs. excite the desire of, entice, lead astray. pari (lobha, metr. for lobhava), id.; cs. id. pra, go astray, have illicit desires (of women); excite the desire of, allure, lead astray. pp. f. having conceived an illicit desire for (sub); cs. excite the desire of, allure, seek to seduce; divert the attention of (ac) by (in.). prati, cs. infatuate (V.); attract. vi, cs. lead astray; excite the desire of, allure, seek to seduce; beguile; enchant with (l.). sam, become deranged (Br.); cs. derange, disorder; efface (traca. V.); entice, seek to seduce.*

लुल LU, I. P. lola, move (int.) to and fro, roll about (only *pr. pt. lolat* and *lolamāna*); disappear: *pp. lulita*, moving to and fro, agitated, heaving, waving; touched; crushed, injured, having suffered, *cs. lolaya, P. set in motion, shake; disturb, destroy. abhi, pp. touched ā, pp. gently stirred. vi, pp. moved to and fro; shed (tears, rain); deranged, disordered, dishevelled; cs. pp. vilulita*, moved to and fro; scattered in all directions. *sam, pp. come into contact with (°); deranged.*

लुलाप lulāpa, *m.* buffalo.

लुलाय lulāya *m. id.*; *-lakshman, m. ep. of Yama.*

लुलित lul-ita, *pp.*; *n.* motion

लु LU, V. P. lunoti (Br., very rare), IX. *lunāti, lunite*, cut (grass), reap (corn), pluck (flowers), cut off, clip, lop, cut down, sever, pierce; cut off, destroy, annihilate: *pp. lūna*, cut, - off, lopped, plucked; nibbled off; knocked out (tooth, severed); stung; destroyed. *ava, pp. cut off ā, ā, tear off; pp. plucked nis, pp. nirūna*, cut off, hewn in pieces. *vi-pra, pp. cut or plucked off. vi, cut off.*

लुता lūta, *f.* spider: kind of skin disease.

लुन lūna, *pp. √ lū*: *n.* tail (very rare) *-vi-sha, a.* having poison in its tail.

लुट lut, (terminations of) the *s-* future.

लेख lekḥ-a, *m.* [√ likh] stroke line: written document, letter (eg. & pl.); god, deity (very rare); *pl. a certain class of gods (E. rare); -ka, m.* writer, secretary, copyist; calculation: *-m kri*, make a calculation, reckon.

लेखन lekḥ-ana, *a.* (i) scratching, scarifying, lacerating; exciting, stimulating; attenuating; *n.* writing down, transcribing; *i, f.* writing reed, reed-pen; *-aniya, f.* to be drawn or painted; to be written.

लेखपत्र lekḥa-putra, *n.* letter; *-patrikā, f. id.*; *-vāla, f.* writing school; *-samdāna-hārin, a.* delivering a written message; *-hāra: -ka, m.* letter carrier; *-hār-in, a.* delivering letters with (°); *-i -iva, n.* delivery of letters with (°); *-adhikārin, m.* secretary of a king.

लेखा lēkh-ā, *f.* [√ likh] stroke, line, stroke, stripe, furrow; digit or crescent (of the moon); edge; delineation; figure, likeness; impression, mark.

लेखिका lekḥ-ikā, *f.* little streak; *-in, a.* touching (°).

लेख्य lekḥ-ya, *fp.* to be scarified; -written (down); -painted; depicted, painted; to be counted (°); *n.* (art of) writing; transcription; drawing, painting; written document, letter; inscription; painted figure: *-i (with ganana)=catalogue, roll of (°); -gata, pp. painted; -patra, n.* document, letter; *-maya, a.* painted; *-rupa, a. id.*

लेट let, (terminations of) the subjunctive.

लेण्ड lenda, *n.* excrement.

लेदरी ledarī, *f. N.* of a river.

लेप lep-a, *m.* [√ lip] smearing, anointing; ointment, unguent, plaster; spot, stain, impurity, *sp. grease adhering to dishes, hands, etc.*; moral taint, sin, food: *-ka, m.* plasterer, white-washer, mason; *-kara, m. id.*

लेपन lep-ana, *n.* anointing, besmearing, plastering, with (in., °); ointment; plaster, mortar; *-a*, besmeared, plastered with; *-in, a* (-) besmearing, covering with; besmeared, covered with; *-ya, fp.* moulded, modelled; to be defiled: *-kara, m.* moulder.

लेलिहान le-lih-āna *pr. pt. intr. √ lih*; *m.* serpent.

लेवार levāra, *m. N.* of an *Agrahāra*.

लेश les-a, *m.* [√ lis = √ lis] particle, atom, drop, little bit, small amount of (g., °); *very common* *-s* = very little or slight, insignificant; *-in, or -tas, very slightly or barely*; a rhetorical figure in which a statement is made indirectly (e.g. 'the boast of the Pāṇḍavas on slaying Bhishma under the leadership of Sakhadwaj will be ours'); a rhetorical figure in which what is usually considered as an advantage is represented as a disadvantage and vice versa.

लेशिक les-ika, *m.* mower of grass: *-in, a.* having particles of (°)

लेश्य les-ya, *m., ā, f.* light

लेशु lesh-tu, *m.* [√ lis] lump of earth, clod.

लेह leh-a, *m.* [√ lih] licker, sipper; lambatory, electrolytic; *-ana, n.* licking; *-ya, fp.* to be licked or lapped up, to be eaten by licking.

लेङ्ग līnga, *a.* relating to grammatical gender; *i-ka, a.* relating to or resulting from a characteristic mark or evidence, inferred; *m.* statutory.

लेङ्गिञ्च līngaṇḍbhava, *n.* history of the origin of the *līnga*

लोक् LOK, I. *Ā loka* [prob. = *loka*, √ ruk] see, perceive; *cs. P. lokaya*, regard, look at; behold, perceive; recognise, know. *abhi, cs.* regard, view. *ava, (be able to) see; cs. look, - up; look at, behold,*

view, regard (ac.); review (an army); look out for; watch; regard (of the aspect of planets in astrology); look at graciously; perceive: *pp. avalokita; gl. avalokya sam-ava, look; look at, regard, inspect; perceive, behold. ā, look at (ac.); perceive; cs. see, behold; look; look at, view, regard; look upon graciously; consider, examine, study (± dhiyā, buddhyā); perceive, recognise, find out, know, to be (2 ac.); svapnam -, have a dream; hridi -, think of. pra, cs. gl. prālōkya, seeing in the distance (r r ālokya). sam-ā, cs. look at, regard; consider; perceive, observe, recognise as (2 ac vi, look at; examine, study (rare); cs. be able to see; look; look at, regard, view, inspect; direct one's attention to, examine, study (rare); have regard to (rare); perceive, observe; look over (a helter); ps. vilokate, be visible. pra-vi, cs. look; look at, regard; observe (astronomically); consider, ponder; perceive, see. sam, du. m. ubhayataḥ, look at each other.*

लोक lok-ā, *m.* [orig. probably *ulokā*, which is almost invariably used in RV., and perh = (a)va-lokā: √ ruk] (free) space, room, place (V.); tract, region, country; world, division of the universe (the two worlds = heaven and earth: the three -, = the same and the atmosphere or the lower regions; seven worlds are commonly spoken of); heaven; earth, (esp. & pl.) mankind, folks, people (sts. opp. king); men (pl.: opp. women); community, company (inf. "to form collectives"); ordinary life, common usage, worldly affairs (opp. Veda); sight (only - in kākshur-, seeing with the eye). (urum) lokām kri, make room for, grant freedom to (d; V.); *ayām lokāḥ*, this world; *asaū or pāro lokāḥ*, that or the other world; *loke*, in place of (g; Br.); in ordinary life, in popular speech; in the world, on earth, *iha loka*, here on earth; *kṛtsne loka*, in the whole world.

लोककण्टक loka-kanṭaka, *m.* thorn = curse of mankind, pernicious man; *-kartrī, m.* creator of the world, ep. of Brahman, Vishnu, or Siva; *-kānta, pp.* beloved of the world, dear to all mankind; *-kāma, a.* desirous of a certain world; *-kāra, m.* creator of the world, ep. of Siva; *-krit, m.* creator of the world; *-kshiti, a.* inhabiting heaven; *-gāthā, f.* popular (traditional) verse; *-guru, m.* teacher of the world or people; *-akshas, n. pl.* eyes of the people; *-āritra, n.* ways of the world; *-git, a.* winning territory (Br.); gaining heaven; *-gta, a.* knowing the world or men; *-tā, f.* knowledge of the world, *-tattva, n. id.*; *-tantra, n.* course of the world; *-tas, ad.* from people, from popular talk; in accordance with usage; *-traya, n.* i, f. the three worlds (heaven, earth, air or lower regions); *-dambhaka, a.* cheating the people; *-dvaya, n.* the two worlds (heaven and earth); *-dvāra, n.* gate of heaven; *-nātha, m.* lord of the worlds, ep. of Brahman, Vishnu, Siva, of the gods, and of the sun; protector of the people, king; *N.* of Avalokitesvara; a protected by mankind, *-nindita, pp.* blamed by every one; *-pa, m.* regent of a world; world-guardian (of whom there are eight); *-pati, m.* lord of the world, ep. of Brahman or Siva; lord of the people, king; *-patha, m.* general or usual way; *-padhati, f. id.*; *-pālā, m.* world-guardian of whom from Manu onwards four or eight are assumed according as four or eight quarters are counted; exceptionally five; guardian of the people, king; *-pitāmaha, m.* great forefather of mankind, ep. of Brahman; *-punya, N.* of a locality; *-pragta, pp.* universally honoured; *-pravāda, m.* common report, popular or

current saying; -**prasiddha**, *pp.* generally known; -**prasiddhi**, *f.* general prevalence; *in.* according to prevailing usage; -**bhartri**, *m.* supporter of the people; -**mahe-vara**, *m.* great lord of the world, *cp.* of Krishna, -**mātri**, *f.* mother of the world, *cp.* of Gauri

लोकप्रिय lokam-prina, *a.* filling the world, all-pervading; *ā, f. N.* of the ordinary bricks used in building the fire-altar consecrated with the verse beginning lokam prina.

लोकधात्रा loka-yātrā, *f.* worldly affairs, every-day life; daily bread, maintenance; -**raksha**, *m.* protector of the people, king; -**raṅgana**, *n.* pleasing the world; -**rava**, *m.* popular talk; -**lokaṇa**, *n.* eye of the world, sun; *pl.* eyes of men; -**vaṅaṇa**, *n.* popular talk or rumour; -**vat**, *ad.* as in ordinary life; -**vartana**, *n.* means by which the world exists; -**vāda**, *m.* talk of the world, public rumour; -**vārtā**, *f.* public rumour; -**vikrushi**, *pp.* publicly derided; offensive to the world; -**viṣṭā**, *pp.* generally known; -**vidvisha**, *pp.* universally disliked; -**vidhi**, *m.* creator of the world, order of things prevailing in the world; -**virudha**, *pp.* notoriously contradictory; -**virodha**, *m.* opposition to popular opinion; -**viruta**, *pp.* generally known; -**viṣṭa**, *m.* general prevalence; -**vritha**, *pp.* n. general custom, ways prevailing among the people; -**vyvānta**, *m.* ways of the world; -**vyavahāra**, *m.* *id.*; ordinary designation; -**vruti**, *f.* world wide notoriety; -**samvyavahāra**, *m.* business transactions with men; -**samkshaya**, *m.* destruction of the world; -**samgraha**, *n.* experience gained through intercourse with the world, gaining influence over men, propitiation of mankind; aggregate of the worlds, -**samgrahin**, *a.* propitiating men; -**sampanna**, *pp.* experienced in life; -**sakshika**, *a.* witnessed by the world; -**am**, *ad.* before witnesses; -**sakshin**, *m.* witness of the world.

लोकसाक्ष loka-sāt-kri, *make common property of*; -**sādhana**, *a.* creating worlds; -**sādhārana**, *a.* common topic; -**siddha**, *pp.* current in the world, usual; -**sima ativartin**, *a.* passing the bounds of the usual, unusual, supernatural; -**sundara**, *a.* i) generally accounted beautiful; -**stha**, *n.* case of ordinary life; -**sthit**, *i.* subsistence of the world; universal law; -**hāya**, *a.* universally derided; -**tā**, *f.* universal derision; -**hita**, *n.* welfare of the world

लोकाचार loka ākara, *m.* ways of the world, general custom; -**ātman**, *m.* soul of the world; -**ādī**, *m.* beginning; -**creator** of the world; -**sādhāra**, *a.* supported by or dependent on the people; -**adhira**, *m.* lord of the world, god; -**anugraha**, *m.* welfare of the world or people; -**anuraga**, *m.* love of mankind, universal love; -**anuvritta**, *m.* obedience of the people; -**anuvritti**, *f.* dependence on other people; -**antara**, *n.* the other world; -**m gam** or **yā**, *go* to the other world, *de*; -**sukha**, *n.* felicity in the next world; -**antarika**, *a.* i) dwelling or situated between the worlds; -**anterita**, *pp.* deceased; -**apavāda**, *m.* censure of the world, public reproach; -**abhyudaya**, *m.* welfare of the world; -**āyata**, *pp.* restricted to the material world, materialistic; *m.* materialist; *n.* materialism, doctrine of Kāvaka; -**i-ka**, *m.* materialist; *m.* man of the world, *i-kri*, regard as materialistic; -**aloka**, *n.* *cp.* *ad.* *m.* *id.* the world and the non-world, *m.* *N.* of the mythical mountainous hill light on the one side and dark on the other, which separates the visible world from the world of darkness; -**ālokin**, *a.* surveying the worlds; -**avekshana**, *n.* care of the people

लोकेश loka-isa, *m.* lord of the world; -**isvara**, *m.* *id.*; -**eshaṇā**, *f.* desire of heaven; -**ukti**, *f.* common talk; popular saying, proverb; -**uttara**, *a.* going beyond the common, unusual, extraordinary; *m.* extraordinary man.

लोक lok-ya, *a.* bestowing worlds or freedom; pervading the world, customary, lawful, correct, real; usual, every-day.

लोग log-ā, *m.* [*√* log] clod of earth (1.)

लोच LOK, I. *ā.* -**loka** [*der.* of *√* rudh]. *cp.* P. -**loṭaya**. *ā.* consider, ponder; *cp.* cause to see, consider, reflect, ponder; *pp.* **āloṭita**, *gi* **āloka**. *anu* *ā.* *cp.* consider, reflect, **pari** *ā.* *cp.* *id.* **sam** *ā.* *cp.* *id.* **nis**. *cp.* *gi* **nirloṭaya**, considering, reflecting.

लोचक lok-aka, *m.* pupil of the eye

लोचन lok-ana, *a.* illuminating, *n.* eye; -**goṭara**, *a.* being within range of sight; -**traya-patha**, *m.* range of Siva's three eyes; -**patha**, *m.* sphere of vision; -**parusha**, *a.* gazing fiercely; -**pāta**, *m.* glance; -**maya**, *a.* i) consisting of eyes; -**ākala**, *m.* corner of the eye; -**āpāta**, *m.* glance; -**uddhāraka**, *N.* of a village; -**utana**, *N.* of a locality

लोह loh, (personal terminations of) the imperative

लोहिका lohikā, *f. N.* of a princess

लोहन loh-ana, *m.* *N.*; *n.* wagging of the

लोडन loh-ana, *a.* molestation [head]

लोध्र lodhra, *m.* (= rodhra) a tree (*Symplocos racemosa* -**prasava-ra/ra**, *n.* pollen of *Lodhra* blossoms

लोप lop-n, *m.* omission, dropping, elision of a letter or suffix; loss, lack, failure, interruption, disappearance of, *q.* only; -**ā**, deprivation; transgression, violation; -**ana**, *a.* violation (of a law); -**am**, *abs.* robbing, plundering (*acc.*)

लोपाक lop-aka, *m.* [plunderer *√* lup] *kind* of jackal (*rare*)

लोपामुद्रा lopa-mudra, *f. N.* of Agastya's wife.

लोपाश lop-āś, *m.* jackal, fox, or similar animal *V.* very rare; -**i-kā**, *f.* very rare female jackal; fox

लोपिन् lop-in, *a.* injuring, diminishing; subject to elision; -**tri**, *m.* injurer; -**tra**, *n.* stolen property, booty; -**ya**, *fp.* to be omitted or dropped *gr.*

लोभ lobh-a, *m.* [*√* lobh] desire of, longing for *q.* *le*; -**ā**, impatience (*rare*); greed, cupidity, avarice; -**ana**, *n.* allurements, enticement; -**aniya**, *fp.* alluring, attractive, charming, by or to

लोभमञ्जरी lobha-mañjari, *f.* nickname of a courtesan; -**mohita**, *pp.* infatuated by cupidity; -**viraha**, *m.* freedom from greed; -**ākāsha**, *pp.* allured by cupidity.

लोभिन् lobh-in, *a.* greedy of (1.); covetous, avaricious; alluring, charming (2.)

लोभोपहतचेतस् lobhupahata-chetas, *a.* having a mind perverted by greed.

लोमक loma-ka, *°* of a few *cpds* = loman; -**ka**, *m.* louse; -**kūpa**, *m.* (hair-put), pore of the skin; -**garta**, *m.* *id.* (1.)

लोमन् lō-man, *n.* [later form of roman] hair of the body of men and animals, *only*, excluding hair of the head, beard, mane, or tail.

लोमश् loma-śā, *a.* hairy, woolly, shaggy.

लोमहर्ष loma-harsha, *m.* bristling of the hair, horripilation; -**harshaṇa**, *a.* causing a thrill (of joy or horror)

लोह lola, *a.* [*√* lul] moving to and fro, rolling, waving, tremulous, agitated, restless, unsteady, fickle, inconstant; longing, eager for, desirous of, *le*, *inf.* (1.); *ā, f.* lightning, fickle goddess of fortune.

लोहकरी lola-karī, *a.* (i) eager-eared, listening to every one; -**lakshya**, *a.* gazing wantonly upon (*le*); -**tā**, *f.* eagerness for (*le*); wantonness; -**tva**, *n.* restlessness, unsteadiness, wantonness; -**lola**, *a.* ever restless; -**akshika**, -**akshi**, *f.* woman with restless eyes; -**apānga**, *a.* having tremulous corners (eyes)

लोभुष lo-luṣa, *intr.* *a.* desirous, longing for, greedy of, *le*; -**ā**, *f.* eagerness, ardent longing for, *le*; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* eagerness, greed of (1.)

लोभुष lo-luṣa, *intr.* *a.* ardently longing for, eagerly desirous of (2.)

लोहिलोहा lohishiloha, *a.* having restless eyes.

लोहोर lohora, *n.* *N.* of a town.

लोष्ट loṣh-tā, *m.* [*√* lug] lump of earth, clod, *n.* *N.* -**ka**, *m.* clod; -**grāhikā**, *f.* pellet of clay; -**ghāta**, *m.* blow with a clod; -**m**, *abs.* with hammer, kill with clods = stone to death; -**dhara**, *m.* *N.*; -**maya**, *a.* made of clay; -**vat**, *ad.* like a clod, as on a lump of clay

लोष्टा loṣhta-sa, *n.* *N.*

लोष्ट्र loṣh-tra, (*prob. incorr.*) = loṣhta

लोह loh-a, *a.* [*√* lobh = *√* 1. rudh] reddish (*rare*), made of copper (*Br*); iron (*N.*); *m.* *n.* reddish metal, copper (1); iron, metal (2); *m.* red gout; iron fish hook; object or vessel made of iron; -**kāra**, *m.* blacksmith; -**āra**, *n.* iron rust; -**ga**, *a.* made of iron; -**āṅgha**, *n.* *N.* of a Brahman; -**gāla**, *n.* iron net, coat of mail; -**daṇḍa**, *m.* rod of iron; -**nagara**, *n.* *N.* of a town; -**pāka**, *m.* iron chain; -**maya**, *a.* made of copper or iron

लोहर lohara, *N.* of a territory

लोहरवस lohara-vas, *n.* iron file or rust; -**vat**, *a.* having a reddish tinge; -**ānka**, *n.* a certain hill; -**āyana**, *n.* iron bed; -**sa-haṣa**, *n.* a thousand or pounds of iron; -**stha**, *a.* being in iron

लोहाज lohajga, *m.* red gout; -**āyana**, *n.* copper metal, copper

लोहित lohita [*later form* of lohita], *a.* *ā* *ā*; *ī* *ī*; *ini*; reddish, red; made of copper or metal (*V.*); *rare*; *a.* kind of gem not ruby, very rare; planet Mars; *n.* red substance (*V.*); *rare*; copper, metal (*AV*); blood and *mg*; -**m** *Kri*, shed blood (*V.*)

लोहितक lohita-ka, *a.* reddish, red; *m.* (1) ruby; -**kshaya**, *m.* loss of blood; -**tva**, *n.* redness; -**darśana**, *n.* (appearances) flow of blood; -**pāṇu**, *a.* having red earth; -**pātra**, *a.* holding a red vessel in the hand; -**maya**, *a.* blood-red; -**āksha**, *a.* (1) red eyed; -**āṅga**, *m.* red bodied, planet Mars

लोहिताय lohita-ya, *den.* grow red.

लोहितार्द्र lohita-ārdra, *a.* dripping with blood; -**avabhāsa**, *a.* reddish; -**aroka**, *m.* red Asoka

लोहितमन् lohita-man, *m.* redness

लोहितोद lohita-uda, *a.* having blood instead of water; *m.* a certain hill.

लोहिनी loh-ini, *f.* of lohita.

लोकायतिक laukāyat-ika, *m.* follower of Kārvaṁka, materialist.

लौकिक lauk-ika, *a.* (i) relating or belonging to or occurring in every-day life, common, usual, ordinary, current (*opp. Vedic or learned*); belonging to the world of (-); *m. pl.* ordinary people (*opp. scholars, adepts*); men of the world; people; *n.* affairs of the world, general custom: -*gñā*, *a.* knowing the ways of the world; -*tva*, *n.* usualness, ordinariness.

लौक्य lauk-yā, *a.* belonging to the world, mundane; common, ordinary.

लौटरथ lautka-ratha, *m. N.*

लोहाह laulāha, *N. of a locality.*

लोह lau-ya, *n.* restlessness; unsteadiness, fickleness, inconstancy; excessive passion, ardent longing, greediness, for (*loc.*, -); -*vāt*, *a.* greedy, avaricious.

लोह lauha, *a.* (i) made of copper or metal;

red; *n.* metal, iron: -*kāra*, *m.* blacksmith; -*śāstra*, *n.* treatise on metals; -*śāstra*, *m.* teacher of metallurgy; -*ayasa*, *a.* made of reddish metal or copper (*loha ayasa*).

लोहित lahit-ya, *m. pat. (fr. lohita)*, *N. of a river, Brahmaputra*; *n.* redness.

लप l-yu-p, *suffix ya of the indeclinable participle.*

लुट lyut, *the krit-suffix ana.*

व V.

व va, *pcl.* = **एव** eva, like (*very rare*).

वश vamsā, *m. V., C.*: cane, esp. bamboo; cross-beam; family-tree (*the knots of the bamboo representing generations*), stock, lineage, race, family: *C.*: reed-pipe, flute; assemblage of similar things (-); *a certain musical note*: pride, arrogance (*rare*).

वशकर vamsi-kara, *a.* perpetuating a race; *m.* continuer of a family; *N.*: -*karma-krit*, *m.* worker in bamboo, basket-maker; -*krit-ya*, *n.* function of a flute, flute-playing; -*krama āgata*, *pp.* come down by family succession, lineally descended, hereditary; -*krama āhita-gaurava*, *a.* highly esteemed by successive generations of the family; -*gop-tri*, *m.* preserver of the family; -*kintaka*, *m.* genealogist; -*kikhettri*, *m.* cutter off (-) last of a family; -*ya*, *a.* made of bamboo; born in or belonging to the family of, sprung from a - family (-); belonging to the same family: *with* prāktanāh = ancestors; -*dhara*, *a.* perpetuating a family, *m.* continuer of a family; *m.* descendant; -*nā/likā*, -*nā/ā*, *f.* pipe of bamboo; -*nātha*, *m.* chief of a race; -*pattra*, *n.* bamboo leaf; -*pota*, *m.* shoot of a cane and child of good family; -*bāhya*, *a.* repudiated by the family; -*brāhmaṇa*, *n.* list of ancient teachers; *T.*: -*bhāt*, *m.* perpetrator of a race; -*bhogya*, *fp.* to be enjoyed by successive generations, hereditary; -*maya*, *a.* (i) made of bamboo; -*rā/ya-dhara*, *a.* perpetuating race and dominion; -*lāna*, *pp.* deprived of one's family, alone in the world; -*vardhana*, *a.* increasing or perpetuating a race; *m.* son; -*vardhin*, *a. id.*; -*vi-vandha*, *pp.* unblemished or sound in the cane; of pure lineage; -*vistara*, *m.* complete genealogy; -*sthiti*, *f.* perpetuation of a family

वशागत vamsa āgata, *pp.* hereditary; -*agra*, *n.* tip of a bamboo cane; -*anukirtana*, *n.* enumeration of generations, genealogy; -*anukrama*, *m.* family succession, genealogy; -*anuga*, *a.* passing from one generation to the other.

वशी vamsi-*f.* flute: -*rava*, *m.* sound of the flute. [*of g.*]

वशीय vamsi-ya, *a.* belonging to the family

वंश vams-ya, *a.* connected with the main beam (*rare*); belonging to the family; sprung from the family of (-); *m.* member of the family; descendant; ancestor.

वंसग vamsa-ga, *m.* bull.

वक् 1. VAK, *V.* = वक् VAK in *vivakmi*.

वक् 2. VAK (=√vāk), roll; *only vāvkré (RV.)*.

वक्कल vākala, *m.* inner bark (*V.*).

वकार va-kāra, *m.* letter v.

वक्तव्य vaktavya (or yā), *fp.* to be said, spoken, uttered, stated, or declared (*w. g. or*

loc. of pres.); - spoken to or addressed (*w. ac. of object*); - blamed, reprehensible; responsible to, dependent on (*g.*, -); *vaktavyasya* vākāh, time to speak; *n.* blame, censure; -*tā*, *f.* censure; responsibility.

वक्ति vak-ti, *f.* speech (*very rare*).

वक्तुकांम vaktu-kāma, *a.* intending to speak.

वक्त्र vak-tri, *a.* speaking, uttering; *m.* speaker, proclaimer, of (*g.*, *V.*, *C.*; *ac.*, -), *C.*; eloquent man; teacher: -*tā*, *f.* eloquence.

वक्त्र vak-tra, *n.* mouth; face; muzzle, snout; -*khaḍa*, *m.* cloth covering the face (*of an elephant*); -*dvāra*, *n.* mouth; -*paśa*, *m.* (?) veil; -*ambuga*, *n.* lotus-face; -*indu*, *m.* moon-like face.

वक्त्र vāk-tva, *a.* to be said or uttered (*RV.*).

वक्र vak-rā, *a.* bent, curved, crooked; circuitous, tortuous; curly (*hair*); retrograde (*of the motion of planets*), ambiguous; deceitful, fraudulent, dishonest; adverse (*fortune*), *m.* planet Mars; -*gati*, *a.* having a tortuous course, winding; -*gāmin*, *a. id.*; -*tā*, *f.* crookedness; -*tanda*, *a.* crooked-mouthed; *m. ep. of Gaṇesa*; -*tva*, *n.* crookedness; ambiguity; deceitfulness; -*dhi*, *f.* deceitfulness, dishonesty; *a.* deceitful, dishonest; -*nāsa*, *a.* having a curved nose or beak; *m. N. of an owl*; -*pāda*, *a.* crooked-legged; -*pyra*, *n. N. of a town*; -*piṭa*, *pp.* leaping in curves; -*buddhi*, *a.* deceitful; -*bhaṇita*, *n.* ambiguous speech; -*bhāva*, *n.* crookedness; deceitfulness; -*vākya*, *n.* ambiguous speech; -*āṅga*, *n.* (i) crooked limb; -*āṅghri*, *m.* crooked foot; -*saṁgrāma*, *m.* (oblique-footed or tripping up-) fraudulent fight.

वक्रित vakri-ita, *den. pp.* curved, crooked, bent; retrograde (*planet*); -*ima* (?), *a.* curved; -*i-man*, *m.* crookedness; equivocation, ambiguity.

वक्रोक्त vakri-kṛi, *bend*; -*bhū*, become crooked or bent; grow adverse (*fortune*): *pp.* -*bhūta*, adverse.

वक्रितर vakra itara, *a.* reverse of curly, straight (*hair*); -*ukti*, *f.* indirect mode of expression; equivocal remark, pun.

वक्त्रोलक vakrolaka, *m. N. of a village*; *n. N. of a town.* [bubbling *RV.*].

वक्त्र vāk-va, *च* -n, *a.* rolling, rushing.

वक्ष VAKSH, *only pf.* vavaksha, grow strong (*RV.*); *ex.* vākshaya, *P.* grow strong (*RV.*); *ati*, excel, surpass (*RV.*).

वक्षय vāksh-ana, *a.* (i) strengthening, invigorating (*RV.*); *n.* invigoration (*RV.*); -*śūḥ*, *f.* (V.) [nourisher], belly; cavity (*of mountains or heaven*); bed (*of a river*); -*ātha*, *m.* invigoration, growth (*RV.*); (*vāksh*)-*asa*, *n. sg. & pl.* breast, chest.

वक्षःस्थल vakshaḥ-sthala, *n.*, *i. f.* region of the breast, chest.

वक्षि vak-shi, *2 sg. subj. aor. of √vāh.*

वक्षोज vaksho-ga, *m. du.* female breasts; -*mani*, *m.* breast-jewel; -*ruḥ*, *m.* female breast.

वक्ष्य vak-shya, *ft. base of √vāh & √vak* -*māna-tva*, *n.* subsequent mention (*abst. v. fr. ft. pl. ps. of √vak*). [(V.)]

वपु vag-uṁ, *m.* [√vāh] cull, cry, roar, sound

वघा vāghā, *f. an animal (RV.).*

वघा vāḥk-a, *m.* vagabond.

वङ्कटक vaṅka-taka, *m. N. of a mountain*

वङ्का vaṅk-ā, *f.* [√vaṅk] pommel.

वङ्काला vaṅkāla, *f. N. of a locality.*

वङ्कु vaṅk-ū, *a.* [√vaṅk] swerving, swaying (*RV.*).

वङ्गि vaṅk-ri (or i), *f.* [bent: √vaṅk] rib.

वङ्गण vaṅkṣana, *m.* groin.

वङ्ग vaṅga, *m.* Bengal (*proper*) *pl. its inhabitants*; *a tree (r. r.)*; -*ka*, *m.* a tree; -*lipi*, *f.* Bengal writing.

वच् VAK, III. P. *vivakti* (V.), II. P. *vakti* (C.), *say, speak, tell, announce, describe (2 ac. or ac. of thing and d., g. of pres.)*; name, call; reproach: *punar* -, answer; repeat; *prasaṁ* -, answer a question; *ps. uṣyate*, be said etc.; be called, be accounted (*am.*); be valid; resound: *yad uṣyate*, as the saying is: *pp. ukṭā*, said, spoken, stated, mentioned, taught; declared to be (*app. ac.*), meant, by (*in.*); addressed; called upon by (-); *n. impv. esp. in iti ukte*, *evam ukte*, this having been said; *cs. P.* *vākya*, cause to say, speak, recite, or pronounce (*sometimes* *cs. svasti, benediction etc.*); (*cause anything written to speak*), read; promise; *des. vivaksha*, *P.* (A.) wish to say, recite, or declare; *ps.* be meant: *pp. vivakṣhita*, intended to be said etc.; meant, intended; favourite. *ati*, reproach; blame or praise excessively. *adhi*, speak for, bestow blessings on (*d.*). *anu*, recite (*verses etc.*); repeat for the benefit of (*d., g.*); teach, impart; *Ā.* repeat after one's teacher, learn, study; *pp.* studied, learned, heard; *cs. cause to recite the ritual invitation for (d.; S.); cause to invite to (d.; S.); read. abhianu*, say with regard to or about (2 ac; *Br.*); *pp.* said with reference to (*ac.*). *abhi*, say (*ac.*) to (*ac.*); declare (*ac.*) to be (*ac.*). *nis*, state expressly; express clearly (*question*); explain; derive from (*ab.*); expel with words (*V.*). *ps. nirukta*, expressed, clearly pronounced; in which the deity is expressly mentioned (*rare*); expressly stated or prescribed. *pra*, proclaim, announce, describe,

mention, to (d. g.); tell of, betray; propound; praise; speak, say, to (2 ac.); declare to be, call (2 ac.); *pp.* **prokta**, proclaimed, taught, mentioned; said, spoken; told something (ac.); declared to be, called, accounted, so-called. **prati-pra**, answer. **sam-pra**, declare or state fully. **prati**, point out (A.; RV.); answer, reply, say in reply to (2 ac.); refute. *pp.* answered; ex. read out. **vi**, tell forth; make clear, explain, solve a question; decide (in explaining *vivaka*); impugn. **sam**, announce; speak, say, to (ac ± prati).

वचःक्रम vakah-krama, *m. pl.* various discourses.

वचन vak-anā, *a.* eloquent (RV.); -°, expressing, meaning (*-tā*, *f.* abel. s.); pronounced by (in, -°); *n.* act of speaking; pronunciation; utterance, declaration, expression; statement that something is (-°); speech, word; injunction of a teacher, rule (gr.); command, direction; advice; voice, note; grammatical number; -*m kri*, do any one's bidding, follow the advice of g.; *e sthā*, *id.*; **vakānena** (rare) or **vakānāt**, in the name of (g., -°); *iti vakānāt*, because it is so stated.

वचनकर vakana-kara, *a.* doing the bidding of (g.); obedient; -**kārin**, *a.* id.; -**krama**, *m.* course of speech, discourse; -**paṭu**, *a.* skilled in speech, eloquent; -**raśanā**, *f.* adroitness of speech, eloquence; -**sahāya**, *m.* companion to converse with.

वचनीय vak-anīya, *fp.* to be said or spoken; that may be uttered; to be called; censurable, *n.* blame, reproach. -**tā**, *f.* liability to censure.

वचस् vak-as, *n.* speech; word; injunction, command; counsel; language; song of birds; -*kri*, follow the advice of (g.), **vaś-asā mama**, on my advice.

वचस्त्रि vakas-tri, *a.* eloquent.

वचा vak-ā, *f.* a much used aromatic root.

वचोहर vakohara, *m.* messenger, envoy.

[**वज** **VAG**, be hard or strong]

वज्र vāj-ya, *m. n.* [mighty], thunderbolt, *esp.* Indra's (sth. also of other gods, also applied to mythical weapons, destructive spells etc.); adamant, diamond, *only n.*, *m.* kind of military array; *N.*; -**kāraṇa**, *m.* *ep.* of Indra; -**kīśa**, *m.* kind of insect (supposed to perforate wood and stone); -**kīla**, *m.* thunderbolt; -**ya**, *den.* P. resemble a thunderbolt; -**kuśa**, *n.* of a mythical town; -**ghoṣa**, *a.* roaring like the thunderbolt; -**ghaṇa**, *m.* (flash of the thunderbolt); lightning; -**tanu**, *a.* having a beak as hard as adamant; -**daśaṁhtra**, *a.* having fangs as hard as adamant; *m.* *N.* of a prince of the fairies; *N.* of a lion; -**datta**, *m.* *N.*; -**dhara**, *a.* wielding the thunderbolt; *m.* *ep.* of Indra; *N.* of a king; -**nābha**, *a.* having a nave of adamant; *m.* *N.* of various kings; -**paigara**, *m.* cage of adamant = secure refuge for, protector of (g., -°); *N.* of a *Dānava*; -**paṇi**, *a.* holding the thunderbolt in his hand; *m.* *ep.* of Indra; -**pāta**, *m.* fall of the thunderbolt, thunder-clap, stroke of lightning; *a.* descending like a thunderbolt; -**prabha**, *m.* *N.* of a fairy, (*vāgra*)-**bāhu**, *a.* holding the thunderbolt in his hand (RV.); -**bhūti**, *a.* bearing the thunderbolt; *m.* *ep.* of Indra; -**mani**, *m.* adamant gem, diamond; -**maya**, *a.* *ti* adamantine, hard as diamond; -**mukha**, *m.* *N.*; -**muṣhā**, *a.* holding the thunderbolt in his hand; *m.* *ep.* of Indra; *N.* of two warriors; -**rātra**, *n.* *N.* of a town; -**lepa**, *m.* diamond cement; -**lepāya**, *den.* A. adhere

like adamant cement; -**vriksha**, *m.* kind of tree (*Cactus Opuntia*); -**vega**, *m.* *N.* of a fairy; -**vyuha**, *m.* kind of military array; -**sāra**, *a.* hard as adamant; made of diamond; *m.* *n.* diamond; *m.* *N.*; -**maya**, *a.* hard as diamond, adamantine; -**sāri-ke**, made as hard as diamond; -**sūti**, *f.* diamond needle; **vaśra**-**baṣṭa**, *a.* holding the thunderbolt in his hand *only* of Indra.

वज्राकर vajra-ākara, *m.* mine of diamonds; -**ākṛti**, *a.* having the form of a thunderbolt; -**āditya**, *m.* *N.* of a king.

वज्राय vajrā-ya, *den.* A. become a thunderbolt.

वज्रायुध vajrāyudha, *a.* armed with the thunderbolt; *m.* *ep.* of Indra; *N.*

वज्रिन् vajr-in, *a.* having the thunderbolt; *m.* *ep.* of Indra.

वज्रिन्स vajr-in-s, *ec.* = *vajrin* (RV.).

वज्रीभूत vajrībhūta, *pp.* become a thunderbolt.

वज्रीन्द्र vajrīndra, *m.* *N.*

वञ्च VAṆK, I P **vañka**, totter, stagger, waver, go crookedly (I°); go to, arrive at (ac., C., very rare); *ps.* **vañyate** I, rock, roll, speed of horses; *cs.* **vañkaya**, P. A. escape from, elude, avoid (ac.); deceive, cheat, defraud, of (in, ab.); *ps.* **vañyate**, be deceived or cheated; *pp.* **vañkita**, escaped, deceived, defrauded, of (in, ab.); *cs.* *pp.* **vañkita**, deceived, cheated.

वञ्चक vañk-aka, *n.* deceitful, fraudulent; *m.* cheat, rogue, jackal.

वञ्चन vañk-ana, *n.* *ā*, *f.* cheating, fraud, deception, delusion, waste of time; -**tā**, *f.* deceitfulness; -**ā**, *paṇḍita*, *a.* clever at cheating; -**tva**, *n.* abel. s.

वञ्चनीय vañk-anīya, *fp.* to be eluded, deceived; -**ayitavya**, *fp.* to be deceived, *n.* *imp.* **kīṃ vañkayitavyam asti**, should one deceive (I°, -ita, *cs.* *pp.* (√vañk) deceived, etc.; *ā*, *f.* kind of riddle.

वञ्जुल vañjula, *m.* *N.* of various plants.

वट vāt, a sacrificial exclamation (YV. rare).

वट vata, *m.* Indian fig-tree (*Ficus indica*), cowrie (rare), pawn in chess (rare); *ā*, *f.* globe, pill (rare).

वटारक vatāra-ka, *m.* (?) *ā*, *f.* cord (rare); -**maya**, *a.* made of cord, noose.

वटिका vatikā, *f.* kind of perforated rice cake.

वटेश्वर vatāśvara, *m.* *N.* of a *Loṇga*.

वटु vattu, *m.* *N.* -**deva**, *m.* *N.*

वटुर vathura, *a.* stupid; *m.* blockhead; wretched fellow.

वटवā vāḍabā, *f.* mare; *Vivastat's* wife, who in the form of a mare became the mother of the *Asvins*, female slave (rare), prostitute (rare); *N.*; -**agni**, *m.* submarine fire, supposed to be situated at the south pole; -**anala**, *m.* *id.*; -**bhātri**, *m.* the mythical steed *Ukhaśravas*; -**mukha**, *n.* mare's mouth = entrance of hell at the south pole; *ā* ± *agni*, *m.* the submarine fire, -**vakra**, *n.* = *mukha*, -**hutaḥḥug**, *m.* *agni*; -**hrita**, *pp.* *m.* kind of slave.

वटवā vadhavā, *f.* later spelling of *vāḍabā*.

वटिश vadiśa, *n.* fish-hook (less corr. than *baṭha*).

वटौसक vadausaka, *N.* of a locality.

वणिक्कटक vanik-kakka, *m.* trading caravan; -**karma**, *n.* business of a merchant, trade; -**tva**, *n.* position of a merchant; -**paṭha**, *m.* pursuits of a merchant, trade; merchant's shop; merchant; *Libra*, sign of the zodiac; -**putra**, *m.* merchant's son; -**putraśa**, *m.* merchant; -**sārtha**, *m.* trading caravan; -**suta**, *m.* merchant's son; -**sutā**, *f.* merchant's daughter; -**sānu**, *m.* merchant's son.

वणिग्राम vaṇig-grāma, *m.* merchants' guild; -**gana**, *m.* merchant, call, merchants; -**vithi**, *f.* market street, bazaar; -**vritti**, *f.* *pl.* trade, bargaining.

वणिग् vanig, *m.* merchant, trader; *Libra* (sign of the zodiac); *f.* trade (rare).

वणिग् vanig-va, *n.* (2), *ā*, *f.* trade, traffic.

वण्ट VANT, partition, share, *only ps.* **vaṇṭyate**.

वण्ट vanta, *a.* tailless (very rare).

वण्टन vant-ana, *n.* partition (of property).

वण्ट vantha, *m.* servant (very rare).

वत् VAT, I P **-vata** (RV.) *api*, understand, *cs.* **-vātaya**, P. cause to understand, awaken, arouse, inspire any one (d. with *derivation*, ac).

वत् vat, I, *ad.* suffer meaning like, as (the preceding noun having the sense of any case); *ā*, a suffix meaning having, possessing.

वतस vata-s, *m.* chaplet, ring-shaped ornament.

वतु vatu **वतु vati**, *g.* hush (very rare).

वत्कार vat-kāra, *m.* suffix *vat*.

वत्स vats-ā, *m.* [vattu]-s, *n.* yearling; call young of an animal, child; *see often as a term of endearment* = my dear, year (only in *tu vatsa*, *N.*; *N.* of a country; *pl.* its inhabitants).

वत्सक vatsa-ka, *m.* little calf; -**tanti**, -**tantri**, *f.* long rope for tying calves to by means of shorter ones; -**tara**, *m.* *ā*, *f.* swain call or young of an animal, young bull or heifer; -**pāti**, *m.* king of the *Vatsum* (*Udayana*); -**pāla**; -**ka**, *m.* keeper of calves; -**priya**, *n.* hymn composed by *Vatsapri*, RV. I, 18, 68; -**bhumi**, *f.* country of the *Vat-sas*.

वत्सर vatsa-rā, *m.* fifth (sixth) year in the cycle of five (six) years; year (ord. mg. also personally) (eg. & *pl.*).

वत्सराज vatsa-raja, *m.* king of the *Vatsum*; *N.*; -**rāya**, *n.* sovereignty of the *Vatsum*; -**rūpa**, *n.* small calf.

वत्सल vatsa-lā, *a.* attached to her calf (con); loving, fond, tender, affectionate, towards (g., *te*, *prati*); devoted to (g.); tender sentiment in a poem; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* fondness, tenderness towards (g.), delight in (g., -°).

वत्सलय vatsala-ya, *den.* P. make any one (a) tender or fond.

वत्सा vatsā, *f.* female calf; little girl (as a term of endearment, my dear).

वत्सिक vats-i-ka, *f.* female calf, heifer; -**in**, *a.* having a calf; -**i-ma**, *m.* childhood, early youth; -**iya**, *a.* watching the calves; -**bālaka**, *m.* boy watching calves.

वत्सिग vatsa-si, *m.* king of the *Vatsum*; -**svara**, *m.* *id.*.

वत्स्य vat-sya, *ful* base of √*vas*, dwell.

वद् VAD, I. *vāda*, 1. P. speak, utter, say, that (yad or 2 ac.), whether (yadi), to any one (ac. ± abhi, g.); say *sth.* to any one (2 ac.); tell, announce, communicate, report, speak of (ac., w. g., lc. of person spoken to); proclaim, betray, indicate, bespeak; lay down, assume; declare to be, call (2 ac., or ac. d. sm. + iti); raise the voice (± vākam), utter a cry, sing (of birds), sound; 2. A. say, speak, to (ac.); speak of, tell, communicate, name, confer about (lc.); lay claim to (lc.); *Br.* j. pp. *udīta*, said, spoken, stated, with regard to (prati); addressed, accosted; communicated, imparted; proclaimed, prescribed; indicated; *cs.* *vādāya*, P. (A. metr.) cause to speak or say; cause to sound, strike, play a musical instrument (ac., rarely lc.); *ba-hu* -, make much fuss about oneself; pp. *vādita*, induced to speak; played (instrument); *des.* P. *vivādiṣa*, intend to say or speak; *int.* *vāvādiṭi*, *vāvādyāte*, speak or sound aloud (I.). *akṣha*, invite (I.). *ati*, talk louder or better, talk down. *anu*, P. repeat after any one, imitate (voice, sound); accompany with words (RV.); reiterate (in collaboration). *apa*, P. speak ill of, abuse (ac., g.); entertain (ac.) with talk; except; contradict; A. depreciate, abuse; *cs.* abuse, censure, disapprove of; except. *abhi*, address, salute; say with regard to, mention, refer to, signify; express; declare to be, call (2 ac.); *cs.* P. A. accost, salute (often without an object); A. greet respectfully (d); P. cause to sound, play (an instrument). *prati* *abhi*, P. return a salute; *cs.* A. id. *ava*, run down, depreciate (*Br.*); instruct. A. (I.), address; announce. *upa*, P. talk ill of, decry, abuse; address; ask; beg; *cs.* I. cause to sound. *pari*, P. censure, blame. *pra*, P. (A.) speak out, utter, talk, declare, proclaim; raise the voice (birds and animals), rush (water); assert, affirm; pronounce to be, call (2 ac.); offer for sale (in. of price); *cs.* cause to sound, play (an instrument). *anu*-*pra*, repeat after any one. *prati*, P. speak to (ac. I.); say in reply, answer any one (ac.); repeat; *int.* *pr.* *pr.* *vāvadat*, contradicting (*Br.*). *vi*, P. contradict anything (ac. I.); P. A. dispute, wrangle with anyone (in) about (lc.); be at variance, conflict; *cs.* P. open a case (in a court of law). *sam*, P. (metr.), A. speak together, converse with (m.); confer about (lc.); P. A. agree, consent, to (ac.); combine to form sense (of room-marks; *Pr.*); A. say to (ac.); declare to be, call (2 ac.). pp. *samudīta*, generally accepted, customary, addressed; *cs.* P. agree about anything, be unanimous; state consistently, describe accurately; call on any one to speak (r. r.); cause to sound, play upon (an instrument) *prati*-*sam*, A. express oneself satisfied with anyone (ac.; *Br.*). *vi*-*sam*, P. break an agreement; make objections, contradict; *cs.* pp. not generally approved, objectionable.

वद् vad-u, a. speaking, m. speaker (-°).

वदन vad-ana, n. speaking, talking; month; face; front, point (*var.*) -in *tri*, make a face (= grimace) -*panka*, n. u. lotus-face; -*pav-ana*, m. breath; -*mārta*, n. dī.

वदनीभू vadani-bhū, turn into a face.

वदनीदर vadana-udara, n. jaws.

वदान्य [va]-dān-ya, a. liberal, generous; m. liberal man. -*tā*, f. liberality.

वदि vadi, -° in dates, in the dark fortnight (of the month -).

वदितव्य vad-itavya, *fp.* to be spoken or said; -*i*-tri, m. speaker of (g.); a. speaking about (ac.).

वदिवस vaddivāsa, N. of a locality. [(°).

वद्य vad-ya, n. speech, discourse concerning

वध VADH, I. P. *vadha* (*pr.* base I., very rare; *aor.* V., C., common; *ft.* C.; the initial of this root is sta. b even in I. *trts.*), smite, slay, kill, defeat, destroy; *ps.* *vadhyate* (C.); *cs.* *vadhaya*, P. slay, kill; *des.* *bibatsa*, A. (belongs rather to *vādha*). *apa* (I.), hew (wood); drive away, from (ab). *ni*, hurl (thunderbolt) on (lc.; RV.); strike down, kill. *pra*, defeat (an enemy).

वध vadh-ā, m. vanquisher, slayer (I.); deadly weapon, *esp.* *Indra's* bolt (I.); slaying, slaughter, murder, destruction (of or by, -°); capital or (more commonly) corporal punishment (in law-books); annihilation (of things); prevention (rare); -*ka*, m. murderer; executioner; -*karma* *adhikārin*, m. executioner; -*kāma*, a. desirous of killing; -*kāmyā*, f. intention of striking or killing; -*giri*, a. living by the killing of animals, butcher; hunter.

वधश्च vādha-tra, 1. n. deadly weapon (RI.); 2. ā, a. protecting from injury. [ment.]

वधदण्ड vadhā-danda, m. corporal punishment.

वधना vadh-ānā, f. deadly weapon (RV.).

वधनियह vadhā-nigraha, m. capital punishment; -*bhūmi*, f. place of execution.

वधर vadh-ur, n. missile, bolt, *esp.* of *Indra* (RI.).

वधर्य vadhār-ya, *den.* only *pr.* *pr.* *vadhar-yānti*, hurling the bolt = lightning cloud (RI.).

वधस् vādha-as, n. = vādha-ur (RI.).

वधस्त vadhās-nā (only in. pl.), *Indra's* bolt (RI.).

वधीम vādhi-im, 1st *sg.* *aor.* of *vadhi* (RV.).

वधु vadh-u, f. woman (rare).

वधु vadh-ū, f. [*v* vadh = *v* vah: (to be) taken home], bride, young married woman, wife; woman; female of an animal; daughter-in-law, wife of a younger relative.

वधुजग vadhī-gana, m. women-folk; -*śikā*, f. young woman (rare); -*śi*, f. id.; -*tva*, n. condition of a bride.

वधुमत् vadhū-mat, a. drawn hymenes (RI.).

वधुयु vadhū-yū, a. desiring women, wooing (RI.); -*vara*, n. *sg.* bride and bridegroom, newly-married couple; -*vastra*, n. bride's garment. [punishment.]

वधोपाय vadhā upāya, m. means of corporal

वध्य vadh-ya, *fp.* to be slain or killed; deserving or liable to be killed; sentenced to death; to be chastised or corporally punished; to be destroyed; -*tā*, f. penalty of death or corporal punishment; -*paśa*, m. drum beaten at executions; -*bhū*, f. place of execution; -*bhūmi*, f. id.; -*mālā*, f. garland placed on the head of one sentenced to death; -*śikā*, f. stone used for executing or slaughtering; block; -*śikāna*, n. place of execution; -*śra*, f. = -*mālā*.

वध्या vadh-yā, f. (-°) slaughter, murder.

वध्र vadh-ra, m., i. f. leather thong or strap.

वध्रि vadh-ri, a. castrated, emasculate (I.).

वध्रिका vadh-rikā, f. thong, strap.

वध्रिमती vadhri-mat-ī, f. a. having an impotent husband (RV.).

वन् VAN, V. I. *vāna*, VI. *vanā*, VIII. *vanō*, *vannu*, like, love; wish, desire; gain, procure; conquer, win; possess; prepare; -for; assist (d.); pp. *vanita* (C.), q. r. and -*vāta* (V.); *cs.* -*vānāya*, P.

वन् van (= vana, wood), only lc. *vamsa* and g. pl. *vanām* (RV. rare).

वन vān-a, n. tree (V.); forest (I., C.); thicket (of reeds), cluster, group (of lotuses), quantity (C.); wood (RI.); (wooden) trough for *Soma* (RV.); (trough of the sky), cloud (I.); water (C., rare); abode (I., very rare).

वनकपि vana-kapi, m. wild monkey; -*kar-in*, m. wild elephant; -*kāma*, a. fond of living in the forest; -*kāśa*/*kikā*, f. dry twig lying in the forest; -*kuṅṅara*, m. wild elephant; -*kuṣuma*, n. flower of the forest; -*khaṇḍa*, n. group of trees, copse; -*ga*, m. wild elephant; -*madā*, m. temple-juice of forest elephants; -*gahana*, n. thicket; -*grūma*, n. forest or wild shrub; -*gokara*, a. dwelling in the forest; m. denizen of the forest of men or animals; -*grāma*-*ka*, m. forest hamlet, wretched little forest village; -*grāhin*, a. searching the forest; -*kara*, a. roaming in or haunting the forest; m. forest-dweller (of men or animals); -*karyā*, f. roaming about in or residence in the forest; -*kārin*, a., m. = *kara*; -*kṣhīd*, m. wood-cutter; -*ga*, a. horn of the forest, sylvan, m. forester; n. (produced in the water), blue lotus; -*akṣha*, a. (ā) lotus-eyed; -*yāta*, pp. produced or growing in the forest, wild; -*dāha*, m. forest fire; -*durga*, a. inaccessible owing to forest; n. place - *devatā*, f. sylvan goddess, dryad; -*druma*, m. forest tree; -*dvipa*, m. wild elephant; -*dhānya*, n. pl. grains of wild corn; -*dhārā*, f. avenue of trees.

वन्ना van-ānā, f. desire (RI.¹).

वन्नीय van-āniya, *fp.* desirable.

वनन्त vānan-vat, a. (I. V.) possessing; belonging to oneself, own

वनपन्नग vana-pannaga, m. forest snake; -*parvan*, n. Forest-section, T. of the third book of the *Mahābhārata*; -*pārva*, m. forest (side =) region; -*pushpa*-*māya*, a. made or consisting of wild flowers; -*pūrva*, m. N. of a village; -*prastha*, m. u. forest plateau, wooded table-land; N. of a locality; -*barb-ina*, m. wild peacock; -*tva*, n. state of a wild peacock; -*bīlāla*, m. wild cat; -*bhū*, -*bhūmi*, f. forest region; -*mātanga*, m. wild elephant; -*mānuṣhikā*, f. little forest woman; -*mānuṣhi*, f. female forester; -*mālā*, f. garland of wild flowers, *esp.* that worn by *Krishna*; -*mālin*, a. wearing a garland of forest flowers, *esp.* *ep.* of *Krishna*; -*maṇḍ*, a. showering water; -*mriga*, m. forest antelope; -*rā-gī*, f. line of trees, far-extending forest.

वनर्ग vānar-gū, a. roaming in the wood, forest, or wilds (I.).

वनलता vana-latā, f. forest-creeper; -*le-khā*, f. line of forest, far-extending forest; -*vahni*, m. forest fire; -*vāta*, m. forest wind; -*vāsa*, m. dwelling or residence in the forest; a. living in the forest; m. forest-dweller; -*vāsin*, a., m. id.; -*svan*, m. (wild dog), jackal.

वनस् vān-as, n. loveliness (RI.¹).

वनसद् vana-sād, a. sitting in the forest (Indra); -*samnivāsin*, m. forest-dweller; -*stha*, a. living in the forest; m. forest-dweller, hermit; -*sthalī*, f. forest region.

वनस्यति vānas-pāti, *m.* (lord of the wood), forest tree; tree; large forest tree bearing fruit apparently without blossoms (V.); trunk, beam, post, timber (V.); lord of plants, Soma plant (V., P.); sacrificial post (V., P.).

वनहरि vana-hari, *m.* lion (?); -*hantāsana*, *m.* forest conflagration.

वना van-ā, *f.* fire-stick (personified; RV.¹)

वनाग्नि vana-agni, *m.* forest-fire; -*ānana*, *n.* roaming about in the forest; -*adhivāsina*, *a.* dwelling in the forest; -*anta*, *m.* forest region, forest; -*bhū*, *f.* forest region; -*antara*, *n.* interior of a forest (*pl.* forests; *lc.* in forests of, -); *ab.* out of the forest; *lc.* in the forest; -*m* *pra-vi*, or *pra-āp*, enter or reach a forest; -*kara*, -*ārin*, *a.* roaming about in the forest; -*anta-sthali*, *f.* forest region; -*āginī*, *f.* lotus growing in the forest.

वनायु vanāyu, *m* *pl.* N. of a people -*ga*, -*deya*, *a.* w. hays, *m.* horse from the Vanayu country.

वनाली vana-ālī, *f.* = -*rāgi*; -*ārama*, *m.* abode in the forest, third stage in the religious life of a Brahman; -*āramin*, *m.* anchorite, Brahman in the third stage; -*āraya*, *a.* living in the forest, *m.* forest-dweller.

वनिका van-ikā, *f.* little wood (-^o) -*vāsa*, *m.* N. of a village.

वनिता van-itā, *pp.* (✓*van*) *f.* beloved, wife; girl; woman; female (of an animal or bird).

वनिता van-in, *a.* (RV.) desiring; bestowing.

वनिन् 2. vān-m, *m.* (belonging to the forest), tree (RV.); anchorite, Brahman in the third stage (V.).

वनिषु vanishthū, *m.* entail (V.).

वनी van-ī, *f.* forest, thicket.

वनीयक van-īya-ka, *m.* beggar, petitioner; -*gana*, *m* *ul.* [RV.]

वनीयस् vān-īyas, *ep.* *a.* obtaining more

वशु van-ū, *m.* assailant (RV.).

वशुष vanush-yā, *den.* P. assual (RV.).

वशुस् van-ūś, *a.* (RV.) eager, zealous; loving; eager to attack, assailing, *m.* assailant.

वनेचर vane-kara, *a.* (i) roaming about or dwelling in the forest; *m.* forest-dweller of men or animals. [forest.]

वनेकदेश vana-eka-desa, *m.* a spot in the

वनेदिश vana-uddesh, *m.* forest region, place in the wood; -*udbhava*, *a.* produced or existing in the forest, growing wild; -*upapla-va*, *m.* forest conflagration; -*upeta*, *pp.* having retired to the forest; -*urvi*, *f.* forest region

वनीकस् vana-okaś, *a.* dwelling in the forest; *m.* forest-dweller, anchorite; forest animal; bear; -*ogha*, *m.* mass of water; -*oshadhi*, *f.* forest or wild herb.

वन्द VAND, I. vanda, (P.) *Ā.* praise, extol (V.); greet respectfully, pay homage to, adore, worship; *cs.* vāndaya, P. greet respectfully, pay homage to. *anu*, show honour to. *abhi*, salute respectfully, pay homage to, show honour to (*acc.*). *pra*, begin to praise, praise aloud. RV. *prati*, respectfully acknowledge (*grac.*). *sam*, greet respectfully.

वन्दन 1. vānd-ana, *m.* N. of a protégé of the Asvins, *n.* praise (RV.); respectful salutation, obeisance, homage.

वन्दन 2. vānd-ana, *n.* parasitic plant (AI.¹); rash (attacking the limbs, also personified as a demon; RV.).

वन्दमाला vandana-mālā, *f.* festoon of welcome (suspended over gateways); -*ī-kā*, *f.* ul

वन्दनीय vand-āniya, *pp.* to be respectfully greeted, to be paid homage to, -*āra*, *a.* praising, extolling (V.); respectful, towards (V.); *n.* praise (RV.); -*itavya*, *pp.* to be praised; to be respectfully greeted, -*ī-tri*, *m.* praiser (V.); -*in*, *a.* adoring (-); -*vand-ya*, *pp.* laudable, praiseworthy; to be respectfully saluted; adorable, venerable. *ā*, *ī* N. of a Yuhā; (a'-tā, *f.* adorableness

वन्दुर vandhūra, *n.* driver's seat; seat of a chariot.

वन्ध vandhya, *a.* barren (female), unproductive plant; fruitless, useless; destitute of (in, -); -*tā*, *f.* fruitlessness, uselessness, lack of (*lc.*); -*tva*, *n.* fruitlessness, uselessness; -*phala*, *a.* fruitless, useless -*tva*, -ness.

वन्ध्या vandhyā, *f.* barren woman -*tva*, *n.* barrenness; -*anta*, *m.* son of a barren woman = an impossibility.

वन्ध vān-ya, *a.* produced, living or growing in the forest, *m.* wild animal, wild plant, *n.* forest-produce roots and fruit of wild plants; -*vrutti*, *a.* living on forest produce, -*ānana*, *a* *ul.*

वन्धितर vānva-tara, *a.* reverse of wild, tame *n.* *myasā*, *m.* dwellings the reverse of syl *va*, -*ibha*, *m.* wild elephant

वप 1. VAP, I. vāpa, shear, clip (*han*, heard; *Ā* cut one's hair etc., crop the ground) *pp.* *upta*, shorn, *cs.* vāpaya, cause to be shorn or clipped, *Ā* cause one's (hair etc.) to be shorn *pari*, shave or shear all round, *pra*, cut off hair.

वप 2. VAP, I. P. (Ā. *metr.*) vāpa, strew, scatter (*scd*); sow, bestrew, *p.* *upate*, be sown etc. *pp.* *upta*, scattered, sown, bestrewn, covered, with (*acc.*), *cs.* vāpaya, P. put in the ground, sow plant *adhi*, *Ā* put on (garments), RV. *apa*, disperse, drive away (V.). *abhi*, bestrew, cover, *ā*, scatter, throw, or put into, mingle with (*lc.*); insert, in (*lc.*), *Br.*, *N.* *ap* *opya*, *cs.* *admix*, add *sam-ā*, throw together, mingle, pour into (*lc.*) *ud* *f.* pour out, draw out; excavate, cast away, *cs.* cause to dig out, pour or take out. *upa* *f.* heap up; cover, bury *ni*, scatter, throw, or put down, on (*lc.*) *sam-ni*, put together (*frs.*), *Br.*, *nis*, P. *A* pour, draw, or take out; sprinkle or place in or on (*lc.*); deal out handfuls of grain from a heap for sacrificial purposes; set aside for, offer to (*d*, *g*); perform (a sacrifice), offer *ac* as a sacrifice, *cs.* sow; disseminate, set apart for the gods, *pp.* *vāpita* *anu-nis*, distribute afterwards (V.). *abhi-nis*, mingle with (*acc.*), *Br.*, *sam-nis*, portion out together (*Br.*) *pra*, scatter forth, scatter upon (*acc.*), cast on or in (*lc.*), bestrew, *prati*, insert, implant, fix in or on (*lc.*), inlay or stand with (*lc.*); *p.* *pratyupta*, fixed, implanted, *lc.* in (*lc.*); studded with *sam*, pour or put into (V.).

वपन vāp-ana, *n.* 1. shearing, shaving; 2 sowing, -*āniya*, *pp.* *n.* one should sow, -*ā*, *f.* 1. caul, omentum; fat (*comm.*), 2. mound, anthill (only - with *valmika*).

वपुःप्रकर्ष vapuḥ-prakarsha, *m.* excellence of form, personal beauty.

वपुर्धर vapur-dhara, *a.* endowed with beauty; embodied; -*mala-samālita*, *pp.* covered with dirt on her body.

वपुष vāpuḥ-a, *a.* very beautiful (RV.); *n.* marvellous beauty.

वपुश्चत vapuḥ-mat, *a.* having a beautiful form, handsome; embodied, incarnate; containing the word vapuḥ.

वपुस् vāp-us, *a.* wondrous, marvellously beautiful (RV.); *n.* marvel, wondrous beauty (V.); beautiful appearance, beauty; form, appearance; nature, essence (*rare*); body (*a.*, *f.* -*ush-ī*).

वपुःद्वार vapuḥ-dvāra, *n.* aperture for extracting the caul (S.).

वपुः vap-tavya, *pp.* to be sown; *n.* one should sow; 1. *vāp-tri* (or -*tri*), shearer; 2. *vāp-tri*, *m.* sower.

वपुःदेवी vappatu-devī, *f.* N. of a princess.

वपिय vappiya, *m.* N. of a king.

वप vap-ta, *m.* [heap thrown up; 1. 2. vap] mound, earthenwork, rampart, mud wall, high river-bank (*rare*), slope of a hill, declivity (*rare*) -*kriyā*, -*kriyā*, *f.* playful butting of an elephant or bull against a bank or mound, -*abhihāta*, *m.* butting (of a bull) against a bank or mound.

वपस् vāps-us, *n.* beautiful appearance (*comm.*), RV.

वम VAM, I. P. vāma, vomit, spit out, give or send forth, emit; eject (a word) = repeat (RV) *pp.* *vānta*, vomited, spit out, discharged (rain), given forth, having vomited, dropped (garland); *cs.* vāmaya, P. cause to vomit *ud*, vomit forth, spit out, send forth, emit, discharge; contrive, accomplish.

वमथु vam-athu, *m.* vomiting, water squirted from an elephant's trunk, -*ana*, *n.* vomiting; emission, emetic

वमि vam-ī, *f.* (also V) vomiting, nausea, -*itavya*, *pp.* to be vomited or spit out

वम vam-rā, *m.* 1, *f.* ant.

वयत vāy-ut, *pr.* *pl.* *√4.* vā.

वयम् vay-am, *nan.* *pl.* we.

वयस् vāy-us, 1. *n.* [perh. speeder; *√1.* vi; but *ep.* vi] bird, esp. small bird, 2. *n.* [enjoyment *√1.* vi] meal, food (V.); vigour, strength, bodily and mental health (V.), vigorous age, prime of life, youth, time of life, age (*ord.* meanings), 3. *n.* [√4. va] web (RV.).

वयसिन् vayas-in, *a.* = 2. vayas, age, -*ka*, *a.* *ul.*; -*krit*, *a.* giving strength, preserving youth.

वयस्य vayas-ya, *a.* being of (an =) the same age, *m.* contemporary, friend, often *a.* term of address *ā*, *f.* woman's female contemporary or friend, confidential attendant; -*ka*, *m.* contemporary, friend.

वयःसंधि vāyā-sandhi, *m.* (junction of age), puberty, -*sama*, *a.* equal in age, -*stha*, *a.* grown up, full grown; aged, *rare*, -*sthāna*, *n.* youthful vigour; -*sthāpana*, *a.* preserving the bloom of youth.

वया vāy-ā, *f.* 1. (V.) branch (also *fig.* of a family), 2. refreshment, invigoration (RV.).

वयी vay-ī, *f.* female weaver (RV.).

वयुय vay-ūna, n. (V.), [$\sqrt{1}$. vi] mark, aim; rule, order, custom; distinctness, clearness; (P.) knowledge: in. according to rule: -**vāt**, a clear, bright (RV.); -**āvid**, a. knowing the rule.

वयोगत vayo-gata, pp. (arrived at age), aged; n. advanced age, loss of youth: -**(ā)ti-ga**, a. advanced in age, aged; -**dhā**, a. (V.) bestowing health or strength; strong, vigorous; -**(ā)dhika**, a. superior in age, older; advanced in age; m. aged man; -**rūpa-samanvita**, pp. endowed with youth and beauty: -**(ā)vasthā**, f. stage or time of life; -**vivastha**, m. difference of age; -**vridhā**, pp. old in years, aged

वय्य vayyā, m. companion (RV.).

वर 1. **vāi-na**, a [select $\sqrt{2}$. vri] best, choicest, most excellent or beautiful, among (ab., y, le., -); better, more excellent, than (ab., rarely g.), among (ab., v. r.); n. **vār-am**, ad. specially, rather, better, than (ab., +ā; RV.); with *pr* or *inpr*. it is or were better that or if (the *ab.* being etc. omitted); with *pot.* it were more likely that; *predicatively* without a *rb.* is or are better, than (ab., m V. id. +ā), **varam-na**, na **ka**, na **tu**, na **punaḥ**, tad **api** na, or **tathāpi** na, (it is) better (that) or rather than (with *ab.* m *pr* or *pot.*); *predicatively* with ellipse of copula: - **sa** the best thing, and not - **is** better than (nm., very rarely in.); **varam-varam** na or na **ka** **khalu** **varam**, better-than (nm.).

वर 2. **vār-a**, m. [$\sqrt{2}$. vri] choice, wish; object to be chosen as a gift or reward, boon; privilege (rare); dowry (rare): -**m vi**, choose a boon: -**m pra-ār** or **yā**, express a wish; supplicate a blessing; -**m dā**, grant a boon or blessing; -**m pra-yam**, grant a wish; **vār-am ā** or **vārāya**, according to wish, to one's heart's content (RV.); **mad-varat**, in consequence of the boon granted by me.

वर 3. **vār-a**, m. [enclosing: $\sqrt{1}$. vri] circumference, space (V.); hindering, checking (RV.).

वर 4. **var-ā**, m. [chooser: $\sqrt{2}$. vri] suitor; lover, bridegroom, husband; son-in-law (C., rare).

वरक vara-ka, m. groomsmen; -**kirti**, m. N.

वरटा varatā, f. goose.

वरुण varu-ana, m. [protective: $\sqrt{1}$. vri] a tree (having medicinal and magical power; *Crataeva Borburghii*), 2. n. [$\sqrt{2}$. vri] choosing, wishing; wooing, -**mālā**, f. garland given by a girl to the man of her choice; -**sra**, j. id.

वरणीय var-aniya, fp. to be chosen.

वरपृष्ठ varuṇḍa-ka, m. small mound; m. part separating two combatant elephants.

वरतनु vara-tanu, a. (ū) having a beautiful form; f. beautiful woman; -**tantu**, m. N. of an ancient teacher. -**tā**, f. condition of being a blessing.

वरत्रा vara-trā, f. [that which fastens or secures: $\sqrt{1}$. vri] thigh strap.

वरद varu-da, a. conferring or granting boons: **ā**, f. N. of a river; -**dāna**, n. granting of a boon; -**nāri**, f. excellent woman; -**paksha**, m. party of the bridegroom; -**prada**, a. conferring or granting a boon; -**pradāna**, n. granting of a boon.

वरम् vāram, ad., v. **वर** 1. vara.

वरय var-aya, cs. base of $\sqrt{2}$. vri, choose; -**ay-i-tavya**, fp. to be chosen, out of (ab.).

वरयुवति vara-yuvati (or ī), f. beautiful maiden; -**yogyā**, fp. worthy of a boon; fit for a husband, marriageable; -**yoshit**, f. beautiful woman; -**ra**, a. granting boons; -**ruki**, a. fond of boons (Siva); m. N. of a poet, physician, grammarian, and lexicographer, etc. identified with *Kātyāyana*, and enumerated among the nine gems at the court of *Vikramāditya*; -**varana**, n. choice of a boon; choice of a bridegroom; -**varina**, m. (i) gold; -**varina**, a. having a beautiful complexion: -**i**, f. fair-faced, beautiful, or excellent woman; ep. of *Iurgā*; -**vrita**, pp. chosen as a boon.

वरस vār-as, n. breadth, expanse (RV.).

वरसुदरी vara-sundari, f. very beautiful woman; -**sura**, a. initiated in the arts of love; -**stri**, f. excellent or noble woman; -**sra**, f. bridegroom's garland (put round her neck by the girl who chooses him).

वराक var-āku, a. (i) [rejected: $\sqrt{1}$. vri] wretched, miserable, pitiable (mly. of living beings), vile (gold).

वराङ्ग varāṅga, n. (best part), head; pudendum muliebre; chief part; -**āṅgaṇā**, f. beautiful woman.

वराट varātu, m. small shell called cowrie (used as a coin): -**ka**, m. (i-kā, f.) cowrie; seed-vessel of the lotus.

वराडिराग varāḍi-rāga, m. a kind of rāga: **i-rāga**, m. id.

वराणसी varāṇasī, f. N. of a river.

वरातिसर्ग varātisarga, m. bestowal of a boon; -**āṇanā**, a. f. fair-faced.

वराति var-i-te, 3 sp. subj. may check (RV.).

वराय var-i-ya, den. represent a boon. only pp. **i-ta**, n. *inpr*.

वराह varāroha, a. having beautiful hips: -**arthin**, a. requesting a boon; -**arha**, a. highly honoured; very valuable; -**āsana**, n. splendid seat, throne.

वराह varāhā, m. 1. n. C. boar, hog; C. boar-incarnation of *Vishnu* (who raised the earth from the bottom of the sea with his tusks); boar-shaped military array; N. of a *Dātya*; N. -**datta**, m. N.; -**deva**, m. N.; -**mihira**, m. N. of an astronomer (sixth century A.D.); -**mūla**, n. N. of a locality with a statue of *Vishnu's* boar-incarnation. -**svāmin**, m. N. of a mythical king

वराङ्ग varāṅga, m. boar, hog (RV.).

वरिसन् var-i-man, n. [$\sqrt{1}$. vri] expanse, broad space, wide tract (V.); -**i-mān**, m. id. (V.).

वरिवस् var-i-vas, n. (V.) [$\sqrt{1}$. vri; ep. m-ā] expanse, space; freedom, ease: m. **xi**, **dā**, or **vid**, bring comfort or liberty to (d.), clear the path, to (d.).

वरिवस् varivas-yā, den. P. grant free space, vouchsafe (RV.); wait upon, cherish, tend (V.); -**māna**, pr. pt with *ps. m.* cherish.

वरिवस्त्रा varivas-yā, f. devotion, service, attendance.

वरिविधा varivo-dhā, a. bestowing freedom (RV.).

वरिष्ठ var-i-shtha, spr. 1. broadest, widest, most extensive (V.); 2. (mostly C.) most excellent, best, among (g., -), better than (ab., rare); chief = worst, of (g., rare); m. N.

वरीतृ vari-tri, m. [$\sqrt{2}$. vri] wooer (also used as future).

वरीयस् 1. **vār-iyas**, cpr. (V.) wider, broader, than (ab.); freer; n. ad. farther, - off; n. wider space, than (ab.); free space, freedom

वरीयस् 2. **vār-iyas**, cpr. better, more excellent; best, most excellent, of (g.).

वरुद varuḍa, m. a mixed caste.

वरुण var-una, m. [$\sqrt{1}$. vri] Encompasser of the world; N. of an *Āditya*, chief among the *Vedic* gods; he specially presides over the waters, the night, and the west; he is omniscient, punishes sin and is prayed to for forgiveness; he is also the sower of disease, often associated with *Mitra* and *Indra* (-**du**), in C. he is god of the waters or ocean, and regent of the west: -**grāhita**, pp. seized by *Varuna* = attacked by disease, esp. dropsy (V.); -**pāśa**, m. *Varuna's* noose or fetter (V.); -**puruṣa**, m. servant of *Varuna*; -**loka**, m. *Varuna's* world; *Varuna's* sphere, the waters; -**sarman**, m. N. of a mythical warrior. -**senā**, -**senikā**, f. N. of a princess; -**adri**, m. N. of a mountain.

वरुणाङ्गी varuṇ-āṅgi, f. *Varuna's* wife.

वरुणाश्रय varuṇa-āśya, m. *Varuna's* abode; ocean; -**āśvāsa**, m. id.

वरुण्य varuṇ-yā, a. belonging to or coming from *Varuna* (V.).

वरुण var-i-ū-tri, m. (V.) protector of (g.) (**vārū**)-tri, f. tutelary genius (V.).

वरुण var-i-ū-tha, n. [$\sqrt{1}$. vri] protection, shelter, secure abode (V.); n. (i) guard or fender of a chariot (C.); host, herd, swarm, multitude (P.).

वरुण्य varūth-in, a. wearing armour (V.) having a wooden fender (ear); protecting, sheltering, seated in a chariot; surrounded by a crowd or quantity of (-); m. war-chariot: -**i**, f. army. [V.]

वरुण्य varūth-yā, a. protecting, sheltering

वरिष्ठ var-i-ṣṭha, fp. [$\sqrt{2}$. vri] to be wished for, desirable; pre-eminent, most excellent chief, of (g.); -**kratu**, n. (V.) of excellent might or wisdom. [thigh]

वरोह varu-ru, a. (ū) having beautiful

वर्ग var-ga, m. [$\sqrt{1}$. vri] division, separate homogeneous collection, group, class, company, of (g., -); often pl. for *g.*; classified group of words, category; class of consonants in the alphabet (*gātrās*, *palatals*, etc.). section (in a book), subdivision of an *Adhyāya* in the RV. and the *Bṛhaddeśatā* with numerals, group or division consisting of (e.g. three = *dharma*, *kāma*, and *artha*).

वर्गीय var-gi-ya, a. belonging to the group, party, or category of (-); -**ya**, a. (-) id., m. class-fellow, colleague.

वर्चस् varḥ-as, n. V. vigour, energy, activity; illuminating power (of fire or sun); C. brilliance, lustre, light; colour; ordure.

वर्चस् varḥ-as-ā, n. (-) brilliance, lustre: colour: -**ka**, n. brilliance; ordure; -**ya**, a. conferring vigour; -**vin**, a. vigorous; m. energetic man.

वर्चिन् varḥ-in, m. N. of a demon combated by *Indra*

वर्ज var-ga, a. (-) free from, destitute of, excepting; -**ana**, n. avoidance, abandonment; neglect of, deviation from (g.); omission; exclusion; -**aniya**, fp. to be avoided; -**am**, ab. excluding, excepting, without; -**aya**, cs. $\sqrt{1}$. vri; -**ayitavya**, fp. to be avoided; -**ayitri**, m. avoider; -**ita**, pp. cs. ($\sqrt{1}$. vri)

destitute of (in.); -**in**, *a.* avoiding (-); -**ya**, *fp.* to be avoided; - given up; excepting (-).

वर्ण var-na, *m.* [covering, coating; $\sqrt{1}$. *vri*] cover, lid (*C*); *rare*; exterior, appearance, colour (*very common*); good complexion (*C*); pigment (*for writing or painting*; *C*); (colour =) race, species, kind; character, nature, form; caste - *prob.* from contrast of colour between aboriginal slaves and their fair conquerors; (coloured mark), letter; sound; vowel, syllable; word; musical note (*rare*); praise (*rare*); fame, renown (*rare*).

वर्णक varna-ka, *a.* (**ikā**) describing; *m.* *n.* specimen, model, *m.* pigment, unguent, paint; *n.* section, chapter (*rare*); -**krama**, *m.* order of the castes; -**gana**, *m.* king; -**grathanā**, *f.* artificial method of writing verses; -**śaura**, *m.* thief of the colour of = resembling *y.* in hue; -**śrāya**, *cpr.* superior by caste; -**śreṣṭha**, *spc.* higher or highest by caste.

वर्णत varna-ta, *m. N.*; -**tva**, *n.* connexion with caste; -**dūshaka**, *a.* defiling caste; -**dvaya-maya**, *a.* (i) disyllabic, -**dharma**, *m. sg. d pl.* duties of the castes.

वर्णन varn-ana, *n.* **ā**, *f.* description, account, statement; -**aniya**, *fp.* to be described or stated.

वर्णपरिध्वंस varna-paridhvamsa, *m.* **ā**, *f.* loss of caste; -**pātha**, *m.* alphabet; -**buddhi**, *f.* notion connected with the sound, -**mātra**, *a.* mere colour.

वर्णय varn-ya, *den. P* (*A metr.*) colour, paint; depict, delineate, describe, relate, explain, state; regard (*rare*); *pp.* **varnita**, described, etc. **anu**, describe, relate, explain, state. **viā**, relate, describe. **ups**, describe, narrate, tell, state. **nis**, look attentively, at (*acc.*); describe, depict (*rare*). **vi-nis**, look at attentively, regard. **sam**, relate, tell; praise.

वर्णयितव्य varnay-itavya, *fp.* to be described; -**itri**, *m.* describer.

वर्णराशि varna-rāsi, *m.* alphabet; -**lopa**, *m.* dropping of a letter; -**varti**; -**kā**, *f.* paint-brush; -**vikriyā**, *f.* violation of the rules of caste; -**vritta**, *n.* metre measured by the number of syllables; -**vyatikrāntā**, *pp. f.* having transgressed with a man of lower caste; -**vyavasthiti**, *f.* caste system; -**śikṣā**, *f.* phonetics; -**śreṣṭha**, *m.* best man by caste; **Brāhman**; -**samśarga**, *m.* mixture of castes by intermarriage; -**samhāra**, *m.* assembly representative of castes; -**samkara**, *m.* mixture of colours (*rare*); mixture of castes by intermarriage; -**samghāta**, *m.* -**samāmnāya**, *m.* (combination of letters, alphabet; -**sthāna**, *n.* place (in the mouth) of the production of a letter.

वर्णात्मक varna ātmaka, *a.* articulate (sound); -**anuprāsa**, *m.* alliteration, paronomasia; -**antara**, *n.* another letter, change of sound, another caste; -**gamana**, *n.* change of caste; -**anya-tva**, *n.* change of colour; -**apeta**, *pp.* deprived of caste; -**ārama**, *m. pl.* the castes and the religious orders.

वर्णिका varn-ikā, *f.* pigment, paint, unguent; actor's mask or dress; -**parigraha**, *m.* assumption of a mask or part.

वर्णितवत् varn-ita-vat, *pp. act.* (he) related, depicted, etc.

वर्णिन् varn-m, *a.* coloured; - \circ , having the appearance of; belonging to the (*Brāhman etc.*) caste; *m.* man belonging to one of the four castes; *Brāhman* in the first stage, religious student, *Brahmakārin*; *pl.* a certain monastic order. -**ā**, *f.* woman; woman of high caste.

वर्णोदक varnaudaka, *n.* coloured water.

वर्ण्य varn-ya, *i. a.* productive of colour; *2. fp.* to be described

वर्तक varta-ka, *m.* quail.

वर्तन् vart-ana, *a.* [\sqrt{vrit}] setting in motion, quickening (*rare*); *n.* staying or sojourn in (*acc.*); living on (*acc.*), subsistence, livelihood, occupation *ord. mg.*; wages, association with *saha*; proceeding, conduct; application of (-).

वर्तन्नि vart-anf, *f.* (*V.*) felly of a wheel; rut; track, road, path; course of rivers, eyelashes

वर्तनीय vart-aniya, *fp. n.* one should apply oneself or attend to (*acc.*).

वर्तमान vart-a-māna, *pp. pl.* (\sqrt{vrit}) present, existing; *n.* the present; **ā**, *f.* personal terminations of the present tense -**kāla**, *m.* present; -**ā** -**ākṣhepa**, *m.* declaration of dissatisfaction with something going on.

वर्तय vart-aya, *cs.* (\sqrt{vrit}) subsist, etc.

वर्तये vār-tave, *d. inf.* (of $\sqrt{1}$. *vri*) to cover *RV*

वर्तय्य vartavya, *fp.* incurr for vartitavya.

वर्ति vart-i (*or i*), [*anything rolled* (\sqrt{vrit}) roll, pull (*cf. drops, cosmetics, collyrium*), wick of a lamp - magic wick; collyrium.

वर्तिका vart-ikā, *f.* 1. [\sqrt{vrit} , roll] wick, paint-brush, paint (*incorrect for varnika*), *2. (vart-ika)*, quail

वर्तितव्य vart-i-tavya *fp.* to be carried in country, practised or observed conduct, treated; *n.* *imps.* one should stay or remain in (*acc.*), one should apply oneself to (*acc.*), live or exist; - proceed or behave *w ad in m.*, towards anyone *n. acc.*, *in* with *saha* **asmad-va-o**, we should be obeyed

वर्तित्व vart-i-tva, *n.* treatment as of (-)

वर्तिन् vart-m, *a.* abiding, staying, resting, being situated, in *only*; being in a condition etc., practising - engaged in, making a request; behaving, acting *or w ad.*, behaving properly towards \circ ; *m.* meaning of a suffix *[RI]*

वर्तिर् vart-i-s, *n.* (turning *m.*), lodging, abode

वर्ती vart-i, *f.*, *v.* varti

वर्तुल vart-ula, *a.* [\sqrt{vrit} , turn] round; *n.* circle.

वर्तन् vart-man, *n.* [\sqrt{vrit} turning mark of a wheel], rut, track; path, road, way, course also *fig.*, eyelid, in **vartmanā**, by way of = along, through, by; **nadi adri-vana-vartmasu**, through rivers, mountains, and forests.

वर्तपात vartma-pāta, *m.* coming into the way; -**pātana**, *n.* waylaying.

वर्त var-ta, *a.* [$\sqrt{1}$. *vri*] warding off (*S*); dam, embankment (*V*)

वर्ध vārdh-a, *a.* [$\sqrt{1}$. *vridh*] increasing, gladdening (-); *m.* granting of prosperity *RV*).

वर्धक vārdh-aka, *a.* [$\sqrt{2}$. *vridh*] cutting off; *m.* carpenter; **1**; -**n**, *m. ul.*

वर्धन् 1. vārdh-ana, *a.* (i) growing, increasing, prospering, getting richer; causing increase, strength, or prosperity, augmenting (*m. C* very often -); gladdening *guly* \circ ; *m.* increaser, bestower of prosperity; *n.* growth, increase, prosperity; increase of power; augmentation, elevation; educating, rearing; refreshment, comfort (*RV*).

वर्धन् 2. vārdh-ana, *n.* [$\sqrt{2}$. *vridh*] cutting off (-); \circ with names of towns *prob = town* (*rare*); -**vārdān**, *m. N.* of a temple or statue

वर्धनीय vārdh-aniya, *fp.* [$\sqrt{1}$. *vridh*] to be increased; to be caused to thrive.

वर्धमान vārdha-māna, *pp. pl.* **Ā**. ($\sqrt{1}$. *vridh*) growing, etc.; *m. N.* of a mountain and district, now Burdwan; *N.* of a village. *N. ā*, *f. N.* of a form of the *Gidvati* metre; -**ā** -**kā**, *m. N.*, (**ā**-**pura**, *m. N.* of a town, Burdwan) -**i-ya**, *a.* belonging to Burdwan

वर्धमानिष vārdhamāna īsa, *m. N.* of a temple or statue.

वर्धय vārdh-aya, *cs.* ($\sqrt{1}$. *vridh*) increase; -**ayitri**, *m.* educator, rearer of (-); **tri**, *f.*

वर्धापन vārdhāp-ana, *n.* [*fr. cs. of* $\sqrt{2}$. *vridh*] cutting the navel cord, commemoration of this ceremony, birthday or other festival implying congratulations -**ā** -**id**, *id*, congratulatory gift

वर्धापय vārdhāp-aya, *cs. P* 1. congratulate; 2. cut (the umbilical cord).

वर्धित vārdh-ita, *pp. of* $\sqrt{1}$. *d 2 vridh*; *n.* 1. kind of key, -**ā**-**tavya**, *fp. n.* one should increase, -**āni**, *a.* increasing; -**āshnu**, *a.* growing, increasing

वर्ध vārdh-ra, *n.* strap, thong (= varatrā)

वर्धस् vart-p-as, *n.* (*RI*) assumed form, phantom; form, image, artifice, device, design

वर्मन् vār-man, *n.* [envelope $\sqrt{1}$. *vri*] armour, mail (*C*); protection, shelter; *1*, often \circ in names of *Kṣatriyas*

वर्मय varmu-ya, *den. P* provide with a coat of mail - *pp.* **varmita**, armoured.

वर्महर varma-hara, *a.* (old enough for) wearing armour

वर्मि varmi, *m.* kind of fish -**matsya**, *m.* the varmi fish. (*armoured*)

वर्मित varmi-ta, *pp.* (of varmiya). -**in**, *a.*

वर्य vār-ya, *fp.* to be chosen, eligible (*f*); excellent, best, chief of (*g*).

वर्वरक var-vat-aka, *m. N.* (less correct for varbaraka)

वर्ष varsh-ā, *a.* [\sqrt{vri} sh] raining (\circ *C*); *m.* (*C*), *n.* *P*, *C* rain, shower, of flowers, or roses, dust, etc. *q.*, the rainy season (*cf. RI* years), year commonly applied to age, division of the world, plan between mountain ranges *seen or now are assumed* in within a year, *ab* after a year, *le rep* every year -**ā** -**kā**, *a.* raining, showering, -**karma**, *n.* action of raining; -**ā** -**gana**, *m. pl.* long series of years.

वर्षा varsh-ana, *a.* (i) raining (*only* \circ); *n.* raining, showering (*also fig*), bestowing abundantly on \circ .

वर्षाच varsha-tri, *n.* (protection from rain), umbrella; -**trāna**, *n. ul.* -**dharma**, *n.* range separating divisions of the world, ruler of a varsha; *eunuch*; -**dharā-dharma**, *a.* holding showers of rain *cloud*; -**pada**, *n.* calendar, -**pāta**, *m.* fall of rain, -**puga**, *m. n. sg. d pl.* quantity of rain, series of years; -**prati-bandha**, *m.* drought, -**ritu-māsa-pakṣa-sho-velā-deva-pradeśa-vat**, *a.* stating the year, season, month, fortnight, day, hour, country, and locality.

वर्षय varsh-ya, *cs. of* \sqrt{vri} sh.

वर्षवर varsha-vara, *m.* eunuch; -**śaśka**, *n.* period of six years, -**sahasra**, *n.* a thousand

years: **आ-या**, den. **Ā**. appear like a thousand years.

वर्षा varshā, *f.* rain (rare): (eg.) *pl.* rains, rainy season (very common): (**ह**)-**रक्षा**, *m.* rainy season: **अग्राम**, *m.* beginning of the rains; **सम्बु**, *n.* rain water, **-समया**, *m.* rainy season.

वर्षिक varsh-ika, *a.* (so many) years old (-); **इ-त**, *f.* showering (of rain or wealth); **इ-त्रि**, *m.* showerer, bestower; **-इ**, *a.* raining, showering, bestowing (-), very common; shedding copious tears (rare); (so many) years old (-); rare).

वर्षिष्ठ varsh-ishtha, *spv.* [of base contained in varsh-man, *an sense*, of vriddha; almost exclusively *V.*] highest, uppermost, longest, greatest; very large (*P.*); **-व्या**, *cpv.* (chiefly *V.*) higher, upper; longer, greater, than (*ab.*); great, considerable; thriving (earth); better than (*ab.*); aged. [ing (ac.: *C.*).

वर्षिक varsh-u-ka, *a.* rainy; raining, shower-

वर्षापल varsha-upala, *m.* hail; **-ogha**, *m.* torrent of rain. [crown of the head

वर्षम *I.* varsh-mān, *m.* (*V.*) height, top;

वर्षम *2.* varsh-mān, *n.* height, top, surface, chief (*V.*, *P.*); height, size, extent; body.

वर्ष्य varsh-ya (*IV.*, or *-yā*, *RV.*), *a.* rainy.

वल VAL, *I.* **vala**, turn, - round, turn to (ac., *lc.*, abhinnukham); return home; depart, go away again; break forth, appear; *pp.* **valita**, turned, bent; having departed; broken forth; accompanied by (-); as **वाला-या**, *P.* cause to roll (waves); turn (*tr.*); **आ**, *pp.* turned round. **वि**, turn aside; *pp.* averted. **सम**, *pp.* met, united, blended, or connected with (*in.*, -).

वल val, *pratyāhara* for all consonants but *y*.

वल val-ā, *m.* [enclosure: $\sqrt{1}$, *vrī*] cave (*V.*); personified as a demon withholding the heavenly waters from man; brother of *I*ritra and vanquished by Indra (often written Bala).

वलक vala-ka, *n.* procession.

वलन val-ana, *n.* turning round; waving, appearing.

वलन्तिका valant-ikā, *f.* kind of gesticulation.

वलभि valabhi (or more commonly *ī*), ridge of a roof, top or pinnacle of a house; **इ-का**, *f.* dim. of *id*.

वल्भिद vala-bhid, *m.* smiter of Vala, Indra.

वलभी valabhi, *f.*, *r.* valabhi; *N.* of a town in *Saurāshtra*.

वलय val-aya, *m.* [$\sqrt{1}$, *vrī*] bracelet, arm-let (worn by men and women); circle; circumference - *a* encircled by; *m.* kind of circular military array; multitude, swarm (rare).

वलयित valay-ita, *den.* *pp.* surrounded or encircled by (*in.*, -); put a wound the arm (bracelet); forming a circle; **-इ**, *a.* provided with a bracelet; encircled with (-), **इ-क्री**, turn into or use as a bracelet; **इ-भू**, become a circle; *pp.* encircling.

वलवत् vala-vat, *a.* containing the word **vala**: **-व्रित्रा**, *m.* Vala and *Vritra*: **-निशुद-आ**, *-han*, *m.* ep. of Indra.

वलि val-i (or *ī*), fold of the skin, wrinkle.

वलिता val-ita, *pp.* ($\sqrt{1}$ al) bent round, etc.

वलिन् vali-ma, *a.* wrinkled, shrivelled; **-भा**, *a.* id.; **-मत**, *a.* id.

वली vali, *f.*, *r.* **वलि** vali: **-का**, *-o* *a.* having - folds; *n.* projecting thatched roof; **-मत**, *a.* curly (locks); **-मुक्ता**, *m.* (having a wrinkled face, monkey; *N.* of a monkey; **-वदना**, *m.* monkey.

वल्क valkā, *m.* *n.* bark of a tree: (**स**)-**ला**, *m.* *n.* id.; cloth made of bark, bark garment: **-वत**, *a.* wearing a garment made of bark, **-अजिना-सम्विता**, *pp.* clothed in bark and skins.

वल्कलिन् valkal-in, *a.* yielding bark (branch); wearing a garment made of bark.

वल्कवासस् valka-vā-sas, *n.* garment made of bark.

वल्ग VALG, *I.* **Ā**. (*metr.*) **vālgā**, bound, leap (esp. with *joy*); gallop; shake, dance (of minute objects); sound (of a speech). *pp.* **valgita**, leaping, bounding; flitting, moving to and fro; sounding well. **वि**, gallop; jump about; move about (breast). **वि**, leap, bound.

वलङ्ग valg-ana, *n.* bounding, galloping; **-आ**, *f.* bridle; *N.*; **-िता**, *pp.* $\sqrt{1}$ valg; *n.* gallop; leaping (for joy).

वलङ्ग valg-ū, *a.* (*f.* id.) comely, handsome, fine, lovely, attractive (esp. of sound, voice, speech).

वलङ्गिका valgnh-ikā, *f.* box, chest.

वल्भ VALBH, *I.* **Ā**. **valbha**, eat (very rare).

वल्भीक valbhī-ka, *m.* *n.* ant-hill; *n.* *N.* of a locality: **-अग्रा**, *n.* *N.* of a peak of *Rāma-giri*.

वल्ल valla, *m.* kind of wheat; a certain weight.

वल्लकी valluki, *f.* kind of lute.

वल्लभ valla-bha, *a.* beloved, of (*g.*, *lc.*, -); dearer than (*ab.*); *m.* favourite; lover; *N.*: **-गाना**, *m.* beloved, mistress; **-ता**, *f.* popularity with (*g.*, *lc.*, -); **-देवा**, *m.* *N.* of a poet. **-शक्ति**, *m.* *N.* of a king; **-हारा**, *m.* *N.* of a teacher and founder of a *Vaishnava* sect.

वल्लभी vallabhi, *f.* *N.* of a town.

वल्लरि valluri (or *ī*), tendril, creeper (also fig. of locks etc.); **इ-का**, *-o* *a.* id.

वल्लपुर vallā-pura, *n.* *N.* of a town.

वलि valli (rare), **वली** valli, *f.* creeper (often fig. of arms, brows, lightning, etc.): **इ-का**, *f.* dim. of *id*; **इ-मत**, *a.* having a - creeper (-).

वली valli, *f.* more usual form of valli.

वल्लूर vallūra, *n.* dried flesh.

वल्लश vālśa, *m.* shoot, branch (*I.*, *P.*; also spell *bālśa*).

वल्ह VALH, *I.* **Ā**. **vālha** (*V.*, rare), test with a question, propound a riddle to. *pra*, *id.*: *pp.* **pravalhita**, enigmatical.

वल् va-vī-ā, *a.* [$\sqrt{1}$, *vrī*] concealing oneself (*RV.*); *m.* hiding-place, cavern (*RV.*).

वल्नि va-vrī-*m.* (*RV.*) [cover: $\sqrt{1}$, *vrī*] lurking-place; covering, vesture; body.

वप् VAS, red. **vivas** (*V.*), **vavas** (*RV.*), *II.* *P.* *atg.* **vas**, *ek.* **us** (*V.*, *C.*), will, command. *also* *v.* *inf.*; *RV.*; desire, long or wish for, be fond of (*V.*, *C.*); affirm, maintain, declare (*C.*, rare); *pr.* *pr.* **usāt**, **uśānā**, *intr.* **vāvaśānā**, willing, glad, eager (*I.*); **usāt**, charming (*P.*); *pi.* *pl.* **Ā**. **uśāmāna**

(*RV.*), commanding, having at command (might); *ca.* *P.* **vāśya**, get into one's power, subject. **सम-आ**, **-vaset**, *incorr.* for *-vaset*.

वश् *1.* **vās-a**, *m.* will, wish, desire; power, control, authority, dominion; *N.* of a people of the *Asvins*; *N.* of a people (*pl.*: *-ā*, *a.* subject to, under the influence of, overcome by; *in.*, *ab.* - **-tas**, by command of, by force of, on account of, by means of, in accordance with (*g.* *guly.* -); *ac.* with *vbs.* of going, *i.* **gam**, **yā** (and *eps.*), fall into the power of, become subject to, give way to (*g.*, -); with *ni* or *ā-ni*, reduce to subjection, subdue. **vas** **bhū**, *vrī*, or *sthā*, be in the power of (*g.*, -); **vas** **kri**, **sthāpaya**, or **sam-sthāpaya**, reduce to subjection, subdue, keep under control.

वश् *2.* **vās-a**, *n.* liquid fat (*V.*, rare).

वशद vasham-vada, *a.* (*guly.* -) obedient to the will of, submissive, completely under the influence of, entirely dependent on, filled with, overcome by - **-tva**, *n.* complaisance.

वशकर vash-kara, *a.* (i) subduing, winning over; **-kāraka**, *a.* leading to subjection; **-ga**, *a.* subject, obedient, being in the power of, dependent on (*g.*, -); **-gata**, *pp.* id.; **-gata**, *n.* dependence on (-); **-tā**, *f.* id. (*g.*, -), command of (*lc.*).

वशी vash-nī, *a.* subject to (*g.*, *RV.*), **-vartina**, *a.* being in the power of, subject, submissive, or obedient to (*g.*, -); **-sthā**, *n.* being in the power of any one.

वशा vas-ā, *f.* [lowing: $\sqrt{1}$ vas] cow (*V.*), barren cow; female elephant (*C.*).

वशानुग vash-anna, *a.* following one's will; subject to the will of, obedient to (*g.*, -).

वशिक vas-ika, *a.* empty (very rare).

वशित्व vas-i-tva, *n.* freedom of will, independence; command of (*lc.*); self-control.

वशिन vas-in, *a.* ruling; willing, obedient (rare); self-controlled (*ord. mg.*), (disposable - empty (rare); *m.* ruler, lord of (*g.*); **-इ**, *f.* mistress (*RV.*).

वशी vas-i, *f.* [$\sqrt{1}$ vas] in *ur-vāsi*.

वशीकर vasi-kara, *a.* subduing, subduing (-); **-kāraka**, *n.* subjection (also by magical conjurations) of (*g.*, -); **-kāra**, *m.* id.

वशीक vasi-kri, reduce to subjection, enthrall, subdue; **-bhū**, become subject to any one: *pp.* subject, obedient, submissive.

वश्श vas-ya, *a.* subject to the power or will of, submissive, docile, obedient; *n.* power, supernatural power over any one, or magical rite for its attainment - **-tā**, *f.* subjection to (*g.*, -); submissiveness, obedience.

वशट् vāshat, *indecl.* sacrificial exclamation uttered by the *Hotri* at the end of the *Yāgya*, whereupon the oblation is cast into the fire by the *Adhvaryu* (used with *d.* of the deity), with *kri*, utter the exclamation vāshat: *pp.* **vashat-krita**, hallowed by the exclamation vāshat, **anu-vashat-kri**, follow one's exclamation vāshat with another accompanied with the words 'Somasya agne vili.'

वशट्कार vashat-kārā, *m.* exclamation vāshat: (**vashat-krita**, *f.* id. (*RV.*); **-kritya**, *sp.* *n.* one should utter vāshat).

वष्टि vāsh-ri, *a.* eager (*RV.*).

वस *1.* **vas**, *encl.* *ac.* *in.*, *d.*, *g.* *pl.* of the *pn* of the second person.

वस *2.* **vas**, *a.* clothed in (-).

वस् 1. VAS, VI. P. *ukhá*, (1) grow light (of the night at dawn), grow bright, shine (*śārin*); shine down anything upon *d*; RV¹; light (acc) away, *dûré*; *es*. P. *vāsāya*, cause to shine (RV¹). *aps*, drive away with light. *vi*, shine forth, flush, dawn. *pp* *vyāśā*, grown light, turned to morning of night (RV¹). *pari-vi*, shine forth from after (abh).

वस् 2. VAS, II. *Ā. vāsto*, put on, wear (F, C); envelope oneself if in, assume a form, etc.; penetrate into V; *es*. P. *vāsāya* (V, C), cause or allow to put on or wear a garment; clothe with *in*; V envelope oneself in (*in*). *anu*, clothe, invest with *in*; *Ā* clothe oneself, in *ac*. *ni*, put on, clothe oneself in; *pp* *nivāsita*, clothed in *in*; *es*, put on; *pp* *-vāsita*, clothed in (*in*); occupied with *in*. *sam*, clothe oneself in (*in*; RV¹).

वस् 3. VAS, I. P. *vāsa* (*Ā. mtr*, in C); in V only *pp*, *pl*. *vāvasāna* and with *sam*, stop at a place, stay overnight (+ *ra*); halt, stay, remain, abide, dwell, live; exist, be found in *le*; rest or depend on (*le*); *u*, *ac*, remain in any condition, make one's abode (*vāsan*, *vasatim*), practise chastity; *u*, *dūratas*, keep aloof; *u* *sukham*, live pleasantly or at ease; *pp* *ushita*, passed, spent, time; retired to place, having halted, passed the night, abide, dwell, or been absent, dwelling, having waited the place being *le*, or *2*, the time, *ac*, or *3*; having cohabited with (*saha*); having stood or lain of things, *esp*, overnight; the place in *le*, or *2*, the time, *ac*, or *3*; *u*, *imp*, a stay has been made, the time has been passed (*in*, *le*); *es* *vāsāya*, P. *Ā* cause to halt or stay overnight, lodge; cause to dwell; cause to wait, keep in suspense (RV¹), delay, retard, cause to exist, preserve, populate; place upon (*le*), observe silence (*anadhiyayam mukhe*), produce. *adhi*, occupy or settle in a place; *pp* *adhyushita*, occupied, inhabited, having dwelt, in *le*, *es*, allow to stand overnight *anu*, follow anyone *ac* to a place *antar*, dwell within. *ā*, abide, dwell, in *le*; occupy, settle in, inhabit; enter upon a religious order; have sexual intercourse with a woman (*ac*); *es*, receive into one's house, occupy, settle in; halt, encamp for the night; *pp*, occupied by *ac*. *adhi*, occupy, inhabit; dwell in (*le*), enter upon, devote oneself to (*ac*). *sam-ā*, halt, encamp for the night; occupy, settle in, inhabit; *es* halt, encamp, establish oneself; *pp*, with act *my* *ud*, *es*. P. *Ā* remove from its place *es* *g* fire from the altar, etc.; devastate. *upa*, remain at (*ac*), in *le*; wait; wait with (*ating*), fast with *ac*, of food or time; *pp* *uposhita*, having fasted, fasting; *es*, cause to fast *ni*, stay, dwell, in *le*. *adhi-ni*, choose for one's abode. *sam-ni*, dwell or live together, with (*in*). *nis*, live out to the end of, *es*, turn out of one's dwelling, expel, banish, from (*abh*), to *ac*. *pari*, stay, live with (*in*). *samargitayā*, associate with (*ac*). *pp*, *pariyushita*, having passed the night; having stood overnight, of yesterday, stale, spoilt food, etc.; *es*, allow to stand overnight. *pra*, sojourn abroad, leave home, set out on a journey, depart; disappear, cease. *pp* *proshita*, absent from home, being on a journey, sojourning abroad; effaced; set *sun*; *es*, turn out of one's abode, banish; *des*. P. *pra-vivata*, intend to go on a journey, be about to depart from *abh*. *vi-pra*, set out on a journey, go or live abroad; *pp*, absent from home; departed to (*ac*); banished; *gd*, *vi-proshya*, after a

journey; *es* banish, from (*abh*). *sam-pra*, *pp*, disappeared, set (*sun*) *prati*, dwell; *es*, lodge, receive into one's house. *le* *vi*, depart from *abh*; spend, pass, time. *ac* *pp* *vyushita*, absent from home; having passed time, *ac*, inhabited by *3*; *es* expel from one's residence, banish; dismiss *sam*, P. *Ā* dwell together; live or associate with (*ac*, *in* + *saha*); dwell, live, in *le*; pass, spend time; *es*, cause to live together, with (*in*, + *saha*; *1*); receive into one's house, lodge.

वस् 4. VAS (RV¹), very rare, only *vāśahva*, *-vāvasa*, *vāvasāna*, rush at, attack *anu*, hasten towards or consume RV¹.

वस् 5. VAS, *es*. P. *-vāsya* (very rare), *ud*, cut off or away *ni*, *pp* *-vāsita*, deprived of life *es*, *ra* *-patita* *pari*, cut off around, cut out *RV*, 8

वसति *vas-ati*, *f*, staying overnight, dwelling, abiding, sojourn, nest, *1*, residence, abode, house, seat *fig* of *g*, *3*, night (*pare*), *sm* *ket*, *grah*, or *bandh*, pass the night, take up one's abode, in *le*. *tiaro* *vasatir ushitvā*, having halted at three stages, having passed three nights *-druma*, *m* tree under which the night is passed

वसतीवरी *vasatī-vārī*, *f* *pl* water left standing overnight *adrona* from a stream on the eve of the Soma sacrifice

वसन 1. *vas-ana* *n* dwelling, sojourn, residence in

वसन 2. *vas-ana*, *n* dress, garment, cloth *du* upper and lower garment *3*, clothed *m*, also *fig* = surrounded by, attached to a doctrine *3* *-vat*, *a* clothed, *-sadman*, *n* cloth house, tent; *-arṇava*, *a* sea gull

वसन्त *vas-int-ā*, *m* [brilliant season] *fi*, *pp* *pt* of *√1* *vas* = spring also *per* *an* *fi*, *N* *-ka*, *m* *ut*, *-kāla*, *m* spring time, *-tilaka*, *m*, ornament of spring, *a* *m* *le* also *a*, *f*; *m* *N* *-pushpa*, *n* flower of spring, *-bandhu*, *m*, friend of spring, god of love, *-bhānu*, *m* *N* of a king, *mahotsava*, *m* great spring festival; *-yodha*, *m* spring warrior; *-rāja*, *m* king spring, *N* of a grammarian *-īya*, *n* work composed by *Vasanta-raga*; *-ritu*, *m* spring season, *-lekha*, *f* *N*; *-ari*, *f* pump of spring, *-sakha*, *m*, friend of spring, *ep* of the wind blowing from the Malaya, *-samaya*, *m* spring time *-utsava*, *m* spring festival, lovely time of spring, *-sahaya*, *m* god of love, *-sena*, *m* *N* of a king *a*, *f* *N*

वसन्ता *vasānta* (or *a*), *ad* in spring (1).

वसन्तोत्सव *vasāntotsava*, *m* festival of spring.

वसई *vasar-hān*, *a*, striking in the morning, destroying the demons of night at dawn RV¹.

वसवान *vāsav-āna*, *m* possessor or preserver of wealth RV¹.

वसव *vasav-yā*, *a* (1) affluent (gods), *n*

वसा *vāsā* (*m* TS, *ā*), *f* [shining, white] *√1* *vas* *met*, *lard*, fat, brain.

वसाति *vas-āti*, *f*, dawn (1) occurs once in a quotation in the Nirukta; *m* *N* of a people (Pl.); *N*.

वसामय *vasā-maya*, *a* (1) consisting of fat; *-ava-śha-malina*, *a*, dirty with remains of fat, *-homa*, *m*, offering of fat.

वसिष्ठ *vās-ishtha*, *spv*, [brightest; *√1* *vas*] best, most excellent, wealthiest (1, E., *m* *N* of one of the leading Vedic Rishis, com-

poser of the seventh Mandala of the RV; in C he is regarded as one of the seven Rishis and is mentioned as a lawgiver, often incorrectly spell *Vasishtha*

वसीयस *vās-īyas*, *ep*, better, than (*abh*) *f* *aring* better, wealthier (V)

वसु *vas-u*, *a* [*√1* *vas*] bright; *√1* *vas*] good, beneficent (V); *m*, *ep*, of various gods and in the gods in general, *pl* the Vasus, a class of gods their number being usually eight, Indra is their chief, later Agni and Vishnu; ray of light (C, rare; *N*; *n*, goods, wealth, property (C, very common), gold (C, very rare; *gem*, pearl (C, very rare)

वसुकृत् *vasu-kṛt*, *m*, *N* of a poet of the RV, *-kṛa*, *m*, *N* of a poet of the RV, *-da*, *a* bestowing wealth; *-datta*, *m*, *N*; *ā*, *f*, *N*. *a* *-pura*, *n* *N* of a town, *-dā*, *a* wealth bestowing, bountiful (V); *-dāvan*, *a*, *ud* (V), *-deva*, *m*, having the Vasus for deities, *N* of a king, father of Krishna, *N* of various men *-putra*, *m* son of Vasu-deva, Krishna,

वसुधा *vasu-dha*, *a* yielding wealth, bountiful (V, rare; *ā*, *f*, C, earth; country, region, ground *-tala*, *n* surface of the earth, earth, ground; *-dhara*, *a*, supporting or maintaining the earth (Vishnu), *m* mountain, king, *-adhipa*, *-adhipati*, *m* lord of earth or of the country, king; *-ādhipatyā*, *n* sovereignty; *-pati*, *m* king

वसुधार *vasu-dhara*, *a*, handing treasure *off* *ak*, *-dhara*, *f* stream of wealth *m* gifts *-maya*, *a* consisting of a stream of wealth, *-dhārīni*, *f* earth, *-nanda*, *m* *N* of a king, *-nemi*, *m* *N* of a snake demon

वसुधर *vasu-dhara*, *a* holding or containing treasure, *m* *N* *ā*, *f*, C, earth, country, soil, ground, *N* *-dhara*, *m*, mountain, *-dhava*, *m* spouse of earth, king, *-bhūt*, *m* mountain, *-sunāsira*, *m* king.

वसुपति *vasu-pati*, *m* lord of wealth, *ep*, of Venu, Indra, or Savitr (RV¹), or of Kubera, lord of the Vasus Krishna, *-pāita*, *m*, *N*, *-bandhu*, *m* *N* of a celebrated Buddhist scholar, *-bhūti*, *m* *N*

वसुमत *vasu-mat*, *a* possesses or containing wealth, rich, accompanied by the Vasus, *m*, *N*, *2*, *f*, C, country, country, region; ground; *N* *-pati*, *m* lord of earth, king, *-sana*, *m* son of Vasumat, Naraka

वसुमति *vasu-mati*, *m* *N* of a Brahman, *-mitra*, *m*, *N*, *-rakshita*, *m*, *N*, *-lakshmi*, *f* *N* of Agnimitra's sister in law.

वसुवनि *vasu-vāni*, *a*, desiring or bestowing wealth (V), *-vid*, *a* bestowing wealth (V), *-vinda*, *a* gaining wealth; *-akṣi*, *m*, *N*, *vasu* *-ravas*, *a* famed for wealth RV¹, *m* *ep* of Siva (C); *-samapurna*, *pp* filled with wealth [wealth 1]

वसुया *vasu-yā*, *m*, *ad*, through desire of

वसुयु *vasu-yū*, *a*, desiring wealth (RV¹).

वसव्य *vas-tavya*, *fp*, to be spent (time), *n* *imp*, one should stay or dwell, in or with *le*

वसि *vasi*, *m*, bladder, *f* abdomen (below the navel); *m* *i* syringe *-mūla*, *n* (bottom) aperture of the bladder, *-visha*, *m* *ny* or *m* *du*, neck of the bladder

वसु 1. *vas-tu* *f*, (1) growing light, dawn, morning; *vastoh*, *g*, in the morning; *vāstor vastoh*, every morning; *vāstor as-yāh*, this morning; *prati vāstoh*, towards morning;

वसु 2. vas-tu, n. (C.) place (rare); thing, substance, object; really existing thing, right thing, worthy object; object of (-); matter, circumstance; subject, subject-matter, plot, theme, contents; -, in reality; -**ka**, a. (-) having - as contents (andha, of weighty contents, extraordinary); -**śāta**, n. the aggregate of things; -**tantra**, a dependent on things, objective; -**tas**, ad. in reality; -**tā**, f. being the object of (-); reality; in. in reality; -**dharma**, m. *sg.* d pl true nature of things; -**bhāva**, m. reality; in. pl. in reality; -**bheda**, m. actual or essential difference; -**rakṣa**, f. elaboration of a plot; -**vṛtta**, n. actual fact; -**śakti**, f. *sg.* d pl. force of circumstance -**tas**, ad. by the -; -**śaśana**, n. original edict; -**śūnya**, a devoid of reality, unreal.

वसुत्वापना vāstu nithāpanā, n. invention of things, representation of unrealities (dr.); -**upanāśa**, f. direct comparison of two things (the common quality being omitted: e.g. 'thy face is (beautiful) like the lotus'); -**upāhita**, pp. bestowed on a good object (troubled).

वस्तु vas-tya, n. dwelling, house.

वस्त्र vās-tu, n. dress, garment; cloth; -**knop-sam**, aba. wetting the clothes; -**daśā**, f. hem of a garment; -**dāśvin**, a. washing clothes; -**pūta**, pp. strained through a cloth; -**peśā**, f. clothes-basket; -**mukhya**, a. having clothes as the chief thing (adornment); -**vat**, a. having a fine garment, beautifully dressed; -**vaśhita**, pp. enveloped in clothes, well clad.

वस्त्राक्ष vāstra āśāla, m. hem of a garment; -**śāta**, m. *id.*; -**āntara**, n. (another =) upper garment; -**ardha**, m. n. half of a garment; -**avakṛta**, m. strip of garment

वस्त्राय vāstrāya, den. Ā. represent a garment.

वस्तु vāstū, n. price, value.

वस्तु vāstū-ya, a. valuable (RV¹). [(RV¹).

वस्तु vās-man, n. 1. cover (RV¹); 2. nest

वस्तु vās-yus, cpr. (I.) better, more excellent; more illustrious, wealthier, than (ab.); n. increasing wealth or prosperity.

वस्तीकसार vāstūka-sārā, f. N. of the city of Kulera.

वह VAH, I. **vāha**, 1. tr. transport, convey, by (car or boat, in.); draw (a car), guide (horses); load; waft, conduct (offerings to the gods, of Agni); bear along (water etc., of rivers); shed (tears); bring, procure, bestow; diffuse (scent, perfume); carry off or along (a rock etc., of the wind); lead home, marry (nearly always of the man); take with one; carry, on (in, to); bear (one's head) high (ukhastam); be with child (garbham), wear (clothes); support, sustain (the earth - *rāṇ*); suffer; possess, have (a body etc.); undergo (the ordeal of fire, poison, or the balance); experience, feel (pain etc.); assume, show, exhibit (beauty etc.); pay (a fine); pass, spend (time); 2. int. drive in a chariot or ride on horseback (in.), draw a carriage (horse), drive along, run; go by boat (in.); swim; blow (wind); pass away, elapse (years); ps. **ahyāta**, be driven, drawn, borne along, or conveyed, by, on, or in (in.); pp. **ādha**, carried or driven off, stolen, washed away (by water); married; borne, carried on (-); displayed, exhibited; ce. **vāhya**, P. (A. metr.) drive (a chariot), guide (horses); convey (by carriage); propel (a boat); drive (int.), to (ac.): cause to be conveyed, by (in.): cause oneself to be carried by, ride on (ac.); cause or order any one (ac.), to carry, on (le.);

traverse (a road), complete (journey); keep going, work, maintain (shambles); ps. **vāh-yāta**, be driven, impelled, or urged (also fig.); be carried or borne; be trodden (path); pp. **vāhita**, conveyed etc.; administered (medicine); deceived; intr. **vāhāhita**, bear (a burden). **ati**, conduct past (V.); pass (time); cs. transport; get over, pass through successfully; pass (time, ord. *mg.*). **anu**, conduct along (ac.: V.); come to (ac.; RV.); Ā. take after, become like; ps. be carried along (by a stream). **apa**, carry away; drive away, remove; throw off (garment); leave, abandon. pp. **apodha**; cs. drive or conduct away; expel, cause to retreat; make off. **abhi**, bring hither; conduct to (ac.); cs. spend (time incurr. for sth.). **ā**, lead hither (V.); bring, to (ac.); bring about, give, cause, produce (ord. *mg.*); bring home (a bride); pay (RV.); bear (the burden of sovereignty = rule); assume, exhibit; cs. summon (esp. gods to sacrifice). **abhiś**, bring. **upeś**, bring hither. **sam-ā**, bring together, assemble; bring, waft; Ā. come together (Br.). **ud**, bear aloft, raise up; turn out (ac.) into (ac.); draw out; conduct out of her father's house, marry; bear, carry, on (n.; ord. *mg.*); keep up, support (the earth or sovereignty = rule); bear in mind (māna-ā) = remember; hear, suffer; hold fast; possess, have, wear; bear (title, e.g. of 'Devi'); display, exhibit a feeling; common *mg.*; carry out, finish; cs. give in matrimony, to (in.); marry (a girl). **sam-ud**, lift up; marry (a girl); bear a burden; suffer; have, possess, wear; show, exhibit. **upa**, bring hither; conduct to (ac.); bring, produce; lead or induce any one (ac.) to (ac.): pp. **upodha**, brought about, produced. **sam-apa**, pp. begun (battle), risen (man). **ni**, bring or bring down to (d., to, V.); bear, support (the world). **nis**, draw out of, save from (ab.), remove (V.); carry out, accomplish; attain one's object, succeed; subsist on (in.); be suitable for any one (y); cs. complete, spend (time); carry out, accomplish, establish. **pari**, convey or carry round (V.); drag about (E); flow round (V.); conduct the bride (to the bridegroom's house), wed (RV¹, P.). **pra**, 1. tr. bring forward; draw (a car); wash away; waft, bring, to (ac.); 2. int. drive on wards (Ā.; RV.), flow along; spread along, blow (wind). **anu-pra**, proceed (RV¹). **abhi-pra**, lead to (Br.). **vi**, carry off (RV¹), draw (car); RV.; lead away (the bride from her father's house), marry (a girl), Ā. celebrate a wedding, be married. pp. **vyādha**, married; cs. marry (a girl) to (y., or saba); Ā. be married (to a girl); pp. **vivāhita**, married to (a girl); ac. **sam**, convey; bear along, waft, load (car); display, show; ps. be carried along by, ride on (in.); cs. bring together, assemble; drive (a chariot); marry (a wife); pass the hand along stroke, rub (ac.); set in motion; ps. be driven or impelled by (in.).

वह vah (only -^o, sty. base **vāh**, wh. **uḥ** or **ūh**, which coalesces with a preceding a to an), drawing, conveying, bearing, holding, etc.

वह vāh-n-a. (-^o) drawing, conveying; flowing - through, into, or towards; bearing along (of rivers); bringing; producing, effecting; bearing (a name); having, provided with; exposing oneself to (heat etc.); m. shoulder of a draught animal, shoulder-piece of the yoke.

वहसिह vāha-m-liha, a. licking the shoulder.

वहतु vah-utū, m. (V.) bridal procession (to the husband's house); wedding; means of furthering.

वहति vāha-dhyai, V. inf. (✓vah) to ride.

वहन vah-ana, a. (-^o) driving; bearing; n. conveying (sacrifice); carrying; vessel, boat -**bhaṅga**, m. shipwreck.

वहनीह vāhan-i-kri, turn into a vehicle -**iya**, f. p. to be carried, drawn, or conducted

वह्राविह vāha-rāvi, a. groaning under the yoke. [broken in]

वहस vāhu-lā, a. accustomed to the yoke.

वहिव vah-i-tra, n. boat, vessel; -**bhaṅga**, m. shipwreck; -**in**, a. drawing well, accustomed to the yoke (V.); (vāh)-ish/ā, *pp.* drawing or driving beat (horses, car; V.); (vāh)-iyas, *cpr.* drawing better or swiftly (I)

वहिव vāh-ni, m. drawer (of a car), sled (V.); charioteer (and of various gods in V.); conveyor of offerings to the gods, esp. Agni (V.); fire, god of fire (V.); **vahniśā sam-skr**, hallow by fire, burn solemnly - **kuśā**, n. cavity in the ground for the sacred fire - **krit**, a. producing conflagration; -**kopa**, m. raging conflagration; -**mat**, a. containing fire, -**maya**, a. consisting of fire; -**loka**, m. world of Agni; -**vat**, a. containing the word vahni; -**śikha**, f. flame of fire; -**samskara**, m. sacrament of fire, cremation; -**sāksikam**, ad. so as to be witnessed by fire; -**sāt-kri**, burn; -**sphulṅga**, m. spark of fire.

वह्य vah-yā, n. portable bed, litter, palanquin, couch (V.). [or couch (RV¹).

वह्यशय vāhye-sayā, a. f. lying on a litter

वा vā, encl. *pcl.* or (following, but metr. *sts* preceding); either or not, optionally; (iva), like, as, as it were; (= eva), just, etc (rare); but, however (rare); even, even supposing (with *ft.*; rare); after *int.* or *rel.*; possibly, pray; **vā** - **vā**, either - or (when there are two clauses, the *rb.* of the first only is as a rule accented); **na** ± **vā** - **vā**, *kim vā* *kim vā* or *na vā*, neither - nor; **vā** - **na vā**, either - or not; perhaps - or perhaps not; whether - or not; **yadi vā** - **vā**, whether - or - in a sentence containing more than two members *vā* is nearly always repeated, while a negative at the beginning of the series need not be repeated as its sense runs through all the remaining members (= not, either - or or); in this case *vā* often interchanges with *ku* and *api*, or is combined with the *pcls.* *api* (± *punah*), *atha* (± *n*, *api*, or *punah*), *yadi*, *yadi*, or *utā*.

वा 1. Vā, II. P. **vā-ti**, blow (of wind); blow upon (ac.); very rare; emit an odour, be wafted or diffused (perfume; rare); smell (an odour; ac.; very rare). **anu**, blow towards; blow after (ac.); blow upon, fan; kindle; blow. **apa**, exhale (RV¹). **abhi**, blow towards (tr. & int.); blow upon, fan; blow towards (int.); blow; waft (ac.). blow upon. **ud**, be blown out (by draught of fire). **nis**, blow (wind); (blow, int. = go out, be extinguished (lamp, light of day), be (blown out =) cooled, assuaged, or refreshed: pp. **nirvāna**, extinguished; set (sun); the light of whose life has gone out, released from the bonds of existence, enjoying absolute bliss; cs. P. **nirvāpaya**, (V., C.) extinguish, quench; free from heat, cool, refrigerate; calm, soothe, alleviate; dazzle (the eyes); lead to Nirvāna (B.). **anu-nis**, be extinguished after (ac.). **para**, waft away (RV¹). **pra**, burst forth, blow; be wafted or exhaled (odour). **vi**, waft away; blow through; blow in various directions.

वा 2. Vā, IV. P. (Ā., E.) **vāya**, grow weary (RV¹); blow (E., confused with ✓1. vā).

lose (g.; RV.): pp. **vâna**, dry, abhi, pp. **-vâta**, languishing, sick. **ud.** (V) languish, die away, go out (fire); ∞ allow to go out (fire). **upa**, dry up: pp. **-vâta**, dry.

वा 3. VÂ, collateral form of $\sqrt{\text{van}}$: pp. **-vâta**, desired; *des. vivâsa*, gain, elicit RV. **â, des.** (V) P. **â**, wish to gain, invoke, invite; **â**, get rid of by homage (*gavî*) **abhi â, des.** P. advance against, attack (RV).

वा 4. VÂ, IV. P. **vâya**, weave (also fig. of hymns, speeches, etc.), compose: pp. **ûta** and **ûta**, **apa**, undo a web (RV). **â**, weave in, string, draw through string: pp. **ôta**, woven in (*le*), strung, drawn through (*le*), penetrated by (*in*). **ud.** tie up or suspend with (*in*). **pra**, weave on, attach to (*le*): pp. **prôta**, strung on, pierced with, fixed on or in, sticking in (*le*); pervaded by *in*; dipped (in clouds, sail of horns). **vi**, pp. **vyûta** (V), woven, variegated (garment); levelled (road). **sam** (F), attach together; interweave [ritual formula (F., E.)

वाक vâk-â, m. [$\sqrt{\text{vak}}$] recitation, verse,

वाकोवाक्य vâko-vâkyâ, n. dialogue; N. of certain portions of Vedic tradition.

वाक्कलह vâk-kalaha, m. strife of words, dispute; -**keli**, f. jest with words, witty converse; -**kshata**, n. wounding inflicted with words; -**kakshus**, n. sg. speech and look; -**kapala**, a inconsiderate in speech, talking idly; -**kâpalya**, n. inconsiderateness in talk; -**kâkâla**, n. semblance of a voice; *sg. d pl* living talk; prevarication (*in argument*); -**kâkâlyâ**, n. word-arrow, wounding speech; -**pa/ra**, a clever in speech, eloquent; -**tâ**, f. fluency of speech, eloquence; -**pati**, m. lord of speech; *Sûtra* saint who has attained a certain stage of perfection -**râja**, m. N. of a poet; -**pa-tâ**, m. opportunity for speech; province of speech **âtita** -, a. indescribable; -**pâram avâpita**, become indescribable; -**pâ**, a. protecting speech; -**pâ/ava**, n. eloquence; -**pârushya**, n. roughness of voice, scurrilous language; -**pushâ**, f. N. of a prince; -**sa/vis**, f. N. of a forest named after her; -**push-pa**, n. pl. flowers of speech; -**pralâpa**, m. eloquence; -**pramasta**, pp. expressly sanctioned as fit (*in food*); -**prasañi-kâma**, a. desirous of one (i.e. a child) progressing in speech

वाक्य vâk-ya, n. [$\sqrt{\text{vak}}$] *sg. d pl* utterance, speech, words (*ord. mg.*); legal evidence, express statement *opp. lînga*, indication; mode of expression; argument *in logic*; sentence *in grammar*; **mama vâkyât**, in my name.

वाक्यत्व vâkya-tva, n. condition of being a word, speech, or sentence; consisting in words; -, pronunciation; -**pûraṇa**, a. filling up the sentence; -**prabandha**, m. continuous speech, narrative; -**bheda**, m. difference of statement; *pl.* contradictory statements; **vâkyabhedâ anigâtâ**, owing to the sharp division of the sentence (i.e. because there is a new sentence there is no grave accent (i.e. the verb is accented with the *accu*); -**mâlâ**, f. concatenation of sentences; -**va/ra**, n. *sg. d pl.* words like thunderbolts; -**vîresha**, m. special saying; -**vesha**, m. complement of a sentence, word to be supplied; -**sanyoga**, m. grammatical construction; -**sârathi**, m. spokesman; -**svara**, m. sentence accent.

वाक्याध्याहार vâkya adhyâhâra, m. supplementing a sentence; -**artha**, m. meaning or purport of a sentence; -**upamâ**, f. simile in which two objects are compared in detail; -**alamkâra**, m. ornament of speech or of the sentence.

वाक्यस्य vâk-salya, n. word-arrow, wounding speech; -**asta**, pp. expressly declared to be pure; -**sanyama**, m. restraint of speech or of the tongue; -**sâryaka**, m. arrow of speech

वागधिप vâg-adhipa, m. lord of speech, *ep. of Brihaspati*; -**apahâraka**, a. stealing the words of others; -**apata**, pp. destitute of speech, dumb; -**â/ambara**, m. verbosity; -**isa**, m. lord of speech, adept in eloquence (often in names of scholars), *m. ep. of Brahman*.

वागुरा vâgurâ, f. snare, net, toils.

वागुरि vâguri, m. N. of an author

वागुरिक vâguri-ika, m. trapper, hunter

वाग्गुद vâg-guda, m. kind of bat; -**ghasta-vat**, a. possessed of speech and hands (*ghasta*); -**gâla**, n. multitude of words, verbosity; -**âmbara**, m. n. *id.*, bombast; -**danda**, m. admonition, du word and staff; -**yok or -gam pârushyam**, severe verbal and corporal injury, abuse and assault; -**pârushya**, a. *du. id.*; -**dattâ**, pp. f. verbally given, betrothed; -**dâna**, n. betrothal; -**dusha**, pp. rude, scurrilous; m. rude fellow, defamer; -**devatâ**, f. goddess of speech, Sarasvatî; -**ka**, a. sacred to Sarasvatî; -**devi**, f. goddess of speech, Sarasvatî; -**daivatyâ**, a. sacred to Sarasvatî; -**doshâ**, m. abuse, scurrility *ab. by fault of his voice*; -**dvara**, n. entrance of speech; descriptive entrance; -**badhâ**, pp. stopped in speech, silent; -**bandhana**, n. silence; -**m. pra-kri**, silence *any one*; -**bha-ta**, m. N. of various authors, *esp. of a rhetorician and of a physician*.

वाग्मिन् vâg-mîn, a. eloquent (-**mî**)-**tâ**, f. (-**mî**)-**tva**, n. eloquence.

वायत vâg-yata, pp. restraining one's voice, silent; -**yamana**, n. silence; -**yoga**, m. correct employment of words; -**vat**, a. possessed of speech; -**vidâ**, a. eloquent; -**vidâgâha**, pp. *id.*; -**tâ**, f. eloquence; -**virodha**, m. dispute; -**vira**, m. hero or adept in speaking; -**vyavahâra**, m. employment of many words, lengthy discussion; -**vyâpâra**, m. manner of speech, talk, conversation.

वाघत vâgh-at, m. [*pr. pl. of* $\sqrt{\text{vagh}}$ = $\sqrt{\text{vâh}}$, *str. form of* $\sqrt{\text{vâh}}$ "and in it vâh" offering], institutor of a sacrifice. *RI*

वाङ्ग vâṅga, m. king of Vâṅga.

वाङ्मथ van-mâthra, n. pl. homed or sweet words; -**madhura**, a. sweet in speech, speaking homed words; -**manasa**, n. *sg. d* du speech and mind; -**mâya**, a. consisting of, connected with, or based on speech or words, verbal; n. eloquence, speech; -**mâdhurya**, a. sweetness of speech or voice; -**mî/raṇa**, n. interchange of words, conversation with *in*

वाच vak, f. [$\sqrt{\text{vak}}$] language (also of animals); voice, sound, speech, statement, assertion, word, Speech (*personified*), goddess of speech = Sarasvatî *in vâla*, expressly; -**satyam kri**, expressly promise in marriage; plight troth; **vâkam da**, address words to (*pl*)

वाच्यम् vâkam-yama, a. restraining speech, silent -**tva**, n. silence

वाचक vâka-ka, a. speaking, saying anything (g); speaking or treating of, stating (g, ∞); expressing, signifying, denoting; -**tva**, n. denotation; -**pada**, n. containing significant (not senseless) words; -**lakshaka-vyâñjaka-tva**, n. direct, indirect, and implicit designation of anything.

वाचक्यो vâkakanyâ, f. *pat. (fr. vakukny)* N. of a female teacher.

वाचन vâk-ana, n. (*fr. ex. of* $\sqrt{\text{vak}}$) causing to recite; reciting; reading; expressing; -**ika**, a. (\hat{a}) based on an express statement (*vâkâna*), expressly mentioned.

वाचस्पति vâkâs-pati, m. lord of speech (*a genius presiding over human life*); *ep. of Soma, Vîsvakarmā, Prâgyapati, Brahman*; *esp. of Brihaspati as lord of eloquence*; teacher of the gods and regent of the planet Jupiter; N. of a Kishi, a lexicographer, a philosopher, etc.

वाचस्पत्य vâkâspat-ya, a. connected with Vâkâspati (Siva); composed by the philosopher Vâkâspati; n. eloquence.

वाचा vâk-â, f. speech, word; goddess of speech

वाचाट vâk-âta, a. garrulous, talkative (also of birds), boastful; filled with the sound of "

वाचारम्भ vâkârambhama, n. expedient of speech, mere phrase.

वाचाव vâk-âva, a. talkative, garrulous (also of birds), boastful, noisy; resounding with the song or noise of (-**tâ**, f. -**tva**, n. talkativeness, garrulosity)

वाचावना vâkâ-ana, f. making garrulous

वाचावय vâkâv-ya, *den. P.* make talkative, induce to talk, make noisy, fill with noise *pp. ita*.

वाचावहाय vâkâ-suhâya, m. talkative companion, entertainer

वाचिक vâk-ika, a. produced by or consisting in words, verbal, committed by speech (*in*); expressed, threatened destruction; n. oral communication, message; -**in**, a. (∞) asserting; expressing, signifying, indicating

वाचोयुक्ति vâko-yukti, f. appropriate speech or word

वाच्य vâk-ya, *fp.* to be spoken, said, told, stated, declared, mentioned, or enumerated; spoken about, to be spoken to, addressed, or told *in an oratorical sense*; expressed, signified, expressly meant by (g, ∞), to be spoken against, to be blamed or censured by (*in*, g), censurable; *n. imp.* one should say or speak about (g, ∞), reproach, fault (*in gam*, expose oneself to reproach); that of which anything is predicable; substantive -**tva**, n. expression by means of (-); -**vat**, *ad.* like the substantive following the gender of the substantive, adjectivally

वाच्यविष vâkya-vîsha, n. play on words; -**tâ**, f. blame, censure; -**tva**, n. necessity of express mention; -**lînga**; -**ka**, a. having the gender of the substantive, adjectival; -**varâta**, n. elliptical expression; -**vâkâkâ-tva**, n. condition of that which is designated and that which designates.

वाच्याय vâkyâ-ya, *den. A.* appear as if it were really expressed.

वाच्याय vâkyâ artha, m. directly expressed meaning; -**tva**, a. direct expression of meaning.

वाज vâja, m. 1. V. speed, vigour, spirit (*esp. of a steed*, *sg. d pl.*); race, contest, prize of battle, booty; gain, reward, treasure, valuable possession; sacrificial food (*vari*); swift or spatted steed; *esp. in a war chariot*; N. of one of the three Ribhus; *pl.* the Ribhus; 2. C. leathers on an arrow; N.

वाजपति vâja-pati, m. lord of booty, etc.; (*vâja*)-**patni**, f. queen of treasure (V); -**pô-ya**, m. n. draught of battle or strength, a kind of Soma sacrifice; -**prashâta**, pp. urged on by strength (RV).

वाजय vāgā-ya, *den. P.*, or **-य**, *P. Â.* race, contend, vie, speed; urge or spur on.

वाजयु vāga-yū, *a. (RV.)* racing, swift; eager for battle; vigorous; winning booty.

वाजरत्न vāga-ratna, *a. (RV.)* rich in gathered treasure: **-āyana**, *m. part of Soma-sustainer (Br.); -vat*, *a. (P.)* accompanied with strength, vigorous; consisting of steeds; accompanied by Vaga or the Zilhus.

वाजसनि vāga-sani, *a.* winning booty or wealth (*RV.*), invigorating, victorious (*RV.*), bestowing food, also *ep of Śiva C.*; **-sag-ya**, *m. pat. of Yagñavalkya; (a), m. pl. school of Vagasaneya -ka*, *a.* relating to, composed by, or belonging to the school of Vagasaneya; *n.* the Satapatha-brāhmaṇa; **-sany-in**, *a.* belonging to the school of Vagasaneya; *m. pl. school of Vagasaneya.*

वाजसति vāga-sāti, *f. (V.)* winning of booty, battle, victory

वाजिन vāg-in, *a. V.* spirited, swift (*steed*; *v. ratha*, *m* = war-chariot); brave, warlike; manly, procreative; *C.* winged; having -as wings (-^o); feathered (*arrow*); also once swift. **-i-tā**, *f.* feathered condition; *n.* hero, warrior (*V.*); *steed of a war-chariot (V.)*; horse, stallion (*C.*); **-i-tā**, *f.* condition of a horse; *pl.* couriers = steeds or teams of the gods (*V.*); the school of Vagasaneya so called because the sun in the shape of a horse revealed certain Yagur verses to Yagñavalkya.

वाजिन vāgin-a, *n. (V.)* race, contest, emulation; mainly vigour; curds (*very rarely C.*)

वाजिनीवत् vājini-vat, *a. (V.)* possessing or driving swift steeds; strong, spirited; **-vasu**, *a.* having swift steeds (*RV.*)

वाजिभूमि vāgi-bhūmi, *f.* country suitable for horses; **-medha**, *m.* horse sacrifice; **-vāhana**, *n.* horses and chariots; **-vishthā**, *f.* (horse-stand), Indian fig-tree (= *avastha*); **-sthā**, *f.* stable.

वाजीकरण vāgi-karṇa, *a.* producing virility; *n.* aphrodisiac.

वाञ्छ VĀN-KH, *I. P.* **vāñkha** [*der. of* *√van*], desire, wish, bo fond of, like (*ac.*, or *inf.*); assert, assume (*C. rare*); *pp.* **vāñkṣita**, desired, wished for **abhi**, desire, long for (*ac.*); wish to (*inf.*); *pp.* desired, wished. **sam-abhi**, *ā* = simple verb.

वाञ्छा vāñkh-ā, *f.* desire, wish, longing, for (*g.*, *l.*, *prati*, -); assumption (*rare*); *m. kri*, long for (*l.*).

वाञ्छित vāñkh-ita, *pp. n.* wish, desire

वाट् vāt, *a.* sacrificial exclamation = bring or take [*prob. fr. √vāh* = *√vāh*].

वाट 1. vāta, *a.* made of the Indian fig-tree (*vāta*); **-mūla**, *a.* dwelling at the roots of the Indian fig-tree.

वाट 2. vātu, *m.* enclosure, piece of enclosed ground (*often -vāt with what it contains*), district; road; **-ka**, *m.* enclosure, garden; **-dhāna**, *m.* man descended from an outcast Brāhmaṇ; *N. of a people (pl.)*; prince or man of this people, *n.* their country.

वाटिका vāt-ikā, *f.* enclosure, garden; **-i**, *f. id.*

वात्य vāt-ya, *a.* made of the Indian fig-tree (*vāta*); 1. *m.* roasted barley.

वाडव vādaba, *a.* coming from the mare; *m.* submarine fire; Brāhmaṇ: **-agñi**, **-anala**, *m.* the submarine fire (*supposed to be at the south pole*).

वाडवीय vādab-īya, *a.* with gyotis, *n. id.*

वाडव vādava, *later spelling for vādaba.*

वाडुत्स vāddautsa, *m. N.*

वाण 1. vānū, *m.* (= *bhānā*) arrow; teat.

वाण 2. vānū, *m.* (instrumental) music (*V.*); harp, lute (*V., C.*); **-abada**, *m.* sound of a lute (or whizzing of arrows); **-āliā**, *N. of a fortress*

वाणारसी vānārasi = vārānasi, Benares (*rare*).

वाणिज vānigā, *m.* merchant: **-ka**, *m. id.*; **-i-ka**, *m. id.* (-^o).

वाणिज्य vānig-ya, *n.* **-i**, *f. (rare)*, business of a merchant (*vānig*), trade, traffic.

वाणिनी vānin-i, *f.* clever or intriguing woman; intoxicated woman.

वाणी vānī, *f. RV.* music (*pl. choir*); *C.* voice, sound, note; speech, words; eloquent words, fine diction (*rare*); goddess of speech, Sarasvatī (*rare*).

वाणीची vānīkī, *f.* kind of musical instrument or music (*V.*).

वात 1. vā-ta [*pp. √1. vā*, blow; *with change of accent*; *ep. māta*], *m.* wind; god of wind (*pl. the Maruts*); air, wind as one of the humours of the body; disorder caused by wind

वात 2. vā-ta, *pp. of √3. vā*; & of *√2. vā* (-^o).

वातकर vāta-kuru, *a.* producing wind (*one of the bodily humours*), causing flatulence; **-kshobha**, *m.* excitement of wind (*in the body*); **-gan/la**, *a.* belonging to the society called Vataganā; **-ā**, *f. N. of a certain society*; **-ghna**, *a.* removing disorders from wind; **-gava**, *a.* fleet as the wind; (**vāta**)-*gata*, *pp.* driven by the wind, swift as the wind (*I.*); **-paśa**, *m.* sail; (**vāta**)-*pramī*, *a.* outstripping the wind (*RV.*); **-bhaksha**, *a.* feeding on air.

वातय vāta-ya, *es. √vat*.

वातयन्त्रविमानक vāta-yantra-vimāna-ka, *n.* mechanical car driven by the wind; (**vāta**)-*rañhas*, *a.* fleet as the wind; (**vāta**)-*raavana*, *a.* wind-girl (*V.*); naked monk (*C.*); **-relaka**, *m.* gust of wind; windbag

वातल vāta-la, *a.* windy, airy; promoting wind (*as a bodily humour*).

वातवत् vāta-vat, *m. N.*; **-varsha**, *m.* *sg. & pl.* rain with wind; **-vriśhi**, *f. id.*; **-vyādhī**, *m.* wind disease (*term applied to rheumatic, nervous, and other disorders supposed to be caused by wind*).

वातश्चिक vātaschika, *perh incorr.* for vāta-śv-ika, *a.* speeding on horses swift as the wind.

वातस्व vātu-svana, *a.* roaring with wind (*Agñi, RV.*); *m. N. of a mountain (C.)*; **-svana**, *a. id. (RV.)*.

वातात्मज vāta-ātmaja, *m.* son of Wind, Hanumat; **-ātmāna**, *a.* having the nature of air, airy; **-adhvan**, *m.* air-hole, round window; (**vāta**)-*āpi*, *a.* having the wind as an ally (*V.*); *m. N. of an Asura eaten up by Agastyā C.*; **-abhra**, *m.* cloud driven by the wind; **-āyana**, *m. pat. N. of a people (pl.)*; *N. of a chamberlain*; **-āyana**, *a.* moving in the wind or air; *n.* air-hole, round window; any part of a house, balcony, portico, terrace on the roof; **-stha**, *a.* standing or being at the window; **-āli**, *f.* whistling.

वातावत् vātāvāt-a, *m. pat. fr. vātā-vat*.

वातावली vāta-āvalī, *f.* whirlwind (*Pr.*); **-ka**, *m.* (feeding on air), snake; **-gava**, *m.* horse fleet as the wind, very swift steed; **-āhata**, *f.* gust of wind.

वातिक vāt-ika, *a. (i)* produced by wind (*the humour*); *m.* windbag, flatterer, panegyrist.

वातुल vāt-ūla, *a.* windy; scatter-brained; crazy; **-ā-na-ka**, *N. of a locality*.

वातुल vāt-ūla, *a.* mad; entirely bent upon (-^o).

वातिकमध vātaeka-bhāksha, *a.* feeding solely on wind, fasting.

वात्या vāt-yā, *f.* tempestuous wind, whirlwind, gale; **-akra**, *n.* whirlwind.

वात्याय vāt-yā-ya, *den. Â.* resemble a storm.

वात्सल्य vātsal-ya, *n.* tenderness, affection, love, for (*g.*, *l.*, -^o).

वात्सि vāts-i, *m. pat. fr. vatsa*.

वात्स्य vāts-ya, *a.* treating of Vatsa; *m. pat. fr. Vatsa*; **-āyana**, *m. pat. fr. Vatsya*; *N. of the author of the Kāma-sūtra*.

वाद vād-a, *a. (-^o)* speaking of (*rare*); causing to sound, playing (*rare*); *m.* talk, utterance, statement (*ord. mg.* -^o *v. the speaker or what is stated*); speaking about, mentioning (-^o); counsel; proposition, thesis; discussion, controversy, disputation; dispute; about (-^o), agreement regarding (-^o); cry, note (*of an animal or bird*); sound (*of a musical instrument*); **-ka**, *m.* player of a musical instrument; **-tas**, *ad.* in argument (*overcome*); **-da**, *a.* vying with (-^o).

वादन vād-ana, *m. (fr. es. of √vad)* player of a musical instrument (*rare*); *n.* playing a musical instrument (-^o); instrumental music; **-mātrā**, *m.* (wind coming from the mouth: *vadana*), breath.

वादयुद्ध vāda-yuddha, *n.* word-contest, disputation: **-pradhāna**, *a.* devoted to controversy; *m.* eminent controversialist.

वादिक vād-ika, *a. (-^o)* talking, speaking; asserting, maintaining (*a theory*); *m.* magician (*n. r.*); **-ita**, *pp. es. of √vad*; *n.* instrumental music; **-i-tarya**, *fp. n. id.*; **-i-tra**, *n.* musical instrument; music, musical performance; musical choir.

वादिन् vād-in, *a.* saying, speaking, talking (*often -^o*); speaking or talking about (-^o); declaring, proclaiming, announcing (-^o); expressing, indicating, designated as, addressed by (*a title*, -^o); *m.* speaker; teacher of (-^o); propounder or adherent of a theory; disputant; prosecutor.

वाच 1. vā-āya, *a.* beginning with *v*.

वाच 2. vād-ya, *fp. [√vad]* to be said or spoken; to be sounded or played (*musical instrument*); *n.* speech (*rare*); playing upon (*a musical instrument*, -^o); instrumental music; *m. n.* musical instrument; **-dhara**, *m.* musician; **-bhānda**, *m.* musical instrument; **-māna**, *pp. pt. Â. es. of √vad*; *n.* instrumental music.

वाधूय vādhū-ya, *a.* (relating to a bride: *vadhū*), bridal; *n.* bridal or wedding garment (*V.*).

वाधीणस vādhri-nasa, *m.* rhinoceros, kind of goat, bull, or bird (*comm.*).

वाण vā-na, *1. pp. √2. vā*; 2. *n.* [*√4. vā*] weaving, sewing.

वानप्रस्थ vāna-prastha, *m.* (betaking oneself to forest-uplands. *vanaprastha*), Brāhmaṇ of the third order *who has retired from domestic life to the forest*; hermit; *a.* relating to the forest hermit; *m.* (*sc.* āśrama) third stage of a Brāhmaṇ's life, forest life, -**prasth-ya**, *n.* condition of a hermit.

वानर vānara, *m.* [animal belonging to the forest: *vanar*] monkey, ape. 1, *f.* female monkey; 2, *a.* belonging or peculiar etc. to the monkey.

वानवासी vāna-vāsī, *f.* *N.* of a town, -**vās-ya**, *m.* prince of Vanavasi.

वानस्पत्य vāna-spatī, *a.* coming from a tree (*vāna-spati*), prepared from trees. *Soma's*, wooden; belonging to the sacrificial post, *n.* fruit of a tree.

वानायु vānāyu, *m.* *N.* of a people (*pl*) = *vanāyu*; -**ya**, *m.* horse produced in the Vānāyu country. [Ratna]

वाणीर vānīra, *m.* kind of cane (*Calamus*).

वणिय vān-ya, *a.* living or growing in the forest, sylvan.

वान vān-ta, *pp.* (√ *vam*) vomited etc. -**vriṣhī**, *a.* having shed its rain cloud, -**ada**, *a.* eating vomit; -**āsin**, *a.* id.

वान्ति vān-ti, *f.* [√ *vam*] vomiting.

वाप vāp-a, *m.* [√ *vap*] shearing, shaving (only) - *with* *kṛta*; -**ana**, *n.* causing one self to be shaved, shaving, -**aya**, *ca.* of √ *vap* and of √ *i*. vā.

वापी vāp-i, *f.* [damming up: √ *vap*] oblong tank, pond; -**ka**, *a.* id., -**gala**, *n.* lake-water.

वाप्य vāp-ya, *1. pp.* (√ *vap*) to be strewn; 2, *a.* coming from tanks (*vāpi*).

वाम 1. vām, *encl. ec., d., g., du.* of the *prn.* of the second person.

वाम 2. vām, *peh. num. du.* = āvām (*RV* 1).

वाम 1. vā-mā [√ *vā*] *a.* (1, 1; 1, 1; 1, 1) pleasant, fair, lovely, benignant; dear; beautiful, noble, striving after, eager for; 2, *n.* fortune, wealth (1, 1).

वाम 2. vāma, *a.* left, being on the left (the quivering of the left arm or eye is a good omen in women, the quivering of the left arm a bad omen in men), crooked, oblique; rare; acting in the opposite way or differently; rare; refractory, coy in love; adverse (fortune); hard, cruel; low; perverse, wicked; rare; 3, *n.* left side. *m.* **vāmāna**, on the left; **vāmād dakṣiṇam**, from left to right; *n.* adversity, misfortune.

वामक vāma-ka, *a.* (1, 1) left (not right); adverse, cruel; *n.* kind of gesture; -**as**, *ad.* from or on the left; -**tā**, *f.* disavowal (*st.*, *pl*); coyness; -**tva**, *n.* disavowal; -**datta**, *m.* *N.* of *N.*; -**dra**, *f.* fair-eyed woman; (1, 1) -**deva**, *m.* *N.* of a *seer*, son of Gotama, and commander of the fourth Maṇḍala of the *RV*; -**dev-ya**, *a.* coming from Vamadeva; *n.* *N.* of various Sāmāns.

वामन vāmana, *a.* small in stature, dwarfish; minute light, short (days); bent down, bending low; *m.* dwarf; dwarf-incarnation of Viṣṇu who on being promised by the Daitya Bali as much land as he could measure in three steps, strode through the three worlds; *N.* of the world-elephant of the south or west; *N.*, esp. of the author of the *Kāṇḍa-lankā-vivṛiti* and of the *Kāṇḍa-vivṛiti*; -**ka**, *m.* dwarf; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* dwarfishness.

वामनयया vāma-nayayā, *f.* fair-eyed woman.

वामनाश्रम vāmana-āśrama, *m.* *N.* of a hermitage.

वामनी vāma-nī, *a.* bringing wealth -**tva**, *n.* attribute of bestowing wealth.

वामनीक vāmanī-ka, turn into a dwarf -**bhū**, become bent, bow oneself.

वामभू vāma-bhū, *f.* left eyebrow. (1, 1) *f.* fair-eyed woman.

वामलूर vāmalūra, *m.* ant-hill.

वामलोचन vāma-locana, *a.* beautiful eye -**ā**, *f.* fair-eyed woman; 1, *m.* *N.*; -**ā**, *a.* of bad character, -**ā**, *a.* standing on the left; -**svabhāva**, *a.* of noble character.

वामा vāmā, *f.* (of 1 vāmā) lovely woman, woman.

वामाक्षी vāmākṣī, *f.* fair-eyed woman, -**akṣī**, *a.* flaming towards the left, fire a bad omen; -**āvarta**, *a.* winding towards the left; turned towards the left or west.

वामिन् vām-in, *a.* vomiting, ejecting.

वामी vām-i, *f.* female camel (only) - *with* *udra*.

वामिषणा vāmākṣhaṇa, *f.* lovely-eyed woman; -**itara**, *a.* not left, right; -**akṣ**, *a.* always acting perversely -**tva**, *n.* perpetual perverseness; -**ura**, *f.* woman with beautiful thighs.

वाय vām-ya, *1. a.* belonging to Vāma -**deva**, 2, *n.* perverseness.

वाय vāy-a, *m.* (1) weaver; weaving; thread [√ *vā*] -**ka**, *m.* weaver, sewer. [dyman]

वायत vāy-a, *m.* *pl.* (1, 1) vāyati of Pūṣa.

वायव vāyav-a, *a.* (1) relating, belonging, or sacred to or sprung from the wind, air, or god of wind; north-western. 1, *f.* + *dis* north-west; -**īya**, *a.* id., -**ya**, *a.* id., 2, *putra*, *n.* a kind of *Soma* vessel shaped like a mortar; *m.* *N.*, *f.* north-west.

वायस vāyas-a, *m.* (large) bird (1, 1), crow (1, 1), *a.* consisting of birds (1, 1); relating or peculiar to crows (1, 1); *f.* female crow (1, 1).

वायसीक vāyasī-ka, turn into a crow -**bhū**, be turned into a crow.

वायु vāyū, *m.* [√ *vā*] wind, air (one of the elements, seven winds are assumed; god of wind *pl* = the Maruts), breath, vital air (they are fire, pūṣa, apāna, vāma, udāna, samāna, or ūṣa, karmā, kṛkṛa, devadatta, dhanamāyā; wind as one of the three humours of the body, wind as a kind of goblin confusing men).

वायुगोचर vāyu-gokara, *m.* north-west; -**grasta**, *pp.* affected by wind, crazy, -**akṛa**, *n.* range of the wind; -**div**, *f.* north-west, -**nighna**, *a.* id., -**patha**, *m.* path of the wind, a certain tract in the air. *N.* of a king -**putra**, *m.* son of Wind, Hanumat -**āya**, *den* to present Hanumat; *pp.* 1, *ta*, *n.* cups; -**bala**, *m.* *N.* of a warrior who fought on the side of the gods against the Asuras, -**bha**, *kṛa*, *a.* living on air, fasting -**ka**, *a.* id., -**madala**, *n.* whirlwind; -**rugya**, *pp.* broken down by wind trees; -**vega**, *m.* speed of the wind; -**ya**, *as*, *f.* *N.*, -**sama**, *a.* like the wind; -**skandha**, *m.* region of the wind.

वार vār, *n.* water (*nm.* *pl.* very rarely -**as**, *as* *f.* *m.* or *f.*; -**ām** *nidhi*, ocean).

वार 1. vāra, *m.* (= vāla) hair of the tail (esp. a horse's); *m.* *n.* *sg.* *pl.* hair-sieve (*RV*).

वार 2. vār-a, *a.* [√ *vri*] keeping or warding off (only) -**ā**.

वार 3. vār-a, *m.* [√ *vri*] 1. *F.* treasure (*RV*); 2. *C.* time fixed for anything, any one's turn, any one's appointed place, rare; time (with numerals, e.g. three times, etc.); day of the week, day (abbreviated for *dina* or *divasa*), turn of a day under the reign of a planet -**vāram** vāram, oftentimes, repeatedly, again and again.

वार 4. vāra, *m.* quantity, multitude (rare); **वारक** vāra-ka, *m.* 1, opposer, avorter, 2, turn in *o-na*, *n.* turn, 3, *incorr.* for *vār* dhaka, age.

वारकनका vāra-kanya-kā, *f.* (girl) taken in turn, courtesan.

वारङ्ग vārāṅga, *m.* handle (of a knife etc.).

वारण vār-aṇa, *a.* [√ *vri*] warding off, resisting, opposing (1, 1); shy, wild (1, 1); dangerous (1, 1), forbidden (1, 1); *m.* (all-resisting, elephant (1, 1), elephant-hook (1, 1), very rare; *n.* (1) warding off, from (1, 1), means of restraining, rare.

वारणान vāraṇāna, *m.* elephant-headed, *ep.* of *Ganesa*.

वारणीय vāraṇīya, *1. pp.* to be fended off, *n.* *m.* 2, *a.* belonging to an elephant with *kara*, *m.* elephant's trunk.

वारनारी vāra-nārī, *f.* (woman) taken in turn, courtesan, -**dhāna**, *n.* (1) armour, coat of mail, doublet, -**bana** vāra, arrow guard; -**mukhya**, *f.* courtesan.

वारय vār-ya, *es.* (1, 1, 1, 1) present etc.

वारयुक्ति vār-yukti, *f.* (woman) taken in turn, courtesan; -**yoshit**, -**vaḥ**, -**vanita**, *f.* id., -**vāla**, *m.* *N.* of an *Apradhā*; -**vīṣā**, *ini*, *f.* dallying in turn, courtesan, -**ah**, -**grāhā**, *f.* id.

वाराणसी vārāṇasī, *f.* *N.* of a city, Benares.

वाराह vārāha, *a.* coming from or relating to the boar (vārāha, made of pig's leather).

वारि 1. var-i, *n.* water.

वारि 2. vār-i, *f.* (also *m.*) enclosure for catching or place for tying up elephants; √ *vri*.

वारिकोश vāri-kosa, *m.* (= *kosa*-var) concentrated water used in ordeals, -**garbha** *n*-**dara**, *a.* pregnant, heavy with rain cloud; -**kara**, *a.* aquatic, *n.* aquatic animal, fish, -**ga**, *m.* produced in the water, shell; *n.* lotus; -**akṣha**, *a.* lotus-eyed, -**ātā**, *pp.* *m.* shell, -**taraṅga**, *m.* wave, -**ta**, *ad.* by water, -**tarka**, *m.* stealer of water, esp. of the sun which draws up water with its rays; -**da**, *a.* giving water or rain, *m.* rain-cloud; -**āga**, *m.* *m.* (arrival of clouds, rainy season; -**anta**, *m.* end of the clouds), autumn; -**dhara**, *a.* bearing or containing water, *m.* rain-cloud; -**dhāni**, *f.* reservoir of water, water butt, -**dhārā**, *f.* *sg.* *pl.* torrent of water; -**dhi**, *m.* receptacle for water, ocean, sea, *four* or *seven* seas are spoken of, -**nidhi**, *m.* id., -**pa**, *a.* 1, drinking water; 2, guarding water; -**patha**, *m.* water way, sea-faring; -**upa**, *gvin*, *a.* subsisting by maritime trade; -**pura**, *vam*, *ad.* previously pouring out water; -**bandhana**, *n.* damming up of water, -**bindu**, *m.* drop of water, -**mat**, *a.* abounding in water, -**maya**, *a.* 1, consisting of water, peculiar to water, -**mutā**, *a.* discharging water or rain, *m.* rain-cloud, -**yantra**, *n.* water-wheel, -**ra**, *m.* giving water, cloud; -**rāsi**, *n.* volume of water, ocean; -**rūha**, *n.* growing in the water, lotus flower, -**vāraṇa**, *m.* water (1) plant (a kind of monster); -**vāha**, *a.* bringing water, *m.* rain-cloud; god of rain, -**ka**, *a.* bringing water; -**vīḥara**, *m.*

sporting in the water; **-saya**, a. living in the water; **-sambhava**, a. produced in or obtained from water; **-stha**, a. (situated =) reflected in the water (*sun's disc*).

वारी vāri, *f.*, v. 2. vāri.

वारीय vāri-ya, *den.* **Ā.** resemble water.

वारुण vāruṇa, *a.* (i) belonging, relating, or sacred to Varuṇa; western (presided over by Varuṇa); *m.* aquatic animal, fish; **ī**, *f.* west; *kind of serpent*; Varuṇa's female energy; Varuṇa's daughter (*produced at the churning of the ocean and regarded as the goddess of spirituous liquor*), spirituous liquor, palm-wine.

वारुणि vāruṇi, *m. pat.* (*fr.* Varuṇa) of various men.

वार्ष vārṣha, *a.* (i) consisting or made of, belonging or relating to, produced from, growing on or protected (*fortress*) by trees (*vrkṣha*); wooden.

वार्श vārṣa, *a.* [varṣa] relating to a sound or letter (*in the grammatical sense*).

वार्तमानिक vārtamān-ika, *a.* relating to the present (*vartamāna*), now living.

वार्त vārtta, *a.* (relating to fact: *vṛtta*) right, correct; healthy, well; ordinary, middling; worthless; *n.* welfare, health; **ā**, *f.* livelihood, profession; occupation of a *Var-ga* i.e. agriculture, cattle-breeding, and trade; news, tidings, rumour, report, story (of or about, *y.*, ⁻²); talk about (*y.*, *ic.*, *uddiṣya* *v* ac., ⁻²); **kā vārtta**, what news? what talk is there of (*ic.*)? = cannot be thought of, is out of the question; **vārttayā kri**, talk about (*ac.*); ⁻² *a.* living or subsisting on.

वार्तय vārtta-ya, *den.* **P.** converse with (*ac.*).

वार्ताक vārtta-ka, *m.*, **ī**, *f.* (*rare*) egg-plant.

वार्तागुजीवि vārttā anugivin, *a.* living by trade or business; **-mātra avabodhana**, *n.* knowledge based only on hearsay; **-ārambha**, *n.* commercial undertaking, business; **-vṛtyakara**, *m.* bad news; **-hara**, *m.* messenger; **-harta**, *m.* *id.*; **-hārī**, *f.* female messenger.

वार्तिक vārtti-ka, *m.* trader, business man; emissary, envoy; **ā**, *f.* trade, business; *n.* supplementary and corrective rule to a *Sātra* the best-known *Vārttikas* are those of *Kaṭyāyana* on the *Sātras* of *Pitruṇi*; **a** -**kāra**, *m.* composer of *Vārttikas*.

वार्त्रघ्न vārtraghna, *a.* (i) relating to the slayer of *Vṛtra* (*Vṛtra-han*); with *havir*, *n.* -sacrifice for Victory; *m. pat.* of *Arguna* (regarded as a son of *Indra*).

वाई vār-da, *m.* (water-giver), rain-cloud.

वायक vāddha-ka, *m.* [*fr.* vridhka] old man, *n.* old age; **-m dhā**, grow old; **-bhāva**, *m.* old age.

वायक vārdhak-ya, *n.* old age.

वायुष vārdh-usha, *m.* usurer, **ī**, *m.* *id.*; debt with accumulated interest; **-ika**, **-in**, *m.* usurer; **ī**, *f.*, **-ya**, *n.* usury. [*ocean*].

वाधि vār-dhi, *m.* (receptacle of waters).

वाधोयस vārdhānās, *m.* rhinoceros, old white he-goat, or a kind of crane.

वाधी vādhī, *f.* leather thong.

वार्मुच vār-muk, *m.* rain-cloud.

वार्य vār-ya, *fp.* *r.* to be checked, restrained, or deterred, from (*ab.*); **2.** (**-vār**)-**ya**, to be chosen (*C.*, *rare*); precious, valuable (*RV.*); *n.* treasure, wealth, blessing (*RV.*).

वार्यपजीवि vāriyapagivin, *a.* deriving his livelihood from water; *m.* water-carrier; fisherman; **-ghas**, *f.* (?) (living in the water), leech.

वार्वाह vār-vāha, *m.* rain-cloud.

वार्ष vārṣha, *a.* (i) belonging to the rainy season (*varṣha*). [*Vṛsha*-parvan.

वार्षपर्यय vārṣha-parvāna, *a.* derived from

वार्ष vārṣha, *a.* peculiar to the *Sōdra* (*vrishala*). [*of Vṛishākapi*.

वार्षकप vārṣhākup-a, *a.* having the nature

वार्षिक vārṣh-ika, *a.* (i) rainy, belonging to the rainy season; lasting for a year (*food, etc.*); annual, yearly; ⁻², with *n* num. lasting (so many) years, (so many) years old.

वार्श vārṣha (or ū), *m. pat.* **N.**

वार्शेय vārṣhēya, *m. pat.* (*fr.* vārṣha) of various men; *N.* of *Nala's* charioteer; (**ā**)-**sahita**, *pp.* accompanied by *Vārṣhēya*.

वाल vāla *m.* [*later form of vāra*] hair of the tail, horse-hair; tail; bristle; hair; hair-sieve (*P.*).

वालख्य vāla-khilya, *a.* with *mantrāh* or *rikah*, a term applied to the eleven hymns inserted after *RV. VII, 48*; *pl.* or *n. sg.* the section comprising these hymns; *m. pl.* a class of *Ukshis* of the size of a thumb and connected with the sun.

वालधि vāla-dhi, *m.* tail; **-maya**, *a.* consisting of hair; **-vāya-ya**, *n.* cat's eye (*the stone, lit. produced on Mount Valavāya*); **-vāsas**, *n.* garment of hair; **-vya-gana**, *n.* fly-whisk made of tail-hair, esp. of the tail of the *Yak* (*Das graucienis*; *kāmara*); **-i-bhū**, become a fly-whisk.

वालवितु vālāvitu, *m. N.*

वालिन vāl-in, *m.* (having a tail), *N.* of a monkey, brother of *Sugriva* and son of *Indra*.

वालुक vāluka, *a.* made of sand.

वालुका vālukā, *f. sg.* or (*guly.*) *pl.* sand; **-tva**, *n.* being sand = nothingness; **-abdhī**, *m.* (sea =) waste of sand; **-maya**, *a.* (i) consisting or made of sand; **-ambudhī**, *m.* (sea =) waste of sand; **-agnāva**, *m. id.*

वालक vālka, *a.* made of the bark of trees; *n.* cloth or garment made of bark (*valku*).

वाल्मीकि vālmūka, *a.* composed by *Vālmūki*.

वाल्मीकि vālmūki, *m. N.* of an ancient sage, composer of the *Rāmāyana*; **-iya**, *a.* connected with or composed by *Vālmūki*.

वाल्लभ vāllabhi-ya, *n.* popularity, favour; tenderness.

वाव vā-vā, *emphatic pol.* (commonest in *rel. sentences*) following the word having the stress, just, indeed (commonest in *Br.*, occurs also in *TS*, *U.*, and *Bhāgavata-P.*).

वावचन vā-vākana, *n.* statement of opinion.

वावडूक vā-vad-ūka, (*intr.*) *a.* very eloquent; garrulous, disputatious.

वावशान vā-vas-āna, *pf. pt.* **Ā.** (√*vas*) eagerly longing (*RV.*). [*wearing* (*RV.*).

वावसान vā-vas-āna, *pf. pt.* **Ā.** (√*vas*)

वावात vāvāta, *a.* [√*3.* vā] beloved, *m.* favourite (*RV.*); **ā**, *f.* favourite wife of a *king* (inferior to the *mahishi*, but superior to the *parietiti*; *comm.*).

वाष् VAS, **I.** vāsa, **P.** (V., C.), **Ā.** (C.), **IV.** vāya, **Ā.** (V., C.), **P.** (E.) low,

bellow; cry, scream (*of birds*); resound; **cs.** vāsa, **P.** cause to low, scream, resound or thunder; *into.* vāsa, vāsa-ya, howl, scream, or sound aloud. **abhi**, low or bellow at. **prati**, low or scream at (*ac.*); *intr. id.* **sam**, low etc. together.

वाश्क vāsa-ka, *a.* warbling (*of birds*).

वाशित vās-ita, *pp. n.* howl, cry, scream.

वाशिता vās-itā, *f.* cow longing for the bull also of other animals desiring the male, esp. female elephant; woman, wife (*in* *AV.*, *E.* & *C.* always spelt vāsītā).

वाशिन vās-in, *a.* crying, screaming (*of birds*).

वाशी vāśi, *f.* sharp knife, axe (*V.*, *E.*; *in* *AV.* & *E.* spelt vāśi); **-mat**, *a.* bearing pointed knives (*Agnt*; *RV.*).

वाश्र vās-rā, *a.* lowing, roaring; sounding whistling (*wind*); **ā**, *f.* lowing cow; cow.

वाशुका vāshu-kā, *f. N.* of a village.

वास VAS, only *ni-vāsate*, resists (*RV.*). [*vās-as*].

वास **1.** vās-a, *m.* garment, dress (*metr.* *fo.*

वास **2.** vās-ā, *m.* halting, esp. for the night staying overnight; resting, dwelling, sojourn (*ic.*, ⁻²); abode, habitation; seat of (*g.* day's journey (*rare*); situation, condition (*rare*); **-m vas**, take up one's abode, abide, dwell, live; ⁻², *a.* abiding, living in (*C.*).

वास **3.** vāsa, *m.* perfume.

वासःखण्ड vāsah-khanda, *n.* rag.

वासक vāsa-ka, **1.** ⁻², *a.* = vāsa, garment, clothes; **2.** ⁻², *a.* abode, dwelling; *n.* bed-chamber; **3.** perfume; **-sagghā**, **-sagghikā**, *a.* ready in her chamber, mistress prepared to receive her lover.

वासगृह vāsa-grāha, *n.* bed-chamber; **-geha** *n. id.*; **-tāmbhūla**, *n.* betel with aromatic ad-juncts.

वासतोवर vāsativara, *a.* relating to water left standing overnight (*vasati-varī*).

वासीय vāsuteya, *a.* affording shelter (*vasati*); **ī**, *f.* night.

वासन **1.** vās-ana, *n.* (*fr. cs.* of √*2.* vas garment, dress; case, box, casket.

वासन **2.** vās-ana, *n.* (*fr. cs.* of √*3.* vas) causing or allowing to dwell (*rare*); knowledge (*rare*); **ā**, *f.* thought of, desire for (*ic.*); impression (*of*, ⁻²) left dwelling in the mind, notion, idea; false notion (*e.g.* bheda-, mistaken idea that there is a difference); ⁻² *a.* **ā-maya**, *a.* consisting in or based on ideas; consisting in impressions (*of*); **-tva**, *n.* *id.* *n.* [*strenuous reflexion*].

वासनीय vāsan-īya, *a.* intelligible only by

वासन्त vāsantā, *a.* (i) belonging to or produced in spring, vernal; **ī**, *f. N.* of various plants; *N.* of a *śrāvan* goddess.

वासन्तिक vāsant-ika, *a.* (i) vernal; *m.* spring festival.

वासपर्यय vāsa-paryaya, *m.* change of residence; **-prāsāda**, *m.* palace; **-bhavāna**, *n.* bed-chamber; **-bhūmi**, *f.* place of abode, homestead.

वासय **1.** vās-aya, *cs.* of √*vas*.

वासय **2.** vāsa-ya, *den. P.* (**Ā.** *metr.*) make fragrant, perfume, scent; *pp.* vāsita, perfumed, fragrant, scented; infected with, steeped in (*C.*). **adhi**, make fragrant, perfume; initiate; *pp.* perfumed; consecrated;

infected or affected by (in, -°). ६. make fragrant. **साम-ā**, win, captivate.

वासयति vāsa-yashṭi, *f.* (branched) roosting-pole or perch (for tame peacocks).

वासयितु vās-ay-i-tri, *m.* 1. clothier; 2. preserver.

वासर vāsar-ā, *a.* (i) belonging to or appearing in the morning (vasar), early (RV), *m.* (time of dawn, morning), day (opp. night), day (in general), day of the week: **-kṛt-ya**, *n.* daily observances; **-maṇi**, *m.* gem of day, sun; **-saṅga**, *m.* daybreak; **-adhīna**, *m.* sun; **-īśa**, *m.* *id.*; lord of the week (sun, moon, or planet).

वासव vāsav-ā, *a.* (i) belonging to, derived from (etc.) the Vasus; *m.* chief of the Vasus, Indra; *a.* (i) belonging to Indra (± *dis*, *f.* east): **-āṅga**, Indra's bow, rainbow; **-dātā**, *f.* frequent *N.*, story of Vāsuvadātā; *T* of a novel by Subandhu; **-ādī**, *f.* Indra's quarters, east; **-āśā**, *f.* *id.*

वासवेष्टमन् vāsa-vesman, *n.* bed-chamber.

वासस 1. vās-as, *n.* [√2 vas] garment, robe, dress; cloth: **-du**, upper and lower garment.

वासस 2. vās-as, *n.* night-quarters (rare).

वासागार vāsa āgāra, *n.* bed-chamber.

वासित vās-ita, *pp.* of √vas in *ex* and *of* den. vā-sya: **-ā**, *f.* 1. vāsītā.

वासिन् vās-in, *a.* 1. (°) clothed, dressed in; 2. (*guly*, -°) staying, abiding, dwelling, living (in, among, for a time, as); 3. *incorp* spelling for vasiṇ.

वासिष्ठ vāsishṭhā, *a.* (i) descended from, composed by, relating or belonging to Vāsishṭha, *m.* *pat.* *fr.* Vāsishṭha.

वासी vāsi, *f.* *r.* vāsi.

वासुकि vāsuki, *m.* *N.* of a genius; *N.* of the sovereign of the serpents, *N.*

वासुदेव vāsudevā, *m.* *pat.* (*fr.* Vasudeva) *N.* of a king of Pandra, *N.* of Krishna-Vishnu; *N.*; *a.* (x) relating to Vasudeva (Krishna): **-ka**, *m.* a little Vāsudeva, a second Vasudeva (*Pr.*)

वासुधरेय vāsudhāreya, *m.* *met.* of Naraka; *i.* *f.* *met.* of Sitā.

वासु vāsu, *f.* girl.

वासोद vāso-da, *a.* giving a garment; **-āśa**, *a.* *id.* (RV); **-bhr**, *t.* wearing a garment (-°); **-yuga**, *n.* pair of garments; **-vāya**, *a.* wearing a garment (RV).

वासव vāstav-a, *a.* (i) (relating to an actual thing: vastu, substantial, real, true, genuine, -īśa, *ad.* *id.*, *m.* realist; gardener; **-yā**, *a.* remaining on the spot (vastu), left (*Pr.*), resident, settled, dweller; *m.* inhabitant, resident.

वासु vās-tu, *m.* (only *P.*), *n.* [√3 vas] dwelling-place, homestead, house, apartment (rare): **-karmaṇ**, *n.* building of a house; **-āṅga**, *n.* knowledge of building, architecture; **-parikṣā**, *f.* examination of the building site; **-pālā**, *m.* tutelary genius of the house; **-puraṣa**, *m.* genius regarded as prototype of the house; **-vidhāna**, *n.* building of a house; **-sampādāna**, *n.* preparation of a site; **-sthāpana**, *n.* erection of a house; **-ha**, *a.* left remaining on the spot; *n.* (?) remainder.

वासोष्पति vāstosh-pāti, *m.* genius of the homestead: **-ī-ya**, *a.* belonging etc. to Vāsoshpāti.

वासा vāsā, *f.* *incorp.* for vāstrā

वाह VĀH, I Ā vāha (rare), press *pra*, *id.*; *cs.* -vāhaya, *P.* *id.* *sam*-*pra*, *id.*

वाह 1. vāh, *only* -s, *d.* *inf.* (of √vāh = √vāh) for drawing (RV).

वाह 2. vāh, *strg.* base of vāh (-°).

वाह vāh-a, *a.* (-°) drawing, conveying, carrying; flowing (river), *m.* draught animal, horse; bull; vehicle, carriage: *a.* having - as one's vehicle, riding on or in; *a.* drawing; riding, driving, bearing, carrying, current (√vāh).

वाहक vāha-ka, *m.* (ikā, *f.*) carrier; bearer, conveyer of, *a.* carrying along (water), setting in motion; stroking, *m.* *N.*

वाहन vāh-ana, *a.* (*fr.* *cs.* of √vāh) driving; carrying; bringing, *n.* animal used for draught or riding; vehicle, conveyer, chariot, wagon, animal *rate*, drawing, carrying, riding, driving: *a.* riding on, driving in: **-tā**, *f.* *cs.* **-tva**, *n.* condition of a vehicle, etc.

वाहना vāh-anā, *f.* army: **-kṛi**, make a vehicle of, *i.* **-bhū**, become a vehicle: **-anīya**, *fp.* (*cs.* of √vāh), *n.* *°* beast of burden, **-vāh**-as, *n.* offering *V.*

वाहिन vāh-in, *a.* driving along (car), *id.*, drawing, flowing to, causing to flow, shedding; bearing along of a river, waiting of wind; bringing, producing, bearing, carrying; wearing, possessing, having, performing, practising: **-in**, *ad.*, *f.* *V.*, *C.* army, *C.* division of an army (consisting of 81 elephants, 81 chariots, 243 horse, 495 foot, river: **-pātī**, *m.* commander of an army, **-īśa**, *m.* *id.*

वाहिष्ठ vāh-ishṭha, *sp.* (= vāshishṭha) waiting or bringing most (RV).

वाह्य vāh-ya, *fp.* drawn, driven, ridden, borne by or on: *n.* animal for draught or riding; vehicle, conveyance: **-ādī**, *f.* riding course: **-bhū**, *f.* *id.*

वि 1. vi, *m.* bird: also *fig.* of horses and the Muruts common in *V.*, very rare in *C.*

वि 2. vi, *1. ad.* as a *rel* preposition and *v.* *nouns* express separation, parting, disperson (asunder, apart, off, away, without, etc.): 2. *pp* *a* *ut* (RV, rare) through, between (with ellipse of the *cs.*)

विंश viṁśā, *a.* twentieth (w. bhāga or *ams*), *m.* one-twentieth, increased by twenty: *a.* *m.* *ka*, *n.* one hundred and twenty, consisting of twenty parts; *a.* twenty, *m.* one-twentieth: **-ī-ka**, *a.* increased by twenty: *m.* *ka*, *n.* twenty per cent, consisting of twenty parts, *n.* twenty

विंशति vi-m-sa-ti, *f.* [two-decade, (dvi-m-śaśa-ti) twenty *a* *pl.* in the same case, governing *a* *g.* *pl.* or *a* *g.* *pl.* *ka*, *n.* twenty years old, consisting of twenty syllables or panas, *fig.*; *n.* twenty: **-tama**, a twentieth (w. bhāga), *m.* twentieth part: **-bhāga**, *m.* twentieth part, **-ma**, a twentieth, *m.* twentieth part, **-varsha-deviya**, a about twenty years old; **-varshika**, *a.* *x* lasting twenty years; taking place after twenty years, **-īśa**, **-īśin**, *m.* chief of twenty villages

विंशिन vi-m-in, *a.* consisting of twenty; *m.* chief of twenty villages

विककृत vi-kārikata, *m.* *N.* of a thorny tree (the wood of which was used for making ladders).

विकव vi-kva, *a.* hairless, bald (rare), expanded, blown (flower, ord. my); beam-

ing, radiant, with *cs.* **-eri**, *a.* 1. radiantly beautiful; 2. the glory of whose hair has departed): **-kāṭita**, *den* *pp* expanded, blown (flower); **-kāṭi-kṛi**, expand a flower; **-kāṭhapa**, *a.* deprived of tortoise

विकट vi-kata, *a.* [Prākṛite form of vi-kṛita, altered in appearance; RV, C.] having an unusual aspect, horrible, dreadful, hideous, formidable; large, broad (rare); extremely beautiful (rare): **-m**, *ad.* terribly, *m.* *N.* *N.* of a gander: **-vadana**, *m.* *N.* of an attendant of Durgā: **-varman**, *m.* *N.* of a king, **-akṣha**, *a.* having dreadful eyes, *m.* *N.* of an Asura, **-ānana**, *a.* having a large or hideous mouth

विकटीक vi-kat-i-kṛi, make wide, extend, **-kaṇḍaka-pura**, *n.* *N.* of a town; **-kathana**, *n.* basket, bag, part, *n.* *ka*, *f.* vaulting, boastfulness: **-a-tva**, *n.* fulsome praise, **-kathā**, *f.* irrelevant talk, **-kampita**, *n.* kind of falling tone; **-karaṇa**, *a.* producing a change, *m.* modifier: **pratyaya**, *alix* forming the base, and inserted between root and personal termination, *n.* change, modification; 2. a lacking organ: **-tva**, *n.* lack of organ; **-karaṇa**, *a.* formidable, frightful, dreadful (*Pr.* of Durgā: **-tā**, *f.* formidableness, dreadful appearance, **-mukha**, *m.* *N.* of a Mikara: **-karna**, *a.* lacking ears, deaf, *m.* *N.* among others) of Dhruvasūtra, *m.* *N.* of a Samun

विकर्तव्य vi-kartavya, *a.* dividing; *m.* sun, *n.* cutting up; dividing, **-karteri**, *m.* transformer, insulter, **-karma-kṛit**, *a.* following unlawful occupations; **-karma-kṛiṣṭ, *f.* performance of unlawful actions; **-karmaṇ**, *n.* unlawful act or occupation, **-karma-stha**, *a.* following an unlawful occupation, **-karaṣa**, *m.* pulling asunder; separation of several combined elements, etc., removal, **-karaṣaṇa**, *n.* pulling asunder, drawing of a bow, searching out, investigation**

विकल vi-kala, *a.* lacking a part, defective, imperfect; inefficient, useless, mutilated, maimed, impaired, weak, deficient in, lacking in, *cs.* **-ā**, blind of an eye, *cs.* exhausted, unweary, unwell, dispirited, drooping, **-ā**, *f.* second, **-kalanka**, *a.* spotless, **-kalā-tā**, *f.* **-kala-tva**, *n.* defectiveness, imperfection, infirmity, **-kala-anga**, *a.* having a crippled member, **-kali-kṛi**, greatly impair or injure

विकल्प vi-kalpa, *m.* alternative, option, combination, contrivance; variety, distinction, *rare*, *n.* indision, hesitation, doubt, false notion, fancy: *in* optionally, **-gāṇa**, *n.* number of possible cases, **-kalpana**, *n.* *ka*, *f.* allowing an option; distinction, false notion or assumption; **-kalpaniyya**, *fp.* to be ascertained, **-kalpa-vat**, *a.* undecided, doubtful, **-kalpa an-upapatti**, *f.* untenableness owing to a dilemma; **-kalpa-asāha**, *a.* not standing the test of a dilemma, **-tva**, *n.* untenableness owing to a dilemma, **-kalpitā-tva**, *n.* optionalness, **-kalpiz**, *a.* (their liable to be mistaken for blind, Asoka flowers, etc.), **-kalpya**, *fp.* to be distributed, calculated, chosen according to circumstances

विकल्प vi-kalpansha, *a.* sinless; **-karyapa**, *a.* performed without the Karyapa (sacrifice), **-karsvara**, *a.* expanded, blown (flower; open mouth, eyes, candle, person, cloud, animal

विकार vi-kara *m.* transformation, alteration, change, modification, variation, altered or unwanted condition; apparition, spectacle, *rare*, *n.* unusual pranks, extravagant (pl.; *rare*, *n.* product; derivative from Prakṛit (of which there are sixteen, the eleven organs and the five elements Sākhya-phil.); derivative

of a word (rare); change of the normal bodily condition, ailment, malady, affection; wound caused by (a blow -²); contortion of face, grimace; change in the normal mental condition, perturbation, agitation, esp. amorous emotion; change of sentiment, hostility, refractoriness, defection: **vidhehi māṛikā-vikāram**, assume the unwonted gait of the flamingo; **-kāraṇa**, a groundless; **-kāra-vat**, a undergoing changes; **-kāra-hetu**, m. cause of perturbation.

विकारित vi-kārita, cs. pp. v. **kri**; **-kāri-tva**, n. alteration, change; **-kārin**, a. liable to change, changeable; changing into (-²); susceptible of emotion or love; becoming disloyal, rebellious; producing a change in, corrupting (the mind); **-kārya**, fp. liable to change; **-kāla**, m. evening; **-kāsa**, m. 1. brightness; 2. inaccurate spelling for **-kāsa**; **-kāsin**, a. shining, radiant; -³, illustrating, explaining; **-kāsa**, m. [$\sqrt{\text{kus}}$] expanding, blowing (of flowers); opening (of the mouth or eyes); opening of the heart, susceptibility; expansion, development; **-ka**, a. (-²) expanding the mind making wise; **-kāsaṇa**, a. causing to expand; n. developing; **-kāsitā**, f. expansion, development; **-kāsin**, a. blossoming, blowing open (eyes); expanding, developing; extensive, great (fortune); abounding in (-³).

विकार vi-kira, m. lice (etc.) scattered as an offering to conciliate beings abstracted of sacrifice; (scaper), kind of gallinaceous bird; n. scattering, strewing; **-kīra**, pp. ($\sqrt{\text{kri}}$) scattered etc.

विकृषि vi-kukshi, a. having a prominent belly; m. N. of a son or grandson of Ikshvāku; **-kūṭha**, a sharp, penetrating, irresistible (rare); m. cp. of Vishnu; Vishnu's heaven (= vaikuntha); **-kūṭha**, pp. ($\sqrt{\text{ku}}$) n. humming, warbling; **-kūṭhana**, n. contraction.

विकृत vi-krita, pp. ($\sqrt{\text{kri}}$) changed etc.; n. deformity, abortion; transformation, change; **-tva**, n. modification, change; **-damshatra**, m. (having ugly teeth, N. of a fairy, **-bud-dhi**, a. changed in mind, alienated; **-ākāra**, a. having a misshapen aspect, altered in appearance.

विकृति vi-kṛiti, f. transformation, alteration, change, modification, variation, changed condition; apparition, spectre, product; derivative of Prakṛiti (= vikāra in *Sāṃkhya phil.*); derivative form (in gr.; rare); development (of seed, Br.); change of the normal mental condition, perturbation; change of feeling, hostility, defection; **-m gam**, **yā**, **vra**, or **pra-pad**, be changed; **-mat**, a. liable to change; indisposed, ill.

विकृष्ट vi-kṛiṣṭa, pp. v. **krish**

विकोश vi-kosa, a. unsheathed, drawn (sword etc.); lacking a foreskin [or interest.

विकीर्तक vi-kautuka, a. lacking curiosity

विक्रम vi-kramā, m. V. C.: stride, step; C.: motion, gait, pace; force, forcible means, might, prowess, valour; kind of grave ascent (gr.); non-change of Viśarga into a sibilant (gr.); N.; also = Vikramāditya ab. **vikramā**, m. by force; **neṣṭi vikramāṇa**, it cannot be done by forcible means; **vikrama** m. **kri**, display one's prowess or courage; **-ke-sarin**, m. N. of a king; N. of a minister. **-kaṇḍa**, m. N. of a prince of Kheṇara; **-kari** or **-karita**, n. Adventures of Vikrama-āditya, T. of a collection of tales.

विक्रमण vi-kramāṇa, n. striding, stride, step (of Vishnu); might, prowess, valour (C.).

विक्रमण vikrama-tuṅga, m. N. of two kings; **-nidhi**, m. N. of a warrior; **-patta-na**, n. Vikrama's city, Uggayini; **-pati**, m. = Vikramaāditya; **-pura**, m. N. of a town; **-bhāṇa**, m. N. of various kings; **-rāja**, m. N. of a king; **-lākṣhaṇa**, m. = Vikramaāditya; **-akṛti**, m. N. of various warriors; **-simha**, m. N. of various kings; **-sena**, m. id.; **-sthā-na**, n. walking-place, promenade; **-śuka**, m. = Vikramaāditya; **-deva**, m. id.; **-karita**, n. Adventures of Vikramānka-deva, T. of a poem; **-āditya**, m. N. of Valour, N. of various kings, esp. of one accounted the conqueror of the Sakas and founder of the Vikrama era (56 B.C.).

विक्रमिन् vikram-in, a. striding, through (Vishnu); valiant.

विक्रमेश्वर vikrama isvara, m. N. of a temple erected by Vikramāditya.

विक्रमोर्वशी vikramo rvasi, f. Urvasi won by valour, T. of a drama ascribed to Kālidāsa.

विक्रय vi-krayā, m. [$\sqrt{\text{kri}}$] sale; (a) **-patra**, n. deed of sale; **-krayika**, m. seller; **-kray-in**, a. selling; m. seller; **-kray-ya**, fp. to be sold.

विक्रान्त vi-kṛānta, pp. ($\sqrt{\text{kriam}}$) valiant etc.; m. passed over, the *Sandhi* in which Viśarga is left unchanged; n. pace taken, step; gait; prowess, valour; (vi) **-krānti**, f. all-pervading power; } ; prowess, valour (C.).

विक्रायक vi-kṛāya-ka, m. seller.

विक्रिया vi-kriyā, f. [$\sqrt{\text{I. kri}}$] transformation, alteration, change, modification; vitiation, disfigurement, failure, misadventure, harm (dipasya - extinction); unwanted phenomenon, product e.g. of milk; contraction, knitting (of the bow); sudden movement (of the hair = thrill); change in the normal bodily condition, ailment, affection; change in the normal mental condition, perturbation, agitation; change of feeling, alienation, hostility, defection; **-m yā**, undergo a change for the worse, deteriorate, come to naught; **-upamā**, f. transformation simile (in which one thing is represented as produced from another: e.g. 'thy face is as it were taken from the disc of the moon').

विक्रीड vi-kīḍa, m. play ground; toy ā, f. play, sport; **-kri/ita**, (pp.) n. play, sport, child's play, action performed with the greatest ease; **-krita**, pp. ($\sqrt{\text{kri}}$) sold, n. sale; **-krusha**, pp. ($\sqrt{\text{kri}}$) n. cry for help; **-kretavya**, fp. [$\sqrt{\text{kri}}$] to be sold, salable; **-kreti**, m. seller; **-kreta**, fp. to be sold, vendible; n. (2) selling price; **-krośa**, m. cry, for help; **-krōśana**, m. N. of a mythical being, N. of a king; **-kroṣhtri**, m. one who calls out or cries for help.

विक्लव vi-klava, a. overcome with agitation, confused, bewildered; alarmed, frightened, timid, shy; hesitating; distressed; overcome with (-²); averse from (the chase, -²); troubled, discomposed (face, glance), flustering (speech, unsteady gait), impaired (senses); n. confusion, embarrassment; despondency; **-tā**, f. **-tva**, n. trepidation, timidity, etc.; **-klavi-kri**, depress, trouble; **-klavi-bhū**, grow despondent; **-kleḍa**, m. [$\sqrt{\text{klid}}$] getting wet, moisture; dissolution, decay.

विघट vi-kṣhata, pp. v. **kṣhan**; n. wound; **-kṣharā**, a. pouring out (-²); m. effluence (V.); **-kṣharāṇa**, n. flowing out; **-kṣhudra**, a. differing in smallness, one smaller than the other (Br.).

विषेप vi-kṣhepa, m. scattering about; casting, throwing; moving to and fro, waving,

tossing (ord. mg.); inattention, distraction, projection or extension (a power of ignorance which causes the world to seem real *Vedānta phil.*); **-kṣhepana**, n. moving to and fro; **-kṣhepa-akṛti-mat**, a. possessing the power of projection or extension.

विषोभि vi-kṣobha, m. agitation; mental agitation, perturbation; distraction; laceration.

विख्याति vi-khyāti, f. fame, renown; **-khyā-pana**, n. making known, declaring.

विगणन vi-gaṇana, n. paying off.

विगत vi-guta, pp. $\sqrt{\text{gam}}$; **-gvara**, a. from whom the fever has departed, freed from sorrow; **-tva**, n. disappearance; **-bhaya**, a. fear less; m. N.; **-lakṣhaṇa**, a. luckless, unfortunate (man); **-samkalpa**, a. irresolute; **-anu-āya**, a. free from remorse.

विगद vi-gudā, r. m. confused shouting (*RV*); 2. a. healthy; **-gandha**, a. ill-smelling; odourless; **-gandhi**, a. ill-smelling; **-gama**, m. departure, disappearance, cessation; absence, lack; avoidance; **-garh-ana**, n. ā, f. censure, blame; **-m kri**, blame; **-garhya**, fp. censurable, blameworthy; **-tā**, f. blame; **-m pra-yā**, incur censure; **-galita**, m. a. freed from sorrow.

विगान vi-gāna, n. contradiction, inconsistency; repugnance; **-gāhya**, fp. to be entered (*Ganges*).

विगीतत्व vi-gita-tva, n. contradictoriness; inconsistency; **-giti**, f. dissonance, discord.

विगुण vi-guṇa, a. lacking a string; lacking in some quality, deficient, in (-²); ineffective (command, i.e. not carried out); adverse (fate), lacking qualities; destitute of merits, worthless, bad (person); changed in quality, disordered (bodily humour); **-tā**, f. disordered condition; **-guṇi-kri**, detach the string of a bow (ae.); **-gulpha**, a. abundant (S.).

विगृह्य vi-grihya, 1. fp. (in gr.) appearing separately or independently (in the *Padātī*); 2. gl. aggressively; **-gamana** or **-yāna**, n. hostile advance; **-āsana**, n. besieging and sulking with (m.).

विग्रह vi-graha, m. separation; division; independence of a word (opp. composition, gr.); analysis of a compound (gr.); discord, quarrel, strife, war (ord. mg.); with (in. + saba, sārham, sukam, g. with upari, ie. -²); separate =) individual form or shape, body (common use); also of the shape of a rain bow; element (in *Sāṃkhya phil.*); ornament (E.); **-m kri**, make war; **-m kri**, **grah**, or **upa-ā-dā**, assume a form.

विग्रहय vi-graha-ya, den. P. fight or contend with (sārham).

विग्रहराज vi-graha-rāja, m. N.; **-vat**, a. embodied, incarnate.

विग्रहिन् vi-grah-in, a. waging war; m. minister of war; **-grahi-tavya**, fp. corrupt; **-graha lkhā**, d. s. a. eager for battle; **-grah-ya**, fp. to be waged war with. [(V. .

विगीय vi-grīva, a. having the neck twisted

विघटन vi-ghaṭana, n. separation, destruction; **-ghaṭ/ana**, a. opening; n. friction, moving to and fro, shaking; striking against, hewing in pieces, wounding; ā, f. friction, striking against; separation; **-ghaṭ/in**, a. rubbing, clashing (-); **-ghana**, a. 1. injuring; 2. a. not or very stiff (-); cloudless; **-gharṣhaṇa**, n. rubbing; **-ghasa**, m. n. leavings of food; **-ghāta**, m. blow, with (-²); breaking in pieces (rare); warding off; destruction; removal, interruption, impedi-

ment, obstacle (*ord. mg.*): -*ka*, a. warding off; -*ghātin*, a. contending with, routing; removing, interrupting, impeding; -*ghāra-ana*, n., ā, f. swaying to and fro.

विघ्न vi-ghn-a, m. [√han] (*in E. also n.*) obstruction, impediment, hindrance: -*kara*, a. obstructing, interrupting; -*krit*, a. id.; -*kartri*, m. causer of obstacles; -*git*, m. conqueror of obstacles, *cp. of Ganesa*; -*tā*, f. obstructiveness.

विघ्न vighna-ya, den. P. impede, hinder, obstruct: *pp. ita*. *sam*, *id.*

विघ्नराज vighna-rāja, m. lord of obstacles, Ganesa; -*vat*, a. beset with obstacles: -*tā*, f. *abst. n.*; -*hantri*, m. destroyer of obstacles, Ganesa; -*antaka*, m. id.; -*isa*, -*ivara*, m. id.

विच VIK, VII. P. *vinakti* (V. C.), III P. *vivekahi* (RV¹), *vit* (*grass from chaff*), separate, from (*in*); examine, *vi*, sift, separate, divide, from (*in* V; *ab. C.*); distinguish, discriminate, discern; investigate, ponder: *pp. vivikta*, separated, distinguished; isolated, solitary; free from (*in*); -*rare*; (severed from *unstable matter*), clean, neat, trim; pure; distinct, clear; *es. -vokaya*, P. separate; investigate, ponder. *pra-vi*, investigate. *pp.* sequestered, solitary; subtle.

विचक्र vi-ukra, a. wheelless.

विचक्षण vi-kakṣhaṇḍ, a. conspicuous, visible, clear, bright (V); distinct, perceptible (S); clear-sighted, discerning, experienced, clever, wary, wise, in (le, -²); *ord. mg.*; mostly C): (a)-*tra*, n. discernment, wisdom, -*manyas*, a. considering oneself wise, -*vat*, a. connected with the word *vikakṣhaṇḍ*; -*kakṣas*, a. eyeless, blind; -*kakṣha*, d. *inf.* (√kakṣh) to discern (RV); -*kandra*, a. moonless; -*kaya*, m. search; examination; -*kara-na*, n. 1. motion; 2. footless; -*karaṇiḍya*, *fp.* n. *impe.* one should act. -*kariṭa*, n. wandering, roaming; (vi)-*karaṇḍi*, a. very active (RV); -*kalaṇa*, n. wandering from place to place; boastfulness.

विचार vi-chāra, m. [√kar] procedure (S, E); consideration, reflexion, deliberation; discrimination, investigation, examination; hesitation: -*gṛha*, m. one skilled in discrimination, competent judge; -*kāraṇa*, n. consideration, reflection; investigation, discussion; hesitation: ā, f. distinction; kind; -*kāraṇiḍya*, *fp.* needing careful consideration; -*kāra-dra*, a. employing no spies as eyes and regarding the matter with deliberation; -*kāra-mūḍha*, *pp.* deficient in discretion; -*kārayitavya*, *fp.* needing careful consideration; -*kāra-vat*, a. acting with deliberation, circumspect; -*kārita*, *es. pp.* √kar; -*kārin*, a. n. 3. having wide ways (earth, RV¹); wandering about; acting; dissolute; reflecting, considering, examining; -*kārya*, *fp.* needing (long) reflexion; n. *impe.* one should reflect or hesitate; -*kāṇa*, a. (ā) destroying (-²).

विचिकित्सन् vi-bikitsana, n. [fr. *des. √hit*] doubtfulness regarding (le); -*kikitsa*, f. doubt, uncertainty, regarding (-²); -*kikishā*, f. desire to seek; -*kiti*, f. seeking, search for (-²); investigation; -*kita*, a. unconscious; at a loss what to do, helpless: -*tā*, f. unconsciousness.

विचित्र vi-chitra, a. variegated, many-coloured, brilliant; various, manifold, diverse; strange, wonderful (varied), charming, lovely, beautiful; entertaining (story): -*am*, *ad.*; -*katha*, m. (telling interesting tales), N.; -*tā*, f. variety; strangeness; -*mālye* *Abharaṇa*, a. having variegated garlands and orna-

ments; -*vākya-paṭa-tā*, f. great eloquence; -*vāgura* *ukhāya-maya*, a. (ā) filled with various outspread nets; -*virya*, m. (of marvellous heroism), N. of a son of Samitana and *Datgarati* (after his death, *Vigraha* byat *Dhritarashtra*, *Pāṇdu*, and *Vidura* with his widow); -*simha*, m. N.; -*āpida*, m. N. of a fairy.

विचिचित vicitritā, *pp. den.* made variegated, many-coloured; adorned, with *in* (-²); -*chintya*, *fp.* to be thought of; - found out or devised; doubtful, questionable.

विचेतन vi-*chetana*, a. unconscious; not having all one's senses about one, absent-minded; lifeless, dead, senseless, stupid, -*ketayiti*, a. making visible, distinguishing; -*ketavya*, *fp.* to be sought; - searched through; examined; - found out (*mean*); (vi)-*chetas*, a. clearly seen waters, RV¹; discerning, wise (RV¹), confounded (C); senseless, stupid (C); -*kaya*, *fp.* 1. to be distinguished or counted - *jeu*, of stars; 2. to be looked for; - searched through, n. investigation, -*śeṣa-ta*, a. motionless; -*śeṣāna*, a. kicking, rolling (on the ground, of horses); -*śeṣā*, f. behaviour, conduct; -*śeṣita*, *pp.* n. motion (of the body, eyes), gesture, action, working; conduct.

विच्छस् vi-*lakkhaṇas*, a. consisting of various metres *verse, rik*.

विच्छाय 1. vi-*lakkhāya*, a. lacking lustre or distinction, pale -*tā*, f. lack of lustre, obscurity, dimness.

विच्छाय 2. vi-*lakkhāya*, P. (V); *es. vi-lakkhāyaya*, P. bring into straits (Br); -*nā*, *prose* or rub against (d; V).

विच्छायय vi-*lakkhāya-ya*, P. 1. *es. of vi-lakkhāya*, 2. *den.* deprive of lustre (C); -*lakkhāy-kri*, *id.*

विच्छिन्ति vi-*lakhitti*, f. cutting off, obstruction, interruption, cessation; C. lack of *in*; (peculiar = taking conception or treatment (rh); charmingly negligent adornment; unguent, paint; -*lakhina*, *pp.* √*lkhid* -*ta*, f. disconnectedness.

विकुरण vi-*kkhuraṇa*, n. powdering

विकृद vi-*lkheda*, m. cleaving, piercing; dividing, breaking; extermination, destruction; separation, severance, from (*g*); interruption, discontinuance, cessation, of (*g*); *ord. mg.*; removal of; injury to; difference (-² also different kinds of, *pl.*); -*lkhedana*, a. severing, interrupting, n. cutting off; removal, annulment; distinguishing; ā, f. breaking off (*pl.*); -*lkhedin*, a. destroying; having breaks or intervals.

विच्युति vi-*kyuti*, f. falling down from; downfall; separation from (*ab.*).

विज VIG, VI. Ā. *viṣa* (P. & I. Ā. *veṣa*, *metr.*) gush, heave (wave, Br); recoil, flee, from (*ab.* V); *pp. vigga* (C), agitated, terrified; *es. veṣaya*, P. increase; agitate, terrify; *int.* (RV¹) *veṣiyate*, tremble at (d); flee, from (*ab.*); *pr. pt. veṣiyāna*, *abhi*, *upst.* (*int.*); 3 *sg. aor.* -*vikta*, RV¹; ā, *pp.* agitated, afraid, ād, shudder, recoil (from); be afraid of (*in*, *ab.*, *g.*); desist or refrain from (*ab.*, rare); be disgusted with (*ab.*); grow weary of doing (*pr. pt. nu.*); terrify (rare), *pp. vadviga*, recoiling, shuddering, terrified (*ab.*, with, *in*, *ab.*, *g.*); agitated; weary, tired of (*in*); weary of life; *es. cause* to quiver; restore to consciousness; terrify, frighten (*ord. mg.*); weary, afflicted, hurt. *sam*-*ud*, be afraid of; *pp.* frightened. *pra-gush* forth (waters, RV¹); *pp. prāvika*, trembling, quaking. *vi*, *pp.*

greatly terrified. *sam*, agitated, terrified; faltering (speech); *es.* terrify (RV).

विज (g), stake at play (RV).

विजट vi-*gata*, a. unplanted (*hair*).

विजग vi-gana, a. destitute of men, deserted, solitary, lonely; n. retired place; absence of witnesses; *le* in a lonely place, in private, without witnesses: -*m* *kri*, remove all witnesses. -*gana-tā*, f. solitude; -*gani-kri*, remove every one or all witnesses from a place (*ac*); separate from a loved person; -*gamaṇa*, m. a mixed caste, offspring of outcast (Arya).

विजय vi-*gyā*, m. contest for victory (V); victory, triumph, conquest (V, C); prize of victory, booty (A, *rat*); C: kind of array of troops; N: N of a hare, n. (C) royal tent; kind of pavilion; N: N of a sacred territory in *Cashmere*; -*ketu*, m. N. of a fairy. -*kahetra*, n. the *Vijaya* territory; -*datṭa*, m. N.; N of the hare in the moon; -*duṇḍubhi*, m. drum of victory; -*tā*, f. function of drums of victory; -*nagara*, n. N of a city in *Karnāṭa*; -*patākā*, f. flag of victory, -*pāla*, m. kind of official, N. of various kings; -*pura*, n. N. of various towns (Beja pur etc.); -*malla*, m. N.; -*mālin*, m. N. of a merchant; -*mitra*, m. N.; -*rāya*, m. N.; -*vat*, a. victorious, glorious; ā, f. N. of a daughter of the serpent demon *Gandha mālin*; -*varman*, m. N.; -*voga*, m. N. of a fairy; -*ari*, f. goddess of victory; -*simha*, m. N. of various kings; -*seṇa*, m. N. of a warrior.

विजया vi-*gyā*, f. N. of Durgā; N. of an attendant of Durgā; -*gyā-ta*, a. victorious; m. conqueror; -*gyā-ta*, m. N. of a temple; -*ivara*, m. id.

विजर vi-gara, a. not growing old; -*gala*, a. waterless *le* in case of drought; -*gala*, m. unjust reproach; -*gāta*, a. belonging to another class, heterogeneous; -*gātiya*, a. id.; -*gā-man*, a. [√gan] related, corresponding (V); -*gāmi*, a. consanguineous, related (RV¹); -*gā-van*, a. bodily, own (A).

विजिगीषा vi-gigishā, f. desire to overcome or conquer (A, B); -*gigishā*, *des.* a. desiring to vanquish, also an argument, *ac*, -²; ambitious of conquest -*tā*, f. -*tra*, n. desire of conquest; -*gigishānu*, *des.* a. wishing to slay or destroy; -*gigishānu*, *des.* a. wishing to go to war; -*gigishā*, f. desire to learn or know, inquiry, about (-²); -*gigishā-ya* (*oi yā*), *des.* *fp.* that one should wish to know or learn; (vi)-*gita*, *pp.* √*gi*; m. or n. conquered country (V); country (Br); n. victory, conquest (Br, S); -*asa*, m. N. of a sage; (vi)-*giti*, f. conflict, fight (V); gain or acquisition of (-²); -*git-in*, a. victorious (Br); -*gita* *Indriya*, a. controlling one's organs of sense; -*gitvara*, a. victorious, -*gishiraṇa*, *des.* a. wishing to walk about, wishing to enjoy oneself; -*githma*, a. crooked, curved, frowning (*face*); *adulging* (*glance*), -*givita*, a. lifeless, dead; -*grimbha*, m. knitting of the brows (-²); -*ka*, m. N. of a fairy, -*ka*, f. gushing, yawning; -*grimbhaṇa*, n. yawning, blossoming, blowing; extension; -*grimbhita*, *pp.* √*grimbh*; n. yawning; manifestation, consequences; deed (-² with *vira*); -*getavya*, *fp.* to be conquered or controlled (*senare*); -*getri*, m. vanquisher, conqueror, -*geya*, *fp.* to be conquered (*only in a*).

विज्ज vigga, m. N.; ā, f. N.; (a)-*māmas*, m. N. of a monastery called after *Vigga*; u -*riya*, m. N.

विद्य विद्या *viggala*, *a. alimya*; *ā. f. N.*

विद् *vi-gñā*, *a. discerning, intelligent, knowing, learned*; *-gñāpta*, *pp. ca. (√gñā) apprised, etc.*; *-gñāpti*, *f. request, entreaty, of (anyone, etc.)*; *address (to a superior)*; *-m kṛi*, *address a request to (g.)*, *announce anything to (a superior)*; *-gñāpya*, *fp. ca. to be informed*; *-gñātavya*, *fp. to be known*; *-regarded as*; *-inferred with certainty*; (*vi-gñāti*, *f. knowledge*; *-gñātr*, *m. knower, understander*).

विज्ञान *vi-gñāna*, *n. V., C.*: discernment, knowledge (*-o* = *of*, *rarely* = *by means of*); *C.*: skill, proficiency, art; artifice, trick; doctrine; profane knowledge (*opp. gñāna*); faculty of knowing, judgment; organ of knowledge (= *Manas*); understanding to mean, regarding as; *-tā*, *f. proficiency in (lc.)*; *-pati*, *m. lord of knowledge (one who has arrived at a certain stage of emancipation)*; *-māya*, *a. consisting of knowledge, intelligent*; *-vat*, *a. possessed of knowledge*; *-vāda*, *m. doctrine of knowledge alone (and not external phenomena) having a real existence*; *-vādin*, *a. maintaining that knowledge only has real existence*; *-satitva-mātra-vādin*, *a. id.*

विज्ञानिता *vi-gñāni-tā*, *f. familiarity with (-o)*; *-gñāni*, *a. having knowledge of anything, acting with knowledge*; *skilled in an art, specialist*; *-gñāni-ya*, *a. treating of the doctrine of (-o)*; *-gñāni-ivara*, *m. N. of the author of the Mithkshard (comm. on Yāgyavalkya)*; *-gñāne-eka-ekānātha-vāda*, *m. doctrine of the sole reality of knowledge*; *-gñāpana*, *n., ā. f. communication, information, request, entreaty (esp. addressed to a superior)*; *-gñāpaniya*, *fp. to be announced*; *to be informed (esp. a superior)*; *-gñāpti*, *ca. pp. √gñā*; *-gñāpti*, *a. announcing (-o)*; *-gñāpya*, *ca. fp. to be announced*; *to be informed of (ac.)*; *-gñāya*, *fp. to be known, knowable*; *that one should know*; *to be recognised or regarded as*; (*vi-gñā*, *a. stringless (low)*); *-gñāra*, *a. free from fever*; *free from anxiety or distress, cheerful*; *-gñāra-gñāra*, *a. disagreeable (sound)*.

विट *vi-ta*, *m. rogue; voluptuary, paramour (in attendance on a courtesan)*; *parasite (as companion of a prince)*.

विटकु *vi-taika*, *n. (2)* loftiest point, pinnacle, top; *-pura*, *n. N. of a town*.

विटप *vi-tapa*, *m. branch, bough, shoot*; *bush, shrub*.

विटपिप *vi-tap-in*, *a. having branches*; *m. tree*.

विटकुल *vit-kula*, *n. house of a Vaisya*; *-pau-ya*, *n. commodity sold by Vaisyas*; *-pati*, *m. lord of the people, king*; *chief of the Vaisyas*; *son-in-law*; *-vādra*, *n. sp. the Vaisyas and the Sūtras*.

विट *vida*, *m. n. kind of salt*.

विदम्ब *vi-damba*, *a. imitating any one (-o)*; *m. derision*; *derision*; *-ka*, *n. (-o) imitating, bearing a striking resemblance*; *bringing disgrace on (-o)*; *-dambana*, *n. imitating, acting like*; *n., ā. f. imitation, copying, disguise, playing the part of any one, illusive assumption of a form (sp. of a god in human form)*; *derision, scorn, mockery*; *disgrace, degradation*; (*ā-m kṛi*, *copy, imitate*; *make a laughing-stock of (ac.)*); *-dambita-ivara*, *a. imitating (= the image of) Śiva*; *-dambin*, *a. (-o) imitating, assuming the appearance of, strikingly like*; *mocking = throwing into the shade, surpassing*; *degrading, disgracing*.

विदोष *vidogas*, *m. ep. of Indra*.

विदोष *vidogas*, *m. id.*

विदु *vid-ga*, *a. growing on dung (vish)*.

विदुसि *vidda-simha*, *m. N.*

विदुसु *vid-bhug*, *a. feeding on ordure*; *-bhodin*, *a. laxative*; *-bhoyin*, *a. feeding on excrement*; *-varāha*, *m. domestic hog*.

विदुसु *vin-mūtra*, *n. sp. & (rarely) du. excrement (vish) and urine*.

वितण्डा *vitandā*, *f. captious argument*.

वितत *vi-tata*, *pp. √tan*: *-tva*, *n. great extent*; *-tati*, *f. extent, length*; *extension, expansion*; *great extent, quantity*; *overstepping of bounds*; *-tati-kṛi*, *extend*; *-tatha*, *a. (not so: -tathā) untrue, false*; *futile, useless, vain*; *free from (ab.)*; *rare*; *-m kṛi*, *revoke, annul*; *-tatha-ya*, *P. make untrue, accuse of falsehood*; *-tatha-abhinivesa*, *m. inclination to falsehood*; *-vat*, *a. prone to falsehood*; *-tathi-kṛi*, *render futile, frustrate*; (*vi-tanu*, *a. (-vi) extremely slender*; *bodiless*; *m. god of love (= anaṅga)*; *-tantri*, *f. (nm. s) string out of tune*; *-tamas*, *a. free from darkness, light*; *-ka*, *a. id.*; *-tara-na*, *n. transference of (-o)*; *bestowal*; *donation, gift*; *-tarāma*, *cpr. ad. farther*; *- off (RV.)*; *-tarāma*, *cpr. ad. id.*; *more*; *-tari-tri*, *m. bestower*; *-tarka*, *m. conjecture, supposition (ord. mg.)*; *doubt*; *consideration, deliberation*; *indor vitarkāt*, *because the moon was supposed to be in it*; *-tardi*, *f. terrace in a court-yard, verandah*; *-kā*, *f. id.*; *-tala*, *n. N. of one of the seven hells*; *depth of hell*.

वितस्ता *vi-tastā*, *f. N. of a river in the Pan-jāb, the Hydaspes of the Greeks, the modern Jhelum*; *-adri*, *m. N. of a mountain*.

वितसि *vi-tasti*, *f. [√tan] span (as measure of length = 12 angulas or about nine inches)*; *-tāna*, *a. (rare) [√tan] empty (in a, not empty)*; *dejected*; *m. n. expansion, extension, extent*; *quantity, mass*; *high degree*; *variety*; *performance*; *development*; *sacrifice*; *canopy, awning*; *m. (separation of the sacred fires*; *-ka*, *n. awning, canopy (esp. -o)*; *quantity*; *-vat*, *a. provided with a canopy*; *-tāna-ya*, *den. represent a canopy*; *-tāni-bhā*, *id.*; *-tāmāsa*, *a. light, bright*; *-timira*, *a. id.*; *-tira*, *pp. √tri*; *-tusha*, *a. unhushed*; *-tusha*, *fp. dissatisfied, displeased*; *-tritiya*, *a. intermittent on the third day (fever; AI.)*; *n. third (Br. S.)*; *-tripta-ka*, *a. sated (in a, not yet sated with; g.)*; *-trishna*, *a. free from thirst*; *having no desire*; *-tā*, *f. freedom from desire, satisfaction, contentment*; *-trishna*, *f. id.*; *-tolā*, *f. N. of a river*.

वित *i. vit-ta*, *pp. (√1. vid) known*; *famous*.

वित *2. vit-tā*, *pp. (√2. vid) acquired etc.*; *n. find (Br., rare)*; *(acquisition), property, wealth, money (V., C.)*; *also pl. (I.)*.

वित्त *vitta-ka*, *a. well-known, famous*; *-nātha*, *m. lord of wealth, ep. of Kubera*; *-nātha*, *m. loss of property*; *-pa*, *a. guarding treasure*; *m. ep. of Kubera*; *-pati*, *m. lord of wealth, ep. of Kubera*; *-pa-puri*, *f. N. of a town*; *-pāla*, *m. guardian of wealth, ep. of Kubera*; *-pela*, *f. money-case, purse*; *-mātra*, *f. sum of money*; *-riddhi*, *f. abundance of wealth*; *-vat*, *a. wealthy, rich*; *-vivaradin*, *a. increasing capital*; *-samāya*, *m. accumulation of wealth*; *-hina*, *pp. destitute of wealth, poor*; *-āgama*, *m. acquisition of wealth, means of making money*; *-ādhya*, *a. abounding in wealth, rich*; *-āpti*, *f. acquisition of wealth*.

वित्ति *vit-ti*, *f. 1. consciousness*; *understanding*; *2. (vit-) acquisition, gain (V.)*.

वित्त *vitta-jā*, *m. lord of riches, ep. of Kubera*; *-pattana*, *Kubera's city*; *-ivara*, *m. lord of wealth*; *ep. of Kubera*; *-jā*, *f. desire of wealth, cupidity*; *-gahana*, *f. id.*

विषय *vi-trapa*, *m. (shameless), N.*; *-trāsa*, *a. (-o) terrifying*; *m. alarm, terror (of, -o)*; *-trāsana*, *a. (ā) terrifying (g., -o)*.

विषुर *vith-urā*, *a. [√vyath] staggering tottering (V.)*; *defective (Br.)*.

विद् *1. VID, II. P. vīd, vid (V., C.), I. veda (E., rare)*, *pr. pf. veda*, *become acquainted with, find out, comprehend, know, know about, be conscious of, have a correct notion of (ac., I., also g.)*; *know how to (inf.)*; *know (ac.) or take to be (ac. or nm. +iti)*; *note, observe, remember (V.)*; *regard, attach importance to (wealth)*; *perceive, notice (± pred. ac.)*; *experience, feel (ac., I., also g.)*; *think, suppose, regard as (2 ac.)*; *wish to know, inquire about (rare)*; *vidyāt*, *one should know, it should be understood*; *ya evam veda*, *who knows thus, who has this knowledge (common in Br.)*; *pp. viditā*, *ascertained, known*; *-as (nm.)*; *-m, ad. with the knowledge, of (g.)*; *vitta (very rare)*, *known*; *famous*; *ca. vedāya*, *Ā. (P. rare) make known, communicate, announce, inform, tell (ord. mg.)*; *teach, expound (rare, 2 ac.)*; *know*; *-to be, regard as (2 ac.)*; *feel, experience*; *des. vividisha*, *P. wish to know, inquire about (ac.)*; *snu*, *know thoroughly*; *sam-snu*, *recall to mind*; *Ā. know well or accurately (RV.)*; *ca. address, invite (V.)*; *make known, communicate, announce (± pred. ac.)*; *āmanam*, *- announce oneself, give one's name*; *prescribe (medical-ly)*; *inform any one (ac.)*; *offer anything to any one*; *pp. ā-veditā*, *announced*; *sam-ā*, *ca. make known, announce*; *nī*, *make known, speak to any one*; *ca. P. Ā. make known, communicate, announce, tell (to, d., g., lc.)*; *dis-nounce*; *state to be (pred. ac.)*; *announce any one (ātmanam, oneself)*; *call (2 ac.)*; *(announce =) offer, deliver (ac. to d.)*; *give up, place (e.g. oneself) at any one's disposal, throw blame (dosham) on (d.)*; *vi-nī*, *ca. make known, report, announce, offer, hand over to*; *sam-nī*, *ca. make known, announce, report, to be (pred. ac.)*; *pāri*, *know accurately (V.)*; *pra*, *know*; *pr. pt pra-vidyān*, *knowing (V.)*; *ca. make known, report*; *snu-pra*, *only pr. pt. snu pra-vidyān*, *knowing exactly*; *prati*, *ca. make known, report, announce (to be, pred. ac.)*; *announce anyone*; *inform any one of (2 ac.)*; *offer*; *vi*, *distinguish, know (RV.)*; *sam*, *P. Ā. know, be aware of*; *agree to, approve of*; *pp. sam-viditā*, *ascertained, learnt, from (sakāśāt)*; *known*; *sought through*; *approved of by (g.)*; *-m, ad. with the approval of (g.)*.

विद् *2. VID, VI. vīdā, P. (V.), Ā. (V., C.), vīda (V.), II. vīd (V.)*, *find, fall in with, acquire, gain (ord. mg.)*; *possess; procure (ac. for (d.; V., rare)*; *seek out, look for*; *feel rare*; *regard as (2 ac.)*; *befall, come upon (V.)*; *contrive, accomplish (V.)*; *take to wife (± bhāryam, etc.)*; *Ā.*; *find a husband, marry (of a woman)*; *obtain as a son (± sutam)*; *Ā.*; *or ps. vīdyate*, *be found, exist, be (rare in I.)*; *3. g. there is, there exists (esp. with na)*; *yathā vidē (V.)*, *as it happens = as usual or as well as possible*; *pr. pt. vīdyamāna*, *existent*; *Ā. pr. pt. vīd-āna (or ā; V.)*, *existing, being, real*; *usual, wanted*; *forming, making (ac.)*; *pp.*

विद्वा, obtained, acquired; seized by, filled with, covered with (°); married (woman); **विद्वा**, found; married (woman); **देव. वि-विद्वा**, wish to find: only pp. 1-**ता**; **infr. pr. pt. वीद्विद्वा**, being (RV.). **अधि**, (marry over the head of, supersede a wife (ac.) by a second (in.); supersede the first wife (wife); become the rival of (ac., said of a new wife): pp. **अधिविद्वा**, f. wife superseded by a rival (also a-stri); **अनु**, find out, obtain, gain possession of; find after any one (V., rare); take to wife (bhāryā, ā.); regard as (2 ac.); **पे**, exist: pp. **अनुविद्वा**, found out, existing **अधि**, find out, know. **आ**, obtain, procure (RV.); witness (RV.); **पे**, exist (V.). **नि**, find out (RV.); get rid of, cast aside (ac., g., ā.); **पे**, **निर्विद्वा**, (be outside anything), be disgusted with (in., ab., rarely ac.): pp. **निर्विद्वा**, weary of, disgusted with (in., ab., g., °); caring for nothing; despondent. **परि**, **पे**, **परिविद्वा** या or **या**, she who is married by a younger brother before the elder brother is married. **प्रति**, find in addition (Br.); be opposite (ac., ā. Br.); become acquainted with; know something about (ac.). **सम्**, **आ**, find, obtain, acquire; be found together with (in.); **प्र. pt. सम्-विद्वान्**, united or associated with, together with (in.); harmonious.

विद् 1. vid, a. knowing, understanding, familiar with (nearly always °); f. knowledge (rare). [ing, procuring.]

विद् 2. vid, a. (°) finding, winning, gain-
विद् vid-u, a. (°) = 1. vid, knowing, etc.

विद्वद् vi-damsa, m. spice.

विदक्षिण vi-dakshina, a. directed to a quarter different from the south.

विदग्ध vi-dagdha, pp. (√dah) burnt up; digested; decomposed; sharpened by experience, clever, crafty, artful; -**शब्दमन्दि**, m. N. of an enchanted parrot; -**ता**, f. shrewdness, cleverness, adroitness.

विदध vid-ātha, n. (V.) direction, command, order, rule; assembly, association, council, congregation, feast; array, troop, squadron (esp. of the Maruts); battle.

विदध vidath-yā, a. (1) suitable for an assembly, able in council; festal.

विदधु vi-dudhik-shu, a. [√dah] wishing to bite or eat something.

विदधु vidād-vasu, a. winning wealth (V.).

विदर vi-dara, 1. m. [√dri] crack; 2. a. free from cracks or holes (earth).

विदर्भ vi-darbhā, m. [grassless = arid land] N. of country south of the Vindhya (with the capital Kundina) now called Berar: pl. the people; eg. king of Vidarbha: ā. f. N. of the capital of Vidarbha (= Kundina); (a)-**तनया**, f. daughter of the king of Vidarbha; (a)-**नगरी**, f. city of Vidarbha; (a)-**राज-पुत्री**, f. put. of Kukumidi; -**अभि-मुखा**, a. facing Vidarbha.

विदध vi-daha, a. burst, split; expanded, blown (flower); split; split bamboo; split pea; -**दलना**, n. cracking (of the earth); cleaving; -**दलिता**, pp. expanded, blown; -**दलि-क्री**, split.

विदान vid-āna (or ā), pr. pt. of √2. vid.

विदाय vid-āya, fp. to be found (RV.).

विदार vi-dāra, m. tearing or hewing in pieces; -**का**, a. tearing, cleaving, lacerating; -**दराना**, a. (ā) rending, cleaving, ripping up,

crushing; n. id.; boring, piercing, cutting down (branches etc.); refusal, rejection; -**दारि**, a. (n-i) cleaving, shattering, etc.; -**दर्या** or -**दर्या**, m. N. of a snake demon. -**दरि**, a. [√dah] drying up (only in a.); -**दहा**, m. heat.

विदि vid-i, the root 1. vid; -**िता**, pp. of √1. vid; -**पूर्या**, a. previously known.

विदि vi-dis, f. intermediate point of the compass (south-east etc.); -**दि**, f. N. of a river and of a town situated on it (now Bilsa); N. of a town on the Vetravati

विदुर vid-ura, a. intelligent, wise; versed in (°); m. N. of a son of ydā and younger brother of Dhritrashtra and Pāndu.

विदुष vidula, m. kind of reed.

विदुष्ट vidūsh-tara, cpr. of vid-vās.

विदुस् vid-ās, a. heedful, attentive (RV.).

विदूर vi-dūra, a. remote, distant (with kri, remove); far removed from, not attainable by (g.); **विदूराम**, ad far away (V., C); ab. or -**ता**, ul.; from afar, i.e. far away, from (tas); -, far, from afar; m. N.; N. of a mountain, town, or locality -**ग**, a. far away; far-spreading (acut).

विदूरथ vidūrutha, m. frequent N.

विदूरय vi-dūru-ya, den. P. drive far away; -**दूरा-समरवा**, a. audible a long way off, -**दूरी-भू**, become far distant.

विदूषक vi-dūsh-ka, a. [fr. cs. of √dush] detracting; m. jester, buffoon; sp. humorous companion of the hero in a play exciting mirth by buffoonery of all kinds, N. of a Brahman.

विदेश vi-deghā, m. N. (Br.).

विदेश vi-desa, m. foreign country; particular place; -**स्था**, a. residing abroad; standing apart; occurring elsewhere

विदेह 1. vi-dehā, m. [= videgha] N. of a country in the modern Tirhut, with the capital Mithilā: pl. the people, eg. prince of Videha; -**नगरी**, f. = Mithilā.

विदेह 2. vi-deha, a. bodiless, deceased; -**त्वा**, n. release from the body -m. **प्राप्ते**, dead

विध vid-dha, pp. (√yadh) pierced etc.

विद्यन् vid-mān, n. (RV.) attention (in. attentively); knowledge; d. = inf. to know or learn.

विद्य vid-ya, ° a for vidyā, knowledge; -**या-मान-गति**, a. having a resource (= any other course open to him; -**या-मान-त्वा**, n. (abt. s. fr. pt. ps. of √2. vid) existence.

विद्या vid-yā, f. knowledge, learning, science (esp. the threefold knowledge of the Vedas 4, 14, 18, and 64 sciences are spoken of); magic; spell; -**आ-कोष-ग्रीहा**, n. library; -**आगमा**, m. acquisition of knowledge, -**गुरु**, m. instructor in science (esp. sacred); -**ग्राहना**, n. acquisition of sciences; -**तिरथा**, n. bathing-place of knowledge; -**त्वा**, n. the notion 'knowledge'; -**दाना**, n. imparting of (sacred) knowledge, instruction in science; -**धाना**, n. the treasure of knowledge.

विद्याधर vidyā-dhara, a. possessed of science or spells; m. kind of (universal) genius dwelling in the Himalaya, attendant on Śiva, and possessed of magical power, fairy; N. of various scholars; -**आकृष्टवर्ति**, m. supreme lord of the fairies; -**त्वा**, n. condition of a fairy; -**महो-आकृष्टवर्ति**, m. paramount lord of all fairies; -**अधि**, m. id.; -**ता**, f. abt. n.

विद्याधरी vidyā-dharti, f. female fairy, sylph; -**अहरी-भू**, become a fairy; -**आ-राजद्रा**, m. prince of the fairies; -**ता**, f. -**त्वा**, n. abt. s.; -**अहरी**, m. receptacle of knowledge, great scholar; -**अधिदेवता**, f. tutelary deity of the sciences, Sarasvatī; -**आनन्दा**, m. delight in knowledge; -**आ-पल्लि**, a. faithfully preserving (traditional learning); -**आन्ता**, m. end of apprenticeship; -**पति**, m. chief scholar at a court; -**त्वा**, n. abt. s.; -**पला**, n. fruit of learning; -**बला**, n. power of enchantment; -**माहा**, m. monastic school, college; -**माहा**, m. pride of learning; -**मन्दिरा**, n. school-house, college; -**मया**, a. consisting or absorbed in knowledge; -**आर्या**, m. N. of various scholars, esp. of Mādhavākārya; -**रत्ना**, n. jewel of knowledge; -**आम्बहा**, m. beginning of study; -**आर्था**, a. desirous of knowledge; -**आर्था**, a. id.; -**वामा**, m. chronological list of teachers; -**वत**, a. learned; -**आ-तमा**, m. N. of a fairy; -**वद्वा**, f. muse; -**वयो-वृद्धा**, pp. old in learning and years; -**वित्रा**, m. instruction for pay; -**आ**, a. learned; -**विरुद्धा**, pp. conflicting with science; -**वृद्धा**, pp. old in knowledge; -**वसमान**, n. school-house, college; -**वरा-मन्ता**, -**का**, a. having concluded Vedic study and his vows; -**आम्प्रदा**, n. imparting of knowledge; -**आगारा**, m. ocean of knowledge, ep. of a great scholar; -**अर्था**, n. a branch of knowledge; -**मन्ता**, -**का**, a. having finished Vedic study; -**हिना**, pp. destitute of knowledge, unlearned, illiterate

विद्युच्च vidyug-ghva, a. having a lightning-like tongue; m. N. of a Yaksha and of a Yaksha.

विद्युत् vi-dyūt, a. (shining asunder), flashing (V.); f. gleaming weapon (V.); lightning; -**कम्पा**, m. quivering of lightning; -**पता**, m. stroke of lightning; -**प्राग्**, m. N. of a fairy; -**प्रापताना**, n. (fall = stroke of lightning); -**प्राग्**, a. shining like lightning; m. N.; ā. f. N.; -**वत**, a. containing or charged with lightning cloud; m. thunder-cloud

विद्युहम vidyud-dāman, n. flash of (forked) lightning; -**द्युत**, f. N. of a prince; -**आ-वा**, m. N. of an Asura; -**उद-रथा**, a. borne on a car of lightning (RV.); -**वलि**, f. flash of lightning; -**माला**, f. wreath of lightning; N.; -**मालि**, a. wreathed with lightning; m. N.; 1-**लेक**, f. streak of lightning; N. of a merchant's wife

विशेष vidyā-m, m. lord of knowledge, ep. of Śiva; a class of the saved among the mystical Śrautas; -**िवरा**, m. id.; N. of a magician.

विद्योत vi-dyōta, a. flashing; m. lustre; N.; ā. f. N.; -**द्योता**, a. illuminating, illustrating; -**द्योताना**, a. ut.; n. flashing, lighting; -**द्योति**, a. illuminating, illustrating (°).

विद्योपयोग vidyā-upayoga, m. acquisition of learning from (ab.); -**उपयग**, f. acquisition of knowledge.

विद्रु vi-druva, m. flight; consternation, panic; -**द्रवना**, a. putting to flight, scaring; n. putting to flight; -**द्रवि**, a. fleeing; -**द्रव्य**, fp. to be put to flight; -**द्रुता**, pp. √dru; -**द्रुति**, f. run

विद्रुम vi-druma, 1. m. [peculiar tree], coral; 2. a. treeless; -**कक्ष्या**, a. 1. coral-coloured; 2. affording no tree-shade; -**दाना**, m. branch of coral; -**ता**, f. condition of a (fleshful) branch of coral (saul of the hand); -**लेक**, f. branch of coral; -**वाना**, n. id.

विद्यजन vid-vag-gana, m. man of know-

ledge, learned man; -vat-tā, *f.*, -vat-tva, *n.* learning.

विद्वत् vid-valā, *a.* clever, cunning (*V.*).

विद्वत् vid-vāms, *str.* base of *pl.* of *pr.* *pf.* *vēda* (middle base -vat, wk. -ās), knowing, heedful; wise, learned; versed in, familiar with (*ac.*, *lc.*, -^o).

विद्विष vi-dviṣh, *m.* enemy; -dvishā-tā, *f.* odiousness; -dvishā, *f.* hate, enmity; -dveshā, *m.* hatred, enmity, dislike, of (*g.*, *lc.*); hatredfulness to (-^o); proud disdain (*rare*); -m *kri*, show hostility towards (*lc.*); -m *gam*, incur odium; -m *grah*, conceive hatred towards (*lc.*); -dvēshana, *a.* setting at variance (*RV.*); *n.* hatred, enmity towards (*g.*, -^o); making oneself hated; stirring up of hatred or enmity; magic rite for engendering hatred; -dveshā-tā, *f.* hatred, enmity; -dveshin, *a.* (*n*.) hating; vying with (-^o); *m.* hater, enemy; -dveshīri, *m.* *id.*; -dveshya, *fp.* hateful, odious, to (-^o)

विधु 1. VIDH, VI. P. (Ā.) vidhā (*V.*, *P.*), pay homage to, serve the gods (*lc.*, rarely *ac.* or *lc.*), with (*in*); offer reverently, bestow; be gracious (*Indra*), *upa*, *prati*, do homage to (*ac.*).

विधु 2. VIDH, VI. Ā. vi-dhā (*RV.*, *rare*), lack, be in want of (*ac.*, *in*).

विधु 3. VIDH, *v.* -vyadh.

विध vidh (*vyadh*), *a.* (-^o) piercing.

विध vidha, *a.* (-^o) kind, sort, mode, -fold.

विधन vi-dhana, *a.* lacking property, poor; -tā, *f.* poverty; -dhanī-kri, impoverish; -dhanushka, -dhanus, -dhanvan, *a.* lacking a bow; -dhamana, *a.* blowing out (*fire*); *g.*; destroying; (vi-)dharana, *a.* holding back, checking; -dhartri, *m.* (*V.*) ruler; preserver; (vi-)dharma, *m.* wrong, injustice; *a.* wrong, unjust; destitute of qualities (*Krishna*); (vi-)dharman, *m.* preserver, ruler (*V.*); *n.* (*V.*) receptacle; limit; arrangement, dispensation; -dharmin, *a.* transgressing the law (*speech*); *a.* of different kind.

विधुव vidhuv-a, *den.* P. resemble the moon (*vidhu*). [*shut*, *f.* widow.

विधवता vidhava-tā, *f.* widowhood; -yo-

विधवा vidh-āva, *f.* [hereaved: √2. vidh] ± *str.*, *nārī*, etc., widow; bereft of its sovereign (country); -gāmin, *a.* having sexual intercourse with a widow; -vedana, *n.* remarriage of a widow; -stri, *f.* widow.

विधा vi-dhā, *f.* (dis-position), division, part (*rare*; often -^o *a.* after numerals = -fold, or *ad.* ā); mode, manner (often -^o *a.*, or - of kind or kinds).

विधातव्य vi-dhātavyu, *fp.* to be fixed (place); -procured; -performed or done; -entertained (*anxiety*); -thought of; -employed or appointed; *n.* it should be so (*tathā*) arranged or managed that (*yathā*); -dhātvi, *m.* dispenser, bestower; disposer, creator; ordainer of destiny, Brahman; personified fate; -tri, *f.* female author or creator; -dhāna, *a.* (i) regulating (*rare*); *n.* order, ordinance, prescription, precept, rule, regulation; method, treatment, diet (*in medicine*); destiny, fate (*rare*); arrangement, disposition, measure, for (-^o); means, expedient (*rare*); erection (*of machines*); creation, formation (*rare*); work (*RV.*); execution, performance; food of elephants (*very rare*); *in.* *sg.* & *pl.*, or -tas, according to rule or precept; *anena* vidhānena, according to this rule, in this manner; *deva-kāla-vidhānena*, in the right

place and at the right time; -dhānaka, *n.* rules to be observed; -dhāya-ka, *a.* prescribing, containing rules about (-^o); performing, executing; manifesting; *m.* founder, builder; -dhāyin, *a.* prescribing, regulating, containing rules regarding (-^o); performing, executing; causing, producing; *m.* builder, founder; -dhāraṇa, *n.* stopping (*a car*); suppression or repression of (-^o); carrying; bearing, supporting; -dhārin, *a.* checking, suppressing; -dhāvana, *n.* running about.

विधि 1. vi-dhi, *m.* [dis-position: √dhā] injunction, command, precept, ordinance, rule; method, law, order; grammatical rule; procedure, method, manner, way; means, expedient, for (*d.*, *lc.*, -^o); action, conduct, performance, business, work (often *pleonastic* -^o, *ev.* *sp.* *a.* *rit.* *s.*); rite, ceremony; creation (*sg.* & *pl.*; *rare*); fate; creator; *ep.* of Brahman; *in.* vidhinā, according to rule, duly; *anena* -, according to this rule, in this manner; *ko* -yam vidhiā, what manner of thing is that? = how does that come to pass?

विधि 2. vidhi-i, *m.* [√1. vidh] payer of homage (*Br.*, *C.*, *rare*).

विधिकर vidhi-kara, *a.* (i) executing one's commands; *m.* servant; -krit, *a.*, *m.* *id.*; -gñā, *a.* knowing the rules.

विधित्सा vi-dhit-sā, *des.* *f.* (√dhā) intention, wish, desire, for (-^o); wish to make any one anything (-^o); -su, *des.* *a.* intending (*ac.*); ātithyam -, wishing to show hospitality.

विधिदृष्ट vidhi-dṛṣṭa, *pp.* (seen in) prescribed by rule; -pūrvakam, -pūrvam, *ad.* according to rule, duly; -mantra-puras-kṛtam, *ad.* in accordance with rule and to the accompaniment of spells; -yagñā, *m.* sacrifice performed according to rule; -yoga, *m.* observance of a rule; dispensation of fate; *ah.* or -tas, according to the ruling of fate; -lopa, *m.* transgression of a commandment; -vat, *ad.* according to rule, duly; -vadhi, *f.* Brahman's wife, Sarasvatī; -viparyaya, *m.* contrariety of fate, misfortune.

विधु 1. vi-dhū, *m.* boat (*of the heart*; *AT.* ¹).

विधु 2. vidhi-ū, *a.* solitary, isolated (*RV.* ¹); *m.* moon (*C.*).

विधुति vi-dhuti, *f.* (√dhā) moving to and fro, shaking, waving, tremor; removal.

विधुल vidhu-tva, *n.* condition of the moon: -m-tuda, *m.* (assailer of the moon), *ep.* of Rāhu; -mandala, *n.* disc of the moon; -maya, *a.* consisting of moons; -māsa, *m.* lunar month; -mukhī, *f.* moon-faced woman.

विधुर vidhu-ru, *a.* [√2. vidh] left alone, solitary, love-lorn, separated from the object of one's affection; -^o, separated from, destitute of, lacking; impaired; afflicted, distressed, miserable; dejected (-*m*, *ad.* dejectedly); adverse, unfriendly, unfavourable; *n.* adversity, trouble; -tā, *f.* lack, deprivation; wretched condition; -tva, *n.* *id.*; -darsana, *n.* sight of adversity.

विधुरय vidhura-yu, *den.* P. make wretched, depress; *pp.* ita, dejected; *n.* *pl.* adverse strokes (*of fortune*).

विधुरीक vidhuri-kri, depress, cast down.

विधुवदना vidhu-vadanā, *f.* moon-faced woman.

विधुत vi-dhūta, *pp.* (√dhā) shaken, etc.; *n.* repugnance; -dhātī, *f.* shaking, agitation; -dhānana, *a.* (i) causing to shake; *n.* shaking; surging; refusal, rejection; -dhūma, *a.* smokeless, not smoking (*fire*); *lc.* when no smoke rises from the kitchen; *m.* *N.* of a Vāsu.

विधुति vi-dhriti, *f.* (*V.*) separation; partition; *du.* two blades of grass indicating a partition between the *Barkhā* and the *Prastara*.

विधेय vi-dheya, *fp.* to be procured; enjoined, prescribed; to be affirmed; -manifested or displayed; -prepared; -performed or done (*ord. mg.*); tractable, compliant, completely at the disposal of, subject to, controlled or overpowered by (-^o); *n.* what ought to be done, duty; -gñā, *a.* knowing what ought to be done; -tā, *f.* prescription; submission; -tva, *n.* submission; -vartin, *a.* obedient, subject to any one.

विधेयीक vidheyi-kri, bring into one's power, subject; -bhā, submit to (-^o).

विधपरार्थ vidhi aparādha, *m.* transgression of a rule; -spārāya, *m.* adherence to a rule; -alanakāra, *m.*, -alanakriyā, *f.* kind of rhetorical figure; -ātmaka, *a.* having a positive (*opp.* negative) form.

विध्वंस vi-dhvamsa, *m.* collapse; ruin, destruction; injury; violation (*of a woman*); -ka, *m.* violator (*of a woman*); -dhvaṁsana, *a.* ruining, destroying; *n.* destruction; violation (*of a woman*); -dhvamsin, *a.* perishing; ruining, destroying; violating (*a woman*); -i, *f.* a kind of spell; -dhvasta-tā, *f.* destruction, ruin; -dhvasta-parva-kamala, *a.* having lotuses the leaves of which have fallen.

विनटन vi-natana, *n.* moving or going to and fro; -nata, *pp.* (√nam) bowed etc.; *n.* *N.* of a daughter of Dakṣha, wife of Kasyapa, and mother of Suparna, Garuda, Aruna, etc.; -tanayā, *f.* daughter of Vinatā, *met.* of Sumati, -suta, *m.* son of Vinatā, Garuda, etc.; -nati, *f.* obeisance, bow, to (*lc.*); -nada, *m.* cry; -nadin, *a.* roaring, thundering; -namana, *n.* bending (*tr.*) down; -namra, *a.* bent down, stooping, drooping; with bowed head; submissive, humble.

विनय vi-nayā, *a.* removing (*RV.* ¹); *m.* (*C.*) removal, withdrawal (*of a cloth*); guidance, discipline, instruction, training; good behaviour, decorum, discretion, polite manners; good breeding, modest conduct; office (*rare*); *n.* text on discipline (*lc.*); instruction; -gotiś, *m.* *N.* (*conj.*); -tā, *f.* good behaviour, modesty; -nayana, *a.* removing, dispelling; *n.* education, instruction, (*in*); -nayana-dhara, *m.* *N.* of a merchant; -naya-pitaka, (basket =) collection of treatises on discipline (*lc.*); -naya-maya, *a.* being good breeding itself; -naya-vat, *a.* well-behaved (*in*); -i, *f.* *N.*; -naya-sūtra, *n.* Sūtra treating of discipline (*lc.*); -naya-svāminī, *f.* *N.*; -naya-āditya, *m.* *ep.* of Gayāpita; -pura, *n.* *N.* of a town built by Gayāpita; -naya-ādi-dhara, *m.* *N.*; -navanata, *pp.* bowing low with modesty; -nayin, *a.* well-bred, well-conducted, modest; -naya-ukti, *f.* modest speech (*pl.*).

विनाशन vi-nashana, *n.* disappearance; ± Sarasvatyāś or Sarasvatī-, place where the Sarasvatī disappears; -navara, *a.* disappearing; perishable, subject to dissolution; -tā, *f.*, -tva, *n.* perishableness; -nashita, *pp.* (√nas) disappeared etc.; (vi-)nashā, *f.* loss

विना vinā, *pp.* (very rare in *V.*) without, except (*with preceiling or following* *ac.*, *in.*, rarely *ab.*, exceptionally -^o); -krita, *pp.* separated from, deprived or bereft of, lacking, free from (*in.*, *ab.*, -^o); -kritya, *gd.* without; -bhāta, *pp.* separated from, bereft of (*in.*).

विनाशिका vi-nādikā, *f.* a measure of time = १५ nādikā or ghāṭikā, = 24 seconds; -nādi, *f.* *id.*

विनामव *vinā-bhava*, *m.* separation, from (in); -**bhāva**, *m.* separableness (in a).

विनाम *vi-nāma*, *m.* writhing of the body (from pain); change of a dental to a lingual (gr.); -**nāya-ka**, *m.* leader, guide; Removal of obstacles, *cp.* of Ganesa; *N.*

विनाश *vi-nāśa*, *m.* disappearance, cessation, loss; dissolution, destruction, ruin; -**ka**, *a.* causing to disappear, destroying, -**dharma**, *a.* subject to destruction, perishable, transient; -**nāśana**, *a.* (i) causing to disappear, destroying; *n.* destruction; removal; -**nāśanta**, *m.* death, *a.* ending with loss; -**nāśatva**, *n.* perishableness; -**nāśin**, *a.* disappearing, perishable, transient; destroying (q. gnyf. -); -**nāśya**, *cs. fp.* to be destroyed; -**tva**, *n.* destructibility.

विनिक्षेप *vi-nikṣhepa*, *m.* separation; -**nikṣhepa, *fp.* to be thrown into (le.); -**nigra** / -**kri**, *free from foot-fetters*; -**nigamaka**, *a.* deciding between two alternatives; -**nigamanā**, *f.* decision between two alternatives; -**nigāhtri**, *m.* concealer, keeper (of a secret); -**nigraha**, *m.* separation; restraining, curbing, subduing (ord. mg.); restriction; -**nigrahya**, *fp.* to be restrained; -**nidra**, *a.* sleepless, awake; occurring in the waking condition; passed sleeplessly; expanded (flower); opened (eye); -**ka**, *a.* awake; -**tā**, *f.* sleeplessness; -**niniśhu**, *des.* *a.* intending to guide; -**ninda**, *a.* surpassing; *ā.* *f.* reproaching, abusing; -**nindaka**, *a.* blaming; deriding; surpassing; -**nipāta**, *m.* mischance, calamity; death; failure; -**nipātita**, *cs. pp.* √pat; -**nimaya**, *m.* barter, exchange; reciprocity (in kārya-); pledging; -**nimitta**, *a.* having no real cause; -**nimilana**, *n.* closure (of a bud); -**nimesha**, *m.* wink; -**niyama**, *m.* limitation, restriction to (le.); -**niyama**, *fp.* to be limited; -**niyukta** ātman, *a.* having one's soul directed to (ad.); -**niyoktri**, *m.* appointer to (le.); employer; -**niyoga**, *m.* appointment; appointment to a duty (le.); commission, charge; employment, use application (ord. mg.); *sp.* of averse in ritual; relation, correlation; -**niyogya**, *fp.* to be employed, applied, or used.**

विनिर्गम *vi-nir-gama*, *m.* going out (of) departure, from (ab.); -**ghosha**, *m.* sound; -**gya**, *m.* victory; -**maya**, *m.* ascertainment; decision, authoritative settlement, of (g. -); -**deya**, *fp.* to be announced or reported; -**bandha**, *m.* persistence in (-); -**maia**, *a.* extremely pure; -**māna**, *n.* measuring out; formation; erection; building; -**mātri**, *m.* fashioner, creator; -**miti**, *f.* formation, creation; erection; -**mukti**, *f.* deliverance from (-); -**moksha**, *m.* id.; exclusion from (-).

विनिवर्तक *vi-ni-vartaka*, *a.* reversing; -**vartana**, *n.* return (home); cessation; -**vartin**, *a.* turning back (in a); -**vāra**, *n.* keeping off, restraining; -**vārya**, *fp.* to be supplanted; -**vritti**, *f.* cessation; discontinuance; -**veda**, *n.* announcement; -**veśa**, *m.* putting down, putting on, placing upon; impression (of fingers); noting down, mentioning (in a book); suitable apportionment; -**verana**, *n.* erection, building; -**verin**, *a.* situated on or in (-).

विनिश्चय *vi-niskaya*, *m.* settled opinion, fixed rule, decision, firm resolve, regarding (gr. -); -**niskala**, *a.* motionless (like, -); -**niskāyin**, *a.* deciding, settling finally (-); -**nishpādyā**, *cs. fp.* to be accomplished or performed.

विनीत *vi-nīta*, *pp.* √ui; -**tā**, *f.* good breeding, decorum, modesty, -**tva**, *n.* id.; -**mati**, *m.* *N.*; -**niti**, *f.* modesty; -**netri**, *m.* educa-

tor, instructor, teacher (w. ac., g.); trainer, tamer; -**netra**, *i.* *m.* instructor, teacher; *a.* eyeless, blind; -**neya**, *fp.* to be removed; -educated or instructed; -**chastised**; *m.* pugil.

विनीति *vinākti*, *f.* statement that sth. has or has not any value only without sth. else (= condition sine qua non).

विनोद *vi-noda*, *m.* removal; (driving away of)edium, diversion, entertainment, amusement, with (-); pleasure, pastime, sport, -**nodana**, *n.* diversion etc.; -**noda-vat**, *a.* entertaining; -**nodin**, *a.* dispelling, removing (-); entertaining, delighting.

विन्दु *VIND*, *r.* **विद** 2. **VID**.

विन्दु *viud-a*, *a.* finding, gaining (-); *m.* *N.*; -**ka**, *m.* *N.*

विन्दु *viud-n*, *a.* 1. knowing, familiar with (-); 2. finding, seeking, gaining (-); 3. *m.* drop (= bindu).

विन्ध्य *vinḍhya*, *m.* *N.* of a mountain range running from east to west and separating the Deccan from Madhya desa -**ketu**, *m.* *N.* of a prince of Pulinda; -**giri**, *m.* the Vinḍhya range; -**para**, *m.* *N.* of a prince of the farures; -**vana**, *n.* forest in the Vinḍhya; -**vāsin**, *a.* dwelling in the Vinḍhya; -**ā**, *f.* *±* devi *a.* form of the goddess Durgā; -**atha**, *a.* residing in the Vinḍhya; -**akala**, *m.* the Vinḍhya range; -**ā**, *f.* forest in the Vinḍhya; -**adri**, *m.* the Vinḍhya range

विन्ध्याय *vinḍhyā-ya*, *den.* A represent the Vinḍhya range.

विन्वि *vin-ma*, *pp.* √ 2. **vid**; -**pa**, *m.* *N.* of a king

विन्ध्य *vi-māya*, *m.* position; -**nyasana**, *n.* putting down (pada-vinyasanam *kri*, put down the feet, stride); -**nyasya**, *fp.* to be placed upon; -**nyāsa**, *m.* putting down; putting on of ornaments; movement, position of limbs; disposition, arrangement, extension; composition (of literary works etc.); display of (-), rare; -**rekha**, *i.* line drawn.

विप् *VIP*, *I.* **Ā. vēpa**, quiver, tremble quake; *cs.* **vēpāya**, *P.* cause to tremble, shake *ad.* tremble, quake; *cs.* cause to tremble; frighten, -**pra**, shiver, quiver, quake; *cs.* cause to quake, shake.

विप् *vi-p*, *a.* inwardly stirred, inspired (RV); *f.* (RV) switch, rod, shaft of an arrow, in the preparation of soma, the staves forming the bottom of the drainer and supporting the straining cloth.

विपक्व *vi-pakva*, *a.* cooked, done; matured, ripe (fruit); fully developed

विपक्ष *vi-paksha*, *m.* opponent, adversary, enemy; female rival; statement on the opposite side, counter-instance; -**bhāva**, *m.* hostility; -**ramani**, *f.* female rival.

विपक्षी *vi-pakshī-kri*, *deprive of wings*; -**paika-ya**, *den.* *P.* spread abroad, proclaim; -**paiki**, *f.* Indian lute; -**pana**, *m.* sale, traffic, wager; trading-place, shop, market; -**pana**, *n.* selling, traffic; -**paad**, *f.* sale, traffic; shop, market (also i); -**panin**, *m.* shopkeeper, trader; -**pani-patha**, *m.* market street; -**panā**, *f.* = **pani**; -**pat-kāla**, *m.* season of calamity; -**patti**, *f.* failure; unfavourableness (of time); misfortune, disaster; ruin, destruction, death; cessation (rare); -**patha**, *m.* wrong road; evil course; -**pad**, *f.* (going wrong), failure; mishap, disaster, misfortune; death; -**daśā**, *f.* calamitous condition; -**panna**, *pp.* √pad; *m.* snake; -**tā**, *f.* ruin; -**panyā**, -**panyāyā**, *in. ad.* (V.) joyfully; won-

drously; -**paṇyā**, *a.* (RV.) praising, rejoicing; admirable.

विपद्य *vip-āṇa*, *P.* (*cp.* *cs.* √vip) cause to tremble (RV).

विपरिहाम *vi-pari-śāma*, *m.* transformation, change; exchange; ripening; -**śāmin**, *a.* changing into (in. of abst. s.); -**śāna**, *n.* exchange; -**śhāvaka**, *a.* running about everywhere; -**bhramas**, *m.* failure; loss of (-); -**lopa**, *m.* loss; -**vartana**, *a.* (i) causing to turn round; *n.* turning (ist.) round; -**vritti**, *f.* return; -**hāra**, *m.* exchange.

विपरीत *vi-pari-ita*, *pp.* reversed, inverted, contrary, opposite, reverse; acting contrarily, cross; divergent; perverse, adverse; -**ka**, *a.* reversed; -**kārin**, *a.* acting perversely; -**tā**, *f.* reverse, opposite; -**mati**, *a.* having a wrong opinion; -**vat**, *ad.* perversely.

विपर्यय *vi-paryaya*, *a.* (rare, P.) inverted; opposed to (-); perverse, *m.* transposition, exchange, change, alteration, inversion, opposite (e. g. *saṁdhi-viparyaya*, peace and its opposite = war; *prabhava* = opposite of strength = faint; *buddhi*, opposite opinion), change for the worse, disfigurement; reverse, mishap, overthrow, calamity, misfortune (rare); perverseness, change of opinion (rare); wrong opinion or notion, error (le in the opposite case, otherwise

विपरीण *vi-paryāṇa*, *a.* unsaddled *i-kri*, unsaddle; -**pariyāya**, *m.* opposite rare; -**pariyāsa**, *m.* overthrow of a canyon, transportation, expiration, exchange, inversion, change; reverse, opposite, of (-), perverseness; wrong notion, error; -**upama**, *f.* inverted comparison; -**palāyin**, *a.* fleeing; -**payana**, *a.* windless.

विपश्चित् *vipaś-āt*, *a.* [knowing inspiration] *vipaś* inspired; wise, versed in (-).

विपस *vip-as*, *n.* inspiration (in *vipaś-āt* and *vipaś-ā*).

विपाक *vi-pāka*, *a.* ripe (RV); *m.* (C) ripening; maturing of the fruit of actions, consequences; digestion; mischance, misfortune (rare); *±* subsequently; -**pākin**, *a.* ripening, bearing fruit or consequences; -**pāla**, *m.* kind of arrow; -**pāana**, *n.* splitting, destruction; -**pāala**, *a.* very red; -**pāha**, *m.* kind of arrow; -**pānda**, *a.* pallid, pale; -**tā**, *f.* paleness; -**ut** *ya*, grow pale; -**pāndura**, *a.* pallid, pale; -**pādikā**, *f.* blisters on the foot; -**pāpā**, *a.* sinless; (vi-) **pāpman**, *ut*; free from suffering; -**pāla**, *a.* unattended by a herdman (cattle); (vi-) **pāś**, *f.* [unfettered], *N.* of a river in the Punjab, now Beas; -**pāśa**, *a.* having no noose; freed from fetters; -**pāana**, *n.* unfettering; (vi-) **pāin**, *a.* without a trace (car, RV.).

विपिन *vip-inn*, *n.* [wavering √vip] forest quantity (rare); *a.* dense forest; -**ā**, *den.* *Ā* become or seem like a forest; *a.* *o* *ka*, *m.* denizen of the forest, monkey.

विपीडित *vi-pīḍita*, *ad.* without any grievance

विपुंसी *vi-puṁsī*, *f.* masculine woman.

विपुल *vi-pula*, *a.* [= -*pura* √*i*, *pri*] large, extensive, wide-spreading, vast, broad, wide, thick, long (also of time), deep, great, much, copious, abundant, numerous, loud (noise); -**ka**, *a.* very extensive and without bristling hair; -**agghana**, *a.* having large hips; -**tā**, *f.* magnitude, *arora*, *a.* having swelling hips; -**pulina** *amburūha*, *a.* having no sandbanks or lotuses (river); -**puṣpa**, *a.* flowerless tree.

विपुक्क vi-prikkham, *ac. inf.* of √prakh (RV.). [aspiration (vipa)].

विपोधा vipo-dhā, *a.* (RV.¹) bestowing in-

विप्र vip-ra, *a.* (I.) inwardly stirred, inspired; sagacious, wise (often of the gods); learned; *m.* singer, poet (V.); learned theologian (V.); priest, domestic priest (C, rare); Brāhman (C); *pl. kind of divine being* (S.). *ā, f.* Brāhman woman.

विप्रकर्ष vi-pra-karsha, *m.* dragging away; distance; difference, contrast; -*kāra*, *m.* ill-treatment, injury; -*kīra*, *pp.* √kri; -*krit*, *a.* injuring any one (g.); -*kriti*, *f.* alteration; -*m* *ni*, alter, modify; -*kriśhā-tva*, *n.* distance; -*kriśhāntara*, *a.* a considerable way off.

विप्रता vipra-tā, *f.* rank of a Brāhman; -*tāpasa*, *m.* Brāhman penitent.

विप्रतिकूल vi-prati-kūla, *a.* refractory; -*pat*, *f.* erroneous perception or notion; contradiction; divergence of opinion (*ord. mg.*); incompatibility of two conceptions, antinomy; -*śedha*, *m.* keeping in check; contradiction, conflict of two statements; prohibition, negation; -*sāra*, *m.* repentance.

विप्रतीप vi-pratīpa, *a.* refractory, hostile; reversed (*fig.*); -*pratyaya*, *m.* distrust.

विप्रत्न vipra-tva, *n.* dignity of a (learned) Brāhman.

विप्रपात vi-pra-pāta, *m.* kind of flight; abyss.

विप्रपुत्र vipra-putra, *m.* son of a Brāhman, young Brāhman; -*bhāva*, *m.* rank or dignity of a Brāhman; -*mat*, *m.* Brāhman monastery.

विप्रमाथि vi-pra-māthin, *a.* trampling down everything; -*mādin*, *a.* thoroughly heedless; -*moksha*, *m.* loosening; deliverance from (*ab.*, *g.*); -*mokya*, *fp.* to be freed from (*ab.*); -*yoga*, *m.* separation, from (*in* ± *saha*, *g.*); lack, absence; -*yogin*, *a.* separated from a loved object; -*labdha*, *pp.* (√labh) deceived, imposed upon; -*labhya*, *fp.* to be deceived, -made a fool of; -*lam-bha*, *m.* deception; (disappointment =) separation of lovers; -*la*, *a.* deceiving, cheating; *m.* dishonest opponent; -*tva*, *n.* deception; -*lambhana*, *n.* deception (*pl.*); -*lambhin*, *a.* deceiving, fallacious; -*laya*, *m.* absorption in (*le.*); extinction; -*lāpa*, *m.* explanation; idle chatter; contradiction; -*lāpin*, *a.* chattering; *m.* chatter; -*lumpaka*, *a.* rapacious; -*vāda*, *m.* divergent statement; -*vāsa*, *m.* dwelling or travelling abroad; staying away from (*ab.*, -); -*vāsana*, *n.* banishing.

विप्रवीर vipra-vīra, *m.* heroic Brāhman.

विप्रव्रजि vi-pra-vrājin, *a.* fount of leaving home [i-ka, *m.* astrologer].

विप्रश्न vi-prashn, *m.* interrogation of fate

विप्रसातृ vipra-sāt-kri, present (*ac.*) to Brāhmins.

विप्रार्थि vipra-adhya, *m.* moon; -*mukhā*, *f.* moon-faced woman; -*avamanayaka*, *a.* looking down on Brāhmins.

विप्रिय vi-priya, *a.* estranged (I.); disagreeable, distasteful, to (*g.*, -; C.); *n.* (*sts. pl.*) unpleasant thing, disagreeable act (C.).

विप्रुष vi-prūsh, *f.* (*nn.* -*prū*) drop; spot, speck, spark; phenomenon (-*o* *vs.* ākaryā); *pl.* drops falling from the mouth while speaking; -*prusha*, *m.* or *s.* drop; -*preksha*, *n.* looking round; -*prekshita*, *n.* glance; -*prekshitrī*, *m.* one who looks round.

विप्रिन्द्र vipra-indra, *m.* distinguished Brāhman.

विप्रिमन् vi-preman, *m.* estrangement; -*pro-shita*, *pp.* (*pra* + √vas) absent from home.

विप्रव vi-plava, *m.* destruction, ruin, loss; disaster, calamity, catastrophe, distress, misery (-, = of or by); tumult, affray, revolt; violation (of a woman); -*plavin*, *a.* disappearing; -*plāvaka*, -*plāvin*, *a.* spreading abroad, publishing; -*plush*, *f.* drop (= -*prush*).

विप्रल vi-phala, *a.* bearing no fruit (*tree*); fruitless, futile, vain; disappointed; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* fruitlessness, uselessness; -*prava*, *a.* dung in vain; -*phala-ya*, *den. I.* render fruitless, not allow any one (*g.*), to (*inf.*); -*phala-stama*, *a.* exerting oneself in vain; -*tva*, *n.* useless exertion; -*phali-kri*, render useless, thwart; -*phali-bhāvishu*, *a.* becoming useless; -*phali-bhū*, become useless.

विप्रवध vi-bandha, *m.* obstruction; -*bala*, *a.* weak; -*bāva*, *a.* arrowless; -*bālī*, *f.* N. of a river (RV¹).

विप्रुष vi-budha, *a.* very wise; *m.* god; -*taṇi*, *f.* river of the gods, Ganges; -*priya*, *a.* dear to the wise or the gods; -*rāga*, *m.* king of the gods, Indra; -*śadman*, *n.* abode of the gods, heaven; -*stri*, *f.* celestial female; -*ākārya*, *m.* instructor of the gods, Brihaspati; -*ādhipatya*, *n.* sovereignty of the gods; -*anukāra*, *m.* attendant of a god; -*āvāsa*, *m.* dwelling of the gods, temple; -*āvāsa*, *m.* lord of the gods.

विप्रोध vi-bodha, *m.* awaking; perceiving; -*bodhana*, *n.* awaking (*tr.* & *int.*); -*bodha-yitavya*, *fp.* to be awakened.

विभक्त vi-bhak-ta, *pp.* √bhag; *n.* separation; -*ga*, *m.* son born after the partition of the patrimony; -*tva*, *n.* variety.

विभक्ति vi-bhakti, *f.* separation, partition; distinction, modification; inflection of a noun, case; case or personal termination.

विभक्तृ vi-bhuktri (*w. ac.*) or *tri* (*w. g.*), *m.* divider, distributor (V.); arranger of (-).

विभङ्ग vi-bhaṅga, *m.* contraction (of the *broce*); furrow, interruption, stoppage, frustration; deception; wave; -*bhaṅgiya*, *fp.* to be distributed; -*bhaṅga*, *n.* freedom from danger; *a.* exposed to no danger; -*bhaṅva*, *a.* rich (E., rare); *m.* omnipresence (rare); development (rare); might, power, majesty, greatness, exalted position (*ord. mg.*); wealth, property; luxury; -*tas*, according to rank (*dr.*); according to one's pecuniary circumstances; -*mati*, *m.* N. of a princess, -*vat*, *a.* wealthy; -*bhavin*, *a.* *id.*; -*bhā*, *a.* shining (V.); *f.* splendour, beauty (C.); -*hara*, *m.* (light-maker), sun; king; -*bhāga*, *m.* V.; distribution, apportionment; C.; partition of inheritance; division; share, in (-); portion, constituent part; numerator of a fraction; separation, distinction, difference; *m.* separately, singly, in detail; -*rekha*, *f.* boundary line between (*g.*); -*vat-tā*, *f.* separation, distinction; -*vas*, *ad.* part by part, in parts, singly; according to (-).

विभाजक vi-bhāga-ka, *a.* distributing; dividing; -*bhāgya*, *fp.* to be divided; -*bhāndaka*, *m.* N. of a sage with the pat. Kāyapa; -*bhāt*, *pr. pl.* (-) shining afar; -*bhāta*, *pp.* √bhā; *n.* day-break; -*bhānu*, *a.* shining, beaming (*Agni* RV¹); -*bhāva*, *m.* ep. of Siva; a representation of art as affecting the emotions (Rā.); -*bhāvan*, *a.* (re. *vas*) shining, brilliant; -*bhāvana*, (*cs.*) *a.* developing, manifesting;

n. development, creation; manifestation; perception; (causing to be before the mind, reflection on (-); arousing a certain emotion by a work of art; *ā, f.* representation of effects the causes of which are left to be conjectured); -*bhāvaniya*, *fp.* to be perceived; to be convicted; -*bhā-vari*, *f.* (starry) night; -*kānta*, -*ja*, *m.* moon; -*bhā-vaṇa*, *a.* radiantly bright; *m.* fire; god of fire; sun; N. of a mythical prince; -*bhāvin*, *a.* mighty; causing to appear (-); arousing an emotion, perceptible, comprehensible; to be attended to; *n.* *imps.* one should pay heed to; -*bhā-śhā*, *f.* option, optionality; *nm. sts.* = in. optionally; -*bhāśa*, *m.* N. of one of the seven *sams*; a certain Rāga.

विभिदा vi-bhidā, *f.* perforation and deflection; -*bhitaka*, *a.* a large tree, *beleric* myrobalan (*Terminalia Belerica* Rr., C.); *n.* the nut used as a die; -*bhidaka*, *m.* *id.* (R., Jr., S.); -*bhisana*, *a.* frightening, terrifying; *m.* N. of a noble Rākhasa, brother of Kuberā and Rāvana, made ruler of Lanka by Rāma after defeating Rāvana; N. of two kings of Cashmere; -*bhisikā*, *f.* intimidation, means of terrifying.

विभु vi-bhū, *a.* (ū, v-ī) far-extending, pervading, omnipresent; abundant, lasting (I.); mighty, powerful; capable of, able to (*inf.*); *m.* lord, ruler, sovereign, chief, of (-); the Almighty = Brahman, Vishnu, or Siva; N. of the Rikhu (pl.); -*tva*, *n.* omnipresence; omnipotence, sovereign power; -*mat*, *a.* extending everywhere (RV¹); joined with the Vibhu (= Rikhu; V.).

विभु vi-bhū, *V. a.* = vi-bhū.

विभूति vi-bhūti, *a.* (RV.) extensive, abundant; mighty, powerful; *f.* (C.) development, multiplication; abundance; manifestation of might, power (*ord. mg.*); sovereign power, greatness; successful issue (of a sacrifice); magnificence, splendour; prosperity, fortune; wealth, riches (*common mg.*; *sg. d. pl.*); ashes (rare); -*mat*, *a.* powerful (C.).

विभूषण vi-bhūṣana, *a.* adorning (rare); *n.* ornament, decoration; brilliance, beauty (very rare); -*vat*, *a.* adorned; -*bhūṣhā*, *f.* adornment, ornament; -*bhūṣin*, *a.* adorned with (-). [RV.].

विभुच vi-bhri-tra, *a.* being carried about

विभेतव्य vi-bhetavya, *fp.* *n.* one should be afraid of (*ab.*); -*bhetti*, *m.* destroyer, dissembler; -*bhedā*, *m.* breaking through, splitting; knitting (of the *broce*); alteration, change; disturbance; dissension, discord, between (*sammā*); distinction, difference, -; *pl.* different kinds of; -*bhedaka*, *a.* distinguishing (*g.*) from (*ab.*); -*bhedana*, *a.* piercing, splitting; *n.* breaking; setting at variance; -*bhedin*, *a.* piercing (-); removing, dispelling; -*bhram-a*, *m.* decline, cessation; ruin; loss of (-); -*bhramsin*, *a.* falling down; -*bhrama*, *m.* moving to and fro, heaving (of waves), unsteadiness; wandering about; vehemence, excess, high degree (-*sts. pl.*); amorous play, coquetry; derangement, disturbance, confusion; erroneous application (of punishment); perturbation, agitation; mental confusion, delusion, error; illusion, illusive appearance, vision; grace, beauty; amorous distraction (of a woman, *esp. with regard to dress*); -; mere semblance of (-; only in appearance; *ab.* (-) under the delusion that it was a -; -*arka*, *m.* N.

विधातु vi-bhātrivya, *n.* rivalry, hostility; -*bhānti*, *f.* perturbation, agitation; delusion, error.

विभञ्ज vi-bhvan, 1. a. far-reaching, penetrating (RV.); m. N. of one of the Ribhus; 2. **अन**, a. skilled; m. artificer (RV.).

विमति vi-mati, f. divergence of opinion, regarding (lc.); aversion; a. dull, stupid; **-त**, f. stupidity; **-मत्सारा**, a. free from jealousy; **-मदा**, a. free from intoxication, grown sober; free from rut; free from pride; **अ**, m. N. of a protégé of the gods; N. of a composer of Vedic hymns; (vi)-**मद्भ्या**, n. (1) middle; **-मानस**, a. out of one's senses, beside oneself, discomposed, downcast, disconsolate; **-मान-या**, den. **आ**. be disconsolate or downcast; **-मनि-क्री**, make angry; **-मान-या**, a. free from anger; **-मर्दा**, m. crushing, bruising, rubbing, friction; trampling; conflict, encounter, scuffle, fight; destruction, devastation; interruption, disturbance of (-); contact (rare); refusal, rejection (rare); total eclipse (rare); **-मर्दा-का**, a. crushing, destroying; m. N.; **-मर्दाना**, a. crushing, crushing; destroying; m. N. of a fury. n. crushing; encounter, conflict; destruction, devastation; **-मर्दिन**, a. (°) shattering, destroying, devastating; dispelling; **-मर्त्त**, m. examination, consideration, reflection; discussion; intelligence (rare); crisis in the plot (of a play); **-मरणा**, n. examination, reflection.

विमल vi-mala, a. spotless, clear, bright, pure (also fig.); transparent; white (elephant); m. N.; n. N. of a town. **-त**, f. spotlessness; pureness; **-पुरा**, n. N. of a town; **-प्रबद्ध**, f. N. of a princess; **-बुद्धि**, m. N.; **-मति**, a. pure-minded; **-आरा**, m. N. of a king; **-ग्राम**, f. N. of a village.

विमलय vi-malaya, den. P. make clear or pure.

विमलिन vi-malinam, m. pureness, clearness; **-मस्तक-िता**, den. pp. beheaded.

विमास vi-māsa, n. bad or forbidden meat; **-मैत्री**, f. step-mother; **-या**, m. stepson (of a mother); **-मथिन**, a. striking down (fig.); **-माना**, a. (1) measuring out, traversing (V., E.); m. n. (C.) celestial chariot of the gods; aerial car; car, hearse; rare; imperial palace with seven stories; tower (rare); **-का**, a. = **-माना**, celestial car, **-ता**, f. condition of a celestial car, **-त्वा**, n. id. **-मानाना**, n. disrespect, contempt, humiliation; refusal (rare); **अ**, f. ut.; **-मनि-क्री**, turn into an aerial car; **-मान्या**, fp. to be despised or insulted; **-मार्गा**, m. wrong road; evil course; **-मिश्रा**, a. mingled, mixed, heterogeneous; mixed or combined with (in, °).

विमुक्त vi-mukta, pp. $\sqrt{\text{muk}}$ **-कान्ता**, ° or **-मा**, ad. (about) at the top of one's voice; **-त**, f. loss of (g.); **-मात्मन**, ad. abandoning silence; **-मुक्ति**, f. disjunction; setting at liberty; release, deliverance, from (ab, °); final emancipation; **-मुक्ता**, a. having the face averted, turned backwards; turning away from any one (g), departing disappointed; averse to, abstaining from (ab, lc, g. w. upari, °); indifferent to (-); adverse (fate); °, lacking; **-ता**, f. aversion to (lc, prati, °); **-मुक्ता-या**, den. P. render averse; pp. **िता**; **-मुक्ति-कारणा**, n. rendering averse to (-); **-मुक्ति-क्री**, put to flight; turn any one away; render averse or indifferent to (ab, °); frustrate; **-मुक्ति-भ्या**, m. aversion; **-मुक्ति-भू**, turn one's back, flee; turn away from (ab.); **-मुग्धा**, pp. $\sqrt{\text{muh}}$ **-त**, f. foolishness, stupidity; **-मुक्**, f. (RV.) unyoking, alighting; **विमुक्तो नपत**, son of arrival, conductor (Pūshan); **-मुद्गरा**, n. causing to expand. [n. uprooting.]

विमुल vi-mūla, a. uprooted (also fig.); **-म**,

विमृश vi-mrīṣya, fp. to be sought; **-मर्या-कारि**, a. acting only after mature reflection (gd).

विमोक्ष vi-mokṣa, m. unyoking, disjunction, termination; deliverance from (ab, °); liberation from the world; **-मोक्षार्था**, fp. to be set at liberty; **-मोक्ष**, m. being discharged, at (d, lc); **-मोक्ष**, m. being loosened, coming undone; deliverance, release, from (ab, °); liberation of the soul, emancipation; setting a (thief) at liberty; abandonment; shedding of (tears); bestowal (of wealth); discharge (of arrows); **-मोक्ष-शान्ता**, a. freeing from (-), unloosening (the hair); release, deliverance, from (ab, °); ord. mg., abandonment; laying of eggs; **-मोक्ष**, a. (1) freeing from (-); n. unyoking, alighting RV.; releasing from labour V.; deliverance, from (ab, °); **-मोक्ष**, co. pp. $\sqrt{\text{muk}}$ released etc.; **-मोक्ष**, m. confusion of mind. **-ता**, a. i-kā confusing the mind. **-दा**, a. producing mental confusion; **-मोक्ष**, a. confusing the mind, n. confusion; confusing the mind. **-मोक्ष**, a. confusing the mind, **-माना**, a. breaking silence.

वियत् vi-yat, a [pr. pt. $\sqrt{\text{y}}$] going apart, outspread, departing (rare). **-यत**, n. intermediate region between heaven and earth, sky, atmosphere; ether as an element (rare). **-यद्-गता**, pp. moving or flying in the air; **-मद्भ्या-हमा**, m. sun; **-मया**, a. i) consisting of air

वियातता vi-yāta-tā f. impudence, audacity.

वियोग vi-yoga, m. separation, from, loss of (in sūtra, ab, °); departure, absence, want; abstention from (-); **-परा**, n. N. of a town, **-वत**, a. separated (from a lover); **-आवासा**, a. ending in separation. **-योगि-ता**, f. separation; **-योगि**, a. separated lover, from (-); **-योग**, n. liberation from (-), separation, from (-); **-योगिनी**, fp. to be deprived of (in); **-योग्या**, fp. to be separated from (ab); **-यoni**, f. animal womb; debased birth, animal, animals and plants

विरक्त virakta, pp. ($\sqrt{\text{rak}}$) estranged etc. **-प्रकृति**, a. whose principal officers are disaffected. **-भ्या**, a. disaffected. **-रक्ति**, f. indifference, to (lc, upari w. g., prati w. ac); freedom from worldly attachment; **-मत**, a. indifferent, to (lc); accompanied with freedom from worldly attachment; **-रक्त**, f. disposition, embellishment; **-अलङ्कार**, neatly arranged locks; **-रक्तयित्वा**, fp. to be made or formed; **-रक्ति**, pp. cs. $\sqrt{\text{rak}}$ **अ**, f. N.; (vi)-**रक्ता**, a. free from dust, clean, pure (also fig.); free from passion; **-रक्ता**, a. id.; m. N.; **-रक्ता-का**, a. dustless; **-रक्ता-कारणा**, n. freeing from dust, cleansing; **-रक्ति-क्री**, free from dust, cleanse; **-रक्ता**, **-रक्ति**, m. ep. of Brahman; **-रक्ता**, pp. ($\sqrt{\text{ram}}$) ceased etc. **-त्वा**, n. cessation; **-रक्ता-प्राणा**, a. having ceased from engaging in (lc); **-रक्ति**, f. cessation; end; desistance or abstention from, renunciation of (ab, lc, °); **-रक्ता**, a. deprived of one's car; **-रक्ति-क्री**, deprive any one of his chariot; **-रक्ति-भू**, be deprived of one's car; **-रक्ति**, a. i) exuberant (RV.); m. abundance RV.; **-रक्ति**, a. exuberant, vigorous (V.); **-रक्ता**, m. cessation, abatement; sunset; abstention from (-); **-रक्ता**, n. cessation; abstention from (-).

विरल virala, a. far apart, sparse; loose; rare, unfrequent, scanty, few; **विरल** \pm ko/pi, one here and there; \circ & **-म**, ad. sparsely; rarely; **-त**, f. rareness.

विरजित viral-ita, pp. placed far apart (in

a.); **-क्री**, disperse; thin (a wood); **-ि-भूता**, pp. become very rare.

विरस vi-rasa, a. tasteless, insipid, having a bad flavour; disagreeable, unpleasant; having no taste for (-); **-त्वा**, n. bad taste, nauseousness; **-रसि-क्री**, affect unpleasantly; **-रसि-भू**, be unpleasantly affected; **-रसा**, m. separation (of lovers), from (in, °); absence or lack of (g., °); **-रा** lacking; **-गुणा**, pp. increased by separation, **-गा**, a. produced by absence; **-रसि**, a. separated, parted (of lovers), from (-); absent; ab staining from, free from (-).

विराग vi-rāga, m. loss of colour; dislike to persons, indifference (to things), to (ab, lc, °). Indifference to worldly objects; a. of various colours, variegated; free from passion, indifferent; **-रक्ति**, f. aversion, dislike; **-रक्ति**, a. disliking, having a disinclination for (lc); **-रक्ति**, a. (1) ruling; splendid; m. chief, ruler, lord, f. queen; f. exaltation V.; f. V.; m. (C) N. of a divine being, the result of speculation, identified with Puruṣa, Pragaṭa, Brahman, Agni, and later Viṣṇu, sometimes appearing as the daughter (or son) of Puruṣa, Pragaṭa, Brahman, or Vishnu, is made the subject of all kinds of fanciful allegories in the Brāhmaṇas. In the Vedānta virāg is a designation of intellect conditioned by the aggregate, so called because of its manifold brilliance. f. N. of various 1. metres, chiefly with pādas of ten syllables. **-त्वा**, n. name of Virāg. **-रक्ति**, a. brilliant, m. N. **-रक्ति**, pp. resplendent. **-रक्ति**, m. N. of a king of the Matsyas. **-रक्ति**, end of night; **-रक्ति**, m. insult; **-रक्ति**, m. N. of a Rākṣasa. **-गुप्ता**, m. N. **-हान**, m. slayer of Virāḍha, ep. of Viṣṇu. Rama; **-रक्ति**, m. cessation; termination, end, end of a word or sentence, stop, pause (gr. °), end of a pāda, caesura within a pāda, stroke below a consonant indicating the absence of the inherent a (orig. only at the end of a sentence); abstention gr. ° ending in (gr. °) **-म** **य**, rest; come to an end. **-रक्ति**, m. cry, clamour, roar, noise; **-रक्ति**, a. crying, warbling, yelling, roaring, resounding with (in).

विरिक्त vi-rīkṣa, m. N. of Brahman. **-रिक्ती**, m. id.; **-रिक्ती**, m. id.; **-रिक्ती**, m. tone, accent; **-रिक्ती**, f. desire to abstain; **-रिक्ती**, a. shining, gleaming (R); m. brilliant ornament (RV); **-रक्ति**, a. i) causing pain; 2. free from pain, well; **-रक्ति**, pp. $\sqrt{\text{ru}}$; n. cry, yell, song of birds; hum, noise; **-रक्ति**, f. id.; **-रक्ति**, m. a panegyric on a prince in prose and verse; **-रक्ति**, pp. $\sqrt{\text{rud}}$, n. (sc. rūpaka) kind of contradictory truth (in which a thing is denied and affirmed to possess functions creating and lacking respectively in the object with which it is compared); **-त**, f. contradiction, opposition, conflict, **-त्वा**, n. id.; inconsistency; hostility, **-द्भि**, a. hostile-minded.

विरूप vi-rūpa, a. rough; harsh; **-रुक्ता**, a. roughening, acting as an abstruser; **-रुक्ता**, a. suitable for roughening, to be reviled.

विरूप vi-rūpa, a. many-coloured, manifold; changed; different, from (-); having a different form; pp. having the same meaning: gr.; deformed, misshapen, ugly (ord. mg.); **-का**, a. i) deformed, ugly; unseemly, m. i) gly, ep. of a man. **-कारणा**, a. i) deforming, n. disfigurement, infliction of an injury. **-त**, f. variety; ugliness; **-रक्ति**, m. N. of a fairy, **-रक्ति**, m. N. of a Brāhmaṇ; **-रक्ति**, a. i) having deformed eyes, having various occupations; m. N.

of a divine being (S.); N. of Śiva; N. of a Yaksha.

विष्णुय virūpa-ya, *den.* P. disfigure: *pp.* ita.

विरिक् vi-reka, *m.* purging; laxative; **-rek-ana**, *a.* opening; *n.* purging; purgative.

विरोक् vi-rok, *m.* (R.V.) effulgence, flush (of dawn); *n.* (C.) cavity, hole; **-rokin**, *a.* shining (R.V.); **-rokana**, *a.* illuminating (rare); *n.* sun; sun-god; N. of an Asura; **-rokin-sha**, *a.* shining, brilliant; **-roddhavya**, *fp.* to be fought with; *n.* *imp.* one (in.) should fight; **-rodha**, *m.* hostility, quarrel, strife, between (g., rarely in, -); with (in. ± sāha, -); logical contradiction, inconsistency, incompatibility, incongruity; conflict with, injury of (in. -), at the cost or to the detriment of; prevention by (-), rare; misfortune (rare); perverseness (rare); **-rodhaka**, *a.* setting at variance, stirring up; incompatible with (g., -); **-rodha-krit**, *a.* causing dissension among, stirring up to revolt; **-rodha-kriyā**, *f.* quarrel; **-rodhana**, *a.* opposing; *n.* quarrelling; resistance, opposition, to (g.); injuring; **-rodha-śhāsa**, *m.* apparent contradiction (rh.); **-rodhi-tā**, *f.* enmity, strife, between (-), with (sāha); contradictoriness; **-rodhi-tva**, *n.* removal; **-rodhi-ta**, *a.* obstructing, disturbing, preventing; dispelling; hostile; contradictory, conflicting, opposed; *m.* adversary, enemy; **-rodha-ukti**, *f.* contradiction; **-ropana**, *a.* causing to heal; *n.* healing (of a wound); **-roha-na**, *a.* causing to heal; *n.* budding (of plants).

विल vila, *v.* विल bila.

विलक्ष vi-laksha, *a.* having no fixed aim; missing the mark (arrow); embarrassed, abashed, ashamed; **-tva**, *n.* abt. *n.* **-laksh-ana**, *a.* varying in character, different; differing from (ab., -); various, manifold (rare); not admitting of exact definition (rare); **-laksh-kri**, *cause* to miss the mark, disappoint (any one); disconcert, abash; **-laksh-ya**, *a.* having no fixed aim; **-lagna**, *pp.* (√lag) clinging to, etc.; *n.* rise of a constellation; **-laghana**, *n.* leaping over (g.); striking against; offence, injury; **-l**, *f.* getting over, surmounting; **-laghin**, *a.* (-) overstepping, transgressing; striking against, ascending to the sky; **-laghya**, *fp.* to be crossed (river); to be got over, tolerable; **-tā**, *f.* tolerableness; **-lagya**, *a.* shameless; **-lapana**, *n.* **-lapita**, *n.* wailing, lamentation; **-labdhi**, *f.* removal; **-lamba**, *a.* hanging down (arms); *m.* tardiness, delay; *slowly*; *ab.* so late; *in. id.*; too late; **-lam-ba-ka**, *m.* N. of a king; **-lambana**, *n.* **-l**, *f.* delay, procrastination; **-lambita**, *pp.* (√lamb) *n.* delay; **-gati**, *a.* having a slow gait; *f.* a metre; **-lambin**, *a.* hanging down, hanging to, leaning against (lc., -); *ab.* from which - depend, suffused with (tear); delaying, reluctant; **-laya**, *m.* disappearance, loss, destruction, end; **-layana**, *a.* dissolving; *n.* dissolution, destruction; liquefaction; kind of product of milk; **-lasana**, *n.* sportiveness (of a woman); play (of lightning); **-lasita**, *pp.* (√las) *n.* manifestation; sportiveness; pranks, goings on (sg. & pl.); play (of lightning); **-lāpa**, *m.* lamentation; **-lāpana**, *cs* [√l. II] *a.* causing to disappear, removing; *n.* destruction, death; **-lāpayitri**, *m.* [fr. ex. of √l. II] destroyer; **-lāyin**, *a.* wailing, lamenting; uttering sounds.

विलास vi-lāsa, *m.* manifestation; appearance, aspect; diversion, sport, fun (common mg.); doings; (f. female) coquetry, dalliance (ord. mg.); wantonness (rare); liveliness (one of the eight masculine virtues; rare); charm, grace (rare); **-rodanda**, *m.* god of

love; **-grīha**, *n.* pleasure house; **-kāpa**, *m.* god of love; **-dolā**, *f.* pleasure swing; **-dhan-van**, *m.* god of love; **-dura**, *n.* N. of a town; **-bāna**, *m.* god of love; **-bhavana**, *n.* pleasure house; **-bhitti**, *f.* wall in appearance; **-mani-darpa**, *m.* mirror of jewels as a plaything; **-maya**, *a.* full of grace; **-mekhalā**, *f.* toy girdle; **-vat-i**, *f.* coquettish woman; N.; **-vasati**, *f.* pleasure resort; **-vātāyana**, *n.* balcony or terrace for amusement; **-vipina**, *n.* pleasure wood; **-vihāra**, *m.* walking for pleasure, promenading; **-vesman**, *n.* pleasure house; **-vayyā**, *f.* pleasure couch; **-vīla**, *m.* N. of a king; **-sadman**, *n.* pleasure house.

विलासिका vi-lāsikā, *f.* kind of drama in one act, full of love incidents; **-lāsi-tva**, *n.* sportiveness; **-lāsin**, *a.* shining, braming; fluttering (flag); sportive, playful, fond of amusement; delighting in (-); coquettish; enamoured, *m.* lover, husband; **-i**, *f.* lively or charming woman; woman; mistress, wife; wanton woman, concubine; N.

विलिङ्क् vi-liṅga, *a.* of different gender; **-lipta**, *pp.* (√lip) *n.* **-liṅhita**, *pp.* (√liṅh) *n.* wallowing; **-liṅghana**, *n.* plundering, stealing; **-lupya**, *fp.* destructible (only a-); **-lumpaka**, *m.* robber; destroyer

विलेख vi-lekha, *m.* laceration with (-); **-l**, *f.* scratch, furrow; written contract; **-lekha-ana**, *a.* lacerating; *n.* scratching; **-lepa**, *m.* unguent, ointment; **-lepana**, *n.* anointing; unguent, ointment; **-lepin**, *a.* anointing.

विलोक vi-loka, *m.* glance; **-lokana**, *n.* looking, gaze; looking at, regarding, observing; looking out for, finding out; perceiving, looking into, studying; **-lokita**, *pp.* *n.* glance, look; **-lokin**, *a.* (-) looking; looking at; perceiving; **-lokya**, *fp.* visible; looked at; **-loka**, *1* *a.* causing to see, giving eyesight; *n.* eye; *2* *a.* distorting the eyes, *m.* N. of a mythical person **-patha**, *m.* range of vision; **-pāta**, *m.* glance; **-lo/ana**, *n.* stirring about, churning; splashing; throwing into confusion; **-lopa**, *m.* loss, injury; interruption, disturbance; robbery; **-lopa-ka**, *m.* destroyer; plunderer; **-lopana**, *n.* destruction; omission; pulling to pieces (garland); stealing; **-lopin**, *a.* destroying (-), **-loptri**, *m.* thief, robber; **-lopya**, *fp.* to be destroyed; **-lobhana**, *n.* allurements; **-lobhaniya**, *fp.* alluring to (-); **-loma**, *a.* (against the hair or grain), reversed, opposite; refractory; **-m**, *ad.* backwards; **-loma-ga**, *a.* **-loma-gāta**, *pp.* horn (against the grain =) in the inverse order, born of a mother belonging to a higher caste than the father; **(vi)-loman**, *a.* against the hair or grain, turned in the opposite direction, inverted; hairless; **-lom-ita**, *den.* *pp.* inverted; **-lola**, *a.* moving to and fro, tossing about, waving, rolling, unsteady; unsteady than (ab.); **-lolana**, *n.* moving to and fro; **(vi)-lohita**, *a.* deep red.

विव vi-vi, *a.* riding [√vi. vā] on a bird.

विवक् vi-vakti, *m.* correct reciter, corrector; **-tva**, *n.* eloquence; **-vak-vāt**, *a.* eloquent (R.V.); **(vi)-vakshas-o**, *d.* a refrain occurring in the hymns of Iṇada, without connexion with the context; **-vakshā**, *f.* [√vak] intention to say, declare, teach, or express; meaning, sense, of (lc., -); wish to say sth. = doubt, as to (-); **-vakshita**, *den.* *pp.* (√vak) intended, meant; **-tva**, *n.* use in a definite sense, signification; **-vaksh-itya**, *fp.* necessarily meant; **-vakshu**, *den.* *a.* [√vak] crying aloud (V.); wishing to speak, say, or announce (ac., -), to (ac.); **-vat**, *a.* containing the word vi; **-vat-ana**, *a.* deprived of her calf, her young, or

her children; **-vatsu**, *den.* *a.* [√vad] wishing to say; **-vadana**, *n.* quarrel, dispute; **-vaditavya**, *fp.* *n.* one should dispute, about (lc.); **-vadishu**, *den.* *a.* intending to speak; **-vadhā** (or *vi-vadha*) *√vadh = vah*, *m.* shoulder-yoke for carrying burdens; provisions, store of grain; way (rare); **(vi)-vadhā**, *f.* yoke (fig.) = strait-waistcoat, chain; **-vayana**, *n.* [√v. vā] plaited work; **-vara**, *m.* *n.* [√v. vri] opening, hole, burrow, fissure, chasm, slit, cleft (ord. mg.); interstice, interval, intervening space; difference (rare), breach, weak point; harm (rare); **-varana**, *n.* uncovering, opening; exposition, explanation, comment; **-varyaka**, *a.* avoiding (-); **-varjana**, *n.* avoidance, abandonment; abstention from (ab.; rare); **-varjanīya**, *fp.* to be avoided or given up; **-varna**, *a.* colourless, pale, wan; **-tā**, *f.* loss of colour, paleness; **-bhāva**, *m.* id., **-mani-kri**, deprive the jewels in anything (ac.) of their natural colour; **-vadana**, *a.* pale-faced; **-vartā**, *m.* the revolving heavens (V.); whirlpool; transformation; development of the phenomenal world from the supreme soul (in Vaidānta opp. parīnāma, development from Pradhāna or Prakṛiti); phantom; **-vāda**, *m.* Vedānti doctrine of phenomenal development; **-vārtana**, *a.* revolving; transforming; *n.* rolling, tossing about; struggling; wandering to and fro; turning back; return; transformation; turn, change; **-vartin**, *a.* turning, rolling, revolving; turning away, turning towards (-); changing; dwelling; **-vart-man**, *n.* wrong road (fig.); **-vardhana**, *a.* (1, etc. ā) increasing, furthering (g., -); *n.* increase, growth; **-vardhaniya**, *fp.* to be increased or furthered; **-vardhayishu**, *den.* *a.* intending to increase (ac.); **-vardhin**, *a.* (-i) increasing, furthering (-); always *f.* and at the end of a Śloka; **-vasa**, *a.* deprived of will, powerless, helpless (through, -); unwilling, involuntary, spontaneous; **-tā**, *f.* helplessness; **-vaci-kri**, render helpless; **-vasana**, *a.* unclothed, naked; *m.* naked Jain mendicant; **-vāstra**, *a.* unclothed, naked; **-tā**, *f.* nakedness; **(vi)-or** **-vāsvat**, *a.* shining forth, diffusing light, appearing at morn (V.). **śādana vivāsvata**, on the seat of the shining one, on the fire-altar (V.); *m.* N. of the god of the morning sun (in Vṛ., Br., E., called Āditya; in V. father of Yama and Yami and of the Asvins); sun, sun-god (C.). *ep.* of Manu (-). **-vaivasvata**; **-vaha**, *m.* N. of one of the seven winds.

विवाक् vi-vāk, *m.* one who pronounces judgment; **(vi)-vāk**, *a.* shouting against one another, contending (R.V.); *f.* opposing about, contest (R.V.); **-vākana**, *m.* (i, f.) arbitrator; *n.* decisive statement, authority; **-vāda**, *m.* dispute, between (g., -), with (in. ± sāha, -), regarding (g., lc., prati, -); controversy, argument; lawsuit; **-pada**, *n.* subject of a dispute or suit; **-vāda adhyāyata**, *pp.* subject to dispute; **-vāda arthin**, *m.* prosecutor; **-vādin**, *m.* disputant, litigant; **-vāra**, *m.* expansion of the throat in articulation (opp. *manvāra*); **-vārin**, *a.* warding off (-); **-vāsa**, *m.* absence from home, banishment, separation from (in.); **-vāsana**, *n.* expulsion from home, banishment; **-vāsana**, *a.* unclothed, naked; **-vāsyā**, *fp.* to be banished; **-vāhā**, *m.* taking home of the bride, wedding, marriage, with (in. ± sāha); nuptial form (of which there are eight); vehicle (in a play on words, *Att. Br.*); **-kātashāya**, *n.* quadruple matrimonial alliance; **-vāhaniyā**, *fp.* to be taken home as a bride, to be wedded; **-vāha-pāhā**, *m.* wedding drum; **-vāha-vasa**, *m.* wedding garment; **-vāha agni**, *m.* wedding fire; **-vāhya**, *fp.* to be married (gṛd); connected by marriage; *m.* son-in-law.

विचित vi-vik-ta. *pp.* √ *vik*; *n.* solitude, lonely place; pureness: -*tā*, *f.* distinction, discrimination; isolation; purity, -*tva*, *n.* solitude, -*āśana*, *a.* sitting in a sequestered place; -*vikṭi-kṛi*, empty, clear; leave; -*vik-śnu*, *des. a.* [√ *vis*] wishing or about to enter; (-*vi*)-*vikṭi*, *a.* distinguishing, discriminating; -*vit-sā*, *des. f.* [√ *vi*] desire to know; -*vit-su*, *des. a.* wishing to know; -*vid-i-śhā*, *des. f.* desire to know; -*vid-i-śhā*, *des. a.* wishing to know; -*vidhā*, *a.* [having different kinds: *vidhā* of various sorts, manifold, divers: *m.* *ad.* variously, -*rūpa-bhṛit*, *a.* having various forms, -*āstra-gaṣṭhi*, *f.* discourse about various sciences; -*vibhakti-ka*, *a.* lacking case-terminations.

विवीत vi-vi-ta, *m.* enclosed pasture ground: -*bharit*, *m.* owner of an -

विबुत vi-vi-ta, *pp.* √ *vri*; *n.* publicity *in* public or straight out (*speak*): -*āśana*, *a.* open-mouthed (-*tva*, *n.* open-mouthed state), -*āśya*, *a.* open-mouthed; -*vriti*, *f.* exposition, explanation, comment; -*vritā-nṛti*, *f.* unveiled or explicit expression; -*vritṭi*, *f.* development; hiatus; -*vridhā*, *pp.* [√ *vri*] increased; -*vridhā*, *f.* growth, increase, augmentation, aggrandisement; prosperity; lengthening of a vowel. -*bhāg*, *a.* increasing age).

विवेक vi-veka, *m.* [√ *vik*] discrimination, distinction; investigation, discussion, criticism; discernment, judgment. -*kyāti*, *f.* correct judgment; -*gñā*, *a.* having correct knowledge, of (-), -*gñāna*, *n.* correct knowledge; -*bhāg*, *a.* discerning; -*manthara-tā*, *f.* feebleness of judgment. -*rahita*, *pp.* lacking an interstice (*bracts*) and lacking discernment; -*vat*, *a.* judicious, discerning.

विवेकिता vi-veki-tā, *f.* discrimination, discernment, judgment, -*tva*, *n.* id.; -*vekin*, *a.* discriminating, distinguishing (-), separated (*rare*); examining, criticising (*rare*); discriminating, discerning, judicious; -*vektav-ya*, *pp.* *n.* one should judge correctly; -*vek-tri*, *m.* one who discriminates (-); man of judgment or discernment; -*tva*, *n.* discrimination of (-); -*veśaka*, *a.* distinguishing; judging correctly, discerning -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* correct judgment, discernment; -*veśana*, *a.* (i) distinguishing -; investigating, discussing, treating critically, *n.* examination, discussion, criticism; *n.* *ā.* distinguishing.

विबोद्ध vi-vodhri, *m.* [√ *vah*] husband.

विव्रत vi-vrata, *a.* reluctant, refractory (RV.).

विश VIS, VI. P. *Ā*. *visā* (*Ā* in C. *gnly*. *meti*), settle on or in, enter, go into (*ac*, *le*, *sts*, *antar*); ascend the funeral pyre (*agnim*); enter (*see* the house, the stage); go to rest (I.); sit down on (*ac*, *le*); *rare*; join (an army); flow into (of rivers); fall to the share of, come to (fortune, etc.); occur (thought); get or fall into (misfortune, etc.); *ac*); enter upon, undertake (*ac*); *ac*. *punar* or *bhāyas*, go back, return, to (*ac*. *pp.* *viśhā*, entered into (*ac*), contained in (*le*); filled or accompanied with (*in*); *cs* *veśya*, P. cause to enter into (*ac*); cause to sit down on (*le*); *des.* *viśhā*, P. intend to enter (*ac*); wish to ascend the funeral pyre (*agnim*, etc.). *anu*, enter into (*ac*) after anyone *ac*); enter (*ac*); follow (*ac*). *aps*, *cs.* send away. *ā*, enter (into), penetrate, pervade (*ac*, rarely *le*); approach (*ac*), come (RV.); sit down upon (*ac*); occupy, take possession of, overpower (of emotions, etc.); attain, fall into (a state); *pp.* *viśhā*, I. with *act. mg.* having entered or penetrated, sticking in (*le*, -); sitting upon (*le*, of birds); hovering;

2. with *ps. mg.* filled with or inhabited by (*in*, -); pierced by an arrow, *in*, -; occupied, possessed, or overpowered by *in*, -; possessed by an evil spirit; *cs.* cause to enter, introduce, into (*le*, rarely *ac*); concentrate (the breath); bring into the house, treat hospitably; commit or entrust to (*le*), direct (the mind) to (*le*). *prā*, come to (*ac*); *cs.* introduce, into (*le*). *sam-ā*, enter (into), penetrate, pierce; sit down on (*le*), occupy *ac*; take possession of (*ac*, of emotions, etc.); *pp.* *sam-āviśhā*, occupied, possessed, or overpowered by, filled or provided with (*in*, -); instructed by (*in*) in (*in*), *cs.* introduce; bring or conduct to a place (*ac*); direct (the thoughts etc.) to (*le*); commit or entrust to (*le*). *upa*, approach any one *ac*; RV.; sit down, lie down (of animals); encamp; be about to set *sam*), enter upon, practise (*ac*), *pp.* seated, sitting (*sts.* for finite verb); *±* *anāśana*, waiting quietly for death by fasting; *cs.* cause any one *ac*, to sit down, on (*le*); bring to a place *le*. *abhi-upa*, sit down, on (*ac* *sam-upa*, sit down together, seat oneself, upon (*ac*, *le*, *upari* with *g*). *pp.* seated, sitting, *cs.* cause to be seated; cause to encamp *ni*, *Ā*. retire to one's abode, *hair*, nest, go home; enter into (*ac*, *le*); take (*leśh*), encamp; lie down to rest, sit down, upon (*le*); settle down, marry (of a man); turn (*mind*) to (*le*), devote oneself to, practise (*le*); cease, abate, anger, wind, RV.; impress itself on the mind, *matuṅ*; *pp.* *niśhā*, entered into (*also* + *antar*), resting on or in, attached to, sticking in (*le*, -), adhering to (the path of duty, *le*, -); stationed, watchman; seated, sitting, on or in (*le*, -); situated; laid out tank (directed towards *le*, -), devoted to, practising (*le*); occupied place, inhabited, cultivated, begun (RV.), *cs.* *niveśya*, cause to encamp, draw up an army; lay to rest (I.); bring into a house *le*, quarter; cause to settle down, marry (a man); put down in, bring to a place *le*, set upon (a path); introduced into, represent in a play, *le*; erect (a building etc.), found (a city, people, a city), seat upon (*le*); discharge (arrows) at (*le*), place upon, put to the lips, fix in, attach to (*le*), draw lines, marks, inscribe name etc. on (*le*), paint (in a picture, *le*), write down on a leaf; appoint to an office etc. (*le*), enthroned (a king); reduce to (tribute, *kare*), confer (an office) on (*le*), entrust (*ac* to (*le*); bestow, give (a name), impress on (the heart or mind, *le*), fix the gaze on, direct or apply (the mind) to (*le*). *abhi-ni*, *Ā*. (P. enter into (*ac*); devote oneself to *ac*; apply to any one *le*; *opp.* be lacking), be applicable; *pp.* penetrated by *ac*; abundantly provided with; concentrated, bent, or intent on (*le*, *prati*, -); *cs.* cause to enter, conduct to (*le*); cause *ac* to sit down opposite one upon (*le*); cause any one's heart to be set upon (*le*). *upa-ni*, *cs.* cause (an army) to encamp; found a city. *prati-ni*, *pp.* intent on, having one's heart set upon (*le*); obstinate. *vi-ni*, *pp.* dwelling in (-); occurring in (*le*); drawn upon or in (*le*); drawn marks on (*le*); laid out (tanks); *cs.* set down or place in (*le*); transfer to (*le*); erect (a statue etc.), found a city; draw up (troops), set upon (a throne, *le*); cause to enter into, place in (*le*); lay or put upon (*le*); apply (chirivras); conduct into a path, *le*; appoint to (*le*); impress on (the heart, *le*); fix (the gaze or thoughts) on (*le*). *sam-ni*, associate with (*in*); *pp.* encamped; abiding, contained in (*le*, -); *cs.* introduce into (a house, lodge in (*le*); set down, deposit; draw up (troops),

cause (an army) to encamp; introduce into, place or establish in (*le*), fasten (a jewel) to (*le*); appoint to (*le*); entrust or commit to any one (*le*). *niśh*, take refuge in (*ap*, *ac*, *le*), become a householder, marry (*ap* a man); discharge, pay; enjoy (*ac*, *ord* *mg*); *pp.* *niśhā*, entered into, sticking in (*le*, -), seated (*cs.* *ni*); paid; enjoyed, gained *prā*, enter (*ac*, *le*), ascend the funeral pyre (*agnim*, *vahna*, etc.); take possession of (the heart) *kittam*, etc.); enter a house; enter the stage (technical *di* term); attain (*ac*); enter upon, undertake, devote oneself to (*ac*, *sts*, *le*), accept, enjoy (an oblation); be absorbed-thrown into the shade by any one (*ac*); *pp.* *praviśhā*, I. with *act. mg.* having entered into, being in (*ac*, *le*, -), often without an object, having entered (the house, the stage), lost or disappearing in (*le*); having begun (*age*); having entered into (*madhya*) gained the confidence of; having entered upon, engaged in (*le*); agreeing with *le*; 2. with *ps. mg.* entered; made use of money; *cs.* cause to enter, bring to a place, introduce, usher, into (*ac*, *le*), bring into the house, bring on the stage (without an object), deposit in, put or throw into (*ac*, *le*), cause to enter, throw into (a condition, sleep, etc.), write down, initiate into (*ac*); instil into any one (*le*), spend (money) *anu-prā*, enter into (*ac*, *sts*, *le*); enter in house or apartment after any one *ac*); enter in to any one *ac*, penetrate into, familiarise oneself with, study thoroughly (*ac*), *bhāvam*, enter into the nature of, adapt oneself to *pp.* entered, having attached oneself to a caravan, *ac*), having taken refuge with (*le*). *sam-prā*, enter, - into (*ac*); find one's way to any one's heart (*hradavam*); be lost in thought, *manasam*, *dhyānam*); have sexual intercourse with (a woman, *ac*); associate with *ac*, *cs.* cause to enter, bring or introduce into (*ac*, *le*), *pp.* *sampravedita*, allowed to return into the country *opp.* banished. *sam*, approach (I); attach oneself to *ac*, associate oneself with (*in*), enter, into (*ac*, rarely *le*); lie down, go to rest, on (*le*, *upari*); sleep with (*in*), cohabit with (a woman, *ac*); *pp.* having lain down, gone to rest, sleeping; seated with (*in*), *cs.* cause to be down, lay or place on or in, bring to *le*. *anu-sam*, go to rest in the direction of *ac*, I.; lie down after, supplant, let when she slept. *abhi-sam*, surround. *prati-sam*, lie down to rest

विश *vis*, *f.* (*am*, I, *le*, *pl.* *viśhā*) settlement, homestead, house (RV.); *sg.* *pl.* community, tribe, people, *pl.* subg. etc. folk, troops; I., *sg.* *pl.* *sp.* the people, the third caste (RV.); = *Vaiśya*, *sg.* man of the third caste (*vis-pati*, lord of the house, *cp.* of Indra and Agni, *viśam i-vara*, *pati*, or *nātha*, lord of the people, king).

विश I. *visā*, *n.*, *ā.*, *f.* = *vis*

विश 2. *visā*, *incorr.* for *vis* *bhā*.

विशङ्क vi-śaṅka, *a.* fearless; not afraid of (-); free from danger, safe (*road*). -*m*, *ad.* fearlessly.

विशङ्कट vi-śaṅkaṭa, *a.* extensive, large, big; ghastly, hideous (for *vi-śaṅkaṭa*, *ep.* *vi-kaṭa*); -*śaṅkaniya*, *ip.* to be distrusted or suspected, -*śaṅka*, *i* doubt regarding (*le*); suspicion; fear, of (-), timid hesitation; -*m* *kṛi*, hesitate, 2. P. absence of fear; *in*, fearfully, without hesitation, -*śaṅkin*, *a.* surmounting, surpassing (-), fearing (*sth.*); afraid that (*pot.* + *iti*), -*śaṅkyā*, *fp.* to be distrusted or suspected; to be feared.

विशद vi-sada, *a.* [distinct: \sqrt{r} . sad] clear, bright, brilliantly white, spotless, pure (also *fig.*); cheerful (*mind*); distinct, evident, audible, intelligible; soft to the touch (*food, wind, perfume*; rare); dexterous in ($^{\circ}$, rare): -*ma*, *ad.* brightly, $^{\circ}$, *f.* clearness: -*sada-ya*, *den.* P. purify; make clear, explain: *pp.* ita.

विशय vi-saya, *m.* [\sqrt{si}] uncertainty, doubt: -*vat*, *a.* doubtful; -*sayin*, *a. id.*; -*sarada*, *a.* incurr. for *visārada*; -*sarāru*, *a.* falling to pieces, scattering; frail, perishable: -*tā*, *f.* frailness; (*vi*-*salya*, *a.* pointless (*arrow*); freed from an arrow-head, healed of an arrow-wound; freed from pain: \hat{a} , *f. N.* of various plants: *a.* a specific for arrow-wounds: \hat{a} , *f. a.* certain miraculous herb: -*salya-ya*, *den.* P. free from an arrow-head or a pain; -*sāna*, *a.* (i) deadly; *m.* sword; *n.* slaughtering, cutting up (*R.V.*, *C.*); slaughter (*C.*); cruel treatment (*C.*); -*sasitri*, *m.* slaughterer; -*sasitri*, *m. id.*

विशाख vi-sākha (*AV* also *sākha*), branched, forked (*V.*); branchless (*E.*); handless (*E.*); *m.* (*C.*) *ep.* of Skanda; *a.* manifestation of Skanda, regarded as his son; *N.*; *n.* fork: \hat{a} , *f. ng*, *du.*, *pl.* the fourteenth (later sixteenth) lunar asterism; -*sākha-ka*, *a.* (i) forked; -*sākha-datta*, *m. N.* of the author of the *Mudrārākhana* (seventh or eighteenth. *a. n.*); -*sākhiḥ*, *f.* forked pole: -*danda*, *m. id.*; -*sākhi-tila*, *m. N.* of a merchant: -*sātana*, *a.* (i) destroying; *n.* cutting off; hewing down, destroying; -*āpa*, *a.* freed from a curse; -*sārada*, *a.* experienced, skilled, or proficient in, conversant with (*lc.*, $^{\circ}$; *ord. mg.*); clever (*speech*); beautifully autumnal; lacking the gift of speech; bold, impudent; -*sāla*, *a.* [= *vi*-*sāla*, extended: \sqrt{vri}] extensive, spacious, broad, wide; large, great; powerful (*army*); illustrious (*family*): $^{\circ}$, full of; *m. N.* of the father of Lakṣhaka; *N.* of various kings; *N.* of an *Asura*: \hat{a} , *f. N.* of the town of Ugguyini; -*sāla-tā*, *f.* great extent; -*sāla-lorāṇā*, *f.* large-eyed woman; -*sāla-varman*, *m. N.*; -*sāla-vigraha*, *m.* a kind of military array; -*sāla-sākha*, *a.* (i) large-eyed; *m. ep.* of Siva, *ep.* as author of a *Sāstra*.

विशिक्ष vi-sikṣa (or *sikṣa*), *a.* lacking a top-knot; bald; blunt (*arrow*); flaneless (*fire*); *m.* blunt arrow; arrow: \hat{a} , *f.* street: -*antara*, *n.* (interior of a) street: -*śi-śi-śi*, *pt.* traverse the streets; -*śi-śi*, *a.* headless; topless: -*ka*, *a.* headless; -*śi-śi-śi-śi*, *den.* a. prepared to slaughter; -*śi-śi-śi-śi*, *den.* a. wishing to rest; -*śi-śi*, *pp.* $\sqrt{śi}$; -*tā*, *f.* distinction, excellence, superiority, -*tva*, *m. id.*; difference, distinction; -*śi-śi-va*, *a.* of choice colour; -*śi-śi-advaita*, *n.* distinct entity, entity with attributes: -*vāda*, *m.* doctrine of an entity with attributes; -*śi-śi*, *pp.* $\sqrt{śi}$, scattered, trampled upon etc.: -*tā*, *f.* crumbling condition, -*mūrti*, *a.* having his body destroyed (*Ādama*); (*vi*-*śi-śi*, *a.* (i) headless; -*śi-śi*, *a.* ill-behaved, badly conducted

विशुद्ध vi-suddha, *pp.* ($\sqrt{śudh}$) pure etc.: -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* pureness; -*āhi*, *a.* pure-minded; -*pārāṇi*, *a.* whose rear is covered; -*bhāva*, *a.* having a pure nature or mind; -*viśvā*, *a.* of pure descent; -*śi-śi-śi-śi*, *a.* whose character and nature are pure; -*śi-śi*, *a.* having a pure nature or character.

विशुद्धि vi-suddhi, *f.* purification, sanctification, purity (also *fig.*); settlement of a debt (rare); perfect knowledge (rare): -*mat*, *a.* pure (rare); -*śi-śi*, *a.* dried up, withered, parched.

विशुध्य vi-śnya, *a.* perfectly empty; -*śi-śi*, *a.* spearless.

विशुद्ध vi-śrīkhalā, *a.* unfettered, unrestrained, unbounded; sounding or tinkling excessively; abounding excessively in ($^{\circ}$): -*ma*, *ad.* unchecked.

विशेष vi-śeṣa, *m.* [$\sqrt{śi}$] difference, between (2 *g.*, 2 *lc.*, *g.* & *in.*); characteristic difference, peculiarity, specific property, differentia; species, individual; special objects, particulars (*pl.*); distinction, superiority, excellence, pre-eminence; special distinction; special place, wonderful object, extraordinary thing; individualization, variation (*rh.*); particularity (*opp.* *sāmānya*): $^{\circ}$ (*etc.* also $^{\circ}$) = a definite, special, or particular (*pl.* different kinds of, various); extraordinary, pre-eminent, choice, distinguished: *d.* for the enhancement of (*beauty*, $^{\circ}$); *in.*, *ab.*, $^{\circ}$, exceedingly, pre-eminently, especially, particularly, very; *ab.* by special reason of, in consequence of ($^{\circ}$); *ya*, *ya* *viśeṣa*, *in* any way whatever; *a.* extraordinary, abundant (*increase*, *r. r.* *viśeṣa*); -*ka*, $^{\circ}$ *a.* = *viśeṣa*, particularly; *a.* distinguishing, qualifying; *m. n.* forehead mark; *m.* a figure of speech in which two objects are at first represented as similar, but finally as different (e.g. 'the crow and the cuckoo are black; spring causes their difference to be heard'); -*ka*, *n.* improvement; -*gīta*, *a.* knowing the differences of things, discriminative, judicious; $^{\circ}$, knowing various $^{\circ}$.

विशेषण vi-śeṣhaṇa, *a.* distinguishing, particularizing; *n.* that which differentiates, viz. attribute, adjective, adverb, apposition, or predicate; distinguishing; particularization; species, kind; surpassing (rare): -*tva*, *n.* adjectival nature; -*pada*, *n.* honorific title; -*viśeṣya-tā*, *f.*, -*viśeṣya-bhāva*, *m.* relation of predicate and subject.

विशेषतः viśeṣa-tas, *ad.* according to the difference of, in proportion to ($^{\circ}$); specifically, singly, in particular; especially, particularly, above all; -*tva*, *n.* distinction; notion of the particular; -*mandana*, *n.* costly ornament; -*vakana*, *n.* adjective, apposition; -*vat*, *a.* distinguishing (*in a*); -*vid*, *a.* -*gīta*; -*ālin*, *a.* distinguishing, excellent; -*arhi-tā*, *f.* want of something better; -*ukti*, *f.* statement of the difference of two otherwise similar objects (*a figure of speech*).

विशेष्य vi-śeṣya, *cs. pp.* ($\sqrt{śi}$) to be qualified or particularized; *n.* substantive, subject.

विशोक vi-soka, *a.* free from sorrow; removing sorrow; *m. N.* of the charioteer of Dhima; *N.* of a *Dānava*; -*tā*, *f.* freedom from sorrow; -*śodha*, *inacc.* for *śodha*, *pp.* $\sqrt{śi}$; -*śodhana*, *cs.* ($\sqrt{śudh}$) (i) cleansing; washing off; *n.* purification (also in the ritual sense); -*śodha-in*, *a.* cleansing: (-*śi*-*tva*, *n.* clearing, freeing from obstruction; -*śodha-ya*, *fp.* to be subtracted from (*ab.*); -*śodha*, *m.* dryness; -*śodhana*, *a.* drying; healing (wounds, $^{\circ}$); *n.* desiccation, drying up; -*śodha-in*, *a.* drying up, withering; making dry.

विशपति vi-śpati, *m.* (*Ṛ.*) chief of the settlement or tribe, lord of the house: *du.* master and mistress of the house; -*pātni*, *f.* mistress of the house; -*pātni*, *f. N.* of a woman whose leg was replaced by the *Asvins* (*RV.*).

विश्व viś-ya, *a.* forming a -, belonging etc. to the community (*RV.*); *m.* man of the people or of the third caste (*V.*).

विश्वार्पण vi-śvārpāṇa, *a.* conducted without the *śvāpārnas* (*sacrifice*); -*śvārpāṇa*, *pp.* ($\sqrt{śvārp}$) confident; $^{\circ}$ or $^{\circ}$ *ad.* confidently, unhesitatingly; -*śvāra*, *m.* rest, relaxation; -*śvāra*, *n.* resting, relaxation;

-*śvāra*, *m.* cessation (rare); confidence in (*lc.*, $^{\circ}$, rarely *g.*); familiarity, intimacy: -*m. kr.*, gain the confidence of (*g.*); *ab.* or $^{\circ}$ confidentially; *kāma* *viśvārpāṇa* *kātha-yāmi*, whom shall I make a confidant of; -*kāthā*, *f.* confidential or familiar conversation; -*kāthita*, *n. pl. id.*; -*śvāra*, *n.* confidence; gaining the confidence of ($^{\circ}$); -*śvāra*, *fp.* inspiring any one (*g.*); with confidence; -*śvāra-tā*, *f.* confidence; -*śvāra-bhāva*, *m.* confidential servant; -*śvāra-samkāthā*, *f.* familiar or confidential conversation; -*śvāra-śāya*, *m. id.*; -*śvāra*, *a.* trusting, placing confidence in ($^{\circ}$); enjoying confidence; confidential (*conversation*); (*vi*-*śvāra*, *a.* famous; *m. N.* of a *Kṛishṇa*, son of Pulastya and father of Kubera, Ravana, etc.; -*śvāra*, *n.* bestowal, gift, of (*g.*, $^{\circ}$); sacrifice of (*life*); -*śvāra*, *pp.* ($\sqrt{śvāra}$) rested etc.; -*śvāra*, *f.* rest, repose, relaxation; cessation, end (rare); -*śvāra*, *f.* means of relaxation; -*śvāra*, *m.* rest, repose, relaxation (*ord. mg.*); heaving sigh after exertion; resting-place (rare); cessation, relaxation, abatement: -*śvāra*, *f.* resting-place, -*śvāra*, *n.* resting-chamber, -*śvāra*, *n.* resting-place of a person = means of recreation; -*śvāra*, *m.* noise; renown.

विश्रीक vi-śrī-krī, (*rob of* =) surpass in beauty.

विश्रुत vi-śruta, *pp.* famous etc.; *m. N.*: -*śruti*, *f.* fame, renown.

विश्रथ vi-ślathā, *a.* relaxed, loose: -*śāga*, *ad.* with languid limbs; -*śleṣha*, *m.* loosening, severance, falling asunder; hiatus (*with sandhau or sandhi*); separation (*of lovers*); -*śleṣhin*, *a.* loosened; separated (*from a beloved object*).

विश्व viś-va, *a.* [pervading: \sqrt{vis}] every, all, whole, entire (*in Br.* and later supplanted by *sarva*); all-pervading or all-containing (*Vishnu*, *soul*, *intellect*); *m.* every one; intellectually conditioned by the individual (*in Vedānta*); *N.* of a king: *viśva devāḥ*, all the gods; All-gods (*as a class*); *n.* the All, universe, world.

विश्वका viśva-ka, *m. N.* of a protégé of the *Asvins*; -*kartri*, *m.* creator of the universe; -*karman*, *n.* every action (*only* $^{\circ}$); (*śi*-*karman*, *a.* accomplishing or creating everything (*P.*, *E.*); *N.* of the architect of the universe, resembling *Pragapati* and often not distinguished from him, *in C.* he is the architect and artificer of the gods, also called *Pragapati*, and with the *put.* *Iṣṭvāna*, father of *Barhishmati* and *Sugandī*; *ep.* of the sun (*rare*); -*krī*, *a.* creating everything; *m.* creator of the universe; the architect and artificer of the gods, *Viśvakarman*; (*śi*-*krishā*, *a.* dwelling among all men, universally known (*RV.*); -*śvāra*, *m.* destruction of the world; -*gata*, *pp.* omnipresent; -*gata*, *m.* father of the universe; (*śi*-*kakṣha*, *a.* all-seeing (*RV.*); (*śi*-*kakṣha*, *a.* = *krishā* (*RV.*); -*gata*, *m.* mankind; -*gata*, *n.* containing all kinds of people (*V.*); ruling all people (*V.*); benefiting the whole world (*V.*, *C.*); (*śi*-*gata*, *a.* containing all men (*heaven and earth*; *V.*); universal, dear to all men (*V.*); universally beneficial (*discussion*); -*gata*, *a.* all-subduing (*V.*, *P.*); *m. N.* of an *Ekāha* in the *Gāndhārya* rite, the fourth day after the *Vishuval* (*Br.*, *S.*, *C.*); -*gata*, *n.* universal soul; -*gata*, *a.* all-impelling (*RV.*); (*śi*-*tva*, *ad.* from or on all sides, everywhere; (*śi*-*to*-*mukha*, *a.* having a face on every side, facing in all directions; (*śi*-*tva*, *ad.* everywhere; always; (*śi*-*tva*, *ad.* in every way, always (*V.*); -*datta*, *m. N.* of a *Brāhman*; (*śi*-*datta*, *a.* visible to all

(RV.); **-dānim**, *ad.* always (V.); (♂)-**deva**, *a.* all-divine; *m. pl.* the All-gods, the Vīśve devās; (♂)-**devya**, *a.* relating, dear etc. to all gods (RV.); (♂)-**devyā-va**, *a. id.*; accompanied by the Vīśve devās (Indra); (♂)-**dihā**, *ad.* in every way, always (RV.); **-dhar-**, *a.* preservation of the universe; (♂)-**dhāya**, *a.* all-supporting (RV.); **-dhā-vīrya**, *a.* effective in every way (RV.); (♂)-**dheṇa**, *a.* all-feeding (RV.); **-dātha**, *m.* lord of the universe, *ep.* of Siva; *N.*; **-m-tara**, *a.* all-subduing (Buddha); *m. N.* of a king with the pat. Saushadmana; **-pāvana**, *a.* all-purifying; **-pā**, *a.* all-adorned (RV.); **-prākāśa**, *m.* All-enlightener, *T.* of a dictionary; (♂)-**paṇya**, *a.* all-nourishing (V.); **-bhū**, *a.* all-consuming; (♂)-**bheshaga**, *a.* (i) all-healing (V.); *n.* dry ginger (C.); (♂)-**bhojya**, *a.* all-supporting; **-maya**, *a.* containing the universe; **-maha**, *m.* a kind of personification. **-mahaveśva**, *m.* great lord of all (Siva); **-minvā**, *a.* (RV.) all-moving; all-containing; **-mūrti**, *a.* whose body is the universe or having all forms; **-m-bhara**, *a.* all-supporting; *m. ep.* of Vishnu; **-f.** earth; **-bhūg**, *m.* king; **-yoni**, *m. f.* source or creator of the universe; **-rūki**, *m. N.* of a Dānava; **-rūpa**, *n. sg.* all kinds of shapes; (♂)-**rūpa**, *a.* (i) many-coloured, variegated (V.); wearing all forms, manifold, various; *N.* of a son of Tvāshtri, whose three heads were struck off by Indra; **-f.** dappled cow (V.); *N.* of certain nerves (Br.); (♂)-**vāra**, *a.* containing, bestowing etc. all treasures (V.); **-vikrānta**, *pp.* known in the whole world; **-vid**, *a.* all-knowing; **-vīruta**, *pp.* known in the whole world; (♂)-**vedas**, *a.* all-knowing; (♂)-**sambhū**, *a.* beneficial to all; **-ruk**, *a.* all-enlightening (RV.); (♂)-**skandra**, *a.* all-glittering (RV.); **-samvānana**, *n.* means of enchanting all; **-samhāra**, *n.* general destruction; **-sakhā**, *m.* universal friend.

विश्वसनीय vi-svas-āniya, *fp.* to be trusted, deserving confidence; *n. imp.* one should place confidence in (*lc.*); **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* inspiring confidence.

विश्वसह visva-saha, *m. N.*; **-sāksin**, *a.* all-seeing; **-srig**, *a.* (in *x*) all-creating; *m.* Creator of the universe; *ep.* of Nārāyaṇa; **-srihā**, *f.* creation of the universe; (♂)-**saubhaga**, *a.* bringing all prosperity (RV.).

विश्वस vi-svasita, *pp.* √svas; **-ā**, *f.* widow; (♂)-**ghātaka**, *a.* **-ghātin**, *a.* ruining the trustful; (♂)-**vañika**, *a.* cheating the trustful.

विशह viśā-ha (or ā), *ad.* always (V.).

विशानि viśānā-ī, *a. f.* (of viśānā, all-pervading), general (RV.); *f.* paralysis of arms and back (C.).

विशानि viśvā-tithi, *m.* universal guest = going everywhere; **-ātman**, *m.* universal soul; **-ad**, *a.* all-consuming (V.); **-ādāra**, *m.* support of the universe; **-adhipa**, *m.* lord of the universe; **-ānara**, *a.* relating, dear etc. to all men (V.); *m. N.* of Agni's father, **-antara**, *m. N.* of a king; **-āpush**, *a.* all-sustaining (RV.); **-āmitra**, *m. N.* of a celebrated Rishi, chief author of Rig-veda 111 (with the pat. Gāthina, Gādheya, and Gādhava), engaged in a great contest with Tāṣṭhā. *pl.* family of Viśvāmitra; **-ārya**, *a.* moving among, known or dear to all (V.); *n.* all people (RV.); **-āvaiva**, *m. N.*; **-āvasu**, *a.* beneficent to all; *m. N.* of a Gandharva; *N.* of a prince of the Siddhas.

विश्रस vi-svāsa, *m.* confidence, trust, faith, in (*lc.*, *sts.* in, *±* **-āsa**, *q.* or *°*); secret confided to (*°*), **-kāra**, *a.* (i) **-kāra**, *a.* (i) inspiring confidence; **-kāra**, *n.* reason for

confidence; **-kārya**, *n.* confidential matter; **-ghāta**, *m.* breach of confidence; **-ghātaka**, **-ghātin**, *a.* betraying confidence, treacherous

विश्रस vi-svāsa, *n.* inspiring of confidence; **-artham**, *ad.* for the sake of inspiring confidence.

विश्रसपात्र viśvāsa-pātra, *n.* object of confidence; trustworthy person; **-bhāmi**, *f. ul.*; **-sthāna**, *n.* surety; **-hanti**, *m.* traitor.

विश्रसि vi-svāsin, *a.* trusting, confiding; trustworthy; **-svāsa upagama**, *m.* access of confidence; **-svāsa**, *fp.* trustworthy; inspiring confidence; to be consoled, finding consolation.

विश्राहा viśvā-hā, *ad.* always (V.).

विश्रदेव viśve-deva, *m. pl.* the Vīśve devās.

विश्रेश viśva-īśa, *m.* lord of the universe (*ep.* of Brahman, Vishnu, and Siva); **-īśtri**, *m. id.*; **-īśvara**, *m. id.*; *N.* [region].

विश्रैकसार viśva-ekū-sāra, *m. N.* of a sacred

विश्रौजस viśva-ogasa, *a.* all-powerful (I.).

विष VISH, III. P. **vīśa**, *RV. E.*, very rare; *int.*

vīśa, **vīśah**, (V.) be active; perform, work, do; flow (waters); work in the service of, serve; capture, overcome, rule, consume (*food*); *pp.* **vīśāhā**, supported or guided by (*in*); *pp.* **vīśā**, *pari*, (I, E) attend on, serve, *ac*) with food; prepare (*food*); *cs.* **vīśaya**, serve any one (*ac*) with food.

विष viśh, *f.* excrement; dirt.

विष 1. viśh-a, *m.* servant, attendant (RV.).

विष 2. viśh-ā, *n.* [potent] poison, venom; water (rare); **-kanyā**, *f.* poisonous girl (supposed to cause the death of one cohabiting with her); **-kumbha**, *m.* jar of poison; **-kṛita**, *pp.* poisoned; **-kṛimi**, *m.* muck-worm; **-ghna**, *a.* destroying poison; *n.* antidote; **-ghni**, *f.* of-han. [together]

विषङ्ग viśhaṅgin, *a.* adhering; crowded

विषजद्रुम viśha-ga-druma, *m.* poison tree; (♂)-**ghṛva**, *a.* venom-tongued; **-ghṛha**, *pp.* poisoned.

विषस vi-shanna, *pp.* (√sad) dejected etc. **-tā**, *f.* dependency, despair; **-bhāva**, *m. ul.*

विषतर्ष viśha-taru, *m.* poison tree; **-tā**, *f.* poisonousness; **-tva**, *n. ul.*; **-da**, *m.* water giver, cloud; **-dāyaka**, **-dāyin**, *m.* poisoner; **-digḥa**, *pp.* poisoned; **-dūshana**, *a.* (i) destroying poison (V.); *n.* poisoning; of food (V.); **-druma**, *m.* poison tree; **-dhara**, *n.* venomous snake; reservoir; **-dhāna**, *n.* receptacle of poison; **-nimitta**, *a.* caused by poison; **-panna-ga**, *m.* venomous snake; **-parvan**, *m. N.* of a Pāṭiyā; **-pādapa**, *m.* poison tree; **-pūshpa**, *n.* poisonous flower.

विषम viśhama, *a.* uneven, rugged, rough; unequal, irregular, dissimilar, odd, not even; hard to traverse, difficult, inconvenient, serious, dangerous, adverse, terrible, bad, hard to understand; unsuitable, wrong (rare); dishonest (rare); **-ā**, *ad.* terribly; *n.* uneven or rough ground or place, bad road; pit, precipice; difficult position, distress, misfortune; unevenness, inequality (*in*); *unequally*; incongruity, incompatibility (*rh.*); **-gata**, *pp.* fallen into distress; **-pada**, *a.* having or showing unequal steps (*path*); having unequal pādas (*stanza*); **-pāda**, *a.* consisting of unequal pādas.

विषमय viśha-maya, *a.* (i, metr. ā) poisonous.

विषमशर viśhama-sara, *m.* (odd-arrowed = five-arrowed), god of love; **-dīā**, *f.* uneven neck; **-dīā**, *m. ep.* of Vikramāditya; *T.* of the 18th Lambaka of the Kāṭhāraṇḍigara called after him; **-stha**, *a.* standing in a dangerous place; being in distress.

विषमय viśhamā-ya, *den. ā.* become or appear uneven (*path*).

विषमयुष viśhamā-yudha, *m.* (odd-arrowed), god of love; *ep.* of Siva; **-āyana**, *n.* irregular eating (*sts.* too much, *sts.* too little).

विषमित viśham-ita, *pp.* made impassable (*banks*); made crooked, disarranged; become dangerous; **-i-kṛi**, *make uneven or crooked*; **-i-bhā**, *become irregular*.

विषमुक् viśha-muk, *a.* venomous (*speech*); *m.* snake

विषमैषण viśhamāikshama, *m.* (odd = three-eyed), *ep.* of Siva; **-īsha**, *m.* (odd = five-arrowed), god of love.

विषय viśh-aya, *m.* [working, field of action] sphere of activity; scope, compass, range, reach, of the eye, ear, mind, etc.; duration (of life), province, department, domain, business, restricted sphere (*gr.*); room, appropriateness for (*g.*, rare); object of a sense (there are five corresponding to the five senses sound, touch, form, taste, smell), objects or pleasures of sense, worldly concerns, sensual enjoyments (*pl.*), object (*opp.* subject); topic, subject-matter; aim, mark, object suitable for (*cl.*, *g.*, *°*), subject of comparison (*in* a trope); *g.* in 'lotus-eye', 'eye is the viśhaya', 'lotus' the viśhaya (or object); place, spot, region, district, country, kingdom (*pl.* lands, possessions); "a manifesting itself in or as; restricted to the category of, exclusively belonging to, invariably, relating to, treating of, concerned with, directed to, aiming at" *le viśhaya*, in the sphere of, with regard to, concerning *g.*, *°*; *atra viśhaya*, with regard to this; *khandasi viśhaya*, only in the Veda.

विषयक viśhaya-ka, *a.* having as its object, regarding (*°*); **-grāma**, *m.* world of sense; **-ghā**, *n.* spendist; **-tā**, *f.* being the object of (*g.*), relation to, dependence on (*°*); **-tva**, *n.* being the object of, occurrence or treatment in (*°*); limitation of anything (*g.*) to (*°*), relation to, dependence on, liability to (*°*); **-vat**, *a.* directed to objects of sense; objective; **-vartin**, *a.* directed to *g.*; **-vāsin**, *a.* dwelling in a country, *m.* inhabitant; **-ātma**, *a.* directed to objects of sense, indulging in sensual pleasures; **-adhipa**, *pp.* *m.* governor of a province, **-adhipa**, *m. ul.*; king; **-anta**, *m.* boundary of the country.

विषयि viśhayin, *a.* indulging in sensual pleasures; *m.* sensualist; materialist; lover; subject (*opp.* king), subject, the ego; object of comparison (*g.*, *in* 'lotus-eye', 'lotus' is the viśhayin, 'eye' the viśhaya).

विषयीकरण viśhayī-karman, *n.* making an object, *-kṛi*, spread abroad, bring into one's sphere or power *ac.*; make the object; **-bhā**, *become the sphere of (*g.*)*; become the object.

विषरस viśha-rasa, *m.* poisonous draught; **-latā**, *f.* poisonous creeper; **-lāḥ**, *f. N.* of a locality; **-ā-vat**, *a.* poisonous; poisoned; **-vallari**, **-vallī**, *f.* poisonous creeper; **-viśapin**, *m.* poison tree; **-vīksha**, *m. ul.*; **-vaidya**, *m.* dealer in antidotes; **-vyavasthā**, *f.* poisoned condition; **-āka**, *m.* wasp; **-han**, *a.* (ghni) destroying poison; **-hara**, *a.* (i) removing poison; **-hrdaya**, *a.* poison hearted.

विषह vi-shahya, *fp.* (√ sah) possible; ascertainable; conquerable.

विषाधि viṣa agni, *m.* burning poison; -**śā-kura**, *m.* poisonous shoot; -**śāganā**, *f.* = kanyā.

विषाण viṣāṇa, *n.* horn; tusk (of an elephant, a horn, or of Ganesa; rare); claws (of a crab; rare); -**vat**, *a.* (C.) horned; having tusks; *m.* (C.) boar.

विषाणा viṣāṇā, *f.* horn (I.).

विषाणि viṣāṇ-in, *a.* having horns or tusks; *m.* elephant; *cp.* of a people (holding horns in their hands, *comm.*; rare).

विषाद vi-shāda, *m.* relaxation, lassitude (rare); dejection, despondency, dismay, despair; repugnance, disgust (rare); -**vat**, *a.* dismayed, dejected, disconsolate.

विषादि 1. viṣād-in, *a. id.*; (-**ā**)-**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n.* dejection, despondency, dismay, despair.

विषादि 2. viṣa ādin, *a.* swallowing poison; -**anna**, *n.* poisoned food; -**spaha**, *a.* destroying poison; -**amrita-maya**, *a.* (i) having the nature of poison and nectar (*gr.*).

विषाय viṣāya, *den.* Ā. become poison.

विषालाद viṣa āśvāda, *m.* poison to the taste.

विषत vi-shita, *pp.* (√ śā) opened.

विषीभू viṣi-bhū, become poison.

विषु viṣu, *ad.* (√) on both sides, in various directions.

विषुसु viṣumu, *a.* (RV.) various; changing (moon); averted, averse; *tc.* aside.

विषुरूप viṣu-rūpa, *a.* of various colours or forms (I.).

विषुव viṣuva, *m.* equinox.

विषुवत viṣūvat, *a.* (sharing both sides equally), being in the middle (I.); *m.* middle day (in a certain annual celebration Br.); *m.* equinox (I.); -**śamkrānti**, *f.* passage of the sun to the next sign at the equinox.

विषुचिका viṣūka-ikā, *f.* indigestion accompanied by evacuation in both directions.

विषुची vi-shūcī, *f.* of viṣvañk.

विषुचीन viṣūcī-ña, *a.* spreading in all directions (I., P.).

विष्क viṣ-ka, *m.* elephant twenty years old

विष्कम्भ vi-shukambha, *m.* [√ skambh] support; width; interlude explaining what is necessary for understanding what follows (*dr.*); -**ka**, *a.* supporting (rare); *m.* interlude (= viṣkambha).

विष्कर vi-shukma, *m.* [√ kṛ] scraper, gallinaceous bird.

विष्ट viṣh-T [prob. *der.* of √ viṣ], only *pp.* **viṣhita**, enveloped in (*in*); (I.).

विष्ट viṣh-tā, *pp.* √ viṣ & √ viṣh.

विष्टस viṣhta-tva, *n.* connexion with (*in*).

विष्टप vi-shīp, *f.* top, surface, height, *esp.* of heaven (I.).

विष्टप viṣhāp-a, *m.* (rare), *n. id.*; *n.* world (C.); -**traya**, *n.* the three worlds.

विष्टस vi-shambhā, *m.* supporting, planting (the foot, *cc.*); support; prevention, stoppage.

विष्टर vi-shāra, *m.* [strewing: √ strī] handful of rushes, grass, etc. for sitting on (S., E.); *m. n.* seat (C. *ord. mg.*); -**travaṣ**, *m.* (furnished), *cp.* of Vishnu-Krishna.

विष्टार vi-shārā, *m.* [strewing: √ strī] layer of grass (RV.); (-**śābhā**), *f.* a metre (8 + 12 + 12 + 8 syllables); (-**śābhā**), *f.* a metre (8 + 10 + 10 + 8 syllables).

विष्टि 1. viṣhti, *ad.* [perh. fr. vi + sti = asti, being different, change], -**bhīh**, *in. pl.* changing, in turn (RV.).

विष्टि 2. viṣhti, *f.* [work: √ viṣh] compulsory service, socage; *coll.* bondmen.

विष्टा 1. vi-shthā, *f.* (I.) several position, station; kind, form.

विष्टा 2. viṣthā, *f.* excrement (rarely pl.).

विष्टित vi-shthita, *pp.* abiding etc. (√ sthā).

विष्णु viṣṇu, *m.* [Worker: √ viṣh] N. of a god of the upper region (personification of the sun) who traverses the world in three strides, companion of Indra, mentioned with the Adityas, husband of Sinivālī (V.); janitor of the gods (Br.); his head when cut off becomes the sun (Br.). In C. he is the second of the triad, the Preserver, husband of Lakshmi or Sri, and Sarasvatī, father of the god of love, rests on the serpent Sesha, and has Garuda for his vehicle, descends to earth in several Avatāras. In C. a laugher.

विष्णुकर्म viṣṇu-karmā, *m. pl.* Viṣṇu's steps (three steps to be taken by the sacrificer between Veda and Āhavanīya); -**gupta**, *m.* ep. of Kṛishṇa; N. of a Buddhist, -**ghāṭrī**, *m.* son-in-law Viṣṇu; -**tva**, *n.* Viṣṇu's nature; -**datta**, *m. n.*; -**nyaṅga**, *a.* in which Viṣṇu is frequently mentioned; -**padā**, *n.* zenith; sky; -**purāṇa**, *n.* T. of a Purāṇa; -**mat-i**, *f.* N. of a princess, -**maya**, *a.* (i) relating to, having the nature of, Viṣṇu; -**mitra**, *m.* frequent N. (used as an instance like Cājus); -**loka**, *m.* Viṣṇu's world; -**vāh-ana**, *n.* Viṣṇu's vehicle, Garuda; -**śakti**, *f.* Viṣṇu's energy, Lakshmi; 2. *m. n.* of a king; -**śarma**, *m. n.* of various men, *cp.* of the narrator of the Pāṇatantra and the Hīlopadesa, -**śūta**, *n.* hymn to Viṣṇu; -**svāmin**, *m.* temple or statue of Viṣṇu.

विष्णु vi-shpās, *m.* (nm, f) spier out of (g.: RV.); (√ ṣpas).

विष्णित viṣhita, *n.* straits, peril (RV.).

विष्णुलङ्का vi-shphulāṅga, *m.* spark.

विष्णुदण vi-shyandana, *n.* trickling.

विष्णु viṣhuk, *ad.* r. viṣhuk: -**śena**, *m. n.* of Viṣṇu or Krishna; -**śākhana**, *a.* turned in all directions; -**gamaṇa-vat**, *a.* moving in all directions; -**g-vātā**, *m.* wind blowing in all directions.

विष्णु viṣhuk, (I.) *a.* (f. viṣhukī) turned in both or all directions, coming from or going in all directions, general; getting into all kinds of conditions; separated from (*in*, *ab.*); *ad.* (I., C.) **viṣhuk**, on both sides, sideways; around, everywhere, in all directions.

विष्णु viṣhuk-dryāṅk, *a.* (f. -drīki) going in all directions; *ad.* -**dryāṅk**, away (RV.).

विषवाद् vi-sam-vād-a, *m.* breach of word; contradiction, disagreement, with (*in*, *z* sāha, *tc.*, *cc.*); -**śaka**, *a.* breaking one's word (*in*, *ab.*); -**śana**, *n.* breaking one's promise (*in*, *ab.*); -**i-tā**, *f. id.* (*in*, *ab.*); contradiction, disagreement with (*in*); -**in**, *a.* contradicting, disagreeing.

विषय vi-sam-saya, *a.* subject to no doubt, certain; -**śābhā**, -**śthūla**, *a.* unsteady, in-firm, tottering; -**śarpin**, *a.* spreading (obliquely, *cc.*); -**kula**, *a.* not confused, composed; *n.* composure; -**gīṇa**, *a.* unconscious.

विषय vi-sadrīa, *a.* (i) unlike, different,

unequal; -**phala-tā**, *f.* difference of consequences; -**sandhi**, *m.* secondary joint; absence of Sandhi; *a.* jointless; unaltered with any one; lacking Sandhi; -**samāṇa**, *a.* unarmoured; -**samāpti**, *f.* non-completion; -**sambhoga**, *m.* separation.

विसर vi-sara, *m.* [extension: √ strī] multitude, quantity.

विसर्ग vi-sargā, *m.* [√ strī] discharge, liberation (V., C.); cessation, end (I.); divergence (of paths: RV.); C.: emission; evacuation of excrement; dismissal of a person; bestowing, giving; casting, throwing, discharging, scattering; creating; creation, product; final aspiration (*gr.*); -**kumbhāna**, *n.* parting kiss; -**lupta**, *n.* absence of Visarga.

विसर्जन vi-sārgana, *n.* cessation, end, removal (V., E.); creating (RV.); C.: relinquishment, desertion; discharge, emission; sending away, dismissal of a person; driving of cows to pasture (*cc.*); bestowing, giving; -**sarganiya**, *m.* final aspirate (*gr.*); -**sargita**, *cs. pp.* (√ strī) abandoned, turned adrift; -**sarpa**, *m.* spread, diffusion; erysipelas, and similar kinds of inflammation; -**sarpāna**, *a.* spreading; *n.* shifting (*int.*); diffusion, incense; (vi)-**sarpin**, *a.* coming forth, issuing, against (*cc.*); moving or gliding about; spreading, diffusing itself.

विसार vi-sāra, *m.* diffusion; -**sārathi**, *a.* lacking a charioteer (*car*); -**sār-in**, *a.* issuing (= reverberating) from (*a cave*, *cc.*); spreading, diffusing itself; (-**ā**)-**tā**, *f.* diffusion.

विसिक् vi-sik, *m.* Jain.

विसुख vi-sukha, *a.* joyless; -**suta**, *a.* childless; -**subhīd**, *a.* friendless.

विसृज vi-sūtra, *a.* [stringless, loose], confused, disordered; disconcerted; -**sūtrāna**, *n.* [vi-sūtraya] throwing into confusion; driving away; -**sūtra-tā**, *f.* confusion, disorder; mental confusion; -**sūtrita**, *pp.*, *r.* sūtraya. -**sūtrana**, *n.* sorrow (Pr.).

विसृज vi-srī, *f.* flowing water (IT.); -**srit-vara**, *a.* spreading, diffusing itself; -**s-rpas**, *ab. inf.* √ srip; -**srimara**, *a.* spreading, diffusing itself; gliding; (vi)-**sriṣha**, *pp.* √ srip; -**dhena**, *a.* pouring streams of milk (RV.); (vi)-**śāhī**, *f.* discharge; creation.

विसोम vi-somā, *a.* lacking Soma (Br.). moonless (night) (C.).

विसौख vi-saukha, *n.* suffering; -**saurābha**, *a.* lacking fragrance.

विसा viṣa, *m.* a certain weight (one Karsha or sixteen Māhas of gold).

विस्तर vi-stara, *a.* [√ strī] extensive (very rare); *m.* extent; multitude; large company; number of things, connected with *athq.*; detail, minute particulars, detailed description, diffuseness (*ord. mg.*); -*cc.* *extensive*; *in*, *ab.*, -**tās**, -**sas**, in detail, with full particulars; -**tā**, *f.* extension.

विस्तर vi-stāra, *m.* extension, expansion, extent; detail, detailed enumeration or description; -**stāraṇa**, *n.* stretching out (of the feet); -**stār-in**, *a.* spreading, extensive, broad; -**stāra**, *pp.* (√ strī) extensive, wide, *id.*; -**śarna**, *a.* extending the ears; broad-eared; *m.* elephant, -**tā**, *f.* spaciousness; -**strīthā**, *f.* extent; breadth.

विस्पष्ट vi-spashṭa, *pp.* (√ spāś) evident, manifest, clear, distinct, intelligible; -**ārtha**, *a.* having a clear or an obvious meaning.

विस्कार vi-sphāra, *m.* opening wide, expansion; twang of a bow; -**sphārita**, *cs. pp.*

✓spha; -**sphata**, *n.* gaping; -**sphulīnga**, *m.* spark; -**sphūṭga**, *m.* roaring; -**sphūṭa**, *m.* roaring of (waves, -); sudden manifestation of (-); -**sphūṭita**, *pp.* ✓sphūṭy; *n.* roar; arising manifestation of (-); -**sphota**, *m.* crash (rare); blister, boil; -**ka**, *m.*, *i-kā*, *f.* boil, blister.

विस्मय vi-smaya, 1. *m.* [✓smi] surprise, wonder, amazement, stupefaction; pride, arrogance (rare); 2. *a.* free from pride or arrogance; -**smayam-gama**, *a.* astonishing; -**smayaniya**, *fp. id.*; -**smaya-vishāda-vat**, *a.* astonished and disconcerted; -**smaya-anvita**, *pp.* astonished; -**smaya-āviśha**, *pp.* filled with astonishment; -**smayin**, *a.* astonished; -**smarana**, *n.* forgetting; -**smar-tavya**, *fp.* to be forgotten; -**smāpāna**, *cs. a.* (i) causing surprise; *n.* means of surprising; -**smāraka**, *a.* causing to forget (-); -**smi-ta-śāna**, *a.* having a surprised face; -**smi-ṛta**, *pp.* ✓smi; -**smākāra**, *n.* forgetting his agreement; -**smṛti**, *f.* forgetting, forgetfulness, oblivion; -**smara**, *a.* [✓sun] astonished; -**tā**, *f.* astonishment.

विस्म vi-sra, *a.* musty (small), smelling of raw meat etc.

विस्मय vi-smaya, *m.* decay, relaxation, abatement; -**smayana**, *a.* causing to fall, pulling off (a garment); *n.* falling down; abatement; pulling down; -**smayin**, *a.* falling or slipping down (garland); -**srava**, *m.* flow, stream; -**srās**, decay (V); ✓**srām**; -**srās-ā**, *f.* decrepit age; (vi)-**srasta**, *pp.* ✓**srāms**; -**srāvāna**, *cs. n.* [✓sru] causing blood, matter etc. to flow, bleeding; -**srubh**, *f.* (R¹) shoot; plant; -**svara**, *m.* discord; *a.* without a sound; discordant; pronounced with a wrong accent

विह vi-ha, only *cs.* = 2. vihiyās, *air*: -**ga**, *m.* sky goer, bird; arrow (rare); -**pati**, *m.* lord of birds, Garuda, -**vega**, *m.* *N.* of a fairy, -**ālaya**, *m.* abode of birds, sky.

विहंग vihan-gu, *m.* sky-goer, bird; arrow (rare); -**ka**, *m.* (little) bird, *i-kā*, *f.* *A*; -**ham-gama**, *a.* moving in the air; *m.* bird; sun (rare).

विहति vi-hati, *f.* blow, stab, shot; prevention; repulse, defeat; -**hantavya**, *fp.* to be destroyed; -**hantri**, *m.* destroyer, frustrator of (*g.* -); -**hara**, *a.* removing, changing; -**harana**, *n.* removing, transporting; transposing of words; opening of the mouth; walking about, strolling (*ord. mg.*); moving backwards and forwards, brandishing (a club); -**harti**, *m.* purloiner, robber; one who enjoys himself; -**harsha**, *a.* joyless, sad; -**havā**, *m.* invocation; -**havya** (or *ā*), *fp.* to be invoked or invited (V); *m.* *N.* -**hasati-kā**, -**hasati-kā**, *f.* laughter; -**hasta**, *a.* handless; trunkless; perplexed, helpless; completely absorbed in (-); adroit, skilled, in (-); -**tā**, *f.* trunklessness; bewilderment, helplessness; -**hastita**, *den pp.* confused or embarrassed by (-).

विहासित vi-hāpita, *cs pp.* ✓2. *hā*: *n.* gift, present; (vi)-**hāyās**, 1. *a.* (V) vigorous, mighty (✓*cp.* of various gods); 2. [what stands apart] ✓1. *hā* *m.* *n.* (V) open space, sky, atmosphere, air; in. *ā*, through the air, aloft (*fly etc.*); -**hāyas-tala**, *n.* sky.

विहार vi-hāra, *m.* *n.* distribution, transposition (of words, *Br.*, *S.*, rare); (disposition of the three sacred fires or the space between them (S)); sauntering about, promenade; diversion, enjoyment, pleasure, with or in (-); *ord. mg.*; place of recreation; (Buddha's pleasure ground), Buddhist (or Jain) monastery or temple; *N.* of a country,

Behar; -*o* *a.* delighting in; -*ka*, *a.* (i-kā) delighting in (-); serving for the diversion of (-); -*grīha*, *n.* play-house; -*dāsi*, *f.* convent attendant; -*dasa*, *m.* place of recreation; -*bhadra*, *m.* *N.*; -*bhūmi*, *f.* place of recreation; -*vat*, *a.* possessing a place of recreation; delighting in (-); -*vana*, *n.* pleasure grove; -*vāri*, *f.* water for sport; -*śala*, *m.* pleasure mountain; -*sthali*, *f.* place of amusement; -*avasatha*, *m.* pleasure house

विहारिन् vi-hārin, *a.* walking or moving about, in or on (-), extending to *le.*; dependent on (-), rare; disporting oneself in, enjoying or amusing oneself with, delighting in (-); charming (*hip.*, rare).

विहास vi-hāsa, *m.* laughter.

विहंसि vi-himsa-ka, *n.* injuring or harming (*g.* -); -*himsa-tā*, *f.* injury to *le.*; -*himsana*, *n.* -*himsā*, *f.* *id.* (*g.* -); -*hita*, *pp.* ✓*dha*; -*kshaṇa*, *a.* int-n on *artham*; -*tva*, *n.* direction, prescription (*abl.* *s.*); -*niyama*, *a.* having taken a vow, -*pratishid-dha*, *pp.* enjoin and prohibited, -*śena*, *n.* *N.* of a king, -*hiti*, *f.* procedure, accomplishment of (-); [tion or lack of (-)].

विहीन vi-hima, *pp.* ✓ *hā* -*tā*, *f.* deprivation; -*hita*, *pp.* ✓ *hri*: *n.* walk; -*hita*, *f.* expansion, increase, diversion, pleasure.

विहेतुक vi-hetha-ka, *n.* hurting, injuring

विह्वल vi-hvāla, *a.* exhausted, distressed, perturbed, disconcerted -*m.*, *ad.*; -*tā*, *f.* -*tva*, *n.* *abst.* *s.*

वी I. Vī, II. P. **veti**, (V) seek or approach eagerly; accept gladly; grasp (reapone), strive to obtain, procure, avenge, fill upon, attack; *pp.* **vitā**, desired, pleasant (I) *abhi*, *pp.* *abhiṭvita*, sought, desired, *ā*, undertake, approach, seize, *upa*, seek to obtain, strive after *pra*, go forth, make for, enter into (-), assual; enter, fertilize *prati*, accept

वी 2. Vī, II. P. **vēti**, (I.) set in motion, arouse; lead (*ac*) to (*ac*), *ru* *pra*, urge on, stimulate.

वी 3. Vī, *intr.* **veviyate**, flutter (R¹) *ā*, *intr.* feel trepidation (TS¹)

वी 4. Vī, *r.* वा **VYĀ**.

वी Vī, *a.* 1. (V) eager for (*g.*; R¹); 2. set in motion by (-) *in parva*, wings; covered with *in* *hiraṇya*, gold; 4 - *vi*, bird (*in* *takva* *vi*, bird of prey); 5 - *vi*, *ad.* in same compound

वीकाश vi-kāsa, *m.* lustre, brightness (= vi-)

वीक्षण vi-kṣha-ana, *n.* looking, seeing; looking at, inspection; glance, gaze; eye; -*ānya*, *fp.* to be looked at, regarded, considered; -*ā*, *f.* looking at, regarding, investigation; knowledge, -*ita*, *pp.* ✓*kṣha*; *n.* glance, -*itavya*, *fp.* *n.* to be looked

वीक्ष I. vīkṣ-i, *f.* [going aside, aberration] ✓1 ✓*āṅā* deceit, seduction (R¹); 1 or i, wave (C); *i-ka*, -*a*, *ad.*; *i-hasta*, *m.* wave-hand.

वीज Vīā, I. P. **vija**, fan (also of the wind); sprinkle with water, *cs.* **vijāya**, P. fan; *ps.* **vijāyate**, be fanned *pp.* **vijita**, *abhi*, *cs.* fan. *upa*, *cs.* *id.* *pari*, *cs.* *id.*

वीजन् vig-ana, *n.* fanning; waiting; *n.* fan (rare).

वीटा vīṭa, *f.* round pebble (plaything of children and held in the mouth as a penance);

i-kā, *f.* button of a garment; ball, *esp.* pieces of areca-nut rolled up with spices in a betel leaf.

वीड VīD, X. (V) **vidāya**, *viāya*, P. make firm, fasten, *āḥ*, be firm or hard *pp.* **viṭta**, *hard*, firm.

वीडु vid-u, **वीडु** vīḍu, (I.) *a.* (v-i) firm hard, *n.* what is firmly fixed, (v-i) *pāni* (or *v*), a hard-hoofed (R¹); *ē* *āḥga*, *a.* firm-limbed (V).

वीणय vīna-ya, *den.*, *r.* उप **upa**.

वीणा vīnā, *f.* Indian lute; -*karna*, *m.* Lute-ear, *N.*; *vīnā* -*gaṇḍin*, *m.* leader of a musical band, -*gāthīn*, *m.* lute-player; -*datta*, *m.* *N.* of a Gaṇḍharva, -*rava*, *m.* sound of the lute; *a.* humming like a lute; *ā*, *f.* *N.* of a fly, -*vata-rāṇa*, *m.* *N.* of a king; -*vāda*, *m.* lute player; playing on the lute, -*vādyā*, *n.* playing on the lute, -*vinoda*, *m.* *N.* of a fairy, -*śilpa*, *n.* art of playing the lute, -*hasta*, *a.* holding a lute in his hand (Siva).

वीणिन् vīn-in, *a.* provided with a lute, playing the lute

वीत vi-tā, *pp.* 1. *s.* 1. *vi*, *n.* desire (I); 2. (C) (*cp.* ✓2 *vi*), trained, quiet, *n.* guiding an elephant with fist and hook, 3. -*tā*, (✓*sva*) hidden (R¹), gut with (in), P. 4 *vi* *tā* ✓1, (C); 5 -*tā*, smooth, straight (R¹), *ā*, *f.* row, line [beasts or birds]

वीतंस vi-tansa, *m.* cage or net for confining

वीतचित्त vīta-chitta, *a.* free from anxiety about *le.*; -*darpa*, *a.* humbled, (s)-*prish-ṭha*, *a.* smooth backed coarser, 1. -*bhāya*, *a.* free from fear, intr. *pad.* -*bhi*, *a.* *id.* -*bhi-ti*, *a.* *id.*, *m.* *N.* of an Asura, -*rāga*, *a.* exempt from passion or worldly desires; free from desire for *le.* -*bhaya-krodha*, *a.* free from passions, fear, and anger, *ā* -*vāra*, *a.* having a smooth tail (steed, R¹), -*vīsha*, *a.* free from impurities, clean, water, -*vyatiroka*, *a.* not separated or isolated, -*vrida*, *a.* shameless, -*śākhā*, *ad.* fearlessly, -*śoka*, *a.* free from sorrow, -*tā*, *f.* freedom from sorrow, -*sandeha*, *n.* subject to no doubt; -*uttra*, *n.* sacred cord; *ā* -*havya*, *a.* whose offerings are acceptable R¹, *m.* *N.*

वीति 1. *vi*-*ti*, *f.* [✓1. *vi*] enjoyment, acceptable feast or draught (R¹); advantage (R¹), *d.* *inf.*, *a.* certain Agni (*Br.*, *S.*)

वीति 2. *vi*-*ti*, *f.* separation (I.)

वीतिहोच vīti-hotra, *a.* (R¹) inviting (gods) to the feast or to enjoyment, *m.* (C) fire, god of fire, *N.* [ing]

वीतीतरम vīta-uttaram, *ad.* without speak

वीथ vi-thi, *f.* [✓1. *vi*] row; road, street, race-course, row of shops, market street, row of pictures, picture gallery; kind of one-act drama; -*ka*, *m.* or (*metr.*) *n.*, *ā*, *f.* row street; picture gallery, kind of one-act drama

वीथी vīthi, *f.* = **वीथ** vīthi.

वीध vīdhra, *n.* (S) bright sky only to (V)

वीणाह vīnāha, *m.* cover of a well

वीषा vīṣa, *f.* distributiveness (expressed by the repetition of a word); reputation of a word,

वीर vī-rā *m.* [vigorous ✓1. *vi*] man, *esp.* man of might, hero; champion, chief, leader, *sp.* *a.* *pl.* men, folk; men, retainers (*pl.*); hero, *cp.* of gods, *cp.* Indra (V); husband (E, P), male child, son, coll. male progeny (I), heroic sentiment *rh.*, *N.*

वीरक vira-ká, *m.* pitiable hero; *N.*; -**karman**, *n.* manly deed; -**ketu**, *m.* *N.* of various kings; -**kshuriká**, *f.* dagger; -**gati**, *f.* lot of a hero, Indra's heaven; -**gotra**, *n.* family of heroes; -**goshthi**, *f.* conversation between heroes; -**karyá**, *f.* doings of a hero, adventurous exploits; -**gita**, *m.* *N.*

वीरय virāya, *n.* a fragrant grass (*Andropogon muricatus*).

वीरतर virá-taru, *m.* greater hero, than (*ab.*); *n.* a fragrant grass (*Andropogon muricatus*); (á)-**tá**, *f.* manliness, heroism; -**tva**, *n.* id.; -**dava**, *m.* *N.*; -**dhara**, *m.* *N.* of a wheel-wright; -**nátha**, *a.* having a hero as a protector; *m.* *N.*; -**patá**, *m.* hero's hand (round the forehead); (á)-**patni**, *f.* wife of a hero; -**pána**, *n.* hero's drink (taken before or after battle); -**pura**, *n.* *N.* of a town in the territory of Kátyakubga; *N.* of a mythical town in the Himálaya; -**purnasha**, *m.* brave man, hero; -**pragyáini**, *f.* mother of heroes; -**prabha**, *m.* *N.*; -**prassavini**, -**prasad**, *f.* mother of a hero; -**báhu**, *m.* *N.*; -**bhava**, *m.* warrior; *N.* of a king; -**bhadra**, *m.* *N.* of a Rudra; *N.* of an attendant of Siva, who destroyed Daka's sacrifice; -**bhavat**, *m.* your heroic presence (honorific term of address); -**bháva**, *m.* heroism; -**bhuga**, *m.* *N.* of two kings; -**mánin**, *a.* considering oneself a hero; -**śár-ga**, *m.* heroic career; -**m-manya**, *a.* id.

वीरय virá-ya, *den.* Á. act like a hero, display heroism (*V.*).

वीरलोक vira-loka, *m.* world of heroes, Indra's heaven; *pl.* brave men.

वीरवत virá-vat, *a.* abounding in men, followers, or sons; consisting in men (*wealth etc.*; *V.*); manly, heroic (*RV.*); *n.* wealth in men or sons (*RV.*); -**i**, *f.* *N.*; -**vara**, *m.* best of heroes, *N.* of various men; -**varman**, *m.* *N.*; -**váh** (*strg.* -**váh**), *a.* conveying men (*sleeds, car*; *RV.*); -**vákya**, *n.* heroic word; -**maya**, *a.* consisting of heroic words; -**váda**, *m.* heroic fame; -**vikrama**, *m.* *N.* of a king; -**vrata**, *a.* acting like a man, adhering to one's purpose; *n.* heroism; -**karyá**, *f.* performance of heroic deeds; -**ayana**, *n.* couch (*form of arrows spread out*) of a dead or wounded hero; -**karyá**, *f.* id.; -**varman**, *m.* *N.* of a warrior; -**ekhara**, *m.* *N.* of a fairy; -**samanvrita**, *pp.* attended by warriors; -**sū**, *a.* bearing (mother) or producing (country) men or sons; *f.* mother of a son; -**sena**, *m.* (having an army of heroes), *N.* of Nala's father and of various other kings and warriors, and of a Dánava; -**suta**, *m.* son of Virasena; -**svámin**, *m.* *N.* of a Dánava; -**hatyá**, *f.* killing a man, slaughter of a son; -**hán**, *a.* (*f.* -**ghni**, -**hani**) slaying men or foes.

वीराख virā-ka, *N.* of a locality.

वीराय virá-ya, *den.* play the hero: *pp.* 1-**ta**, *n.* *imp.*

वीरासन vira āsana, *n.* (indicative of heroes), battle-field; -**āsana**, *n.* kind of sitting posture with ascetics.

वीरिख virim, *m.* *n.* a grass with a fragrant root (*Andropogon muricatus*).

वीरध vi-rúdh, *f.* [growing in different directions: √rudh = √ruh] plant, herb (*V.*, *C.*); creeping plant, low shrub (*C.*); noose (*of Indra*; *S.*); [*m.* a form of Siva.

वीरेश vira jura, *m.* chief of heroes; -**śa**, *sa*,

potency, efficacy; heroic deed; manly vigour, semen virile: (á)-**kāma**, *a.* desirous of manly vigour; (á)-**va**, *a.* strong, powerful, efficacious; (á)-**valka**, *n.* heroism as a price; *a.* purchased

by heroism; (á)-**satva-vat**, *a.* possessed of valour and worth. [with (*śa*)].

वीवाह vi-vāha, *m.* (= vi-vāhá) marriage,

वृ 1. *VRI*, 1. **vāra** (*RV.*, *C.*), *V.* **vrino**, **vrinu** (*V.*, *C.*), cover, conceal, envelope; encompass, surround; close (*door*); restrain, check, ward off; obstruct (*path*): *pp.* **vrítá**, concealed, enveloped, covered (with), full of (*in*, -°); surrounded, by (*in*, -°); held back, pent up (*river*); filled, provided, or tainted with (*in*, -°); *cs.* **vārāya**, *P. Á.* (Á. *in C.* only *metr.*) keep back, hold captive; conceal; stop up (*gap*); restrain, stop, prevent, ward off (*missiles*), keep off (*disease*), check, put out (*fire*), keep any one from (*ab.*, *inf.*); prohibit; withhold: *pp.* **váríta**, hidden in (*in*, *Pr.*); forbidden. **anu**, cover up, conceal, with (*in*); surround; *cs.* Á. prevent. **apa**, uncover, open (*V.*); *cs.* *pp.* concealed (*C.*). **api**, (*RV.*) hide. **abhi**, *pp.* **abhi-vrita**, *RV.*: surrounded by (*in*, -°), set with (*in*); covered by (*in*); *C.*: surrounded by (*C.*). **ā**, cover, conceal, hide (*ord. mg.*); surround; shut up in (*le*); block up, obstruct (*road*); occupy (*gate*), take possession of (*shed*); fill, pervade; fulfill (*a wish*; *RV.*); *pp.* **āvrita**, enveloped, covered, with (*in*, -°); clothed with (*elements*; *in*); obscured, concealed; surrounded, by (*in*, -°); walled; closed (*house, door*); withheld (*reward*); held captive; occupied, taken possession of (*house*); haunted by, filled with (*in*, -°); tainted with (*a crime*; *in*); afflicted by (*an evil*; *in*); *cs.* cover, conceal; fill; ward off. **apaś**, open; disclose, display; uncover: *pp.* **apāvrita**, opened, open; uncovered; displayed. **pariś**, *pp.* covered, concealed. **prāś**, cover, conceal; put on (*garment*); clothe oneself in (*in*); *pp.* **prāvrita**, covered with (*in*, -°); put on (*garment*); filled with (*in*, *viś*, *pp.* open, clear (*mind*). **sam-ā**, envelope, cover, with (*in*); fill, pervade; obstruct: *pp.* covered, with (*in*, -°); wrapt in, protected by (*in*); surrounded by (*in*, -°); filled with, inhabited by (*C.*); closed to any one (*g.*). **ud**, open wide. **ni**, ward off: *pp.* **nivrita**, kept back, prisoned (*RV.*); *cs.* restrain, hinder, from (*ab.*); keep off, check, stop, prevent; forbid, interdict; withhold (*shade*); remove; exclude or banish from (*ab.*). **vi**, *ni*, *cs.* keep or ward off, check, prevent, suppress; forbid; remove; dismiss (*ministers*), depose (*a king*). **nis**, *pp.* **nivrita**, extinguished; [uncovered, unclouted], satisfied, pleased, happy. **pari**, cover, envelope; encompass, surround, enclose: *pp.* **parivrita**, covered, enveloped, studded, with (*in*, -°); surrounded or accompanied by (*in*, -°); *ord. mg.* **parivrita**, (*V.*, *P.*) covered, hidden; filled with (*C.*); surrounding (*gloom*); *cs.* encompass, embrace, enclose, surround, accompany: *pp.* -**váríta**, surrounded by (*in*, -°); covered with, enveloped in (*in*, -°). **sam-pari**, *cs.* surround. **pra**, ward off (*RV.*); *pp.* *pra*, *incorr.* for *prāvrita*; *cs.* ward off (*E.*). **prati**, *cs.* restrain, prevent; contradict: *pp.* prevented; prohibited. **vi**, *P. Á.* uncover, open; unsheath (*sword*); part, comb (*hair*); illumine (*darkness*; *V.*); disclose, reveal, display; explain, comment on: *pp.* **virita**, uncovered, exposed, naked, bare; disclosed, displayed; explained; open (*of an organ in speaking and of the articulation of certain sounds*); public: -**ma**, *ad.* publicly. **sam**, *P. Á.* cover up, conceal; close (*doors*); arrange (*clothes, hair*), gather up (*snare*); turn away, refuse (*any one*); ward off, check: *pp.* **amvrita**, enveloped in, covered, with (*in*, -°); girt or surrounded by (*in*, -°); enclosed in (*le*); concealed, kept secret; laid aside, locked up (*garment*); occupied, filled with,

full of (*in*, -°); provided with, attended by (*in*, -°); checked; downcast (*gaze*); subdued (*tone*); closed; close (*of the articulation of certain sounds*); covered = being on one's guard. **abhi-sam**, cover, conceal: *pp.* covered, obscured by (*in*, -°); surrounded by (*in*); filled with, full of (*in*, -°); provided or combined with (*in*, -°).

वृ 2. *VRI*, 1. **vāra** (*RV. rare*), *IX.* *P.* (*E.*, *rare*), *Á.* (*V. C.*, very common), **vrinā**, **vrinā**, *vrin*, *V. P. Á.* **vrino**, **vrinu**, (*E.*) choose for oneself, as (*a messenger etc.*, *ac.*), for (*friendship etc.*, *d.*, *śa*, *in*, or *le*); choose in marriage, woo (*a girl*, *ac.*); ask anyone (*ac.*) on behalf of (*krite*), beg any one (*ac.*) for (*ac.*), solicit from (*ab.*), ask any one to (*inf.*); prefer (*ac.*) to, wish for rather than (*ab*); grant (*ac.*) to (*d.*; *P.*); grant a boon to (*ac.*): *pp.* **vrítá**, chosen etc.; *cs.* **vārāya**, *P. Á.* choose for oneself, select, as (*ac.*), for anything (*d.*, *le*, -artham); solicit, beg for (*2 ac.*), ask any one (*ac.*) to be (*ac.*); woo (*ac.*), on behalf of (*d.*, -arthé), as a wife (*± dāra*, *patnī*, *patnyartham*). **ā**, choose, wish for (*V.*); fulfil (*a wish*; *RV.*); grant anything to (*le*), choose out, select (*V.*). **pari**, *Á.* choose (*RV.*). **pra**, *Á.* (*P.*) choose, as (*ac.*), for (*d.*); gladly accept.

वृक् vṛik-a, *m.* [tearer: √vrik, simpler form of √vraśk] wolf; plough (*RV.*); *N.*: -**karman**, *a.* acting like a wolf, wolfish (*C.*); -**prastha**, *N.* of a village.

वृकायु vrikā-yú, *a.* murderous (*RV.*).

वृकी vrik-i, *f.* she-wolf.

वृकोदर vrikā-udara, *m.* *ep.* of Bhīmasena.

वृक्ष vṛkṣā, *a.* warding off disease (*comm.*; *RV.*); *m.* *du.* kidneys (*V.*, *C.*); -**ka**, *m.* *du.* id. (*C.*). [of √vraśk.

वृक्ष vrik-ná, *pp.* of √vrik, simpler form

वृत्त vrik-tá, *pp.* √vrig: (á)-**barhis**, *a.* having plucked the sacrificial grass = prepared to receive the gods, sacrificing.

वृष vrik-shá, *m.* [that which is felled: √vrik = √vraśk] tree; plant (*rare*); tree bearing visible flowers and fruit (*rare*, *C.*); trunk of a tree (*rare*): (á)-**ka**, *m.* little tree; (á)-**kesa**, *a.* wooded (*RV.*); -**ghata**, *m.* *N.* of an *Agrahāra*; -**khāya**, *f.* shadow of a tree; -**ya**, *a.* made of wood, wooden; -**traya**, *n.* three trees; -**tva**, *n.* notion of 'tree'; -**devatā**, *f.* tree-divinity, dryad; -**niryāsa**, *m.* exudation from trees, gum, resin; -**parna**, *n.* leaf of a tree; -**maya**, *a.* (á) made of wood, wooden; -**māla**, *n.* root of a tree; -**tā**, *f.* sleeping on the roots of trees (*of ascetics*); -**rāg**, *m.* king of trees, Indian fig-tree; -**vālikā**, *f.* grove of trees; -**śikhā**, *f.* branch of a tree; -**śyālikā**, *f.* squirrel; -**sankatā**, *n.* forest-thicket; -**sarpī**, *f.* tree-serpent (*RV.*); -**agra**, *n.* top of a tree; -**adana**, *m.* (eating into a tree), carpenter's chisel; -**adhirūdhī**, *f.* spreading of a tree (*from below upwards*); kind of embrace; -**ārohana**, *n.* climbing a tree.

वृषेय vṛshe-maya, *a.* boasting in trees (*peacocks*).

वृक्षेय vṛksh-yā, *n.* tree-fruit (*Br. S.*).

वृज VRIG, 1. **vārya** (*V.*, very rare), *VII.* **vrinākti**, **vrinākté** (*V.*, *rare* in *C.*, *P.*), turn, twist; pluck (*grass for the altar*); Á. keep from any one (*ab.*, *g.*), divert, exclude, withhold (*ord. mg.*); remove; Á. appropriate (*P.*); Á. choose for oneself; *cs.* (*S.*, *C.*) **varg-aya**, *P.* (*Á. metr.*) remove, avoid, shun, renounce, abandon; spare; exclude, omit, except: *pp.* **vargita**, avoided, etc.; destitute

of, lacking, free from (in, -°); excepted; excepting, excluding; *gd. varjayitva*, excepting (ac). *apa*, turn away, disperse, dispel (V); pluck (V); break off, terminate, conclude (V, C); traverse (a path, RV); *pu. -vrigate*, be delivered (C); *ca. avoid*; give up, offer, bestow; finish, fulfil (a promise); *pp. avoided*, renounced; set aside, unnecessary; destitute of, lacking, free from (in, -°); severed (heads), torn off (garland); removed; overturned (jar); strewn, thrown; scattered; delivered, bestowed, given. *vi-apa*, *pp. -vrikta*, separated; *ca. pp. -vargita*, abandoned. *ā*, turn to, bestow on (RV); appropriate (V, P); withhold (ac) from (ab, RV); *ca. bend, incline*; win *any one's* affection; have recourse to (*any one*). *pp. inclined*, bent, lowered; poured out; offered, captivated, won. *viā*, separate, divide. *pari-viā*, rescue from (ab). *sam-ā*, appropriate; *ca. pp. lowered*. *ni*, (V) overthrow; throw away. *anu-ni*, overwhelm (RV). *parā*, (RV) avert (heads); smite off (heads); cast away, abandon; *pp. parā-vrikta*, outcast (son). *pari*, (V) turn aside; exclude, shun; spare with, save from (in); avoid, expel (Indra); surround (P); *ca. (C) avoid, shun; forsake, leave (any one)*; disregard, ignore (*any one*); *pp. avoided*, shunned; forsaken by *any one*, destitute of, lacking, free from (in, -°); *samkhyā* -, innumerable. *pra*, (V) strew (sacificial grass); place in or on the fire, heat (V, RV). *vi*, *ca. avoid, shun, abandon*; *pp. left* by, deprived of, devoid of, lacking, free from (in, -°); excepting, excluding. *-am*, ad. without (honour, -°). *sam*, *ā*, take to oneself, appropriate (V).

वृज्ज I. *vrig-āna*, n. (RV) enclosed or fortified place; sacrificial enclosure; camp, settlement, village, community. [RV.]

वृज्ज 2. *vrig-āna*, n. village community
वृज्जनी *vrig-unī*, f. wile, intrigue (AV); enclosure, fold (RV).

वृजि *vrig-inū*, a crooked; deceitful, guileful; calamitous (*rare*); n. deceit, guile (V); wickedness, sin (C); misfortune (P).

वृजान *vrinān*, pr. pt. (√ 2. vri) choosing.

वृत् VRIT. I. *vāta* (P. only metr. in C).

II. P. *vart*, *vrit* (RV, rare), III. P. *vartāt*, *varvati* (RV, common), turn, revolve, roll (V); *rare* in E, P, go on, proceed, be performed (rite, etc.); be conditioned by, involve (in); be anywhere, remain, abide, stay; exist, subsist; be found in *any one* (g, lc); depend on *any one* (lc); be in (a condition, age, etc.); be engaged in or occupied or concerned with (lc); be used in the sense of (lc); live on, subsist by (in, gd); act, behave, towards (lc, parasparam, itare-taram); conduct oneself (ad); have illicit relations with a woman (lc); associate with (saha); act with, display, employ, practise (in), towards (lc); conduce to (d); devote oneself to, attend to (d); be getting on, do, feel (with ad); be at a particular time, be present; be alive, exist; continue in force, be supplied from what precedes (gr); enter upon a course of conduct, follow, use, employ (ac), towards (d); *ātmāni na* -, be beside oneself (with joy); *manasi or hridi* -, be in one's mind or thoughts; *mūrdhni* -, be at the head, be chief in importance; *evam* -, subsist thus; *katham vartate*, how is so-and-so? *kim vartate*, id. w. of *pra*; *ekāpyena* -, decrease by one; *atitya vartante*, surpass (sterile); *iti me vartate buddhih*, such is my opinion; *kīlam vartate gatānām*, it is long since we went; *kim idam*

vartase, what are you doing there? *svāni vartate*, minds his own business; *pp. vritta*, turned, set in motion (RV); turned, round; happened, occurred, having lasted (-°); completed, finished; past, gone; deceased, dead, existing, effective (*power*, -°); become (*free*, *mukta*); having acted or behaved towards (lc); *ca. vartaya*, P. (A. metr) cause to revolve, whirl, wave, hurl; make round, turn (thunderbolt); shed (tears); cause to pass, spend (*time, life*); cause to proceed, perform; arrange, lay out (*the earth*); raise, utter (*city, etc.*); display, exhibit; set forth, relate; begin to instruct (d); treat (*rare*); *with dīras or rishabha* - agree to be punished if another is cleared by an ordeal, *int* conduct oneself; live, subsist, by (in), remain alive; *int. var-vart-ti*, *varivart-ti* (V), *varivritati*, *varivartate* (RV); exist, prevail (*old, etc.*), *ati*, 1. tr. pass by; cross (a river); go beyond, overstep; live for (a time), exceed, surpass; get over, overcome, resist, escape from, evade (*arrest*); allow to pass, neglect, infringe, transgress, break (*promise*); disregard, treat with indifference, injure, violate one's duty towards, 2. *int. pass* by (*rare*); *pass* of (*time*), be too late; desist from (ab); *pp. ativritta*, lying beyond (ac); far removed from (ab); long past. *vi ati*, 1. tr. cross (the sea); get over, escape from; 2. *int. pass* (*of time*), depart from (ab). *sam-ati*, 1. tr. pass by; escape from; 2. *int. run away* *adhi*, pass over (lc), fly anywhere (*ad*, in, -tas); enter upon (a path). *anu*, 1. tr. roll over or along, follow, pursue; cling to, be guided by, adapt oneself to the will of, equal *any one* in (in); humour, gratify; follow, acknowledge, conform to, devote oneself to, depend on; fall a prey to (*fiar*); 2. *int. follow after, supervene*; continue; prevail; remain in force, be supplied from a previous rule (*gr*); act towards (ac, lc, P); *pp. anuvritta*, round, full, following, handed down, traditional; gradually occupied by (*g*); displayed; having assented; obedient; *ca. continue* to turn, supply from what precedes; employ; repeat, repeat, imitate *any one* (ac). *sam-anu*, follow, conform to (ac); obey; result *apa*, turn aside; leave the road (*waygon*); turn away, depart, from (ab); *pp. shipped off*, shot off (*arrow*), upset, lost; *ca. turn away*, from (ab); *RV. viapa*, turn aside; abstain from (ab). *abhi*, 1. tr. turn, betake oneself, or come to, approach (*any one*), extend towards; assault, attack; come upon, take possession of (*any one*); receive anything favourably, make an appearance (*darsanam*) = show oneself to (d); 2. *int. approach*; arise, begin; exist, occur. *ā*, 1. tr. only. P. turn towards, bring *ac*, ratham, to, come to (RV); *pass* by (*pradakshnam*, with the right hand), 2. *int. ā*, advance, approach; turn; sink (*am*), (± punar) return, to (ac), from (ab); be repeated or renewed; free oneself from (ab); *pp. āvritta*, revolving; brought (*water*), pushed aside; turned round; averted, from (ab); returned; repeated; *ca. turn* higher, bring (V); draw to oneself; turn - round, invert; pray through (a *rosary*), repeat; attract, win (*perh. incur*, for *u-vargaya*); *int. move* hurriedly or continuously, haste, stir (V). *anuā*, turn towards *any one* (ac); *int. follow* (V). *apeā*, turn away from (ab); return from (ab); *pp. turned* round; turned away from, disclaiming (ab); opened (door, *incur*, for *vritta*); *ca. cause* to depart, remove. *abhi ā*, turn towards, come to, take refuge with (ac); *ca. come*, approach (*ac*, ratham, RV); repeat. *upaā*, turn towards, approach, come to (ac, lc); turn away from (ab); return; obtain (ac); exist, occur;

pp. turned to (ac), come to (ac); arrived (*time*); returned; *ca. turn* (ac) towards (d, V); bring. *abhi upaā*, turn towards (ac); come into the possession of (ac). *niā*, *ca. cause any one* to desist from (ab). *parā*, turn round (*int*); return to (d); turn or change into (in); *des. -vritta*, P wish to turn (RV). *anu-parā*, turn in the direction of, follow, place oneself behind (ac); *V. abhi-parā*, turn to, revolve round. *prati ā*, turn towards (ac, RV); return; *pp. turned* back (*face*); returned. *viā*, separate oneself, from (in, V); in the form of (in, V); turn away from, part with, rid oneself of (in, ab); refrain or withdraw from (ab); turn in different directions, divide (*road*); turn round; return; depart; sink (*am*); be separated - settle a dispute (*lit*); diverge from (ab, -°); different from (ab); averted; distorted; returned, from (ab); inconsistent with (ab); ceased, abated; *ca. separate* from (in, ab); turn round, avert; strow, remove, destroy *an enemy*, annul (a rule), *gd. vyā-vartya*, excepting. *sam-ā*, return, return home (*of a pupil on the completion of his studies*); approach *pp. returned*, arrived, *ca. drive away* darkness; *RV*; cause to return home, dismiss (*a pupil*); repeat, recite. *abhi-sam-ā*, return home (V). *ud*, *pp. swollen*, prominent, agitated, surging, un-restrained, ill behaved; *ca. cause* to start out; destroy *pp. udvartita*, starting out of one's head (*eyes*), annoyed. *upa*, approach, come upon, accrue to (ac); *ca. allow* to recover from fatigue (*horae*). *sam-upa*, behave *ni*, return from (ab), to (ac, ± *prati*, d), turn round (*int*), return to life, be born again; go back, flow backwards (*water*); turn one's back, flow (in battle), turn aside, be averted (*eye*), withdraw itself (*mind*); free oneself from, escape from (ab), shrink from battle (± *samgrāmāt*); renounce *any one* (ab), ignore (a fault, ab); cease, desist, or abstain from (ab); leave off speaking, be silent; cease, come to an end, disappear; be put a stop to (*law suit*); cease to be effective, become useless (*umbrella*); end with (ab); be omitted, not be performed, be withheld (*pramāniture*); be denied to *any one* (*prati*) in comparison with (ab); turn towards, be directed to (lc, *be opinion*) (*thus evam*) with regard to (lc); *pp. nirvritta*, returned, to (ac); *sent* *ann*; having renounced (ab, -°), turned away from (*prati*, -°); deprived of (ab); ceased, come to an end, disappeared; having ceased to be in force, no longer to be supplied from what precedes (*gr rule*), omitted; *ca. refraining from meat*, performed without the desire of reward, disinterested action; *incur* for *nirvritta*, *vi vritta*, *nirvita*; *ca. cause* to return, bring back; turn or keep away, divert, withdraw, from (ab); renounce, abandon; withhold, reverse, annul (*transaction*); cause to cease, remove; deny; perform. *abhi-ni*, return *pp. returned* from (-°); *ca. repeat*; cause to cease. *upa-ni*, return, be repeated; *ca. fetch* again (*RV*). *pari-ni*, *pass* away *prati-ni*, turn round, turn away, go back, return; *pp. returned*, from (ab, -°); *ca. cause* to go back, turn back, avert. *vi-ni*, turn back, return; desist from, give up (ab); turn away, depart, cease, disappear; be extinguished (*fire*); be omitted; *pp. turned* back, returned; turned away, averted, or averse from (ab, -°), freed from (-°); desisting from, having abandoned (ab); departed, disappeared, ended, ceased to be (*am*); *ca. cause* to return, recall, lead back; annul *fraudulent transaction*; avert (*gase*);

cause to cease, remove, abandon; cause any one to desist from (ab.). **sam-ni**, turn back, return, from (ab.); desist from (ab.): **pp.** returned; averted (eye); ceased; **cs.** cause to return, send or lead back; divert, from (ab.); cause to come, suppress attachment. **nis**, (roll out), come forth, arise, be produced or developed; become (nm.); be accomplished; be achieved or brought about; **pp.** **nivṛtta**, produced, arisen; built; finished, ready; fully developed (fruit); performed, accomplished, fulfilled, come to an end; **incorr.** for **nivṛtta**; **cs.** bring out, take away, let out of (ab.); evolve, produce; provide (sustenance); accomplish, perform, complete (ord. mg.); bring to an end, spend (day) **abhi-ni**, be produced or developed; result: **pp.** produced; acquired; **cs.** produce; accomplish. **vi-ni**, **pp.** produced from (ab.); come to an end, completed. **parā**, turn round; turn back, from (ab.); return; refrain from (ab.): **parāvṛtta**, turned round or back (upwards, upari-); turned away from (ab.); disappeared, past; **cs.** turn round (ac.). **pari**, turn round, revolve; roll; encircle (ac.); wander about; hasten to and fro; move about, revolve (in the mind, in di, hridaye); return; be born again (in.), turn round or back; turn out differently, undergo a change (± anyathā); remain, be, in (in.); appear as (m., *ekatvena* = one and the same); behave, act: **pp.** **parivṛtta**, rolling (water, eye); lasting, enduring; turned round or back; elapsed, spent; disappeared, vanished; **cs.** cause to revolve; turn round or back; exchange; for (in.); renew (an agreement); transform into (in.); turn into = falsely represent as (ac.); overturn completely, destroy; turn inside out, search through. **vi-pari**, revolve; roll (on the ground); drive or roam about; be transformed, change; continually afflict (ac.); **cs.** **pp.** turned away (lips). **sam-pari**, turn round, revolve. **pra**, be set in motion, be set going; set out, depart, betake oneself; proceed on (a path, vartimānā or i, pathā, a wrong path, apathena); come forth, issue, arise, be produced, rise up (dust), from (ab.); result, happen, take place; begin, commence, to (inf.); set about, devote oneself to, proceed to, engage in (d, le, -artham); proceed against, engage with, do injury to (in.); set (often v. ad.) according to or with (in, ab), towards (in.); prevail; be directed towards, rest (eyes) upon (in.), continue to (pr. pt.); debauch (one another); exist (vish, sarvā); serve for, conduce to (d, -artham); be used in the sense of (in.): **pp.** **pravṛtta**, circulated (book); set out, from (-tas), to ac, le.; dukshinena, towards the south, with a view to (inf., -artham); proceeding on (a path, pathā, fig.); produced, arisen, issuing from (ab.); proceeding from (-°); brought about, accomplished; begun; having set about or commenced to (inf.); *sts.* -vṛtta-vut); purposing, bent on (d, le., -°); engaged in, occupied with, devoted to, practising (in, -°); acting (with ad.); existing; become (nm.); directed to an object, interested (action); **incorr.** for **prakṛita**, **pranrita**; **cs.** cause to turn or roll, set in motion; hurl forth (bolt, RV.); push or cast away; send; set on foot, circulate, diffuse; introduce, appoint; produce, form, make (a holy place, etc.), erect (a dam); accomplish, effect (expedience, vyaya-karma); relate (a story); display; begin, undertake; induce any one to do anything (in.). **adhi-pra**, **pp.** greatly occupied with sth. **abhi-pra**, move (ear) towards (ac.); be set in motion; **pp.** occurring; engaged in, occupied with (in.). **-sam-pra**, arise, be produced, from (ab.); begin (inf.); take place; set about (d, inf.); act:

pp. come into being, being present; begun; having set about (d, le., inf.), engaged in (le., -°); **cs.** set going, circulate, introduce; begin. **prati**, accrue to any one (ac.). **vi**, turn, revolve (RV.); roll; move convulsively, struggle; turn round; turn away, depart; be developed: **pp.** **vivṛtta**, flying in different directions (thunderbolt; RV.); turned round, bent, twisted; opened (jaws; **incorr.** for **vivṛtta**); **cs.** turn round; make (a weapon) by turning out of (in); remove (I.); hold asunder (RV.); leave behind (RV.); **pp.** (C.) turned round, averted (gazē), knitted (brow); whirled round (dust); removed from its place. **sam**, be produced, arise, from (ab.); happen, occur, take place, arrive (time), begin (ord. mg.); be, exist, w. g. of *prs.* = have; become (pred. nm., common); **pp.** arrived; happened, occurred; become (pred. nm.); **cs.** clench (fist); roll (eyes); envelope; turn towards, bring, bring into (a path, RV.); destroy; fulfill. **adhi-sam**, arise (RV.). [army (RV.).

वृत् 1. vri-t, a. (-°) enclosing; f. following;

वृत् 2. vri-t, a. (-°) turning, moving, being etc.; -fold (after numerals); n. conclusion, end (of a list of roots: *opp. ādi*).

वृत् vri-tā, pp. √1. 2. vri.

वृत्ति vri-ti, f. 1. enclosure, fence, hedge; 2. choice, boon; 3. sts. incorr. for vṛtti.

वृत्त vri-tā, pp. √vrit; n. circle; occurrence, use; appearance; form of (-°); becoming like (-vat), transformation into; occurrence, event; affair, matter; conduct, behaviour, action, procedure, practice, observance (ord. mg.); good behaviour, virtuous conduct; (turn =) rhythm of a verse-ending; metre containing a fixed number of syllables; metre.

वृत्तकाय vri-tta-kāya, a. having a round body; -gandhi: -n, n. kind of artificial prose containing metrical passages; -bandha, m. verse; -bhaṅga, m. violation of good conduct and of metre; -yukta, pp. of good conduct, virtuous; -vat, a. id.; -sampaṇna, pp. id.; -stha, a. adhering to good conduct, virtuous; -china, pp. destitute of good conduct, ill-conducted; -ākṣepa, m. statement of dissatisfaction with or disbelief in an occurrence (rh.).

वृत्तान्त vri-tta-anta, m., (rarely) n. (end of an occurrence = complete event), story, history, occurrence, adventure, doings, life; account, news, tidings (sq. & pl.), of (-°); course of events, way in which things happen; -darśin, a. witnessing a transaction.

वृत्ति vri-ti, f. (rolling), gush (of tears): course of action, mode of life, conduct, behaviour (ord. mg.), towards (le., -°); method, course; respectful or affectionate treatment of (g., -°); general usage, rule (S.); manner of being, nature, kind; being, occurring, or appearing in (le., *guly* -° a.); occurrence or existence of (-°); devotion or addiction to, practice of (le., -°; -° a devoted to, practising); *sq. pl.* subsistence, maintenance, livelihood (by means of, in.), profession, occupation (ord. mg.); activity, working, function; disposition, mood (of the mind); occurrence or use of a word in a particular sense (le.); mode of pronunciation or recitation (S.); style of composition (dr.: there are four kinds *kāśikā, śāṭvātī, ārabhātī, bhārātī*); alliteration (rh.); form or kind of word (gr.); commentary (on a Sātra): -m *kṛi* or *kalp-āya*, subsist by, live on (in.); provide a means of subsistence for (g.).

वृत्तिकर vri-tti-kara, a. affording a maintenance; -kāra, m. author of a commentary

to a Sātra; -tā, f. (-°) conduct; devotion to subsistence; -tra, n. occurrence; devotion to (-°); -da, a. affording maintenance; m supporter; -nibandhana, n. means of support; -bhaṅga, m. loss of livelihood; -bhāṅga, a. performing (pious) actions; -mat, a. subsisting on (-°); exercising a function, active -māla, n. provision for maintenance.

वृत्तिज्ञ vri-tti-jña, a. having existing might, displaying energy.

वृत्त्यनुमास vri-tti-anuprāsa, m. alliteration -artham, ad. for the sake of a subsistence -uparodha, m. prejudice to maintenance -upāya, m. means of subsistence

वृष vri-trā, n. (guly. pl.) [encloser, inveter √1, vri] harasser, foe, hostile host (RV.) m. td. (TN.); m. N. of a demon, personification of the malign power of drought, slain by Indra, son of Trishktri, prisoner of the celestial waters, often called *Ahi*; thunder cloud (rare, V.).

वृषतर vri-tta-tāra, m. a worse Vṛtra (RV.); -tār, a. conquering foes or Vṛtra, victorious (I.); -tūrya, n. conquest of foes or of Vṛtra, victorious fight (I.); -druha, m. foe of Vṛtra, cp. of Indra; (a) putrā, a. f. having Vṛtra as a son, Vṛtra's mother (RV.); -vadha, m. slaying of Vṛtra; -vish, m. cp. of Indra, m. cp. of Indra, m. id.; -hātya, n. fight with foes or with Indra; -hān, a. (f. -ghni) slaying foes or Vṛtra, victorious; m. cp. of Indra; -hanta-māna, *spm.* most victorious, bestowing abundant victory (RV.); -ari, m. foe of Vṛtra, cp. of Indra. [(RV.).

वृथग vri-thag, ad. [√2, vri] at will, lightly **वृथा vri-thā, ad. [√2, vri] at pleasure, lightly (I); in vain, uselessly, idly (ord. mg.; C.); wrongly, falsely (C.).**

वृथकर्मण vri-thā-karma, n. action done at will, non-religious act; -ākāra, m. useless phenomenon or thing; a. whose form is vain or illuory; -tva, n. futility; -anna, n. food for one's own use only; -palita, a. grown grey in vain; -paṅghana, a. slaying cattle for pleasure (not for sacrifice); -pragā, a. f. having borne children in vain; -māṇsa, n. flesh taken at random (not conforming to prescribed rules), flesh meant for one's own use only (Dr., C.); -vā, f. unsuitable or untrue speech; -vādin, a. speaking falsely; -vriḍha, pp. grown old in vain (i.e. without learning wisdom); -udyama, a. exerting oneself in vain.

वृद्ध vriddh-inā, f. (vṛddh) grown up, full-grown; increased, enlarged, augmented; great, large; advanced in years, aged, old; senior by (-°); experienced, wise; eminent in, distinguished by (in, -°); glad, joyous (RV.); raised by Vriddhi to ā, ai, or au, containing or treated as containing ā, ai, or au in the first syllable (gr.); m. old man, ā, f. old woman; elder descendant, patronymic or metronymic designating an elder descendant (e.g. Gārgya is vriddha, Gārgyāyana is yuvan).

वृद्धक vriddha-ka, m. old man; -kāla, m. old age; -koma, a. possessing a rich treasury; -kāśakya, m. Kāśakya the elder; -tā, f. old age; pre-eminence in (-°); -tva, n. old age; -dyumna, m. N.; -dviya-rāpi, a. having the form of an aged Brāhman; -brhāspati, m. Brhāspati the elder; -bhāva, m. old age; -manu, m. Manu the elder; (ā) -vaya, a. of great might (RV.); -vishnu, m. Vishnu (the legislator) the elder; -vivādha, f. yoke of the ancients, bonds of traditional usage;

-**śākalya**, *m.* Śākalya the elder; (ā)-**śravya**, *a.* possessed of great swiftness (*Indra*, *V.*); *m.* *ep.* of *Indra*; -**seva**, *f.* deference to the aged; -**seva-in**, *a.* deferential to the aged; (-**ā**)-**tva**, *n.* deference to old age.

वृद्धानुशासन vṛddhānuśāsana, *n.* adage of sages; - **artha**, *m.* decliningsun; evening hour

वृद्धि vṛddhi, *f.* [√*vṛdh* + *ti*] *V.*, *C.*: growth; *V.*: delectation, delight; *C.*: adolescence; increase, augmentation, development, prolongation (*of life*), waxing (*of the digits of the moon*), swelling (*of rivers, ocean*); advancement, rise, increase in wealth, extension of power; affluence, prosperity, success, gain, profit; interest, usury; strongest vowel grade (ā, ai, au).

वृद्धिकर vṛddhi-kara, *a.* (i) promoting growth, producing prosperity; -**grihaka**, *a.* living by usury; -**da**, *a.* conferring or promoting prosperity; -**mat**, *a.* growing, increasing; having attained power, producing Vṛddhi (*gr.*).

वृद्धीम् vṛddhī-bhū, *grow old.*

वृद्धीष vṛddhī-ukṣā, *m.* old bull; - **upa-sevin**, *a.* honouring the aged.

वृद्ध VṚDDH, *1.* **vardha**, *1.* *tr.* *P.* increase, exalt, cause to thrive, elevate, gladden, inspire (*the gods with praise etc.*; *RV.*); 2. *int.* *Ā.* (*pf.* *aor* *P.*, *V.*; *aor* *Jt.* *cond.* *P.*, *C.*) grow, grow up, increase; become strong, extend, thrive, prosper, succeed; rise, ascend (*scale, in orbits*, *C.*); feel elevated or inspired (by *rejoice in* *in* *g.*, *g.*, *l.*); have cause for joy or congratulation (*gdyu* with *dishtya*), on account of (*in* *C.*); often *in* *corr.* for *√vṛt* in *l.*; *pp.* vṛddhā, *q.*; *es.* **vardhāya**, *Ā.* in *C.* *metr.* cause to grow, increase, augment, heighten, enhance, lengthen; rear, cherish, bring up, elevate, raise to power (*C.*); exalt, magnify, glorify (*gods*); *V.*, *C.*; ± *dishtya*, congratulate (*C.*); *pp.* **vardhita**, grown up, increased **ati**, *Ā.* outgrow (*ue*; *Br.*); **abhi**, grow, become greater, increase, prosper, in (*in*); *es.* augment, increase, welcome. **ud**, *pp.* broken forth (*passion*) **pāri**, grow, in *rease*, *in* *corr.* for *√vṛt*; *pp.* grown, increased; strong, vehement, *passion*, *es.* cause to swell *ocean*, rear, bring up, **pra**, *P.* exalt, magnify (*RV.*); (*P.*) *Ā.* grow, increase, gain in strength, thrive; *pp.* **prāvṛddha**, grown up, increased, enhanced; swollen, heaving; intense, vehement; great, high; numerous *debt*s; mighty, fully developed; advanced in age, grown old, *in* *corr.* for *√vṛt*, vṛddha, -buddha, *es.* increase, add to, extend. **sam-pra**, grow, increase, thrive; *pp.* grown up; waxing, increasing, enhanced **vi**, grow, increase, swell, be lengthened; prosper; have cause to congratulate oneself on (*in*); arise, be produced; *pp.* grown up, fully developed; increased (*anger, desire*), augmented (*wealth*), enhanced (*goodness*), great, numerous; risen to power; *es.* rear, nourish; raise, increase, augment, enhance, advance, cause to thrive. **pra-vi**, *es.* *pp.* greatly increased **sam**, *P.* fulfil (*desires*), *P.* *Ā.* grow; *pp.* **samvṛddha**, grown up, full-grown; increased; *es.* rear, bring up, cherish (*tree*s), nourish; quicken (*flame*), strengthen, augment; foster, train (*army*), cause to thrive, beautify; present with (*in*); fulfil, grant (*desires*) *pp.* abounding in (-*o*), beautified (*nectar*) by (*in*).

वृद्ध vṛddh, *a.* vigorous, strong (*RV.*); - *o* also increasing.

वृध vṛddh-ā, *a.* rejoicing (*RV.*); *m.* gladder, increaser, friend (*RV.*).

वृधन्वत् vṛddhan-vat, *a.* containing a form of the root vṛddh (*V.*).

वृधसान vṛddha-sāna, *RV.* *pt.* (√*vṛdh*) growing; rejoicing.

वृधे vṛddhi-*e*, *d.* *inf.* 1 for increase; to gladden.

वृधन् vṛddha, *n.* stalk (*of a leaf, flower, or fruit*).

वृध vṛddha, *n.* host, multitude, crowd, herd, flock, swarm; a certain large number, 100,000,000,000. -**maya**, *a.* appearing like a multitude of *es.* -**asa**, *ad.* in groups, crowds, or herds

वृद्धा vṛddhā, *f.* *N.* of Rādhā, Krishna's

वृद्धार vṛddhāra, *m.* god.

वृद्धारक vṛddhāra-ka, *a.* (i) being at the head of a host, best or most beautiful of *es.* - *;* *m.* god

वृद्धावन vṛddhāvana, *n.* Forest of Vṛddhā, *N.* of a sacred forest on the left bank of the Yamunā near Mathurā, the scene of Krishna's amours with Rādhā.

वृद्धिन vṛddhi-n, *a.* containing a multitude

वृध्वन vṛdhvān, *a.* telling trees (*RV.*).

वृधिक vṛdhika, *m.* scorpion, Scorpia (*sign of the zodiac* - *rā* *ā*, *m.* *id.*).

वृष VṚSH, *1.* **varsha** (*A.* *metr.* in *C.*), rain (*subject only*, *Parganga*, *Indra*, *god*, *sky*, *cloud*, *sts.* used impersonally, *shower* down, shed *ac.* *in* *rain* upon, overwhelm with (*in* *rain* *pl.* *le* *varshati*, while it rains, during rain, *pp.* *vṛsh/a*, with *act.* *ps.* and *under* *my*, *es.* *varshaya*, *P.* cause to rain *rain*, *sky*, *Parganga*, *Indra*, *m.* object; rain upon, with *in* *abhi*, rain or shower upon, besprinkle, with *in* *shed* or shower abundantly *ac.* *in* *pp.* *abhi-vṛsh/a*, rained upon, be sprinkled with *in* *having shed rain*; shed *ā*, *Ā.* pour out (*a drought*, *ac.*, *y.* or without object, to oneself, *P.* *nis*, *pp.* *nirvṛsh/a*, having rained itself out, having ceased to rain *cloud pra*, begun to rain, rain, shed abundantly *ac.*, *in* *pp.* having begun to rain, having begun to shed *ac.*, *in* *abhi-pra*, rain upon, rain.

वृष vṛsh-a, *m.* bull (*in* *l.* only *es.*), *Taurus* (*sign of the zodiac*; made of an animal only *es.*), *man*, husband *care*, best of its kind, chief of (*eg.*), bull of justice or virtue; virtuous act; *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna; *N.* of an *Asura*, *earth* *varsh*, *N.* of various plants, *gavām* *vṛshak*, bull among the cows, kind of chief of the

वृषकर्मन् vṛsha-karmān, *a.* doing manly deeds *RV.*; -**keta**, *m.* having a bull as an emblem, *ep.* of Parasurama.

वृषण vṛsh-ana, *m.* scrotum *du.* testicles.

वृषन्वत् vṛshan-vat, *a.* drawn by stallions *RV.*; containing the word vṛshan *V.*, (*vṛsha*)-**vasu**, *a.* possessing or bringing great wealth *RV.*

वृषदंश vṛsha-damśa, *m.* (having strong teeth, cat; -**dha**, *m.* *ep.* of *Siva*, -**dha**, *a.* having a bull as an emblem, *m.* *ep.* of *Siva*

वृषन् vṛsh-an, *V.* *a.* (*ac.* *vṛshānam*; *nm.* *pl.* *vṛshānā*) manly, powerful, mighty, great (*of animals and inanimate objects*; *m.* man, bull, stallion (*V.*), *ep.* of various gods *RV.*), *ep.* of *Indra* *RV.*, *C.*; *es.* (*or* *kṣhiti*, *kṣhita*, *Indra*, lord of the earth = *king*; *N.* *V.*).

वृषनादिन् vṛsha-nādin, *a.* roaring like a bull.

वृषतम vṛshan-tama, *sp.* most manly or mighty *Indra*, *RV.*

वृषपर्वन् vṛsha-parvan, *a.* having mighty joints *Indra*, *RV.*; *m.* *N.* of a *Udara* *C.*; (*vṛsha*)-**prabharman**, a towman the mighty *Soma* is presented *Indra*, *RV.*

वृषम vṛsha-bhā, *a.* (1) manly, mighty, *m.* bull (*V.*, *C.*), chief, lord, of *g.*, *es.* *V.*, *C.*), *N.* of a mountain *C.*), -**keta**, *m.* having a bull as an emblem, *ep.* of *Siva*; -**tva**, *n.* condition of a bull; -**dha**, *a.* having a bull as an emblem; *m.* *ep.* of *Siva*, -**sho** (*ra*), *a* *pl.* *es.* *go* having a bull as the sixteenth fifteen cows and a bull, - **eka-sahas-rā**, *a.* *f.* *pl.* *es.* *go*, a thousand cows and one bull.

वृषमणस् vṛsha-manas, *a.* having a manly spirit, brave *V.*, -**rā**, *m.* *ep.* of *Siva* *C.*

वृषन् vṛsha-lā (*or* *vṛsha-lā*, *S.B.*), *m.* little man, common fellow *l.*, *Sādra* *C.*), *ep.* of *Kāndragupta* -**ka**, *m.* miserable *Sādra*; -**ā**, *f.* rank of a *Sādra*, -**tva**, *n.* *id.*

वृषलक्ष्मन् vṛsha-lakṣman, *m.* (having a bull as his emblem *ep.* of *Siva*, -**lā**, *lā*, *m.* *ep.* of *Siva*

वृषलो vṛshati, *f.* common woman, *Sādra* woman *Br.*, *C.*); -**phena-pita**, *pp.* having drunk the moisture on the lips of a *Sādra* woman.

वृषवाह vṛsha-vāha, *a.* riding on a bull, -**vahana**, *a.* *id.*, *ep.* of *Siva*, -**vivāha**, *m.* liberation of a bull, *vṛsha*-**vrāta**, *a.* forming a vast host *Matsy.* *RV.*); -**cipra**, *m.* *N.* of a demon, *vṛsha*-**nashma**, *a.* of mighty courage *RV.*); -**skandha**, *a.* having the shoulders of a bull

वृषस्य vṛsha-sya, *den.* *P.* long for the male, desire sexual intercourse (*kapa* *RV.*).

वृषाकपायी vṛshakapayī, *f.* wife of Vṛsha

वृषाकपि vṛshā-kapi, *m.* man ape or great ape *RV.*; *ep.* of the sun *V.*, *ep.* of *bro* *C.*, hymn ascribed to Vṛshakapi *RV.*, *N.*, *So.*, *Br.*, *S.*

वृषाङ्ग vṛsha-āṅga, *a.* having a bull as a token, *m.* *ep.* of *Siva*

वृषाय vṛshā-va, *den.* *P.* cause any one *ac.* to rain; *RV.*; 2. *Ā.* *Ā.* burn with desire, be eager for, advance upon *ac.* *d.*, *le*).

वृषायुध vṛsha-yudh, *a.* fighting with men *RV.*; -**ravā**, *m.* roaring like a bull, *kind of animal* *RV.*

वृषोत्सर्ग vṛsha-utsarga, *m.* liberation or presentation of a bull, to be the property of the community, abandonment of good works.

वृष्ट vṛshṭa, *pp.* √*vṛsh* *le* when it has rained.

वृष्टि vṛsh ti (*RV.*), otherwise only *vṛsh-ti*), *f.* *q.* *pl.* rain, *es.* shower of (arrows, flowers, glances)

वृष्टिपात vṛshṭi-pāta, *m.* shower of rain; -**mat** *RV.* (*or* *vṛshṭi*)-**mat** *S.B.*), a raining, rainy, -**maya**, *a.* consisting of rain; -**vani**, *a.* obtaining or bringing rain *l.*; -**sam-pāta**, *m.* downpour of rain

वृष्णि vṛsh-ni (*or* *ni*), manful, mighty (*RV.*), *m.* rain *l.* *pl.* *N.* of a race to which Krishna belonged *Yajurveda* and *Mudhava*, -**pā**, *la*, *m.* shepherd *C.*

वृष्ट्य vṛsh-ya, *a.* manly, mighty (*RV.*); *n.* manly power, might *V.*; (*vṛsh*)-**vat**, *a.* possessed of manly power, mighty (*V.*).

वृष vrish-ya, *a.* stimulating sexual vigour, aphrodisiac.

वृह VRIH or **बृह** BRIH, *n.* बृह BARH.

वे vé, *m.* (RV.) = वि *ví*, bird (*nm.* véś).

वेक्ष vekshana, *n.* incorr. for *kaikshana*.

वेग vé-ga, *m.* [*√vig*] shock, jerk (*V., C., rare*); *C.*: rush, impact; flood (of water, fears), current; impetus (*esp. of water, force*), velocity, speed; impetuosity, vehemence, haste, sudden impulse; outbreak, outburst (*of passion etc.*); excitement; attack (*of disease*); circulation, working (*of a poison*), *stis, pl.*; impulse: -*tara*, *m.* greater swiftness: **वेगद** *vegadaram* *gam*, run faster and faster; -*tas*, *adv.* with a sudden jerk; speedily, hastily, impetuously; -*danda*, *m.* elephant (= *ve-tanda*); -*vat*, *a.* impetuous, hasty, swift, energetic, violent (*wind*); *m. N.* of a fairy -*i*, *f. N.* of a fairy; -*vāhin*, *a.* flowing (river) or flying (arrow) swiftly; -*sari*, *f.* female mule; -*anila*, *n.* violent wind.

वेगित veg-itā, *den. pp.* impetuous, swift, rapid; -*in*, *a. id.*; -*ila*, *m. N.*

वेकुट voikuta, *m. N.* of a mountain in the Drāvidian country.

वेङ्गि veig (or *i*), *f. N.* of a town.

वेणु venu, *m.* musician (*a mixed caste, offspring of Vaidehaka and Anubashthi*); *ś, f. N.* of a river -*ta*, *m.* bank of the Venū.

वेणि veni, *f.* braid of hair, *esp. of the hair of women worn in a single plait as a sign of mourning*; -*kā*, *f.* continuous line, uninterrupted stream: -*vāhin*, *a.* flowing or causing to flow in an uninterrupted stream

वेणी veni, *f.* = *veni*: -*saubhāra*, *m.* tying up of the braid of hair (*of Draupadi*). *T.* of a play (*sisting in the tenth century A.D.*) by Bhaṭṭa-nāṭyaṇa.

वेणु vénu (or *ú*), *m.* reed, cane, bamboo; flute, pipe.

वेणुदारिण venu-dāriṇ, *a.* bamboo-splitting; *m. N.* of a demon; -*mat*, *a.* provided with a bamboo; -*yava*, *m. pl.* seed of the bamboo; -*yaśhi*, *f.* bamboo cane; -*vana*, *n.* forest of bamboo; -*vādāna*, *n.* playing on the flute; -*vidāla*, *n.* split bamboo; -*vaiddala*, *a.* made of split bamboo.

वेतल vetanda, *m.* elephant: *ś, f.* a form of Durgā (*r. r. for vetālā*).

वेतन vetana, *n.* wages; price (*rare*).

वेतस vetas-ā, *m.* kind of reed (*Calamus Rotang*); cane; *n. N.* of a town: (*a*) -*maya*, *a.* consisting of reed (*Calamus Rotang*); -*mālin*, *a.* wreathed with reeds, -*vritta*, *a.* acting -pliant like the reed.

वेताल vetāla, *m.* kind of demon that takes possession of a dead body: *ś, f.* a form of Durgā.

वेतु vet-tri, *m.* [*√1. vid*] 1. (*w. g.*, or -°) knower; witness (*rare*); experienter (*rare*); 2. [*√2. vid*] espouser, husband.

वेतु ve-tru, *m.* kind of large reed (*for making sticks*); cane, staff: -*grahana*, *n.* (holding the staff), office of a door-keeper. *ś, f.* female door-keeper; -*yaśhi*, *f.* cane staff; -*lata*, *f. id.*: -*maya*, *a.* made of canes; -*vat*, *a.* containing or consisting of cane; *m. N.* of a mythical being, son of Pāśana; -*i*, *f.* female door-keeper; *N.* of a tributary of the Yamunā.

वेतासन vetāśana, *n.* cane-seat.

वेतिन vetr-in, *m.* staff-bearer, door-keeper.

वेद 1. véd-a, *m.* [*√1. vid*] knowledge, ritual lore (*V.*); *eg. pl.* sacred knowledge, handed down in the threefold form (trayī vidyā) of Rīg-veda, Sāma-veda, and Yajur-veda; (*later the Atharva-veda was added as a fourth*; in *E.* the *Hihāsa-purāna* or *Purāna* is spoken of as a fifth Veda, perception (*Br., rare*).

वेद 2. ved-a, *m.* [*√2. vid*] finding, obtainment (*in su-veda*); property (*S., rare*).

वेद 3. vedā, *m.* tuft of strong grass (Kusa or Muṅga) used as a broom etc. in rites.

वेदक veda-ka, *a.* (*ikā*) making known; restoring to consciousness; -*kāra*, *m.* composer of the Veda; -*kumbha*, *m. N.* of a teacher; -*kakshu*, *n.* eye of the Veda; -*gita*, *a.* knowing the Veda; -*tattva*, *n.* true nature or essence of the Veda; -*artha*, *m.* true meaning of the Veda; -*vid*, *a.* -*vidvas*, *pl.* knowing the true meaning of the Veda; -*traya*, *n.* the three Vedas; -*tva*, *n.* nature of the Veda; -*darsana*, *n.* occurrence or mention in the Veda; *ab.* in accordance with the Veda; -*darsin*, *a.* having an insight into or knowing the Veda; -*dāna*, *n.* imparting the Veda

वेदान ved-ana, 1. *n.* knowledge (*acc. f.*); *ś, f.* pain (*err. n.*); *ś, f.* perception, sensation; *n.* making known (-°); 2. (*véd-*), *a.* (-°) finding; procuring; *n.* finding (-°); narrowing (*of both sexes*, *C.*); property, goods (*RV., A V.*); -*anā-vat*, *a.* possessed of knowledge; feeling pain; painful; -*aniya*, *fp. es.* [*√1. vid*] to be designated, expressed, meant, by (-°); being felt, by or as (-°).

वेदगिहक veda-nidaka, *m.* scoffer at the Veda, infidel; -*pātha*, *m.* recension of the Veda; -*pāhin*, *a.* studying the Veda; -*pāraga*, *m.* one thoroughly conversant with the Veda; -*puṇya*, *n.* merit acquired by Vedic study; -*pradāna*, *n.* imparting the Veda; -*phala*, *n.* reward resulting from Vedic study; -*bāhya*, *m.* unbeliever; -*brahma-karya*, *n.* Vedic apprenticeship; -*brāhmaṇa*, *m.* Brāhman knowing the Veda, Brāhman in the true sense; -*bhāshya*, *n.* commentary on the Veda; -*kāra*, *m.* composer of the commentary on the Veda, Sāyana; -*maya*, *a.* (*i*) consisting of or containing sacred knowledge; -*mātri*, *m.* mother of the Veda, designation of Sarasvatī, Sāvitrī, and Gāvatrī; -*mūla*, *a.* having its root in the Veda; -*yaṅū*, *m.* sacrifice prescribed in the Veda.

वेदयिगु ved-ay-i-tri, *m.* knower.

वेदरहस्य veda-rahasya, *n.* secret doctrine of the Veda, the Upanishads; -*rāsi*, *m.* the entire Veda; -*vākya*, *n.* statement of the Veda; -*vāda*, *m. id.*; talk about the Veda, theological discussion; -*vādin*, *a.* able to talk about or conversant with the Vedas; -*vikrayin*, *a.* selling = teaching the Veda for money; -*vit-tama*, *spn.* most learned in the Veda; -*vit-tva*, *n.* knowledge of the Veda; -*vid*, *a.* knowing the Veda; -*vidyā*, *f.* knowledge of the Veda; -*vid*, *a.* versed in Vedic learning, -*vratā-anāta*, *pp.* having completed one's Vedic and scientific studies and one's vows; -*vidvas*, *pl.* knowing the Veda; -*viprāvaka*, *a.* propagating the Veda; -*veda-āṅga-tattva-gāna*, *a.* knowing the Vedas and the Vedāṅgas thoroughly; -*vedāṅga-pāraga*, *a.* thoroughly conversant with the Vedas and Vedāṅgas; -*vyāsa*, *m.* arranger of the Veda; -*vratā*, *n.* observance prescribed during Vedic study; *a.* having taken the Vedic vow; -*śabda*, *m.* the word Veda; statement of the Veda; -*śikṣā*, *f.* Vedic branch or school; -*śāstra*, *n.* *eg.* doctrine of the Veda; *pl.* the Veda and other canonical

works: -*purāna*, *n. pl. id.* and the Purānas; -*śruti*, *f.* Vedic scriptures.

वेदस् véd-as, *n. i.* knowledge (*RV.*); 2. (*gettings*), property, wealth (*V.*).

वेदसंहिता veda-samhitā, *f.* an entire Veda in any recension; -*samnyāsika*, *a.* having renounced Vedic study and pious works and denoting oneself to contemplation; -*samnyāsin*, *a. id.*; -*samāpti*, *f.* completion of Vedic study.

वेदाङ्ग veda-āṅga, *m.* member of the Veda, subsidiary Vedic treatise (*śā* are enumerated: Sikṣā, Kalpa, Vyākaraṇa, Nirukta, Kāṇḍas, Gyotisha); -*ādi*, *m.* beginning of the Veda; *m. n.* sacred syllable om; -*ādhi-gama*, *m.* Vedic study; -*adhyāya*, *n. id.*, -*adhyāya*, *a.* studying or having studied the Veda; -*adhyāyin*, *a. id.*; -*anadhyāyana*, *n.* neglect of Vedic study; -*anuvak-anā*, *n.* repetition or recitation of the Veda; Vedic doctrine.

वेदान्त vedānta, *m.* end of the Veda (*i. rare*), end of Vedic study (*rare*); text forming the conclusion or the essence of the Veda, i.e. an Upanishad and the theological-philosophical doctrine based thereon (Uttara-mīmāṃsā or Vedānta system); -*krīṭ*, *m.* author of the Vedāntas; -*śāra*, *m.* essence of the Vedānta, *T.* of a compendium of the Vedānta system; -*śbhihita*, *pp.* contained in the Vedānta; -*upagata*, *pp.* accruing from the Vedānta (*reward*).

वेदान्तिन vedānt-in, *m.* follower of the Vedānta system

वेदाभ्यास veda abhyāsa, *m.* Vedic study.

वेदार्थ veda artha, *m.* import or sense of the Veda; -*vid*, *a.* knowing the sense of the Veda; -*avāpti*, *f.* acquisition of the Veda.

वेदि véd-i, *f.* shallow bed dug out (*in the sacrificial court*) covered with straw, containing the sacred fire-piles and serving as an altar; being narrow in the middle, the female waist is often compared with it. Vedic-shaped open pavilion in a court-yard prepared for weddings; stand, pedestal, bench; (1) -*kā*, *f.* Vedic-shaped pavilion (= *vedi*); stand, bench.

वेदिगु véd-i-tri (or -*tri*, *SB.*), knower, of (*acc. in I., g.*, -° in *C.*); -*i-tāvyā* (or *ā*, *fp.* to be known or learned; - regarded as, - considered as meant; -*i-tā*, *f.* familiarity with (-°); -*in*, *a. i.* (-°) acquainted with. knowing, familiar with; feeling, perceiving (*E., P., rare*); announcing (*E., rare*); 2. marrying.

वेदिपुरिष vedi-purīṣa, *m.* loose earth of the Veda; -*mati*, *f. N.*; -*madhya*, *a.* having a Vedic-shaped waist; -*śhād*, *a.* sitting on or at the altar (*V.*); -*sambhava*, *f. ep.* of Draupadi.

वेदी ved-i, *f.* = वेदि *vedi*.

वेदीयस् véd-īyas, *epn.* knowing or finding better than (*ab.*; *RV.*).

वेदीक veda ukta, *pp.* mentioned, taught, or contained in the Veda; -*udita*, *pp.* prescribed by the Veda; -*upakaraṇa*, *n.* supplementary treatise to the Veda.

वेधु ved-dhu, *m.* [*√vyadh*] piercer, hitter (*of a mark*).

वेद्य véd-ya, *fp. i.* notorious, famous (*I., C.*); to be known, that which is known (*I., C.*); to be recognised or regarded as (*nm.* or -°; *C.*); 2. to be acquired (*V.*); to be married (*in a*; *C.*); -*tva*, *n.* knowableness (*C.*).

वेद्य ved-yā, *f. pl.* [√*vid*] knowledge (R.V.); in *sg.* (B) and *pl.* with knowledge = manifestly, actually (B.V.).

वेध vedh-a, *m.* [√*vyadh*] perforation; hitting a mark, breach, opening; -*ka*, *m.* piercer; porforator; -*ana*, *n.* piercing with an arrow; infliction of (in.).

वेधस् vedh-ās, *a.* [√*vidh*; *ac. sts.* vedhām] pious, believing (V.); virtuous, good (*ep. of the gods*, V.); wise (C.); *m.* worshipper of the gods (V.); author (C.), Creator, *ep. of Brahma* (C.).

वेधिन vedh-in, *a.* piercing, hitting a mark, -*ya*, *fp.* to be pierced or perforated.

वेन् VEN, I. P. *veṇa*, (V.) yearn, long, for (le.); tend (vital air, Br.); be envious, *ana*, seek to attract, wish to regain (V.), *vi*, turn away ungraciously, be reluctant (V.).

वेन ven-d, *a.* (i) yearning, longing, eager, loving (V.); *m.* longing, desire, wish (V.); a divine being of the middle region, Indra or the sun (*comm.*), connected with the navel (Br.); N. of various men, among others of the father of Prithu (V.).

वेय ven-yā, *a.* desirable, lovable (R.).

वेप् VEP, *v* **विप्** VIP.

वेपथु vep-āthu, *m.* quivering, trembling, quaking -*bhrit*, *a.* trembling (C.); -*mat*, *a.* id. (C.).

वेपन vep-anā, *a.* trembling, quivering, twinkling (of light); *n.* tremor (C.).

वेपस् vep-as, *n.* [√*vip*] quaking, quivering, struggling (R.).

वेपित vep-ita, *pp.* [√*vip*] tremor.

वेमन् vē-man, *n.* [√*vā*] loom or shuttle.

वेला vēlā, *f.* point, end, limit (rare), boundary of sea and land, coast, sea-shore; limit of time, period, time of day, hour; opportunity, occasion; tide, flood (*opp. ebbs*); N. of a princess found on the sea shore - *kā vēlā*, what o'clock is it? *kā vēlā tatrābha-vatyāḥ prāptāyāḥ*, how long has she been here? *vēlāyām*, at the right hour; *andha-vēlāyām*, when there is occasion to be blind, *artha-vēlāyām*, when the sense is concerned; *vēlām pra-kri*, watch for an opportunity.

वेलाकुल vēlā-kūla, *n.* sea-shore, coast; -*ala*, *n.* *sg.* & *pl.* flood tide, -*ta/a*, *m.* coast; -*atikrama*, *m.* overstepping of time, tardiness; -*anila*, *m.* coast wind; -*ambhaa*, *n.* flood-tide, -*vitta*, *m.* kind of official; -*vidi*, *f.* shore-wave, breaker, *pl.* surge; -*vyā/a*, *m.* disguise of the tide; -*samudra*, *n.* ocean in flood; -*hina*, *pp.* premature, inopportune, -*irmi*, *f.* wave breaking on the shore, roller

वेल्ल VELL, I. P. *vella*, tremble, sway, *guly*, *pr. pl.* vellat or *pp.* vellita, waving, swaying, heaving; curved; curly; entwined (*anus.*) *ana*, *pp.* pushed below, *ud*, begin to sway, move to and fro; *pp.* waving, heaving, *vi*, quiver, tremble, *sam*, *pp.* curling.

वेल्लन् vell-ana, *n.* surging (of waves); rolling on the ground (of a horse)

वेश ves-d, *m.* [√*vis*] neighbour, tenant, vassal (V.), prostitution, brothel (C.); behaviour of a prostitute (C.); -*ka*, *n.* *sg.* prostitutes, -*stri*, *f.* prostitute.

वेशन् ves-ana, *n.* act of entering.

वेशन्त vesantā, *m.* pond (V.).

वेशन्तव vesa-bhāva, *m.* manner of prosti-

tutes; -*yuvati*, -*yoshit*, *f.* prostitute; -*vat*, *m.* keeper of a brothel; -*vedhā*, -*vanitā*, *f.* prostitute; -*vāsa*, *m.* brothel; -*stri*, -*sthā*, *f.* prostitute.

वेशस् ves-as, *m.* vassal (A.).

वेशन्ता vesantā, *f.* pond (Br.).

वेशिन् ves-in, *a.* entering (°).

वेशी ves-i, *f.* [√*vis*] needle (R.).

वेशमन् vēs-man, *n.* [√*vis*] house, dwelling, abode, apartment.

वेशमन्वास vesma-vāsa, *m.* sleeping chamber

वेशस्त्री vesya-stri, *f.* courtesan

वेश्या ves-yā, *f.* courtesan, prostitute; -*grā*, *n.* brothel; -*gha/aka*, *m.* pander; -*ang-ana*, *f.* courtesan; -*gana*, *m.* *sg.* prostitutes; -*tva*, *n.* condition of a prostitute; -*pati*, *m.* husband of a courtesan, paramour; -*āyatti-kri*, make dependent on prostitutes; -*va-man*, *n.* brothel.

वेश vesh-a, *m.* [√*vis*] dress, apparel, exterior (ord. *mg.*); assumed appearance, appearance; -*m* *kr* or *ā-sthā*, assume a dress, -*m* *gram* or *vi-dhā*, assume an appearance.

वेश्या vesh-ana (or ā), *n.* service (R.).

वेश्या vesh-anā, *f.* attendance.

वेशधारिन् veshā-dhārin, *a.* wearing the dress of (C); -*vat*, *a.* well-dressed, *r. r.* *su-vesthavan* for *ss* *vesthavan*; -*anya-tva*, *n.* change of dress

वेष्ट VESHT, I. A. *vesha/a* [*ep.* √*vesth*] wind round, twine oneself round, adhere to (R., A.), cast its skin (snake), *ex* *vesh/aya*, P. A. envelop, wrap up, clothe, tie up; enclose, surround, encompass, beset, invest; tie *ac* on, wrap *ac*, round (rare); twist a rope; *pp.* *vesthita*, *ana*, *ex* spread out and *abhi*, *ex* cover up, *ā*, *ex* envelop, surround, cover, clothe (V., C.), twist a rope; -*ud*, *ex* unweave, open letter; untwist string; unloose band of hair; -*upa*, *ex* twine or fasten round *pāri*, *ex* envelop, twine or tie round, clasp, enclose, encompass, surround, cover up, over whom with arrows), overlap, beset with thorns; -*vi*, *ex* encompass, surround, invest *sam*, *ex* envelop, clasp, surround, encompass, cover; roll up; -*prati-sam*, shrivel up

वेष्टन् vesh-ana, *n.* encircling, clasping, enclosing, surrounding; sling; band; fillet, turban; fence, hedge -*m* *kr*, bandage, -*ita*, *pp.* -*stira*, *a.* having one's head covered.

वेस ves, *nm.* of *ve*, *q.* of *vi*, bird; 2 3 *sg.* *avi* or 2 *sg.* *pr* *sub.* √*i*, *vi*.

वेसर vesara, *m.* [prob. contraction for *veg-sara*] mule

वेष्ट vēhāt, *f.* miscarriage or barren cow.

वेहार vehāra, *m.* N. of a country, Behar.

वे *va*, postpositive *prel.* emphasizing the preceding word, rare in the Samhitās, very common in Br. often indicating the beginning of a clause and E., in S. only only in the combination *yad* *n* *va*; in E. and *Manu* *va* is very common at the end of a *pāda* as a mere expletive, with other *prels.* *vā* *n* R.; *ha* *va*, *ha* *sma* *va*, *eva* *va* Br.; *api* *va*, *tu* *va* (C.).

वेकश vakaksha, *n.* [fr. *vi-kaksha*] garland hanging over the shoulder; upper garment, mantle, -*ka*, *n.* garland hanging over the shoulders.

वेकशिक vakaksh-ika (or -ya), *n.* *sd.* *r. r.*; -*ya*-*ka*, -*o* *a.* mantle.

वेककृत vaikakṛta (or ā), *a.* (i) belonging to, coming from, or made of the *Vikakṛta* (*Flacourtia sapida*)

वेकटिक vaikat-ika, *m.* [vikata] jeweller.

वेकर्ण vaikarṇā, *m.* [vi-karṇa] N. of two tribes (*du.* R.), *pat.* fr. *vi-karṇa* (S.).

वेकर्त vaikarta, *m.* [vi-karta] an edible part of the victim, loin (Br.).

वेकर्तन् vaikartana, *a.* relating or belonging to the sun (vikartana); -*kula*, *n.* solar race

वेकल्पिक vaikalp-ika, *a.* (i) optional (fr. *vikalpa*); -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* optionality

वेकल्य vaikal-ya, *n.* [vikala] frailty, weakness, imperfection, defectiveness, defect, lack, despondency (rare); confusion, hurry (*r. r.* *vaiklasya*)

वेकारिक vaikār-ika, *a.* (i) based on or subject to modification (vikara); -*ya*, *n.* modification

वेकालिक vaikal-ika, *n.* (occurring in the evening; *vikala*, evening devotion or meal

वेकुण्ठ vaikuntha, *m.* [vikuntha] *ep.* of Indra (*rare*) and of Vishnu, statue of Vishnu, *m.* *n.* Vishnu's heaven -*gati*, *f.* going to Vishnu's heaven, -*bhavana*, *n.* -*svarga*, *m.* Vishnu's heaven [*n.* a paradise]

वेकुण्ठीय vaikunth-īya, *a.* relating to Vish-

वेकृत vaikṛta, *a.* [vikṛti] modified, derivative, secondary, subject to modification; artificial, kept up by adoption (*family*), *n.* modification, alteration, disfigurement, abnormal condition, changed state (*ord. mg.*), unnatural phenomenon, portent, mental change, agitation; change of sentiment, hostility -*vat*, *a.* morbidly affected by (C.)

वेक्राय vaikṛt-ya, *n.* [vikṛti] modification, alteration, deterioration, degeneration; portent; repulsiveness, hostility [*vikriya*]

वेक्रिय vaikriya, *a.* subject to modification

वेक्लव vaiklav, *a.* [viklava] bewilderment; despondency, -*ya*, *n.* *sd.*, frailty, feebleness, mental weakness

वेखानस vaikhanasa, *m.* [vikhanasa] a class of *Bishva* *pl.* an Arva in the third religious order, anchorite, *a.* relating to anchorites 2, *f.* female anchorites.

वेगुण्य vaigun-ya, *n.* [vi-guna] imperfection, defectiveness; faultiness, badness, unskilfulness; inferiority of birth.

वेकशय vakakshān-ya, *n.* [vakaksham] experience, proficiency, skill, *m.* *de*

वेकित्य vakitt-ya, *n.* [vakitti] mental confusion, absence of mind

वेकित vakitti, *n.* *n.* prob. incorr. for *vaikṛtya*; *i.* *f.* strangeness, wonderfulness, marvellous beauty; -*ya*, *n.* [vikṛta] id.; manifoldness, diversity, wondrous variety, *incorr.* for *vai-kṛtya*.

वेजन् vajana, *a.* relating to childbirth (*vijana*); 2 *mas.*, *u* *ta* *m.* month of pregnancy.

वेज्य vajun-ya, *n.* [vajana] desertedness, solitude

वेजयन्त vajayant-a [belonging to the conqueror *vi-gayati*, *m.* Indra's banner; flag, banner; Indra's palace, -*ikā*, *f.* flag, banner; kind of pearl necklace (P.); -*vi*, *f.* flag, banner, garland prognosticating victory; T. of a dictionary, T. of a commentary to Vishnu's Dharma-udāra.

वैययिक vaigay-ika, *a.* (i) conferring or foretelling victory (vigaya). [gavana.

वैययन vaigavana, *m.* *pat. incorr.* for **वैयय** vaigātya, *n.* [vigāti] diverseness, heterogeneity.

वैयय vaidūrya, (*m.*) *n.* cat's eye (*a gem*); *m. N. of a mtn.* -**ānti**, *a.* having the colour of a cat's eye; *m. N. of a sword*: -**maya**, *a.* (i) consisting or made of, or resembling cat's eyes; -**śrīga**, *n. N. of a mythical town*.

वैय vaina, *m.* worker in bamboo, basket-maker. [bamboo (venu); *m.* flute.

वैयव vainavā, *a.* (i) consisting or made of **वैययिक** vain-ika, *m.* [*fr.* vinā] lute-player.

वैययिक vaitams-ika, *m.* [vi-tamsu] bird-catcher.

वैयय vaitat-ya, *n.* [vitata] great extent.

वैयय vaitath-ya, *n.* [vitatha] falseness.

वैयय vaitarna, *a.* (i) intending to cross a river: *i. f. N. of a sacred river in Kāśī*; *N. of the river of hell*.

वैयस vaitasā, *a.* (i) made of or peculiar to the reed: *i. f. vṛitti*, *f.* reed-like action, *i. e.* yielding to superior force, adapting oneself to circumstances; *m. n.* basket made of reed.

वैयस vaitast-ā, *a.* coming from or contained in the Vitasā; -**ya**, *a. id.*

वैयय vaitahavyā, *m. pat. fr.* vītahavya.

वैयय vaitān-ā, *a.* [vitāna] relating to or performed with the three distributed or sacred fires; *n.* rite performed with the three sacred fires; -**ika**, *a. id.*

वैयय vaitāla, *a.* (i) relating to the Vetalas

वैययिक vaitāl-ika, *m.* [vi-tāla] bard, panegyrist of a king (whose duty it is also to proclaim the hour of day); -**vratā**, *n.* duty of a bard.

वैयय vaitrisha-ya, *n.* [vitrishu] quenching of thirst; freedom from desire, indifference to (°).

वैद vaida, *v.* वैद baida.

वैयय vaidagdhi-*a.* *incorr.* for vaidagdhya; -**i**, *f.* [vaidagha] cleverness, acuteness, experience, proficiency, skill; splendour, beauty; -**ya**, *n.* acuteness, intelligence. -**vat**, *a.* clever, skilful, experienced.

वैयय vaidarbha, *a.* (i) relating to Vidarbha; *m.* king of Vidarbha. *pl.* or °, the people of Vidarbha; *i. f.* princess of Vidarbha; (*sc. rita*) easy, euphonious, and simple diction (*rh.*): -**janani**, *f.* mother of Damayanti.

वैयय vaidaryya, *m. pat. fr.* vaidaryya or vidarvi.

वैयय vaidala, *a.* made of split bamboo (vidala); *m.* leguminous vegetable or grain; *n.* wicker-basket.

वैयय vaidika, *a.* (i) relating to, derived from, conformable to, or prescribed in the Veda, Vedic; *n.* Vedic passage or precept.

वैयय vaidisa, *m.* king of Vidisa. *pl.* inhabitants of Vidisa; *n. N.* of a town situated on the Vidisā.

वैयय vaidush-ya, *n.* [vidush, weak base of vidvas] learning.

वैयय vaidesika, *a.* (i) belonging to another country (videsa), foreign; *m.* stranger, foreigner; -**ya**, *a. id.*; *n.* separation in space.

वैयय videha, *a.* (i) belonging to the country of Videha (i; V.); *m.* king of Videha (vai-

V., C.); people of Videha (*pl.*); *a.* mixed caste, offspring of a Vaisya and of a Brāhmaṇa woman (in Manu) or of a Sādra and a Vaisya, being a trader by occupation: *i. f.* princess of Videha, *sp.* Sitā; woman of the Videha caste; long pepper; **-ka**, *a.* belonging to Videha; *m.* man of the Videha caste; trader; **-ika**, *m.* merchant; **-i-ban-dhu**, *m.* friend or husband of Sitā, Rāma; **-i-maya**, *a.* (i) engrossed with Sitā and consisting of long pepper.

वैय vaidya, *a.* versed in science (vidyā), knowing one's subject, learned; *m.* one versed in medical science, physician (*accounted a mixed caste*); -**ka**, *m.* physician; -**nātha**, *m.* master physician; *a.* form of Śiva; *N.*; -**vidyā**, *f.* science or text-book of medicine.

वैयय vaidyādharma, *a.* (i) relating or belonging to the Vidyādharas.

वैयय vaidyut-ā, *a.* belonging to or derived from lightning; flashing, brilliant (*as sikhi*, *m.* fire of lightning); *n.* (i) fire of lightning; -**kṛiāna**, *m. id.* [coral (vidruma)].

वैयय vaidruma, *a.* consisting or made of

वैय vaidha, *a.* (i) prescribed, expressly enjoined [vidhi].

वैयय vaidharu-ya, *n.* unlawfulness; dissimilarity, heterogeneity; -**sama**, *m.* fallacy based on dissimilarity (*in logic*).

वैयय vaidhava, *m. pat. of* Budha.

वैयय vaidhav-eya, *m.* son of a widow (vidhavā); -**ya**, *n.* widowhood; -**veni**, *f.* widow's braid.

वैयस vaidhus-ā, *a.* (i) derived from fate (vedhas; *śail of writing on the forehead*); *m. pat. of* Hariskandra.

वैयय vaidhāt-ā, *a.* (i) derived from Brahman or fate (vidhātri).

वैयय vaidhu-i, *f.* adverseness (*of fate*, °); -**ya**, *n.* [vidhura] isolation, desolation; lack, absence; desperate plight; -*m vi-dhā*, remove.

वैयय vaidheya, *a.* [afflicted by fate, vidhi] stupid, foolish; *m.* fool, idiot.

वैयय vainut-eyā, *m. met. (fr.* Vinutā) of Garuda. [nicanour

वैयय vainat-ya, *n.* [vinata] humble de-

वैययिक vainay-ika, *a.* (i) relating to moral conduct, disciplinary.

वैयय vaināyaka, *a.* (i) belonging to or derived from Gauṇa (Vināyaka).

वैयय vaināsika, *a.* believing in complete annihilation (vināsa); *m.* Buddhist; -**tantra**, *n.* -**samaya**, *m.* doctrine or system of the Buddhists.

वैयय vaindhyā, *a.* belonging to the Vindhya.

वैय van-yā, *m. pat. fr.* Vena: (**a**)-**svāmin**, *m. N. of a temple*.

वैयय viparit-ya, *n.* [viparita] contrariety, opposition, reverse. [man (vi-pasyat).

वैयय vaipasyat-ā, *a.* (i) peculiar to a wise

वैयय vaipul-ya, *n.* [vipula] spaciousness, largeness; breadth, thickness.

वैयय vuphal-ya, *n.* [viphala] fruitlessness, uselessness. [vibudha], divine.

वैयय vaibudha, *a.* (i) peculiar to the gods

वैयय vaibodhika, *m.* [vibodha] awakener of princes by announcing the time, bard or panegyrist of a king.

वैयय vaibhakt-ā, *a.* relating to a case-termination (vibhakti).

वैयय vaibhava, *n.* [vibhava] might, power; high position, greatness; grandeur, glory, magnificence.

वैयय vaibhāsh-ika, *a.* [vibhāsha] optional. [bhāna

वैयय vaibhishana, *a.* belonging to Vibhi-

वैयय vaibhrāg-ā, *n.* [vibhrāg] *N. of a celestial grove*.

वैयय vaimat-ya, *n.* [vimati] difference of opinion. [posed by Vinada

वैयय vaimada, *a.* (i) relating to or com-

वैयय vaimanas-ya, *n.* [vimanas] dejection, depression, melancholy.

वैयय vaimal-ya, *n.* [vimala] spotlessness, cleanness; clearness, pureness (*also fig.*).

वैयय vaimātr-ā, *a.* descended from another mother (vaimātri); *m.* bhrātri, *m.* step brother -**ka**, *m.* step-brother; **-ya**, *a.* descended from another mother; *m.* step-brother.

वैयय vaimān-ika, *a.* borne in a celestial car (vimāna); *m.* kind of celestial being; god

वैयय vaimukh-ya, *n.* [vimukha] aversion, repugnance, to (ic, °).

वैयय vaimūḍha-ka, *n.* [vimūḍha] male dance in female clothing. [prie.

वैयय vaimūl-ya, *n.* [vimūla] difference of

वैयय vaiyag-ya, *n.* [vyagra] devotion to, absorption in (°).

वैयय viyadhikaraya, *n.* [vyadhikaraya] non-agreement in case; relation to different subjects.

वैयय viyarth-ya, *n.* [vyartha] uselessness.

वैयय viyavahār-ika, *a.* conventional, usual, every-day (*less correct for* vyavahāra).

वैयय viyākaraṇa, *m.* [vyākaraṇa] grammarian.

वैयय viyāghra, *a.* [vyāghra] derived from the tiger, made or covered with tiger-skin; *n.* tiger-skin. [judence.

वैयय viyāt-ya, *n.* [viyāta] boldness, im-

वैयय viyāsa, *a.* derived from Vyāsa: -**ka**, *m. pat. fr.* Vyāsa; **-ika**, *a.* (i) derived from or composed by Vyāsa.

वैय vaira, *a.* [vira] hostile, vengeful (*AI*): *n.* (*Br. rare*; C) hostility, enmity, animosity, quarrel, feud (*often pl.*), with (*in* ± saha or sārddham, °); hostile host (*rare*) -**kara**, *a.* causing enmity; -**kār-in**, *a.* quarrelsome; (**i-tā**, *f.* quarrelsome; -**krit**, *a.* quarrelsome, hostile.

वैयय vairakt-ya, *n.* [virakta] growing in different or averse.

वैयय vairāṅ-ika, *a.* [viraṅga] free from all worldly desires.

वैयय vairat-ya, *incorr.* for vairaktya.

वैयय vairānirātana, *n.* requital of enmity, revenge.

वैयय vairanti, *f. N. of a town*.

वैयय vairantya, *m. N. of a king*.

वैयय vairābhāva, *m.* hostility; -**yātana**, *f.* requital of enmity, retaliation; expiation.

वैयय vairamaya, *n.* [vi-ramaya] conclusion of Vedic study.

वैरय virāya, *n.* [virāya] scarceness, fewness.

वैरिमुक्ति viri-mukṭi, *f.* requital of enmity, retaliation, revenge; -**vrata**, *n.* sworn enmity; -**sādhana**, *n.* cause or motive of hostility.

वैरस virāsa, *n.* [virāsa] disgust.

वैरसेनि viraseni, *m.* son of Virasena, *pat.* of Nala.

वैरस्य virasya, *n.* [virāsa] insipidness, bad taste; repugnance, disgust, of (*g.* *le.* -²).

वैराग्य virāgya, *n.* [virāga] growing pale (*rare*), loathing, aversion, disgust, of (*ab.* *le.* -²); indifference to worldly objects, weariness of life; -**tā**, *f.* aversion to (*prati*); -**śata**, *n.* century of worldly indifference, *T.* of the third century of Bhartihari's proverb.

वैराज virāḡ, *a.* belonging to or derived from Virāḡ; belonging or analogous to the metre Virāḡ, consisting of ten, decasyllabic, *n.* *N.* of a *śaman*, -**ya**, *n.* extended away

वैराट virāṭa, *a.* relating or belonging to Virāṭ, *king of the Matsyas*

वैरावधनि virāvanubandhi, *n.* entailing enmity; (-**tā**, *f.* entailment of enmity.

वैराय virāya, *den.* *Ā* behave inimically, begin hostilities against *ta*, *prati*: -**i-tāra**, *3 pl. fut.*, -**i-ta**, (*pp.*) *n.* hostility.

वैरायसन virāyāsana, *n.* battle (*r.* *r.* *virā* -).

वैरि viri, *a.* (i) relating or belonging

वैरिता viri-tā, *f.* enmity, hostility, to (*saha*); -**i-tva**, *n.* *id.*; -**in**, *a* inimical, hostile; *m.* *enem.*; -**i**, *f.* female enemy; -**i-bhū**, *turn into enmity.*

वैरूप virāṇṇ, *m.* *pat.* (*fr.* *virāṇṇ*) *pl.* a division of the Angurases; *n.* *N.* of various *Sāmans*.

वैरूप virāṇṇ, *n.* [virāṇṇ] multiplicity, diversity, difference; deformity (produced by, -**tā**, *f.* ugliness)

वैरोचन virōcana, *a.* solar; *m.* son of Virōcana, *pat.* of Bali; *N.* of a king

वैरोधक virōdha-ka, *a.* [virōdha] disagreeing (*food*); *n.* *N.*

वैलक्ष्य virākṣya, *n.* [virākṣya] disparity, diverseness (*in g.* or *ab. sense*).

वैलक्ष्य virākṣya, *n.* [virākṣya] feeling of shame, embarrassment; -**vata**, *a.* ashamed, embarrassed. [*unctive marks*]

वैलिङ्ग viriṅga, *n.* [viriṅga] lack of dis-

वैलोम viriloma, *n.* [viloma] inversion, topsyturveness. [*tended, had in view.*]

वैवक्षिक virivakṣhika, *a.* [virivakṣhā] in-

वैवक्षिक virivadhika, *m.* [= virivadhika] carrier (-**tā**, *f.* *abst.* *s.*; *i*, *f.* female hawker.

वैवर्ण्य virivarna, *n.* [virivarna] change of colour, [*control*]

वैवस्य virivasya, *n.* [virivasya] lack of self-

वैवस्य virivasvat-a, *a.* (i) derived from the sun (virivasvat); relating or belonging to Yama

वैवाहिक virivāhika, *a.* (i) nuptial; *n.* nuptials; -**ya**, *a.* nuptial (*fire*), connected by marriage (virivāha); *n.* nuptials.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *n.* [virivikṭa] deliverance from (-²).

वैवस्य virivasad-ya, *n.* [virivasada] cleanness, purity; brightness, freshness; distinctness, intelligibility.

वैवस्य virivasatā, *a.* (i) contained in or forming a tank -**vasanta**; *f.*

वैवसायन virivāsāyana, *m.* *pat.* (*fr.* *visāṇṇ*) *N.* of an ancient *Vedic* teacher; a pupil of Vyāsa in *E.*; *N.* of a son of Sukanda, transformed into a parrot

वैवस्य virivasā, *a.* [visāsa] bringing death (*day*), *n.* slaughter, butchery, war, strife, outrage; destruction, distress, calamity; ruin of affection.

वैवस्य virivasā, *incorr.* for virivāsāya.

वैवस्य virivāsā, *m.* [virivāsā] *N.* of a month (April-May); *Br.* *S.C.* churning-stick *C.*; *n.* *N.* of a town, -**i** relating to the month *Vaiśākha*; -**putra**, *n.* *N.* of a town, -**ragga**, rope of the churning-stick.

वैवस्य virivāsā, *n.* (i) experienced, expert, unerring (*intellect etc.*); a profound learning, -**ya**, *n.* experience, in (*le.*); clearness of intellect, infallibility.

वैवस्य virivāsā, *m.* *pat.* (*fr.* *virivāsā*) of Takṣaka.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* (i) relating to or treating of prostitution (*vaya*); associating with or versed in the arts of courtesans, *n.* harlotry.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *n.* [virivikṭa] peculiarity, distinction, difference; pre-eminence, superiority

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* (i) [virivikṭa] special, peculiar, specific, distinguished, pre-eminence; relating to, based on, or treating of the Vaiśākha doctrine; *m.* follower of the Vaiśākha system; *n.* peculiarity, Vaiśākha system of Kāvāla; -**ya**, *n.* peculiarity, distinction; pre-eminence, superiority, importance

वैवस्य virivāsya, *m.* [virivāsya] man of the people in the third caste; *n.* vassalage; *TS.* -**ka**, *f.* daughter of a Vaiśya, Vaiśya girl; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* position of a Vaiśya, -**putra**, *m.* son of a Vaiśya, -**bhāva**, *m.* position of a Vaiśya.

वैवस्य virivāsya, *f.* woman of the third caste; -**ya**, *m.* son of a Vaiśya woman; -**putra**, *m.* son of a Vaiśya, *not.* of Vyūṭau

वैवस्य virivāsya, *m.* [Virivāsya] *pat.* of Kubera.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* (i) derived from or sacred to Virivikṭya (*fr.* *Virivikṭya*)

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* connected with the Virivikṭya sacrifice (*fr.* *Virivikṭya*), having performed the Virivikṭya sacrifice (*S.*)

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* (i) belonging, sacred etc. to all the gods or to the Virivikṭya, *n.* a certain *Sāstra* (*Br.* *S.*), a kind of *Sādhya*, offering made by the householder morning and evening to the Virivikṭya (*C.*); -**ika**, *a.* belonging, sacred etc. to the Virivikṭya; suitable for the *Sādhya* for all the gods.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* [virivikṭya] manifold, diverse; *n.* universe; -**ya**, *a.* manifold, various; *n.* multiplicity, diversity

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* (i) belonging to all men; universal, dwelling or worshipped everywhere, generally known (*agni*, sacrifice; *fr.* *C.*); consisting of all men, present in full numbers (*fr.* *m.* *hrc.*); sun, sunlight (*fr.*); intellect conditioned by the aggregate

fr. *Viśvānara*; *N.*; *a.* -**datta**, *m.* *N.*; *i*, *f.* *a.* relating to or treating of Virivikṭya.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* relating to Virivikṭya; *m.* *pat.* *N.*; *i*, *f.* the *gāyatri* of Virivikṭya.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* inspiring confidence (virivikṭya), trustworthy.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *n.* [virivikṭya] inequality, change, -**ya**, *n.* unevenness of ground; inequality, diverseness, disproportion; difficulty; distress, affliction; injustice; harshness, unkindness; wrongness.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* (i) relating to the kingdom virivikṭya; relating to a particular sphere, concerning (*fr.*); pertaining to objects of sense.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* (i) derived from, relating, belonging, sacred, or devoted to Virivikṭya; *m.* worshipper of Virivikṭya; *i*, *f.* female energy of Virivikṭya, identified with *Purāṇa* and *Matras*; -**tva**, *n.* worship of or faith in Virivikṭya

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* (i) sacred to Virivikṭya and Virivikṭya (*fr.* *Virivikṭya*)

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *n.* [virivikṭya] dissimilarity, difference

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *n.* [virivikṭya] clearness, distinctness, manifestness

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* (i) belonging to a bird (*fr.* *Virivikṭya*)

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* (i) being or moving in the air (virivikṭya), aerial, *m.* sky-dweller; *n.* air

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *f.* chase.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *n.* exhaustion, debility

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *n.* *base* of *virivikṭya*

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *pp.* *virivikṭya*

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *pp.* [virivikṭya] to be drawn conducted, or led, to be led home, married (*girl*).

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* [virivikṭya] drawing bringing in, *fr.* waiting (*C.*); *m.* draught horse, *C.* bull, character, leader home of a girl, husband, bearer, carrier.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *m.* *N.* of an author (*twelfth or thirteenth century A.D.*)

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *N.* of a locality.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *inf.* *virivikṭya*

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *inf.* *virivikṭya*

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *m.* (having the shoulders apart, broad shouldered, *N.* of a demon vanquished by Indra (*fr.* *RT.*)) [*ceived or cheated.*]

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *pp.* *virivikṭya*, *inf.* *virivikṭya*

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *pp.* [virivikṭya] manifest, evident, distinct, clear, -**am**, *ad.* distinctly; certainly. -**tā**, *f.* manifestness, perceptibility -*m gram.* appear.

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *f.* manifestation, appearance, distinctness, clearness, distinction, difference; differentiated thing, important (*topp.* *gāṇ.*); grammatical gender -*m bhāṇ.* stand out clearly (*fr.* *RT.*)

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *m.* making manifest, -**bhāva**, *m.* becoming manifest

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *m.* manifest, -**bhā**, become manifest

वैविक्य virivikṭya, *a.* attending to no particular

point (*opp. ekaagra*), distraught, inattentive; bewildered, agitated; diverted from *everything else*, intent on, engrossed by, entirely occupied with (*in, loc. -*); frequently *said of fingers, hands, arms*: -*m*, ad with great excitement: -*tā*, *f.* intentness on (*-*); -*tva*, *n. id.*; distraction.

व्यु व्यङ्गा *vyāṅga*, *a.* deficient in limb, crippled: -*tā*, *f.* deficiency of limb, crippled condition; mutilation.

व्यु व्यङ्गा-या *vyāṅga-ya*, *den. P.* deprive of a limb, mutilate: *pp. ita* = -*ikṣana*, *a.* having a defective eye, one-eyed.

व्यु व्यङ्गार *vyāṅgāra*, *loc. e.*, when the charcoal is (out =) extinguished.

व्यु व्यङ्ग्य *vyāṅgya*, *fp.* (to be) made manifest: expressed by implication, suggested (*rh.*); *opp. vadya*, directly stated; *lakṣhya*, indicated).

व्यु व्यङ्ग *VIAG*, III. *P.* *vivṛāk*, *vivāk*, comprehend, contain (*V.*). *sam*, *id.* (*V.*); roll up (*RV.*).

व्यु व्यङ्ग *vyāṅg*, *as*, *n.* (*V.*) amplitude, capacity, compass; wide space; room: (*vyāṅga* = *vat*, *a.* (*V.*) spacious; expanded).

व्यु व्यङ्ग *VIAG* = *वीज* *VIJ*, fan, only *vi-vyajas* and *vyajeta*.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *vyāṅga*, *n.* fanning; fan, whisk (*often du.*): -*kriyā*, *f.* action of fanning; -*kāma*, *n.* tail of the Yak as a fan; -*i-kri*, use as a fan; -*i-bhū*, become a fan or whisk.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *vyāṅga*, *a.* (*ikā*) manifesting, showing; indicating: expressing implicitly, suggesting (*rh.*); *m.* expression of feeling.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *vyāṅga*, *n.* ornament (*RV.*); *C.* manifesting, indicating; indirect or symbolical expression, suggestion; mark, token, badge; insignia of a prince; sign of puberty (*heard, breasts, etc., sg. & pl.*); sauce, condiment; consonant.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *vyāṅga*, *m. N.*: -*maṅgala*, *m. N.*

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viāt-i*, *m.* steed (*RV.*).

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viāti-kara*, *m.* [*√kri*] mixture, blending, intermingling, contact, confluence, union, engaging in, undertaking (*-*); accident, misfortune, calamity: *-* *a.* combined or united with: -*vat*, *a.* mixed, of different kinds; -*karita*, *den. pp.* mixed with, pervaded by (*in, -*); -*krama*, *m.* passing by, deviating, swerving, or escaping from (*g.*); violation, infringement, neglect, or non-performance of (*g. or -*); offence, transgression, against (*g., -*); inverted order (*are*): -*krama*, *n.* transgression against any one (*-*); -*kramin*, *a.* transgressing against any one (*-*); -*krānta*, *pp. √kram*; *n.* transgression, offence; -*krānti*, *f.* transgression against (*-*); -*rikta-tā*, *f.* difference; -*reka*, *m.* separateness; exclusion, exception; negative; contradistinction or opposition to; contrast, antithesis (*rh.*): *in, ab, -*, to the exclusion of, excepting, without (*-*); -*rekin*, *a.* excluding, negating (*-*); -*rekhana*, *n.* contrasting (*in a comparison*); -*laṅghin*, *a.* slipping off; -*shaṅga*, *m.* reciprocal connexion, relation; entanglement; conflict of armies; interchange (*rare*); -*shaṅgin*, *a.* attached or clinging to (*-*); -*hāra*, *m.* interchange; alternation, reciprocity.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viāti-jita-kāla*, *a.* inopportune: -*ati-pāta*, *m.* kind of astronomical Yoga.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viāti-ya*, *m.* exchange, change; inversion; irregularity (*comm.*); (*karmasam* = wrong occupation): *in, ab, -*, *-*, inversely;

irregularly (*in gr.*); -*āsa*, *m.* interchange, change; inverted position; inversion: *in, ab.* inversely; alternately.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *VIATH*, I. *Ā.* (*P. metr.*) *vyātha*, waver, rock, reel, stumble, suffer harm (*mostly V.*); tremble (*E.*); be counteracted (*punon, C.*); be disquieted, agitated, or afflicted, suffer pain: *V. (C.)*; be afraid of anyone (*g.*; *E.*): *pp. vyathita*, tottering; changed (*completion*); disquieted, agitated, afflicted, troubled, distressed, despondent; *ex. vyathāya*, *P.* cause to waver or go wrong; divert from (*ab.*); disquiet, distress, vex, pain. *pra*, tremble, be frightened or distressed; *pp. atyāthita*, *vi*, *pp.* greatly discomposed or agitated.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *vyath-aka*, *a.* disquieting, distressing, painful (*speech*); -*ana*, *a.* distressing; *n.* tottering; feeling of pain; -*ayitri*, *a.* harassing (*acc.*); -*ā*, *f.* failure (*C.*); injury, loss (*Br, C.*); disquietude, distress, anguish, pain (*ord. mg.*; *C.*); -*m krā*, cause pain to (*g.*); give way to grief; (*vyāth*) = *ad. reel* (*ship*; *RV.*); unobserved by (*g.*), secretly (*V.*); or *n.* course, path.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *VIADH*, IV. *P.* (*Ā. metr.*) *vidhya*, pierce, perforate, hit, wound; transfix, overwhelm, supply, or affect any one (*acc.*) with (*in*); *ps. vidhyate*: *pp. viddha*, pierced, transfixed, hit, impaled on (*loc.*), wounded, injured; provided with (*in, -*); *ex. vyadhyaya* (*C.*), *vedhya* (*E.*) = simple verb *pp. vedhita*. *ati*, pierce, perforate. *viati*, *pp.* pierced; thrust through (*arm*). *anu*, hit afterwards (*one already wounded*); pervade or fill with (*in*); *pp.* pierced, hit; intertwined, inlaid, studded, filled, pervaded, or accompanied with (*in, -*); *apa*, drive away (*face*), cast aside; neglect (*sacred fires*); free oneself from (*evil, acc.*): *pp. apaviddha*, thrown away, cast aside, discarded; unoccupied; deserted, exposed (*child*); abandoned, neglected; set in motion (*spring*), transfixed. *ava*, *pp.* cast down, into (*loc.*); *V.* *ā*, throw into (*loc.*); drive away: *pp. āviddha*, shot (*arrow*); pierced; wounded; smashed (*clubs*); whirled, brandished; winding (*river*). *viā*, *pp.* whirling; displaced, dishevelled, distorted. *sam-ā*, whirl, brandish: *pp.* vibrating. *xi*, cast or hurl down (*V.*), break down (*strongholds*); *V.* pierce. transfix (*RV. E.*). *nis*, wound, hit, slay *pra*, cast, throw; transfix, wound. *vi-pra*, *pp.* violently shaken (*creep*). *prati*, shoot, shoot against (*V., E.*).

व्यु व्यङ्ग *vyadh-a*, *m.* piercing; hitting, striking (*with a missile*); -*ana*, *n.* piercing; pursuit of (*-*).

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viadbhikarama*, *a.* involving a different case-relation (*Bahuvrihi compound, the first member of which is not in apposition to the second, e.g. sarvaṇṇa-dhava, 'having his origin in a forest of reeds'*).

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viantara*, *n.* interval; lack of distinction; *m.* occupying an intermediate position, sprite (*among the Jains, including Pishas, Yakshas, Kinnaras, Gandharvas, etc.*).

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viapu-karsha*, *m.* exception; -*gama*, *m.* lapse (*of time*); disappearance, loss; -*trapā*, *f.* bashfulness, shyness; -*deṣa*, *m.* designation, appellation; mode of expression, statement; appeal to (*g.*); family name (*rare*); pretext, subterfuge. *in*, under some pretext (*± kenakati*); *m.* *-*, or *-tas*, under the pretence or guise of (*-*); -*deśaka*, *a.* designating; -*deśa-vat*, *a.* having a designation, designated; -*deś-in*, *a. id.*; designating (*-*); following the advice of (*-*); -*deśya*, *fp.* to be designated or named; -*blamed*;

-*naya*, *m.* withdrawal; -*nayana*, *n.* removal; -*nutti*, *f.* driving away; -*ropana*, *n.* plucking (*hair*), cutting off (*wings*); removal; destruction; -*vasga*, *n.* division in two, section; difference; cessation; -*sāraṇa*, *n.* removal.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viapāya*, *m.* departure, close, end; lack, absence; -*apā-ṛaya*, *l.* *m.* seat, abode; refuge, object of trust or reliance; *in*, in reliance or dependence on (*-*); *a.* (*-*) having its seat in, being in; taking refuge with, depending or relying on; 2. devoid of reliance on any one else, self-centred; -*apekṣā*, *f.* regard, consideration, for (*g., -*); expectation; requisite (*in sa.*); grammatical government; -*a. u. a.* regarding, considering; expecting; -*apeta*, *-* *a.* lacking, without; -*apotha*, *pp.* *v. √1. āh*; -*apoha*, *m.* removal; denial; -*apohya*, *fp.* (*√1. āh*) to be denied (*in a-*).

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viabhi-karama*, *n.* uncertainty; -*kāra*, *m.* divergence, disconnection; variability; failure; transgression, infidelity (*esp. of a woman*), towards (*g., loc., -*); change (*m a.* unchangeable, unswerving); violation or neglect of (*g.*); extension beyond (*-*); -*kāri-tā*, *f.* divergence; variability; -*kāritva*, *n.* variability or multiplicity of meaning; -*kārin*, *a.* straying from (*-*), deviating or diverging from (*ab.*); going astray, erring; unchaste, faithless (*woman*), towards (*g.*), changeable (*opp. sthāyin*, constant); violating, breaking (*an agreement, -*); -*māna*, *m.* erroneous view; -*hāna*, *m.* ridicule.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viabha*, *a.* cloudless, unclouded.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viaya*, *den.* spend, waste, squander: *pp. i-ta*.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viaya*, *a.* (going asunder), perishable (*only with a-vyaya*); *m.* destruction, downfall; disappearance, loss; diminution, failure; abandonment, sacrifice; expenditure or outlay (*of money, g. or -*); expense, cost, of (*-*), on behalf of (*-*); means, money (*rare*); declension (*gr.*); *rare*: -*ta*, *a.* disbursing; -*karma*, *n.* office of paymaster.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viayana*, *n.* departure (*RV.*); expenditure, waste (*C.*).

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viaya-vat*, *a.* spending much, extravagant; -*śālin*, *śāla*, *a.* extravagant, prodigal; -*saha*, *a.* bearing the strain of expenditure, inexhaustible; -*sahishnu*, *a.* bearing losses lightly.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viayi-kri*, sacrifice, abandon; spend, waste, squander.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viatha*, *a.* useless, unavailing, unprofitable, vain (*ord. mg.*), destitute of money (*rare*); excluded from, not entitled to (*in*); unmeaning, inconsistent (*rare*); -*in, ad.* uselessly, in vain; -*ka-tva*, *n.* uselessness; -*tā*, *f.* uselessness; meaninglessness, nonsense; falseness. -*m gam* or *ya*, become useless; -*m niyate*, becomes harmless; -*tva*, *n.* contradictoriness; -*yatna*, *a.* useless in its efforts; -*i-kri*, make useless or superfluous; -*i-bhā*, become useless.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *vi alika*, *a.* false, lying, hypocritical; *n.* pain, grief; falsehood, lie, fraud (*sta. pl.*), transgression, offence, misdeed.

व्यु व्यङ्ग *vi alkaśā*, *f.* kind of plant (*RV.*).

व्यु व्यङ्ग *viava-kkheḍa*, *m.* severance from (*in, -*); separation, dispersion (*in a-*); exclusion; distinction, discrimination; letting fly (*an arrow*): -*ta*, *a.* distinguishing; excluding; -*kkheḍya*, *fp.* to be excluded; -*dhāna*, *n.* interposition, intervention (*ord.*

mg.); cover; distinction, discrimination; interruption; conclusion: -**vat**, *a.* covered with (-); -**dhāyaka**, *a.* (ikh) intervening; interrupting, disturbing; -**dhārana**, *n.* specification; -**dhī**, *m.* covering; -**sāya**, *m.* strenuous labour; resolution, resolve, determination, purpose, to (*le*, *prati*, -); -**vat**, *a.* resolute, determined, enterprising; -**sāyin**, *a.* id. energetic; -**sita**, *pp.* √sā; *n.* resolve, purpose, enterprise; -**siti**, *f.* resolution, determination; -**sthā**, *f.* respective difference, distinction; continuance in one place (*rare*); fixity, permanence; fixed limit *rare*; decision, establishment, settled rule regarding (-); fixed relation of time or place *gr.*; state, condition, case *rare*; occasion, opportunity (*rare*); *m.* according to a fixed rule *le* in every single case; -**sthāna**, *n.* persistence, continuance, in (*le*, -); steadfastness; condition, *sg.* pl. circumstances; -**sthāpaka**, *a.* determining, settling, deciding; -**sthāpana**, *n.* encouraging, fixing, determining; -**sthāpaniya**, *fp.* to be determined; -**sthita-tva**, *n.* permanence, fixity; -**sthitī**, *f.* distinction; perseverance in *le*; constancy, steadfastness; fixity, permanence; fixed rule; -**hartavya**, *fp.* to be employed or used; *n.* *imps.* one should act or proceed; -**hartri**, *m.* one engaged on or occupied with (*m.*); transactor; judge.

बवहार viava-hāra, *m.* conduct, action; intercourse, with (*saha* *cr.* -); usage, custom, ordinary life, general practice, action or practice of, addition to, occupation or business with (*le*, -); transaction, business, traffic, trade, with (-); contract; litigation, lawsuit, with (*saha*), administration of justice, majority (*in law*), use of an expression, talk of (-); designation of *g.* **asmad-kūṭayā vyavahārah kārya**, everything must be done in accordance with our commands; **tair eva atra vyavahārah**, it is just those that are here meant. -**ka**, *m.* trader; -**gīa**, *a.* knowing the ways of the world, come of age; -**darana**, *n.* judicial investigation, trial; -**pāda**, *n.* legal case; -**pāda**, *m.* stage in a trial (there being four: *plaint, defence, proof, verdict*); -**yitavya**, *cs. fp.* (√*hri* to be occupied with (*in*); -**vat**, *a.* occupied with, dealing in (-); *m.* trader; -**vidhi**, *m.* legal procedure; -**sthāna**, *n.* legal case, -**sthitī**, *f.* legal procedure; -**asana**, *n.* judgment-seat.

बवहारिन् viava-hār-in, *a.* acting, proceeding (-); transacting business; *m.* trader, merchant. -**hārya**, *fp.* who may be associated with; -**hita**, *pp.* √*dhā*; -**hrit**, *a.* dealing in (-); -**hriti**, *f.* practice, conduct, action; intercourse; business dealings, trade; litigation, lawsuit.

बवाय viava-aya, *m.* intervention, interposition, separation by (*in*, -); copulation; -**avay-in**, *a.* intervening, separating. -**avaita-tva**, *n.* separation by (-).

बव viasva, *a.* horseless (*Br.*, *C.*); *m.* *N.* of a *Rishi* (*RV.*).

बवैत viasvait, *3 sg. aor.* √*vit*.

बवृष्टि viṣṭi, *f.* obtainment, success (*V.*); single or individual object, individuality (*le* *dānta phil.*, *opp.* *sam-ashṭi*); -**samashṭi-tā**, *f.* individuality or collectiveness.

व्यस VIAS, separate, divide: *only* *pf.* **vivyāsa** (*Le.* very rare).

व्यसन viyasa-n, *n.* [√*2. as*] wagging (*of a tail*); assiduity, in (*le*, *rare*); intense attachment or devotion to, inordinate addition to (*le*, -); passion, *esp.* evil passion, vice; favourite occupation, hobby; calamity, misfortune disaster distress, adversity often

pl.), need, evil plight (*commonest* *mg.*); destruction (*of treasure*), defeat (*of an army*), breaking (*of weapons*), accident in, evil effect of (-); setting *of sun or moon* -; -**prasarita-kara**, *a.* having the hand outstretched to inflict calamity; -**brahma-kārin**, *m.* companion in misfortune, -**vat**, *a.* having suffered injury in regard to; -**anvita**, *pp.* involved in calamity; -**āplata**, *pp.* overwhelmed with misfortune.

व्यसनिन् vyasa-ni, *a.* hard-working (*rare*); passionately devoted or intently addicted to (-); having a hobby (*rare*), addicted to evil passions, dissolute, vicious; unlucky, unfortunate, having had a misfortune with (-), struggling with *famine*; -**ā-tā**, *f.* fancy for *le*; -**ā-tva**, *n.* passionate devotion or attachment, evil passion; -**ā-tva**, *n.* addiction to (-).

व्यसनादय vyasana-udaya, *m.* du. setting and rising.

व्यसि viasi, *a.* swordless (*sheath*); -**asu**, *n.* lifeless, dead; -**asta**, *pp.* √*2. as*. -**pāda**, *n.* counter-plant.

व्या VYĀ. IV **vyaya**, cover, envelop: *A.* wrap an envelop oneself *m.* *le*, *V.* *pp.* **vita**, concealed *RF.*; covered or girt with (*m.*; *P.* **apa**, *ā* divest oneself of, deny (*int*; *C.* **ā**, *RI* put on (as a corset), *ac.*; wrap one-self in *le*. *npa*, put on the sacred cord over the left shoulder and under the right arm; -**ni**, put on or hang on *pp.* **nivita**, wearing the sacred cord. **pāri**, put on, wrap round; *V.* envelop oneself in *V.* *pp.* **pāri-vita**, wrapped or enveloped in, surrounded by (*m.*, -; *V.*, *C.*). **sam**, roll or cover up *RF.*; put on *ac.*, *V.*; envelop oneself in (*in*, *A.*, *V.*); provide or equip with (*P.*; *V.*) *pp.* **samvita**, wrapped in, covered with, surrounded by, obscured by, provided with (*m.*); covered, clothed; put on *garment*, conived at by (-).

व्याकरण viā-karana, *n.* separation, discrimination (*trav.*); development, creation (*trav.*); analysis, grammar; grammatical correctness; -**karta**, *m.* developer, creator; -**kāra**, *m.* development, detailed description; -**kina**, *pp.* √*kri*; *n.* confusion of cases.

व्याकुल viā-kula, *a.* [√*kra*] filled with, full of (*m.*); overcome with *sleep*, intently engaged on, busy with (-), bewildered, agitated, confounded, distracted (*ord. mg.*); confused of things, quivering (*lightning* -; *m.* *ad.* -**tā**, *f.* intention on (-); perplexity, agitation, -**tva**, *n.* id.

व्याकुल्य vyākulya-ya, *den.* *P.* agitate, distract; throw into confusion *ita*, *pp.* filled with, full of (-), confused, bewildered, distracted *ord. mg.*; deranged; destroyed.

व्याकुलाबाप vyākula-āpā, *a.* speaking confusedly and being out of tune *late*.

व्याकुलीकृत vyākuli-kṛta, *pp.* filled with, full of (*m.*), bewildered, perplexed, put to confusion; -**bhūta**, *pp.* reduced to confusion, bewildered, perplexed.

व्याकृति viā-kṛti, *f.* separation, discrimination (*Br.*); detailed description *C.*; explanation (*C.*); -**kopa**, *m.* contraction, -**kosa**, *a.* expanded, bloated; open hand -**kokanada**, *a.* having expanded red lotuses. -**tā**, *f.* *abst.* *v.*; -**kriyā**, *f.* evolution, creation, -**kro-a**, *m.* revilement, abuse; -**kroci**, *f.* *id.*; screech; -**kshepa**, *m.* abuse *rare*; distraction *of mind*; -**kshepin**, *a.* driving away -; -**khyā**, *f.* explanation, exposition, comment; -**khyātavya**, *fp.* to be explained; -**khyātri**, *m.* expounder; -**khyāna**, *a.* (*i.*) *C.* explaining, elucidating; reminding of, resembling

(*g.*); *n.* narration (*Br.*); recitation (*Br.*); explanation, exposition, comment (*Br.*, *C.*); -**khyāna-ya**, *den.* *P.* communicate, narrate (*Pr.*); -**khyā-sthāna**, *n.* school; -**khyeya**, *fp.* to be explained; -**ghatana**, *f.* friction; -**ghāta**, *m.* blow, stroke, shot, impact, defeat, commotion, agitation, hindrance, obstacle; (*logical*) contradiction; *a.* rhetorical figure in which opposite effects are shown to arise from the same cause, an astronomical Yoga. -**ghāra**, *n.* sprinkling around (*in ritual*).

व्याघ्र viā-ghra, *m.* [scenter: *v.* *ghrā*; *not* in *RI*, but often in *AI*.] tiger (*type of manhood*); *le*, *C.* tiger wooing = pre-eminence, chief; *N.*; *a.* -**keta**, *m.* *N.*; -**karma**, *n.* tiger-skin; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* tigerhood; -**pād**, *m.* *N.*; -**parākrama**, *m.* *N.*; -**pāda**, *m.* *N.*; -**bala**, *m.* *N.*; -**bha**, *m.* *N.* of a warrior. -**sona**, *m.* *N.*

व्याघ्री viāghri-ī, *f.* tigress.

व्याज viāga, *m.* (*n.*) [√*āṅ*] deceit, fraud, deception, pretence, semblance, pretext, treacherously, deceitfully, to all appearance, in appearance only, simulated, deceitful, *m.* *ab.* under the pretext or guise of (-); *a.* having only the appearance of, appearing in the form of, -**nidrita**, *pp.* feigning sleep. -**maya**, *a.* simulated, hypocritical.

व्याजय vyāya-ya, *den.* *P.* deceive.

व्याजसुप्त vyāya-supta, *pp.* feigning sleep, in feigned sleep; -**stuti**, *f.* ironical praise. -**ukti**, *f.* dissimulating statement (*by* at tributing an emotion to a false cause *th*).

व्याड vyāda, *m.* beast of prey.

व्याडि vyādi- (*or* *li*), *m.* *pat.* (*fr.* *vyādi*) of envious men. [√*āya*, *a.* open-mouthed]

व्याप्त viā-tta, *pp.* [√*t* *dā*] opened wide.

व्याप्तुषी viātyuṣi, *f.* mutual splashing.

व्यादान viādāna, *n.* opening (of the month).

व्यादीर्घ viā-dīgha, *a.* long extended; -**de**, *m.* detailed or special injunction.

व्याध viādha, *m.* [√*vyadh*] hunter to mixed ends. -**giti**, *f.* decoy cry of a hunter.

व्याधाय viādha-ya, *den.* *V.* represent a hunter.

व्याधि viā dhi, *m.* [√*dhā* disorder] disease, sickness, ailment. -**āta**, *m.* plague of a -**ta**, *den.* *pp.* diseased, sick, ailing.

व्यान viānā, *m.* [√*an*] breath; *as one of the five vital airs, that which is diffused throughout the body*.

व्यापक viāpaka, *a.* (ikh) pervading, widely diffused, invariably concomitant, inherent (*in hope, as fire in smoke*). -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* diffusion, influence.

व्यापत्ति viā-patti, *f.* calamity, misfortune, derangement, injury, failure, ruin, death, disappearance, substitution *of a letter* *comp.* -**pād**, *f.* calamity, misfortune, loss, failure, disappearance, destruction; fatal deed.

व्यापन् viāpāna, *n.* pervading, filling. -**āpaniya**, *fp.* to be pervaded or filled.

व्यापाद् viā-pāda, *m.* ruin, destruction, death; evil intent; -**ka**, *a.* fatal disease. -**pādāna**, *n.* destruction, killing, death by (-); -**pāda-niya**, *fp.* to be destroyed or killed. -**tā**, *f.* necessity of being killed. -**pādāyitavya**, *fp.* to be destroyed or killed. -**pāra**, *m.* [√*3. pri*] occupation, employment, business, concern, action, operation, function, exertion, effort, occupation with, practice of *etc.*; **anyakānam**, business of arrows *i.e.* to hit

the mark); -m **kri**, render good offices in a matter (tats); perform the business of (g.); meddle in (other people's affairs, lc.); -m **vrag**, interfere with (lc.); -**pāra-ka**, a. (-^o) having - as a function; -**pāra-vat**, a. effective; -**tā**, f. possession of the function of (-^o); -**pāra-rata**, n. hundred attempts; -**pārita**, ca. pp. √3. pri; -**pāria**, a. occupied with (-^o); m. workman.

बापिन् viāp-in, a. widely diffused, all-pervading; -^o, extending over, pervading, reaching to; (-ā)-**tva**, n. wide diffusion, universality; extension to (-^o).

बापुत viā-pita, pp. (√3. pri); m. official.

बापुत viāpita, pp. (√āp) pervaded etc.; -**deha**, a. extending over the whole body; (ā)**pti**, f. obtaining, accomplishment (f.); pervasion, permeation; invariable concomitance (inlogic); universality; universal rule; -**ka**, -^o a. id., -**mat**, a. extending; all-pervading, universal; -**āpya**, fp. that in which anything is contained or inherent (e. g. smoke, in which fire inheres); -**tva**, n. inherence in (-^o).

बाम viāma, m. [for vi-vāma: stretch-out] measure of the extended arms, fathom; -**mātra**, a. (f) measuring a fathom.

बामिश्र viā-misra, a. mixed, blended; mingled with, accompanied by, provided with (m., -^o); manifold; equivocal (speech); distraught; i.e. when both cases occur at the same time (g.); -**moha**, m. loss of consciousness; mental confusion, infatuation; uncertainty regarding (-^o); -**yata-tā**, f. openness (of the mouth); -**yata-tva**, n. robustness, muscular development; -**yata-pātam**, abs. flying from afar (arrow); -**yāmā**, m. combat, strife (rare); athletic exercise; exertion or practice in (-^o); -**bhūmi**, f. exercising ground, -**śālā**, f. gymnasium.

बाह्य viāla, a. treacherous, wicked, vicious (esp. of elephants); m. vicious elephant; beast of prey; serpent; -**grāha**, -**grāhin**, m. snake-catcher; -**tva**, n. condition of a vicious elephant; -**mrga**, m. beast of prey.

बाह्य viā-lamba, a. hanging down, pendent; -**lambin**, a. id.; -**lola**, a. flickering, waving, tremulous; -**lola**, n. moving to and fro; -**avakroci**, f. mutual abuse; -**varta-ka**, a. (ikā) removing, excluding; n. characterisation; -**tā**, f. -**tva**, n. exclusion; -**vartana**, a. (i) removing, excluding; averting; n. turning (of a road, f.), coil (of a snake); -**vartaniya**, fp. to be taken back; -**vartya**, fp. to be removed or excluded.

बावहारिक vyāvahāri-ka, a. (i) relating to everyday life (vyāvahāra), prevalent in the world, customary, currently termed; real (opp. ideal); bearing on legal cases; social; m. official; n. trade, business (f.).

बाविवृत्सु viā-vivritsu, des. a. wishing to rid oneself of (ab., -^o); -**vrit**, f. (f.) distinction, precedence of (in, g.); cessation; -**vrit-ta-tva**, n. incompatibility with (-^o); -**vritti**, f. deliverance from (ab.); exclusion from, loss of (ab.); exclusion (pr.); discrimination, distinction; difference.

बास viāsu, m. (√2. as) separation; detailed account (m., ab., -^o); -**tas**, in detail; N (arranger) of a mythical sage, the reputed editor or compiler of various extensive works (the Vedas, the Mahābhārata, the Purāṇas, the Vedānta etc.), and regarded as the son of Parāśara and Satyaṛati.

बास viā-saṅga, m. attachment, adherence; devotion to, longing for, passion for (lc., -^o); connexion (rare); distraction (rare).

बाससमासतस् vyāsa-samāsa-tas, ad. in a detailed and a concise manner; -**samāsin**, a. detailed and concise.

बासिध viā-sedha, m. hindrance, interruption; -**hata-tva**, n. contradictoriness; -**hati**, f. logical contradiction; -**hanasya**, a. extremely lecherous (Br.); -**hantavya**, fp. to be transgressed; -**harsana**, n. utterance; -**harta**, fp. to be told to (lc.); -**hāra**, m. utterance, discourse, conversation; talk about (-^o); song (of birds); humorous remark (dr.); -**maya**, a. (i) consisting of speeches or discourses about (-^o); -**hārin**, a. (-^o) speaking, talking; singing (bird); resounding with; -**hāvam**, abs. separating by the interposition of the āhava (Br.); (ā)**-hrita**, pp. √hri; n. speaking, talking, discourse; inarticulate speech (of animals), song (of birds); (ā)**-hriti**, f. utterance, declaration, statement; mystical exclamation (of formulae consisting of disconnected words, esp. the three bhār bhuvah svar).

बुद्ध vi bhkhu, pr. base, √3. vas; -**ukkh-anti**, f. pr. pb. id.; -**ukkhān**, 3 pl. pr. subj. √3. vas, -**ukkhāti**, f. interruption; -**ukkheda**, m. id.; -**ākya**, fp. n. imp. [√vak] one should interrupt (f.); -**āta**, pp. √4. vā; -**utkrama**, m. transgression; inverted order; -**utkrānta**, pp. (√kram) departed; -**ivita**, a. whose life has departed, lifeless; -**ut-thā-tavya**, fp. n. one should desist from; -**ut-thāna**, n. awaking (at certain stage in Yoga); neglect of duties; -**utpatti**, f. derivation, etymology; growth in knowledge, education, culture, comprehensive learning; -**mat**, a. cultured; -**utpādaka**, a. deriving, explaining etymologically; -**utpādana**, n. derivation from (ab); -**utpādyā**, fp. to be derived; -**explained**; -**udaka**, a. waterless; -**udāsa**, m. abandonment (rare); rejection, exclusion; end (rare); -**uparāma**, m. tranquillization, cessation; close (of day); -**upa-sama**, n. cessation; -**ushita**, pp. 1. √vas, dwell; 2. √vas, shine; n. daybreak (only lc.); -**ūsha**-**la**, pp. (√vas) dawned etc.; (vi) -**ushit**, f. flush of dawn (f.); reward for (g, lc., -^o), regal (good or evil); grace, beauty (are)

बुद्ध vi bhkhu (f. -**ūkhā**), pp. √ūh and √vāh; -**ākhaṇḍas**, a. having the mattress shifted (B.); -**ānu**, a. having the knees separated; -**urasa-ka**, a. brown-chested.

बुद्ध VI ŪH, Ā. vyūha (treated as a root), draw up in battle-array; rare, almost exclusively B.; **prati**, Ā. array oneself against (ac.), draw up (an army) against any one.

बुद्ध vi bhā, m. shifting, displacement; distraction (of semi-vowels or compound vowels); distribution, disposition (rare); military array, troops in battle-array (ord. mg.); aggregate, host, multitude; Puruṣottama's quaternity as Vāsudera, Saṃkārakana, Pradyumna, and Anurūḍha; detailed exposition (rare); section, chapter; -**ra/anānu vi-āha**, assume a warlike attitude.

बुद्ध vi bhā-**anu**, m. displacement, separate disposition; development; -**i-kri**, draw up in battle-array, marshal.

बुद्धि vi riddhi, f. exclusion, loss (f.); failure (f.); -**scarcity** (C.).

बेनस vi enas, a. guiltless (RV.¹); (vi) -**eni**, a. f. various-tinted (dawn); RV.¹).

बोकार vyokāra, m. blacksmith.

बोमग vyoma-ga, a. sky-going, flying; m. aerial or celestial being; -**gaṅgā**, f. heavenly Ganges; -**gamaṇa**, a. (i) w. vidyā, f. magical art of aerial flight; -**gamin**, a. sky-going,

flying; -**kara**, a. id.; m. planet; -**kārin**, a. id.; m. god.

बोमग vi goman, n. heaven, sky, atmosphere, air; either (as an element; rare, C.); preservation (TS.); in. **vyomā**, **vyoma-mārga**, **vyoma-vartmanā**, through the air (fly, etc.).

बोमव्यापिन् vyoma-vyāpin, a. filling the air; -**sarit**, f. celestial Ganges; -**stha**, a. being in the sky; -**spria**, a. touching the sky, very lofty; -**ekānta-vihārin**, a. moving exclusively in the air (bird).

व्रज VRAG, I. P. (Ā. metr.) **vṛga**, gn. walk, proceed, travel (ac, in, of road, ac of distance), move (of inanimate objects, clouds, etc.); go to (ac, rarely lc.), reach (ac); go in order to (inf, d. of obl. s., or m. a., gr.), have intercourse with a woman (ac); go against, attack an enemy (± vidvisham, dvishato, bhimukham); depart, from (ab), leave the country; pass away (time); attain, obtain, undergo, get into a condition (very common w. an abst. s. in ac like gam, i, and other rbs. of going, and to be translated like them); **ādhas** -, sink downwards (to hell), pass down, be digested (food); **anyatā** -, go elsewhere; **dhurya** -, travel with beasts of burden; **padbhya** -, go on foot; **paramān gami** -, attain supreme bliss; **punar** -, return to this life; **vara** -, take refuge with (ac); **ati**, walk past; fly past (birds), pass through, traverse **viati**, overstep (boundary); **anu**, go after, follow, accompany (ac; ord. mg.); betake oneself to, visit; enter into a condition (rare); e. **saṅgam**, attach oneself; **ā**, approach, come to, arrive at (ac); return (± punar). **prati** -, return (in, of road). **prati** ud, go out to meet **pāri**, walk about, walk round (ac); wander about as an ascetic mendicant. **pra**, proceed, depart, from (ab), set out, to (ac, d, lc.); wander forth as an ascetic mendicant, from (ab), to (ac); pp. **pravra** / **ita**, gone away, departed, to (ac); having left home to be an ascetic mendicant (fourth stage) or with **vanam**, to be an ascetic (third stage); es. **pravrāya**, P. banish, from (ab), to (ac) **anu-sam**, go behind, follow (ac). **upa-sam**, enter into (a house, ac).

व्रज vrag-i, m. (n. RV.¹) fold, stall, cowpen; herdman's station (C.); herd, flock, swarm, host, multitude (C); (vra) / **ana**, n. roaming, going (elsewhere: C); path (RV.¹).

व्रजसुद्धरी vrag-suddhāri, f. cowherdess; -**stri**, f. id.; -**āṅgaṇā**, f. id.

व्रज्या vrag-yā, f. gait; division, group, class.

व्रण vrama, m. (n.) wound; sore, boil, tumour; flaw, blemish; -**granthi**, m. scar; -**pa** / **a** -**ka**, m., i -**kā**, f. bandage on a wound; -**bharit**, a. wounded.

व्रण्य vrama-ya, den. P. wound; pp. **ita**, wounded; ulcerated; -**hrdaya**, a. heart-stricken.

व्रण्यत vrama-yat, a. wounded; -**viropana**, a. sore-healing; n. causing a wound to heal.

व्रणित vran-in, a. wounded; covered with sores.

व्रत vira-tā, n. [willed: √vri: perh. old pp.] 1. f.: will, command, law, ordinance; dominion; service, obedience; realm; regular sphere or function; 2. f., C.: operation, action, doings, conduct, manner, mode of life (with sukī = clear conscience); religious rite or service; duty, towards (-^o); religious or ascetic observance taken upon oneself, aus-

terity, vow, rule, holy work (such as fasting and continence); 3. C.: vow (in general), resolve, to (d., loc. of vbl. N., -); ab. in consequence of a vow; (ś)-m kar, observe a vow, esp. practise chastity.

व्रतग्रहण vrata-grahana, n. taking of a religious vow, turning mendicant; -nimittam, ad. in order to fulfil a religious vow; -karyā, f. performance of a religious work or observance; -kār-in, a. practising a religious observance, observing a vow; (-i)-kā, f. observance of a vow.

व्रतति vrātati (sts. i), f. creeper.

व्रतदान vrata-dāna, n. imposition of a vow; -dhara, a. practising a vow (only -); -dhār-ana, n. fulfilment of religious observances or of duties, towards (g., -); (ś)-pati, m. lord of religious rites (Agni); V.; -pā, a. guarding the sacred law (V.); -pāra-na, n. conclusion of a fast, eating after a fast; -pradāna, n. imposition of a fast; -bhāṅga, m. breach of a vow; -bhārit, a. bearing the sacred law or rite (Agni); -rūki, a. delighting in vows etc., religious; -lopa, m. breach of a vow; -lopana, n. id.; (ś)-vat, a. fulfilling or practising a vow; -āyā-grīha, n. sleeping apartment for the performance of a vow; -sāmpādāna, n. fulfilment of a vow or religious duty; -stha, a. practising a vow etc.;

-sthita, pp. id.; -smāta, pp. having completed one's vows (but not Vedic study); -ka, a. id.; -smāna, n. completion of one's vows; -hāni, f. neglect of vows; -ādeca, m. imposition of a vow, esp. of the first vow of the Brahmakārin; -ādeca, n. initiation into a vow; -visarga, m. pl. initiation into and completion of a vow.

व्रति vrati-in, a. engaged in a religious observance, practising a vow; -°, practising, worshipping; behaving like.

व्रद् VRAD, व्रद् VRAND, Ḍ. vradate, become soft, give way (RV.).

व्रदि vradi-in, a. growing slack (RV.).

व्रश् VRASK [present base extension of √vrik], VI. P. vradā, cut down, hew off, cut in pieces, cleave, fell (tree); ps. vrikate: pp. vrikna, cut down, felled, cleft, Ḍ. sever from, set at variance with (d., loc. V.); VI. hew in pieces (V., P.).

व्रश्न vradś-ana, a. cutting down; suitable for cutting down; n. cutting down, hewing in pieces; incision (in a tree); m. resin obtained from incisions in trees.

व्रा vrā, f. host, troop (RV.).

व्रात vrāta, m. assemblage, troop; association, guild; swarm (of bees); host, multitude.

श S.

शयु śam-yū, a. benevolent, beneficent (V.); prosperous (C.); m. N. of a son of Bṛhaspati.

शयुवाक śamyn-vāka, m. sacred formula containing the words śam yoh; n. anta, a. ending with the formula śamyōh.

शंस SAMS, I. P. śāmsa (Ḍ. guly. metr.), recite, sing (esp. hymns or verses to the gods, sp. of the Hotri in ritual. V.); praise, extol (V., C.); promise to (d.), wish anything (ac.) to (d., RV.); announce, report, tell (declare, - to be (2 ac.), say, - who or where any one (ac.) is (C., ord. mg.), indicate, show, bespeak (C.); announce, prognosticate (C.); ps. śasyāto: pp. śasta, recited, sung (V.), praised, extolled, recommended; auspicious; beautiful; happy; śamsita, praised, praiseworthy (rare); es. P. śamsaya, cause to recite; announce, foretell. ati, recite beyond (Br.); pass over in reciting Br. n. anu, recite or praise after any one (V.). abhi, accuse, traduce, praise (E., rare); ps. be in bad repute; pp. accused, threatened. ene, Ḍ. Ḍ. (rarely P.) hope for, expect, reckon on, strive after (ac., etc. d., loc. inf., ft. w. na, have no hope, that, ft. or yadi + pr. or pot.); wish, long for or to (ac., inf.); recite; announce, foretell (P.). pp. śamsita, declared to be (am.) by (m.); es. give hope of (loc.; RV.). pra, proclaim, praise, extol; foretell (conj.): pp. praśasta, praised, extolled, for (loc.); recommended, approved, esteemed, deemed good or suitable; auspicious. vi, recite (RV.); divide in reciting (Br.). sam, recite together (I.).

शंस śams-a, m. (V.) call, invocation, praise; promise; blessing; curse; Ḍ. f. (C.) praise (rare); announcement (E., rare).

शंस śams-atha, m. conversation (rare); -ana, n. recitation; announcement; -aniya, fp. praiseworthy; -itri, m. reciter; -in, a. (-) reciting; announcing, declaring, showing, telling of, mentioning; foretelling, prognosticating; -avya, fp. to be recited (Br.);

(śams)-tri, m. reciter (V.); (śams)-ya, fp. to be recited (RV.); praiseworthy (I.).

शक् 1. SAK, V. P. śaknōti, be able, be competent, have power to (inf., ac. d. loc. of vbl. N.); effect; ps. śakate, be overcome, succeed; yield to importantly with inf. be able to be + inf. ps. e.g. na śakante niyantum, cannot be restrained by (m. inps. be possible. pp. śakta, capable, able equal to (in., d., g., loc. V.); a match for (g., prati, inf.); śakita, with na, unable to be + ps. inf., des. śakha, q. 1.

शक् 2. SAK, II. P. śagdhī (impr.) etc., help any one (d.; RV.); help to anything (g.; V.). Ḍ. RV. ul; invite to (ac.)

शक् 1. śaku, n. dung (IV., rare).

शक् 2. śaku, m. N. of a fair-skinned people, the Indo-Scythians; -kāla, m. the Śaka era A. N. 78, founded by Śālisthana.

शकच śakaku, m. N.

शकट śakata, m. (rare), n. cart, waggon; n. with prāṇapāya or rohinī, (nani) ashvāsu Rohit regarded as a cart; m. kind of military array; m. N. of an Asura slain by Viśnu or Kṛishna -dāsa, m. N., -sārtha, m. train of carts, caravan.

शकटार śakatāra, m. N. of a monkey, 1a, m. N. of the minister of king Nanda.

शकटाचल śakatācala, m. a kind of aquatic bird.

शकटिका śakatikā, f. little cart, toy-cart; -in, a. possessing a cart; m. owner of a cart; -i, f. cart.

शकन śak-un (or -ān), n. ordure (only śaknū, śaknās, and śakabhī). [AV.].

शकभर śakam-bharā, a. bearing ordure

शकल śaka-la, m. a splint, log; fragment, piece, bit; potsherd, spark (-° w. kriśanu-), half (ac. kandra, half-moon); half of an egg-

व्रात vrāt-ya, m. (vrāta) member of a va-grant gang; member of an extra-Brahmanical association, outcast; Ḍ. f. outcast woman; (a)-kā, f. living as a Vratia; -stoma, m. (± kratu) kind of ekāha sacrifice.

व्राध VRADH, only vrādhanta and pr. pt. vrādhata, wax mightily pr. 1t mightily (RV.).

व्रि vris, f. finger (RV.).

व्रीड VRID, I. Ḍ. vridā, be ashamed; pp. vridita, ashamed, abashed.

व्रीड vrid-a, m., Ḍ. f. (more common) shame, bashfulness (ś)-vat, a. ashamed, abashed.

व्रीहि vrihi, m. rice; pl. grains of rice; 1-mat, a. mixed with rice; growing rice field; -maya, a. made of rice.

व्रीहिन vrihi-m, a. growing rice (field).

वृड VRUD, only pp. vradita, sunk; strayed (in a forest).

वृग् VLAG, seize, crush, throttle, only with abhi, gl. -vlagya RV.).

व्री VRI, IX. P. vrināti, vrināti, (V) crush; ps. vliyate, collapse. pra, crush; pp. pravina.

shell; half-verse ś-ni kri, break in pieces, disspate. [pp. ita, vi, ul]

शकलय śakala-ya, den. break in pieces;

शकलोत् śakali-kri, break in pieces; -bhā, go to pieces

शकवत्सर śaku-vat-sara, m. year of the Śaka era, -varsha, m. n. id.; -sthāna, n. N. of a country.

शकार śa-kāra, m. letter s; brother of a king's concubine (a character of ill-repute in plays, so called because he always pronounces s and sh as c).

शकुन śak-unā, m. [strong] bird (esp. of large birds and such as give omens; a good omen -gna, a. knowing omens; -gāna, n. knowledge of omens, augury; -devatā, f. deity presiding over a good omen; -śatra, n. doctrine of omens; -adhiśthātṛi, a f. presiding over good omens deity).

शकुनि śak-ūni, m. bird (esp. large); N. of an Asura, N. of a king of Gāndhāra, son of Śakala, and maternal uncle of the Kaurava prince, N. of Asoka's grandfather, 1-kā, f. hen-bird; N. 1-vāda, m. first song of birds at dawn (Br.).

शकुन्त śakūnta, m. bird.

शकुन्तला śakūntalā, f. N. of an Apsaras Br.; N. of a daughter of Vasānmitra and Bhadrak, wife of Dushyanta, and mother of Bharata.

शकुन्ति śakūnti, m. bird.

शकुर śakura, a. tame, quiet (animal).

शकुल śakulā, m. kind of fish.

शकृत् śakrit, n. ordure, excrement (am., ac., in mg., -pina, m. lump of dung.

शक्त śak-ta, pp. able etc.; m. N.

शक्ति 1. śak-ti, f. ability, capacity, power, strength, skill, to (g., loc. inf., -); efficacy

(of a remedy etc.); regal power (which comprises the three elements, prabhāva, majesty, utāha, energy, and mantra, council); active power or female energy of a deity (esp. of Śiva); force of a word, signification, function, case-nation; creative power of a poet, imagination: *in. śakti* (± *atma* or *sva*), according to ability; *param śakti*, with all one's might; *śaktim ābhāṣayitvā*, not relaxing one's efforts, exerting oneself to the utmost.

शक्ति 2. suk-ti-f. (RV.) help; bestowal, gift.

शक्ति 3. sāk-ti (or ti), m. (RV., C.) spear.

शक्ति 4. sakti, m. N. of a son of Vasishtha and father of Parāśara.

शक्तिकर sakti-kara, a. producing strength; -*kumāra*, m. N.; -*gṛha*, a. knowing his powers; -*tas*, a. according to ability; -*dava*, m. N.; -*dhava-vat*, a. possessed of two powers; -*dhara*, a. bearing a spear; m. ep. of Skanda; N.; -*dhava*, m. ep. of Skanda; -*nātha*, m. ep. of Śiva; -*spād*, m. (holding a spear in his hand), ep. of Skanda; -*mat*, a. possessed of power, mighty, capable, able, to (inf., *lc. of* *ab* A.), provided with a female energy (*god*); -*tva*, n. possession of power; -*moksha*, m. loss of power and discharge of a spear; -*vasas*, f. N. of a fairy, after whom the tenth *tantra* of the *Kāthāsaritsāgara* is called; -*rakshita* -*ka*, m. N. of a prince of the *Kirāta*; -*vara*, m. N. of a warrior; -*vega*, m. N. of a fairy, -*sena*, m. ep. of Skanda; -*hara*, a. depriving of strength.

शक्त्वा sāk-mān, n. (RV.) capacity, skill; undertaking, labour.

शक्त्वा sak-ya, fp. possible, practicable, capable of being (inf. *v. ps. mg.*); -*m*, n. is used impersonally or with a subject in a different gender or number; to be subdued, conquerable; literal, explicit (meaning opp. initiated or suggested); -*pratikāra*, a. capable of removal, remediable; -*rūpa*, a. probably not to be (ref. *v. ps. mg.*); -*śakha*, a. admitting of doubt; -*sāmanta-tā*, f. condition in which neighbouring kings are conquerable.

शक्र sak-rā, a. (V.) mighty, strong (*regular* ep. of Indra); m. (C.) Indra: (a) -*kārmuka*, m. rainbow; -*kāsh/ā*, f. east; -*ketu*, m. Indra's banner; -*gopa* -*ka*, m. cochineal; -*kāpa*, m. rainbow; -*yit*, m. Indra's vanquisher, ep. of Meghānāda, son of Rāvana; -*tva*, n. Indra's dignity; -*danti*, m. Indra's elephant, Atināva; -*dis*, f. Indra's quarter, east; -*ghanas*, m. rainbow; -*pa*, m. lowering of Indra's flag; -*pura*, n., i. f. Indra's city; -*bhāsana*, n. rainbow; -*bhākha*, m. (?) hemp; -*loka*, m. Indra's world.

शक्रायुध sakri-ayudha, n. Indra's weapon, rainbow; -*avana*, n. hemp; -*āsana*, n. Indra's throne

शक्र sāk-van, a. (r-i) capable, efficient, skilful; m. (V.) artificer.

शक्र sak-vara, m. [powerful] bull.

शक्वरी śakvārī, f. kind of verses or hymns (*pl.*); an *atikkhandas* metre of 7 x 8 syllables, later, any metre of 4 x 14 syllables.

शम śam-ud, a. (V.) helpful, bounteous, kindly; quiet (*speed*).

शङ्क ŚANK, I. (P.) *Ā. śaṅka*, be anxious, be apprehensive or distrustful (of *ab.*), fear, dread (ac.); distrust, suspect (any one, ac.); hesitate, be in doubt; doubt (ac.); assume, believe, in or of any one (ac.) suppose to be (2 ac.); think, imagine, fancy; *śaṅko*, I think, it seems to me (often used paren-

thetically); *pp. śaṅkita*, apprehensive, distrustful, afraid (of *ab.*, g. -^o), anxious about (*lc.*, *prati*); supposing, assuming (*rare*); feared (*rare*); doubted, suspicious; *cs. P. śaṅkaya*, fill with anxiety about (*lc.*). *ati*, seriously suspect (ac.); suspect wrongly (ac.); *pp.* greatly afraid (of *ab.*). *abhi*, distrust, doubt (ac., g.); be anxious: *pp.* suspected on account of (g.); anxious, doubtful; afraid of (ab.). *ā*, be anxious or fearful; hesitate to (*pr. pt. nm.*); fear, apprehend (ac.); expect, presuppose; suppose or assume to be, regard as (2 ac. or nm. + *iti*); distrust any one (ac.); *gd. iti ā-śaṅkya*, supposing the question to be asked, if the objection be raised (frequent in comm.); *pp.* feared, apprehended; *pari*, be apprehensive or distrustful; distrust, suspect any one (ac.); be sceptical regarding (ac.); believe or suppose to be (2 ac.); *pp.* apprehensive, mistrustful, of (ab., -^o); mistrusted; expected, anticipated (*in a*); supposed or believed to be (*nm. + iti*). *vi*, be apprehensive or mistrustful; be afraid of (ab.); fear anything (ac.); distrust any one (ac.); have doubts or suspicions about anything (ac.); suspect or believe any one to be or have (2 ac.); *anyathā*, misjudge; *pp.* apprehensive of or regarding (-^o or *prati*).

शङ्कनीय śaṅk-nīya, fp. to be distrusted, causing suspicion; to be feared, supposed, or assumed (*bhadrakavya* - *bādhakā*), n. *inps* one should suppose.

शंकर śam-karā, a. (i) causing prosperity, beneficent (C.); m. ep. of Rudra or Śiva (F., C.). N., ep. of a philosopher, regenerator of Brahmanism (born 788 A.D.). -*giri*, m. N. of a mountain; -*gaurī-ka*, m. N. of a temple; -*datta*, m. N. of a Brahman; -*priya*, f. Śiva's wife; -*vardhana*, m. N.; -*varman*, m. N.; -*vishabha*, m. Śiva's (white) bull; -*middhi*, m. N.; -*svāmin*, m. N. of a Brahman; -*śārya*, m. N. of a celebrated scholar, author of numerous philosophical commentaries, reformer of Śaivism (died 820 A.D.).

शङ्कय śaṅkav-ya, a. serving as a peg (*sanku*).

शङ्क śaṅk-ā, f. apprehension, alarm, fear (*Br.*, C.), of (ab., -^o, *stb. lc.*, *prati*); C.: suspicion, of (lc.), doubt, hesitation, misgiving, uncertainty; -^o, doubting; supposition, belief, presumption (of, that - is, -^o). *pāpa-śakha na kartavyā*, you should suspect no evil; -*ātāṅkita*, *pp.* overcome with fear and anxiety; -*abhiyoga*, m. accusation based on mere suspicion; -*aspada*, n. ground of suspicion; -*spriśha*, *pp.* filled with dread.

शङ्कितव्य śaṅk-i-tavya, fp. to be distrusted; dreaded; - doubted; n. *inps* one should distrust (lc.); -*in*, a. afraid of, dreading (-^o, *ord. mg.*); timid or distrustful as a crane, -^o; supposing, assuming, anticipating; full of apprehension (*service*).

शङ्कु śaṅk-ū, m. V., C.: peg; C.: nail, spike; stake; arrow, spear; dart (*fig. of grief* etc.); N.: (u)-*ka*, m. little peg; N.: -*kara*, a. spike-eared; m. N. of a camel; -*pukha*, n. sting of a bee etc.; -*mukhi*, f. (spike-mouthed), kind of leech.

शङ्क śaṅk-ya, fp. to be distrusted; - expected or assumed; n. *inps* one should fear.

शङ्ख śaṅkhā, m. n. shell, conch (as a wind instrument, attribute of Viṣṇu; also as an ornament worn on the arm and on the ears of deplantes); m. temples, temporal bone; one of Kubera's treasures, N. of a snake demon; N. among others of a lawgiver;

-*ka*, m. shell, conch; temporal bone; -*akra-pāni*, a. holding a conch and a discus in his hand (Viṣṇu); -*ātā*, m. N. of a snake demon.

शङ्ख śaṅkhana, m. N.

शङ्खदत्त śaṅkha-datta, m. N.; -*dhmā*, m. shell-blower; -*nakha*, m. kind of snail; -*pa-da*, m. N. of a son of Manu Śaṅkha; -*pā-la*, m. N. of a snake demon; -*pura*, n. N. of a town; -*rāya*, m. N. of a king; -*likhita*, *pp.* perfect in its kind, flawless (*king, conduct*); m. du. Sankha and his brother Likhita (authors of two law-books); -*valaya*, m. n. bracelet of shells; -*hrada*, m. N. of a lake; -*antara*, n. (space between the temples, forehead).

शङ्खिन् śaṅkh-in, a. possessing a conch; bearing shells (water); -*i*, f. mother-of-pearl; a class of women (of which there are four in erotics).

शङ्ख śam-gayā, a. (-*gāy-i*) blessing the household (V.).

शचिष्ठ śāk-ishtha, *spr.* [of √sak = 2. sak] most helpful (V.).

शची śāk-i, f. [√i. sak] *sg.* & *pl.* might, powerful aid (mostly of Indra or the Arjuna, RV.); favour, grace (V.); skill (V.); Indra's wife (C.); -*tirtha*, m. N. of a Tirtha; -*nara*, m. N. of a king; -*śālī-pāti*, m. lord of night (of Indra or the Arjuna); V.: spouse of Śakti, Indra (C.); -*with* a word meaning earth = lord; -*ramaia*, m. lover of Śakti, Indra.

शठ śaṭha, a. deceitful, fraudulent, perfidious, malignant; m. rogue, cheat; deceitful lover; -*āhi*, a. wicked-minded, malignant; -*buddhi*, -*mati*, a. id.

शृणु śruṇ, m. kind of hemp; (a) -*tātava*, a. (i) made of hempen threads; -*māya*, a. (i) hempen; -*sūtra*, n. hempen cord

शृणु śānda, m. N. of the Purohita of the Arjuna, son of Sukra.

शृण्वि śruṇvī, m. N.

शत SAT, X. śātaya-ti, śātaya-te, divide into sections, cleave, sever, cut off or down, pluck; cast down, overthrow (army), disperse, destroy; *pp. śāta*. *pra*, pluck. *vi*, hew in pieces; cut off; knock out (*rg. trclh*); dispel.

शत śatā, (m) n. (-^o a. i) a hundred (*sts pl.* for *sg.*; with *g.*, apposition, or -^o, a smaller number -^o is either additional (*śatī-sate* 280) or multiplicative (*tri-satam* = 300) or the *cpd.* becomes an ordinal (*dvi-sata* = 200th), with a numeral *n-ka* it = so many per cent (*pañcakam satam* = five per cent); a multiplicative is separated from it in a *cpd.* by the object counted (*katur-varsha-satam* = 400 years); it is also *sts.* - instead of -^o.

शतक sata-ka, a. (i) consisting of a hundred; hundredth; n. a hundred, century (constructed like *sata*); -*kratva*, ad. a hundred times; -*koṭi*, i. f. *pl.* a thousand millions; 2. m. (having a hundred points), Indra's thunderbolt; (ā)-*krata*, a. having a hundredfold power or counsel (V.); containing a hundred sacrifices (*Br.*); m. N. of Indra (C.); -^o with *kliti* etc., lord of earth, prince, king; -*khaṇḍa-māya*, a. (i) consisting of a hundred rays; -*gu*, a. possessing a hundred eyes; -*grā*, a. a hundredfold, increased a hundred times, a hundred times stronger, more valuable or efficacious etc.; -*m*, ad. a hundred times more than (*ab.*); -*grāṇa*, *pp.* increased a hundredfold, a hundred times longer;

-gani-bhāva, *m.* hundredfold increase; -gusi-bhū, *m.* multiplied a hundredfold; -gvin, *a.* hundredfold (RV.); -ghni, *f.* of -han; (ā)-kakra, *a.* hundred-wheeled (RV.); -tama, *a.* (ā, i) hundredth; -traya, *n.* i, f. three hundred; -dala, *n.* lotus flower; -dra (-kū), -dra, *f.* N. of a river (= V. sutardr), *nom.* Sūtle; -dvāra, *a.* having a hundred exits (hole); -dhara, *m.* N. of a king; -dhā, *ad.* a hundredfold; into a hundred parts or pieces: with bhū, be divided into a hundred parts consisting of (g.); (ā)-dhāra, *a.* 1. having a hundred streams; 2. having a hundred points or edges; *m.* thunderbolt (C.); -dhrīti, *m.* ep. of Brahman and of Indra; -dhaṇṭa, *pp.* cleansed a hundredfold, perfectly clean; 1. -patta, *n.* (C.) a hundred leaves; a hundred vehicles; 2. (ā)-patta, *a.* having a hundred feathers or leaves (RV.); *n.* woodpecker; peacock, *n.* day lotus; -yoni, *m.* ep. of Brahman, -āyata ikshaṇa, *a.* having long lotus-like eyes; -patha, *a.* having a hundred paths, very many-sided; *m.* T. of a Brahmana, -brāhmaṇa, *n.* id.; (ā)-pad, *a.* -i; *str.* base -pād) hundred-footed; *m.* -i, *f.* centipede; (a)-parvan, *a.* hundred-jointed; (ā)-pavitra, *a.* purifying a hundredfold (RV.); -pādaka, *m.* centipede; -pāla, *m.* overseer of a hundred villages; *g.*; -buddhi, *a.* hundred-witted; *m.* N. of a fish; -brāhmaṇa-ghāta-ga, *a.* arising from (=) equal to the guilt produced by the murder of a hundred Brahmins, -bhaṅgi-bhū, *be.* varied in a hundred ways; -makha, *m.* ep. of Indra; (ā)-manyu, *a.* having a hundredfold wrath; *m.* ep. of Indra C.; -kāpa, *n.* rainbow; -mayūkha, *m.* (hundred-rayed) moon; (ā)-māna, *a.* hundredfold (V.); weighing a hundred (Bṛhikāś, comm. V.); *m.* gold object weighing a hundred Mānas; *m.* n. weight (or gift) of a hundred Mānas in gold or silver; -mukha, *a.* having a hundred openings or entrances; possible in a hundred ways (fall); (ā)-yātu, *m.* N.; -yogana-yāyin, *a.* travelling a hundred Yoganas; -yātra, *m.* n. festival of a hundred days; -rudriya, *a.* belonging or sacred to a hundred Rudras; -rikīn, *m.* pl. designation of the composers of Mand. 1. of the Rīg-veda; -laksha, *n.* a hundred lacs; -varsha, *a.* a hundred years old; lasting a hundred years; -sarkara, *a.* eg. hundred globules; -tā, *f.* condition of a; -sas, *ad.* in a hundred ways, in hundreds (referring to a nm., ac., or in.); a hundred times; (a)-sākha, *a.* ā, i having a hundred branches (also fig.); (a)-sārada, *a.* containing, bestowing etc. a hundred autumns (V.); *n.* period or age of a hundred years (V.); -sriṅga, *a.* hundred-peaked; -samkhyā, *a.* numbering a hundred; -sani, *a.* gaining a hundred; -sahasra, *n.* eg. pl. a hundred thousand (w. g., app., or -); -sā, *a.* winning a hundred (RV.); -sāhasra, *n.* (i) amounting to a hundred thousand, hundred thousandfold; -sēya, *n.* hundredfold gain RV.; -svin, *a.* possessing a hundred (RV.); -hān, *a.* (ghni) slaying a hundred (V.); -ghni, *f.* kind of deadly weapon; -hali, *a.* possessing a hundred large ploughs; (ā)-hima, *a.* living a hundred winters (V.); -hradā, *f.* lightning.

शतात्मन् satātman, *a.* possessing or bestowing a hundred lives (RV.); -adhika, *a.* exceeding a hundred; -ānanda, *m.* N.; -anika, *m.* N. of various men; N. of an Asura; -āyus, *a.* (-h-i) attaining the age of a hundred years; *m.* N.; -āritra, *a.* hundred-oared (V.).

शतिका sat-ika, *a.* consisting of or amounting to a hundred; hundredth: -vrijādhī, *a.*

winning a hundred at play; -in, *a.* containing a hundred, hundredfold (RV.); possessing a hundred (C.).

शतु s-at-ri, *participial suffix* -at (gr.).

शतेन्द्रिय satāndriya, *a.* having a hundred senses (Br.); -iśa, *m.* chief of a hundred (village).

शतेकीय satakeīya, *a.* one of a hundred.

शतोत्ति satātti, *a.* bringing a hundred aids (V.).

शत्य sat-ya, *a.* consisting of a hundred.

शत्रु sat-ru, *m.* [overthrower] <sat> enemy, rival 1. (C.); natural foe, immediately contentious king in policy (C.).

शत्रुघ्न satru-ghna, *a.* slaying foes (rare); *m.* N. of a son of Dasaratha, and youngest brother of Rāma, -m-gaya, *a.* conquering foes; *m.* N.; -tas, *ad.* from an enemy, -tā, *f.* enmity, hostility; -tva, *n.* id. RV. C.; -nandana, *a.* delighting foes; -paksha, *m.* side of the enemy, *a.* taking the enemy's side, -bhaṭa, *m.* N. of an Asura, -mardana, *a.* toe-destroying; *m.* N. of an elephant, -rupa, *a.* appearing in the form of an enemy; -vighraha, *m.* hostile invasion, -samkaṭa, *n.* danger from foes

शत्रुघ्न satru-ya, *den.* only *pr.* pl. -yat, behaving as a foe, hostile (I).

शद् 1. SAD, only *intr.* sāsad (V.), distinguish oneself prevail, triumph.

शद् 2. SAD, only *pf.* savāda, *ft.* satsyanti, and *pp.* -anna, fall off or out, viava, fall to pieces (Br.); -pari, *pp.* fallen off or at the side (S.).

शद् sad-a, *m.* falling off (in parva-sadd fall of leaves); produce of a country, S.

शर्कस शान-kaś, *in.* pl. *ad.* (dim. of śanaś) gently, softly, slowly, quietly, gradually.

शनि śani, *m.* planet Saturn (son of the sun); -vāra, *m.* Saturday.

शनिर्भाव śanir-bhāva, *m.* gradualness; *m.* *pr.* *pt.* -gradually

शनिश्चर śanis-kaṭa, *a.* moving slowly; *m.* planet Saturn (son of the sun)

शनिस śanis (RV., us, SB), *m.* pl. sts repeated, *ad.* = śanakaś.

शतनु śam-tanu, *a.* wholesome for the body; *m.* N. (RV., Br., C.); -tanūva, *m.* son of Santanu, *pat.* of Bhudma.

शतम śam-tama, *spr.* most beneficent, bounteous, or gladdening (A., P.)

शताति śam-tati, *a.* beneficent (I.); *f.* pl. benefits (RV.). -i-ya, *n.* of RV. VII. 35

शान्तिव śanti-vā, *a.* peaceable, kind (AT 1).

शस śan-na, *pp.* <sad> *n.* falling off (S.)

शनोदेवी śan-no-devi, *f.* designation of RV. X, ix. 4 AT 1, vi. 1

शप् SAT, I, sāpa, curse (ac., only, P.); scold, abuse, revile (ac.; P. A.), & (P. metr.) (curse oneself = swear, promise with an oath, vow to, d. by, in, & conjure any one (ac.; d. E.); w. yadi, 'curse oneself if = swear that not; śapatam, -swear a false oath (RV., &), śapatham or śapathan, -utter an execration; swear an oath; *pp.* śapta, cursed; conjured (E.); śapta, cursed; śaptavān, = finite vb. the cursed; c. śāpaya, P. conjure, exorcise (V.); cause to swear, by (in.); *pp.* śāpita, caused to swear by (in.);

conjured, beaught, by (-); made responsible for (-); śabl, curse *pp.* cursed; reviled; accused; c. conjure any one (ac.). sam, curse any one (P.); *pp.* cursed.

शप् s-a-p, *suffix* a of the present base (gr.).

शपथ śap-atha, *m.* curse, imprecation, oath-ordal rare; -karam, *n.* taking an oath; -purvakaś, *ad.* with oaths, -uttaram, *ad.* id.

शप्त śap-ta, *pp.* *n.* curse; oath.

शप्ता śap-ta, *m.* (V.) hoof; eighth (because of the divided hoofs of the cow *ep.* pada, claw (rare), wooden hook for lifting a pot from the fire. Br. a -āyata, *pp.* kissed up by the hoofs, *ad.* RV 1).

शफर śaphara, *m.* i, f. (C. a. f. ā) kind of small darters fish frequenting shallow water (Cyprianus Saphara, a large fish of prey very rare)

शफरी śaphari, small fish.

शफरक śapharika, *m.* small box.

शफवत् śapha-vat, *a.* having hoofs (RV 1)

शबर śabara, *m.* pl. N. of a savage tribe in the Deccan Br., S. q. Sabara man, i, f. Sabara woman; savage, barbarian C.; -kuata, pulinda, bhilla, *m.* N.; -ka, *m.* savage; -āvamīn, *m.* N. of an author

शबल śabāla, *a.* spotted, banded, variegated 1. C.; mixed, provided, or filled with 1. C.; -ta, *f.* -tva, *n.* mixture

शबलित śabal-it, *pp.* *pp.* *den.* variegated, -i-man, *m.* variegated appearance, -i-ka, variegated

शबली śabalī, *f.* cow of plenty (com. id. or -s; I)

शब्द śābda, *m.* sound, voice, tone, note, noise, word, C. word ending, suffix gr., rare, name, appellation, title, verbal authority (as a pramāṇa or source of knowledge, phil.) -m kṛ, utter a sound, cry aloud, śabdena, by word, expressly

शब्दकर्मक śabda-karma-ka, *a.* having the meaning of sound; -kalpa-druma, *m.* T. of an encyclopaedic dictionary dating from the present century, -kara, *a.* uttering sounds, -kosa, *m.* treasury of words, dictionary, -tva, *n.* nature of sound; -pati, *m.* ruler in name only, nominal lord, -patin, *a.* hitting (as unseen object by its sound arrows), -brahman, *n.* Brahman in words, sacred scriptures; -bhaṭa, *a.* bearing the title of; -maya, *a.* (n.) consisting of sound, consisting of the word (C.); -matra, *n.* mere sound.

शब्दय śabda-ya, *den.* give forth sounds, cry aloud, call, invoke, *ps.* śabdyate, be called or named; *pp.* śabdita, invoked deity; named śabl, discuss, mention, designate, name.

शब्दरूप śabda-rūpa, *n.* nature of a sound, peculiar sound; form of a word (gr. -vat, a sounding; uttering sounds, possessing the quality of sound; -vidyā, *f.* science of sounds, grammar, -upādhyaya, *m.* teacher of grammar, -virodha, *m.* contradiction in words (and sense, seeming contradiction, -vedhin, a shooting or hitting by sound (without seeing the mark); -akti, *f.* force or meaning of a word; -śāstra, *n.* doctrine of sounds, grammar, -vid, *a.* knowing grammar, -śāstra, *n.* grammar, -śeṣa, *a.* of which the name only remains, having only the title of - left; -śeṣa, *n.* verbal equivocation, pun, -śāstra, *a.* bearing the name of (C.); -śāstra, *f.* technical grammatical term; -śloka, *m.* crackling (of fire), -hina, (pp.) *n.* unsanctioned use of a word

शरतस्य sara-talpa, *m.* couch formed of arrows.

शरत्काल sarat-kāla, *m.* autumnal season; -**padma**, *m.* autumnal lotus; -**samaya**, *m.* autumnal season. [windeya].

शरद् sarād, *f.* autumn; *pl.* = years (like

शरदा sarad-ā, *f.* N.

शरदम्बुधर sarad-ambudhara, *m.* autumnal cloud. [ambudhara]

शरदिग् saradi-ga, *a.* produced in autumn.

शरद्घन sarad-ghana, *m.* autumnal cloud; -**dhima**-ru/i, *m.* autumnal moon; -**vadhū**, *f.* autumn as a woman.

शरधि sara-dhi, *m.* arrow-case, quiver; -**nikara**, *m.* shower of arrows.

शरमेघ sara-megha, *m.* autumnal cloud; -**vat**, *ad.* like clouds in autumn.

शरम sara-bha, *m.* kind of deer (V.); *a* fabulous eight-legged animal (*a* match for lions and elephants, C.), N.

शरभङ्ग sara-bhaṅga, *m.* N. of a Rishi.

शरभाङ्गना sarabha-ṅganā, *f.* N. of a sorceress.

शरभेद sara-bheda, *m.* arrow-wound and failure of cream; -**vana**, *n.* thicket of reeds; -**bhava**, *a.* born in a thicket of reeds (*god* = Kūrtikya); -**udbhava**, *m.* ep. of Kūrtikya; -**varsha**, *n.* 1 shower of arrows; 2 shower of water, rain (*pl.*); -**varshin**, *a.* discharging water; -**vega**, *m.* (arrow-swift), N. of a steed.

शरव्य sarav-ya, *n.* [*f.* sara] target, aim; -**tā**, *f.* condition of a target, -**vyadha**, *a* hitting a mark.

शरव्य sarav-ya, *den.* P. make a mark of. **ati**, take steady aim at.

शरव्या saravyā, *f.* arrow-shot (V.).

शरव्याय saravyā-ya, *den.* A. form the aim.

शरव्यकारण saravyi-karṇa, *n.* making one's aim.

शरश्चय sara-shvāna, *n.* couch formed of arrows for wounded warriors; -**sayyā**, *f.* id.

शरस sar-sa, *n.* [*√* sri] cream, film on boiled milk (V); thin layer of ashes (N).

शरसात्क sarasāt-kri, hit with an arrow.

शरसम्ब sara-stamba, *m.* thicket of reeds.

शराय sarā-ya, *den.* Ā. become or represent an arrow.

शरायि sarāri, *f.* kind of heron.

शराय sar-āru, *a.* noxious, injurious.

शराव sarāva, *m.* shallow earthenware dish, plate; flat dish-cover; *a* measure of corn (= 2 prashtas); -**ka**, *a.* (ikā), plate; -**campāta**, *m.* appearance of dishes *evritte*, when the dishes have ceased to appear, when the meal is over.

शरावती sarāvat-i, *f.* N. of a river; N. of a town.

शराशनि sara-asani, *m.* f. thunderbolt of an arrow.

शराशरि sarā-sari, *ad.* arrow against arrow.

शरासन sara-asana, *n.* (discharging arrows), bow; -**dhara**, *m.* archer; -**vid**, *a.* skilled in archery.

शरासार sarā-sāra, *m.* shower of arrows.

शरीर sar-ira, (*m.*¹) *n.* [solid support:

*√*3. sri] V.; frame; *pl.* bones (V); V, C: body; C: solid body (*rare*); one's person

शरीरक sarira-ka, *n.* (-o *a.* f. ikā) a wretched tiny body, the wretched body; body (*multi* for sarira); -**kartri**, *m.* -**krit**, *m.* father, -**karshana**, *n.* emaciation of the body; -**grahana**, *n.* assumption of a bodily form; -**ga**, *a.* produced from, belonging to, performed with the body, bodily, *m.* offspring, son, god of love; -**gaman**, *a.* id., -**talya**, *a.* (equal to = dear as one's own body; -**tyaga**, *m.* abandonment of the body, renunciation of life, -**danda**, *m.* corporal punishment; -**dhātu**, *m.* chief constituent of the body *flesh, blood etc.*; -**dhrik**, *m.* corporeal being, -**nipāta**, *m.* collapse of the body, falling down dead; -**nyāsa**, *m.* casting off the body, death; -**pāta**, *m.* collapse of the body, death, -**piṭā**, *f.* bodily suffering; -**prabhava**, *m.* begetter, father, -**baddha**, *pp.* confined in a body, incarnate; -**bandha**, *m.* fetters of the body, assumption of a (new) body, rebirth in bodily (*disappear*); -**bhāḡ**, *m.* embodied being; -**bheda**, *m.* collapse of the body, death, -**yaśhi**, *f.* slender body, slim figure, -**yātri**, *f.* sustenance of the body; -**yoga**-ga, *a.* produced from bodily contact, -**vat**, *a.* provided with a body; substantial; *m.* embodied being, -**vimoksha**, *n.* liberation from the body, death, -**vritta**, *pp.* emetic of his body or life, -**vṛtti**, *f.* maintenance of the body, support of life, -**vaikalya**, *n.* disposition of body, distemper; -**uvruha**, *f.* personal attendance, -**oshana**, *n.* mortification of the body, -**sandhi**, *m.* joint of the body; -**sāda**, *m.* bodily exhaustion, emaciation; -**stha**, *a.* existing in the body, -**sthi**, *f.* maintenance of the body.

शरीराकृति sarira-ākṛti, *f.* gesture, mien, -**anta**, *n.* hairs on the body; -**anta**-ka, *a.* making an end of or destroying the body, -**abhyadhika**, *a.* deaver than one's own person, -**ardha**, *m.* half of the body, -**avayava**, *m.* part of the body, member, limb, -**avastha**, *n.* shield.

शरीरिन् sarir-in, *a.* possessed of a body, corporeal, embodied; having as a body (C), *m.* thing endowed with a body or trees etc., *rare*, embodied being, creature, *esp.* man, soul.

शरीरोम् sariri-bhū, become embodied, assume bodily shape

शरु sar-u, *f.* rarely *m.* missile, dart, arrow

शरुगृहीत saru-grīhita, *pp.* covered with a skin or film (Br).

शरीय sara-ogha, *m.* shower of arrows (*pl.*).

शर्कर sārka, *a.* gritty (Br., N., *rare*); *m.* public, small stone *care*, get, gravel, ground sugar (E. *met.* for *n.* rare), *ā*, *f.* (*pl.*), gravel (V, C) ground sugar (C), -**karshin**, *a.* carrying along gravel, -**varshin**, *a.* raining gravel.

शर्करा sārka-ra, *a.* waiting coarse sand (*wind*), *ila*, *a.* gritty, gravelly

शर्ध sar-dh-a, *t.* a. [*√* sradh] defiant, bold (RV.), *m.* host (*esp.* of the Maruts RV)

शर्धत् sār-dh-at, V. *pr.* *pt.* [*√* sradh] bold, defiant, mocking.

शर्धन sar-dh-ana, *n.* farting

शर्मन् sār-man, *n.* [*√*3. sri] shelter, protection V.; refuge, safety (C., *rare*); pleasure, delight, happiness, bliss (C.); frequent at the end of names of Brāhmanas (as varman, of Kshatriyas).

शर्मय sarma-ya, *den.* only *pr.* *pt.* -**yāt**, protecting (RV.).

शर्मवत् sarma-vat, *a.* containing the word sarman (*name*)

शर्मिष्ठा sar-miṣṭhā, *f.* spr. (of sarman) N. of a daughter of Vishvapuru and wife of Jayāti.

शर्य sar-ya, *m.* [*f.* sara] arrow (RV.).

शर्यणावत् saryanā-vat, *m.* (teedy) pond RV, rare, *fig.* of Soma-vat (according to comm. N. of a lake or district in Kurukshetra, RV.).

शर्या sār-yā, *f.* (RV.) cane, shaft, arrow *pl.* wicker-work of the Soma sieve.

शर्यात sār-yat, *m.* N. of a Rishi (V.)

शर्याति saryāti, *m.* N. of a king, son of Manu Iarasvata.

शर्व sarvā, *m.* [*f.* sara] N. of a god shly along with arrows, mentioned along with *likava* and other names of Rudra-Siva (V.), N. of Siva (C.).

शर्वट sarva-ta, *m.* N., -**datta**, *m.* N. of a teacher, -**patni**, *f.* wife of Sarva, Parvati, -**parvata**, *m.* Siva's mountain, Kailasa -**vasini**, *f.* ep. of Durga

शर्वरी sarvārī, *f.* (of sarvātā variegated), mostly steals of the Maruts (*pl.*, RV.), star-spangled night (Br. *rare*, C. common) -**īa**, *m.* lord of night, moon

शर्ववर्मन् sarva-varman, *m.* N., -**śāla**, *m.* Siva's mountain, Kailasa

शर्वणी sarv-ani, *f.* Siva's wife.

शर्विक sarv-ika, *m.* N.

शल śala, I. P. -**śala**, *ud.* *ubhala* (*finite verb, occurs only once*), rise up *pr.* *pt.* *ukhalat*, springing up, rising, *pp.* *ukhalita*, sprung up, risen, *pra.* *ud.* *pr.* *pt.* springing up, sporting blood.

शल śalā, *m.* staff (I., *rare*); *m.* or *n.* (V) quill of a porcupine, only *n.* numerals V.)

शलभ śala-bha, *m.* grasshopper, locust, *per.* *hope* also night moth -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* condition of a grasshopper

शलभाय śalabhā-ya, *den.* act like a grasshopper, rashly leap into the fire (= certain death).

शल्ल śalla-ba, *n.* quill of a porcupine; also bear's bristle (I., *pl.* used in the ceremony of parting the hair and for applying collyrium V.).

शलाक śalāka, *m.* *śāka*, *f.* small stick, thin rod, switch, bar of a cage or window, rib (of an umbrella), pencil for applying collyrium; finger, toe (*rare*), pointed instrument for piercing, arrow-head, needle

शलाकु śalātu, *m.* *n.* unripe fruit; *a.* unripe (fruit, *rare*).

शलानुर śalātura, N. of Pānu's birthplace.

शलक śālka, *m.* *n.* chip, shaving (V.), fish scale (C.).

शलकानि śalka-in, *a.* having scales, scaly

शलकी śalki, *incorr.* for kalki.

शल्य śalya, *क*-ka, *incorr.* for śalya -**ka**

शल्यनि śalya-ni, *m.* a tree (= *Salvia munda*).

शल्य śalyā, *m.* *n.* point of an arrow or spear, thorn, sting, dart (*fig.*); *m.* N. of a king of Madra, uncle of Yudhishtira; N. of a king.

n. *incorr.* for śalya.

शस्त्रक śālya-ka, *m.* porcupine; scaly fish (rare); -**kartri**, *m.* arrow-maker; -**kartri**, *m.* surgeon; -**kṛinta**, *m. id.* -**vat**, *a.* having an arrow-head sticking in it (deer); owning the arrow-head (= having killed the animal); -**kartri**, *m.* surgeon.

शस्त्रक śālka-ka, *m.* [for śālya-ka] porcupine; **ś**, *f. id.*; incense tree (*Dioswellia thurifera*).

शव SAV, *v.* सू 2. SŪ.

शव śāv-a, *m. n.* [√2. sū] corpse: -**karman**, *n.* burial; -**mandira**, *n.* burial-place; -**rūpa**, *n.* kind of animal (S.); -**sata-maya**, *a.* covered with a hundred corpses; -**śayana**, *n.* burial-place; -**abikā**, *f.* liver; -**śiras**, *n.* skull.

शवर śavara, **श** la, *r.* शवर śabura, **श** la.

शवस śāv-as, *n.* [√1. sū] might, prowess, valour (F.; *śs. pl.*); *in* -**ś**, mightily.

शवसान śavas-ānā, *pt.* (√1. sū) exceedingly mighty (V.).

शवसिन् śavas-in, *a. id.* (RV.).

शवाग्नि śava-agni, *m.* funeral fire (Br.); -**anna**, *n.* funeral food (Br., S.).

शविष्ठ śāv-iṣṭhu, *sp.* [√1. sū] most mighty or heroic (F.); (-**śāv**)-**ira**, *a.* mighty (RV.).

शष्प ŚAN, I. P. **śas**, leap, bound (very rare). **nd**, *pp* **śikṣhita**, leaped up from, abandoned (very rare).

शश śasi, *m.* [for original śasa] hare, rabbit (which, as well as the antelope, the marks in the moon are supposed to resemble); -**ka**, *m.* (little) hare (C.); -**viśāṇa**, *n.* horn of a hare (an impossibility); -**śira**, *m.* young of a hare.

शशधर śasi-dhara, *m.* (bearing a hare), moon; -**pada**, *n.* hare's track (casualty got over); -**bhrit**, *m.* (hare-bearer), moon.

शशय śas-ayā, *a.* [cp. śasvat] ever-flowing, unfailing (RV.).

शशकन śasa-lakṣman, *m.* (hare-marked), moon; -**lākṣana**, *m. id.* -**viśāṇa**, *n.* hare's horn (an impossibility); -**śriṅga**, *n. id.*

शशाङ्क śasa-āṅka, *m.* (hare-marked), moon; **N.**: -**kula**, *n.* lunar race; -**bhāṣana**, *n.* ornament of the -; -**pura**, *n.* N. of a town; -**mukha**, *m.* (having the moon as a diadem), *N.* of Śiva; -**lekṣā**, *f.* moon-streak, crescent; -**vat-i**, *f. N.* of a princess (after whom the twelfth Lambaka of the Kāthāsaritāgara is called); -**vadanā**, *f.* moon-faced woman; -**ardha**, *m.* half-moon; -**mukha**, *a.* having a head shaped like a half-moon (arrow); -**śkhara**, *m. ep.* of Śiva. [hare (moon)].

शशाङ्कित śasa-āṅkita, *pp* marked with a

शशिकला śasi-kalā, *f.* digit of the moon, crescent; moon; **N.**: -**kāṇḍa**, *m.* or *n.* crescent; *m. N.* of a fairy; -**pada**, *m. N.* of a fairy; -**ya**, *m.* son of the moon, planet Mercury; -**tejas**, *m. N.* of a fairy; -**divākara**, *m. du.* moon and sun. [N].

शशिन śas-in, *m.* (containing a hare), moon;

शशिपुत्र śasi-putra, *m.* son of the moon, planet Mercury; -**prabhā**, *f. N.*; -**bhrit**, *m.* moon-bearer, *cp.* of Śiva; -**mand**, *m.* moon-stone; -**mandala**, *n.* disc of the moon; -**ma-ya**, *a.* connected with the moon; -**mukhi**, *f.* moon-faced woman; -**manu**, *m.* (having the moon as a diadem), *ep.* of Śiva; -**rekṣā**, *f.* (moon-streak), *N.*; -**lekṣā**, *f.* crescent; *N.* of an *Apeurus*; **N.**; -**vama**, *m.* lunar race; -**ya**, *a.* sprung from the -; -**ākṣā-mani**, *m.* (having the moon as a diadem), *ep.* of Śiva; -**śkhara**, *m. id.*

शशीयस् śās-īyas, *cp.* (of śasvat) more numerous, richer (RV.).

शशीश śasī-śa, *m. ep.* of Śiva: -**śira**, *m.* son of Śiva, Skanda.

शश्वत् śās-v-at, *a.* [old *pr. pt.*] (śās-vat-i or -ī) ever-recurring, innumerable, perpetual, endless (RV.); frequent, numerous (RV.); all, every (V.); *n. ad.* repeatedly, perpetually, always, ever (V., C.); forthwith, at once (Br. *guly* with *ha*; C. rare); it is true, certainly (Br.); **śasvat** - **śasvat**, as soon as - at once (Br., rare). **śasvat purā**, from immemorial time (RV.); -**tama**, *sp.* very frequent, everlasting (RV.); -**m**, *ad.* again after innumerable times, once more (RV.). [RV. 1].

शश्वधा śasva-dhā, *ad.* ever again, for ever

शशकुलि śashkuli (or i), *f.* auditory passage, orifice of the ear, kind of pastry.

शश्य śāśhu, *n.* young grass, sprouting rice etc.; grass; *n.* (?) loss of presence of mind; -**bhug**, -**bhogana**, *m.* grass-eater; -**āda**, *a.* graminivorous. [green].

शश्वीक śashvī-kri, turn into grass, colour

शस् ŚAS, I. **śasa** (Br., S., C.), II. P. **śasti** (RV.), **śāsti** (V., Br., S.), slaughter, cut down (very rare). *pp.* **śasta**, cut down (very rare). **api**, in *api-śasas*, cutting off (Br.). **vi**, cut in pieces, dissect, slaughter (V., C.).

शसन śās-ana, *n.* slaughtering (RV. 2); (śās)-**ā**, *f. id.* (RV. 1).

शस śas-id, 1. *pp.* √**sams**; *n.* praise; -**ta**, 2. *pp.* cut down (√**sams**); -**ta**, 3. *pp.* (√**sams**) punished (E., rare); -**ta**, 4. *n.* kind of bolt.

शसि śas-ti, *f.* [√**sams**] praise (RV. 2); praiser (RV. 1); (śās)-**tri**, *m.* dissector (V.).

शस्त्र 1. **śas-trā**, *n.* [√**sams**] invocation, praise (a ritual term applied to the verses recited by the Hotri and his assistant as an accompaniment to the *grahas* in the Soma libation, Br., S.); recitation (Br., S., rare).

शस्त्र 2. **śas-tri**, *n.* [cutting instrument: √**sus**] knife, dagger, sword, weapon; C. arrow (rare); sword = war.

शस्त्रकर्म śastra-karma, *n.* surgical operation; -**kali**, *m.* duel with swords; -**kopa**, *n.* raging of the sword or war; -**graha**, *n.* taking to the sword, combat; -**grāhaka**, *a.* bearing arms, armed; -**ghāta**, *m.* stroke of the sword; -**devatā**, *f.* goddess of war (only *pl.*); -**dhāraṇa**, *n.* bearing of the sword; -**nidhana**, *a.* dying by the sword; -**nir-yāna**, *a. id.*; -**nyāna**, *m.* laying down of arms, abstention from war; -**pāṇa**, *a.* holding a sword in one's hand; -**pāṇin**, *a. id.* (*metr.*); -**pāta**, *m.* cut with a knife; -**prahāra**, *m.* sword-cut; -**bhrit**, *a.* bearing arms, armed; *m.* warrior; -**vat**, *a.* armed with a sword; -**vihita**, *pp.* inflicted with a weapon; -**vitti**, *a.* living by the sword, following the profession of arms; -**vraṇa-maya**, *a.* consisting in wounds caused by weapons; -**sikṣā**, *f.* skill with the sword; -**sanpāta**, *m.* discharge of missiles, conflict; -**hata**, *pp.* slain with the sword.

शस्त्राजीव śastra-ājiva, *a.* (i) living by the sword; *m.* warrior; -**anta**, *a.* dying by the sword; -**āyudha**, *a.* using the sword as a weapon, following the profession of arms; -**avapāta**, *n.* injury by a weapon; **śas-tri**, *ad.* sword against sword; -**astra-bhrit**, *a.* bearing sword and missile; -**tva**, *n.* performance of military duty.

शस्त्रिका śastr-ikā, *f.* knife, dagger; -**i**, *f. id.*

शस्त्रिन् śastr-in, *a.* 1. reciting a Śastra; 2. armed with a sword etc.

शस्त्रीपजीविन् śastrapagivin, *m.* professional soldier.

शस्त्र śās-man, *n.* [√**sams**] invocation, praise (RV. 1); (śas)-**ya**, *sp.* [√**sams**] to be recited or treated as a Śastra (Br.); to be praised (C.).

शस्य śasya, *incorr.* for śasya.

शा 1. **ŚĀ**, III. (RV.) **śisā**, **śisi** (2 *impr.* **śisibi** & **śādhī**), grant, bestow; present, regale, with (in.). *pp.* **śitā**. **ā**, cause to partake of or enjoy (C.). **ni**, present, offer; regale; strew, spread out.

शा 2. **ŚĀ**, III. **śisā**, **śisi** (V.), IV. P. -**śya-ti** (C., very rare); *pp.* **pl.** -**śyāna** (S., very rare), sharpen, **ā** - one's (weapons etc.); *pp.* **śāta**, (C.) sharpened, sharp; thin; **śitā**, (RV., C.) sharpened, sharp. **ni**, sharpen. **ā** sharpen for oneself; *pp.* -**śāta**, (C.) sharp; thin; (**ni**)-**śita**, sharp (C.); keen, eager for (d.; RV.). **nis**, *pr. pt.* **nīśyāna**, sharpening one's (sword, Br.). **sam**, (F.) sharpen, **ā** - one's (weapons etc.); kindle, stimulate, prepare for (d.); *pp.* **śāmśita**, sharpened (Br.); sharp (speech; E.); prepared, determined, resolved on (C.; of persons. F., C.); prepared, equipped (of things; V.); firmly adhered to, rigid (rare etc.; C.).

शामवत् śāmvat-ya, *m.* [fr. *śamvat*] N. of a teacher.

शामप śāmsapā, *a.* derived from or made of the *Sāmsapā* (*Dalbergia Sissoo*, a large and beautiful tree).

शाक 1. **śāk-a**, *m.* [√2. **sak**] help, aid (RV. 1); **ā**, helpful, *m.* helper (RV.).

शाक 2. **śāka**, *n.* potherb, vegetable; vegetable food; *m. N.* of a tree (*Tectona grandis*).

शाक 3. **śāka**, *a.* relating to the Indo-Scythians (Sakas) or their princes; *m. n.* (sc. *śamvat-sara*) Śāka year (78 A.D.); era; -**kāla**, *m.* Śāka era.

शाकटायन śakātāyana, *m. pat.* (fr. *Sakata*) of an ancient grammarian quoted by Yāska and Pāṇini.

शाकटिक śakāt-ika, *m.* (fr. *sakata*) cutter.

शाकपार्थिव śāka-pārthiva, *m.* vegetable-living king (stock example in *gr.* of a *madhyama-pada-lopin* *cp.*); -**pinda**, *f.* ball of vegetables.

शाकपुणि śākupūni, *m. pat.* (fr. *sakapūni*) N. of an ancient grammarian mentioned by Yāska etc.

शाकभक्ष śāka-bhakṣa, *a.* vegetarian; -**tā**, *f.* vegetarianism; -**rasa**, *m.* edible vegetable juice; **i-kri**, turn into vegetable juice.

शाकल śakalā, *a.* relating or belonging to, derived from, the Śākalas or followers of Śākalya; *m. n.* (= śākala) chip, piece (Br., S.); *m.* followers or school of Śākalya (*pl.*); kind of serpent (Br.); *n.* text, manual, ritual etc. of Śākalya; *N.* of a town in *Multra*; -**homiya**, *a.* belonging to the sacrifices according to the Śākalas (verses).

शाकल्य śakal-ya, *m. pat.* (fr. *sakala*) N. of a celebrated Vedic teacher to whom the arrangement of the *Pada* text of the *Rig-veda* is attributed. [garden]; **i-kā**, *f. id.*

शाकवाट śāka-vāta, *m.* -**ka**, *m.* vegetable

शाकारी sākār-i, *f.* (sc. *bhāṣā*) dialect in which *s* is pronounced instead of *sh* or *s*, language of the Śākāras, Śākas etc.

शाकाशन śākāśana, *a.* feeding or living on vegetables; -**śākāra**, *a. id.*

शक्ति śāk-*in*, *a.* (once śākin) mighty, succouring, helpful (V.); -**śaktā**, *a.* (RV.) *id.*

शक्तिनी śākinī, *f.* kind of female demon; -**śva**, *n.* condition of a śākinī.

शकुन śākuna, *a.* (i) belonging or relating to, derived from, birds (śakuna); *m.* bird-catcher; *n.* augury; -**ika**, *m.* bird-catcher, fowler; fisherman (U., rare).

शकुनेय śākuneya, *a.* composed by Sakuni.

शकुन्तल śākuntal-*n*, *m.* son of Sakuntalā, met. of Bharata; *n.* story of Sakuntalā; T of a well-known play by Kālidāsa.

शक्त śaktā, *a.* belonging or relating to, derived from, the Śaktis of Śiva; *m.* teacher (JB²); worshipper of the Śaktis of Śiva (U.).

शक्तीक śaktī-*ka*, *m.* [fr. śakti] spearman, lancer.

शक्त्य śaktya, *m. pat.* (fr. śakti) of Gauriviti.

शक्म śāk-man, *n.* help, aid (R¹).

शक्य śāk-*ya*, *m.* [pat. fr. śuka] N. of a warrior tribe in Kāpilāraṣṭra, which derived its origin from the sun, and in which Buddha was born; -**pāla**, *m.* N. of a king; -**putriya**, *m.* Buddhist monk; -**bhikṣu**, *m.* Buddhist mendicant; -**ki**, *f.* Buddhist mendicant nun; -**muni**, *m.* Ascetic of the Śākya, ep. of Buddha; -**vāsana**, *n.* religion of Buddha; -**śimha**, *m.* Lion of the Śākya, ep. of Buddha.

शक śakra, *a.* (i) relating, belonging, or addressed to Indra; *i. f.* ep. of Durgā (Indrāni); -**ya**, *a. id.* with dis. *f.* east.

शक्र śakvara, *a.* mighty (I.); belonging etc. to the Śāman Śakvara or to the Śakvari verses (U.); *n.* draught ox, bull (U.); *n.* kind of ceremony (S²); N. of one of the six chief Śāmanas (based on the Śakvari verses).

शक्ष śākha, *m.* a manifestation of Skanda (regarded as his son).

शखी śākhi, *f.* (° *a. ā*, i) branch (U., C.); extremity, limb, arm (U., rare); finger (I., very rare); species, subdivision (U., rare); branch of the Veda, Vedic school (U.).

शखाङ्ग śākhaṅga, *n.* limb of the body; -**āda**, *a.* branch-eating; *m.* branch-eater (a class of animals such as goats or elephants); -**nagara**, *n.* sublimb; -**antara**, *n.* another Vedic school; -**i-ya**, *a.* belonging to; -**paṇa**, *m.* victim tied to a branch (instead of to a sacrificial post); -**prakṛti**, *f.* pl. secondary (eight) kings to be considered in war (opp. māla-prakṛiti); -**bhṛit**, *m.* tree; -**maṇya**, *a.* consisting of branches of (°); -**mṛiga**, *m.* (branch animal), monkey; -**rathya**, *f.* branch or side road.

शाखिन् śākh-*in*, *a.* (C.) provided with branches; divided into schools or recessions (Veda); adhering to a particular Vedic school; *m.* tree; adherent of a particular Vedic school (C., rare); -**śla**, *m.* N.; -**ya**, *a.* belonging to the school of (°).

शाखोट śākhota: °**ka**-*ka*, *m.* N. of a small crooked ugly tree (Trophia aspera).

शार्कर śāmkara, *a.* (i) relating or belonging to Śiva (Śankara), relating to or derived from Śankarācārya; *i. m. pat.* of Skanda.

शार्कु śāku-*ka*, *m.* (fr. śāku) N. of a poet.

शार्कलिकित śākhā-likhita, *a.* composed by Śankha and Likhita.

शार्कयन् śākhāyana, *m. pat.* (fr. śākhā) N. of the author of a Brāhmaṇa and two Śātras; *pl.* his descendants, *a.* (i) relating to Śākhāyana, *n.* Śākhāyana's work.

शार्किक śākh-*ika*, *m.* [fr. śākhā] shell-blower

शट śāṭa, *m.*, *i. f.* (strip of) cloth, petticoat; -**ka**-*ka*, *m. n. id.*

शार्कयन् śātyāyana, *m.* (pat. fr. śātya) N. of a teacher and legislator -**ka**, *n.* doctrine or treatise of Śātyāyana, -**i-ṇ**, *m. pl.* followers of Śātyāyana.

शाय śāth-*ya*, *n.* [śātha] decent, guile, perfidy, kuavery, dishonesty

शाय 1. śāda, *a.* (i) hempen; *m.* garment of hempen; *i. f. id.*

शाय 2. śāna, *m.*, *ā. f.* bone; touchstone.

शाय 3. śāna, *m.*, *ā. f.* a certain weight (= 4 māśas)

शायारमक śāmaśma-*ka*, *m.* whetstone; touchstone, -**a-man**, *m. id.*, -**ṅpala**, *m.* whetstone.

शायिल śāndīla, *ā.* derived from or prescribed by Śandīla Br. S²; *m. pl.* descendants of Śandīla; *i. f.* N. of a female Brāhmaṇa to whom the honours were paid, regarded as the mother of Agni, N. -**matrī**, *f.* mother Śandīla.

शायिल्य śāndī-*ya*, *m. pat.* (fr. śāndīla) N. of various teachers, *a.* derived from or composed by Śāndīlya. -**vidyā**, *f.* doctrine of Śāndīlya.

शाय 1. śā-*ti*, *pp.* (√2. śā) sharp etc.

शाय 2. śāt-*n*, *m.* [√sat] falling out (of hair or nails)

शाय 3. śāta, *n.* (i) joy, delight (rare).

शायकुम्भ śātakumbha, *n.* (derived from the river Sata-kumbha, gold-sts pl., a golden -**drava**, *n.* fluid gold, -**māya**, *a.* i) golden

शायकौम्भ śātakūmbha, *a.* (i) *id.*

शायकृतव śātakratav-*n*, *a.* (i) relating to Indra (Satakratu; with sarasana, *n.* rainbow; with asa, *f.* east).

शायन śāt-*ana*, *a.* (i) causing to fall; cutting off, clipping (nails), destroying, wearing out the body, *n.* causing to fall off, clipping, plucking; destruction; means of removing (hair etc.).

शायपथ śātapatha, *a.* (i) relating or belonging to, based on, the Śatapatha Brāhmaṇa.

शायमन्यव śātamanyav-*n*, *a.* (i) relating to belonging to Indra (Śatamanyu; *m. ān*, *f.* east. [śātahrada].

शायद्व śātahrada, *a.* peculiar to lightning

शायतप śātaṭapa, *m.* N. of a lawgiver.

शायित-*in*, *a.* [√sat] clapper (of wings, °).

शायोदर śātanudara, *a.* (i) slender-waisted.

शायव śātrav-*n*, *a.* hostile; *m.* enemy; -**ya**, *a.* belonging to the enemy, hostile.

शाय śād-*n*, *m.* falling off of (leaves, in par-
na); *grām* (U.); -**ana**, *n.* falling off.

शाय śād-*vala*, *a.* [śāda] covered with grass; green, verdant (grass); leafy tree; *n. sg. d.* pl. grass-plot, green; -**vat**, *a.* grassy (place).

शाय ś-*āna-k*, the participial suffix āna;

-*n*, the participial suffix āna when the radical syllable is accented.

शायर śānas-kara, *a.* relating to Saturn; occurring on Saturday.

शाय śāntā, *pp.* e. √2. śam; *m. N.* -**śetas**, *a.* composed, calm; -**ṅvara**, *a.* having one's grief assuaged, -**śā**, *f.* quietism, freedom from passion; -**śva**, *a. id.*, -**manas**, *a.* composed

शायन śāntanav-*n*, *a.* (i) composed by Śāntanu, *m. pat.* of Bṛhatma.

शायन śāntanu, *m.* later form of the N. śāntanu.

शाय śānta-*ya*, *den.* P. calm any one.

शाय śānta-rūpa, *a.* having a tranquil appearance.

शाय śāntā, *f.* N. of a daughter of Dasaraṭha, adopted by Lomapāda, wife of Rīngasringa

शाय śān-*ti*, *f.* [√2. śam] mental tranquility, peace of mind, extinction (of fire); abatement, alleviation, cessation, removal; propitiatory rite for averting evil (care), peace, good fortune, prosperity, destruction (care), eternal rest, disease, death (rare).

शाय śānti-*ka*, *a.* averting evil, *n.* propitiatory rite for averting evil, -**kara**, *a.* productive of peace or prosperity, *m. N.* -**karmān**, *n.* rite for averting evil; -**bhāna**, *n.* vessel for propitiatory water, -**śāla**, *n.* propitiatory water, -**śoma**, *m. N.* -**homa**, *m.* expiatory sacrifice, i) śāka, *n.* propitiatory water

शाय 1. śāp-*n*, *m.* [√sap] curse, malediction on any one (rare); -**m**, *da*, *va*, *ā*-*di*, *n*, *as*, *pra*-*ya*, *m*, or *vi*-*si*, *g*, *le*, *prati* | *rare*

शाय 2. śāpa, *m.* floating matter (R¹), A¹.

शायता śāpa-*tā*, *f.* being under a curse, -**pradāna**, *n.* utterance of a curse, -**bhāṅ**, *a.* labouring under a curse, -**mokṣa**, *m.* deliverance from a curse, utterance of a curse, -**śuka**, *n.* one turned into a parrot by a curse, -**anta**, *m.* termination of a ban, -**amba**, *n.* water with which a curse is uttered

शाय śāpeta, *m. n.* or *n.* sedge etc. washed ashore (S., very rare)

शायोदक śāpa udaka, *n.* water with which a curse is pronounced

शायरिका śābar-*ika*, *f.* kind of leech (cony)

शायरी śābari, *f.* language of the Śābaras

शाय śābal-*ya*, *n.* [śābala] mixture, medley (P., very rare).

शाय śābha, *a.* (i) based on sounds (śābha) expressed in words, oral, prescribed by or founded on the sacred word - the Veda; *m.* grammarian, *pl.* a certain sect; -**ika**, *a.* uttering a sound; conversant with words, *m.* grammarian; lexicographer

शाय śām-*ana*, *a.* putting an end to, throwing into the shade (r. i. śam), *n.* soothing remedy.

शाय śāmitr-*n*, *a.* relating to the carver (śāmitrī of the victim, *m.* (sc. agni) fire for cooking the flesh of the victim (r. i. śam), *n.* place of immolation, shambles, office of carver.

शाय śāmit-*la*, *a.* (i) made of the wood of the Sami

शाय śāmulyā, *n.* woollen shirt (R¹).

शाय śāmbhā, *n. ul.* (Br., S.).

शाय śāmbard, *a.* (i) belonging or pecu-

liar to Sambhava; *n.* fight with Sambhava (*RV.*); *i.*, *f.* magic; -*śilpa*, *n.* magical art.

शान्व śāmbhava-*a.*, *a.* (i) derived from, belonging, relating, or sacred to Sambhu (Siva); -*īya*, *a.* belonging to Siva.

शान्व śān-*ya*, *a.* aiming at peace (*sama*); *n.* peace, reconciliation.

शान्वयितव्य śāyay-i-tavya, *fp.* *cs.* to be caused to rest on (*le.*); to be caused to sleep; *dirgham* -, to be caused to take one's long rest (*i.e.* death). [contained in.]

शान्विता śāy-i-tā, *f.* (-*o*) sleeping; being

शान्विन śāy-in, *a.* lying, resting, sleeping, dwelling (in, on, *le.*); at the time of, like, or ad. *śana*, (-*o*).

शार śārā, *a.* variegated, speckled, spotted; *m.* piece or figure used on a draught-board; *i.*, *f.* *id.*; *n.* bird.

शारङ्गी śāraṅgi-*i.*, *f.* female of a certain bird.

शारण śāraṇa, *m.* *N.* incorr. for śāraṇa.

शारद śārād-*ā*, *a.* (*f.* *śārādī*, *N.* *ī*) autumnal; fresh (*l.*, rare); *n.* autumn grain (*l.*, rare); *f.* *N.* of Sarasvatī, goddess of speech; -*īna*, -*īya*, *a.* autumnal.

शारद्वत śāradvat-*n.*, *m.* *pat.* (*fr.* *śaradvat*) of Kṛpā; *N.* of a pupil of Kanva.

शारम्बर śārambara, *N.* of a locality.

शारि śāri, *f.* a small sweet-voiced bird (*śis.* *spelt* śārī); arrow (*RV.*; *cp.* *śaru*); elephant; howdah; *N.* of the mother of Buddha's first pupil (often called Śārī-putra or -suta); *m.* piece or figure used on a draught-board (*śis.* *written* sari).

शारिका śārīka-*f.* kind of bird (often *spelt* śārīkā); a form of Durgā; -*ka*, *n.* Durgā's peak, *N.* of a locality; -*pitika*, *n.* *N.* of a locality. [speckled.]

शारित śārīta, *den.* *pp.* made variegated or

शारिपुत्र śārī-putra, *m.* son of Ārī, *N.* of Buddha's first pupil; -*prastara*, *m.* *N.* of a gambler; -*suta*, *m.* -*putra*.

शारीयक śārīyaka, *m.* *N.* of a village.

शारीर śārīrā, *a.* (i) made of bone (*very rare*); bodily, corporeal, belonging or relating to, being in the body (*śarīra*); *cc.* *danda*, *m.* corporal punishment; *n.* excrement.

शारीरक śārīra-*ka*, *a.* bodily; *n.* = śārīra-*ka*; -*sūtra*, *n.* the Brahma or Vedānta Sūtra of Bāṇadīyana, the aphorisms of the Vedānta philosophy.

शार्कर śārka-*a.* made of sugar.

शार्ङ्ग śārṅga, *a.* made of horn (*śrīṅga*); derived from the tree Śrīṅga (*poison*); *n.* bow (*sp.* Vishnu's or Krishna's); -*dhanvaṇ*, *m.* (having the bow Śārṅga) *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna; -*dhara*, *m.* (bearing the bow Śārṅga) *id.* *N.*; -*padbhāṭi*, *f.* Śārngadhara's poetical anthology; *P.* of a work; -*pāṇḍ*, *m.* (holding the bow Śārṅga in his hand) *cp.* of Vishnu or Krishna; -*bhāṭi*, *m.* *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna; -*raṇa*, *m.* *N.* *pl.* his descendants; -*mītra*, *pl.* Śārṅgarava and the rest.

शार्ङ्गि śārṅgi-in, *m.* (having the bow Śārṅga) *ep.* of Vishnu or Krishna.

शार्ङ्गी śārṅgi-*f.* a bird.

शार्ङ्ग śārṅgā, *m.* tiger; -*o* (*like* vyāghra) chief or best of; -*karmān*, *n.* tiger-skin; -*mṛga-sevita*, *pp.* infested by tigers and deer; -*vikṛāṭita*, *n.* tiger-play; *a.* imitating tiger-play; *n.* a metre.

शार्मन् śārmanya, *m.* Germany (*nineteenth century word*); -*dama*, *m.* *id.*

शार्यात śāryātā, *m.* *pat.* (*fr.* *saryāti*); *i.*, *f.* daughter of Saryātā.

शार्व śārva, *a.* (i) relating, belonging, or sacred to, derived from Śarva (Siva); with *dis.*, *f.* east.

शार्वर śārvar-*a.*, *a.* [*fr.* *sarvārī*] nocturnal; *i*-*ka*, *a.* *id.*; *i.*, *f.* night.

शाल śāl, I. *Ā.* *śāla* (*rare*), shine, be distinguished for (*m.*; *comm.*); *pp.* *śālita*, distinguished for (*m.*, -*o*).

शाल śālā, *a.* being in the hut etc. (*Br.*); -*m.* *ad.* at home; *m.* (*C.*) *N.* of a tall and stately tree (*Valia robusta*) used for building houses (often *spelt* śālā); tree (*rare*; *śis.* *spelt* śālā); enclosure, fence, rampart (*rare*; *śis.* *spelt* śālā).

शालकटकुट śālā-kataṅkata, *m.* *du.* *N.* of two genti; -*grāma*, *m.* *N.* of a village regarded as sacred among the Tāṣṇavas, situated on the Gandaki, so called from the Śālā tree growing in it; thence came the sacred stones or emblems typical of Viṣṇu; the Viṣṇu worshiped at Śālāgrāma (*rare*); *m.* *n.* anionite; -*śilā*, *f.* *id.*; -*bhaṅgikā*, *f.* statue (made of Śālā wood); -*bhaṅgi*, *f.* *id.*

शालभ śālābha, *a.* peculiar to the grasshopper or moth (śālābha); *cc.* *vidhi*, *m.* way of the grasshopper or moth (*perishing in fire*).

शालवलय śālā-valaya, *m.* or *n.* circular rampart.

शाला śālā, *f.* [*√* *śrī*] shed, house, apartment, room, hall; stable; -*śs.* *a.*, *n.*; -*karmān*, *n.* building a house; -*agni*, *m.* domestic fire; -*agira*, *n.* kind of dish.

शालातुरीय śālātūr-īya, *a.* belonging to Śālātūra; *m.* *ep.* of Pāṇini.

शालासद् śālā-sad, *n.* being in the house or stable (*Br.*); -*stha*, *a.* standing in the stable.

शालि śālī, *m.* (*sp.* & *pl.*) rice (and similar kinds of grain); civet cat (*rare*); -*ka*, *n.* grain of rice; -*kedāra*, *m.* rice-field; -*kaho*, *n.* *id.*; -*gopi*, *f.* female watcher of a rice-field; -*kūrna*, *n.* rice-flour; -*tanu*, *n.* grain of rice. [*n.* *id.* (-*o*)]

शालिता śālī-tā, *f.* possession of (-*o*); -*tva*,

शालिन् śālī-in, *a.* (possessing a house), abundantly provided with, possessed or full of, versed in, distinguished by or for; -*i.*, *f.* *N.*

शालिभवन śālī-bhavana, *n.* rice-field; -*bhū*, *f.* *id.*; -*vāhana*, *m.* (rice-bearer), *N.* of a king, adversary of Vikramāditya, the date of his birth, 78 A.D., being the beginning of the Śaka era; -*samarakshikā*, *f.* female guardian of a rice-field; -*hoṭra*, *m.* poetical *N.* of the horse (receiving offerings of -*fed* on, rice); *N.* of a Viśhi, regarded as the first authority on the horse; *N.* Śālīhoṭra's work on the horse; -*gā*, *a.* familiar with -.

शालीन śālīna, *a.* having a fixed abode; modest, bashful; -*m.*, *ad.*; -*tā*, *f.* modesty, bashfulness; -*śilā*, *a.* having a bashful nature; -*tā*, *f.* bashfulness.

शालूक śālūka, *n.* root of the esculent water-lily; -*kanda*, *m.* *id.*

शालूर śālūra, *m.* frog (*rare*).

शालिय śālīya, *a.* (i) growing rice (śālī).

शाल्य śālmā, *m.* (= *i*) silk-cotton tree (*only* -*o*, *rare*).

शाललि śālmali, *m.* *f.*, *i.*, *f.* *id.*, Semul tree (*Salmalia malabarica*: a tall tree with thorns and red flowers; as a tree of torture in hell); *i.*, *f.* *N.* of a river in a hell.

शाल्य śālīanna, *n.* boiled rice, rice pap; -*odana*, *m.* *n.* *id.* [of the Śālvya.]

शाल्य śālva, *m.* *pl.* *N.* of a people; *sg.* king

शाल śālva-*a.*, *m.* [growing: *√* *śā*] young of an animal; *2.* *a.* belonging to a corpse (*sava*), caused by a death (*impurity*); *n.* impurity produced by a corpse; -*ka*, *m.* young of an animal or bud.

शाल śāsa, *a.* belonging to the hare (*sasa*): with *māmsa*, *n.* flesh of the hare.

शाल्य śāsvat-*ā*, *a.* (i) [śāsvat] constant, perpetual, eternal; *i*-*ka* *samāhā*, for everlasting years, for evermore; -*m.*, *ad.* constantly, for ever; *m.* *N.* of a lexicographer; *i*-*ka*, *a.* *id.*

शाल śāś, I. P. śās (I., C.), *wk.* base

śāś (3 *pl.* *śāśati*), I P. (V., E.), *Ā.* (E.) *śāśa* [prob. contracted reduplication of *√* *śas* = *√* *śams*; 3 *pl.* & *pp.* *pl.* *st.* without *n.*, correct, chastise, punish (V., C.); control, administer (law); C.; rule, govern (*ord.* *mg.*), wield (*sovereignty*), *śāśyān*, *śāśyān*; C.; order, command, direct *anyone* (*ac.*), to (*inf.*, *oratio recta* + *it*); instruct, teach (V., C.), in (*le.*), with regard to (*l.*); *śs.* 2 *ac.*; C.; praise (= *sams*, C., rare); confess (*crime*; C.); *ps.* *śāśyate* and *śāśyate*; *glt.* *śāśitva*, *śāśitva*, -*śāśya*, -*śāśya*; *pp.* *śāśata*, ruled (E., rare); *śāśita* (E., C.), punished; controlled; instructed, in (*le.*); *śāśitā*, ordered; taught; instructed, cultivated, refined; excellent; *cc.* *śāśaya*, P. recommend (*rare*). *anu*, direct, instruct, show the way to (V., C.); give instructions to, order, command (an inferior, C.); teach *any one* anything (2 *ac.*; C.); rule, govern (± *śāśyān*; common *mg.*, C.); punish (*rare*, C.); *ps.* be taught or instructed (C.); *pp.* *śāśitva*, instructed, ordered, by (*in*; V., C.); taught, imparted (C.); completed (C.). *abhi*, point out, assign (*houses*; *RV.*); rule (*earth*, E.). *ś.* *Ā.* ask, supplicate, wish, or hope for, expect (V., C.), from (*ab.*), for any one (*d.*, *le.*); desire (a blessing or blessings, *śāśam*, *śāśam*); *pp.* *śāśita*, wished for etc.; incorr. for *śāśita* *ud.* direct or conduct upwards (to the gods. *RV.*). *pra*, V., C.; direct, instruct; C.; give instructions to, command; punish (*rare*); rule, be lord of (*ord.* *mg.*); *śāśyān* -, rule (*int.*). *prati*, *pp.* *śāśita*, despatched. *sam*, call upon, direct *any one* (*Br.*, S.).

शाल śās, V. *śs.* *SAS.*

शाल śās, *f.* (*RV.*) command; ruler.

शाल śās-*n.* I. *m.* order, command (*RV.*); *ś.* *m.* ruler, chastiser (*RV.*); *N.* of *RV.* X. 152 (*Br.*); 2. *ś.* *m.* butcher's knife (*Br.*, S.); -*hanta*, *a.* holding a butcher's knife in his hand (*Br.*).

शालक śās-aka, *m.* teacher, instructor.

शालन śās-ana, *a.* (i) chastising; instructing; *m.* chastiser; instructor; *n.* C.; chastisement, punishment; government, sway, rule, over (-*o*); royal decree, edict, charter, grant; instruction, teaching (*rare*); precept, rule, counsel (*rare*); doctrine, faith, religion (*rare*). V., C.; direction, command, order, to *any one* (-*o*); -*m* *kṛi*, obey the orders of (*g.*); *e* *vrit* or *sthā*, obey *any one* (*g.*, -*o*); *ab.* *śāśanāt*, by command of (*g.*); -*dhara*, *m.* bearer of a message, messenger; -*vartin*, *a.* obeying the orders of (*g.*); -*vāhaka*, *m.* messenger; -*śilā*, *f.* edict engraved on stone; -*hāraka*, -*hārīn*, *m.* messenger.

शसनीय sās-āniya, *fp.* to be instructed or taught, by (*g.*); **-i-tavya**, *fp.* to be taught or prescribed; **-i-tri**, *m.* punisher, chastiser; ruler, of (-); instructor, teacher; **-in**, *a.* punishing, chastising; ruling over (-); teaching, instructing; **(sā)-na**, *n.* command (*RV.*); **-ti**, *i. f.* punishment; command; *m.* (3 *sg.* used as *s.*) the root *i. sās*; **-tri**, *m.* punisher, chastiser; ruler; teacher, instructor; *ep.* of Buddha.

शास्त्र sās-trā, *n.* *RV.* ¹, *C.*: command, precept; *C.*: instruction, advice, good counsel, rule, theory; compendium, institutes of any branch of learning; code, scientific or canonical work, scripture; learning (*rare*); **-kāra**, **-krit**, *m.* author of a treatise; **-gāṇa**, *m.* *N.* of a parrot; **-śakṣha**, *a.* having authoritative works as eyes (*knip*); **-gṇa**, *a.* conversant with the *Sāstras*, learned; *m.* specialist; **-tas**, *ad.* according to prescribed rules; **-darśana**, *n.* mention in an authoritative work; *ab.* according to prescription; **-dṛishā**, *pp.* (seen =) mentioned or prescribed in the treatises, scientific, according to precept or rule; **-mati**, *a.* trained, learned; *m.* specialist; **-vat**, *ad.* according to prescribed rules; **-vargita**, *pp.* subject to no law; **-vāda**, *m.* statement of the treatises; **-vādin**, *m.* teacher; **-vid**, *a.* conversant with the *Sāstras*, learned; **-atiga**, *a.* offending against the *Sāstras*; **-adhyāpaka**, *m.* teacher; **-anantaśāhna**, *n.* neglect of instructive works.

शास्त्रिन् sāstr-in, *a.* learned; *m.* scholar; **-iya**, *a.* taught in the *Sāstras*, belonging to theory (*opp. practice*), theoretical; **-tva**, *n.* fact of being prescribed in the *Sāstras*.

शास्य sās-ya, *fp.* to be punished, punishable; to be controlled or governed. [*m. N.*]

शाह sāha, *n. N.* of a locality; *i. m. N.*: **-va**.

शि SI, sharpen, *v.* श *ŚA*.

शि s-i, the *i* of *nm. ac. pl. n.* (*gr.*).

शिशपा śimsāpā, *f. N.* of a large and beautiful tree (*Dalbergia Sissoo*).

शिसुमार śimsu-māra, *m.* porpoise (*V.* ²).

शिक्षा śikṣā, *n.* (*V*, *C*) carrying sling; vessel or scale suspended by strings.

शिक्षन् śikṣ-van, *a.* [*√ i. suk*] artistic (*I*); **-vas**, *a.* [*√ i. suk*] mighty (*RV.*).

शिक्ष 1. STKSII. I. śikṣha [*des. of* *√ i. suk*, wish to be able, *P.* attempt (*V*, *rare*); *Ā* (*P*) practise, study, learn *ac.* (*V*, *C*) *from* (*ab.* or *sakṣat* with *g.*); practise oneself in (*te.*; *C.*); *pr. pt.* śikṣhamāna, learning, *m.* pupil (*RV.*); *ps.* śikṣhate, be learnt; *pp.* śikṣhita, learnt; practised voice; *es.* śikṣhaya, *P.* teach thing, instruct (person, *sts.* 2 *ac.*); *to* (*inf.*); *pp.* śikṣhita, taught (2 *ac.*), instructed, in (*te.*, *?*); *ann.* learn (*ac.* of thing, *ab.* *g.* of *prs.*); *pp.* learnt, from (*?*); *ā*, *pp.* incorr. for *a-* **upa**, *Ā* (*P.* metr.) learn, from (*ab.*).

शिक्ष 2 STKSII. I. śikṣha [*des. of* *√ i. suk*, wish to help (*d.*), aid, please (*RV.*); wish to give, bestow (*V*); wish to present (*ac.*) with (*in.*; *Br.*, *C*, *rare*); *Ā*, enter the service of (*ac.*; *E*); **upa**, *P.* attract, invite (*V*); *Ā*, enter the service of, place oneself at the disposal of (*ac.*; *E*).

शिक्षक śikṣh-aka, *a.* teaching, instructing; *m.* teacher; **-ana**, *n.* instruction, in (*te.*); **-āniya**, *fp.* to be taught anything (*ac.*).

शिक्षा śikṣh-ā, *f.* knowledge, art, skill, in (*te.*, *?*); instruction, teaching; lesson, precept; science of grammatical elements (*one*

of the six *Vedāṅgas*); *T*; **-ālara**, *a.* behaving according to precept; **-danda**, *m.* punishment as a lesson; **-pāda**, *n.* moral precept; **-vat**, *a.* possessed of knowledge, learned; instructive.

शिक्षित śikṣhita, *pp.* simple *d. es.* *śikṣh*; *n.* teaching, instruction; *2. m.* (3 *sg.* used as *s.*) having learnt his letters = reading and writing.

शिशु śikṣh-ū, *a.* helpful (*RI*).

शिक्ष्य śikṣh-nya, *a.* instructive.

शिक्षण्ड śikṣhaṇḍ, *m.* tuft of hair; peacock's tail; **-ka**, *m. ud. C*; **-i-kota**, *m. ep.* of *Skanda*.

शिक्षण्डिन śikṣhaṇḍ-in, *a.* tufted, crested; *m.* peacock; *N.* of a son of *Drupada*, born as a girl but transformed into a boy by a *Yakṣa*, slayer of *Iḥishma*; **-i**, *f.* pāhen; *N.* of *Sikhaṇḍin* when a girl.

शिक्षण्डमत śikṣhaṇḍ-mat, *a.* abounding in **शिक्षर** śikṣha-ra, *a.* pointed; *m. n.* peak, summit of a mountain; tree-top; pinnacle, turret; top; point of a tooth; mountain of a back of an elephant; *?*; *N.*

शिक्षरिन् śikṣha-rin, *a.* pointed, peaked; *m.* mountain; **-i**, *f.* curds with sugar and spices; a melic.

शिक्षरिपत्निन् śikṣhari-patrin, *m.* winged mountain; **i** *indra*, *m.* chief of mountains (*ep.* of *Raivataka*, *comm.*).

शिक्षा śikṣhā, *f.* lock or tuft of hair (*Br.*, *S. C.*); peacock's crest (*rare*); flame, ray (*rare*); point, tip, top, border of a garment; daily interest *ac.* **-vādhā**; **-gṇa**, *a.* having a top knot of a single lock, the rest of the head being shaved; **-dāman**, *n.* wreath worn on the crown; **-ābharaṇa**, *n.* ornament, diadem; **-maṇḍ**, *m.* crest jewel = pearl or crown of; **-māṇḍa**, *a.* shaven with the exception of a single tuft; **-vat**, *a.* flaming, burning; pointed; **-vridhī**, *t.* interest growing like a tuft of hair, daily interest.

शिक्षिता śikṣhī-tā, *f.* condition of a peacock; **-dis**, *f.* Agni's quarter, south-east; **-dyut**, *a.* gleaming like fire; **-dhvaga**, *m.* having a peacock as his emblem; *ep.* of *Kartika*.

शिक्षिन् śikṣh-in, *a.* wearing a tuft of hair (*V*, *C*); *m. C*: peacock, crested, fire, Agni, comet (*rare*).

शिशु śigru, *m. N.* of a people (*pl.*; *RV.*), a palmyra *Moringa pterocarpa*, *C*.

शिक्ष SINGH, (*smell*) only with **upa**, kiss very rare.

शिक्ष SINGH. *Ā* śikṣte (*RI*, *C*), utter a shrill sound, whirr, tinkle. *pp. pt.* śikṣhāna and śikṣat, whirring, buzzing, tinkling *C*; *pp.* śikṣhita, trumpeting elephants, tinkling anklets etc., rattling armour; *ā*, *pp.* tinkling (tinkled).

शिक्षा śikṣh-ā, *f.* tinkle, jungle, whirr, buzz, howstring; **-lātā**, *f. ud*; **-i-ta**, *pp. n.* tinkle, hum, etc. (*trifl.*).

शित s-it, *a.* having *s* for its anubandha

शित śitā, *pp.* of *1. 2. śā*; *a.* incorr. for śitā, white; **-tā**, *f.* sharpness; **-dhāra**, *a.* keen-edged; **-sara**-āta, *n. pl.* hair reeds of sharp arrows.

शिति śiti, *a.* white; black; (*siti*)-**kakud**, *a.* white-bumped (*V*); **-kakṣha**, *a.* white-shouldered (*V*); **-kākṣha**, *a.* white-necked (*V*, *rare*); blue-necked *C*; *m. C*: peacock; *ep.* of *Siva*; *N*; **-ka**, *a.* blue-necked peacock; **-pakṣha**, *a.* white-winged, **-pād**, *a.* (*sty. sl.* **-pād**, *f.* **pad-ī**) white-footed (*V*);

-pāda, *a. ud. C*); **-priabhā**, *a.* (*V*) white-backed (according to others, black-backed); **-rakṣa**, *n.* sapphire; **-vāsa**, *a.* wearing a dark garment; *m. ep.* of *Iḥarāṇa*.

शितिक śiti-kri, whet, sharpen [*sofi.*]

शिशिर śithā, *a.* (*V*) loose, slack, flexible;

शिशिल śithilā, *a.* loose, slackened, unfatigued, drooping, supple; unstable, tremulous; languid, feeble, careless in *te.*; **-m**, *ad.* tottering stand; (*ā*)-**tā**, *f.* slackness; **-m gam** or **vrag**, *g.* neglected.

शिशिलय śithilā-ya, *den. P.* loosen; *Ā* neglect; *pp.* **ita**, loosened, slackened, relaxed; **pari**, *pp.* completely relaxed.

शिशिलसमाधि śithilā-samādhi, *a.* having the attention relaxed, distraught

शिशिलाय śithilā-ya, *den.* become relaxed.

शिशिलीकृ śithilī-kri, loosen, relax; diminish, alleviate, *pp.* loosened, etc.; **-bhā**, become relaxed, relax one's efforts, desist from (*ab.*).

शिम sim, *m. N*

शिपि sipi, *m.* (*V*, *rare*) animal or ray (*P*).

शियित sipita, *pp.* redundant (*B*).

शिपिविष्ट sipi-viṣṭa, *a. ud.* (*I*); bald (*S*); *m. V*, *C*) *ep.* of *Vishnu*, *ep.* of *Rudra-Siva* (*rare*).

शिप्रवत् sipra-vat, *a.* full-checked (*RV.* ¹).

शिप्रा siprā, *f.* (*RI*) *du* cheeks *pl.* visors.

शिप्रिणीवत् sipriṇī-vat, *a.* full-checked

शिप्रिन् sipri-in, *a. ud.* (*RV.* ¹). [*RV.* ¹].

शिफा śiphā, *f.* fibrous root (*C*); stroke with a rod *C*; *N.* of a river *RV.* ¹.

शिवि śiva, *m. N.* of a lamp noted for his generosity, who sacrificed his body to save a dove *pl. N.* of a people

शिविका śivikā, *f.* hitā, palanquin; a weapon of *Kubera*, horse.

शिविर śivira, *n.* royal camp; encampment, tent in a camp; *m.* incense for divya.

शिम SIM, *IV P.* śimya, prepare (*VI*, *rare*).

शिमिका śimikā, *f. N.* of a locality.

शिमो śim-i, = śāmi, *f.* effort etc (*YV*, *rare*); **-simi**-vat, *a.* mighty (*RI*).

शिम śimba, *m.* legume, pod; **-lā**, *m.* small pod or a kind of flower (*RV.*).

शिम्वि śimbi (*or* *i*), *f.* legume, pod; **-i-dhāna**-ya, *n. ud*

शिम्व śim-ya, *m. pl.* (strihous, aggressive) loes *RV.* ¹, *a. m. N.* of a people *RV.* ¹).

शिर SIR (= *√ s. r*), mingle; *pp.* śirta, mixed with (*in.*, *RV.*).

शिर śi, *a.* (*?*) harassing [*√ s. r*]

शिर śira, *m.* (= śiras) head (*trai*)

शिरःकपाल śirḥ-kapala, *a.* skull, **-kapālin**, *a.* carrying a skull, **-kampa**, *m.* shaking of the head *st. pl.*; **-kampin**, *a.* shaking the head; **-kṛntana**, *a.* despoiler of, **-kṛhedā**, *m.* *n.* *śkhedana*, *n.* of *śhāka*, *n.* *śhāka*, *n.* *N.* of a person; **-śula**, *a.* violent head; **-śesha**, *a.* having the head only left; *m.* *Rahu*; **-rit**, *a.* being at the top of (*?*).

शिरस śi-as, *n.* head, summit, peak, top; front, *v. m.* of an army; head, chief, first; *N.* of the verse *Upo gyaṇi apomūṣitaṁ*; **-śiro dā**, give up one's (head =) life; **-dhri**,

hold up one's head; -**vah**, hold one's head high, be proud; -**vartaya**, hold out one's head, declare oneself ready for punishment (when an opponent has cleared himself in an ordeal); **śirasā** *kri*, **grah**, or **dhā**, place on the head; -**dhri**, **bhri**, or **vah**, hold or carry on the head; -**kri**, receive reverently, honour; -**gam**, **yā**, **pra-nam**, **pra-ni-pat**, touch with one's head, bow down; **sirasi** *kri* or **ni-dhā**, place on one's head; -**sthā**, be on the head; hang over the head, be imminent; stand at the head of = far above (*g*).

शिरसि sirasi-ga, *m.* (produced on the head), hair of the head.

शिरसः śiras-ka, ° *a*, = **siras**; -**tas**, *a*, out of, from, or at the head; from the head onwards; -**tra**, *n*, helmet; -**trāna**, *n*, ul.

शिरः śiraḥ-stha, *a*, borne on the head; hanging over one's head, imminent; -**sthāna**, *n*, chief place; -**sthita**, *pp*, being in the head, cerebral (sound); -**snāta**, *pp*, having bathed one's head.

शिरिणा śiriṇa, *f*, night (*RV*.¹).

शिरिम्बि śirimbitha, *m*, cloud.

शिरिषी śiriṣha, *m*, a tree (*Acacia Sirissa*); *n*, its flower.

शिरोग्रीव śiro-grīvā, *n*, *sg*, head and neck (*V*); -**ghāta**, *n*, blow on the head; -**gṛa**, *n*, *pl*, hair of the head; -**dhara**, *m*, *gulyā*, *f*, (head-bearer), neck; -**dharamāya**, *fp*, to be borne on the head, to be greatly honoured; -**dhāna**, *n*, head (of a bed); -**dhi**, *m*, neck; -**dhūnana**, *n*, shaking of the head; -**mati**, *f*, bowing the head; -**bhāga**, *m*, top (of a tree); head (of a bed); -**bhūṣhana**, *n*, head ornament; -**maṇi**, *m*, crest-jewel; chief of (*g*, °); *T*, of distinguished works or scholars; -**mātra** **avaseṣha**, *a*, of whom the head only remains (*Rāhu*); -**mukha**, *n*, *sg*, head and face; -**rakṣin**, *m*, body-guard; -**rug**, *f*, headache; -**ś**, *f*, *id*; -**ruha**, *m*, hair of the head; (-**a**) *rti*, *f*, (= *ārti*) headache; -**veda-nā**, *f*, headache; -**hrīṭ-kamala**, *n*, lotus of head and heart.

शिर śira, *m*, ear of corn left on the field; gleanings of ears of corn; *N*, of a son of *Parīyātra*.

शिवा śilā, *f*, stone, rock,Craig.

शिवाचर śilā akṣara, *n*, lithography; -**grīha**, *n*, grotto; -**kāya**, *m*, mass of stones, mountain; -**gatu**, *n*, bitumen; -**tala**, *n*, slab of rock; -**tva**, *n*, nature of stone; -**āditya**, *m*, *N*, of a king; -**paṭa**, *m*, stone slab (for sitting on or grinding); -**prāsāda**, *m*, stone temple; -**bandha**, *m*, wall; -**māya**, *a*, (i) made of stone; -**varsha**, *n*, a raining stones; -**veṇa**, *n*, a rock house, grotto; -**mātra**, *n*, stone weapon; -**rita**, *pp*, whetted on a stone (arrow); -**śāna**, *a*, seated on a stone; -**stambha**, *m*, stone column.

शिवाहारि śilāhārin, *a*, gleanings ears of corn.

शिलिकाकोट śilikā-kosutha, *m*, *N*, of a mountain village.

शिलिन्ध्री śilindhrī, *n*, flower of the plantain tree (*Musa sapientum*); mushroom.

शिलीभूत śilī-bhūta, *pp*, turned to stone, become as hard as stone.

शिलीमुख śilī-mukha, *m*, arrow; bee (*rare*); *N*, of a hare. [mountain.]

शिलोक्थ śilōkṣaya, *m*, (pile of rock),

शिलोच्छ śilōcchka, *m*, gleanings of ears of corn; *m*, *du*, or *sg*, gleanings of ears and picking up grains.

शिल्प 1. śilpā, *a*, variegated (*YV*.).

शिल्प 2. śilpa, *n*, variegated appearance, decoration, ornament (*V*.); work of art (*C*.); artistic skill, art, craft (*Br*, *C*.); *N*, of certain *Nāstras* (*Br*, *S*.).

शिल्पकारी śilpa-kāri, *f*, female artisan; -**kārikā**, *f*, *id*; -**grīha**, *n*, workshop of an artisan; -**vidyā**, *f*, knowledge of the arts or crafts; -**vrittī**, *f*, subsistence by a craft; -**śāstra**, *n*, work on arts or craft.

शिल्पिन् śilp-in, *a*, skilled in an art; *m*, artist, craftsman; fashioner of (°); -**i**, *f*, female artist. [craftsman.]

शिल्पोपजीविन् śilpupagivin, *m*, artist, शिव śivā, *a*, kind, friendly, gracious; pleasant, auspicious, prosperous, happy; *m*, the Auspicious One, euphemistic *N*, of Rudra, in *C*, transferred to one of the members of the Hindu trinity, Siva (*du*, Siva and his wife); jacked; *N*, *n*, prosperity, welfare, bliss.

शिवविष śiva-kshetra, *n*, region sacred to Siva; *N*, of a certain region.

शिवनाति śiva-tāti, *a*, conducive to happiness or welfare; *f*, prosperity; -**datta**, *m*, *N*,; -**dayin**, *a*, conferring prosperity; -**dāsa**, *m*, *N*,; -**dis**, *f*, north-east; -**pura**, *n*, *i*, *f*, *N*, of various towns and villages; -**bhakti**, *f*, worship of Siva; -**bhūti** -**ka**, *m*, *N*, of a minister; -**mantra**, *m*, Siva's verse; -**māya**, *a*, full of prosperity; entirely devoted to Siva; -**yogin**, *m*, Siva monk; *N*,; -**ratha**, *n*, *N*,; -**rātri**, *f*, fourteenth (night =) day of the dark half of *Phālguna* sacred to Siva; -**rāna**, *m*, *N*,; -**linga**, *n*, phallus of Siva; -**loka**, *m*, Siva's world (on *Kāṇḍa*); -**varman**, *m*, *N*, of a minister; -**śakti**, *m*, *N*,; (-**ś**) -**saṃkalpa**, *a*, kindly disposed (*V*.); *m*, *N*, of the verses *VS*. 34, 1 *egg*; -**sūtra**, *n*, *pl*, the fourteen introductory *Sūtras* of *Pāṇini*'s grammar containing the alphabet and ascribed to Siva; -**svāmī**, *m*, *N*.

शिवा śivā, *f*, Siva's energy personified as his wife; jacked (euphemistic term, as it is an animal of ill-omen).

शिवाकार śiva ākāra, *a*, having a beneficent appearance, having the form of Siva; -**āgama**, *m*, doctrine of Siva; *T*, of a work; -**ādeśaka**, *m*, interpreter of fortune, astrologer; -**āyatana**, *n*, Siva temple; -**ā-ruta**, *n*, vell of a jackal; -**ālaya**, *m*, Siva's abode, *Kailāsa*; Siva temple.

शिशय śi-sa-yā, *a*, [√*śā*] bounteous (*IT*.¹).

शिशयिषु śi-say-ishu, *des*, *a*, wishing to sleep, sleepy.

शिशिर śi-sira, *a*, [√*syā*] first spring, cold season (one of the six seasons comprising the months *Māgha* and *Phālguna*; *V*, *C*.); cold, frost (*C*.); coolness (*C*.); (*C*.); cool, cold; -**kara**, -**kirāna**, *m*, moon; -**tā**, *f*, coolness, cold (in a heat); -**didhiti**, *m*, moon; -**mathita**, *pp*, blighted by frost (lotus); -**māsa**, *m*, cool month; -**ritu**, -**samaya**, *m*, cold season.

शिशिरय śisira-ya, *den*, *P*, cool; *pp*, ita, cooled.

शिशिराम् śisiraṃsu, *a*, cool-rayed; *m*, moon; -**atyaya**, *m*, close of the cold season, spring.

शिशिराय śisira-ya, *den*, *Ā*, grow cool.

शिशिरोक्ष śisiri-kri, *cool*.

शिशिरोपचार śisiraupakāra, *m*, artificial cooling, refrigerator.

शिशु śisu, *m*, [grower; √*śū*] child, infant;

young (of animals; also of young plants and the recently risen sun); in *cpds*, *guly*, °; *N*, of *Skanda*; *N*.

शिशुक śisu-kā, *m*, infant; -**kāla**, *m*, childhood; -**kāndāyana**, *n*, child's lunar penance; -**gana**, *m*, children; -**tā**, *f*, -**tva**, *n*, childhood; childishness; -**deya**, *a*, bordering on childhood, still almost a child; -**nāga**, *m*, young serpent; *N*,; -**pāla**, *m*, *N*, of a king of the *Khedis*, son of *Damaghosha*, slain by *Krishna*; -**vadha**, *n*, Death of *Sisupāla*, *T*, of an epic poem by *Māgha*; (*śisu*) -**mat**, *a*, possessed of children or young (*V*.); -**māra**, *m*, porpoise.

शिशुल śisū-la, *m*, infant (*IT*.¹).

शिश्र śisā, *m*, *n*, tail; (*guly*.), male organ; (-**ā**) -**deva**, *a*, lewd (common); or tailed demon or phallus-worshipper (*IT*.²).

शिश्रश्च śi-suath-a, *m*, piercing (*RV*.¹).

शिशि śisvi, *a*, in su-sisvi.

शिश 1. *SISH*, *VII*, *P*, *śinashī* (*Br*, *S*, *C*.), *V*, *P*, *śinashī* (*Br*, *S*, *N*.), leave; *IV*, *Ā*, -**śishyate** or *ps*, -**śishyāte** (*V*.), be left, remain (simple *vb*, in *C* only; with *na*, be lacking (*E*.); *pp*, **śishā** (*V*, *V*.), left, remaining; ° in *C*, *sta*, having only - remaining; escaped from; *cs*, **śishaya**, *P*, (*Ā*, *metr*.), leave, spare; *pp*, **śishita**, left, spared, *ati*, leave over; *ps*, be left, *ava*, *ps*, remain; *pp*, left, spared, remaining, from (*g*, °); having only - remaining (*in*, °); remaining from what has been (° *m*, *pp*); *cs*, leave; *pp*, left; also = *pp*, of non-causal *th*, *śambhoktum* *na* *avaseṣitā*, was not spared being eaten. *ud*, leave over (*V*.); *ps*, remain over (*V*.); *pp*, **śishā**, left over, by (°), remaining, left lying as useless, unclean, *pāri*, leave over (*V*.); *ps*, remain over; *pp*, **pāri-śishā**, left over, remaining; *cs*, leave remaining, spare. *vi*, (leave apart), distinguish, particularise; distinguish from others, prefer to (*in*.); augment, intensify (*rare*). *ps*, be particularised or defined by (*in*.); be distinguished from (*in*, *ab*.); be pre eminent or most approved; be of more weight or better than, be superior or preferable to (*in*, *ab*.); be pre-eminent among (*g*, *lc*.); *pp*, **vi-śishā**, distinguished, particularised, characterised by (*in*, °); different, particular; pre-eminent, excellent, distinguished, by (*in*, °); excelling in (*lc*.); best of, most distinguished among (*g*.); superior to, better or worse than (*ab*, °); *cs*, distinguish, determine, define; prefer (any one), cause to appear better; surpass, excel (*ord*, *mg*.); *ps*, **viśeshyate**, be of most account. *pp*, **viśeshita**, superior to (*ab*, *m* (*in*.); surpassed. *pr*, *vi*, augment.

शिश 2. *SISH*, weak form of √*śā*.

शिश śish-tā, 1 *pp*, (√*śā*) taught etc.; *n*, rule regarding (°); 2 *pp*, (√*śā*) remaining; *n*, remains, remnant.

शिशता śish-tā, *f*, culture, learning; -**tva**, *n*, *id*; -**sabhā**, *f*, assembly of scholars; -**smṛiti**, *f*, tradition of the learned; -**akaraṇa**, *n*, neglect of what is prescribed; -**āgama**, *m*, tradition of the learned; -**ākāra**, *m*, practice of the learned; -**ādishā**, *pp*, prescribed or approved by the learned; -**avāna**, *a*, eating remnants.

शिशि śish-ti, *f*, [√*śā*] punishment; command; instruction.

शिश śish-ya, *fp* [√*śā*] to be taught; to be instructed; *m*, pupil, disciple; *ā*, *f*, female pupil; (-**ā**) -**ka**, *m*, pupil; (-**ā**) -**tā**, *f*, pupilage.

शिश्याय śishyā-ya, *den.* **Ā.** become the pupil of (*g.*): *pp* 1-**ta**, *n. imp.*

शिश्वीक śishvī-kri, make a pupil of (*g.*).

शिश्र SIS (शिश्र SISH), *collateral form of* **शिश्र**, also in derivatives (*śiśra* etc.).

शी 1. **Śī**, IV. **Ā.** **śīyate**, fall out (*V.*); disappear, be dispelled, perish (*C.*). **ava**, fall down (*V.*).

शी 2. **Śī**, II. **Ā.** **śete** (*V., C.*), I. P. **Ā.** **śāyā** (*V., C. rare*), lie, recline, rest; lie unused; sleep; lie down to sleep; fall asleep: *pp.* **śayita**, lying; sleeping, having lain; having slept; fallen asleep; *cs.* **śāyaya**, P. (**Ā.** *metr.*) lay down, place on or in (*lc*); cause to lie down: *pp.* **śayita**, placed upon (*°*); *des.* **Ā.** **śāyisha**, wish to sleep. **ati**, surpass: *pp.* **śayita**, surpassing (*ac.*); unusual, extraordinary; surpassed, *des.* *pr* **pt** **śāyisha-māna**, wishing to surpass. **adhi**, lie or rest in or on, lie down on (*ac.*); inhabit, dwell in (*ac.*); *cs.* lay upon (*2 ac.*). **anu**, lie down after any one (*ac.*); repeat. **ā**, lie in or on (*ac.*), rarely *lc*; *V.*, rare in (*C.*). **pratiā**, lie before anything (*RV*). **upa**, lie beside (*ac.*), lie on (*lc*). **pari**, lie around, encompass, rest in or on (*ac.*), *V.*. **prati**, lie against any one (*lc*) = importune: *pp.* *v. act & ps. my* **vi**, lie extended; remain sitting on (*lc*); be subject to doubt. **sam**, [lie together, be confused], be irresolute or in doubt, hesitate, despair of (*lc*). *P.* have divergent opinions or disagree (*seit-nesses*) about (*ac.*); *pp.* **samayita**, irresolute, doubtful, about (*°*), dubious, uncertain, in peril.

शी **Śī**, *r.* **शा** **Śā** and **श्या** **Śyā**.

शीक ŚIK, I. **Ā.** **śika** (*rare*), drip, sprinkle: *pp.* **śikta**, having dripped (*V.*); *cs.* **P.** **śik-aya**, besprinkle (*C.*). [**-kama**, *m.* drop

शीकर śik-ara, *m. (galy. pl.)* thin rain, spray.

शीकरिन् śikar-in, *a.* wafting spray (*wind*); squaring water (*elephant's trunk*).

शीघ्र śighra, *a.* quick, speedy, swift. (**ś**) **m**, *ad.* quickly, rapidly: **-kārīn**, *a.* operating quickly; **-kṛtāya**, *fp.* to be performed quickly; **-ga**, *a.* moving rapidly, running swiftly; *m.* *N. of a hare* (**-tva**, *n.* rapid motion); **-gāmin**, *a. id.*; **-letana**, *a.* quickly coming to its senses (*lug*); **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* quickness, speediness; **-pātin**, *a.* flying swiftly, proceeding quickly; **-pāyin**, *a.* sucking rapidly (*leech*); **-yāna**, *n.* swift motion; *a.* moving swiftly; **-vāhin**, *a.* driving swiftly.

शीघ्रिन् śighr-in, *a.* hurrying

शीत śit, *onom. ad. w. kri*, utter the sound sit (*indication of a thrill of pleasure*)

शीत śi-ti, *pp.* [**śya**] cool, cold (*I., C.*); *n.* coldness, chilliness (*C.*).

शीतक śita-ka, *a.* (**śā**) cool (*V.*).

शीतकर śita-kara, *m.* (cool-rayed) moon: **-kāla**, *m.* cold season; **-kṛyā**, *f.* refrigeration; **-grī**, *m.* (cool-rayed) moon; **-gvara**, *m.* ague; **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* coldness; **-bhānu**, *m.* moon; **-maya**, *a.* cool, cold; **-mayukha**, *m.* moon; **-ra-mi**, *a.* cool-rayed; *m.* moon; **-tva**, *n.* coolness of rays; **-ru**, *m.* (cool-rayed) moon; **-ru-ti**, *m. id.*; **-ro-tis**, *m. id.*

शीतल śita-la, *a.* cool, cold, frigid, cooling; free from passion (*rare*); gentle, mild (*person*); not affecting the feelings (*misfortune*); *n.* cold, coolness; **-tā**, *f.* coldness.

शीतलय śitala-ya, *den.* *P.* cool.

शीतलसर्प śitala-sparsa, *a.* cold to the touch.

शीतलीक śitalī-kri, cool; **-bhā**, grow cool or cold.

शीतसर्प śita-sparsa, *m.* feeling of cold; **-hara**, *a.* removing cold.

शीताम् śita-amśu, *a.* cold-rayed; *m.* moon: **-mat**, *m.* moon; **-adhivāsa**, *a.* living in cool places or cooling; **-arta**, *pp.* tortured by cold, chilled

शीताशु śit-ālu, *a.* sensitive to cold, shiver-

शीतिकावत् śitkā-vat, *a.* (**-i**) cool (*V.*)

शीतिर śitā itara, *a.* reverse of cold, hot: **-akṛis**, *m. sun.*

शीतोदा śitauḍa, *f.* (having cold water). *N. of a mythical river*; **-upalāra**, *m.* treatment with cold remedies; **-nasha**, *a.* cold and warm; **-kīraṇa**, *m. de.* moon and sun

शीकर śit-kara, *m.* the sound sit (*indicative of a thrill of pleasure*, also of the sound of squirted water and as an exclamation of pain); *sts.* written śitkāra; **-kārīn**, *a.* uttering the sound sit; **-kṛita**, *n.* utterance of the sound sit

शीधु śidhu, *r.* **सीधु** śidhu

शीन śinā, *pp.* **ś** **syā**; *n.* ice (*V.S.*).

शीपाक्ष śīpala, *m. n.* (*V.*) an aquatic plant (*Blyra octandra*)

शीफर śiphara, *a.* charming.

शीघ्र śīghra, *ad.* quickly, swiftly (*V.*).

शीर śi-rā, *a.* (**ś** **śā**) pointed, sharp (*V.*); **-akṛis**, *a.* sharp rayed (*RV*).

शीरो śi-rū, *pp.* [**śi**], **-tva**, *n.* rottenness; **-vanta**, water melon; *m.* the plant; *n.* the fruit

शीर्षोक्त śīrṣi-kṛi, wound, lacerate.

शीर्त śi-ta, *pp.* **ś** **su**

शीर्ष śīrṣā, *n.* (*°* *a.* **ś**, **i**) head, tip top (*also of a letter*): **-akṛa**, *n.* head, line agreed to by the prosecutor when worst of in an ordeal; **-kapālī**, *m.* skull (*V.*); **-ka-stha**, *a.* agreeing to a fine when worsted in an ordeal; **-kṛheda**, *m.* decapitation; **-kṛhedyā**, *a.* deserving to be beheaded, by (*g*)

शीर्षश्च śīrṣha-yā, *a.* being on the head (*V.*); *clinet* (*C.*, rare); *n.* head of a cow.

शीर्षतस् śīrṣha-tās, *ad.* (*V.*) from the head or the top, head foremost, at the head, in front.

शीर्षन् śīrṣh-ān, *n.* [**śi**raṣ-san] head (*V.*); *where all eyes in eye eye, am. ac. occur, also am. ac. du. pl. & le. pl.*; rare in *E., P.*

शीर्षपटुक śīrṣha-pattaka, *m.* turban; **-bandh-anā**, *f. id.*; **-vedanā**, *f.* headache (*Pr*); **-vyathā**, *f. id.*; **-anta**, *m.* neighbourhood of the head; **-ab** from the head of the bed, *lc* under the pillow; **-ava-śhi-kṛi**, leave only the head of (*ac.*) remaining

शील śila, *n.* habit, custom, disposition, character; behaviour; good conduct or habits, noble character, uprightness, morality; *very common*; *°* *a.* habituated, disciplined, prone, or addicted to, practising; **-khaṇḍana**, *n.* violation of morality or honour; **-gṛpta**, *pp.* crafty by character, cunning; **-tā**, *a.* having good conduct for its bank; **-tas**, *ad.* in regard to character, in conduct; **-tā**, *f.* nobility, virtuousness; **-tyāga**, *m.* abandonment of morality or integrity; **-dhara**, *a.* honourable, *m.* *N.*; **-nidhi**, *m.* treasure of her virtue

शीलन śilana, *n.* exercise, practice, study, cultivation, of (*°*), frequent mention.

शीलपारमिता śila-pāramitā, *f.* height of integrity; **-bhāga**, *m.* breach of morality or integrity; **-bhāga**, *a.* honourable; **-bhram-ra**, *m.* loss of integrity.

शीलय śila-ya, *den.* *P.* practise, cultivate; give one's whole attention to, wear, put on; inhabit, frequent; *pp.* **śilita**, inhabited, frequented, visited, prepared. **anu**, act like any one; *ac.* **pari**, cultivate, practise; study, inhabit, cherish

शीलवचना śila vāñātā, *f.* deception as to any one's character; **-vat**, *a.* well-conducted, honourable, having a good disposition or a noble character; **-i**, *f.* *N.*; **-viplava**, *m.* ruin of morality or integrity; **-vīlaya**, *m. id.*; **-vīrita**, *n.* *sy* *ś* *du* integrity and good behaviour; **-dhara**, *a.* possess of; **-śālin**, *a.* honourable, moral; **-sampanna**, *pp.* endowed with a good disposition, well-conducted; **-hara**, *m. N.*

शीलाशु śilātika, *a.* characterised by integrity; **-śīlāya**, *a.* abounding in integrity, honourable; **-aditya**, *m.* Sun of morality, *N. of various kings*

शीलिन śil-in, *a.* honourable, moral (*per son*); *°* *śila* habituated to, practising, etc

शीलन् śi-van, *a.* (*°*) lying, resting.

मुक suk-a, *m.* [bright, gaudy; **ś** **suk**] parrot (*V., C.*), poet (*C. rare*); *N. of a son of* **yajna**

मुकश्च suka-kṛhāda, *m.* parrot's wing; **-tā**, *f.* condition of a parrot; **-tva**, *n. id.*; **-nalikā-nyāya**, *m.* manner of the parrot and the Nalika plant; *m.* as the parrot is frightened at the Nalika plant without cause; **-nāsa**, *m. N.*; **-vat**, *ad.* like a parrot

मुकी suki, *f.* female parrot.

मुकीभू suki-bhu, become a parrot.

मुक्त sukta, *pp.* [**śuk**] become sour, harsh, rough; *n.* sour liquor (produced by fermentation), sour rice gruel, harsh words; **-a**, **-ka**, *a.* sour, *n.* sour excretion

मुक्ति suk-ti, *f.* shell, esp. pearl oyster, mother of pearl; hollow potsherd (used as a cup, rare); twist of hair (on a horse's neck or breast, rare); a certain weight (*°*) **pa** or 2 karshas, about one ounce; **-khalati**, *a.* completely bald; **-pa**, *n.* pearl; **-pūta**, hollow in the shell in which the pearl rests

मुक suk-tā *a.* (**ś** **suk**) bright, resplendent (*V. rare in E.*); clear, pure (*V.*); white (*V.*); pure, spotless (*V.*); *m.* fire, Agni (*C.*); *a.* summer month (*V., C.*); planet Venus (personified as son of Bhīṣma and teacher of the Ācārya); pure Soma (*V.*); *n.* brightness, light (*sts. pl.* *V., E.*); clear liquid, water, Soma (*V.*); juice (*Br. S.*); *sts. pl.* *somen vade* (*V. rare, C.*); **-a-danta**, *m.* (white tooth), *N.*; (**ś**) **-vat**, *a.* containing pure juice (*V.*); containing the word suka (*RV.*); **-śa-var-na**, *a.* brilliant coloured, bright (*RV.*); **-vāra**, *m.* day of Venus, Friday; **-a-vāsa**, *a.* bright robed (clown); *RV.*; **-śa-rokṣa**, *a.* bright-rayed (Jama); *V.*; **-śa-sadma**, *a.* having a bright dwelling place (clown); *RV.*

मुक्तामन्थिनी suka-manthinī *m. du.* pure and mild Soma (*V.*)

मुक्त्रिय suki-iva, *a.* containing pure juice (*V.*); *n.* brilliance (*S.*); *N. of certain Śā-mans* belonging to the Pravarāya *pl.*; the Pravarāya section VS 36 40 (*S., C.*)

मुक suk-lā, *a.* [later form of suka] bright,

light (w. paksha, m. bright fortnight in which the moon increases; C.); white (ord. mg.; V., C.); pure (C.); m. bright fortnight (sc. paksha; C.); n. white colour (V.); white of the eye (Br., C.); -**dant**, a. white-toothed (Br., P.); -**paksha**, m. bright fortnight (in which the moon increases); -**bhāvara**, a. shining brightly; -**vastara**, a. white-robed.

सुकागुरु suka aguru, n. white aloe; -**apāśa**, m. (having white eye-cornors), peacock; -**ambara**, a. having a white garment.

सुक्लिम sukl-i-man, m. whiteness, white colour. [come white.]

सुक्लीक suklī-kṛī, make white; -**bhā**, be-

सुक् suliga, m. N.; N. of a dynasty following the Mauryas (pl.); king of the Suṅga dynasty. C. f. sheath of a bud (esp. of figs).

सुच SUK, I. soka, IV. P. -**sukya** (Br., very rare), flame, gleam, glow, burn (V.); (C. burn =) suffer violent pain, feel sorrow, mourn, grieve, in, for (Br.); lament, bewail (ac.); es. **sokya**, P. set on fire, burn (V.); cause to suffer pain (V., Br.); feel sorrow, mourn (C.); bewail, lament (ac.; C.); purify (C.); *int.* **sorak**, shine or flame brightly (RT.). **ant**, regretfully long for, mourn for, bewail (ac.); grieve; es. **bewail**, regret (ac.). **apa**, *int.* drive away with flames (RV.). **abhi**, set on fire, burn (V.); burn, torment (V.); grieve (V.). **ā**, shine hither, shine anything (ac.) down on (RT.). **ud**, shine forth (RV.); es. **kindle** (A V.). **nis**, *int.* shine forth (RT.). **pra**, (RV.) shine forth; *int.* **id.** **sam**, flame together (Br.); regret, bewail (E.); IV. P. **sam-sukya**, cause pain to (g., Br.); es. **bewail** (E.).

सुच sūc, f. flame, glow, heat (V.); (inward burning), torment, sorrow, grief, for (-°; I., C.; sts. pl.: in **sukā**, through grief.

सुचद्रव sukāda-rutha, a. having a shining car (RV.).

सुचय suk-nya, only pr. pl. **sukāyat**, flaming, shining, radiant (RV.).

सुचि sūc-i. a. (f. *id.*, i in pl. **y-ah**) bright, radiant (V.); shining white (C.); clear, pure (V., C.); pure, undefiled, guileless, honest, upright (V., C.); ritually pure (S., C.); -° rid of (C., rare); m. purity, uprightness (C., very rare); fire (P.); a summer month, hot season (V., C.); N.

सुचिकाम suki-kāma, a. loving purity; (**sūki** -**kṛandā**, a. clear-voiced (RV.); -**kārita**, a. upright in one's dealings; (**sūki** -**gan-man**, a. having a pure or radiant birth (RV.); -**tā**, f., -**tva**, n. clearness, pureness; uprightness, integrity; (ritual) purity; (**sūki** -**dant**, a. bright-toothed (RV.); -**pā**, a. drinking clear Soma (RV.); (**sūki** -**peśa**, a. radiantly adorned (RV.); (**sūki** -**pratika**, a. radiant-faced (RV.); (**sūki** -**bhṛg**, a. radiantly refulgent (RV.); -**mānasa**, a. pure-hearted; -**vāśa**, a. wearing a pure garment; (**sūki** -**vṛata**, a. pure in one's actions or dealings; -**smita**, a. having a bright smile, smiling sweetly.

सुची suki, a. f. of suki (very rare)

सुचीक suklī-kṛī, purify; -**bhā**, become (ritually) pure.

सुचपचार suki upakāra, a. of pure conduct.

सुकी sunthi, f. (i metr.) dry ginger.

सुफा suṇḍā, f. elephant's trunk.

सुफार suṇḍāra, m. trunk of a young elephant.

सुखिन् sund-in, m. distiller (a mixed caste)

सुतुद्री sutudrī, f. N. of a river in the Panjāb (RV.), later Satadru, now Sutlej.

सुदि su-di, indecl. (abbreviation for suka or suddha + dina), -° w. the N. of a month, in the bright fortnight of.

सुध sud-dhā, pp. (√sudh) pure etc.; m. bright fortnight (in which the moon increases); -**karma**, a. pure in one's actions, upright; -**kirti**, m. N.; -**tā**, f., -**tva**, n. purity, uprightness; -**dhi**, a. pure-hearted, guileless; -**paksha**, m. bright fortnight (in which the moon increases); -**pāśa**, m. (wearing clean garments), N.; -**pārshani**, a. having one's rear covered; -**buddhi**, a. pure-hearted; -**bhāva**, a. id.; -**mati**, a. id.; -**vam-ya**, a. of pure race; -**vat**, a. containing the word suddha; -**i**, f. pl. N. of the veins RV. VII. 84, 7-9; -**vesha**, a. wearing pure garments; -**sila**, a. having a pure character, guileless; -**snāna**, n. washing in pure water (without unguents etc.); -**hrīdaya**, a. pure-hearted.

सुद्धात्मन् suddha ātman, a. id.; -**anta**, m. (pure interior), women's apartments in the interior of a royal palace, seraglio; pl. wives of a king; -**kāra**, -**kārin**, a. attending on the harem; -**rakshi**, f. female guardian of the harem; -**ābha**, a. perfectly clear; -**āśaya**, a. pure-hearted, having a clear conscience.

सुधि sud-dhi, f. purification, from (-°) purity (also fig.); clearing of what is dangerous, rendering secure (rare); exculpation, acquittal, by (C.; rare); (proof of) genuineness, correctness (rare); settlement, payment (of a debt etc.); clearness, accurate knowledge regarding (g., -°); -m **kṛi**, procure accurate information; -m **labh**, receive certain news.

सुधिमत् suddhi-mat, a. pure, spotless; innocent, proved guileless, acquitted.

सुधोदन suddhaodana, m. N. of a king of the race of the Sākya, father of Buddha.

सुधु SUDHI, **सुध** SUNDH, I. P. **sūndha** (V.), II. P. only 2 *imp.* **sund-dhi** (S.), purity, Ā. purify one's -, become pure (V.); IV. P. (Ā. metr.) **sūdhya**, (C.; V. rare) become pure (also in ritual sense); become clear, have doubts removed; be excusable; pp. **sūdhā**, clean, clear, spotless (V., C.); C.: pure (also of persons); correct, reading etc.; faultless, of good quality (field), free from blemishes; pure, simple, unmixed (opp. **mīśra**); unmodified (vowel); opp. **unsalized**; mere, simple = without any addition (washing, i.e. without unguents); unqualified (capital punishment); complete, entire; examined, investigated; es. **sundhaya**, P. purify (V., very rare); **sūdhaya**, P. id. (rare in V., C.); C.: correct; remove (impurity etc.); clear off, pay (debt); exculpate; test (my one); examine; make clear, explain; pp. **sūdhita**, **pari**, (C.) IV. P. be washed off; Ā. exculpate oneself; es. P. cleanse; clear off, defray, pay; test, examine, explain. **vi** (C.), IV. P. Ā. become perfectly pure (sp. in ritual sense); pp. perfectly cleansed, purified, clear, or pure (als. fig.); brilliantly white (both); thoroughly settled, fully established; having (cleared off =) completed (apprenticeship, -°); cleared = examined and found to be secure; cleared out, exhausted, empty (treasury); es. P. purify (also in ritual sense); exculpate; justify; clearly determine. **sam**, pp. purified, pure; removed (impurity); cleared off, defrayed, paid; searched, examined, found to be safe; es. P. cleanse, purify; clear off, defray, pay; clear, secure against attack (road).

सुन suṇā, n. growth, prosperity, luck (V.); -**m**, ad. for growth or prosperity (V.).

सुनहोया sunam-haviyā, f. N. of RV. III. xxx, 22 (which commences with the words 'sunam huvema'; Br.).

सुनःपुच्छ sunah-puksha, m. (Dog's tail), N.

सुनक suna-ka, m. (little) dog; N.: pl. descendants of Sunaka.

सुनंकिरि sunam-kuri, m. kind of rural genius.

सुनप्रिष्ठ suṇā-prishtha, a. having a suitable back (RV.).

सुनःशेष suṇah-sēpa, m. (Dog's tail), N.

सुनाशीर suṇā-sīra, m. du. N. of two geni favourable to the growth of grain (V.); m. sp. of Indra (V., C.); -**śaśana**, n. (Indra's bow), rainbow.

सुनी sūni, f. of svān.

सुनोलाकुल suno-lāngūla, m. (Dog's tail), N.

सुध SUNDH, v. **सुध** SUDH.

सुधु sundh-yū, a. (ā) bright, beauteous

सुति sūp-ti, f. shoulder (RV.). [(V.).

सुभ 1. SUBH, **सुध** SUMBH (RV., rare). only **sūmbhante**, **sūbhānā**, **sūmbha-māna**, glide along. pra. id.

सुभ 2. SUBH, I. Ā. **sūmbha** (V.), VI. P. **sūmbhā** (V.), I. Ā. **sōbha** (V., C.), adorn, deck, beautify, prepare (V.); Ā. adorn oneself, look beautiful or handsome, appear to advantage, be resplendent, with (in.); prepare, make suitable or propitious for, Ā. prepare oneself for (d.; V.). with **iva** or **yathā** or *pred.* a., shine or look like; w. **na**, n. it shine, appear to disadvantage; es. **sōbhaya**, P. cause to shine (also fig.), adorn; pp. adorned, resplendent, with (in., -°). **abhi**, Ā. adorn oneself with (ac.; RV.); look beautiful (E.); es. pp. **abhi-sōbhita**, adorned or looking handsome with (in.). **upa**, Ā. look beautiful, es. P. adorn; pp. adorned, with (in., -°). **pra**, Ā. be resplendent. **vi**, Ā. look very beautiful or handsome; es. pp. adorned with (in., -°). **sam**, look beautiful (I., E.); shine equally with (in.; RV.); es. P. adorn; pp. adorned with (in.).

सुभ sūbh, f. (V.) 1. swift course or flight (esp. of the Maruts); 2. splendour, beauty; readiness.

सुभ subh-n, a. splendid, beautiful, handsome; pleasant, agreeable; useful (minima); serviceable, good (land, seed, etc.); able (artist); correct, true (law, etc.); auspicious, lucky (day, etc.); good, virtuous; pure (action), m. N.; n. charm, grace (rare); welfare, prosperity, good fortune, happiness (ord. mg.; sts. pl.); benefit, service (rare); good or virtuous action.

सुभया subham-yā, a. flying swiftly (RV.); -**yāvan**, a. (RV.) ut. (Maruts), -**yā**, a. loving adornment (RV.); splendid, beautiful (C.).

सुभकर subha-kara, a. auspicious; -**karma**, n. good work; a. acting nobly; -**m-kara**, m. (propitians), N. of an Asura, -**datta**, m. N.; -**darana**, a. beautiful; -**dina**, n. auspicious day; -**dhara**, m. N.; -**naya**, m. N. of a sage; -**prada**, a. auspicious; -**bhāvanā**, f. good opinion of men; -**maṅgala**, n. good fortune, prosperity; a. fortunate; -**maya**, a. (i) splendid, beautiful; -**m-bhāvuka**, a. looking beautiful, splendid.

सुमय 1. subh-aya, only pr. pt. subháyat, gliding along (RV.) [self (RV.).

सुमय 2. subh-aya, P. adorn, Á. adorn one-

सुमयवत् subha-lakshana, a. having auspicious marks; -**lagna**, n. auspicious or lucky moment; -**vāsara**, n. auspicious day; -**camini**, a. prognosticating good, auspicious; -**akuna**, m. bird of good omen, -**samanvita**, pp. charming.

सुमयति subhás-yati, m. du. the two lords of splendour (Avin; V.).

सुभाचार subha ālāra, a. acting virtuously; -**ātmaka**, a. (itrā) well-disposed; -**ānana**, a. beautiful-faced; -**arthin**, a. desiring prosperity; -**āvaha**, a. bringing prosperity, auspicious; -**āraya**, a. having a virtuous disposition; -**ādi**, f. benediction; -**āśir-vāda**, m. utterance of a benediction; -**a-ubha**, a. pleasant and (or) unpleasant; good and evil; -**phala**, a. resulting in good or evil. [bad.]

सुभेतर subhā itara, a. reverse of good, evil,

सुभोदक subhā udaka, a. having a happy future in store for one, having a prosperous issue; -**tā**, f. abst. n.

सुध subh-rā, a. V., C.: radiant, splendid, beautiful, handsome; C. clear, spotless (fame); white (rare); -**tā**, f., -**tva**, n. whiteness; -**danta**, a. (i) having white teeth, -**bhānu**, m. moon.

सुधीभू subhri-bhū, become white.

सुभ SUMBH, r. सुभ S'UBH.

सुभ subbha, m. N. of an Asura.

सुभमान sūmbha-māna, pr. pt. Á. (√1. subh); -**ā-māna**, rd. (√2. subh).

सुबध surādhi, f. pl. invigorating draughts, healing herbs (RV.).

सुल्का sulkā, m. (rare), n. 1. price, value; C. toll, duty, tax; price of a girl, nuptial gift; wages of prostitution (rare); -**sthāna**, n. toll-station, custom-house.

सुलव sulba, m. (?), i. f. string, cord.

सुसुक्कन su-suk-vand, a. [√suk] radiant (RV.); -**vāni**, a. id. (RV.). [denom.]

सुसुलूकयातु susulūka-yātu, m. a kind of

सुसुवत् su-su-vās, pf. pt. √sru.

सुशुषक su-srū-sha-ka, a. obedient to, serving (q. 2); -**shana**, n. desire to hear (rare); obedience, service (w. d., g. le, -); faithful attendance on (the sacred fire, -); -**shā**, f. desire to hear; obedience, to, g. le, -; attendance on (the sacred fire, -); -**para**, a. intent on the service of, -**shītavya**, pp. to be obeyed; n. imp. one should obey; -**shā**, des. a. wishing to hear, eager to learn, desirous of serving, obedient, docile (w. g. or -); -**sh-ya**, pp. to be obeyed.

सुष 1. S'USH, IV. P. (A. metr.) sūshya, become dry or parched, wither; es. osh-āya, P. (A. metr.) dry up, wither, parch (V., C.); destroy (C.); pp. oshita, anu. gradually dry up (int.), wither away; wane after (ac). nā, dry up (int.; es. dry up, wither (tr.). upa, es. ul. pari, be dried up, shrivel, es. dry up, wither (tr.), emaciate. prati, be blighted (fame, RV.). vi, be dried up, wither away; es. dry up, wither (tr.). sam, be dried up; es. dry up (tr.).

सुष 2. S'USH, VI. P. sushā (weak form of √svas), hiss (of a snake, RV.). ā, Á. whizz (stone), only pr. pt. ā-sushānā; aspire,

be eager to fulfil (RV.); only ā-susha and ā-sushāna. [int.]

सुष sush, a. () drying up, withering (tr. &

सुष sūsh-ka, a. dried up, dry, parched, scere, withered (old, RV.). empty, useless, causeless, m. N. -**kalaha**, m. groundless quarrel; pretended dispute; -**tā**, f., -**tva**, n. dryness; -**mukha**, a. having a dry mouth, -**rudita**, n. weeping without tears.

सुष्कलिष sushkaletia, m. N. of a mountain or a locality.

सुष्कवत् sushka-vat, a. dried up (lake) -**vairin**, a. quarrelling about nothing; -**vra-na**, m. healed wound, scar, -**srota**, m. a. having its steam dried up (rice).

सुष्क sush-ma, m. [pūcher] x 1. sush] N. of a demon of drought slain by Indra.

सुष्म sūsh-ma, 1. a. [√sush = √vas] hissing, rushing (rare, RV.); strong, juicy (RV.), m. V. roaring, rushing (of water, wind, etc.); exhalation, fragrance of a plant, of Soma (RV.), impulse, impetuosity, valour; vital vigour, spirit (rare).

सुष्मन् sush-man, m. [roaring x 2. sush] fire; might, courage, energy.

सुष्मिन् sushmin-a, m. N. of a prince of the Sūras (Bp.).

सुष्मिन् sush-min, a. roaring (Maruts, Anu, V.; strong Soma, I., mighty, fiery, valiant (V., P., P.).

सु 1. S'U, only pf. sūva, sūsv, and aor. sūb, sūsavāma, be superior or victorious (RV.).

सु 2. S'U, swell, r. √svā

सु sū, onom. in sū-kāra and sū-krita

सुका sūka, m. n. awn of grain; compassion only in vik-sūka; n. sting of an insect

सुकर sū-kara, m. boar, hog (less correct for sū-karu)

सुकार sū-kārā, m. seating with the ear, sū (1), sū-krita, pp. 1. seated with the ear, n. urging, spurring of a horse (RV.).

सुकार sūt-kara, m. whistling, whizzer etc.

सूद्र sūdra, m. man of the fourth or servile class; -**ka**, m. N. of a king, the reputed author of the Meikkhakātikā, N. of a soldier, -**ya**, m. Sūdra; -**anman**, a. descended from a Sūdra, m. Sūdra, -**tā**, f., -**tva**, n. condition of a Sūdra, -**dharmā**, m. duty of a Sūdra, -**yā/aka**, a. something for a Sūdra.

सूद्रा sū-drā, f. woman of the fourth caste -**putra**, m. son of a Sūdra; a artha-yā/aka, a. sacrificing with the money of a Sūdra, -**vedin**, a. marrying a Sūdra

सूद्री sū-drī, f. woman of the fourth caste

सुन 1. sūna, pp. (√svā) swollen

सुन 2. sūna, (pp) m. [swelling, hollowness x 2. sū] emptiness, lack, want

सुना sūnā, f. incorr. for सुना sūnā.

सुन्य sūn-ya, a. empty, void, unoccupied, deserted, riderless (horse); vacant (gaze); absent, distraught; destitute; deprived or devoid of, free from, lacking in, -; wanting, non-existent (-); empty, van, idle, n. empty or deserted place; solitude; emptiness, void, non-entity; non-existence of (-); absolute vacancy (-); cipher, (rare).

सुन्यचित्त sūnya-chitta, a. absent-minded, distraught; -**tā**, f. emptiness, solitude, desolate-

ness; absent-mindedness, distraction; vacancy (of gaze); lack of (-), nothingness; -**tva**, n. id., -**binda**, m. sign of a cipher, -**bhāva**, m. emptiness, -**manas**, a. absent-minded, distraught; -**mūla**, a. being in a particular kind of evil plight, said of an army; -**vāda**, m. tenet of the non-existence of things, doctrine of Buddhism, -**vādin**, a. maintaining the non-existence of things, m. Buddhist, atheist; -**vyāpāra**, a. unoccupied, -**varira**, a. having nothing in the body; -**tā**, f. abst. n.; -**anya**, a. absolutely none (speech), -**hridaya**, a. absent-minded, distraught, lacking a heart

सुन्यीक sūnyī-kri, turn into a desert; leave empty, quit a house; -**bhā**, become deserted.

सूर S'UR, only pf. sūrāre, struck off (head, C.).

सूर sūr-ā, a. [√1. sū] heroic, warlike, valiant, brave; m. hero, hero towards any one (le); hero m. m. le, -; heroism (in -vinā, N. -ra, m. son of Sūra, A.

सूरण sūr-āna, a. spurred (steed; RV.); m. C. an excellent boat, also spell sūr.

सूरता sūra-tā, f. heroism, intemperity; -**tva**, n. id., -**danta**, m. N. of a Brahman, -**dava**, m. N.; -**pura**, n. N. of a town, -**matha**, m. college founded by Sūra, -**mānin**, a. considering oneself a hero; -**murda-maya**, a. (i) consisting of the heads of heroes, -**varman**, m. N., -**vidya**, a. understanding heroism, heroic, -**sūra-sāti**, f. acquisition of heroes, battle only le, RV.; -**seza**, m. N. of a country round Mathurā, -**plāta** people, king of Surasena, A., -**ka**, -**ya**, m. pl. people of Surasena

सूरीक sūri-kri, make a hero of

सूरेश्वर sūra-īshvara, m. N. of a statue erected by Sūra

सूर्त sūrta, pp. (√sūt RV.) scattered, slain

सूर्य sūrya, n. winnowing basket; -**karna**, a. having ears like winnowing baskets -**puta**, a. id., -**sukhā**, f. N. of a Rikshasi, sister of Rāman; -**puta**, a. spout of a winnowing basket, -**sūrti**, m. having ears like a winnowing basket, epithet

सूल S'UL 1. A sūla, IV. P. A sūlya, hurt, be painful (very rare).

सूल sūla, m. n. 1. C. roasting spit, C. spike, dart, spear, esp. of Sura, acute pain, esp. colic, banner, ensign, rare; a certain constellation with which all the planets are in conjunction (rare); m. f. pointed stake for impaling criminals, esp. thieves, f. prostitute (rare).

सूलगव sūla-gava, m. goat-ox (kind of offering to Rudra); -**ghna**, a. pain-killing, medicinal, -**dhara**, a. bearing a spear, ep. of Rudra Siva, -**pāni**, a. holding a dart in his hand, m. ep. of Rudra Siva, A., -**pāla**, m. keeper or frequenter of brothels, -**bhāt**, m. ep. of Siva

सुलाक sūlā-kri, roast on a spit

सुलाय sūla-agra, a. point of a spear or stake; -**avata**, m. pp. impaled

सुलिन् sūl-in, a. armed with a spear; suffering from colic (rare).

सुष sūh-a, a. [√svas] resounding, loud (RV.), snorting, valiant (RV.); m. loud or glad song (RV.), breath, vital energy (RV.).

सु S'RI, 1. hoil, r. √srā, 2. = √sri; 3. = √sru, in sara-na etc. sam-pari, cover over. pp. -sriyate (Br.).

मुगल *srigāla*, *v. srigāla*.

मुगल *srīkhula*, *m. n.*, *ā, f.* chain, fetter: (a) *-ka*, *m.* young camel having its feet fettered.

मुगलय *srīkhala-ya*, *den. P.* fetter.

मुगलादामन *srīkhulā-dāman*, *n.* chain, fetter; *-pāma*, *m. id.*

मुग *srīgu*, *n.* (° *a.* *ā, ī*) horn (also used for drinking and blowing); *C.*: elephant's tusk (rare); syringe (rare); mountain-top, peak; turret, pinnacle; horn of the moon; extreme end, tip (also *A.V.*); height, acme, best of its kind (horn =) self-sufficiency, pride (rare), first awakening of love (rare); *-ka*, (° *a.*) horn; syringe; *-bhuga*, *m. N.*: *-rahita*, *pp.* hornless; *-vat*, *n.* horned; peaked; *-vera*, *m. N.* of a snake-demon; *n.* fresh or dry ginger; *-pura*, *n. N.* of a town on the Ganges; *-ata*, *n. pl.* hundreds of peaks.

मुगाट *srīgāta*, *n.* kind of triangular nut; *m. or n.* triangle, triangular place; *-ka*, *n.* *Srīgāta* nut; *m. n.* triangle; place where several (or four) roads meet (° *a. f. ikā*).

मुगान्तर *srīgāntara*, *n.* space between the horns, forehead of a horned animal.

मुगार *srīg-āra*, *a.* handsome, fine (rare); fine garments, finery (also of the ornamental trappings of an elephant); sexual love; erotic sentiment in a poem (it is of two kinds, *sambhoga* and *vipralambha-srīgāra*); *N.*: *-keshā*, *f.* amatory gesture; *-maṅgarī*, *f. N.*; *-vat*, *a.* erotic; *-ī, f. N.*; *-ata*: *-ka*, *n.* hundred verses treating of love, *T.* of the first century of *Bhartṛhari*; *-sekha*, *m. N.* of a king; *-simha*, *m. N.*

मुगारित *srīgār-ita*, *den. pp.* adorned; *-in*, *a. id.*; beautifully dressed; enamoured; erotic.

मुगारिया *srīgār-īya*, *den. P.* yearn for love.

मुगिन *srīg-in*, *a.* horned (*r.*, *C.*); *m. (C.)* horned animal; mountain.

मुगिरपुर *srīgeri-pura*, *n. N.* of a town (corruption of *srīgā-giri*).

मुगोत्पादन *srīgūtpādana*, *a.* productive of horns; *m.* spell producing horns; *-utpādini*, *f. N.* of a *Yakshini* producing horns and changing men into animals.

मृत *srī-tā*, *pp.* (√ *srī*) cooked, boiled; *n.* cooked food, *sp.* boiled milk (*V.*); *-pāka*, *a.* thoroughly cooked (*RV.*).

मृध 1. *SRIDH*, *I. P.* *sārdha*, (*V.*) be defiant (towards), not trouble oneself about (*g.*); *pr. pt.* *sārdhat*, *sārdha-māna*, defiant, mocking.

मृध 2. *SRIDH*, *I. A.* *-sārdha*, *f.urt.* *ava*, *cs.* *-sārdhaya*, break wind against anyone.

मृधा *srīdh-yā*, *f.* defiance (*RV.*).

मृ *SRĪ*, *IX. P.* *srīkā*, *srīni*, *P.* break, rend, crush, *Ā.* break or destroy one's (*V.*); *P.* slay (*g.*); *cr.*; *ps.* *srīyate* *V.* rare; *C.*; *st.* *metr. ti.* be broken, rent, or shattered, fall off (*fruit, etc.*); wither, waste away; be worn out; *pp.* *srīka*, broken, rent, shattered (*Br.* rare; *C.*); fallen off or out (*fruit, flower, leaf*); decayed, rotten, withered (*fruit, flower, leaf*); *sīrta*, destructible (only in *a-sīrta-sad duh-sīrta-tanu*); *sīrta*, shattered (*RV.*); *parā*, break in pieces, crush (*V.*); *pra*, break off; *vi*, *ps.* be broken, shattered; waste away; be dispersed; be severed from (*ab.*); be damaged or destroyed; wither, per. *sh.* *pp.* *visīrta*, broken, rent, shattered, crushed, destroyed; dispersed, scattered; fallen out (*teeth*); rubbed off (*unguent, etc.*); squan-

dered (*treasure*), frustrated (*enterprise*). *sam*, *P.* break down, crush, break in pieces (*V.*); *A.* collapse (*V.*); *pa.* be dispersed (*E.*); *śi* *s-e*, the *V.* termination *-e* in *yushme*, *asme*.

शेखर *sekha*, *m.* [*cp.* *sikhara*] crown of the head (very rare); mountain-peak (rare); chaplet worn on the head, crest, diadem; ° best or most beautiful of: *-gyotis*, *m. N.* of a king.

शेखरय *sekha-ya*, *den. P.* make a diadem of; *pp.* *ita*, serving as a diadem; having the tip adorned with (°).

शेखरीक्ष *sekharī-kṛi*, make a diadem of; *-bhā*, become a diadem

शेख *seda*, **शेखु** *sedda*, names of localities (?).

शेष *śeṭ-pa*, *m. (V.)* male organ; tail (rare); (*śeṭ*) *-as*, *n.* male organ.

शेष *śeṭ-pa*, *m.* male organ; scrotum; *du.* testicles (*Br.*); *-as*, *n.* male organ.

शेषालिका *śephāl-ikā*, *f.* a plant (*Vāter Negundo*); *-ī*, *f. id.*

शेषी *śeṭ-ī*, *f.* (*of pp.* *pt.* √ *sum*) understanding, wisdom; resolve, purpose (° *-ka*); *-mush*, a robbing of wisdom

शेखु *śeṭ*, *m.* a small tree (*Cordia Myxa*) and its fruit.

शेख *śeṭ*, *V. a.* [*cp.* *siva*] dear; kind.

शेखधि *śeṭ-dhi*, *m.* treasure; treasury (rare).

शेखरक *sevaraka*, *m. N.* of an *Asura*.

शेखल *śeṭala*, *a.* slimy (*AV.*).

शेखार *śeṭāra*, *m.* treasury (*RV.*).

शेखुष *śeṭ-va* *-vridha* (or *ā*), *a.* bliss-increasing (*RV.*).

शेष *śeṭ*, *a.* *m. n.* [√ *sish*] remainder, residue, rest of (*g.*, *C.*, °); issue, result (rare); token of recognition (rare); secondary matter, accident; supplement; ° *a.* of whom or which — only (*-mātra* being *sts.* added) is left. (*cf.* *śeṭ*, for the rest, in every other case; *śeṭ* *rātra*, during the remainder of the night; *iti śeṭ* *śeṭ* (very common in commentators), the words — must be supplied to complete the sense: *a.* remaining (*pl.* the rest); *ac.* *a. pp.* in *ab.*, but *guly.* ° *e. g.* *de-āntaram prāyātēbhyo ye śeṭ* *śeṭ* *te*, the few (remaining over from those who had gone —) who had not gone to another country, *śeṭ* *śeṭ*, the few who had not been slain; last, last-mentioned; *m. N.* of a serpent supporting the earth and forming the couch of *Viṣṇu* during his sleep.

शेषकराय *śeṭa-karāna*, *n.* leaving a remnant of (°), *-tas*, *ut.* otherwise; *-tva*, *n.* secondariness; applicability to other cases; *-bhug*, *a.* eating the remnants; *-bhūta*, *pp.* remaining; secondary; *-vistāra-pāndu*, *a.* pale in its remaining extent.

शेषस *śeṭ-as*, *n.* [relict: √ *sish*] offspring (*RV.*).

शेषा *śeṭ-ā*, *f. pl.* auspicious flowers left over from a sacrifice; *sy.* garland made of such flowers.

शेषी *śeṭ-ī*, *pp.* remain over.

शेषय *śeṭ-ya*, *fp.* to be left aside or ignored.

शेष *śeṭ*, *a.* [śikṣā] regular, correct; *m.* novice tyro.

शेष *śeṭ*, *a.* [śikṣā] descendant of an outcast *Brāhmaṇ*.

शेखिन *saikhin-a*, *a.* produced by (*etc.*) the peacock (*sikhin*).

शेख *saighr-a*, *n.* rapidity; *-ya*, *n. id.*

शेख *sait-ya*, *n.* [sita] coolness, coldness.

शेख *saithil-ya*, *n.* [sithila] looseness; flaccidity; diminution; unsteadiness, vacancy (*of gaze*); laxity, remissness, negligence, in (*ic.*, °).

शेख *saib-ya*, *a.* relating to the Sibis; *m.* descendant of Sibi; king of the Sibis.

शेख *saila*, *a.* (i) made of stone; stony; *m.* rock; hill, mountain: *-kanyā*, *f.* daughter of the mountain (Himalāya), *Pārvatī*; *-kṛta*, mountain-peak; *-guru*, *a.* heavy as a mountain; chief of mountains, Himalāya; *-tanayā*, *f.* daughter of the mountain, *Pārvatī*; *-tā*, *f.* condition of a mountain; *-dhitri*, *f.* daughter of the mountain, *Pārvatī*; *-dhātu*, *m.* mineral; *-patha*, *m.* mountain path; *-pura*, *n. N.* of a town; *-maya*, *a.* (i) made of stone; *-mariga*, *m.* wild goat; *-rāga*, *m.* king of mountains, Himalāya; *-dkhara*, *m.* mountain peak; *-sekha*, *m. id.*; *-srīga*, *n. id.*; *-sāra*, *a.* hard as a rock; *-suta*, *f.* daughter of the mountain, *Pārvatī*; *-kānta*, *m.* husband of *Pārvatī*, *Siva*; *-setu*, *m.* embankment of stone.

शेख *saila*, *a.* mountain top; *-adhi-rāga*, *m.* sovereign of mountains, Himalāya; *-tanayā*, *f.* daughter of the Himalāya, *Pārvatī*.

शेख *saṭli*, *m. pot.* (*fr.* *silāhu*) of a teacher: *-a*, *m. pl.* school of *Sālini*; *-iya-van*, *m.* dancer, actor. [duet, procedure.

शेख *sail-i*, *f.* [*fr.* *silā*] habit, custom, con-

शेख *saṭliśā*, *m.* (*pot.* *fr.* *silāśa*) dancer, actor (their wives are in ill-repute): *ī*, *f.* female dancer, actress. [Himalāya.

शेख *saila*, *m.* chief of mountain,

शेख *sail-ēya*, *m. n.* (produced from stone, *silā*), benzoin, bitumen, etc.

शेख *saiva*, *a.* (i) relating, belonging or sacred to, derive *l* from *Siva*; *m.* worshipper of *Siva*. *-tā*, *f.* condition of a *Sivaite*; *-darana*, *n.* doctrine of the *Sivaite*.

शेख *saivāla*, *m. or n.* (?) kind of aquatic plant (*Myra octandra*): *-vat*, *a.* covered with *Saivāla*.

शेख *saival-in*, *a. id.*

शेख *saivāla*, *n.* = *saivāla*: *-ka*, ° *a. id.*

शेख *saiva*, *n.* [*sisa*] childhood; childishness, stupidity (rare): *-yauniya*, *a.* representing childhood and youth.

शेख *saiva*, *a.* (i) relating or belonging to the cold season, derived from or composed by *Saiva*; *i*, *m. pot.* *fr.* *Saiva*; *i-ya*, *a.* relating to *Saivāli* [for *Saivāpāli*.

शेख *saiva-nāri* (or *li*), *m. perh. incorr.*

शेख *sōk-a*, *m.* [√ *suk*] flame, glow (*i.*); anguish, sorrow, grief, affliction, for (*g.*, °); *V.*, *C.*: *-kṛta*, *f.* broodings of sorrow; *-ga*, *a.* produced by sorrow; *-nāna*, *m.* destroyer of grief; *-parāyana*, *a.* plunged in grief, *-maya*, *a.* consisting of or full of sorrow; *-ānla*, *a.* overwhelmed with grief; *-ānta*, *pp.* afflicted with sorrow.

शेख *saiva*, *saiva*, *fp.* lamentable, deplorable: *-tā*, *f.* deplorableness; *-yitri*, *m.* causer of pain; *-i-tarya*, *fp.* deplorable to be mourned. [hair (*V.*).

शेख *sokish-kesa*, *a.* having flaming

शोचिष sôl-ishtha, *spv.* of sukra (R¹).

शोचिष sok-is, *n.* [√suk] *V.* flame, glow, light (nearly always of Agni); *C.* colour, splendour, beauty.

शोच sok-ya, *fp.* to be lamented, deplorable; -*tâ*, *f.* deplorableness

शोड sotha, *incorr.* for sotha.

शोण SON, only *pf.* sasona, be red.

शोण sôna, *a.* red, crimson; *m.* redness (*C.*, rare); *N* of a river, the Sone or Red River which flows into the Ganges at Pâtaliyatra (*C.*); -*tâ*, *f.* redness; -*ava*, *a* having red horses, *ep.* of Drona

शोणित son-ita, *n.* [coloured red, *den.* *pp.* fr. sona] blood (*sts. pl.*); -*pârâñâ*, *f.* break-fast of blood; -*ain*, *a.* drinking blood, *fig.*

शोणिमन् son-i-man, *n.* redness

शोणीक soni-kri, colour blood-red.

शोणोत्तरा sona-uttarâ, *f.* *N.*

शोथ so-tha, *m.* [√sû = √svâ] swelling

शोधक sothi-aka, *a.* [√suthi] purifying; -*ana*, *a* id.; *n.* means of purification; cleansing, purifying; removal; subtraction; clearing up, sifting, investigation, examination; -*ka*, *m.* servant charged with cleansing and keeping a house in order; -*aniya*, *fp.* to be cleansed or purified; -*discharged* or paid; -*in*, *a.* cleansing, purifying; -*ya*, *fp.* to be purified, to be rectified or corrected.

शोफ sophia, *m.* swelling, tumour.

शोभ sobh-a, *m.* [√sulbh] *N.*; -*a-ka*, *a.* (1-*kâ*) splendid, beautiful; *m.* *N.*; -*ana*, *a* splendid, handsome, beautiful, in or with (?); excellent, distinguished, by or in (?); propitious, auspicious; *n.* prosperity, fortune, good or moral action; -*â*, *f.* beautiful woman (*often in re.*).

शोभा sobh-â, *f.* splendour, beauty, grace, loveliness (°) *sts.* -splendid, extraordinary; colour (*rare*). *kâ sobhâ*, what good is there in *re.* - is a bad thing. -*vat-i*, *f.* *N.* of a token; -*vâkya*, *n.* handsome speech

शोभिन् sobhi-in, *a.* splendid, handsome, beautiful; resplendent or adorned with, distinguished in (?); ° *a.* instead of sobhâ.

शोभिष sôbh-ishtha, *spv.* extremely brilliant (R¹).

शोष sosh-a, *a.* (°) drying up; removing, destroying; *m.* drying up, withering, decay, dryness, -*ana*, *a.* (i) drying up, parching, withering; removing, destroying; *n.* desiccation; emaciation; -*in*, *a.* drying up, wasting away; drying up, withering (*tr.*).

शोक्त suakta, *a.* made of mother-of-pearl (*sukti*). [ness.]

शोक्ल्य sukl-ya, *n.* [sukla] whiteness, brightness

शोक्ष्य saugheyâ, *m.* *met.* (*fr.* saugâ) of Garuda; falcon, hawk (*C.*).

शोच suak-a, *n.* cleanness, purity (*also ritual*); purification by (?); integrity, honesty; -*tva*, *n* id.; -*vat*, *a* pure (*also fig.*).

शोटीर sufti-a, *a.* vainly, proud (*E*); -*ya*, *n.* manliness, pride, of (?).

शोड sunda, *N.* of a country

शोष suand-a, *a.* (°) addicted to liquor (*sundâ*); passionately fond of, entirely devoted to; skilled in; being the pride of; -*ika*, *m.* distiller or seller of spirituous liquors; -*i*, *f.* female keeper of a tavern; -*in*, *m.*; -*i*, *f.* id.

शौण्डिकेय saundikeya, *m.* [sundikâ] *kind of demon injurious to children.*

शौण्डीर्य saundir-ya, *n.* manliness, pride, haughtiness (= sautrya).

शौण्डोद्दिन saundhodan-i, *m.* *pat.* (*fr.* saundhodana) of Buddha

शौद्र saudra, *a.* belonging, relating or peculiar to a Sâdra, born of a Sâdra.

शौन saun-a, *a.* (i) belonging to a dog (svau).

शौनक saunaka, *m.* *pat.* (*fr.* saunaka), *esp.* of a celebrated grammarian to whom numerous *śloka*s on the Veda are attributed *pl* his descendants and his school. -*i-ya*, *a.* composed by saunaka.

शौनःशेष saunah-sepâ, *m.* *pat.* *fr.* saunah-sepa; *n.* story of Saunâkasepa.

शौरसेन saura-sena, *a.* (i) relating *etc.* to the Sûrasenas; -*i*, *f.* language of the Sûrasenas (*a* Prâkrit dialect).

शौरि sauri-i, *m.* *pat.* (*fr.* sûra) of Vasudeva (*rare*) and of Vishnu Krishna

शौर्य saur-ya, *n.* [sû] heroism, valour, prowess; -*karma*, *n.* heroic deed, -*râsi*, *m.* paragon of valour; -*vat*, *a.* heroic, valiant; -*sâgara*, *m.* (occasional) paragon of heroism; -*namâdin*, *a.* foolhardy; -*andârya-srîgâra-maya*, *a.* composed of heroism, nobility, and love of women

शौलिक saulk-ika, *m.* [sulka] superintendent of tolls, custom house officer

शौव sauva, *a.* relating to the dog (svau), canine.

शौवसिक sauvast-tika, *a.* occurring on or lasting till to-morrow (svas).

श्वन्त् SKAND, only *intr. pr.* *pt.* *kanti-skad-at*, shining (R¹).

श्वद् skand-in, *a.* shining (R¹, rare, also in various *ep.* *hâsi-skandra* *etc.*

श्वम् SHAM, only *skaman*, appease, quell (*jury*, R¹).

श्वर SKAR (= KAR), only with *upa* in *upa-skarat*, approach (*acc*); (Y¹)

श्रुत् SKUT, I. P. *skôta* (*in C.* nearly always *skvota*, a form produced by the confusion of *kyut* and *skut*, *and* truckle, *coze*, *drop*, *distil*; *tr.* cause to drop or flow, shed (*C.*), *ex skotaya*, *P.* cause to flow or drop (*R*); -*ni*, *Â* drop or trickle down (*C.* *pra*, trickle forth (*C.*).

श्रुत skut, *a.* (°), *V.*, *श्रुत* skyut, *a.* (°), *C.*, dropping, shedding

श्रुत् SKAUT, in *C* = श्रुत् SKUT.

श्रथ् SNATH, H. P. only *snathih*, *pt.* *snâthat* and *aur. snathish/am, snathish/ana*, pierce (R¹), *ex snathaya*, *ad. pp.* *snathitâ*, *ni*, strike down; *ex id.* *pari-ni*, *ad.*

स्मश smasâ, *f.* channel (R¹).

स्मशान smasânâ, *n.* burial or burning ground, cemetery; sacrifice to the Manes (*rare*); -*m* *sev*, frequent burial grounds; undergo every possible horror -*pâla*, *m.* guardian of a cemetery; -*vetâla*, *m.* *N.* of a gambler.

स्मश्रु smâs-rn, *n.* beard, *sp.* mou-tache; *pl* hairs of the beard; -*dharâ*, *a.* wearing a beard, bearded (*C.*).

स्मश्रुक् smasru-ka, *a.* bearded.

स्मश्रुय smasru-ya, *den.* *Â* resemble a beard.

श्या SYÂ, IV. P. *syâya*, cause to freeze or congeal (*Br.*, rare); *ps.* *syate*, freeze, congeal, conglutinate, be cold (*1*); *pp.* *sitâ*, cool, cold (*P.*, *C.*); -*sina*, *a.* conglutinated, frozen (*C.*, rare); -*syana*, become dry (*C.*, rare); -*â*, *Â*, become dry (*C.*); *pp.* *âsyâna*, conglutinated, dry

श्यापर्ष syaparna, *m.* *N.*; *pl* his descendants (*1*); -*i-ya*, *a.* belonging to the Syaparnas; *Br.*

श्याम svâma, *a.* black, dark grey, green, or blue, sable, dusky, swarthy, *conglutinated*, a beautiful colour in complexion; *m.* *N* of a sacred fig tree at Prayaga -*tâ*, *f.* blackness, dark colour; -*tva*, *n* id.; -*phana*, *a.* having black foam -*tâ*, *f.* *abst.* *s*; -*rukha*, *a.* black faced cloud, having black nipples.

श्यामल svâma-la, *a.* dark-coloured; -*ka*, *m.* *N.*; -*tâ*, *f.* blackness, dark colour.

श्यामलता svâma-latâ, *f.* kind of creeper.

श्यामलित svâma-lita, *den.* *pp.* darkened, obscured; -*i-man*, *m.* blackness, darkness, -*i-kri*, *darken*, obscure.

श्यामवर्ण svâma-varna, *a.* dark-coloured.

श्यामा svâma, *f.* young woman in the bloom of youth having certain characteristics *kind of bird*, *N* of various plants, *esp.* of the Prayaga creeper; *N*

श्यामाक svâma-ka, *m.* kind of grain (Pau-cum frumentaceum) colour.

श्यामाय svâma-ya, *den.* *Â* assume a dark

श्यामिका svâma-ika, *f.* blackness, impurity

श्यामित svâma-ita, *den.* *pp.* darkened.

श्यामीक svâmi-kri, *darken*; -*bhâ*, *be* darkened

श्याम svâmi, *m.* *r.* *श्याम* svâmi.

श्याव svâvâ, *a.* dark-brown, brown; *m.* bay steed; -*i*, *f.* (R¹) bay mare; night

श्यावदन्त svâvâ-dant, *a.* brown toothed -*danta*, *-ka*, *a* id.; -*danta-ta*, *f.* possession of brown teeth.

श्यावाच svâvâ-âvâ, *a.* having brown steeds, *m.* *N.*, -*asya*, *a* brown faced

श्रेत syeta, *a.* (ana) reddish white, white.

श्रेय syerâ, *m.* eagle (that brn s down Sama to man, *V.*), falcon, hawk; kind of *akâha* (*S*); *kind of battle-arriv* (*C.*); eagle like head, *Br.* *S* -*gvin*, *m.* falconer; -*patvan*, *a.* flying with eagles (*rare*, *R*); -*avapatam*, *ad.* swooping down like an eagle or hawk.

श्रेयो syam, *f.* of syeta and syena.

श्रित svâtâ, *m.* *pat.* *N.*, *n.* *N.* of various Sâmans.

श्रेय svam-cya, *m.* *met.* (*fr.* syeti) of Gûlayu

श्रण SRAN, *ex* -*ranaya*, *P.* *vi*, give away, bestow on *d.*

श्रत srat or श्रद् srâd, *indeel.* with *kr*, promise, assure (*1*); *vr.* *dhâ*, *P.* *A.* trust, rely on, believe any one, have faith in (*d.*); *in C* also *q* of *pr* or thing, *be* of thing, credit, believe anything, *ac.* to be (*1* *acc*); expect anything (*acc.* from any one (*acc.*), *C.*); agree to, approve *ac.* (*C.*), welcome any one (*C.*); desirous anything *acc.* (*C.*); *vr.* *na*, distrust, disapprove *acc.* *pp.* *sraddâdhâna*, trustful, believing *pp.* *sraddithâ*, having confidence; approved, welcomed.

श्रथ SRATH, IX. *srathâ*, *srathai* (*V.*, rare); VI. P. *srathâ* (*YV*), become loose, yield; make slack, disarm; *Â* unloose

one's (*bonds etc.*); *cs.* (V.) *srathāya*, P. loosen; remit, pardon (*sin*): *Ā.* become loose, yield. *vi.*, *cs.* (V.) loosen; remit, pardon (*sin*); destroy.

अथाय *srathā-ya* (RV.), only impr. *srathāya*. *ava*, loosen from below. *ad*, loosen from above. *vi*, loosen.

अथायता *srad-dadhāna-tā*, *f.* faith; *-vat*, *a.* believing.

अथा *srad-dhā*, *a.* putting faith in, trusting (*d.*; V.); *f.* confidence, trust, faith, belief, in (*lc.*, ^{-o}), faithfulness, sincerity (V., C.); desire, longing, for (*lc.*, *prati*, *inf.*, or *guly.* ^{-o}; C.); curiosity (V., C.); *-m ākhyāni nas tāvat*, pray satisfy our curiosity and tell us.

अथातय *srad-dhātaya*, *fp.* *n.* one should believe.

अथायय *sraddhā-maya*, *a.* full of faith.

अथाय *sraddhā-lu*, *a.* believing; vehemently longing for (^{-o}); *-vat*, *a.* believing; agreeing, assenting. [credible (RV.).]

अथिन् *sraddh-in*, *a.* believing; *-ivā*, *a.*

अथिय *srad-dhoyā*, *fp.* to be believed, credible; *-tva*, *n.* credibility.

अपय *srāp-ana*, *n.* [*fr.* *cs.* of *√srā*] cooking fire (Āhvantya and Gārhapatya); *n.* cooking.

अपय *srāp-aya*, *cs.* (*√srā*): *pp.* *ita*.

अम *SRAM*, IV. P. *srāmya* (V., C.), I. P. *ā* *rama* (V., C.; *rare*), grow weary, of *inf.*; exert oneself, labour in vain; practise austerity: *pp.* *srāntā*, wearied, tired, exhausted; *cs.* P. *srāmaya*, fatigue, tire. *pari*, *pp.* greatly fatigued, exhausted; weary of (^{-o}); *cs.* *-srāmaya*, P. fatigue, tire. *vi*, take a rest, repose; cease, stop; rest or depend on (*lc.*); rely on (*lc.*); feel at ease: *pp.* *viśrānta*, having rested, from (^{-o}); *reposing*; abated, ceased, stopped; coming to an end at ^{-o} reaching to (*ac.*, ^{-o}); destitute of (^{-o}); *cs.* (ā) P. cause to rest or repose; cause (*dust*) to settle on (*lc.*); put an end to: *pp.* *-srām-ita*, *pari-vi*, *pp.* completely rested *sam*, *pp.* exhausted.

अम *srām-n*, *m.* weariness, fatigue, exhaustion; exertion, exercise, labour, toil; religious or studious effort; pains or trouble bestowed on anything (*lc.*, ^{-o}); *-kara*, *a.* causing fatigue or trouble; *-karsita*, *pp.* worn out with fatigue; *-gha*, *a.* dispelling fatigue; *-kṣhā*, *a.* *id.*; *nyāsa*, *n.* perspiration.

अमय *srām-avā*, *m.* (mortifying the flesh), ascetic, mendicant, *sp.* Buddhist or Jain (*a term sts. applied to Buddha himself*); *n.* effort, exertion. *-ka*, *m.* mendicant; *i-kā*, *f.* mendicant nun; *-ākārya*, *m.* Buddha.

अमयय *srāmān-ya*, *den.* *Ā.* become a religious mendicant.

अमयुद् *srām-nud*, *a.* dispelling fatigue; *-mohita*, *pp.* paralysed with fatigue; *-vāri*, *n.* perspiration; *-bindu*, *-leśa*, *m.* drop of perspiration; *-vinyāna*, *a.* dispelling fatigue; *-śikara*, *m.* perspiration; *-ādhāyān*, *a.* causing trouble (*conj.*); *-sambu*, *n.* perspiration.

अम्भ *SRAMBH*, I. A. *-srambha* (*sts. spelt -srambha*). *vi*, confide or trust in, rely on (*lc.*); *pp.* *viśrabdha*, confiding, confident, fearless, towards (*prati*); showing or inspiring confidence: ^{-o} or *-m*, confidently, without hesitation; *cs.* *vi-srambhaya*, P. inspire with confidence, encourage.

अयय *srāy-ana*, *a.* [*√srā*] recourse to (^{-o}).

अय *srāv-a*, *m.* [*√srā*] hearing, of (^{-o}); ear.

अय (I. *srāv-ana*, *m.* [*√srā*] hearing; learning; fame, reputation (*rare*); *m.* (*rarely* *n.*) ear: *iti srāvanāt*, because it is so stated in the Veda.

अय 2. *srāv-ana*, *a.* [*√2. srā*] lame (*N.*, *rare*); *m.*, *ā*, *f.* (*rare*), *N.* of the twentieth or twenty-fifth lunar asterism (conceived of as representing the figure of three footsteps): *ā*, *f.* night of full-moon in the month of Śrāvana: *-karmān*, *n.* ceremony on the day of full-moon in Śrāvana.

अय 3. *srāvana*, *n.* *incorr.* for *sravana*.

अययकतरता *sravana-kātara-tā*, *f.* anxiety to hear; *-gokara*, *m.* range of hearing, ear-shot; *a.* being within ear-shot; *-pātha*, *m.* range of hearing; auditory passage, ear; region of the ears: *-gata*, *pp.* extending to the ears, *-paryanta-gamana*, *n.* extension to the ears, *-sāthi*, *m.* coming to the ears of anyone: *-tvam* *i*, come to the ears of (*g.*); *-parusha*, *a.* harsh to the ear; *-pālā*, *f.* tip of the ear; *-pāraka*, *m.* earring; *-prāghuṇ-ika*, *m.* reaching the ears of any one: *-i-k-i*, cause to reach the ears of (*g.*); *-mūla*, *n.* root of the ear; *-vidāra*, *a.* ear-rending (speech); *-vishaya*, *m.* range of hearing, ear-shot; *-mukha*, *a.* pleasant to the ear; *-subhaga*, *a.* *id.*; *-hārīn*, *a.* charming the ear.

अययय *srav-aniya*, *fp.* to be heard, worth hearing.

अयययदर *sravanyadara*, *n.* (interior of the) ear.

अयय 1. *srāv-as*, *n.* [*√1. srā*] shout, loud praise (V.); fame, glory, renown (V., P.).

अयय 2. *srāv-as*, *n.* [*√srā* = *√srū*] stream, flow (RV.); swift course or flight (RV.); channel (RV., *rare*).

अयय 1. *sravas-yā*, *den.* *a.* only *pt.* *-yāt*, praising (V.); *ḅ* *-yā*, P. (V.) hasten, be swift; snatch up (*ac.*).

अयय 2. *sravas-yā*, *a.* *n.* (RV.) praise, renown; glorious deed; *b* *a.* swift (*steed*, RV.); *-yā*, *in* *ad.* swiftly (RV.); *-yū*, *a.* 1. praising (RV.); 2. swift, nimble (*ḅ*).

अययय *srav-āyā*, *a.* (V.) praiseworthy.

अययय *srāv-īsthā*, *f.* *pl.* (C. also *sg.* *du.*) *N.* of a lunar asterism.

अय *srāv-ya*, *fp.* [*√1. srā*] audible, worth hearing.

आ *SRĀ*, *pp.* *srātā*, *sritā*, (V.) cooked, boiled, roasted; *cs.* *srāpāya*, P. (Ā. *metr.*) cook, boil, roast (V., C.); burn (*earthenware*; S.).

आय *srāddha*, *a.* [*sraddhā*] faithful, believing (*rare*); *n.* oblation to the Manes, funeral rite and feast (at which gifts and food are presented to Brāhmanas): *-karmān*, *n.* performance of the funeral rite, funeral feast. *-kalpa*, *m.* *id.*; *-dāya*, *m.* duty of the funeral rite (*a term applied to Manu Vaisnavata, Yama Vaisnavata, Vivasvat, and pious Brāhmanas*); *-bhūg*, *m.* partaker of a funeral feast; *-bhogāna*, *n.* participation in a funeral feast; *-mitra*, *a.* making friends through a funeral feast.

आयय *srāddh-ika*, *a.* relating to a funeral feast; *-in*, *a.* performing funeral rites; having partaken of a funeral feast; *-iya*, *a.* relating to a funeral feast.

आय *srān-tā*, *pp.* (*√srām*) wearied *etc.*; *n.* fatigue; mortification, fruit of religious austerities: *-āgata*, *pp.* arriving wearied.

आयय *srān-ti*, *f.* weariness, fatigue.

अपय *srāp-aya*, *cs.* P. of *√srā*.

आपय *srāp-in*, *a.* [*√srā*] cooking.

आययय *srāmāna-ka*, *m.* or *n.* kind of procedure in laying the fire.

आयय *srāy-ā*, *a.* provided with (*lc.*; RV.¹).

आयय *srāv-aka*, *a.* [*√1. srā*] listening to (^{-o}); audible afar; *m.* hearer, pupil; disciple of Buddha or Jina.

आयय *srāvāna*, I. *a.* perceived by the ear (*srāvāna*), audible; *n.* causing to be heard, announcement; 2. *a.* relating to the asterism Śrāvana; *m.* *N.* of a rainy month (July-August); 3. *f.* day of full-moon in Śrāvana; kind of Pāka-yugā.

आययय *srāvāna-tva*, *n.* audibleness.

आयययय *srāv-ayi-tavya*, *cs.* *fp.* to be brought to the ears of (*g.*); to be caused to hear something (*ac.*); *-tri*, *a.* causing to hear.

आयय *srāvasti*, *m.* *N.* of a king, founder of Śrāvastī; 3. *f.* *N.* of a city in Kosala.

आय *srāv-ya*, *fp.* to be heard, audible; worth hearing; to be proclaimed; to be informed.

श्रि *SRĪ*, I. *srāya*, I. V.: P. lean, lay in or on, cause to rest on, direct towards (*lc.*); spread (*light*) over (*lc.*); *Ā*, *ps.* lean against (*ac.*, *E.*); find support, be fixed, rest or be on in (*ac.*, *lc.*, *or ad.*); 2. C: P. *Ā*. resort or betake oneself to (*esp. for help or shelter*), *Ā* enter, take possession of (*the heart etc.*, *ac.*, *lc.*; of feelings); P. *Ā*. attain, undergo, enter into (*a condition*), assume (*a form*): *pp.* *srita*, I. *act.* *mg.* clinging to, standing, lying, resting or being in or on, sitting on, contained in *ac.* (*lc.*, ^{-o}; V., C.); having betaken oneself to (*ac.*, often as *finite vb.*); *C*: having attained or fallen into (*a condition*), having assumed (*a form*: *ac.* or ^{-o}; C.); 2. *ps.* *mg.* C: resorted to, occupied; taken, chosen: *-vat*, *pp.* *act.* having taken refuge with (*ac.*). *adhi*, I. spread over (*ac.*, *lc.*; V., *rare*), place upon (*esp. on the fire*; V., C.); resort to, lie or sit down on (*ac.*); *C*: *pp.* *adhiṣṭita*, clinging to, resting in or on (*ac.*, *lc.*; V.); placed upon (*esp. the fire*, *lc.*; V., C.); studded with (*in*; P.); having betaken oneself to (C). *anu*, *pp.* followed by (*in*). *apa*, *pp.* *apa-srita*, leaning or resting on, concealed in (*lc.*; V.). *ā*, I. P. attach to (*very rare*); C: P. *ā*. lean on, attach oneself to, resort to, seek refuge with (*ac.*); P. be attached to, depend on (*ac.*); P. *ā* betake oneself to a place, come to, reach (*ac.*: RV.¹, C.); have recourse to, choose, assume (*a form*), acquire, undergo (*a change*, *ac.*; C.); befall (*ac.*; C.); consider, regard (C): *gd.* *ā-sṛitya*, resorting to; regarding *ac.* on account of, *ps.* be subject to (*in*): *pp.* *ā-sṛita*, I. *act.* *mg.* leaning on, supported by, having recourse to, seeking refuge with, devoted or subject to (*ac.*, *rarely* *g.*, ^{-o}); clinging, attached or peculiar to (*ac.*, ^{-o}); dependent, based on (*lc.*, ^{-o}); relating to (*ac.*, ^{-o}); having resorted to a place, dwelling, abiding, standing, sitting, lying, resting, or being in or on (*ac.*, *lc.*, ^{-o}); having reached or arrived at (*ac.*); having come into the possession of (*any one*, belonging to (*property*, ^{-o}); having had recourse to, having chosen or devoted oneself to, having acquired (*ac.*, ^{-o}); having regard to (*repearly*); 2. *ps.* *mg.* resorted to, taken refuge with; supported by (*in*); inhabited, occupied, entered, by (*in*, ^{-o}); indulged in, had recourse to, assumed, undertaken, chosen; regarded, taken account of. *apa*, *ā*, I. P. *ā*. resort to, seek refuge with (*ac.*); have recourse to anything (*ac.*);

pp. leaning against (ac., -°); having taken refuge in (ac.); having recourse to (ac.). **vr̥spaś**, take refuge with (ac.); profess (a doctrine. ac.); pp. having had recourse to (ac., -°); having assumed (a body). **upaś**, lean on, be supported by (ac.); betake oneself to (ac.); have recourse to, devote oneself to (ac.); **gḍ. upāśrita**, often = with the help of; pp. **upāśrita**, 1. act. mg. leaning or resting on (ac.); having taken refuge with (ac.); having resorted to, - reached, staying in or at (ac., etc. lc.); having had recourse to, having devoted oneself to (ac.); 2. ps. mg. leaned upon. **sam-upaś**, pp. resting on, based upon (ac.); having had recourse to, having devoted oneself to (ac.); occupied by (in.). **sam-ā**, receive support from (ac.); take refuge with (ac.); resort to, approach (ac.; P. ā); take possession of, occupy (P.); have recourse to (ac.; P.); pp. 1. act. mg. leaning on (ac.); having taken refuge with (ac.); resting or dependent on (-°); relating to, concerning (-°); having resorted to, dwelling in, standing on, situated or sticking in (ac. lc., -°); having attained (also **-vat**); having had recourse to (ac., -°); 2. ps. mg. leaned on for support, resorted to; provided or endowed with (in.); had recourse to. **ud**, P. raise, erect (V., C.); A. rise or stand up (V., C.); pp. **ūtkṛita**, raised, elevated; rising; erect (head of a serpent); high, lofty; exalted, powerful; vaunting, boasting of (-°); increased, great, vast; **es. ūtkṛāpaya**, P. increase. **abhi-ud**, pp. towering, lofty; distinguished for (in.). **pra-ud**, pp. **prōkṣita**, raised, elevated; lofty. **sam-ud**, pp. **il**; surging (waves). **upa**, P. lean, against (lc.; V.); **ā** give support, be attached to (lc.; RV.); P. **ā** come to any one (ac); pp. placed in or on (ac., lc.). **upa-ni**, draw near, place at the side (Br.). **pari**, surround, fence in (V.); pp. (C.) standing around; surrounded by (in., -°). **sam-pari**, cover over (Br.); pp. covered over (**pari**, (hending forward deferentially), humble, unpretentious, modest; obscure (meaning) **ati-pra**, be extremely modest. **vi**, P. put asunder, open, A. separate one's; **ā** be opened or separated. **sam**, P. put together, **ā** be joined or united, with (in.; V.); provide with (in.; RV.); P. consort with (ac.; C.); P. **ā** attach oneself to, seek the protection of (ac.; C.); A. rest or depend on (ac.; C.); P. A. resort to a place (ac.; C.); P. **ā** have recourse to (ac.; C.); P. acquire (a character, ac.; C.); pp. **sānāxita**, V. joined; C. united with (in., -°); clinging to (ac.); elung to (tree); having sought the protection of or entered the service of (ac., -°); attached or peculiar to (ac., -°); relating to (lc., -°); having betaken oneself to, staying, dwelling, lying, situated, being in or on (ac., lc., -°); contained in (-°); having recourse to, indulging in (ac.); modest, suitable (speech); **-vat**, pp. act. being united with (in.). **abhi-sam**, P. seek refuge in (ac.; V., C.); P. indulge in, devote oneself to (ac.; C.); ps. be acquired (C.); pp. (C.) having resorted to any one (ac.), esp. for protection. **upa-sam**, P. enter the service of (ac.; C.).

श्रित sri-t, a. [√sri] -°, having acquired, in uddhat-shrit, a. towering and arrogant.

श्रित srita, pp. √srā & √sri.

श्रिया sriy-ā, f. (collateral form of sri) prosperity, fortune (rare).

श्रिवः sriśh, I. P. sresha (in sreshāma, RV.), join, unite. **abhi**, in ab. inf. -sriśhā, to unite (RV.). **ā**, adhere to (lc.).

श्री 1. SRĪ (=SRĀ), IX. P. sriñati, cook. श्री 2. SRĪ, IX. P. sriñā, mix, mingle, with (in.; V.); pp. sriñā, mixed with (in.; RV.). **abhi**, P., **ā**, **ā** id (RV.).

श्री 3 SRĪ (=SRI), IX. P. only pt. sriñat, diffusing light (RV.). **abhi**, procure (V.). **sam**, unite with (in.; V.).

श्री sri, f. [√sri] splendour, beauty; prosperity, fortune, wealth; high position, glory, majesty, royal dignity (sts. personified, C.); royal insignia C. rare; personified as goddess of beauty and esp. of prosperity (Br. rare, C.) produced at the churning of the ocean, wife of Vishnu, in C. often = the famous or glorious in Ns of gods, men, places, Ts of books, to express distinction or eminence. sts. also = names of persons: d. sriye, sriyā, beautifully, splendidly, gloriously (V.), sriya ātma-jā, (sons of beauty =) horses.

श्रीक sri-ka, -° a. = sri, beauty, splendour, high position, royal dignity; -**kānta**, m. ep. of Siva; N. ep. of Bhavadhuti; N. of a region; -**deva**, -**vishaya**, m. id.; -**kānta-kānta**, m. Siva's neck; -**kānta-nīlaya**, m. N. of a country; -**kānti**, a. relating to Siva; -**kāya-svāmī**, N. of a temple; -**ka-ra**, a. producing prosperity; -**kalla**, m. N. of a Siddha; (sri -**kama**, a. V.) desirous of distinction or glory; -**kānta**, m. n. piece of splendour, sandal tree, sandal; -**dhara**, m. N. Pr., -**prithvi-dhara**, -**śaila**, m. Malaya range; -**garbha**, m. having prosperity within; ep. of Vishnu; N. of a merchant; -**ganalekhā**, f. N. of a princess; -**kānta-vihāra**, m. N. of a Buddhist monastery; -**kānta**, m. N. of a passionate man; -**kānta**, m. N.; -**dhakka**, N. of a locality; -**da**, a. bestowing prosperity; -**datta**, m. N.; -**darsana**, m. N.; -**deva**, m. N.; -**dhara**, m. (bearer of prosperity); ep. and form of Vishnu-Krishna, N.; -**svāmī**, m. N. of a commentator on the Bhagavadgītā, the Bhāgavata and the Vishnu Purāṇa; -**nagara**, m. N. f. N. of a town; -**narendra-prabhā**, f. N. -**narendra-ivara**, m. N. of a statue of Siva erected by Srinarendra-prabhā; -**nivāsa**, m. abode of Sri, ep. of Vishnu Krishna; N. -**pāti**, m. husband of Sri, ep. of Vishnu Krishna; N.; -**parva**, n. lotus; -**parvata**, m. N. of various mountains; -**prada**, a. conferring prosperity; -**phala**, m. Bilva tree; n. (fruit of splendour), Bilva fruit; -**baka**, m. N. -**bhartri**, m. husband of Sri, Krishna, -**bhaga**, m. arms of a person of high rank; -**mat**, a. splendid, beautiful; abounding in gold (Meru); eminent, illustrious, of high rank or dignity; wealthy; conducive to prosperity; m. great or eminent person. often = in names = his eminence or highness and in titles of books (= the famous). -**tā**, f. splendour, beauty.

श्रील sri-la, a. beautiful, eminent, famous. -**tā**, f. eminence, high position and creper of high rank (sri-lata); -**lekshā**, f. N. of a princess; -**vatsa**, m. kind of figure, sp. tuft or curl of hair of this shape on the breast of Vishnu or Krishna and of other deities. -**vabhāsa**, (s) m. N.; -**vardhana**, m. N.; -**vāsa**, m. (pleasant scent), resin of the Pinus longifolia, turpentine; -**visāla**, a. abounding in prosperity; -**vr̥ksha**, m. sacred fig tree (Ficus religiosa); kind of mari, curl of hair of this shape on the breast of a horse (rare); -**vr̥kshak-in**, a. having a curl of hair on the breast; -**śaila**, m. N. of various mountains; -**shena**, m. N.; -**sangrāma**, m. N. of a college; -**svāmī**, m. N.; -**harsha**, m.

N. of a king, reputed author of the Rātnāraṇi and the Nāishadha-karṇa.

श्रु 1. SRU, V. sriñā, sriñā (A. metr. in C.). **hear** (tr. & inf.), about (ac.), from any one (in., ab., g., mukhat; C.) that is (a ac.); listen or attend to a thing, ac; a ps. g.), hear from a teacher, learn, study; **ā**, (V.) ps. sriyate (C.) be heard, about (ac.) from (ab., g., mukhat); be heard of or known as, be called, pred. am.; be learnt or studied; be taught or stated in a book (lc.); be heard = pronounced or employed in speaking accord, often imps sriyate, it is said, I hear, from any one (ab., about, g.), it is stated in a book (lc.); **evam sriyate**, there is this saying; 3. sg. imps. sriyātam, listen; pf. pt. P. sruvas, having heard, to be = a ac.; also used as finite vb., having learnt or studied (Br.). pp. sruṭa, heard, learned, heard of or about; mentioned, stated in scripture, known as, named, known, famous, celebrated, **es. sruṭa**, P. V. sruṭaya, (V., C.) P. A. metr.) cause to be heard, proclaim, pronounce; cause any one to hear, address, inform, tell, communicate ac. of thing, ac. d. g. of person, through any one (in., inform ac. of any one's being ac.); ps. sruṭyate, be informed, of (ac.) pp. sruṭita, announced, told; informed of (ac.), d. s. sruṭisha, A. (P. metr.) wish or like to hear (C.); obey, wait or attend upon, be at the service of ac; C.); ps. sruṭishyate, be served; pp. sruṭishite, served, es. of des. sruṭishaya, P. be at the service of (ac.; rare) **anu**, hear, of V. C.; **hau anu** (V.), ps. (C.) be said **abhi**, hear, es. cause any one to hear, speak to (ac.; **ā**, listen, to anything (ac.; any one of, ac.; V., C.) hear - V., C., promise anything (ac.) to d., C.), es. ānukṣaṇyā, proclaim (V.), address, invoke (RV.); call upon ritually, ep. of the Adhvarya summoning the Agniṣṭh to pronounce the formula 'sruṣat'; V. **abhi**, es. address any one; **hi** **upa**, listen to, hear, learn (V., C.) from (ab., mukhat, sruṣat), that is (a ac.); **dos** A. listen, attend **pari**, hear, about ac, be informed that is (a ac.); pp. heard, known as, ac. counted, named; pred. m.; famous **pra**, **ā**, (RV.) be heard, become known or famous, **ati-pra**, A. become famous beyond others (RV.). **prati**, listen, give ear (Br., C., rare). **ā** be audible (RV., rare); promise ac. of thing, d. g. of ps., and mg. V., C. pp. promised, lc. n. imps. **prati-rute**, the promise having been made; **sā ā pitrā dātum prati-rutā**, and she was promised in marriage by her father. **vi**, hear, **ā** (V.) ps. (C.) become known or famous, ps. be heard; pp. **vr̥ṣuta**, heard, known as, named (m.); widely known, famous, es. cause to be heard, communicate, mention one's name, tell any one anything; 1. ac.; make famous, cause to resound **abhi-vi**, pp. known as, named **sam**, hear, learn, from (mukhat), listen to any one (ac.); promise, to any one (d., lc.); ps. be said to be **am** **yathā sam-sriyate**, as is said, as they say, as we read pp. heard, read in lc., promised, to (g); es. cause to be heard, proclaim, announce (one's name), bring (ac.) to the ears of (ac., d.); pp. read out.

श्रु 2. SRU = वृसृ, only sruvat and sruvantu (RV.), be set in motion, dissolve, part & RV. only **ā**-srot, give way to (or from sruṣi, hear). **pra**, es. P. sruṭaya, cause to move forward, further (RV.).

श्रुत sru-t, a. (C) hearing.

श्रुत sru-ta, (pp.) n. what has been heard or learnt, tradition, learning, sacred knowledge;

hearing; instruction: -**dhara**, *a.* retaining what one has heard, having a good memory; *m.* ear; *N.*; -**āhi**, *m.* *N.*; -**pāra**, *a.* extremely learned; -**pūrva**, *a.* previously heard, known by hearsay, by (*in*, *g.*), from (*ab.*); -**bandha**, *m.* *N.* of a Vedic poet; -**vat**, *pp.* *act.* having heard anything (*ac.*); learned; -**vardhana**, *m.* *N.* of a physician; -**vismṛita**, *pp.* heard and forgotten; -**vr̥ta upapanna**, *pp.* endowed with learning and virtue; -**śarman**, *m.* *N.*; -**śila**, *n.* *du.* learning and conduct; -**vat**, *a.* learned and honourable, -**sampanna**, *pp.* *id.*, -**upa-sampanna**, *pp.* *id.*; -**śena**, *m.* *N.* of a king.

श्रुता śrutā, (*pp.*) *f.* *N.*: **śartha**, *a.* having heard something (*g.*); **ś**, *f.* *N.*

श्रुति śrū-ti, *f.* *V.*, *C.*: hearing, listening; sound, noise; *C.*: ear; musical interval (*there being 22 in the octave*); report, news, of (-°); rumour, hearsay; saying, saw; traditional religious precept (regarding, -°), sacred text (*pl.* sacred texts, the Vedas); name, title (*rare*); learning (*r.* *śrutā*); -**śrutim abhihiya**, pretending to hear; **śrutau sthā**, he known by hearsay only: **iti śrutah**, because it is so stated in the scriptures or Veda; -**śruteḥ**, because - is proscribed or taught.

श्रुतिद्विधा śruti-dvaidha, *n.* conflict of Vedic precepts; -**dhara**, *a.* having a good memory (*better śrutā*); -**patha**, *m.* range of hearing, ear-shot; auditory passage, hearing; -**m gam**, *pp.* *or* **ā-yā**, come to the ears; -**madhura**, *a.* pleasant to hear; -**prāsādāna**, *n.* engaging the attention; -**mat**, *a.* having ears; learned (*Id.* *correct for śrutā-vat*); supported by a Vedic passage; -**mahat**, *a.* great in learning; -**mārga**, *m.* way (= instrumentality) of the ears; auditory passage, hearing; -° *or* *in* by way of the ears; -**m gam**, come to the ears; -**pravishā**, *pp.* having entered by way of the ears; -**mūla**, *n.* root of the ear; -**vāhana**, *n.* Vedic precept; -**viśahya**, *m.* object of the sense of hearing, sound; range of hearing; -**śiras**, *n.* leading passage of scripture. [*V.*].

श्रुतार्थ śrū-t-kāra, *a.* having listening ears

श्रुत śrū-tya, *pp.* worthy to be heard of, glorious (*V.*); *n.* glorious deed (*V.*).

श्रुतगुणस्य śruti-guṇasya, *m.* kind of alliteration (*with consonants produced by the same organ of speech*).

श्रुषु śru-SH (*secondary root in RV. fr. aor. base of śru, hear*), only **śroshan**, -**śroshantu**, hear, *pr. pl.* **śrośhamāna**, complainant. **ś**, listen to any one (*g.*).

श्रुष्टि śrūsh-ti (*AT. -tā, RV.*), compliance, willing service; confidence in (*g.*); *m.* **ś**, willingly, without delay; -**m kri**, obey; *a.* willing, obedient. [*RV.*].

श्रुष्टिर्वन śrūsh-ri-vān, (*a.* **ś**) willing, obedient

श्रुयमाणस्य śrūya-māṇa-sya, *n.* condition of being heard.

श्रेणि śre-ṇi, *f.* [*√ śri*] *V.*, *C.*: series, line, row; *C.*: group, troop, multitude, flock, swarm (*of bees*); corporation, gu. *id.* (**śrēṇī**), *dat.* (*a.* having teeth forming a row (*RV.*)).

श्रेणी śreṇī, *f.* = **śreṇī**; -**bandha**, *m.* formation of a row; -**bhāta**, *pp.* forming a row.

श्रेयस śre-mā, *m.* [*√ śri*] distinction, pre-eminence (*V.*).

श्रेयस् śre-yaś, *cpv.* [*fr. śri*] *RV.*: more beautiful (*rare*); *V.*, *C.*: better, preferable, superior, more excellent; *C.*: more distinguished or illustrious; excellent, distinguished (*rare*); well-disposed to (*g.*),

propitious (*rare*); **śreyān**, *m.*, *gny.* **śreyas**, *n.* (*irrespective of the subject*) - **na**, better - than (*like varam - na*); *n.* (*C.*) better condition or fortune; welfare, good fortune, bliss.

श्रेयस śreyas-a, *n.* fortune, happiness (*gny.* -°).

श्रेयस्कर śreyas-kara, *a.* (i) securing fortune or happiness, salutary; -**tara**, *cpv.* more conducive to happiness; -**kāma**, *a.* desirous of welfare or happiness; -**tva**, *n.* higher position, pre-eminence.

श्रेयोऽभिकाङ्क्षिन् śreyo-(a)bhikāṅkshin, *a.* desiring bliss; -**(a)rtthin**, *a.* *id.*

श्रेष्ठ śre-shtha, *pp.* [*śri*] fairest, of (*g.*; *V.*, *E.*), best, most excellent, highest, chief, of (*g.*, *le.*, -°; *V.*, *C.*); superior, preferable, better, more excellent, than (*ab.*, *g.*; *C.*); *n.* (*C.*) best or chief thing; (**śreśtha**)-**tama**, *cpv.* very best, most beautiful of all; -**tā**, *f.* excellence, pre-eminence; -**śena**, *m.* *N.* of a king.

श्रेष्ठिन् śreśth-in, *m.* distinguished man (*Br.*); head or president of a corporation or guild (*C.*). [*pre-eminence among (g., -°)*].

श्रेष्ठ्य śreśth-ya, *n.* [*śreśtha*] superiority,

श्रोण śrōṇa, *a.* lane (*RV.*); **ś**, *f.* *N.* of the 20th (21st) lunar asterism (= *śravanā*; *V.*, *P.*).

श्रोणि śrōṇi, *f.* buttock, hip (-° *a.* *i.*); -**kāpāla**, *n.* thigh bone; -**bimba**, *n.* round hips.

श्रोणी śrōṇi, *f.* later form of **śrōṇi**; -**bhāra**, *m.* weight of the hips.

श्रोतव्य śro-tavya, *pp.* [*√ śru*] to be heard, worth hearing; audible; *n.* moment for hearing; -**m idānim samvṛittam**, the moment for hearing has now come.

श्रोतृ śrō-tri (*w. ac.*) *or* **trī** (*w. g.*), *a.* hearing, *m.* hearer, auditor (*V.*, *C.*); also used as future.

श्रोत्र śrō-tra, *n.* [*√ śru*] ear; hearing; -**gṇa**, *a.* perceiving by the ear; -**tā**, *f.* hearing; -**tā**, *f.* condition of ears; -**netra-maya**, *a.* consisting of ears and eyes; -**pati**, *m.* lord of hearing (*a form of Śvara*); -**padavi**, *f.* range of hearing; -**m upa ā-yā**, come to the ears of (*g.*); -**paramparā**, *f.* hearsay; -**pā**, *a.* protecting the ear (*V.*); -**pālī**, *f.* lobe of the ear; -**puṣa**, *m.* *id.*; -**peya**, *pp.* to be imbibed by the ear; -*attentively* heard; -**mārga**, *m.* range of hearing; -**m gam**, come to the ears of (*g.*); -**mūla**, *n.* root of the ear; -**vartman**, *n.* range of hearing; -**rukṭi-puṣa**, *m.* hollow of the external ear.

श्रोत्रिय śrōtr-īya, *a.* [concerned with hearing; *śrotra*] versed in sacred lore, conversant with the Vedas; *m.* Brahman learned in the Veda, learned theologian (*mantri*), minister learned in the scriptures; -**sāt-kri**, present to Brāhmins learned in the Veda.

श्रोमत śrō-mata, *n.* fair fame, celebrity (*RV.*); *in pl.* gloriously.

श्रोत śruta, *a.* (i) relating to the ear (*śruti*); expressed in words, explicit (*smile*; *opp.* *ārthi*); relating to sacred tradition, prescribed in, conformable to, or based on, the Veda; -**rāhi**, *m.* *pat.* of Duvahlāga; -**mārga**, *m.* hearing; -**sūtra**, *n.* Sūtra based on Śruti (*opp.* *grīhya* and *smṛta-sūtra*).

श्रोत्र śrautā, *a.* (i) relating to the ear (*śrotra*).

श्रोत्रशत śrōśhat, *indecl.* a sacrificial exclamation (*V.*).

श्लक्ष्ण ślaksh-nā, *a.* slippery; smooth, polished; soft; bland, gentle (*speech, voice*), mild (*person*).

श्लथ SLATH, be relaxed, become loose, yield; *only pr. pl.* **ślathat** (*P.*); *cs.* *P.* **ślathaya**, relax, loosen (*C.*, *rare*). **ś-latha**, **Ā**, be relaxed (*P.*).

श्लथ ślath-a, *a.* loose, relaxed; slack, feeble (*fig.*); -**lambha**, *a.* hanging loosely; -**āgṇa**, *a.* having languid limbs; -**ādara**, *a.* paying slight regard to (*lc.*).

श्लथी ślathī-kri, relax; diminish.

श्लथयाम ślathadyama, *a.* relaxing one's efforts, offering a feeble resistance.

श्लाघ SLĀGH, I. **Ā**. **ślāgha**, (*P.* *metr.*) have confidence in (*d.*; *Br.*, *rare*); (*l.*) speak with confidence, vaunt, boast or be proud of (*in*, *lc.*); flatter (*d.*, *rare*); praise (*ac.*); *cs.* *P.* **ślāghaya**, seek to console; praise.

श्लाघना ślāgh-ana, *a.* boasting; *n.* **ś**, *f.* praising; -**aniya**, *pp.* to be praised, praiseworthy, honourable; -**tā**, *f.* praiseworthiness; -**ā**, *f.* boastfulness; commendation, praise; same; -**in**, *a.* boasting or proud of (-°); haughty, famous, for (-°); praising; -**ya**, *pp.* to be praised, praiseworthy, honourable; -**m**, *ad.* worthily, -**tara**, *cpv.* greatly to be praised, -**tā**, *f.* fame.

श्लिष SLISH, IV. **ślishya**, adhere, attach, cling to (*lc.*); embrace, clasp; be joined or united; coalesce; put together; **Ā**, necessarily follow or result; *pp.* **ślishā**, adhering, clinging to (*lc.*, -°); attaching to oneself, personal (= not affecting others); joined together, close together, united, intertwined; clasped, embraced; (conclusing in meaning), equivocal; *cs.* **śleshaya**, *P.* join together, close; *pp.* **śleshita**, united with (*in*). **ś**, adhere to (*lc.*; *V.*); cling to (*ac.*; *E.*); clasp, embrace (*orig. mg.*); come into contact (*rare*); guess, find out (*rare*); *pp.* **ślishā**, adhering to (*lc.*; *Br.*); clasping, clinging to (*lc.*, -°); embracing (-*vat*, *act. id.*); clasped, embraced. **upa ā**, embrace. **sam ā**, cling to (*ac.*); clasp, embrace; *pp.* **embraced**. **upa**, come close, to (*ac.*); hug; *pp.* **ūpa-ślishā**, adhering to (*lc.*; *V.*); having come close up to (*saṃlipam*), being in immediate contact, contiguous (*C.*); *cs.* bring nearer, drive close up (*vehicle*); connect with (*saha*). **vi**, be loosened, be divided or separated; tall past. *flowers*; separate from (*ab.*); *pp.* **loosened**, severed (*bonds*); disconnected; separated; severed from one's party; dislocated (*limb*); *cs.* separate, from (*ab.*); deprive of (*in*); *pp.* **viśleshita**, severed; separated; rent asunder; dissolved. **sam**, attach oneself to (*ac.*); hug, clasp, embrace, bring into immediate connexion with (*in*); *pp.* **samślishā**, clasped; close together, touching, contiguous; joined, united, connected, with (*ac.*, *in*, *sa*, *saha*, -°); coalescent, indeterminate (*action*, *i. e.* not distinguishing between good and evil; *rare*); *kindly* *givita āyā* -, having a slight hope of life; *cs.* connect, join, unite, bring into contact with (*in*, *lc.*); transfer to (*lc.*); attract. *pp.* joined, united.

श्लिषपरंपरितरूपक ślisha-paramparitarūpaka, *n.* continuous chain of ambiguities (*a kind of metaphor*); -**rūpaka**, *n.* ambiguity as a metaphor; -**ākshaya**, *n.* expression of dissatisfaction by means of equivocation (*rh.*); -**rukṭi**, *f.* ambiguous expression.

श्लिपद् śli-padu, *n.* elephantiasis.

श्लिपद्ग्न ślipad-in, *a.* suffering from elephantiasis.

श्लि śli-la, *a.* [*for śri-la*] only in **ś-lilā**, *a.* ugly, coarse, indecent (*language*).

श्वस् *SVAS*, II. P. *śvas-i-ti*, V. C.: pant, snort, hiss, whizz; C.: breathe; sigh: *pp. śvasita*, revived; *ca. śvāsaya*, P. cause to breathe; *intr. pt. śśvas-at*, snorting

श्वास *śvāṣ-a, m.* [*√śvas*] hissing, panting; respiration, breath; sighing, sigh; asthma; breathing (in the pronunciation of consonants).

morrow (days), -bhāvin, a occurring on the morrow, -bhūta, pp id.; le at to morrow's dawn, -maraṇa, n dying on the morrow, thoughts of imminent death, -vasiya, n future prosperity, -vasiyan-a, a (f), bestowing future welfare; -vasyan-a, a id (f); -vi-
 -**ṣṭy-in**, a about to conquer on the morrow (V).

ष SH.

ष sha = षष् shash in pañka-sha.

षट् shat-ka, *a.* consisting of six; *n.* aggregate of six; -**karna**, *a.* six-earred, participated in by six ears (i. e. by two too many, counsel); -**karma**, *n.* (°) the six permissible occupations of a Brāhmaṇa (adhyayana, adhyāpana, yāgana, yāgana, dāna, pratigraha); *a.* following the six permissible occupations (Brāhmaṇa); *m.* Brāhmaṇa; -**karma-vat**, *m.* Brāhmaṇa; -**kāra**, *m.* the syllable shat (in vaushat); -**kṛtvā**, *ad.* six times; -**katvāriṃśa**, *a.* forty-sixth; -**ka**, *a.* id.; -**kāraṇa**, *a.* six-footed; *m.* bee: -**āya**, *den.* Ā. represent a bee; -**triṃśā**, *a.* (i) consisting of thirty-six; thirty-sixth; (shat)-**triṃśat**, *f.* sg. thirty-six (in pl. in app. or g.); -**triṃśat-ka**, *a.* consisting of thirty-six; -**triṃśad-sha**, *a.* lasting thirty-six days; -**triṃśad-āddika**, *a.* lasting thirty-six years; -**pañkāṇa**, *a.* fifty-sixth; (shat)-**pañkāṇat**, *f.* sg. fifty-six; (shat)-**pad**, *a.* (strg. base -**pād**, *f.* -**padi**; *l.* °) six-footed; taking six steps; (shat)-**pada**, *a.* six-footed; consisting of six pādas; *m.* six-footed animal or insect; bee: -**gṛya**, *a.* strung with bees (bow); -**pāda**, *m.* six-footed; *m.* bee; (shat)-**śata**, *n.* sg. hundred and six; *sg. & pl.* six hundred; *a.* consisting of or amounting to six hundred; -**śashāṭi**, *f.* sg. & pl. sixty-six; -**sapta**, *a.* pl. six or seven; -**saptati**, *f.* seventy-six.

षडश shad-aṣṭa, *m.* sixth part; -**bhāḡ**, *m.* enjoyer of one-sixth; -**amhri**, *m.* (six-footed), bee; -**akshara**, *a.* (i) six-syllabled; -**āṅga**, *n.* pl. the six Vedāṅgas (-**vid**, *a.* knowing -); *a.* six-limbed; having six Vedāṅgas; -**āṅgini**, *f.* six-membered (= complete) army; -**āṅghri**, *m.* (six-footed), bee; -**aita**, *a.* eighty-sixth; -**aiti**, *f.* eighty-six; -**āṣṭa**, *m.* period of six days, *sp.* six days' Soma sacrifice; -**āṇana**, °, six months (of Skanda); *a.* six-monthed (Skanda); *m.* ep. of Skanda; -**āyatana**, *a.* consisting of the six Āyatana's (vīṅṇa, prithivī-dhātushtaya, rūpa); -**āṣṭi**, *n.* used in six offerings; -**āṇa**, *pp.* diminished by six; -**āṇmi**, *f.* °, the six waves; -**rikā**, *m.* *n.* aggregate of six verses.

षड्ब shad-gavā, *m. n.* team of six bulls; *n.* six cows; °, aggregate of six (animals); -**gṛana**, *a.* sixfold, having six good qualities; *m.* pl. qualities perceived by the six (i. e. the five senses and Manas); six excellences; six expedients (of a king in foreign politics); -**gṛāḍ-kṛi**, multiply by six; -**guru-sishya**, *m.* (pupil of six teachers), *N.* of a commentator on Kāṭyāyana's Sarrāṇakramanī (12th century); -**gṛa**, *m.* (produced from or based on the other six notes), the first note of the Indian gamut; -**darsana**, *n.* the six philosophical systems; *a.* conversant with the six philosophical systems; -**bhāḡa**, *m.* sixth part, one-sixth, *sp.* as a tax imposed by kings (w. ab.

or g.); -**bhāḡ**, *a.* receiving one-sixth of (g.); -**bhāḡa**, *a.* six-armed; hexagonal; -**raṇa**, *a.* having the six tastes (food); -**rātrā**, *m.* period or celebration of six days; -**vaktra**, *a.* having six mouths; *m.* ep. of Skanda; *i.* *f.* six faces; -**varga**, *m.* aggregate or group of six; the five senses and Manas; the six inward enemies of man (kāma, krodha, lobha, harsha, māna, mada; *sts.* ° with ripu- or satru-); -**viṃśā**, *a.* (i) twenty-sixth; consisting of twenty-six; -**viṃśati**, *f.* twenty-six; -**tama**, *a.* twenty-sixth; -**viṃśat-ka**, *a.* consisting of twenty-six; (shat)-**vidha**, *a.* sixfold; (shat)-**vidhāna**, *a.* forming a sixfold order.

षण्ड shanda, *m. n.* (v. r. often khandā) group of trees or plants (always ° v. vana, etc., vriksha, and names of plants); heap, quantity, multitude.

षण्डामक shandāmaka, *incorr.* for sand-āmaka.

षण्ड shandha, *a.* (i) impotent; *m.* eunuch; hermaphrodite; *m.* or *n.* neuter gender; -**tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* condition of a eunuch, impotence.

षण्वति shān-navati, *f.* ninety-six; -**mātra**, *a.* containing six morae; -**māsa**, *m.* (i) six months; *ab.* after six months; -**nīkaya**, *a.* provisioned for six months; -**abhyantara**, *n.* space of six months; -**māsiḥ**, *a.* given every six months (clothes); occurring twice a year; (shān)-**māsiya**, *a.* occurring every six months; *n.* period of six months; -**mukha**, *a.* six-mouthed or six-faced; *m.* ep. of Skanda; *N.*

षल sha-tva, *n.* sh-ness, change of s to sh.

षष् shāṣṭi, *num. pl.* (num., ac. shat) six (exceptionally used as a *n.* with g. or °).

षष्ट shush-tu, *a.* sixtieth, consisting of sixty.

षष्टि shush-ti, *f.* sixty (w. pl. in app. or g., also ° or sts. °); -**tas**, *ad.* = *ab.*; -**yoḡanya**, *a.* sixty Yoganas distant; -**sata**, *n.* sg. hundred and sixty; -**sahasra**, *n.* pl. sixty thousand; -**hāyana**, *a.* sixty years old (elephant).

षष्ट shush-thā, *a.* (i) sixth. *w.* bhāḡa, *m.* or *ama*, *m.* sixth part, one-sixth; *w.* kālā, *m.* sixth hour of the day; sixth meal (on the evening of the third day); *m.* (sc. kālā) sixth meal; -*m* *kṛi*, take the sixth meal only (omitting the preceding fire); *n.* one-sixth; -**āndra**, *m.* *N.*; -**ama**, *m.* sixth part, one-sixth, *sp.* tax of one-sixth raised by kings; -**vṛitti**, *m.* (subsisting on one-sixth), king, prince; -**anna-kālā**, *a.* taking only the sixth meal, eating only on the evening of the third day (-*tā*, *f.* abst. s.); -**anna-kāl-ika**, *a.* id.

षष्ठी shushthī, *f.* sixth (sc. tithi) day of a fortnight; sixth (sc. vibhakti) case, genitive; personification of the sixth day after the birth of a child (when the main risks are

over); -**gṛgara**, *m.* watch on the sixth day after the birth of a child (a certain ceremony); -**tatpurusha**, *m.* genitive Tatpurusha compound (in which the first member has the sense of a genitive); -**samāsa**, *m.* compound in which the first member has the sense of a genitive.

षष्ठ shushth-ya, *n.* one-sixth.

षकुना shal-āṇā, *f.* (pp. twenty minus six), fourteen.

षाढव shāḍava, *m.* sweetmeat; *N.* of certain rāgas; *i*-**ka**, *m.* confectioner.

षाण्ड shāḍ-gun-ya, *n.* the six good qualities; the six expedients (of a king in foreign politics); -**vat**, *a.* endowed with the six excellences.

षाड्विध shāḍvidh-ya, *n.* sixfoldness.

षाण्मासिक shān-māsika, *a.* (i) lasting six months, six-monthly; given every six months. -**mās-ya**, *a.* six-monthly.

षिद्ध shidḡa, *m.* libertine, gallant.

षु shu, in *l.*, for su after u, ū.

षोडश shodasā, *a.* (i) sixteenth; consisting of sixteen; with *amśa* or *bhāḡa*, *m.* one-sixteenth; °, *f.* with *vṛashabha*, *pl.* fifteen cows and a bull; -**ka**, *a.* consisting of sixteen; *n.* aggregate of sixteen; -**kāla**, *a.* having sixteen parts; -**dhā**, *ad.* sixteenfold, in sixteen ways or parts.

षोडश shō-dasa, *a. pl.* (nm.-**dasa**) sixteen.

षोडशपद shodasa-pada, *a.* consisting of sixteen Pādas; -**bhāḡa**, *m.* one-sixteenth; -**bhāḡa**, *a.* sixteen-armed; -**vidha**, *a.* of sixteen kinds; -**ama**, *m.* sixteenth part.

षोडशिन shodas-in, *a.* consisting of sixteen, sixteenfold (*sp.* of a Stoma etc.); *m.* a Satya day with a sixteenfold verse or libation, a Samsthā of the Soma sacrifice; -**i-sāman**, *n.* a Sāman in the Shodas-stotra; -**i-stotra**, *n.* Stotra consisting of sixteen parts.

षोडा shodhā, *ad.* sixfold, in six ways.

षिष्ट SHITHIV. **षीव** SHTHIV, *I. P.* *shthiva*, spit, upon (*l.*), *ni*, spit upon (*l.*); *pp.* *nish/hyita*, (*sp.* out); omitted. *ava-ni*, spit. *nis*, *id.*; sketch. *prati*, spit upon.

षीव shthiv-ana, *n.* spitting upon (*l.*); ejected saliva, spittle.

षु SHTHIU (= *√shthiv*), spit, only in *shat/tvā* (*N.*, very rare). *nis*, spit (only in *nir-shath/savisham*).

श्रूत shthiyūta, *pp.* (*√shthiv*) spit.

स S.

स 1. *sā*, *prn.* that, *sts.* weakened to an article, the (only *m.* *sā*, *f.* *sā*, and in *Rl.* *l.* *sa*); *the* of the *nm.* *s* is always dropped before consonants except once in *Rv.* before *p* and once before *t*; *sa* *sts.* coalesces with a following vowel; often strengthened by other *prns.* of the third person, *nyām*, *oshā*, and *bhāvan*; often combined with the first and second pers. *sg.* (± *aham* or *tvaṃ*), so *hām*, *I* as such; in *Br.* it is frequently combined with the relatives, *yāḥ*, *yād*, *yādi*, and *yāthā*,

at the beginning of a sentence, and owing to this common initial usage, is often retained with relatives either pleonastically or where the construction requires another gender or number; in the *Sāhitya* *sa* is used to designate Purusha (like *esha*, *ka*, and *ya*).

स 2. *sa*, inseparable *pcl.* ° expressing union, community, similarity, equality (opp. *a*-*privative*); generally in adjective compounds = 1. possessing (e.g. *sa-pāksha*, winged), wearing (e.g. *sa-vāṣa*, clothed), containing (e.g. *sa-*

phena, foaming), displaying (e.g. *sa-hāsa*, smiling); 2. accompanied by, together with (e.g. *sa-bhārya*); 3. in addition to, and (e.g. *sa-pādam* *panam*, a *Pana* and a quarter); 4. belonging to the same (e.g. *sa-varṇa*), having a similar, resembling in (e.g. *sa-rūpa*); the adjective suffix -*in* is *sts.* added to these *cpds.* (e.g. *sa-putrā* = *sa-putra*).

स 3. *sa*, *a.* ° [*√san*] procuring, in *pasu-shā*, bestowing cattle, and *priya-sā*, granting blessing.

स ४. ४८, abbreviation of shadya.

संययिक sa-rishi-ka, a. together with the Rishis.

संयय sam-yāt, 1. a. continuous, uninterrupted (V.); f. agreement, covenant (Br., rare); appointed place (RV.); battle, fight (C., nearly always (c.)); 2. -yāt, pr. pt. (-3) 4/1; -yāt, pr. 4/yam; -ka, m. N., -āhāra, a. temperate in diet; -indriya, a. having the senses controlled; -tā, f. subjection of the senses; -vāda-vasū, a. having continuous wealth (V.); -yātavya, fp. to be curbed; -yānti, m. curber, controller; -yama, m. checking, restraint; subjection of the senses, self-control; tying up (rare); concentration of mind (in Yoga); exertion (ab. with great difficulty); destruction (P.); -dhana, a. rich in self-restraint; -yamana, a. (i) curbing, controlling, restraining; n. restraint, control; self-control; binding up; tightening (of reins); fetter; N. of Yama's city (also i); -yama-punya-tirtha, a. having restraint for its holy place of pilgrimage; -yama-vat, a. controlling oneself, economical; -yāmīta, ca. pp. of 4/yam; n. subduing (the voice); -yama-āta, a. subduing the passions, self-controlled (-tā, f. self-control); tied up (hair); -yāgya, n. participation in a sacrifice; ā, f. du. N. of two verses of the Yāgyā and Paroma edkdy of the Śiṣhikruti (V.); -yātrika, m. corr. for sāmyātrika; -yāna, n. going along with, accompanying (-); travelling, journey; vehicle; -yāva, m. kind of cake of wheat flour.

संयुक्त sām-yukta, pp. 4/yug; -sa-myoga, m. connexion with the connected (e.g. of a trace with a horse, whereby the locomotion of the vehicle is produced); -samavāya, m. inherence in what is connected (one of the six kinds of perception in Nyāya; e.g. perception of the colour of a vessel); -samaveta-samavāya, m. inherence in that which inheres in what is connected (e.g. perception of the possession of colour in general in a vessel of a particular colour).

संयुग sam-yuga, n. conjunction, union (rare); battle, fight; -mārdhan, m. van of battle; -yug, a. connected, related; n. relation; -yuyutsu, des. a (4/yu-ly) eager to fight.

संयोग sam-yoga, m. conjunction, union, combination, connexion, contact (of, among, with, g., -; with, in, ± sāha; union with, absorption in (lc.), friendly relations, connexion by marriage with (sāha); matrimonial alliance (between, g., -); carnal connexion, with (sāha), combination of two or more consonants, conjunct consonant; alliance for a common object, -; engaged in (study or travel); lc. eg. & pl. in connexion with, in case of, regarding; dāra-agnihotra-sam-yogam kṛi, marry a wife and maintain the sacred fire; -mantra, m. marriage formula.

संयोगिन sam-yogin, a. being in contact, united, with (in, -); united (of lovers); wedded; conjunct (consonant); -yogaka, a. occasioning (-); -yogana, n. joining, uniting, with (in, lc.); combination of (g.); -yogyā, fp. to be concentrated on (lc.).

संरक्ष sam-raksha, a. guarding; m. guardian; ā, f. protection; -rakshana, n. protection, preservation, of (g., -); from (-); -rakshaniya, fp. to be watched, - guarded against; -rakshya, fp. to be guarded or protected, from (ab.); - preserved or maintained; - guarded against; -rambha, m. agitation; impotency, violence; zeal, ardent desire (to, for, inf., -); anger, wrath against (lc. g. + upan); brunt (of battle); intensity, vehem-

ence (of passions); - with a. - excessively; -rambh-ia, a. ardently devoted to (-); angry, enraged; inasible; (-i-tva, n. fury; -ra-rāhā, pf. pt. 4/rā; -rāga, m. redness, passion, vehemence; attachment to (c.); -rādh-aka, a. thoroughly concentrated; (sam-rādhana, a. i) conciliating (Br., S., n. profound meditation (C.); -rādhyā, fp. to be conciliated; - attained by profound concentration; -rāva, m. clamour, roar; -rodha, m. checking, impeding, restraining, withholding; blockade, investment, siege, restriction, injury; suppression, destruction; -rodhana, n. restraining, suppressing, stopping; -ropana, a. causing to heal; n. planting; -rohana, n. healing up; planting; -rohin-ia, a. growing in (-).

संलक्ष्य sam-lakshya, fp. visible, perceptible; -lāpa, m. conversation, with (in, ± sāha, g., about (-); kind of dialogue in a play; -lokin, a. observed by others, -lohana, a. throwing into confusion.

संवत् 1. sam-vāt, f. (V.) side; region, tract.

संवत् 2. sam-vat, abbreviation for samvatsara, in the year (sp. of the Vādrama era), etc. in the year of the reign of.

संवत्सर sam-vatsam, ad. for a year (RV.).

संवत्सर sam-vatsara, m. (n.) year; ac. for a year; in after or in the course of a year, g., lc. ut.; within a year i-na, a. annual (V.).

संवदन sam-vadana, n. conversation, talk; -vadana, a. i) V. conciliating, propitiating; C.; encouraging (liberality, -; n. i, C.) means of conciliation; subduing spell; -vara, m. n. incense for sambara; -varana, 1. m. N. C., n. enclosure (as place of sacrifice, P.); concealment, secrecy (C., 2. n. C.) choice (of a husband); -vra, f. wreath given by a girl to the man of her choice; -varavāya, fp. to be concealed; -varga, a. [4/yug] rapacious; Agni; V.; -vargam, ab. snatching up, sweeping together (RV.); -varta, m. (rolling together; 4/vrti) dense mass (of people); cloud charged with rain; end or dissolution of the world; N. C., a. RV.); -ka, a. rolling together, destroying all things at the end of the world fire etc.; m. fire of universal destruction; pl. fires of hell; -vartikā, f. (rolled up leaf = young lotus petal, -vardhana, a. increasing, promoting; m. N.; n. growing up of a child, rearing of a child); success; promoting; -vardhaniya, fp. to be reared; child, to be maintained (servants); to be increased or fostered (virtue); -valana, n. ā, f. hostile encounter, mixture, union; -vasati, f. dwelling together; -vasana, n. dwelling-place (RV.); (sam-vasa, m. hollow-dweller (V.); -vaha, m. N. of one of the seven vāda; -vā, f. colloquy (V.); -vāda, m. conversation (C., C.); with (in, ± sāha, lc., -), agreement, conformity, correspondence, similarity, equality (C.); (a)-ka, a. agreeing; m. N., -vād-ana, n. agreement; -vādin, a. conversing, agreeing or harmonizing with (g., -); -vāra, m. contraction of the vocal chords (in pronouncing a sound), obtuse articulation (opp. vivāra), impediment (r.); -vārya, fp. to be concealed; -vāsa, m. dwelling together, with (in, ± sāha, -); cohabitation, with (-); settlement, dwelling; common abode (rare); -vāsin, a. i) clothed in (-), 2 dwelling together; -, dwelling in, inhabiting; m. fellow-dweller; -vāha, m. extortion, oppression; -ka, a. stroking (-); m. i-kā, f. shampooer; -vāhana, n. passage (of clouds); stroking with the hand (± hanta, of limbs etc., -); -vāhya, fp. to be borne; to be exhibited (in a-).

संविज्ञान sam-vigñāna, n. implication; knowledge; -bhūta, pp. generally known; -vitti, f. knowledge; perception, sense, of (-); i. -vid, f. V. C., consciousness, of (-); knowledge; understanding, agreement, covenant, regarding (-; ord. m. g., C. feeling, of (-), plan, scheme; conversation, about (-), established usage, custom, manner; gratification -am kṛi, sthāpaya, or vi-dhā, make an agreement, with (in, ± sāha, g.), to (d. inf. regarding (-), -am langhaya or viati-kram, break an agreement; 2 -vid, f. acquisition, property (V.); -vida, a. conscious (in a, Br.); 3 agreement, perh incurs for (-vid); -vidhā, f. arrangement, contrivance, preparation; mode of life; -vidhā-tavya, fp. to be arranged, contrived, or managed, n. imps. one should act; -vidhātṛi, m. arranger, ordainer, creator, god; -vidhāna, n. arrangement, contrivance, preparation; -ka, a. peculiar mode of action; -vidhi, m. arrangement, preparation, provision; -vidhe-ya, fp. to be brought about; -vibha-ana, n. sharing with another; -vibha-aniya, fp. to be distributed among (d.); -vibhaga, n. partition, sharing with others, bestowal of a share, on (d, lc., bestowal or distribution of (-), causing to participate in (-), giving (in ord. i, -); share -m kṛi, A. participate in anything (in) with any one (g.); -sila, a. accustomed to share with others; -vibhāgi-tva, n. virtue of sharing with others; -vibhagin, a. accustomed to share with others, in the habit of sharing with (g., receiving a share of (g.), -vibhāgya, a. to be presented with something; -vita, pp 4/vya; n. clothing

संवृत् sam-vṛt, m. appropriator, spoiler (V.); -vṛita, pp. 4/vṛi closed, articulated with the vocal chords closed; -ta, f. closed condition; -tva, n. ul.; -mantra, a. keeping one's counsels secret; -ta, f. secrecy of counsel; -vṛiti, f. closure; concealment, keeping secret; dissimulation, hypocrisy; -mat, a. able to dissimulate; -vṛiti, f. common or joint occupation; incur for samvṛiti and perh for sad vṛiti; -vṛiddhi, f. growth, power.

संवेग sam-vega, m. violent excitement or agitation; vehemence, intensity, high degree; -veda, m. perception, conception, -veda-ana, n. knowledge, sensation, perception; announcement, information; -vedya, fp. to be known or learned from (-), intelligible to (-); to be made known or communicated to (lc.); -tā, f. intelligibility to (in); -vea, m. entrance (V.); lying down, sleeping (C., chamber (P., rare); -ve-ana, a. i. causing to lie down (V.); n. lying down, sleeping (V., C.); cohabitation (S., C.); -vesha, n. envelopment in (-), covering (-) a wrapped in, -vesha(ana, n. rolling together

संव्यय sam-vyaya, fp. [4/sā] doubt, dubiousness, uncertainty, unguessing, hesitation (regarding, prati, lc.); doubtful matter, danger, risk, to (g., lc., -) with following pot. if it is doubtful whether; na-asti (atra, sam-

mayā, na ātra samśaya, na samśaya (very common) and **na hi samśaya**, at the end of a sentence, there is no doubt, without doubt: -**kara**, a. (i) productive of risk to (-°); -**kkhedān**, a. clearing away all doubt, decisive; -**kkhedāya**, *fp.* requiring to be cleared of doubt (*laṅgūte*); -**ātma-ka**, a. subject to doubt, dubious (*carpitāt*); -**ātman**, a. indulging in doubt, irresolute.

संशयानु samśaya-ānu, a. doubtful, sceptical, regarding (*lc.*). [danger, to (*g.* -°).

संशयावह samśaya āvaha, a. productive of

संशयित samśayita, *pp.* √*śi*; n. doubt, uncertainty; -**ayitavya**, *fp.* dubious; -**śaya-pamā**, *f.* comparison expressed in the form of a doubt; -**śarāna**, n. taking refuge with any one; -**śānti**, *f.* extinction; -**śita**, *pp.* √*śā*; -**śāka**, a. speaking sharply; -**śāman**, a. firmly resolved; -**śiti**, *f.* sharpening (*hr.*); -**śita**, a. cold; -**śiti**, *f.* doubt; -**śilāna**, n. practice; frequent intercourse with (*in*); -**śuddhi**, *f.* purity; -**śuśka**, a. dried up, dry, withered, sere, emaciated; -**śoka-ga**, a. produced from moist heat; n. vermin produced from damp heat; -**śodhana**, a. (i) purifying; n. purification; -**śaya**, m. connexion, association with (*g.* -°); league for mutual protection; refuge, shelter, protection, asylum; residence, habitation; reference, relation; resorting to (*lc.* -°); *rate*; recourse, addition or devotion to; *ab.* in consequence of (-°); with the help of, by means of (-°); -° a. dwelling, living in, staying with (*a teacher*), standing in (*a boat*), being in or on, growing (*tree*) near; relating or referring to; devoted to, practising; -**śrayaṇīya**, *fp.* to be resorted to, - taken refuge with; -**tā**, *f.* *abst. n.*; -**śrayitavya**, *fp.* to be sought refuge in (*fortress*); -**śrayin**, a. having sought the protection or entered the service of (*my one*); dwelling, resting or standing in, being in or on (-); m. dependent, servant; -**śrava**, m. hearing; ear-shot (*lc.* within hearing of, *g.*); promise; -**śravāna**, n. hearing, - about (-°); ear-shot *lc.* within hearing, aloud; (*sām-śrita*, *pp.* √*śri*; m. dependent, servant; -**vat**, *pp.* *act.* clinging to, having wedded (*in*); -**śritavya**, *fp.* incur for -**śrayitavya**; -**śiṣṭa-karman**, a. in whose actions good and evil are not kept apart, indifferent as to the morality of his actions; -**śleṣha**, m. connexion, union, contact, with (*in* -°); embrace; -**m labh**, attain; -**śleṣhana**, n. connecting; means of binding together, bond; -**śleṣhin**, a. connecting.

संस्तुत sam-stuta, *pp.* √*stā*; *f.* condition of having stuck, -**yuga**, a. yoked, harnessed; -**vadana āvāsa**, a. having her breath cleaving to her mouth, with suppressed breath; -**śakti**, intimate union, close contact, with (-°); -**śaṅga**, m. connexion; -**śaṅgin**, a. (-i) attached or adhering to, intimately associated with; -**śtva**, n. close connection with (-°); -**śad**, *f.* (sitting together), assembly; court (of a king or of justice); company, multitude; -**śarāna**, n. going about; transmigration, mundane existence (as a series of transmigration); -**śarga**, m. union, connexion, contact, with (*in* *g.* -°); indulgence or participation in, contamination with (-°); contact with the world of sense, sensual indulgence (*pl.*); social con. act, association, intercourse, with (*in* *g.* -°); sexual intercourse with (*in* *g.* -°); -**vat**, a. coming in contact or connected with (-°); -**sargi-tā**, *f.* social relations; -**sargin**, a. connected, with (-°); possessed of (-°); -**sargana**, n. commingling, combination, with (*in*); attaching to oneself, conciliation of (*g.*); -**śarpa**, m. *N.* of the thir-

teenth month (*V. C.*); -**śarpana**, n. ascent, of (*g.*); creeping, gliding motion; -**śarpad-dhava/ini-vimarda-vileśad-āhāli-maya**, a. (i) filled with dust rising through the tramp of a marching army; -**śarp-in**, a. creeping along; swimming about; gliding over, extending to (-°); (-i)-**tā**, *f.* extension to (-°); -**śava**, m. simultaneous soma sacrifice of two neighbouring adversaries (*Br. 8.*).

संसाधन sam-sādhana, n. preparation; performance, accomplishment; -**sādhya**, *fp.* to be accomplished; - obtained; conquerable; -**sāra**, m. transmigration, perpetual succession of births, cycle of existence, mundane existence (with all its sorrows); *ś. sam-sārat*, from the beginning of the world; -**saṁśāla**, m. n. cycle of mundane existence, -**mārga**, m. path of life, -**śāgara**, m. ocean of worldly existence; -**śārin**, a. far-extending, comprehensive (*intellect*); transmigratory; m. living or human being; -**siddhi**, *f.* completion, accomplishment, fulfilment, success, perfection, in (-°); -**śūśāna**, n. manifestation, utterance (*of a speech*); -**śrīg**, *f.* concussion (*of battle*); *hr.*; -**śriti**, *f.* = -**śara**, transmigration, etc.; -**śrīṣṭa**, *pp.* √*śri*; n. intimacy; -**m kar**, enter on intimate relations with (*lc.*); (*sām-śrīṣṭi*, *f.* union (*V.*); combination of two figures of speech in one passage (*lc.*); -**śrīṣṭin**, a. again living in common after the partition of property.

संसेक sam-seka, m. wetting (*ps.*), with (-°); -**sevana**, n. employment of; exposure to; waiting on, serving; -**sevā**, *f.* frequenting; service, employment; predilection for (-°); -**sevin**, a. worshipping (-°); -**sevyā**, *fp.* to be frequented, visited; to be worshipped; to be employed, to be indulged in.

संस्कार sam-skāra, n. preparation; cremation; -**skartavya**, *fp.* to be prepared; -**skartri**, m. preparer (*of food*); consecrator, performer of *arite*, producer of an impression.

संस्कार sam-skāra, m. [√*kri*] preparation, dressing (*of food*); refining (*of metals etc.*); polishing (*of gems*); cleansing, purifying; embellishment, decoration, adornment; rearing (*of animals or plants*); toilet, attire (*rare*); correct formation or use (*of a word*); training, education; correctness (*of pronunciation or expression*); purificatory rite, domestic consecration (*applicable to all members of the first three castes*), sacrament; sacrament of the dead, cremation (*rare*); mental impression (*left by causes no longer operative and sts. dating from a previous birth*); there are three kinds, *voga*, impulse, *sthiti*-sthāpaka, elasticity, and *bhāva*, reproductive imagination; after-effect; creation of the mind (*regarded by it as real though actually nonexistent, such as material phenomena and all connected therewith*. *Br.*); -**tā**, *f.* *abst. n.* of a *cpd.* ending in *saṁskāra* (= mental impression); -**tva**, n. decoration; *kakṣuṣhām saṁskāra-tvam sam-āp*, become a feast to the eye; -**nāman**, n. sacramental name (= our baptismal name); -**maya**, a. (-°) consisting in the consecration of (*rite*); -**vat**, a. grammatically correct; -**viśiṣṭa**, *pp.* better prepared (*food*).

संस्कार्य sam-skārya, *fp.* to be consecrated (*person*); to be hallowed with funeral rites (*corpse*).

संस्तुत sam-skṛita, *pp.* (√*kṛ*) prepared etc.; n. a. preparation, prepared place; cultivated language (*opp. vernacular*), Sanskrit (*lc.*); (*sām-skṛiti*, *f.* preparation (*V.*); formation (*hr.*); consecration (*lc.*); -**skṛita** *pṛti*, *f.* polished expression; -**skṛiyā**, *f.* preparation, formation.

संस्तम्बयितु sam-stambhayitr, m. paralyser, coercer (*of a mtu.*); -**stara**, m. [√*str*] layer (*of grass*), couch; scattered quantity (*of flowers*, -°); covering; bestrewing (*v. r.* -**stara**); -**staraṇa**, n. bestrewing; -**stava**, m. simultaneous praise (*rare*); praise, eulogium (*sg. pl.*); mention (*rare*); acquaintance, with (*in* *g.* -°); -**stāra-paṅkti, *f.* a metre (12 + 8 + 8 + 12 syllables); -**stāva**, m. place or station of the choir; praise in chorus; -**stuta-tva**, n. condition of being or having been praised; -**stuti**, *f.* praise, eulogy; figurative mode of expression; -**styāya**, m. [√*styā*] accumulation; habitation, dwelling, house.**

संस्थ sam-stha, a. standing, staying, resting, existing, or contained in (*lc.*, *guly.* -°); being in or with = belonging to (*lc.* or -°); based or dependent on (-°); being in possession of (-°); lasting (-°); *rare*; *ś. m.* (*hr.* -°); only *lc.* in the midst or presence of (*g.*); -**sthā**, *f.* remaining or abiding with (-°); *R.*, *rare*; form, appearance (*C.*); established order, standard, rule (*C.*), condition, state, nature (*C.*); completion, conclusion (*V.*); end, death (*P.*); complete liturgical course (*being the basis of a sacrifice*); the Gṛhyasūtra, the Haviṛyagya, and Pākayagya consist of seven such forms; *ap.* in one's own country (*rare*); -° a. a. having the form of, appearing as; -**sthāna**, n. position, situation in a place (-°); standing firm (*in battle*); existence; life; strict adherence to (-°); abode; public place in a town; form, shape, appearance (*ord mg.*; often with *rūpa*); condition, state, nature (*rare*), aggregate (*rare*); -**vat**, a. existing, having various forms; -**sthāpaka**, a. establishing; -**sthāpāna**, n. fixing, setting up, erecting; establishment, of (*g.* -°); regulation of (-°); *ś. f.* cheering up, encourage ment; -**sthāpayitavya**, *fp.* to be cheered or consoled; -**sthāpya**, *fp.* *C.* to be placed in (*subjection*) to (*g.*); - impressed on the mind (*lc.* of (*g.*); *V.* to be concluded (*sacrifice*); (*sām*)-**sthiti**, *fp.* *C.* union with (*in* -*lc.*); standing or resting on (*lc.* -°); position; abiding, residence in (*lc.*); duration, continuance; perseverance (*rare*); attaching importance to (*lc.*); existence, possibility, of (*g.* -°); form; established order; condition, nature; *V.* conclusion (*rare*); *P.* end, death (*rare*).

संस्पर्ध sam-sparḍhā, *f.* rivalry, jealousy; -**spardhin**, a. vying with (-°); jealous; -**sparsā**, m. touch, contact (with, -°); -**sparsana**, a. touching; n. contact; -**spardin**, a. touching; -**spṛis**, a. *id.*; -**sphoṣa**, m. concussion; -**smaraṇa**, n. remembering, recollecting; -**smaraṇīya**, *fp.* to be remembered, living in remembrance only; -**smartavya**, *fp.* to be remembered; -**smṛti**, *f.* remembrance, of (*g.* -°); -*m labh*, remember; -**smṛita** *upa-sthita*, *pp.* appearing as soon as remembered; -**śravā**, m. conflux; confluent remainder of liquids (*V.*); flowing water; -**śravāna**, n. in garbha, miccarriage; -**śrāvā**, m. conflux (*V.*); accumulation of matter etc. (*C.*); remainder, dregs (*V.*); -**śveda**, m. sweat; -*ga*, a. *pl.* produced from moist heat (*vermin etc.*).

संहत sam-hat, *f.* [putting together: √*han*] layer, pile (*hr.*); -**hata**, *pp.* (√*han*) compact etc.; -**tā**, *f.* close contact; union, -**tva**, n. *id.*; compactness; complexity; -**hāti**, *f.* closure; compactness (*of body*), economy (*are*); combination, joint effort, union, connexion, with (*in*; *ord. mg.*); seam; mass, bulk, heap, assemblage, multitude; -**hālin**, a. dense; -**hāna**, a. compact, firm; n. compactness, robustness; steadfastness; body; -**hantri**, m. uniter; -**haraṇa**, n. seizure;

gathering in, reaping; magical bringing back of discharged missiles; destruction; -**har-tavya**, *fp.* to be collected; - re-arranged; - destroyed (*lit.* - withdrawn, *opp.* emitted or created); -**hartri**, *m.* destroyer; -**harsha**, *m.* thrill; joy, delight; rivalry; jealousy; -**harsha-ma**, *a.* (3) causing horripilation, gladdening; *n.* rivalry, jealousy; -**harsha**, *a.* delighting (-); jealous; -**hāta**, *m.* consciousness (of style); *v.r.* sam-ghāta; -**hāra**, *m.* collecting, accumulation; collection; contraction (of the organs of speech), retraction (of a trunk); magical withdrawal of a discharged missile, magical means of drawing back a discharged missile; condensation, compendium; destruction of the world (*ord. mg.*: withdrawal, *opp.* emission, creation); destruction; conclusion, end (of a play, act, etc.); -**kāla**, *m.* time of the world's destruction; -**kāya**, *den.* A. appear like the time of the world's destruction; -**hāra-varman**, *m. N.*; -**hārin**, *a.* - destroying (withdrawing what was created); -**hārya**, *fp.* to be removed, checked, or stopped (*in a*); to be led astray, corruptible (*in a*); to be caused to participate in, having a claim on (*nb.*).

संहित sam-hitā, *pp.* (√dhā) put together, composed of, etc.; **ḥ**, *f.* union (*rare*, *V.*); euphonic combination (=samdhī); Vedic text treated according to the rules of euphonic combination (*opp.* pada or word text); systematically arranged text: extensive compilation (*Kāndyana*, legal codes, *Purāṇas*, etc.); complete system of astrology (*opp.* scientific astronomy); -**hitī**, *f.* destruction of the world; conclusion, end; 2. the root *hr* + *sam*; -**hōtrā**, *m.* community of sacrifice (*RV*); -**hrāda**, *m.* loud noise or shout etc., Shouter, *N.* of an *Asura*, son of *Hiranyakāshīpa*; -**hrādīn**, *a.* making a loud noise, tinkling; -**hīdīn**, *a.* refreshing; -**hvyaitavai**, *d. inf.* of *sam* + √hā.

सक sa-kā, *dim.* (of *prn. sū*), **ḥ**, *f.* (*V.*, *very rare*).

सकच्छप sa-kalkhapa, *a.* along with tortoises.

सकटाक्ष sa-katāksa, *n.* food of impure persons.

सकट sa-kanta-ka, *a.* thorny, prickly; having the hair erect; -**kamala**, *a.* provided with lotuses; -**kampa**, *a.* trembling; -**m**, *ad*; -**karuṇa**, *a.* piteous; compassionate; -**m**, *ad*; -**karuṇa**, *a.* having ears, hearing; -**ka**, *a.* having ears; -**kartri-ka**, *a.* having an agent; -**karma-ka**, *a.* effective; connected with an object, transitive (*verb*); -**karma-tā**, *f.* -**tva**, *n.* transitivity; -**karman**, *a.* transitive.

सकल sa-kala, *a.* consisting of parts (*kāḍā*), divisible, material (*rare*); having all its parts, entire, complete, whole, all (*ord. mg.*); whole, sound (*opp.* vi-kala; *rare*); paying interest (*rare*); *m.* every one; *n.* everything; -**kāma-dugha**, *a.* fulfilling all wishes; -**jana**, *m.* everybody; -**rūpaka**, *n.* complete metaphor; -**loka**, *m.* every one; -**vidyā-maya**, *a.* containing all knowledge; -**arhi-sārtha-kalpa-druma**, *m.* wishing-tree for the multitude of all supplicants.

सकलिक sa-kalika, *a.* provided with buds; -**kala inda**, *m.* full moon; -**kalpa**, *a.* including the *Kalpās* (sacrificial *Sūtras*); -**kāmira**, *a.* together with Cashmere; -**kashāya**, *a.* dominated by passion; -**kākola**, *a.* together with the hell *Kākola*; -**kātara**, *a.* cowardly, dastardly; (**mā**)-**kāma**, *a.* satisfying desires (*rare*), having one's wish fulfilled, satisfied; consenting, willing (*girl*); desiring (-); full of love, enamoured; amorous (*speech*); -**kāra**, *1. m.* letter; *a.* *incorr.* for *sākara*; 2. *a.* active, courageous; -**kāra-sa-ka**, *a.* (kā) due to a

specific cause; -**kāra**, *m.* (visibleness), presence, vicinity. *ac.* -**m**, to *gaily* a *pr*; *w. els.* of coming, going, taking, or sending; *le* in the presence of, before, near; *ab* or *tas* from come, go, be produced, deprive of, be freed from, hear, ask, buy; *w. g.* or -; -**kā-shāya**, *a.* wearing a brownish-red garment; -**kuṇḍala**, *a.* together with his family; -**kuṇḍala**, *n.* impelled by curiosity; -**m**, *ad* with curiosity; -**kula**, *a.* along with his family; *m* - *nakula*, *ichneumon* (*as a pun*); -**ya**, *a.* belonging to the same family as *a*; -**kula**, *a. id.* *m.* relation; -**kusa**, *a.* holding *Kusa* grass in one's hand, -**kusa-māstara**, *a.* strewn with flowers.

सकृत् sa-krūṭ, *a.* acting at the same time (*AT*), *very rare*; *ad.* at once, suddenly (*1. rare in C*); *C*: once (*ord. mg.*); at one and the same time *not by instalments*; once, some time or other (*rare*); once, formerly (*rare*); once for all, for ever; **mā**, never; **d-ukta-g** (*dhita artha*), *a.* grasping the sense of what has once been said, *n-narāmsa*, *a.* provided once with the *Narāmsa* bowls *Br*.

सकृपाम् sa-krīpam, *ad.* piteously; -**krīpam**, *ad.* compassionately.

सकेत sa-keta, *a.* having one intention (*RV*); -**keta**, *a.* having a banner; -**ka**, *a.* along with the hair, containing hair; food; -**kaitava**, *m.* chest; -**kopa**, *a.* angry, enraged; -**m**, *ad* angrily; -**vikriti**, *a.* agitated with anger; -**kautuka**, *a.* curious, eager, for (*2 w. rbl*); -**m**, *ad*; -**kautukalam**, *ad* with curiosity.

सक्त sa-ka, *pp.* *√sañ*; -**tā**, *f.* attachment to worldly objects; -**tva**, *n.* addiction to; -**vaira**, *a.* engaged in a feud with (*m*).

सक्ति sa-kti, *f.* [*√sañ*] connexion, union; attachment or addiction to (*le*, -); attachment to worldly objects.

सक्तु sa-ktu, *m.* [*√sañ*] coarsely ground meal, esp. of barley (*guly. pl*); *sts. mixed with fluids as a drink*; -**gha** *a.* *ākhyāyika*, *f.* story of the pot of meal.

सक्थ sa-ktha *a.* (1) = *sakthun*

सक्थन् sa-kthān, **सक्थि sa-kthi**, *n.* *f.* thigh

सक्थन् sa-kthān, *n.* [*√sañ*] intercourse (*RV*).

सक्रुत sa-krūṭ, *a.* being of one accord, with *in*; *RV*; -**krīya**, *a.* acting, active; -**krudh**, *a.* angry, enraged; -**krōdha**, *a.* angry; -**m**, *ad*, angrily; -**hāsam**, *ad* with an angry laugh

सक्ष SAKSH, *only pr. pt. sakshat*, seeking (*1. RV*).

सक्ष 1. saksh-āna, *a.* conquering, victorious (*RV*).

सक्ष 2. sa-ksham, *a.* having leisure for (*le*).

सक्षि 1. sak-shāni, *a.* [*√sañ*] connected with (*g*), united with (*in*); *RV*; *m.* companion, possessor (*RV*); [*ac*]; *RV*.

सक्षि 2. sak-shāni, *a.* [*√sañ*] vanquishing side; *sa-kshīt*, *a.* dwelling or lying etc. side by side (*RV*); -**kshira**, *a.* provided with milk, milky (*plant*).

सख sa-kha, *m.* comrade, friend (= *sakhi*), -*w.* *a.* or *s.* in *g. sense*; -*w.* *a.* accompanied by; being a friend of -resembling (the moon).

सखि sa-khi, *m.* (*nm.* **ḥ**) companion, associate, comrade, friend (*sts. referring to a f.*, *exp.* = *i* - *metr.*).

सखिता sa-khi-tā, *f.* association, friendship,

-**tva**, *n. id.* for *g* with (*m.* *s.* *saha*, -); -**pūrva**, *n.* -**bhāva**, *m. id.*

सखी sa-khi, *f.* female companion or friend of a woman; beloved; sharer of, participator (*m*); -**ka**, *a. id.*; -**gana-samāyrita**, *pp.* surrounded by the company of her female friends; -**gana**, *m.* female friend of a woman; also coll.

सखीय sa-khi-ya, *den.* only *pr. pt.* associating oneself with, seeking the friendship of (*m*); *RV*.

सखेदम् sa-khedam, *ad.* sadly.

सखोल sa-khola, *N.* of a locality.

सख sa-khi, *ya*, *n.* association, friendship, for *le*; with *m* + *samam*, *saha*, *sākam*, *sar dham*; -*w.* *vi-dhā*, look kindly (*eyes on le*).

सग sa-ga, *a.* attended by a troop, surrounded by (*m*, *1*); attended by his retinue (*C*); -**gadgada**, *a.* falteringly uttered; -**m**, *ad* falteringly; -**gadgada-gir**, *a.* with a faltering voice; -**gandha**, *a.* smelling, having the same smell as *m*, *1*, related *Pr*; proud *v.* *garva*; *sa-gara*, *m* [provided with monstrous] atmosphere, air (*1. rare*); *N.* of a mythical king of *Udhyad*, whom 60,000 sons while digging up the earth to recover a sacrificial horse, were burnt by the sage *Kripa* at the *Ganges*, brought down from heaven by *Bhagiratha*, a descendant of *Sagara*, to purify their remains, flowed with their ashes into the sea, which was called *Sagara* in their honour *C*; *pl* the sons of *Sagara*; -**garbha**, *a.* pregnant, by *m*, *ab*; *sa-garbh-ya*, *n.* born from the same womb; -**garva**, *a.* exulting, arrogant, proud of *le*; -**m**, *ad* proudly; -**gana**, *a.* furnished with a string, together with the string, possessed of qualities or virtues; -**ganin**, *a.* virtuous (*rare*); -**guli**, *a.* along with a pull; -**gotra**, *a.* being of the same kin, related to *q*; -**garavam**, *ad.* with dignity.

सग्धि sa-gdhi, *f.* [*sa(ga)gdhi*] meal in common (*V*); [*river*].

सग sa-gmha, *a.* filled with crocodiles

सग SAGH [= *SAH*] *V P* *saghnōti*, take upon oneself, be able to bear (*V*, *rare*).

सघ्न sa-ghna, *a.* thick (*hair*); -**ghana**, *a.* compassionate; disliking *le*.

संकट saṁ-kṭa, *a.* [put together *Pr* = *krta*] contracted, narrow, dense, impervious forest; difficult, critical, full of dangerous things; *N.* slender, *N.* of a gender; a contracted space, narrow passage, defile; strict, difficult, critical condition, distress, danger to, from; -**ka**, *den.* A. grow too narrow; become contracted, grow less; -**kathana**, *n.* conversation, with *m* + *sah*, *m*; -**katha**, *f.* conversation, talk, with *m*, *± sah*, *m*, about; -**ka**, *m.* commingling, mixture; intermixture of castes by unequal marriages; -**varna**, *a.* action equivalent to the mixture of castes *sts n in E*; mixture of figures of speech; -**krityā**, *f.* act degrading to a mixed caste; *i-karṇa*, *n.* act which degrades to the position of a mixed caste; -**karṇa**, *m.* *Plougher*, *ep.* of *Halyadhya*, elder brother of *Kṛṣṇa*, among *Vishnu* worshippers identified with the second person in the *quintessence* of *Purushottama* = the soul; *n.* extraction; means of uniting; -**kalana**, *n.* putting or holding together; *n*, **ḥ**, *f.* addition; -**kalita**, *pp.* added together.

संकल्प saṁ-kalpā, *m.* resolve of the mind (*manas*), will, purpose, definite intention, determination, desire (for, to, etc., *d.*, *le*).

°), °, = by the mere wish, according to desire, for a particular purpose: -*gm*, a. originating in the will, produced by the mere will; arising from interested motives; m. desire; love; -*gamman*, a. produced from desire; m. love, god of love; -*māla*, a. based on interested motives; -*yoni*, a. originating in mere will; m. (produced from desire), love, god of love; -*vat*, a. possessing decision.

संक्षुप्त sam-kasuka, a. [√kas] breaking up, destroying (the dead body). *ep.* of Agni (*sām*, *V.*); irresolute; m. N. of a Vedic poet.

सङ्का saṅkā, f. battle, fight (*V.*).

संकार sam-kāra, m. sweepings; (*sām*) -*kāsa*, m. appearance (*V.*); -° a. having the appearance of, looking, resembling; -*kāra*, pp. √kri; n. confusion (of sentences); *ā*, f. kind of riddle; -*kāra*-*tā*, f. deranged order of words in a sentence; -*kāra*, n. mentioning; reciting; praising, extolling; -*kāra*, a. [√kri] filled or thronged with, mingled with, occupied or provided with, abounding in, possessed of, afflicted with (m., -°); dense (*snake*), violent (*wind*); disordered, confused; impeded, hampered; n. throng, crowd; tumult of battle; trouble, distress; -*kāra*-*kri*, gather together; throw into confusion; (*sām*) -*kāra*, a. arranging (*V.*); m. N.; f. a metre; (later) any metre of 4 x 24 syllables; -*kāra*, f. volition.

संकेत sam-keta, m. [joint purpose: √kit] appointment, assignation, with (g.); preconcerted sign, signal; agreement; consent: -°, according to agreement: -m *kri*, *kāpa*-*ya* or *dā*, make an agreement or appointment, with (samam, sāha, mīthas), make an assignation with (in + sāha, g.), assign as a place of meeting; -m *kri*, give a signal; -*keta*-*ka*, m. assignation; -*keta*-*na*, m. place of assignation (of lovers); -*keta*-*niketa*, m.; -*na*, n. id.; -*keta*-*bhūmi*, f. id.

संकेतय sam-ketaya, *den. P.* make an agreement with (g.); agree upon; be informed, learn.

संकेतवाक्य samketa-vākya, n. watchword; -*stha*, a. appearing by assignation; -*sthāna*, n. place of assignation; object agreed upon by signs.

संकेती samketi-kri, assign as a place of meeting.

संकेतोद्यान samketa-udyāna, n. garden appointed as a rendezvous.

संकोच sam-koka, m. shrinking up, contraction, compression; curtailment, diminution; limitation, restriction; drying up (of a lake) -*kāra*, a. shrinking, humble, modest; -*koka*, a. (i) contracting (-°); n. contraction, -*koka*, n. a closing (flower); diminishing, curtailing.

संक्रान्ति sam-kraṇṭi, m. lamentation; battle; -*krāṇṭa*, a. shouting, roaring; m. *ep.* of Indra; n. battle; -*krāṇṭa*, m. *put.* of Arjuna and of the monkey Vali; -*krāṇṭa*, m. going together (*V.*), (°) course, progress; transition, transference to (lc.); entry of the sun into a new sign of the zodiac; bridge (*ord. my.*); stair (*esp. leading down to water*); N. of a fairy prince; -*krāṇṭa*, n. entrance, commencement; transition, entrance into (lc., -°); entry of the sun into a new sign of the zodiac; transfer to another world, decesse; -*krāṇṭi*-*kri*, make a bridge or medium of; *gīt.* by means of (acc.); -*krāṇṭa*, pp. √kram; -*krāṇṭi*, f. entrance into (lc., -°); transference, communication; passage of the sun to another sign of the zodiac (-°); *pa-yaso gandāsha-samkrāṇṭaya*, transfer-

ence of water to swallowing = water meant for drinking; -*krāṇṭa*, a. being transferred to others; -*krāṇṭa*, m. play, sport; -*krāṇṭa*, m. shout; -*krāṇṭa*-*krāṇṭa*, a. acting with difficulty; -*krāṇṭa*, m. saturation, wetting, with (-°); -*krāṇṭa*, pp. forming a moist mass (*foetus*); -*krāṇṭa*, m. pain, suffering; -*krāṇṭa*, m. decay, loss, complete consumption or disappearance; drying up (of water); ruin, destruction; end; -*krāṇṭa*, f. washing, ablution; -*krāṇṭi* -*krāṇṭi*, f. simple expedient (*dr.*); -*krāṇṭa*, m. throwing together, destruction (*rare*); abridgment, compression, conciseness, brief exposition; quintessence of (g.); aggregate (*rare*); in., ab., -° -*tas*, briefly, concisely; in., -*tas*, in the aggregate; -*krāṇṭa*, m. jolt, shock, commotion, disturbance; agitation, excitement.

संख्य sam-khya, n. [number, throng: √khyā] fight, battle (*only lc.*).

संख्या sam-khyā, f. number (*V.*, *C.*); numeral (*S.*, *C.*); (°) reckoning, calculation; grammatical number (*rare*); deliberation (*rare*); name (= ākhyā, *rare*): -° a. m. reckoned among; (with a num.) amounting to: -*a*-*ka*, *ā*-*ka*, a. amounting to (-°).

संख्याबिन्दु samkhyā-bindu, m. sign of zero.

संख्यात sam-khyāta, *fp.* [√khyā] enumerated etc.: -*ananta*, m. subsequent enumeration the members of which correspond in order to a series previously enumerated; -*khyātri*, m. enumerator.

संख्यातिग samkhyā-tiga, a. innumerable.

संख्यान sam-khyāna, n. calculation, enumeration; number (*rare*); measurement (*rare*).

संख्यानाम samkhyā-nāma, n. numeral; -*pada*, n. id.; -*maṅgala-granthi*, m. auspicious ceremony of tying a knot in a cord corresponding to the number of years of one's age, -*mātra*, n. mere enumeration; -*vat*, a. numbered; intelligent, learned.

संख्य sam-khyeya, *fp.* to be numbered, calculable, not numerous.

सङ्ग 1. saṅg-u, m. [√saṅg] (-° a. ā, i) sticking, obstruction; attachment (to), touch, contact, with (lc., -°); association, intercourse, with (in ± sāha, g., lc., -°); fondness, inclination, desire, for (lc., -°); *ab.*, lc. = if he has a strong desire. [(RV.)]

संग 2. saṅ-gā, m. (coming together), conflict

संगत saṅga-ta, m. [-tu = bhātu] N.

संगणना sam-gaṇanā, f. enumeration.

संगत sam-gata, pp. (√gam) apposite etc.; m. alliance based on mutual friendship; n. meeting, with (m., g., lc., -°); association, intercourse, intimacy, with (m., g., -°); agreement; -*artha*, a. having a suitable sense.

संगति sāṅ-gati, f. meeting with (g., -°); resorting to a place, frequenting (lc.); association, intercourse (also sexual), with (in ± sāha, samam, g., lc., -°); alliance (*rare*); accidental occurrence (*rare*); fitness, appropriateness; connexion, relation, to (in., -°); in. by chance, haply.

संगथ sam-gathā, m. [√gam] coming together, convergence, centre (*V.*); -*gamā*, m. meeting (of friends or foes), union, association, intercourse (also sexual), with (in ± sāha, g., -°); confluence; connexion, contact, with (m., -°); acquirement of (g.); -*anartha*, n. harm, injury; -*datṭa*, m. N.; -*gama*, *V.* a. (i) gathering together; m. assembling of (g.; *V.*); n. meeting, union,

with (-°; *V.*, *C.*); coming into contact with, acquirement of (in.; *C.*); -*gama-svāmin*, m. N.

संगर sam-garā, m. *V.*, *C.*: agreement, promise; *C.*: fight, battle, with (in.), for (g.); -*garā*, m. time when cows are driven together to be milked, milking-time; second of the five divisions of the day (*V.*); = 10 Nādikas (4 hours) or 3 Muhūrtas (2 h. 24 m.); -*garini*, f. cows' milking-place (*Br.*).

सङ्घि saṅg-ika, m. N.; -*ya*, m. N.

सङ्घि saṅg-in, a. attached, adhering or clinging to (-°); touching, coming in contact with (-°); fond of, devoted to (g., lc., -°); worldly.

संगीत sam-gita, n. chorus, singing accompanied by instrumental music, concert; song; -*ka*, n. id.; -*griha*, n. concert-room; -*va-man*, n., -*śālā*, f. id.; -*artha*, m. burden of a concert.

सङ्गुप्ति sam-guṇṭi, f. protection; concealment.

सङ्गृहीत sam-grāhīti, f. curbing, taming; -*grāhītri*, m. charioteer; ruler (less correct form of -grāhītri); -*gopana*, a. concealing, n. concealment; -*ya*, *fp.* to be concealed.

सङ्ग्रह sam-graha, m. seizing, grasping; keeping, retaining; obtainment (*patra*, of leaves); taking (of food); magical withdrawal of discharged missiles; collecting, gathering; accumulation, store; bringing together, assembling (of men); complete enumeration; collection, totality, complete compendium, summary, epitome (*ord. mg.*); inclusion (*rare*); restraining, controlling (*rare*); guarding, protection, of (g.); ruler (*E.*); propitiation, kind treatment, entertainment; n. completely, entirely; in., ab. summarily, briefly; -*grahana*, n. acquisition; collecting, accumulation; encasing, setting in (-° of a jewel); restraining; propitiation (also *V.*, -*grāh*); adultery, with (-°); -*grahaniya*, *fp.* to be directed towards (lc.); -*grahin*, m. collector; -*grāhītri*, m. charioteer.

सङ्ग्राम sam-grāmā, m. assembly, host (*V.*, *rare*); *V.*, *C.*: hostile encounter, battle, fight, with (samam, sāha, sārīham, -°); N. (*C.*); -*karman*, n. battle; -*gupta*, m. N.; -*grī*, a. victorious in battle; -*tulā*, f. ordeal of battle; -*tūrya*, n. battle-drum; -*datṭa*, m. N. of a Brāhman; -*deva*, m. N. of a king; -*nagara*, n. N. of a town; -*pāla*, m. N.; -*bhūmi*, f. battle-held; -*mārdhan*, m. van of battle; -*rāja*, m. N. of two kings; -*vardhana*, m. N.; -*varsha*, m. N.; -*simha*, m. N.; -*siddhi*, m. N. of an elephant; -*agra*, n. van of battle; -*āngana*, n. battle-held; -*āpida*, m. N. of two kings.

सङ्ग्रह sam-grāha, m. fist; clenching the fist; -*ka*, a. (i) summing, epitomising; -*grāhin*, a. collecting, accumulating; propitiating (-°); -*grāhya*, *fp.* to be clasped (*Br.*); (*C.*) - checked; - appointed (to an office); - propitiated; - accepted or powdered (speech).

संघ sam-gṛha, m. [combination: √han] throng, multitude (nearly always with g. or -°); host of enemies (*rare*); corporation; community, congregation (*B.*); brotherhood, sect (among the Jains); *accor.* for saṅga; -*kāra*, n. gregarious; -*ghaṇa*, n., ā, f. combination, union, with (-°); -*ghaṇa*, m. concussion, clashing together, collision, friction; combination, union, with (in.; *rare*); -*ghaṇana*, n. collision, clash; friction; n., ā, f. union; -*ghaṇa*-*panita*, n. wagger; -*ghaṭitha*, a. numerous; -*gharaha*, m. friction; rivalry, emulation, jealousy (regarding, prati,

-^o); -gharshana, *n.* friction; -gharshayitri, *m.* rival; -gharsha-sālin, *a.* jealous; -gharshin, *a. id.*, envious; vying with (-^o); -gha-sa, *ad.*, in great numbers.

संघात sam-ghāta, *m.* (sts. *n.* in *E.*) blow (*rare*, *C.*); closure (*of gates*, *V.*); conflict (*V., C.*); *C.* compression, compactness; close combination, aggregation, collection, compound, quantity, assemblage, multitude (*ord. mg.*); entire undivided compound (*opp. its separate parts, gr.*); intensity, violence (*rare*); compounded matter, body; poem composed in one and the same metre (*sh.*); a hell. -**vat**, *a.* close, dense (*bamboo thick*); combining closely with (-^o). [monastery.]

संघाराम samgha-ārāma, *m.* Buddhistic संघीभू saṅghī-bhū, *herd* together.

सञ्ज SAK, IL. **Ā. sāk** (*V., very rare*). I. **Ā. saka** (*V., very common*), *P.* (*rare*), be united with, have communion with (*in*); be possessed of, enjoy (*in*); be near, accompany, belong to (*ac*); be devoted to (*ac*); follow (*ac*); visit (*ac*); pursue (*fig.*); have as a consequence, obtain (*ac*); be united or together, III. *P.* **sishak**, (*RT.*) follow, *ac.*, help any one to *d*; dwell or be in (*le*). **anu**, follow (*ac*). **abhi**, seek, come to, favour (*ac*). **upa**, wait upon (*V.*); pursue (*Br*). **sam**, be united, with (*in*; *RT.*).

सञ्चकितम् sa-śakitam, *ad.* tremblingly, with alarm, in a startled manner; (**śa**)-**kakshus**, *a.* possessed of eyes, seeing; (**śa**)-**kanas**, *a.* (*IT.*) being in harmony with (*in*).

सञ्जनस्य sañjanas-yā, *den. Ā.* treat tenderly, cherish (*RT.*). [tonishment]

सञ्चमत्कारम् sa-śamāt-kāram, *ad.* with as-
सञ्चस्य sañjas-yā, *den. Ā.* [*fr. *sajas*, *n.* = *sak*] be cherished (*RT.*).

सञ्चा sāk-ā, *ad.* [*√sak*] *RT.*: at hand; together; with *le*, at, in, in the presence of, together with.

सञ्चाभू sañā-bhū, *a.* (*RT.*) accompanied by (*in*); *m.* companion, friend (*RT.*).

सञ्चि sāk-i, *ad.* at the same time (*Br*).

सञ्चित्र sa-śitra, *a.* garnished with pictures; together with their pictures; -**śinta**, *a.* absorbed in thought; -**am**, *ad.* thoughtfully; -**śilāma**, *ad. id.*

सञ्चिव sañ-i-va, *m.* [*√sak*] companion; associate of a king, counsellor, minister, abettor (*S.*, *rare*); -^o *a.* assisted by, provided with; -**tā**, *f.* office of a minister; -**tva**, *n. id.*

सञ्चिविद sañi-vid, *a.* congenial, devoted (*RT.*).

सञ्चिह्न sañ-kihna, *a.* branded; -**am**, *ad.*; -**ketas**, *a.* rational, intelligent; fully conscious; (**sa**)-**ketas**, *a.* unanimous, with one accord (*V.*); intelligent, rational, being in one's right mind (*V., C.*); -**śela**, *a.* clothed, dressed, in one's clothes; -**śala**, *a. id.*

सञ्चन्द्रिका sañ-kandrikā, *f.* splendid moonlight; -**śarita**, *n.* good conduct; *a.* well-conducted, virtuous; -**śaritra**, *n.* good conduct; -**śarya**, *f. id.*; -**śara**, *n.* good spy; -**śid-ānanda**, *m. pl.* existence, thought, and bliss; a consisting of existence, thought, and bliss; designation of the supreme impersonal spirit; -**mayā**, *a. id.*; -**lin-maya**, *a.* consisting in being and thinking.

सञ्चन्द्रस sañ-khundas, *a.* consisting of the same metres (*Br.*); -**khala**, *a.* fraudulent; -**kkhaya**, *a.* shady; glittering (*gem*); having the same colour as (-^o).

सञ्चास्त्र sañ-sāstra, *n.* good or genuine doctrine or treatise; -**vat**, *a.* possessed of a -; -**śloka**, *a.* having a good reputation.

सञ्ज SAG, *c.* सञ्ज, SAṅG.

सञ्जन sa-gaṇa, *a.* frequented or inhabited by men; together with people, *le.* in public.

सञ्जनीय sa-gaṇ-īya, *n.* the hymn with the refrain 'śa gaṇīsa indrah' (*RT.* II, 12)

सञ्जल sa-gula, *a.* watery, wet, moist; -**śaya-na**, *a.* watery-eyed, peacock; -**śrisha**, *a.* having drops of water; -**śāgara**, *a.* waking, not asleep; -**śāta**, *a.* related (*V.*); *m.* kinsman, countryman (*V.*); -**śāti**, *a.* belonging to the same caste, of the same kind, similar; -**śātiya**, *a. id.*; -**śātyā**, *a.* akin (*V., C.*); *n.* like descent, kinship; -**śāni**, *a.* together with his wife; -**śāmi**, *a.* incoer for *gati*; -**śāra**, *a.* together with her paramour; -**śāla**, *a.* having a mane; -**śāra**, *a.* animate, living, alive; provided with a bowstring; -**tā**, *f.* living condition; possession of a bowstring.

सञ्जस्य sa-gū, *ad.* [*√gus*] at the same time, moreover (*V.*), *pp.* with, together with (*in*, *V.*).

सञ्जभिकम् sa-grimbhikam, *ad.* with a yawn.

सञ्जोष sa-gōsha, *a. (1)* united, being with, acting in harmony with (*in*); -**gōshas**, *a. id.*

सञ्ज sa-gga, *a.* [*by assimilation fr. sa-gya*] provided with a string, strung (*bow*); ready (*for use*); placed on the bowstring (*arrow*); equipped, prepared, ready, for, to *d*, *le*, *inf.*; *ord. mg.* -**ka**, *a.* (*id.*) ready; *m. N.* -**karmān**, *n.* stringing a bow; -**tā**, *f.* readiness for (*prati*)

सञ्जन I. saṅg-ana, *a.* [*√saṅa*] hanging from (the neck, &c.).

सञ्जन 2. saṅ-gaṇa, *m.* [*sat*] good, virtuous, kind, or *ste* wise man, *N.*

सञ्जय saṅga-ya, *den. P.* string (a bow); *acc.*; equip, prepare, make ready, *A. mite* *id.*; prepare oneself; *pp. saṅgyate*; *pp. saṅgita*, strung (*bow*); prepared, equipped, ready, for -*artham* or *?*.

सञ्जल saṅgala, *m. N.*

सञ्जीह saṅgi-kri, string (a bow); equip, prepare, make ready; *pp. prepared*, for -**bhū**, prepare oneself, for (*d*).

सञ्ज्य sa-gya, *a.* [*gyā*] furnished with a string (*bow*); placed on the bowstring (*arrow*); -**gyotis**, *ad.* according to the heavenly bodies during the twilight (between the disappearance of the stars and sunrise or sunset and the appearance of the stars, -*gyotish*, *le* *ad. id.*; as long as the sun is above the horizon)

सञ्जर sa-gyara, *a.* suffering from fever.

सञ्चक sañā-ka, stamp, mould.

सञ्चि sam-śik-sh-e, *d. inf.* (*RT.*); -**śakshya**, *fp.* worthy to be looked at (*RT.*).

सञ्चय -sam-khya, *m. sg. & pl.* accumulation, hoard, store, wealth, quantity, collection, gathering, collecting *ready*; *d.* in order to have more; -**śayana**, *n.* gathering, collecting; -**śaya-vat**, *a.* possessed of wealth, rich; -**śayika**, *a.* having provisions (only); -**śara**, *a.* going about (*mūrti*), with a body = incarnate; together, simultaneous *V.*; *m.* place for walking, road, path, passage; evolution (*in Śāṅkhya phil.*); -**śāraṇa**, *a.* *id.* suitable for going on, passable, converging (*V.*); *n.* navigation (*of the sea*; *ac.*; *RT.*); motion, from (*ab*), in (*le*, -^o), by means of (-); -**śarishma**, *a.* moving about, roaming; -**śarvāna**, *n.* chew-

ing; -**śalana**, *n.* trembling, quaking; -**śāra**, *m.* walking about, wandering, roaming, driving; motion; transit, passage; entrance, portal; transition or transference to (-^o); track (*of wild animals*); road (*rare*); -**śa. m.** guide; -**śārāṇya**, *fp.* to be wandered through; -*transferred to*, *le*; -**śārīta**, *cs. pp.* (*√har*) set in motion, worked; -**śārīna**, *a.* *id.* walking about, wandering, roaming, moving, movable (*in*, *le*, -^o); penetrating into (-); trans-mitted, infectious, hereditary *diseases*; coming in contact with, contiguous to (*in*); carried with one (*umbrella*); being in, engaged with (-); accessory *sentiment*, etc.; taking with one (-); -**śārya**, *fp.* accessible (*in a*); produced by (-); -**śikrishu**, *des. a.* intending to perform; -**śiti**, *f.* piling; collecting, saving; -**śintya**, *fp.* to be considered; regarded as (*vat*); -**śinū āna-ka**, *a.* occupied with collecting (*wealth*); -**śaya**, *fp.* to be accumulated; -**śodāyatava**, *fp.* to be urged on, -**śhatta**, *n.* dispeller of doubts.

सञ्ज SAṅG, सञ्ज SAG, I. *P.* **saṅga**, attach.

A. attach oneself to (*1*); adhere to (*le*; *C.*); be attached to or occupied with (*le*, *C.*); *pp. saṅgyate*, be attached to *le*; (*ac. Prd. kri*) *assimilation*; **saṅgata**, (*metr. sta. P.*) cling, adhere, stick to, *m. le*; *m. le*; hesitate, be fixed on, be attached or devoted to *le*; *pp. saṅta*, clinging, adhering, to, sticking in (*in*); possessed of (-); fixed on, entrusted to (-); attached, addicted or devoted to, engrossed or engaged in (*le*, *prati*); *ord. mg.*; *cs. P.* **saṅmaya**, attach to unite with *le*; **saṅgya**, attach to *le*; fix the mind on *le*; pump, *des. śisankshati āti*, *pp. ātishakta*, connected with *in*, *AV.*; intensely devoted to (-); **viati** -**śhaṅa**, *P.* connect mutually, entwine, draw any one into, entangle; *pp. viati* -**śhaṅta**, mutually connected, intertwined, intermingled **ana**, add, *pp. anushaṅgyate*, cling to *le*; *cs.* be connected, to be supplied from what precedes, **anushaṅgyate**, be attached or devoted to *le*; *pp. anushakta*, attached to *le*; closely related to *gy*; connected or affected with, subject to *in*; *abhi*, affect, pronounce a curse on any one; lay claim to *le*; *pp. afflicted with* *in*; cursed **ava**, affix, attach to *le*; assign or entrust to *pp. clinging to*, resting on, touching *le*; *in*, entrusted to *le*; *ā*, fix on, fasten to, suspend from *le*; throw upon, transfer or entrust to *le*; lean against, cling to (*ac*); enter upon hostility with *in*; *pp. saṅgyate*, be attached, adhere to, be fixed (*gaze*) on (*le*); *pp. saṅta*, suspended, hanging to, attached to, placed or resting on, fixed upon *le*; contained in, addicted or devoted to, intent on, provided with, dragging the foot-depositing at the feet *padas*; *cs. saṅgya*, *P.* cause to be placed upon *le*; by (*in*) **viā**, *A.* begin to fight hand to hand; *pp. attached or adhering to*, fixed on *le*; devoted to, engaged in *le*; clasped, embraced, **saṁ-ā**, place upon *le*; make over or entrust to *le*; *pp. attached to*, fixed upon *le*; dependent on (*le*); relating to *le*; devoted to (*le*); entrusted to *le*; afflicted with (-); *nd*, *pp. saṁgya*, incur, *for* -**śrīya** *ni. Ā. 1* bind on a quarrel; hang down; *pp. nishakta*, hanging or attached to, fixed upon *le*; *Prd. P.* provide with *fr.* clinging to *le*; result, follow, be applicable, *pp. saṁgya* -*to* or -*ti*), **saṅgya** -*to* or -*ti*), attach oneself, cling to *le*; be devoted to or occupied with *le*; -**saṅgyate**, result, follow, be applicable, hold good; *pp. praśakta*, attached, adhering, fixed (*mind* etc. on *le*); devoted or addicted to, engaged in, engrossed by *le*; worldly; enamoured; provided with (-); resulting,

applicable; continual, lasting; *cs. -saṅgaya*, F. cause to take place. *saṅu-pra*, pp. attached to or fixed on (-°). *saṅu-pra-saṅga-te* (or *-ti*), be attached to (to.), be attracted by (m.); pp. attached; engaged in (to.). *vi-saṅga-te*, be attached or devoted to (to.); pp. *vi-saṅga*, hung up (V., C.); C.: attached or adhering to (to.); fixed on (to.); dependent on (-°); produced, implanted. *saṅu*, *-saṅga-te* (or *-ti*), adhere, to (to.); come to close quarters (in fight) with (to.); falter (speech); pp. *saṅsakta*, attached to or fixed on (to.); devoted or addicted to, engaged in (to.); come into contact with, touching, united, linked, or provided with (-°), contiguous; close, dense; continuous, lasting; continual, repeated; dependent.

सङ्ग saṅga-ka, m. N.: -*tara*, n. N. of a turn (prob. incorr.).

सङ्ग saṅga-ana, n. attaching; folding (the hands).

सङ्ग saṅg-gana, a. (i) producing (-°); n. production, creation.

सङ्ग saṅga-pāla, m. N.

सङ्ग saṅg-gatā, a. victorious (1.); m. victory (Br.); kind of military array (V.); N., esp. of Dhṛitvāśāstra's character; -*gāṇa*, m. conversation, talk; -*gāṇa*, n. (?) quadrangle.

सङ्ग saṅg-gāta, pp. √*gan*; -*kautuka*, a. having one's curiosity excited; -*nidrā-pra-laya*, a. whose sleep has been dissolved, having slept one's fill; -*lagga*, a. embarrassed; -*irsha*, a. grown envious.

सङ्ग saṅg-gīrīkṣhu, des. a. intending to collect; - epitomise; -*ātī*, f. complete victory (V.); -*gīva-ka*, a. (i) animating; m. N. of a bull; *ikā*, f. N.; -*gīvana*, a. (i) animating, bringing to life; m. a hell, n. animation, life; *i*, f. T. of Mallinātha's commentaries on the Kumārasambhara, Meghadūta, and Raghuvamśa; -*gīvin*, a. animating, bringing to life; m. N. of a minister of the crown-king Meghavarna; -*i*, f. = *gīvin*.

सङ्ग saṅg-gūa, a. ° = *saṅg-gūa* (kubdhū-saṅg-gūa-tā, f. recovery of consciousness; -*ka*, a. ° (i) *ikā* = *saṅg-gūa*, name; -*gīṇapana*, n. strangulation of a sacrificial animal; deception, fraud; -*gūa*, f. V., C.: agreement, understanding; consciousness, knowledge, clear conception; C. gesture, sign, with (the hand etc., °); designation, name, technical term (-° a. named, called; N. of a daughter of Tishkri (Tishakarma), wife of the son, and mother of Manu, Yama, and Yamī.

सङ्ग saṅg-gāta-rūpa, a. having a well-known form (RV.); -*gūāti*, f. agreement, understanding (Br.); -*gūāna*, a. producing harmony (Br.); n. unanimity, harmony, with (in., to.); V.: consciousness (Br., P. rare); -*gūā-sūtra*, n. pl. Sūtras of technical terms (the Niva-sūtras).

सङ्ग saṅg-gīta-den. pp. signalled to, with (the brow, °); called, named, - after (mly. °); -*ina*, a. conscious, having a particular name; m. object bearing a particular name (opp. *saṅg-gūa*, name).

सङ्ग saṅg-gīta-upasargani-bhū, become a proper noun or a subordinate member of a compound.

सङ्ग saṅg-gyara, m. heat, fever; -*m* *kri*, feel agitated; -*kara*, a. agitating (-°).

सट satu, n. (?), f. mane; bristles (of a boar).

सट satā-īa, a. having a mane.

सट satāhu = *salāhu*, unripe fruit.

सटिदिमम् sa-dindimam, ad. with beating of drums.

सटु sadda, m. N.

संखिविन् sam-divin, m. N. of a minister of the crown-king Meghavarna (cp. *saṅgvin*).

सत् [a]-sāt, pr. pt. √*as* (-i) existing, existent, present; being anywhere (to.); belonging to (g.); enduring, lasting (world); being (with attributes, ads. and often added to a pp., sts. to a pr. pt.); actual, real, genuine; right; good, virtuous: *vibhava sati*, when there is money, supposing he has the means; *vināśe nā-e vā sati*, whether loss or death occur; *nāmmi kṛte sati*, the ceremony of naming having been performed; *tathā sati*, it being so, this being the case; ° = *sa*, possessed of etc.; m. pl. living beings (RV.); good, virtuous or educated men, sages (often °; C.); n. the really existent, entity, real world (V., C.); good, advantage (V., C.); terminations of the present participle (gr.): -*kṛi*, (C.) put in order, prepare; garnish, adorn; honour, receive or treat hospitably; pay the last honours to (ac.) by cremation etc. (E.); hold in honour (E); pp. adorned with (-°); honoured, treated hospitably.

सतत sa-tata, a. [continued, pp. √*tan*] continual (-°); ° or *-ma*, ad. constantly, continually, always, for ever: with *na*, never. -*ga*, *-gati*, m. (always going), wind; -*dhṛiti*, a. ever resolute; -*ṛāyin*, a. always moving or changing. [in reality.]

सतत्व sa-tattva, n. real nature: -*tas*, ad.

सतस् sa-tas, ad. equally (only °).

सताप sa-tāpa, a. full of pain; -*timira*, a. enveloped in darkness.

सति sati, f. a metre.

सती sat-ī, f. pr. pt. (√*as*) being etc.: f. you (= *bhavati*); good, virtuous, or faithful wife (ord. mg.); wife (rare); N. of Tśandimīra's wife. N. of a daughter of Dakṣa and wife of Dhava (Sra); -*tva*, n. wifely fidelity; -*vrata*, n. id.; f. faithful wife; -*saras*, n. lake of Sati.

सतुहिन sa-tuhina, a. icy, wintry; -*tūrya*, a. accompanied by music; -*m*, ad. to the accompaniment of music; -*trisham*, ad. with longing, yearning; (sā)-*tejas*, a. attended with splendour etc. (V.).

सतोब्रह्म satō-brīhat, a. equally high or great (V.); -*i*, f. a metre (12 + 8 + 12 + 8 syllables); -*mahat*, a. equally great (RV.).

सत्कथा sat-kathā, f. good conversation or tale; -*kartri*, m. benefactor; -*karma*, n. good work, virtuous act; a. performing good actions; -*kalā*, f. fine art; -*kavi*, m. good or true poet; -*tva*, n. true poetic gift; -*kāra*, m. sg. pl. kind treatment, hospitable reception, hospitality; praise, favour (of a king, °); -*arha*, a. worthy of hospitable treatment; -*kārya*, pp. effected; deserving of honour or hospitality; n. necessary existence of the effect (as inherent in the cause: in *Sāṅkhya* phl.); -*vāda*, m. theory of the actual existence of the effect, *vādin*, n. adherent of this theory; -*kārya*, n. good poem; -*kirti*, f. good reputation; a. having a; -*kula*, n. good or noble family; a. belonging to a; -*kṛita*, pp. honoured, treated hospitably; n. honourable reception; -*kṛiti*, f. kind treatment, hospitable reception, hospitality; -*kṛitya*, gd. having entertained hospitably; -*kṛiyā*, f. putting in order, preparation (rare); sg. pl. kind treatment, hospitable reception, hospitality (ord. mg.); cele-

bration (of a wedding, °); -*kshetra*, n. good field.

सत्त sat-tā, pp. (√*sad*) sitting. [-°]

सत्तम sāt-tama, *spv.* best, first, chief of (g.).

सत्तर्क sat-tarka, m. orthodox system of philosophy.

सत्ता sat-tā, f. being, existence: -*vat*, a. entitled to the predicate 'being.' [(RV).]

सत्तृ sāt-tri, m. sitter, esp. at the sacrifice

सत्त sat-trā, n. [session: √*sad*] great Soma sacrifice of more than twelve Satyā days performed by many officials; meritorious work equivalent to the performance of a Sattra; hospital, asylum; disguise, illusive semblance (rare); forest (rare); -*grīha*, n. hospital, asylum; -*yāga*, m. Sattra sacrifice; -*vasati*, f. hospital, asylum; -*śālā*, f. id.; -*śadman*, n. id.

सत्तायय sattra-ayanā, n. sacrificial session lasting several years (Br.); -*rūpa*, n. characteristic of a long sacrificial session.

सत्त्रिन् sattri-in, m. performer of a Sattra, celebrator of a feast (V., C.); a. disguised (C.); -*īya*, a. belonging etc. to a long sacrificial session (V.).

सत्त्व sat-tva, n. [being-ness] V., C.: being, existence, reality; essence, nature, innate disposition, character; C.: strong character, energy, resolution, courage; absolute goodness (the first of the three qualities inherent in Prakṛiti); spirit; vital breath, life; entity, substance, thing (rare); m. n. living being, animal; ghost, demon, goblin (rare).

सत्त्वकर्तृ sat-tva-kartri, m. creator of living beings; -*dāhman*, n. abode of the quality of goodness, ep. of Vishnu; -*rāḍ*, m. paragon of resolution or courage; -*lakṣhaṇā*, a. f. showing signs of pregnancy, pregnant; -*vat*, a. resolute, energetic, courageous; abounding in the quality of goodness; m. man of strong character; -*vara*, m. N.; -*śālin*, a. energetic, courageous; -*śila*, m. N.; -*saumam-bha*, m. extraordinary courage and violence or fury of animals; -*sāra*, m. extraordinary courage; -*stha*, a. adhering to firmness of character, resolute, energetic; standing fast in or adhering to the quality of goodness; -*ātman*, a. having the nature of the quality of goodness; -*adhika*, a. resolute, energetic (man); courageous (action); -*anurūpa*, a. according to one's innate disposition; according to one's substance or means; -*ukkhṛita*, pp. pre-eminent in courage; -*utkarsha*, m. extraordinary magnanimity; -*utsāha-vat*, a. courageous and energetic.

सत्पति sāt-pati, m. mighty lord, leader, champion (V.); good lord or ruler (U. P., rare); good husband (C.); -*patha*, m. good or right way (mly. fig.); -*pātra*, n. worthy person; -*varsha*, a. bestowing favours on the worthy; -*putra*, m. good son; a. having a good son; -*purusha*, m. good, excellent or (etc.) wise man; -*pratigraha*, m. acceptance of gifts from virtuous men; -*pratipakaṣa*, a. liable to a valid objection; m. (± hetu) argument liable to a valid objection; -*pratipakaṣin*, a. id.; -*prabhā*, f. brilliant lustre; -*phala*, m. pomegranate-tree; n. pomegranate; -*phalin*, a. bearing good fruit.

सत्य sat-yā, a. actual, real, genuine, true; successful, effectual (invocation), realised (wish); trustworthy, faithful, sincere; valid (agreement). -*m* *kṛi*, make true, fulfil; (ā)-*m*, ad. truly, really, actually, indeed, certainly, rightly; very well (in answer); it is true (also v. tu, kim tu, tathāpi, but, yet); *yat*

satyam, indeed, certainly; *m* ninth Kalpa or cosmic period; *ep.* of Krishna; *N.* of a certain genus; *N.*; *n.* reality, truth; truthfulness, veracity; promise, oath, word; first age (= *kṛita*); *N.* of the highest of the seven worlds: *m ka te gūhātvā*, having ascertained the truth about you (*i.e.* that you are actually so); *on Kīrīṣṇamāna*, wishing to keep one's word; *tona satyena*, on the strength of that truth, so truly; **yathā . tona** or **evam satyena**, as certainly, so truly; *ā*, *f.* *ep.* of Durgā; abbreviated for Satyabhāmā

सत्यक saty-ka, *m.* *N.*; **-karma**, *n.* veracity; *a.* whose actions are true (*RT*); **-ā-kāma**, *a.* truth-loving (*V*); *m* *N.* (*V*); **-giri**, *a.* true to his word; **-m-kāra**, *m.* promise; **-kṛita**, *pp.* delivered as earnest-money; **-ā**, *a.* born of truth (*Br*); **-gīt**, *a.* truly victorious, conquering by truth (*V*); *m.* *N.*; **-tas**, *ad.* in truth, truly, really; **-tā**, *f.* reality, truth (*Br*; *C*); **-tva**, *a.* love of truth, veracity (*C*); **-agrya-satyatām gam**, be recognised in one's true character; **(ā)-tātī**, *f.* reality; *le*, *ā*, in reality (*RT*); *a.* making true (*RT*); **-atītiśā**, *a.* truthful and patient; **-tva**, *n.* reality; **-dardī**, *a.* seeing or discerning the truth; **-āris**, *a.* id.; **-dhana**, *a.* rich in truth, exceedingly truthful; **-dharma**, *m.*; **-dharma**, *m.* law of truth; **-patha**, *m.* path of eternal truth; **-parāyaṇa**, *a.* devoted to truth and virtue; **-ā-dharmān**, *a.* whose ordinances are true (*V*); adhering to or speaking the truth (*N*); **-ā-dhāritā**, *a.* sincere in purpose; strictly truthful; *m* *N.*; **-nāma-tā**, *f.* correctness of name; **-nāman**, *a.* having a correct name, entitled to one's name; **-parākrama**, *a.* truly valiant, heroic or mighty person; **-bhāmā**, *f.* *N.* of a daughter of Satrūgāt and one of the wives of Krishna; **-bhāshana**, *n.* speaking of truth; **(ā)-mantra**, *a.* whose words are true (*RT*); **(ā)-manman**, *a.* whose thoughts are true (*V*); **-maya**, *a.* consisting of truth, truthful; **-mrishā-viveka**, *n.* discrimination of truth and falsehood; **-yuga**, *n.* first or Kṛita age; **-ā-yoni**, *a.* having a permanent abode (*RT*); **-ā-rīdhān**, *a.* bestowing real blessings, truly beneficent (*RT*); **-rūpa**, *a.* whose appearance is true, credible, probable; **-loka**, *m.* world of truth (highest of the seven worlds); **-vāna**, *n.* speaking of truth; giving of a promise, solemn assurance; *a.* speaking the truth; **-vat**, *a.* true, truthful; containing the word satya (*Br*); *m* *N.*; **-ā**, *f.* *N.* of the wife of Parāśara (Santāni) and mother of Vyāsa; **-vādāna**, *n.* speaking of truth; **-āila**, *a.* habitually truthful; **-vara**, *incorr.* for sattva-*vara*; **-varman**, *m.* *N.*; **-vākya**, *n.* true speech; *a.* true of speech; **-vāk**, *f.* true speech (*C*); assurance (*RT*); *a.* truthful; **-vākaka**, *a.* speaking the truth, truthful; **-vād-in**, *a.* id.; **(ā)-tā**, *f.*; **(ā)-tva**, *n.* truthfulness; **-vāhana**, *a.* conveying the truth (*dream*); **-vikrama**, *a.* truly valiant; **-vya-vasthā**, *f.* ascertainment of the truth; **-vra-ta**, *n.* vow of truthfulness; *a.* strictly truthful; *m* *N.*; **-āila**, *a.* addicted to truth; **(ā)-ushma**, *a.* truly valiant (*V*); **(ā)-śravaṇa**, *n.* true renown (*V*); *m* *N.*; **-arāvaṇa**, *n.* taking a solemn oath; **-arut**, *a.* listening to the truth (*RV*); **-sarirakshaṇa**, *n.* keeping one's word; **-samhita**, *a.* true to one's agreement or promise (*Br*); **(ā)-samkalpa**, *a.* whose purpose is true (= realised); **-saṅgara**, *a.* keeping one's promise; **-sād**, *a.* = *ritu-sād*; **(ā)-samādha**, *a.* true to engagements, keeping one's agreement or promise; *m* *N.*; **-tā**, *f.* fidelity to one's promise, trustworthiness; **-śakṣin**, *m.* veracious witness; **-stha**, *a.* holding fast to the truth, keeping one's word; **-āṇanda**, *m.* true bliss; **-kid-ātman**, *m.* true bliss and pure intellect; **-saritā**, *n.* *du.* truth

and falsehood (*V*); *sy. du.* practice of truth and falsehood, trade, commerce (*C*).

सत्यापन satyā-p-ana, (*den.*) *n.* ratification (of a bargain etc.) [*P.* ratify]

सत्यापय satyā-p-aya, *cs. den.* (*fr.* satya) **सत्योक्ति** satyaukti, *f.* true speech (*RT*); **(ā)-uttara**, *n.* admission of the truth; *a.* mainly or essentially true; **-oṃs**, *a.* truly mighty (*V*).

सत्रप sa-trapa, *a.* ashamed, bashful *-m.* *ad.* bashfully.

सत्रा sa-trā, *V. ad.* together; together with (*in*), altogether, exceedingly; for ever

सत्राजित् satrā-gīt, *a.* thoroughly victorious (*V*); *m.* (*C*) *N.* of Satyabhāmā's father

सत्राक्ष satrāākṣ, *RT* *a.* (āṅ) [going together: *√āk*] united, joint, concentrated, whole *mind*, etc.]

सत्रासम् sa-trasam, *ad.* with terror, timidly; **-tva**, *a.* having its bark (staff).

सत्वत् sat-vat, *m. pl.* *N.* of a people in the South (*Br*); = Yadvakṣ

सत्वन् sat-van, *m.* [from sat] warrior (*C*) *pl.* warriors, vassals, host.

सत्वर sa-tvara, *a.* speedy, expeditious; *-m.* *ad.* speedily, hastily, quickly; **-taram**, *cpd.* *ad.* very hastily; **-ra-anam**, *ad.* hastily, quickly, forthwith

सत्सङ्ग sat-saṅga, *m.* intercourse with or society of the good; **-saṅgati**, *f.* id.; **-saṁnidhāna**, *n.* id.; **-saṁgama**, *m.* id.; **-saṁpradāya**, *m.* good traditional lore

सत्ति sat-ti, *2 subj. am.* *s* *sād*.

सद SAD, *I P.* (Ā, *metr.*) sādā (*I*), *sāda* [*si-sādā*; *V*, (*C*), sit, sit down *esp.* at the sacrifice, upon, in, at *ac*; *le*; *V*, *req.* rare in *C*; beseege, lie in wait for *ac*; *le*; *V*, *rat.*, sink under a burden, sink down, collapse, droop, grow languid, waste away, decay, perish; be impeded *distress*, be in distress, be helpless, despond, despair *pp* **satta**, sitting *RT* *a.* **sanna**, *V*, set down, lying; *dead*, *C*, sink down, drooping, relaxed *hand*, exhausted; extinguished *fire*, perished, destroyed, motionless *postle*; *cs.* **sādāya**, *P.* *I*: cause to be seated, place in or on, set down upon *le*; *C*, afflict ruin, destroy. **ati**, die. **ava**, sink down, collapse, be exhausted, pine away; be in distress, be helpless, be dejected, despond; come to an end, perish *pp* **avasanna**, sink down, depressed, drooping; sunken; deep, exhausted, worn out; afflicted, non-satisfied, come to an end; lost *eyesight*; *cs.* *ex.* sink, immerse, press or weigh down, afflict; destroy. **ā**, *V*: sit, down on *ac*; *le*; *pride* over *ac*; lie in wait for *ac*; *V*, *C*: reach *a* place, *C*: approach *a* person; meet with, come upon, find; attain, obtain; *pp* **āsana**, set down *V*; approached = *nāti sh*, *E*; *C*: near *g*; *ā*, impending, imminent; next; closely connected with *g*; obtained, possessed; *ex* *P.* (Ā *metr.*) *ā* cause to be seated, set down; *C*: reach, attain, approach *ac*; meet or fall in with, find *a* person; get into, be involved in (*hostility* etc.; *ac*); overtake; *a* *smil*; gain, find, acquire, obtain *as a friend*; assume (*a* form); fall into *a* condition or mood *e.g.* *samyogam*; be united, *vṛidham*, be ashamed, *garvam*, be proud; buy; come upon, befall (*paṇi* etc.); *gd* **āsādyā**, having reached, obtained etc., *often* = *pp.* on, in, with, according to, with regard to, on account of, in consequence

of, through; **kālam**, after some time. **abhi**, sit down upon *ac*; reach, attain. **ni**, *P.* sit down in, on, among, *ac*; *le*, *RT*; *pp* **ānishatta**, sitting *prati*, be near; be imminent; be about to befall *any one* (*ac*); *pp* **pratyāsanna**, come near, being in the immediate neighbourhood of *g*; *ā*, imminent, closely connected with **saṁ-ā**, reach; betake oneself to the neighbourhood, *le*; *ā*, approach *a* person; encounter, fall in with *m*; attain, obtain; come near *time* *pp* **samāsanna**, near, close to *g*; *cs.* reach, fall into *ac*; approach *a* person; encounter, fall in with, find *ac*; attack; attain, obtain, *gd* **samāsādyā**, *often* = *pp.* at the right time and place, on account of one's nature, birth, etc. *nd*, *V*: go away, forsake, escape from *g*; go out (*fire*; *C*: perish *pp* **utsanna**, raised, *app* depressed; discontinued; disappeared, lost, destroyed; undone = *haste*; occurred, wretched = *dag-dha*; *cs.* set aside, remove (*Br*, *S*); put an end to, exterminate, destroy *C*; *amint* (*C*: **pra** *ud*, *cs.* drive away; destroy. *vi* *nd*, go out, depart **saṁ-ud**, *cs.* destroy. *upa*, sit down on *ac*; *RT* *ā*, sit down close to *any one*, approach *fr.* *esp.* respectfully or for instruction, seek devoutly, implore (*V*); possess *V*, *ruce*, collapse *house*, *C*; *pp.* **upāsanna**, placed on the altar or close to the fire *V*; *ā*, having approached with reverence, or for protection or instruction; *cs.* sit down, place close to *ā*; *ā*, cause to approach, bring *P*; obtain *P* **saṁ-upa**, betake oneself to *ac*; obtain *ac*; *ni* **-shidati**, sit or lie down, alight, on *le*, of men, animals, birds *V*, *C*; subside, sink, go down *C*; *P* *ā* (*C*) place upon *le*; appoint as *ac*; *pf* *pt* **nishēdivas**, having sat down, sitting, on *le* *pp* **nishatta** or **ā**; *V*, sitting, **nishāna** (*Br*, *C*) sitting, lying, on *le*; *ā*, supported by, resting on *le*; *cs.* *P* *ā* set down *V*; appoint as *ac*; *V*, *C*: cause to kneel *C*, *pari-ni*, sit around *RT* **saṁ-ni**, sit down together *pari* **-shidati**, sit round, encompass (*V*); *pra*, *I* fall into the power of *ac*; *C* grow clear or bright, grow calm *mind*; become clear or distinct *meaning* etc.; grow bright, be pleased, be propitious or gracious, towards *g*; *degn* to *nd*; be successful *action* *impr* also, be so gracious, please *pp* **prasatta**, satisfied *RT*; **prasanna** *ā*, clear, bright, clear *understanding*; distinct *perception*; correct (*supposition*); calm *senses* etc.; pleased, favourable, propitious, gracious towards *g*, *le* (*prati*), kind *speech*; *cs.* make clear, brighten up, gladden the heart, soothe, put in good humour, propitiate, beseech *g* *inf*, *d*, *le* of *sth* *s*, *arthe* *u* *g*, or *arthan*). **prasādayāmi** *tvaṁ*, I beg you. **au-pra**, be satisfied or delighted with *any one* (*ac*) *upa-pra*, enter into *ac* **saṁ-pra**, become good-humoured, be kindly disposed or gracious towards *g*); *cs.* appease, propitiate. **vi** **-shidati**, be cast down or dejected, despond, come to grief; *pp* **viśhanna**, dejected, desponding, *cs.* cause to despond, afflict. **saṁ**, *V* sit together with *any one* *ac*; *C* pine with hunger, in *g*; be in distress, lose heart, be dejected, despond; *cs.* sit down *V*; unite with *ac*, *P*, cause to despond (*V*).

सद् *ād* *a.* (independent only once), very common; sitting, dwelling *m.*

सद sad-a, *a* (*ā*) *id.* *m.* fruit; *n.* a part of the back of the sacrificial animal.

सदक्षिण sa-dakṣiṇa, *a.* accompanied with gift

सददि sada-di, *ad.* (*V*) generally.

सदन sād-ana, *a.* (1) causing to settle or remain (RV.¹); *n.* seat, place, abode, house, home; *a.* dwelling in (RV.²).

सददि sadam-dī, *ad.* lasting for ever, enduring (AV., rare).

सदम् sād-dam, *ad.* (V.) always, for ever; ever, at any time.

सदम्भ sa-dambha, *a.* hypocritical; -**dāya**, *a.* compassionate or merciful towards (RV.); *RV.* or -**m**, *ad.* compassionately, mercifully; gently, gradually.

सदर्प sad-arthū, *m.* matter in question.

सदर्प sa-durpa, *a.* haughty, arrogant, defiant -**m**, *ad.* haughtily.

सदशङ्कति sad-aśhankṛti, *f.* genuine ornament -**tā**, *f.* *ad.* *x*.

सदशज्योत्स्न sa-dasa-jyotsna, *a.* displaying the lustre of one's teeth; -**dāmasa**, *a.* *id.*

सदस्य sad-asya, *m.* noble steed; *a.* (sād-) possessing noble steeds (RV.²), drawn by noble steeds (RV., P.).

सदस्य sād-as, *n.* seat, place, abode, dwelling (V.); shed erected in the sacrificial enclosure to the east of the Prākharanika (V.); sacrificial session, assembly (C.); *le.* in public

सदस्य sad-asat, *pr. pt.* being and not being; true and false; good and bad, *n.* what is existent and non-existent; the true and the false; good and evil; *m. du.* the good and the bad; -**dātma**, *a.* (ikā) having the nature both of the existent and the non-existent; -**bbhāva**, *m.* reality and unreality; truth and falsehood.

सदस्यस्थि sād-as-pāti, *m.* lord of the sacred precinct or of the assembly (gathered there).

सदस्यस्थि sād-as-pāti, *m. ut.* *du.* = Indra-Agni (RV.¹).

सदस्य sad-as-yā, *a.* belonging to or being in the sacrificial shed; *m.* member of a (sacrificial) assembly; assistant at a sacrificial session (occupying the Sadas and only looking on during the rites).

सदा sādā, *ad.* always, ever, every time with **na**, never.

सदाकारिन् i. sādā-kārin, *a.* always active

सदाकारिन् 2. sādā-kārin, *a.* having a good appearance.

सदागति sādā-gati, *f.* constancy; *a.* continually moving; *m.* wind.

सदागम sad-āgama, *m.* good doctrine; -**ākāra**, *m.* practice of good men, virtuous conduct; *a.* of virtuous conduct; -**vāt**, *a. id.*

सदातन sādā-tana, *a.* everlasting; -**dāna**, *a.* 1. perpetually giving; 2. perpetually discharging temple-juice.

सदान sād-dāna, *a.* 1. having gifts (RV.¹); 2. rutting (elephant; C.).

सदानन sad-ānana, *a.* fair-faced.

सदानन्द sādānanda, *a.* enjoying perpetual bliss; *m. N.* of various authors; -**nirā**, *f. N.* of a river.

सदापुष्प sādā-pushpa, *a.* always flowering; *i. f.* a shrub (*Calotropis gigantea*), -**phala-druma**, *a.* furnished with trees that always flower and bear fruit (garden).

सदाफल sādā-phala, *a.* always bearing fruit; -**matte**, *a.* always rutting (elephant); -**madā**,

a. id.; always arrogant; -**ārgava**, *a.* always honest.

सदार sa-dāra, *a.* accompanied by his wife: -**putra**, *a.* with wife and son.

सदाशिव sādā-siva, *a.* ever kind etc.; *m. ep.* of Siva.

सदिवस sa-dīvas, *ad.* (on the same day: = **sadyas**) at once (RV.¹); -**dinam**, *ad.* piteously; -**dnā**, *a.* sad; -**dārva**, *a.* covered with Dārva grass.

सदुक्ति sad-ukti, *f.* good word; *a.* accompanied with good words.

सदृश sa-drīksha, *a.* alike; like, resembling (RV., P., rare); -**āris**, *a.* (um. *ā*, V.; *ā*, C.) *id.* (w. *in* or *-*); -**ārisa**, *a.* (1) of like appearance, resembling, similar (to, *in*, *g.*, *le.*, *-*); *in*, *le.*, *-*; suitable, conformable to (RV.); worthy of, befitting (RV.); *RV.* or -**m**, *ad.* suitably; -**tva**, *n.* similarity, resemblance, -**vritti**, *a.* behaving similarly; -**tā**, *f.* identity of conduct.

सदृष्टिचेपम् sa-drīṣṭi-kshepam, *ad.* looking around; -**drīṣṭi-vikshepam**, *ad. id.*; -**deva-mani**, *a.* with their twists of hair on their necks; -**deva-manushya**, *a.* together with gods and men; -**dēsa**, *a.* neighbouring; -**daivata**, *a.* together with the deities.

सदोगत sado-gata, *pp.* gone to or being in the assembly; *pl.* assembled; -**grīha**, *n.* assembly room.

सदोद्यम sādādyama, *a.* ever strenuous.

सदोष sa-dosha, *a.* 1. with night; 2. having blemishes or faults.

सन्नति sad-gati, *f.* good position, happy lot; way of good men; -**gura**, *m.* good quality, virtue; *a.* virtuous; -**gura**, *m.* good teacher, -**dharma**, *m.* good law, true justice; *Buddhist and Jain designation of their doctrine*. -**pundarika**, *n.* Lotus of the Good Law, T. of a Buddhist work; -**bhāva**, *m.* real being, existence; real state of things, truth; true purport (of a work); uprightness; good nature, kindness, affection, for (prati); faithfulness. -**ari**, *f. N.* of a goddess; -**bhūta**, *pp.* true; -**bhūta**, *m.* good servant.

सयन 1. sad-mān, *m.* sinner (RV.²).

सयन 2. sād-man, *n.* seat, place, abode, dwelling; place of sacrifice; house; stall, shed; temple (C.); *du.* heaven and earth (RV.); stand, table (RV., rare).

सयःकृति sadyah-kṛita, *pp.* recently cut; -**pātin**, *a.* quickly sinking or drooping (heart); -**pragñā-kara**, *a.* (1) producing intelligence at once; -**pragñā-hara**, *a.* at once depriving of intelligence; -**prastū**, *pp.* having recently brought forth or calved; -**prāna-kara**, *a.* at once restoring vitality; -**prāna-hara**, *a.* at once depriving of vitality; -**phala**, *a.* at once bearing fruit; -**vakti-hara**, *a.* at once depriving of strength, -**saṁsa**, *n.* instantaneous purification; -**rāddhina**, *a.* having just partaken of a funeral feast.

सयस sa-dyās, *ad. V., C.* on the same day; at once, instantly, immediately; only just, recently; V.: within a day, daily; C.: suddenly.

सयःसत्या sadyah-sutyā, *f.* Soma-pressing on the same day.

सयुक्ति sad-yukti, *f.* good reasoning.

सयोवज sadyo-bala, *a.* instantly invigorating; -**kara**, *a. id.*, -**hara**, *a.* instantly depriving of strength; -**bhava**, *a.* instantly appearing (chasm); -**māmsa**, *n.* fresh meat; -**mrta**, *pp.* recently deceased.

सद्रत्न sad-ratna, *n.* genuine gem or pearl.

सद्रव्य sa-dravya, *a.* together with his goods and chattels.

सद्वंश sad-vamsa, *m.* beautiful cane; noble race; *a.* having a fine hilt (sword) and of noble race (-**tva**, *n. abst. N.*); -**gāta**, *pp.* sprung from a noble race.

सद्वचस sad-vakas, *n.* fair speech; -**vatsala**, *a.* kind to the virtuous.

सद्वद sa-dvamdva, *a.* contentious, litigating.

सद्वाजिन् sad-vāgin, *m.* noble steed; -**vārtā**, *f.* good news; -**m prakāśa**, enquire about any one's health; -**vigarhita**, *pp.* censured by the virtuous; -**vikāśa**, *m.* separation from the virtuous; -**vidya**, *a.* possessed of true knowledge, well-informed; -**vidyā**, *f.* true knowledge; -**vikāśa**, *m.* fine tree; -**vritta**, *n.* well-rounded shape; behaviour of the virtuous, good conduct; *a.* well-conducted; -**sāl-in**, *a.* of virtuous conduct; -**vritti**, *f.* good conduct; -**vaiśā**, *f.* right moment; -**vaidya**, *m.* good physician.

सध sa-dha, *V. ad.* [in the same manner, together = sāha] *RV.* in some compounds.

सधन् sa-dhāna, *a.* wealthy; together with riches; -**tā**, *f.* wealthiness.

सधमद् sadha-mād, *V. m.* (only in stry. base -**mād**; *nm. t* or *s*) fellow-reveller, feast-companion; comrade; -**māda**, *m.* (V.) joint festival, revel, feast; -**m** **mād**, feast or revel with (m.); companionship; -**mādyā**, *a.* (V.) convivial, festive; *m.* feast-companion (RV.); *n.* revel, feast (RV.).

सधर्म sa-dharma, *m.* similar nature; *a.* subject to the same law, similar; -**ārinī**, *f.* (practising the same duties), wife; -**tva**, *n.* homogeneity.

सधर्मेन् sa-dharmān, *a.* of like nature, homogeneous, equal, similar (to, *in*, *g.*, *-*).

सधस्तुति sadhā-stuti, *f.* joint praise (RV.); (a) -**stha**, *a.* present (RV., rare); *n.* (V.) place, abode, home; space.

सधिस sādhis, *n.* [√sadh = √sādhi] goal, place (V., very rare).

सधुर sād-dhura, *a.* pulling (at the same pole =) together, harmonious; (sā)-**dhūma**, *a.* enveloped in smoke; -**dhairya**, *ad.* with gravity

सध्रीघोर्न sadhrīgh-ān, *a.* [from wh. base of sadhryāṅk] directed to a common aim, united (RV.); leading in the right direction, correct (P.).

सध्यस्व sa-dhryāṅk, *a.* [f. -**dhryāṅk**] going or turned in the same direction, associated (RV.); right, correct (P.); *n.* **sadhryāṅk**, *ad.* unitedly, together (RV.); *m.* companion (C.), *f.* -**dhryāṅk**, female companion or friend (C.).

सन sAN, V. P. **sANōti**, (V.) gain, acquire, obtain as a gift; possess; bestow; *Ā.* (very rare) be fulfilled. *pp. pt.* **sasavās**, having obtained, possessing, enjoying; *pp.* **sātā**, gained, obtained; *des.* **sīśāṁsati**, (V.) wish to gain or obtain; (wish to) bestow. *abhi.* *pp.* -**śātā**, gained (RV.).

सन् sa-n, desiderative suffix *su*.

सन sāna, *a.* old (RV.); *m. N.* of a Rishi (E.).

सनक्ष sana-kā, *a.* (RV.) former, old; *ab.* from olden time; *m. N.* of a Rishi (C.).

सनञ्ज sanāṅg, *a.* old (RV.¹).

सनज sanā-ga, *a.* produced long ago, old (RV.¹); -**gā**, *a. id.* (RV.¹).

सन्तान sanātā, (in.) *ad.* from of old, *v. n.*, never (*RV.*).

सन्तानुमार sanat-kumāra, *m.* (the eternal youth) *N.* of a Rishi accounted one of the spiritual sons of Brahman and identified with Skand and Pradyumna.

सन्तुष्टि santūṣṭi, *a.* bestowing [*pr. pt* /san/ wealth (*RV.*); -*vāṇa*, *a.* acquiring or bestowing gain (*RV.*).

सन्तान sa-nānda, *m. N.* = -nandana; -*nandana*, *m. N.* of a Rishi (a spiritual son of Brahman).

सन्तय santū-ya, *a.* old (*RV.*).

सन्तर sa-nara, *a.* together with men (*RV.*); -*narma-hāsa*, *a.* accompanied with jocular laughter.

सन्तुष्ट sāna-sruta, *pp.* long known, famed of old (*RV.*), *m. N.* (*Br.*).

सन्ता sātā, (in.) *ad.* from of old (*V.*).

सन्तात् sanāt, *V. ad.* (ab. of sāna) from of old; always, for ever.

सन्तानतम sanāt-tāma, (i) everlasting, eternal, perpetual, permanent, *m. N.* of a Rishi (a spiritual son of Brahman).

सन्ताथ sa-nātha, *a.* having a protector in, protected by (in, -); crowded (assembly), occupied by, furnished or provided with, full of (in, -); -*tā*, *f.* patronage; -*m* *i.*, full protection; -*nāthi-kri*, protect, occupy (a place).

सन्ताभि sa-nābhi, *a. (f. id.)* proceeding from one nave (spokes, also said of fingers; *RV.*), connected with the same nave, uterine, brother, sister; *V.*, (*C.*); -*nābhya*, *m.* blood relation (*C.*); -*nāma*, *a.* having the same name as (*g.*); -*nara-nāma*, *a.* together with the Narānāma verses (*Br.*).

सन्ति sau-i, *m.* (*V.*), *f.* (*Br.*) gain, reward, gift.

सन्निगडचरण sa-nigada-larāma, *a.* having a chain on one's foot. -*tva*, *n.* abet. s.

सन्निति sau-iti, *f.* attainment (*RV.*).

सन्निवृत्त sanūti, (*ad. v.* proceeding ac.) besides, without (*RV.*).

सन्ति sāt-i-ti (± ac., -*trī*, + *g.*) *a.* (*V.*) gaining; bestowing.

सन्दि sa-nidha, *a.* sleeping; -*ninda*, *a.* accompanied with a reproach. -*m*, *ad.* reproachfully; -*nimesha*, *a.* winking (*eye*); -*niyama*, *a.* limited; having undertaken an observance. -*nirvishesha*, *a.* indifferent; -*nirveda*, *a.* betraying weariness (conversation); desponding, despairing; -*m*, *ad.* with complete indifference; -*nivāsam* or -*nivāsam*, *ad.* amid sighs.

सन्निधु sau-ishyū, *a.* wishing to gain, eager for booty (*RV.*).

सन्नि sāt-nidha, *a.* (*V.*) having the same nest, skin, closely united; *m.* or *n.* (*C.*) vicinity; *f.* near (*g.*, -).

सन्तुत् santūt, *ad.* (*V.*) aside, away, far from (ab.): *v. ya* or *dhā*, keep off, drive away.

सन्तु sau-u-trī, only *f.* sātutī, winning, procuring (*RV.*).

सन्नेमि sāt-nemi, *a.* provided with a felly (*RV.*); *n.* *ad.* completely, always (*V.*).

सन्तक्ष sam-taksha, *n.* biting sarcasm; *vāṇa*-

samtakshanis, by cutting speeches. -*tata*, *pp.* /tan/. -*varsha*, *a.* raining continuously, (*sam*)-*tati*, *f. V.*, (*C.*) continuity, continuance, duration, *C.* causal connexion of things, continuous series or flow, quantity, multitude, density of - dense, darkness, -; continuation of a family, offspring (old mg. race, lineage); continued meditation (*care*); -*tand*, *a.* prolonging (*Br.*); *i.* *m* or *f.* sound, music (*RV.*); -*tamasa*, *n.* general darkness, -*taraṇa*, *a.* taking across a danger, *V.*, *n.* (*C.*) crossing also fig. -*-tarāṇa*, *a.* sounding, threatening, *n.* threat, revilement; -*tarpāṇa*, *a.* refreshing, invigorating, *n.* means of strengthening.

सन्तान san-tāna, *m. C.* continuity, continuance, uninterrupted series, continuous flow; continuous train of thought (*care*); lasting alliance in which a daughter is given to one's ally, also -*sandhi*, *m.* continuation of a family, offspring, progeny (also *n.*), *C.* connexion, transition (in recitation etc.); reticulated ligature, sinew. -*ka*, *m.* one of the five trees of paradise -*-maya*, *a.* 1. consisting of the flowers of the Scentakka tree, -*tānam*, *abs.* extending across, -*-tāpa*, *n.* heat, pain, suffering, anguish, distress, at (*le*); remorse, repentance, penance, state -*-m* *kri*, be distressed about, -*-pātā* -*-hārin*, *a.* causing suffering, -*-tāpāṇa*, *a.* punning, afflicting, -*-tāpa-vat*, *a.* afflicted with pain, sorrowful, -*-tāpa-hara*, *a.* removing heat, -*-tāra*, *m.* crossing water, *g.*; -*-mulaka*, probably incori -*-tārya*, *fp.* to be crossed over; to be got over (*fig.*)

सन्तुष्ट sam-tuṣṭa, *pp.* /tush/. -*-tush/i*, *f.* contentment, with (in, -), -*-tripti*, *f.* satiation

सन्तोष sam-toṣa, *m.* satisfaction, contentment, with (in, *le*) -*-m* *kri*, content oneself with *m.* -*-vat*, *a.* satisfied, contented, -*-toshin*, *a. id.*, delighting in -; -*-tosh/avya*, *fp.* *n.* one should be contented.

सन्त्य santya, *a.* (only *rc.*) bountiful (*Yjui*, *RV.*)

सन्त्यज्य sam-tyajya, *fp.* to be abandoned; -*-tyāga*, *m.* abandonment, renouncement -*-tyā/ya*, *fp.* to be abandoned, given up or avoided; -*-trasta*, *pp.* alarmed, terrified etc. -*-trāna*, *n.* deliverance, rescue, -*-trassa*, *m.* alarm, terror, of ab., -*-tāsa*, -*-trāsana*, *n.* terrifying

संदंश sam-damsha, *m.* compression (of the lips), connexion; tongs, thumb and forefinger; nippers; *of a crab*; section, chapter -*-ka*, *m.* 1. *-kā*, *f.* pair of tongs, -*-dārpa*, *m.* arrogance, boasting of -; -*-dārba*, *m.* weaving of a garland, piling of arms, mixture; artistic combination of words, notes etc.; literary composition; -*-darāṇa*, *n.* seeing, beholding, viewing (*car*), *mg.* vision; gaze, look (*care*), inspection, consideration, appearance, manifestation, meeting with (in, ± *saha*), showing, display of or to, -; -*-m* *gam* *svapne*, appear to *g.* in a dream; -*-m* *pra-yam*, show oneself to *g.* *le*, in view of; -*-dāna*, *n.* bond, fetter, halter (*V.*); *m.* (*C.*) fettering place below the knee of an elephant; -*-dāna-tā*, *f.* condition of a fetter, -*-dānita*, *den* *pp.* bound, fettered -*-ka*, *n.* combination of three *Shloka*s consisting of a single sentence; -*-digdha*, *pp.* /dih/ doubtful etc., *n.* ambiguous expression -*-tva*, *n.* uncertainty, -*-punar-ukta-tva*, *n.* uncertainty and tautology, -*-buddhi*, *a.* doubtful-minded; -*-dīpaka*, *a.* setting aflame, making jealous (-); -*-dīpana*, *a.* kindling, exciting, provoking; *m.* one of the five arrows of *Kāma*; *n.* kindling, exciting, stimulating, -*-dāshana*, *a.* (i) corrupting, ruining; *n.* de-

filting, violating; cause of ruin; -*-dāra*, *f.* (*V.*) sight; appearance, view, direction; -*-dāra*, *V. d. inf.* of *sam* + *√dāra*

संदेह sam-dēṣa, *m.* command, commission, errand, message, to *g.* *le* -*-ska*, *m.* communication of -; -*-stas*, *ad.* by order of (*g.*), -*-pada*, *n.* *pl.* words of a message, -*-hara*, *n.* news-bearer, messenger, envoy -*-hārin*, *m.* *id.* -*-artha*, *m.* subject-matter of a message

संदेह sam-dēṣa, *fp.* to be directed or instructed, -*-dēṣ/avya*, *fp.* *id.*; to be told to *g.*

संदेह sam-dēṣa, *m.* conglomeration, mortal coil, contemptuous term, *Br.* *C.* doubt, uncertainty, as to *g.* *le*, -; doubtful figure (*care*), danger, risk; *a.* rhetorical figure *n.* *na* or *naasti*, without doubt, used *paratactically* -*-dāyin*, *a.* causing uncertainty regarding, reminding of -; -*-dola-stha*, *a.* swayed by the swing of doubt, -*-pada*, *n.* subject to doubt, doubtful, -*-bhrit*, *a.* cherishing doubt regarding *le*

संदेह sam-dēṣa, *m.* milking, aggregate milk of a herd, totality, multitude, quantity, abundance, -*-dohana*, *a.* milking, bestowing

संधय samdhaya, *den.* /s. sandhi/ *P.* put together, join, unite with (in, -), assume, acquire, conclude peace, *pp.* *ti*, joined, adj. joined, *arrows*, applied, united with (in, -), allied, having concluded peace

संधि sam-dhī, *f.* 1. compact, agreement, *C.* promise, intention, limit, -*-dhātavya*, *fp.* to be entered into an alliance with, *n.* *imps* one (ca.) should form an alliance, with *-saha*, -*-dhāna*, *a.* uniting, leading *care*, *m. N.* of a minister, *n.* joining, uniting, junction, union, bringing together, assuming, *point of contact, point, fixing an arrow on the bowstring, m.* 2. combination of words (*etc.* *sandhi*, euphonic coalescence, recomplement, conclusion of peace, alliance, league, friendly relations, with (in, ± *saha*), compounding, mixing, distilling, -*-m* *kyāta*, having received admission, messenger, -*-dhāniya*, *fp.* to be entered into an alliance with, -*-dha-ya*, *gd.* having come to terms with an opponent, -*-gamana*, *n.* march, -*-asana*, *n.* halt, after terms have been agreed upon, -*-dhayin*, *a.* fixing arrows, -*-dhārava*, *n.* bearing, in -; holding together, supporting (*lift*), -*-dhārāniya*, *fp.* to be main tained or kept alive, -*-dhārya*, *fp.* to be borne, -*-kept* (*servant*), -*-maintained* or obeyed.

संधि sam-dhī, *m.* [*dhā*] *C.* combination, union, with (in, also *C.*), association, intercourse with (in, -), entire scope (of policy), agreement, compact (*care*), peace, alliance, league, between (*g.* with (in, ± *saha*); euphonic combination of sounds in a word or sentence (*car*), contrivance, management (*care*), *V.*, (*C.*) junction, boundary, interval, point, interval between day and night, twilight; horizon *Br.*, *S.*, *C.* *mean rare*, fold (in a garment); wall, hole in a wall, breach, mine made by thorns, part, piece (also *Br.*; rare), division of a drama (there are five, *mukha*, *vimukha*, *garbha*, *vimāna*, *nirvāhana*); *Br.* *N.* of a *Shloka* at the junction of two days -*-m* *kāid* or *bhid*, make a hole or breach in a wall -*-ka*, *n.* a joint, -*-kūala*, *n.* skilled in forming alliances; *gā*, *a.* produced from a juncture; produced by euphonic combination.

संधि sam-dhī, *dev. a.* [*dhā*] wishing to conclude peace or an alliance, with (in, -).

संधि samdh-in, *m.* minister of alliances -*-i*, *f.* milch cow -*-kashira*, *n.* milk of a cow or heat.

संघनिग्रहद्वारेण *samdhi-nigraha-dvāreṇa*, *in*, by means of uniting and getting at variance with (*g.*); -*mat*, *a.* living in peace; leagued, allied; *m. N.*; -*mati*, *m. N.* of a minister, -*virgraha-ka*, *m.* minister of alliances (= foreign affairs) and of war; -*virgraha-kāy-astha*, *m.* secretary of foreign affairs and of war; -*virgraha-kārya-adhikārin*, *m.* *du.* ministers of foreign affairs and of war; -*vid*, *a.* acquainted with alliances; -*velā*, *f.* time of twilight; -*sambhava*, *a.* produced by euphonic combination, *m.* diphthong; -*sarpa-ana*, *n.* crawling through narrow passages.

संघीश्वर *samdhi-īśvara*, *m. N.* of a temple erected to commemorate the putting together of the members of Samāhīnīmāli.

संधुक्क *sum-dhukkhana*, *a.* inflaming (*anger*); *n.* kindling (*of fire*); exciting, stimulating; -*dheya*, *fp.* to be united or joined (*v. āsu-*); -*atoned* (*sin*, *in ā-*, *Br.*); -*made peace with*; -*reconciled* (*in āsu-*); *n. imp.* one should make peace with (*in*); one should be reconciled with (*lc.*).

संध्य *sumdhyā*, *a.* based on euphonic combination; *ā.* *f.* juncture of day and night, morning or evening twilight (*ord. mg.*); twilight devotions, morning or evening prayers; morning (and evening) twilight of a Yuga or cosmic age; juncture of the day, morning, noon, or evening (*rare*); Twilight (*exp. evening*) personified as a manifestation of Brahman and mistress of the sun: -*m ās*, *anāś*, or *upāś*, perform morning or evening devotions.

संध्यक्षर *samdhi-ākṣhara*, *n.* vowel produced by Samdhi, diphthong.

संध्यांश *sandhyā-āṃśa*, *m.* (twilight-portion), evening twilight of a Yuga or cosmic age; -*kāla*, *m.* period of twilight, evening-tide; -*kārya*, *m.* morning and evening prayers; -*kālika*, *a.* belonging to evening; -*tva*, *n.* condition of twilight; -*payoda*, *m.* rain-cloud in the twilight; -*prayoga*, *m.* morning or evening prayers; -*ball*, *m.* offering presented at twilight; -*abhra*, *m.* rain-cloud in the twilight; -*mayā*, *a.* (i) consisting of twilight.

संध्याय *sandhyā-ya*, *den. ā.* resemble twilight: *pp.* *i-ta*.

संध्यारान *sandhyā-rāṇa*, *m.* twilight glow; -*vandana*, *n.* morning or evening prayers; -*vāsa*, *m. N.* of a village; -*vidhi*, *m.* morning or evening prayers; -*śaṅkha-dhvanī*, *m.* sound of a shell blown at the beginning of twilight; -*śamaya*, *m.* period of twilight, evening-tide; -*upasthāna*, *n.* worship of twilight.

सप्त *saṇṇa*, *pp.* (√*saḍ*) sunk down etc.

सप्तत *saṇṇa-ta*, *pp.* √*nam*: -*āṅgi*, *f.* fair woman; (*śam*)-*mati*, *f.* *lc.*: depression, lowness; diminution, lightening (*of a burden*); favour, complaisance, towards (*g.*); also *V.*; subjection; humility, towards (*lc.*); -*naddha*, *pp.* (√*nah*) equipped etc.

सप्तमुसल *saṇṇa-musula*, *lc.* when the pestle lies motionless.

संगहण *saṇṇa-haṇa*, *n.* tying together; preparation; cord; equipment; -*nāda*, *m.* sound, din, cry, roar; -*nādāna*, *a.* causing to sound, filling with noise; -*nāma*, *m.* subjection; modification; -*nāha*, *m.* tying up, girding; preparation, equipment; undertaking; cord; armour, mail; trappings of a horse; -*nikar-śha*, *m.* drawing together, approximation, close contact, with (*-*); connexion with, relation to (*-*); nearness, proximity: -*m*, *ac.* (*go* etc.) near; *ab.* from one's presence (*de-*

part etc.); *lc.* in the neighbourhood of (*g.*, *-*); -*nikkāsa*, *-*° *a.* having the appearance of; -*nikrīṣhā*, *pp.* near etc.; *n.* nearness, proximity: -*m*, *ad.* near (*-*); *lc.* in the neighbourhood of (*g.*, *-*); -*nikāya*, *m.* accumulation; abundance, plenty, store; -*niddhātri*, *m.* one who is near; receiver (*of stolen goods*); official on duty; -*niddhāna*, *n.* (putting together into), receptacle; nearness, proximity, presence; existence: *ab.* from (*g.*); *lc.* in the neighbourhood or presence of (*g.*, *-*); -*niddhi*, *m.* juxtaposition; proximity, vicinity, presence, existence: *lc.* in the presence of, near (*g.*, *-*); -*m*, into the presence of, near (*g.*, *-*); -*m* *kri*, *bandh*, or *vi-dhā*, take up our position or abode in (*lc.*); -*nipāta*, *m.* contact, collision, encounter, with (*in*); conjunction, combination, aggregation, mixture; (*unholy* combination =) disorder of the three bodily humours, fall, descent (*in lakṣhaṇa*), collapse, death (*very rare*); -*nidrā*, *f.* trance; -*nipātita*, *ck.* *pp.* brought together, assembled; -*nipātya*, *fp.* to be shot (*arrow*) at (*lc.*); -*nibharāṇa*, *n.* repression, mastery (*of the heart*); -*nibha*, *a.* resembling, like, -ish (*-*); sometimes with names of colour).

सन्निमित्त *san-nimitta*, *n.* good omen; good cause: -*m*, *ad.* for a good cause.

संनियच्छण *saṇṇ-ni-yakkhaṇa*, *n.* curbing, guiding; -*yantri*, *m.* restrainer; -*yama*, *m.* exactness; -*yoga*, *m.* communion; precept, injunction; -*rodhāvaṇa*, *fp.* to be confined; -*rodha*, *m.* obstruction, suppression; -*vāya*, *m.* combination; -*vritti*, *f.* return (*in ā-* and *abhyah-*); -*veśa*, *m.* entrance, taking up a position; inclusion (*rare*); impression (*of a mark*, *-*); combination, arrangement; position (*-*° *a.* situated in or on); form, appearance; dwelling-place; assemblage: -*m* *kri*, take up a position in (*-*); make room for (*-*); -*m*, *n.* dwelling-place, abode; -*veśayitavya*, *fp.* to be inserted; -*hita*, *pp.* (√*dhū*) near etc.; -*apāya*, *a.* having destruction near at hand, perishable, transient.

सन्निहि *saṇṇi-kri*, satisfy.

संन्यसन *saṇṇ-niyasana*, *n.* renunciation (*of the world*); -*nyāsa*, *m. id.*; abandonment, of *g.*, *-*°; compact (*rare*); deposit, trust; stake at play (*rare*); -*nyāsin*, *a.* giving up, abandoning (*-*); having renounced the world (*Brahman in the fourth order*).

सन्मङ्गल *saṇṇ-maṅgala*, *n.* good or prescribed rite; -*manī*, *m.* genuine gem; -*mati*, *a.* well-disposed, noble-minded; -*mantra*, *m.* excellent spell; -*mātra*, *a.* of which being only is predicable; -*mārga*, *m.* right path (*fly*); -*yodhin*, *a.* fighting honourably, -*stha*, *a.* walking in the right path; -*mitra*, *n.* good or true friend.

सन्वस् *saṇṇ-vas*, *cpr.* older (*IT.*, *rare*).

सप् *SAP*, *I. P.* (*sts. ā.*) *sāpa* (*V.*), seek after, follow, honour, serve; *cs. ā.* *id.* (*RT.*). *abhi*, *id.* (*RV.*).

सप *sāp-a*, *m.* male organ (*V.*, *rare*).

सपक्ष *sa-pakṣa*, *m.* (having the same side), adherent, friend; participant, one similarly situated or in like circumstances; 2. *a.* winged; feathered (*arrow*); having partisans or friends: -*ka*, *a.* winged (*mountains*); -*tā*, *f.* possession of adherents, *tva*, *n. id.*, -*pāt-am*, *ad.* devotedly; -*paṅkha*, *a.* provided with a lotus; -*paśāham*, *ad.* amid beating of drums; -*pāsa*, *a.* attended with a wagger; -*patra*, *n.* (feathered), arrow: *ā-kri*, pierce with an arrow together with its feathers.

सपत्न *sa-pātṇa*, *m.* [formed as a *m.* to *sa-pātṇi*] rival, adversary, enemy: -*tā*, *f.* rivalry,

enmity; -*tva*, *n. id.*; -*dāśhaṇa*, *a.* destroying rivals; -*hān*, *a.* (*-ghai*) slaying foes.

सपत्नी *sa-pātṇī*, *a. f.* having the same husband; *f.* wife of the same husband, co-wife; rival mistress: -*ka*, *a.* accompanied by his wife or wives.

सपदि *sa-puḍi*, *ad.* on the spot, instantly, in a moment; -*padma*, *a.* provided with lotuses: -*ka*, *a.* provided with a lotus and splendid (*padma = sri*); -*parākrama*, *a.* mighty; -*parikrama*, *a.* accompanied by one's retinue; -*parikkhāda*, *a.* together with one's belongings; -*goods and chattels*; -*paritoṣham*, *ad.* with satisfaction; -*parivāra*, *a.* together with one's retinue; -*parihāsa*, *a.* joke.

सपय *sapar-yā*, *den.* [from **sap-ar*, devotion] *P.* (*V.*) serve attentively; worship.

सपयी *sapar-yā*, *f.* worship, honour (*sts. pl.*).

सपयीश *sa-paryāna*, *a.* saddled: -*palāsa*, *a.* covered with leaves (*branch*; *Br. N.*); -*pāda*, *a.* together with a quarter: -*lakṣha*, *m.* or *n.* one hundred and twenty-five thousand; -*pāla*, *a.* attended by a herdsmen; -*piṇḍa*, *a.* sharing the funeral cake, related to any one (*g.*) as far as the sixth generation: -*tā*, *f.* kinship as far as the sixth generation; -*pinḍi-kaṇṇa*, *n.* turning into a Saplinda relative, admission to or performance of the first Śrāddha after a death; -*pitrika*, *a.* together with the father or fathers; -*pitri-rāṇya*, *a.* together with the royal members among the fathers; -*pidhāna*, *a.* provided with a lid; -*putra*, *a.* together with one's son or children; -*with the calf*: -*ka*, *a.* (*ikā*) together with one's little son, -*dāra*, *a.* with son and wife; -*puṣaka*, *a.* bristling, thrilled: -*m*, *ad.*; -*puṣpa*, *a.* flowering (*tree*); -*pūrva*, *a.* possessed by one's ancestors; together with the preceding letter.

सप्तक *sapta-ka*, *a.* consisting of seven; *n.* (aggregate of) seven; -*kathā-maya*, *a.* (i) consisting of seven stories; (*ā*)-*guṇa*, *a.* sevenfold; -*skhāda*, *m.* (seven-leaved) *N.* of a tree (*Alstonia scholaris*); -*plava*, *a.* seven-tongued; *m.* fire, god of fire; (*ā*)-*taṇṭu*, *a.* seven-threaded, consisting of seven courses (*sacrifice*; *V.*, *C.*); *m.* sacrifice (*C.*).

सप्तति *sapta-ti*, *f.* seventy (*v. N. in app.*, *g.*, *-*° *sts.* *-*°); seventy years: -*hāyana*, *a.* seventy years old; -*trīmat*, *f.* thirty-seven (*v. app.*); -*trīmatī*, *f.* *id.*

सप्तथ *saptā-thu*, *a.* (i) seventh (*IT.*); -*dāś*, *a.* (i) seventeenth; consisting of seven (*V.*); (*ā*)-*dāśan*, *a. pl.* seventeen; -*dvipa*, *a.* consisting of seven islands (*earth*); -*vat*, *a. id.*; -*dhā*, *ad.* in seven parts, sevenfold; seven times.

सप्तम *saptm*, *a. pl.* (*nm. ac.* *saptā*) seven (*also used to express an indefinite pluralities*).

सप्तमली *saptamālī*, *f.* bird-lime.

सप्तमवत *sapta-ṇavata*, *a.* ninety-seventh; -*patra*, *a.* seven-leaved; yoked with seven horses; *m.* a tree (*Alstonia scholaris*); -*skhāda*; (*ā*)-*pad*, *a.* (i) taking seven steps (*with which an alliance or marriage is concluded*); concluded, confirmed; (*ā*)-*padā*, *a.* taking seven steps (*with which an alliance or marriage is concluded*); consisting of seven Pādas; 3. *f.* seven steps: -*karana*, *n.* ratification of a marriage by the seven steps taken by the bride; -*parṇa*, *m.* (seven-leaved) a tree (*Alstonia scholaris*); -*bhāṅgi-naya*, *m.* method of the seven formulas

beginning with 'perhaps' (syāt) in the sceptical dialectics of the Jains; -bhūmika, a. id.

सप्तम sapta-mā, a. (i) seventh; i. f. seventh day of a fortnight (terminations of the) seventh or locative case; -samāsa, m. compound in which the first member has a locative sense.

सप्तयोजनी sapta-yogani, f. distance of seven Yoganās; (ā -ramā, f. a. having seven cords or traces; having seven reins or tongues; -rātra, n. period of seven nights, week; -rātri, a. seven-rayed; m. fire.

सप्तर्ष sapta-ṛṣi, a. having seven verses. n. hymn of seven verses; -ṛṣhi, m. pl. the seven sages (a group of highly revered beings; the seven stars of the Great Bear. -ball, m. offering of the seven Rishis.

सप्तली sapta-lī, f. N. of various plants.

सप्तलोक sapta-loki, f. the seven continents, the whole earth; (ā -vadhri, a. bound with seven cords (the soul, f.); m. N. of a man rescued by the Asvins (f.); -varsha, n. seven years old; -vārshika, a. id. id.; -vimsa, a. twenty-seventh; consisting of twenty-seven; -vimsat, f. twenty-seven; (ā -vimvati, f. twenty-seven (v. app. g. -); (ā -vidha, a. sevenfold, of seven kinds; -vati, f. seven hundred; -sapta-ta, a. seventy-seventh; -sap-tati, f. seventy-seven; vatsare sapta-saptatan, in the seventy-seventh year; -sapti, a. having seven steeds; m. sun.

सप्ताङ्ग sapta-aṅga, a. having seven members or constituent parts; -ṛkṣi, a. seven-rayed; m. fire, god of fire; -arṇava-male-saya, a. resting in the waters of seven oceans, āśa-ya, a. having seven months; -āṣa, m. seven days; seven days' festival.

सप्ति śap-ti, m. courier, steed; i-vat, a. speeding with couriers (RV.).

सप्तोना sapta-ūnā, f. (sc. vimsati) thirteen.

सप्रकारक sa-prakāra-ka, a. containing a specification; -pra-m, a. possessing offspring; -pra-pati-ka, a. together with Prapāti, -pra-ga, a. endowed with understanding; -pra-maya, a. with the sacred syllable om; -pra-amam, ad. with a howl; -pratibandha, a. entailing obstacles (legacy, which owing to the absence of direct male descendants devolves on a collateral branch, a widow, etc.; -pratibha, a. possessed of ready intelligence, of quick discernment; -pratikāva, a. together with the reflection; -pratīvāpa, a. with an admixture, -pratyaya, a. having confidence in (le.); trustworthy, sure; -ka, a. together with the suffix; -pratyāsam, ad. expectantly; -prāthas (or sā, f. f.) a (f.) extensive; extending, sounding, or shining far; -prabha, a. having the same lustre or appearance as (sc.); -prabhāva, a. mighty, powerful; -pramāda, a. heedless, off one's guard; -pramodam, ad. joyfully; -pra-rayam, ad. respectfully, modestly; -prasava, a. blessed with progeny; ā, f. pregnant; -prasāda, a. gracious; -m, ad. -ly, -prahāsam, ad. bursting into a laugh; (sā -prāna, a. breathing, living; -prema, a. loving; -preman, a. rejoicing in (le.).

सफल sa-phala, a. bearing fruit; fruitful, productive, successful, attaining fulfilment; -m kri, fulfil a promise; -tva, n. fruitfulness, successfulness; -phala-ya, den. P. make fruitful or successful; -phali-kri, ul.; -phali-bhā, be fruitful or successful; -phena, a. frothy.

सबन्धु sa-bandhu-ka, a. accompanied with

a pledge; (sā -bandhu, a. akin (l. ., possessing a kinsman or friend (C.).

सबर्दुष sabar-dugha, a. yielding milk readily (cow, RV.).

सबल sā-bala, a. powerful, mighty; together with Bala, Krishna's eldest brother; -tva, n. power, might; -bala-vāhana, a. together with army and transport; -bahu-mānam, ad. with great respect; -bādha, a. disadvantageous to (g.); -bādhas, ad. urgently, ardently (f.); -bāshpa, a. shedding tears; -m, ad. tearfully; -bāshpa-gadgadam, ad. weeping and faltering; -bāhya-anta-karṇa, a. with the external and internal senses to atman, m. = one's whole self; -bibhatsam, ad. with aversion or disgust; -brahma-ārīka, a. relating to a fellow-student; -brahma-kārin, m. (n -i, f. fellow-pupil, student of the same branch of the Veda; participator or companion in; a -i, vying with; -brāhmaṇi-ka, a. accompanied by Brāhmaṇ women.

सम् SAMH = सह SAH, in pra-sabham

समभक्तिकम् sa-bhakti-kam, ad. devotedly, -bhaya, a. terrified, frightened; afraid of (le.); -m, ad. with fear or terror; -bhasman, a. mixed with ashes; -bhasma-aṅgin, a. covering one's body with ashes of one thing.

सभा sabhā, f. assembly hall, gambling-house; assembly, company; court of a king or of justice (C.); traveller's shelter, refuge-cabin (C.); -gata, a. palace, court, temple, assembly or company of (C.); -gata, pp. appearing in court; -gata, n. assembly hall.

समाय sa-bhāgya, a. happy, fortunate (per-son); -bhā/ana, n. (f. sabhāgya) n. showing of honour, attention.

समाजय sa-bhāgya, den. P. Ā. (fr. sa-bhāg) show honour or attention to ac, honour, praise a thing; frequent; pp. ita.

समापति sabha-pati, m. lord or president of an assembly or council; -manāpa, n. assembly hall.

समाय sa-bhātya, a. accompanied by his wife.

समासद् sabhā-sād, m. member of an assembly or society, assessor, councillor, judge; -sāda, m. id.; -sāha, a. superior to the rest of the company, eminent (f.).

समिक sabh-ika, m. keeper of a gambling-house; -āya, a (f.) skilled in counsel, fit for society, refined, courteous.

समोद्देश sabha-uddesa, m. precincts of the cabin.

सम्य sābh-ya, a. belonging to, suitable for, present in, an assembly; (C.) fit for society, polite, courteous, refined speech; m. (C.) assessor, councillor, judge; member of good society, refined person, partner, fellow-player; -i, a. living at the court of; -itarā, a. unrefined, coarse conversation.

सहृदयम् sa-bhū-d-kshepam, ad. with a frown; -bhū-d-bhaṅga, a. frowning; -or -m, ad. with a frown; -bhū-d-bhedam, ad. id.

सम् sām, ad. as vhl. pp. or ⁶ v. a s. expressing union or completeness; together in f. the vb. has st. to be supplied, altogether.

सम 1. sama, encl. pr. (RV.) any; every.

सम 2. samā, a. f., C.; even, smooth, level, parallel (rare in V.); similar, like, equal, equivalent, same, identical with, as, to, in, g., ², with regard to, in, le., ², -tas; C. unchanged, acting impartially towards (g, le.,

even number), normal; ordinary, middling; indifferent, neutral (rare); good, upright, honest (rare); easy, commission; -m kri, place on a level, with g., put right; bhūmi-or bhūmed, level with the earth; make or become; -m or ², ad. f. C. equally, similarly, alike; C. together, at the same time also (Br.), just, exactly, precisely (rare); together with, with (in, ² at the same time with, in accordance with (C.), rare); m. (C.) peace (perh. incorr. for sama); N.; n. f., C.; even ground, plain; C. settlement, compensation, equanimity; uniformity (in uniformly, good circumstances; Br. correct measure (in exactly).

सम 3. sama, in a few cpds. = samā, year

समक sama-ka, a. equal; -kaksha, a. having equal weight; -kakshā, f. equilibrium; -m tulaya, f. balance on another; -kāla, or -m, ad. simultaneously, with (C.); -bhava, m. contemporary of (C.).

समक्त sam-akta, pp. & aḥ, -akna, pp. & aḥ.

समक्रम samu-krama, a. keeping step; -kri-ya, a. acting uniformly in or towards (le.).

समक्ष sam-aksha, a. meeting the eye, visible (C.); -m, f. C. (C.) before the eyes, manifestly; in the presence of (C.); -darsana, n. seeing as an eye-witness.

समग्र sāma-gra, a. (ā) entire, complete, whole all, every (rare in l.); C. also late darkness, fully provided with (in, ²), n. (C.) everything; entirely; -vartita, a. entirely resting or fixed (eyes on le.); -san-varṇa, a. entirely golden; -i, n. full moon.

समङ्गल sa-māṅgala, a. auspicious.

समचतुरस्र sama-chatur-asra, a. having four equal corners, square; -kitta, a. having a calm mind; -tva, n. equanimity; -kṛtas, a. id.; -mātya, a. homogeneous.

समग्या sam-angyā, f. (place of) assembly; -samānyā, a. employed in mounting; -samāna, a. correct, proper, right, unimpeachable, excellent; -m, ad.

समता samā-tā, f. f., C.; equality, sameness, identity, with (in, g., C.) same-ness of level; fairness, impartiality, towards (le.); C. equalness, normal condition, modesty; -m ni, decide or settle equitably.

समतिक्रम sam-atikrama, m. omission or neglect of g.; -atikranta, pp. & kra; n. transgression, error; -atita, pp. past, gone by etc.

समगुणा sama-tulā, f. equal value; -tva, n. equality, with (in, g.), equanimity; equality, uniform conduct, towards (le., ²), normal condition.

समस्तर sa-matsara, a. angry with (samam), jealous, of jealousy.

समद् sa-mād, f. (inging together), strife, battle (f.); often le. pl. -m kri or dhā, cause strife among or between (f.); -madā, a. intoxicated, excited with passion, raving; -mādana, n. conflict (RV.); a (C.) one moored, provided with Madana trees.

समदर्शन sama-darsana, a. of similar appearance, like, looking on all things or men impartially (sc. sarvatra); -darsin, a. looking impartially on (le.), regarding all things impartially; -dāksha, a. feeling pain in common with another, compassionate; -sukha, a. sharing sorrows and joys with others, indifferent to pain and pleasure; -dri, a. looking upon (le.) indifferently or impartially; regarding all things impartially, -d-akṣi, a. id.; having

eyes in pairs; *f.* impartiality, indifference; *-dama*, *m.* even ground; *-dharma*, *a.* resembling (-²); *-dha*, *ad.* equally, with (*in*).

समधिक sam-adhika, *a.* (having an excess with *it*), exceeding, more than, and more; excessive: *°*, *also ad.* exceedingly: *-tara*, *cp. ad.* excessively (-²): *-rūpa*, *a.* more beautiful than (*ab.*).

समधिगम sam-adhi-gama, *m.* understanding: *-gama*, *fp.* to be understood; *-ritya*, *gd.* having advanced.

समधुर sama-dhura, *a.* bearing an equal burden with (*g.*).

समन sam-ana, *n.* (1.) embrace; conflict; concourse, festival; intercourse, pursuit: *-gā*, *a.* going to the assembly (*RV.*).

समनन्तर sam-anantara, *a.* (with a non-interval, immediately contiguous to or following (*ab.*), *g.*): *yak katra sam-anantaram*, and what is immediately contiguous therewith; *-m*, *ad.* immediately behind (*ab.*), *°*; immediately after (*g.*, *°*).

समन्स sād-manas, *a.* unanimous (*V.*); possessing intellectual power (*P.*).

समना sam-anā, (*RV.*) *in. ad.* (*fr.* sāmāna) together; all at once; uniformly.

समनिन्दानवन sama-nindā-navana, *a.* indifferent to blame and praise.

समनीक sam-anikā, *n.* battle-array (*RV.* 1. C.); *-tas*, *ad.* in battle-array; *-murdhan*, *van* of battle.

समनुज्ञात sam-anu-gñāta, *pp.* permitted to proceed: *-anuvrata*, *a.* entirely obedient or devoted, to (*ac.*).

समनुष्य sa-manushya, *a.* together with men; frequented: *-rānya*, *a.* together with those of royal race among men.

समन्त sam-anta, *V. a.* (having their ends together), contiguous, neighbouring; complete, entire: *-m*, *ad.* together with (*in.*, *RV.* 1.); (*ab.*) *-m*, *V. ad.* (*also* *°* in *C.*) on all sides, around; completely, entirely; *ab.* (*C.*) from or on all sides, in all directions, all round; around (*g.*); completely; *-tas*, *ad. id.*

समन्तपरीचिन् samanta-paryāyin, *a.* all-embracing (*Br.*).

समन्त्रक sam-mantra-ka, *a.* accompanied with verses; *-mantri-in*, *a.* provided with ministers (*1-tva*, *n. abs. N.*); *-manmatha*, *a.* enamoured; (*sā*) *-manya* (*or vi.*), unanimous (*RV.*); angry, enraged (*V.*, *C.*); grieved (*E.*).

समन्वय sam-anvaya, *m.* immediate connexion; conjunction, applicability: *ab.* in consequence of (-²); *-anvarambha*, *m.* *°*, *n.* catching hold of from behind; *-anvita*, *pp.* (*√i*) endowed etc.

समपक्षपात sam-paksha-pāta, *a.* impartial; *-prepu*, *des. a.* assuming an equal position in regard to (*Le.*); *-bhāva*, *m.* homogeneousness, uniformity.

समभिधा sam-abhidhā, *f.* name, appellation (*only* *°* *a.*); *-abhibhāsha*, *m.* colloquy with (*in.*, *°*); *-abhiyābhāra*, *m.* simultaneous mention; intercourse with (*g.*); *-abhibhāra*, *m.* repetition; *-abhyarthayitri*, *m.* suppliant; *-abhyāsa*, *m.* vicinity, presence.

समय sam-ayā, *m.* 1. coming together, place of meeting; *V.*, *C.* agreement, compact, contract, engagement (regarding, *°*); *C.* treaty; condition; intercourse with (*in.*); appointed or proper time, for (*g.*); juncture, time, season; opportunity, occasion; (con-

currence of) circumstances, case; convention, general practice, usage, rule; ordinance, precept, doctrine; conventional meaning or scope of a word: *-m kri*, make an agreement or compact, with (*in.* *±* *saha*); *-m dā*, offer terms, propose an agreement; *-m grah* or *prati-pad*, enter into an agreement, accept a condition; *-m raksha*, observe an agreement, keep one's word; *-m vi-lābhaya*, break an agreement, break one's word; *-m brū*, *vak*, *abhi-dhā*, state one's conditions; *-m sam-vad*, make an agreement; *-m sthā-paya*, fix, settle; *in.* *samayena*, according to agreement; conditionally: *tena* *°*, in consequence of this agreement; *ab.* *samayāt* (*also* *-tas*), in accordance with an agreement; conditionally: *-bhrama*, lapse from *°* break, an agreement; *le* *samaye* (*also* *°*), at the appointed or right time, when the time has come; at the time of, at the time when *°* is there (*°*); *iha* *°*, in this case, under such circumstances; *-* *sthā*, keep one's engagement or word; *-* *sthāpaya*, determine with regard to any one (*ac.*); make an arrangement; *-* *ni-veśya*, impose conditions on (*ac.*).

समयक्रिया samaya-kriyā, *f.* imposition of obligations: *-m kri*, impose conditions; *-kryati*, *f.* neglect of time; *-dharma*, *m.* obligation based on agreement, covenant, stipulation; *-pada*, *n.* pl. matters agreed upon; *-parikraksha*, *n.* observance of a compact; *-bhedin*, *a.* breaking an agreement; *-vidyā*, *f.* astrology; *-velā*, *f.* period of time; *-vyabhi-kārin*, *a.* breaking an agreement.

समया samāyā, *in. ad.* through or into the midst of (*ac.*, rarely *in.*; *V.*); altogether, thoroughly (*V.*); near (*ac.*, *in.*; *C.*); *°*, *bbh*, be interposed (*of* time; *RV.*).

समयाचार samaya-ākāra, *m.* established usage; *ā* *adhyushita*, *pp.* half-risen (*sun*); *ā* *vishta*, *pp.* half risen or set; *°* *ukta*, *pp.* suited to the occasion: *-m*, *ad.* as the occasion requires.

समर sam-arā, *m.* [coming together: *√ri*] concourse, confluence (*V.*); conflict, strife, battle, with (*saha*; *rare* in *V.*; *C.*); *N.* (*C.*): *-karma*, *n.* battle; *-kshiti*, *f.* battle-field; *-git*, *m.* (victorious in battle) *N.* of a prince.

समरार sam-arāra, *n.* conflict, battle (*RV.*).

समरतुङ्ग samara-tuṅga, *m.* *N.* of a warrior; *-bala*, *m.* *N.* of a prince; *-bha*, *m.* *id.*; *-bhū*, *f.* battle-field; *-bhūmi*, *f.* *id.*; *-murdhan*, *m.* van of battle; *-varman*, *m.* *N.* of a prince; *-vimukha*, *a.* averse from strife; *-vira*, *n.* van of battle; *-sima*, *m.* or *f.* battle-field; *-svāmin*, *m.* *N.* of a temple erected by Samara; *°* *āgama*, *m.* outbreak of war; *-āgra*, *n.* front of battle; *-āṅgana*, *°* *āṅgana*, *n.*, *°* *āṅgira*, *n.* battle-field.

समरन्न sa-maraṇ-gana, *a.* accompanied by the host of the Maruts.

समरेख sama-rekha, *a.* forming an even line, straight.

समरोत्सव samara-utsava, *m.* festival = joy of battle; *-uddesa*, *m.* battle-field; *-upāya*, *m.* stratagem of war.

समर्थ sam-artha, *a.* [having its object with *it*] adapted, fit, proper (*to*, *for*, *g.*, *°*); suitable, good, for (*°*); having the same meaning (*gr.*); connected in sense (*gr.*); competent, qualified, entitled, capable, able (*to*, *for*, *of*, *inf.*, *le.*, *°*; *orid* *mg.*); having power over any one, being a match for (*g.*, *rare*); *-ka*, *a.* able to (*inf.*); [*fr.* samarthaya], establishing, supporting, corroborating; *-tā*, *f.* ability, capability, competence (*in.*), by virtue of, *g.*; *-tva*, *n.* *id.*

समर्थन sam-arthanā, *n.* reflection, contemplation; corroboration, vindication, justification; ability, competence (*ab.*, by virtue of, *g.*); *-m kri*, reflect *fr.* *-arthaniya*, *fp.* to be established, justified, or cleared up; *-arthaya*, *den.* (*n.* *arthaya*) arrange etc.; connect with, construe grammatically: *pp.* *ita*, capable; *-arthya*, *fp.* to be established, corroborated, or justified; *-ardhana*, *a.* (*i.*) causing to succeed; *-ardhayitri*, *m.* fulfiller, bestower; *-tri*, *f.*; *-arpara*, *a.* delivering, yielding up; *-arpara*, *n.* placing or throwing upon (*Br.*); *C.*: delivering, handing over, consigning, bestowing; making known, communicating; *-arpaniya*, *fp.* to be delivered, handed over, or entrusted; *-arparitavya*, *fp. id.*; *-arpita*, *cs. pp.* (*√i*) handed over etc.

समर्थ 1. samur-yā, *n.* (*RV.*) concourse, multitude; assembly, congregation; tumult of battle.

समर्थ 2. sa-maryā, *a.* (*RV.*, *rare*) attended by people, frequented (sacrifice); attended by his host (*Indra*); *-maryāda*, *a.* limited, keeping within bounds: *-m*, *ad.* decisively, exactly; *-mala*, *a.* having spots or stains, dirty, impure.

समलकृत sam-alamkṛta, *pp.* well adorned.

समलोष्टकाक्ष sama-loṣṭha-kāṣhana, *a.* regarding a lump of clay and gold as of equal value.

समल्लिकाक्ष sa-mallika-akṣha, *a.* with their white spots on their eyes (*horses*).

समलवात sam-avātāra, *m.* sacred bathing-place: *-ava-tta-dhāna*, *a.* containing the gathered remains of the sacrifice (*verset.*, *S.*).

समवर्ण sama-varna, *a.* being of equal caste; *-vartta*, *a.* being equidistant with (*an arrow-shot*, *°*); acting uniformly.

समवद्वय sam-ava-srīya, *fp.* to be let go (*Br.*); *-skanda*, *m.* breast-work, rampart; *-sthā*, *f.* similar condition; state, condition: *id. id. m.* *vayaḥ-samavasthām pratipanno smi*, I have grown so old; *-sthāna*, *n.* abiding in (*Le.*); existence, occurrence; condition, state; *-sra*, *m.* effluence; *-hāra*, *m.* (collection), quantity, abundance; mixture: *-m*, *abs.* (*with ac.*) collecting; *-hāsyā*, *fp.* to be derided: *-tām gam*, become a laughing-stock.

समवाप्तकाम sam-avāpta-kāma, *a.* having gained one's desire; *-ava-aya*, *m.* coming together, encounter, with (*g.*, *°*); meeting, assembly, crowd; collection, aggregate; contact, combination; conjunction (*of heavenly bodies*); collision; close connexion, intimate union, concomitance, inherence; course, duration (*rare*, *E.*); *in.*, *ab.* in combination: *-m* (*or* *ā*) *kri*, combine, flock together; *-avāy-in*, *a.* consisting of a combination (*of kumars*); concomitant, inherent in (*°*); *m.* puruṣa, *m.* soul combined with a body, incarnate or individual soul.

समविषम sama-vishama, *n.* pl. level and uneven ground: *le.* on level and uneven ground: *-kara*, *a.* producing what is smooth and rough (*time*); *-vīrya*, *a.* equal in strength; *-vritti*, *a.* whose conduct is uniform.

समवेतत्व sam-ava-ita-tva, *n.* inherence; *-aveta*, *artha*, *a.* full of meaning.

समशोर्षिका sama-sirṣh-ikā, *f.* equality, with (*in.*, *°*).

समस्नुव sam-asnuva, *a.* (*i.*) attaining [*fr. pr.* base of *√I. a.*].

समश्रेणि sama-shreni, *f.* straight line: *-gata*, *pp.* written in straight lines (*letters*).

समष्टि sam-ashṭi, *f.* attainment (V.); aggregate (opp. vyashṭi, individual; C.); -*tā*, *f.* aggregate state.

समसंस्थित sama-samsthita, *pp.* placed in good circumstances; -*samsthita*, *pp.* concluded on equal terms (= without loss on either side; treaty); -*samaya-vartin*, *a.* simultaneous; -*sarva-gana*, *a. pl.* equally endowed with all virtues.

समस्त sam-asta, *pp.* (√2. as) united, combined, etc.; -*dhātṛi*, *m.* Preserver of all (Vishnu); -*loka*, *m.* whole world.

समस्त sama-stha, *a.* being in flourishing circumstances; -*sthali-kṛi*, turn into level ground, make level with the ground.

समस्या sam-asyā, *f.* union, with (-°); part of a stanza given to another to be completed.

समह samu-ha, *V. ad.* [-ha = -dhā] somehow.

समहीधर sa-mahīdhara, *a.* mountainous.

समा samā, *f.* half-year (AV., rare); season, weather (Jr., S., rare); year (I., C.)

समांश samāṁśa, *m.* equal share: *in.* in equal shares; *a.* containing equal parts; obtaining an equal share; -*ka*, *a.* obtaining an equal share; -*amśin*, *a. id.* [fleshy.]

समांस sa-mānsa, *a.* combined with meat;

समाकथित sam-ā-karita-ka, *n.* gesture of listening: *in.* listening; -*karsha*, *m.* adduction; -*karshana*, *n.* drawing to oneself.

समाकार samākāra, *a.* having the same appearance as, resembling (-°).

समाकुल sam-ā-kula, *a.* filled or crowded with, full of, abounding in (*in.* -°); thrown into confusion, embarrassed, bewildered, by (-°); -*krandana*, *n.* crying, shouting; -*gīr*, *f. pl.* cries for help; -*kramaṇa*, *n.* entering, frequenting; -*khyā*, *f.* appellation, name; explanation, interpretation; -*khyāna*, *n.* naming, mentioning; narrative; appellation, name; -*gantavya*, *fp. n.* one should come together or approach; -*gama*, *m.* coming together, union; confluence; assembly; encounter or meeting with (*in.* ± *sahā*, *g.* rarely *le*, -°); -*gamana*, *n.* coming together, encountering, meeting (-), sexual union; -*ghāta*, *m.* collision; -*ghrāna*, *n.* smelling at anything

समाङ्गिक sama-āṅghri-ka, *a.* standing evenly on all four feet (*lion*).

समाचरणीय sam-ā-karaniya, *fp.* to be entered upon (*path*); -*kāra*, *m.* practice, conduct, behaviour, in (-°); custom, usage, usual method; customary presentation of (-); -*keshita*, (*gp.*) *n.* procedure, behaviour, demeanour.

समाज sam-āga, *m.* [concourse: √ag] assembly, company (*ord. mg.*); encountering, meeting with (*g.* -°); multitude, abundance.

समाज्ञा sam-ā-jñā, *f.* appellation, name; -*grāha*, *n.* recognition as (-°); -*dāna*, *n.* taking upon oneself, incurring, contracting; -*daya*, *fp.* to be received; -*dāsa*, *m.* direction, instruction; command, order; -*dhātavya*, *fp.* to be set to rights, repaired, or adjusted; -*dhāna*, *n.* adjustment, settlement; reconciliation; justification of a statement, demonstration; mental concentration, attention; deep contemplation or devotion; -*m* *kṛi*, attend; -*dhi*, *m.* putting together, joining, with (*in.*); joint (*of the neck*); union, combination; performance; adjustment, settlement; justification of a statement, proof; attention (*to, le.*), attentiveness on (-°); deep

meditation on the supreme soul, profound devotion *ord. mg.*; *N.* of various figures of speech; -*m* *kṛi*, direct one's attention, to (*le.*); -*dhī-ta*, *den. pp.* reconciled; -*dhītena*, *des. a.* (√dhā) wishing to prove.

समाधिभृत samādhi-bhrit, *a.* absorbed in devout meditation; -*mat*, *a.* attentive, devout; -*matikā*, *f. N.*; -*sthala*, *n.* A of a locality in Brahman's world.

समाधेय sam-ā-dheya, *fp.* to be adjusted or settled; - instructed or admonished; - admitted or conceded.

समान 1. samāna [fr. sama], *a.* (ī, I.; ā) identical, same; similar, equal (*in size, age, rank, meaning*), to *in.*, *g.* -°; homogeneous letter; common, combined, all (I. rarely P.); -° or -*m*, *ad.* jointly, alike, like (*in.* -°).

समान 2. sam-āna, *m.* [√an] one of the five vital airs, which has its seat in the stomach and cuticula, is essential to digestion, and produces diarrhoea etc.

समानकर्तृ samāna-kartri-ka, *a.* having the same subject (*gr.*); -*karma-ka*, *a.* having the same object; -*karmaṇa*, *a.* expressing the same action; -*karaka*, *a.* making all things equal (*time*); -*kāla*, *a.* simultaneous; of equal length or quantity (*verb*); -*grāma*, *m.* same village; -*i-ya*, *a.* belonging to the same village, (ā, *ganman*, *a.* having the same origin *Jr.*); of equal age (-°); -*ā-tas*, *ad.* uniformly (RV.); (ā, *tā*, *f.* equality, with (*g.* -°); -*tva*, *n.* equality, with (*in.*); -*dharmaṇa*, *a.* having the same qualities, similar, to (*in.*); -*prasiddhi*, *a.* having equal success; (ā, *bandhu*, *a.* (*f. id.*) having the same kin, akin; -*bala*, *a.* of equal strength; -*māna*, *a.* equally honoured with (*in.*); -*murdhan*, *a.* (nā) equal-headed; -*ruā*, *a.* agreeing in tastes; -*rūpa*, *a.* having the same colour, as (*g.* -°); having the same appearance as (-°); -*vayas* -*ka*, *a.* of the same age; -*vidya*, *a.* possessing equal knowledge; -*tā*, *f. id.* -°; -*vrata-bhṛt*, *a.* leading a similar life; -*śila*, *a.* having a similar character; -*sukha-duḥkha*, *a.* having joys and sorrows in common; -*sthāna*, *a.* being in the same place; occupying the same position in the mouth; -*akshara*, *n.* simple vowel (*short or long*); -*adhikarana*, *n.* grammatical agreement with (*a case*), *a.* involving the same case relation as (*in.* -°); relating to the same subject; -*artha*, *a.* having the same object in view; having the same meaning as (*in.* -°); -*tva*, *n.* identity of meaning; -*prayogaṇa*, *a.* having a common object and purpose.

समानिचय samā-nikaya, *a.* provisioned for a year. [honour.]

समानितम् sa-mānita, *ad.* with marks of

समानोदक samāna udaka, *a.* having only libations of water to ancestors in common, distantly related; -*bhāva*, *m.* this kind of distant relationship; -*udarya*, *a.* descended from the same mother; *m.* uterine brother; -*upamā*, *f.* simile in which the common term though identical in sound must be interpreted in two senses (*e.g.* in 'śalākā vā uṣṇānāmā śalākānāma-s-bhṛi' śalākānāma-s-salākānāma and śalākānāma).

समान samānta, *m.* end of the year; -*antara*, 1. *n.* interval of a year: *le.* within a year; 2. *santara*, *a.* having a constant difference, being the unit of measurement samāntaraṇa ka puruṣas turangas tri-samantarāṇa, man forms the unit, a horse has three units, i.e. is equal to three men.

समान्या samān-ya, *ad.* jointly, together (V.)

समापक sam-āp-aka, *a.* finishing, completing.

समापति sam-ā-patti, *f.* encountering, meeting; accident, chance (-°); attainment of, becoming (-°); -*āśrita*, *pp.* seen by chance.

समापन sam-āpana, *a.* completing; *n.* completion; dissolution (*of the body*); section, chapter; -*āp-in*, *a.* concluding, (sam-āp-ti, *f.* acquirement (*rare*); completion, conclusion, end; dissolution (*of the body*; *rare*); -*ka*, *a.* having completed his studies; concluding anything; -*āpyā*, *fp.* to be attained (V.); performed or finished (C); *n.* impo one should conclude.

समाभाषण sam-ā-bhāṣana, *n.* conversation with (-°); -*mnāṭa*, *pp.* √mnā; *n.* enumeration; -*mnāṭi*, *m.* editor of the Veda; -*mnāna*, *n.* enumeration, list; -*mnāya*, *m. id.*, literary work; edition of the Veda; sacred scripture; -*āy-in*, *a.* (fr) occurring at the same time; attainable by many at the same time (*world*); -*āy-in*, *m.* union, connexion, conjunction, contact, with (*in.* ± *sahā*, -° *ord. mg.*); equipment, preparation; -*vidhō*, conjuncture of fate; *ab.* by connexion with - by means of, owing to (-°); -*rambha*, *m.* undertaking, enterprise; enterprising spirit (*rare*); beginning, commencement (*rare*); -*rambhaṇa*, *n.* grasping, urgent (= *ambhaṇa*).

समाराध sam-ār-ādhā, *pf. pt.* *s. ri.*

समाराधन sam-ār-ādhana, *n.* gratification, propitiation, means of propitiating anyone (*g.* -°); -*rurakshu*, *des. a.* wishing to ascend to (-°); -*ropa*, *m.* placing in (*le.*); stringing (*a bow*), transference to (*le.*), attribution; -*ropana*, *n.* transference; stringing (*of a bow*); -*rōhana*, *m.* ascent, to (*g.* *Br*; *n.* C.) ascending to (-°), growth (*of hair*).

समार्थक sama artha ka, *a.* having the same sense [ness]

समार्द्ध sa-mārdha, *a.* together with soft-

समाक्षय sam-ā-lakshya, *fp.* visible, perceptible; -*lambha*, *m.* slaughter, offence; *a.* smitten with, -*lambhana*, *n.* touching (*in a*), offence; -*śāpa*, *m.* conversation, with (*sahā*); also anyo-nyas; -*śāngana*, *n.* embrace; -*loka*, *m.* beholding -*na*, *n. id.*; contemplation, inspection; -*lokin*, *a.* having looked into or studied (-), -*lokin*, *a. id.*

समावज्जामी samāvaj-jāmi, *a.* uniform (*Jr.*)

समावत् samā-vat, *a.* (V.) similar, equally great or much; *samāvād*, -*virya*, *a.* equally strong (V.)

समावर्तन sam-ā-vartana, *n.* return home (*of a pupil after the completion of his religious studies*); -*vaha*, *n.* bringing, producing (-°); -*ā vaya*, *m.* net for fish; -*vaya*, -*vāsa*, *m.* abode, habitation; -*avrtti*, *f.* -*āvar* tana; -*avsa*, *m.* entering, absorption in (-°); simultaneous occurrence, co-existence (*ord. mg.*); agreement with (-°); -*araya*, *m.* communion with (-°); shelter, refuge, asylum (*ord. mg.*); dwelling place, habitation; relation, reference (*rare*); resorting to (-°) *ab.* in consequence of, owing to, *a.* (-°) dwelling or situated in, relating to, -*arayaṇa*, *n.* resorting or attaching oneself to (-°); -*arayaṇiya*, *fp.* to be sought refuge with; taken service with, *m.* master opp. samas-rita, servant; -*arayaṇi*, *a.* occupying, obtaining possession of (-°); -*arita*, *pp.* √ari; *m.* servant; -*tva*, *n.* having taken oneself to the protection of, -°; -*śleṣha*, *m.* em-

brace; -*rvāsa*, *m.* recovery of breath, relief, encouragement; consolation; -*rvāsana*, *n.* encouraging, comforting; consolation; -*rvāsa-ya*, *fp.* to be consoled.

समास sam-āsa, *m.* [putting together: √2. *as*] combination, union (*Br. S.*; connotation, succinct statement; compound (*gr.*): *in.* fully, thoroughly (*ascertain*); *in.*, *ab.*, -*tas*, concisely, succinctly, briefly; -*ā-sakti*, *f.* attachment to (*le*): *in.* with devotion; -*ā-saṅga*, *m.* transference (*of business*) to (*le.*); -*ā-satti*, *f.* nearness, vicinity.

समासम samāsa-m, *a. du.* equal and unequal (*also of rank*).

समासांत samāsa-anta, *m.* suffix attached to the end of a compound (*gr.*).

समासाथ sam-āsa-ardha, *a.* together with half a month.

समासक samāsa-ukta, *pp.* concisely expressed; contained in a compound: -*ukti*, *f.* concise mode of expression (*a figure of speech in which the procedure of something else is attributed to the object in question owing to parallelism in action, gender, or attributes, e.g. 'how can a wise man think of women till he has accomplished his ambition? the sun does not court the evening glow till he has traversed the whole world'*).

समाह sam-ā-hara, *a.* destroying (-°); -*hartri*, *m.* collector (*an official*); -*hāra*, *m.* aggregation, summing up; sum; collection, assemblage; withdrawal (*of the senses from the world*); -*ā-hita*, *pp.* (√*dhū*). -*mati*, *a.* (having an attribute (mind); -*hit-ikā*, *f. N.*; -*hva*, *a.* having the same name as (-°); -*bhava*, *m.* challenge; conflict, betting on animal combats; appellation, name: -*bhātri*, *m.* challenger to (*d.*); -*bhāna*, *n.* calling upon, -together; challenge (*to fight or play*).

समित samu-t, *f.* [coming together: √*i*] conflict, fight.

समित sam-mita, *pp.* commensurate, equal to (*in.*, -°); measured: -*m*, *ad.* always.

समिति sam-iti, *f. V., C.* coming together, meeting; council, assembly; *V.*: plot, league; *C.*: conflict, battle; combination (*rare*). -*sa-gya*, *a.* victorious in battle.

समिध sam-ithā, *n.* encounter, conflict (*RV.*).

समिद्धव्रक्ष samid-ithāva-raskana, *a.* cleaving firewood of various kinds.

समिद्ध sam-iddha, *pp.* √*idh*: -*agni*, *a.* whose fire is kindled (*RV.*); -*artha-ka*, *m. N.*

समिद्ध samid-vat, *a.* furnished with fuel (*fir*, *C.*); containing the word samidh (*V.*)

समिध sam-ith, *a.* flaming (*RV.*); *f.* log, fuel (*ord. mg.*; *V. C.*); flame (*V.*) *d. -e*, *V. in.* to be kindled; -*idha*, *a. d. = idh*, fuel; -*indhana*, *n.* kindling; fuel.

समीक्ष sam-ikṣā, *n.* [*fr. wk. base of sam-yañk*] encounter, conflict, fight (*V., C.*); *m. N.* of a *Rishi* (*E.*).

समीकरण samī-karaṇa, *n.* levelling; assimilation; putting on a level with (*in.*); equalising, setting to rights; -*kri*, level; rise to the ground; equalize; place on an equality with, declare to be equal to (*in.*); adjust, settle; -*kṛti*, *f.* weighing.

समीक्षा sam-ikṣā, *f.* perceiving, beholding; desire to see; glance; opinion (regarding, *prati*); deep insight; -*ikṣatavya*, *fp.* to be found out; -*ikṣhya*, *fp. id.*; *n.* Sāṅkhya system of philosophy.

समीचीन sam-ik-inā, *a.* [*fr. weak base of*

sam-yañk] turned together (*i. e.* towards a centre), united, complete (*V.*); correct, right, fit, proper (*C.*).

समीप sam-īp-a, *a.* [attainable: √*āp*] near (*also of time*), at hand, neighbouring, adjacent; *n.* vicinity, proximity, presence; imminence: -*m*, to (*g.*, -° with *rise of motion*); *ab.* from (*g.*, -°); -*tas*, *ad.* near at hand; near, at, in the presence of (*g.*, -°); *le.* close at hand; near, beside, at, before, in the presence of (*g.*, -°); to (*g.*, -° with *vbs. of motion*); °, near at hand: -*ga*, *a.* accompanying, close at hand, standing beside (*g.*, -°); -*gamana*, *n.* approaching (*g.*); -*ga*, *a.* growing near (*g.*); coming near or into the presence of (-°); -*tara-varita*, *a.* being nearer at hand; -*tā*, *f.* proximity; -*tva*, *n. id.*; -*desa*, *m.* place hard by, neighbourhood; -*bhayana*, *n.* leading to (*g.*); -*varita*, *a.* being near (*g.*); -*etha*, *a. id.* (*g.*, -°), adjacent; imminent (*death*); -*athana*, *n.* nearness, proximity.

समीय samī-ya, *den.* (*fr. sama*) *Ā.* be treated or accounted as equal by (*in.*).

समीर sam-ira, *m.* wind (*also in the body*); -*irana*, *a.* setting in motion; stimulating; *m.* wind; god of wind; -*ira-lakṣman*, *n.* (token of wind), dust; -*ihā*, *f.* desire, longing, striving after (-°); -*ihita*, *pp.* √*ih*; *n.* desire, wish. [watering.

समुष्ण sam-ukṣama, *n.* besprinkling,

समुच्चय sam-uk-kaya, *m.* (heaping up together), mass, multitude; totality, aggregate; conjunctive sense (*of ka*; *opp. vikāpa*, disjunctive sense of *vā*): -*upamā*, *f.* simile with a 'not only, but also': -*kāraṇa*, *n.* simultaneous utterance; -*ilishā*, *f.* [√*li*] desire to collect or summarise; -*kiti-kṛi*, unite; -*ketavya*, *fp.* to be taken together (*the one as well as the other*); -*keya*, *fp. id.*; -*kṣeda*, *m.* -*na*, *n.* destruction, extermination; -*kṣāra*, *a.* growing up (*living beings*); *n.* erection, elevation (*rare*); height, length; eminence, mountain (*rare*); rise, exaltation, high position; augmentation, stimulation; -*kṣvas-ita*, *pp.* √*kṣas*; *n.* taking breath; -*au-gvala*, *a.* shining, radiant, splendid (*on, in, with*, -°).

समुत्का sam-ut-ka, *a.* longing for (-°); -*kaṇ-akṣita*, *pp.* with bristling hair, thrilled; -*kaṇ-ṭhā*, *f.* longing for (-°); -*karṣa*, *m.* laying aside (*of a quill*); higher rank, exalted position, pre-eminence, excellence; -*kskepa*, *m.* throwing out a hint, allusion to *d.*; -*tāra*, *m.* getting over, deliverance from (-°); -*tūṅga*, *a.* lofty; -*tejana*, *n.* inciting, instigating; -*tha*, *a.* arising, sprung, produced, or derived from (*ab.*, *only* -° *or* *a word in the abh. st. le. sense*); appearing in (-°); -*thāna*, *n.* rising, getting up; hoisting (*of a flag*); augmentation (*of property, g.*), swelling (*of the stomach, g.*); undertaking, occupation, activity; healing; -*sambhāya* or *ekibhāya* -, common enterprise, partnership; -° *a.* arising or produced from; -*patana*, *n.* flying up together; -*pati*, *f.* origin, production; -*panna*, *pp.* produced, arisen; -*pāda*, *m.* production; -*pādya*, *fp.* to be produced or caused; -*piṣya*, *m.* confusion, disorder; -*picana*, *n.* pressing, squeezing; -*phulla*, *pp.* opened wide (*eyes*); -*sarga*, *m.* discharge (*of urine etc.*); emission (*of semen*); -*m-kri*, have sexual intercourse with (*le*); -*sāra-ka*, *a.* dispersing, driving away; -*sāraṇa*, *n. id.*; dispelling, removing; -*sāha*, *m.* enorgy; -*tā*, *f.* alacrity in (*le.*); -*suka*, *a.* agitated, uneasy, anxious; longing for (-°), eager to (*inf.*; *ord. mg.*); -*tā*, *f.* desire, longing, -*tva*, *n.* agitation; yearning emotion; -*suka-ya*, *den.* *P.* fill with yearning; -*sedha*, *m.* height.

समुद् sa-mud, *a.* rejoicing.

समुद्र sam-ud-anta, *a.* rising above the edge, about to overflow (*V.*); -*aya*, *m.* union, junction (*of forces*); combination, aggregate; income, revenue (*rare*); success (*rare*): -*m-kri*, collect or assemble (*an army*); -*āhāra*, *m.* presentation, offering, of (-°); good or courteous behaviour; intercourse with (*in.*); address; -*āya*, *m.* combination, collection, aggregate, whole; genus (*elephant*); -*āyina*, *a.* combining, forming an aggregate; -*itama-kha*, *a.* with one voice, all at once; -*ga*, *m.* round casket; kind of artificial stanza (*in which the two halves are identical in sound but different in meaning, e.g. Kīrātār-guniya XV, 16*); -*ka*, *n.* round casket, -*gama*, *m.* rise (*of the sun*), rising (*of dust of the bread*); -*danila*, *a.* uplifted (*arm*); -*deva*, *m.* exposition, doctrine, locality, place; -*dhata*, *pp.* √*han*: -*lāghāla*, *a.* cocking his tail; -*dharaṇa*, *n.* upraising, extraction, removal; -*dhārtri*, *m.* deliverer from (*the ocean, danger, ab.*); extirpator; -*dhāra*, *m.* extraction; rescue; removal, destruction; -*bandhana*, *n.* hanging up; -*ātmanā* -, hanging oneself; -*bodhana*, *n.* resuscitation; -*bhava*, *m.* production, origin; appearance: -° *a.* arising or produced from, being the source of; -*bhāsana*, *n.* illuminating; -*bhe-da*, *m.* development; source; -*yama*, *m.* lifting up; exertion, effort, labour, setting about (*d. le.*, -°); -*yamin*, *a.* exerting oneself, strenuous; -*yoga*, *m.* employment, use (*rare*), preparation, equipment; energy; concurrence (*of causes*).

समुद्र 1. sam-udrā, *m.* collection of waters: celestial waters (*V.*); sea, ocean (*V., C.*); seven, three, but *only four oceans are spoken of*: large Soma vat (*V.*).

समुद्र 2. sa-mudra, *a.* sealed.

समुद्रकाल samudra-kalloha, *m.* (ocean-wave) *N.* of an elephant; -*ga*, *a.* going or flowing to the sea; -*ā*, *f.* river; -*ga*, *a.* produced or found in the sea; (ā)-*gyeṣāhā*, *a.* having the ocean as their chief (*waters, RV.*); -*tira*, *n.* sea-shore; -*datṭa*, *m. N.*; -*nemi*, *a.* (*f. id.*) sea-girt (*earth*); *f.* earth; -*patni*, *f.* spouse of the sea, river; -*paryanta*, *a.* sea-bound (*earth*); -*phena*, *m.* (foam of the sea), bones of the cuttle-fish (*so light that they float*); -*mathana*, *n.* churning of the ocean; -*yātrā*, *f.* -*yāna*, *n.* sea-voyage; -*yāyin*, *m.* seafarer; -*yashit*, *f.* (wife of the sea), river; -*rasana*, *a.* sea-girt (*earth*); -*varman*, *m. N.* of a prince; -*vallabhā*, *f.* (mistress of the sea), river; -*vasana*, *a.* sea-clad, sea-girt (*earth*); (ā)-*vāsana*, *a.* (clad =) lurking in the (heavenly) waters (*Agni, RV. 2*); -*velā*, *f.* flood-tide; -*vyavahārin*, *a.* trading by sea; -*ukti*, *f.* sea-shell; -*vāra*, *m. N.* of a merchant; -*sena*, *m. N.*; -*anta*, *m.* sea-shore; *a.* reaching to the sea (*earth*); -*abhisārin*, *f.* girl running after the god of the sea; -*ambārā*, *f.* (sea-clad), earth.

समुद्राय samudrā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* resemble the sea.

समुद्रायस samudra-ayana, *a.* flowing into the sea (*rivers*); -*artha*, *a.* having the sea as their goal (*waters, RV.*); -*āvāraṇa*, *a.* sea-clad (*earth*).

समुद्रिय samudr-īya, *a.* belonging to or flowing into the sea (*V.*).

समुद्रिक sam-udreka, *m.* predominance; -*unnati*, *f.* rising (*of the breast*); height; exaltation, high position, eminence; increase; elevation (*of mind*): -*ittam samunnatim amate*, the soul feels elevated; -*unnaya*, *fp.* to be inferred or concluded; -*unnukhi-*

kri, lift up; -**unmōlana**, *n.* eradication, complete destruction.

समुपगन्तव्य sam-upa-gantavya, *n.* *imps.* one should betake oneself: **na kāsya vīrvāse** -*m.* one should put no trust in him; -**upa-gāta-kopa**, *n.* moved to anger, provoked; -**upavasa**, *m.* -**na**, *n.* seat; -**upastambha**, *m.* supporting; -**upārjana**, *n.* attainment, acquisition; -**uparasa**, *des. a.* desiring to attain, striving after (*ac.*).

समुल्लासि sam-ullāsin, *a.* radiant.

समूह sām-ūha, **ह** *lha*, *pp.* √ūh.

समूह sām-ūha, *a V. C.* provided with roots; overgrown, grassy, green; together with the root; *C.* root and branch, entirely: ° or -*m.* *ad.* -**kāsham**, *abs. w.* √kash, exterminate root and branch; -**ghātam**, *abs. w.* √han, *id.*

समूह sām-ūha, *m. V.* accumulation; *C.* assemblage, mass, multitude, collection, aggregate (*ord. mg.*); corporation (*rare*); sum, essence (*rare*); -**ūhāna**, *a.* sweeping together, heaping up (*dukt*, °); -**ūhin**, *a.* forming an aggregate.

समुत् sam-ūta, *pp.* √ri; (**sām**)-*ri*, *f.* (*RT*). meeting; conflict; (-**sām**)-*ri*, *f.* (*RT*). rich, affluent, flourishing, etc.; (**sām**)-*ri*, *f.* increase, thriving, prosperity, success; excellence; abundance, plenty, profusion; affluence, wealth (*also pl.*); ° *a.* increased by; -**kārasa**, *n.* means of procuring prosperity; -**mat**, *a.* perfectly successful, -**samaya**, *m.* season of prosperity; -**ri, *f.* perfect (*RT*).**

समेत sam-ā ita, *pp.* (√i) come together etc.

समेत sam-ēdhrī, *m.* kindler (*RT*).

समेध sām-medha, *a.* vigorous (*V*).

समोक्त sām-okas, *a.* (*V*) dwelling together, closely united, with (*in.*); provided with, possessed of (*in.*).

संपक्व sam-pakva, *a.* boiled soft; ripe; fully matured; -**patti**, *f.* concord (*S.*, *rare*); turning out well, success, accomplishment; attainment, acquisition; turning into, becoming (*rare*); existence (*rare*); good condition, excellence; abundance, affluence; lucky event; prosperity, fortune (*sg.*, *pl.*); *in.* at random; -**ka**, *a.* °, excellence; -**pād**, *f. V.* agreement, bargain (*rare*); full number, total, *C.* success, accomplishment, fulfilment; attainment, acquisition; turning into, becoming (*rare*); existence (*rare*); *a.* possessing; right condition; excellence, perfection, beauty; abundance, plenty, high degree or excess of; (what beholds), fate (*rare*); good fortune, prosperity, wealth, property (*sg.*, *pl.*); -**panna-kshira**, *a.* f. giving good milk. (*a*)-**tanā**, *sg.* f. giving very good milk; -**panna-tara**, *sg.* very palatable; -**panna-tā**, *f.* possession of (°); -**panna-danta**, *a.* possessing teeth; -**parāya**, *m.* death (*rare*); conflict, battle; -**parigraha**, *m.* gracious reception of (*g.*); property; -**parka**, *m.* mixture, union, contact, association of, °, with, *in.* ± *saha*, *g.*, °; sexual intercourse with (°); -**pāta**, *m. C.* flight, swift descent, fall, into (*le.*); *a.* particular mode of flight; collision, concussion, encounter, with (*saha*); confidence; point of contact (*rare*); entrance, appearance, occurrence; *V.* remnant of fluid (*in a vessel*), residue of an offering, hymns contiguous in the Samhita and ritual (*also śukta*, *n.*); -**pāti**, *m. N.* of a fabulous bird, son of Aruna or Garuda and elder brother of Gatayu; -**pātin**, *a.* flying to-

gether; flying with = equally swift; falling down (*flowers*); -**pāda-ka**, *a.* procuring, bestowing; producing, causing; -**pādāna**, *a.* (i) procuring, bestowing; carrying out, executing; *m.* procurement, acquirement; accomplishment, fulfilment, execution, performance, production; clearing, putting in order (*a house or site*); -**pādāniya**, *fp.* to be procured; - carried out, brought about, or accomplished; appraised; -**pādāyitrī**, *m. tri*, *f.* procurer; producer, accomplisher; -**pādita-tva**, *n.* accomplishment or fulfilment by (°); -**pādīn**, *a.* conceding with, suitable for *in.*; - procuring; accomplishing; -**pādya**, *fp.* to be brought about, effected, or accomplished; -*tva*, *n.* accomplishment; -**pārīn**, *a.* putting across (of a vessel, *tr.*); -**pīpādāyishā**, *f.* desire to accomplish, wish to prove right; -**pī**, *m.* pressure; *ā*, *i* pain, torment; -**pūṇya**, *m.* multitude; -**pūṇa**, *m.* hemispherical bowl and anything shaped like it; round casket for jewellery etc.; hemisphere (*rare*); credit, balance; *o* likh, write down *ac.* to the credit of *g.*; -**putikā**, *f.* jewel casket, treasury of aphorisms and tales; -**pushi**, *f.* perfect prosperity; -**pūṇana**, *n.* -**pūṇa**, *f.* honouring, reverence; -**pūya**, *fp.* to be honoured; -**pūra**, *pp.* √*pr* filled etc.; -**kālina**, *a.* occurring in the fullness of (= at the right) time (*birth*); -**kumbha**, *m.* full pot; -**pūra-tā**, *f.* completeness, completion; full measure; -**yukta**, *pp.* having abundance; -**pūrasanga**, *a.* (i) having its parts complete, entire; -**puti**, *f.* fulfilment, completion; -**pūra**, *a.* preceded by compounded with *pūrva*; -**prāta-tva**, *n.* union

संप्राशन sam-pra-kāśana, *n.* disclosure, manifestation; -**kāya**, *fp.* to be disclosed or manifested; -**kshālana**, *n.* (washing away = destruction of the world by flood; -**ashata**, *pp.* √*nas*) vanished etc.; -**netri**, *m.* leader of an army; wielder of the rod (*daṇḍasva*), infliker of punishment; main tainer of (*g.*); -**tāpana**, *n.* heating, a hell

संप्रति sam-prati, *ad. V.* exactly opposite close in front of (*ac.*, *rare*); exactly, right at the right time, just *also very rarely in C.*, *C.* just now, at this moment, at present, now *ac. impf* = at once.

संप्रतिपत्ति sam-prati-patti, *f.* attainment, requirement; correct conception, understanding; agreement, with (°); admission confession; -**pādāna**, *n.* bestowal; -**rodhaka**, *m.* suppression of robbers etc.; -**shā**, *f.* permanence, continuance *opp.* beginning or end; -**sava**, *m.* admission *r r* -*prasa*

संप्रतीक्ष sam-pratiksha, *a.* expecting (°); -**pratikshya**, *fp.* to be expected; -**pratiti**, *f.* fame; -**pratyaya**, *m.* agreement in yatha pratyayan; confidence, belief, conviction, attainment of a correct notion, true conception of the meaning; -**prathā**, *prob. used for su-prathā*

संप्रदातव्य sam-pra-dātavya, *fp.* to be given; - imparted or taught; -**dātri**, *m.* giver, of ferer; -**dāna**, *n.* giving, presenting, bestowing; giving up; imparting, teaching, granting; giving in marriage; gift, donation, person to whom anything is given = for whom anything is done, notion of the dative case; -**dāniya**, *fp.* to be given or presented; -**dāya**, *m.* bestower (*very rare*); oral tradition regarding; -**dharana**, *n.* *ā*, *f.* deliberation; -**dharīya**, *fp.* to be weighed or considered; -**pada**, *n. pl.* standing on tip-toe; -**māpāna**, *n.* killing; -**ya**, *g.* clasped by (°); -**yoga**, *m.* fastening, clasp of a jewel, union, connexion, association, contact, with (*in.* ±

saha, °; *ord. mg.*); conjugal or sexual union, with (°); conjunction of the moon with *asterisms*; employment, exercise, practice (*rare*); -**lāpa**, *m.* chatter; -**varata**, *a.* sitting in motion, furthering; producing; *m.* creator (Siva); -**varitana**, *n.* moving or riding about; -**vāha**, *m.* stream, continuity; -**vritta**, *pp.* having taken place, past; -**vritti**, *f.* appearance, occurrence; -**vridhī**, *f.* growth, prosperity; -**vasa**, *m.* entrance, into *le.*)

संप्रश्न sam-prashna, *m.* interrogation, question; enquiry regarding (°).

संप्रसूति sam-pra-sutti, *f.* soul during deep sleep; -**sava**, *m.* admission; -*prati-sava*, -**sāda**, *m.* mental repose during deep sleep (*tr.*, *rare*); grace, favour (*C.*); soul during deep sleep (*V. C.*); -**sādhyā**, *fp.* to be managed or regulated; -**sāra**, *m.* drawing number (*rare*), change of semi vowel followed bow to the corresponding vowel (the *a* being dropped, *op.* *as* *in* *ad* to *ad*); -**haraha**, *m.* joy; -**hara**, *m.* conflict, fight, with (*in* + *saha*, °), blow, thrust *rare*; gat *rare*; -**hrish/s-tanūruha**, *a.* having the hair bristling, thrilled with joy.

संप्राप्तव्य sam-prāptavya, *fp.* to be obtained; -**prāpti**, *f.* arrival, at (°), *E.* attainment, acquisition, of (*g.*).

संप्रिय sam-priya, *a.* mutually dear, being on good terms with (*in*); *V.* *n.* satisfaction (*F.*, *rare*); -**priti**, *f.* joy, delight, *in le.* °), good will, friendship with, for, *in* + *saha*, love for *g. le.* °); -**prashana**, *n.* sending, despatch *etc. pl.*, dismission; -**praishta**, *m.* summons, direction to an offending priest (*V.*); -**plava**, *m.* flowing together of waters, flood, deluge, swell, surge of the sea, a dense mass, multitude, shower, tumult of battle, submersion, run, -**phulla**, *pp.* expanded, blooming; -**pho**, *m.* submersion

संबद्ध sam-buddha, *ad.* moreover, in addition; -**bandha**, *m.* collection (*rare*); connexion, relation with, to, *in* ± *saha*, °); connexion by marriage, matrimonial alliance, relationship, friendship, intimacy with, *in* + *saha*, *le.* °), kinsman, friend, ally, often *incore* for sambuddha -**ka**, *a.* relationship etc.; had *reading* for -*ya*; -**bandhina**, *a.* connected, with, relating or belonging to *g.*, °), united with, possessing (°), *rare*); related, connected by marriage; *m.* relation, connexion; -**tā**, *f.* belonging, connexion with, relation to *in.* °), relationship, connexion by marriage; -**tva**, *n.* connexion with, relation to *in.* °); -**bādha**, *m. C.* throng, crowd, contracted space, pressure, distress, affliction of, *le.* *C.* narrow, contracted, crammed with *in.* °), crowded, thronged or huddled up with, abounding in, full of; -**buddhi**, *f.* falling to any one, ending of the vocative singular; -**bodha**, *m.* knowledge, understanding; -**bodhana**, *a.* awakening (*rare*); *n.* perceiving, noticing, recognizing, reminding; calling to any one; ending of the vocative singular; -**bodhya**, *fp.* to be enlightened or instructed

संभक्त sam-bhakti, *m.* distribution; -**bhakti**, *m.* distributor, bestower

संभवा sam-bhava (*V* S, *sām*-*SB*), *m.* (being together; sexual union, cohabitation (*S.*, *rare*), hiding room *in.* being contained in (*le.*, *C.*, *rare*, *V.*, *C.*); production, birth, origin, source (*ord. mg.*); *C.* cause, occasion; occurrence, appearance; existence (*also V*); possibility, of (*inf.*); *a. C.* originating *in.* arising or produced from or in, made of, grown in; caused or occasioned by; occurring, or appearing in; rendered possible by;

-bhavana, *n.* containing; arising, coming into being; **-bhavin**, *a.* possible; **-bhānīya**, *den. P.* collect provisions; **-bhāra**, *m. C.* bringing together, collecting; preparation, for (-); goods and chattels, wealth, property; multitude, quantity, heap; high degree, excess (of anger, love, etc.); *incorr. for sam-khāra*; *V., C.* *sq. pl.* apparatus, material, requisites; **-bhāvana**, *a.* having a high opinion of (-), rare; *n.* meeting any one (*g.*, rare); **-ā, f.** assembling of (-), rare; procuring of (-), rare; showing of honour or respect; esteem, regard, - for, high opinion of (-); supposition, assumption; **-bhāvanīya**, *fp.* to be honoured with the presence of (*g.*); to be supposed, probable; **-bhāvanā yugāhita**, *pp.* (rejected as an assumption), not taken for granted, doubted; **-bhāvayitavya**, *fp.* to be honoured, - supposed or assumed, probable; **-bhāvayitri**, *m.* bestower of honour; **-bhāvīta**, *cs. pp.* **-bhū**; *n.* supposition; **-bhāvin**, *a.* faithfully adhering to any one; **-bhāvya**, *fp.* to be honoured; - regarded as (*um.*); assumed or expected, probable (*ord. mg.*); assumed by (-); suitable (*rare*); capable of (*lc.* of *vhl.* *n.*, *prob. incorrect*); **-bhāsha**, *m.* discourse, conversation with (*in. ± sāha, g.* -); **-ā, f. id.**; engagement, contract (*conj.*); **-bhāshana**, *n.* conversation with (*in. g.* -); **-bhāshin**, *a.* clever in talk; **-bhāshita**, (*pp.*) *n.* discourse, concerning (-); **-bhāshin**, *a.* conversing; **-bhāshya**, *fp.* to be conversed with by (*g.*); - addressed; **-bhū**, *a.* produced from, made of (-); **-bhūti**, *f.* production; growth, invigoration (*Br., S., rare*); (*sām-*) **-bhūta**, *pp.* **-bhū**; *n.* preparation; **-ri**, *a.* having one's loveliness heightened, splendid (*V., C.*); **-sneha**, *a.* full of love for (*lc.*); **-bhātri**, *f.* preparation; **-bheda**, *m.* sowing of dissension (*C.*); intermingling (*V.*); confusion (*V., C.*); mixture, combination, union (*C.*); **-vat**, *a.* come into contact with (*sādhām*); **-bhedyā**, *fp.* to be pierced; **-bhoktri**, *m.* enjoyer; **-bhoga**, *m. V., C.* enjoyment, of (-); *C.* sexual enjoyment or union, with (-); **-bhogin**, *a.* enjoying one another or enjoying themselves together (*Br., S.*); - (*C.*), being in the enjoyment of, possessing; **-bhogyā**, *fp.* to be enjoyed; **-tā, f.** enjoyment, use; **-bhogana**, *n.* common meal; **-i, f. id.**; **-bhārama**, *m.* confusion, agitation (in consequence of, -), flurry, haste, zeal (*ord. mg.*); deference, respect; error, delusion (*rare*); grace, beauty (*r. r. vi-līhrana*); -^o *a.* producing the illusive appearance of; **-bhrānta**, *pp.* (*√bhrām*) bewildered etc.

समत sam-mata, *pp.* *√man*; *n.* opinion; *in.*, *lc.* according to the view of (*g.*); *lc.* with the consent of (*g.*); **-mati**, *f.* opinion, view (*rare*); concurrence, approval; reverence, respect; *in.* with the assent of (*g.*); **-matia**, *pp.* intoxicated; **-mada**, *m.* joy, delight, at (-); **-māya**, *a.* (i) full of joy; (*sām-*) **-manas**, *a.* unanious (*V.*); **-marda**, *m.* friction; impact; concourse, throng; trampling; encountering (-); conflict, with (-); **-mardana**, *m. N.* of a fitry; **-mātrana**, *n.* (*V.*) stroking; **-mā, f.** symmetry, equality in number; **-mātri** (*AV.* also *sām-*), *a.* having the same mother (*V.*); **-māna**, *m. (n.)* respect, honour (also *pl.*); often incorrectly spell *san-*; **-mānana**, *n.* honouring, showing respect to; **-ā, f. id.**; **-mānita-vimānita**, *pp.* first honoured and then disgraced; **-mānin**, *a.* having a sense of honour; **-mārga**, *m.* wiping, cleansing; whisk of grass for tying faggots (*S.*); **-mārgaka**, *a.* sweeping, cleansing; *m.* sweeper; **-mārgana**, *n.* wiping, cleansing, sweeping; **-i, f.** broom; (*sām-*) **-mita**, *pp.* (*√mā*) commensurate, conformable etc.; *m. N.* of a mythical being; *n.* distance; **-tva**, *n.* complete parallelism (*rā.*);

-mīra, *a.* commingled, intermixed, joined, or provided with (*in.*, -); **-mīrana**, *n.* intermingling; (*sām-*) **-mīla**, *a.* mixing, united with (*in.*, *lc.*; *RV.*); **-mīlana**, *n.* closing (of the eyes); cessation of activity.

समुक्ष sam-mukhā, *a.* (i, *sts.* ā) confronting, facing (*g.*, -); favourable, to any one (*g.*), propitious (*fortune*); intent on (*lc.*, -); **-mā, a. (come etc.) towards; (*draw*) to (oneself, ātmanah); (*look*) into one's face; face to face; opposite, in the presence of (*g.*); *lc.* opposite, before, in front or the presence of (*g.*); *v.* **-bhū**, oppose any one (*g.*); *v.* **-sthā**, look any one (*g.*) in the face; -, towards; into one's face; **-mukhi-kri**, place opposite, make one's aim; **-mukhina**, *a.* confronting, facing, opposite; favourable to (*g.*); **-tva**, *n.* condition of facing; presence; **-mukhi-bhū**, post oneself opposite; **-mugdham**, (*pp.*) *a.* clandestinely; **-mūdhā**, *pp.* *√muh*; **-tā, f.**, **-tva**, *n.* dazed condition; **-mūrkhana**, *n.* concealment, densification, accumulation; **-melana**, *n.* meeting together, mixture, union; **-mohā**, *m.* stupefaction, swoon; infatuation, delusion; **-mohana**, *a.* (i) deluding, infatuating; *m. N.* of one of the arrows of the god of love; *n.* leading astray, deluding, infatuating; *a* certain mythical missile.**

सम्यक् samyāk, *ad.* (*n.* of *samyak*), *RV.*, *E.* in one direction, together; *C.* rightly, correctly, truly, duly, properly (*sts. pred. instead of a*); entirely, completely (*rare*; with *na*, not at all); - *kri*, make true (*a promise*); **-sthā**, associate with (*lc.*); **-tā, f.** rightness, correct manner; **-tva**, *n. id.*; perfection; **-pālana**, *n.* due protection; **-prayoga**, *m.* correct employment; *in.*, *ab.* by the employment of proper means; **-samkalpa**, *m.* correct will; **-sambodha**, *m.* complete enlightenment (*of Buddha*).

सम्यग्वचोय samyag-avabodha, *m.* correct understanding; **-grāma**, *m.* true virtue; **-goptri**, *m.* true protector; **-gāna**, *n.* correct or true knowledge; **-darsana**, *n.* true insight; **-sampanna**, *pp.* possessed of true insight; 2. *a. id.*; **-darsin**, *a. id.*; **-vānta**, *pp.* having thoroughly vomited (*leech*); **-vi-ayin**, *a.* completely victorious; **-vritta**, *pp.* behaving kindly towards (*lc.*); **-ā-mati**, *f.* correct opinion.

सम्यक् sam-y-ānāk, *V. a.* (weak base *sam-āk*; *f. id.* *AV.* also *-ānāk*) turned together or in one direction, combined, united, entire, all; turned towards or facing one another.

सम्राज sam-rāj, *m. (n. f.)* universal or supreme ruler (Varuna, the Ādityas, and Indra, *V.*); paramount lord or sovereign (*V., C.*); **-rājñi**, *f.* sovereign mistress (*V.*).

सयत्न sa-yatna, *a.* exerting oneself, active; endeavouring to (*inf.*); **-yāvaka**, *a.* dyed with lac; **-yāvan**, *a.* (x-i) going together, with (*m.*), accompanying (*RV.*); **-yāg**, *a.* united (*V.*); *m.* communion (*V.*); (*sā-*) **-yūth-ya**, *a.* belonging to the same herd (*V.*); **-yoga**, *a.* possessed of Yoga; (*sa-*) **-yoni**, *f.* a having a common origin, with (*n.*); **-tā, f.** identity of origin etc. (*Br.*); **-tvā**, *n. id.* (*V.*); **-yauvana**, *a.* youthful.

सर sar-ā, *a.* fluid (*V.*); -^o (i), going, running, flowing (*C.*); *m.* string, cord (*C.*); **-ka**, *m.* a drinking cup, goblet; spirituous liquor; drinking of spirits.

सरघ सागृह, *m. or f.* bee (*Br. very rare*).

सरघा sarighā, *f. id.* (*V., C.*).

सरद sarat (or *h?*), *m. or f.* bee (*V.*).

सरट sarata, *m.* lizard, chameleon.

सरण sar-ana, *a.* running; *n. id.*; locomotion; following; **-giva**, *a.* living by running.

सरणि sar-ani, *f.* (also *i*) way, path.

सरण्य suran-yā, *den. P.* hasten (*RV., rare*).

सरयु sarayū, *a.* hastening, nimble; **-ā, f.** *N.* of a daughter of Tvashtri, mother of Yama and Yamī and of the Āsins (*RV.*).

सरधर sa-rātham, *V. ad.* on the same car with (*in.*); together with (*in.*); **-randhra**, *a.* having apertures, perforated; **-rabhasa**, *a.* impetuous, violent; **-or-m, ad.** impetuously, hurriedly, suddenly, immediately.

सरमा sarā-mā, *f.* [*perh.* swift runner; *√sri*] bitch of Indra or the gods, who discovers the hiding-place of the stolen herd (*V., E., P.*); **-ātmaja**, **-putra**, **-suta**, *m.* son of Sarāmā, dog.

सरयु sarā-yu, *f.* [swift flower; *√sri*] *N.* of a river (in Oudh), in *C. guly. ā.*

सरल sara-lā, *a.* [running on; *√sri*] straight, outstretched (*huruf*); right, correct; upright, honest, sincere, artless, real (*not seeming, rare*); *m.* a kind of pine (*Pinus longifolia*); **-tā, f.** simplicity; honesty; **-tva**, *n.* straightness; **-syanda**, *m.* exudation of the Sarala, resin.

सरल्य sarala-ya, *den. P.* make straight *pp. ita*.

सरस sar-as, *u.* [flowing; *√sri*] trough, pool (*RV.*), pool, lake (*V., C.*).

सरस sa-rasat, *a. V., C.* containing sap, juicy, potent (*C.*); moist; fresh, new, recent; tasty; tasteful; sprightly, charming; full of love, impassioned; **-m, ad.** with rapture; **-tā, f.** juiciness; **-tva**, *n. id.*; tastefulness.

सरसि sarasi-ga, *a.* produced or living in pools; *n.* lotus; **-ganman**, *m. ep.* of Brahman; **-ga-mukhi**, *f.* lotus-faced woman; **-ga-lakshi**, *f.* lotus-eyed woman; **-ruha**, *n.* lotus.

सरसी sarasī, *f.* pool, lake (*RV.*, *C.*).

सरसीक्ष sarasi-kri, *a.* refresh.

सरसीज sarasi-ga, *n.* lotus; **-lohana**, **-ikshana**, *a.* lotus-eyed; **-ruh**, *n.* lotus; **-ruha**, *n. id.*; **-bandhu**, *m.* son; **-ikshana**, *a.* lotus-eyed.

सरसीर saras-tīra, *n.* bank of a pool; (*sar-as-vat*, *a. (C., rare)* abounding in or having come into contact with pools; having a taste for, delighting in (*lc.*); *m. N.* of a divinity of the upper region, guardian of the waters, bestower of fertility (*V.*); *N.* of a male deity corresponding to Sarasvatī (*YV.*); ocean (*C., rare*); **-ā, f. region abounding in pools (*E., rare*); *N.* of a large river flowing into the sea and of its tutelary deity (*V.*); *N.* of a small sacred river which with the Drishadvatī forms the boundary of Brūhmādvarta and loses itself in a sandy desert, but is supposed to flow underground and join the Ganges and Yamunā (*V., C.*); *N.* of various other rivers; *N.* of one of the three goldenesses in the Āptri hymns (*V.*); goddess of speech (*V., C.*); in *C.* she is at enmity with Sri (or Lakshmi), wealth and eloquence or learning being rarely combined, wife of Vishnu, also a *N.* of Durgā; *C.* speech; eloquence; celestial or oracular voice; *N.* of one of the ten mendicant orders traced to Sankarādārya, its members adding the word Sarasvatī to their names; **-kantha**, **-ābhāra**, *n.* necklace of Sarasvatī; *T.* of a work on poetics ascribed to Bhagavata, **-vat**, *V.* a. accompanied by Sarasvatī.**

सर्वदेव *sarva-deva*, *m.* *pl.* all the gods. -**devatā-maya**, *a* 'i' containing all deities. -**devatā**, *a* sacred to or representing all the gods. -**deva-maya**, *a* 'i' containing or representing all gods. -**de-ya**, *a* coming from every country. -**śaśvata**, *a* representing all gods. -**dravya**, *a* *pl.* all things; -**āhar-ma-maya**, *a* containing. -**vidā**, *a* knowing all laws; -**nara**, *m* every one; -**nama-tva**, *n* humiliated nature. -**nāman**, *n* general name; pronoun. -**nāma-sthāna**, *n* case-termination added to the strong base. -**nāśa**, *m* complete lack, loss of everything, complete ruin. -**ni** *krī*, loss; everything. -**niyanti**, *m* all subducer. -**tva**, *n* abel. *v*. -**paśa-maya**, *a* made of fabrics of all kinds; -**prathina**, *a* occupying the whole road. -**prabhu**, *m* lord of all. -**prana**, *m* soul, with all one's might; -**prāyaścitta**, *a* 'i' atoning for every thing. *hi* = *i* *V* *i* *hi* expiation for everything; a certain *śrāddha* in the *Ātmanya*; -**prāyaścitti**, *f* complete atonement; -**bhākṣa**, *a* eating or devouring everything, omnivorous. -**bhākṣin**, *a* *id*. -**bhāva**, *m* whole heart or soul, complete satisfaction. *in*, with one's whole soul (*hṛi* etc.); *pl.* all objects. -**bhūta**, *pl.* being everywhere. *n* *pl* 'all beings. *uśā* *na*, no being. -**krī, *a* forming all beings. -**maya**, *a* 'i' containing or representing all beings. -**ātman**, *m* soul of all beings; -**bhūmi**, *a* owning the whole earth; -**bhogyā**, *fp* advantageous to all. -**maṅgala**, *a* universally auspicious. *ś* *fp* of Durgā etc. also of Lakṣmi. -**manorama**, *a* delighting every one. -**maya**, *a* 'i' containing everything; -**mahat**, *a* greatest of all. -**tara**, *ep* greater than all the rest; -**māṃśaśa**, *a* eating every kind of flesh; -**maya**, *m* *N.* of a Rākṣasa. -**medhā**, *m* universal offering (a ten days' *śrāddha* sacrifice). -**madhya-tva**, *n* universal purity; -**yaṅna**, *m* every sacrifice; *pl.* all sacrifices; -**yātna**, *m* every effort *in* with all one's might to the best of one's ability; -**yātna****

सविदिष *sa-vidiṣ*, *a.* together with the intermediate quarters; **-vidya**, *a.* learned; **-vidyut**, *a.* provided with lightnings; **-vidha**, *a.* of the same sort (*rare*); *n.* vicinity, proximity; **i-kri**, bring near, **i-bhū**, come or be near; **-vinaya**, *a.* well-bred, modest; **-m**,

ad. politely, modestly; **-vibhakti-ka**, *a.* having a case-termination; **-vilmara**, *a.* reflecting; **-m, ad.** thoughtfully; **-vīlakṣam**, *ad.* with shame or embarrassment; **-vīlakṣa-smitam**, *ad.* with a smile of embarrassment; **-vīlambam**, *ad.* dilatorily; **-vīlāsa**, *a.* sportive, coquettish; **-viveka**, *a.* possessed of judgment, discerning; **-vīśeṣa**, *a.* possessing specific qualities (*rare*); distinguished, peculiar, unusual, extraordinary; discriminating (*master*); **-o** (*m, ad.* with all particulars, minutely; especially, exceedingly; **-ka**, *a.* together with particularity. **-hanta**, *pp* excessively beloved; **-vīśeṣana**, *a.* with attributes; **-vīrambha**, *a.* confidential conversation; intimate (*friend*); **-vivīṣam**, *ad.* with confidence; **-viśa**, *a.* poisonous; poisoned; **-vīśāda**, *a.* dumayed, dejected; **-m, ad. with distrust, distrustfully; **-vīśāśa**, *m.* poisonous-tongued serpent; **-viśaṁkulam**, *ad.* with great composure; **-vīstara**, *a.* detailed; **-m, ad. in detail, minutely; **-vīśmaya**, *a.* astonished, surprised. **-m, ad. with astonishment or surprise; **-vīhaṅga**, *a.* with the birds.******

सवीमन् sāv-i-man, *n.* [$\sqrt{2}$. su] vivifying power, command, guidance (V.; *only* lc.).

सर्वीर्य *sá-viryŋ, a.* (F.) equal in might to (m); mightily; **-vridhdhika**, *a.* bearing interest; **-vriśāśa**, *a.* having testicles; with the testicles; **-vega**, *a.* equal in speed to (-^o); violent, powerful (*blast*); **-m**, *ad.* impetuously; **-vetaśa**, *a.* occupied by a *Vetāśa* (*corpse*); **-vepathu**, *a.* trembling; **-vep-itam**, *ad.* with trembling; **-vaidīayam**, *ad.* with dismay, dejectedly; **-vaira**, *a.* hostile; **-vaidrāgyam**, *ad.* with an *expression* of disgust or indifference; **-vaidākṣya**, *a.* embarrassed; **-m**, *ad.* with embarrassment; **-smitam**, *ad.* with a smile of embarrassment.

सव्य *śavyá*, *a.* left: -**m**, *in.* (*V.* also **ञ**), *loc.*
°, *ad.* on the left; *m*, left hand or arm (*V.*,
(*ṛ*), left foot (*S.*); *n.* (*sc.* *yagnōpavita* sa-
cred thread worn over the left shoulder: -**m**
कृi, put the sacred thread over the left
shoulder.

सव्यथ *sa-vyatha*, *a.* pained, afflicted, grieved;
-vyapatrapa, *a.* shy, embarrassed, **-vyapek-**
sha, *a.* requiring, dependent on ^उ, **-vya-**
bhīṣāra, *a.* liable to inaccuracy, inexact,
m. indefiniteness.

सव्यसाचिन् *savyá-sâhin*, *a.* skilled with the left hand, ambidexterous; **-ऽव्यति**, *a.* turning towards the left.

सव्याज *sa-vyāga*, *a. deceitful, lying*; **-m, ad.** feignedly; **-vyāpāra**, *a. occupied, busy*; **-vyāhṛiti** **-ka**, *a. accompanied by the exclamations bhūṛ bhuvah svar*; **-vyāhṛiti-pranava-ka**, *a. accompanied by these exclamations and the sacred syllable om.*

सव्येतर *śavya_itarā*, *a.* opposite of left, right.

-vrīda, *a.* bashful, ashamed.

सशङ्क *sa-saṅka*, *a* timid, shy; suspicious :
-*m*, *ad.* with fear, timidly, -*astara*, *a* having
enemies; -*śabda*, *a* noisy, retounding, echo-
ing, ringing : -*m*, *ad.* noisily, loudly; -*śara*,
a furnished with an arrow (*bow*); together
with the arrow : -*śipa*-*hasta*, *a* holding a
bow with an arrow in his hand; -*śalka*, *a*.
provided with rind; -*śalya*, *a* having an
arrow-head in one's body, stung, wounded
(*fig.*); -*śastra*, *a* armed; -*śimala*, *a* to-
gether with silk cotton trees, -*śira*-*kam-
pam*, *ad.* with a shake of the head, -*śira*,
a together with the head : -*ka* : *a* *sl.*; -*śiṣ-
ya*, *a* together with his pupils; -*śuk*, *a*.
grieved; -*śingāra*, *a* adorned, garnished;

-śaśa, a. containing a remainder, not entirely emptied; incomplete, unfinished **-tvā**, a. non-exhaustion **-tvād āyushaś**, because the sands of life had not yet run out, **-śoka**, a. afflicted, sad

सख *Sākṣ* [contracted fr. *sa-sakh*; √ *sak*].
 1. **sakṣati, sakṣata** 3 pl. *RF*: follow
 after; belong to *any one* (ac); be devoted to
any one (ac); please *any one* (d) *pr* *pt*.
sakṣat, pursuer, foe **anu**, be gracious to
any one (ac).

सञ्चार्पा *sa-syāpāra*, *a.* attested by the
syāpāra *sacrifice*, *Br.* *—radha*, *a.*
frank ; *—sri-ka*, *a.* lovely, beautiful, pros-
perous, affluent *—tā*, *f.* *—tva*, *n.* beauty ;
—slāgham, *ad* with self importance, pomp-
ously ; *—vāsa*, *a.* breathing, living *(death)*.

सस SAS, II P. **sasti**, III P. **sasasti**,
slumber, IV, be idle, *RI*.

सस *sasá*, *m. or n. (RV.)* herb, grass; corn

ससंरम्भ *sa-samrambha*, *a* entaged, angry.

-**m**, *ad*, angrily, hurriedly, very briefly.
-**saṁvidā**, *a*, agreeing: -**m**, *ad* : -**saṁvid**,
a, with whom an agreement has been made.
-**saṁśaya**, *a*, doubting, doubtful, dubious.
-**sakhi-kā**, *a*, 'f' accompanied by *her* friends.
-**sakhi-janā**, *a*, 'f', **saṁketa**, *a* arranged
with, sharing a secret: -**sanga**, *a*, adhering,
attached. -**tva**, *n*, adhesion, contact. -**śaṁ-
va**, *a*, attended by his ministers. -**śaṁva**, *a*,
a courageous, inhaled by animals, together
with the creatures of *air* (*water* : **śaṁ**, pregnant).
-**śaṁbhāva**, *a*, accompanied with affection.
-**śaṁvati-kā**, *a*, together with offspring.
-**śaṁvātana**, *a*, *ad* : -**śaṁdeha**, *a*, doubting.
-**śaṁdhyā**, *a*, with the morning twilight
-**śaṁsa**, *a*, with the evening twilight. -**śaṁ-
ya**, *a*, together with assessors or judges.
-**śaṁpā**, *a*, affluent. -**śaṁbhrama**, *a*, ag-
itated, hurried, showing great haste or zeal
-**m**, *ad*, hastily, hurriedly. -**śarpa**, *a*, in-
fected by serpents.

ससवस sa-sa-vās, *V. pf. pt.* s'/san.

ससाक्षि *sa-sākṣika, a* occurring before witnesses: -*m, ad* in the presence of witnesses: -*āgāra, a*, together with the ocean: -*sādhaṇa, a* having means; together with forces: -*sādhava, a* dunned, terrified: -*m, ad*; -*sādhvi-ka, a* together with Arundhati: -*sāra, a* firm, strong: -*śā, f* strength: -*sārtha, a* with a caravan: -*śaita utpalamālīn, a* having a wreath of white lotuses: -*suta, a* together with sons or children: -*sura, a* together with the gods: -*saurad, a* having friends: -*saurabha, a* fragrant: -*saurāśh/ra, a* together with the Saurashtra: -*sthāna, a* occupying the same position as (*y*); produced in the same part of the mouth as *y*: °, -*sthāna-khīna, pp* hewn down together with the stump

सस्ति *sá-sn-i, a* [*sá-s(a)n-i* √*san*] (V) pro-
curing, bestowing; gaining, winning.

सखेह *sa-sneha*, *a*, greasy, oily; full of affection towards (*q*); loving: -**m**, *ad* lovingly. -**sneha-bhahumāna**, *a*, attended with affection and esteem; -**spīṇa**, *a*, desiring, longing, for (*le*); to *inf.*, expressing a desire; envious. -**m**, *ad*, longingly, enviously. -**smaye**, *a*, arrogant; -**smita**, *a*, accompanied with a smile, smiling: - or -**m**, *ad*, with a smile; -**smeran**, *ad*, with a smile.

सस्य *sas-ya*, *n.* crop; corn, grain; fruit, produce (often incorrectly spelled *sasya*, -*kshetra*, *n.* corn-field; -*pāla*, *m.* field-watcher, -*mālin*, *a.* wreathed with corn or crops; earth, -*rakshaka*, *m.* field-watcher; -*rakshā*, *f.* guarding the fields; -*vat*, *a.* bearing a rich

crop (*field*); - *ākara-vat*, *a* bearing abundance of corn, - *āvāpa*, *m* sowing of crops
सस *sa-sr-a*, *a*. [*sa-s*(*air-a*), *s* (*sr*)] flowing
(*overs. R¹*).

सलि *sā-sr-i*, a [*sā-s(a)T-1* √*sr*] speeding
*street, R.T.*¹

सखर *sasvār, mī (KV)* secretly, without

सस्वर *sa-svara*, *a* identical in sound with *sa*, having the same accent as *sa*, accented -*m*, *inf.* loudly, -*svāhā-kāra*, *a* accompanied with the exclamation *svaha* -*sveda*, *a* perspiring

सह *SAH*, I. *saha* (P *gny*ly metr. in C), radical and reduplicative *apable* (often *long* in I, P *vanquish* *foes* etc.), *gamb* *battles* etc., be victorious, have power, bear (a yoke), C *overcome*, restrain (emotions), be able to *endure*, be equal to (ie. of *rib* *us*), *endure*, put up with, resist, with stand (an attack, *adversity* etc., *communion*), tolerate, suffer, endure patiently, listen quietly to (be *pass* and *my*), *endure* a *person*, be lenient towards, forgive *any one* *g*, *for* *bear*, spare (*any one*), allow to *pass*, *approve* (*anything*), wait patiently to *some* *time*, *kalām*, brook *dis* *loy*, *kala-kāshava* *us* *na*, not endure, *drudge*, *pi* *sa-sahas*, *sa-sahas*, *li* conquering, victorious, *pi* *sa-hat*, *li* conquering of wealth etc *pp* *sa-hā* (I, *rare*, *soothe*), *dis* *sikhā*, A *pi* *sikhat* wish to overcome I *abhi*, I *overcome*, subdue, C *violate* a *girl*, overlook, forgive *ud*, *li* bear, endure C *be* capable, be able to *infr*, *put*, *ar* *than* *e* *g* *sakatham*, to wait a *tree*, *u* *ar* *be* able to manage, prosecute *sakatham*, one's own affair (or cause), *us* *utsahya*, I encourage, urge to *le* *u*, incite, instigate *abhi* *ud*, *li* *skid* *to overcome* *us* *abhi* *ud*

śānta, *be able to overcome* or *withstand* **śānta** *one* **śānta**, *be able to* (**śānt**), *be strongly attracted to*, **pra**, *und*, *boldly prepare to* (**śānt**); **śā** *exhort, urge on, incite*, **gd** **prōśāhya**, *having incited* **them**, **gd** **prōśāhita**, *pra*, *I conquer, be victorious*, **t**, *be a match for* **ac**, *indefatigably restrain emotions*; *be able to* **inf**, *beat, endure*, with **stand**, **gd** **prōśāhya**, *by force, forcibly*, *severely, exceedingly, greatly*, *without more* **nd**, *necessarily, absolutely*, *by all means* **u na**, *by no means, not at all* **abhi**-**pra**, *be able to* (**inf**) **vi**-**śāhate**, **t**, **C** *overcome, have in one's power*, *be a match for* **ac**, **C**, **t**, *be able to* (**inf**), *beat, endure, withstand* **nd**, **mg**, *suffer, bear patiently*, put up with, **vi**-**śāhaty**, **pr** *incite for* **viśāhate**, **pr** **viśo**-**hita**, *endured* **sam**, *be a match for* **ac**); *endure, overcome, with stand, resist*.

सह *śah*, *a.* ⁶ (*strg base -śāh*) bearing, enduring, overcoming

वह 1. *sa-ha*, 1 *ad* [fr. 2. *sa* = *ṣ*]. *sa-dhā*, scattered from *sa* *dā*, in the same manner in common, jointly, together, at the same time *ṣ. grah* or *ā-dā*, take with *one*, *ṣ. dā*, give to take away with *one*. *krivā*, taking with *one*, in the company of *one*, 2 *p.p.* *ṣ. C.*, with, together or along with (*in*, very rarely *ac*), *ṣ. plectonically* along *ṣ. man* and *its* *u* - *simple* *in* with, *sa-rāgavat*, in love with; *vi-yogā*, separation from; *vi-vāśā* -, confidence in, 3 *u* *shl* *s*, *ṣ. expresses* community of action etc. (e.g. *sa-ha-kar*, cooperation or forming a *synd* expressing the *company* etc. in an action, e.g. *sa-ha-kar*in, co-operating).

सह 2. mah-b, a. P. : mighty ; C. : overcoming
[^o bearing, enduring, withstanding, defy-

ing (*g.*, *only*. °; *ord. mg.*); able to (*inf.*, ° *v. vol. N.*); *ś.*, *f.*, earth.

सहस्रवाक्यजन sa-hamsa-vāla-vyagana, *a.* having swans as fly-whisks.

सहस्र saha-ka, *a.* bearing, enduring.

सहकर्तृ saha-kartṛ, *m.* co-worker, assistant;

-*kāra*, *m.* co-operation, assistance; *an extremely fragrant kind of mango-tree*; *n.* mango-blossom; mango-juice; -*tā*, *f.* state of a mango-tree, -*maṅgari*, *f. N.*; -*kār-in*, *a.* concurrent; *m.* concurrent agent, expedient, assistant; (-*i*)-*tā*, *f.* concurrence, co-operation; -*kṛta*, *pp.* accompanied by (-°); -*kṛtvān*, *a.* (-*i*) co-operating, assisting (*g.*); -*khaṭva āsana*, *n.* sitting on the same bed with any one; -*gamana*, *n.* accompanying a deceased husband, self-immolation of a widow on the funeral pyre; -*kāra*, *a.* accompanying; belonging together (*hymns*; *Br.*); similar; *m.* companion, associate, mate; *ś.*, *f.* female companion, partner, wife; -*kāraṇa*, *n.* connexion; -*karita*, *pp.* going together, congruent, homogeneous; -*kāra*, *m.* going together (*V.*); congruence (*C.*); -*kāri-tva*, *n.* concomitance, inseparability; -*kārin*, *a.* going or living together; concomitant; essentially belonging to (-°); *m.* associate, companion; -*nā*, *f.* female companion; -*gā*, *a.* *V.*, *C.* born together, produced at the same time, as (*g.*); *C.* congenital, innate, hereditary, natural; °, by birth or nature, naturally; *v.* *deśa*, *m.* birthplace, home; *m.* *N.*; *ś.*, *f. N.*; -*ganā*, *f. N.* of an *Āpārā*; -*gṇa-pāla*, *m. N.*; -*gāta*, *pp.* innate; born at the same time; *m.* equal in age; -*tā*, *f.* ° (*fr.* 2. saha), endurance of; capability of; -*atva*, *n.* 1. community; 2. (-°) bearing; inadmissibility; -*danda*, *a.* together with the army; (-*ś*)-*deva*, *a.* together with the gods (*C.*); *m.* *N.* (*V.*, *C.*), *exp.* of the youngest *Pāṇḍara*; -*devi*, *m.* *incorr.* for *sāha-devi*; -*dharma-kāra*, *a.* (-*ś*) performing duties in common; *ś.*, *f.* wife sharing the duties of her husband, -*kāraṇa*, *n.* participation in husband's duties, -*kārin*, *a.* sharing duties, with (*g.*); -*nā*, *f.* wife sharing duties with her husband, -*dhānya*, *a.* furnished with provisions.

सह्यी sāha-dhyai, *d. inf.* √*sah*.

सहपासुकीजन saha-pāmsu-kṛidāna, *n.* playing in sand together (*in childhood*); -*kṛidita*, *pp.* having been a (sand) play-mate; -*pāmsu-kṛiyā*, *f.* common offering of the funeral cake; -*prayāṇin*, *m.* fellow-traveller; -*prasthāyin*, *a.* travelling with one; *m.* travelling companion; -*bhāṣman*, *a.* together with the ashes (*Br.*, *S.*); -*bhāva*, *m.* community; inseparable connexion; -*bhāvanika*, *a.* together with *Bhāvanikā*; -*bhāvin*, *a.* connected with (-°); -*bhā*, *a.* born with one, innate, natural; *n.* counterpart (*g.*); -*bhogyana*, *n.* eating in company, with (-°); joint enjoyment of (*g.*); -*manas*, *a.* sensible; -*māda*, *m.* joint fight; -*yaṅā*, *a.* together with the sacrifice; -*yāyin*, *a.* accompanying; *m.* fellow-traveller; -*yaugamdharyana*, *a.* with *Yaugamdharyana*.

सहर्ष sa-harsha, *a.* rejoicing, glad; -*m.* *ad.* joyfully; -*mṛigayug-grāma-nināda-maya*, *a.* filled with the shouts of the rejoicing throng of hunters; -*nākhvasam*, *ad.* with joy and get alarm; -*śkūtām*, *ad.* joyfully and emphatically.

सहलोकधतृ saha-loka-dhātṛ, *m.* *f.* world inhabited by a *en*, earth; -*vatsa*, *a.* with the calf; -*vasati*, *f.* common or joint dwelling-place; -*vāśbhoye-sārathi*, *a.* together with *Vāśbhoye* the charioteer; -*vāsa*, *m.* dwelling together, community of abode; -*vāsin*, *a.* dwell-

ing together; *m.* fellow-denizen, neighbour; -*vāhana*, *a.* together with their vehicles; (-*ś*)-*vira*, *a.* together with men (*V.*); -*vṛiddhi-kahaya-bhāva*, *a.* sharing the increase and wane (*of the moon*); -*śeṭya*, *n.* lying together (*RV.*).

सहस्र sāh-as, *a.* (*RV.*) mighty, victorious; *m.* (*V.*, *C.*) a winter month (= *Mārgaśīrṣa*); *n.* night, force, victory (*V.*, *rare in P.*); *in* -*ś*, *ad.* (forcibly), suddenly, unexpectedly, all at once, on the spot (*V.*, *C.*); precipitately, inconsiderately (*C.*); *in. pl.* (śāho)-*bhā*, *m.* mightily (*RV.*).

सहस्र sa-hasa, *a.* laughing.

सहस्रवास saha-samvāsa, *m.* dwelling together; -*sambhava*, *a.* produced at the same time; *v.* *ganamaṇā*, *innate*.

सहसाग sah-as-ānā, *pl.* mighty (*RV.*).

सहसावन् sahas-ā-van, *a.* mighty, victorious (*RV.*).

सहस्रतृ sāhas-kṛta, *pp.* (*V.*) produced by strength (*Agni*); invigorated (*Indra*), increased.

सहस्र sa-hasta, *a.* possessed of hands; -*tālām*, *ad.* with clapping of hands.

सहस्र saha-stha, *a.* present; *m.* companion; -*sthita*, *pp. ul.*; -*sthiti*, *f.* abiding together in (-°).

सहस्र sahas-yā, *a.* mighty, strong (*V.*); *m.* *N.* of the second winter month (= *Pausha*).

सहस्र sa-hāra, *m.* (*rare*), *n.* thousand (also used to express a large number or great wealth); *sp.* a thousand cows, -*Panas*: construed with an *app.* (*sg.* or *pl.*), *g.* *sg.* or *pl.* ° (rarely °); *in an a. epd.* it is always °.

-*kā*, *n.* 1. thousand; ° *a.* (*ikā*) having or amounting to a thousand; 2. thousand-headed; -*kāra*, *m.* (thousand-rayed), sun; -*pan-netra*, *a.* having a thousand hands, feet, and eyes; -*kalā*, *f. N.*; -*kīraṇa*, *m.* (thousand-rayed), sun; -*kṛtvān*, *ad.* a thousand times; (-*ś*)-*ketu*, *a.* having a thousand forms (*RV.*); -*gṇa*, *a.* possessing a thousand cows; thousand-rayed; *m.* sun; -*gṇa*, *a.* thousandfold; -*tā*, *f.* *ubh. N.*; -*gṇita*, *pp.* multiplied a thousand times; -*akṣu*, *a.* thousand-eyed (*AV.*); -*āt*, *a.* conquering or winning a thousand (*RV.*); (-*ś*)-*ra*-*nītha*, *a.* having a thousand expedients or shifts (*V.*); *m.* *N.* (*C.*); -*tama*, *pp.* (-*ś*) thousand; -*taya*, *n.* a thousand; -*dā*, *a.* giving a thousand (cows); (-*ś*)-*dakṣina*, *a.* attended with a fee of a thousand (*kine*); *V.*; -*dīdhiti*, *m.* sun; (-*ś*)-*dvār*, *a.* thousand-doored (*RV.*); -*dhā*, *ad.* a thousandfold; *in* a thousand ways or parts; -*dhī*, *a.* thousand-witted; *m.* *N.* of a fish; -*mayana*, *a.* thousand-eyed; *m.* *ep.* of *Indra*; -*netra*, *a.* *m.* *id.*; -*pāti*, *m.* chief of a thousand (*vil-lages*); -*patra*, *n.* (having a thousand petals), lotus; -*pūra*, *a.* a thousandth; receiving a thousand; -*poshā*, *m.* thousandfold welfare (*V.*); *a.* thriving a thousandfold (*S.*); -*buddhi*, *a.* thousand-witted; *m.* *N.* of a fish; -*bhaktā*, *n.* a certain festival at which thousands are fed; -*bhānu*, *a.* thousand-rayed; -*bhrishā*, *a.* thousand-pointed (*V.*); -*maṅgala*, *N.* of a locality; -*mukha*, *a.* having a thousand exits; -*rami*, *a.* thousand-rayed; *m.* sun; -*līngi*, *f.* a thousand *Līngas*; -*lokana*, *a.* thousand-eyed; *m.* *ep.* of *Indra*; -*vartman*, *a.* thousand-pathed; -*vākta*, *a.* containing a thousand verses or words; -*satā-dakṣina*, *a.* attended with a fee of a hundred thousand (cows); -*śās*, *ad.* by thousands (referring to a *nm.*, *ac.*, *in.*); -*cirāna*, *a.* thousand-headed; *ś.*, *f.* a certain verse (according to *comm.* the

hymn *RV.* X, 90); (-*ś*)-*śrīgha*, *a.* thousand-horned (*RV.*); -*śaṇi*, *a.* gaining a thousand (*V.*); -*śā*, *a.* *id.*; -*śāvā*, *m.* thousand-fold *Soma*-pressing.

सहस्रायु sahasra-ayus, *a.* thousand-rayed; *m.* sun; -*sama*, *a.* sun-like; -*śakṣā*, *a.* thousand-eyed; *m.* *ep.* of *Indra*; -*śtman*, *a.* having a thousand natures; -*adhīpati*, *m.* leader of a thousand men; chief of a thousand villages; -*śuka*, *m.* *N.* of a prince; (-*ś*)-*magha*, *a.* having a thousand gifts; -*śya*, *a.* living a thousand years (*Br.*); -*śyudha*, *a.* having a thousand weapons; *m.* *N.*; (-*ś*)-*ra*-*śyus*, *a.* living a thousand years (*V.*); *m.* *N.*; (-*ś*)-*argha* (or *ś*), *a.* having a thousandfold value (*V.*); -*śrīṣṭi*, *a.* thousand-rayed; *m.* sun.

सहस्रिन् sahasr-in, *a.* thousandfold (*V.*); winning a thousand (*V.*); having a thousand (also °); *C.*; paying a thousand *Panas* (as a *fine*, *C.*).

सहस्रत sāhas-vat, *a.* mighty, victorious (*V.*; rarely *P.*); containing the word *sahas* (*Br.*); *ś.*, *f.* a plant (?) (*V.*).

सहाध्यायिन् saha adhyāyin, *a.* studying together; *m.* fellow-student.

सहाय saha-aya, *m.* [going with one: √*ā*] companion, associate, assistant (*in. lc.*, °; on the way to, °); ° *a.* having as a companion, accompanied or supported by (-°); -*kritya*, *n.* assistance. [*fire*-place.]

सहायतन saha-āyatana, *a.* together with the

सहायता sahāya-tā, *f.* companionship, assistance, help; -*tva*, *n.* *ul.*; -*vat*, *a.* having a companion, *in. (m.)*; °, accompanied or provided with, favoured by.

सहार्द sa-hārda, *a.* heartfelt (speech).

सहार्धा saha ardhā, *a.* together with a half; -*śāṅga*, *m.* conversation, with (-°).

सहान्व saha-van, *a.* mighty (*RV.*).

सहास sa-hāsa, *a.* attended with laughter, laughing; -*m.* *ad.* with a laugh, laughingly; -*hāsa-rabhāsa*, *ad.* (-°) vehemently with a laugh; -*hāsa-hā-kāram*, *ad.* uttering a 'hā' with a laugh.

सहासन saha āsana, *n.* sitting together.

सहित sa-hita, *pp.* [placed together = *sam-hita*] standing near; joined, united (*du.* both together; *pl.* combined, all together); accompanied by, associated or provided with, together with (*m.*, °); -*sthita*, *pp.* standing together. [*gether with snow.*]

सहिम sa-hima, *a.* provided with snow, to-

सहिष sahi-śhita, *pp.* most mighty; -*śakṣu*, *a.* bearing, enduring, putting up with (*ac.*, *g.*, °); forbearing; resigned, patient; -*tā*, *f.*, -*tva*, *n.* endurance of (-°); resignation, patience.

सहीयस् sahī-iyas, *pp.* more or very mighty.

सहील sahila, *m.* *N.*

सहुरि sah-uri, *a.* mighty, victorious (*RV.*).

सहृति sā-hṛti, *f.* joint invocation (*RV.*); (-*ś*)-*hrīdaya*, *a.* *V.*, *C.*: together with the heart; *V.*: hearty; *C.*: warm-hearted, feeling; having a sense of the beautiful; -*hetu-ka*, *a.* together with the reason; having a reason, justifiable; -*hema-ka*, *a.* together with the gold pieces; -*hola*, *a.* unconcerned; ° or -*m.*, *ad.* without more ado; *m.* *N.*; -*ka*, *m.* *id.* [*alone with any one.*]

सहकष्यन् saha-ka-sṭhāna, *n.* standing

सहोद saha-odha, *a.* having the stolen pro-

party with him = in his possession (thief); (son) brought with the wife (i.e. begotten by another father but born after the marriage); **उत्तथयिन**, *a.* rising together, conspiring with, *m.* confederate of (*g.*, -); **उदरा**, *a.* (ā, ī) born of the same womb, uterine; *m.* uterine brother, *f.* uterine sister; *fig.* = the image of (*g.*, -); **उपपति-वर्मान**, *a.* living with his wife's paramour.

सह sah-ya, *fp.* to be borne, endurable, resistible; *m.* *N.* of a mtn. and of the neighbouring region; *n.* help, assistance (*E.*); -**ता**, *f.* endurableness.

सह्यादम् sa-hlādum, *ad.* joyfully.

सा 1. **SĀ**, *v.* **सन्** SAN.

सा 2. **SĀ**, IV. P. -**syati**; *cs.* -**sāyā**, P. **ava**, V. : unyoke (horses &c.), release; halt, alight; go home; tarry, abide; cease, desist; *C.* : conclude, finish; come to an end, fail: **प्रावसिता**, *V.* : having unyoked, halting, settled, abiding, remaining in the same place; an end being made (*lc. abs.*, *Br.*); *C.* : ended, concluded; ending in (a letter, -); having ceased or desisted from (*ab.*, -); fixed, determined; resolved on (*lc.*); *cs.* *V.* : cause to stop or remain in a place, show oneself clearly. **आश्रया**, stop (*N.*); decide upon, choose (*V.*); *C.* : resolve on action, make up one's mind to, attempt, undertake (*ac.*, *lc.*, *inf.*; *ord. mg.*); assume, consider probable, regard as certain; wrongly assume (*rare*); reflect (*rare*): **वक्तुम् नकारम् अश्रयावसितम् दुश्कaram**, to talk is easy, to act difficult, sooner said than done. **प्रा-वसिता**, concluded, finished; resolved upon, undertaken; resolute; ascertained; *cs.* *pp.* **अश्रयावसिता**, firmly resolved upon. **उद-वा** (*V.*), depart (from the place of sacrifice); make an end; betake oneself elsewhere (*lc.*); **अभि-उद-वा**, conclude with (*ac.*, *Br.*). **उपा-व**, *pp.* having settled near (*ac.*). **प्रा-वा**, *be* the final result; end or result in (*lc.*, *prati*); *pp.* having changed one's abode to, gone to (*ac.*); completely ended, concluded, come to an end; final, definitive; perfectly familiar with (*lc.*): **एतवति** -, amounting to just this. **विवा**, *be* determined or resolved, make up one's mind, decide, purpose, undertake (*ac.*, *d.*, *lc.*, *inf.*; *arham*; *ord. mg.*); form or have a decided opinion, be persuaded or convinced (*common mg.*); form or have a correct notion of or about (*ac.*); regard as (2 *ac.*); reflect, ponder; *ps.* -**स्यते**, *be* resolved, etc., *imps.* : **प्र-व्यावसिता**, ended (*day*); determined upon, undertaken (*etc. imps. v. d.* or *inf.*); firmly resolved or determined (on, to, *d.*, *lc.*, *inf.*); ascertained; convinced; *cs.* embolden, induce to (*inf.*). **सम-वा**, decide, decree (*ac.*); reach (*ac.*). **प्रा**, *pp.* devoted to, intent on (*lc.*). **वि**, (*V.*) unloose, release, set free, discharge, cause to flow; unbridle; open; mollify: *pp.* **विशिता**, opened etc.

सा **सह**, *prn.* *f.* of **स** **सह**.

सांघायिक sāṃghāyika, *m.* [samyāyika] seafarer, trader by sea; **-युगा**, *a.* (ā) suitable for battle (samyuga); *ku.* *f.* battle-field: **स-वा**, *a.* warlike; **-रविन-**, *n.* [sāmāra] general shout, uproar; **-वत्सरा**, *a.* (ā) yearly, annual [samyatsara]; *m.* one versed in the calendar, astrologer: **स-का**, *a.* annual, yearly; lasting a year or the whole year; *m.* astrologer; **-वित्ति-**, *a.* [samyaviti] based on a mere feeling, subjective; **-व्यावहार-**, *a.* (ā) current in ordinary life (samyavahāra); generally intelligible; **-स्य-**, *a.* (ā) subject to doubt (samasya), uncertain; hazardous (undertaking); **-सर्ग-**, *a.* (ā) produced by contact or intercourse (samsarga); **-सर्-**

सर्ग, *a.* connected with or dependent on the cycle of mundane existence (samsāra); **-सिद्धि-**, *a.* (ī) original, inherent, natural [sam-siddhi]; **-हिता**, *a.* (ā) peculiar to the Samhita; **स-का**, *a.* *id.*

साकम् sākām, *ad.* [prob. *fr.* *n.* of *sāñk, going together: *cp.* parāk ā] together, at the same time; together with (*m.*).

साकम् sākām-asva, *m.* *N.*; *m.* *N.* of a *sā-*man (*Br.*).

साकम् sākāl-ya, *n.* [sakala] entirety, completeness, totality; *m.* completely, entirely.

साकम् sākāñksha, *a.* feeling a desire; requiring a complement, correlative; *-m.*, *ad.* with longing, wishfully; **-आकरा**, *a.* having a shape, embodied; having a fair form, beautiful; **-ता**, *f.* embodiment; **-आकरा**, *a.* with the hitherward light; **-आकरा**, *a.* bewildered; **-आकरा**, *a.* significant; attentive, accurate; *-m.*, *ad.* significantly; expressively.

साकित sāketa, *n.* *N.* of the city of Ayodhyā (Oudh).

साकित sākshata, *a.* containing unhusked grain; **-आकरा**, *a.* containing letters; eloquent; **-ता**, *f.* eloquence.

साकित sākshāt, *ab.* [akshu, eye] *ad.* with one's own eyes (*C.*); (before one's eyes), evidently, actually, clearly (*V.*, *C.*); in person, in bodily form (*C.*), directly (*C.*); with *kri*, see with one's own eyes, realise; **-भू**, appear in person; **-आकरा**, *m.* perception, realisation.

साकित sākshi-ka, *a.* *for* sākshin; **-ता**, *f.* being a witness, testimony, evidence; *-m.* *ya*, become a witness of (*g.*); *-त्वा*, *n.* *id.*

साकित sākshin, *m.*, *n.*, *f.* eye-witness, observer, witness (in court), of *g.* *lc.*; *m.* subject (in phil.; *opp.* object).

साकित sākshi-bhūta, *pp.* being a witness; *-mat.*, *a.* having a witness, witnessed; **-vat**, *ad.* like a witness; **स-कृ**, call upon as a witness.

साकित sākshhepa, *a.* containing an objection, reviling, mocking; *-m.*, *ad.* mockingly, contemptuously.

साकित sāksh-ya, *a.* visible to (°); *rare*, *n.* evidence, testimony; *-m.* *kri*, give evidence for (*g.*).

साकित sākhyā, *n.* [sakhi] combination of friends, party (*V.*).

सागर sāgara, *m.* [sagara; according to the legend the basin dug out by the sons of Sagarana and filled by Bhagiratha with the waters of the Ganges], ocean, sea (often used *fig.* to express vastness, inexhaustibility, profundity, danger); *pl.* sons of Sagarana; *sg.* *N.* of various men; **-गमिन**, *a.* flowing to the sea; **-म-गमा**, *a.* *id.*; **-दत्ता**, *m.* *N.*; **-धिरा-कता**, *a.* having a mind steadfast as the sea; **-पुरा**, *n.* *N.* of a town; **-विरा**, *m.* *N.*; **-स्य**, *a.* resting on the ocean; *m.* *cp.* of Vishnu; **-रुति**, *f.* sea-shell; **-आन्ता**, *m.* sea-coast; *a.* ending at the ocean, sea-girt (earth); **-साम-बारा**, *a.* sea-clad (earth); **स-वा**, *f.* earth; **-आव-ता**, *m.* bay of the sea.

सागरिका sāgarika, *f.* *N.*; **-मया**, *a.* consisting of nothing but Sagarika (Pr).

सागस sāgas, *a.* guilty of a fault (lover); **-अग्नि**, *a.* maintaining a fire; **-का**, *a.* together with Agni, **-पुरोगमा**, *a.* preceded by Agni; **-अग्रा**, *a.* entire; **-अग्रा**, *a.* insinuating on anything, persistent.

साकर्म्य sām-kar-ya, *n.* [samkara] mixture; confusion; **-कल्प-**, *a.* (ā) based on or produced by will or imagination (samkalpa);

-कृत्या, *m.* *pat.* from Samkriti; **-आयान**, *m.* *pat.* from Samkriti; *i.* *f.* *N.* of a mendicant nun; **-क्रान्दान**, *m.* son of Indra (sam-krāndana), *pat.* of the monkey Vālin; **-क्रान्द-इका**, *n.* [samkrāma] passing over to others (qualities); **-क्षेप**, *a.* [samkshepa] briefly expressed, concise.

सांख्य sāṃkhya, *a.* [sāṃkhya] relating to grammatical number; *m.* calculator, deliberator; adherent of the Sāṃkhya doctrine, *n.* the philosophical system, attributed to Kapila, which enumerates the twenty-five Tattvas or principles (an evolutional doctrine); **-पुरा-शा**, *m.* the universal soul in the Sāṃkhya system; **-योग**, *n.* the Sāṃkhya and the Yoga systems, *n.* the theistic Sāṃkhya; **-योग**, *m.* adherent of the theistic Sāṃkhya; **-योग**.

सांख्यायन sāṃkhyaiana, *m.* [pat. fr. Sāṃkhya] *N.* of a teacher; *pl.* his school.

साङ्ग sāṅga (or ā), *a.* *id.* with its members; *V.*, *C.* : with all the *Vedic* supplements; *C.* : possessed of a body, entire, finished, concluded; **-गति**, *ad.* with exhausted limbs.

सांगतिक sāṃ-gati-ka, *m.* [saṃgati] old acquaintance; **-गत**, *ya*, *n.* intercourse, with (sah).

साङ्गु sāṅguśiṣha, *a.* together with the thumb; **-अङ्ग उपङ्गा**, *a.* together with the Angas and Upaṅgas (Jedat).

सांघायिक sāṃghāyika, *a.* (ā) relating to war or battle (sāṃghāyika); *or* ratha, *m.* war-chariot; *or* mritya, *m.* death in battle; *or* vitta, *n.* spoils of war; **स-वर्तता भवविशेष**, future warlike rumour - rumour that a war is imminent.

साध sād, = **सह** sah.

साधार sādāra, *a.* well-conducted.

साधि 1. sādhi, *ad.* obliquely, sideways, from the side.

साधि 2. sādhi, *a.* [√sah] accompanying (*Br.*).

साधिव्य sādhi-ya, *n.* [sādhi] companionship, assistance, help; office of a minister; **-आशेष**, *m.* expression of dissatisfaction with anything though seeming to favour it (*rk.*).

साधी sādhi-kri, turn aside, avert; *pp.* averted.

साधीगुण sādhi-guṇa, *N.* of a locality.

साधाय sādhiya, *n.* [sādhi] community of race with (*g.*); *V.*; homogeneity (*C.*).

साटोप sāṭopa, *a.* rumbling (clouds); proud, haughty; *-m.*, *ad.* haughtily.

साह sādhi, *pp.* √sah.

साह sādhi, *pp.* [√sah] vanquisher (*RV.*).

सात sāt, *ad.* √sat; *m.* *N.* of a Yaksha.

सातत sātata-ya, *n.* [sātata] uninterruptedness, continuity, permanence in continuity.

सातपथ sāta-pāṭha, *m.* *N.* of a prince; *-na*, *m.* *id.*; **-हान**, *a.* destroying gain (*AT.*).

साति sāti, *f.* (*RV.*) acquisition, gain, property; winning of spoil.

सातिरेक sātireka, *a.* excessive; **-अति**, *a.* superior, particularly good, pre-eminent.

सात्त्विक sāttvika, *a.* (ā) spirited, vigorous (person); relating to, dominated by *etc.* the quality of Sattva; indicating an inward feeling or sentiment (*rk.*, *dr.*).

सामार्पण sāmārpaṇa, *a.* attended with self-sacrifice; **-अर्प**, *a.* suiting one's per-

son, wholesome; n. wholesomeness; habituation. [Yuyudhāna.]

सात्विक sātyak-i, m. pat. (fr. satyaka) of
सात्विक sātyahavyā, m. [satyahavya] N. of
a *Vanishtha* (V.). [Sātānka.]

सात्राजित sātrājitā, m. pat. [sātrājit] of
सात्वत sātvat, m. pl. (only in g.) N. of a
people.

सात्वत sātvat-a, a. peculiar to the Satvats
or Sātvatās; relating to Sātvatā (Krishna); v.
vritti, f. a particular dramatic style; m. N.
of a tribe to which Krishna belonged (= Yā-
dava; pl.); a mixed caste, descendants of an
outcast Vānya; i. f. princess of the Satvats.

साद sād-ā, m. [√sad] sitting on a horse,
riding (H.V.); C.: sinking in (of wheels);
weariness, exhaustion; cessation; destruc-
tion, loss; despair: -**da**, a. (-) destroying.

सादन sād-ana, a. wearying, exhausting;
n. V.: setting down (of vessels etc.); C.: seat,
place, dwelling (= sadana).

सादर sa ādara, a. considerate, respectful,
reverential, attentive; intent on (-): -**m**,
ad. respectfully etc.

सादिन sād-in, a. riding, m. rider, on (-).

सादृश्य sād-ris-i, f. similarity, resemblance,
to (-): -**ya**, n. id.; likeness, image.

सागुण्य sāgūn-ya, n. [sād-guṇa] excellence.

साङ्गत sa ādgbhuta, a. astonished.

सावक sādyas-ka, a. [sadyas] taking place
immediately.

साध SĀDH, I. **sādhā**, H.V.: reach one's
goal, accomplish one's aim; guide aright,
accomplish, fulfil; obey; ca. **sādhāya**, P. (Ā.
metr.), V.: make straight, level, prepare (a
path); direct to its goal, guide aright (mind
etc.); C.: subdue, overpower, win over (com-
mon mg.); gain power over, conjure up
(spirits); enforce payment from (a debtor,
ac); recover (a debt), collect (taxes); ac-
complish, bring about, produce, effect, per-
form, prepare (ord. mg.); repeat (a prayer =
pray); procure, bestow, fulfil (wish etc.);
secure, gain, obtain; find out; prove; make,
render (2 ac); go, depart; pp. **sādhita**, **upa**,
cs. subdue; prepare. **pari**, cs. subdue; re-
cover (property). **pra**, cs. V., C.: reduce to
obedience or subjection, subdue; accomplish,
perform; C.: reduce to order; gain, acquire.
sam, cs. overpower; accomplish, perform;
procure, fulfil; secure, acquire, obtain; re-
cover (property), enforce (payment).

साधक sādha-ka, a. (ikā) accomplishing,
bringing about, effecting, productive of (g.,
-); effective, efficient; adapted to the pur-
pose, useful; magical; proving; m. assist-
ant; worshipper; magician. -**tva**, n. magic;
-**varti**, f. magical wick.

साधन sādha-ana, a. (ā, i) H.V.: directing to
the goal, guiding; C.: procuring, securing
(-); conjuring up (a spirit, -); expressive
of, designating (-); n. subduing, vanquish-
ing; gaining power over by spells, summon-
ing (spirits, deities); carrying out, effecting,
accomplishment, performance, fulfilment
(common mg.); preparation (of food); pro-
curement; acquirement, attainment (of, g.,
-); recovery (of a debt); demonstration;
expedient, means, instrument, requisite, for
(g., -; ord. mg.); army, forces (eg. pl.);
fight; proof; result; nominal notion (opp.
action), ep. as subject or instrumental (gr.);
affix between root and personal termination

(= vikāraṇa, gr.): -**kṣama**, a. capable of
proof; -**tā**, f. state of being the means for
(-); -**tva**, n. id. (g., prati, -); effective-
ness; state of being the proof; -**vai**, a. sup-
plied with proofs; -**sādhakṣa**, m. comman-
der-in-chief of the forces.

साधना sādha-anā, f. magic; -**niya**, fp. to
be accomplished; to be acquired; - proved;
-**ayitavya**, fp. to be accomplished or brought
about.

साधर्म्य sādharma-ya, n. [sadharmā] identity
of nature, assimilation to, homogeneity, with
(g., -).

साधार sa ādhāra, a. having a support.

साधारण sa ādhāraṇa, a. (ā, i) [having the
same basis = ādhāra] V., C.: jointly belong-
ing to, common, to (in, d., g., -); C.: com-
mon to all; like, equal, similar (to, in, -);
behaving alike; intermediate, moderate, tem-
perate (season): -**tā**, f. community: -**m** ni,
make common property; -**tva**, n. universality.

साधारणीक sādharāṇī-kṛi, make common
property of, share with (saha); make equal
to (-); -**bhū**, become identical.

साधारण्य sādharāṇ-ya, n. community, uni-
versality; similarity, analogy.

साधित sādhi-ita, pp. achieved etc.

साधिदेवत sa ādhi-dāivata, a. provided with
a tutelary deity (v. r.); -**bhūta**, **sādhidaiva**,
a. together with the Adhibhūta and the Adhi-
daiva; -**yaḥ**, a. together with the highest
sacrifice.

साधिष sādhi-ishtha, spp. (of sādhi-u) most
efficient or excellent (V.); -**iyas**, spp. (of
sādhi-u) more correct; pleasanter; extremely
firm: n. ad. more eagerly (Br.); in a greater
degree, excessively.

साधु sādhi-ū, a. (v-i) [leading to the goal:
√sādhi] V.: straight, right (path), unerring
(arrow); prepared, ready (Soma etc.); kind,
well-disposed, obedient (also E.); V., C.:
effective, efficient; Br. (rare), C.: excellent,
fair, good, towards (g., loc., -); C.: noble,
virtuous, good (of men; ord. mg.); correct;
m. C.: good, virtuous, worthy or honourable
man (ord. mg.; very rare in Br.); saint, seer;
jeweller; n. C. (also Br.). good, right, or
honest thing or act; kindness, benevolence:
u, ac. (or rarely a. m. -m) consider a thing
good, approve: ū, ad. straight, aright, regu-
larly (V.); well, rightly, skilfully, properly,
agreeably (V., C.); well done! (as an excl.,
mostly C., etc. rep.); C.: well - very, greatly;
well - enough, of (in); well, come on (with
impv. or 1 pra. pr.); assuredly: -**vrit**, behave
well towards (loc.); -**kṛi**, do well or aright.

साधुकारिण sādhu-kārīṇa, a. acting well or
rightly; -**kṛitya**, n. requital; advantage;
-**gana**, m. good or honourable man; -**tā**, f.
rightness, correctness (of gr. form); good-
ness, honourableness; -**tva**, n. id.; excellence;
kindness; -**dārin**, a. well-discerning; -**āvit**-
ya, a. accompanied by a jeweller; -**dhvani**, m.
applause; -**bhāva**, m. good nature; -**mātrā**,
f. correct measure: in. in moderation.

साधुया sādhu-yā, ad. (V.) straight; well,
duly, aright.

साधुवाद sādhu-vāda, m. cry of 'well done,'
applause: -**m** ā, applaud; -**vādin**, a. just
in speech; applauding; -**vṛita**, pp. well-
rounded; well-conducted, virtuous (-**tā**, f.
good conduct); -**vṛita**, a. id.; -**śila**, a. hav-
ing a good character: -**tva**, n. goodness of
character, virtuous disposition; -**samāhāra**,
a. well-conducted, upright.

साध्य sādhi-yā, fp. to be subdued, won, or
managed, conquerable, amenable; to be set
to rights; - treated (medically); - cured,
curable (disease); to be perfected (capacity);
- accomplished, effected, brought about, or
attained (ord. mg.); being effected, taking
place; to be inferred or concluded; - proved
or demonstrated; m. pl. a class of delites (to
be propitiated): -**tva**, n. curableness, per-
fectibility; practicableness; -**vai**, a. com-
prehending what is to be proved; -**sama**, m.
(identical with what is to be proved), petitio
principii; -**sādhana**, n. accomplishment of
what is to be done; -**siddhi**, f. success of an
undertaking.

साध्वस sādhiyasa, n. [fr. *sa-dhvasa:;
√dhvas] consternation, terror, alarm, fear,
of (g., -).

साध्वसाधु sādhiyasādhū, a. good or bad;
m. pl. the good and the bad; n. du. good and
evil; -**śāstra**, m. virtuous conduct; a. well-
conducted, upright.

साध्वी sādhi-vī, f. (of sādhi) virtuous or
chaste woman (also -**stri**); female saint.

सानन्द sa ānanda, a. joyful, glad, delighted,
with (-): -**m** or -**m**, ad. joyfully.

सानसि sām-asī, (H.V.) a. [√san] winning
or laden with spoils, victorious (steed, car);
bringing blessings.

सानाथ sāmāth-ya, n. [sa-nātha] assistance,
aid, help.

सासु sām-u, m. n. [perh. goul: √san] sum-
mit, ridge, back, surface (V.); mountain ridge,
table-land, plateau (C.).

सासुक sāmū-kā, a. eager for prey (H.V.).

सानुकम्प sa ānukampa, a. compassionate, to-
wards (loc.): -**m**, ad. compassionately; -**ann-**
kāla, a. propitious, favourable; -**ānukū-**
ya, n. assistance; -**annukro**, a. tender,
compassionate, merciful: -**m**, ad. com-
passionately; -**tā**, f. compassion; -**ānuga**, a.
together with his retinue; -**ānutarsham**,
ad. by means of thirst; -**ānūtāpa**, a. re-
penting; -**ānūnya**, a. courteous, friendly
-**m**, ad. kindly; -**ānūnāśka**, a. nasalised;
-**ānubandha**, a. continuous, uninterrupted;
entailing consequences; with one's belong-
ings; -**ka**, a. provided with an indicatory
letter or syllable.

सानुमत sāmū-mat, a. having a ridge or
plateau (mountain); m. mountain: -**i**, f. N.
of an *Apsaras*; -**ānūrāga**, a. attached, af-
fectionate; enamoured, of (loc.); -**ānusa-**
ya, a. repenting; irritable; having a remnant of
the consequences of action which brings the
soul from the other world to the earth; -**ānū-**
kāna, a. together with the after-shine; -**ānū-**
pa, a. having well-watered soil; -**āntaka**, a.
together with Yama.

साम्तपन sāmtapanā, a. [samtapana] warming,
ep. of the *Maruts* (V.); m. n. (± krīḥkṛa)
a kind of penance (C.).

सान्तर sa āntara, a. having an interval or
interstices; different; -**āntarāya**, a. sepa-
rated by an interval of time from (ab.); -**ān-**
tārāla, a. together with the intermediate
castes; -**āntardipa**, a. having a lamp inside;
-**āntar-nidāgha-gvaram**, ad. having burn-
ing fever within; -**āntar-hāsa**, a. laughing
inwardly: -**m**, ad. with an inward laugh.

साम्तानिक sāmtān-ika, a. (i) desiring off-
spring; derived from the *Samtāna* tree.

सात्व sāntva, n. sg. pl. kind or conciliatory
language or words: -**tva**, ad. with kind words.

साम्पन्न sāntvana, *n.* (*sts. pl.*), *f.* soothing with kind words, conciliation, of (*g.* -°).

साम्पन्न sāntva-ya, *den. P.* *Ā.* soothe with kind words, coax, conciliate, speak kindly to (*ac.*): *pp. ita. abhi, P. id. pari, P. id.*

साम्पन्नयितु sāntvay-itri, *m.* one who speaks or acts kindly.

साम्पन्नवाद् sāntva-vāda, *m. sg. pl.* kind words.

सांदीपनि sāmdīpani-i, *m.* [sāmdīpana] *N.* of Krishna's and Balarāma's teacher (whose son was restored to life by Krishna).

सांद्र sāndra, *a.* viscous; thick, close, dense (*ord. mg.*); strong, vehement, intense; thickly studded with, full of (*in.* -°); soft, tender: -*ta*, *f.* denseness; vehemence; -*tvak-ka*, *a.* provided with a thick covering.

सान्द्रीक sāndri-kri, *make* thick or dense; increase, strengthen.

साम्भकार saandhakāra, *a.* dark.

सांधिविग्रहिक sāmdhi-vigrah-ika, *m.* minister of peace and war.

सांध्य sāmdhya, *a. i.* produced by coalescence (*syllable; samdhi*); 2. relating to twilight or evening (*sāmdhyā*).

सामनह्निक sām-nahan-ika, *a.* (*fr. samnahanā*) relating to preparation for battle, calling to arms; -*nāy-ya*, *n.* [*sām-nāya, mingling] oblation of fresh and sour milk mixed; -*nāh-ika*, *a.* [sām-nāha] relating to preparation for battle, calling to arms; capable of bearing arms; -*nka*, *a. id. (fr.)*; -*nīdh-ya*, *n.* [sām-nīdhi] nearness, vicinity, presence, close attendance: -*m. kri*, be present, show oneself to (*g.*); -*pakṣhe gān*, appear in the place of (*g.*); -*nipāt-ika*, *a.* [sām-ni-pāta] coalescing; produced by disorder of the bodily humours.

सामवय sa anvaya, *a.* together with his descendants or family; belonging to the same family, related; significant; -*apagama*, *a.* attended with departures.

सापत्न sāpatnā, *a. V.* derived from a rival (*sapatna*); *C.* based on rivalry or hereditary enmity; born of a rival wife.

सापत्नेय sāpatn-eya, *a.* (i) born of a rival wife; -*ya*, *a.* based on rivalry, hereditary (enmity); born of a rival wife; *n.* relationship of step-children; rivalry among wives of the same husband: -*ka*, *n.* rivalry.

सापत्न्य saapatya, *a.* having children; -*apa-* traps, *a.* ashamed, embarrassed; -*āpad*, *a.* being in distress or difficulties; -*apadesam*, *ad.* under some pretext; -*apamāna*, *a.* attended with contempt; -*aparādha*, *a.* guilty, criminal; erroneous; -*aparānta*, *a.* together with the country of Aparānta; -*apavāda-ka*, *a.* liable to exception; -*apahna*, *a.* dissembling; concealed, veiled; -*apāya*, *a.* struggling with adversity; attended with danger, dangerous.

सापिण्ड्य sāpind-ya, *n.* relationship of a Sāpinda.

सापेक्ष sa apoksha, *a.* paying regard to (*lc.*, *prati*); requiring, dependent on (-°); -*tvā*, *n.* dependence: *e. pi gamakṣvāt samāśa*, the compound holds, even though part of it is in construction with a word outside of it, because it readily makes its meaning understood (referring to the theory of the Hindu grammarians that the words in a compound should be so connected in construction as to form a whole of their own and

should therefore not govern anything outside the compound, as in actual literature they often do).

साप्ततानव sāpta-tantva-*n.* [sāpta-tantu] *pl. N.* of a sect: -*pada*, *a.* concluded by taking seven steps together, = sincere, true (friendship); -*padina*, *a. id.*; *n.* friendship; -*puruṣa*, *a.* extending to seven generations; -*puruṣa*, *a.* (i) *id.*; -*rātr-ika*, *a.* (i) lasting seven (nights -) days.

साफल्य sāphalya-*n.* [sa-phala] fruitfulness; profitableness, advantage.

साबाध sa ābādhā, *a.* suffering, ailing.

सामाव sābhāva-*n.* [sa-bhāva] identity of nature.

सामिकाम sa abhi-kāma, *a.* loving; -*gāna*, *or -m. ad.* together with tokens of recognition; -*nivasa*, *a.* attended with a great predilection for *sth.*; -*prāya*, *a.* having a distinct aim, knowing one's mind; spoken with a purpose (words); -*māna*, *a.* full of self-satisfaction, proud, of (*lc.*); self-interested (action): -*m. ad.* proudly. -*lāsha*, *a.* full of longing, for (*esp. the opposite sex, lc., prati*); -*sara*, *a.* together with companions.

साभ्यर्थ sa abhyartham, *a.* attended with entreaties; -*abhyasāya*, *a.* envious, jealous, of (*fr.*); -*m. ad.* -ly; -*abhyāsa*, *a.* reduplicated; -*abhra*, *a.* clouded, overcast.

सामग sām-gā, *a.* chanting Sāmans; *m.* chanter of Sāmans; -*gā*, *a.*, *m. id. (R)*; -*gāya*, *m.* Sāman chant (*C.*).

सामग्री sāmāgrī-*f.* [sām-agra] entrenchment, totality; completeness of materials, apparatus, means, for (*g.*); -*ka* to sāmāgrī, what means have you at your disposal? -*ya*, *n. id.*

सामज sāmā-ga, *a.* occurring in the Sāmaveda; *m.* elephant; -*gāta*, (*pp.*) *m. id.*

सामञ्जस sāmāṅgas-*ya. n.* [sāmāṅga-s] correctness.

सामल sāmā-tvā, *n.* name of Sāman; -*dhvani*, *m.* sound of the Sāman.

सामन् sā-man, *n. V.* [√sā, obtain], acquisition, possession; wealth, abundance; [conciliation] *V.*, *C.* chant, chanted Vedic verse, *C.* song, hum (of bees; rare); *pl. V.* Sāmā-veda; *m.* (only *T. Br.*), *n. V.*, *C.* kind or conciliatory words, gentleness; conciliation, negotiation: -° or *in.* by friendly means, in a friendly way (*C.*).

सामन sāmān-ā, *a.* (*RV.*) affluent; quiet.

सामन्त sāmānta, *a.* (very rare) being on all sides (surrounding), *m.* neighbour; vassal, feudatory (*ord. mg.*); *n.* neighbourhood.

सामप्रगथ sāmā-pragātha, *m.* kind of verses to be recited by the three *Hotrakas*; -*bhārit*, *a.* bringing chants (*RV.*); -*māya*, *a.* consisting of Sāmans.

सामय sa āmaya, *a.* attended with sickness.

सामयाचारिक sāmāyācār-ika, *a.* relating to the conventional duties of daily life (sāmāyācāra).

सामयिक sāmāy-ika, *a.* [sāmāya] based on agreement, conventional; keeping an engagement; like-minded; timely (*in a*).

सामयोन sāmā-yoni, *a.* produced from the Sāmans; *m.* elephant.

सामर्थ sāmārth-ya, *n.* [sāmārtha] suitability, adequacy; justification for (*lc.*, -°);

connexion in sense; power, strength, efficacy, capacity, ability (*for. to, d., lc., inf.*); -°; force, meaning, or function (of a word): -*m. kri*, do one's utmost; *ab.* by virtue of, in consequence of, in accordance with (*also* -yogāt), according to the state of the case, as a matter of course (*also* -tas); -*yogāt*, *ab.* according to circumstances; -*vat*, *a.* capable; -*hina*, *pp.* deprived of strength.

सामर्ष sa amārsha, *a.* indignant, wrathful, enraged, at (*prati*): -*m. ad.* wrathfully: -*ta*, *f.* rage.

सामवाद् sāma-vāda, *m. pl.* kind words.

सामवाचिक sāmavāc-ika, *a.* [sāmavāc] concomitant, inherent, *m.* minister, member of an assembly, spectator (*v. r. sāmāyika*).

सामविद् sāmā-vid, *a.* knowing the Sāmaveda; -*veda*, *m.* Veda of chants; -*abāda*, *m.* sound of a chanted Sāman; -*sādhyā*, *fp.* to be effected by kind words; -*siddha*, *pp.* effected by kind words.

सामाजिक sāmāj-ika, *m.* [sāmājya] member of an assembly, spectator.

सामाज्य sa amājya, *a.* together with the fellow-inmates *S.*; -*gramakha*, *a.* together with the chief inmates.

सामानाधिकरख sāmāna adhikāra-ya, *n.* [sāmāna] grammatical agreement, identity of case, relation, co-ordination; relation to the same subject.

सामान्य sāmān-ya, *a.* [sāmāna] equal, alike; joint, common, to (*m + sāha*, -°); universal, general; ordinary, commonplace; *n.* equality, identity; equilibrium, normal condition (*rare*); universality, general or fundamental notion: -*m. ad.* after the manner of, like; jointly, in common, *in, ab.*, "in general (*opp. vishesha-tva*, in particular); -*tas*, *ad. id.*; similarly, according to analogy; -*to-śrīṣṭha*, *n.* (*sc. sāmāna*) inference from common occurrence to universality, generalization, induction; -*lakṣhaṇa*, *n.* generic definition; -*valāna*, *a.* expressing the common property; expressing a general notion, *n.* substantive (*opp. attribut*); -*vat*, *a.* having universality, general, -*abāda*, *m.* word of general meaning.

सामासिक sāmāś-ika, *n.* (i) [sāmāśa] comprehensive, concisely stated, brief; belonging to a compound; *m. or n.* compound word.

सामि sāmī, *ad.* too soon, prematurely (*V.*); incompletely, partially, half (*V., C.* often "with *pp.* e.g. sāmī-kṛta, half-finished).

सामिधन sāmīdh-*enā.* *a.* relating to fuel and kindling (*fr.*): *i. f.* (*sc. rik*) verse of this kind (*V., C.*).

सामिष sa amīṣha, *a.* possessed of prey; provided with meat (*funeral feast*).

सामीय sāmīp-ya, *a.* [sāmīpa] neighbouring; *n.* neighbour; *n.* neighbourhood, proximity (*of time and place*). [*sāmīraṇa*].

सामीरण sāmīraṇa, *a.* relating to the wind

सामुद्र sāmudra, *a.* relating etc. to the sea (sāmudra), marine, *m.* mariner; *pl.* maritime folk; *N.* of a people; *n.* sea-salt. -*ka*, *n.* salt; -*i-ka*, *a.* saltwater; *m.* mariner; -*i-ka*, *f.* kind of leech.

सामुहिक sāmūhi-ika, *a.* arrayed in ranks (sāmūha); *m.* collective suffix.

सामुत् sa amurita, *a.* provided with nectar; -*āmoda*, *a.* glad, cheerful.

सांपराय sāmparāya, *m.* [sāmparāya] passage to the other world; distress; conflict:

1-ka, a. (â, î) relating to (the passage to) the other world; salutary or helping in time of need; relating to war, military; prepared for battle (army): with **phala**, *n.* reward in the next world. [cious.]

सांपादिक sâmpâd-ika, a. [sâmpad] efficient; **साम्प्रत-ika, a.** [sâmpat] suitable, correct; present: **-am, ad.** now, at present; *n.* present time: **1-ka, a.** (î) proper, right; present.

साम्प्रदायिक sâmpradây-ika, a. based on or following tradition (sâmpradâya), traditional.

साम्बा m. N. of a son of Krishna (connected in the Purânas with sun-worship and the Magi): **-vati, f. N.** of a courtesan.

साम्बुवासर saambu-vâsara, a. (of uncertain meaning) Kathâsaritsâgara 70, 59.

सामिष्वर sâmiṣṣvara, m. N. of a temple built by Sâmi-avata.

सामनस्य sâmanas-yâ, n. [sam-manas] concord (AV.).

सामुख्य sâmmukh-ya, n. [sâmmukha] state or act of confronting (-°); fondness for any one; caro for (-°).

साम्य sâmya, n. [sama] equality, identity, likeness (with, to, in, ± **saha, g. lc., -°**); equality (of rank or position); equilibrium, normal condition; equality, towards (lc., prati); justice: **-m kri, act** justly towards (lc.); **-m ni, quench** (fire); appease, satisfy: **-tâ, f.** equality, with (g., -°); **-avasthâ, f.** condition of equilibrium, normal state; **-avasthâna, n. id.**

साम्राज्य sâmrâj-ya, n. [sâmrâj] universal sovereignty, imperial sway, over (g., lc., -°): **-krt, a.** securing paramount sovereignty.

साय sây-â, n. [perh. letting loose, unyoking; √2. si] turning in (RV.); close of day, evening: **-m kri, make** a stay, spend the evening (RV.); (â) **-m, ad.** in the evening, at eventide.

सायस्य sâyam-sîrya, m. evening sun: **-gâḥ, pp.** brought by the evening sun (quest).

सायक sâyaka, a. [√2. si] meant for discharging or hurling (RV.); *m.* (C.), *n.* (RV.) missile, arrow: **-puṣhaka, m.** feathered part of an arrow; **-mâya, a.** consisting of arrows.

सायकाय sâyakâ-ya, den. Â. represent the arrows of (-°).

सायंकाल sâyam-kâla, m. eventide: **1-ka, i-na, a.** belonging to evening; **-goshika, a.** driven into the fold at evening (cattle, Br.).

सायण sâyana, m. N. of celebrated commentator (died 1387; also called Sâyana-mâdhava and Sâyana-âkârya) on numerous Vedic, philosophical, and grammatical works.

सायनस्य sâyana-tana, a. (i) belonging to the evening. [evening (Br.).]

सायंदुग्ध sâyam-dugḍha, pp. milked in the

सायम् sâyam, ad., v. sâyâ: -âhuti, f. evening sacrifice (V.).

सायमातर sâyam-prâtar, ad. in the evening and the morning; **-bhogana, m.** evening meal.

सायास sa-yâsa, a. attended with trouble.

सायाह्न sâyâ-ahna, m. evening (only lc., -i); **-âhna, m. id.**

सायुष्य sâyug-ya, n. [sa-yug] intimate union, communion, esp. with a god (in, g., lc., -°) after death.

सार sâr-a, a. [√sri] driving away, destroying (-°); *m.* course.

सार 2. sâr-a, m. V., C. core; strength, power, energy; C.: firmness, hardness; value; wealth, riches; pith, substance, best part, quintessence, epitome (ord. mg.); nectar (rare); water (rare); land of climax (rh.); *a.* having as the best or main thing (-° like para); hard, firm, strong; valuable; best; right; motley, speckled (=sâra): *w. bala, m.* picked troops; *pith, a.* full of (-°); **-ga, a.** strong, powerful; **-tas, ad.** according to the value; according to one's means.

सारघ sâraghâ, a. [saraghâ] derived from the bee; *m.* bee; *n.* honey.

सारङ्ग sârâṅga (or â, SB.), a. (i) variegated, spotted; *m. N.* among other birds, of the Kâṭaka: **î, f.** kind of spotted deer; **-loka-nâ, f.** gazelle-eyed woman; **-akshî, f. id.**

सारङ्ग sâr-ānu, n. accompanying (-°); **â, f.** stretching out (only -° a.); striking a note on (lc.); **î, f.** stream, canal; **î, f.** stream of (blood, -°).

सारतर sâra-tara, cpr. n. what is better; *a.* better; more valuable, dearer; **-tâ, f.** firmness; strong confidence in (lc.); worth; highest degree.

सारथि sârathi-i, m. [sa-ratha] charioteer; **-ya, n.** office of charioteer.

सारफलगुल sâra-phalgu-tva, n. value or worthlessness, goodness or badness, comparative importance; **-bhânda, n.** valuable merchandise; **-bhûta, pp.** being the chief thing, best; *n.* main thing, what is best, **-mahat, a.** great in value, very precious.

सारमेय sâram-eyâ, m. (son of Saramâ), dog: **-tâ, f.** condition of a dog.

सारथ्य sâra-ya, n. [sarala] straightness, simplicity, honesty.

सारवत् sâra-vat, a. strong, steadfast; valuable: **-tâ, f.** hardness, firmness, steadfastness; **-vastu, n.** valuable or important thing; **-vid, a.** knowing the value of a thing; **-sâra-ya, a.** devoid of value, worthless.

सारस sâras-a, a. (i) belonging to a lake (saras); *m.* (-° a. f. â) Indian crane (Ardea ibirica); *etc.* = swan (hamsa); *N.* of a hunch-buck; *n.* lotus: **î, f.** female crane.

सारसन sârasana, n. zone, girdle.

सारसाक्षी sârasakshî, f. lotus-eyed girl.

सारसिका sâras-ikâ, f. female crane.

सारस्त sârasvat-a, a. (i) belonging or relating to, derived from the goddess or the river Sarasvatî; *m. N.* of a people dwelling on the Sarasvatî (pl.); *N.* of a Rishi (son of Sarasvatî); *n.* eloquence.

सारङ्ग sârâṅgi, m. chief battle; **-aparâ-dha-tas, ad.** in proportion to the wealth (of the criminal) and (the enormity) of the crime.

सारव sârâra, a. crying, shouting.

सारसार sârasâra, n. strength or weakness, relative strength; good or bad quality, relative quality; the good and the bad; *a.* strong and weak; **-tâ, f.** strong and weak side.

सारिका sâr-ikâ, f. kind of sweet-voiced bird, thrush (?); confidante (because the Sârîkâ is regularly associated with the parrot).

सारिङ्ग sâr-in, a. I. [√sri] going, hastening; -° following; **2.** having the essence or best (sâra) of, having excellent (-°): **n-î, f.** stream, channel.

सारिव sâr-iva, m. kind of grain (rare): **â, f. N.** of two creeping plants.

सारिष्ट sârishta, a. together with soap-berry trees; having symptoms of approaching death.

सारिष्ट sâr-ishtha, spp. very best.

साख्यतीक्ष्ण saagrundhati-ka, a. together with Arundhati.

साख्य sârûp-ya, n. [sa-rûpa] identity of appearance, resemblance, likeness, conformity (with, to, g.); angry treatment of an innocent person through mistaking him for another (dr.); **-tas, ad.** in consequence of the identity.

सार्क sârka, a. together with the sun, **-argala, a.** bolted; barred, impeded (desire).

सार्ङ्गय sârṅgayâ, m. pat. (fr. sârṅgaya) N.

सार्थ sârtha, a. bearing an errand (Br.); having its object attained, successful (quest); wealthy; significant; *m.* travelling company of merchants, caravan (ts. pl.); company, troop, multitude: **-ka, a.** profitable; significant; **-ghni, f.** (of-han) destroyer of a caravan; **-ga, a.** born or reared in the caravan, tame (elephant); **-dhara, m. N.** of the leader of a caravan; **-maṇḍala, n.** (circle of the =) assembled caravan; **-vâha, m.** leader or captain of a caravan, head of a trading company; **-vâhana, m. id.**; **-samkaya, n.** possessing great wealth.

सार्थिक sârthi-ika, a. travelling with a caravan; accompanying any one (g.) on a journey, *m.* member of a trading company, travelling merchant.

सार्ध sârḍha, a. together with a half: **âve sârḍhe = 250:** (â) **-m, ad.** jointly, together (Br., rare in C.); *pp.* (w. in., rarely -°) with, in company with (C.; rare in Br., S.); **-vârshika, a.** lasting a year and a half.

सार्प sârpa, a. relating to the serpents (sarpa).

सार्व sârva, a. [sarva] beneficial to all: **-kâma-ika, a.** (i) satisfying or granting every wish; **-kâla, a.** occurring at all times; **-kâli-ika, a.** (i) everlasting; **-gânya, a.** general, universal; **-gâya, n.** [sarva-gña] omniscience.

सर्वविध sârva-vi-ika, a. coming from all sides or from anywhere (sarvatra); occurring everywhere, universally applicable, general: **-tva, n.** universality.

सर्वधातुक् sârva-dhātu-ka, a. applying to the whole root (i.e. the extended verbal root of the present base); **-bhantika, a.** affecting all beings; **-bhānma, a.** [sarva-bhāmi] relating to, prevailing or ruling over the whole earth; *m.* universal monarch, emperor; *N.* of the elephant of the northern quarter, vehicle of Kubera; **-laukika, a.** (i) known to or prevailing throughout the whole world, universal, general; permitted to every one; **-varn-ika, a.** of every kind; belonging or common to all the castes; **-vedasa, n.** entire property; **-dakṣiṇa, a.** attended with the bestowal of one's entire property as a fee (sacrifice); **-âyusha, a.** having entire vitality, thoroughly vigorous (Br.).

सार्षप sârshapa, a. derived from mustard (sarshapa).

सार्ष्टि sârṣṭi, a. having the same rank or value: **-tâ, f.** equality in rank or condition, with (-°). [fence, rampart; *N.* of a prince.]

साल sâla, m. a tree (Vatica robusta=sâla).

सालक sâlakaka, a. adorned with locks: **-alakaka, a.** dyed with lac; **-alamkara, a.** adorned; **-âlamba, a.** having (-°) as a support; **-âlassa, a.** languid.

साक्षात्कृत सौल-व्रिका, *m.* wolf or other canine beast of prey.

सालोक्य sāloka-ya, *n.* [sāloka] residence in the same world, as (*in* + sāloka, *g.* -).

सालहसा sālahsa, *n.* belonging to Sālahani: 1, *m. pat. N.* (*fr.* Sālahana).

साव sāva-ā, *m.* [√1. su] Soma libation.

सावक sāva-ka, *a.* (ikā) having borne a child [√2. su].

सावकाश sa avakāśa, *a.* applicable; -**ava-grāha**, *a.* limited; analysed (compound); withholding its water (cloud); -**avakāśana**, *a.* together with the application; -**avagāna**, *a.* disdaining, of (to); -**am**, *ad.* contemptuously; -**avadya**, *a.* censurable (act); inferior (commodity); -**avadhāna**, *a.* attentive, heedful, careful; -**am**, *ad.* attentively, -**tā**, *f.* carefulness; -**avadhāraṇa**, *a.* attended with a limitation; restrictive (so as to exclude everything but what has been stated); -**avadhi**, *a.* limited, circumscribed.

सावन sāvana, *a.* [savana] determining the three daily oblations, corresponding to the correct solar time (day, month, year); *n.* correct solar time.

सावमर्द sa avamarda, *a.* refractory; -**avamāna**, *a.* attended or given with contempt (morsel); -**avayava**, *a.* consisting of parts; -**tva**, *n. abel. v.*; -**āvaraṇa**, *a.* barred, bolted (house); concealed, clandestine (negotiations).

सावर्ण sāvarṇa, *m.* [savarṇa] *N.* of a Rishi; *ep.* of a Manu.

सावर्ण sāvarṇi, *m. pat.* (*fr.* savarṇa) *N.* of a Rishi; *ep.* of a Manu, 1-ka, *a.* (i) belonging to the same caste; relating to Manu Savarṇa or Sāvārṇi; *m. N.* of a village; -**ya**, *n.* identity of colour; homogeneousness (of sounds).

सावलम्ब sa ava-lamba, *a.* supported; -**lepa**, *a.* proud, haughty; -**reṣa**, *a.* having a remainder, incomplete, unfinished; remaining; *n.* residue; -**śalambha**, *a.* self-reliant, resolute; -**am**, *ad.* resolutely, -**hita**, *a.* attentive; -**hela**, *a.* disdaining; -**am**, *ad.* -ly.

सावित्र sāvitri-ā, *a.* (i) belonging or sacred to, derived from, Savitri; *m.* son or descendant of Savitri; 1, *f.* (*sc. rik*) Savitri verse, *ep.* that beginning 'Tāt savitri vāreṣyam' (*RV.* III. 62, 10: also called Gayatri); initiation into caste with the Savitri verse, investiture of the twice-born caste (C); (daughter of Savitri) *N.* of Sūrya, of Brahman's wife, of a daughter of Asvapati (wife of Satyaṇat), and of various other women; *N.* of a river. (3) -**pātita**, *pp.* excluded from initiation with the Savitri; -**paribhrāṣita**, *pp.* *id.*

साविनी sāvinī, *f.* river.

सावैगम sa āvegam, *ad.* excitedly, with agitation; -**āśmāṣam**, *ad.* with an expression of desire, hope, or expectation; -**āśāka**, *a.* apprehensive, of (to); -**am**, *ad.* -ly, with misgivings.

सासिका sāśika, *N.* of a people and country.

सासिति sa asiti, *a.* together with or plus eighty; -**āśakya**, *a.* astonished; wonderful; -**am**, *ad.* with astonishment, -**kantaka**, *a.* astonished and curious; -**śru**, *a.* fearful; *n.* ad. with tears; -**śaśāṅga**, *a.* performed with eight parts of the body (prostration = extremely reverential); -**am**, *ad.* *w. pra-nam*, make a reverential prostration; -**śaśāṅga-pāṭam**, *ad.* *w. pra-nam*, *id.*

सास sa āśa, *a.* having a bow; -**āśava**, *a.* filled with liquor.

सासहि sā-sah-i, *intr. a.* vanquishing (*acc.*), victorious, *V.*; -^o, capable of bearing, *C.*

सासार sa āsāra, *a.* rainy; -**āśi**, *a.* having a sword; -**pāśi**, *a.* holding a sword in one's hand; -**śru**, *a.* living; -**śru-śru**, *a.* having arrows; -**śrūya**, *a.* indignant, angry, at or with (prati); -**am**, *ad.* angrily, indignantly; -**āśti**, *a.* having bones, *s.* animal with bones; -**śvānam**, *ad.* with a cracking of bones.

सासता sāśatā, *f.* dewlap (of an ox).

सास sa āśa, *a.* tearful; -**am**, *ad.* -ly.

साह sāh (-^o), *r.* सह sah (-^o).

साह sāh-a, *a.* [√sah] mighty (*RV.* 1); -^o (-sāha or -shaha), resisting, vanquishing (*V.*, *C.*).

साहकार sa āhamkāra, *a.* full of self-conceit.

साहचर्य sāhacharya, *n.* [sahachara] companionship, association, with *m.*

साहविक sāhavi-ika, *a.* [saha-ya] innate, natural; *m. N.*

साहदेवि sāhadevi, *m. pat. fr.* Sahadeva.

साहस sāhas-a, *a.* [sahas] precipitate, inconsiderate; *m. n.* punishment, fine; *n.* violence, rapine; bold, daring, precipitate, or reckless act (*ord. mg.*); -**kāraṇa**, *n.* violence; -**kāra**, *n.* acting inconsiderately, rash; -**lāṅghana**, *m. N.*; -**śaka**, *m. N.*

साहसिक sāhasika, *a.* (1) committing or guilty of violence; bold, daring, rash, reckless; *m.* desperado, robber; *N.* of a cook; -**tā**, *f.* daring; -**in**, *a.* committing violence; over-exerting oneself.

साहस्र sāhasrā, *a.* (śā, śī) having, consisting of, or amounting to, a thousand; thousand-fold; exceedingly numerous; *a.* thousand; -**ka**, *a.* amounting to or containing a thousand

साहसि sāhasi-i, *m. pat.* (?)

साहायक sāhāyaka, *n.* assistance, aid -**m** *kr.*, give assistance.

साहाय्य sāhāy-ya, *n. id.* -**ka**, *n. id.*; -**kara**, *a.* assisting (), -**dāna**, *n.* rendering of assistance.

साहित्य sāhit-ya, *n.* [sahita] association, with (*in*, -^o); agreement, rhetorical composition, art of poetry; *in* in combination, together; -**darpaṇa**, *m.* Mirror of Poetry, *T.* of a work (15th century).

साह्य sa āhnyā, *a.* connected with, terminating with, lasting a day, or the day (*opp.* āhina, *V.*)

साह्य sāh-ya, *n.* [sah-a] assistance, aid, -**m** *kr.* or *dā*, give aid.

साह्याद sa āhlāda, *a.* glad; -**am**, *ad.* -ly, -**āhva**, *a.* - named; -**āhva**, *a. id.*

सि 1. SI, IX, P, sināti (*V.*), bind. *pp.* **sita**, *V.*, *C.* bound, *C.* accompanied with (*m.* -^o), *pra.* bind, render harmless; *ps.* **prasiṣhye**, *ft.* (*C.*); *pp.* **prasiṣita** (*C.*), continually occupied with (*m.*, *le.*); lasting, enduring

सि 2. SI, east, hurl (*in* śāyaka and *śuā*), *pra.* **prasiṣita**, dashing along (*RV.*).

सिंह śimbā, *m.* lion, *Leo* (sign of the zodiac); -^o, lion-like = chief or best of, pre-eminent; lord or ruler of (also *in* some *cpds.*); *N.* -**gupta**, *m. N.* of a king, -**ghoṣa**, *m. N.* -**tā**, *f.* condition of a lion; -**tandā**, *m. a fish* -**ka**, *m. id.*; -**tva**, *n.* state of a lion; -**damashtra**, *a.* lion-toothed; *m. N.* of an Asura; *N.* of a prince of the Pāṇas, -**datta**, *m. N.* of an Asura, -**dava**, *m. N.* of a prince, -**dvara**,

f. (prince's =) palace-gate; -**dvara**, *m. id.*; -**dhvani**, *m.* (lion's =) challenging shout, -**nāda**, *m.* lion's roar; war-erv; confident assurance; *N.* of an Asura, of a son of Ravana, and of a king of Malava, -**parākrama**, *m. N.*, -**pura**, *n.* of a town, -**śala**, *m. N.* of a prince, -**datta**, *m. N.*, -**bhaṇa**, *m. N.* of an Asura, -**bhū-bhrit**, *m. N.* of a king; -**mahipati**, *m. N.* of a king, -**ratha**, *a.* having a car drawn by lions, *ep.* of Durga, *m. N.*; -**rava**, *m.* lion's roar, war-erv; -**rāṇa**, *m. N.* of a king; -**rotsikā**, *f. N.* of a village.

सिंहवर्मा śimbavarma, *m. N.*; -**vikrama**, *m. N.* of a fair prince, *N.* of a thief, -**vikranta**, *pp.* valiant as a lion; -**viśāra**, throne; -**vyaḥra āmishi-kr**, make a prey to the lion and the tiger; -**dāva**, -**śi**, *m.* lion's cub, -**śri**, *f. N.* -**śvāmin**, *m. N.* of a temple erected in honour of Simharaga, -**śakha**, *m.* (Lion-eye, *N.* of a king).

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pour down, - into or upon, sprinkle or drop on (*lc.*); water, wet: *pp.* **nishikṭa**, poured down, effused; watered; *cs.* water; wet. **nis** (*nish-shikṭi*), pour off or away. **parā**, *f.*: pour away; wash away; discard, remove: *pp.* **parāśikṭa**, put aside, rendered harmless (*E.*). **pari** (*pari-shikṭi*), pour out (*from one vessel into another; V.*); pour around, besprinkle (*V., C.*): *pp.* **parāśikṭa**; *cs.* besprinkle, wet. **pra**, pour out; besprinkle, water; fill (*a vessel*): *pp.* poured out; *cs.* pour into (*lc.*). **sam**, pour together; besprinkle.

सिद्ध 1. *sik*, *f.* (*V.*) border of a garment; *du.* the two edges - horizon; *du., pl.* wings of an army.

सिद्ध 2. *s-ik*, *aorist suffix s.*

सिद्धय *sik-aya*, *m.* cloth, garment.

सिद्धिता *siṅgita*, *pp., v.* *siṅgita*.

सित 1. *si-tā*, *pp.* (*√ I. si*) bound.

सित 2. *sita*, *a.* [*fr.* *as-ita*, black, *misunderstood as a negative*] white; pale; bright, light (*day or month during the moon's increase*); *m.* bright half (*of a lunar month*): *ś.* *f.* sugar.

सित 3. *sita*, *pp.* *incorr.* for *sita*.

सितकमल *sita-kumala*, *n.* white lotus; *-kara*, *m.* (white-rayed), moon: *-ānana*, *a.* moon-faced; *-ākṣara-ita*, *den. pp.* turned into or representing a white umbrella; *-tara*, *cpr.* extremely white; *-tejas*, *a.* having a white light; *-diddhi*, *m.* moon; *-divya*, *m.* goose; *-pakṣa*, *m.* bright half of the month; *-pundarika*, *n.* white lotus; *-mani*, *m.* crystal; *-maya*, *a.* made of crystal; *-manas*, *a.* pure-hearted; *-ruṭi*, *a.* bright-coloured, white; *m.* moon; *-varman*, *m.* *N.* of a minister; *-sapti*, *m.* (having white steeds), *ep.* of Arjuna; *-hūna*, *m.* *pl.* the White Huns.

सिताम्बु *sita-ambu*, *m.* (bright-rayed), moon; *-śataptra*, *n.* white umbrella (*emblem of royalty*); *-śtapa-vāraṇa*, *n.* *id.*; *-ābhra*, *m.* white cloud; *campiur*; *-ambara*, *a.* wearing a white garment; *-asita*, *a.* white and black; *-ābhaya*, *m.* planet Venus.

सितिमन् *siti-i-man*, *m.* whiteness.

सितिवास *siti-vāsa*, *m.* *ep.* of Balarāma (*for siti*).

सितोद्भ *siti-kri*, make white or bright.

सितेतर *sita-itera*, *a.* (opposite of white), black, dark, blue; *-saroja*, *n.* blue lotus.

सितोत्पल *sita-utpala*, *n.* white lotus; *-upa-lā*, *f.* sugar.

सिद्ध *sid-dha*, *pp.* (*√ sidh*) hit (*mark*); accomplished, achieved, effected, fulfilled, realized, successful; ready (*money*); prepared, made ready; cooked (*food*); gained, acquired; peculiar; unchangeable; cured (*person*); established, settled, substantiated, proved; well known, in (*°*); possessed of magical power (*things*); subject, ready to serve one (*spirits, charms*); perfected, adept in (*d., °*); become perfect, possessing supernatural power, emancipated from the laws of nature; *m.* seer, sorcerer, magician; saint, Siddha (*a class of demi-gods, such as Kapila, Vyāsa etc., possessing supernatural powers, esp. that of flying through the air*); *-Gina* (*with the Jains*); *N.*; *n.* magical or supernatural power: *-kārya*, *a.* having accomplished one's purpose; *-kṣetra*, *n.* region inhabited by Siddhas, land of the Blest; *N.* of certain sacred regions: *-parvata*, *m.*

mountain in the land of the Blest; *-tāp-sa*, *m., i.* *f.* ascetic endowed with supernatural knowledge and power; *-tva*, *n.* correctness; establishment, demonstration; perfection; *-dhāman*, *n.* abode of the Blest; *-bhūmi*, *f.* fairyland; *-mantra*, *m.* magical spell; *-yoga*, *m.* magical agency; *-yogin-i*, *f.* sorceress, witch, fairy; *-ratna*, *a.* possessing a magical jewel; *-rasa*, *m.* quicksilver; *-rasayana*, *a.* possessor of an elixir of life; *-rāga*, *m.* *N.* of a king; *-lakṣa*, *a.* hitting the mark (*arrow*); *-vat*, *ad.* as established or proved; *-kri*, regard as settled or proved; *-varti*, *f.* magical wick; *-vāsa*, *m.* abode of the Blest, *N.* of a locality: *-sam-bandha*, *a.* whose kin is known; *-sarit*, *f.* (famous river) Ganges.

सिद्धाङ्गना *siddha aṅganā*, *f.* female Siddha; *-āṅgana*, *n.* magical ointment; *-āśeśa*, *m.* prediction of a soothsayer; (whose predictions are fulfilled), soothsayer; *-anta*, *m.* established conclusion, demonstrated truth, settled doctrine; true logical conclusion (*following on the refutation of the objection raised: phil.*); astronomical treatise; *a class of works among Buddhists and Jains*; *-kaumudi*, *f.* Moonlight (= elucidation) of settled conclusions: *T.* of a grammar by Bhāṭṭi, *-dharma śāstra*, *m.* canonical law.

सिद्धान्त *siddhānta-ya*, *den.* clear up, establish: *pp.* *ita*, established.

सिद्धार्थ *siddha artha*, *a.* having attained one's object; efficient, efficacious (*rare*); *m.* white mustard (seed); *N.*, among others, of Buddha: *-ka*, *m.* (*n.*) white mustard; *m.* *N.* of two officials: *-mānā*, *a.* thinking to have attained one's end.

सिद्धाश्रम *siddha āśrama*, *m.* *n.* hermitage of the Blest: *N.* of a particular hermitage.

सिद्धि 1. *sid-dhi*, *f.* [*√ I. sidh + ti*] putting aside, removal.

सिद्धि 2. *sid-dhi*, *f.* [*√ 2. sidh*] hitting of a mark (*lc.*); accomplishment, performance, fulfilment, complete attainment, success (*eg., pl.*; *ord. mg.*); getting the better of, cure (*of a disease*), by (*°*); coming into force; payment, recovery (*of money due*); attainment of one's aim, success, fortune (*common mg.*); personal perfection entailing the acquisition of supernatural powers (*phil.*); magical power (*ojt.n. °* - *ec.* the magical object); efficacy, efficiency, skill; resplendence, establishment, demonstration; work of art (*rare*); Success personified as a goddess, *see Durgā*; *N.* of a female friend of Dinnu: *-ka*, *a.* - *°* - *siddhi*, magical power; *-kara*, *a.* (1) producing success or fortune; *1. f.* *N.* of a sorceress; *-kāra-ka*, *a.* causing any one (*p.*) to attain his object; producing an effect; *-kārin*, *a.* accomplishing anything (*g.*); *-kṣetra*, *n.* field of success, successfully accomplished object; *-gāṇa*, *n.* certain knowledge; *-da*, *a.* granting success or fortune; *-dārān*, *a.* seeing future success, knowing the future; *-prāya*, *a.* near to perfection; *-mat*, *a.* successful; perfect (*man*); possessing magical power; *m.* perfect man; *-mārga*, *m.* road to fairyland; *-yātrika*, *a.* wandering about for the purpose of learning magical arts; *m.* fortune-hunter; *-yoga*, *m.* employment of magical power; *-varti*, *f.* magical wick; *-jvara*, *m.* lord of magical power, *ep.* of Śiva; *n.* *N.* of a region sacred to Śiva.

सिद्धोदक *siddha udaka*, *n.* *N.* of a Tīrtha.

सिद्ध 1. *SIDH*, *I. P.* *sēdha*, scare, drive away (*V.*); *pp.* *siddha*. *apa*, drive or chase away (*V., C.*); ward off, from (*ab.*; *C.*); *abhi*, *pp.* *-siddha*, driven towards one (*out-*

tle; Br.). *ā*, *pp.* arrested; *cs. P.* *-sedhaya*, cause to be arrested; fasten. *viā*, keep off or back: *pp.* prohibited. *xi*, drive away (*V.*); keep back, prevent, restrain, from (*ab.*); forbid anyone (*ne.*); prohibit, object to; *surpass: *pp.* *nishiddha*, wardied off, kept back, prevented; forbidden, prohibited, to (*inf.*): *-vat*, *pp.* *act.* having warded off; *cs.* *-śhedhaya*, *P.* keep back, restrain; forbid, prohibit; contradict. *prati*, *P.* (*-śhe-dha*) drive away (*RV.*); *C.*: keep back, prevent, restrain, from (*ab.*); forbid, prohibit; contradict: *pp.* *pratishiddha*, prevented; discontinued; forbid(den), prohibited; contradicted; provided with a negative: *-vat*, *pp.* *act.* having forbid(d); *cs.* repel, turn away; forbid, prohibit; contradict. *vi-prati*, *pp.* prohibited; conflicting, contradictory.

सिद्ध 2. *SIDH*, *IV. P.* (*ā*) *siddha*, *V., C.*: be accomplished or fulfilled, succeed (*ord. mg.*); *C.*: hit a mark (*lc.*); be valid or admissible; be cured (*rare*); result, follow, he proved or established; yield to (*any one, g.*); attain one's end, be successful: *pp.* *siddha*, *g. r.* *pra* (*sta. ā.*), be effected or accomplished, succeeded; result, be explained. *pp.* *pratishiddha*, arranged, adorned (*hair; C.*); (well) known (*V., C.*). *sama*, be accomplished, succeed; reach the highest goal, attain bliss: *pp.* accomplished, fulfilled; at tained; prepared (*food etc.*), unde; restored, cured; prepared for (*d.*); firmly resolved; satisfied; skilled in (*lc.*); having attained the highest goal, perfected, blessed.

सिद्ध *sidh-mā*, *a.* *r.* making straight for his aim (*RV.*); *2.* leprous (*V., rare*); *m.* *n.* kind of leprosy (*C.*); *-man*, *m.* *n.* kind of leprosy; *-ma-lā*, *a.* leprous; *-rā*, *a.* (*RV.*) hastening to his goal; efficacious, successful.

सिद्ध *sina*, *n.* (*RV.*) provision, store.

सिद्धीवासी *sinivālī*, *f.* *N.* of a goddess of fecundity and easy birth; (goddess of the) day of new moon.

सिद्धवार *sindu-vāra*, *m.* a small tree (*Tīlex Negundo*); *n.* the berry.

सिद्धूर *sindūra*, *n.* red lead: *-tilaka*, *m.* forehead mark made with red lead; *i-ta*, *pp.* made to resemble red lead.

सिद्ध *sindh-u*, *m.* *f.* [moving to a goal - *√ 2. sidh*] stream, river; Indus; *m.* flood (*V.*); ocean; region of the Indus, Sindh, people of Sindh (*pl.*; *C.*); *N.* (*C.*); *-gāṇya*, *m.* *N.* of a treasury built by a Sindhu; *-ra*, *a.* bred in Sindh (*horses*); *n.* rock salt; *-datta*, *m.* *N.*; *-divya*, *m.* *N.*; *-nada*, *m.* river Indus (*also a river in the south*); *-nātha*, *m.* (lord of rivers), ocean; *-piba*, *m.* *ep.* of Agastya.

सिद्धूर *sindhu-ra*, *m.* elephant; *-rāga*, *m.* king of rivers, ocean; king of Sindh; *-śheṣa*, *m.* *N.* of a prince of Sindh; *-saṅgama*, *m.* confluence with the sea, river mouth.

सिद्ध *si-p*, personal termination *si*.

सिद्धा *siprā*, *f.* *N.* of a river flowing by Ugaṇṇin.

सिद्धा *siphinnā*, *f.* *N.* of a village.

सिद्ध *simā*, *a.* all, every (*RV.*).

सिद्धसिमा *sima-simā-ya*, *ā.* bubble, crackle.

सिद्धा 1. *simā*, *ad.* everywhere (*RV.*).

सिद्धा 2. *simā*, *f.* *pl.* Sāman consisting of the Mahānāmi verses (*Br.*).

सिद्धसिमा *simi-simā-ya*, *ā.* prickle.

सिद्ध *simba*, *m.* *N.*

सिम्बुह्क simbhuka, *m. N. of a certain mythical bird.*

सिरा sir-ā, *f. [√sri] stream (RV.); tubular vessel in the body, vein (C.).*

सिराक्ष sirā-ḥa, *a. having many or large veins.*

सिल्लन sillana, *m. N.*

सिल्लारया silla-rāya, *m. N.*

सिक् SIV, IV, P. **सिक्** *siṅva* (Ā, I.), *sew, stitch together: pp. syātā, sewed, stitched on. vi. sī, sew together. anu, pp. anuṣyāta, strung together; interwoven with (-). ā, pp. sewn together out of (w.). ni, pp. niṣyāta, sewed in, embroidered.*

सिषाधयिषा si-shādh-ayi-shā, (*des. cs.*) *f. [√śādh] desire to prove; -shu, des. a. intending to bring about or accomplish; -prove.*

सिषासु si-shā-sū, *des. a. (I.) eager to obtain [√śi]; ready to give.*

सिष्णु si-shn-u, *a. [√sau] willing to give, bountiful (RV.).*

सिस्त्रिषा si-sik-shā, *f. [√sik] desire to besprinkle or wet.*

सिस्त्रिषा si-srik-shā, *f. [√sriṅ] desire to create (g., -); -shu, des. a. intending to eject or emit (rare); wishing to create or produce.*

सिस्त्रिषासु si-sni-su, *des. a. wishing to bathe.*

[**सी** Sī, draw a straight line.]

सीक्ष sik-sh, *des. √1. sah [for si-s(a)h-s].*

सीता sī-tā, *f. [line drawn: pp. √*sī] furrow; Sītā, personified as wife of Indra and of Rāma (identified with Lakṣmī); -gāni, m. ep. of Ikāma; -dravya, n. agricultural implements; -yagña, n. sacrifice to the furrow; a. sacrificing to the furrow.*

सीत्कार sit-kāra, *m., t. sit-kāra.*

सीद sīda, *pr. base of √sad.*

सीधु sīdhu, *m. spirit distilled from molasses, rum; fig. = nectar.*

सीम sīm, *encl. ac. prn. (RV.) used for all genders and numbers, him, her, it, them (guly. w. very attenuated mg.); w. relatives = ever.*

सीमन् si-mān, *m. [line drawn: √*si] parting of the hair (I.); C.: f., n. boundary, limit (also fig.); village boundary; utmost limit, acme.*

सीमन्त si-mānt-u, *m. parting of the hair (I., C.); ceremony of parting the hair (= unṇayana, C.); -ka, a. (i-kā) having a parting (as a sign of pregnancy); -drisvan, a. having seen the limit, thoroughly versed in anything; -man, m. crest-jewel.*

सीमन्तय simanta-ya, *den. P. make a parting = traverse in a straight line: pp. ita.*

सीमन्तवत् simanta-vat, *a. parted, traversed in a straight line.*

सीमन्तिन् simant-in, *a. parted, having a parting (hair, pregnant woman); -i, f. woman.*

सीमन्तोन्नयन simanta unṇayana, *n. parting the hair (of a pregnant woman).*

सीमलिङ्ग sima-liṅga, *n. landmark.*

सीमा simā, *f. parting of the hair (in su-sima); boundary; village boundary: -kṛish-āna, pr. pt. ploughing on the boundary line; -ādhya, m. guardian of the march; -anta, m. boundary line, frontier; bounds (fig.); village march: -lekṣā, f. extreme boundary*

line; utmost limit, acme; -**spahārin**, a. removing landmarks; -**pāla**, m. guardian of the marches; -**liṅga**, n. landmark; -**vāda**, m. dispute about boundaries; -**vivāda**, m. id.; -**vṛikṣa**, m. tree as a landmark; -**san-
dhi**, m. meeting of boundaries; -**setu**, m. boundary dam, landmark.

सीर sī-r, *n. (I.), m. (C.) [drawing lines: √*sī] plough: -dhya, m. ep. of Ganaka. (sira-pati, m. lord of the plough (I.).*

सीरा sī-rā, *f. (RV.) stream (ep. sirā).*

सीरायुध sirāyudha, *m. ep. of Balarāma: -ntkashana, n. upturning with the plough.*

सीरिन् sī-rin, *a. ploughing; m. ploughman; ep. of Balarāma.*

सीव SIV, r. **सिक्** SIV.

सीवन siv-ana, *n. sewing, stitching.*

सीस sīsa, *n. lead: -ka, m. n. lead (C.).*

सीसर sisara, *m. N. of a mythical dog.*

सु 1. SU, V, P. **सुनो**, **सुना**, (*sts. Ā.*) *press out, extract (Soma); V., rare in E.; pr. pt. sunvāna, suvāna; pp. sutā, pressed, extracted. abhi-shanoti, press out; ps. -shyate, be extracted pp. abhishtuta (I.). ā, press out, extract (I.); boil, prepare ghee. pra, pp. prasuta (I.), pressed continuously, having continuously pressed.*

सु 2. SU (= √1. sū), *n. santi, suhi, and pp. sutā, urged, instigated (SB).*

सु 3. SU (= √2. sū), *in pra-savati (rare), pra-santi (rare); pp. suta, son, and suhuti.*

सु *sū* (in 1. also sū), *ad. [perh. for vasti = Gk. ed. ep. ushu, āshu, and uka] 'good, well, indeed, right, very, thoroughly (never used independently at the beginning of a word. rarely as an independent ad. in C.; very common with a, or s., in C. also with gd.)*

सुकण्ठ su-kanṭha, *a. (i) sweet-voiced: i, f. N. of an Apsaras. -kathā, f. beautiful story. -kanyā, f. N. of a daughter of Saṅgata and wife of Kṛatava (Br., C.); -kara, a. easily done, easy, for (g.), to (inf); -**tva**, n. easiness, feasibility, -**sandhi**, a. easily united, -**karmān**, a. expert (I.); virtuous (C.), m. artificer (I.); -**kālata**, n. good wife, -**kavi**, m. good poet; -**kānta**, pp. very handsome (youth), -**kālin**, m. pl. a class of Manes, -**kimukta**, a. adorned with Kimpuka flowers (var. of Sūrya, RV.); -**kirti**, f. worthy praise (RV.); a. easily praised (RV.), m. N. of the composer of RV. X, 131 and of that hymn. -**kulā**, a. f. having beautiful breasts, -**kumāra**, a. i. very tender or delicate, m. tender youth, -**tva**, n. tenderness, -**ahgi**, a. f. very delicate-limbed; -**kula**, n. noble family, a. sprung from a noble family, -**ga**, -**ganman**, a. ul., -**tā**, f. noble birth, -**kulina**, a. well-born; -**kurkura**, m. N. of a demon injurious to children; -**krit**, a. doing good, benevolent; righteous, pious; m. pl. the Pious deceased, the Fathers who enjoy the reward of virtue in the other world (I.); 1. **kṛita**, n. good deed, meritorious act, righteousness, virtue, moral merit (I., C.); benefit, bounty, friendly aid, favour (C.); world of virtue, heaven (I., rare); a. well done (RV.); 2. (**su**)-**kṛita**, pp. well done, made, or executed; well-formed, adorned, fine: w. karmān, n. good work; w. lokā, w. = sukṛitasya loka, world of righteousness (I.); -**kṛita-karmān**, n. good or meritorious act, a. doing good deeds, virtuous; -**kṛita-krit**, a. id.; -**kṛita-bhāg**, a. meritorious; -**kṛita-arthā**, a. having fully attained one's object; -**kṛiti**, f. good conduct; a. righteous, vir-*

tuous; -**kṛitin**, a. doing good actions, virtuous; prosperous, fortunate; cultivated, wise; -**kṛitya**, n. good work to be done, duty, good action, -**kṛityā**, f. (RV.), ex-pertness; right conduct, virtue; -**kṛishā**, pp. well-ploughed, -**kṛeta**, a. benevolent (I.), m. N. of an Aditya (I.); -**keta**, a. radiant (dawn, RV.); m. N. of a prince of the Yākṣas and of various kings C. -**sutā**, f. daughter of Suketu, Tadaka; -**keti**, m. a personification (identified with the sun), -**keśa**, a. i. beautiful-haired; -**keśanta**, a. having fair locks, -**komala**, a. very soft or tender, -**kṛatu**, a. skilful, wise, gobs, R.; -**kleśa**, a. very distressing; -**kshatrā**, a. i. ruling well, gobs, conferring power, wealth; -**kshatriya**, a. good Kshatriya; -**kshiti**, f. (I.) good abode, security, refuge, -**kshetra**, n. fine field, good soil; a. affording a fine field or dwelling place; having fair fields, -**kshetriyā**, f. donor of fair fields (RV.); -**kshobhya**, f. easily agitated

सुख su-kha, *a. having a good axle-hole, running easily, only of cars in RV.; com-fortable, pleasant, mild rare in I., very common in C.; soothing, agreeable to (the ear etc.); by reason of (I.); easy to be, of this (I.); m. (see danda) kind of military array (C.); n. ease, comfort, pleasure, enjoyment, happiness, joy (C., rare in I.); -**m**, in, in, f. happily, comfortably, agree-ably, easily, without trouble (I., rare in I., -**m**, easy to inf. -**m** na punah, more easily than; kadali-sukham, as easily as Kadali, mahatā sukhena, with great enjoyment. -**kara**, a. (i) giving pleasure; easy to be done or performed, by (I.); -**kārin**, -**krit**, a. giving pleasure, -**kārya**, a. having pleasure as an object, -**gamyā**, f. easy to traverse, -**grāhya**, f. easy to seize or catch; easy to comprehend; -**ghātya**, f. easy to kill, -**lābhyā**, f. easy to destroy, -**ukta**, n. any thing pleasant; -**tara**, *ep. easier: -m, ad. more easily; -**tva**, n. pleasantness, enjoy-ment, -**da**, a. giving pleasure, -**duḥkha**, n. du. pleasure and pain; -**maya**, a. i. consist-ing of or feeling joy or sorrow, -**dhana**, m. N. of a merchant, -**para**, a. intent on enjoyment, pleasure-seeking, -**peya**, f. to be drunk easily, -**prana**, m. enquiry as to welfare, -**prasuta**, f. sleeping placidly, -**prāpya**, f. easy to win or obtain (girl); -**bandhana**, a. fastened by, addicted to worldly pleasure; -**bodha-rupa**, a. easily under-stood; -**bhāgin**, -**bhāg**, a. participating in fortune; luck, happy, -**bhedyā**, f. easily broken; easy to separate, prone to faithless-ness; -**bhogyā**, f. easy to enjoy or dispose of, wealth; -**maya**, a. i. full of enjoyment, -**m-dhas**, a. prospering well.**

सुखय sukh-ya, *den. P. give pleasure to, refresh, delight, gladden: pp. ita, pleased, glad, happy.*

सुखयोगनिद्रा sukhā-yoga-nidrā, *f. plend, deep sleep, -rāya, m. N.; -rūpa, n. having an agreeable appearance; -varman, m. N., -rayā, f. N. of a sacerdos; -ayita, pp. re-lying or sleeping pleasantly, -**sobha-ar-tham**, ad. for the sake of comfort and credit; -**traya**, a. pleasant to hear, -**samvāhya**, f. easy to carry about, -**samsavya**, f. easy to attain; -**samtha**, a. being in agreeable cir-cumstances; -**samsparā**, a. pleasant to the touch, -**samfāra**, a. pleasant to walk about in or resort to, inviting; -**sangāh**, f. the term 'ease'; -**sambodhya**, f. easy to en-lighten, reasonable; -**salila**, n. pleasant (= tepid water; -**sādhyā**, f. easy to get the better of or overcome; easily effected or ob-tained; -**supta**, f. sleeping pleasantly; -**sevyā**, f. easy of access; -**tva**, n. accessibility;*

-*stha*, *a.* being in pleasant circumstances, happy; -*sparsa*, *a.* pleasant to the touch; -*svāpa*, *m.* placid sleep.

सुखान्त sukhāgata, *n.* welcome: -*abhi-yogya*, *fp.* easy to attack; -*abhyudaya*-*ika*, *a.* producing happiness. [agreeable.]

सुखाय sukhā-ya, *den.* *Ā.* feel pleasure; be

सुखार्थ sukhārtha, *m.* object of pleasure: *ac.*, *d.* for relief, for the sake of ease; -*arthin*, *a.* desiring happiness or bliss; -*artha*, *a.* deserving of happiness; -*āloka*, *a.* easy to get sight of; -*avagama*, *m.* easy comprehension; -*āvatī*, *f. N.*; -*avabodha*, *m.* easy comprehension; -*āvaha*, *a.* bringing pleasure, to (-); -*āva*, *m.* (pleasant food), cucumber; 1. -*āśa*, *f.* expectation of pleasure; 2. (-*ku*-*kha*) -*āśa*, *f.* very (sky =) remote expectation; -*āśraya*, *a.* productive of pleasure; -*āsana*, *n.* comfortable seat; -*āśikā*, *f.* comfort; -*āsina*, *pt.* sitting at ease; -*asukha*, *n. sp.* joy and sorrow, pleasure and pain; -*āvāda*, *m.* taste of enjoyment, relish, delight.

सुखित sukh-ita, *den. pp.*, *r.* sukhaya.

सुखिता sukh-i-tā, *f.* feeling of pleasure, happiness; -*tva*, *n. id.*

सुखिन् sukh-in, *a.* feeling pleasure, glad, happy; prosperous; comfortable, enjoyable: (-)*svabhāva*, *m.* happy temperament.

सुखोचित sukhocita, *pp.* accustomed to ease; -*ukhadya*, *fp.* easy to pluck off; easy to destroy or exterminate; -*udaya*, *a.* resulting in pleasure or happiness; -*udarka*, *a. id.*; -*udya*, *fp.* easy to pronounce; -*upa-gama*, *fp.* easy of access; -*upavish/a*, *pp.* seated at ease; -*upāya*, *m.* easy means; *in.* with ease, without trouble; *a.* easily obtainable; -*ushita*, *pp.* having spent the night pleasantly, comfortably lodged.

सुग su-gā, *a.* easy to traverse (path; *l.*); *e.* easy of access (*l.*); easy to obtain (*l.*, *C.*); *m.* (*l.*) good path; easy or successful course; -*gana*, *m. N.* of a *Rājanputra*; -*gata*, *pp.* going well; having fared well or enjoyed oneself; *m.* a Buddha; Buddhist (teacher); -*śaṇṇa*, *n.* Buddhist doctrine or faith; -*gati*, *f.* welfare, happiness, bliss; secure refuge; -*gandha*, *m.* fragrance; perfume; *a.* fragrant; *ś. f. N.* of various plants; *N.*

सुगन्ध sugandha-ya, *den. P.* make fragrant, scent.

सुगन्धयुति sugandha-yukti, *f.* preparation of perfumes; -*āthya*, *a.* rich in fragrance; -*āditya*, *m. N.*

सुगन्धि su-gandhi-i (or *ī*), *a.* fragrant (rare in *l.*); -*tā*, *f.* fragrance; -*tejana*, *n. kind* of fragrant grass.

सुगन्धिन् su-gandhi-in, *a.* fragrant.

सुगन्धिशीह sugandhi-siha, *m. N.*

सुगन्धिश्च sugandhi-ści, *m. N.* of a temple erected by Sugandhī.

सुगम su-gama, *a.* easy to traverse; easy of access; easy to find or understand, obvious; *m. N.* of a *Dānava*; -*gamana*, *a.* easy of access; going well; -*gaṇā*, *f.* (fair-neck) *N.*; -*gavya*, *n.* possession of good cattle (*l.*); -*gāṅga*, *N.* of a palace; -*gāta*, *m.* welfare; -*gātāyā*, *f.* desire for prosperity; *ī. (yā)* through (-*RT*); -*gātra*, *a.* (i) fair-limbed; *i.* *f.* beautiful woman; -*githa*, *m. N.* of a *Rishi*; -*gā*, *a.* having good cattle (*l.*); -*gana*, *a.* virtuous; -*gun-in*, *a.* having great merits; (-*śa*)-*gupta*, *pp.* well-guarded or looked after; well-concealed, kept very secret (*C.*); -*m.* *ad.* (*C.*) very carefully; very se-

cretely; -*lekha*, *m.* very secret letter; -*gupti*, *f.* great secrecy; -*m. ā-dhā*, observe great secrecy; -*gupti-kri*, guard carefully; -*gura*, *a.* very grave (crime); -*grāha*, *pp.* well-concealed; -*m.* *ad.* very secretly; -*grīhita*, *a.* well-housed (bird); -*grīhita*, *pp.* held firmly; adhered to; well practised or learnt; used auspiciously; -*nāman*, -*nāmadheya*, *a.* bearing (a well-uttered =) an auspicious name; -*gehini*, *f.* good mistress of the house; -*gopā*, *m.* good protector (*RV.*); *a.* well-guarded (*RT*); -*graha*, *a.* having a good handle; easy to obtain; easy to understand; -*griva*, *m.* (beautiful-necked) *N.* of a horse of *Kriahna*; *N.* of a monkey-chief (brother of *Vālin*, confederate of *Rāma*); -*grīhama*, *m.* beautiful summer; -*graha*, *a.* easy to accomplish; -*ghaṭita*, *pp.* well put together, - devised -*ghaṭita*, *pp. id.*; -*ghana*, *a.* very dense (forest); -*ghora*, *a.* very dreadful; -*ghosha*, *a.* making a loud noise; having a pleasant sound; *m. N.* of *Nakula*'s conch; *N.* of an *Agrahāra*.

सुचक्र su-chakra, *a.* having good wheels; *m.* good chariot (*RT*); -*kakhas*, *a.* having good sight, keen-sighted (*l.*); -*katura*, *a.* very expert; -*karita*, *pp.* well-performed (row); *n.* (-*sū*-*sp.* *pl.* good conduct, virtuous actions (*l.*, *C.*); *a.* well-conducted (*C.*); -*vratā*, *a.* having performed his vow thoroughly, -*artha-pada*, *a.* having well-selected sense and words (speech); -*kintita*, *pp.* well-considered; -*kira*, *a.* very long (of time); -*m.* *in.*, *°*, *ad.* for a very long while; *ab.* after a very long time; -*kētas*, *a.* intelligent, sapient; benevolent; -*ketū*, *m.* grace; only in *ū-nā*, graciously (*l.*); -*gana*, *m.* good or benevolent man or person (*sts.* referring to *a.*); -*svabhāva*-*svayam* *gana*, *m.* good-natured man; -*gana-tā*, *f.* good nature, gentility, benevolence; -*gana-tva*, *n. id.*; -*gana-ākara*, *m. N.*; -*gāman*, *a.* creating fair things (*RV*); -*gāman*, *a. id.* (*l.*); of noble or auspicious birth (*C.*); -*gaya*, *m.* great victory; *a.* easy to conquer; -*gala*, *a.* having good water; (-*śa*)-*gāta* (or *ā*), *pp. l.*; well born or produced, of excellent kind or nature; nobly born, noble; of genuine birth; *C.* well-formed, beautiful (*ord. mg.*); genuine, sincere (rare); not born in vain (*r. r.* *sa gāta*); -*gāta-valtra*, *m. N.* of a teacher (*S.*); -*gāta-āṅgi*, *a. f.* having well-formed limbs; -*gāta-rama*, *a.* getting over exertions well, indefatigable; -*gīva*, *a.* (*RT*) fair-tongued; sweet-voiced; -*gīva*, *pp.* well-worn, ragged; well-digested; -*śata-khandamaya*, *a.* (i) consisting of a hundred worn-out rags; -*gīva*, *n. imp.* it is easy for (*g*) to live; -*gīvita*, *a.* living happily.

सुचक्र sugg-aka, *m. N.*; -*ā*, *m. N.*

सुज्ञ su-gñā, *a.* knowing well; -*gñāna*, *n.* good knowledge; *a.* possessing good knowledge; easy to know; -*gyōtis*, *a.* (or *is*) radiant (*l.*); -*āṅka*, *a.* sharp, piercing (sound).

सुत su-t, *a.* (-*o*) pressing, extracting.

सुत su-tā, *pp. l.* *√*1. *su*; *m. sp. pl.* Soma juice (*l.*); 2. (*√*2. *su*) urged; 3. (*√*3. *su* = *√*2. *su*) *m.* son (*C.*); -*kirti*, *f.* mention of Soma (*Br.*); -*tva*, *n.* sonship; *in.* with *grab*, adopt (*ac.*) as a son; -*nirvīṣam*, *ad.* (with no difference from =) exactly like one's own son.

सुतगु su-tanu, *a. l.* very slender; 2. having a beautiful form; *f.* fair woman; -*tantu*, *a.* (i) having fair offspring; *m. N.* of a *Dānava*; -*tantri*, *a.* beautifully accompanied on the lute (song); -*tāpas*, *a.* warming (*V.*); performing severe penances (*C.*).

सुतपा suta-pā, *a.* drinking Soma (*RV.*).

सुतप्त sū-tapta, *pp. l.*, *C.*: very hot; *C.*: strongly heated, purified (gold); greatly afflicted; well-performed (penance); -*tāra*, *a.* easy to cross (*l.*, *C.*); easy to pass (night, *l.*); -*taraṇa*, *a.* easy to cross (river; *RV.*); -*taram*, *ad.* still more; exceedingly, very; *sc. na*, not very well; still less (the negative *sts.* to be supplied); -*tala*, *n.* a certain hell.

सुतवत् suta-vat, *a.* containing the word suta (*Br.*); -*vatsala*, *n.* tender towards one's children; *m.* tender father.

सुतष्ट sū-tashṭa, *pp.* well-wrought (*RV.*).

सुतसोम sūtā-soma, *a.* having the Soma prepared, offering a libation (*RT*).

सुता sūtā, *f.* daughter: -*bhāva*, *m.* daughter-hood.

सुतार su-tāra, *a.* very bright; very loud.

सुतार्थिन् sūtārthin, *a.* desiring a son.

सुतावत् sūtā-vat, *pp. act.* having prepared Soma (*RV.*).

सुतिग sut-i-g, *a.* having a son or sons; -*i*, *f.* mother of a son.

सुतीक्ष्ण su-tīkṣha, *a.* very sharp (also *fig.*); -*m.* *ad.* excessively; *m. N.* of a brother of *Agastya*.

सुतीमू suti-lhū, become a son.

सुतीर्थ su-tīrthā, *n.* good road (*l.*); very sacred bathing-place (*C.*); good teacher (*C.*).

सुतक su-tūka, *a.* (*RT*) swift, nimble; fugitive (*l.*).

सुत्य su-tya, *a. n.* (±*ahan*) day of Soma-pressing; *ś.* solemn preparation of Soma (*l.*).

सुत्यज su-tyaja, *a.* easy to abandon; -*trā-man*, *V. a.* (*f. id.*) guarding well; *m. ep.* of *Indra* (*l.*). [*N.* (*Br.*)].

सुत्यन् sū-tvan, *a.* Soma-pressing (*l.*); *m.*

सुदंस su-dānsas, *a.* performing mighty deeds (*RV*); -*dākṣha*, *a.* very expert or wise (*l.*); -*dākṣhina*, *a.* (*E.*) very dexterous; very courteous; having an excellent right hand (*RT*); *ś. f. N.* of *Dilīpa*'s wife; -*dātra*, *a.* giving good gifts (*l.*); -*dant*, *a.* (-*ant*-*i*) having beautiful teeth; -*darpasa*, *a.* having a beautiful mirror, reflecting beautifully; -*dārana*, *a.* easily seen, by (*in*); good-looking, handsome, beautiful, lovely; *m. N.* of various men; *m. N.* *Vishnu*'s discus (disc of the sun); *ś. f.* night of the bright half of the month (*l.*); *N.* of a prince (*C.*); -*dantārtha-kula*, *a.* belonging to a family worthy of a happy lot and sprung from the noble race of the *Dasārhas*; -*dāna*, *n.* bounteous gift; -*dānu*, *a.* (*f. id.*) dripping or bestowing abundantly, bounteous (of various gods; *l.*); -*dāman*, *a.* bestowing abundantly, bountiful (*Indra*; *RV*); *m. N.*; -*dāmini*, *f. N.*; -*dāru*, *n.* good wood; -*dārana*, *a.* very dreadful; -*dās*, *m.* [*√*dās *√*dās] faithful worshipper (of the gods; *RV.*) or a bountiful [*√*dā]; *m. N.* of a king of the *Trītaṣas* (*l.*, *C.*).

सुदि sudi, indecl. incorr. for sudi.

सुदिन su-dina, *a.* (*RT*) clear, bright (day, morning); *n.* (*V.*, *C.*) bright sky, fine day, clear weather; good day, happy time; -*tā*, *f.* clear weather, *-tva*, *n.* brightness (of days), *fig.* happy time (*RT*); -*div*, *a.* shining brightly (*Agni*; *RV*); -*divā*, *n.* beautiful day (*RV*); -*divana*, *n. id.* (*C.*); -*diṭi*, *f.* bright flame (*RV*); *a.* brilliant, flaming (*RV*); -*dirgha*, *a.* very long (of time and

space); -**dukha**, *a.* very laborious or difficult, to (*inf.*); -**duḥkṛta**, *m.* *ad.* very sorrowfully; -**duḥkṛta**, *m.* greatly afflicted, very unhappy; -**dukṣa**, *a.* made of very fine material; -**duḥga**, *a.* (V.) milking well (*cow*); nourishing, bountiful. *ā.* *f.* good milk-cow (V.); -**durgya**, *a.* very hard to overcome or conquer; *m.* kind of military array; -**durbala**, *a.* extremely weak; -**durbuddhi**, *a.* very foolish; -**durmanasa**, *a.* very despondent; -**durlabha**, *a.* very hard to obtain; very difficult to (*inf.*); -**duḥkara**, *a.* very inaccessible; very hard to perform (*penance*); -**duḥśrava**, *a.* very unpleasant to hear; -**duḥśrasādhya**, *fp.* very hard to overcome; -**duḥstara**, *a.* very difficult to cross; very hard to perform; -**duḥsaha**, *a.* very difficult to bear; invincible; -**duḥa**, *a.* willingly milked (*cow*); -**dūra**, *a.* very distant -*m* or -*ad.* very far; greatly, altogether, very; *ab.* from afar; (su-) **drīdha**, *pp.* very firm or strong; - retentive memory, vehement, intense; -**dris**, *a.* (f. C. id.; V. i) keen-sighted (V., C.); fair, considerable (RV); fair-eyed, *guly*. *f.* (fair-eyed) woman (C.); -**drishṭa**, *a.* keen-sighted, -**deva**, *m.* good or true god (V.); *a.* (V.) favoured by the gods; meant for the right gods; *m.* N.; -**devyā**, *a.* host of the good gods (RV); -**dyūt**, *a.* shining brightly (RV); -**dyumna**, *a.* *id.* (RV); *m.* (C.) N.; -**divya**, *a.* having beautiful teeth; -**dhanyan**, *a.* having an excellent bow; *m.* a mixed caste (offspring of outcast Taisjan, N.); assembly hall of the gods, -**dharmān**, *a.* practising justice; *m.* assembly hall of the gods; -**dharmā**, *f.* *id.*

सुधा 1 su-dhā, *f.* [good position; √1. dhā] *vasa*, comfort (V.).

सुधा 2 su-dhā, *f.* [good drink; √2. dhā] beverage of the gods, nectar; milk (*vare*); mortar, plaster. -**amṣu**, *m.* (having rays of nectar), moon; -**ākara**, *m.* mine of nectar; moon; -**didhiti**, *m.* moon; -**drava**, *m.* white-wash; -**dhavala**, *a.* white with plaster, white-washed; white as plaster; -**dhavalita**, *den.* *pp.* whitened with plaster, white-washed; -**dhāman**, *m.* moon; -**dhārā**, *f.* stream of nectar; -**dhauta**, *pp.* white-washed, -**pāra**, *m.* stream of nectar; -**bhitti**, *f.* white-washed wall; -**bhūy**, *bhogyin*, *m.* feeding on nectar; god; -**maya**, *a.* (i) containing or consisting of nectar; -**amrita**, *m.* nectar; -**raṣmi**, *m.* moon; -**raṣa**, *m.* nectar; *a.* tasting like nectar; -**maya**, *a.* (i) consisting of or containing nectar; -**avadāta**, *pp.* white-washed; white as plaster; -**varsha**, *m.* shower of nectar; -**ubhara**, *a.* white washed; -**āsāra**, *m.* shower of nectar; -**sita**, *a.* white-washed; white as plaster. -**tā**, *f.* whiteness of plaster; -**sindhu**, *m.* ocean of nectar; -**sūti**, *m.* moon; -**saka**, *m.* besprinkling with nectar; -**ayandin**, *a.* flowing with nectar; -**āhartri**, *m.* abstracter of nectar, *ep.* of Garuḍa; -**hrada**, *m.* lake of nectar.

सुधित *su-dhita*, *f.* *pp.* [√1. dhā] well set up (*post*); well-ordered, well-arranged, prepared, ready (*food* etc.); ordained, intended; benevolent.

सुधी su-dhī, *f.* good understanding, intelligence (C.); *a.* having pious thoughts, devout (RV); intelligent, wise (C); *m.* wise or sensible man (C.).

सुधीक *su-dhī-kri*, turn into nectar.

सुधीर su-dhira, *a.* very steadfast or courageous; -**dhāt**, *a.* (RV) well-yoked (*steed*); *m.* good chariot-steed (RV); -**dhāra**, *a.* *id.* (RV).

सुधीनार *su-dhī udgāra*, *m.* flood of nectar; -**maya**, *a.* consisting of a flood of nectar.

सुन्द su-nanda, *m.* N. *ā.* *f.* N.; -**nandana**, *m.* N.; -**naya**, *m.* wise conduct, -**nayana**, *a.* fair-eyed; -**naya-sāla**, *a.* possessed of wisdom; -**nasa**, *a.* having a beautiful nose; -**nāsa**, *a.* *id.*; -**akshi-bhruva**, *a.* having a beautiful nose, beautiful eyes, and brows; -**nirāśa**, *pp.* very low or base; -**nikhilam**, *ad.* completely; -**nigraha**, *a.* easy to control or subdue; -**nitambini**, *a.* *f.* having beautiful buttocks; -**nidra**, *a.* sleeping well; -**ninada**, *a.* having a beautiful sound; -**nibhrītam**, *ad.* very secretly; -**nirūpita**, *pp.* well-inspected, well-considered; -**nirgata**, *pp.* having emerged well from *ab.*; -**nirmala**, *a.* perfectly clean; -**nirvīta**, *pp.* perfectly unconcerned; -**niskāya**, *m.* firm resolve; *a.* absolutely certain about *sthg*; -**niskṛta**, *pp.* firmly resolved; certain; -*m.* *ad.* with absolute certainty, most assuredly; -**niskṛitapūra**, *n.* N. of a town; -**nihita**, *pp.* well-established; -**mita**, *pp.* well led, well executed; *n.* wise conduct, *su-niti* or *i.* *f.* good guidance (i); *n.* wise conduct (V); *a.* guiding well (V); -**nitha**, *a.* giving good guidance, guiding well (RV); *m.* N. (V); -**nihara**, *a.* very unsteady; -**nirpa**, *m.* good king.

सुन्द *sunda*, *m.* *ep.* of Vishnu. N. of an Asura brother of Upasunda

सुन्दरी *sundarī*, *a.* (i) *prth* for *sunarī*; *ep.* *su-nārī*, *su-narī*; *Gk* *ā-vip*, *ā-v* *ḥ* *pōt* beautiful, lovely, handsome; noble *vare*; *n.* good, right, correct act etc.; -*ka*, *m.* N.; -**kāṇḍa**, *n.* beautiful stalk; -**tā**, *f.* beauty; -**pura**, *n.* N. of a town; -*m-manya*, *a.* thinking oneself handsome; -*sena*, *m.* N. of a king.

सुन्दरी *sundarī*, *f.* (beautiful) woman; female *infabrid*, rare; *a.* *utro*, N. of *davāra*, N. -**mandira**, *n.* women's apartments, harem

सुम्न *sumna*, *m.* N. [of *Soma*]

सुमत् *sun-vāt*, *pr. pt.* √1. *su*, *m.* sacrificer

सुमप, *pratyāhāra* meaning east-ending

सुपक्क *su-pakva*, *a.* well-cooked; thoroughly ripe or mature (*edible*); -**panka**, *m.* good clay; -**patha**, *a.* easy to read, legible; -**pati**, *m.* good husband; -**pattara**, *a.* having beautiful wings; well-feathered *arrow*; *a.* having a beautiful vehicle; -**patni**, *a.* *f.* having a good husband; -**path**, *m.* good path; -**patha**, *n.* (V, m. C.) good road (V, C.) virtuous course (C); -**pathin**, *m.* *am* -**panthās** good path; -**pad**, *a.* (i) swift-footed (RV); -**pa-p** *ajit-ani*, *f.* swift flight (RV); -**parigāta**, *pp.* well-ascertained; -**parirānta**, *pp.* completely exhausted; -**parihara**, *a.* easy to avoid; -**parikshana**, *n.* careful examination; -**parikshita**, *pp.* carefully examined; -**parus**, *a.* having beautiful knots *arrow*; -**parṇā**, *a.* *i.* having beautiful wings (RV); *m.* a large bird of prey, vulture, eagle; *fig.* of sun, moon, and clouds; *du* sun and moon; V.; *a.* mythical bird, identified with Garuḍa (V); -**ketu**, *m.* *ep.* of Vishnu; Krishna; -**pariyasita**, *pp.* well carried out; -**pariyāpta**, *pp.* very spacious *house*; -**parvan**, *a.* having beautiful joints, having beautiful sections or books *Mahābhārata*, famous; -**palāyita**, *pp.* a skilful or opportune retreat; -**pāni**, *f.* a beautiful-handed; dexterous-handed; -**pātra**, *n.* good receptacle, worthy person *esp.* to receive gifts; -**pāra**, *a.* (RV) easy to cross; easy to bear; easily passing over (*rain*); conducting to a prosperous issue (*duḥ* *Tr*); *m.* a certain proposition (a); -**kashatra**, *a.* easily traversing his realm (*Varuna*, RV); -**pārava**, *a.* having beautiful sides; *m.* N.; -**pippala**, *a.* bearing good berries V.; -**pihita-vat**, *pp.* not having (the ears, *ar*), carefully closed; -*i*, *f.*

= *finite* *ch.*; -**puṇya**, *a.* very excellent; a great religious or moral merit; -**putra**, *m.* good son; *a.* having many or good children (V, E); -**purāṇa**, *m.* a certain personification; -**pushkala**, *a.* very abundant; -**pushpa**, *pp.* well-led; -**pushpa**, *a.* having beautiful flowers; -**pushpita**, *den.* *pp.* adorned with beautiful flowers; -**pūṣita**, *pp.* highly honoured; (su-) **pūta**, *pp.* well-clarified; -**pūra**, *a.* easy to fill; (su-) **pūrṇa**, *pp.* well filled, quite full; -**pūrvam**, *ad.* very early in the morning; -**pūrvāha**, *lc.* early in the forenoon; -**pēva**, *a.* well-adorned, beautiful, fair V., rarely P.

सुप्त *sup-tā*, *pp.* √*svap*, *n.* sleep; -*ka*, *n.* *id.* *m.* *alika* or *ayaga*; -*m* *kri*, foreign sleep; -*lyuta*, *pp.* fallen down during sleep; -**prabuddha**, *pp.* awakened from sleep; -**pralapita**, *pp.* *n.* talking during sleep *only* *pl.*; -**vakyā**, *n.* words spoken in sleep; -**vinidra**, *a.* awaking from sleep; -**stitha**, *pp.* sleeping

सुप्ति *sup-ti* *f.* (light) sleep; drowsiness; numbness of a limb

सुप्तोत्थित *supta utthita*, *pp.* arisen from sleep

सुप्रकाश *su-prakasa*, *a.* well-lighted, distinctly visible; -**praketa**, *a.* light, conspicuous, notable (RV); -**praketa**, *a.* *id.* (RV); -**prakṣhāta**, *pp.* well washed; -**pragupta**, *pp.* very secret; -**prākṣhanna**, *pp.* well concealed; -**praja**, *a.* having good or numerous children; -**pragāḥ**, *a.* *id.* -**prajā**, *a.* very wise *person*; -**prati**, *f.* safe guidance (i); *a.* guiding safely (V); following good guidance (RV); -**pratara**, *a.* easy to cross (*vare*); -**pratarka**, *m.* sound judgment; -**pratikara**, *a.* easy to requite; -**pratigāḥ**, *m.* N. of a Danava; -**pratīvarman**, *m.* N.; -**pratiśtha**, *a.* standing firm, firmly supporting, *m.* kind of military array; -**pratiśthāpita**, *es.* *pp.* well set up (*image*); (su-) **pratiśthita**, *pp.* standing firm, properly set up *stom*, thoroughly implanted *m* *lc*; well-established *faint*; *Pr*; *n.* N. of a town in *Pratishthana*; -**pratira**, *a.* having a beautiful countenance, handsome, lovely; *m.* N.; N. of a mythical elephant; -**pratita**, *pp.* well-known; -**pratara**, *a.* (*am* *tis*) advancing victoriously (RV); -**prātūti**, *a.* *id.* (V); -**prapana**, *n.* good drink (*ing-pale* RV); -**prabha**, *a.* having a good appearance, fine, excellent; *m.* N. of a *Deva*; -**patra** -**deva**, *m.* N.; -**prabhāta**, *pp.* beautifully illuminated by dawn; a beautiful dawn; -**prayas**, *a.* well-regulated (V); -**praya**, *a.* pleasant to tread on (RV); -**prayukta**, *pp.* well-discharged (*arrow*); well rected, well planned (*fraud*); -**pravāṇā**, *a.* praise worthy (RV); -**prassanna**, *pp.* very clear (*sub*); very bright or pleased (*face* etc.); very gracious; -**prassava**, *m.* easy parturition; -**prāsāda**, *a.* pleasurable; -**prāsādhita**, *pp.* well-adorned; -**prāsādhya**, *pp.* well-known; -**prahāra**, *m.* N. of a fisherman

सुप्राह *su-prāh*, *a.* going straight forward (RV); -**prāta**, *n.* beautiful morning; -**prāpa**, *a.* easy to obtain; -**prāpya**, *pp.* *id.* (su-) *a*; -**prāyana**, *a.* pleasant to tread; -**prāvi**, *a.* very zealous; (su-) **priya**, *a.* very agreeable; (su-) **priya**, *pp.* greatly rejoicing or pleased, with *lc*; -**prāpta**, *a.* easy to traverse *path*; RV; *i*; -**prandhā**, *com*; *f.* *pp.* full-grown or marriageable girl.

सुबध *su-baddha*, *pp.* bound fast (RV); *pp.* firmly clenched (*fat*, C); -**bandha** (or *ā*, *AV*) *a.* closely connected or related; *m.* good friend; N.; -**bala**, *m.* N.; -**bahu**, *a.* *v*; very much or many; -**bāhu**, *a.* fair armed V, E; *m.* C; N. of *varuna* *man*; N. of a *Dānava* and of a *Rākṣasa*; -**astra**,

m. foe of Subāhu, *ep.* of Rāma; *-bīga*, *n.* good seed; *-buddhi*, *f.* good understanding; *a.* intelligent, shrewd, wise; *m.* Good-wit, *N.* of a crow; *-mat*, *a.* very intelligent or wise; *-bodha*, *a.* easy to recognise or understand; *-bodhini*, *f.* (facilitating understanding) *T.* of commentaries; *-brahmanya*, *a.* very favourable to Brāhmanas; *m.* one of the three assistants of the *Ādityā* priest; *ā.* *f.* invocation of the gods by this priest to partake of the Soma (sts.=the priest himself); 1. (sū)-*brahman*, *n.* good Brahman (*Br.*); 2. *-brāhman*, *a.* attended with good prayers (*RV.*).

सुभ SUBH, IX. P. *subhāsti*, VI. P. *sum-bhasti*, smother (*IT.* very rare); *pp.* *subhasa* (*TS.*).

सुभक्ष्य su-bhākshya, *n.* excellent food.

सुभग su-bhāga, *a.* having a blessed lot, highly favoured, fortunate, happy; beloved, dear (*esp.* wife); charming, amiable; lovely, beautiful (*also* of inanimate objects; *ec.*, *esp.* *f.* common as an address); nice (*fellow*, *ironical*); suitable for (*ec.*, *rare*); *-m*, *ad.* charmingly; highly, *very* (*rare*); *ā.* *f.* beloved wife; (*ā*)-*m-karṣa*, *a.* *ā.* making happy (*V.*); charming (*V.*), (*ā*)-*tvā*, *n.* well-fare, happiness (*V.*); popularity, dearness (*esp.* of a wife, *C.*); *-mānā*, *n.* thinking oneself popular; *-mānya*, *a.* considering oneself happy or beloved; *-bhāva*, *m.* self-conceit; *-ākhaśa-bhūmi*, *a.* having fine hunting-grounds; *-tvā*, *n.* *ubel.* *n.*

सुभट su-bhata, *m.* mercenary, soldier; *N.*: *ā.* *f.* *N.* of a princess; (*sū*)-*bhadra*, *a.* glorious, splendid, most auspicious (*V.*, *E.*); *m.* *N.*: *ā.* *f.* *N.* of a younger sister of Krishna and wife of Arjuna; *N.* of a daughter of the Asura *Samāya*; *-bhayam-kara*, *a.* causing great fear or danger; *-bhāra*, *V.* *a.* dense; abundant; *-bhāshita*, *pp.* well-spoken, eloquent; *n.* excellent speech, fine or witty saying, good advice; *-maya*, *a.* consisting in fine sayings; *-bhāsa*, *m.* *N.* of a *Dāruva*; *-bhiksha*, *a.* having abundant provisions; *n.* abundance of food; *-bhūta*, *pp.* greatly afraid of (*g.*); *-bhūga*, *a.* having beautiful arms; *-bhū*, *V.* *a.* of an excellent kind; mighty, strong; invigorating; *-bhūti*, *n.* *N.*: *-bhūshana*, *a.* well-adorned; *-sū-bhrita*, *pp.* well nurtured, tended, or guarded (*V.*); heavily laden (*V.*); *-bhogya*, *sp.* easy to enjoy; *-bhōga*, *a.* (*V.*) bountiful; abundant; *-bhāṛ*, *f.* fair brow; *a.* fair-browed; *f.* fair-browed maiden; (*n*)-*nāsa akshi-keśanta*, *a.* having beautiful brows, nose, eyes, and hair.

सुम suma, *n.* flower (*rare*).

सुमख sū-mukha, *a.* vigorous, sprightly, gay (*V.*); *n.* festival, feast (*RV.*); *-maṅgala*, *a.* (*ā*), bringing good luck, auspicious; *ā.* *f.* *N.*

सुमत sumat, *ad.* (*RV.*) together; with (*in*).

सुमति su-matī, *f.* *V.*: benevolence, grace, favour (*ord. mg.*); devotion, prayer; *C.*: pleasure (*rare*; *in*, *ec.*), *a.* (*V.*) wise; well-versed in (*g.*); *m.* *N.*: *ā.* *f.* *N.* of Sagarā's wife; *-madhura*, *a.* very tender or lovely; singing very beautifully; *-madhya*, *a.* beautiful-waisted; *-madhyama*, *a.* *i.* very mediocre; *2.* fair-waisted; *ā.* *f.* fair-waisted woman; *-mānasa*, *a.* *V.*: (good-hearted), well-disposed, favourable, gracious, benevolent; pleasing; *V.*, *C.*: well-pleased, cheerful, glad, comfortable; *C.*: wise; *m.* *N.*; *f.* flower (*pl.* or *in* *epds.*); *N.*

सुमनस sumanas-ya, *den.* only *pr. pt.*: *ā-māna* (*V.*), gracious, favourable; well-pleased, joyful.

सुमना sumanā, *f.* *N.* of various plants.

सुमनोमत्तक su-mano-matta-ka, *m.* *N.*: *-mano-latā*, *f.* flowering creeper; *-mano-hara*, *a.* very charming or attractive; *-māntu*, *a.* easily known, well-known (*RV.*); *m.* *N.* of a teacher; *-mantra*, *a.* following good counsels; *m.* *N.* of various men; *-mantrita*, *pp.* well-deliberated; *n.* *imps.* good counsel has been taken; *n.* good counsel: *-m* *kri*, take good counsel; *-mantrin*, *a.* having a good minister; *-mānman*, *a.* uttering good wishes, very devout (*RV.*); *-marma-ga*, *a.* deeply penetrating the joints, causing great agony (arrow); *-marshaṇa*, *a.* easy to bear; (*sū*)-*mahat*, *a.* very great, huge, vast (*of* time, space, quantity, number, degree); very important; *-mahas*, *a.* glorious (*RV.*), always (*ec.*); *-mahā*, *ec.*; *a.* extremely great; *ad.* very greatly; *-mahā-kaksha*, *a.* very high-walled; *-mahā-tapas*, *a.* extremely ascetic or pious; *-mahā-tejas*, *a.* very glorious; *-mahāt-man*, *a.* very noble-minded or high-souled; *-mahā-bala*, *a.* extremely powerful or efficacious; *-mahā-manasa*, *a.* very high-minded; *-mahārha*, *a.* very splendid; *-mahausādhā*, *n.* herb of marvellous efficacy; *-māya*, *a.* having noble counsels (*Maruts*; *RV.*); *m.* *N.* of a prince of the Asuras; *N.* of a fairy; *ā.* *f.* *N.* of a daughter of Maya; (*ā*)-*ka*, *m.* *N.* of a fairy; *-mitra*, *m.* kind friend; *N.*, *esp.* of kings; *ā.* *f.* *N.* of a Yakshini; *N.* of a wife of Du-aratha, mother of Satrugna and Lakshmana; *-mukha*, *a.* beautifulmouth; bright face: *in* cheerfully; *a.* (*ā*) fair-faced; bright-faced, glad; inclined or disposed to (*V.*); *m.* *N.* of a king; *-mundika*, *m.* *N.* of an Asura; *-mrādikā*, *-mrītikā*, *V.* *a.* compassionate, gracious; *-mrishā*, *pp.* well-polished; very dainty; *-pushpa-śūhya*, *a.* abounding in very bright flowers; *-mekā*, *V.* *a.* well-established, firm; unvarying; *-medhās*, *a.* having a good understanding, intelligent, wise (*ac.* also *medhām*, *RV.*); *-meru*, *m.* *N.* of a mtn. (=Meru); *N.* of a fairy; *-mnā*, *a.* [*√*mnā=√man] well-disposed, gracious (*V.*); *n.* (*V.*) benevolence, favour, grace; devotion, prayer; satisfaction, gladness, peace; *-yu*, *V.* *a.* devout, believing, favourable; *-mnā-vāri*, *a.* *f.* gracious, bringing gladness (*Daen*, *RV.*).

सुम् SUMBH, *v.* SUBH.

सुमुनि sumunī, *m.* *N.* of a king.

सुयज्ञ su-yajñā, *a.* sacrificing well or successfully (*RV.*); *m.* *N.*; (*sū*)-*yata*, *pp.* well-guided (*steed*, *RV.*); *-yantrita*, *pp.* bound fast; *-tvā*, *n.* *ubel.* *n.*; *-yāma*, *V.* *a.* easy to guide (*steed*); easy to keep in order, well-regulated; *-yāvasa*, *a.* (*RV.*) abounding in pasture; *n.* (*V.*) good pasturage; *-yavasini*, *a.* having good pasturage (*RV.*); *-yukti*, *f.* good argument, *-yug*, *a.* well-yoked (*V.*); *-yuddha*, *n.* good or vigorous battle; *-yodhāna*, *m.* *N.* of the eldest son of Dhritarāshtra.

सुय्य suyya, *m.* *N.*: *ā.* *f.* *N.* of Suyya's foster-mother; *-kundala*, *n.* of a village, *-setu*, *m.* *N.* of an embankment.

सुर sura, *m.* [*hy* false etymology *fr.* as-ura, understood as a negative as-sura] *god*: *-kāmīni*, *f.* divine woman, Apsaras; *-gana*, *m.* *pl.* Apsaras-folk; *-kāmuka*, *n.* bow of the gods, rainbow; *-kula*, *n.* house of god, temple; *-krita*, *pp.* done by the gods.

सुरक्त su-rakta, *pp.* well-affected; *-rakshita*, *pp.* well-guarded; *m.* *N.*; *-rakshin*, *m.* good or trustworthy guardian.

सुरग sura-ga, *m.* elephant of the gods;

-giri, *m.* mountain of the gods, Meru; *-guru*, *m.* teacher of the gods, Brihaspati; *planet* Jupiter; *-divasa*, *m.* Thursday; *-grīha*, *n.* house of god, temple.

सुरा su-raṅga, *m.* orange tree; subterranean passage, mine; *-dhūli*, *f.* pollen of the orange tree.

सुराप sura-kāpa, *m.* *n.* rainbow.

सुरजित su-raṅgita, *pp.* well-coloured; *-rāna*, *n.* joyous (*RV.*); *n.* joy (*RV.*); *-rata*, (*pp.*) *n.* great joy; sexual enjoyment: *-prabhā*, *f.* *N.*, *-priyā*, *f.* *N.*, *-maṅgari*, *f.* *N.* of a daughter of the fairy Matangadēva and *T.* of the sixteenth Lambaka of the Kathāsuritāyāra called after her.

सुरतरंगिणी sura-taraṅgini, *f.* river of the gods, Ganges.

सुरतरङ्गि surata-raṅgin, *a.* (*n*-i) fond of sexual enjoyment; *-samubhoga*, *m.* sexual enjoyment.

सुरत su-rātna, *a.* possessing goodly treasures (*RV.*); *-rātha*, *V.* *a.* having a good chariot (*also* of steeds); consisting in good chariots (*wealth*); *m.* *N.* of various princes *-deva*, *m.* *N.* of a messenger.

सुरदाह sura-dāru, *n.* a tree (=Deva-dāru); *-druma*, *m.* celestial tree; *-dṛipa*, *m.* celestial elephant; *-dviṣ*, *m.* foe of the gods, demon; *ep.* of Rāhu; *-dhanus*, *n.* bow of the gods, rainbow; *-madī*, *f.* river of the gods, Ganges; *-māyaka*, *m.* leader of the gods, *ep.* of Indra; *-nimaga*, *f.* river of the gods, Ganges; *-pati*, *m.* lord of the gods, Indra; *-tvā*, *n.* sovereignty of the gods, *-dhanus*, *n.* bow of Indra, rainbow; *-patha*, *m.* path of the gods (*a part* of the sky); *-pānśulā*, *f.* Apsaras; *-gana*, *m.* Apsaras-folk; *-pādapa*, *m.* celestial tree; *-pura*, *n.* city of the gods, Amaravati; *-purodhas*, *m.* domestic priest of the gods=Brīhaspati; *-pushpa*, *n.* celestial flower; *-vriṣhti*, *f.* shower of celestial flowers; *-pratishṭhā*, *f.* erection of a divine image.

सुरमय surabha-ya, *den.* P. make fragrant; render famous; *pp.* ita, perfumed, scented.

सुरभाव sura-bhāva, *m.* condition of a god, divinity.

सुरभि su-raḥi, *a.* [affecting pleasantly: *√*rah] (*f.* *id.*, *in* *C.* also *i*) pleasant, agreeable (*V.*); fragrant (*V.*, *C.*); *ord. mg.*; (*being* in good odour=) having a good reputation, famous (*C.*); *m.* (*C.*) spring (season): *ā.* *f.* *N.* of a mythical cow, mother of cattle, daughter of Dakṣi and wife of Kaṣyapa (*e-h* *sutā*, offspring of Surabhi, cattle); cow (*rare*); *n.* *i.* fragrant substance, perfume (*Br.*, *S.*, rarely *E.*); *-kandara*, *m.* *N.* of a mtn.; *-gandhi* *n.* *a.* fragrant; *-tana-ya*, *m.* bull, *ā.* *f.* cow; *-dattā*, *f.* *N.* of an Apsaras; *-mat*, *a.* provided with perfumes, fragrant; *-māruta*, *n.* (having fragrant breezes) *N.* of a forest; *-māsa*, *n.* spring month; *-vatsa*, *m.* *N.* of a fairy; *-samaya*, *m.* spring-tide; *-srag-dhara*, *a.* wearing fragrant garlands.

सुरभी sura-bhi, *f.* fear of the gods.

सुरभीक surabhi-kri, render fragrant, fill with perfume; diffuse (*fig.*).

सुरभ्य sura-bhūya, *n.* dedication; *-mandira*, *n.* house of god, temple; *-muni*, *m.* divine sage; *pl.* the seven stars of the Great Bear.

सुरस्य su-ramya, *fp.* very charming.

सुरयुवति sura-yuvati, *f.* celestial maiden, Apsaras; *-yushit*, *f.* *id.*; *-rāga*, *m.* king of

the gods, *ep. of Indra*: -**tā**, *f. Indra's rank*; -**vrksha**, *m. Indra's (Pāṇḍita) tree*; -**loka**, *m. world of the gods, heaven*: -**sundari**, *f. Aparas*; -**vadhū**, *f. id.*; -**vara**, *m. chief of the gods, *ep. of Indra**: -**nagara**, *n. Indra's city*; -**varman**, *m. N. of a king*: -**vāhini**, *f. celestial Ganges*; -**vesman**, *n. house of god, temple*; -**astira**, *m. foe of the gods*; -**ākha**, *m. tree of the gods (= kalpa-vrksa)*.

सुरस su-rasa, *a. abounding in water; well-flavoured; charming; m. ā, f. a plant (bavil)*; -**lepa**, *m. besmearing with basil*.

सुरसख sura-sukha, *m. friend of the gods, *ep. of Indra**; *pl. the Gandharvas*; -**sattama**, *ep. best of the gods*; -**sadana**, *n. house of god, temple*; -**sadman**, *n. abode of the gods, heaven; temple*; -**sarit**, *f. river of the gods, Ganges*; -**suta**, *m. son of the gods, Ganges*; -**suta upama**, *a. resembling the sons of the gods*; -**sundari**, *f. a divine beauty, Aparas*; -**gana**, *m. pl. Aparas-folk*; -**senā**, *f. host of the gods; N.*; -**stri**, *f. celestial woman, Aparas*; -**sthāna**, *n. temple*.

सुरा sū-rā, *f. [distillation. √I. su] spirituous liquor*.

सुराङ्गना sura-aṅganā, *f. celestial nymph, Aparas*.

सुराङ्ग su-rāṅga, *m. good king*: -**rāṅga-m-bhava**, *n. possibility of being a king*.

सुराजीविन sura-jīvin, *m. (living by spirits), keeper of a tavern or distiller*; -**dhara**, *m. N. of an Asura*.

सुराद्रि sura-dri, *m. mountain of the gods, Meru*.

सुराधस su-rādhās, *V. a. bestowing good gifts, bountiful; receiving good gifts, wealthy*.

सुराधिप sura-adhipa, *m. lord of the gods, *ep. of Indra**; -**adhia**, *m. id.*

सुराध्वज sura-dhvaṅga, *m. sign of a tavern*; -**pa**, *a. (ā, i) drinking spirituous liquor*.

सुरापग sura-apagā, *f. river of the gods, Ganges*.

सुरापान sura-pāna (also na), *n. drinking of spirituous liquor; a. (C) drinking spirituous liquor*; -**pitha**, *m. drinking of spirituous liquor (B)*.

सुरायुध sura-ayudha, *n. missile of the gods*; -**ari**, *m. foe of the gods, Asura or Rākshasa*; -**ālaya**, *m. abode of the gods, heaven; house of god, temple*; 2. **ālaya**, *m. tavern*; -**āvāsa**, *m. abode of the gods, N. of a temple*; -**āśraya**, *m. resort of the gods, Meru*.

सुराद्र sū-rāshtra, *a. having a fair realm (V); m. (C) N. of a country, Surat (part of Gujarat); pl. people of Surat*.

सुरासव sura-āsava, *m. n. distilled spirit*.

सुरासुर sura-āsura, *m. pl. gods and Asuras*; -**āspada**, *n. abode of a god, temple*.

सुरी surī, *f. (of sura, q. v.) goddess*.

सुरङ्गा su-ruṅgā, *f. subterranean passage, mine*; -**ruk**, *f. brightness (V); a. bright, radiant (V)*; -**rukira**, *a. very brilliant or beautiful*; -**rupā**, *a. good-looking, beautiful*: **ā**, *f. N. of the daughter of a snake demon*: (a)-**tā**, *f. beauty*; -**rekha**, *a. having beautiful lines or outlines*: **ā**, *f. N.*; -**rekha**, *f. beautiful line or track*; -**retās**, *a. (V) having great generative power*.

सुरेन्द्र sura-indra, *m. chief of the gods, *ep.**

of Indra; N. of a king: -**tā**, *f. chiefship of the gods*; -**loka**, *m. Indra's world*; -**vati**, *N. of a princess*.

सुरेय sura-isa, *m. lord of the gods; *ep. of Indra, Vishnu, and Siva**: **i**, *f. *ep. of Durga**; -**ivara**, *m. lord of the gods, *ep. of Indra**; **N.**: **i**, *f. *ep. of Durga**; (a)-**dhana**, *n. Indra's bow, rainbow*; **i**-**kshetra**, *n. N. of a region sacred to Durga*; -**uttama**, *m. chief of the gods*.

सुरोष su-rosha, *a. very angry*: -**roshana**, *m. N. of a warrior*; -**roha**, *m. N. of a prince*.

सुरीकस suraokas, *n. abode of the gods, temple*.

सुरलक्ष्म su-lakṣma, *m. N.*

सुरलक्षण su-lakṣha, *a. having auspicious marks (-tva, n. absd. √ā, f. N.)*; -**lakṣita**, *pp. carefully examined*; -**lagna**, *pp. firmly adhering, to (c); m. (B) astrologically auspicious moment*; -**labha**, *a. easy to obtain or find, easy of access, to (c) cheap*; adapted, appropriate, proper, fit, suitable, to, for, -**ā**; -**kopa**, *a. irascible*; -**tva**, *n. frequency, cheapness*; -**avakāsa**, *a. having easy access to, easily reflected (image) in (c)*; -**labha**, *f. N.*; -**labha itara**, *a. opposite of (=) not easy of attainment*; -**lalita**, *pp. very dainty or delicious (meat), very charming or lovely*; -**lata-pallava-maya**, *a. (i) consisting of the young shoots of lovely creepers*; -**lokana**, *a. fine-eyed ā, f. N. of a Yakṣini*; **N.**; -**loka**, *a. eagerly longing for (-)*.

सुलाविहार sūlā-vihāra, *m. N. of a monastery*.

सुल्हरी sulhārī, *f. N. of a locality*.

सुवच su-vakana, *n. eloquence*; -**vāga**, *n. having a good thunderbolt (B)*; -**vadana**, *a. fair-faced ā, f. beautiful woman; N.*; -**vārṣas**, *a. full of life, vigorous, fiery, blooming, glorious*; -**a**, *a. (C) id.*; illustrious

सुवर्ग su-vārṇa, *a. V. E. having a beautiful colour, brilliant, glittering, golden; made of gold (rare); belonging to a good caste*: **V. rare**; **m. (I, C) gold, wealth; m. (rarely n) a weight—one Karṣa of gold, m. N. -kankaṇa**, *n. gold bracelet*; -**karta**, *m. gold smith*; -**kāra**, *m. id.*; -**kūla**, *m. a bird*; -**dāna**, *n. gift of gold*; -**dvipa**, *m. n. gold island, perhaps Sumatra*; -**pārva**, *N. of a locality*; -**pushpa**, *a. having gold as flowers (earth)*; -**bindu**, *N. of a temple*; -**maya**, *a. (i) consisting of gold*; -**roman**, *m. (golden-fleeced), ram*; -**lekha**, *f. streak of gold on a touchstone*; -**vāt**, *id. ad. like gold*; 2. *a. containing or possessing gold, opulent*; -**i**, *f. N. of a town in Dakṣiṇ-patha*; -**vasat**, *ādi*, *n. money, clothes, etc.*; -**śākura**, *N. of a locality*; -**siddha**, *m. adept in the magical attainment of gold*.

सुवर्णमि suvarṇa-bhū, *become gold*.

सुवर्ष su-varṣha, *m. good ruin; a. ruining well*; -**vasanta**, *n. good spring*; -**vastu-sampad**, *a. having abundant wealth*; -**vasat**, *a. beautifully-dressed*; -**vākya**, *a. fair-spoken*; -**vāk**, *a. id. (V)*; -**vānta**, *pp. having thoroughly disgorged the blood it has sucked (leech)*; -**vāsa-kumāra**; -**ka**, *m. N. of a son of Kaṇvapa*; -**vāsas**, *a. beautifully attired, adorned*; -**vāsita**, *pp. perfumed, fragrant*; -**vāsini**, *f. married or single girl (not yet grown up) residing in her father's house*; -**vāstu**, *f. N. of a river now-Suval*; -**vikrama**, *m. valour, prowess*; -**vikrānta**, *pp. bold, courageous, valiant, n. bold or courageous conduct*; -**vigraha**, *a. having a beautiful body or figure; m. N. of a messenger*; -**vikāshana**, *a. very discerning or wise*;

-**vilārita**, *pp. well pondered*; -**viśāna**, *a. easy to distinguish*; **R**; -**very discerning**; -**viśvaya**, *pp. easy to distinguish*.

सुवित su-u-vitā, *pp. [for su-ita, faring well] prosperous (parā), faring well (RV); a. (V) good path, prosperous course, welfare, prosperity, fortune*.

सुवित्त su-vitta, *a. having abundant wealth, rich*; -**vidagda**, *pp. very cunning*; -**vidatara**, *a. noticing kindly, benevolent, propitious V*; *a. benevolence favour V*; -**vidat-īya**, *a. id. (RV)*; **su** -**vidita**, *pp. well-known*; -**vidyā**, *f. good knowledge*; -**vidha**, *a. of a good kind*; -**vidhāna**, *n. good order or arrangement*; -**tas**, *ad. duly*; -**vidhi**, *m. suitable manner*; *in suitably*; -**vinita**, *pp. well trained horses*; well bred; -**vipula**, *a. very great, abundant, etc.*; **su** -**vipra**, *a. very devout (RV)*; -**vimala**, *a. very clear or pure*; -**virāḥa**, *pp. √rūh fully developed, virāda*, *a. very distinct or intelligible*; -**virāṣa**, *a. very extensive*; *m. N. of an Asura*; -**viuddha**, *pp. perfectly pure*; -**vivasta**, *pp. full of confidence, quite unconcerned*; -**vistara**, *m. great extent*; *great diffidence ab. very fully, in great detail*; -**m. yā**, *be filled (treasury)*; *a. very extensive or large, very great, intense, or intimate etc.*; -**m. ad. in great detail, at full length; *very vehemently*; -**vistara**, *pp. very extensive or great*; -**m. ad. in a very detailed manner; -**vismaya**, *a. greatly surprised or astounded*; -**vismita**, *pp. id.*; -**vilita**, *pp. well carried out or fulfilled*; -**vilita**, *pp. exhausted, with (m)*; -**vihvala**, *a. greatly exhausted, perturbed or distressed*; -**vithi-patha**, *m. a certain entrance to a palace*; -**vira**, *V. a. very mighty, heroic*; *having, abounding, or consisting in, retainers or heroes*; *m. hero (I)*; -**virya**, *n. manly vigour, heroism (I, very rare in E)*; *pl. heroic deeds, abundance of brave men, host of heroes V*; *a. C. very efficacious herb*; -**v-ṛkti**, *f. [for su-ṛkti √ṛk] excellent praise, hymn (RV)*; *a. praising excellently*; *pl.*; *praiseworthy V*; -**vrksha**, *n. fine tree*; -**vrjyana**, *a. dwelling in fair regions (RV)*; -**vrit**, *V. a. revolving—* running well *car*; -**vritta**, *pp. well rounded*; well conducted, virtuous *ep. of women, ord. m*; composed in a fine metre; *a. good conduct*; **ā**, *V. a. -tā*, *f. round shape and good conduct*; -**vriddha**, *pp. very old (family)*; -**vrīda**, *a. glad, joyful RV*; -**vaga**, *a. running, moving, or flying very fast*; -**vena**, *m. N.*; -**vēda**, *a. easy to find or obtain V*; -**vesha**, *a. beautifully decked or adorned*; -**vāt**, *a. id.*; -**vyakta**, *pp. very clear or bright, quite distinct*; -**m. ad. quite clearly, manifestly; -**vyasta**, *pp. thoroughly dispersed army*; -**vyāhita**, *(pp. n. fine say ing)*; -**vrata**, *a. ruling well V*; fulfilling one's duties well, very virtuous (C. after re); quiet, gentle of animals, C. rare; *m. N.*; -**vasana**, *a. (RV) blossoming beautifully* (*grad.*); saying good things, pronouncing blessings *men*; -**ṛkti**, *f. easy possibility, easy matter (RV)*; -**śami**, *in ad. carefully, delicately V*; -**sarana**, *a. granting security*; -**sarman**, *a. id. (V)*; very pleasant C; *m. frequent N.*; -**sasta**, *pp. well-revered (RV)*; -**sasti**, *f. good hymn of praise (V)*; *a. praiseworthy (RV)*; -**sānta**, *pp. very calm*; *nata*; -**sānta**, *pp. well-controlled, well-disciplined*; *m. n. ā*; -**āḥa**, *a. having a bright flame (lamp)*; -**nithili-kri**, *greatly relax*; -**āpra**, *ad. āpra*, *a. having beautiful cheeks (RV)*; **su** -**ā-pra**, *a. [√āp ep. sin] growing well in the womb*; **R**; **su** -**āshā**, *f. excellent aid (RV)*; -**āshya**, *m. good pupil*; -**āghra**, *?, or -m.*; *ad. very swiftly*; -**sita**, *a. quite cool or cold*;******

-*ritals*, a. *rit*; -*śāma*, a. [*√sm*] pleasant to recline on (*Br.*, rare); -*śāma-kāma*, a. [having deep-seated love] deeply in love; -*śāla*, n. good disposition; a. having a good disposition, good-tempered; m. N. -*śrṇa-vat*, a. having good nature and other good qualities, -*tā*, f. good nature, -*vat*, a. good-natured; -*śubha*, a. very fine (*arm*); very auspicious (*day*); very noble (*deed*); -*śōva*, a. very kindly, loving, tender, or dear (*V.*); very prosperous (*path*; *Br.*); -*śōka*, a. shining brightly (*Br.*); -*śobhana*, a. very handsome or beautiful; most excellent; -*śāndra*, a. very brilliant (*V.*); -*śāvas*, a. very famous (*V.*, *P.*); hearing well or gladly (*V.*); m. N.; N. of a *Nāga*; -*śrānta*, pp. greatly exhausted; -*śrī*, a. splendid; rich; (*śū*)-*śruti*, pp. very famous (*Br.*); C.: correctly heard; gladly heard; m. N. of a celebrated medical writer; N. of a son of *Padmādhara*; -*śroṇī*, a. f. having beautiful hips; -*ślakṣha*, a. very smooth, soft, or delicate; -*ślāṣa*, pp. well-jointed or united; well-raffed, very close (*alliance*); very convincing (*argument*); -*śrṇa*, a. having a well-furnished hand; -*tā*, f. abet. n.; -*śleṣha*, a. attended with a close embrace, with a conjunctive coalescence of words, or with the rhetorical figure termed *śleṣha*; (*śū*)-*śloka*, a. sounding, speaking etc. well (*V.*, *P.*); famous (*P.*); -*śloka-ya*, n. fame or well-sounding speech.

सुषंद् su-shamsad, a. having or fond of good company (*Br.*); -*śakhi*, a. [sakhī] having good friends, friendly (*Br.*); -*śāma*, a. [śāma] easy to obtain (*Br.*); -*śāma*, a. *śū* (*Br.*); -*śāma*, a. [śāma] splendid, beautiful; easy to understand; ā, f. splendour, beauty; -*śāmidh*, f. [śāmidh] good fuel (*V.*); (*idh*), a. lighting well (*Br.*, *S.*); -*śhira*, a. [having a good flow of sap; *śhira*] hollow; n. (*V.*) hollow, hole; -*tā*, f. hollow-ness; (*śū*)-*śhuta*, pp. [śhuta] well pressed or prepared (*Soma*; *Br.*); (*śū*)-*śhuti*, f. easy birth (*Br.*); (*śū*)-*śhupta*, pp. [śhupta] sound asleep; n. deep sleep; -*śhupti*, f. [śhupti] deep sleep.

सुषुप्ता su-shup-sā, *des. f.* [*√svap*] desire to sleep, drowsiness; -*śu*, *des. n.* sleep.

सुषुप्त su-shu-māt, a. very stimulating (*Br.*).

सुषुम्ना su-shumṇā (or mṇā; *Br.*) a. [sunā] very gracious (*V.*); -*śhumā*, a. *śumā*, f. carotid vein; -*śhū*, a. 1 [*√śhū*] well-pressed or very stimulating (*V.*); 2. bringing forth easily (*Br.*); -*śhōva*, a. having a good missile (*C.*); m. N. of a *Gandharva* (*V.*, *P.*); N. of a fairy and of various men, esp. kings (*C.*); ā, f. N. of a princess; -*śhuti*, f. high praise (*V.*).

सुषु su-shū, *ad.* [well-placed; *√sthā*] fitly, aptly, well; very much, exceedingly; -*śhā*, in, most certainly; -*tāram*, *ad.* still more, in a still higher degree; -*dāra*, a. affording a good entrance.

सुषुय su-shvaya [*den. fr.* *śūshvi*, but accent-like a *cs.*], only *śūshvāyanta* and *śūshvāyanti*, run, flow (*V.*).

सुषु sū-shū, a. [*√su*] pressing or offering *Soma* (*Br.*).

सुषुत su-sum-yuta, pp. well-controlled; (*śū*)-*śam*, -*śabha*, pp. well-established (*Br.*); greatly enraged, very wrathful (*C.*); -*vita*, pp. well-covered, fully clothed; well-girt; abundantly provided with (*√*); -*vrita*, pp. well-concealed, kept very secret; carefully guarding oneself; (*śū*)-*śam*-*śita*, pp. well-sharpened, very sharp; (*śū*)-*śam*-*śkrita*, pp. well-adorned (*Br.*); well-prepared; kept

in good order; good Sanskrit; -*śupakara*, a. keeping the utensils in good order; -*śata*, pp. well-combined, closely united; being in close contact; very compact; -*śu* *kri*, close very tightly; -*śati*, a. *id.*; -*śita*, pp. well-united.

सुसखि su-sakhi, m. (*nm.* ā) good friend; -*śamkrūḍha*, pp. greatly enraged; -*śam-gatā*, f. N.; -*śamgama*, m. pleasant (place of) meeting; -*śamgrhita*, pp. well-controlled or governed (*kingdom*); -*śaktiva*, m. good minister; a. having a good minister; -*śaggi-kri*, make perfectly ready; -*śamhita*, pp. well-gathered, carefully accumulated; -*śam-kā*, collect carefully; -*śattra*, n. good hospital; -*śattva*, a. very resolute; -*śadrisa*, a. ā) very like (*g.*); -*śamtuṣha*, pp. perfectly satisfied; -*śamtoṣha*, a. easy to satisfy; -*śamdipta*, pp. flaming brightly; -*śamdris*, a. fair to see; -*śamdhā*, a. true to one's word; -*śanna*, pp. [*√śad*] completely at an end, foiled; -*śama*, a. perfectly level or smooth; (*śū*)-*śamāhita*, pp. [*√dhā*] well-laden (*raaggon*, *Br.*); C.: well-adorned; very attentive or intent, thoroughly concentrated; (*śū*)-*śamidha*, pp. [*√idh*] well-kindled; (*śū*)-*śamidha*, pp. [*√ridh*] *V.*: quite perfect; C.: very abundant; very wealthy; -*śamrādhi*, f. great wealth; -*śampad*, f. affluence, great prosperity; (*śū*)-*śamprahata*, pp. completely shattered (*car*; *Br.*); -*śampratapta*, pp. thoroughly harassed; -*śambadha*, pp. intimately connected; -*śambrhiti*, f. due collection of requisites; -*śambrama*, m. great agitation or confusion, excessive haste; -*śambrānta*, pp. completely bewildered; (*śū*)-*śarva*, a. quite complete (*Br.*); -*śahya*, a. having a good companion or assistant; -*vat*, a. *id.*; -*śādha*, a. easy to prove; -*śādhitā*, pp. well-trained; -*śādhyā*, pp. easy to control, amenable; -*śaman*, n. very conciliatory words; -*śarathi*, a. having a good charioteer; -*śita*, a. pure white; -*śiddha*, pp. well-cooked; very efficacious, of great magical power; completely supplied with (*in.*); -*śartha*, a. having completely attained one's object; -*śima*, a. having a good parting (*woman*).

सुसुक्षु su-suksha, a. very agreeable or comfortable; -*śu* or -*śm*, *ad.*; -*śūkshma*, a. very minute, small, or insignificant; very subtle (*mind*, *sense*); -*śevita*, pp. well-served (*king*); -*śaindhavi*, f. beautiful mare from the Indus country (*Sindh*); -*śambha*, m. good pillar; -*śstri*, f. good woman; -*śtha*, a. (well-situated), faring well, healthy, being at ease, prosperous, well off; full (*moon*); -*tā*, f. health; -*śthāna*, n. beautiful place; -*śthita*, pp. [*√sthā*] firmly established; following the right path, innocent; faring well, prosperous, well off, being at ease (*ord. mg.*); -*tva*, n. ease, comfort, prosperity; -*m-manya*, a. considering oneself well off; -*śthiti*, f. excellent position; welfare; -*śthira*, a. very steadfast, lasting, or durable; -*m-manya*, a. considering oneself firmly established; -*śarman*, m. N.; -*śnāta*, pp. perfectly cleansed by bathing; -*śnigdha-gambhira*, a. very soft and deep (*voice*); -*śpashā*, pp. [*√spā*] very clear, evident, or distinct; -*śm*, *ad.* most manifestly; -*śvapna*, m. beautiful dream; -*śvara*, m. correct accent; a. having a beautiful voice; melodious; loud; -*śm*, *ad.* melodiously; loudly; -*śvāda*, a. having a good taste, well-flavoured, sweet; -*śvāda*, a. very well-flavoured (*water*); -*śvāmin*, m. good leader (*of an army*).

सुसस su-sa, m. N.

सुहत su-hat, a. pp. thoroughly beaten; justly killed; -*śāna*, a. easy to slay (*V.*); -*śānta*,

a. *id.* (*Br.*); -*śāva*, a. (*V.*) easily invoked, listening willingly; invoking well; n. (*V.*) successful invocation; -*śāsta*, a. (*V.*) fair-handed; deft of hand; (*śū*)-*śita*, pp. C.: very suitable; very salutary; perfectly satisfied, fully sated (*esp. with food and drink* *Br.*, *S.*; rare in *C.*); (*śū*)-*śuta*, pp. *V.*, *E.* well-offered (*sacrifice*); well sacrificed to (*C.*); n. right sacrifice (*V.*); -*śut*, a. offering a right sacrifice (*S.*); -*śarik-kloka-vivardha-na*, a. increasing the sorrow of one's friends; -*śrig-gana*, m. *sg.* friend, friends; *pl.* friends; -*śrit-tama*, *sp.* best of friends; -*śrit-tā*, f.; -*śrit-tva*, n. friendship; -*śrit-tyāga*, m. desertion of a friend; -*śrid*, m. [good-hearted] friend; ally (*śridō gāhā*, friends); -*śa* fond, of addicted to; closely resembling; -*śridaya*, a. kind-hearted (*V.*); -*tama*, *sp.*; -*śrid-bheda*, m. separation of friends; -*śrid-vadha*, m. slaying a friend; -*śrid-vākya*, n. speech or advice of a friend; -*śrin-nāri*, f. female friend; -*śrin-mitra*, n. *sg.* friends and allies; -*śemanta*, m. good winter (*S.*); -*śōtri* (or *śū*), m. good sacrificer (*V.*); -*śōtra*, m. N.

सुस suhma, m. *pl.* N. of a people.

सु 1. *Sū*, *Su*, *VI. P.* (Ā, *Br.*) *śuvā* (1.).

II. *P.* *śanti* (*Br.*, *S.*), set in motion, impel, vivify, produce; bestow (*of Śarītri*); consecrate, Ā. let oneself be consecrated; allow, authorise any one (*acc.*); pp. (*V.*) *śūta*, *śuta*. *śbhi* (*śhuvati*), *V.*: consecrate for (*acc.*); endow with (*in.*); ā, (*V.*) send, bestow (*of Śarītri*); *ai*, pp. *śiṣṭa*, thrown into (*le*; *Br.*); *nis*, drive away (*V.*); *parā*, *id.* (*V.*); *pra*, (*V.*) set in motion, rouse to activity (*of Śarītri*); impel, urge; allow, give up to; pp. *prāśuta*, discharged (*arrow*); sent away; impelled, urged, commanded; allowed.

सु 2. *Sū*, II. *Ā* *śūte* (*V.*, *C.*), IV. *Ā* *śūyate* (*C.*, *Br.*; also *P.* in *E.*), I. *P.* -*śava* (*C.*), II. *P.* -*śauti*, beget (*rare* in *C.*); bear (*ord. mg.* in *C.*); produce (*fig.*; *C.*); pp. *śūta*, f. having brought forth young, having calved; *śbhi*, bring forth; *pra*, beget, bear, obtain offspring; bear fruit (*trees*); produce (*fig.*); *ps*. *prā-śūyate*, be born or produced, arise; *pp.* begetten, born, produced, sprung (*by*); *trām*, *ab.*, *g.*; in, *le*, -*śū*; ā, f. confined, having borne (*acc.*; *etc.* = *finite vb.*); -*śmātra*, a. having just been confined; *śm*-*pra*, -*śūte* (*E.*), -*śūyate* (*C.*), beget; *pp.* begetten, borne (*by*, *of*, *ab.*, *le*; in, *le*).

सु 1. *śū*, m. father, f. mother (*V.*, rare); in *C.* -*śū*, *id.*; -*śū* producing (*V.*).

सु 2. *śū*, *V. ad* = *śū* *śū*, well etc.

सुकर sū-karā, m. boar, hog; i, f. sow; (*a*)-*tā*, f. condition of a hog; (*a*)-*preyasa*, f. (beloved of the boar), sow and earth (drawn out of the waters by *Viṣṇu* in the form of a boar).

सुक्त suktā, pp. well-spoken or recited; n. *V.*, *C.*: beautiful speech, good word, song of praise; *C.*: wise saying; Vedic hymn, hymn to (*√*); -*śukti*, f. good or wise saying; -*śmuktā*, f. *pl.* pearls of wise sayings.

सूक्ष sūkshma, a. minute, fine, small; thin; narrow (*path*); short; trifling; delicate, scarcely audible (*sound*); acute, subtle (*intellect*, *mental operation*); nice, exact; intangible, atomic; m. *artha*, m. trifling matter; -*śm*, *ad.* penetrating, keenly, hard (*look*); -*śikṣa*, m. N.; -*tā*, f. subtle nature; -*tva*, n. *id.*; -*śarī-tā*, f. keen-sightedness, acuteness (*of mind*); -*śarīna*, a. acute (*mind*); -*śarīṣā*, f. keen glance; -*śāda*, a. having small or delicate feet; -*tva*, n. delicacy of

one's feet; -bhūta, *n.* subtle element; -mati, *a.* acute-minded; -mat, *a.* id; -sarira, *n.* subtle or ideal body; -aksha, *a.* eagle-eyed, acute (mind); -tā, *f.* acuteness (perh. incorr. for -ikshī-tā); -ikshikā, *f.* keen sight, acuteness (perhaps incorr. for -ikshītā).

सूचक sūk-aka, *a.* (ikā) indicating, showing, designating (*g.*, -°); *m.* informer; -ana, *n.* indication, communication; -aniya, *fp.* to be indicated.

सूचय sūkaya, *den. P.* (*fr.* sūki) indicate, point out, show, reveal, betray; indicate (to the spectator) by dumb show (*dramatic term*); *pp.* itā, indicated, revealed, betrayed, by (*in*, -°).

सूचयितव्य sūlay-itavya, *fp.* to be found out or ascertained.

सूचि sūk-i, *f.* needle; sharp point or tip; kind of military array, pointed column; (pointer), index (common in Indian editions -w. -patra, *n.*); -ka, *m.* tailor; -kulā-ya, *den. A.* appear like a collection of needles

सूचित sūk-ita, *pp. 1.* of sūkaya; 2. *su* *pl.* ita (✓*ut*), very suitable.

सूचिपत्र sūki-patra, *n.* index; -bhinnā, *pp.* split at the point (*bud*); -bhedyā, *fp.* so dense as to be capable of being pierced with a needle (darkness); -mukha, *n.* point of a needle; -agra-sambhedyā, *fp.* so dense as to be capable of being pierced by a needle (darkness); -imukha, *a.* (i) having a beak (etc.) as sharp as a needle; sharp as or pointed like a needle (*C.*); *m.* (*C.*) bird, kind of bird, or *N.* of a bird

सूची sūk-i, *f.* needle; -bhedyā, *fp.* to be pierced with a needle, dense, palpable (darkness); -mukha, *n.* point of a needle; -agra-sambhedyā, *fp.* so dense as to be capable of being pierced by a needle (darkness); -imukha, *a.* (i) having a beak (etc.) as sharp as a needle; sharp as or pointed like a needle (*C.*); *m.* (*C.*) bird, kind of bird, or *N.* of a bird

सूच्य sūchiṅra, *n.* point of a needle; -āśya, *a.* having a mouth pointed like a needle; *m.* mosquito.

सूत 1. sū-tā, *pp.* of ✓1. 2. sū.

सूत 2. sūtā, *m.* charioteer (in *V.* a royal servant often mentioned with grāmāni; in *E.* also a royal herald; in *C.* a mixed caste, offspring of Kshatriya and Brāhmanī or of Brāhmanī and Kshatriyā).

सूतक sūta-ka, *n.* birth; calving; impurity (of the parents) caused by childbirth; impurity (in general); -bhogana, *n.* natal feast; -anna, (*V.*) *n.*; -āśya, (*C.*) *n.* food rendered impure by childbirth.

सूतत्व sūta-tva, *n.* office of a charioteer; -putra, *m.* (son of a) charioteer; *ep.* of Karna.

सूति sū-ti, *f. V., C.*: birth, production (also *a.*); *C.*: delivery; production of crops, birthplace; cause or manner of production, offspring.

सूतिका sūt-ikā, *f.* woman lying in; cow that has recently calved (± *go*); -agāra, -grāha, -gṛha, *n.* lying-in room; -māruta, *m.* vital air of childbirth.

सूकार sūt-kāra, *m.* sound sūt; also of the snorting of horses; -krita, *n.* id.

सूत्यान sūtyāna, *a.* very strenuous.

सूत्र sū-tra, *n.* [✓*sv*] *V., C.* thread, string, cord (*ord. mg.*); *C.*: sacred cord (worn over the left shoulder by the three upper castes); measuring line; fibre; line; sketch, plan, (thread running through and holding together =) concise rule or aphorism; manual consisting of aphoristic rules; -ka, *n.* thread, cord; -kāra, *m.* author of a Sūtra work or

manual; -tanta, *m.* thread; -daridra, *a.* 'poor in threads' = threadbare; -tā, *f.* threadbare condition; -dhāra, *m.* [holder of the measuring line] carpenter, builder, architect, [wire-puller =] stage-manager; -m, *a.* *f.* leading spirit in; -pāta, *m.* drop of the measuring line -m *kr* or *kar*, measure, compare; -piśaka, *m.* *n.* [basket] collection of the Buddhist Sūtras; -protā, *fp.* attached to, worked by strings puppet; -bhāra, *m.* stage-manager.

सूचय sūtra-ya, *den. P.* *Ā* string or put together; contrive, effect, produce, compose or teach in the form of a Sūtra *Ā*, contrive, effect. *sam-ā*, *id.* *vi*, drive away, dispel, remove; throw into confusion

सूचयितव्य sūtray-itavya, *fp.* to be composed in the form of a Sūtra.

सूत्रात्मा sūtra-ātman, *m.* thread-soul, i.e. intellect conditioned by the aggregate and therefore passing through all things like a thread (*ph.*)

सूत्रिका sūtri-ikā, *f.* macaroni; -ita, *pp.* of sūtraya; -tva, *n.* fact of being stated in a Sūtra; -in, *a.* provided with threads; *m.* stage-manager

सूट SŪD, III. *P.* sūbhūda, (*I.*) guide, might; *es.* sūdaya, *P. V.* *id.*; arrange, prepare, effect; *C.* settle = put an end to, kill, destroy, annul and inanimate objects, press, crush; *ni*, *ev.* -shūḍya, *P.* (*C.*) kill, destroy; -nīlayam = impale

सूद sūda, *m.* well (*RI*), mud of a dried-up pool; *V., C.*: hot spring, cook (*ord. mg.*); kind of broth; -karma, *n.* art of cookery; -tva, *n.* condition of a cook

सूदन sūd-ana, *a.* (ā, i) guiding, might (course); *RI*; putting an end to, destroying (*quly*, -°); *C.*, *m.* (*C.*) slayer or destroyer of (), *n.* destruction (*C.*)

सूदशाला sūda-sālā, *f.* kitchen.

सून sūna, *n.* [perh. sprout; *old pp.* ✓*sv* sū] blossom, flower; -āra, *m.* (flower arrowed) god of love.

सूनर sū-nāra, *a.* (i) glad, joyous (*I.*) *do.*

सूना sū-nā, *f.* [✓*sv* *ep.* -ōtra] *V.* woven basket or dish (*V.*), *C.* slaughter-house, shambles; means of producing death; -lakra-dhya-vat, *m.* *pl.* butchers, oil manufacturers, and distillers (or publicans).

सूनिक sūn-ika, *m.* butcher; -in, *m.* *id.*

सूनु sū-nu, *m.* [✓*sv* *son*] *Soma*-prosser (*RI*); 2. [✓*sv* *son*] *son*; *I., C.*, coll. offspring; *RI*; *ran*, younger brother (*C.*, *rare*); -tā, *f.* sonship.

सुपुत sū-nrta, *a.* glad, joyful (*I.*); kind, courteous, agreeably true speech; *C.*, *ā*, *f.* *I.*: gladness, glee, song of joy in *pl.* joyfully, *C.*, friendliness, kind speech, truth (*opp.* *aurta*), *n.* (*I.*) joy, gladness; -nrta-vat, *a.* glad, joyous (*I.*); -nrta-vari, *a.* *f.* *id.* (*RV*).

सूप sūpa, *m.* broth, soup; -kāra, -krit, *m.* soup-maker, cook.

सूपयज्ञ sūpayaṅga, *a.* easy of access (*RI*); -upāya, *m.* good expedient; -upāyāna, *a.* easy of access (*RI*).

सुभर sū-bharva, *a.* well-nourished (*bull*; *RV*); -yāvasa, *a.* having good pasturage.

सूर sūr = सूर sū-ār, sun, heaven (*V.*); only -ā, -as, -o.

सूर 1. sū-ra, *m.* Soma flowing from the press (✓*1*, sū); 2. sū-ra, *m.* [*fr.* svar] sun; -sūra-laksha, *a.* bright as the sun (*RV*).

सूरि sū-rī, *m.* [ineter ✓*1* sū] *V.* instructor of a sacrifice who rewards the priests = yugamāna (*in C.*); lord, chief, prosacer or sacrificer of Soma (✓*1* sū), *C.* wise man, sage, great scholar.

सूर्य sŪRKSH, सूर्य SURKSHA, *P.* sūr-khātī, sūrkhayati, care or trouble, about (*m.* *g.*, *V.* *rare*).

सूरि sū-tā, *f.* *pp.* (*s* sri) trodden.

सूर्मि sūrmī, सूर्मी -sūrmī, *f.* pipe (for conducting water); tubular lamp, *V.*, hollow metal image by means of which, when made red hot, criminals, especially adulterers, are executed (*C.*)

सूर्य sū-ya, *m.* [svar] sun; sun-god; *N.* (*C.*), -ka, *m.* *N.*; -kara, *m.* sunbeam; -āhata, *m.* (beloved of the sun, sun-stone, sun-crystal); -āndra, *m.* *N.*; -tapas, *m.* *N.* of a sage; -tejas, *m.* sunshine; (surya)-tvat, *a.* having a sun-bright skin or covering (*RV*); -pāda, *m.* sunbeam; -putra, *m.* son of the sun, put of the *Asvins*, planet Saturn, and Yama; *f.* daughter of the sun, the Yama; -prabha, *a.* sun-bright, *m.* *N.* among others of the king after whom the eighth Tāmaka of the Kathamātsigara is called; -tā, *f.* abt. *s.*; -prabhava, *a.* spring from the sun race; -prabhiya, *a.* belonging to king Suryaprabha; -prāishya, *m.* *ep.* of Anaka; -bimba, *m.* or a disc of the sun; -mandala, *n.* *id.*; -mati, *f.* *N.* of a prince; -ratha, *m.* ear of the sun; -rasmi, *m.* sun beam; -rūf, *f.* sunlight; -vama, *m.* solar race of kings; -vamsya, *a.* belonging to the solar race; -varman, *m.* *N.* of a Dānava; -vara, *m.* Sunday; -vishya, *m.* *ep.* of Yagya-vaikya; -antevāsīn, *m.* *ep.* of Anaka; -samkranta, *m.* entrance of the sun into a new sign of the zodiac; -samkrāntī, *f.* *id.*; -siddhānta, *m.* *T.* of an astronomical treatise ascribed to the Sun; -sūta, *m.* (son of the sun) planet Saturn, the monkey Sugriva; -stuti, *f.*, -stotra, *n.* praise of the sun

सूर्या sūryā, *f.* female personification of the Sun; hymn of the wedding of Sūryā (*RV*); *N.* 85

सूर्याम sūryāma, *m.* sunbeam; ā-kandramas-ā (*I.*) or -au, *m.* am du sun and moon; -āstapa, *m.* heat of the sun; *o* dā, expose to the sun; -apāya, *m.* departure of the sun, sunset; (surya)-abhyudita, *pp.* risen upon whole sleeping by the sun (*I.*); ā-vana, *a.* whose wealth is Sūrya (*Asvins*; *RV*); ā-vid, *a.* knowing the Sūrya hymn (*RV*); *X.* 85; ā-sūktā, *n.* the Sūryā hymn (*RV*); *X.* 85; ā-sāta, *m.* sunset.

सूर्योद sūryāūdha, *pp.* brought by the setting sun, arriving at sunset (*quay*); -udaya, *m.* sunrise.

सूरि SŪRI, *I. P.* sūra, III. *P.* (sts. *Ā*) sisarti (*RI*); *V.* *C.* run swiftly, speed, flow, glide; *parva* 'ac'; *C.* blow wind, run or slip away, escape, betake oneself to ac, *latra*; *asaad* *ac*, transverse, cross *ac*; *ādm* *sri*, run a race; *o* exert oneself; *ul* *kakals* *o*, spring up *low*; *pp.* *sarta*, running; *bahis* *o*, having slipped *ac* come out, *sarta*, trodden *V.*, *rare*; *es* sūraya, *P.* cause to run; set in motion, strikes *late* *atraya*; *push aside*, remove *brad* of *low*, from (*ab*); *make visible*, show; *A.* cause oneself to be driven, drive (*in a carriage*, *S.*), *sarayate*, flow (*RV*); *den.* *sirishati*, wish to run (*RV*).

(V.): *intv.* (C.) **sarisarti**, stride backwards and forwards; blow violently (wind). **azu**, flow towards (RV.); C.: walk along (the course of a river), follow (a path etc.), pursue, traverse; direct one's course to, betake oneself to (ac.); reach (ac.; also U.); conform to (ac.); get at, ascertain (ac.); pp. **anuarita**, following (ac.); proceeding from (ab.); followed, pursued (track etc.); attended, by (in, -); traversed; afflicted with, subject to (ab.); *ca.* cause to follow, draw after; follow, pursue; *gd.* **anusritya**, in accordance with (ac.). **apa**, slip down from (a car, ab.; RV.); C.: roll backwards (car, with *puskāt*); withdraw, retire, depart, from (ab.; *ord. mg.*); pass, elapse (RV.); deviate from a previous statement, *ca.* remove, put away. **viapa**, depart **abhi**, RV.: speed towards (ac.); C.: approach any one (ac.); assail; betake oneself to; go to meet or to the house of (a lover, by appointment, ac.); pp. **abhisrita**, come; gone to (ac.); gone to attack (-); visited by (in.); *ca.* bring; make an appointment with (a mistress; *ā*); visit. **ā**, V.: speed hitherward; C.: approach; attack. **apaś** (*metr.* for *apaś*), pass by (ab.). **ud**, leap up (*r. r. ud + jñ*); be stretched out (*hand*); *ca.* drive or scare away, dispel, disperse; remove; throw off or away; give up, abandon; dismiss (a statement); scatter. **anū ud**, *ab.* **anūtsāram**, leaving the place in succession (Br.). **pra ud**, *ca.* drive away, disperse, dispel; offer; pp. **protksrita**, offered (*seat*). **sam ud**, *ca.* send away, dismiss; disperse, dispel. **upa**, go to (for help, advice etc.; Br.); approach, visit (ac.; C.). **ni**, pp. **nīsrīta** (*metr.* for *nīk*), departed; drawn (*seem*). **nī**, flow or go out, come forth, emerge, issue, depart, from (ab. + *balia*); to (ac.): pp. **nīsrīta**, gone out, issuing (etc.), from (ab., -); protruding (*eyes*); *ca.* drive out, expel, eject, remove, from (ab.). **abhi-nī**, pp. issuing from (ab.). **vi-nī**, go forth, issue (etc.), from (ab.); *pp.* issuing, proceeding etc., from (-). **pari**, flow or walk round; *pp.* having traversed (ac.); diffused in all directions. **pra**, stream, gush, break, or come forth, break out (disease), issue, proceed, rise, be diffused (odour), be manifested, from (ab.); extend (fire); set out, advance (for, against, ac.); pass, elapse (night etc.); commence (*spring, festival*); prevail; proceed with (work, undertaking, *lc.*); be extended (*hands*); stretch out (*arms*; RV.); *pp.* **prāsrīta**, streaming forth, overflowing; set in (*darkness*); resounding (*tones*); issuing, proceeding, from (ab., -); wide-spreading, extending, to (lc.); prevailing, ordinary; intense (*brilliance*), great (*friendship*); set out; fled; outstretched (*hand, arm*); devoted to (-); *meor.* for *prāsrīta*, modest, quiet; *ca.* **prāsrīta**, P. stretch out, extend (*hand etc.*; *ord. mg.*); spread out (*veases*), expose for sale; open wide (*eyes, mouth, etc.*), diffuse, circulate, publish (*rare*); prosecute, transact. **vi-pra**, be far extended. **prati**, return; *ca.* push back, restore to its place; (cause to go back =) dispel (*darkness*). **vi**, flow through (RV.); be spread out (RV., C.); come forth, issue, from (ab.; C.); *pp.* stretched out, extended; issuing, proceeding from (-). **pra-vi**, *pp.* gushing forth; violent, intense. **sam**, RV.: flow together with (in.); C.: go about, wander, walk; undergo transmigration, obtain or enter into (ac.) in the course of transmigration; *ca.* cause to transmigrate; introduce (a thread, into *lc.*); put off, defer.

सूक्त्र sri-kā, m. [speeder: *√sri*] spear, bolt (RV.).

सूक्त्र srik-vani, f. corner of the mouth;

(sri)-van, m. (RV.), n. (C.), *id.*; -vi, n., -vini, f. *ud*.

सूक्त्र srigālā, m. jackal; *ā*, f. female jackal (*only. spelt srigāla*); -i-kā, f. *id.*; N.

सूक्त्र SRIG, VI. srigā, V., C.: discharge, let fly, throw, hurl (a missile), at (ac., d.); emit, pour forth, shed (rain etc.); utter (sounds); despatch (messengers); cast or direct (glance); V.: cause to speed (coursers etc.), towards (ac.); open (door); publish (ā); let go, release; twist (threads), weave, plait; C.: give up, abandon (rare); V., C.: (emit from oneself =) create, produce, beget (*ord. mg.*; only *ā* in V.); C.: grant, bestow, provide; employ, make use of, claim (interest); (cast =) place (a wreath) upon, fasten to (lc.); filled or covered with, full of, resolved on (in, d., *lc.*); *des.* **sirīksha**, P. (C.), *ā*, (T.) wish to create. **ati**, T.: allow to pass, let go; give leave to; C.: grant, bestow. **azu**, let go, cause to flow (V.); create in succession, create after (ac.; V., C.). **abhi**, T.: pour out (for, into, on, ac.); start for a race; C.: give leave; grant, bestow, promise; *pp.* **abhisrita**, hastening to (ac.; RV.); let loose, started (Br.); allowed (C.); bestowed (C.). **ava**, T., C.: cast, discharge (missiles), shed (rain, tears); V.: let loose, release; dismiss; *ā* retire, abdicate; let pass, forgive; E.: abandon, give up; grant, bestow; C.: throw (seed) into (lc.); produce; cast = place or fasten on (lc.). **anū ava**, send forth towards (ac.). **upa ava**, V.: admit to (d.); *pp.* milked at the time when the calf is admitted. **sam-ava**, leave out (Br.). **ud**, V., C.: let loose, allow to roam (a sacrificial animal); open (stall); Br.: sever from (relationship); *ab.*; C.: cast, discharge (a missile); pour out, shed (rain, tears), emit (poison), evacuate (excrement); utter (sound); lay aside, cast or take off; put down, deposit, sow (seed), in (lc.); extend, unfurl (flags); send away, dismiss; abandon, desert (any one); pass over, disregard (any one); give up, renounce, relinquish (anything; *ord. mg.*); pass by, omit (rare); leave behind, surpass (rare); allow to go out (fire); hand over or deliver to (d.); give (a daughter) in marriage; *pp.* **utśrīta**, allowed to grow (hair), deserted, abandoned; renounced (life); allowed to go out (fire); *des.* wish to let loose (a cow). **sam-ud**, emit, shed (tears); utter (a curse); allow (sutra etc.) to fall, into (lc.), drop (filth) on (lc.); lay aside, cast off, throw away; put down on the ground, deposit, throw into (lc.); release (desperadoes); desert, expose; renounce at the same time; give up, relinquish. **upa**, V.: cause to flow (waters); send out to, bring to, bestow on (ac., d.); admit the calf to its mother (or vice versa); add; V., C.: besprinkle, with (in); afflict, with (in.); C.: come into contact with (ac.); produce; *pp.* **upāsrita**, sent; affected or afflicted with, infested or possessed by (in, -); afflicted by *śāku*, eclipsed (sun); provided with a preposition (upāsarga). **ni**, *pp.* **nīsrīta**, set free, emancipated (slave); authorised, permitted; entrusted to (lc.); made over, assigned, granted. **nī**, (V.) pour or allow to flow out; release, set free, from (ab.); separate; remove. **pra**, T.: let loose, cause to flow, send off, to (ac.); C.: give free course to (passions etc.); abandon, renounce. **prati-pra**, send home. **vi**, V., C.: discharge, shoot, cast (also a glance), hurl (also a curse), at (lc., *sts. d.*, *prati*); cause to flow, emit, shed; utter (sounds); set free, release, from (ab.); C.: send away, cast off (wife); dismiss; despatch (*esp. messengers*); abandon,

desert (any one); let go, lay aside, cast off, throw away; give up, relinquish, renounce (also Br., S., *ā*); remit, exempt from; make over, consign, to (lc., rarely *d.*, *g.*); give up, make (room); bestow, grant; create, produce; found (a village); *pp.* shed, emitted, etc.; -vat, *pp.* not having despatched; *ca.* -sarjya, discharge, shoot (arrows etc.); cast (a glance) on (lc.); emit, shed; utter (sounds); set free, release; send away, banish, to (d.); dismiss (a person); despatch (a messenger); abandon, desert, expose in (the forest, *lc.*); spare the life of; let go, lay aside; put on, apply; give up, renounce, avoid; spread abroad, publish (news); deliver into one's hand (lc.); give away; *pp.* -sarjya, abandoned, etc. **anū-vi**, shoot in the direction of (V.). **sam**, V.: hit, with (in.); unite (ac.), with (in.); (join =) affect, endow, or present with (in); very rare in C.; *ā*, *ps.* be united, with (in. + *saha*; C., rarely V.); be joined with, come into contact with, meet (in.; C.); be mingled (V., rare in C.); *pp.* **samāsrita**, V., C.: united, combined; mingled, mixed with (in.); Br.: mixed = of varying quality; C.: mixed = of various kinds; reunited (of brothers who combine their property after division); consummated (sexual intercourse); *ca.* conciliate.

सूक्त्र srig, a. (-) discharging, emitting, shedding; creating, producing.

सूक्त्र sriy-ati, m. the root srig (3 *sg.* used as a N.). [tion of children.

सूक्त्र sriga-tva-karman, n. procrea-
सूक्त्र srigaya, m. N.: pl. N. of a family or tribe.

सूक्त्र sriṇi (or ṛi), f. sickle (V.); *ā*, m. hook or goad for driving an elephant (C.).

सूक्त्र sriṭ, a. (-) running fast.

सूक्त्र sri-ta, *pp.* *√sri*; n. quit (-); flight (ā-gaya, a having lost its nimbleness or elasticity (Br.).

सूक्त्र sri-ti, f. road, path (V., C.); wandering, transmigration (C.).

सूक्त्र sri-tvan, a. (-i) nimble, swift (V.).

सूक्त्र SRIP, J. P. *ā*. (*metr.*) **sarpa**, creep, crawl, glide, go, move gently (V., C.); slip into (ac.; Br.); slink away, glide with bowed hand and hand in hand (*exp.* from the Sudas to the Bahishparamāna, V.); 2 pl. *impr.* **sarpata**, depart (C.); *pr. pt.* **sarpāt**, n. all that crawls (V.); *ca.* P. -sarpaya; *des.* P. -sarpipya; *intr.* (very rare) **sarisarpate**, glide about (V.); *pr. pt.* **sarisarpāt**, gliding (P.). **ati**, (V.) crawl, steal, or glide over or beyond (ac.). **anū**, creep after, follow (ac.; V., C.); approach (ac.; C.). **apa**, depart, withdraw, retire, deviate, from (ab.); spy out (ac.). **ava**, V., E.: glide downwards (of the setting sun); recede (ocean); *ca.* cause to recede (ocean, E.). **anū ava**, glide after. **upa ud-ā**, crawl forth out of (a hole, serpent, Br.). **ud**, V.: rise upon (a bank); be raised (hand) to (the mouth, ac.); rise to a high position, be exalted; arise in (lc.); proceed from (ab.); V.: glide slowly along; *pp.* **utśrīta**, risen (sun); *des.* wish to rise, to (ac.; V. P.). **vi ud**, go forth (Br.). **sam-ud**, rise up (fumes) to (ac.); set in (darkness). **upa**, V.: creep up to, glide into; C.: come near, approach (ac., *g. of prs, tatra*); go towards (a lake); move (cloud); approach slowly; undergo (destruction = *perish*); set about, commence, to (inf.); *ca.* cause to come to, direct to (lc.). **sam-upa**, approach. **pari**, V., C.: move round (ac.); wander

about. **प्रा**, *V.*: creep up to, glide into (*ac.*); *C.*: move, proceed; gush forth; set in (*darkness*); spread, be diffused; set to work, act; *cs. pp.* **प्रसारिता**, crawling along. **वि**, glide, sneak, move or fly about (*C.*; *very rare in V.*); disperse (*int.*; *RV.*); spread, be diffused, over (*ac.*; *C.*, *rare in V.*). **सम**, go together (*Br.*); move, glide along (*C.*).

स्रिप-ता, *pp.* $\sqrt{\text{srip}}$; *n.* place crawled to.

स्रिप-रा, *a.* slippery, oily, smooth (*RV.*).

स्रमार *srimāra*, *m.* kind of animal haunting damp places.

स्रिष्टि *sriṣṭi*, *f.* [$\sqrt{\text{sri}}$] *C.*: emission; *V.*, *C.*: creation (*abst. and concrete; ord. mg.*); *C.*: innate disposition, nature (*rare*); liberality (*rare*); -**स्रिष्टार**, *n.* one of intermediate caste between the four created by Brahman; -**ग**, *a.* sprung from one of mixed caste.

से *se*, 2 *sg.* \hat{A} . $\sqrt{1}$ *as*, *he*.

सिक *sēka*, *m.* [$\sqrt{\text{sik}}$] *V.*, *C.*: emission, effusion; *C.*: sprinkling, watering, with ($^{-}$).

सिक् *sēk-tri*, *m.* [$\sqrt{\text{sik}}$] sprinkler, of ($^{-}$): stallion.

सिक्क *sok-nku*, *m.* shedder of (*y*); -**स**, *n.* [$\sqrt{\text{sik}}$] emission, effusion; sprinkling, watering, with ($^{-}$); casting (*of metals*); -**ग**, *a.* watering-pot.

सि *se-tu*, *a.* [$\sqrt{1}$, *si*] binding (*RV.*, *rare*); *m.* *RV.*: bond, fetter (*rare*); *V.*, *C.*: dam, dyke, causeway, bridge; *C.*: Adam's Bridge (*rare*); landmark (*rare*); (*fig.*) barrier, limit, bounds; *m.* **bandh**, construct a dam or bridge; *V.* of a *Pṛthivī* poem; -**bandhana**, *n.* construction of a bridge or dam; barrier (*fig.*); -**bhedā**, *m.* breaking down of an embankment.

सि *se-tri*, *m.* [$\sqrt{1}$, *si*] binder (*RV.*).

सिदि *sed-i*, *f.* [$\sqrt{\text{sad}}$] weariness, decay (*V.*).

सिधा *sedhā*, *f.* [$\sqrt{\text{sad}}$] keeping at a distance $\sqrt{1}$ *sidi* hedgehog or porcupine.

सि 1. *sa jni*, *a.* having a master, dependent on another.

सि 2. *senā*, $^{-}$ or $^{-}$ = *senā*: -**jit**, *a.* conquering armies (*V.*); *m.* *N.*; -**ita**, *m.* *N.*

सिना *sēnā*, *f.* [$\sqrt{2}$, *si*] *V.*: missile, dart; Indra's wife (*personification of his bolt*); 2. [$\sqrt{\text{si}}$] *V.*, *C.*: battle-array, army; often $^{-}$, in names, *esp. of continents*.

सिनाय *senāgrā*, *n.* van of an army; -**gāminā**, *a.* going at the head of an army; *m.* leader of an army; -**śaṅga**, *n.* component part of an army; division of an army; -**pati**, *m.* leader of a division; -**śara**, *m.* soldier; -**śivā**, *m.* *id.*; -**śāhipa**, -**ādhyakṣa**, *m.* commander of an army; -**ni**, *m.* leader of an army, commander, general (*V.*, *C.*); *N.* of Skanda, god of war (leader of the hosts of the gods, *C.*); -**pati**, *m.* leader of an army, general; -**patya**, *n.* office of a general (*less correct for saṁnā*); -**abhiṣṭoptri**, *m.* guardian of the army (*a certain office*); -**mukhā**, *n.* van of the army; *i.*, *f.* *N.* of a goddess; -**vyūha**, *m.* battle-array; -**samudaya**, *m.* assembled army.

सिन्धु *sāindra*, *a.* joined or together with Indra; -**kāpa**, *a.* adorned with a rainbow; -**tā**, *f.* union with Indra, -**āhriti**, *a.* (*Vācar*, *Bibl. Ind.*, 296, 4); -**indriya**, *a.* possessed of manly vigour; together with the organs of sense; -**tva**, *n.* possession of manly vigour (*Br.*).

सिन्धु *sēn-ya*, *m.* spearman, warrior (*V.*).

सिर्ष *saṁrisha*, *a.* envious, jealous, of ($^{-}$).

सेल *selu*, *kind of weapon*. [*sm.*, *ad.* -ly]

सेलग *selu-ga*, *m.* waylayer, robber (*Br.*, *S.*).

सेलु *selu*, *m.* = *selu* (*Cordia Myra*).

सेलपुर *selya-pura*, *n.* *N.* of a town.

सेव *SEV*, *I.* \hat{A} . (*P. metr.*) **seva**, stay near (*le.*; *Br.*); *C.*: tarry or stand at, stay on, dwell in, frequent, inhabit, resort to (*ac.*), attend or wait on, serve, gratify, honour, worship (*ac.*), cherish a child; present with (*in*); have sexual intercourse with (*ac.*), refresh, fan (*of an attendant wind*); *V.* (*rare*), *C.*: enjoy, use, employ, *C.*: devote or addict oneself to, practise, cultivate, perform, be found in or on (*ac.*); *pp.* **sevita**, inhabited, frequented, haunted, occupied, provided with ($^{-}$); *cs.* **sevaya**, *P.* serve, show respect to (*ac.*); tend, cherish (*plants*); **ana**, serve, honour. \hat{A} . devote oneself to, indulge in, enjoy (*ac.*); expose oneself to (*ac.*) **sam-ā**, practise, perform *upa*, inhabit, frequent, visit, resort to; show attention to, pay respect to, reverence, worship, honour, serve; indulge in, practise, cultivate, be addicted to; enjoy, exploit **ni**, *RV.* have intercourse with (*le v. sika*, *C.* inhabit, frequent, resort to (*ac.*), attend upon, attach oneself to, honour, serve, have carnal intercourse with (*ac.*), indulge in, addict oneself to, practise; enjoy, use, employ, suffer, have to bear *evā*, pursue, hunt *deva* *pp.* frequented *etc.* go down to a hell; **pari** (-**śevate**, also -**sevate**), treat with deference, honour, pursue (*an object*), enjoy frequently, indulge in (*ac.*) **prati**, serve, honour. **sam**, frequent, dwell in (*a cave*), wait upon, gratify, serve, honour, worship.

सेवक *seva-ka*, ($^{-}$) inhabiting; practising, indulging in, addicted to, employing, tending a plant, honouring; *m.* servant, votary, worshipper of ($^{-}$).

सेवन *sev-ana*, *n.* [$\sqrt{\text{sev}}$] sewing; *seva* suture (*on the human body*, *Br.*, *C.*); 2. [$\sqrt{\text{sev}}$] frequenting, visiting, resorting to ($^{-}$); attending upon, serving, service, honouring, worship, of ($^{-}$); sexual intercourse with ($^{-}$); addition to, practice or performance of, indulgence in, employment of (*g.*, *only*); -**āniya**, *fp.* to be resorted to (*forst*); -**paid** homage to, courted (*gouth*); -**ā**, *f.* resorting to ($^{-}$), visit; service, of (*g.*, $^{-}$), rarely *le.*; homage, worship, of (*g.*, $^{-}$), deference towards ($^{-}$); addition or devotion, practice, employment, indulgence, frequent enjoyment to, in, of ($^{-}$); sexual intercourse with ($^{-}$); -**āṅgali**, *m.* deferential salutation with folded hands, -**dharma**, *m.* duties or obligations of service.

सेवित *sev-ita*, *pp.* frequented *etc.* -**i-tavya**, *fp.* to be practised, performed, or obeyed, -**tended**, -**i-tri**, *m.* attendant, servant, -**i-tva**, *n.* ($^{-}$) resorting to, frequenting, honouring, deference towards ($^{-}$), -**in**, *a.* ($^{-}$) frequenting, haunting, dwelling in, resorting to; serving; honouring, paying homage to, deferential towards; having sexual intercourse with; addicted to, practising, enjoying; employing; *m.* servant of ($^{-}$); -**ya**, *fp.* to be frequented, worthy to be resorted to, by (*g.*); to be followed (*path*); -**approached**; -**waited upon or served**, by (*g.*); honoured or paid homage to; -**enjoyed carnally**, -**indulged in**, cultivated, practised, employed, or enjoyed; *m.* master (*opp. servant*); -**tā**, *f.* state of being honoured, enjoyed, *etc.*, -**tva**, *n.* state of being served *etc.*, -**sevaka**, *m.* *dx.* master and servant.

सिंह *saimha*, *a.* (i) belonging to a lion (*saimha*), leonine. [*ghalese*]

सिंहल *saimhala*, *a.* relating to Ceylon, Sin-

सिंहिकेय *saimhik-eya*, *a.* descended from *Sinhakā*; *m.* *met.* of *Rahu*

सिंह सैका, *a.* together with or plus one

सिकत *sikat-ā*, *a.* (i) consisting or made of sand (*sikata*), sandy (*Br.*, *C.*); *m.* (*C.*) sand-bank, sandy shore (*of a river*), sandy soil (*etc.*); -**ita**, *a.* having sandbanks or sandy shores

सिकावलि *sakā-āvali*, *a.* (i) having a neck lace of a single string of pearls.

सितव *saitva* -*n.* a consisting of a dam or bridge (*etc.*), *m.* *N.*

सिनाय *sainānya*, *n.* [*senāni*] generalship

सिनापत्य *saināpatya*, *n.* [*senapati*] *id.*

सिनीक *sain-ika*, *a.* relating or belonging to an army, *senā*; *m.* soldier *pl.* troops.

सिन्दूर *saindūra*, *a.* coloured with vermilion (*sindūra*); *i-ka*, colour with red lead or vermilion

सिन्धु *saindhav-ā* *a.* (i) relating to the sea (*sindhu*, marine, maritime, belonging to or coming from the Indus or Sindhu, *m.* inhabitants of Sindhu *pl.*), prince of Sindhu, horse bred in Sindhu; *m.* a rock salt (abounding in Sindhu); -**ka**, *a.* belonging to the people of Sindhu, -**khilya**, *m.* lump of salt (*Br.*), -**dhā-sakala**, *a.* piece of rock salt

सिन्धु *sain-ya*, *a.* belonging to or proceeding from an army (*senā*, *m.* soldier *pl.* troops); army, *etc.*, *n.* army (*very common*), camp (*rare*); -**kshobha**, *m.* mutiny among the troops, -**śayaka**, *m.* leader of an army, -**pati**, *m.*, -**pala**, *m.* of, -**maya**, *a.* i. consisting of troops, -**vana**, *m.* camp of an army, -**śiras**, *a.* head of an army

सिर *sira*, *a.* (i) belonging to the plough (*sira*), *n.* kind of spirituous liquor

सिरिन्धु *sairindhu*, *m.* waiting man valet *a.* mixed caste off-spring of *Barua* and *Yogura* woman) -**i**, *f.* handmaiden, waiting woman. [*vicious* (*Br.*, *comm.*)]

सिरावत् *sairāvat*, *a.* supplied with provisions

सिरिन्धु *sairindhu*, *m.* *i.*, *f.* for *sairandhu*, *m.* *i.*, *f.*

सिरिभ *sairibha*, *m.* buffalo

सिरीय *sairiya*, *m.* a shrub with beautiful flowers (*Barba cristata*), -**eya-ka**, *m.* of, *n.* its flower

सिसक *sai-sa-ka*, *a.* made of lead (*sisa*), leaden

सो *SO*, *r.* *sa* 2. $\hat{S}\hat{A}$.

सो *so* = *सा* *ad* $\hat{S}\hat{A}$ (*V.*).

सोच्छ्रास *sa ukkhvāsa*, *a.* panting -*m.* *ad* with a sigh or relief.

सोड *sodha*, *pp.* ($\sqrt{\text{sah}}$) *boite* *etc.*

सोड्य *so-dhavya*, *fp.* ($\sqrt{\text{sah}}$) to be endured; to be put up with or endured, *adharma*, *inf.* of $\sqrt{\text{sah}}$, -**dhra**, *a.* capable of resisting (*g.*), enduring patiently.

सोम *so-m*, *m.* Soma-pressing, libation; (**so-** *tr.* or *tri*), *m.* [$\sqrt{1}$ *su*] Soma-presser (*RV.*).

सोत्क *sautka*, *a.* full of longing, $^{-}$, *ad.*; -**ukantā**, *a.* eager or yearning for (*prati*); regretting, grieving at ($^{-}$), -*m.* *ad.* longingly; regretfully; -**ukampa**, *a.* trembling,

tremulous; -**utkarsha**, *a.* excellent; -**utprāsa**, *a.* ironical, mocking; -**m**, *ad.* -ly; -**utpreksham**, *ad.* with indifference; -**utsava**, *a.* festival (day); festive, overjoyed; -**utsāha**, *a.* resolute, energetic, courageous; threatening (clouds); overjoyed; -**m**, *ad.* energetically, emphatically; with great joy; -**tā**, *f.* alacrity, vigour; -**utsuka**, *a.* longing, yearning, anxious, for (*le* prati, -); -**utseka**, *a.* arrogant, haughty; -**utseḥa**, *a.* high, lofty; -**m**, *ad.* with a jerk.

सोदक saudaka, *a.* containing or filled with water; -**udaya**, *a.* together with interest; -**udayana**, *a.* together with Udayana; -**udara**, *a.* (i) born from the same womb, uterine; ± *bhātrā*, *m.* uterine brother; *fig.* = closely allied with, next of kin to (*e.g.* *narmā eka-sodaram hi navam vayah*, youth has but one brother, goes hand in hand with, fun); *ii*, *f.* uterine sister; -**udar-ya**, *a.*, *m.* *id.*; -**sneha**, *m.* sisterly affection; -**uddhāra**, *a.* together with a selected portion; -**vibhāgin**, *a.* receiving one's share together with a selected portion; -**udbhāsh-pam**, *a.* tearfully; -**udyama**, *a.* prepared for the fray; -**udyoga**, *a.* assiduous, strenuous, enterprising; aiming at (the destruction of life, = dangerous, -); -**udvega**, *a.* agitated, apprehensive; -**m**, *ad.* excitedly, anxiously; -**umāda**, *a.* frantic, mad.

सोपकारक saupya-kāra-ka, *a.* benefited; -**graham**, *ad.* flattering; -**kāya**, *a.* advantageous, profitable; -**kāra**, *a.* courteous (speech); -**m**, *ad.* with attentions or courtesy; -**drava**, *a.* attended with afflictions, calamities, or dangers; -**dha**, *a.* deceitful, fraudulent; together with the preceding letter (*gr*); -**dhi**, *ad.* deceitfully; -**pada**, *a.* together with a secondary word (*gr*); -**ma**, *a.* containing a simile, treating (*le*) in the same way as (*in*); -**rodham**, *ad.* considerably, obligingly; -**sarga**, *a.* provided with a preposition; -**sveda**, *a.* moistened, wetted; -**śāsa**, *a.* derisive, sneering; -**m**, *ad.* -ly.

सोपाक sopāka, *m.* a degraded caste (offspring of a Kāṇḍāla and of a Pulhast).

सोपाधि saupādhi, *ad.* conditionally; -**ka**, *a.* qualified, limited.

सोपान sopāna, *n.* steps, staircase, ladder, to (*g*, -); -**ka**, *n.* *id.*; -**paramparā**, *f.* flight of steps, stair; -**kūpa**, *m.* well with steps; -**tva**, *n.* function of a staircase; -**m** *vrāga*, become a staircase; -**paṅkti**, *f.*, -**patha**, *m.*; -**padhati**, *f.*, -**paramparā**, *f.*, -**mārga**, *m.* flight of steps, staircase.

सोपानक saupānat-ka, *a.* shod; -**upānah**, *a.* (nm. t) *id.*; -**upālambla**, *a.* conveying a censure; -**m**, *ad.* with a censure.

सोम sōma, *m.* [s. 1. su] extracted juice, Soma; Soma plant with the *ep* in *V* of *ṛigān*, king of plants; *C*: Soma sacrifice (*rare*); *V*, *C*: (drop in the sky, *ep* *ind*), moon, moon-god (also with the *ep* *ṛigān* in *C*); *C*: accounted son of *Atri*, one of the eight *Vasus*, identified with *Vishnu* and *Siva*, reputed author of a law-book, Monday; *N*.

सोमक sōma-ka, *m.* *N.* of a king (*V*, *C*); *C*: *N.* of a country; king or native of Soma; *ikā*, *f.* *N.* of a bird; -**ka ivara**, *m.* king of Soma; -**kāyana**, *a.* (i) serving as the price of the Soma plant; *ii*, *f.* cow; -**grahā**, *m.* bowl of Soma (*V*); eclipse of the moon (*C*); -**tirtha**, *n.* *N.* of a place of pilgrimage; -**tva**, *n.* condition of Soma; -**datta**, *m.* *N.* of various kings and Brāhmanas; -**dā**, *f.* *N.* of a Brāhman woman; -**dava**, *m.* god Soma; god of the moon; *N.* of various men; -**bhatta**, *m.* *N.* of the author of the *Kāthā-*

saritadgāra; -**devatya**, *a.* having Soma as its deity; -**devi**, *f.* *N.* of a wife of *Kāmapāla*; -**nātha**, *m.* *N.* of various scholars; *n.* *N.* of a celebrated *Linga* and its temple in *Gujarat* (destroyed in 1024 A.D.); -**pa**, *a.* drinking or entitled to drink Soma juice (*V*, *C*); *m.* *pl.* *N.* of a class of *Manes*; -**ph**, *a.* *id.*; -**pāna**, *n.* drinking of Soma; (-**pāna**), *a.* Soma drinking, *m.* Soma drinker (*V*); -**pāy-in**, *a.*, *m.* *id.*; -**pāla**, *m.* guardian of Soma (*ir*); *N.* of various men; -**pāvan**, *m.* Soma drinker (*RV*); -**pida**, *f.* *N.* of a princess, (*sōma*-*piti*, *f.* (*V*)) draught of Soma (always *d*); -**pithā**, *m.* *id.* (*V*); -**pithin**, *a.* participating in the Soma draught; -**putra**, *m.* son of Soma; son of the moon, planet Mercury; -**purusha**, *m.* servant of Soma; (*sōma*-*prishtha*, *a.* bearing Soma on its back (*V*); -**pēya**, *n.* draught of Soma (*RV*); -**prabha**, *a.* having the splendour of the moon; *m.* *N.*; *ā*, *f.* *N.*; -**pravāsa**, *m.* herald of the Soma sacrifice (*V*); -**māda**, *a.* (*strg*, *st* -*māda*) intoxicated with Soma (*RV*); -**rāsi**, *m.* *N.* of a *Gandharva*; (*sōma*-*rājan*, *a.* (ñā) having Soma as a king; -*rāta*, *m.* *N.*; -*le-devi*, *f.* *N.* of a princess; -*vama*, *m.* lunar race of kings; -*vams-ya*, *a.* belonging to the lunar race, (*sōma*-*vat*, *a.* containing Soma, attended *etc.* by Soma (*V*); -*valli*, *f.* Soma plant; -*vāra*, *m.* Monday; -*vāsra*, *m.* or *n.* *id.*; -*vikrayin*, *a.* selling Soma; *m.* seller of Soma; -*vridha*, *pp.* invigorated by Soma (*RV*); -*sarman*, *m.* *N.* of various men; (*sōma*-*rita*, *pp.* sharpened by Soma; -*śuśman*, *m.* *N.* (*Br*); -*śūra*, *m.* *N.*; -*śamsthā*, *f.* fundamental form of the Soma sacrifice; -*sad*, *m.* *pl.* *N.* of the *Manes* of the *Sādhya*; -*salila*, *n.* Soma water; -*sūt*, *a.* pressing Soma; -*suta*, *m.* son or descendant of the Moon; (*sōma*-*suti*, *f.* pressing of Soma; -*sūtan*, *a.* pressing Soma; *m.* Soma-presser; -*svāmin*, *m.* *N.*; -*ānanda*, *m.* *N.*; -*āraudra*, *a.* belonging to Soma and Rudra; *n.* (*sc. sūta*) the hymn *RV*, VI, 74 (*C*).

सोमिका somi-ikā, *f.* *N.* of a bird; -**in**, *a.* (*RV*) offering Soma; inspired by Soma; -**ila**, *m.* *N.* of an *Asura*; -**ka**, *m.* *N.* of a weaver.

सोमिकृत somi-kṛita, *pp.* made into Soma.

सोमिष्वर soma iṣvara, *m.* *N.* of a god; *N*; *N.* of a *Kālūkyu*.

सोमोन्नवा soma uddhavā, *f.* *ep.* of the river *Narmada* (sprung from the moon).

सोम्य som-yā, (*V*) concerned with, belonging to, consisting of, inspired by, Soma, Soma-loving; *m.* (*V*) Soma sacrificer.

सोमि sairmi, *a.* having waves, billowy, surging; speeding along (*horses*); -**ullāsa**, *a.* delighted, rejoicing; -**m**, *ad.* joyfully; -**ullūka**, *a.* ironical, sarcastic; -**m**, *ad.* ironically; -**ūsha**, *a.* mixed with salt earth; -**ūshma-tā**, *f.* heat; aspiration (*gr*); -**ūshman**, *a.* warm, hot; aspirated; *m.* aspirate; -**ūshma-śāna-grīha**, *n.* room with hot baths, bath-room.

सौकर saukara, *a.* (i) relating or belonging to a hog (*sōkara*), hoggish.

सौकर्य saukar-ya, *n.* [su-kara] facility, ease, feathiness; *m.* most easily; *d.* for greater facility; 2. condition of a boar (*sōkara*).

सौकुमार्य saukumār-ya, *n.* [sukumāra] delicacy, softness, tenderness; elegance (*of* *poet*).

सौक्ष्म्य saukshmya, *n.* [sūkshma] fineness, minuteness, su-tility.

सौख्यशायनिक saukhasāyan-ika, *a.* [sukha-sāyana] enquiring as to whether one has had a sound sleep.

सौख्य saukh-ya, *n.* [sukha] welfare, comfort, enjoyment, pleasure, happiness, bliss; -**da**, *a.* giving pleasure. [*m.* Buddhist.

सौगत saugata, *a.* (i) [sugata] Buddhist;

सौगन्धिक saugandhi-ika, *a.* [saugandha] fragrant; *n.* white (*etc.* blue) water-lily; -**ya**, *n.* fragrance.

सौचिक saukhi-ka, *m.* [needle-man; sūki] tailor.

सौख्य saugan-ya, *m.* [sugana] goodness, kindness, geniality, benevolence; -**vat**, *a.* genial, affable, kind.

सौजात saujāta, *m.* *pat. fr.* Sugāta (*Br*).

सौजामि saugāmi, *m.* [*pat. fr.* sugāmi] *N*.

सौत्य saut-ya, 1. *a.* relating to a charioteer (*sūta*); *n.* office of charioteer; 2. *a.* relating to the Soma-pressing (*sutya*).

सौच sautra, *a.* (i) consisting or made of threads; belonging to a Sūtra; *sc.* *dhātū*, *m.* (*etymological*) root mentioned in a Sūtra only.

सौत्रान्तिक sautrānt-ika, *m.* follower of the Sūtrānta (Buddhist) school. *pl.* a certain Buddhist school.

सौत्रामण sautrāmāna, *a.* (i) belonging to Indra (Sutrāman); *sc.* *dhātū*, *f.* the east; *ii*, *f.* a certain rite sacred to Indra Sutrāman (*V*, *P*).

सौत्रामधनुस् sautrāmā-dhanus, *n.* rainbow.

सौचिक sautr-ika, *m.* [sūtra] weaver; *n.* web.

सौत्सुक्य sautsuk-ya, *a.* [sotsuka] expectant, impatient. [*brotherhood*].

सौदर्य saudar-ya, *a.* [sodara] brotherly; *n.*

सौदामनी saudāmani-*i*, *f.* [coming from the Bountiful One, *i.e.* Indra or the *rain-cloud, sa-dāman] lightning (proceeding from a rain-cloud), often *vidyut saudamāni yathā*, at the end of a line = like the lightning flashing from the black thunder-cloud; *T.* of a commentary on the *Meghadūta*, *N.* of a daughter of *Kasyapa*, of a *Yakshini*, of an *Apsaras*, and of various women.

सौदामिनी saudāmini, *f.* *incorr.*, but frequent, for saudāmani, lightning.

सौदास sandāsā, *m.* *pat.* [*fr.* *sudās* or -*a*] *esp.* of *Kalmāshapāda*.

सौध saudha, *a.* plastered, provided with stucco (*sudhā*); *n.* plastered mansion, palace.

सौधन्वन् saudhanvan-ā, *m.* son of Sudhanvan; *pl.* the *Rihhu*.

सौधर्म्य saudharm-ya, *n.* [saudharma] righteousness.

सौधाकर saudhākara, *a.* [sudhākara] lunar.

सौधाङ्गण saudhaṅgana, *n.* court of a palace.

सौन sauna, *a.* [sūnā] with mamsa, *n.* meat fresh from the slaughter-house; *n.* *id.*; *m.* butcher.

सौनाग saunāga, *m.* *pl.* school of *Sunāga*.

सौनिक saun-ika, *m.* [sūnā] butcher; hunter (*rare*). [*loveliness, gracefulness*].

सौन्दर्य saundar-ya, *n.* [sundara] beauty.

सौपर्ण sauparna (*sts.* also *ā*), *a.* relating or belonging to, derived from, resembling, the hawk *etc.*; *n.* the *Suparna* hymn (*V*); -**vrata**, *n.* kind of ascetic observance (*S*).

सौपर्ण sauparna-ya, *a.* = sauparna (*Br*).

सौप्तिक saupt-ika, *a.* [supta] occurring during sleep; *n.* night attack, on (*g*): -**vadha**,

m. nocturnal slaughter of the sleeping warriors of the Pāṇḍavas.

सौबल saubala, *m. pat.* [fr. Subhala] *ep. of Sakuni*; *1, f.* daughter of Subhala, *pat. of Gāndhārī.* [Hariskandra.]

सौभ saubha, *n. N.* of an aerial city ruled by

सौभग saubhaga, *n.* [subhaga] *V.*: welfare, good fortune, happiness, enjoyment (*pl.* gifts of fortune, joys); *P.*: beauty, loveliness, grace; *-vat*, *n.* welfare, happiness (*RT.*).

सौभद्र saubhadra, *m. met.* [fr. Subhadrā] of Abhimanyu.

सौभर saubhara, *a.* (i) belonging to Sobhari; *m. pat. fr.* Sobhari; *1, m. N.* of a Rishi.

सौभाग्य saubhāgya, *n.* [subhaga] welfare, luck, good fortune; popularity; conjugal felicity; beauty, charm (*of persons and things*); *-vat*, *a.* endowed with beauty.

सौभ्रात्र saubhrātr-a, *n.* [subhrātri] brotherly affection; *-sneha*, *m. id.*

सौभाग्य saumāṅgal-ya, *n.* [sumāṅgala] welfare, prosperity. [data.]

सौमदत्ति saumadatt-i, *m. pat. fr.* Soma-

सौमन saumana, *m.* [su-mana(s)] blossom; *1, f. id.*

सौमन्स saumanas-ā, *a.* (i) *C.*: derived from, consisting of, flowers (su-manas), *n.* graciousness, benevolence (*RT.*), gladness, enjoyment (*also less commonly m.*, *V.*); *-ya*, *n.* gladness, cheerfulness; right understanding (*rare*); nosegay (*P.*, *rare*); *-vat*, *a.* pleased, glad.

सौमन्त saumant-a, *a.* taught by Sumantu.

सौमन्त्रिण saumantrin-a, *n.* [sumantrin] possession of a good minister (*conj.*).

सौमिक saumi-ika, *a.* (i) belonging to Soma or the Soma sacrifice.

सौमित्र saumitra, *m. met.* [fr. sumitrā] of Lakshmana; *n.* [sumitra] friendship; *1, m. met.* of Lakshmana; *du.* Lakshmana and Sautrigma.

सौमिल saumila, *m. N.* of a poet, *-illa*, *m. id.*

सौमी saum-i, *V. a. f.* of saumyā; *f.* moonlight (*E.*). [Sameru.]

सौमेरव saumerav-a, *a.* (i) belonging to

सौम्य saum-yā (*AV.* also saum-), *a.* (i, *V.*: *1, C.*: *saumyā*, *RT.*) *V.*, *C.*: relating, belonging, or sacred to Soma; cool and moist (*opp.* Agneya, hot and dry); *C.*: northern (*rare*); (moonlike, placid as the moon, agreeable, pleasant, (my) dear, good (friend), gentle (*sir*, as a term of address); auspicious (*plants etc.*); *m. pl.* a class of Manes, *sq. pat.* of Budha, planet Mercury; the month Margashirsha; *m. n.* kind of penance (*rare*); *n.* gentleness (*rare*); *-tva*, *n.* gentleness; *-darsana*, *a.* pleasant to look at; *1, f. N.* of a princess; *-nāman*, *a.* (man) having an agreeable name; *-mukha*, *a.* pleasant-faced; *-rūpa*, *a.* kind, gentle, to (*g.*); *-ākṛiti*, *a.* having an agreeable appearance.

सौयवसि sauyavas-i, *m.* (*V.*) *pat. fr.* Suyava-sa.

सौयामि sauyāmi, *m. pat. N.*

सौर saura, *a.* (i) relating or belonging to, derived from, the sun (sūrya, solar; *m.* worshipper of the sun; son of the sun, planet Saturn; *n.* collection of hymns to the sun).

सौरक sauraka, *n. N.* of a town founded by Surendra.

सौरत saurata, *a.* relating to sexual enjoyment (saurata); *n.* sexual enjoyment.

सौरय saurat-ya, *n.* [saurata] delight (*m.*, *-*)

सौरभ saurabh-a, *a.* [surabhi] fragrant; *n.* fragrance; (saurabh-*-eya*, *m.* Surabhi) bull *pl.* herd of cattle; *1, f.* (*C.*) (daughter of Surabhi), cow; *-ya*, *n.* fragrance, perfume, (*fig.*) universal diffusion.

सौरस saurasa, *m. N.* of a temple built by Surendra.

सौरसिन्धव saurasindhava, *a.* belonging to the Ganges (surasindhva).

सौराज्य saurāj-ya, *n.* [su-ājan] good rule or government

सौराष्ट्र saurāshtra, *a.* coming from Surāshtra (Saurat); *m. pl.* people of Surāshtra

सौरिक saur-ika, *a.* [surā] due for spirituous liquor money

सौर्य saūrya, *a.* (1, *C.*: *sauri*, *V.*) relating to the sun (sūrya), solar; *-prabha*, *a.* belonging to Sūrya-prabha

सौलक्ष्य saulakshya, *n.* [sulakshana] possession of auspicious marks

सौलभ्य saulabh-ya, *n.* [sulabha] ease of attainment.

सौव sauvā, *a.* (*IT.*) celestial [sva]

सौवर्चल sauvarkala, *n.* [suvarkala] kind of artificial salt. Sochal salt

सौवर्ण sauvarna, *a.* (1, *i.*) golden [suvarna] *-ka*, *a.* *-* *v.* *a.* num. weighing or worth so many Suvarnas.

सौवासिनी sauvāsinī, *f.* = suvāsinī.

सौवदल sauvadala, *m.* harem attendant *-ka*, *m. id.*

सौविष्टकृत sauvishṭakṛit, *a.* intended for treating of, Agni Svishṭakṛit (*S.*: *-a*, *a.* *id.* *S.*).

सौवीर sauvira, *m.* [suvara] *N.* of a preceptor (*pl.*), king of the Sauviras; *n.* sour gruel

सौश्रव्य saushad-ya, *n.* [sushadhi] correct grammatical formation.

सौशील्य sausila-ya, *n.* [sūsila] goodness of character, good disposition

सौश्रवस saustavas-ā, *a.* [sustavas] having a good reputation (*S.*); *n.* high praise, fair fame (*RT.*). [man (B)]

सौश्रवण saushudman-a, *m. pat. fr.* Sushad-

सौश्रुण्य saushruṇya, *m.* [sushruṇya] a kind of subheam.

सौष्ठव saushṭhava, *n.* [sushṭhu] excellence, soundness, vigor, suppleness, suppleness, kind of posture (*often with laghava*)

सौस्वय sausvai-ya, *n.* [suvaya] euphony

सौस्तल saustala, *a.* belonging to Susta.

सौहार्द sauhārd-a, *n.* [suhrid] affection, friendship (for, with, *g.*, *le.*) *-m kṛi*, conclude friendship with (*g.*)

सौहार्थ sauhārd-ya, *n.* [suhrid] *id.* (*V.*).

सौहित्य sauhit-ya, *n.* [suhita] satiety, satisfaction, friendliness, kindness

सौहृद sauhrid-a, *a.* [suhrid] proceeding from a friend (*E.*); *m.* friend (*rare*); *n.* affection, friendship (for, with, *le.*, *-*); liking for, love of (*-*); *-m kṛi*, conclude friendship with (*saha*); *-ayya*, *n.* affection, friendship (*rare*).

सौह sauhma, *m.* prince of the Suhmas.

स्कद SKAD, **स्कड** SKAND, *I. P.* (1, *1*).

skanda, leap, bound; spirit; fall, drop, be spilt or shed; perish (*rare*); leap upon, cover (*of animals*); *RT.* *pp.* skanna, fallen, dropped, emitted (*comm.*), spilt, lowered (*1*), *cs* skandaya, *V.* spilt, shed, emit (*comm.*), skip, omit, neglect; *int.* kanishkan *3 sq. subj.*, *RT.* *1*, leap, *prog.* *ati-sk-* or *-sk-*; *V.* *1*, leap upon, pass over, despise, fall out, drop down; *ava*, leap down; *attack*, assail; *pp.* spilt; overcome *fig.* *V.* *1*, *nam-ava*, *cs* attack, assail *1*, leap, bound (*V.*); *C.*, tread upon *ac.*, attack, assail *person at place*; *pra*, leap forth, out, or down, spring up, be effused, spilt, or shed, gush forth (*tears etc.*), fall upon, attack

स्कन्द skand-a, *m.* hopper (*m. trim-skanda*, grasshopper, *N.*; effusion, dropping (*of g.*, *N.*), destruction, Assail, *god of war, leader of the divine hosts and chief of the demons of disease which attack children, possessed of eternal youth hence Kumāra*, son of Siva or Agni, brought up by Kartikī hence Kartikī-*keya* *-ka*, *n.* leap, bound (*V.*); *C.*, tread upon *ac.*, attack, assail *person at place*; *pra*, leap forth, out, or down, spring up, be effused, spilt, or shed, gush forth (*tears etc.*), fall upon, attack

स्कन्द skand-ana, *n.* effusion, emission; failure

स्कन्दपुत्र skanda-putra, *m.* son of Skanda (*humorous term for a thief*); *-pura*, *n.* *N.* of a town, *-purāna*, *n.* *T.* of a Purāna.

स्कन्दिन् skand-in, *a.* shedding (*1*).

स्कन्ध skandhā, *m.* *V.* *1*, *1* shoulder, *C.* branching part of the stem, trunk of a tree (*also S.*), division, part, tract, path, region of the winds, *rat.* section of a treatise (*rare*), quantity, aggregate, *rat.*, often incorrect for skandha *-ka*, *n.* kind of lewd metric, *-dasa*, *n.* region of the shoulder, region of the trunk, *-pitha*, *n.* shoulder blade, *-vat*, *a.* having a thick trunk or many trunks, *-siras*, *n.* shoulder-blade

स्कन्धस् skandh-as, *n.* branching top or crown of a tree (*V.*)

स्कन्धावार skandhāvāra, *m.* shelter of the trunk = king's royal headquarters in camp, *-upaneya*, *m.* *sc* skandha a kind of tray (toward carried away on the shoulder)

स्कन्ध skandh-va, *a.* belonging etc. to the shoulder

स्कान skan-na, *pp.* (*1* skand) fallen etc.

स्कभ SKABH, **स्कभ** SKAMBH, *IX P*

skabhuṭi, *V P* *skabhnōti*, fix, support (*V.* *1*, *1* place securely or establish in *le.*, *RT.* *prati*, oppose, resist *RT.* *1* *vi* *-shk-* fix *V.*, *cs pp.* viśkabhita, fixed, viśkabhita, repelled, turned off

स्कभन् skabh-ana, *n.* sound (*1*).

स्कभय skabhā-vā, *den.* *P.* *1* *1* fix, support, impede, check *vi* *-shk-*, fix (*V.*)

स्कम्भ skambh-a, *m.* prop, pillar (*V.*)

स्कम्भन् skambh-ana, *n.* *id.* (*V.*), *-ani*, *-ani* (*nm* *-s*), *id.* (*V.*)

स्कान्द skanda, *a.* belonging to, derived from *sk*, the god Skanda

कु SKU, *V P* *skunōti*, pick, poke; cover; *int.* loṣhkrūyate, gather up, collect (*RT.*), *1*, *1* *P.* *-skauti*, poke, *coals*, *V.*

कृ SKRI, *V P* *KRI*, *v.* *upa*, *pari*, and *sam*.

खल SKHAL, I. P. (Ā.) **skhalati**, trip, stumble; swerve, sway, waver, fluctuate; **stammer**, falter (*speech*); err, blunder, fail: **व. ना.** be unimpeded, prevail (*command*); not waver, remain steadfast (*mind*): **pp.** **skhalita**, tripping, stumbling, unsteady (*gait*), wavering, swaying, fluctuating; impeded, obstructed, interrupted, baffled; **stammering**, faltering; dripping, trickling down (*rare*); **erring**, blundering (in regard to, *lc.*; *rare*); confounded by (*a bad omen, tu.*): **-vat**, **pp.** **act.** swerving or deviating from (*-tas*); **cs.** **skhalaya**, P. cause to falter. **pari**, stagger, **pra**, trip, stumble, stagger: **pp.** **stumbling**, staggering; having failed (*fig.*). **prati**, **pp.** warded off (*weapons*). **vi**, trip, stumble: **pp.** **faltering** (*words*); **blundering** (in *names*, -).

खल skhal-a, m. stumbling (*rare*); **-ana**, n. st., tripping, unsteady gait; **faltering** (*of speech*); **displacement** (*of a garment*); **clashing**, **dashing** against; **friction**, **contact**; **stroking** (*with the hand*); **emission** (*of semen*); **falling** (in °); **blundering**, **mistake** (in *a name*, -); **-ita**, (*pp.*) n. tripping, stumbling, staggering; **blunder**, **error**, **aberration**, **transgression** (in *lc.*, -); **deprivation**, **loss** (*of affection, g.*): **-subhagam**, **ad.** tripping charmingly.

खन् STAN, I. P. **stana**, thunder, roar (*V.*, C.); utter inarticulate sounds (*C.*); **cs.** **stanāya**, P. ul. (*V.*); also *of the sea* (*P.*); crackle (*fire*; *Br.*).

खन stāna, m. (-^c a, f. ā, i) female breast, teat (*human or animal*); **-kalasa**, m. jar-shaped breast, *N.* of a bird; **-kumāla**, m. n. bud-like breast; **-kumbha**, m. jar-shaped breast; **-koṭi**, f. nipple, **-koraka**, m. n. bud-like breast; **-tata**, n. n. rounded female breast.

खनय stan-dāha, m. roar of the lion (*RV.*); **-ātha**, m. id (*AV.*).

खनयय stana-m-dhaya, a. (i) sucking [$\sqrt{2}$ dhi] the breast; m. suckling, infant; calf.

खनप stana-pa, a, m. id.; **-patana**, n. fluidity of the breasts; **-pāna**, n. sucking of the breast; **-bhara**, m. weight of breasts, swelling bosom; **-manāla**, n. rounded female breast; **-madhya**, n. space between the breasts.

खनयदम stanāyad-ama, a. having a roaring onset (*Maruts*; *RV.*).

खनयितु stanay-itnū, m. [*fr.* *cs.* of \sqrt{stan}] thunder (*sg. pl.*; *V.*, C.); thunder-cloud (*C.*).

खनयपथ stana-vepathu, m. heaving of the breast.

खनामुक stana amuka, n. breast-cloth; **-antara**, n. space between the breasts, centre of the chest (*of men and women*); **-ābhoga**, m. fullness of the breast; **-āvarana**, n. breast-cloth; **-tā**, f. alnt. n.

खनित stan-itu, (*pp.*) n. thunder; **-vimukha**, a. refraining from thunder; **-samaya**, m. time of a cloud's thundering; **-subhagam**, **ad.** with charming rumblings.

खनोत्तरीय stana uttariya, n. breast-cloth.

खन्य stan-ya, a. contained in the mother's breast; n. milk (contained in the female breast or the udder); **-tyāga**, m. leaving off the mother's milk, being weaned; **-mātraka**, a. v. vayas, n. period of life immediately after weaning.

खनक staba-ka, m. bunch, cluster (*esp. of blossoms*); = section in books the titles of which contain *lātā*, *mañgarī* etc.).

खनकय stabaka-ya, **den.** P. provide with clusters of blossoms: **pp.** **ita**.

खन्य stah-dha, **pp.** \sqrt{stabh} : **-karna**, m. Stiff-ear, *N.* of a lion; **-tā**, f. stiffness, rigidity; pretentiousness, arrogance; **-tva**, n. id.; **-lokaṇa**, a. having motionless (= unwinking) eyes.

खन्यीक stahdhi-kri, stiffen; **-bhā**, grow rigid; become paralysed; **-bhāva**, m. rigidity; torpidness.

खन्य STABH, खन्य STAMBH, IX. P. $\sqrt{stabhnāti}$ (*V.*, C.), V. P. **stabhnōti** (*Br.*, *rare*), fix, establish, prop, sustain (*esp. the heavens*; *V.*), (support=) reach up to (*ac.*; *E.*); arrest, check (*T.*, C.); A. rest or lean on (*lc.*; *C.*); become rigid; become solid (*rare*, *E.*); **pp.** **stābhita**, fixed, supported (*V.*); **stābdha**, reaching to (*lc.*); rigid, stiff, fixed, immovable, paralysed; become solid (*water*); proud, arrogant; **-m**, **ad.** immovably; **cs.** **stambhaya**, P. fix; support, sustain; make stiff or rigid, paralyse; solidify; stop, arrest (*by magic*); suppress, restrain, repress (*tears* etc.); **divya-kriyām**, successfully pass through an ordeal: **pp.** **stambhita**, **ava**, fix; support, sustain; obstruct, block up; grasp, clasp; take prisoner: **gd.** **avash/abhya**, resting on = with the help of, on account of; **pp.** **avash/abdhā**, grasped, seized; taken or kept prisoner; rigid, stiff. **pari** **ava**, surround **ad** (**uttabh-**), fix aloft or above, set up: **pp.** **uttābhita**, **uttābdha**, set up etc.; **pp.** **act.** **uttābdhavan** = finite *th.* (he) made arrogant; **cs.** **uttāmbhaya**, raise or lift up; arouse, excite; elevate, exalt. **prati** **ud**, support, fasten (*Br.*). **upa**, support, hold up. **vi**, *V.*: prop asunder, fasten, fix; *C.*: encourage; make rigid; stop, check; press, plant (*the feet*) firmly; lean on (*ac.*); (stiffen=) permeate (*the void* etc.); **pp.** **vish/abdhā**, fixed (*Br.*); firmly united (*triple staff*); stiff, rigid (*limb* etc.); checked, stopped; **cs.** **vish/ambhaya**, P. check, stop, arrest. **sam**, support, sustain, encourage; benumb (*the senses*); arrest (*esp. by magic*); make rigid, solidify (*water*); restrain, suppress (*grief, tears*); **cs.** support, encourage; make rigid (*water*); check, stop, arrest; suppress, restrain (*grief, tears*). [*stop, arrest*]

खनाय stabhā-yā, P. (*T.*) fix, support;

खन्य stambā, m. bunch, tuft (*esp. of grass*); **-kari**, a. forming bunches; **-tā**, f. formation of (abundant) sheaves or clusters (*of rice*).

खन्यरम stambe-ruma, m. (delighting in tufts of grass), elephant

खन्य STAMBH. v. खन्य STABH.

खन्य stambh-a, m. prop, post, pillar, column, (slender) stem (*also fig. of arms*, *V.*, C.; *ord. mg.*); strengthening, support (*rare*); rigidity, fixedness; stupefaction, paralysis; stoppage, obstruction, suppression (*also by magical means*); pride, arrogance; **-ka**, a. stopping, arresting; m. *N.* of an attendant of Siva.

खनय stambh-ana, a. (i) making stiff or rigid, paralysing; stopping, arresting; n. strengthening, supporting; making rigid, paralysing; stopping, arresting.

खन्यी stambhi-bhū, become a post.

खनय star-ana, n. [*stri*] act of strewing or scattering. [*nant* cow, heifer (*V.*).

खनरी starī, f. (*nm.* -s) barren or non-pregnant.

खनरु staru, m. enemy (*S.*).

खनरि star-tavi, d. inf. \sqrt{stri} (*Br.*).

खनय stāv-a, m. [\sqrt{stu}] praise, eulogy, panegyric, song of praise (*RV.*, C.); **-ātha**, m.

praise (*RV.*); **-ā-dhaya**, d. inf. \sqrt{stu} (*RV.*); **-ana**, n. praising, praise. [*stuff*]

खनरक stavara-ka, m. n. kind of fabric or

खनरक stava-rāga, m. chief of panegyrics.

खनय stav-e, 3 *sg. pr.* with *ps. mg.* of \sqrt{stu} (*V.*); **-āna**, *pr. pl.* *Ā.* (*V.*).

खनय stav-ya, *fp.* to be praised, praiseworthy.

स्ता STĀ, IV. P. only *pr. pl.* **stāyāt**, stealthy, clandestine (*AV.*, very rare).

साधु stā-yū, m. thief (*V.*; = tāyū).

साव stāv-a, m. [\sqrt{stu}] praise, panegyric; **-ka**, a. praising; m. praiser, panegyrist.

सि sti, m. [(*as*-ti, being; $\sqrt{1}$ as) dependent, vassal (only *ac. pl.* *stin*, *RV.*).

स्तिष्ठ STIGH, V. **-stighnōti**, **-stighnante** (stride), *V.*, *rare*. **ati**, overstep in *stīstigham*; *des.* **stīstīghishā**, wish to overstep. **pra**, rise up.

सिपा sti-pā, a. protecting the vassals (*V.*).

सिभि stibhi, m. tuft, bunch (*S.*, *rare*).

सिम STIM, only *pp.* **stimita**, sluggish; un-
ruffled, calm; steady, motionless, fixed (*of the eye or gaze*); wet, moist (*rare*); **-m**, **ad.**; n. stillness, motionlessness; **-tā**, f. **-tva**, n. id.

सिधा stiyā, f. [$\sqrt{styā}$] stagnant water (*V.*).

सोष stīrā, **pp.** \sqrt{stri} : (*ā*)-**barhis**, a. whose sacrificial grass is strewn (*V.*).

स्तु 1. STU, I. Ā. **stāva** (*RV.*), II. P. **stauti**, **stāvati** (*V.*, C.), praise, laud, extol; utter with praise; chant a *Sāman* (*rit.*); **ps.** **stūyāte**, be praised: **pp.** **stutā**, praised; recited with praise; **cs.** **stavaya**, P. praise; **stāvaya**, *A.* cause to praise; *des.* **tush/asha**, P. intend to praise. **abhi** (*sh/anti*), praise, extol (*in rit.*, *sp.* of the *Hotri*); **pp.** **abhi-shruta**, praised; consecrated. **upa**, praise, laud, extol (*V.*; *in rit.*, *sp.* of the *Hotri*, *Br.*).

pari (*sh/anti*), praise, laud. **pra**, praise aloud (*V.*, *rare* in *E.*); chant (*in general* or *sp.* of the *Prastoti*; *Br.*), *C.*: come to speak of, introduce as a topic; commence, begin, enter upon; place at the beginning (*rare*); **pp.** **prastuta**, *V.*: praised; *C.*: introduced as a topic, being the subject of conversation, in question (*ord. mg.*); undertaken, begun; having undertaken to (*inf.*); **cs.** **-stāvaya**, P. make the subject of conversation, suggest. **pp.** **-stāvita**. **san**-**pra**, **pp.** having set about (*inf.*). **sam**, praise, laud, celebrate: **pp.** **sāmstuta**, praised together (*V.*); praised, extolled (*C.*); counted together as one Stotra, taken together (*Br.*, *S.*); being on an equality with (*in.*, -^c; *C.*); well known, familiar (*persons and things*; *C.*).

[**स्तु** 2. STU, drop, be clotted: *in* stuka, stūkā, and stokā.]

सुक stuka, m. tuft of hair.

सुका stū-kā, f. tuft of hair, lock of wool, curly hair on a bull's forehead (*V.*); **-vin**, a. shaggy (*RV.*). [*of* praise.

सुत stū-t, a. (°) praising; f. (*T.*) (hymn)

सुत stū-tā, **pp.** \sqrt{stu} ; n. praise: **-sastra**, n. du. Stotra and Sastra.

सुति stū-tī, f. (hymn of) praise, laudation, panegyric, commendation: **-gritaka**, n. song of praise: *v.* **vaiṣṇava**, panegyric of Vishnu; **-pāthaka**, m. panegyrist; **-vakas**, n. praise.

सुख stu-tya, *fp.* to be praised, praiseworthy; **-tva**, n. praiseworthiness.

सुप stupā, m. tuft of hair (V.).

सुभ STUBH, I.P. only stubha, pt. -stubh-
-āns, and pp. stubdha, utter a sound,
trill (only, of chanted interjections in a
Sāman; V.); cs. stubhaya, P. shout (RT¹);
pp. stubhita, greeted with shouts (P.).
anu-(shobha), trill after (hence anushobh,
because a fourth pāda here follows the three
of the Gāyatri). P. urge on with shouts
(steed; RV.). prati, answer with a shout
(RV.).

सूप stūpa, m. tuft of hair, top of the head
(V.); main beam of a house (S., rare); top
(a dome-shaped monument containing relics
among Buddhists and Jains).

स्तु STRI, V. strinoti, strinatē (V., C.).
IX. strināti, strinatē (V., C.). I. Ā. stāra
(RV.²), VI. Ā. stīre (RV.¹), scatter, strew
(esp. the sacrificial grass, in this sense IX.
in V.); bestrew, cover; V. lay low, overthrow
(enemies, V.); pp. strirā, strown, scat-
tered (V.); strita, bestrown (E.); thrown
down (V.). aya, scatter; bestrew, cover;
fill, pervade. ā, scatter, spread out; be-
strew, cover; pp. āstirna, scattered, spread
out; bestrown, covered, āstira, strown,
spread out (V.); covered (C.); extended,
broad (P.). upa, spread anything over any
one (d.; V.); cover with 'in.' (V., E.); spread
out (V.); pour out the melted butter (± āyva-
aya) so as to form a covering; rit., Br., S.).
pari, strew around, cover; spread out; pp.
-stirna, -strita, bestrown around. sam-pari,
strew around (with grass, fire). pra, spread
out. vi, RV.: scatter, strew (sacrificial
grass); C.: extend (the wings); spread abroad
(fume); speak diffusely about (ae). pp. vi-
stirna, bestrown, studded with; spread out,
extended; extensive, broad, large, great, de-
tailed (ord. mg.); vistrita, covered with
(-); stretched out, extended; wide open;
developed (action); extensive, broad; cs. vi-
stārāya, P. extend (troops); spread around
(dust); expose (rare) for sale, display, dif-
fuse (brightness); discuss in detail; gl. vi-
stārāya, (speak) at length. sam, spread out
(side by side); bestrew, cover. pp. samstir-
na, strown, scattered; bestrown, covered.

सु strī, str (only in pl. strībhih, V.).

सृष्ट strina, in bhū-strina, a kind of grass.

सृति strī-ti, f. bestrewing, covering; strik-
ing down, felling (V).

सृत् strī-tya, fp. to be struck down (Br.).

सोन stenā, m. [√stā] thief, robber.

सोनय stena-ya, den. P. steal, rob; vākam,
be dishonest in speech.

सोय stē-ya, n. [√stā] theft, robbery (of, g.,
-); -krit, a. committing theft (of, -).

सोयिन् stey-in, m. thief, robber. [-].

सोयन् stain-ya, n. [stena] theft, robbery (of,
immobility, sluggishness).

सोक sto-ka, m. [√2.stu] drop (V., rare
in P.). a. (C.) very small or little; a little
(C.); -or -ma, ad. (C.) slightly, a little;
gradually; bahutaram - stokam, more-
than; ab. stokāt, - with a pp. in -ta, only
just; recently.

सोकोक stoka-ka, m. the bird lātaka (seek-
ing drops of rain); -namra, a slightly bent;
-na, ad. by drops.

सोकीय stok-ya, सोख stōk-ya, a. relat-

ing to drops (said of oblations of melted but-
ter and of verses employed while drops are
falling).

सोतय sto-taya, fp. [√1.stu] to be praised.
-tri, m. praiser, worshipper, believer, -tra,
n. hymn of praise, panegyric, N. of chants
corresponding to the Sāstras; rit.

सोत्रिय sotri-ya, a. relating to a Stotra;
m. (sc. trika or prasthā) N. of the first part
of the Bahishpitanāma; Br., S. ā, f. ut
Stotra verse Br., S., -iya, a. m., ā, f. ut

सोम stobh-a, m. chanted interjection in a
Sāman (such as hum, ho etc)

सोम stō-ma, m. [√1.stu] (hymn of) praise,
eulogium, panegyric. V.; very rare in P.
fundamental form of chant seven being the
usual number of them; rit., mass, quan-
tity, multitude (C.); -tashā, pp. fashioned
into (= being the theme of) praise; RV.
-bhāga, a. having the Stoma as one's share
(Br.); m. pl. N. of certain 29 verses be-
longing to the Soma sacrifice, employed while
laying the fifth layer of bricks. V.: ā, f.
N. of these bricks. -vardhana, a. thriving
on (=) delighting in hymns of praise; RV.
(stoma)-vāhas, a. RV. offering praise;
receiving a hymn of praise; -vaidhi, f. en-
largement of the Stoma [E]

सोम्य stom-ya, a. worthy of a hymn of praise

स्त्या STY, IV styāya, grow dense, in-
crease; pp styāna, grown dense, en-
agulated; paralyse'd heart.

स्त्यान styā-na, (pp.) n. intensity; apathy.

स्तयान stayana, n. densification, accu-
mulation

स्त्री strī, f. [perh = stari, nm. without s,
ne, V., C. strivam, C. also strim] woman,
female, wife, feminine form of gender. -
ka, -ā = strī, f. female hip, -stri -
kāma, a. lusting after women. V., C., de-
siring female offspring, -kārya, n. attend-
ance on women, -kumāra, m. pl. women
and children; -strī-krita, pp. done by
women; a copulation. S. -kshira, n. milk
of women, -gamana, n. consorting or sexual
intercourse with women; -ghataka, a. mur-
dering a woman or one's wife, -ghna, a. of
-ghana, m. woman-kind, feminine (gr.), -ana-
ni, a. f. bringing forth daughters, -rita,
pp. ruled by women, henpecked; -tva, n.
womanhood; feminine gender gr.; -dhana,
a. woman's private property; wife and prop-
erty, -dharma, m. laws concerning women,
copulation; -dharma, a. non-trusting,
-pansa, m. du. husband and wife, mascu-
line and feminine gr.; -pundharma, m.
laws concerning men and women, -praty-
aya, m. feminine suffix, -prasā, a. f. bring-
ing forth daughters, -bhava, m. womanhood,
-mantra, m. woman's counsel or stratagem,
-maya, a. i. feminine, effeminate

स्त्रीय strī-ya, den. P. desire a wife.

स्त्रीयन् strī-yanta, n. the puppet woman,
-ratna, n. pearl of a woman, cp. of Laksh-
mi, -rā, ya, n. kingdom of the Amazons
in the extreme north, -lakshana, n. charac-
teristics of a woman, -līnga, n. female organ;
feminine gender gr.; -vaya, a. subject to
women, ruled by one's wife, -va-ya, a. id.,
-vitta, n. property derived from a wife, -vi-
vāha, m. marriage with a woman, -vishaya,
m. copulation; -saṅga, m. intercourse with
women; -samgrahana, n. adultery with a
woman; -sambandha, m. matrimonial al-
liance with a woman; -sambhoga, n. sexual
intercourse with a woman, -seva, f. adic-

tion to women; -svabhāva, m. nature of
woman; -hatya, f. murder of a woman.

स्त्री strīna, a. (1) female, feminine; sub-
ject to or ruled by women. strī, n. women
folk, female sex; womanhood, feminine nature.

स्वमिगमन strī abhigamana, n. criminal in-
tercourse with the wife of. -cārya, m.
subsistence on the earnings by prostitution
etc. of one's wife.

स्थ stha, ṣ sthā, a. [√sthā] standing,
sitting, situated, staying, abiding, existing
in, on, among, being in (an age or condi-
tion), engaged in, occupied with, devoted to,
practising

स्यग STHAG, es P sthagaya, conceal,
hide, cover, cause to vanish; pp

sthagita, hidden, concealed, closed (door)

स्यग sthag-ana, n. concealment; -ayita-
ya, fp. to be concealed, -ika, f. kind of
bandage; betel-box

स्थण्ड sthāndha, n. level space, (piece of)
ground. o kevala, on the bare ground

-āryā, f. lying on the bare ground as a
penance, -āyina, a. lying or sleeping on
the bare ground, -ārya, a. id

स्थपति stha-pati, m. lord of the district
= sthal governor, head official, chief (J.,
rare in C.), architect

स्थपनी sthapani, f. space between the eye-
brows (rare)

स्थपुट sthapatu, a. hunch-backed; rugged,
rough (road); m. hump

स्थल sthala, m. chapter, section (rare); n.
raised ground, elevation, dry land (opp.
damp land), terra firma, land opp.
water. ng. (like talu, region of prominent
parts of the body, breast, etc.), ground, soil,
place, case. tathāvidha-sthale, in such a
case. -kamala, n. flower of the land lotus
Hibiscus mutabilis, -kamalini, f. bud of
land lotuses Hibiscus mutabilis, -ga, a.
living on dry land, -kara, a. id., -ga, a.
growing or living on dry land, applicable to
transport by land (rare), -ta, f. condition of
dry land, -nalini, f. land lotus Hibiscus
mutabilis, -patha, m. road by land (opp.
water way); commerce by land. in by land
reach a place, -pathi-ka, turn into dry
land or a road by land, -padma, n. land
lotus Hibiscus mutabilis, -vartman, n.
land road. in by land, -vartman, m. N. of
a prince, -vigrāha, m. land-height

स्थला sthālā, f. mound (V., rare)

स्थलाय sthala-ya, den. Ā. become dry land

स्थलायिन् sthala-ayinda, n. land lotus
Hibiscus mutabilis, -arutha, pp. alighted
on the ground not riding in a chariot or
having ascended an eminence

स्थली sthālī, f. eminence, table-land (also
used fig. of prominent parts of the body),
ground; place, spot; -devata, f. local deity

स्थलीभू sthālī-bhū, become dry land. pp.
high lying country, -ya, den. P. regard the
ocean as dry land

स्थलीयायिन् sthālī-āyina, a. lying or sleep-
ing on the bare ground

स्थलीजत sthālī-jata, pp. growing on dry
land. m. padmini, f. land lotus Hibiscus
mutabilis

स्थलोत्पत्तिनी sthalotpalini, f. land lotus
Hibiscus mutabilis, -okas, m. animal liv-
ing on dry land.

by (in.), with (in.); frequented by (in.); provided with (in.); *ca.* cause to place oneself beside or opposite (ac; V); bring, fetch (C). **सम-प्ता**, *Ac.* come to in succession, place oneself beside (Br.). **अभि-प्ता**, P. worship (P.); pp. arrived (time). **परि-प्ता**, pp. come, impending, imminent. **प्रति-प्ता**, *Ac.* place oneself opposite (V); pp. approached, come, to any one (ac.); arrived (time), imminent (death etc.); come to (one's recollection, *smṛiti* = occurring to one); *ca.* call forth, manifest. **सम-प्ता**, P. *Ac.* stand beside, attend; lean against (ac.); approach (ac.); fall to the share of any one (ac.); pp. come near, having approached anyone (ac.), arrived at (ac.); come in one's way (*river* = one came across a river), sitting or lying on (le.), come (time), imminent (destruction); having occurred (calamity), having befallen (distress of mind); being seasonable (courtesy); come or fallen upon any one (ac.); *iti sam-apa-* **sthite**, this being in store for one *ni*, pp. **-sthita**, standing or being in or on (le.); versed in (le.). **पारि-नि**, make oneself thoroughly familiar with (le.). pp. **-sthita**, being in (le.); thoroughly versed in (le.); *ca.* teach anything thoroughly to (g). **नि**, arise from, grow out of (ab; V); bring to an end (V); prepare honey, V; pp. **नि-*sthita***, grown forth (RV); completed, ready (V, C). **पारि-नि**, pp. quite completed. **पारि**, stand round, encompass, obstruct, impede (V); throng around (C). pp. **परि-*sthita***, encompassed, obstructed (waters); *ca.* **-sthāpaya**, station near at hand. **प्रा**, P. (A) V: stand or rise up, advance (*esp. before the gods*); *Ac.* C: set out, depart, from (ab), on (a path, le.), for, to (ne *ca* prati, le.), with a view to (victory etc., d), in order to (inf); pp. **प्रा-*sthita***, V: set forth, prepared (sacrifice etc.); C: set out, for (ac *ca* prati, d, le.), for the purpose of (it); having started or proceeding on (a long journey, dura-), having entered on (a wrong road, -), reaching to (the sky, -); pp. *act.* **प्रा-*sthita*tvān**, (he) set out; *ca.* despatch (messengers etc.), send away or home, dismiss, banish, to (ac *ca* prati), for the purpose of (d, sts, le.); drive, urge on (steeds), *des.* *Ac.* wish to set out. **अनु-प्रा**, set out after any one (ac). **अभि-प्रा**, P. (V), *Ac.* (V, C) set out, for (ac *ca* prati). pp. set out. **वि-प्रा**, *Ac.* (V, C) rise in different directions, be diffused, set out. **सम-प्रा**, pp. set out, departed, to (ac). **प्रति**, V: stand, abide; V, C: stand firm, be based or rest on or in (le.); be established, thrive; C: resist (any one, ac); spread over (ac). pp. **प्रति-*sthita***, standing, stationed, seated, situated, staying, being in or on, contained in (le., -); fixed, securely placed, supported by, based or dependent on (le., -); established, proved; ordained for, applicable to (le.); settled, unmolested by (foes (earth), transferred to (le.); undertaken (v. r. *an*, better); *ca.* V, C: put down, place upon, introduce into (le.); C: set up, erect (*an* image); bring or lead into (a path, le.); appoint to, establish in (le); present or offer to, bestow or confer on, transfer to (d, le.); V: establish or support, on (le). **सम-प्रति**, pp. established; supported by, resting on (le.). **वि**, *Ac.* (P, V) stand or move apart, be scattered or diffused over or through (ac); spread over (the land, adhi kshāmi), be separated, from (in); V, C: stand; C: stand still, remain, stay; hold one's ground (in battle); pp. **वि-*sthita***, V: standing apart; scattered, diffused; stationary (opp. *gagat*, that which moves); C: standing on (le., -); being in (le.). **अनु-वि**, spread (int.)

over, pervade (ac); V. **सम**, *Ac.* P. V stand close together; come or stay near (le); come into conflict (RV); C: stand still, remain, stay; stand, dwell, be, in (le.); abide by, obey (le.); come to an end, perish; I. be completed, *rite*; rare in (C) pp. **सम-*sthita***, C: standing (opp. *sitting* or *lying*); placed, lying, sitting, situated, being, resting, in or on (le., upon, -); remaining, left standing for a long time food; enduring, lasting; imminent; being in (a condition), addicted to (le., -), based on (le.), relating to (le., -); set out, for (d, *abhimukha*), dead (le. = if he die; having the form of (-); frequented (place); V, rarely C: concluded, completed, *rite*, day, etc.). **तथा** **eva**, remaining in the same condition. **मा-*si-rūpeya***, preserved in the form of bone-black, pp. *act.* **सम-*sthita*-vat**, = finite *th*, lived (happily, *sukhena*) together, *ca.* C: put on their *kaps* again (horses), set up again, restore (fallen prince), encourage, comfort, compose oneself (atmanam, *hrīdayam*), place, in or on (le), add to (upari); establish, found, introduce, fix, settle, V: restrain, stop (breath, effusion of semen); conclude, complete (*esp. a rite*), put an end to, kill (etc. also C). **अनु-सम**, *Ac.* be completed, *rite*, (Br.). pp. having died after any one (ac)

स्था sthā, a. (am. m. n. -a) standing (V) often -², standing, existing, being.

स्थायक sthāyaka, a. [sthānu] derived from trunks of trees; -*iya*, a. belonging to Siva (Juv)

स्थायु sthāyu, a. [√sthā] standing, stationary, n. what is fixed or stationary (C); m. stump, stake, post, also as a emblem of immovableness, V, C, N. of Siva immovable as the trunk of a tree during his austerties, C. -*akheda*, a. clearing away the stumps (i.e. the timber); -*bhūta*, pp. immovable like the stump of a tree, -*vana okan*, a. inhabiting the forest of Siva, *ni-*vara**, a N. of a town

स्थान्य sthānya, pp. n. *imps.* one should stand, remain, stay, or linger; one should abide by or adhere to (le.); one *im* should remain in a condition (inf).

स्थानु sthānu, m. guider, driver (of horses, chariots, RV); authority V, 2 -*tri*, n. what is stationary or immovable (RV)

स्थान sthānu, n. C: standing (also Br.), continuance, stay, storage (of goods), steadiness (of troops), continued existence, middle state -*opp. gain or loss*, being in or on (le., -), state, condition (also V); a being in a state of; perfect tranquillity *rare*, station, position, rank (common *ny*); V, C: aside, dwelling, place, spot, locality, site and *ny*; C: stead, place, le. instead of, in place of, *gr*; -²; receptacle, of *gr*, -³, right or suitable place, region, sphere of a god (earth, sky, heaven); stronghold (rare); place in which a sound is produced, organ of speech (*gr*); pitch, key of the voice (high, loud, etc.); constituent of a kingdom (army, treasury, capital, territory); case, occurrence; occasion, of or for (*gr*); -⁴; cause or object of *gr*, -⁵; also said of persons, topic. a taking the place of, representing; replaced or represented by; le. **sthane**, instead of (*gr*, -⁶); in the right place, seasonably, justly; **sthane sthane**, in different places, here and there; **ripusthāneshu** *vrit*, occupy the position of an enemy, *vinā kṛtā sthānat*, a lute out of tune; **vilokana-sthāna-gata**, occupying the place of eyes; **mānyasthāna**, object of regard.

स्थानक sthānaka, m. N.; n. attitude (in shooting etc.); kind of posture, station, rank; place, spot; -**sthānaka**, n. pl. le. in all places, everywhere; -**sthānaka**, m. quarter-master, -**lyuta**, pp. removed from one's place, -**sthā**, state of being the receptacle of, possession of (*gr*); -**sthāga**, m. abandonment of one's dwelling place; -**pāla**, m. guardian of a place; superintendent, -**bhāga**, m. ruin or fall of a place, -**bhramas**, m. loss of one's dwelling, position, -**bhramas**, pp. removed from one's proper place, displaced, having lost one's position; -**yoga**, m. pl. assignment of the proper places (for commodities, -**vid**, a. having local knowledge, -**sthāna**, n. pl. le. in every nook and corner, -**sthita**, pp. occupying a high position, -**antara**, n. another place, -**āraya**, m. place on which any thing stands, *oka*, a. being in the same place, -**āsana-vihāra-vat**, a. occupying the abode, the seat, and the recreation ground, -**āsēdha**, m. local or personal arrest.

स्थानिक sthānika, a. taking the place of (*gr*, -¹, *gr*, -², -³, -⁴, -⁵, -⁶, -⁷, -⁸, -⁹, -¹⁰, -¹¹, -¹², -¹³, -¹⁴, -¹⁵, -¹⁶, -¹⁷, -¹⁸, -¹⁹, -²⁰, -²¹, -²², -²³, -²⁴, -²⁵, -²⁶, -²⁷, -²⁸, -²⁹, -³⁰, -³¹, -³², -³³, -³⁴, -³⁵, -³⁶, -³⁷, -³⁸, -³⁹, -⁴⁰, -⁴¹, -⁴², -⁴³, -⁴⁴, -⁴⁵, -⁴⁶, -⁴⁷, -⁴⁸, -⁴⁹, -⁵⁰, -⁵¹, -⁵², -⁵³, -⁵⁴, -⁵⁵, -⁵⁶, -⁵⁷, -⁵⁸, -⁵⁹, -⁶⁰, -⁶¹, -⁶², -⁶³, -⁶⁴, -⁶⁵, -⁶⁶, -⁶⁷, -⁶⁸, -⁶⁹, -⁷⁰, -⁷¹, -⁷², -⁷³, -⁷⁴, -⁷⁵, -⁷⁶, -⁷⁷, -⁷⁸, -⁷⁹, -⁸⁰, -⁸¹, -⁸², -⁸³, -⁸⁴, -⁸⁵, -⁸⁶, -⁸⁷, -⁸⁸, -⁸⁹, -⁹⁰, -⁹¹, -⁹², -⁹³, -⁹⁴, -⁹⁵, -⁹⁶, -⁹⁷, -⁹⁸, -⁹⁹, -¹⁰⁰, -¹⁰¹, -¹⁰², -¹⁰³, -¹⁰⁴, -¹⁰⁵, -¹⁰⁶, -¹⁰⁷, -¹⁰⁸, -¹⁰⁹, -¹¹⁰, -¹¹¹, -¹¹², -¹¹³, -¹¹⁴, -¹¹⁵, -¹¹⁶, -¹¹⁷, -¹¹⁸, -¹¹⁹, -¹²⁰, -¹²¹, -¹²², -¹²³, -¹²⁴, -¹²⁵, -¹²⁶, -¹²⁷, -¹²⁸, -¹²⁹, -¹³⁰, -¹³¹, -¹³², -¹³³, -¹³⁴, -¹³⁵, -¹³⁶, -¹³⁷, -¹³⁸, -¹³⁹, -¹⁴⁰, -¹⁴¹, -¹⁴², -¹⁴³, -¹⁴⁴, -¹⁴⁵, -¹⁴⁶, -¹⁴⁷, -¹⁴⁸, -¹⁴⁹, -¹⁵⁰, -¹⁵¹, -¹⁵², -¹⁵³, -¹⁵⁴, -¹⁵⁵, -¹⁵⁶, -¹⁵⁷, -¹⁵⁸, -¹⁵⁹, -¹⁶⁰, -¹⁶¹, -¹⁶², -¹⁶³, -¹⁶⁴, -¹⁶⁵, -¹⁶⁶, -¹⁶⁷, -¹⁶⁸, -¹⁶⁹, -¹⁷⁰, -¹⁷¹, -¹⁷², -¹⁷³, -¹⁷⁴, -¹⁷⁵, 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स्थाल sthāla, *n.* bowl, dish, pot; hollow of a tooth (*rare*); *f.* earthen dish, cooking-pot, caldron: (**स्थाली**)-**पत्रिका** (*AV.*) or **-पत्रिका** (*SB.*), *m.* food cooked in a pot, dish of barley or rice boiled in milk (often as an offering).

स्थायर sthā-varā, *a.* [√sthā] standing, stationary, immovable (*opp.* **gaṅgama**); steadfast, permanent, constant, enduring (*rare*); relating to immovable property (*rare*); *m.* mountain; *m. n. sg. pl.* the vegetable world; *n.* immovable property, real estate; stability, permanence (*v. r.* **sthīratva**) - **ka**, *m. N. of a servant*; -**tā**, *f.* condition of a plant

स्थायिर sthāvira, *a.* [sthāvira] old, senile; *n.* old age.

स्थालक sthāla-ka, *m.* bubble-shaped ornament on the trappings of a horse; *m. or n.* (?) figure made with unguents.

स्थालु sthā-lu, *a.* [√sthā] immovable; durable, lasting, permanent.

स्थित sthī-tā, *pp.* [√sthā] standing, - up (*opp.* **walking, sitting, lying**); standing firm (*in battle*); staying, remaining, situated, in a place (*lc., ad., -*; *common mg.*); being in a condition or position (*in, ab, lc., -*; *n. in app.*; more commonly *ad., pp., pr. pt. & v. in app. or gd.* - continually; *ord. mg.*); engaged in, intent on, addicted or devoted to, practising, persevering in (*lc., -*); abiding in, conforming to, following (*command etc., lc.*); being in office, steady, kept (*agreement, counsel*); settled, generally accepted (*also Br.*); determined, resolved upon; firmly convinced; firmly resolved to (*inf., lc. of vbl. n.*); ready to (*d*); being there, existing, present, come (*time*); directed to (*lc., -*; *effort, gaze*); resting or dependent on (*lc.*); concluding (*oppression*) to (*d.*); remaining, left (*rare*); having desisted or stopped; unaccompanied by it (*in the Padapāṭha*), standing alone - **am**, *n. imp.* it was stood by (*in*) = he waited; **anītyam sthīta**, not remaining permanently, staying only a short time; **purāḥ -**, = imminent; **paraṣparam sthītan**, standing face to face (*as for*); **multā ākara-tayā -**, resting in the form of (= like) a pearl (*drop of water*); **pade sthīte**, = in the Padapāṭha; *n.* standing still, staying; -**vat**, *pp. act. being, in (lc.)*.

स्थितधी sthīta-dhi, *a.* steady-minded; -**prajña**, *a.* steadfast in knowledge; -**samvid**, *a.* faithful to one's agreement, keeping one's promise; -**samkṛta**, *ad.*

स्थिति sthī-ti, *f.* [√sthā] *C.*: standing; remaining, staying, stay, residence (*in, on, at, with any one, lc., -*; *ord. mg.*); upright position (*of the breasts*); depositing, keeping (*of records, money*); halting-place, abode (*also rarely in Br.*); station, position, rank, dignity, steady application to, addition to, intentions on (*lc.*); steadfastness, stability; sustained existence, continuance, permanence (*common mg.*; *also U.*); duration; existence, occurrence; procedure, behaviour, conduct; state, condition; decree, ordinance; settled rule, maxim (*also Br.*); usage, custom, institution; fixed opinion, conviction; attaching importance to (*youth, lc.*); steady adherence to the path of duty or law, moral rectitude; limit, bounds (*esp. of morality*); -**m ā-kāra**, remain standing; *m. kri, grab, bhag, or vi-dhā*, make a stay, take up one's abode.

स्थितिदेश sthīti-deśa, *m.* place of abode; -**mat**, *a.* firm, stable, enduring; keeping within bounds (*ocean*); observing the limits of morality, virtuous; -**varman**, *m. N. of a prince*; -**sthāpaka**, *m.* (*sc. samakāra*) elasticity (restoring the original state).

स्थिर sthī-rā, *a.* [√sthā] firm, hard, solid, stiff, strong; fixed, immovable, motionless; steady (*gait, gaze*); permanent, continual, enduring, lasting, changeless; steadfast, sustained, persevering; kept secret (*counsel*); constant, faithful, trustworthy (*of persons*); of good conduct; firmly resolved to (*inf.*); certain, sure, undoubted: **manas or bhrīḍam sthīram kri**, steel one's heart, take courage; *n* (*RV.*) resistance: *ac. v.* **ava-tan**, *P.* break the resistance of any one (*g.*); **ā-yield**; *v.* **ā-tan**, offer resistance.

स्थिरकर्म sthīra-karman, *a.* persevering in action; -**kitta**, *a.* steady-minded, steadfast, resolute; -**ketas**, *a. id.*; -**gavin**, *a.* having a tenacious life; *m. N. of a crow*; -**tā**, *f.* hardness; steadfastness, stability, permanence; constancy, firmness; -**m upa**, *i.* compose oneself; -**tva**, *n.* immovableness; stability, constancy; (**ā-dhanvan**, *a.* having a strong bow (*Rudra*; *RV.*); -**dhi**, *a.* steady-minded, steadfast; -**pada**, *a.* firmly rooted; -**pratiṣṭha**, *a.* keeping one's promise; -**pratibandha**, *a.* offering an obstinate resistance; -**buddhi**, *a.* steadily-minded, steadfast, resolute; *m. N. of an Asura* -**ka**, *m. N. of a Dānava*; -**mati**, *f.* steady mind, steadfastness; *a.* steadfast; -**manas**, *a. id.*; -**yauvana**, *a.* having perpetual youth; -**varman**, *m. N.*; -**samakāra**, *a.* thoroughly cultured; -**tā**, *f.* perfect culture; -**sthāyin**, *a.* standing firm.

स्थिरात्म sthīra-ātman, *a.* firm-minded, stable, constant; steadfast, resolute; -**aurāga**, *a.* deeply attached (*tva*); *n.* faithful attachment; -**aurāg-in**, *a. id.*; (**ā-tva**, *n.* faithful attachment; -**apāya**, *a.* subject to constant decay; -**ārambha**, *a.* steadfast in undertakings).

स्थिरकरण sthīri-karṇa, *n.* corroboration; -**kartavya**, *fp.* to be encouraged; -**kāra**, *m.* corroboration; -**kri**, confirm, strengthen, stop (*a horse*); make permanent, establish; corroborate; steel (*the heart*); encourage; -**bhū**, take courage.

स्थिवि sthīvi, *m.* winnowing basket (*RV.*); -**mat**, *a.* provided with winnowing baskets (*RV.*).

स्थुल sthūl, *n.* tent (*rare*).

[**स्थु** **STHŪ**, be thick or strong, in sthāvin, sthāvira, sthūnā, sthūra, sthūla.]

स्थूणा sthī-nā, *f.* post, pillar (*° a. a.*); -**karṇa**, *m.* kind of array of troops; -**paksha**, *m. id.*; -**rāga**, *m.* chief post (*U.*).

स्थुर sthū-rā, *a.* thick, broad, heavy, large, great (*RV.*).

स्थुरि sthūri, *a.* drawn by one animal, one-sided (*U.*); *n.* waggon drawn by one animal (*U.*).

स्थूरिका sthūr-ikā, *f.* barren cow (? *Manu VIII, 325*).

स्थूल sthū-lā, *a.* thick, bulky, big, large, stout, massive; coarse, gross (*also fig. e.g. crime*); dull, stupid; material, tangible (*phil*); *opp.* **sūkṣma**; *n.* gross or material body; -**keśa**, *m. N. of a Rishi*; -**tā**, *f.* largeness, fullness, bulkiness; clumsiness; stupidity; -**tva**, *n.* grossness (*phil*); -**datta**, *m. N.*; -**nāsika**, *m.* (large-snouted), boar; -**prapañka**, *m.* gross material world; -**bāhu**, *m. N.*; -**buddhi**, *a.* dull-witted; -**bhuga**, *m. N.* of a fairy; -**bhūta**, *n.* gross element; -**mat**, *a.* dull-witted; -**madhya**, *a.* thick in the middle; -**roma**, *a.* thick-haired; -**lakṣa**, *a.* liberal, munificent; shooting at a large target: -**tva**, *n. abs. n.*; -**lakṣhi-tā**, *f.* liber-

ality; -**lakṣya**, *a. = lakṣa*; -**tā**, *f.*, -**tva**, *n. abs. n.*; -**viśaya**, *m.* gross material object; -**varira**, *n.* gross material body; -**varira**, *a.* thick-headed; *m. N. of a Rishi, a Rākṣha, and a Yakṣa*; -**mūṣha**, *a.* large and small; -**prapañka**, *m.* the gross and the subtle world, -**varira**, *n.* gross and subtle body; -**haṣta**, *m.* elephant's trunk.

स्थूलान् sthūla-antra, *n.* large intestine, straight-gut; -**asthūla**, *a.* large and not large: -**tara**, *cpv.* very large and small.

स्थूलैश्च sthūla ikkha, *a.* having immoderate wishes; -**ghkaya**, *m.* middle pace in elephants.

स्थिरम sthī-mān, *m.* [*abs. N. to sthī-ra*] firmness (*V.*); (*C.*) rest; continuance; *in* perseveringly: (-**ma**)-**bhāg**, *a.* firm, strong (*U.*).

स्थिय sthī-ya, *fp.* [√sthā] *n. imp.* one should stand still; - stay or remain, in (*lc.*); - behave or act (*subject with app. in in., gt., or ad.*); *m.* judge, arbitrator.

स्थिरस sthī-ras, *cpv.* (*of sthī-ra*) more considerable (*person*); very continuous or constant; very stable (*mind*).

स्थीरि sthī-i-kri, choose as an arbitrator.

स्थिर्य sthīr-ya, *n.* [sthīra] firmness, fixity, stability, steadiness; continuance, permanence; steadfastness, constancy; patience; firm attachment to, constant delight in (*lc.*); -**vat**, *a.* standing firm.

स्थौललक्ष्य sthāula-lakṣhya, *n.* [sthūla-lakṣha] liberality.

स्थौल्य sthāul-ya, *n.* [sthūl] stoutness, corpulence; great size or length.

स्नपन sna-pāna, *n.* [*fr. cs. of √snā*] washing, bathing, ablution.

स्ना SNA, II. P. **snā-ti** (*U., C.*), IV. P. (**Ā. mctr.**) **snāya** (*E.*), bathe; perform the ceremony of bathing (*esp. on the conclusion of a vow or of religious studentship ± avahīti*); besmear oneself with (*ashes, in.*); *pp.* **snāta**, washed; having bathed (*esp. at the conclusion of apprenticeship, on entering the household stage*); cleansed from (*ab.*); immersed or versed in (*lc., -*); -**vat**, *pp. act.* having bathed; *cs.* **snāpāya**, *P.* wash, cleanse, bathe, besprinkle. **ud**, step out of the water, emerge (*U.*). **nd**, *pp.* **snāta**, immersed = versed, experienced in (*lc., -*); agreed upon. **pra**, enter the water (*± ac., U.*); *cs.* (**ā**) bathe (*int.*) in (*ac.*); *V.*).

स्ना snā, *a. -* (*in some cpds.*) bathed, dipped.

स्नातक snāta-ka, *a.* having performed the purificatory ablutions concluding apprenticeship; entering or having entered the household stage, *m.* religious student entering on the household stage; -**vrata**, *n.* duties of a Snātaka; *a.* performing the duties of a Snātaka; -**lopa**, *m.* neglect of the duties of a Snātaka.

स्नातव्य snā-tavya, *fp. n. imp.* one should bathe.

स्नान snāna, *n.* bathing, bath, ablution (*ord. mg.*); washing off; adjunct of the bath, bathing powders or perfumes. -**kalasa**, -**kumbha**, *m.* wash-pot; -**grīha**, *n.* bathing house, bath-room; -**tirtha**, *n.* sacred bathing-place; -**dronā**, *f.* bathing tub; -**bhū**, *f.* bathing-place, bath-room; -**vastra**, -**vāsa**, *n.* bathing gown; -**ve-man**, *n.* bathing house, bath-room; -**śāfi**, *f.* bathing drawers; -**sambn**, *n.* bathing water.

स्नानि snān-in, *m.* bathing; -**īya**, *a.* suitable for bathing; *n.* adjunct of the bath, bathing perfumes; -**vastra**, *n.* bathing garment.

स्फटिक *spṣat-ika*, *m.* crystal -**मणि**, *m.*
id. -**मया**, *a.* i made of crystal, -**यन्म**,
m. N of a fairy; -**रिखारि**, *m.* cp of Mount
Kailasa, -**शिला**, *f.* crystal.

स्फर SPHAR, *cs.* **sphāraya**, P. open wide; bend, discharge (a bow): *pp.* **sphārita**, opened wide (*eyes*); widely diffused (*splendour*). **vi.** *cs.* open wide; draw, discharge (a bow): *pp.* opened wide (*eyes*); exhibited, displayed.

स्फल् SPHAL, *cs.* **sphālaya**, P. **ā**, beat upon, splash (*ac.*), strike (*a lute*); dash against (*a stone, lc.*); lash (*tail*): *pp.* **sphālita**, struck, beaten upon, dashed against.

स्फाटिक sphātika, *n.* (ā, ī) made of crystal (*sphatika*): *n.* crystal; kind of sandal.

स्फाति sphā-ti, *f.* [√sphāy] fattening, breeding (of cattle, *V.*); prosperity (*C.*, rare).

स्फाय SPHĀY, I. **ā**, **sphāya** (rare), grow fat, swell, increase; resound; *pp.* **sphāyate**, grow fat: *pp.* **sphāta**, swollen; thriving, prosperous, flourishing, rich (*country, house, etc.*); well-off; heavy with rain (*cloud*); done (*smoke*); abundant, plentiful; abounding (*in riches, full of (in, -)*); *cs.* **sphāvaya**, P. fatten; strengthen, increase.

स्फार sphār-a, *a.* [√sphu] extensive, wide, large, great; abundant (*moonlight*); dense (*mist*); loud (*shout*); strong, vehement: *cs.*, *ad.*; *n.* slap: *i-bha*, be opened wide; be diffused, spread, increase, multiply.

स्फालन sphālana, *n.* [sphal] patting, slapping. [*tender of (cattle, f. Br.)*].

स्फावय sphāvaya, *cs.* √sphāy: *i-tri*, *m.* fattening: *sp. f.* hip, buttock (*V.*).

स्फिक् sphik, **स्फिज** sphig, *f.* (*nm.* **k**) *id.* (*S.*, *C.*).

स्फिर sphī-rā, *a.* [√sphāy] fat (*RV.*).

स्फीत sphī-ta, *pp.* √sphāy: *-tā*, *f.* welfare, flourishing condition.

स्फीति sphī-ti, *f.* *id.*

स्फुट SPHUT, I. P. **sphōta**, VI. P. **sphuta**, burst open (*with a sound*), be split or rent, burst into flower, expand, blossom; crack (*of the fingers*); crackle (*fire*); burst into view, appear suddenly; abate (*int., disease*): *pp.* **sphuṭita**, burst, split, rent, broken; opened wide (*eyes etc.*); expanded, full-blown: *cs.* P. **sphoṭaya**, burst, split, rend, tear open; put out (*eyes*); shake, wag; push aside (*a boat*): *pp.* **sphoṭita**, split *etc.* **ā**, *cs.* cleave, crush; shake, wag; *int.*, clap one's hands. **pra**, *cs.* cleave.

स्फुट sphut-a, *a.* open; expanded, full-blown; manifest, evident, plain, distinct, clear, intelligible (*ord. mg.*); spreading, extensive, broad (*rare*); *cs.* *ad.* evidently *etc.*: *-tara akshara*, *or* very clear (*speech*); *-tā*, *f.* manifestness, distinctness: *-m gam*, become manifest. [*dent.*]

स्फुटय sphuṭaya, *den.* P. make clear or evident.

स्फुटवक्त्र sphuṭa-vaktri, *a.* speaking distinctly or frankly; *-valkali*, *f.* a tree, *-vabdam*, *ad.* distinctly, audibly.

स्फुटार्थ sphuṭa artha, *a.* having a clear sense, intelligible: *-tā*, *f.* distinctness.

स्फुटिका sphuṭikā, *f.* small fragment

स्फुटीकरण sphuṭi-karana, *n.* making clear or evident, manifestation; *-kri*, make clear or evident; manifest; sharpen (*the senses*); *-bhā*, become clear or evident.

स्फुर SPHUR, VI. P. (Ā. *metr.*) **sphurā**, *V.*; spurn; *V.*, *C.*: dart, bound, spring; *C.*: quiver, throb, tremble, vibrate; writhe, struggle; glisten, flash, sparkle; burst into

view, be manifested or displayed, appear clearly; shine, be distinguished, make one's mark: *pp.* **sphurita**, quivering, trembling; struggling; flashing, gleaming, glittering; breaking forth, suddenly arising; *cs.* **sphoraya**, P. draw (*a bow*); adduce (*an argument*); cause any one to shine = praise excessively. **nis**, hurl down (*RV.*). **pari**, dart about (*fish*); break forth, display itself; gleam afar: *pp.* quickening (*fortes*). **pra**, *V.*: spurn away; *V.*, *C.*: quiver, tremble; *C.*: glitter, sparkle; be displayed, appear; shine; be distinguished: *pp.* quivering, trembling; displayed. **vi**, *V.*: start asunder; *C.*: quiver, tremble; dart about, writhe, struggle; glitter, flash; break forth, appear: *pp.* **visphurita**, quivering, trembling; glittering, flashing.

स्फुर sphur-a, *a.* quivering, vibrating; *-ana*, *a.* glittering; *n.* quivering; gleaming, flashing, darting; coming into view, manifestation; *-ita*, (*pp.*) *n.* quivering, throbbing, tremor; darting (*of a fish*, *-*); flash, glitter, radiance; coming into being, existence (*of creatures, g.*).

स्फुल SPHUL, VI. P. **sphulā** [*later form of √sphur*]: *pp.* **sphulita**, come into view, having appeared. **vi**, move to and fro

स्फुलिङ्ग sphulīṅga, *m.* [darting, glittering: √sphul = √sphur] spark: *-ka*, *m.* *id.*; *-vat*, *a.* scattering sparks.

स्फुलिङ्गाय sphulīṅgā-ya, *den.* **ā**. resemble or burn like sparks.

स्फूर्ज SPHURJ, I. P. **sphūrja**, rumble, roar, rattle, crash; break or burst forth, be displayed; *cs.* **sphūrjāya**, P. crackle (*V.*). **ava**, rumble. **vi**, resound; snort; break forth, be displayed. *pp.* **sphūrjita**, extended, agitated; *cs.* cause to twang (*bow*).

स्फूर्जय sphūrjaya, *m.* thunder: *-ita*, (*pp.*) *n.* roar.

स्फूर्ति sphūr-ti, *f.* [√sphur] quivering, throbbing; manifestation, appearance, display; bragging.

स्फोट sphoṭ-a, *m.* [√sphut] bursting, splitting (*int.*); opening, unlocking; blister, pustule; small fragment, chip (*rare*); roar, crash; indivisible creative word (*phil.*); eternal and imperceptible element in sounds and words regarded as the real vehicle of the sense (*gr.*); *-ana*, *a.* cleaving, crushing; dispelling (*doubt*, *-*); *m.* divider (*a term applied to the vocalic sound heard between certain conjunct consonants*); *n.* splitting, rending, breaking; waving (*the arms*), cracking (*the fingers*); *-ita*, *cs.* *pp.* √sphut; *n.* crackling.

स्फय sphāy-a, *m.* wooden sword (used as a sacrificial implement, *V.*, *C.*); spar (*Br.*); kind of war (*E.*): *-vartani*, *f.* furrow made by the wooden sword.

स् 1. *smā*, *encl. pcl.* (*V.* also *smā*, *shma*) *orig. prob.* = ever, later also certainly, indeed: often, *esp.* in *C.*, attenuated to a mere expletive; in *V.* used after other *pcls.* (*esp.* *ba*), relatives, *prps.* and *abs.*; in *C.* only after the *pcls.* *iti* and *mā*; in *C.* turns a present into a past tense (though the present sense is in some cases retained).

स् 2. *smā*, in *E.* *sas* = *smas*, we are.

स्मत् *smāt*, *ad.* (*RV.*) together; at the same time; *w. m.* (together) with [*cp. sumat*]; *cs.* of several *cpds.* in *RV.*, having with one = provided with.

स्मदिष्ट *smādi-shṭa*, *a.* provided with an errand (*watchers*; *RV.*).

स्मय smay-a, *m.* [√smi] astonishment, wonder (*rare*); arrogance, pride, regarding (*-*); *-ita*, *a.* (*-*) laughing, smiling.

स्मर smar-a, *a.* [√smri] remembering (*-*, *rare*); *m.* recollection, memory; love; god of love; expounder of the Veda (*rare*); *-ana*, *n.* remembering, recollection, (*of g.*, *-*); memory (*rare*); teaching (*rare*): *-padavi*, *f.* path of memory: *-m gamita*, caused to go the way of memory = dead.

स्मरणीय smar-aniya, *fp.* to be remembered: *-m smarān* *kri*, make Kāma remembered - remind of the god of love; *ā-m gamitāni*, lead any one (*ac.*) into the path of memory = bring about the death of.

स्मरतामय smarata-maya, *a.* consisting of the ardour of love: *m.* *gada*, *m.* = fever of love.

स्मरदाश smar-dasā, *f.* stage of love (*there are ten*: delight of the eye, penance, longing, sleeplessness, emaciation, indifference to worldly objects, abandonment of shame, infatuation, swoon, death: see Mallinātha on *Meghatāta* go); *-dahanā*, *m.* burner of Kāma, Siva; *-dāyin*, *a.* arousing love; *-dāpana*, *a.* kindling love; *-maya*, *a.* produced by love; *-lekha*, *m.* love-letter; *-sara-maya*, *a.* (i) abounding in Kāma's arrows (*certain flowers*); *-śasana*, *m.* chastiser of Kāma, Siva; *-śāstra*, *n.* treatise on erotics; *-śakha*, *m.* friend of Kāma, *ep.* of spring; *-śaha*, *a.* capable of arousing love; *-śayaka-lakshya*, *n.* target of the arrows of Kāma: *-tā*, *f.* *abst. n.*; *-ari*, *m.* foe of Kāma, Siva; *-ishudhi-kri*, turn into the quiver of Kāma.

स्मरतय smar-tavya, *fp.* to be remembered: *-ya*, *fp. id.*; *-tri*, *m.* one who remembers (*g.*, *-*); teacher.

स्महे *s-mahe*, 1 *pl.* **ā**. we are (√*as*).

स्मर smār-a, *m.* [√smri] recollection, of (*-*); *a.* (*C.*) relating to the god of love (*smara*). *-ka*, *a.* [*fr. cs. of √smri*] recalling, reminding; *n.* calling to mind.

स्मरन् smār-an, *abs.* [√smri] always repeated: remembering (*ac.*); *-in*, *a.* remembering (*-*).

स्मार्त smārta, *a.* [smriti] relating to memory, memorial (*rare*); based on tradition, prescribed by traditional law; versed in or following tradition (*rare*): *i-ka*, *a.* (i) traditional.

स्मि SMI, I. **ā**. **smāya**, smile sweetly, blush (*V.*); smile (*C.*); be arrogant (*P.*, *rare*): *pp.* **smita**, smiling; expanded, blown **ava**, flush down (*lightnings*) (*on lc.*; *RV.*); *ad.* break into a smile (*esp. with grule*). **pra**, burst into laughter. **vi**, be confounded or astonished, at (*in, ab., lc.*); be proud of (*qualities*) (*in.*): *pp.* **vismita**, confounded, astonished; astonishing (*rare*); proud, arrogant (*rare*); *cs.* **smāyāya**, P. astonish (*ac.*). **sam**, blush, be bashful (*V.*).

स्मित smi-ta, (*pp.*) *n.* smile: *-pūrva*, *a.* smiling first: *-m*, *ad.* smilingly; *-pūrva-abhishāsh-in*, *a.* addressing with a smile: (*-*) *-tā*, *f.* *abst. n.*

स्मृ SMRI, I. P. (Ā.) **smāra**, remember, bear in mind, recollect, recall, think of with regret (*ac.*, *g.*); the past action being expressed by a *pp.* + *yad*, that, or a *ft.* without *yad*; hand down, teach, maintain (*rare*); recite (*rare*): *ps.* **smāryate**, be remembered - handed down (*w. na* = *act.*, pass over in silence); be declared by any one (*in*), to be, be regarded as (*nm. lc.*): *pp.* **smrita**, remembered, thought of; handed down, taught; mentioned; pre-

scribed; declared or said to be, regarded as (nm., rarely d. or lc.); named, called (nm. ± iti); **kim smṛito smi**, why have I been thought of by you? = why have you summoned me? **na smṛitam**, not permitted; **bigāḍ eva phalam smṛitam**, fruit is said to come from seed only; **cs. P. smāraya**, less commonly **smaraya**, cause to remember, remind any one (ac., sts g.), of (ac.); **ps. smaraya**, be called to mind; be reminded of (ac.); **pp. smārīta**, called to mind; reminded of (ac.); **des. susmārshate**, wish to remember (ac.); **anu**, remember, call to mind (ac.); **cont-as (a stū)**: **pp. remembered**; prescribed, taught. *n.imps*: **yadā eva anusmṛitam devana**, when the king remembered that (*oratio recta* with iti); **cs. P. smaraya**, remind of (ac.); **pp. smārīta**, reminded of (ac.). **apa**, forget. **upa**, remember (ac.). **pra**, remember (ac.); forget; **pp. forgotten**. **prati**, remember (ac.; *RV*, *E*). **vi**, forget (ac.); **pp. having forgotten** (ac., -); forgotten by (in g.); **-smṛita-vat**, **pp. aot** having forgotten; **cs. P. smāraya**, cause anything (ac.) to be forgotten; cause any one (ac.) to forget (ac.); **pp. caused to be forgotten**, caused to forget (ac.). **sam**, remember, think of (ac.; *pp. remembered*, thought of, prescribed; named, called; **cs. P. (ā)** remind any one (ac.) of (ac.); recall to the mind of (g.); **pp. reminded of** (ac.); recalled **anu-sam**, remember, think of (ac., g.).

सुत smṛi-ta, (pp.) *n.* recollection: **-mātra āgata**, **pp. come** (when only =) as soon as thought of.

सुति smṛi-ti, *f.* remembrance, recollection, of (lc., -); memory; authoritative tradition (*exclusive of smṛiti or Vedic writings*), canonical traditional law-book, code, statement of a law-book: **smṛitim api na te yānti**, they are not even remembered: **-kārin**, a. awakening memory, producing recollection: **-tāntra**, *n.* law-book; **-da**, *n.* a strengthening the memory; **-patha**, *n.* path of memory: **-m gā**, go the way of memory, perish; **-pāthaka**, *n.* one learned in the law; **-bhā**, *m.* god of love; **-bhra**, *ma*, *n.* loss of memory; **-mat**, *a.* having recollection; possessing full consciousness; having a good memory; versed in law; **-rodha**, *n.* failure of memory; **-vartman**, *n.* path of memory; **ac. te**, *i.* be remembered; **-vibhrama**, *m.* derangement of memory; **-vishaya**, *m.* range of memory; **-tām gamita**, dead; **-śāstra**, *n.* law-book; **-vīla**, *n.* *du*, tradition and usage; **-vesha**, *a.* surviving in memory only, destroyed: **-m kṛi**, destroy.

स्मिर smi-ra, *a.* [*√smi*] smiling (*esp. of the face and eyes*); expanded, blooming (*rare*); -, full of.

स्य syā, *V. prn. base* (= *sa*), only *nm. sg. syāh* or *syā*, *m.* **syā**, *f.*

स्यद् SYAD, **स्यद् SYAND**, *I. Ā. (rarely P.)* **syānda**, flow; run (*of living beings, chariots*); dart (*fish*); shed or distil fluid (*± ac*); issue from (ab); often confused with *√span*; **pp. syānna**, flowing, running. **anu**, run along or towards (ac.; *RV*). **abhi**, run or flow towards (ac.); shed fluid, rain (cloud); overflow (heart). **ava**, flow down from (ab.). **ā**, flow towards (V.). **ni**, flow down, flow into (lc.). **pra**, flow, run. **vi**, *f.* overflow (*out of a vessel*); *C.* flow abundantly; dissolve, melt. **pp. vishyānna**, overflowing (V.); *cs.* pour out, besprinkle with (m., V.).

स्यन्तु syánt-tri, *a.* speeding (*Indra*; *RV*.¹).

स्यद् SYAND, *v.* **स्यद् SYAD**.

स्यद् syand-a, *m.* flowing, trickling; trick-

ling fluid, juice; **-anā**, *a.* (*C.*) swift (*car*); dripping (-); *m.* war-chariot, car (*RV*.¹, *C.*); a tree (*Dalbergia Ougrinensis*), *n.* flowing, trickling; **-in**, *a.* flowing; emitting moisture (moonstone), shedding milk spontaneously (*cow*); flowing wrh. distilling, dripping. **-i**, *f.* female animal with a flowing udder. **-rā**, *a.* (*RV*) speeding; quickly melting away (*swallow*).

स्यन् sym-nā, *pp.* *√syad*

स्यन्तक syanta-ka, *m. N.* of a gem presented by the sun to Satiḡit, afterwards in the possession of Krishna

स्यत् s-yāt, *3 sg. pot.* (*√s*, *as*) it may be, perhaps; in the dialectical scepticism of the Jains there are seven formulae containing this word (*syad asti*, perhaps it is; *syam na asti*, perhaps it is not, etc.)

स्यद्वाद syad-vada, *m.* the sceptical theory of the Jains, **-vādin**, *m.* follower of this theory.

स्यामहे s-yāmahe, *1 pl. pot.* *Ā. √s*, *as*

स्याल syālā, *m.* wife's brother, brother-in-law (*often spelt syālā*); **-ka**, *m.* *id.*

स्यत् syi-tā, *pp.* (*√siv*) sewn etc.

स्युमन् syū-man, *n.* [*√siv*] thread, thong, rein (*RV*), suture (*of the skull*, *Br*); in **-ā**, in a string = strung together, words.

स्योन syo-nā, *V. a.* [*√siv*] soft, pleasant (*to walk or sit on*), agreeable, mild, gentle, *n.* (*V*) soft seat or couch, pleasant situation

सम् SRAMS, **स्रस SRAS**, *I. Ā. srāmsa* (*also P. in pp. and aor.*), fall or slip down or off, drop, from (ab.), fall asunder, go to pieces; pass away, disappear **pp. srasta**, slipped or dropped off or down, fallen down, off, or out (from, of, ab.), drooping, relaxed; **cs. srāmsaya**, *P.* cause to fall off, - to slip or hang down, relax, loosen. **pp. srāmsita**, loosened. **ava**, fall down. **vi**, fall asunder, collapse, be loosened fall off (*hair*), on (*lc.*), **pp. visrasta**, fall asunder or off, loosened, dropped down; relaxed; **cs. cause to fall asunder**, loosen, untie; cause to drop, let fall, throw off, betray (*a plan*).

संस्र स्राम-sana, *a.* purgative; *n.* miscarriage, relaxing (-), laxative, **-in**, *a.* falling to pieces, slipping down (*garment*), being loosened.

स्रति sra-ti, *f.* (*V.*) corner (*esp. of the Veda*).

स्रक्त sra-k, *va*, *m.* or *n.* corner of the mouth, mouth, jaws (*RV*).

स्रग्दान स्रग-dāman, *n.* garland of flowers; **-dhara**, *a.* wearing a garland, wreathed with (-); **-vin**, *a.* wearing a wreath

स्रज sraj, *a.* (*nm.* *f.*) twisting (-); *f.* (*nm.* *k*) chain, garland of flowers, wreath; (*series*) multitude of (-).

स्रम् SRAMBH, *v.* **स्रम् SRAMBH**.

स्रव sra-v, *a.* [*√sru*] flow of (-), *a.* (*°*) streaming or flowing with. **-āt**, *f.* river *V.*, **-āthn**, *m.* flow (*RV*); **sra-vant-i**, *f.* (*pr. pl.* *√sru*) flowing water, river

स्रष्टृ sra-ṣṭṛi, *m.* [*√srig*] discharger (*of waters*); initiator, causer, author, creator, of the world (*ord. mg.* **-tva**, *n.* condition of creator.

स्रस् SRAS, *v.* **संस SRAMS**.

स्रस्तता sra-sta-tā, *f.* pendulousness.

स्रस्तार sra-stara, *m. n.* bed of grass, couch.

सा SRĀ (*cp. s* *srā*), only with *pra*, *cs* **-srāpaya**, *P.* digest (*Br*.¹).

साम sāma, *m.* [crippled state] disease (V.); *ā*, a crippled, lame (V.)

स्राव sra-v, *m.* [*√sru*] flow; miscarriage, **-ana**, *n.* causing to flow, shedding **rudhira-srāvanam kṛi**, shed any one's blood, **-in**, *a.* flowing, causing to flow (-).

सिद्ध्युः SRIDHY, *I. P.* **srodha**, commit an error, act wrongly, fail (*RV*), *vare*

सिद्ध्युः sridhi, *f.* (I) wrong-doer, impious person, foe

सिद्ध्युः SRIV, *IV P.* **sriyaya** (*Br.*, very rare) fail seed, *cs.* **sreyaya**, *P.* cause to fail (*RV*).

सु SRI, *I. P.* (*Ā. metr.*) **srava**, *I. C.* flow, from or out of (ab); stream = exude juice, shed water, tears, milk, etc. *sts* *n.* *ac.* leak, fail, sacrifice; *C.* slip away, come to nought, perish; get abroad, be divulged, secret, (flow -) be derived from (ab), come in, be paid interest; **pp. srasta**, flowing, streaming, having flowed, from *cs.* **srāvaya**, *P.* cause to flow, shed **abhi**, stream anything (ac.) to anyone (*RV*); **ava**, *pp.* having flowed down. **ā**, flow, overflow, rise (river) from (ab), *cs.* bleed sweetly, fig. **ni**, often occur for **in**, flow away or out, part, flow around, abundantly, from (ab), shed (rain, blood), swim about in (lc), flow = slip away *lit.* **pp.** flowing, streaming **sra**, flow or gush forth, from (ab); flow, stream; emit fluid, juice, milk, etc. *sts* with *ac.* **pp.** flowing forth, issuing, from (ab), streaming, with (ac), *cs.* **ā** make water *Br*; **abhi-pra**, flow out *Br*; *cs.* **ā** make water towards *ac*; *Br* **vi**, flow out, issue, from (ab), emit a fluid (ac) **sam**, flow or run together *V*.

सुषु sruḡma, *m. N.* of a town to the north of Hastinapura

सुषु sruk, *f.* (*nm.* *k*) large wooden sacrificial balle; therefore three gūḡa upabhiḡa dhriva, in which order they are referred to in *sg.*, *du.*, *pl.* [*distilling*].

सुत sru-t, *a.* (*°*) flowing with, shedding,

सुत sru-tā (*pp*) *n.* flood (I), **-ti**, *f.* *C.* flow or effusion of, fall of *vaḡ*, *°*, *V* road, path

सुव sruva, *m.* [*√sru*] small sacrificial balle used for conveying the *ghṛa* from the pot to the large balle or *sruk*; *sts* used instead of the *sruk* in libations

सू sū, *f.* leaden ball of a sling (*RV*.¹).

स्रकपय sra-kapa, *a.* resembling oleander (*Br*).

स्रह srahu (or *u*), *semen virile* (*S.*).

स्रोतस sro-tas, *n.* [*√sru*] current; river-bed, stream, river; rush, violent onset of *diarr.*, *°*; canal (*in the body*), aperture (*of the body*); organ of sense, *rare*; **-ta**, *f.* nature of a stream in gradually; **-vin-i**, *f.* (having a current), river

स्रोतोर्म्य sroto-urmya, *n.* aperture of an elephant's trunk, **-vab**, *f.*, **-vabhā**, *f.* river

स्रोत्या srotyā, *f.* [*√sru*] flowing water, stream, surge (*V*) [*srotovala*].

स्रोतोवह sroto-vaha, *a.* relating to a river

स्र sra, *a.* own, my, thy, his, her, our, your. their refers strictly speaking to the nearest subject, but is often loosely connected with

other words (e.g. *bhrātaram svapuram pre-shayām āsa*, he sent his brother to his, the brother's, city); *m. n. (C.)* one's self, the ego (e.g. *svam ka brahma ka*, the ego and Brahman); in oblique cases used (like *ātman*) as a reflexive *prn.* (e.g. *svam mindanta*), blaming themselves); *m. (C.)* man of one's own people, kinsman, friend; *pl. one's* people, friends; *man of one's own caste*, *ā, f.* woman -; *n. (V., C.)* one's own goods, property.

स्व 2. *sva*, *E.* for *svas*, we two are.

स्वस्व *sva-ka. a. (ākā, tākā)* own etc. (= 1. *sva*); *m.* man of one's own people, kinsman, friend. *pl. one's* people, friends; *n.* one's own goods, property.

स्वकरण *sva-karāna*, *n.* making a woman one's own, marrying; -*karma-ya*, *a.* due to one's own act; -*kārmān*, *m.* one's (own) deed; one's (own) business or occupation; one's duty; -*kāla*, *m.* one's own time, proper time; *lc.* at the right time.

स्वकीय *sva-kīya*, *a.* own etc. (= 1. *sva*); *m. pl. one's* people, friends; -*tva*, *n.* belonging or relation to oneself.

स्वकुल *sva-kul*, *n.* one's own family; *a.* of one's own kin: -*ga. a. ad.*; -*kulya*, *u. id.*; -*kula-maya*, *a. (i)* relating to one's own welfare (news); (ā)-*kṛita*, *pp.* done, performed, built (city), composed (book), or fixed (interest) by oneself (C.); spontaneous (V.); *n.* deed done by oneself (E.).

स्वक्ष *svakṣha*, *1. a.* having a fine axle; *m.* car with a fine axle; *2. a. (i)* having perfect organs of sense; fine-eyed.

स्वक्षत्र *svā-kṣhtra*, *a.* master of oneself, independent, free (RV.); -*gata*, *pp.* belonging to oneself, own: -*m. ad.* to oneself, aside (ay, think); -*grāma*, *m.* one's own merits; *a.* having its own merits, appropriate; (ā)-*grāta*, *pp.* pleasing in themselves (RV.); -*grīha*, *m.* one's own house; -*gohara*, *a.* subject to oneself: -*m. kṛi*, subject to oneself. [(RV.).]

स्वग्नि *svagnī*, *a.* having a good Agni or fire

स्वग्राम *sva-grāma*, *m.* one's own village.

स्वशृङ्गा *sva-shṛṅga*, *a.* having a beautiful body, fair-limbed (RV.); -*āṅguri*, *a.* having beautiful or deft fingers (RV.).

स्वकेतस् *sva-ketus*, *n.* one's own thought; *in. -ā*, out of one's own head.

स्वक्लृप्ता *svakṣhṛta*, *a.* beautifully clear, transparent, or bright, clear, distinct (speech); pure (heart, conduct, etc.); -*ka*, *a.* beautifully clear or bright; -*tā. f.*, -*tva*, *n.* perfect clearness or transparency; purity of heart.

स्वक्लृप्ता *sva-kṣhṛta*, *m.* own or free will; *in. dh.*, -*tas*, or -; at one's own will or pleasure; spontaneously; *a.* following one's own will, acting at pleasure; independent, uncontrolled: -*m. ad.* at will or pleasure; spontaneously; -*kara*, *a.* moving about at will, independent; -*kārin*, *a. id.* -*n.*, *f.* emancipated woman; -*tā. f.* independent action, uncontrolled behaviour; -*vasa-gāta*, *pp.* growing spontaneously (= wild) in the forest.

स्वज् *SVAG*, स्वस्व *SVANG*, I. *Ā. (P. metr.)* *svāga*, clasp, embrace. *abhi-shvaga*, *id.* *pari-shvaga*, *id.* *pp.* *pari-shvata*, clasped, embraced; surrounded by (*in.*, -).]

स्वज *sva-gā*, *a.* self-born, own, akin; *m.* viper (V.); -*gana*, *m.* man of one's own people, kinsman: *sg.* also coll. kindred: -*gan-dhin*, *a.* distantly related to (g.); -*tā. f.* relationship with (g.); -*ganaya*, *den.* P. be

related to (ac.) = resemble; -*ganāya*, *Ā.* become a relation; -*gana-ā-vṛita*, *pp.* surrounded by his own people; -*gāta*, *pp.* self-begotten; *m.* child begotten by oneself; -*gāti*, *f.* one's own kind; one's own family or caste; *a.* of one's own kind; -*gātiya*, -*gātya*, *a. id.*

स्वज *svajāh*, *a.* (going well), nimble (steed; RV.).

स्वतन्त्र *sva-tantra*, *n.* (self-authority), independence, freedom; *a.* free, independent, uncontrolled; *v. pada*, *n.* independent word: -*tā. f.* independence, freedom; originality; -*tantraya*, *den.* subject to one's will; (ā)-*tavas*, *a. V.* self-strong, inherently powerful; valiant; -*tas*, *ad.* of oneself, of one's own accord; by nature; out of one's own estate: *svato-māt*, from one's own share, *raksa* *svatāram svatāro parato vā*, guard your self and others against transgression; -*tā. f.* ownership: -*m. paṇyati*, believes that everything belongs to or is meant for him, *tyāga-svataṁ upapadyate*, accrues to the king; -*tvā*, *n.* proprietary right to (lc; C.); independence (V.).

स्वद् *SUAD*, स्वाद् *SVĀD* [eat well], I. *svāda*, *Ā.*, *V.*, *C.*: taste well, be palatable, to (*d.*, *g.*); *V.*: relish (ac.); *E.* take pleasure in (lc.); *P.* make palatable, season (V.); *svāda*, eat (C., rare, incorr. for khād); *pp.* *svāttā*, (V.) made savoury, seasoned; tasted (in agni-shvāttā); *cs.* *svādāya*, *P.* make savoury, season, prepare, cook (V.); *pp.* *svāditā*, (V., C.) well prepared, savoury; *svādāya*, *P.* taste, relish (C.). *ā. cs.* *svādāya*, *P.* taste, enjoy, relish (C.). *sam-ā. cs.* (ā) taste, enjoy (C.). *prati*, *cs.* -*shvādāya*, *id.* (C.).

स्वदेश *sva-deśa*, *m.* one's own country, home: -*ga*, *a.* born in one's own country; *m.* compatriot, -*śmārin*, *a.* yearning for one's own country, home-sick; -*deha-dāna*, *n.* gift of one's own body; -*doṣha-ga*, *a.* due to one's own fault (misfortune); -*doṣha-nāsa*, *m.* avoidance of personal guilt; -*dharma*, *m.* one's rights; one's own duty.

स्वधा 1. *sva-dhā*, *f.* [self-determination - √dhā] *V.*: custom, rule, law; accustomed place, home; (wonted state), ease, pleasure: *ac. v. ānu*, according to wont; at ease or pleasure, as desired; undisturbed; *in. svadhiya* or *svadhābhā*, in one's own way, according to wont; gladly; at will, freely, spontaneously; wantonly.

स्वधा 2. *svadhā*, *f.* [cp. *sudhā*] sweet libation, oblation to the Manes (consisting of ghee); *attenuated to a mere exclamation addressed to the Manes (d. g.), taking the place of or accompanying the offering: -kara*, *a.* addressing the Manes with the exclamation *svadhā*; -*kāra*, *m.* exclamation *svadhā*; -*ninayana*, *n.* oblation with the exclamation *svadhā*; -*bhug*, *m. pl.* (enjoying the funeral oblation), Manes.

स्वधावत् *svadhā-vat*, *V. a.* adhering to law, regular, constant, faithful (*guly.* of Agni and Indra); (ā)-*van*, *a. id.* (V.).

स्वधिति *svadhiti*, *f.* axe, (butcher's) knife (V., very rarely P.).

स्वधित *svadhishthita*, *pp.* well-guided (elephant); -*ādhitā*, *pp.* well-read, well-instructed; *n.* good studies.

स्वधृति *svā-dhṛiti*, *f.* standing still of oneself (V.).

स्वध्वर *svadhvarā*, *a.* performing the sacrifice well, adapted to the rite (RV.); *n.* good sacrifice (RV.).

स्वन् *SVAN*, I. *P. (Ā. metr.)* *svana* (C., only *aor. in V.*), roar, resound, sound; *cs.* *svanaya*, *P. id.* (RV., P.). *sva*, cry downward (RV.). *vi.* -*svana*, sound; yell (*jackal*); -*śvama*, noisily devour.

स्वन *svan-ā*, *m.* roar (in V. of wind, water, fire, etc.); *C.*: sound (of every kind), crash (of thunder), rumbling (of a chariot), murmur (of a crowd), roar (of animals), tone (of musical instruments), song (of birds); -*vat*, *a.* sounding, resounding.

स्वनाम *sva-nāman*, *n.* one's name; *a.* having a name (= famous) through oneself; -*nāsa*, *m.* own destruction.

स्वनीक *svanika*, *a.* having a fair countenance (RV.); -*annashikta*, *pp.* well performed or carried out; -*anta*, *a.* having a good end, ending well; auspicious, fortunate.

स्वप् *SVAP*, II. *P. svāp-i-ti*, I. *P. (Ā. metr.)* *svapa* (V., C., rare), sleep, fall asleep; lie down on (lc.); sleep the sleep of death, lie dead (E.); *varsha-śatam* - sleep a hundred years = for ever; *pp. pt.* *śnashup-vās*, *śnashupāna*, sleeping; *ps. tinsps.* *supate*; *pp.* *suptā*, fallen asleep, sleeping; benumbed, insensible (*limb etc.*); asleep = cloed (flower); resting, inactive, latent; *cs.* *svāp-āya*, *P.* cause or lull to sleep; lay to rest; kill; *des.* *śnashupsa*, *P.* wish to sleep. *ni*, (RV.) fall asleep; die; *cs.* (RV.) lull to sleep; kill. *pra*, fall asleep, sleep; *pp.* *prasupta*, fallen asleep, sleeping; having slept (rare); - *lāna* down to sleep (rare); asleep, benumbed (*limb*); resting, inactive, latent. *sam*, *pp.* *samsupta*, fallen asleep, sleeping.

स्वपक्ष *sva-puksha*, *m.* one's (its etc.) wings; one's own party; man of one's own party; one's own (side =) opinion or assertion; -*pana*, *m.* one's own stake; -*patita*, *pp.* fallen or dropped off of its own accord; -*pati-kṛi*, make (ac.) her husband.

स्वपत्य *svapatya*, I. *n.* good work (RV.); *a.* performing a good work (RV.); *2.* having good offspring (RV.); *ā. f.* good offspring (RV.; d. *svapatyaf*).

स्वपद *sva-pada*, *n.* one's own (his etc.) place or abode; -*one's* own position or rank.

स्वपन *svap-anā*, *a. (V.)* sleepy; *n.* sleeping, sleep (C.).

स्वपरमत्तारक *sva-para-pratāraka*, *a.* deceiving oneself and others.

स्वपराह्णे *svaparāhṇe*, *lc.* late in the afternoon, towards evening (V.).

स्वपशु *svapśu*, *a.* doing good work, industrious, artistic (V.); *n.* artificer (RV.).

स्वपशु *svapśu-yā. den.* *Ā.* work well, be active.

स्वपशा *svapśa-yā. f.* diligence, activity, skill (RV.).

स्वपितृ 1. *svap-i-tri*, *m.* sleeper.

स्वपितृ 2. *sva-pitri*, *m.* one's own father.

स्वपिवात *svapi-vāta*, *a.* [√vat] under-standing well (RV.).

स्वपुर *sva-pura*, *n.* one's own city.

स्वपू *sva-pū*, *f.* [√pū] broom (RV. 1).

स्वप्न *svāp-na*, *m.* V., C.: sleep; dream (*ord. mg.*); *C.*: sleepiness (rare); addiction to sleep, sloth (rare); -*m. āris* or *pas*, see a vision, dream. [sleepy.]

स्वप्न *svapnag*, *a. (nm. k)* addicted to sleep,

स्वप्न *svapna-ga*, *a.* produced in a dream, dreamt; -*darsana*, *n.* vision of a dream;

-nidarvana, *n. id.*; -bhāṣ, *a. indulging in sleep*; -mānavaka, *n. dream-mankind (a kind of charm producing dreams that are realized)*; -labdha, *pp. obtained (= appearing) in a dream*; -vritta, *pp. occurring in a dream*.

समस् suāpnas, *a. wealthy (RV.)*.

समस्वाप svapna-sthāna, *n. sleeping apartment*.

समाधाय svapna-adhyāya, *m. chapter on dreams, T. of a work*; -vid, *m. interpreter of dreams*; -anta, *n. condition of sleep or dreaming*; -antara, *n. id.*

समाय svapnā-ya, *den. Ā. wish to sleep, be sleepy; resemble a dream*.

सप्रकाश sva-prakāsa, *a. clear or evident by itself*; -pradhāna, *a. independent*; -tā, *f. independence*; -pramāṇa anurūpa, *a. suited to one's strength*; -prayoga, *m. ab. by means of oneself, without assistance*; -bāndhava, *m. one's own relative*; (ā)-bhānu, *a. self-luminous (RV.)*.

समाव sva-bhāva, *m. own manner of being, innate disposition, nature (opp. acquired qualities)*; in *ab.*, *°*, -tas, *by nature, naturally*; by oneself, spontaneously; -krita, *pp. done by nature, natural*; -kripāna, *m. (n. guardedly by nature), N. of a Brāhman; -ga, a. produced by nature, congenital, natural, to (°)*; -gṛāta, *pp. id.*; -āvesha, *m. natural hatred*; -bhāva, *m. natural disposition*; -siddha, *pp. established by nature, natural, innate*; self-evident, obvious; -ukta, *pp. spontaneously stated*; -ukti, *f. statement of the exact nature, vivid description (rh.)*.

समिष्टि su abhiṣṭi, *a. (RV.) helpful, favourable; well-aided*.

समू sva-bhū, *a. self-existent; f. one's own country, home*; -bhūta, *pp. being one's own, belonging to (g.)*; -bhū-tyāga, *m. abandonment of one's own country*; -bhūmi, *f. one's own country, home*; -manibhā, *f. own opinion*; -māṃsa, *n. own flesh or body*.

सर्वस्व svayam-vara, *a. self-choosing, with kanyā, f. girl who chooses her husband herself; m. self-election, free choice, sp. of a husband (a right permitted to girls of the warrior caste)*; -vara-kathā, *f. mention of or reference to a Svayamvara*; -varāna, *n. free choice of a husband by (°)*; -vara-prabhā, *f. N. of the wife of a Dāitya*; -vara-āgata, *pp. come of one's own accord*; -vāda, *m. one's own statement*; -vikrita, *pp. sold by oneself*; -vīrāna, *pp. dropped of their own accord*; -vrita, *pp. chosen by oneself*; -vīrāna, *pp. dropped of their own accord*; -sanyoga, *m. spontaneous matrimonial union with (in.)*; -samriddha, *pp. complete in itself (Br.)*; (ā)-kṛita (or ā), *pp. made, prepared, performed, committed, caused, or composed by oneself; adopted (son)*; with vigraha, *n. war undertaken on one's own account*; -krānta, *pp. mounted by oneself (Throne)*; -gana-parityāga, *m. voluntary abandonment of the thread and of virtue*; -guru-tva, *n. its own weight*; -grāha, *m. taking by oneself (without leave)*; forcible seizure; -grahana, *n. id.*; -grāha, *m. id.*; *a. spontaneous (affection)*; -m, *ad. forcibly*; -ū, *id.*; spontaneously; -ga, *a. spontaneously produced (water, RV.)*; -tyakta, *pp. voluntarily abandoned*; -datta, *pp. self-given (said of a boy offering himself for adoption)*; -dāna, *n. spontaneous gift of a daughter*.

स्वयत्न sva-yatna, *m. own exertion*.

स्वयम् sva-yām, *indecl. oneself (himself,*

etc.); of oneself, of one's own accord; in C. agreeing in sense with a nm. (as subject or predicate), with an in (as logical subject), or with a g. (etc. also an ac., or a lc.)

स्वयमगुरु स्वयम-āguru-tva, *n. one's own lightness*; -anushāna, *n. performance by oneself*; -apodita, *pp. n. mps. one is by oneself exempted from (ab.; Br.)*; -arjita, *pp. acquired by oneself*; -āgata, *pp. come of one's own accord*; -āhita, *pp. brought by oneself*; -ihita-labdhā, *pp. acquired by one's own effort*; -adyata, *pp. offered spontaneously*.

स्वयंपतित स्वयम-patita, *pp. fallen of its own accord (fruit)*; (ā)-prakāśāna, *pp. pt. self-luminous*; -tva, *n. -ness*; -prabha, *a. self-luminous*; ā, *f. N.*; -pravira, *pp. dropped off by itself (V.)*; -bhū, *a. n. of -bhū*; *m. sp. of Brahman and of Siva*; -bhū, *a. n. ā* self-existent, independent; relating to Buddha (rare); *m. Brahman; Buddha*; -mrta, *pp. having died of one's own accord (= a natural death)*.

स्वयंस्त स्व-āyasa, *a. self-glorious, self-independent (V.)*; (ā)-yukti, *t. own team (RV.)*; in *y-ā*, -tas, *ad. naturally, as a matter of course*; -yog, *m. (one joined with oneself, ally (V.))*; -yoni, *f. own womb, one's own birthplace or source; womb of one's own caste, a. (1) related by blood, consanguineous*.

स्व 1. SVAR, I. P. svāra, *utter a sound, resound (V.)*; (ā)-cause (ac) to resound (RV.); sing the praises of, ac, RV.; ex. svāraya, *P. pronounce with the Svarita accent*; *pp. svāryata*, have the Svarita accent; *pp. svarita*, caused to sound; accented, having the Svarita accent; abhi, *greet with song, chime in RV.* sam (V. sung together, praise in chorus. abhi-sam, greet or invoke with one accord (V.))

स्व 2. SVAR, I. P. svāra (V. very rare), shine; ex. svāraya, *P. id.*

स्व स्वār (in YV. also सुवर् सुवāt), *indecl. (nm, ac, ab, g, lc, R.)*; sun; V. sun shine; light, splendour; space; bright space; heaven (also abode of the gods and of the Blest); V, C.; heaven in the sacrificial formula bhūḥ bhuvah svāḥ being the third of the seven heavens above the earth.

स्व स्वār-u (or ā), *m. l., C.* sound, noise, C. voice, N. C. tone (in recitation etc., distinguished according to strength or pitch; accent; musical note (there being seven or six); vowel. [sacredness; R 1]

स्वर्गत svaramkṛita, *pp. well-prepared*.

स्वर्गमति svāra-bhakti, *f. vowel portion, i.e. vocalic sound heard after r or l when immediately followed by a consonant*; -bhūta, *pp. become a vowel (i.e. changed from a vowel + vowel to i or u)*; -bheda, *m. indistinctness of voice, hoarseness; simulation of voice; betrayal by one's voice; difference of accent; difference of musical tones*; in a feigned voice; -bhaya, *n. fear of betraying one's voice*; -yoga, *m. combination of sounds, voice*; (svāra)-vat, *a. (Br.) sounding loud, having a melodious voice, accented (also C.)*

स्वस्व sva-rasa, *m. own or unmixed juice; feeling for one's own people; own inclination; a. to one's taste, congenial (wife)*.

स्वस्वयोग svāra-samyoga, *m. combination of sounds, voice; continuous notes (of a song)*; -samsvāra-vat, *a. having correctness of accent, rightly intoned (verse)*; -samkrama, *m. harmony of tone, modulation of voice*; -samdeha-vivāda, *m. kind of social game*; -sampaḍ, *f. euphony of voice, melodious voice*; (svāra)-bhāna, *m. ep. of the three days before*

and after the Vishuvat of the Gārdmāyana (= the last three days of the first, and the first of the second half-year).

स्वार्त्त sva-rāṭ, *a. (nm. f) self-ruling, self-guiding (V.)*; *m. V.* self-ruler; C.; independent king; ep. of Brahman, Vishnu, Krishna, and of a Manu; f. N. of various metres; -rāṭya, *n. independent sway (V.)*; own kingdom (C.); -rāṭya, *n. own kingdom*.

स्वरित svar-ita, *ex. pp. (v svar) caused to sound etc.*; *m. n. Svarita accent, produced by a combined rise and fall of the voice*; -tva, *n. accentuation with the Svarita accent, addition*.

स्वर् svār, *m. (V) stake, sacrificial post; splinter of the sacrificial post (rit)*.

स्वर्चि sva-ruki, *f. own will or pleasure; in according to one's own will, a following one's own pleasure*; -rūpa, *n. own form or shape; form of g.*; word itself (+ sabbā or sabbāya, *opp. synonyms, species; own condition, peculiarity, character, nature; occurrence, event (rare)* nāmāṃsa, names themselves or -tas, *ad. in one's own form, by nature, in reality, by itself* -tā, *f. own form in literally, in reality*; -dhāra, *a. having one's own form*; -bhāva, *m. use of the true form of a name*; -rupin, *a. having one's own or natural form; appearing in the form of (C.)*; embodied; -rūpa utprakhā, *f. kind of smile*; sva-rokita, *a. self-luminous*.

स्वर्क svarka, *a. singing beautifully (V.)*.

स्वर्ग svar-gā, *a. (V) going or leading to the light or heaven, celestial, so loka, m. (also pl.) world of light, the heavens, m. (V. C.) heaven (abode of the gods and the Blest); heavenly bliss* -kāma, *a. desiring heaven*; -gati, *f. going to heaven, death*; -gāmin, *a. going to heaven*; -āyuta, *pp. come down from heaven*.

स्वर्गत svat-gata, *pp. gone to or being in heaven; dead*.

स्वर्गतरङ्गिणी svarga-taraṅgini, *f. river of heaven; ep. of the Ganges*; -tara, *m. tree of paradise*.

स्वर्गति svat-gati, *f. going to heaven; death*.

स्वर्गद्वार svarga-dvāra, *n. gate of heaven*; -pati, *m. lord of heaven, ep. of Indra*; -pari, *f. city of heaven, Amaravati*; -pratikkhaṇa, *m. pl. heaven-like joys*; -bhārti, *m. lord of heaven, ep. of Indra*; -maṇḍakini, *f. celestial Mandakini (Ganges)*; -mārga, *m. way to heaven, celestial path, milky way*; -dīrāk-śu, *des. a. desirous of seeing the road to heaven*; -yāna, *n. way to heaven*; -yoni, *f. object securing heaven*; -rāṭya, *n. kingdom of heaven*; -loka, *m. ds. pl. celestial world, heaven*; -stra, *f. celestial nymph, Apsaras*; -stha, *a. dwelling in heaven, dead*; -sthita, *pp. id.*, *m. god; one of the Blest*.

स्वर्गमिन् svar-gāmin, *a. going or having gone to heaven, dying, dead*.

स्वर्गरोहण svarga-ārohaṇa, *n. ascension (to heaven); -arṅga, m. or n. bar to the gate of heaven*.

स्वर्गिन् svarg-in, *a. possessing heaven, gone to heaven, dead, m. god; one of the Blest*; -iya, *a. relating to heaven, celestial, leading to heaven*.

स्वर्गिन् svarga-ānus, *m. dweller in heaven, god; one of the Blest*.

स्वर्ग्य svarg-yā, *a. leading to heaven, celestial; securing heavenly bliss; possessing heaven*.

सर्जित svar-gīt, *a. winning light or heaven (V.); m. kind of sacrifice (V.).*

सर्वा svarṇa, *n. [contracted from suvarṇa] gold; as a weight = one Karsha of gold; kind of red chalk (rare): -ka, n. gold; -kāra, m. goldsmith; -khaṇḍī-ya, den. Ā. become a piece of gold; -kūda, m. blue jay; N. of a king; -kūla, m. blue jay; -da, a. giving gold.*

सर्वादी svar-nadi, *f. celestial river, Ganges.*

सर्वादीप svarṇa-dvīpa, *m. n. (=suvarṇa-) gold island, prob. = Sumatra; -dhuṛya, n. sg. gold and a beast of burden; -puṅkha, a. having a golden-feathered end (arrow); m. arrow with a golden-feathered end; -bhriṅ-gāra, m. golden water-pot; -mūla, m. N. of a mountain.*

सर्वर svār-nara, *m. lord of splendour, ep. of Agni, of the Sun, and of Soma (V.).*

सर्वरेखा svarṇa-rekhā, *f. gold streak (on the touchstone); N. of a fairy; -sikha, m. (golden-crested), blue jay; -sū, a. producing gold (mountain); -ākara, m. gold mine.*

सर्व सुार्था s. travelling to fair goulds, directed to worthy ends (RV.).

सर्वम् svar-drīś, *a. (RV.) seeing the light or the sun; sunlike; -dheṇu, f. cow of heaven (=kama-); -nagari, f. celestial city, Amarāvati; -krita, pp. turned into the -; -pati, m. lord of light (V.); ep. of Indra (V.); (svār)-bhānu, m. [keeping = withholding the light of heaven]; N. of a demon compelling the sun and the moon; in C. = Rāhu; (svār)-mīla, a. (RV.) having light as its prize (conflict); n. light-winning conflict (RV.).*

सर्व्य svar-yā, *a. (Ā, C.; -ā, V.) resounding, bellowing, roaring, whizzing, crashing (RV.), beneficial to the voice (C.).*

सर्व्यात svar-yāta, *pp. gone to heaven; dead: -yoshit, f. celestial nymph, Apsaras; -loka, m. celestial world; ep. of Mount Meru; -vādāt, f. celestial nymph, Apsaras.*

सर्वत svār-vat, *a. bright, celestial (V.); -vāhini, f. celestial river, Ganges; -vid, a. winning or possessing light or heaven, celestial (V.); -voryā, f. celestial courtesan, Apsaras; -vadya, m. du. the two celestial physicians, Asvins; -shā, RV. a. [√sā = √san] = vid; (svār)-shātī, f. winning of light or heaven (RV.).*

सर्वलक्षण sva-lakṣaṇa, *a. having its own specific characteristics.*

सर्वलङ्घत suḥlakṣita, *pp. well adorned*

सर्व्य suḥpa, *a. very small, little, short (time), or insignificant: m. in a short time. -ka, a. (ikā id.; -tantra, a. consisting of short sections, concisely written: -tva, n. abstr. n.; -tara, cpr. very insignificant: -tas, ad. quite gradually; -dūḥkha, n. very little pain; -dris, a. very short-sighted (fig.); -bala, a. extremely weak; -vayas, a. very young; -silā-ya, den. Ā. become a very small rock.*

सर्वभी svalpi-bhū, *grow small, melt away (merit): pp. nearly exhausted. [pertly].*

सर्वीयस् svalpi-īyas, *cpr. very little (pros.)*

सर्वय्य sva-yamya, *a. belonging to one's family. [guide].*

सर्वयह suavāgraha, *a. easy to restrain or*

सर्वत sva-vat, *I, ad. as if it were one's own property; 2. a. wealthy; -vargya, a. belonging to one's own kindred; belonging to its own group of consonants.*

सर्वश s. sva-vasa, *a. having control of oneself, independent, free: -tā, f. independence, freedom.*

सर्वश s. sva-vasa, *a. altogether without self-control: -āvas, a. granting good protection, helpful (RV.).*

सर्वासिनी sva-vāsin-ī, *f. half-grown girl still living in her own father's house (=su-); -vigrāha, m. own body: ac. = oneself; -vidhi, m.; in. in one's own way; in the right way, duly; -vidhaya, fp. to be done by oneself; -vishaya, m. own country, home; own sphere or province: kasminv kit svavishaya, in some part of his kingdom; (ā)-vriti, f. (RV.) self-appropriation: in. pl. exclusively for ourselves; -vritti, f. own way of life; own subsistence or existence; independence: in. sg. pl. at the sacrifice of one's own life; -vairitā, f. hostility towards oneself; nija āyushah - m. kri, = take one's own life; -sakti, f. own power or strength; energy (of a god): in. to the best of one's ability.*

सर्वश suśva, *a. having good steeds (RV.); -sv-ya, n. (V.) possession of good steeds; skill in horses.*

सर्ववेद्य sva-samvedya, *fp. intelligible to oneself only; -sandrīś, a. like or suitable to oneself; -samāna, a. id.; -samuttha, a. arising (fire) within itself (fuel); produced or existing by itself, natural; -sambhūta, pp. produced from oneself; (ā)-sara, V. n. [own resort: √sri] stall, fold; accustomed place, dwelling; nest; -siddha, pp. come about spontaneously; belonging to one by nature (arṇa).*

सर्जित suasita, *a. beautifully black.*

सर्व svāśrī, *f. sister (also fig. of closely connected feminine objects). [RV.).*

सर्व sva-srī-t, *a. going one's own way*

सर्वस्व svasrī-tvā, *n. sistership.*

सर्वसेतु svā-setu, *a. having one's own bridge (RV.); -sainya, n. one's own army; -stara, m. self-strewn grass (as a couch).*

सर्वस्ति suasti, *f. well-being, fortune, success (V.; rarely in P., E.); V. in. 1. ad. well, happily, successfully (V., C.). 2. d. = farewell; hail (at beg. of a letter); (fr. this ad. arose an apparently indecl. n. svasti, = nm. or acc. meaning) welfare, prosperity, luck (V., C.); -ka, m. kind of hard (rare); auspicious mark, cross with ends bent round; crossing of the hands on the breast; kind of cross-shaped cake; n. sitting with crossed legs; -kāra, m. bard who cries 'hail'; exclamation svasti; -tā, f. condition of well-being (Br.); -dā, a. bestowing welfare (RV.); -māt, a. faring well, safe, happy (V., C.); auspicious (RV.); containing the word svasti (Br.); -vāk, f. benediction, congratulation; -vākana, n. invitation addressed to Brāhmanas to pronounce a blessing on an undertaking; fee presented on such an occasion; -vāṇika, a. pronouncing a blessing on anything; -vākya, fp. to be asked to pronounce a blessing on an undertaking, n. -vākana.*

सर्वस्व svast-ya, a. [svasti] happy, prosperous.

सर्वस्वयन् svasti-āyana, *n. sg. pl. auspicious progress, success, good luck; blessing, benediction, congratulation: ac. w. vākya, ask for a blessing.*

सर्व sva-stha, *a. self-abiding, being oneself or in one's natural state, doing well, sound, healthy (in body and mind); uninjured (bank); unmolested (state); comfortable, at ease:*

-kitta, *a. sound in mind; -tā, f. well-being, health, ease; -sthāna, n. own place, home.*

सर्वभी svasthi-bhū, *return to one's natural condition, become sober.*

सर्वीय svasrī-ya, *m. sister's son, nephew; ā, f. sister's daughter, niece.*

सर्वकाल sva-sva-kāla, *m. proper time for each; -prāna, m. pl. one's respective breath or life; -bhāva, m. one's natural disposition; -rūpa, n. one's true character.*

सर्व svaḥ-sad, *a. dwelling in heaven; m. god; -sarit, f. celestial river, Ganges; -sindhu, f. id.; -sundari, f. celestial beauty, Apsaras; -stiri, f. id.*

सर्व sva-haruna, *n. confiscation of property; -hanta, m. own hand; -gata, pp. fallen into or being in one's own hand, -svastika-stani, a. f. covering her breasts with crossed hands; -hastikā, f. hoe, mattock, pickaxe; -hastita, pp. held or supported by one's hand; -hita, pp. beneficial to oneself; well disposed to one; n. one's own welfare.*

सर्व s. sva ākara, *m. own nature, natural disposition; 2. su ākara, a. having a respectable appearance.*

सर्व su ākriti, *a. good-looking, handsome, beautiful.*

सर्व su āgata, *pp. welcome; legitimately come by or acquired (property); n. greeting of 'welcome, welcome; welfare, health (rare). -me te (astu), I wish you welcome: -prāna, m. enquiry as to health.*

सर्व svāgati-kri, *turn (their cries) into a welcome (peacocks).*

सर्व svāhga, *n. own member or body: limb or body in the strict sense: -bhaṅga, m. injury to one's own body.*

सर्व su ākara, *m. good conduct (sts. pl.); a well conducted.*

सर्व svākkhand-ya, *n. [sva-kkhandu] independence, freedom: ab. voluntarily.*

सर्व svāgan-ya, *n. [svagana] relationship.*

सर्व su āgiva, *a. affording an easy livelihood.*

सर्व svāgnā, *f. one's command.*

सर्व svātantr-ya, *n. [sva-tantra] independence, freedom of will: in. independently, by oneself. [asterism].*

सर्व svāti (or ī), *the 13th (or 15th) lunar*

सर्व svātā, *pp. √svād.*

सर्व sva ātman, *m. one's own self, one's self (= reflexive pron.); own nature (rare); -ātma-vāda, m. suicide.*

सर्व svād, *v. s. svād.*

सर्व svād-a, *m. taste, (good) flavour; charm (of a poem, rh.); -ana, n. tasting; -anīya, fp. savoury.*

सर्व sva ādāna, *n. taking one's due.*

सर्व svād-in, *a. [√svād] tasting, enjoying (-); -man, m. savouriness, sweetness; -ish/ha, cpr. sweetest, pleasantest (V., C.); sweeter than (ab., C.); -īyas, cpr. (V., C.) sweeter, more savoury, than (ab.).*

सर्व svād-d, *a. (v-ī) savoury, palatable, pleasant to the taste, sweet; sweeter than (ab.); -m-kāram, abs. making savoury or sweet; -tā, f. savouriness, sweetness; -rasa, a. having a sweet or agreeable taste.*

स्वात्म svād-man, *n.* sweetness (RV.); -**मास**, *m. id.* (RV.); -**या**, *fp.* that is tasted; savoury.

स्वाधिकार svādhikāra, *m.* own office, special charge; -**अधिशति**, *n.* one's own place. [vout (RV).]

स्वाधी svādhi, *a.* thoughtful, heedful, de-

स्वाधीन svādhina, *a.* dependent on oneself, independent, free; being in one's own power or control, being at one's own disposal: -**ता**, *f.* freedom, independence; -**पति**, *a.* having her husband under her control.

स्वाध्याय svādyāya, *m.* repeating to oneself, study of the Veda, repetition of the Veda aloud: -**म** svāyaya, cause the Veda to be repeated aloud: -**ध्रि**, *a.* studying the Veda, -**वत**, *a. id.*

स्वान svān, *RV. a.* [√svan] panting (steed); rattling (ear); *m.* sound, noise, rattle (RV.); twang (of a bowstring, V.).

स्वानम svānam, *a.* easy to attract (woman).

स्वानुभाव svānubhāva, *m.* enjoyment of or fondness for property; -**अनुरूप**, *a.* resembling oneself; suited to one's fashion; -**न्ता**, *m.* own end; own death; own territory; *n.* (province of the ego), heart (as the seat of the emotions; ord mg.); -**ग्ना**, *m.* (heart-born), love, -**वत**, *a.* having a heart

स्वाप svāp-a, *m.* [√svap] sleep (ord. my.); dream; numbness (of a limb).

स्वापतेय svāpat-eya, *n.* [sva-pati] own property, wealth.

स्वापन svāp-ana, *a.* [cs. √svap] causing or lulling to sleep; -**या**, *cs.* √svap.

स्वापयसन svāpa-vyasa, *n.* excessive addiction to sleep, sloth

स्वापि svāpi, *m.* good kinsman or comrade (V.); -**मत**, *a.* containing the word svapi (Br.).

स्वापिक svāpika, *n.* N. of a fortress.

स्वाप्ता svāpta, *pp.* very abundant; very skilful or trusty.

स्वायय svāyaya, *m.* turning into oneself (as an explanation of svapna).

स्वामाविक svābhāv-ika, *a.* (i) belonging to one's own nature, natural, original, peculiar, innate, inherent; -**िता**, *n.* not innate.

स्वामाव्य svābhāv-ya, *n.* [sva-bhāva] peculiarity, naturalness.

स्वाभू svābhū, *a.* (IT.) existing in abundance, ready to hand; ready to help.

स्वामिक svāmi-ka, *a.* -**व** = svāmin, master etc.; -**क** svāmin, a seeking the interests of one's master; -**कुमार**, *n.* N. of the god of war (called both Svamin and Kumāra); -**गुण**, *n.* virtue of a ruler, -**ता**, *f.* proprietorship or lordship of (g.), -**त्वा**, *n. id.*; -**प्रसादा**, *m. ab.* by your majesty's leave; -**सेवा**, *f.* serving one's master; -**हिता**, *n.* master's welfare

स्वामिन् svā-min, *m.* [sva] owner, lord, master, of (g., l., c.), commander (of an army); husband; *cp.* of Skanda; image of a god, esp. of Śiva (often c.); *N.*: -**ता**, *f.* mistress

स्वाय्य svāyaya, *n.* [svāmin] ownership, lordship, dominion, power over any one.

स्वायत्त svāyatta, *pp.* dependent on oneself, being in one's own control: -**त्वा**, *n. abut.* *N.*; -**क्रि**, subject (acc.) to oneself.

स्वायम्बुव svāyambhuva, *a.* relating or be-

longing to the Self-existent (Svayambhu, Brahman), relating etc. to Manu Svāyambhuva; *m. pat* of a Manu, of Marīchi, Atri, and Nārada. [are. knife.]

स्वायस svāyasa, *f. a.* made of good metal

स्वायुज svāyūj, *a.* easy to yoke (RV.); -**युद्धा**, *a.* well-armed (V.).

स्वार svār, *m.* [√svar] sound, neigh (of a steed; RV.); (Svarita) accent S.), *a.* having the Svarita accent, *n.* Saman ending with a Svarita (Br., S)

स्वारसिक svāras-ika, *a.* [sva-rasa] natural, self-evident.

स्वाराज्य svārājya, *n.* [sva-rāj] independent rule, uncontrolled sway

स्वाराधित svārādhit, *pp.* well conciliated, faithfully served (prince).

स्वारोचिष svārociṣ-a, *m.* [sva-rociṣ] *pat* of the second Manu; *a.* relating to Manu Svārociṣa.

स्वार्जित svārgita, *pp.* self-acquired.

स्वार्थ svārtha, *m.* own affair or cause, personal matter or advantage, one's own aim or object; own - original meaning of a word *gr.* -**m** or **e**, on one's own account, for oneself; *a.* directed to oneself, egotistical, adapted to its purpose -**परा**, *a.* intent on one's own interests, -**प्रयत्ना**, *m.* self interested project, -**सद्भक्ता**, *a.* promoting one's own objects, -**सद्भाना**, *n.* furtherance of one's own objects

स्वार्थिक svārth-ika, *a.* [sva artha] retaining not modifying the original meaning, pleonastic (suffic.)

स्वार्द्र svārdra, *a.* very wet.

स्वालक्ष्य svālakṣya, *n.* [sva-lakṣana] specific characteristics, peculiar disposition

स्वावयस्य svāvas-ya, *n.* [sva-vasa] self-determination (Br.).

स्वायुज svāyūj, *a.* easy to acquire (RV.); -**युद्धा**, *a.* easy of access (V.).

स्वाशिक्षात्मन् svāśikṣā ātman, *a.* thinking only of their own wishes (śikṣa, *m.* of use)

स्वाश svāś, *a.* (RV.) fair-mouthed (Jani), sharp mouthed, keen edged (tazr), -**आस्था**, *f. a.* sitting on a good seat; supplying a good seat, -**आस्तारा**, *a.* having a fair cushion, -**आस्तुरा**, *pp. id.*

स्वास्थ्य svāsthya, *n.* [sva-stha] sound state, health, ease. [oneself]

स्वाहत svāhata, *pp.* struck or coined by

स्वाहा svāhā, *indecl.* [perhaps old *n.* auspicious word: √ah, *cp.* suasti] hail! blessing! 'to, on, d. of deity; at the end of invocations = amen'; with *krī*, pronounce the exclamation svāha over one; *f.* personified as daughter of Dakṣa and wife of Agni -**क**, *m.* utterance of or consecration with the exclamation svāha, -**स्वाहा-क्रिता**, *pp.* consecrated or offered with 'svāha', -**स्वाहा-क्रिता**, *f.* consecration with 'svāha', *a.* deity of the Agni hymns, -**पति**, *m.* husband of Svāhā, Agni; -**वალ्लभा**, *m. id.*

स्वाहुत svāhuta, *pp.* well sacrificed to (RV.); -**हवना**, *a.* easy to invoke

स्विद् svīd, I. P. svēda, IV. P. (Ā. met.) svīdya, sweat, perspire: *pp.* *pl.* *si-* *shvidāna*, perspiring (RV.), *pp.* *svina*, sweating, perspiring; *sweated* (tr.), *boiled* (food); *cs.* *svēdaya*, P. cause to sweat, treat

with sudorifics: *pp.* *svēdita*, fomented, softened (dog's tail).

स्विद् 1. svīd, *a.* (-c) sweating, perspiring.

स्विद् 2. svīd, *encl. p.* perhaps, pray, *guly.* after the *intr. prn. ka* (and its derivatives), which it etc. like *api* and *kana* makes *n.* definite: *kah* svīd, whoever, any one, it is also used after the *pels* *api* *into*, *uta*, and *aho*; also in double questions, *kina* svīd, etc.

स्विष्ट śvishṭa, *pp.* well sacrificed, correctly offered, *a.* right sacrifice: -**क्रित**, *a.* offering a right sacrifice, *sp. cp.* of Agni; belonging, offered etc., to Agni Svishṭakṛit -**द-भाग**, *m.* share of Agni Svishṭakṛit, -**द-भाग**, *n.* substitute for Agni Svishṭakṛit.

स्विष्टि śvishṭi, *f.* successful sacrifice.

स्वीकरण svī-karana, *n.* making one's own, accepting, acquiring anything, taking to wife, espousal, assenting, agreeing: -**कर्तार**, *pp.* to be accepted, -**कर्त**, *m.* one wishing to win any one, -**हारा**, *m.* acquiescent; reception (of any one), assent, promise, -**ग्राहा**, *m.* robbery, -**हारा**, *pp.* to be taken possession of, received, got into one's power (person), -**असंतो** to

स्वीकृ svī-kṛi, A., P. (IT) make one's own, acquire, take any one to oneself, marry (a wife), gain for oneself, gain power over, cheat etc. A. accept, agree to ratify, *cs.* cause any one to take possession of, present anything to any one (2 cc) -**भार्या** *artho*, take to wife, *śvishṭvāna*, choose as a daughter in law.

स्वीय svīya, *a.* belonging to oneself (sva), own, *m. pl.* one's own people, one's kindred *ā.* *f.* wife who may be truly called one's own, -**क्रि**, make one's own, take possession of (cr.)

स्वीकृ svāīkṛa, *ad. c.* or -**m.** according to one's own wish, at will or pleasure, of one's own accord, voluntarily, -**īkṛta**, *f.* own desire or will, free will *m.*, or -**tas**, according to one's own desire, at pleasure, of one's own free will

स्वेद svēd-a, *m.* [√svād] sweat (*pl.* drops of perspiration, sudorite in medicine -**ग्ना**, *a.* produced from sweat or damp heat (vern.), *s.* vermilion; -**गला**, *m.* perspiration -**कान**, *m.* -**कानिका**, *f.* drop of perspiration

स्वेदन् svēd-ana, *n.* causing to sweat, sudorite treatment

स्वेदबिन्दु svēda bindu, *m.* drop of sweat, -**ले**, *m. id.*; -**वारी**, *n.* perspiration; -**अम्बु**, *n. id.*; -**स्वेदा** -**गगना**, *n.* passage for sweat, pore, -**उद्गमा**, *m.* breaking out of perspiration [with sudorifics]

स्वेद्य svēd-ya, *cs. fp.* (√svīd) to be treated

स्वेष्ट svāśṭha, *pp.* dear to oneself, -**देवता**, *f.* -**दैवता**, *n.* favourite deity

स्वैर svaira, *a.* moving slowly or cautiously -**र**, *m.* *ad.* according to one's own inclination or will, of one's own accord, without let or hindrance, without more ado, at random, freely, unreservedly (openly), slowly, softly, cautiously, fearlessly, *le. pl.* *svaishreshu*, in cases when one is unreserved, in indifferent matters -**कथा**, *f.* unreserved conversation, -**का** -**m. *ad.* straight out, -**गति**, *a.* acting at will, free, -**विहार**, *a.* walking about at pleasure; meeting with no resistance (command); -**व्रिता**, *pp.* acting according to one's will, -**व्रिता**, *a.* living subject to no control, acting without restraint, -**स्था**,**

a. standing unconcerned; -**śāpa**, *m.* unre-served conversation.

खेरिन् *sva ir-in*, *a.* (self-moving), free, inde-pendent, unrestrained (*esp. of women*).

खोचित *sva ukita*, *pp.* suitable to oneself.

खोबस *su byas*, *a.* very strong (*Indra; RV.*).

खोत्व *sva uttha*, *a.* produced in oneself, in-

nate; -**utthita**, *pp.* produced in or due to oneself; -**upārgita**, *pp.* acquired by one-self.

खोरस *sva uras*, *n.* one's own breast.

ह H.

ह 1. *ha*, *encl. pcl.* (= *gha*) slightly emphasiz-ing the preceding word; in *S.*, of course, to be sure (to express the author's agreement with a view); in *C.* very commonly used as a mere expletive, *esp. at the end of a verse*.

ह 2. *ha*, *a.* (°) [√*han*] killing, destroying; *m.* killer of; 3. [√*hā*] *a.* (-°) leaving, quitting.

हंस *hamsā*, *m.* gander, goose (a bird of pas-sage, vehicle of Brahman), *perh.* also swan or flamingo (possessing the power of separating soma from water in *V.*, and milk from water in *C.*); (white and migratory like the goose), *soul*, *sts.* universal soul (*V., C.*): identified with Nārāyaṇa, Viṣṇu, Kṛishṇa, and Virāḡ; kind of ascetic; *N.* -**ka**, *m.* (little or poor) goose; *m.* or *n.* (?) anklet; -**gāmini**, *a.* *f.* having the gait of a hamsa, walking grace-fully; -**śikhā-dukūla-vat**, *a.* clad in a garment interwoven with figures of geese; -**tā**, *f.* condition of a goose; -**tāla**, *n.* swan-down; -**tvā**, *n.* condition of a goose; -**dvāra**, *n.* Swan's gate, *N.* of a pass on the way to lake Mānasa; -**dvipa**, *m.* *N.* of an island; -**nāda**, *m.* *N.* of a fairy; -**padā**, *n.* goose-foot (as a mark); -**padikā**, *f.* *N.* of the first wife of Duṣhyanta; -**mālā**, *f.* flight of geese or swans; -**yāna**, *n.* goose as a vehicle, car drawn by geese; *a.* (3) riding on a goose; -**rāṭha**, *m.* *N.*; -**rāṭha**, *m.* king of geese, large gander; *N.* -**vat**, *a.* containing the word hamsa (*Br.*); -**ī**, *f.* *N.*, *esp.* of the first wife of Duṣhyanta; -**vāhana**, *m.* (riding on a goose), *esp.* of Brahman; -**vega**, *m.* *N.*

हंसाय *hamsā-ya*, *den.* *Ā.* represent a goose.

हंसावती *hamsā-vat-ī*, *f.* *N.*

हंसावली *hamsā-āvalī*, *f.* flight of geese; *N.*

हंसिका *hams-ikā*, *f.* female goose; -**ī**, *f.* *id.*

हंभो *hambo*, *ij.* of address [= (a)ham bho].

हंभि *haṁbi*, *vc. pcl.* used in addressing a female attendant on the stage

हट्ट *hatta*, *m.* market, fair.

हठ *hattha*, *m.* force, violence; obstinacy; absolute necessity (as the cause of all exist-ence); forced necessity (a kind of *tyāga* attended with great self-torture). *in.*, *ab.*, *°*, by force, forcibly; with absolute necessity, inevitably, compulsorily; *ab.*, *°*, obstinately, persistently; *°* - *also* - *a.* forcible - **karman**, *n.* act of violence; -**karman**, *m.* *N.* of a Brahman; -**śāstra**, *a.* prescribing forcible measures against (*g.*); -**śāstra**, *m.* forcible embrace.

हटिका *hatkikā*, *f.* great dim.

हटि *hadi*, *m.* a certain despised caste.

हटि *hadi*, *vc. pcl.* used in addressing per-sons of inferior rank on the stage.

हृत् *hū-tā*, *pp.* [√*han*] -**ta**, *a.* (-°) afflicted by (fate); *°* (instead of *°*, *gnly.* after names), the accursed, wretched; -**kilbiṣa**, *a.* having one's sins effaced; -**ketas**, *a.* dejected in heart; -**kṛhāya**, *a.* bereft of charm; -**gīvaṇa**, *n.* -**gīvaṇa**, *n.* accursed life; -**gyotir-nidhāna**, *n.* starless night; -**tvī-ka**, -**tvīsh**, *a.* bereft of light, having its lustre dimmed; (3) -**putra**, *a.* whose son or sons have been slain; -**bud-**

dhi, *a.* bereft of understanding; -**mati**, *a.* whose intellect is lost, mad; -**mānasa**, *a.* despondent-minded; -**mārkha**, *m.* great block-head; (3) -**varṭas**, *a.* bereft of vigour, de-cayed (*RV.*); -**vidhi**, *m.* accursed fate; *a.* ill-starred; -**vritta**, *a.* defective in metre; -**śāh-ta**, *pp.* left out of the slain; -**śeṣha**, *a.* *id.*; -**hradya**, *n.* cursed heart; -**śā**, *a.* bereft of hope, desperate; hopeless = wretched, foolish, wicked (*sts.* used playfully).

हति *ha-ti*, *f.* [√*han*] blow, stroke, with (-°); killing; destruction; loss, disappearance; -**tnū**, *a.* [√*han*] fatal, mortal (*RV.*); (3) -**tya**, *n.* (-°); *V.* killing, slaughter; **h.**, *f.* *id.*; (3) -**tha**, *m.* blow, stroke, *etc.* (*V.*).

हन् *HAN*, *II. P. hān-ti* (*vk. ha, gha*; *impr. ga-hi*), *I. Ā. gighna* (*V.*), strike, beat (*ac.*), on (*le*); strike down or off; hit; kill, slay; mar, injure, destroy, dispel (*dark-ness*); *C.* punish with death, cause to be executed; hurt, afflict (*the heart* *etc.*); hinder, obstruct; repress, give up, abandon; *pp. hātā*, struck, beaten (*also* of a drum); killed, slain; destroyed, lost; *C.* struck off (*head*); whirled up, raised (*dust*); hit, by (*in.*, *°*); buffeted by, afflicted, tormented, or strug-gling with, suffering from (*grief, disease, etc.*; *in.*, *°*); injured; lost, vanished (*very com-mon*); = bereft of; undone (*of persons in despair*); worthless, useless; defective; ac-cursed, wretched; deceived, cheated; deprived of, lapsed from (*good conduct, tas*); with-drawn from (*sight, °*); multiplied; *ox. ghāt-aya*, *g.v.*; *des. gighāṇa*, *P. (Ā. metr.)* wish to hit, strike down, kill, or destroy; *int. P. Ā. (RV.) gāghān-ti*, *gāghānā-ti*, tread upon (*ac.*, *le.*); slay; destroy; *pp. pt. gāghānāt, gāghānat, and gāghānat. viati*, strike (*ac.*) in return; strike one another, fight together. *apa*, strike (*ac.*) away; repel, drive away; *A.* ward off from oneself; *pp. āpahata*, struck off (*head*); knocked out (*eye*); repelled, driven away; frustrated. *viapa*, prevent. *abhi*, smite, strike (*with a blow or a missile*); slay; beat (*a drum*), sound (*a conch*); *pa.* be afflicted with or attacked by (*in.*); *pp. abhihata*, struck, beaten, buffeted; shattered; attacked by, afflicted or afflicted with (*in.*, *°*). *ava*, strike; or dash down; strike back, repel, ward off; thresh. **ś**, strike upon (*ac.*, *le.*); hit; beat (*a drum*), sound (*bell, musical instrument*); fall upon, attack; do oneself an injury (*Ā.*); *pp. śhata*, *C.* struck, buffeted; stung by (*sparks, °*); beaten (*drum*), sounded (*musical instrument*); hammered, stamped (*gold*); torn up by (*the plough, °*), raised (*dust*); *RV.* inserted in the wheel (*axle*); (*l.*) afflicted, injured; covered with (-°); destroyed, frustrated; multiplied; coalescent (*Viśvā which with a preceding a has become o*). *abhi*, strike, hit; *pp. struck, beaten*; attacked by, afflicted with (-°). *prati*, *pp.* ward off, repelled. *vi*, strike; afflict; impede, obstruct; *pp. struck*; re-pelled, foiled; impeded, obstructed (*ord. mg.*); conflicting. **sam-ś**, strike together; strike, - upon or against; strike down, slay; beat (*a drum*). *pp. struck together*; joined; hit, struck; beaten (*drum*). **nd**, uplift, throw up (*RV.*); *a.* hang oneself; *pp. ūddhata*, *Br.* elevated, above (*ab.*); *C.* raised (*dust*); swollen (*river* *etc.*); lofty (*clouds*); uplifted;

vehement, intense, excessive; puffed up, proud, arrogant; swelling with, full of (*in.*, *°*); agitated, excited, inflamed (*less correct for uddhuta or uddhūta*). **upa-nd**, *des.* wish to elucidate. **sam-nd**, *pp.* raised (*dust*); heaving, swelling (*waters*); flowing (*river*) high up on (-°); uplifted, elevated; intense, excessive; puffed up, proud, haughty; swelling with, full of (-°); set in motion, agitated, aroused (*less correct than samuddhuta*). **upa**, *V.* strike against, touch; alight upon (*ac.*); hesitate, stick (*in reciting*); *V., C.* obstruct, interfere with; injure, spoil, ruin; *pp. touched*; bestrown, covered; slain; afflicted, assailed, injured; spoiled, polluted, tarnished; over-powered; discouraged; corrupted by (*in.*); impugned, disputed (*as an*). **sam-upa**, *pp.* impaired (*intellect*). **ni**, strike, into or on (*le.*); hurl, at (*le.*); hit; fall upon, attack; strike down, slay, kill (*ord. mg.*); conquer, overcome (*fortune*); elustiate; destroy; render void, frustrate, remove; pronounce with the lowered tone or Anudātta (*nighāta*); *pp. nihata*, *RV.* hurled; *C.* hit; struck down; slain, killed; destroyed; undone (*person in distress*); lost, not to be seen (*road*); pro-nounced with the Anudātta accent. **abhi-ni**, set upon a spit (*RV.*); *C.* strike at or against; beat (*a drum*). **pra-ni**, destroy (*ac.*, *g.*). **vi-ni**, strike, - down; slay, kill; destroy; *pp. struck down*; slain, killed; destroyed; dispelled (*darkness*); disregarded (*command*). **nis**, *V.* knock or strike out (*eyes, teeth*); drive away, destroy, remove; let fly (*a missile*) at (*g.*); *C.* slay (*less correct for ni*). **adhi-nis**, efface from (*ab.*). **para**, fling away, overthrow (*RV.*); strike off (*V.*, *E.*); *pp. (C.)* driven away; averted (*face*); conflicting; put aside, refuted. **pari**, *pa.* undergo a change; be relaxed, abate (*pp. incorr for hrta*). **pra**, strike, - at; strike down, kill; *pp. struck*; beaten (*drum*); shattered, cut to pieces; hewn down (*tree*); slain. **nish-pra**, strike down, kill (*g.*). **prati**, strike against (*g.*); *Br.*; *RV.* crush, break; put on a spit; *C.* assail; strike down; repel, ward off, oppose, resist, dispel, prevent, check (*ord. mg.*); disregard (*a command*). *pp. struck against*; striking against (*le.*, *°*); re-pelled, ward off; turned away, repulsed; checked, impeded, obstructed. **vi**, *V.* break, shatter, destroy; disperse; extend (*a skin*); *C.* ward off, repel; interrupt, disturb, im-pede, frustrate; refuse, reject (*a request*); de-stroy; often *incorr.* for *ni-han*; *pp. afflicted*; repulsed (*person*); ward off; disturbed, im-peded. **sam**, put together, join (*the hands*); close (*eyes*); become solid; *A.* rush together (*RV.*); **prthivī-śā-bhāvena** -, solidify in the form of earth *etc.*; *gl. samahatya*, com-bined, together (*with, in.*); *pp. put together*, joined, closed; contiguous; closely united or allied, with (*in.*); keeping or acting together, combined, being in a body; solidified; com-pact, firm, hard; well-knit.

हन् 1. *han*, *°* *a.* (*ghni*) striking, slaying, killing; destroying, dispelling *etc.*; *m.* slayer of: -**a**, *a.* - (3) *id.* (*rare*); -**ana**, *n.* striking, hitting; knocking off (*flowers, °*); killing, destroying; removing, dispelling.

हन् 2. *hān*, *2 sg. subj. or impf. without augment*.

हनु hân-u, *f.* [crusher: $\sqrt{\text{han}}$] jaw: -**mat**, a. having strong jaws; *m. N.* of a monkey chief, son of the god of wind, ally of Râma on his expedition to Lanka for the recovery of Sîtâ, *N.* of various men; **â-mat**, *m.* Hanumat, the monkey chief.

हन्त hânta, *ij.* expressing an exhortation to act: come on; to take: here, take; to attend: see, look; *C.*: also used to express grief: alas; surprise, joy, hurry: oh, ah: -**kâra**, *m.* exclamation hanta; offering, alms.

हन्तव्य han-tavya, *fp.* to be slain or killed. - punished with death; - transgressed (law) - refused (rare): (**hân**-tri (*w. ac*); -tri, *w. g.*), *m.* striker, slayer, killer, murderer; destroyer, disturber; (**hân**-tave, (**hân**-tava), *V. d. inf.* $\sqrt{\text{han}}$; -tu-kâma, a desirous of slaying; -tri-mukha, *m.* a kind of demon injurious to children; (**hân**-man, *m.* or *n.* blow, thrust, stroke (*RV*)).

हम् ham, *ij.* (very rare), *sts.* used with bhoh (ham bhoh = hūho).

हम hama, *m.* a certain personification.

हम्ब hamba, *m. N.*

हम्बा hambhâ, *f.* lowing (of cows or calves).

हम्मीर hammira, *m. N.* of a king of Sâkumbhârî (14th century).

हय hây-a, *m.* [speeder: $\sqrt{\text{hi}}$] steed, horse, a. urging on (in asva-hâyâ); -**kovidâ**, a. skilled in horses; -**griva**, a. having the mane of a horse; *m.* a form of Vishnu; *N.* of an Asura and of various men; -**gîra**, a. skilled in horses; -**tâ**, *f.* knowledge of horses; -**gîrâna**, *n. id.*; -**tattva-gîra**, a. knowing the true nature of horses; -**pa**, *m.* groom; *N.* of a king; -**pati**, *m. N.* of a king; -**medha**, *m.* horse sacrifice; -**lilâvatî**, *f. T.* of a treatise on horses; -**vidyâ**, *f.* art of managing horses; -**śâstra**, *n. id.*; -**śira**, *n.* horse's head; -**śru**, *m.* foal; -**śamgrahana**, *n.* curbing of horses.

हयâ hayâ, *f.* mare.

हयारूढ hayaârûdha, *pp.* mounted on a horse; -**âroha**, *m.* horseman.

हयौ hayî, *f.* mare.

हये hayê, *V. ij.* O, ho! [ble steed]

हयोत्तम haya uttama, *spv.* excellent or no-

हर har-a, *u.* ° (**â**, *sts. i*) bearing, wearing; taking, conveying; bringing (news) to (prati); taking away, depriving or robbing of; surpassing; removing, dispelling, destroying; receiving, obtaining; (taking = captivating; *m.* Destroyer, *ep.* of Siva; *N.*; (**hâr**)-asa, a. (**â**, *i*) conveying, containing; taking away, removing; *n.* bringing, fetching; offering, carrying off, stealing, theft, abduction (of a girl); withholding; confiscation (of property), obtaining; removal or destruction of (-**â**).

हरालसगरालतमास hara-gala-garala-tamâsa, *m.* Tamûla-like poison on the neck of Siva (i.e. dark like the Tamûla tree); -**datta**, *m. N.*; -**pura**, *n. N.* of a town; -**bala**, *m. N.*; -**vriśabhâ**, *m.* Siva's bull.

हरस hâr-as, *V. n.* [$\sqrt{\text{hri}}$] grasp, grip; draught (in drinking); consuming force (of fire, lightning, etc.; *ord. my.*); energy, keenness, fire.

हरसख hara-sakha, *m.* friend of Siva, *ep.* of Kubera; -**śûnu**, *m.* Siva's son, Skanda; -**śvâmin**, *m. N.*

हरखिर hara-xîra, *a.* (V.) energetic, fiery.

हराद्रि hara adri, *m.* Siva's mountain, Kailâsa; -**âyatana**, *n.* temple of Siva; -**ardha**,

m. (2) Siva's half; -**tâ**, *f. abst.* $\sqrt{\text{hri}}$; -**âvâsa**, *m.* Siva's abode; -**âpada**, *n. id.* - Kailâsa.

हरि hâr-i, *a.* [$\sqrt{\text{hri}}$] be yellow] tawny, yellow (*esp.* of horses); greenish rare, *C.* *m.* (C) steed *ep.* of Indra; lion; monkey, *N.* of Indra and more commonly of Vishnu-Krishna; *N.* of various men; **hari-kesa**, a. tawny-haired; -**gana**, *m.* troop of horses; *N.*; -**ghosha**, *m. N.*; -**landana**, *m.* (1) Indra's sandal tree (one of the five trees in Indra's paradise); kind of sandal tree, *n.* yellow sandal; -**kandra**, *m. N.*; -**kâpa**, *m. n.* Indra's bow, rainbow.

हरिय harinâ, *a.* (1) yellowish, tawny (also of unhealthy complexion); *m.* antelope, gazelle; -**ka**, *m.* dim gazelle; -**dhâman**, *m.* abode of the antelope, moon; -**nayana**, *f.* gazelle-eyed woman; -**lakshman**, *m.* marked with an antelope, moon; -**lâkshana**, *m. id.*; -**lokana**, a. gazelle-eyed; -**śru**, *m.* fawn; -**aksha**, a. *i* gazelle-eyed; *i. f.* - woman.

हरिणाय harinâ-ya, *den.* A. represent a gazelle.

हरिणायतेक्षणा harinâ-tyata-ikshana, *f.* woman with eyes long as those of a gazelle; -**asya**, *m.* (having tawny steeds), wind

हरिणी harinî, *f.* (of harinâ) V., C. female deer, gazelle; C. golden image; *N.* of an Asuras; -**aris**, *f.* gazelle-eyed woman; -**nayana**, *f. id.*; -**rûpâ-ya**, *den.* A. resemble a gazelle

हरिणेक्ष harinâ-ikshana, a. gazelle-eyed **â**, *f.* - woman; -**ya**, *m.* lord of deer, lion

हरित har-it, *a.* [$\sqrt{\text{hri}}$] yellowish, tawny; greenish rare, P. *m.* (C) horse of the sun, emerald rare, P. *f.* tawny mare (V); quarter of the sky (V, C).

हरित har-ita, *a.* (**â**, C; **harinî**, I) yellowish, tawny; pale with fright; greenish, green (C); *n.* gold (V); vegetable (C) -**ka**, a green; *n.* grass, vegetable; -**kapisa**, a yellowish brown; -**âksha**, a. having green leaves; -**dhânya**, *n.* green unripe corn; -**pattâ-maya**, a. (1) formed of green leaves; (**harita**-**śra**), a. bearing yellow (or green) festoons, trees, A; adorned with a golden chain, *steed*, B.

हरिता haritâ, *f.* Dîrgha grass

हरिताय haritâ-ya, *den.* P. A. become or appear yellow or green.

हरिताल haritâ-la, *n.* yellow ornament -**maya**, a. (*i*) formed of yellow ornament

हरितामन harita-aman, *m.* turquoise.

हरितोक्ष haritî-kri, *paint* green.

हरितोपल harita-upala, *m.* green stone, emerald (P).

हरित्यति harit-pati, *m.* regent of a cardinal point

हरिदत्त hari-datta, *m. N.* of a Dânu and of various men; -**â**, *f. N.* [sun]

हरिदक्ष harid-aksha, *m.* (having tawny steeds).

हरिद्रा haridrâ, *f.* turmeric; -**âga**, a. whose affection lasts only as long as the colour of turmeric.

हरिद्रु harî-dru, *m.* a tree.

हरिद्वार hari-dvâra, *n.* Vishnu's gate, N. of a sacred city (Hurdwar). [Add.]

हरिप्रशि harin-prâsi, *m.* green gem, emerald

हरिपुङ्ग hari-puṅga, a. yellowish brown -**la**, a. *id.*; -**prabha**, a. tawny-coloured,

-**bharti**, *f.* worship of Vishnu; -**bha**, *m. N.*; -**bharita**, *m. N.* or various scholars; -**madhyâ**, a. *f.* having a tawny waist; having a waist reminding of Vishnu. [F]

हरिमण hari-mân, *m.* yellowness, jaundice

हरिराज hari-râga, *m. N.* of a king; -**vam-**ra, *m.* Hari's (Vishnu's) race, *m. n.* *see* puṭana T. of a well-known appendix to the Mahâbhârata (see pl.).

हरिवत् hârî-vat, I. a. attended or drawn by tawny steeds (Indra); connected etc. with the yellow Soma, containing the word hari, -**vata**, a. best of monkeys; *m. N.* of a king, *n. N.* of a town; **hari**-varpa, a. having a golden aspect (earth, Indra, RV); -**vâha-**na, a. drawn by tawny steeds; *ep.* of Indra; -**dis**, *f.* Indra's quarter, east; (**harî**)-vratâ, a. whose work is tawny (Agni, RV); -**sayana**, *n.* Vishnu's sleep; -**varman**, *m. N.*; -**akha**, *m. N.*

हरिश्चन्द्र hârî-shandra, a. having a yellow or golden lustre Soma, RV; *m. N.* of a king of the race of Ikshvâku, in E. a son of Triṣaṅku, who having been elevated with his subjects to heaven and expelled thence owing to his pride, remained suspended in mid air with his city Samhita; (**hari**)-ama-dra, a. having a tawny beard (RV); -**maru**, a. *id.* (V); -**simha**, *m. N.* of a king; -**soma**, *m. N.*; -**svâmin**, *m. N.* -**ha**/aksha, *m. N.*; -**haya**, a. having tawny steeds, *ep.* of Indra; -**hara**, *m.* $\sqrt{\text{hri}}$ Vishnu and Siva in one person. *du. or* °, Vishnu and Siva; *N.* of various men; -**kathâ**, *f.* discourse about Vishnu and Siva; -**hetî**, *f.* Indra's weapon, rainbow; Vishnu's weapon, discus; -**mat**, a. adorned with a rainbow; -**chûti**, *m.* called after the discus or Aksha, the Kakravaka or ruddy goose (Anas caurea).

हरितक haritaka, *m.* (metr.) *i. f.* [harit] yellow myrsin tree Terminalia Chebala

हरेणु harenu, *m.* kind of pen

हर्तव्य har-tavya, *fp.* to be taken, by force, to be appropriated, acquired; -**tri**, *m.* bearer, bringer, appropriator, stealer, ravisher, thief; impower of taxes (king), remover or dispeller of, destroyer

हर्ष harṣa, *n.* stronghold, castle, palace, mansion (V, C); prison (RV); -**śala**, *n.* flat roof of a palace; -**prishtha**, -**sthala**, -**agra**, *n. id.*

हर्षेष्ट harṣe-ṣthâ, a. remaining in the house or stall RV; *gharṣya-ṣthâ*, RV

हर्ष hâr-ya, P. (A. rare) desire, be eager for *acc.* RV; enjoy oneself at *la.* RV; *pr. pl.* haryat or haryat, eager, glad RV; *prati*, except ghaly, long for (V).

हर्षक्ष harṣakṣâ, a. tawny-eyed (V, C); *m.* (C) lion, monkey, *N.* of a demon of disease

हर्षत harṣa-tâ, a. to be desired, wished for, pleasant (V).

हर्षय hâr-asa, a. drawn by tawny steeds (RV); *m. C.* *ep.* of Indra; *N.* -**kâpa**, *m. n.* Indra's bow, rainbow

हर्ष harṣ-a, *n.* [$\sqrt{\text{hri}}$] bristling (of the hair of the body), thrill, exultation, joy, gladness, delight, *N.* of an Asura; *N.* *esp.* of the reputed author of the Râtnadrâli and the Naishulka-karita (also *ari* or -**dava**); -**krodha**, *n.* du joy and anger; -**garbha**, a. full of joy, glad; -**gupta**, *m. N.*; -**karita**, *n.* T. of a work by Bânu; -**ga**, a. arising from joy.

हर्षय harṣ-ana, a. thrilling; gladdening, delighting; *n.* gladdening; delight; -**tâ**, *f.* joy

हर्षदेव harsha-deva, *m. N. of the author of the Ratnavali (also Sri-); -āda, -nisvana, -nisvana, m. shout of joy; -pura, n. N. of a town; -mitra, m. N. of a king; -yukta, pp. filled with joy; -vat, a. full of joy; ad. joyfully; -ā, f. N. of a princess, N. of a town; -vardhana, m. N. of a prince; -varman, m. N. of a prince; -vata, n. tears of joy.*

हर्षित harsh-ita, *cs. pp. √hrish; n. joy (in sa-); -in, a. joyful, looking forward to (-°); gladdening (-°); -ula, a. glad, merry, cheerful; delighted.*

हृ ha-l, *pratyādhāra* for consonant.

हल hala, *m. n. plough (also as a weapon); -dhara, a. holding a plough; m. ploughman; (armed with a plough) ep. of Balarāma, elder brother of Krishna; N. of various men; -bhari, m. ep. of Balarāma; -mārga, m. furrow.*

हलहल halahala, *ij. of approbation.*

हला हला ha-lā, *re. pcl. used in addressing a female friend on the stage.*

हलायुध hala-yudha, *a. having a plough as a weapon; m. ep. of Balarāma; N. of various men.*

हलाहल halāhala, *m. n. kind of deadly poison.*

हलि hal-i, *m. large plough (in sat-).*

हलिन hal-in, *m. ploughman, agriculturist; ep. of Balarāma (± rāma)*

हलीश hallisa, *m. kind of one-act drama performed by one man and seven or eight women; n. dance performed by women led by a man.*

हव hav-a, *1. m. [√1. hu] sacrifice; 2. a [√hā] calling (RV.); m. call, invocation (V.); -ana, 1. n. [√1. hu] sacrificing; i. f. sacrificial ladle; (hav) -ana, 2. n. [√hā] invocation (V.); -arūṭ, a. hearing invocations (V.); -ārya, (fp.) [√1. hu] n. (?) sacrificial offering.*

हवत् hava-vat, *a. containing the word hava (Br.).*

हविर् hav-in, *a. [√hā] invoking (AV.); imploring aid (Br.).*

हविरद् havir-ud, *a. eating the oblation (RV.); -ādyā, n. tasting the oblation (V.); -ukkhishā, (pp.) n. remnant of a sacrifice; -gana, m. quality of the sacrificial food; -dā, a. bringing oblations (RV.); -dāna, n. gift of an oblation; -dāna, m. N. of the reputed composer of RV. X, 11-15; n. (receptacle of the offering), car for conveying the Soma plants to be pressed (galy. two; V.); light shed for housing the Soma cars (V.); place of sacrifice (V.); i. f. N. of the mythical cow Surabhi or Kāmādhenū; -bhū, a. consuming the oblation; m. fire; god of fire; pl. the Manes of the Kshatriyas; -yagña, m. offering of the oblation (a kind of sacrifice), simple sacrifice (Br. S.); -samsthā, f. fundamental form of the Haviriyagña; -vāh, a. (am -vāh) conveying the sacrifice (RV.).*

हविःशेष havih-sosha, *m. remnant of the sacrifice.*

हविष् havish-kṛt, *a. preparing the oblation (V.); (ish)-kṛt, f. preparation of the oblation (RV.); (ish)-pakti, f. aggregate of five oblations (Br.); (ish)-pakti, a. consisting of five oblations (V.); (ish)-pati, m. lord of the oblation; -pā, a. drinking the oblation (RV.); -pāt-ya, a. beginning with havish pāntam (RV. X, 88, 1); (ish)-mat, V. a. having the oblation prepared, offering an oblation; attended with or containing oblations; m. N. of various Rishis (V., C.); pl. N. of certain Manes, sons of*

Angiras (C.); -yā, a. suitable or prepared for the oblation (esp. of rice and other kinds of grain); m. n. sacrificial offering of grain.

हविस् hav-is, *n. [√1. hu] burnt offering (of grain, Soma, milk, or butter), oblation; fire (C., rare); -ish kṛi, prepare the oblation, make an oblation. (tion) (RV.).*

हवीमन् hāv-i-man, *m. or n. [√hā] invocative*

हवे havat, *ij. (rare; Br., S.).*

हव्य 1. hav-yā, (fp.) n. [√1. hu] what is to be offered, oblation (in C. very commonly in combination with kavya); 2. (hāv)-ya, fp. (√hā) to be invoked (V.); (ā)-yashā, f. enjoyment of the oblation (V.); (ā)-dāti, a. conveying the oblation (V.); f. gift of the sacrifice, oblation (V.); -lehin, m. (licking the oblation), (god of) fire; -vāh, a. (am -vāh) conveying the oblation (to the gods; V., C.); m. (god of) fire (C.); -vāhā (or vāha: AV.), a. id. (also ep. of the Asvattha tree, because the Arans are made of its wood); m. (god of) fire (C.); -vāhana, a. id.; m. fire (C.); -sūd, a. preparing the oblation (RV.); -ad, a. eating the sacrifice (RV.); -āna, m. (eating the sacrifice), fire.

हस् HAS, I. P. (Ā. metr.) *hassa, laugh, at (in.); deride, ridicule (ac.); mock, surpass; expand, open (blossom). pp. hasita, laughing; laughed (= finite vb.); ridiculed; surpassed; n. imps. m. tayā, she laughed at (prati); cs. hāsaya, P. cause (ac.) to laugh; mock at (ac.) pp. hāsita, ridiculous; caused to laugh, made white; des. gāhsh [-yāhā], laugh only pr. pl.; intr. gāhshaya: pr. pl. -māna, laugh continuously. ava, deride. ud, laugh out = flash (of lightning). upa, deride; euphemistically have sexual intercourse with (ac.) pp. derided; cs. ridicule. pari, jest, with any one (ac.) ridicule. pra, break into a laugh (± hāsam); laugh with any one (ac.); laugh at anything; ridicule; pp. laughing; also -glittering, brilliant; cs. cause to laugh. vi, laugh (out); laugh or mock at (ac. rarely g.); pp. laughing; ridiculed, mocked. sam-vi, laugh (out)*

हस hās-a (or ā), *m. mirth, laughter; -ana, a. laughing, with (g.); n. laughter; ā, f. jest, encouraging shout (RV.); -aniya, fp. to be laughed at, deserving the derision of (g.); -antikā, f. fire-pan, chafing-dish; -ita, (pp) n. laughter; -karti, m. mirth-maker, gladdener (RV.); -kāra, m. laughter of heaven, sheet lightning (RV.); (has -kriti, f. mirth, laughter (RV.))*

हस्ता hāsta, *m. hand (ord. mg.); C.: elephant's trunk; as a measure = fore-arm or cubit (about 18 inches); handwriting (rare); abundance (° after words meaning hair). N.: V., C. eleventh (or thirteenth) lunar asterism. ° a. holding in (st.) the hand: -m gam, fall into the hand of (°); ° kṛi, take into one's hand; also = gain possession of, get into one's power; marry (a girl); ° nyasta, resting on her hand (Jae); tasya haste loka-dvayam sthitam, the two worlds are in his hand = are assured to him.*

हस्त hasta-ku, *m. hand; supporting hand; handful of (-°); spit (v. r. ika); -ga, a. (fallen into =) being in the hand, of (°); fig. = one's own, secured to one: -gata, pp. id.; -gāmin, a. id.; -grhita, pp. tied by the hands; -grhya, gtl. taking by the hand (V.); -graha, m. taking the hand; marriage; taking anything in hand; -grāhā, a. grasping the hand of a girl, wedded (RV.); -grāha, a. id.; m. husband; -ka, a. grasping one by the hand = obtrusive; -ghnā, m. hand-guard (against the bowstring; RV.); (hāsta)-*

kyuti, f. swift movement of the hands (RV.); -tala-gata, pp. lying in the palm of one's hand = being in one's power; -tālā, f. hand as a balance; in. by using the hands instead of scales; -dipa, m. hand-lantern; -dhāraṇā, f. supporting with the hand; taking by the hand = marrying (a girl); -pāda, n. ep. hands and feet; -prada, a. giving a hand, supporting, helping; -prāpta, pp. fallen into = being in one's hand (= ga); -prāpya, fp. to be reached with the hand (cluster); -bhraṣha, pp. escaped from one's hand, run away; -le-kha, m. hand-drawing; -lekhi-kṛi, draw, sketch; (hāsta)-vat, a. having hands (V., C.); dexterous (C.); -vartin, m. N. of a prince; -samgāh, f. sign with the hand; -sūtra, n. cord put on the wrist of a girl before her wedding; -stha, a. being in one's hand; -svastika, m. crossing of the hands; -hārya, fp. to be grasped with the hands, palpable, manifest.

हस्ताग्र hasta-agra, *n. tip of the hand, finger: tip of the trunk; -lagnā, pp. f. clasping the fingers of = married to (g.); -āmba, m. hand as a support = sure refuge; -na, n. id.; -a-valamba, m. support of the hand; means of safety; -āvāpa, m. hand-guard (against the bowstring).*

हस्ताहस्ति hasti-hasti, *ad. hand to hand.*

हस्तिकर्ण hasti-karna, *m. (elephant's ear) N. of various plants; N. of a locality; -kār-in, m. (rider on) an elephant, elephant driver; -āgarika, m. keeper of an elephant; -danta, m. elephant's tusk.*

हस्ति hast-fu, *V. a. having hands, deft-handed; w. mriga, m. animal with the hand (trunk), oldest term for elephant, RV. AV.; m. (V., C.) elephant; N. (C.). (in)-i, f. female elephant (V., C.); a certain class of women in evoties (C.).*

हस्तिनख hasti-nakha, *m. kind of barricade at a city gate.*

हस्तिनापुर hastinā-pura, *n. N. of a city the ruins of which are situated on the banks of an old bed of the Ganges, 57 miles N.E. of Delhi.*

हस्तिप hasti-pā, *m. keeper or driver of an elephant; -ka, m. id.; -pāla: -ka, m. id.; -bandha, m. stockade for capturing elephants; -malla, m. Indra's elephant; -yasasa, n. unquifcence of an elephant; -yūtha, n. herd of elephants; -rāga, m. lordly elephant; leader of a herd of elephants; -vakra, m. (elephant-faced), ep. of Ganesa; -vadha, m. slaughter of an elephant; -vālā, f. elephant's stable; N. of a locality; -śikshā, f. training of elephants; -anāna, n. washing of an elephant.*

हस्तोदक hasta-udaka, *n. water held in the hand.*

हस्त्य hāst-ya, *a. belonging to the hand (V.).*

हस्त्यश्व hasti-ashva, *n. sy. elephants and horses: -ratha-groha, m. sound of elephants, horses, and chariots; -āroha, m. rider on an elephant, elephant driver.*

हस has-rā, *a. laughing (RV.).*

हाहा hahā, *ij. alas: -hā, ij. id.*

हा 1. HĀ, III. Ā. gāhite (V., C.), V.: bound away; give way to (d.); depart; leap upon (ac.); C.: betake oneself to (ac.); get into (a condition, ac.); pr. pl. -gāhāna, bound forward (RV.); flying (arrow, C.). ati, V.: pass over, miss; P.: leap from (ah.) to (ac.); transgress (a command). ana, V.: hurry after, catch; follow or attach oneself to any one (ac.). apa, haste away (RV.). abhi,

catch (F.). **ud**, start up, rise (V., C.); depart (life: C.). **prand**, leap up (flame: RV.). **sam-ud**, arise, appear. **upa**, descend to (ac: C.). **ni**, bow down (F.). **nis**, rise up (smoke: C.). **pra**, haste away (RV.): spring up (V.). **vi**, start asunder, gape, yawn (F.); **ca**, **-hāpaya**, P. cause to gape, open. **sam**, rise up (V.); attain (C.). **pari-sam**, spring from (ab: RV.).

हा २. HĀ, III. P. **gāhāti**, V. C.: leave, - behind, abandon, forsake, desert; emit, discharge; put away, remove; C.: quit a place; let fall, leave lying; take off, lay aside (garment, ornament); give up, resign, renounce, avoid, refrain from, neglect (duty etc.); disregard (advice etc.); break (vow etc.); lose, be deprived of; get rid of, escape from (sin, sorrow); part from the body (sustain etc.) or life (glivam etc.) = die; *gd. hitvā*, disregarding; excepting; *pp. hīyate*, *hīyāte* (S.B.), V.: be left behind, not reach (ab:), fall short, be deficient; be caught up by (in): be lost; C.: be worsted, suffer injury or loss, deteriorate; weigh less (in the ordeal of the balance); be diminished, decrease, wane, pass away, come to an end, fail; be given up or avoided; be deprived of, lose (in, ab: C.); *pr. pl. hīyamāna*, weaker (opp. increasing in power); *pp. hāta*, given up, abandoned (P., rare); **-vat**, *pp. uct.* having lost a wife, *ac: v. r.*; **hina**, RV.: forsaken (wife: C.); *strayed from (ab:); V., C.: inferior, lower (in rank or culture); C.: (abandoned =) low, base, bad, poor, little; weaker (for); worsted (in a lawsuit); defective, deficient, insufficient, wanting (also B.); lacking, destitute of, free from, without (in, ab: C.); **gahitā**, forsaken, forlorn (F.); **ca. hāpaya**, P. (A. metr.) neglect; lose (time); be wanting in (ab:); give up (life); lose; abandon (a thesis); **na hāpayaishyate vidhātum uttarām**, there will be no failure to give an answer; **pp. hāpita**, injured (deposit); deprived of (in); *des. P. gihāsti*, wish to abandon or quit; - reject with disdain; - escape from (ac). **apa**, leave, quit (only inf, *gd: gd. apahāya, avoiding; abandoning (a form); freeing oneself from (ab:); disregarding (ac:); excepting, apart from (ac). **ava**, leave behind (F.); give up, abandon (F.); *ps.* be forsaken by (ab, RV.). **ni**, *ps.* be degraded, sink to destruction (RV.): *pp. C.* low (in rank), base-born, vile. **pari**, forsake (any one); give up, abandon (anything); neglect, omit (rites); disregard (command); *ps.* be avoided (food); be neglected; fail, lack, be wanting; abate, cease, come to an end; be worsted, come to grief; be overcome by (in); desist or swerve from (ab:); be deprived of, lose (ab); be unacquainted with (a previous condition, ab:); *pp. -hina* (often spelt **-hina**), omitted; vanished (lustre); refraining from (-tas); lacking, destitute of (in, ab: C.); *cs.* cause to give up; abandon, leave unfinished (work); deprive any one of (in); give up, abandon, renounce, violate (duty, break (promise)); *ps.* be relinquished by (in); fail, perish: *pp. prahina*, cast off, worn out (garment); failing in (undertakings, in); vanished (in, C.); destitute of (C.). **vi**, V., C.: leave behind, forsake, abandon; C.: quit (a place); give up, renounce; get rid of, lose; cast off (old garments); desist, from (ab:); *gd.* disregarding; avoiding; in spite of; excepting; putting aside = more than (heaps of) gems; *ps.* suffer abatement (affection); *pp.* low (rustle); lacking (C.); destitute or deprived of, separated or free from (in, ab, C.); *ord. mg.*, **pra-vi**, give up, abandon; *gd.* disregarding or passing over. **sam**, abandon together (S.); give up, renounce (C.).*

हा हा, *ij* of pain, astonishment, or satisfaction, ah! alas! used before or after a v., etc. with following *ac.* alas for: also combined with *kashfām*, *dhik*, and *hanta* - **-kashfā-m**, *m.* exclamation *hā kashfām* ah, alas!; **-kāra**, *m.* exclamation *hā*

हाटक hāta-ka, *m. N.* of a country *pl.* its people, *n.* (derived from *Hafaka*, gold - **-maya**, *a.* golden; - **-i-āna**, *m.* lord of *Hafaka*, a form of *Siva*; - **-ivara**, *m.* id.

हादि hādi, *m. N.* - **-grāma**, *m. N.* of a village.

हातय hā-taya, *fp.* to be given up or abandoned.

हान hāna, *n.* leaving, abandoning; lack.

हानि hā-ni, *f.* abandonment, relinquishment, taking off of ornaments, -; insuticiency, defect; diminution, by *cs.* deprivation of (ab:), loss, of *g.* *guly*, *ord. mg.*, ruin; failure (in a lawsuit), cessation, disappearance, lack, non-existence (common *mg.*); **-kāra**, *a.* detrimental, causing to disappear (C.); **-krit**, *a.* injuring, destroying.

हापन hā-p-na, *n.* (cs) diminution.

हामियाम hāmi-grāma, *m. N.* of a village.

हायन hāyana, *m. n.* (C) a year; *m. kind* of red rice (rare); *a.* relating to the year, lasting a year, yearly (AV.), - *a.* lasting years (V., C.).

हार hār-a, *a.* (i) ° $\sqrt{1}$ hri bearing; bringing; taking away; raising (taxes), *m.* string or necklace of pearls; *2. abh* s. seizure or forfeiture of (C.), removal (rare); **-ka**, ° *a.* i-ka bearing; bringing; carrying away; stealing; removing, taking upon oneself (impurity); ravishing; *m.* thief, pearl necklace, - **-muktā**, *f.* *pl.* pearls of a necklace; - **-yashitā**, *f.* (C) string of pearls; - **-latā**, *f.* id.; *N.*

हारवली hāravali *f.* string of pearls (1).

हारिकण्ठ hāri-kantha, *a.* having a charming (throat =) voice; having one's neck encircled with a string of pearls.

हारिण hāriṇa, *a.* derived from the antelope called *harina*. (pigeon)

हारित hār-ita, *pp. cs.* s. t. hri: *m.* kind of

हारिद्र hāridra, *a.* coloured with turmeric (haridra), yellow.

हारिद्रव hāridrav-ā, *m.* [haridra] kind of yellow bird (RV.).

हारिण hār-in, *a.* t. $\sqrt{1}$ hri bearing, bringing; taking away, stealing, robbing, removing, destroying; appropriating, raising (taxes), surpassing; captivating, ravishing, charming, attracting (heart, eye, etc., - by, C., 2. wearing a pearl necklace (hāra).

हारीत hārita, *m.* kind of pigeon. *N.* of a laugiver, physician, grammarian, etc., - **-ka**, *m.* kind of pigeon.

हार्द hārd = hrid in *du-hārd* and *su-hārd*

हार्द hārd-a, *a.* being in the heart (hrid); *n.* affection, love, for (C., C.).

हार्दि hārd-i, *m.* [hrid] heart (AV.); contentment (C.); *n.* (F.) heart; interior (of the body).

हार्य hār-yā, *fp.* to be borne or carried by (C.); - carried, borne, or blown away by (C.); - taken away, appropriated, or robbed by (C.); shaken (resolution); won over by, corruptible; to be acted (play).

हाहा hāhā, *f.* spirituous liquor.

हाहाहल hāhāhala, *m.* (rare), *n.* a kind of deadly poison.

हालिक hāl-ika, *m.* [hala] ploughman

हाय hāy-a, *m.* [s. hā] call blandishment (of amorous women).

हास HĀS, I A **hāsa** (I., very rare), race, with in: *cs. hāsaya*, P. cause to race (RV.).

हास hās-a, *m.* [s. has] laughing, laughter, merriment often *pl.*; derision of *g.* very rare; jest, fun (akhyaṇa, = funny story); dazzling whiteness of any object, *e.g.* a pearl necklace, regarded as its laughter because in the latter white teeth are conspicuous. - **-kāra**, *a.* provoking laughter, causing to laugh (C.), *cs.* *a.* s. has causing any one to laugh; - **-in**, *a.* laughing, at (C.), laughing = (C) dazzling white, brilliant or adorned with (C).

हासिक hāsi-ka, *a.* consisting of elephants (hastin), *n.* herd of elephants

हासिन hastin-a, *a.* belonging to the elephant (AV.); having the depth of an elephant (water, C.) - **-pura**, *n.* = Hastinapura.

हास hās-ya, *fp.* [s. has] (to be) laughed at, by (C.), laughable, ridiculous; *a.* laughter, jest, joke, fun, amusement. - **-kāra**, *a.* provoking laughter, causing any one to laugh (C.); - **-tā**, *f.* ridiculousness - *m.* yā, become a laughing stock, to (C.), - **-tva**, *n.* id.; - **-padavi**, *f.* way to laughter - *m.* yā, become a laughing-stock, - **-bhāva**, *m.* ridiculousness - *m.* yā, become ridiculous, - **-raas-vat**, *a.* humorous, comic, - **-āpada**, *n.* object of ridicule, laughing stock

हाहा hā-hā, *t. ij* - *hi* repeated, *2. m. N.* of a Gandharva - **-kāra**, *m.* exclamation *hā hā* (also used to urge on horses, cry of woe, lamentation, - **-bhūta**, *pp.* crying alas, woe-begone; - **-raava**, *m.* cry of woe, lamentation

हि HI, V. **hina**, **hina**, I set in motion, urge on, further, be set in motion or urged on, hasten (A.), incite or assist to (d); convey; V., C. cast, hurl, P. $\sqrt{1}$ has forsake, abandon, get rid of *pp. pl. hināna*, speeding etc., *pp. hita*, (V) urged on, speeding; called upon, invoked *pari*, bring, offer (RV.) **pra-hinoti**, urge on, incite (RV.); V., C. convey or send to, bestow on (d); despatch (messengers), drive away, dismiss, send - away, to (any one, *ac* + *prati*, *d.* *g.*, antikan or parivan *ac* *q.* to a place, or \pm *prati*, in order to, *d.* *inf.*, *ord. mg.*); C. cast, hurl, discharge; at *d.* *le* i, direct (the gaze) towards *ac*); forsake very rare - *pra* *hi* - **-ghīya-ti**, -*tu*, *Br.* perh. *incor.* for - **-ghīti**, -*tu*; *pp. prahita*, P. urged on, incited, C. hurled, disch. hurled, at *le*; *cs.* directed eye, gaze, mind, towards (C.), imbedded (mud), conveyed, sent (things); sent away, expelled; V., C. sent out, despatched (messengers etc.), to any one *pariva* *ac* *g.* - **-vat**, *pp. act* = finite *ch.* the sent out **-sānpa**, *pp.* sent after **sam**, compose, contrive (RV.).

हि hi, *pci* (never at beg of a sentence, but only following the first word, also in other positions after the emphatic word, the *rh.* of the sentence is always accented, V., C.), for, because often after demonstratives, relatives, interrogatives, just, pray with *impr.* or *pot.*; *sta ind.*, *e.g.* *pratyāho hi*, we will just see); verily, surely, indeed, C. often more *reass.* filter, exp. to avoid the hiatus or to obtain a long word, *sta even twice in the same sentence*; **hi** - *va*, **hi** - **panar**, it is true - but.

हिंस HIMS [anomalous des. of √han], VII. P. (Ā. metr.) **hinārti**, injure, harm, hurt; slay; disturb, break (vow); destroy; *ps. himsayate*, be slain: *pp. himsitā*; *cs. himsayas*, P. id.; *des. P. ghimsisāha*, wish to injure (Br.). **ā**, injure. **upsa**, hurt, injure. **vi**, injure, damage.

हिंस hīms-a, a. hurting, injuring (RV.¹): **-aka**, a. injuring, hurtful; **-ana**, n. injuring, hurting; slaughter of (animals. -); **-aniya**, *fp.* to be injured; - slaughtered (animals); **-ā**, *f.* injury, harm (to life or property): ^o *only* = to, *sts.* = from; **-itā**, (*pp.*) n. injury; (*hims*) **-itos**, *g. inf.* √hims; **-ya**, *fp.* that may be injured or slain; **-rā**, a. injurious, hurtful, mischievous, noxious (RV.¹, C.); ^o, dealing severely with (C.); *m. (C.)* mischievous fellow, man following a cruel trade; beast of prey; *n. cruelty (C.)*: **-ganta**, **-pau**, *m.* beast of prey.

हिक्क HIKK, I. **hikka**, hiccup (very rare); *cs. P. hikkaya*, cause to hiccup (very rare).

हिक्का hikkā, *f.* hiccup.

हिह hīh, *ij.* with *kri*, utter a lowing sound (V.): **-kārā**, *m.* the sound hīh (V.).

हिङ्गु hīṅgu, *m.* the plant *Asa foetida*; *n.* resin obtained from its roots and used as a medicine and a seasoning: **-rāta**, *m. N.*

हिङ्गुल hīṅgula, *n.* cinnabar, vermilion.

हिङ्गीर hīṅgīra, *m.* foot-chain of an elephant.

हिदिम्बा hidimba, *m. N.* of a *Rikshasa* slain by *Bhīmasena*; **ā**, *f. N.* of *Hidimba*'s sister.

हिराद् HIRAD, I. **hīra**, **ā**, wander about, ramble (Pr.). **pari**, fly about.

हित 1. hi-tā, *pp.* √hi.

हित 2. hi-tā, *pp.* (√dhā) V.: placed, laid, put, into (ic.); situated, lying, contained, in (ic.); set up, prepared, arranged; assigned to any one (*d., g.*); V. C.: beneficial, salutary, advantageous, convenient, suitable, agreeable, to or for any one (*d., sts. ic.*; C. also *g.* -); favourable; C.: well-disposed, friendly, kind; *n. sg. pl. (C.)* what is salutary, profit, advantage, welfare, good; good or salutary advice: **-kara**, a. doing good, beneficent, useful, advantageous, to any one (*g.*); **-kama**, a. desiring the good of others, benevolent, kind; **-kāmyā**, *f.* (only *u.*) desire of benefiting any one (*g.*); **-kāra**, a. friendly (opp. hostile); *m. friend*; **-kār-in**, *a. id.*, kind: **-tā**, *f.*, **-tva**, *n.* kindness; **-krit**, a. beneficent, useful; **-pathya**, a. useful and salutary and having obtained a *pathyā* (= *haritaki* or yellow myrobalan tree); **(ā)** **-praya**, a. having set forth the sacrificial food, having the sacrifice spread for him (RV.); **-buddhi**, a. well-disposed; **-va**, *n.* good advice; **-vat**, a. advantageous, useful; **-vādin**, a. giving good advice; **-hita**, *m. N.*

हिता hi-tā, (*pp.*) *f.* dyke, dam.

हिताधीन hitādhi-in, a. doing good: **(-tā)**, *f.* beneficence; **-anubandhin**, a. involving good consequences.

हितामय hitā-bhāga, *m.* destruction of a dam.

हितार्थ hitārtha, *m. ac. or d.* for the good, benefit, or advantage, of (*g.* -); **-arthin**, a. desiring one's own welfare; seeking the welfare of any one (*g.*); **-adhita**, *pp.* advantageous and disadvantageous, useful and injurious; *n.* benefit and injury; **ā**, *f. pl. N.* of certain *veins*.

हिता hita, *ikkhā*, *f.* desire for the welfare of others.

हितेशिन् hitāesh-in, a. having good intentions, seeking the welfare of others: **(-tā)**, *f.* benevolence.

हितोपदेश hita-upadesa, *m.* instruction in what is salutary, good counsel; *T.* of a well-known collection of fables; **-upadeshi**, *m.* instructor in what is salutary.

हिताय hi-tvāya, *gd. of* √2. hā (RV.); **-tvā**, *id.* (RV.).

हिन hi-nā, *indecl.* = *hi*, for (RV.¹).

हिताल hin-tāla, *m.* kind of palm (*Phoenix paludosa*).

हिन्दोल hin-dola, *m.* swing.

हिन्य HINV, I. P. **hinva** (V.) = √hi (of which it is an extension, being a transference, from the fifth to the first class).

हिन्य hinvá, *m.* inciter (RV.¹).

हिन him, *ij.* = *hīh*.

हिस himā, *m.* cold (V., C.); winter (rare. C.); *n.* snow, *sts.* ice (C., very rare in Br.); a. cold, cool (C.): **-rita**, *m.* cold season, winter; **-ka**, *m. N.*; **-kara**, *m.* (cold-rayed), moon; **-garbha**, a. containing cold (rays); **-giri**, *m.* snow-mountain, *Himālaya*; **-sūtā**, *f.* daughter of the *Himālaya*, *Pārvatī*; **-kānta**, *m. ep. of* *Siva*; **-ga**, *m.* (cold-rayed), moon; **-grīha** = **-ka**, *n.* refrigerating room; **-vīsha**, *m.* (cool-rayed), moon; **-didhiti**, **-dyuti**, **-dhāman**, *m. id.*; **-pāta**, *m.* cold rain; fall of snow; **-ra**, *m.* moon; **-rāga**, *m. N.* of a king; **-ruhi**, *m.* (cool-rayed), moon; **-ritu**, *m.* cold season, winter; **(ā)** **-vat**, a. cold, snowy, icy (rare); exposing oneself to cold (rare); *m.* snow-mountain (V.), *ep.* the *Himālaya*; **-pura**, *n.* town on the *Himālaya*, **-mekhalā**, *f.* *Himālaya* (zone =) range; **-ikharin**, *m.* snow-mountain, *Himālaya*; **-rubha**, a. snow-white; **-salla**, *m.* snow-mountain, *Himālaya*; **-ga**, a. growing on the *Himālaya*, **-sūtā**, *f.* *Pārvatī*; **-saṅghāta**, *m.* deep snow; **-srut**, *m.* moon; **-sruti**, *f.* fall of snow.

हिमा himā, *f.* (only with *satā*) cold season, winter (V.).

हिमांसु hima-amsu, *m.* moon: **-mālin**, *m. id.*; **-āgama**, *m.* beginning of (the cold =) winter; **-śāla**, *m.* snow-mountain, *Himālaya*; **-indra**, *m.* chief of snow-mountains, *Himālaya*; **-atraya**, *m.* end of the cold season; **-ādri**, *m.* *Himālaya*.

हिमानो him-āni, *f.* [fr. *himā*] deep snow.

हिमान्त himanta, *m.* end of winter; **-ambhas**, *n.* cold water; **-ālaya**, *m.* abode of snow, *Himālaya*; **-āhata**, *f.* fall of snow.

हिमिन्त him-ita, *den. pp.* turned into snow or ice; **-i-kri**, turn into snow.

हिमोपकार hima-upakāra, *m.* refrigeration.

हिम्नक himma-ka, *m. N.*

हिरण्य hiran-māya, a. (i) golden, gold-coloured.

हिरण्य hiran-ya, *n.* [√3. hri] V., C.: bullion (opp. *suvarṇa*), gold, precious metal (in C. also = coined gold); F.: gold implement or ornament; gold piece or coin (in Br. only *vs. suvarṇa*, by way of distinction from other metals); a. golden (C., rare); *m. N.* of a king of *Cashmere* (C.); **-ka**, *m. N.* of a mouse-king; **-karpā**, *m.* golden carpet, seat adorned with gold (V.); a. (hi-) having

a golden carpet; *m. N.* of a *Dāitya* slain by *Viṣṇu* in the form of *Narasimha*; **-kula**, *m. N.* of a king; **(hi)-kama**, a. (i) golden-haired, golden-maned; **-keta**, *m. N.* of an author of *Grihya-sūtras*; **-garbhā**, *m.* womb or embryo of gold; *N.* of a cosmogonic power, esp. of the personal Brahman; in *Vedānta*, *N.* of intellect conditioned by the aggregate; *N.*; *N.* of a flamingo; **-gṛpa**, *m. N.*; **(hi)-kakra**, a. having golden wheels (RV.¹); **-da**, a. giving gold; **-datta**, *m. N.*; **(hi)-dant**, *m.* gold-toothed (RV.¹); *m. N.* of a *Bāṇa* (Br.); **-dā**, a. giving gold; **-nābha**, *m. N.* of various men; **(hi)-pama**, *V.* a. golden-winged; golden-leaved; **(hi)-pāni**, a. golden-handed; **-pātrā**, *n.* golden vessel or dish; **-pura**, *n. N.* of a city of the *Asuras* situated beyond the ocean and suspended in the air; *N.* of a town in *Cashmere*; **(hi)-bāhu**, a. golden-armed; *m. ep.* of the river *Sone* (v. r. -vāha).

हिरण्य hiranyā-ya, V. a. (i) golden, abounding in gold.

हिरण्यरथ hiranya-rathā, *m.* car (full) of gold (V.); **(hi)-rūpa**, a. resembling gold (RV.); **-retas**, *m.* (whose seed is gold), fire; **(hi)-vat**, V. a. possessing, consisting of, or provided with, gold; *n.* possession of gold (RV.); **-ā**, *f. N.*; *N.* of *Uggayini* in the third age; **(hi)-varṇa**, a. golden-coloured, resembling gold (V., rare in C.); **(hi)-vartana**, a. having a golden track or course (V.); **-varsha**, *m. N.*; **(hi)-vāsi**, a. wielding a golden axe (V.); **-mat**, a. (only *sp. -tama*) *id.* (RV.); **-vāha**, *m. ep.* of the river *Sone*; **-vimitā**, *n.* golden palace; **-arira**, a. golden-bodied; **(hi)-stūpa**, *m.* (gold-tuft), *N.*; **(hi)-hasta**, a. golden-handed (V.); *m. N.*; **-akshā**, a. golden-eyed (V.); *m. N.* of a *Dāitya* slain by *Viṣṇu* in the shape of a boar, *N.*; **-abga**, *n.* golden lotus.

हिरा hirā, *f.* vein (V.).

हिरुक hiruk, *ad.* away, out of sight of (ab.); V.; apart (C.).

हिस hilla, *m. N.*

[satisfaction.

ही hī, *ij.* of astonishment, horror, hilarity,

हीड HĪD, *pf.* *ghīda*, *la*, P. vex, offend (V.); A. be angry (V.); *pp.* **hīṭā**, **hīta**, enraged (V.); *cs. only* *aor. agghīdat*, pluck out (AV.).

हीन hīnā, *pp.* √2. hā; *n.* deficiency, want: **velā-hīne**, at an unreasonable time; **-ka**, a. lacking (-); **-karma**, a. following base occupations; neglecting one's duties; **-tā**, *f.* lack, absence; deficiency in (*m.* -); **-tva**, *n.* inferiority; lack of, deficiency in (-); **-paksha**, a. unprotected; **-yāna**, *n.* the lesser vehicle (term applied to the older form of Buddhism, opp. *mahāyāna*); **-rātra**, a. having shorter nights; **-varṇa**, a. of low caste, vile; **-vādin**, a. losing in a suit; **-vritta**, a. of base conduct; **-seva**, *f.* service of low persons; **-anga**, a. (ā, i) deficient in a limb; defective; **-atritā ānga**, a. (i) having a limb too few or too many; **-adhika**, a. too little or too much; **-tā**, *f.* deficiency or excess; **-artha**, a. having lost one's advantage.

हीनिन्त hin-ita, *den. pp.* (fr. *hīna*) deprived of one's own, destitute, separated from (-).

हीर hira, *n.* diamond.

हु 1. HU, III. **guhōti**, **guhātē**, pour or cast into the fire, offer an oblation (*ac., g.*), to (*d.*), in (*ic.*); sacrifice to any one (*ac.*), with (*in.*); *sts.* also of objects not offered in fire; sprinkle (out) on (*ic.*); C.; *ps. hūyate*, be sacrificed; *pp.* **hūta**, sacrificed; sacrificed

to; *cs. hāvaya*, P. cause to sacrifice, cause to be offered, -to; *des. -gāhāha*, P. wish to sacrifice; *intv. gōhavitī*, sacrifice (frequently). **abhi**, pour the offering on, offer an oblation, sacrifice to or for; *pp. abhi-huta*, besprinkled (with a libation); sacrificed, -to. **ā** (F.), sacrifice to any one (d.), in (le.); besprinkle (ac.) with oblations; *pp. āhuta*, offered; sacrificed to; laid in the fire (corpse; RV.). **upa**, offer up (sacrifice). **pra**, sacrifice, offer up.

हु 2. HU, rarely used in *pp.* = √hū, √hva. **abhi-huta**, invoked (S.). **ā**, *pp. āhuta*, summoned, invited (E., P.). **sam-ā**, *pp.* called together.

हु hu, *ij.* (rare, C.).

हंकार hum-kāra, m. the sound hum (expressive of a threat or disgust); trumpeting (of an elephant); lowing (of a cow); twanging (of a bow); -*kṛta*, *pp. r.* hum; n. exclamation hum (expressive of anger); lowing (of a cow); roar (of thunder); -*kṛti*, f. sound hum (= -kāra).

हुद् hudu, m. ram.

हुण्ड hunda, m. id.

हुण्डिका hund-ikā, f. bill of exchange.

हुत hu-t, a. (-°) sacrificing.

हुत hu-tā, *pp.* √1. hu; n. sacrifice; -*bhug*, m. (consumer of sacrifice), fire, Agni; -*vaha*, m. (conductor of the sacrifice), fire, Agni; -*grāhī-sama*, a. like flames of fire, flaming hot; -*vesha*, m. remnant of the sacrifice; -*agni*, m. sacrificial fire; *a'ad*, a. eating the sacrifice (V.); -*āva*, m. (consumer of the sacrifice), fire, Agni; -*asana*, m. id.; -*vat*, a. supplied with fire; -*asana-ya*, *den.* **ā**. become or appear like fire.

हुति hu-ti, f. sacrifice (-°).

हुम् hum, *ij.* with *kṛi*, make the sound hum, resound (conch); address harshly (ac.). *pp.* lowing. **anu-hum-kṛi**, **ā**. answer with a roar (RV.).

हुरक्षित huras-kit, a. lurking in secret

हुरास hurās, *ad.* secretly (RV. 1).

हुरक् huruk, *ad.* aside (RV. 1); *cp.* hiruk).

हुविक huvishka, m. N. of a ling.

हुष्क huslika, m. N. of a king -*pura*, n. N. of the city founded by Hushika.

हुहु huhū, m. N. of a Gandharva.

हु HŪ, call, v. **हु** HVĀ.

हु hū, a. (-°) calling.

हंकार hūm-kāra, m. = humkāra; -*kṛti*, f. sound hūm (in snoring); hum (of bees).

हण hūna, m. pl. N. of a people, the Huns.

हत् hū-tā, *pp.* √hvā; n. calling; -*tā*, f. call; name

हम् hūm, *ij.* = hum.

हृ HŪR-KH [prob. der. of √hvri], I. P. **हृक्कहा** (V., rare), go crookedly, totter, fall; fall away from (ab.); *cs. P.* **hūrkkhaya**, cause to fall, from (ab.); V.).

हृ hū-hū, m. N. of a Gandharva.

हृ 1. HRI, I. P. (Ā. rare) **हारा**, II. P. -*harmi* (RV.), V., C. hold, carry, on or in (m.), bring, fetch; present, offer; take away, to (ac.); convey (a message) to (g.); take away with one, carry off or away, seize, steal, rob (ord. mg.); **ā**. (C. also P.) take for oneself, receive (a gift), obtain, come into possession

of (esp. as an heir), take from (ab.), raise (tribute); C. take off, sever, shoot off, cut off (head); avert (the face), marry (a girl), overpower, master, lead away, win; surpass, carry away, ravish, enchant, captivate; take away, remove, dispel, frustrate, destroy. *common mg.* withdraw, keep back, retain; spin out - gain (time); form a line of drops from one place to another. *Br.* *pp. hṛta*, taken etc.; *cs. hāraya*, P. cause to be carried by (ac., in), cause to be brought or conveyed, by (m.); seize, appropriate; cause to be taken away from one, lose (esp. at play); *pp. hārta*, conveyed by (C.); obtained from anywhere -tas; carried off; lost (esp. at play, ord. mg.); surpassed, eclipsed; having lost (ac.); *des. gīhṛsha*, P. (Ā. metr.) wish to take away, long for. **ati**, hold over, reach across, allow to extend beyond V.). **anu**, (take after), imitate ac.; resemble (ac., also g. of *prs.*), attain to a state, ac. **ā**. take after (ac.). **apa**, C. bear, carry, or draw away; take away or off, remove; avert (the face). V., C. carry off, take away by force, appropriate unjustly, seize, rob (ord. mg.); C. tear off, sever, cut off (heads), carry away, overpower, engross; take away, remove, dispel, destroy, frustrate, render useless, take back; *cs. pp. apa-hṛta*, carried off, robbed. **viapa**, strike off a head, take away, destroy. **abhi**, present, offer. **ava**, put down, lay aside; surpass. **annava**, lower. **abhi-ava**, throw into the water, ac. take, eat, *cs. put on*; cause to eat anything (ac.), feed (ac. *upa-ava*, take down. V. **prati-ava**, take from any one (ab.), learn *viava*, V. exchange; I., C. have recourse to (in, le.); C. fight with (m. *sārīman*), act, behave, towards (le., ord. mg.), follow one's occupation, work, trade, deal in (m, g, le.); *play for g.; employ, make use of (ac.), stroll; *ps. vyavahriyate*, be named or designated; *cs. allow to act, to do what one likes. sam-viava*, associate with m. **sam-ava**, collect **ā**, V., C. take to oneself, bring, fetch (ord. mg.); offer, present, bestow, give; bring for oneself, obtain, receive, take (common mg.); C. procure, for d., acquire, get possession of, gain; carry away, rob; take to oneself (a wife); conceive (a son) (ab.); win over, bribe, sever (a head), with draw (the senses) from (ab.), take away, destroy; surpass, take, eat; show, manifest. *pp. āhṛta*, taken etc.; *cs. cause to be fetched, bring; cause to be brought, exact, raise (tribute); take, eat; show, manifest, shed (tears). adhiā, supply (a word). **nd-ā**, I. put on the top; V., C. (bring out), mention, quote, utter, recite, relate, state, say, speak, to (ac.); of ac.; C. mention by name, designate as, call; quote as an example. *gr.* *ps.* be called; *pp.* called. **abhi-nd-ā**, fetch; mention in addition. **upa-nd-ā**, mention in addition. **prati-nd-ā**, answer any one (ac.); quote a counter instance. *gr.* **sam-nd-ā**, speak, say; *pp.* addressed; spoken, uttered, mentioned; named, pronounced -settled **tasayām tu sarvavidyānam ārambhā samudāhṛtā**, thereon the beginnings of all sciences are based. **upa-ā**, fetch, for any one; offer, present, get into one's power, win over; undertake; accomplish, divert from (ab.); strike off (heads). **sam-upa-ā**, fetch, offer (a sacrifice), sacrifice oneself; enter upon (initiation). **prati-ā**, draw back; withdraw (the senses from worldly objects), replace; bring back, resume, recover; report, withdraw what has been created, destroy **viā**, (bring out), pronounce, utter, speak, begin to talk (child), say, to (ac.), converse with (naha); *pp. vyāhṛta*, uttered, spoken, said, stated. **anu-viā**, utter in succession*

(V.); curse, revile (Br., F.). **abhi-viā**, utter, repeat; *cs. cause to utter or repeat; pronounce. sam-abhi-viā*, pronounce or mention at the same time. **sam-ā**, bring together, collect, fetch; combine, restore to its place (le.), withdraw anything created, destroy (worlds); *pp.* brought together, collected, fetched, assembled; taken together, combined, all, drawn (bowstring). **nd**, V., C. take, lift, pull, or draw out, of (ab. and mg.), lift up, raise (common mg.), draw out (danger, rescue, deliver, extricate, from ab.), choose, select, prefer, except, C. pluck up words, stretch out the hand from a garment, keep bare; take from (one's food, ab.), impose (a tax), sever, separate; remove; exterminate, destroy, bear (a burden), carry on (in), elevate, stir up, strengthen; further (one's object), offer, prove, *gd. uddhṛitya*, exempting, *pp.* taken out etc., also -*carved* (face out of a lotus, ab.), elevated etc.; *cs. uddhṛaya*, cause to be extracted (arrow by m.), extricate, rescue, deliver, from (ab.); appropriate, hold up, *des.* wish to relieve or assist **abhi-nd**, extricate, from ab. take out, draw (water), collect (gold), raise up, relieve, further, assist, recover (property). **pra-nd**, extract, draw (water) from (ab.), rescue, deliver. **prati-nd**, rescue, deliver, from ab. **vi-nd**, distribute, extract, from (ab.). **sam-nd**, take or draw out, extract, from ab. pull up, uproot, rescue, deliver, from ab. previously deduct (share of a legacy), exterminate, destroy, lift or hold up, pick up (a coin), raise up, strengthen. **upa**, bring, fetch, offer, present. *esp. food*, make a present of, draw up (water). **nis**, take or carry out or away, draw out, extract, from (ab.), take off (a burden), take's parts of duties; export (goods), rid oneself of (sin etc.), ac. mix up (clothes of one person) with (those of another, in), destroy, *cs.* cause a corpse to be carried out. **vi-nis**, take or draw out, take (interest); remove. **pari**, I. carry round or about, V., C. encircle, encompass, C. have behind; spare (any one), avoid, shun, elude, and *mg.* spare (any one) a pain or a kept aloof from, be on one's guard against ac. *ps.* made as unfeeling, rebut, refute. **vi-pari**, mix up, exchange by mistake. **pra**, offer, *prae*, -*harmi*, RV.), move forward, stretch out I. put into (le., RV., V., C. hurl, discharge, throw, at (le.), throw into the fire. **Br. **S.** reach out fist etc., strike, *cs.* *ad.*, deal a blow, at (ac., le., rarely d., g., very rare in I.). *pp.* struck etc. *n. imps.* a blow has been struck, by (in), at (le.). **pra-hṛite sati**, when a blow has been struck, *des.* wish to deal a blow, at (ac., with (in); **anu-pra**, throw into the fire afterwards. **abhi-pra**, strike out at (ac. **prati**, join in the Saman litany as **Pratidintra**. **Br.** **S.** **vi**, V. put asunder, separate, open, keep apart, distribute (*esp. senses*), tear in pieces, injure, C. carry away, remove; extract from (ab.); (take away) spend (time, m.), pass (time, with (in), *esp.* agreeably, enjoy oneself, ramble for pleasure, promenade (ord. mg.); shed (tears. **sam**, I. bring together, collect, throw together, mix up, V., C. put or draw together, contract (limbs), C. clench the fist, concentrate (the mind, on (le.); draw back to weapon, draw aside (a curtain), withdraw gaze, senses, from (ab.), lay aside an assumed form; draw together, tighten thread, resume (ritue), extract (anxiety etc.), from (ab.); attract (eyes), take for oneself (*dhari*), appropriate, withdraw, destroy (*opp.* *vyā*, emit, create, ord. mg.); take away, rob of (also *hr*), check, stop, repress (common mg.); withhold (light) from**

(*lc.*), **upa-sam**, put together concisely, summarise; withdraw (a weapon); withhold (*shade*), from (*lc.*); check, stop, repress (*ord. mg.*); withdraw, destroy (*opp. create*). **sam-upa-sam**, pp. checked, stopped. **prati-sam**, draw back (weapon), draw in (*trunk*); withdraw (*gate*); check, stop, repress; destroy (*opp. create*).

हृत् 2. HRI, IX. **Ā. hrinité** (RV., rare), be wroth, with (*d.*).

हृत् 3. HRI, be yellow.]

हृत् *hrid-saya*, a. abiding in the heart: *o. munih purāṇah*, the old sage in the heart = the conscience; *m. love*; god of love: **-pīḍita**, pp. tormented with, love, love-sick; **-vardhana**, a. increasing love; **-āvishā**, pp. occupied by love.

हृत् *hrin-yāt*, pp. pt. wroth (RV.).

हृत् *hrin-ya*, **Ā. -te**, be wroth (RV.).

हृत् *hri-t*, a. (-) bringing; stealing, robbing; taking away, dispelling, putting an end to.

हृत् *hrita-dravya*, a. robbed of one's property; **-vāsa**, a. bereft of one's garment; **-āshita**, pp. spared from pillage; **-sarvasva**, a. bereft of one's all; **-sāra**, a. robbed of the best part.

हृत् *hri-t*, f. taking away, seizure, spoliation, robbery, of (-).

हृत् *hrit-tāḥ*, *ad* from the heart (RV.); **-padma**, n. lotus of the heart; **-sphota**, m. breaking of the heart, broken heart: **-m**, *ad*. of a broken heart (*die*).

हृत् *hrīd*, n. heart (*esp. as seat of emotions and mental activities*; *ord. mg.*; V., C.); interior of the body, sp. chest, stomach (V.).

हृत् *hridam-sūni*, a. giving heart to, inspiring (g.) with courage (RV.).

हृत् *hrid-ambhogha*, n. lotus of the heart.

हृत् *hrīd-nya*, n. heart (*also as seat of mental operations*); interior of the body (*rare*); centre (*rare*); core (= what is best, dearest, or most secret). **e kṛi**, take to heart; **-kampana**, a. causing the heart to quake; **-kshobha**, m. agitation of heart; **-gata**, pp. dwelling in the heart; **-granthi**, m. (knot =) perplexity of heart; **-grāhaka**, a. convincing the heart; **-m-gama**, a. touching the heart; **-kora**, m. stealer of the heart; **-kshidā**, a. piercing the heart; **-vara**, m. anguish of heart; **-dāhin**, a. burning the heart, causing anguish; **-deśa**, m. region of the heart; **-pramāthina**, a. agitating the heart; **-priya**, a. dear to the heart, beloved; **-vālabha**, m. beloved of the heart; **-vritti**, f. disposition of the heart; **-vyatāḥ**, f. mental anguish; **-vyādhī**, m. disease of heart; **-sila**, m. spit used for roasting the heart of the victim; **-sam-sarga**, n. union of hearts; **-rsha**, a. cherished in the heart; **-hārin**, a. captivating the heart.

हृत् *hrid-ānuga*, a. gratifying the heart (*friend, speech*); **-āvarayaka**, a. winning the heart of (g.); **-āvidhā**, a. piercing the heart (RV.); **-jāḥ**, m. lord of the heart, lover, husband.

हृत् *hrid-ya*, a. being in the heart (V.); dear (C.).

हृत् *hridi-miya*, a. sticking in the heart; **-stha**, a. being in the heart; dear; **-spṛis**, a. touching or charming the heart.

हृत् *hrid-ga*, a. reaching to the heart (water); **-gata**, pp. affecting or cherished in the heart.

हृत् *hrīd-ya*, a. V.: being in the heart, in-

nermost; V., C.: dear to the heart, beloved; C.: savoury (food etc.); pleasant, charming: **-tā**, f. pleasantness.

हृत् *hrid-rga*, m. internal disease (RV.); C.: a certain disease; pain of heart.

हृत् *hri-lāsa*, m. palpitation of heart.

हृत् *HRISH*, I. **Ā. hārsha** (RV.), rejoice in the prospect of, be impatient for (*d.*); be glad: P. also in *pr. pt.*; IV. **hrishya**, P. (**Ā.**) rejoice (*ord. mg.*); bristle, stand erect (*of the hairs of the body, from joy or fear*); be thrilled, shudder: pp. **hrishā**, bristling (*hairs of the body*); thrilled, shuddering; rigid, stiff (*tail etc.*); glad, cheerful, frisky (*ord. mg.*); **hrishitā**, C.: bristling, erect (*hair*); fresh, not drooping (*flowers, garlands*); RV., C.: rejoicing, glad, cheerful; *cs. hārshāya*, P. (**Ā. metr.**) RV.: make impatient or inspire for (victory); RV., C.: gladden, delight; C.: be glad, rejoice (*rare*); cause to bristle (*rare*); pp. **hārshita**, gladdened, delighted; caused to bristle (*hair*); *intr. garhish* (V.) be greatly excited; excite greatly. **anu**, I. (**Ā. metr.**) IV. (**Br.**, C.), rejoice with any one (*acc.*). **abhi**, *cs.* gladden. **ud**, I. **Ā.** be impatient or eager (V.); flame up briskly (*fire, Br.*); open (*of flowers, P.*); pp. **uddharishita**, shivering with (*cold, in.*). **pra ud**, pp. bristling (*hair*); shivering. **ni**, IV. P. die away (*flame, Br.*) **pra**, rejoice, be glad or cheerful: pp. bristling (*hair of the body*); delighted, glad, *cs.* gladden, cheer. pp. gladdened, delighted. **sam-pra**, pp. rejoicing, glad. **prati**, IV. P. (**Ā. metr.**) show joy in return for anything. **sam**, IV. P. be glad, rejoice; be thrilled, shudder: pp. glad, delighted; bristling (*hair*). **prati-sam**, rejoice again.

हृत् *hrit-shita-srag-rago-hina*, pp. having (erect =) fresh garlands and being free from dust.

हृत् *hrishi-kesa*, m. (having his hair erect), *cp.* of Vishnu-Krishna.

हृत् *hrishi-vat*, a. joyful (RV.).

हृत् *hrit-shita-kitta*, a. rejoiced at heart; **-pusha**, **śaṅga**, a. frisky and fat-bodied; **-roman**, a. having the hair of the body erect; m. N. of an Asura.

हृत् *hrish-ti*, f. joy.

हृत् *he*, *ij.* of address, *only. before a vocative.*

हृत् *hūd-n*, **हेळ** *hēl-n*, m. [*√hid*] anger, wrath (*of the gods*; V.); **-as**, n. *id.* (V.).

हृत् *hedāvuka*, m. horse-dealer.

हृत् *he-ti*, f. (V., C.), m. (C) [*√hi*] missile, weapon (V., C.); *Agni's* weapon, flame (C.); shot, impact (*of the lightning*; RV.).

हृत् *he-tū*, m. [*impulse*; *√hi*] cause, motive, of (*lc.*), *rarely d. g.*; *very rare in V.*; C.: reason, argument, proof (*in logic = second part of the five-membered syllogism*); means; price (*rare*); condition, sine qua non (*of subsistence*); manner (*rare*); agent of the causative verb (*gr.*); primary cause (*opp. pratyaya*, secondary cause: B); cause of the bondage of the soul, world of sense, nature (*among the Pāṇinīs*); short speech setting forth the requisite conditions for the attainment of an end (*dr.*); in. **hetunā**, *ab. g. hetoh*, rarely also *d. or lc.*, for a cause or reason, by reason of, on account of (*g.*); **yato hetoh**, because; **iti hetoh**, for this reason; *° a. having* — as a cause, caused, impelled, or attracted by: **-ka**, (-) a. (i) causing, producing; caused or produced by; **-tā**, f. causation; **-tvā**, n. *id.*; state of being the reason or the primary

cause; agency of the causal verb; **-mat**, a. having a cause, caused; provided with reasons or proofs, well-founded; open to argument.

-mātra-tā, f. condition of being a mere means; **-mātra-maya**, a. serving only as a means; **-rūpaka**, n. reasoned metaphor; **-vīdyā**, f. dialectics, logic; **-sāstra**, n. *id.*

हृत् *hetu-ākshepa*, m. statement of dissatisfaction in spite of the reason adduced (*ph*); **-ābhāsa**, m. fallacious reason or proof, fallacy.

हृत् *homa-ka*, n. (piece of) gold; **-kakaṣa**, m. golden waistband; **-kamala**, n. golden lotus; **-kartri**, n. goldsmith; **-kāra**, m. *id.*; **-ka**, m. *id.*; **-kāṭa**, m. gold-peak, N. of a mountain in the northern Himalayas; **-giri**, m. gold mountain, ep. of Meru; **-kāndra**, a. adorned with a golden moon (*aur*); m. N. of a celebrated Jain scholar, author among numerous other works of two dictionaries (12th century); **-gata**, m. pl. a kind of Kīrāṭas; **-dīnāra**, m. gold denarius.

हृत् 1. *he-mān*, n. [*√hi*] impulse (RV.).

हृत् 2. *hemam*, n. gold (*ord. mg.*); gold piece; pl. gold ornaments.

हृत् 3. *hēman*, *only lc.* *hemam*, in the winter (V.).

हृत् *hemantā*, m. [*cp. hima*] winter: **-sist-rāṇ**, *du.* winter and spring.

हृत् *hematrimā* *hematrimā*, f. likeness of gold; **-prabha**, m. N. of a fairy; N. of a king of the parrots; **ś. f.** N. of a fairy; **-maya**, a. (i) golden; **-mriga**, m. golden deer; **-ratna-maya**, a. (i) consisting of gold and gems; **-ratna-vat**, a. containing or consisting of gold and gems; **-latā**, f. golden creeper; N. of a princess; **-vat**, a. adorned with gold; **-śringa**, n. golden horn; **-sūtra**, n. gold (thread =) necklace; **-śūka**, a. adorned with gold; **-śaṅga**, a. having members or parts consisting of gold; m. *cp.* of Meru; **-śāla**, m. gold mountain; *ep. of Meru*; **-śāla**, m. golden mundane egg; **-sāri**, m. gold mountain, *ep. of Meru*; N. of an author; **-ābha**, a. looking like gold; **-ambuka**, n. golden lotus; **-ambhogha**, n. *id.*; **-ālmākāra**, m. golden ornament.

हृत् *he-ya*, *fp.* [*√2. hā*] to beleft, abandoned, avoided, rejected, or eschewed.

हृत् *herumba*, m. *ep.* of Gaṇeśa; buffalo.

हृत् *heruka*, m. *ep.* of Gaṇeśa; N.

हृत् *HEL*, I. **Ā. hela**, act carelessly, behave frivolously (E., rare); *cs. helaya*, P. dōrde, mock (P., rare).

हृत् *hel-ana*, n. derision, mockery, disregard.

हृत् *hel-ā*, f. kind of unrestrained behaviour of an amorous woman; carelessness, ease: *and in. helayā*, frivolously; with ease, without trouble or more ado (*trims.*), as easily as if it were a straw; **-kṛishita**, pp. drawn in fury; **-kakra**, m. N.; **-rāga**, m. N. of an author.

हृत् *holu*, m. N. of a village; **-grāma**, m. *id.*

हृत् *hevāka*, m. whim, caprice.

हृत् *hevāk-in*, a. devoted to, absorbed in (-) (*id.*); **-tā**, f. devotion to.

हृत् *HESH*, I. P. **hēsha**, neigh (RV., C.).

हृत् *abhi*, neigh at (Br., E.).

हृत् *heshā-kratu*, a. roaring mightily (RV.).

हृत् *hesh-as*, n. wound.

हेश hesh-ā, *f.* neigh.

हेशाय heshā-ya, *den.* Ā. neigh (*rare*).

हेशित hesh-ita, *pp. n. sg. & pl.* neigh.

है hai, *V. ec. pel.*

हिगुल hiṅgula, *a.* [hiṅgula] vermilion coloured.

हेतुक haituka, *a.* (i) [hetu] caused by, dependent on (°); enquiring for the reason, rationalistic, sceptical; *m.* rationalist, sceptic.

हैम haima, *a.* 1. caused by snow, ice, or frost (hima); covered with snow; 2. composed by Hema(-kandra); *m.* Hema-kandra's dictionary; 3. (i) made of gold (hema), golden

हैमन haiman-ā, *a.* (i) belonging to winter (human), wintry.

हैमन्त haimantā, *a.* (i) belonging to winter (hemanta), wintry.

हैमन्तिक haimantika, *a. id.*

हैमवत haimavat-ā, *a.* (i) belonging to, situated or growing on, bred in, coming from the Himavat; -ā, *f. pat. of the Ganges and of Pārvaṭi.* [Himalaya].

हैमाचल haimaakala, *m.* snow-mountain.

हैमीभू haimi-bhū, become gold.

हैयंगवीन haiyama-gavina, *n.* butter made from the cream [derived from the cow, go] of the previous day [hyas], fresh butter

हैरण्य hairanyā, *a.* [hiraṇya] golden; gold-bearing (*river*; *E*): -ka, *m.* goldsmith.

हैरण्यगर्भ hairanya-garbhā, *a.* belonging etc to Hiraṇyagarbhā; *m. pat. of Manu*; -stūpa, *a.* (i) composed by Hiraṇyastūpa.

हैरम्ब haramba, *a.* relating to Heramba (Ganesa); *m.* worshipper of Heramba.

हैरिक hairika, *m.* spy.

हैरय haihaya, *m. N. of a people (pl.):* prince of the Haihayas.

हो hō, *ij.* used in calling to a person, ho!

होड hodha, *m. or n., ā, f.* -tolen property.

होतव्य ho-tavya, *fp.* [√t. hu] to be offered or sacrificed; to be sacrificed to.

होतृ hō-tri, *m.* [sacrificer. √t. hu] priest, chief priest (with whom in the oldest Vedic period the Adhvaryu only is associated), in *Br.* the first of the four chief priests (the term in its widest sense also being employed to embrace these four priests together with all their assistants); *m. C.* sacrificer, of (g. °); also *tri, f. tri, n. ā*; -kamaṣa, *m.* dish of the Hotri or Hotris; -gama, *m.* murmured recitation of the Hotri; -tvā, *n.* office of the Hotri; -vārya, *n.* (Br.), -vārya, *n.* (RT, S.) election of the Hotri; -veda, *m.* Veda = ritual of the Hotri; -shādāna, *n.* seat of the Hotri (V.).

होत्र ho-trā, *n.* sacrifice (both the act and the offering; *V.* rare in *C.*); sacrificing, function of the Hotri (V.); -ka, *m.* assistant of the Hotri (in the widest sense also used to include all the chief priests: *Br., S.*).

होत्रा hō-trā, *f. 1. (V.)* [√t. hu] priestly office, *sp* function of the Hotrakas; also -the Hotrakas themselves; 2. [√hō] invocation (V.); also personified, -vid, *a.* knowing invocation (RT); -amśin, *m.* (reciting the part of the Hotraka), assistant of the Hotri, Hotraka (*Br., S.*).

होत्रिय hotri-ya, *n.* (relating to the Hotri or sacrificer), priestly office (RT); -iya, *a.* belonging etc to the Hotri or the Hotrakas; *V.*

होम hō-ma, *m.* [√t. hu] pouring into the fire, oblation, sacrifice; *V.* *C.* not in *RT*; -karma, *n.* sacrificial rite; -kāla, *m.* time of sacrifice; -taramga, *m.* sacrificial horse; -dhe-ma, *f.* cow yielding milk for the sacrifice.

होमन् hō-man, *n. 1.* [√t. hu] oblation, sacrifice; 2. [√hō] utterance of praise, RT.

होमभाण्ड homa-bhāṇḍa, *n.* sacrificial implement.

होमय homa-ya, *den.* P. make an offering, sacrifice anything (ac. - to (ac)), cause to sacrifice [nala, *m. id.*

होमाग्नि homagni, *m.* sacrificial fire, -a-

होमिन् hom-in *a.* sacrificing (-), -iya, *a.* belonging to or meant for the sacrifice or oblation.

होरा hōrā, *f.* [āpa] hour; half of a sign of the zodiac; horoscope, horoscopy -āstra, *n.* horoscopy

होल hola, *m. N. ā, f. N.* of a town

होलाड holada, *N. of a locality. rā, f. id.*

होष hōṣa, *a.* relating to the Hotri; *n.* function of the Hotri.

होष्य hōṣya, *a.* belonging to the oblation or sacrifice; homa

हु HNT, II Ā (P. also with pips) hunte, take away, deprive of (*very rare*); -apa, Ā. refuse, reject; *RT*, P. disclaim, deny; *V., C.* hide, conceal, from *d, C.*, make amends or excuse oneself to (pl., *Br.*); *ni.* Ā. make amends to (d.) for (ac), apologise for; *V. in RT* the term is also applied to a symbolical act of atonement (*Br., S.*); deny; *V.* conceal (C); *pp. nihanta*, concealed, kept secret, represented as something different; *ati-ni.* obstinately deny (*only qd.*); -apa-ni, Ā. deny; *vi-ni.* deny; *pp.* hidden.

ह्यस hyas, *ad.* yesterday; -tana, *a.* (i) belonging to yesterday; i, *f.* personal terminations of the imperfect

ह्रद hrād-a, *m.* sheet of water, pool, lake, *als sea*; *n.* ganga, water of the Ganges; -in, *a.* abounding in pools; *river*; -ā, *f.* river

ह्रस् HRAS, I. hrassa, grow less or shorter, be diminished, decrease; come down from (*ab.*); *pp. hrasita*, shortened; *cs. hrāsaya*, P. cause to grow less, curtail, diminish; *nis.* be shortened; *pp. nirhrasita*, shortened (*vowel*).

ह्रस्वि hrās-iṣṭha, *sp.* shortest, smallest; *hrās* -iyas, *cpr.* shorter, smaller, less, shorter (*vowel*).

ह्रस्व hrās-va, *a.* short, little, small, short of stature; low (courage), insignificant; weak (*voice*), less by (*ab.*), short (*vowel, gr.*); *m.* short (*vowel*); -ka, *a.* very short or small, -tā, *f.* shortness of stature; -tva, *n.* shortness of a (*vowel*); -bāhu, *a.* (f id.) short-armed, *m.* assumed N. of Nābi while in the service of R. Uparika; -anga, *a.* short-bodied, small of stature

ह्राद HRĀD, I. Ā. hrāda, sound (*very rare*); *cs. hrādāya*, P. cause to sound; *ni.* *cs. P.* cause to sound, beat (the drum); *V., C.* *id.* *V.* *saṃ*, rattle int. together; *cs.* cause to sound by knocking together; *re-* sound loudly.

ह्राद hrād-a, *m.* sound, noi-e, roar (of thun-

der); *N.* -in, *a.* making a loud noise or din, shouting, very loud; -ā, *f.* lightning

ह्रादुनि hrād-dini; (*or* *id.* rattling) hral (I.).

ह्रास hrāsa, *m.* [√hras] curtailment, diminution, decrease; -ana, *n.* shortening, diminution; -aniya, *fp.* to be diminished

ह्रीवीय hrīvi-ya, *A.* be ashamed of any one or anything (*ab.*); *pp. hrīta*, ashamed, embarrassed, bashful; *hrīna* (*rare*), *ad.*, *cs. hrēpaya*, P. make ashamed, cause to blush, put to shame; also fig. = surprise, *intr. cs. hrīyate*, be greatly ashamed

ह्री HRĪ, III P. ghrēti, be ashamed of any one or anything (*ab.*); *pp. hrīta*, ashamed, embarrassed, bashful; *hrīna* (*rare*), *ad.*, *cs. hrēpaya*, P. make ashamed, cause to blush, put to shame; also fig. = surprise, *intr. cs. hrīyate*, be greatly ashamed

ह्री hrī, *f.* shame, bashfulness.

ह्रीतमुख hrīta-mukha, *a.* shame-faced, blushing, bashful

ह्रीति hrī-ti, *f.* shame, bashfulness.

ह्रीपद hrī-padā, *n.* cause of shame; -bhaya, *n.* fear of shame; -mat, *a.* embarrassed, bashful, ashamed; -muṭha, *pp.* bewildered with shame

ह्रु HRU, IV P. -hrunati; *pp. hruta*, crook *ed. vi.* cause to deviate, turn aside (*hook*); *RT* *pp. vihruta*, crooked, dislocated; *RT*

ह्रुत hrū-t, *f.* stumbling-block (RT)

ह्रपण hre-paṇa, *n.* (*fr. cs. of* √hrī) shame, embarrassment; -aya, *cs. of* √hrī

ह्रैष HRESH, I. hresha, neigh (*rare*); *cs. hreshaya*, P. cause to neigh (*rare*)

ह्रैषा hresh-ā, *f.* neighing, -ita, *pp. n.* neigh

ह्लाद HLAD, I. Ā. hlāda, be refreshed, rejoice (*rare*); *cs. hlādāya*, P. Ā. refresh; *pp. hlādita*, *l. cs. ad. pra.* be refreshed, rejoice, *cs. refresh*, gladden

ह्लाद hlād-a, *m.* refreshment, delight; -aka, *a.* *ikā*, cooling, refreshing; *l.* -ana, *a.* refreshing, *n.* refreshment; -ikā-vat-i, *f.* cooling; *RT*, -in, *a.* refreshing

ह्रीक hrī-ka, *a.* [√hrī-ka] ashamed (I.)

ह्रास hrās-as, *n.* [crookedness - √hrī] twisted or plaited wood in the Soma sacrifice (RT); *intrigue* (I.)

ह्रल HVAL, I. P. (A. metr.) hvāla [later form of √hvri], go crookedly, go astray, stumble, fall, fail (I.); *cs. hvālaya*, P. shake (I., *very rare*); *vi.* stagger, be unsteady; *pp. vihvālita*, staggering

ह्रव hval-a, *a.* stumbling, staggering; -ana, *a. id.*

ह्रा HVA, II H. ho, hū (I. *rare*)
III gūhā RT, *very rare*; VI huva (V.), IV hvaya, call, summon, invoke; *V. C.* *nāmnā*, call by name (C); *pp. hūta*, called, summoned; *V. C.* *cs. hvāyaya*, P. *des. gūhūsha*, P. *intr. gōhuv, gōhav*, call etc (V. *very rare* in P. *anu*, call upon, bow k. or after I. *ā*, call upon, invoke, summon (*also in legal sense*), invite; *V. C.* and *mg.*), call of the summons addressed by the Hotri to the Adhvaryu in the form of the *Adhva* or *Ahvāna*; *Br. S.*, Ā (P. metr.) challenge to fight, compete, or play; *V. C.*), call out, repeat (*Br., S. C.*), *rare*; *pp. āhūta*, called upon etc; challenged, *cs.* cause to be summoned, send for, *intr.* loudly call upon; *RT* *ābbi*, *a.* address the summons; *āhva*, to *ac.*, P. *parā*, Ā. pronounce the *Adhva* before and after (*Br.*); *vi. ā*, Ā.

separate by inserting the *Âhâva* (*Br.*, *S.*). **sam-â**, call together, assemble; summon; challenge (*to fight or play*). **ud**, call forth, elicit (*V.*). **upa**, *Â*. (*P.* rare, *C.*) call up, summon, invite, to (*ac.*, *d.*, *lc.*; *V.*, rare in *C.*); encourage, praise (*Br.*, *S.*, rare). **ni**, *Â*. call down or in, invoke (*V.*). **pra**, in-

voke (*RV.*); **-hvaya**, *P.* is also den. of *prahva* (*C.*). **vi**, *Â*. (*V.*) call hither and thither, vie in invoking; contend for anything; call away (*Br.*). **sam**, call together (*V.*).

ह्वार hvâr-â, *m.* [winding : √hvri] serpent (*V.*).

ह्वृ HVRI, I. *Â*. **hvâra**, bend, fall down (*YV.*); *cs.* (*V.*) cause to go crookedly, lead astray, deceive; *Â*. go astray : *aor.* **gihvaras**, **guhuras** : *pt.* **guhurat**, **guhurâna**. *Â*, lead astray, bring into distress (*RV.*). **upa**, *Â*. go deviously or circuitously. **vi**, stumble, fall (*V.*); *cs.* **upeet** (*RV.*).

ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA.

अधुः adhyūḍha.

प्रचण्ड pra-kanda.

अधुः adhi-ūḍha, pp. (५ ūh) placed upon (le.).

अनुपस्कृत an-upa-skṛta, pp. add blameless after disinterested.

अनुप्रहारम् anu-prahāram, ad. with a blow.

अन्तर्निविष्टपद antar-nivishṭa-pada, a. having a footing gained within, having taken possession of his heart (curse).

अव्याधिप a-vyākshepa, m. absence of distraction, presence of mind.

अशकुन a-sakuna, n. inauspicious omen.

असीनामन् asau-nāman : delete.

उत्तरायण उत्तरायana, n. for summer solstice read : commencement of the sun's northward course = winter solstice (in the month Pausha).

ऊर्ध्वकुलि ūrdhva-gūguli : correct semicolon to colon after upwards.

कुरनिवेशित kura-nivesita, pp. rendered tributary.

कान्तिमुधामय kanti-sudhā-maya, a. (i) consisting of the nectar of loveliness.

कार्यविनिमय kārya-vinimaya for -vinimaya.

कालिदास kālī-dāsa : delete 'lived in the 6th century A.D.', the most recent research having rendered the date of the poet quite uncertain.

कुविन्द kuvinda, m. read weaver for weaver

कूटयुद्ध kūṭa-yuddha, read n. for m.

ग्रन्थिसमन ग्रन्थि-samana, n. (bringing a garment to an end with a knot =) money-knot.

दक्षिणायन dakshina-ayana, n. add : commencement of the sun's southward course = summer solstice (in the month Āshādhar).

धर्मवहिका dharma-vahikā, f. vehicle of religious merit = account-book of charitable gifts.

नेत्री ne-trī, f. (of netri) leader or guide of (g. -^o).

नेषत् ne-shat, 3 sg. aor. subj. of √ni.

न्यायारोपितविक्रम nyāya-āropita-vikrama, a. from whom powerful assistance might justly be expected.

पक्ष pakshā, m. after partisans add : family, race.

पङ्कपुर paṅku-pūra, m. great quantity of mud, deep mud.

पक्षपदी paṅka-padī, f. add - na dyate, does not accompany him even five steps.

पद्मनिधि padma-nidhi, m. add treasure having the value of a Padma = 100,000,000 pieces of money.

परायती parā-yatī, f. pr. pt. (५ i) gone by, departed (dawn, RV.).

प्रकीर्तन pra-kīrtana, n. proclaiming, announcing, ā, f. mention : -kīrti, f. celebration, praise : -kīrtita, pp. proclaimed, declared : -kūṭka, m. a measure of capacity (about a handful) : -kṛta, pp. √kṛi -tva, n. state of being in question.

प्रकृति pra-kṛti, f. (putting before, what is presupposed), original or natural form or condition ; primitive form opp. derivative, v. kṛiti) : nature, constitution, disposition, temper ; fundamental form, pattern, standard, rule (sp. in ritual), nature (opp. spirit, ph.) pl. : material elements (rare) ; primary constituents of nature from which all else is evolved there are eight, avyakta, mahat, ahankara, and the five elements, ph. ; constituent elements of the state (in politics, there are seven king, ministers, fortress, treasury or subjects, treasury, army, and ally, kings primarily of these there are four and secondarily of these there are eight concerned in a war each of these 12 having five prakritis in the form of minister, territory, fortress, treasury, army) ; constituent elements of a king's own state (exclusive of himself), ministers ; subjects, citizens, sq. root, base, g. -^o or m. by nature, originally, properly ; in the original state, unchanged -ka, a. -ad, -kripāna, a. naturally tough in discriminating between -le -sya, a. in nate, -purusha, m. nature and spirit -du, minister, -bhāva, m. original or unmodified state ; -mandala, a. whole circle of subjects, entire territory ; -mat, a. having or being in the original, natural, or usual condition or form ; -sampaṇna, pp. endowed with a noble nature, -subhaga, a. naturally beautiful, -stha, a. being in the natural state or condition, natural, genuine, normal, healthy ; being in good circumstances

प्रकृष्ट pra-kṛṣṭa, pp. (५ kṛiṣh) extended, long road ; distinguished. -tva, n. excellence.

प्रकेत pra-keta, m. (1) perception, intelligence, understanding, knower

प्रकोप pra-kopa, m. raging (of war, disease) ; turbulence, tumult, insurrection, anger, rage (ord mg.) -m kṛi, be angry with (g. -^o), -kopana or na, a. 1 exciting, arousing, 2 irritation, provoking, exasperating, -kopita, cs. pp. √kṛi, provoked, enraged, -koshtha, m. for-arm (ord mg.) space near the gate of a palace ; court of a palace Pl.

प्रक्रम pra-kramā, m. stride (Br, S.), C. beginning also S.), proportion, measure, right sequence of words, grammatical construction, -kramana, n. striding forward, advancing towards (C. going forth) ; -krama-bhaṅga, m. violation of grammatical construction, -krānta, pp. √kram ; a. setting out, departure -tva, n. state of being meant ; -kriyā, f. procedure, method, manner ; ceremony ; formality ; privilege, prerogative, precedence, high position (ord mg.) insignia of high rank, characterisation ; chapter ; -kridā, m. sport ; play ground ; -kridin, a. playing, gambolling (RV.).

प्रक्ष PRAK-SH = प्र PRAKH, only -prakashase with ā, greet (RV.)

प्रक्षय pra-kshaya, n. destruction, -kshaya, m. d. ruin, end, -ksharana, n. flowing, -kshāka, a. washing, m. washer : -kshāna, a. performing frequent ablutions, n. washing, - off, cleansing, purifying ; water for washing, means of purifying, -kshāna, pp. √ksh, -kshepa, m. cast, throw, throwing or scattering upon, sitting down (of the feet, pada, pl = steps), interpolation ; sum deposited by each member of a commercial company, -kshepana, n. sprinkling or pouring upon, throwing into, upon, fixing of a price, -kshepin, a. throwing or placing upon, -kshaptavya, fp. to be thrown into, - thrown or scattered on (le.) : -kshopya, fp. to be put on ornament)

प्रखर pra-khara, a. very hard, -khala, m. great rogue, -khya, a. (√khya) visible ; clear, bright ā, f. appearance only 'a s. having the appearance of, resembling, like, lustre, beauty only 'a s. bright or beautiful as', -khyāta, pp. √khya famous etc., -khyāti, f. mere publicity, -khyāyana, a. cs. making known, announcement of (RV.) -khyai, d. inf. √khya RV.

प्रगम pra-gama, m. first advance of love in courtship, -gardha, a. hastening onwards RV., -galbha, 1 den. ā be courageous or resolute, be capable of le., be able to (inf.), 2 a bold, intrepid, resolute, confident, mature sage, -kulāla, m. dextrous potter, -tā, f. boldness, confidence, -gatha, m. kind of stanza, combination of a Brihati or Ka kudi with a Satobhāti so as to form three verses, ā of a Riksha -gana, a. right, correct (road), being in good order, efficient, excellent, -gavya, den. P. put in order, manifest, show pp. ita, put in order, properly arranged, -gana-rahana, f. putting in proper order, -gunda, a. kind towards le., -gana-kṛi, put into proper order, arrange, render amenable to le., -grahita-pada, a. having the words pronounced separately (i. e. without Sandhi), -grahya, fp. (to be) pronounced separately, not liable to the rules of Sandhi word.

प्रगे pra-ge, le. ad. [in the foregoing time] early in the morning -tana, a. matutinal

प्रग्रह pra-graha, m. holding forth, stretching out, grasping, seizing, seizure of the sun or moon, beginning of an eclipse, kindness, obstinacy rare, rem. bhoḍi ord mg.), leader, guide, companion, satellite, -grahana, m. leader, guide only a -led by, n. grasping, seizing, commencement of an eclipse, -grāham, abs. keeping the words separate (i. e. not combining them according to the rules of Sandhi), 1. -griva, m. n. (1), railing or fence enclosing a house.

प्रघा pra-ghana, m. (√) space outside the door of a house, -gā, m. friction ; -ghāna, m. -ghana ; ā, m. sound, noise.

प्रचण्ड pra-kanda, a. (√) or impetuous ; very powerful fierce,

furious, or terrific; *m. N. of a Dānava*: -**ta-ri-bhā**, grow more fierce; -**varman**, *m. N. of a king*.

प्रचता pra-kat-ā, *in. ad.* [√kat] with secrecy, secretly (*RT.*).

प्रचय pra-kaya, *m.* [√ki] picking, gathering; accumulation, collection, quantity, multitude; -**kayana**, *n.* collecting; -**kaya-svara**, *m.* accumulated tone (*i.e.* tone occurring in a series of syllables), tone of the unaccented syllables following a Svarita; -**karana**, *n.* setting to work; *i. f.* kind of supplementary wooden ladle (*rit.*); -**karaniya**, *fp.* being in actual use (*Br., S.*); -**karitavya**, *fp.* *n. imp.* one should set to work; -**kala**, *a.* moving, tremulous, shaking; -**kalana**, *n.* trembling, swaying; fleeing; -**kalayita**, (*den. pp.*) *n.* nodding while asleep (*śaina*), - *in a sitting posture*; -**kalita**, *pp.* set out, departed, etc.; -**kāra**, *m.* walking about, ranging; going in pursuit of (-°); showing oneself, manifestation, appearance; application, employment; currency; conduct, behaviour; pasture-

ground; exercising ground; -**kāraṇa**, *n.* scattering; -**kārin**, *a.* going about; attaching oneself to (*lc., -°*); acting, behaving; -**kita**, *pp.* [√ki] pronounced with the Prakaya tone; -**kura**, *a.* abundant, ample, much, many, frequent; -°, abounding in, replete with; -**gahana**, *a.* having abundance of impervious passages, -**tva**, *n.* abundance of (-°), -**ratna-dhana-āgama**, *a.* having a large income of gems and money; -**kuri-bhā**, grow in extent; -**kṛitta-śikha**, *a.* having loosened braids or flowing hair; (ā)-**ketas**, *a.* heedful, intelligent, wise (*I.*); *m. (C.) ep. of Varuna*; *N.*; -**kodana**, *n.* instigation, incitement; command; -**kodin**, *a.* driving before one (-°).

प्रच्छद् pra-kkhadu, *m.* coverlet, bed-cover; -**kkhanna**, *pp.* [√khad] hidden, secreted, disguised, etc.; -**kkhādaka**, *a.* covering, concealing (-°); *m.* song, accompanied by the lute, of a woman deserted by her husband, and containing a veiled reference to her forlorn state; -**kkhādana**, *a.* covering, concealing (-°); *n.* concealment, -**kkhādya**, *fp.* to

be concealed; -**kkhāya**, *n. (I.)* shady place, shade; -**kkhita**, *pp.* [√kha].

प्रच्यव pra-tyavana, *n.* withdrawal, departure; loss of (*ab.*); -**kyuta**, *pp.* [√kyu] fallen, degraded, b. mished, etc.; -**kyati**, *f.* departure, withdrawal; loss of (*ab.*); abandonment of (-°); -**sāmya-savasthānāt** -, loss of equilibrium.

प्रभक् pra-bhāṅgā : line 8. for -(ā)-**bhartri** read (ā)-**bhartri**.

प्रविदस् pra-vidvas : read pru-vidvas.

वृह BARI : it would have been more consistent to give this root in the form of वृह BRIII.

यज्ञार्थम् yagnā artham : occurs out of its alphabetical order in column 2 instead of column 3, p. 238.

सद्यःप्रचालक sadyaḥ-prakshālaka, *a.* washing the grain at once (*i.e.* not storing it up, gathering food only for the day).

